

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition with Rubi V 4.17.3

1-Algebraic-functions/1.2-Trinomial-products/1.2.1-Quadratic/35-
1.2.1.4-d+e-x^m-f+g-xⁿ-a+b-x+c-x²-^p

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [958]. This is test number [35].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 13.3.1 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.90 (957)	0.10 (1)
Mathematica	98.33 (942)	1.67 (16)
Maple	75.99 (728)	24.01 (230)
Fricas	68.79 (659)	31.21 (299)
Giac	49.58 (475)	50.42 (483)
Maxima	32.57 (312)	67.43 (646)
Mupad	28.81 (276)	71.19 (682)
Sympy	27.66 (265)	72.34 (693)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

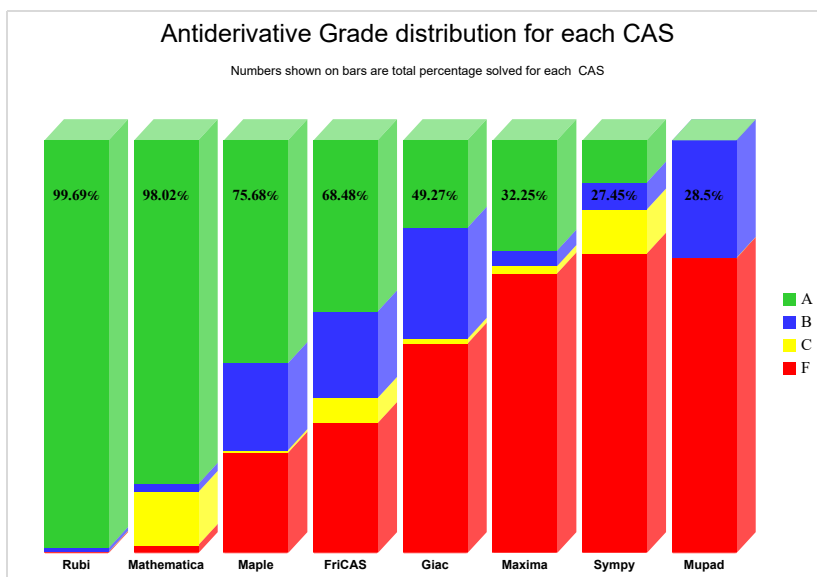
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

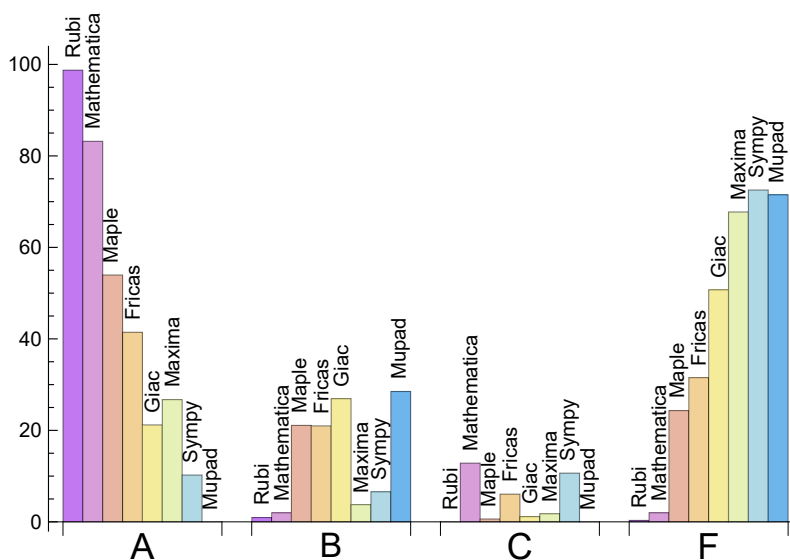
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	97.599	1.983	0.000	0.418
Mathematica	83.194	1.983	12.839	1.983
Maple	53.967	21.086	0.626	24.322
Fricas	41.441	20.981	6.054	31.524
Maxima	26.722	3.758	1.775	67.745
Giac	21.190	26.931	1.148	50.731
Sympy	10.230	6.576	10.647	72.547
Mupad	0.000	28.497	0.000	71.503

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima

and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	16	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	230	99.57	0.43	0.00
Fricas	299	77.26	22.74	0.00
Giac	483	83.64	4.35	12.01
Maxima	646	83.90	0.46	15.63
Mupad	682	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	693	72.87	25.25	1.88

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.25
Rubi	0.58
Giac	0.58
Maple	0.75
Mathematica	3.33
Fricas	3.55
Sympy	7.19
Mupad	12.09

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	199.82	1.33	150.00	1.21
Rubi	260.84	1.09	183.00	1.01
Mathematica	526.65	1.25	152.00	0.93
Giac	764.04	3.13	303.00	1.98
Fricas	834.10	3.19	251.00	1.72
Maple	1160.25	3.07	211.00	1.26
Sympy	1676.32	8.08	313.00	2.27
Mupad	2029.94	5.61	161.00	1.28

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

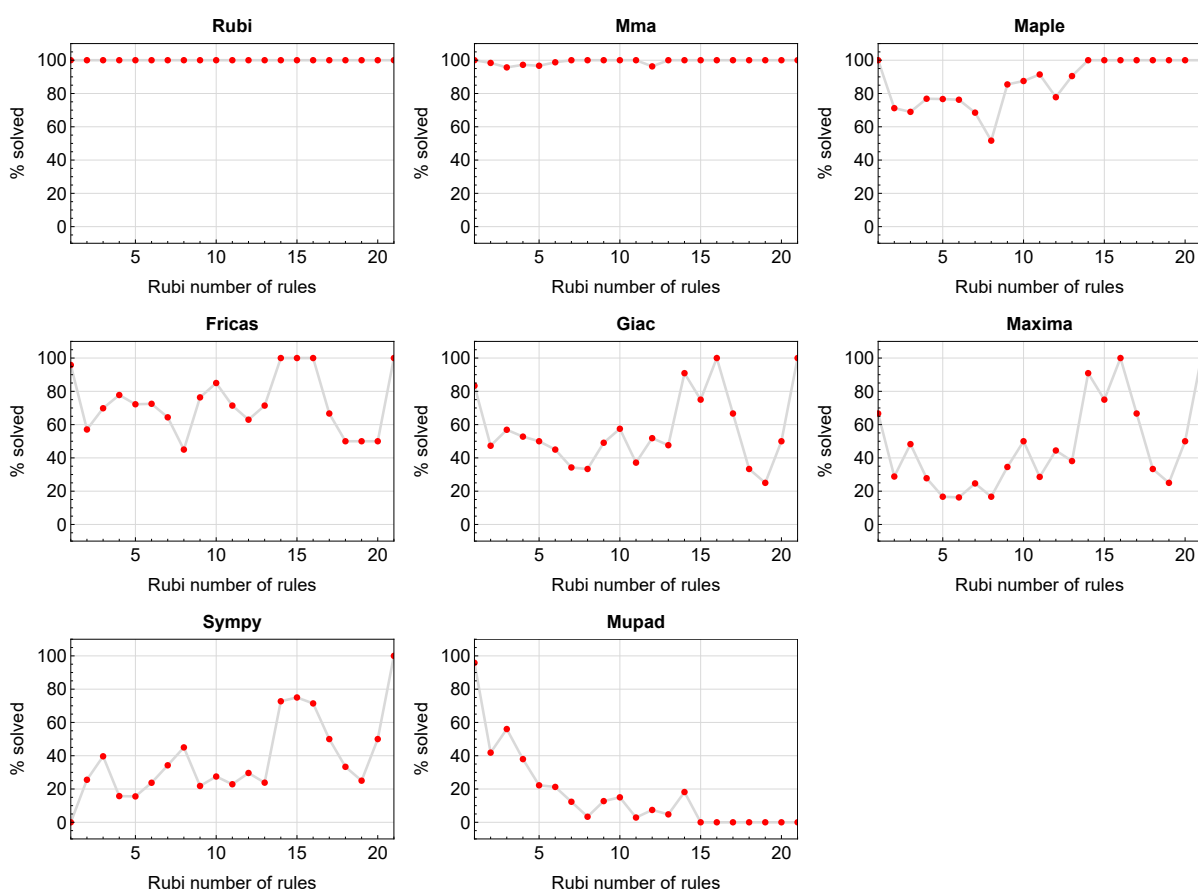


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

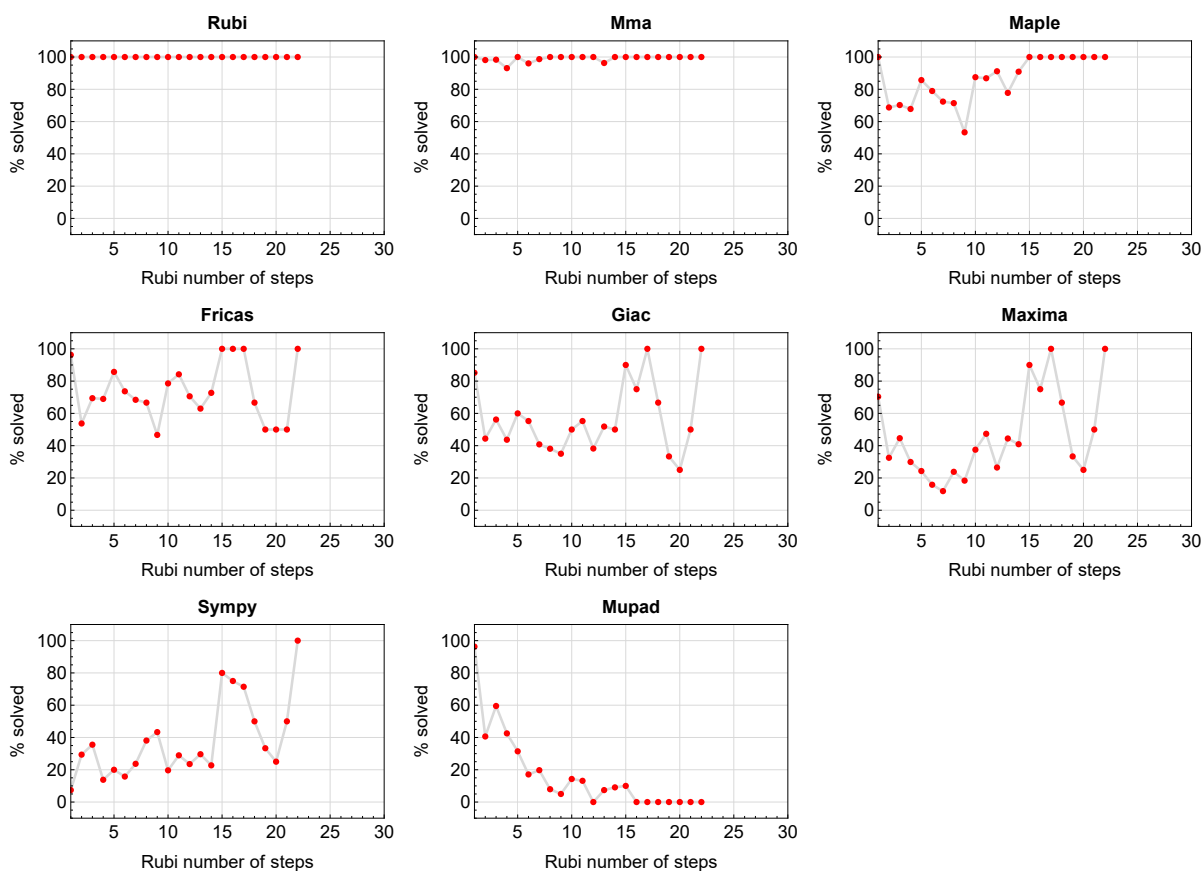


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

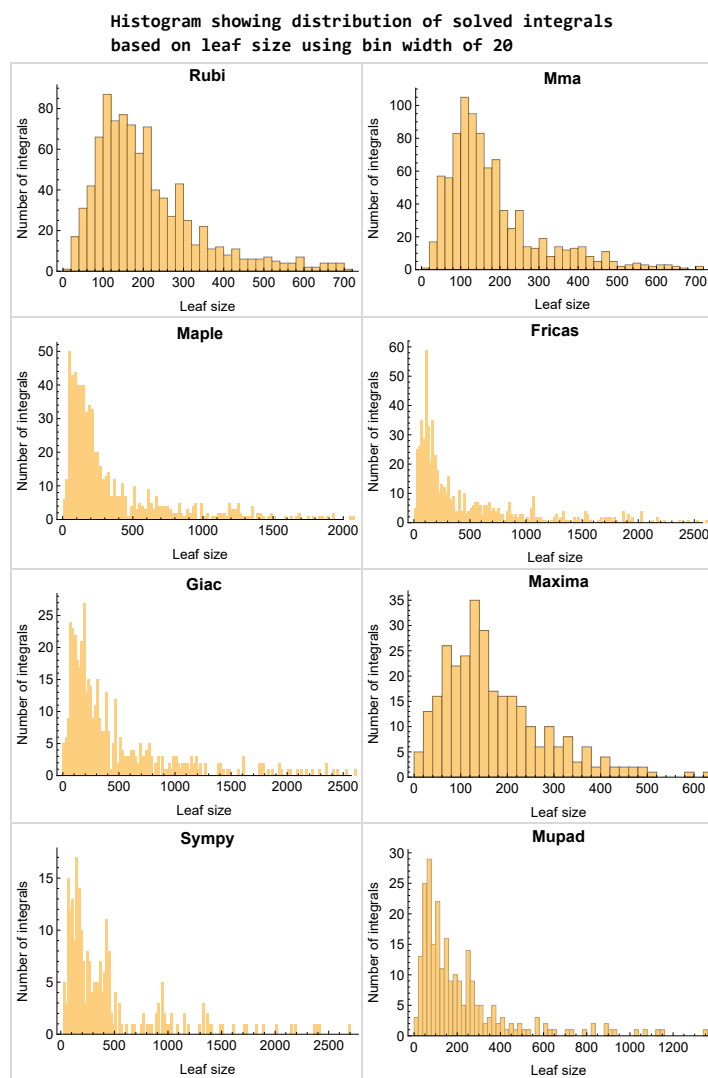


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

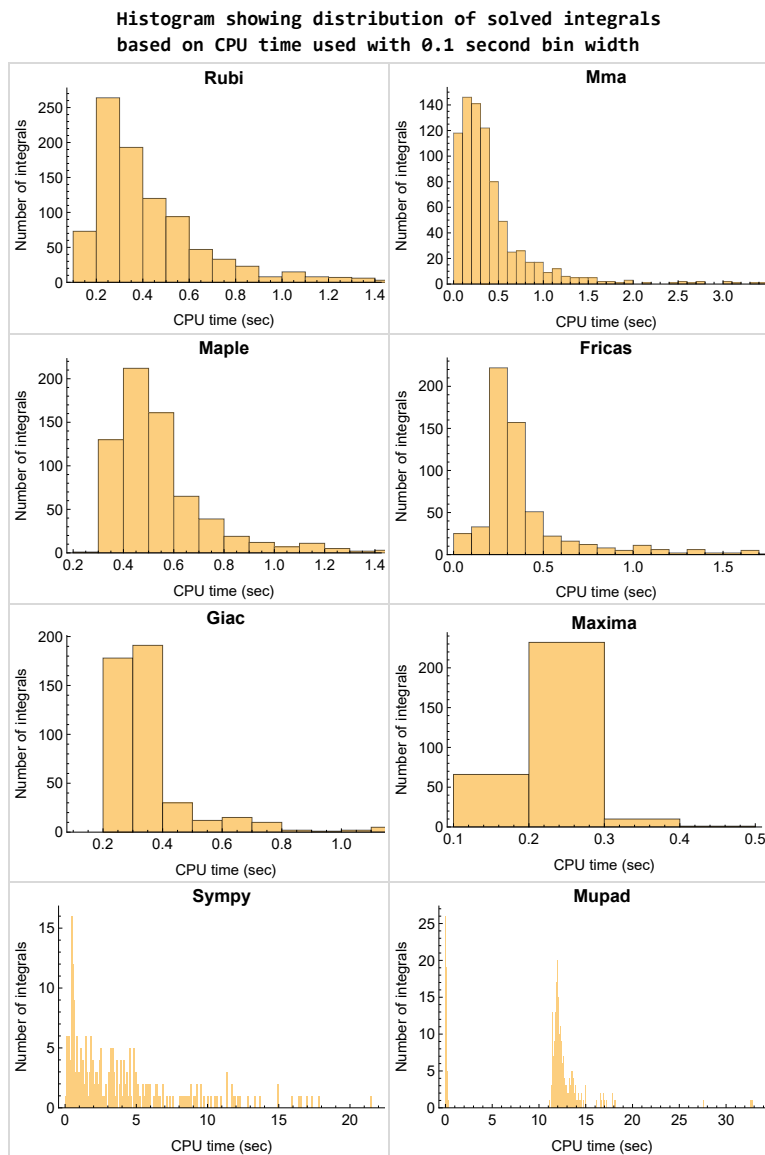


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following gives the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time.

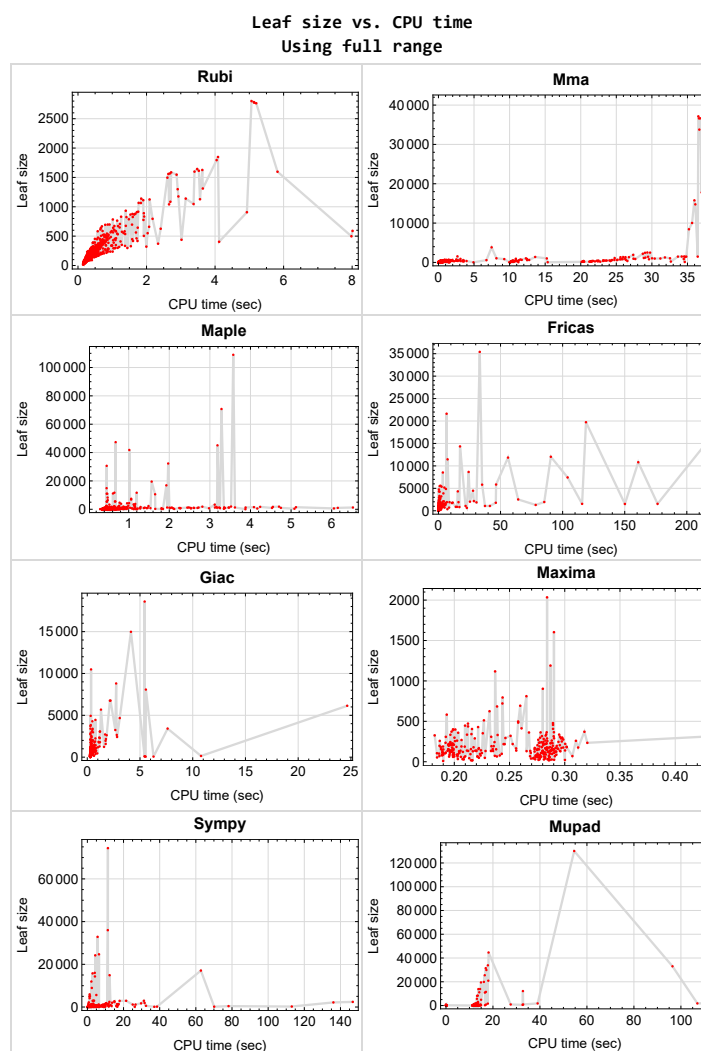


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{948, 952, 957}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {622, 623, 624, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 919}

Mathematica {267, 275, 276, 314, 418, 422, 429, 656, 802, 899, 907, 915}

Maple {796, 800, 801, 850, 853, 918, 919}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

1.14.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.14.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

1.14.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```


1.14.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

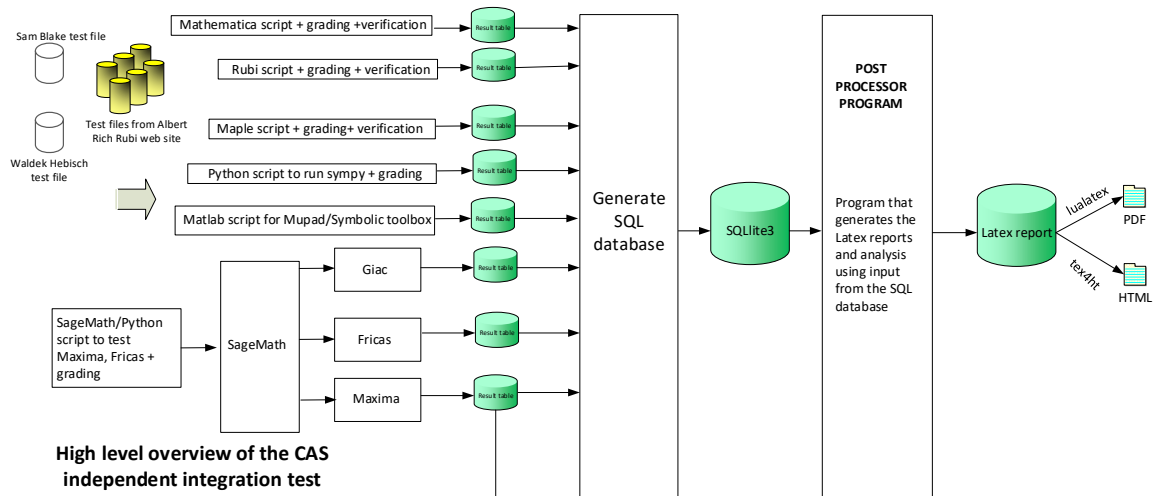
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer, 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer, Leaf size of result.
4. integer, Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number, CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string, The integral in Latex format
7. string, The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string, The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string, The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer, 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String, The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String, The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String, Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer, 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer, Number of steps used.
16. integer, Number of rules used.
17. integer, Integrand leaf size.
18. real number, Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String, The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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June 27, 2023
Design v0.6

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	21
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems	33
2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	273

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1	Rubi	21
2.1.2	Mma	22
2.1.3	Maple	24
2.1.4	Fricas	25
2.1.5	Maxima	27
2.1.6	Giac	28
2.1.7	Mupad	29
2.1.8	Sympy	31

2.1.1 Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544,

545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 629, 630, 631, 632, 636, 637, 645, 646, 648, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 958 }

B grade { 627, 628, 633, 634, 635, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 647, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 626 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.2 Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204,

205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 264, 265, 266, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 437, 438, 439, 440, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 490, 493, 497, 500, 504, 507, 511, 514, 518, 521, 524, 526, 527, 530, 531, 532, 535, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 607, 619, 620, 621, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 797, 798, 799, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 947, 951, 953, 956 }

B grade { 263, 268, 274, 277, 284, 285, 294, 295, 301, 304, 305, 360, 441, 442, 656, 802, 907, 918, 926 }

C grade { 267, 275, 276, 315, 489, 491, 492, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 512, 513, 515, 516, 517, 519, 520, 522, 523, 525, 528, 529, 533, 534, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 587, 605, 606, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 795, 796, 800, 801, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 958 }

F normal fail { 379, 380, 408, 416, 434, 435, 436, 541, 803, 804, 945, 946, 949, 950, 954, 955 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 132, 134, 135, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 172, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 192, 193, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 218, 219, 222, 224, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 332, 333, 341, 350, 352, 353, 439, 440, 448, 449, 459, 460, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 487, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 582, 583, 584, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 604, 619, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 634, 635, 636, 640, 641, 642, 643, 645, 648, 649, 650, 651, 653, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 708, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 753, 757, 758, 759, 760, 768, 769, 770, 771, 780, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 792, 793, 808, 814, 815, 816, 817, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 840, 841, 848, 849, 854, 855, 856, 857, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 875, 876, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 912, 913, 914, 915, 917, 919, 958 }

B grade { 45, 71, 85, 89, 97, 108, 129, 133, 136, 137, 138, 144, 145, 163, 171, 176, 181, 185, 191, 194, 204, 210, 216, 217, 220, 221, 223, 225, 320, 321, 322, 329, 330, 331, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355, 356, 357, 359, 360, 361, 437, 438, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 477, 478, 479, 485, 486, 488, 579, 580, 581, 585, 586, 587, 603, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 631, 632, 633, 637, 638, 639, 644, 646, 647, 652, 654, 678, 688, 698, 699, 705, 706, 707, 709, 710, 711, 720, 727, 733, 742, 751, 752, 754, 755, 756, 789, 790, 791, 797, 798, 805, 806, 807, 818, 833, 834, 835,

836, 837, 838, 839, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 850, 851, 852, 853, 858, 859, 860, 861, 868, 874, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 895, 896, 902, 903, 911, 916, 918, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { 794, 795, 796, 799, 800, 801 }

F normal fail { 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 354, 358, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 781, 782, 802, 803, 804, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 499 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.4 Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 145, 146, 147, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 220, 222, 224, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 331, 332, 333, 341, 348, 349, 350, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 490, 493, 497, 500, 504, 507, 511, 514, 518, 521, 524, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 557, 558, 559, 560, 562, 569, 570, 572, 573, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 596, 597, 598, 599, 603, 604, 620, 621, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 665, 666, 667, 668, 672, 673, 674, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 700, 701, 702, 703, 705, 706, 707, 712, 713, 714, 715, 720, 721, 722, 727, 728, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 769, 770, 771,

780, 781, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 792, 793, 794, 797, 798, 814, 815, 816, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 826, 827, 828, 829, 834, 835, 836, 837, 840, 842, 843, 844, 845, 857, 865 }

B grade { 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 31, 131, 132, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 148, 149, 216, 221, 223, 225, 330, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 359, 360, 361, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 553, 554, 555, 556, 561, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 571, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 585, 586, 587, 588, 594, 595, 600, 601, 602, 607, 608, 609, 611, 612, 613, 615, 616, 618, 619, 662, 663, 664, 669, 670, 671, 675, 676, 677, 678, 685, 686, 687, 688, 696, 697, 698, 699, 704, 708, 709, 710, 711, 716, 717, 718, 719, 723, 724, 725, 726, 729, 730, 731, 732, 738, 739, 740, 741, 747, 748, 749, 750, 757, 758, 759, 760, 768, 789, 790, 791, 795, 796, 799, 800, 805, 806, 807, 808, 824, 825, 830, 831, 832, 833, 838, 839, 841, 846, 847, 848, 849, 851, 852, 873, 874, 875, 880, 881, 882, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { 315, 489, 491, 492, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 512, 513, 515, 516, 517, 519, 520, 522, 523, 622, 623, 624, 625, 629, 630, 631, 632, 636, 637, 638, 639, 645, 646, 647, 648, 886, 887, 888, 889, 893, 894, 895, 896, 900, 901, 902, 903, 909, 910, 911, 912 }

F normal fail { 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 354, 358, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 655, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 782, 802, 803, 804, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 919, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 958 }

F(-1) timeout fail { 605, 606, 610, 614, 617, 626, 627, 628, 633, 634, 635, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 801, 817, 818, 850, 853, 854, 855, 856, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 876, 877, 878, 879, 883, 884, 885, 890, 891, 892, 897, 898, 899, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.5 Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 137, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 202, 203, 220, 224, 321, 330, 337, 338, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 490, 497, 504, 511, 518, 524, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 596, 597, 598, 599, 657, 658, 659, 660, 665, 666, 667, 668, 672, 673, 674, 675, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 768, 769, 770, 771, 780, 781, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 792, 793, 794, 797, 798, 799, 807, 808, 814, 815, 816, 819, 820, 821, 822, 826, 827, 828, 829 }

B grade { 11, 19, 20, 21, 22, 44, 45, 79, 83, 84, 85, 136, 138, 192, 193, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 222, 336, 359, 360, 361, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 805, 806, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 198, 199, 200, 201, 604 }

F normal fail { 98, 99, 100, 101, 124, 125, 126, 133, 134, 135, 144, 145, 146, 147, 154, 155, 156, 176, 177, 178, 185, 186, 187, 191, 194, 195, 196, 197, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 322, 323, 324, 325, 331, 332, 333, 339, 340, 341, 348, 349, 350, 354, 358, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 442, 443, 444, 445, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 474, 475, 476, 483, 484, 485, 486, 489, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 661, 662, 663, 664, 669, 670, 671, 676, 677, 678, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 772, 773,

774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 782, 788, 789, 790, 791, 795, 796, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 833, 850, 851, 852, 853, 859, 860, 861, 867, 868, 875, 876, 877, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 958 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 188, 189, 190 }

F(-2) exception fail { 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 326, 327, 328, 329, 334, 335, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 470, 471, 472, 473, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 487, 488, 585, 586, 587, 588, 593, 594, 595, 600, 601, 602, 603, 621, 817, 818, 823, 824, 825, 830, 831, 832, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882 }

2.1.6 Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 17, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 117, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 151, 152, 153, 154, 157, 158, 159, 161, 162, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 188, 189, 190, 191, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 219, 315, 322, 323, 324, 330, 332, 333, 340, 341, 437, 438, 439, 440, 442, 446, 447, 448, 449, 451, 457, 458, 459, 460, 462, 470, 471, 504, 524, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 584, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 621, 658, 659, 660, 661, 666, 667, 668, 673, 674, 715, 771, 780, 786, 787, 792, 793, 794, 814, 815, 816, 817, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 828, 829, 830, 831, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 842, 845, 874 }

B grade { 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 89, 90, 91, 98, 99, 100, 101, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 118, 125, 126, 156, 160, 185, 186, 187, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 325, 336, 337, 338, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 359, 360, 361, 443, 444, 445, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 490, 497, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 585, 587, 596, 618, 619, 620, 657, 662, 663, 664, 665, 669, 670, 671, 672, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 768, 769, 770, 783, 784, 785, 788, 789, 790, 791, 795, 797, 798, 799, 805, 806, 807, 808, 818, 819, 825, 826, 827, 832, 839, 840, 841, 843, 844, 846, 847, 848, 849, 860, 861, 877, 880, 881, 882, 885, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { 167, 168, 169, 170, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178 }

F normal fail { 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 342, 343, 344, 346, 348, 349, 350, 354, 358, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 781, 782, 802, 803, 804, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 859, 876, 884, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 958 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 586, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 767, 796, 800, 801, 850, 851, 852, 853, 867 }

F(-2) exception fail { 150, 155, 163, 164, 165, 166, 171, 210, 211, 218, 225, 231, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 326, 327, 328, 329, 331, 334, 335, 339, 345, 347, 441, 450, 461, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 605, 606, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 875, 878, 879, 883 }

2.1.7 Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 46, 47, 48, 49, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 86, 87, 88, 117, 118, 123, 130, 131, 132, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 172, 173, 174, 175, 182, 183, 184, 192, 193, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 220, 222, 224, 245, 315, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 359, 360, 361, 386, 473, 480, 481, 482, 487, 488, 490, 497, 504, 511, 518, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 582,

583, 584, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 618, 619, 620, 621, 657, 658, 659, 660, 665, 666, 667, 668, 672, 673, 674, 675, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 716, 717, 718, 719, 723, 724, 725, 726, 729, 730, 731, 732, 738, 739, 740, 741, 747, 748, 749, 750, 757, 758, 759, 760, 768, 769, 770, 771, 780, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 792, 793, 794, 795, 805, 806, 807, 808, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 836, 837, 840, 841, 844, 845, 848, 849, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 19, 20, 21, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 53, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 119, 120, 121, 122, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 144, 145, 146, 147, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 354, 358, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 483, 484, 485, 486, 489, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 579, 580, 581, 585, 586, 587, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 661, 662, 663, 664, 669, 670, 671, 676, 677, 678, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 720, 721, 722, 727, 728, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 781, 782, 788, 789, 790, 791, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 835, 838, 839, 842, 843, 846, 847, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880,

881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 958 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.8 Sympy

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 16, 25, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 117, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 222, 244, 245, 253, 254, 255, 262, 264, 265, 385, 386, 394, 395, 396, 401, 403, 405, 406, 448, 449, 524, 548, 549, 550, 551, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 566, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 576, 577, 578, 588, 590, 591, 592, 593, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 820, 821, 822, 823, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830 }

B grade { 19, 21, 23, 240, 241, 242, 243, 249, 250, 251, 252, 258, 259, 260, 261, 263, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 381, 382, 383, 384, 390, 391, 392, 393, 399, 400, 402, 404, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 563, 564, 565, 567, 568, 574, 575, 589, 805, 806, 807, 808, 814, 819, 920, 921, 925, 926 }

C grade { 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 118, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 220, 224, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 235, 236, 246, 247, 248, 256, 257, 266, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 313, 377, 378, 387, 388, 389, 397, 398, 407, 430, 431, 432, 433 }

F normal fail { 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 223, 225, 233, 234, 237, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 311, 312, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 375, 411, 412, 413, 419, 420, 421, 428, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 450, 451, 461, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 537, 538, 543, 544, 545, 546, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 594, 603, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657,

658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 666, 667, 668, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 704, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 722, 723, 724, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 743, 744, 745, 763, 764, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 795, 796, 797, 798, 800, 809, 811, 812, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 922, 924, 927, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 945, 946, 947, 949, 950, 951, 958 }

F(-1) timeout fail { 267, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 376, 379, 380, 408, 409, 410, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 429, 434, 435, 436, 444, 445, 446, 447, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 487, 488, 525, 533, 534, 535, 536, 539, 540, 541, 547, 595, 601, 602, 604, 635, 651, 665, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 686, 687, 688, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 718, 719, 720, 721, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 739, 740, 741, 742, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 765, 766, 768, 769, 770, 771, 773, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 791, 792, 793, 794, 799, 801, 802, 803, 804, 815, 816, 817, 818, 824, 825, 831, 832, 861, 867, 868, 869, 876, 884, 885, 908, 954, 955, 956, 957 }

F(-2) exception fail { 232, 238, 239, 542, 767, 772, 774, 810, 813, 923, 928, 944, 953 }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	147	103	97	116	95	146	83	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.78	0.73	0.88	0.72	1.11	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.285	0.460	0.280	0.391	0.461	0.297	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	246	147	141	189	138	202	130	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.73	0.70	0.94	0.69	1.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.434	0.369	0.277	0.335	0.565	0.313	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	211	136	130	164	127	189	118	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.79	0.76	0.95	0.74	1.10	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.395	0.352	0.283	0.329	0.529	0.303	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	176	125	119	139	116	173	107	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.79	0.75	0.87	0.73	1.09	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.361	0.359	0.287	0.336	0.531	0.292	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	140	114	108	114	105	158	94	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	0.93	0.98	0.91	1.36	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.335	0.342	0.280	0.323	0.533	0.294	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	140	114	108	114	105	158	94	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	0.93	0.98	0.91	1.36	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.003	0.297	0.290	0.354	0.551	0.307	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	118	142	157	137	107	400	113	107
N.S.	1	1.04	1.26	1.39	1.21	0.95	3.54	1.00	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.384	0.336	0.287	0.319	5.955	0.308	11.738

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	116	143	165	143	124	389	178	114
N.S.	1	0.99	1.22	1.41	1.22	1.06	3.32	1.52	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.329	0.364	0.289	0.397	2.579	0.293	12.364

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	108	148	150	172	133	444	244	120
N.S.	1	0.89	1.22	1.24	1.42	1.10	3.67	2.02	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.369	0.362	0.284	0.336	3.222	0.287	12.526

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	118	149	137	196	129	457	285	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.24	1.14	1.63	1.08	3.81	2.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.304	0.368	0.293	0.352	3.460	0.282	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	124	151	125	222	119	541	327	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.28	1.06	1.88	1.01	4.58	2.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.281	0.383	0.283	0.306	4.588	0.297	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	122	107	155	98	774	388	93
N.S.	1	1.05	1.13	0.99	1.44	0.91	7.17	3.59	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.278	0.394	0.290	0.385	4.208	0.287	13.170

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	148	142	121	180	109	918	463	118
N.S.	1	1.03	0.99	0.85	1.26	0.76	6.42	3.24	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.293	0.402	0.279	0.313	8.065	0.295	13.786

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	183	153	132	205	120	1037	518	192
N.S.	1	1.06	0.89	0.77	1.19	0.70	6.03	3.01	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.355	0.419	0.275	0.274	8.683	0.290	14.487

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	218	164	143	230	131	1159	463	212
N.S.	1	1.08	0.82	0.71	1.14	0.65	5.77	2.30	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.325	0.395	0.284	0.299	25.087	0.294	14.951

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	116	83	75	93	72	129	64	112
N.S.	1	1.13	0.81	0.73	0.90	0.70	1.25	0.62	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.188	0.358	0.281	0.272	0.431	0.301	11.929

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	79	75	99	90	87	134	82	87
N.S.	1	1.08	1.03	1.36	1.23	1.19	1.84	1.12	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.205	0.362	0.281	0.268	3.265	0.287	11.780

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	63	59	55	88	104	231	0	55
N.S.	1	1.09	1.02	0.95	1.52	1.79	3.98	0.00	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.217	0.353	0.200	0.265	3.441	0.000	11.493

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	204	140	251	324	278	2004	0	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.87	1.56	2.01	1.73	12.45	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.493	0.437	0.283	0.298	13.692	0.000	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	168	127	220	290	263	1821	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.86	1.50	1.97	1.79	12.39	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.436	0.415	0.290	0.286	10.507	0.000	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	141	115	189	262	247	1739	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.94	1.55	2.15	2.02	14.25	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.409	0.378	0.288	0.302	10.203	0.000	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	102	82	77	159	171	418	0	78
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	0.92	1.89	2.04	4.98	0.00	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.277	0.369	0.199	0.338	7.364	0.000	11.854

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	97	82	77	134	172	337	0	78
N.S.	1	1.08	0.91	0.86	1.49	1.91	3.74	0.00	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.268	0.360	0.197	0.260	6.831	0.000	11.597

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	95	82	77	112	173	513	0	78
N.S.	1	1.01	0.87	0.82	1.19	1.84	5.46	0.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.276	0.352	0.190	0.267	7.106	0.000	11.441

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	85	82	77	87	172	432	0	78
N.S.	1	1.02	0.99	0.93	1.05	2.07	5.20	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.271	0.346	0.199	0.279	6.599	0.000	11.531

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	88	82	77	80	171	604	0	78
N.S.	1	1.10	1.02	0.96	1.00	2.14	7.55	0.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.009	0.339	0.189	0.269	7.511	0.000	11.456

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	130	129	182	157	244	2378	0	127
N.S.	1	1.11	1.10	1.56	1.34	2.09	20.32	0.00	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.353	0.348	0.188	0.278	14.974	0.000	11.973

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	161	134	213	189	270	2404	0	141
N.S.	1	1.05	0.88	1.39	1.24	1.76	15.71	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.407	0.412	0.206	0.287	12.159	0.000	12.182

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	202	147	244	221	291	2691	0	181
N.S.	1	1.10	0.80	1.33	1.20	1.58	14.62	0.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	0.468	0.388	0.197	0.329	14.955	0.000	12.280

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	127	104	99	135	239	903	0	164
N.S.	1	1.05	0.86	0.82	1.12	1.98	7.46	0.00	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.360	0.365	0.194	0.407	8.458	0.000	11.539

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	159	126	121	158	305	1401	0	202
N.S.	1	1.07	0.85	0.82	1.07	2.06	9.47	0.00	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.467	0.356	0.222	0.500	16.452	0.000	11.617

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	58	59	90	63	66	119	70	84
N.S.	1	1.07	1.09	1.67	1.17	1.22	2.20	1.30	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.184	0.374	0.274	0.277	3.399	0.293	0.090

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	215	114	108	165	105	182	96	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.66	0.62	0.95	0.61	1.05	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.325	0.392	0.293	0.289	0.473	0.291	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	175	103	97	140	94	168	84	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.72	0.67	0.97	0.65	1.17	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.275	0.378	0.300	0.265	0.459	0.292	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	145	92	86	115	83	155	73	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.80	0.75	1.00	0.72	1.35	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.246	0.380	0.280	0.295	0.421	0.298	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	105	80	73	89	71	134	58	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.96	0.88	1.07	0.86	1.61	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.220	0.391	0.283	0.250	0.454	0.281	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	81	69	60	62	60	112	45	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.72	0.75	0.72	1.35	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.017	0.360	0.279	0.279	0.471	0.285	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	67	100	91	75	73	144	78	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.52	1.38	1.14	1.11	2.18	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.173	0.349	0.286	0.291	2.289	0.291	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	112	93	78	79	168	126	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.65	1.37	1.15	1.16	2.47	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.181	0.385	0.278	0.270	1.564	0.287	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	81	116	72	83	63	214	188	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.45	0.90	1.04	0.79	2.68	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.237	0.371	0.277	0.279	2.416	0.284	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	111	99	86	108	74	303	255	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.93	0.80	1.01	0.69	2.83	2.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.234	0.355	0.279	0.426	2.165	0.285	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	151	104	99	133	87	449	329	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.74	0.71	0.95	0.62	3.21	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.280	0.395	0.280	0.358	4.328	0.314	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	181	131	110	158	98	510	385	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.78	0.65	0.93	0.58	3.02	2.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.250	0.405	0.275	0.339	3.964	0.292	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	169	126	238	288	188	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.88	1.66	2.01	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.427	0.418	0.284	0.356	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	141	104	324	310	172	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.86	2.68	2.56	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.396	0.409	0.426	0.343	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	100	70	65	155	116	0	0	66
N.S.	1	1.03	0.72	0.67	1.60	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.303	0.382	0.273	0.404	0.000	0.000	11.604

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	92	70	66	131	117	0	0	67
N.S.	1	1.06	0.80	0.76	1.51	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.334	0.378	0.265	0.337	0.000	0.000	11.400

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	94	69	64	109	117	0	0	65
N.S.	1	1.06	0.78	0.72	1.22	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.329	0.386	0.269	0.570	0.000	0.000	11.333

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	82	70	65	78	116	0	0	66
N.S.	1	1.06	0.91	0.84	1.01	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.012	0.345	0.241	0.267	0.000	0.000	11.494

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	130	107	202	154	169	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.91	1.73	1.32	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.481	0.361	0.238	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	164	135	250	187	195	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	1.72	1.29	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.424	0.382	0.209	0.368	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	194	136	257	218	216	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.75	1.41	1.20	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.473	0.398	0.199	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	236	161	270	243	227	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.77	1.29	1.16	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.867	0.457	0.424	0.196	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	101	58	42	70	50	73	34	36
N.S.	1	1.25	0.72	0.52	0.86	0.62	0.90	0.42	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.140	0.367	0.307	0.273	0.210	0.278	11.175

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	85	53	37	56	45	60	30	31
N.S.	1	1.35	0.84	0.59	0.89	0.71	0.95	0.48	0.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.122	0.392	0.277	0.269	0.156	0.286	0.031

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	55	46	28	40	38	37	21	22
N.S.	1	1.34	1.12	0.68	0.98	0.93	0.90	0.51	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.096	0.355	0.269	0.274	0.111	0.282	0.029

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	39	41	25	28	33	27	19	21
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	0.62	0.70	0.82	0.68	0.48	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.097	0.342	0.277	0.280	0.082	0.289	0.031

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	52	29	41	46	31	34	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.62	0.91	1.28	1.44	0.97	1.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.086	0.378	0.271	0.284	2.515	0.277	11.438

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	57	30	42	53	51	55	35
N.S.	1	1.00	1.73	0.91	1.27	1.61	1.55	1.67	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.086	0.352	0.278	0.262	1.871	0.280	0.082

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	54	48	39	54	43	116	91	47
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.76	1.06	0.84	2.27	1.78	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.090	0.371	0.277	0.295	3.098	0.294	11.488

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	70	47	44	68	48	128	125	67
N.S.	1	1.04	0.70	0.66	1.01	0.72	1.91	1.87	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.087	0.370	0.269	0.269	3.378	0.306	0.034

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	100	58	49	82	53	223	163	77
N.S.	1	1.12	0.65	0.55	0.92	0.60	2.51	1.83	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.095	0.398	0.276	0.265	5.407	0.288	0.033

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	116	63	54	96	58	201	199	90
N.S.	1	1.08	0.59	0.50	0.90	0.54	1.88	1.86	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.102	0.373	0.289	0.255	5.687	0.284	0.034

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	150	127	116	171	111	544	325	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	0.87	1.28	0.83	4.06	2.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.431	0.404	0.288	0.279	4.416	0.298	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	380	202	196	282	194	303	188	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.65	0.63	0.91	0.63	0.98	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.784	0.486	0.281	0.280	0.794	0.309	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	345	191	185	257	183	286	177	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.68	0.66	0.91	0.65	1.02	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	0.678	0.434	0.284	0.272	0.685	0.301	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	310	180	174	232	172	274	165	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.71	0.69	0.92	0.68	1.09	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.656	0.437	0.287	0.312	0.677	0.290	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	275	169	163	207	161	262	154	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.76	0.73	0.93	0.72	1.17	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.622	0.444	0.280	0.291	0.641	0.297	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	240	158	152	182	150	241	142	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.69	0.66	0.79	0.65	1.05	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.582	0.434	0.287	0.372	0.615	0.305	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	206	155	138	145	139	206	127	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.82	0.73	0.77	0.74	1.10	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.399	0.404	0.275	0.259	0.621	0.293	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	216	186	353	217	151	954	161	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.98	1.86	1.14	0.79	5.02	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.597	0.375	0.282	0.276	8.890	0.306	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	212	193	265	231	167	887	224	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	1.37	1.20	0.87	4.60	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.590	0.430	0.280	0.276	3.247	0.297	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	219	203	175	241	179	887	293	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.98	0.85	1.16	0.86	4.29	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.609	0.397	0.279	0.278	3.957	0.295	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	222	189	238	238	179	843	346	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.90	1.13	1.13	0.85	4.01	1.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.577	0.401	0.277	0.272	4.179	0.295	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	208	198	223	262	180	959	409	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.07	1.25	0.86	4.59	1.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.616	0.426	0.283	0.284	5.954	0.302	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	219	195	210	290	180	1182	460	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.90	0.97	1.34	0.83	5.47	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.542	0.463	0.298	0.291	6.314	0.297	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	224	196	196	315	179	1380	526	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.92	1.47	0.84	6.45	2.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.543	0.454	0.290	0.286	10.646	0.310	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	224	193	173	338	173	1513	542	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.94	0.84	1.64	0.84	7.34	2.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.504	0.519	0.283	0.269	11.745	0.305	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	230	198	170	364	163	1719	584	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.97	0.83	1.78	0.80	8.43	2.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.523	0.490	0.284	0.313	29.730	0.311	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	214	169	151	247	142	1889	648	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.90	0.81	1.32	0.76	10.10	3.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.489	0.584	0.281	0.315	31.652	0.317	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	249	186	165	272	153	2159	731	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	0.73	1.21	0.68	9.60	3.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	0.524	0.546	0.276	0.331	136.085	0.311	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	284	189	176	297	164	2397	778	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.74	0.69	1.17	0.65	9.44	3.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	0.556	0.745	0.278	0.352	146.794	0.317	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	203	111	207	317	192	0	233	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.64	1.19	1.82	1.10	0.00	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.685	0.548	0.464	0.279	0.281	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	164	98	195	336	177	0	211	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.69	1.37	2.37	1.25	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	0.387	0.496	0.295	0.267	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	135	86	377	308	161	0	186	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.73	3.19	2.61	1.36	0.00	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.366	0.400	0.296	0.281	0.000	0.300	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	101	53	50	154	106	0	106	49
N.S.	1	1.09	0.57	0.54	1.66	1.14	0.00	1.14	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.308	0.415	0.195	0.260	0.000	0.311	11.568

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	91	50	47	128	104	0	137	46
N.S.	1	1.06	0.58	0.55	1.49	1.21	0.00	1.59	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.293	0.395	0.197	0.328	0.000	0.308	11.725

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	111	53	50	101	106	0	165	49
N.S.	1	1.08	0.51	0.49	0.98	1.03	0.00	1.60	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.011	0.381	0.186	0.278	0.000	0.317	11.685

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	124	100	305	152	158	0	212	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	2.68	1.33	1.39	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.415	0.380	0.198	0.279	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	155	117	208	184	184	0	304	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.81	1.43	1.27	1.27	0.00	2.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.410	0.431	0.202	0.286	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	201	132	214	216	205	0	381	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.73	1.18	1.19	1.13	0.00	2.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.698	0.444	0.408	0.195	0.287	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	186	103	97	125	95	0	88	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.70	0.66	0.85	0.65	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.246	0.406	0.292	0.270	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	151	92	86	101	83	0	76	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.78	0.73	0.86	0.70	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.216	0.388	0.275	0.276	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	116	83	75	77	73	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.35	0.97	0.87	0.90	0.85	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.167	0.382	0.274	0.265	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	81	70	64	56	60	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.31	1.13	1.03	0.90	0.97	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.161	0.402	0.275	0.291	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	63	49	31	52	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.07	0.67	1.13	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.113	0.368	0.284	0.271	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	78	141	56	54	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.70	3.07	1.22	1.17	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.130	0.376	0.282	0.279	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	73	63	0	50	0	115	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	1.24	0.00	0.98	0.00	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.125	0.392	0.000	0.268	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	86	93	75	0	63	0	193	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.13	0.91	0.00	0.77	0.00	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.148	0.395	0.000	0.273	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	122	109	88	0	75	0	255	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	0.77	0.00	0.66	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.164	0.430	0.000	0.273	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	157	120	99	0	86	0	329	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.84	0.69	0.00	0.60	0.00	2.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.180	0.395	0.000	0.263	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	147	103	97	174	94	167	83	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.91	0.86	1.54	0.83	1.48	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.250	0.379	0.286	0.351	1.166	0.290	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	246	147	141	246	139	427	132	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.73	0.70	1.22	0.69	2.12	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.419	0.404	0.294	0.288	1.470	0.305	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	211	136	130	221	127	400	120	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.79	0.76	1.28	0.74	2.33	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.369	0.355	0.300	0.296	1.375	0.311	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	176	125	119	198	117	371	107	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.89	0.85	1.41	0.84	2.65	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.345	0.387	0.289	0.332	1.421	0.312	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	140	114	108	176	105	343	96	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	0.93	1.52	0.91	2.96	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.319	0.393	0.312	0.318	1.416	0.285	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	107	111	94	109	95	313	80	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.11	0.94	1.09	0.95	3.13	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.226	0.382	0.291	0.292	1.301	0.300	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	118	142	297	137	107	400	114	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.26	2.63	1.21	0.95	3.54	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.351	0.436	0.280	0.262	5.771	0.314	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	140	164	145	123	389	177	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	1.43	1.26	1.07	3.38	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.356	0.413	0.288	0.291	3.157	0.304	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	111	149	150	150	135	444	245	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.23	1.24	1.24	1.12	3.67	2.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.362	0.411	0.283	0.276	3.856	0.295	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	118	146	136	144	130	457	284	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.22	1.13	1.20	1.08	3.81	2.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.389	0.435	0.284	0.279	4.118	0.288	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	124	151	126	171	119	541	328	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.27	1.06	1.44	1.00	4.55	2.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.324	0.458	0.273	0.271	5.160	0.296	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	122	107	153	97	774	388	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.13	0.99	1.42	0.90	7.17	3.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.365	0.465	0.277	0.268	5.043	0.296	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	148	142	121	178	108	918	463	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.99	0.85	1.24	0.76	6.42	3.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.358	0.542	0.284	0.311	9.032	0.294	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	183	153	132	203	119	1037	518	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.89	0.77	1.18	0.69	6.03	3.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.415	0.572	0.280	0.277	9.722	0.291	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	218	164	143	228	130	1159	463	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.82	0.71	1.13	0.65	5.77	2.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.398	0.632	0.287	0.303	26.641	0.300	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	36	37	25	28	31	29	19	20
N.S.	1	1.33	1.37	0.93	1.04	1.15	1.07	0.70	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.083	0.353	0.281	0.256	1.112	0.284	0.039

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	73	87	68	74	170	125	74
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	1.71	1.33	1.45	3.33	2.45	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.134	0.371	0.275	0.271	2.683	0.289	0.050

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	153	100	120	113	112	0	108	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.85	1.02	0.96	0.95	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.262	0.355	0.283	0.268	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	110	89	108	86	101	0	96	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.98	1.19	0.95	1.11	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.249	0.417	0.292	0.263	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	81	74	97	63	85	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	1.26	0.82	1.10	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.198	0.386	0.286	0.266	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	65	74	40	67	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	1.42	0.77	1.29	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.159	0.397	0.282	0.262	0.000	0.296	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	29	30	35	0	41	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.97	1.13	0.00	1.32	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.004	0.396	0.273	0.258	0.000	0.280	11.555

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	76	88	0	62	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.41	1.63	0.00	1.15	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.176	0.398	0.000	0.268	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	85	88	108	0	88	0	177	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.09	1.33	0.00	1.09	0.00	2.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.216	0.387	0.000	0.412	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	117	107	117	0	113	0	256	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	1.04	0.00	1.00	0.00	2.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.236	0.414	0.000	0.257	0.000	0.292	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	163	120	202	151	190	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.94	1.58	1.18	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.348	0.408	0.290	0.272	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	125	105	186	124	175	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.93	1.65	1.10	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.312	0.408	0.291	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	95	92	204	99	157	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.03	2.29	1.11	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.272	0.381	0.287	0.259	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	60	48	86	103	0	0	56
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.80	1.43	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.215	0.376	0.203	0.259	0.000	0.000	12.312

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	52	56	44	67	101	0	0	52
N.S.	1	0.90	0.97	0.76	1.16	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.192	0.387	0.210	0.284	0.000	0.000	12.273

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	60	46	65	102	0	0	56
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.79	1.12	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.221	0.379	0.200	0.336	0.000	0.000	11.693

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	93	106	171	0	155	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.20	1.94	0.00	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.301	0.374	0.000	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	128	124	198	0	181	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.03	1.65	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.308	0.400	0.000	0.298	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	164	138	206	0	201	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.91	1.36	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.335	0.400	0.000	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	207	140	295	289	274	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.86	1.82	1.78	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.553	0.444	0.297	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	172	130	281	259	258	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.88	1.90	1.75	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.468	0.427	0.310	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	144	115	450	234	241	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.94	3.69	1.92	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.417	0.392	0.320	0.337	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	92	82	70	134	168	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.08	0.96	0.82	1.58	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.312	0.432	0.213	0.275	0.000	0.000	11.743

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	97	82	70	110	171	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	0.77	1.21	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.280	0.379	0.204	0.279	0.000	0.000	12.042

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	98	82	70	110	170	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.03	0.86	0.74	1.16	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.289	0.374	0.205	0.290	0.000	0.000	11.854

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	84	82	70	90	171	0	0	78
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	0.82	1.06	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.277	0.372	0.203	0.306	0.000	0.000	11.794

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	90	82	70	85	168	0	0	78
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	0.85	1.04	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.011	0.388	0.196	0.289	0.000	0.000	11.710

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	132	118	255	0	237	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.99	2.14	0.00	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.468	0.379	0.000	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	163	145	291	0	265	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	1.89	0.00	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.430	0.442	0.000	0.409	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	204	160	296	0	286	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.86	1.59	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.452	0.415	0.000	0.369	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	239	171	312	0	297	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.80	1.45	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.742	0.489	0.438	0.000	0.361	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	129	104	92	133	239	0	0	161
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	0.78	1.13	2.03	0.00	0.00	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.374	0.378	0.228	0.318	0.000	0.000	11.923

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	130	104	92	133	238	0	0	161
N.S.	1	1.06	0.85	0.75	1.08	1.93	0.00	0.00	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.386	0.384	0.220	0.351	0.000	0.000	11.764

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	83	69	97	68	75	0	0	116
N.S.	1	1.26	1.05	1.47	1.03	1.14	0.00	0.00	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.188	0.367	0.291	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.067

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	59	59	84	52	66	0	70	84
N.S.	1	1.07	1.07	1.53	0.95	1.20	0.00	1.27	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.166	0.367	0.286	0.279	0.000	0.302	0.067

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	53	65	33	58	0	52	57
N.S.	1	1.00	1.56	1.91	0.97	1.71	0.00	1.53	1.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.116	0.349	0.285	0.254	0.000	0.318	11.445

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	26	22	23	28	0	34	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.88	1.08	0.00	1.31	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.146	0.094	0.349	0.276	0.265	0.000	0.299	11.445

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	45	58	0	52	0	74	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.41	0.00	1.27	0.00	1.80	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.118	0.357	0.000	0.246	0.000	0.296	11.467

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	62	57	73	0	76	0	0	81
N.S.	1	0.97	0.89	1.14	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.144	0.369	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	11.474

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	91	72	94	0	97	0	213	105
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	1.04	0.00	1.08	0.00	2.37	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.173	0.407	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.291	11.438

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	281	155	141	299	138	299	344	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.68	0.62	1.31	0.60	1.31	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.269	0.421	0.298	0.271	2.140	0.339	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	246	136	130	275	128	340	312	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.68	0.65	1.38	0.64	1.70	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.400	0.402	0.299	0.364	2.025	0.340	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	209	133	119	251	116	255	280	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.78	0.70	1.47	0.68	1.49	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.254	0.394	0.297	0.293	1.959	0.331	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	176	114	108	230	106	298	248	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.80	0.76	1.62	0.75	2.10	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.332	0.384	0.289	0.288	1.894	0.330	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	141	111	97	167	94	216	216	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.71	1.23	0.69	1.59	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.179	0.388	0.282	0.315	1.832	0.330	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	113	92	83	119	84	253	184	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.85	0.77	1.10	0.78	2.34	1.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.281	0.399	0.285	0.285	1.656	0.319	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	C	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	97	125	544	116	95	270	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.30	5.67	1.21	0.99	2.81	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.297	0.393	0.281	0.270	4.817	0.000	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	104	130	140	126	111	330	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.24	1.33	1.20	1.06	3.14	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.282	0.428	0.273	0.289	3.483	0.000	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	106	124	116	123	119	347	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.13	1.05	1.12	1.08	3.15	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.318	0.441	0.285	0.292	4.326	0.000	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	106	138	113	146	106	338	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.35	1.11	1.43	1.04	3.31	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.289	0.465	0.284	0.286	3.925	0.000	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	111	114	96	130	86	422	246	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.06	0.89	1.20	0.80	3.91	2.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.293	0.455	0.287	0.264	5.176	0.323	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	146	131	110	155	97	660	275	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.94	0.79	1.11	0.69	4.71	1.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.268	0.542	0.276	0.256	4.879	0.329	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	181	123	121	180	108	808	304	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.73	0.72	1.07	0.64	4.78	1.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.416	0.590	0.302	0.274	9.278	0.332	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	214	145	132	205	119	835	333	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.73	0.67	1.04	0.60	4.22	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.371	0.707	0.296	0.333	8.258	0.346	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	143	104	363	170	171	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.85	2.95	1.38	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.417	0.405	0.297	0.294	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	101	70	65	157	116	0	191	66
N.S.	1	1.02	0.71	0.66	1.59	1.17	0.00	1.93	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.308	0.388	0.235	0.284	0.000	0.328	11.482

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	94	70	65	136	118	0	191	66
N.S.	1	1.06	0.79	0.73	1.53	1.33	0.00	2.15	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.325	0.382	0.220	0.271	0.000	0.338	11.352

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	96	69	64	138	116	0	177	65
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	0.70	1.52	1.27	0.00	1.95	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.327	0.378	0.211	0.272	0.000	0.305	11.808

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	C	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	99	70	66	136	115	0	193	66
N.S.	1	1.09	0.77	0.73	1.49	1.26	0.00	2.12	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.323	0.384	0.219	0.273	0.000	0.319	11.850

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	131	107	330	0	168	0	284	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.91	2.80	0.00	1.42	0.00	2.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.470	0.412	0.000	0.259	0.000	0.322	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	166	135	244	0	194	0	324	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.92	1.67	0.00	1.33	0.00	2.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.436	0.429	0.000	0.276	0.000	0.322	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	195	136	251	0	215	0	360	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.74	1.37	0.00	1.17	0.00	1.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	0.486	0.449	0.000	0.274	0.000	0.348	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	206	112	199	185	190	0	233	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.63	1.12	1.05	1.07	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	0.469	0.467	0.302	0.289	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	166	99	187	160	174	0	212	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.68	1.28	1.10	1.19	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	0.392	0.459	0.294	0.300	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	138	87	319	136	157	0	185	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.72	2.66	1.13	1.31	0.00	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.338	0.427	0.296	0.278	0.000	0.315	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	135	52	49	125	104	0	106	48
N.S.	1	1.42	0.55	0.52	1.32	1.09	0.00	1.12	0.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.288	0.398	0.292	0.256	0.000	0.325	11.686

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	105	49	46	129	100	0	137	45
N.S.	1	1.08	0.51	0.47	1.33	1.03	0.00	1.41	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.277	0.399	0.296	0.271	0.000	0.321	11.833

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	108	52	49	128	104	0	165	48
N.S.	1	1.08	0.52	0.49	1.28	1.04	0.00	1.65	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.007	0.409	0.287	0.277	0.000	0.310	11.829

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	125	99	332	0	153	0	212	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.86	2.89	0.00	1.33	0.00	1.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.395	0.411	0.000	0.286	0.000	0.329	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	158	115	199	0	181	0	304	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.79	1.36	0.00	1.24	0.00	2.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	0.458	0.443	0.000	0.260	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	202	130	205	0	202	0	382	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.71	1.12	0.00	1.10	0.00	2.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	0.446	0.448	0.000	0.274	0.000	0.332	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	236	130	209	0	200	0	244	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.64	1.02	0.00	0.98	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.955	0.411	0.445	0.000	0.284	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	197	112	199	0	190	0	233	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.70	1.24	0.00	1.19	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.418	0.409	0.000	0.276	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	154	106	186	0	174	0	211	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.72	1.26	0.00	1.18	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.365	0.430	0.000	0.290	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	87	268	0	157	0	186	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	2.33	0.00	1.37	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.335	0.413	0.000	0.288	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	52	42	125	102	0	137	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.66	1.95	1.59	0.00	2.14	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	0.248	0.409	0.189	0.273	0.000	0.299	11.793

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	51	43	123	104	0	165	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.64	1.84	1.55	0.00	2.46	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.317	0.402	0.198	0.269	0.000	0.324	11.676

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	114	88	415	0	153	0	212	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.80	3.77	0.00	1.39	0.00	1.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.477	0.445	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	155	115	199	0	181	0	304	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.80	1.39	0.00	1.27	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.475	0.461	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	206	116	205	0	202	0	382	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.63	1.12	0.00	1.10	0.00	2.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.712	0.500	0.447	0.000	0.309	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	235	141	216	0	213	0	444	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.67	1.03	0.00	1.01	0.00	2.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	0.551	0.483	0.000	0.305	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	298	151	164	478	156	0	151	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.60	0.65	1.90	0.62	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.057	0.352	0.464	0.289	0.279	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	266	132	153	456	146	0	140	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.59	0.68	2.04	0.65	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.867	0.449	0.455	0.289	0.279	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	218	129	142	407	134	0	126	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.67	0.74	2.12	0.70	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.319	0.462	0.289	0.263	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	192	110	131	363	124	0	117	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.60	0.72	1.99	0.68	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.375	0.447	0.278	0.275	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	147	107	119	235	111	0	103	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.82	0.92	1.81	0.85	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.279	0.465	0.277	0.288	0.000	0.300	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	106	89	106	134	99	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	0.94	1.19	0.88	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.326	0.435	0.269	0.263	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	91	115	1192	0	111	0	116	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.29	13.39	0.00	1.25	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.381	0.477	0.000	0.271	0.000	0.304	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	95	126	133	0	127	0	189	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.34	1.41	0.00	1.35	0.00	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.353	0.529	0.000	0.285	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	112	107	115	0	112	0	252	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	1.05	0.00	1.02	0.00	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.335	0.595	0.000	0.277	0.000	0.319	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	144	117	131	0	123	0	318	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.85	0.96	0.00	0.90	0.00	2.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.394	0.703	0.000	0.297	0.000	0.313	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	187	116	144	0	136	0	392	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.68	0.85	0.00	0.80	0.00	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.446	0.742	0.000	0.266	0.000	0.330	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	216	141	155	0	147	0	448	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.72	0.79	0.00	0.75	0.00	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	0.449	0.867	0.000	0.275	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	70	245	0	126	0	0	220
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	2.58	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	2.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.256	0.378	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	11.455

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	125	50	44	153	102	0	0	287
N.S.	1	1.42	0.57	0.50	1.74	1.16	0.00	0.00	3.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.273	0.400	0.195	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.059

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	316	137	132	399	316	0	0	252
N.S.	1	1.51	0.66	0.63	1.91	1.51	0.00	0.00	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.631	0.411	0.201	0.561	0.000	0.000	12.079

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	278	137	132	401	317	0	0	252
N.S.	1	1.33	0.66	0.63	1.92	1.52	0.00	0.00	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.675	0.425	0.199	0.614	0.000	0.000	11.993

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	242	137	132	405	316	0	0	252
N.S.	1	1.15	0.65	0.63	1.92	1.50	0.00	0.00	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.593	0.403	0.216	0.677	0.000	0.000	11.916

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	245	137	132	393	314	0	0	242
N.S.	1	1.20	0.67	0.64	1.92	1.53	0.00	0.00	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.019	0.418	0.199	0.733	0.000	0.000	11.903

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	267	173	1328	0	432	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.74	5.68	0.00	1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.968	0.438	0.000	0.758	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	300	205	520	0	458	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.76	1.92	0.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.152	0.921	0.434	0.000	1.116	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	107	81	95	0	217	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.93	0.00	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.336	0.362	0.000	0.295	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	47	58	0	110	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.49	0.00	2.82	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.238	0.363	0.000	0.281	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	50	57	48	92	82	65	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	1.63	1.37	2.63	2.34	1.86	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.116	0.352	0.272	0.266	0.861	5.535	11.910

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	76	0	199	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.17	0.00	5.69	0.00	2.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	1.518	0.389	0.000	0.310	0.000	5.441	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	48	41	68	90	29	65	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.41	1.21	2.00	2.65	0.85	1.91	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.118	0.346	0.274	0.283	0.820	6.284	12.049

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	34	86	0	208	0	89	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.53	0.00	6.12	0.00	2.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	1.500	0.361	0.000	0.291	0.000	5.451	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	65	66	82	111	148	141	54
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.30	1.76	2.35	2.24	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.159	0.351	0.274	0.268	1.730	10.789	11.608

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	49	92	0	221	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.46	0.00	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	1.401	0.364	0.000	0.331	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	275	199	0	0	0	502	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.543	0.877	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.984	0.000	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	212	174	0	0	0	432	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.10	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.741	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.942	0.000	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	162	121	0	0	0	366	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.26	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.629	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.752	0.000	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	78	0	0	0	61	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.338	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.297	0.000	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	122	0	0	0	243	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.654	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.034	0.000	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	207	173	0	0	0	182	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.642	0.000	0.000	0.000	38.527	0.000	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	262	245	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.741	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	212	199	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	1.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	219	174	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.876	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	162	121	0	0	0	116	0	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.783	0.000	0.000	0.000	26.222	0.000	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	78	0	0	0	60	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.449	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.554	0.000	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	122	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	1.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	220	176	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	1.323	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	200	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	1.590	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	150	132	0	0	0	972	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.57	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.221	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.955	0.000	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	150	129	0	0	0	972	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.61	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.209	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.868	0.000	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	120	106	0	0	0	382	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.18	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.590	0.000	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	120	103	0	0	0	382	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.21	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.444	0.000	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	89	0	0	0	85	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.190	0.000	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	83	0	0	0	82	0	78
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.132	0.000	13.295

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	78	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.088	0.000	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	108	0	0	0	82	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.176	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.787	0.000	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	106	0	0	0	83	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.185	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.871	0.000	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	159	0	0	0	2924	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.43	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.272	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.899	0.000	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	188	186	0	0	0	1015	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.49	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.390	0.000	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	150	138	0	0	0	1328	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.91	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.244	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.132	0.000	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	158	168	0	0	0	425	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.74	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.949	0.000	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	114	110	0	0	0	440	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.73	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.577	0.000	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	134	0	0	0	124	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.446	0.000	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	129	103	0	0	0	136	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.196	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.044	0.000	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	153	0	0	0	116	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.303	0.000	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	140	131	0	0	0	138	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.224	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.583	0.000	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	223	205	0	0	0	2966	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.36	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.684	0.000	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	219	219	0	0	0	2966	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.61	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.411	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.361	0.000	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	194	187	0	0	0	1370	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.10	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.336	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.788	0.000	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	191	187	0	0	0	1370	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.25	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.555	0.000	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	159	0	0	0	479	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.13	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.345	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.085	0.000	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	155	0	0	0	476	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.52	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.847	0.000	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	171	169	0	0	0	178	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.810	0.000	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	158	0	0	0	177	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.489	0.000	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	167	182	0	0	0	175	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.167	0.000	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	150	66	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.332	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	245	0	0	0	17065	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	141.03	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.405	0.000	0.000	0.000	62.784	0.000	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	120	198	0	0	0	14895	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	125.17	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.337	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.294	0.000	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	147	0	0	0	440	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.89	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.235	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.637	0.000	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	75	0	0	0	318	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.36	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.232	0.000	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	151	0	0	0	348	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.395	0.000	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	167	0	0	0	434	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.09	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.313	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.907	0.000	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	219	0	0	0	484	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.48	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.586	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.398	0.000	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	180	66	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.339	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	188	66	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.343	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	152	332	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.387	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	158	177	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.305	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	118	102	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	132	201	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	223	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.552	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	283	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.730	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	145	334	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.813	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	150	389	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.903	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	221	245	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	195	202	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.379	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	165	130	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.284	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	102	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.243	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	177	328	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.369	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	168	280	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.507	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	341	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.668	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	179	393	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.625	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	179	446	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.714	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	273	231	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.528	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	221	156	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.393	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	173	130	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.362	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	102	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	207	417	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.424	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	207	337	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	207	399	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.789	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	213	452	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.778	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	221	505	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.898	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	292	194	0	0	0	257	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.208	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.153	0.000	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	211	169	0	0	0	189	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.872	0.000	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	153	116	0	0	0	121	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.591	0.000	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	73	0	0	0	61	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.292	0.000	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	124	0	0	0	372	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.28	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.226	0.000	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	224	180	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	314	206	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.234	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	77	0	0	0	328	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.69	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.563	0.000	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	90	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	215	68	167	0	72	0	167	201
N.S.	1	1.00	0.32	0.78	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.78	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.681	0.675	0.000	0.267	0.000	0.637	0.119

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	279	230	312	0	1104	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.90	1.22	0.00	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	0.658	0.443	0.000	4.061	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	225	199	266	0	963	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.94	1.26	0.00	4.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.443	0.437	0.000	4.133	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	162	161	227	0	776	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.05	1.48	0.00	5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.366	0.421	0.000	0.632	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	134	133	203	0	684	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.05	1.60	0.00	5.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.297	0.421	0.000	0.607	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	108	110	184	0	574	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.07	1.79	0.00	5.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.015	0.422	0.000	0.464	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	122	137	305	122	1316	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.18	2.63	1.05	11.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.219	0.375	0.208	1.014	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	129	195	0	599	0	146	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.86	0.00	5.70	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.364	0.385	0.000	0.484	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	160	144	212	0	726	0	230	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.32	0.00	4.54	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.445	0.443	0.000	0.461	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	191	173	241	0	824	0	313	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.26	0.00	4.31	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.606	0.454	0.000	0.451	0.000	0.292	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	274	215	282	0	1007	0	605	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.03	0.00	3.68	0.00	2.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.757	0.450	0.000	0.507	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	212	161	222	0	1060	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.83	1.14	0.00	5.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.728	0.512	0.443	0.000	2.393	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	159	137	201	0	924	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.90	1.32	0.00	6.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.382	0.425	0.000	2.406	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	111	128	172	0	745	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.17	1.58	0.00	6.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.445	0.419	0.000	0.471	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	98	151	0	631	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.76	0.00	7.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.240	0.411	0.000	0.453	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	64	127	60	211	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	2.35	1.11	3.91	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.004	0.382	0.199	0.341	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	104	158	0	634	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.84	0.00	7.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.241	0.398	0.000	0.407	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	128	180	0	767	0	143	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	1.62	0.00	6.91	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.329	0.425	0.000	0.438	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	198	209	0	956	0	240	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.24	0.00	5.69	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.480	0.435	0.000	0.571	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	157	178	351	0	1525	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.22	2.40	0.00	10.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.806	0.471	0.000	3.477	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	129	137	397	0	1323	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.11	3.23	0.00	10.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.528	0.425	0.000	2.923	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	109	355	179	455	0	181	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	3.74	1.88	4.79	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.470	0.417	0.217	0.358	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	99	335	156	425	0	168	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	3.81	1.77	4.83	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.376	0.404	0.215	0.332	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	104	315	131	456	0	180	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	3.35	1.39	4.85	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.045	0.348	0.204	0.321	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	144	363	0	1325	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	2.47	0.00	9.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.703	0.368	0.000	0.471	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	194	178	361	0	1556	0	273	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.86	0.00	8.02	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.688	0.388	0.000	0.501	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	276	217	407	0	1943	0	365	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	1.47	0.00	7.04	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.765	0.453	0.000	0.696	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	316	251	440	0	2025	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.03	1.80	0.00	8.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.190	1.136	0.481	0.000	25.370	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	256	223	420	0	1786	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.25	1.09	2.06	0.00	8.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	1.461	0.452	0.000	46.200	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	196	173	386	0	1449	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.08	2.41	0.00	9.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.796	0.443	0.000	5.640	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	169	158	369	0	1260	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.15	2.69	0.00	9.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.851	0.424	0.000	5.491	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	100	344	0	382	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	3.82	0.00	4.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.404	0.415	0.000	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	101	215	0	381	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	2.36	0.00	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.037	0.398	0.000	0.453	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	179	153	376	0	1261	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	2.10	0.00	7.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.707	0.379	0.000	0.817	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	212	183	395	0	1512	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.86	0.00	7.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.913	0.392	0.000	0.671	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	268	224	424	0	1867	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.58	0.00	6.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	1.126	0.419	0.000	1.020	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	114	320	210	368	4134	624	363
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	2.37	1.56	2.73	30.62	4.62	2.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.107	0.368	0.200	0.301	1.258	0.289	11.633

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	109	195	146	250	2181	410	255
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.91	1.43	2.45	21.38	4.02	2.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.109	0.402	0.199	0.286	0.783	0.283	11.563

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	65	100	89	148	952	237	163
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.43	1.27	2.11	13.60	3.39	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.058	0.388	0.190	0.308	0.495	0.269	11.522

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	64	0	0	0	279	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.62	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.287	0.000	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	232	199	754	447	1027	14317	1750	932
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	3.25	1.93	4.43	61.71	7.54	4.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.171	0.475	0.210	0.319	4.186	0.299	11.960

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	185	323	601	335	757	8940	1266	723
N.S.	1	1.00	1.75	3.25	1.81	4.09	48.32	6.84	3.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.344	0.431	0.212	0.299	2.449	0.300	11.735

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	160	420	235	519	5097	851	496
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	3.00	1.68	3.71	36.41	6.08	3.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.162	0.420	0.192	0.306	1.436	0.277	11.625

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	132	0	0	0	1608	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.86	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.316	0.000	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	343	302	2232	795	2165	35984	3713	1796
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	6.51	2.32	6.31	104.91	10.83	5.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.220	0.453	0.244	0.311	11.304	0.297	12.660

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	282	709	1214	625	1675	24687	2851	1459
N.S.	1	1.00	2.51	4.30	2.22	5.94	87.54	10.11	5.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.874	0.480	0.232	0.308	6.425	0.309	12.260

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	223	347	958	472	1244	15990	2085	1144
N.S.	1	1.00	1.56	4.30	2.12	5.58	71.70	9.35	5.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.387	0.443	0.212	0.270	4.078	0.279	12.107

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	246	226	0	0	0	5622	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	22.85	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.956	0.000	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	276	217	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.757	0.401	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	232	168	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	195	170	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	151	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	167	145	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	207	189	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	207	167	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.246	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	342	413	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	0.550	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	292	247	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.589	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	306	295	403	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.426	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	263	230	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.271	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	299	253	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.251	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	489	484	391	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.751	0.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	513	513	437	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	0.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	399	378	275	0	0	0	128	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.732	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.572	0.000	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	157	113	0	0	0	80	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.299	0.000	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	295	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	122	112	0	0	0	950	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.60	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.803	0.000	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	122	112	0	0	0	950	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.60	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.511	0.000	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	99	87	0	0	0	364	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.64	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.896	0.000	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	99	87	0	0	0	364	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.64	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.564	0.000	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	71	0	0	0	65	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.694	0.000	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	98	0	0	0	61	0	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.451	0.000	12.309

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	88	0	0	0	65	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.697	0.000	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	91	0	0	0	68	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.952	0.000	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	89	0	0	0	70	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.504	0.000	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	182	205	0	0	0	2883	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.34	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.848	0.000	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	167	156	0	0	0	986	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.57	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.253	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.936	0.000	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	146	152	0	0	0	1294	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.68	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.196	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.547	0.000	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	144	139	0	0	0	400	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.63	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.843	0.000	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	112	184	0	0	0	408	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.841	0.000	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	126	133	0	0	0	97	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.174	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.566	0.000	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	101	0	0	0	109	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.186	0.000	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	134	0	0	0	95	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.192	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.985	0.000	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	128	119	0	0	0	117	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.164	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.649	0.000	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	247	233	249	0	0	0	2919	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.82	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.281	0.000	0.000

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	234	249	0	0	0	2919	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.72	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.315	0.000	0.000	0.000	21.453	0.000	0.000

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	197	196	0	0	0	1329	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.42	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.322	0.000	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	198	196	0	0	0	1329	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.33	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.233	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.369	0.000	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	158	228	0	0	0	440	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.63	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.271	0.000	0.000

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	185	223	0	0	0	437	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.262	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.711	0.000	0.000

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	166	170	0	0	0	144	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.361	0.000	0.000

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	154	0	0	0	143	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.470	0.000	0.000

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	169	174	0	0	0	148	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.252	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.174	0.000	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	198	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	260	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	162	227	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	131	172	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	125	131	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	177	170	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	214	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.401	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	218	256	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.457	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	392	389	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	309	343	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	0.588	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	267	300	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.420	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	249	223	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.241	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	191	141	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.78	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	368	306	303	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.412	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	421	296	342	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	0.601	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	449	433	462	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	0.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	416	387	436	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.741	0.665	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	396	364	290	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.407	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	326	229	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.312	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	322	142	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	700	464	434	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.813	0.691	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	754	460	478	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.814	0.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	291	182	0	0	0	230	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	113.065	0.000	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	214	158	0	0	0	168	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000	70.148	0.000	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	106	0	0	0	107	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.017	0.000	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	64	0	0	0	54	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.519	0.000	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	242	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	322	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	345	369	304	955	0	678	0	305	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.88	2.77	0.00	1.97	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	11.128	0.681	0.000	0.380	0.000	0.363	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	259	245	512	0	536	0	224	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.98	2.04	0.00	2.14	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	10.564	0.655	0.000	0.327	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	173	181	291	0	418	0	164	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.87	1.41	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.773	0.569	0.000	0.311	0.000	0.338	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	112	131	0	337	0	114	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.061	0.545	0.000	0.311	0.000	0.342	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	162	476	308	0	947	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	2.83	1.83	0.00	5.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	1.413	0.533	0.000	0.429	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	841	708	0	355	0	220	0
N.S.	1	1.00	6.14	5.17	0.00	2.59	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	9.249	0.720	0.000	0.359	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	211	162	1353	0	442	0	505	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.80	6.70	0.00	2.19	0.00	2.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	10.119	0.759	0.000	0.630	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	307	210	2059	0	558	0	912	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.73	7.20	0.00	1.95	0.00	3.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	10.171	1.155	0.000	1.230	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	389	421	273	3471	0	702	0	1483	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.70	8.92	0.00	1.80	0.00	3.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	10.243	1.121	0.000	8.549	0.000	0.338	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	449	446	385	1426	0	1044	0	513	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.86	3.18	0.00	2.33	0.00	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.702	1.239	0.636	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.367	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	352	347	303	797	0	846	0	405	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.86	2.26	0.00	2.40	0.00	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.732	0.644	0.000	0.323	0.000	0.350	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	255	236	483	0	676	1093	310	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.80	1.64	0.00	2.29	3.71	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.518	0.549	0.000	0.311	10.979	0.355	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	215	180	230	0	532	751	229	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	1.14	0.00	2.65	3.74	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.071	0.590	0.000	0.329	3.611	0.347	0.000

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	257	232	607	0	1327	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.92	2.42	0.00	5.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.532	0.638	0.000	2.598	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	213	1300	0	1221	0	339	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	5.42	0.00	5.09	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.398	0.721	0.000	1.327	0.000	0.374	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	263	243	2438	0	1375	0	626	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.95	9.52	0.00	5.37	0.00	2.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.504	0.767	0.000	1.435	0.000	0.442	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	225	201	4330	0	558	0	1005	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.95	20.52	0.00	2.64	0.00	4.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.343	1.011	0.000	0.956	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	304	247	7421	0	704	0	1618	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	25.16	0.00	2.39	0.00	5.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	0.529	1.062	0.000	4.941	0.000	0.366	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	402	317	10575	0	872	0	2352	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.80	26.77	0.00	2.21	0.00	5.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.791	1.651	0.000	14.930	0.000	0.403	0.000

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	498	505	402	16883	0	1072	0	3251	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	33.90	0.00	2.15	0.00	6.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.891	1.092	1.928	0.000	37.471	0.000	0.484	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	574	543	549	1895	0	1524	0	784	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.96	3.30	0.00	2.66	0.00	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.835	1.396	0.658	0.000	0.510	0.000	0.376	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	452	434	479	1080	0	1272	0	648	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.06	2.39	0.00	2.81	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	1.200	0.662	0.000	0.671	0.000	0.376	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	342	388	673	0	1046	0	526	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.02	1.77	0.00	2.75	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.890	0.547	0.000	0.360	0.000	0.381	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	302	295	327	0	844	0	415	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.08	1.19	0.00	3.08	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.204	0.561	0.000	0.322	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	414	342	997	0	1873	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.87	2.53	0.00	4.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	0.948	0.595	0.000	30.623	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	352	361	309	2076	0	1717	0	473	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	5.90	0.00	4.88	0.00	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.723	1.038	0.746	0.000	10.887	0.000	0.409	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	342	287	3893	0	1569	0	746	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	11.48	0.00	4.63	0.00	2.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	0.864	0.812	0.000	4.423	0.000	0.458	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	375	316	6850	0	1741	0	1195	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	18.46	0.00	4.69	0.00	3.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.745	1.024	1.060	0.000	5.776	0.000	0.498	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	404	426	358	11685	0	1917	0	1750	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	28.92	0.00	4.75	0.00	4.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.776	1.041	1.197	0.000	16.145	0.000	0.680	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	317	271	19539	0	872	0	2449	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	67.61	0.00	3.02	0.00	8.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.711	1.566	0.000	13.959	0.000	0.395	0.000

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	386	396	404	32291	0	1072	0	3388	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.05	83.66	0.00	2.78	0.00	8.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.666	0.912	1.973	0.000	41.437	0.000	0.510	0.000

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	500	494	497	45106	0	1300	0	4452	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	90.21	0.00	2.60	0.00	8.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	1.217	3.187	0.000	78.301	0.000	0.775	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	628	608	572	70736	0	1550	0	5681	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.91	112.64	0.00	2.47	0.00	9.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.035	1.539	3.286	0.000	176.453	0.000	1.301	0.000

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	274	277	514	0	758	0	228	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.02	1.90	0.00	2.80	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.545	0.438	0.686	0.000	0.665	0.000	0.369	0.000

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	202	201	259	0	586	0	182	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.03	1.33	0.00	3.01	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.277	0.697	0.000	0.402	0.000	0.366	0.000

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	130	131	0	443	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.94	0.00	3.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.190	0.556	0.000	0.392	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	42	50	0	59	0	0	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.96	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.010	0.575	0.000	0.340	0.000	0.000	11.710

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	142	131	136	0	454	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.92	0.95	0.00	3.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.174	0.586	0.000	0.511	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	206	201	270	0	610	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.88	1.18	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.260	0.687	0.000	0.972	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	281	283	545	0	792	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.86	1.66	0.00	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.431	0.687	0.000	2.251	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	515	511	388	1923	0	2120	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.75	3.73	0.00	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	0.833	0.869	0.000	4.284	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	438	431	300	1112	0	1782	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.68	2.54	0.00	4.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.676	0.531	0.862	0.000	1.669	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	309	218	639	0	1466	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.73	2.15	0.00	4.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.319	0.694	0.000	2.061	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	95	145	0	308	0	0	1071
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	1.15	0.00	2.44	0.00	0.00	8.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.136	0.658	0.000	1.676	0.000	0.000	12.581

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	138	100	149	0	314	0	0	499
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	1.08	0.00	2.28	0.00	0.00	3.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.132	0.536	0.000	1.866	0.000	0.000	12.477

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	95	138	0	306	0	0	120
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	1.14	0.00	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.017	0.574	0.000	2.119	0.000	0.000	12.275

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	303	217	360	0	1476	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.80	1.33	0.00	5.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	0.334	0.593	0.000	5.464	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	437	303	716	0	1812	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.77	1.82	0.00	4.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.711	0.526	0.744	0.000	11.466	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	522	565	390	1354	0	2162	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.75	2.59	0.00	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.946	0.783	0.773	0.000	28.523	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	664	708	493	2409	0	2526	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.74	3.63	0.00	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.210	0.977	1.145	0.000	64.197	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	259	265	235	366	0	820	0	0	3099
N.S.	1	1.02	0.91	1.41	0.00	3.17	0.00	0.00	11.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.219	0.684	0.000	16.877	0.000	0.000	13.602

Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	341	353	440	663	0	1540	0	0	11469
N.S.	1	1.04	1.29	1.94	0.00	4.52	0.00	0.00	33.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.346	0.657	0.000	115.684	0.000	0.000	16.999

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	170	221	169	0	33	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	0.99	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	32.665	0.684	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	22	22	0	67	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.96	0.96	0.00	2.91	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	10.025	0.581	0.286	0.317	0.000	0.299	11.905

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	289	347	216	0	30	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.18	0.73	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	20.404	0.660	0.000	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	149	169	157	0	25	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.17	1.09	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	20.351	0.637	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	56	48	43	0	60	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.73	0.65	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	15.354	0.549	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 494	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	349	216	0	32	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.75	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	10.297	0.634	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 495	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	151	185	159	0	32	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.27	1.09	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	20.309	0.654	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 496	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	191	235	176	0	38	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.17	0.88	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	21.557	0.711	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 497	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	27	27	0	173	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	1.17	1.17	0.00	7.52	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	10.029	0.565	0.288	0.267	0.000	0.314	0.120

Problem 498	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	310	244	230	0	38	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.75	0.71	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	10.333	0.645	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 499	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F(-1)	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	168	176	0	0	33	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	20.484	180.000	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 500	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	69	53	57	0	65	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.56	0.61	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	10.057	0.783	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 501	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	308	244	230	0	39	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.71	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	10.373	0.664	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 502	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	170	192	173	0	38	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.10	0.99	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	10.290	0.672	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 503	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	149	169	157	0	25	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.19	1.11	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	21.426	0.681	0.000	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 504	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	22	17	0	18	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.96	0.74	0.00	0.78	0.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	10.020	0.619	0.300	0.267	0.000	0.302	0.150

Problem 505	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	253	268	375	202	0	9	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.48	0.80	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	21.738	0.683	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 506	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	148	137	0	6	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	1.25	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	20.117	0.609	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 507	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	29	33	0	43	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.79	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	4.921	0.583	0.000	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 508	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	287	400	215	0	31	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.42	0.76	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	10.424	0.638	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 509	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	151	171	159	0	30	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.17	1.09	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	10.415	0.660	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 510	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	149	161	157	0	38	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.18	1.15	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	21.379	0.759	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 511	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	17	24	0	0	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	0.74	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	10.023	0.571	0.286	0.251	0.000	0.000	12.328

Problem 512	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	288	402	216	0	42	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.43	0.77	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	10.418	0.741	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 513	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	149	216	157	0	37	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.58	1.15	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	20.267	0.715	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 514	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	56	81	43	0	78	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.85	1.23	0.65	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	11.231	0.666	0.000	0.345	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 515	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	308	409	228	0	47	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.29	0.72	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	10.489	0.750	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 516	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	172	170	169	0	48	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	10.258	0.675	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 517	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	178	167	0	56	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.99	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	21.354	0.722	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 518	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	18	24	29	0	0	82
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.78	1.04	1.26	0.00	0.00	3.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	10.037	0.664	0.290	0.263	0.000	0.000	12.444

Problem 519	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	309	409	228	0	61	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.29	0.72	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	10.484	0.855	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 520	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	178	167	0	56	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.99	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	20.335	0.731	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 521	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	69	95	60	0	101	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.99	0.62	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	10.095	0.700	0.000	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 522	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	329	414	240	0	62	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.19	0.69	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	10.542	0.710	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 523	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	193	183	179	0	63	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.90	0.88	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	10.426	0.681	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 524	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	102	78	68	75	134	88	71	84
N.S.	1	1.05	0.80	0.70	0.77	1.38	0.91	0.73	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.039	0.763	0.278	0.290	0.108	0.269	0.129

Problem 525	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	498	627	594	0	5507	0	1200	13879
N.S.	1	1.02	1.28	1.21	0.00	11.24	0.00	2.45	28.32
time (sec)	N/A	7.953	1.957	0.826	0.000	0.987	0.000	0.379	14.523

Problem 526	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	404	465	504	0	4245	0	1074	11143
N.S.	1	1.24	1.43	1.55	0.00	13.02	0.00	3.29	34.18
time (sec)	N/A	4.161	1.368	0.740	0.000	0.947	0.000	0.376	14.182

Problem 527	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	321	375	425	0	2966	0	897	8171
N.S.	1	1.02	1.19	1.34	0.00	9.39	0.00	2.84	25.86
time (sec)	N/A	2.018	0.987	0.674	0.000	0.498	0.000	0.365	13.250

Problem 528	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	293	341	326	0	1721	0	758	5664
N.S.	1	1.02	1.19	1.14	0.00	6.00	0.00	2.64	19.74
time (sec)	N/A	1.068	0.949	0.684	0.000	0.404	0.000	0.344	13.175

Problem 529	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	233	252	222	0	715	0	445	709
N.S.	1	1.18	1.27	1.12	0.00	3.61	0.00	2.25	3.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.100	0.553	0.000	0.517	0.000	0.317	12.289

Problem 530	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	283	266	291	0	2446	0	719	10894
N.S.	1	1.03	0.97	1.06	0.00	8.89	0.00	2.61	39.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.892	0.796	0.578	0.000	0.538	0.000	0.319	16.579

Problem 531	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	368	371	337	373	0	4860	0	776	19887
N.S.	1	1.01	0.92	1.01	0.00	13.21	0.00	2.11	54.04
time (sec)	N/A	2.404	1.231	0.646	0.000	6.027	0.000	0.343	16.142

Problem 532	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	531	550	433	489	0	7425	0	1043	33838
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.92	0.00	13.98	0.00	1.96	63.73
time (sec)	N/A	2.073	1.966	0.719	0.000	104.003	0.000	0.361	17.846

Problem 533	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	650	659	901	762	0	14340	0	1612	31485
N.S.	1	1.01	1.39	1.17	0.00	22.06	0.00	2.48	48.44
time (sec)	N/A	2.191	3.094	0.904	0.000	17.368	0.000	0.404	16.934

Problem 534	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	581	589	755	680	0	11459	0	1397	25497
N.S.	1	1.01	1.30	1.17	0.00	19.72	0.00	2.40	43.88
time (sec)	N/A	8.091	2.509	0.829	0.000	7.340	0.000	0.402	16.511

Problem 535	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	447	537	542	0	8530	0	1195	19465
N.S.	1	1.01	1.22	1.23	0.00	19.34	0.00	2.71	44.14
time (sec)	N/A	1.571	1.717	0.736	0.000	3.548	0.000	0.372	14.904

Problem 536	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	453	386	493	473	0	5572	0	986	13841
N.S.	1	0.85	1.09	1.04	0.00	12.30	0.00	2.18	30.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.882	1.753	0.704	0.000	1.653	0.000	0.362	13.800

Problem 537	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	300	364	344	0	2770	0	797	8334
N.S.	1	0.93	1.13	1.07	0.00	8.60	0.00	2.48	25.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.275	0.638	0.000	1.111	0.000	0.331	13.556

Problem 538	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	340	348	371	370	0	5167	0	833	20897
N.S.	1	1.02	1.09	1.09	0.00	15.20	0.00	2.45	61.46
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	1.304	0.628	0.000	4.767	0.000	0.333	18.016

Problem 539	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	417	416	409	0	8653	0	890	29890
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	1.01	0.00	21.47	0.00	2.21	74.17
time (sec)	N/A	1.752	1.587	0.740	0.000	24.310	0.000	0.359	17.202

Problem 540	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	607	626	560	560	0	14417	0	1129	44649
N.S.	1	1.03	0.92	0.92	0.00	23.75	0.00	1.86	73.56
time (sec)	N/A	2.464	2.736	0.913	0.000	213.706	0.000	0.383	18.134

Problem 541	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	201	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 542	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	290	320	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	0.903	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 543	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	289	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 544	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	198	183	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 545	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	191	163	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 546	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	242	207	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.349	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 547	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	296	246	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 548	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	134	155	175	176	150	190	351
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.10	1.24	1.25	1.06	1.35	2.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.054	0.424	0.198	0.380	0.278	0.269	0.116

Problem 549	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	103	122	138	139	109	149	197
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.12	1.27	1.28	1.00	1.37	1.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.033	0.440	0.196	0.364	0.225	0.265	12.025

Problem 550	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	73	88	97	98	70	105	127
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.35	1.49	1.51	1.08	1.62	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.024	0.422	0.223	0.568	0.187	0.275	0.075

Problem 551	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	43	59	63	64	46	63	65
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.18	1.26	1.28	0.92	1.26	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.016	0.377	0.195	0.280	0.130	0.285	11.930

Problem 552	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	65	55	82	82	76	112	84	81
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	1.32	1.32	1.23	1.81	1.35	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.019	0.402	0.199	0.286	0.286	0.269	0.162

Problem 553	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	82	112	113	165	182	115	109
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.30	1.31	1.92	2.12	1.34	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.032	0.467	0.192	0.303	0.474	0.283	12.020

Problem 554	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	87	138	149	271	185	149	100
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.59	1.71	3.11	2.13	1.71	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.053	0.453	0.189	0.307	0.453	0.281	0.138

Problem 555	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	122	177	206	400	248	186	152
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.57	1.82	3.54	2.19	1.65	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.041	0.467	0.199	0.278	0.587	0.285	12.078

Problem 556	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	142	199	236	511	282	213	180
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.43	1.70	3.68	2.03	1.53	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.056	0.471	0.196	0.296	0.680	0.300	0.154

Problem 557	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	218	226	259	258	328	250	273	1029
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.19	1.18	1.50	1.15	1.25	4.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.081	0.433	0.187	0.295	0.510	0.334	11.989

Problem 558	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	177	185	217	218	288	199	231	565
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.23	1.23	1.63	1.12	1.31	3.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.074	0.440	0.197	0.328	0.460	0.362	11.853

Problem 559	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	154	177	182	251	162	191	316
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.21	1.25	1.72	1.11	1.31	2.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.057	0.374	0.188	0.290	0.390	0.628	0.097

Problem 560	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	115	133	141	206	119	148	185
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.24	1.32	1.93	1.11	1.38	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.057	0.425	0.196	0.278	0.326	0.270	0.073

Problem 561	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	83	93	104	157	94	108	116
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.19	1.33	2.01	1.21	1.38	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.040	0.431	0.190	0.270	0.279	0.278	12.071

Problem 562	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	46	63	69	95	61	68	72
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.26	1.38	1.90	1.22	1.36	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.030	0.424	0.187	0.270	0.187	0.265	11.898

Problem 563	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	91	112	114	168	182	117	111
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.30	1.33	1.95	2.12	1.36	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.031	0.450	0.189	0.282	0.471	0.265	11.883

Problem 564	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	89	85	109	111	155	156	114	115
N.S.	1	1.20	1.15	1.47	1.50	2.09	2.11	1.54	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.027	0.431	0.196	0.258	0.333	0.278	12.052

Problem 565	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	139	180	212	417	279	201	198
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	1.49	1.75	3.45	2.31	1.66	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.064	0.460	0.195	0.350	0.579	0.288	0.151

Problem 566	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	171	162	197	337	241	227	148
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.11	1.35	2.31	1.65	1.55	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.064	0.458	0.195	0.366	0.628	0.273	12.059

Problem 567	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	195	241	298	648	376	264	274
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.35	1.67	3.64	2.11	1.48	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.091	0.415	0.200	0.351	0.804	0.280	11.801

Problem 568	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	210	229	278	342	693	427	308	314
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.32	1.63	3.30	2.03	1.47	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.118	0.477	0.216	0.344	0.935	0.294	0.236

Problem 569	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	179	193	216	227	336	219	226	375
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.21	1.27	1.88	1.22	1.26	2.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.063	0.428	0.198	0.624	0.689	0.277	0.145

Problem 570	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	149	157	174	188	294	178	185	240
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.17	1.26	1.97	1.19	1.24	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.056	0.441	0.190	0.355	0.599	0.274	0.111

Problem 571	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	118	133	149	241	151	143	161
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.13	1.26	2.04	1.28	1.21	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.057	0.424	0.195	0.362	0.530	0.268	11.943

Problem 572	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	93	96	105	159	102	94	107
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	1.19	1.30	1.96	1.26	1.16	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.026	0.427	0.184	0.320	0.417	0.271	11.744

Problem 573	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	49	69	81	100	83	72	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.13	1.33	1.64	1.36	1.18	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.018	0.460	0.189	0.264	0.252	0.290	0.073

Problem 574	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	90	152	150	271	185	143	103
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.73	1.70	3.08	2.10	1.62	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.053	0.414	0.199	0.272	0.456	0.270	0.140

Problem 575	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	140	183	211	417	277	200	198
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	1.50	1.73	3.42	2.27	1.64	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.065	0.440	0.194	0.289	0.578	0.270	11.811

Problem 576	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	158	110	135	152	252	144	146	114
N.S.	1	1.24	0.87	1.06	1.20	1.98	1.13	1.15	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.030	0.430	0.190	0.274	0.454	0.276	0.107

Problem 577	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	188	197	245	308	662	321	277	249
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.30	1.64	3.52	1.71	1.47	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.097	0.467	0.192	0.309	0.822	0.279	11.801

Problem 578	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	235	244	286	359	793	372	335	296
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.22	1.53	3.37	1.58	1.43	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.107	0.494	0.204	0.353	0.926	0.269	11.944

Problem 579	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	298	301	604	1603	807	0	969	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.12	2.25	5.96	3.00	0.00	3.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.446	3.378	1.138	0.290	0.329	0.000	0.315	0.000

Problem 580	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	236	240	481	1190	624	0	757	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.12	2.24	5.53	2.90	0.00	3.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.026	1.131	0.895	0.287	0.402	0.000	0.306	0.000

Problem 581	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	202	157	688	903	454	0	560	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.86	3.76	4.93	2.48	0.00	3.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.895	0.647	0.280	0.334	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 582	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	156	105	126	583	279	0	370	125
N.S.	1	1.08	0.72	0.87	4.02	1.92	0.00	2.55	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.562	0.641	0.193	0.311	0.000	0.304	12.125

Problem 583	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	77	80	373	183	0	276	79
N.S.	1	0.97	0.66	0.68	3.19	1.56	0.00	2.36	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.475	0.551	0.198	0.316	0.000	0.306	12.721

Problem 584	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	111	53	50	101	106	0	165	49
N.S.	1	1.08	0.51	0.49	0.98	1.03	0.00	1.60	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.010	0.441	0.199	0.299	0.000	0.294	12.659

Problem 585	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	324	225	1667	0	1767	0	642	0
N.S.	1	1.34	0.93	6.89	0.00	7.30	0.00	2.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.603	10.298	0.520	0.000	0.374	0.000	0.306	0.000

Problem 586	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	328	341	3289	0	3305	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.10	10.58	0.00	10.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.527	10.429	0.525	0.000	0.753	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 587	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	398	438	387	6396	0	5361	0	1401	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.97	16.07	0.00	13.47	0.00	3.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.005	10.993	0.484	0.000	2.536	0.000	0.430	0.000

Problem 588	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	113	118	111	0	499	155	101	124
N.S.	1	1.01	1.05	0.99	0.00	4.46	1.38	0.90	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.224	0.473	0.000	0.295	5.872	0.295	0.252

Problem 589	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	282	243	326	324	502	380	222
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.01	1.36	1.35	2.09	1.58	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.176	0.460	0.182	0.287	0.998	0.282	0.127

Problem 590	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	175	177	155	197	197	311	243	159
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.89	1.13	1.13	1.78	1.39	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.114	0.451	0.187	0.281	0.857	0.278	12.185

Problem 591	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	94	79	104	100	165	132	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.70	0.92	0.88	1.46	1.17	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.065	0.424	0.192	0.268	0.717	0.276	0.076

Problem 592	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	44	40	53	40	70	53	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.66	0.87	0.66	1.15	0.87	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.033	0.402	0.184	0.277	0.352	0.281	11.828

Problem 593	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	106	92	82	0	297	143	109	107
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.79	0.00	2.86	1.38	1.05	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.194	0.684	0.000	0.290	1.789	0.268	0.112

Problem 594	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	164	133	138	0	539	0	151	128
N.S.	1	1.34	1.09	1.13	0.00	4.42	0.00	1.24	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.388	0.475	0.000	0.297	0.000	0.279	11.969

Problem 595	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	221	166	166	0	896	0	285	224
N.S.	1	1.24	0.93	0.93	0.00	5.03	0.00	1.60	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.636	0.500	0.000	0.297	0.000	0.284	12.013

Problem 596	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	238	278	247	334	333	420	465	292
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.04	1.40	1.40	1.76	1.95	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.196	0.478	0.196	0.283	11.707	0.278	0.091

Problem 597	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	177	154	205	206	264	277	199
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.89	1.18	1.19	1.53	1.60	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.143	0.477	0.197	0.260	4.815	0.269	11.824

Problem 598	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	92	86	112	110	150	137	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.77	1.01	0.99	1.35	1.23	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.067	0.428	0.199	0.273	1.969	0.281	0.078

Problem 599	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	43	39	54	49	75	56	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.66	0.92	0.83	1.27	0.95	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.035	0.416	0.209	0.279	0.626	0.279	0.054

Problem 600	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	114	112	0	492	151	114	141
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.00	4.39	1.35	1.02	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.302	0.477	0.000	0.282	4.858	0.282	12.195

Problem 601	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	172	148	152	0	906	0	228	187
N.S.	1	1.19	1.03	1.06	0.00	6.29	0.00	1.58	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.475	0.480	0.000	0.316	0.000	0.277	12.675

Problem 602	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	260	230	230	0	1539	0	368	310
N.S.	1	1.21	1.07	1.07	0.00	7.19	0.00	1.72	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.907	0.538	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.275	12.682

Problem 603	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	150	123	306	0	336	0	165	569
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	2.08	0.00	2.29	0.00	1.12	3.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.350	0.422	0.000	0.322	0.000	0.319	32.606

Problem 604	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	13	9	12	0	12	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.56	0.75	0.00	0.75	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.146	0.040	0.442	0.190	0.277	0.000	0.281	12.481

Problem 605	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	409	438	2385	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	5.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.269	1.310	0.450	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 606	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	341	363	1499	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.026	0.900	0.454	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 607	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	229	1387	0	1921	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	5.78	0.00	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	10.305	0.405	0.000	6.811	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 608	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	340	361	5383	0	5816	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.03	15.34	0.00	16.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.947	1.191	0.460	0.000	35.163	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 609	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	613	582	422	14861	0	10812	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.69	24.24	0.00	17.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.307	1.650	0.456	0.000	160.903	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 610	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	337	363	2336	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	6.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	1.017	0.455	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 611	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	577	1383	0	1913	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.40	5.76	0.00	7.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	6.746	0.460	0.000	8.914	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 612	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	230	286	1415	0	4325	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	6.15	0.00	18.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.870	0.451	0.000	15.586	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 613	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	354	354	383	10977	0	11846	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	31.01	0.00	33.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.965	0.472	0.000	56.032	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 614	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	625	574	1049	8264	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.68	13.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.303	8.148	0.480	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 615	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	340	361	5383	0	5844	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.03	15.34	0.00	16.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.827	1.266	0.462	0.000	46.421	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 616	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	354	354	383	10977	0	12028	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	31.01	0.00	33.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.929	0.458	0.000	90.510	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 617	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	549	543	477	30648	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.87	55.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.180	1.809	0.458	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 618	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	59	305	0	129	0	375	1610
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	4.69	0.00	1.98	0.00	5.77	24.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.075	0.431	0.000	0.303	0.000	0.785	17.832

Problem 619	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	87	86	82	0	193	0	266	164
N.S.	1	1.09	1.08	1.02	0.00	2.41	0.00	3.32	2.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.329	0.500	0.000	0.318	0.000	0.295	0.066

Problem 620	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	130	233	0	318	0	208	148
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	2.18	0.00	2.97	0.00	1.94	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.542	0.561	0.000	0.392	0.000	0.300	0.298

Problem 621	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	112	130	233	0	318	0	131	148
N.S.	1	1.05	1.21	2.18	0.00	2.97	0.00	1.22	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.393	0.470	0.000	0.385	0.000	0.285	0.130

Problem 622	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	851	1311	1045	1824	0	765	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.54	1.23	2.14	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.638	30.019	2.815	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 623	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	635	1041	809	1142	0	510	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.64	1.27	1.80	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.629	25.889	1.397	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 624	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	434	784	610	794	0	343	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.81	1.41	1.83	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.067	24.391	1.444	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 625	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	693	521	602	0	229	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.91	1.44	1.66	0.00	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.809	23.158	0.927	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 626	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	683	0	1216	922	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.78	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	29.085	2.612	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 627	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	650	1547	1331	895	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.38	2.05	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.971	26.771	0.516	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 628	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1205	2763	2526	1161	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.29	2.10	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.360	29.362	0.891	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 629	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	666	1085	872	1156	0	578	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.63	1.31	1.74	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.704	27.664	2.444	0.000	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 630	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	508	878	665	848	0	409	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.73	1.31	1.67	0.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.621	25.165	2.276	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 631	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	364	698	545	678	0	268	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.92	1.50	1.86	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.889	24.317	1.075	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 632	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	639	456	584	0	208	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.98	1.42	1.81	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.668	22.495	0.977	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 633	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	473	1496	1096	833	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	3.16	2.32	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.519	24.768	0.784	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 634	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	694	1559	1336	921	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.25	1.93	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.732	26.289	1.467	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 635	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1241	2774	2197	1196	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.24	1.77	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.308	28.723	2.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 636	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	531	916	777	882	0	445	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.73	1.46	1.66	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.804	25.522	3.372	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 637	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	410	764	591	700	0	300	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.86	1.44	1.71	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.161	25.092	2.094	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 638	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	331	667	464	602	0	227	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.02	1.40	1.82	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	23.524	1.286	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 639	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	583	294	396	0	173	0	0	0
N.S.	1	4.29	2.16	2.91	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.588	20.378	0.440	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 640	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	1112	300	439	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	3.49	0.94	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.893	21.358	1.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 641	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	698	1567	1330	922	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.24	1.91	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.701	25.587	2.246	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 642	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1246	2782	2450	1224	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.23	1.97	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.154	29.038	3.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 643	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	600	1848	1440	948	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	3.08	2.40	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.034	29.463	4.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 644	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	469	1299	927	852	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.77	1.98	1.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.842	10.873	1.373	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 645	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	457	831	619	711	0	319	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.82	1.35	1.56	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.314	24.724	2.980	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 646	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	356	697	473	614	0	246	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.96	1.33	1.72	0.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.894	23.650	2.535	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 647	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	614	439	520	0	180	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.13	1.52	1.81	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	22.289	1.220	0.000	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 648	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	233	186	200	0	66	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.71	1.37	1.47	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	21.200	0.949	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 649	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	867	311	235	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	5.19	1.86	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.560	22.363	1.845	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 650	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	746	1586	1349	995	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.13	1.81	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.760	25.970	2.599	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 651	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1257	2800	2491	1192	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.23	1.98	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.120	29.749	3.459	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 652	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	387	1176	468	929	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	3.04	1.21	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.928	23.301	2.527	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 653	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	818	1795	1917	1079	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.19	2.34	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.985	27.374	3.177	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 654	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	826	261	215	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	7.51	2.37	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.643	21.998	1.809	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 655	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	454	454	344	401	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	24.183	5.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 656	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	107	58	0	4	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.06	1.12	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	34.621	1.125	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 657	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	275	136	170	218	193	0	613	218
N.S.	1	1.02	0.51	0.63	0.81	0.72	0.00	2.28	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.129	0.509	0.245	0.302	0.000	0.309	12.607

Problem 658	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	199	89	98	133	123	0	350	142
N.S.	1	1.00	0.44	0.49	0.66	0.62	0.00	1.75	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.072	0.533	0.235	0.312	0.000	0.288	12.504

Problem 659	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	123	53	49	65	71	0	165	88
N.S.	1	0.98	0.42	0.39	0.52	0.57	0.00	1.32	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.050	0.524	0.239	0.275	0.000	0.286	12.352

Problem 660	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	35	32	18	49	0	68	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.70	0.39	1.07	0.00	1.48	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	0.013	0.529	0.216	0.284	0.000	0.279	12.361

Problem 661	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	93	77	0	252	0	126	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	0.96	0.00	3.15	0.00	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.074	0.537	0.000	0.306	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 662	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	136	158	0	703	0	395	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.13	0.00	5.02	0.00	2.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.243	0.548	0.000	0.308	0.000	0.369	0.000

Problem 663	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	220	163	275	0	1283	0	844	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.77	1.29	0.00	6.02	0.00	3.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.293	0.526	0.000	0.352	0.000	0.454	0.000

Problem 664	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	300	191	440	0	2027	0	1460	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.68	1.57	0.00	7.24	0.00	5.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.463	0.534	0.000	0.673	0.000	0.656	0.000

Problem 665	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	262	134	179	165	216	0	513	252
N.S.	1	1.02	0.52	0.70	0.64	0.84	0.00	2.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.104	0.529	0.256	0.278	0.000	0.313	12.727

Problem 666	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	186	88	108	98	147	0	298	178
N.S.	1	1.03	0.49	0.60	0.54	0.81	0.00	1.65	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.068	0.527	0.243	0.273	0.000	0.302	12.583

Problem 667	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	51	58	48	96	0	138	118
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.39	0.32	0.64	0.00	0.92	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.047	0.533	0.228	0.285	0.000	0.292	12.387

Problem 668	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	35	42	18	74	0	70	82
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.91	0.39	1.61	0.00	1.52	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.008	0.527	0.216	0.308	0.000	0.287	12.376

Problem 669	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	133	109	118	0	553	0	281	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.89	0.00	4.16	0.00	2.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.101	0.545	0.000	0.294	0.000	0.385	0.000

Problem 670	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	215	141	215	0	1067	0	753	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.70	1.06	0.00	5.28	0.00	3.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.354	0.510	0.000	0.331	0.000	0.496	0.000

Problem 671	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	295	185	369	0	1863	0	1390	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.68	1.35	0.00	6.80	0.00	5.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.527	0.552	0.000	0.486	0.000	0.697	0.000

Problem 672	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	251	131	179	219	251	0	524	278
N.S.	1	1.05	0.55	0.75	0.92	1.05	0.00	2.19	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.116	0.543	0.253	0.415	0.000	0.343	12.938

Problem 673	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	217	87	108	138	180	0	303	206
N.S.	1	1.03	0.41	0.51	0.65	0.85	0.00	1.44	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.079	0.568	0.256	0.370	0.000	0.315	12.730

Problem 674	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	154	52	58	73	129	0	163	149
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.38	0.47	0.84	0.00	1.06	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.054	0.533	0.237	0.310	0.000	0.303	12.512

Problem 675	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	28	107	0	97	110
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	0.58	2.23	0.00	2.02	2.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.018	0.536	0.209	0.270	0.000	0.294	12.472

Problem 676	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	203	129	209	0	1015	0	683	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.69	1.11	0.00	5.40	0.00	3.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.200	0.554	0.000	0.387	0.000	0.440	0.000

Problem 677	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	294	180	414	0	1907	0	1404	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.67	1.54	0.00	7.12	0.00	5.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	0.417	0.543	0.000	0.625	0.000	0.643	0.000

Problem 678	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	374	240	660	0	2935	0	2347	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.70	1.93	0.00	8.58	0.00	6.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.731	0.743	0.543	0.000	1.308	0.000	1.139	0.000

Problem 679	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	351	195	273	320	375	0	1107	347
N.S.	1	1.04	0.58	0.81	0.95	1.12	0.00	3.29	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	0.158	0.536	0.251	0.277	0.000	0.324	12.361

Problem 680	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	275	136	178	218	264	0	762	242
N.S.	1	1.02	0.51	0.66	0.81	0.98	0.00	2.83	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.113	0.541	0.246	0.308	0.000	0.304	12.292

Problem 681	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	199	90	106	133	173	0	476	157
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.53	0.66	0.86	0.00	2.38	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.070	0.534	0.233	0.369	0.000	0.300	12.085

Problem 682	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	123	54	57	65	102	0	253	93
N.S.	1	0.98	0.43	0.46	0.52	0.82	0.00	2.02	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.043	0.529	0.221	0.371	0.000	0.281	11.983

Problem 683	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	40	18	57	0	91	49
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.83	0.38	1.19	0.00	1.90	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.016	0.484	0.215	0.366	0.000	0.279	11.983

Problem 684	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	124	114	143	0	318	0	255	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.15	0.00	2.56	0.00	2.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.105	0.549	0.000	0.380	0.000	0.364	0.000

Problem 685	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	110	151	0	562	0	315	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.14	0.00	4.26	0.00	2.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.242	0.553	0.000	0.439	0.000	0.355	0.000

Problem 686	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	202	165	275	0	1056	0	662	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.80	1.33	0.00	5.10	0.00	3.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.468	0.537	0.000	0.401	0.000	0.486	0.000

Problem 687	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	282	202	443	0	1732	0	1234	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.73	1.60	0.00	6.25	0.00	4.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.717	0.534	0.000	0.803	0.000	0.663	0.000

Problem 688	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	347	362	234	686	0	2610	0	1955	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.67	1.98	0.00	7.52	0.00	5.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.731	1.059	0.538	0.000	1.346	0.000	1.733	0.000

Problem 689	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	351	195	275	413	472	0	2535	445
N.S.	1	1.04	0.58	0.82	1.23	1.40	0.00	7.54	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.690	0.201	0.545	0.261	0.349	0.000	0.384	12.561

Problem 690	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	275	137	180	294	340	0	1778	310
N.S.	1	1.02	0.51	0.67	1.09	1.26	0.00	6.61	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.153	0.515	0.246	0.316	0.000	0.358	12.428

Problem 691	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	199	90	108	192	230	0	1145	206
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.54	0.96	1.15	0.00	5.72	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.101	0.543	0.234	0.302	0.000	0.325	12.126

Problem 692	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	123	54	59	107	137	0	632	109
N.S.	1	0.98	0.43	0.47	0.86	1.10	0.00	5.06	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.064	0.575	0.225	0.296	0.000	0.298	11.946

Problem 693	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	43	74	0	254	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	0.90	1.54	0.00	5.29	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.023	0.559	0.214	0.286	0.000	0.287	12.110

Problem 694	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	185	132	253	0	408	0	506	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.74	1.41	0.00	2.28	0.00	2.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.186	0.562	0.000	0.351	0.000	0.469	0.000

Problem 695	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	184	144	296	0	444	0	605	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	1.66	0.00	2.49	0.00	3.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.333	0.553	0.000	0.331	0.000	0.424	0.000

Problem 696	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	194	135	266	0	840	0	581	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	1.36	0.00	4.31	0.00	2.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.462	0.550	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.476	0.000

Problem 697	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	264	201	443	0	1434	0	1087	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.67	0.00	5.41	0.00	4.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	0.731	0.565	0.000	0.437	0.000	0.688	0.000

Problem 698	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	335	344	240	655	0	2238	0	1785	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.72	1.96	0.00	6.68	0.00	5.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	1.103	0.573	0.000	0.800	0.000	1.208	0.000

Problem 699	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	405	424	302	945	0	3204	0	2659	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.75	2.33	0.00	7.91	0.00	6.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.828	2.194	0.582	0.000	2.278	0.000	2.799	0.000

Problem 700	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	351	205	275	498	567	0	4287	523
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	0.82	1.48	1.69	0.00	12.76	1.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	0.206	0.585	0.258	0.320	0.000	0.483	12.826

Problem 701	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	275	147	180	362	416	0	3058	379
N.S.	1	1.02	0.55	0.67	1.35	1.55	0.00	11.37	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.148	0.573	0.268	0.314	0.000	0.414	12.926

Problem 702	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	199	100	108	243	284	0	2010	259
N.S.	1	1.00	0.50	0.54	1.22	1.42	0.00	10.05	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.099	0.564	0.236	0.400	0.000	0.376	12.675

Problem 703	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	123	64	59	141	173	0	1147	134
N.S.	1	0.98	0.51	0.47	1.13	1.38	0.00	9.18	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.071	0.514	0.224	0.407	0.000	0.322	12.433

Problem 704	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	48	37	42	60	91	0	477	79
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.88	1.25	1.90	0.00	9.94	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.028	0.536	0.206	0.410	0.000	0.299	12.416

Problem 705	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	246	168	421	0	587	0	853	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.71	1.78	0.00	2.49	0.00	3.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	0.216	0.576	0.000	0.409	0.000	0.637	0.000

Problem 706	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	245	183	513	0	672	0	1025	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.78	2.18	0.00	2.86	0.00	4.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.445	0.602	0.000	0.433	0.000	0.602	0.000

Problem 707	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	246	189	516	0	683	0	1038	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.10	0.00	2.78	0.00	4.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	0.534	0.557	0.000	0.551	0.000	0.583	0.000

Problem 708	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	253	256	171	431	0	1140	0	940	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.68	1.70	0.00	4.51	0.00	3.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.776	0.562	0.000	0.818	0.000	0.707	0.000

Problem 709	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	326	244	655	0	1862	0	1574	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.76	2.03	0.00	5.76	0.00	4.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.668	1.212	0.551	0.000	0.548	0.000	1.746	0.000

Problem 710	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	393	406	301	914	0	2750	0	2407	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.77	2.33	0.00	7.00	0.00	6.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.820	1.689	0.566	0.000	1.368	0.000	2.828	0.000

Problem 711	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	463	486	370	1251	0	3872	0	3412	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.80	2.70	0.00	8.36	0.00	7.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.960	2.720	0.579	0.000	3.973	0.000	7.620	0.000

Problem 712	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	325	191	501	0	841	0	989	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	1.60	0.00	2.69	0.00	3.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.657	0.396	0.571	0.000	1.023	0.000	0.644	0.000

Problem 713	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	247	156	318	0	655	0	633	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	1.30	0.00	2.68	0.00	2.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.314	0.576	0.000	0.798	0.000	0.520	0.000

Problem 714	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	169	138	191	0	521	0	380	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.13	0.00	3.08	0.00	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.249	0.627	0.000	0.750	0.000	0.435	0.000

Problem 715	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	94	102	0	343	0	161	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.97	0.00	3.27	0.00	1.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.137	0.569	0.000	0.746	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 716	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	50	45	0	114	0	194	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.74	0.00	1.87	0.00	3.18	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.046	0.531	0.000	0.345	0.000	0.306	13.992

Problem 717	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	69	61	0	288	0	676	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.53	0.47	0.00	2.23	0.00	5.24	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.086	0.574	0.000	0.435	0.000	0.353	14.283

Problem 718	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	211	105	111	0	572	0	1612	242
N.S.	1	1.07	0.53	0.56	0.00	2.89	0.00	8.14	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.126	0.556	0.000	1.041	0.000	0.423	14.539

Problem 719	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	293	152	183	0	953	0	2971	357
N.S.	1	1.10	0.57	0.69	0.00	3.57	0.00	11.13	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.182	0.572	0.000	2.747	0.000	0.547	14.094

Problem 720	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	312	183	638	0	971	0	834	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	2.12	0.00	3.23	0.00	2.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.625	0.462	0.550	0.000	1.018	0.000	0.627	0.000

Problem 721	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	234	142	386	0	725	0	527	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.63	1.70	0.00	3.19	0.00	2.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.302	0.549	0.000	0.745	0.000	0.517	0.000

Problem 722	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	117	200	0	569	0	408	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	1.24	0.00	3.53	0.00	2.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.168	0.515	0.000	0.690	0.000	0.472	0.000

Problem 723	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	50	55	0	125	0	218	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.90	0.00	2.05	0.00	3.57	2.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.040	0.546	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.315	13.249

Problem 724	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	124	64	70	0	325	0	793	151
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.56	0.00	2.62	0.00	6.40	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.093	0.559	0.000	0.348	0.000	0.380	13.591

Problem 725	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	206	105	120	0	649	0	2618	268
N.S.	1	1.07	0.55	0.62	0.00	3.38	0.00	13.64	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.130	0.555	0.000	0.420	0.000	1.841	13.978

Problem 726	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	288	150	192	0	1062	0	6137	414
N.S.	1	1.10	0.57	0.73	0.00	4.05	0.00	23.42	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.174	0.556	0.000	1.397	0.000	24.647	14.396

Problem 727	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	303	188	642	0	1055	0	1105	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.65	2.22	0.00	3.65	0.00	3.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.422	0.547	0.000	0.892	0.000	0.855	0.000

Problem 728	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	227	134	333	0	755	0	685	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.61	1.52	0.00	3.45	0.00	3.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.263	0.550	0.000	0.782	0.000	0.651	0.000

Problem 729	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	55	0	193	0	316	169
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.87	0.00	3.06	0.00	5.02	2.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.044	0.500	0.000	0.320	0.000	0.446	12.871

Problem 730	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	67	72	0	318	0	552	246
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.56	0.00	2.48	0.00	4.31	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.095	0.543	0.000	0.439	0.000	0.353	13.620

Problem 731	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	205	103	121	0	667	0	1923	255
N.S.	1	1.06	0.53	0.62	0.00	3.44	0.00	9.91	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.133	0.568	0.000	0.534	0.000	0.496	13.938

Problem 732	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	285	152	191	0	1065	0	4668	416
N.S.	1	1.10	0.58	0.73	0.00	4.10	0.00	17.95	1.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.188	0.588	0.000	1.032	0.000	3.080	14.247

Problem 733	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	385	397	235	732	0	1065	0	6752	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.61	1.90	0.00	2.77	0.00	17.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.769	0.523	0.569	0.000	2.538	0.000	2.147	0.000

Problem 734	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	319	188	504	0	847	0	3056	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.60	1.61	0.00	2.71	0.00	9.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.427	0.575	0.000	1.381	0.000	1.196	0.000

Problem 735	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	241	162	319	0	657	0	995	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	1.32	0.00	2.73	0.00	4.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.387	0.524	0.000	1.293	0.000	0.650	0.000

Problem 736	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	167	144	188	0	516	0	409	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.13	0.00	3.09	0.00	2.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.263	0.547	0.000	0.764	0.000	0.465	0.000

Problem 737	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	158	133	187	0	521	0	426	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.18	0.00	3.30	0.00	2.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.187	0.568	0.000	0.724	0.000	0.520	0.000

Problem 738	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	53	0	169	0	311	136
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.84	0.00	2.68	0.00	4.94	2.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.046	0.595	0.000	0.306	0.000	0.513	12.994

Problem 739	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	69	70	0	402	0	762	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.53	0.54	0.00	3.12	0.00	5.91	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.101	0.577	0.000	0.351	0.000	0.841	13.348

Problem 740	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	211	105	119	0	748	0	1426	289
N.S.	1	1.07	0.53	0.60	0.00	3.78	0.00	7.20	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.136	0.568	0.000	0.555	0.000	0.792	13.574

Problem 741	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	293	152	191	0	1179	0	2280	409
N.S.	1	1.10	0.57	0.72	0.00	4.42	0.00	8.54	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.218	0.562	0.000	1.086	0.000	1.184	13.456

Problem 742	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	382	391	244	732	0	1059	0	8807	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.64	1.92	0.00	2.77	0.00	23.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.780	0.631	0.544	0.000	1.639	0.000	2.739	0.000

Problem 743	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	313	199	504	0	847	0	3057	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	1.63	0.00	2.73	0.00	9.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.517	0.566	0.000	1.006	0.000	1.206	0.000

Problem 744	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	239	165	315	0	651	0	709	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	1.32	0.00	2.74	0.00	2.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.401	0.563	0.000	0.804	0.000	0.551	0.000

Problem 745	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	227	158	373	0	663	0	559	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.71	1.68	0.00	2.99	0.00	2.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.374	0.594	0.000	1.150	0.000	0.591	0.000

Problem 746	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	219	152	321	0	685	0	686	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.71	1.50	0.00	3.20	0.00	3.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.309	0.575	0.000	1.107	0.000	0.724	0.000

Problem 747	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	55	0	232	0	446	232
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.87	0.00	3.68	0.00	7.08	3.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	0.061	0.579	0.000	0.417	0.000	0.953	12.483

Problem 748	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	69	99	0	526	0	1001	247
N.S.	1	1.00	0.53	0.77	0.00	4.08	0.00	7.76	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.123	0.544	0.000	0.498	0.000	0.740	12.656

Problem 749	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	211	105	169	0	918	0	1760	377
N.S.	1	1.07	0.53	0.85	0.00	4.64	0.00	8.89	1.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.181	0.575	0.000	1.032	0.000	1.113	13.496

Problem 750	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	293	152	260	0	1420	0	2715	519
N.S.	1	1.10	0.57	0.97	0.00	5.32	0.00	10.17	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	0.249	0.596	0.000	1.444	0.000	1.693	13.888

Problem 751	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	448	463	303	1005	0	1331	0	18597	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.68	2.24	0.00	2.97	0.00	41.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.910	0.815	0.620	0.000	3.552	0.000	5.441	0.000

Problem 752	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	385	244	732	0	1065	0	6756	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.65	1.95	0.00	2.83	0.00	17.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.763	0.690	0.593	0.000	1.735	0.000	2.203	0.000

Problem 753	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	311	189	498	0	837	0	1098	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.62	1.64	0.00	2.75	0.00	3.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.641	0.566	0.578	0.000	1.030	0.000	0.695	0.000

Problem 754	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	299	199	625	0	915	0	894	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.68	2.13	0.00	3.11	0.00	3.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	0.453	0.572	0.000	0.823	0.000	0.768	0.000

Problem 755	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	291	187	628	0	973	0	1178	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.66	2.21	0.00	3.43	0.00	4.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.588	0.459	0.566	0.000	0.785	0.000	1.010	0.000

Problem 756	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	280	188	501	0	933	0	1224	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.69	1.83	0.00	3.41	0.00	4.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	0.355	0.582	0.000	1.180	0.000	1.591	0.000

Problem 757	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	63	0	299	0	602	325
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	1.00	0.00	4.75	0.00	9.56	5.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.075	0.579	0.000	0.442	0.000	0.778	12.820

Problem 758	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	69	99	0	639	0	1275	315
N.S.	1	1.00	0.53	0.77	0.00	4.95	0.00	9.88	2.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.174	0.575	0.000	0.599	0.000	1.163	13.083

Problem 759	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	211	115	169	0	1101	0	2167	465
N.S.	1	1.07	0.58	0.85	0.00	5.56	0.00	10.94	2.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.190	0.559	0.000	1.082	0.000	1.772	13.494

Problem 760	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	293	162	260	0	1648	0	3241	627
N.S.	1	1.10	0.61	0.97	0.00	6.17	0.00	12.14	2.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.261	0.565	0.000	1.568	0.000	2.660	13.617

Problem 761	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	122	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 762	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	110	98	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 763	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	118	98	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 764	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	120	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 765	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	122	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 766	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	122	110	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 767	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	107	95	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 768	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	324	134	527	331	705	0	1926	615
N.S.	1	0.94	0.39	1.54	0.97	2.06	0.00	5.62	1.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.563	0.275	4.168	0.239	0.331	0.000	0.493	12.306

Problem 769	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	237	131	235	193	350	0	929	327
N.S.	1	0.96	0.53	0.96	0.78	1.42	0.00	3.78	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.196	2.121	0.236	0.307	0.000	0.537	12.132

Problem 770	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	67	89	94	145	0	347	139
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.59	0.63	0.97	0.00	2.31	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.108	1.208	0.215	0.288	0.000	0.300	12.062

Problem 771	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	42	57	33	57	0	81	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.06	0.61	1.06	0.00	1.50	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.010	0.783	0.203	0.292	0.000	0.300	11.773

Problem 772	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	82	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 773	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	84	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 774	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	88	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 775	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	93	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 776	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	93	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 777	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	91	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 778	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	91	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 779	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	93	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 780	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	52	64	49	66	0	106	63
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.98	0.75	1.02	0.00	1.63	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.013	3.875	0.222	0.293	0.000	0.302	12.029

Problem 781	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	81	64	0	32	35	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.00	0.41	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.025	0.000	0.207	0.291	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 782	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	222	145	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 783	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	501	438	380	623	693	597	0	1789	653
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	1.24	1.38	1.19	0.00	3.57	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.871	0.306	0.547	0.260	0.311	0.000	0.366	12.765

Problem 784	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	412	362	264	407	484	408	0	1185	438
N.S.	1	0.88	0.64	0.99	1.17	0.99	0.00	2.88	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	0.201	0.550	0.258	0.305	0.000	0.338	12.400

Problem 785	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	286	169	237	309	256	0	704	279
N.S.	1	0.89	0.53	0.74	0.96	0.80	0.00	2.19	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.133	0.549	0.233	0.308	0.000	0.318	12.290

Problem 786	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	189	96	113	168	141	0	346	152
N.S.	1	0.90	0.46	0.54	0.80	0.67	0.00	1.66	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.079	0.536	0.222	0.301	0.000	0.308	11.996

Problem 787	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	110	54	51	65	73	0	142	85
N.S.	1	1.01	0.50	0.47	0.60	0.67	0.00	1.30	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.021	0.521	0.221	0.294	0.000	0.280	11.914

Problem 788	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	140	153	0	511	0	284	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.10	0.00	3.68	0.00	2.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.156	0.552	0.000	0.302	0.000	0.409	0.000

Problem 789	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	170	154	337	0	896	0	469	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.98	0.00	5.27	0.00	2.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.444	0.560	0.000	0.318	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 790	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	252	200	663	0	1704	0	1071	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.77	2.54	0.00	6.53	0.00	4.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.828	0.583	0.000	0.351	0.000	0.527	0.000

Problem 791	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	332	279	1132	0	2736	0	1879	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.79	3.23	0.00	7.79	0.00	5.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	1.031	0.557	0.000	0.959	0.000	0.742	0.000

Problem 792	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	324	351	247	334	365	251	0	353	1768
N.S.	1	1.08	0.76	1.03	1.13	0.77	0.00	1.09	5.46
time (sec)	N/A	1.268	0.905	0.603	0.290	0.318	0.000	0.314	39.014

Problem 793	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	177	132	199	171	134	0	159	897
N.S.	1	1.07	0.80	1.20	1.03	0.81	0.00	0.96	5.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.523	0.532	0.292	0.335	0.000	0.288	27.554

Problem 794	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	65	64	117	57	67	0	60	232
N.S.	1	1.03	1.02	1.86	0.90	1.06	0.00	0.95	3.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.019	0.459	0.286	0.301	0.000	0.283	16.600

Problem 795	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	282	154	1759	0	4313	0	681	33018
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	6.24	0.00	15.29	0.00	2.41	117.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.308	0.629	0.000	0.428	0.000	0.419	96.416

Problem 796	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	571	564	1548	41837	0	35403	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	2.71	73.27	0.00	62.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.028	2.668	1.015	0.000	33.260	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 797	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	294	244	567	371	376	0	736	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.88	2.05	1.34	1.36	0.00	2.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.019	0.937	0.615	0.318	0.308	0.000	0.357	0.000

Problem 798	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	140	144	346	176	204	0	391	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.07	2.56	1.30	1.51	0.00	2.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.513	0.622	0.299	0.293	0.000	0.316	0.000

Problem 799	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	57	151	61	101	0	186	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	3.78	1.52	2.52	0.00	4.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.331	0.453	0.281	0.306	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 800	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	443	425	456	11142	0	21628	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.03	25.15	0.00	48.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.720	0.562	0.613	0.000	6.566	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 801	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	939	907	3830	108969	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	4.08	116.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.942	7.473	3.576	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 802	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	167	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 803	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 804	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 805	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	275	249	1786	811	2032	24206	3830	1943
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	6.49	2.95	7.39	88.02	13.93	7.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.301	0.577	0.265	0.353	4.357	0.333	13.019

Problem 806	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	208	187	1029	512	1122	11946	2133	1133
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	4.95	2.46	5.39	57.43	10.25	5.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.206	0.556	0.227	0.386	2.211	0.313	12.353

Problem 807	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	146	130	449	289	549	4952	1008	572
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	3.08	1.98	3.76	33.92	6.90	3.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.156	0.500	0.219	0.331	1.157	0.284	11.958

Problem 808	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	73	147	135	218	1489	366	211
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.75	1.61	2.60	17.73	4.36	2.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.114	0.469	0.234	0.316	0.581	0.273	12.083

Problem 809	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	93	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.184	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 810	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	83	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 811	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	203	106	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 812	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	212	106	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.176	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 813	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	223	179	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.181	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 814	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	85	84	87	99	420	89	84
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.01	1.05	1.19	5.06	1.07	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.035	0.484	0.202	0.295	78.093	0.266	12.098

Problem 815	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	177	262	255	313	0	289	266
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.42	1.39	1.70	0.00	1.57	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	0.096	0.618	0.201	0.541	0.000	0.270	12.142

Problem 816	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	531	531	476	837	721	736	0	953	794
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.58	1.36	1.39	0.00	1.79	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	1.141	0.260	0.645	0.244	2.796	0.000	0.304	13.435

Problem 817	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	246	246	244	0	0	0	388	12173
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	49.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.209	0.796	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.292	32.761

Problem 818	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	644	644	710	2228	0	0	0	3400	130035
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	3.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.28	201.92
time (sec)	N/A	1.724	1.428	1.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.301	54.584

Problem 819	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	412	285	429	429	695	568	283
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.99	1.49	1.49	2.42	1.98	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.293	0.526	0.222	0.565	1.226	0.279	0.161

Problem 820	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	212	256	192	261	260	427	363	204
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.91	1.23	1.23	2.01	1.71	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.193	0.530	0.203	0.475	1.049	0.271	0.089

Problem 821	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	137	131	103	129	125	209	196	125
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.75	0.94	0.91	1.53	1.43	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.101	0.496	0.217	0.504	0.849	0.282	0.085

Problem 822	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	54	46	77	54	102	77	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.63	1.05	0.74	1.40	1.05	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.039	0.477	0.224	0.470	0.451	0.277	11.826

Problem 823	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	117	104	93	0	341	160	130	117
N.S.	1	1.01	0.90	0.80	0.00	2.94	1.38	1.12	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.151	0.542	0.000	0.447	2.578	0.282	0.148

Problem 824	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	187	150	152	0	637	0	176	146
N.S.	1	1.34	1.07	1.09	0.00	4.55	0.00	1.26	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.432	0.552	0.000	0.494	0.000	0.279	0.247

Problem 825	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	253	203	201	0	1096	0	383	270
N.S.	1	1.23	0.99	0.98	0.00	5.32	0.00	1.86	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.696	0.566	0.000	0.494	0.000	0.283	0.295

Problem 826	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	285	406	303	437	438	568	687	394
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	1.06	1.53	1.54	1.99	2.41	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.325	0.570	0.212	0.418	32.418	0.311	0.121

Problem 827	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	210	252	196	269	269	350	407	270
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.93	1.28	1.28	1.67	1.94	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.217	0.534	0.207	0.375	11.823	0.301	11.856

Problem 828	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	128	107	137	135	182	195	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.79	1.01	1.00	1.35	1.44	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.103	0.487	0.206	0.399	3.246	0.301	11.750

Problem 829	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	54	47	66	63	94	74	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.66	0.93	0.89	1.32	1.04	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	0.047	0.475	0.203	0.389	1.046	0.270	0.063

Problem 830	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	124	122	0	540	172	124	162
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.00	4.43	1.41	1.02	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.220	0.539	0.000	0.426	6.446	0.282	11.826

Problem 831	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	193	176	175	0	1088	0	286	218
N.S.	1	1.17	1.07	1.06	0.00	6.59	0.00	1.73	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.583	0.563	0.000	0.497	0.000	0.297	0.315

Problem 832	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	294	297	279	0	1883	0	472	363
N.S.	1	1.19	1.20	1.12	0.00	7.59	0.00	1.90	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	1.170	0.652	0.000	0.591	0.000	0.296	12.175

Problem 833	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	102	231	0	201	0	16	916
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	2.54	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.18	10.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.297	0.602	0.000	0.426	0.000	0.295	14.728

Problem 834	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	167	141	425	0	380	0	190	833
N.S.	1	1.02	0.86	2.59	0.00	2.32	0.00	1.16	5.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.359	0.480	0.000	0.512	0.000	0.307	17.077

Problem 835	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	333	250	289	1207	0	852	0	480	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.87	3.62	0.00	2.56	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.820	0.483	0.000	0.617	0.000	0.323	0.000

Problem 836	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	208	217	763	0	576	0	313	1832
N.S.	1	0.85	0.88	3.10	0.00	2.34	0.00	1.27	7.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	3.547	0.486	0.000	0.536	0.000	0.301	109.822

Problem 837	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	167	141	425	0	380	0	190	833
N.S.	1	1.02	0.86	2.59	0.00	2.32	0.00	1.16	5.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.056	0.479	0.000	0.476	0.000	0.305	0.003

Problem 838	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	132	131	697	0	588	0	195	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	5.40	0.00	4.56	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.340	0.475	0.000	1.513	0.000	0.343	0.000

Problem 839	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	180	145	773	0	792	0	491	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.91	4.83	0.00	4.95	0.00	3.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.225	0.477	0.000	3.310	0.000	0.384	0.000

Problem 840	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	210	177	210	0	353	0	1175	260
N.S.	1	1.06	0.89	1.06	0.00	1.78	0.00	5.93	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.185	0.497	0.000	7.211	0.000	0.419	13.213

Problem 841	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	258	301	427	0	641	0	2035	452
N.S.	1	0.92	1.07	1.52	0.00	2.28	0.00	7.24	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.346	0.479	0.000	22.889	0.000	0.524	13.496

Problem 842	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	221	167	834	0	580	0	263	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.67	3.35	0.00	2.33	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.441	0.473	0.000	0.754	0.000	0.337	0.000

Problem 843	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	201	189	571	0	546	0	739	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.79	2.38	0.00	2.28	0.00	3.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.455	0.444	0.000	0.422	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 844	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	157	163	392	0	414	0	446	1797
N.S.	1	0.89	0.93	2.23	0.00	2.35	0.00	2.53	10.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	10.344	0.474	0.000	0.410	0.000	0.339	107.002

Problem 845	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	103	247	0	308	0	146	893
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	2.02	0.00	2.52	0.00	1.20	7.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.262	0.485	0.000	0.408	0.000	0.292	32.857

Problem 846	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	111	122	438	0	463	0	197	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.13	4.06	0.00	4.29	0.00	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.262	0.483	0.000	0.389	0.000	0.322	0.000

Problem 847	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	137	99	601	0	665	0	220	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.85	5.18	0.00	5.73	0.00	1.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.175	0.483	0.000	0.635	0.000	0.355	0.000

Problem 848	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	148	115	122	0	293	0	359	268
N.S.	1	1.11	0.86	0.92	0.00	2.20	0.00	2.70	2.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.131	0.477	0.000	0.898	0.000	0.380	13.362

Problem 849	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	196	185	207	0	487	0	560	389
N.S.	1	1.04	0.98	1.10	0.00	2.58	0.00	2.96	2.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.165	0.478	0.000	1.657	0.000	0.444	13.532

Problem 850	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	417	417	473	11686	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	28.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.617	3.558	0.648	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 851	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	285	285	266	5482	0	4471	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	19.24	0.00	15.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	10.698	0.672	0.000	27.867	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 852	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	410	5507	0	19727	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	19.19	0.00	68.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	2.524	0.662	0.000	118.801	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 853	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	429	429	543	47351	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	110.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.003	3.468	0.679	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 854	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	532	562	513	879	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.693	3.040	0.891	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 855	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	325	348	316	570	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.817	1.423	0.806	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 856	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	229	212	335	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.97	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	0.878	0.723	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 857	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	158	175	238	0	992	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.15	1.57	0.00	6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.140	0.694	0.000	1.114	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 858	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	240	212	673	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.93	2.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.634	0.765	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 859	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	490	228	1359	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.47	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.861	0.903	0.905	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 860	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	673	673	609	2512	0	0	0	1824	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	3.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.074	10.904	0.991	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.071	0.000

Problem 861	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	933	933	858	3777	0	0	0	8076	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	4.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.423	12.448	1.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.559	0.000

Problem 862	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1098	1139	743	1409	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.181	11.510	0.968	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 863	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	662	696	536	998	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.596	10.879	0.891	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 864	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	464	427	735	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.97	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.138	2.481	0.727	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 865	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	271	247	383	0	1523	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.98	1.52	0.00	6.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.110	0.677	0.000	150.148	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 866	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	491	453	323	599	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.66	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.075	10.719	0.822	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 867	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	787	787	357	900	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.490	10.930	0.921	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 868	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1066	1066	1036	4242	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	3.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.795	12.294	0.961	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 869	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	886	834	647	1248	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.73	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.949	11.704	0.893	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 870	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	431	461	380	556	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.88	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.734	1.975	1.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 871	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	287	247	355	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.91	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.887	1.146	0.891	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 872	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	186	184	259	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.05	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.695	0.802	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 873	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	142	199	0	1071	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.52	0.00	8.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.541	0.710	0.000	21.849	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 874	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	92	157	0	343	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	1.99	0.00	4.34	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.010	0.658	0.000	0.327	0.000	0.294	0.000

Problem 875	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	182	207	327	0	1952	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.80	0.00	10.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.738	0.782	0.000	85.212	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 876	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	340	340	256	609	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	10.645	0.876	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 877	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	587	587	549	1185	0	0	0	2239	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	11.309	0.908	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.772	0.000

Problem 878	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	496	536	587	1026	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.18	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.402	12.463	1.035	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 879	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	366	354	740	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.99	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	3.950	0.836	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 880	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	244	555	0	2023	0	773	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	2.31	0.00	8.43	0.00	3.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	1.148	0.773	0.000	3.325	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 881	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	198	445	0	1663	0	583	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	2.38	0.00	8.89	0.00	3.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.779	0.700	0.000	2.947	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 882	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	190	400	0	1349	0	461	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	2.58	0.00	8.70	0.00	2.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.158	0.688	0.000	0.604	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 883	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	352	352	347	815	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	2.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.668	3.109	0.774	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 884	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	642	642	623	1481	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.062	12.751	0.948	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 885	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1064	1064	1013	2685	0	0	0	14979	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	2.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.833	15.227	1.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.142	0.000

Problem 886	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1551	1597	26600	3254	0	1741	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	17.15	2.10	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.935	37.075	3.119	0.000	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 887	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1015	1047	15781	1936	0	1132	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	15.55	1.91	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.389	35.974	3.522	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 888	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	652	671	8432	1229	0	726	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	12.93	1.88	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.149	35.210	1.947	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 889	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	513	522	1052	892	0	481	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.05	1.74	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.721	32.546	2.029	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 890	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	764	890	1470	1245	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.92	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.883	36.442	3.880	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 891	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	743	874	1473	1190	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.98	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.675	34.833	0.828	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 892	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1034	1599	33765	1593	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.55	32.65	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.499	36.667	1.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 893	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1098	1128	17771	1845	0	1241	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	16.18	1.68	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.625	36.997	4.703	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 894	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	755	776	10030	1272	0	828	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	13.28	1.68	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.960	35.649	2.481	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 895	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	519	525	792	955	0	557	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.53	1.84	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.741	29.596	2.695	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 896	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	444	447	936	811	0	417	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.11	1.83	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	27.416	1.276	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 897	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	700	824	1261	1114	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.80	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.406	31.833	1.158	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 898	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	736	869	1471	1208	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	2.00	1.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.665	33.660	2.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 899	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1049	1613	36617	1634	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.54	34.91	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.554	36.623	3.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 900	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	774	795	1402	1283	0	879	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.81	1.66	0.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.155	34.650	3.617	0.000	0.190	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 901	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	567	581	1002	985	0	610	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.77	1.74	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.107	31.192	4.750	0.000	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 902	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	452	455	638	821	0	448	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.41	1.82	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	26.338	1.536	0.000	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 903	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	188	365	746	0	359	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.94	3.97	0.00	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	21.598	0.635	0.000	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 904	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	467	589	379	674	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.81	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.114	23.143	2.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 905	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	994	882	1502	1229	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.89	1.51	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.667	34.192	3.474	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 906	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1786	1627	36634	1698	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.91	20.51	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.650	36.792	4.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 907	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	675	675	1385	1122	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.05	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.476	13.596	2.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 908	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1138	1138	37137	1245	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	32.63	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.014	36.529	6.523	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 909	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	631	648	855	985	0	633	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.35	1.56	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.198	34.486	6.151	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 910	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	479	486	981	834	0	471	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.05	1.74	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	30.397	3.249	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 911	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	393	393	814	746	0	367	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.07	1.90	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	25.686	1.810	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 912	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	308	287	0	128	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.63	1.52	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	22.451	1.655	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 913	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	402	499	330	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.78	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.759	24.038	3.344	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 914	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1037	909	1513	1347	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.88	1.46	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.707	34.534	3.352	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 915	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1114	1643	40396	1686	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.47	36.26	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.538	37.301	4.552	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 916	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	553	553	950	1264	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.72	2.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.357	26.224	3.229	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 917	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1125	1125	14762	1505	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	13.12	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.105	36.106	4.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 918	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	475	475	1118	1463	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.35	3.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.592	28.868	5.121	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 919	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	588	588	375	601	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.64	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.719	26.553	6.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 920	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	220	198	1249	684	1381	15757	2735	1354
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	5.68	3.11	6.28	71.62	12.43	6.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.332	0.555	0.239	0.331	2.870	0.289	13.395

Problem 921	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	180	503	352	613	5930	1156	602
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	3.49	2.44	4.26	41.18	8.03	4.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.316	0.487	0.226	0.295	1.270	0.283	13.538

Problem 922	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	111	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 923	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	174	134	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 924	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	250	157	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 925	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	525	525	492	4653	2034	4747	74400	10486	4871
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	8.86	3.87	9.04	141.71	19.97	9.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.899	1.145	0.776	0.284	0.376	11.368	0.361	14.951

Problem 926	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	311	655	2149	1118	2368	32864	4936	2307
N.S.	1	1.00	2.11	6.91	3.59	7.61	105.67	15.87	7.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.578	1.106	0.643	0.237	0.339	5.649	0.324	13.680

Problem 927	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	287	265	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.564	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 928	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	334	261	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.179	1.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 929	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	461	504	257	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.876	1.182	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 930	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	183	151	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 931	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	165	117	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 932	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	91	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 933	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	129	89	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 934	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	94	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 935	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	164	110	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.356	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 936	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	199	152	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 937	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	207	251	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 938	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	186	252	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 939	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	180	156	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.316	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 940	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	178	149	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 941	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	178	150	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 942	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	340	340	274	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 943	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	376	376	287	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.517	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 944	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	240	171	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 945	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	509	506	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 946	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	388	388	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 947	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	207	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 948	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	31	27	29	29	26	29	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.93	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	2.084	0.223	0.261	0.287	1.413	0.298	12.564

Problem 949	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	502	505	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.687	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 950	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	388	388	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 951	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	207	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 952	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	31	27	29	54	26	29	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.93	1.00	1.86	0.90	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	5.769	0.245	0.249	0.292	1.820	0.321	73.048

Problem 953	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	255	187	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.225	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 954	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	525	518	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 955	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	384	384	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 956	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	205	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.168	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 957	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	29	27	29	29	0	29	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.07	0.00	1.07	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	2.068	0.228	0.246	0.293	0.000	0.291	12.514

Problem 958	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	107	188	148	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	2.11	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	22.740	1.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [65] had the largest ratio of [.777777999999999969]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	9	8	1.11	25	0.320
2	A	14	13	1.22	25	0.520
3	A	12	11	1.23	25	0.440
4	A	10	9	1.11	25	0.360
5	A	8	7	1.21	23	0.304
6	A	8	7	1.21	23	0.304
7	A	9	8	1.04	25	0.320
8	A	10	9	0.99	25	0.360
9	A	11	10	0.89	25	0.400
10	A	10	9	0.98	25	0.360
11	A	11	10	1.05	25	0.400
12	A	7	6	1.05	25	0.240
13	A	10	9	1.03	25	0.360
14	A	13	12	1.06	25	0.480
15	A	15	14	1.08	25	0.560
16	A	8	7	1.13	25	0.280
17	A	5	4	1.08	25	0.160
18	A	3	3	1.09	25	0.120
19	A	11	10	1.27	25	0.400
20	A	8	7	1.14	25	0.280
21	A	7	6	1.16	25	0.240
22	A	4	4	1.21	25	0.160

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
23	A	4	4	1.08	25	0.160
24	A	4	4	1.01	25	0.160
25	A	4	4	1.02	23	0.174
26	A	3	3	1.10	22	0.136
27	A	10	9	1.11	25	0.360
28	A	11	10	1.05	25	0.400
29	A	14	13	1.10	25	0.520
30	A	5	5	1.05	25	0.200
31	A	6	6	1.07	25	0.240
32	A	3	3	1.07	24	0.125
33	A	15	14	1.24	27	0.519
34	A	13	12	1.22	27	0.444
35	A	11	10	1.26	27	0.370
36	A	9	8	1.27	25	0.320
37	A	5	4	0.98	24	0.167
38	A	10	9	1.02	27	0.333
39	A	10	9	1.00	27	0.333
40	A	8	7	1.01	27	0.259
41	A	10	9	1.04	27	0.333
42	A	14	13	1.08	27	0.481
43	A	15	14	1.07	27	0.519
44	A	8	7	1.18	27	0.259
45	A	7	6	1.17	27	0.222
46	A	4	4	1.03	27	0.148
47	A	4	4	1.06	27	0.148
48	A	4	4	1.06	25	0.160
49	A	3	3	1.06	24	0.125
50	A	11	10	1.11	27	0.370
51	A	11	10	1.13	27	0.370
52	A	14	13	1.07	27	0.481
53	A	15	14	1.13	27	0.519
54	A	9	9	1.25	20	0.450
55	A	6	6	1.35	20	0.300
56	A	6	6	1.34	18	0.333

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
57	A	3	3	0.98	17	0.176
58	A	8	7	1.00	20	0.350
59	A	8	7	1.00	20	0.350
60	A	7	6	1.06	20	0.300
61	A	9	8	1.04	20	0.400
62	A	11	10	1.12	20	0.500
63	A	13	12	1.08	20	0.600
64	A	13	12	1.12	27	0.444
65	A	22	21	1.23	27	0.778
66	A	19	18	1.23	27	0.667
67	A	18	17	1.23	27	0.630
68	A	16	15	1.23	27	0.556
69	A	13	12	1.04	25	0.480
70	A	9	8	1.10	24	0.333
71	A	15	14	1.14	27	0.519
72	A	15	14	1.10	27	0.519
73	A	17	16	1.06	27	0.593
74	A	16	15	1.06	27	0.556
75	A	17	16	1.00	27	0.593
76	A	17	16	1.01	27	0.593
77	A	18	17	1.05	27	0.630
78	A	16	15	1.09	27	0.556
79	A	17	16	1.13	27	0.593
80	A	13	12	1.14	27	0.444
81	A	15	14	1.11	27	0.519
82	A	19	18	1.12	27	0.667
83	A	11	10	1.17	27	0.370
84	A	9	8	1.15	27	0.296
85	A	8	7	1.14	27	0.259
86	A	4	4	1.09	27	0.148
87	A	4	4	1.06	25	0.160
88	A	4	4	1.08	24	0.167
89	A	11	10	1.09	27	0.370
90	A	11	10	1.07	27	0.370

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
91	A	14	13	1.10	27	0.481
92	A	17	16	1.27	27	0.593
93	A	14	13	1.28	27	0.481
94	A	11	10	1.35	27	0.370
95	A	5	4	1.31	25	0.160
96	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
97	A	8	7	1.00	27	0.259
98	A	6	5	1.00	27	0.185
99	A	8	7	1.05	27	0.259
100	A	10	9	1.07	27	0.333
101	A	12	11	1.10	27	0.407
102	A	12	11	1.30	27	0.407
103	A	18	17	1.22	27	0.630
104	A	15	14	1.23	27	0.519
105	A	13	12	1.26	27	0.444
106	A	10	9	1.21	25	0.360
107	A	6	5	1.07	24	0.208
108	A	10	9	1.04	27	0.333
109	A	12	11	1.00	27	0.407
110	A	12	11	0.92	27	0.407
111	A	11	10	0.98	27	0.370
112	A	12	11	1.04	27	0.407
113	A	8	7	1.05	27	0.259
114	A	10	9	1.03	27	0.333
115	A	12	11	1.06	27	0.407
116	A	14	13	1.08	27	0.481
117	A	3	3	1.33	18	0.167
118	A	8	7	1.00	26	0.269
119	A	10	9	1.30	27	0.333
120	A	9	8	1.21	27	0.296
121	A	5	4	1.05	27	0.148
122	A	5	4	1.00	25	0.160
123	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
124	A	7	6	1.00	27	0.222

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
125	A	8	7	1.05	27	0.259
126	A	9	8	1.04	27	0.296
127	A	10	9	1.27	27	0.333
128	A	7	6	1.11	27	0.222
129	A	6	5	1.07	27	0.185
130	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
131	A	2	2	0.90	25	0.080
132	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
133	A	8	7	1.06	27	0.259
134	A	9	8	1.07	27	0.296
135	A	11	10	1.08	27	0.370
136	A	12	11	1.28	27	0.407
137	A	8	7	1.16	27	0.259
138	A	8	7	1.18	27	0.259
139	A	5	4	1.08	27	0.148
140	A	4	4	1.07	27	0.148
141	A	3	3	1.03	27	0.111
142	A	3	3	0.99	25	0.120
143	A	3	3	1.10	24	0.125
144	A	10	9	1.11	27	0.333
145	A	11	10	1.06	27	0.370
146	A	13	12	1.10	27	0.444
147	A	14	13	1.11	27	0.481
148	A	5	5	1.09	27	0.185
149	A	4	4	1.06	27	0.148
150	A	7	7	1.26	25	0.280
151	A	3	3	1.07	25	0.120
152	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
153	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
154	A	6	5	1.00	26	0.192
155	A	7	6	0.97	26	0.231
156	A	10	9	1.01	26	0.346
157	A	21	20	1.23	27	0.741
158	A	20	19	1.23	27	0.704

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
159	A	17	16	1.22	27	0.593
160	A	14	13	1.24	27	0.481
161	A	11	10	1.04	25	0.400
162	A	7	6	1.05	24	0.250
163	A	12	11	1.01	27	0.407
164	A	11	10	0.99	27	0.370
165	A	11	10	0.96	27	0.370
166	A	12	11	1.04	27	0.407
167	A	9	8	1.03	27	0.296
168	A	11	10	1.04	27	0.370
169	A	13	12	1.07	27	0.444
170	A	15	14	1.08	27	0.519
171	A	8	7	1.16	27	0.259
172	A	6	6	1.02	27	0.222
173	A	5	5	1.06	27	0.185
174	A	3	3	1.05	25	0.120
175	A	3	3	1.09	24	0.125
176	A	12	11	1.11	27	0.407
177	A	12	11	1.14	27	0.407
178	A	14	13	1.07	27	0.481
179	A	13	12	1.16	27	0.444
180	A	10	9	1.14	27	0.333
181	A	10	9	1.15	27	0.333
182	A	6	6	1.42	27	0.222
183	A	3	3	1.08	25	0.120
184	A	3	3	1.08	24	0.125
185	A	12	11	1.09	27	0.407
186	A	12	11	1.08	27	0.407
187	A	14	13	1.10	27	0.481
188	A	14	13	1.16	27	0.481
189	A	10	9	1.23	27	0.333
190	A	4	4	1.04	27	0.148
191	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
192	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
193	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
194	A	11	10	1.04	27	0.370
195	A	12	11	1.08	27	0.407
196	A	14	13	1.13	27	0.481
197	A	15	14	1.12	27	0.519
198	A	18	17	1.18	27	0.630
199	A	17	16	1.19	27	0.593
200	A	13	12	1.14	27	0.444
201	A	13	12	1.05	27	0.444
202	A	9	8	1.13	25	0.320
203	A	9	8	0.94	24	0.333
204	A	11	10	1.02	27	0.370
205	A	10	9	1.01	27	0.333
206	A	8	7	1.02	27	0.259
207	A	9	8	1.05	27	0.296
208	A	10	9	1.10	27	0.333
209	A	13	12	1.10	27	0.444
210	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
211	A	5	5	1.42	26	0.192
212	A	11	11	1.51	27	0.407
213	A	10	10	1.33	27	0.370
214	A	7	7	1.15	25	0.280
215	A	7	7	1.20	24	0.292
216	A	19	18	1.14	27	0.667
217	A	20	19	1.11	27	0.704
218	A	5	4	1.05	29	0.138
219	A	3	2	1.00	29	0.069
220	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
221	A	5	4	1.00	29	0.138
222	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
223	A	5	4	1.00	30	0.133
224	A	5	4	1.00	16	0.250
225	A	6	5	1.00	29	0.172
226	A	8	8	1.10	29	0.276

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
227	A	6	6	1.03	29	0.207
228	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
229	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
230	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
231	A	7	7	1.01	29	0.241
232	A	9	9	1.05	29	0.310
233	A	6	6	1.00	29	0.207
234	A	6	6	1.01	29	0.207
235	A	3	3	1.31	27	0.111
236	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
237	A	4	4	1.00	29	0.138
238	A	7	7	1.01	29	0.241
239	A	7	7	1.00	29	0.241
240	A	7	6	1.01	23	0.261
241	A	7	6	1.02	23	0.261
242	A	7	6	1.00	23	0.261
243	A	7	6	1.01	23	0.261
244	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
245	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
246	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
247	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
248	A	6	5	1.00	23	0.217
249	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
250	A	9	8	1.02	25	0.320
251	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
252	A	9	8	1.02	25	0.320
253	A	3	3	0.97	23	0.130
254	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
255	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
256	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
257	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
258	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
259	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
260	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
261	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
262	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
263	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
264	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
265	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
266	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
267	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
268	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
269	A	8	7	1.01	25	0.280
270	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
271	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
272	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
273	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
274	A	7	6	1.00	25	0.240
275	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
276	A	10	9	1.02	25	0.360
277	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
278	A	10	9	1.01	25	0.360
279	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
280	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
281	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
282	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
283	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
284	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
285	A	9	8	1.03	25	0.320
286	A	11	10	1.00	25	0.400
287	A	10	9	1.01	25	0.360
288	A	5	5	1.05	25	0.200
289	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
290	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
291	A	10	9	1.01	25	0.360
292	A	11	10	1.01	25	0.400
293	A	10	9	1.00	25	0.360
294	A	11	10	1.00	25	0.400

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
295	A	10	9	1.03	25	0.360
296	A	13	12	1.03	25	0.480
297	A	7	7	1.05	25	0.280
298	A	6	6	1.06	25	0.240
299	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
300	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
301	A	9	8	1.01	25	0.320
302	A	13	12	1.00	25	0.480
303	A	12	11	0.98	25	0.440
304	A	13	12	1.01	25	0.480
305	A	12	11	1.02	25	0.440
306	A	7	7	1.11	27	0.259
307	A	5	5	1.02	27	0.185
308	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
309	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
310	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
311	A	6	6	1.05	27	0.222
312	A	7	7	1.14	27	0.259
313	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
314	A	4	4	1.00	27	0.148
315	A	11	10	1.00	16	0.625
316	A	14	13	1.09	22	0.591
317	A	12	11	1.07	22	0.500
318	A	10	9	1.06	22	0.409
319	A	8	7	1.06	20	0.350
320	A	7	6	1.05	19	0.316
321	A	10	9	1.05	22	0.409
322	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
323	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
324	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
325	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
326	A	12	11	1.09	22	0.500
327	A	10	9	1.05	22	0.409
328	A	9	8	1.02	22	0.364

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
329	A	6	5	1.00	20	0.250
330	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
331	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
332	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
333	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
334	A	10	9	1.08	22	0.409
335	A	9	8	1.05	22	0.364
336	A	6	5	1.00	22	0.227
337	A	6	5	1.00	20	0.250
338	A	6	5	1.00	19	0.263
339	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
340	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
341	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
342	A	13	12	1.30	22	0.545
343	A	10	9	1.25	22	0.409
344	A	10	9	1.22	22	0.409
345	A	8	7	1.23	22	0.318
346	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
347	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
348	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
349	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
350	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
351	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
352	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
353	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
354	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
355	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
356	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
357	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
358	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
359	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
360	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
361	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
362	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
363	A	4	4	1.10	20	0.200
364	A	4	4	1.11	20	0.200
365	A	5	5	1.01	20	0.250
366	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
367	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
368	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
369	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
370	A	3	3	1.03	20	0.150
371	A	4	4	0.98	20	0.200
372	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
373	A	4	4	0.94	18	0.222
374	A	4	4	0.98	17	0.235
375	A	2	2	0.99	20	0.100
376	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
377	A	8	8	0.95	22	0.364
378	A	5	5	0.96	20	0.250
379	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
380	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
381	A	7	6	0.98	18	0.333
382	A	7	6	0.98	18	0.333
383	A	7	6	0.99	18	0.333
384	A	7	6	0.99	18	0.333
385	A	4	4	1.00	16	0.250
386	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
387	A	6	5	1.00	18	0.278
388	A	6	5	1.00	18	0.278
389	A	6	5	1.00	18	0.278
390	A	8	7	0.97	20	0.350
391	A	9	8	0.94	20	0.400
392	A	8	7	0.98	20	0.350
393	A	9	8	0.95	20	0.400
394	A	8	7	0.99	18	0.389
395	A	5	5	0.95	17	0.294
396	A	8	7	1.00	20	0.350

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2.3. Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
397	A	8	7	1.00	20	0.350
398	A	8	7	1.01	20	0.350
399	A	9	8	0.94	20	0.400
400	A	9	8	0.94	20	0.400
401	A	9	8	0.95	20	0.400
402	A	9	8	0.94	20	0.400
403	A	9	8	0.95	18	0.444
404	A	5	5	1.05	17	0.294
405	A	9	8	0.97	20	0.400
406	A	9	8	1.00	20	0.400
407	A	9	8	1.01	20	0.400
408	A	7	6	0.99	20	0.300
409	A	7	6	1.00	20	0.300
410	A	7	6	1.01	20	0.300
411	A	6	5	0.76	18	0.278
412	A	6	5	1.00	17	0.294
413	A	8	7	1.01	20	0.350
414	A	8	7	1.00	20	0.350
415	A	10	9	1.02	20	0.450
416	A	13	12	0.99	20	0.600
417	A	13	12	0.96	20	0.600
418	A	11	10	0.95	20	0.500
419	A	11	10	0.91	18	0.556
420	A	2	2	0.78	17	0.118
421	A	2	2	0.83	20	0.100
422	A	2	2	0.70	20	0.100
423	A	14	13	0.96	20	0.650
424	A	13	12	0.93	20	0.600
425	A	12	11	0.92	20	0.550
426	A	14	13	0.97	18	0.722
427	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
428	A	2	2	0.66	20	0.100
429	A	2	2	0.61	20	0.100
430	A	7	7	1.05	22	0.318

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
431	A	5	5	1.04	22	0.227
432	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
433	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
434	A	4	4	1.04	22	0.182
435	A	3	3	1.02	22	0.136
436	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
437	A	9	8	1.07	40	0.200
438	A	7	6	1.03	40	0.150
439	A	5	4	0.84	38	0.105
440	A	4	3	1.00	37	0.081
441	A	8	7	0.96	40	0.175
442	A	5	4	1.00	40	0.100
443	A	7	6	1.04	40	0.150
444	A	9	8	1.07	40	0.200
445	A	11	10	1.08	40	0.250
446	A	10	9	0.99	40	0.225
447	A	8	7	0.99	40	0.175
448	A	6	5	0.86	38	0.132
449	A	5	4	1.07	37	0.108
450	A	9	8	1.02	40	0.200
451	A	9	8	1.00	40	0.200
452	A	9	8	1.03	40	0.200
453	A	6	5	1.07	40	0.125
454	A	8	7	1.03	40	0.175
455	A	10	9	1.02	40	0.225
456	A	12	11	1.01	40	0.275
457	A	11	10	0.95	40	0.250
458	A	9	8	0.96	40	0.200
459	A	7	6	0.90	38	0.158
460	A	6	5	1.10	37	0.135
461	A	11	10	1.05	40	0.250
462	A	11	10	1.03	40	0.250
463	A	11	10	1.01	40	0.250
464	A	11	10	1.01	40	0.250

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
465	A	11	10	1.05	40	0.250
466	A	7	6	1.10	40	0.150
467	A	9	8	1.03	40	0.200
468	A	11	10	0.99	40	0.250
469	A	13	12	0.97	40	0.300
470	A	8	7	1.01	40	0.175
471	A	5	4	1.04	40	0.100
472	A	5	4	1.00	38	0.105
473	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
474	A	6	5	0.99	40	0.125
475	A	7	6	0.90	40	0.150
476	A	8	7	0.85	40	0.175
477	A	8	7	0.99	40	0.175
478	A	8	7	0.98	40	0.175
479	A	6	5	1.04	40	0.125
480	A	2	2	1.00	40	0.050
481	A	2	2	1.00	38	0.053
482	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
483	A	7	6	1.12	40	0.150
484	A	8	7	1.11	40	0.175
485	A	10	9	1.08	40	0.225
486	A	12	11	1.07	40	0.275
487	A	4	4	1.02	40	0.100
488	A	5	5	1.04	40	0.125
489	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
490	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
491	A	5	5	0.98	21	0.238
492	A	3	3	1.03	20	0.150
493	A	6	5	0.85	23	0.217
494	A	5	5	1.00	23	0.217
495	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
496	A	5	5	0.95	23	0.217
497	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
498	A	6	6	0.95	21	0.286

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
499	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
500	A	7	6	0.73	23	0.261
501	A	6	6	0.95	23	0.261
502	A	4	4	0.97	23	0.174
503	A	3	3	1.05	23	0.130
504	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
505	A	4	4	1.06	21	0.190
506	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
507	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
508	A	5	5	1.02	23	0.217
509	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
510	A	3	3	1.09	23	0.130
511	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
512	A	5	5	1.02	21	0.238
513	A	3	3	1.09	20	0.150
514	A	6	5	0.85	23	0.217
515	A	6	6	0.97	23	0.261
516	A	4	4	1.01	23	0.174
517	A	4	4	1.00	23	0.174
518	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
519	A	6	6	0.97	21	0.286
520	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
521	A	7	6	0.72	23	0.261
522	A	7	7	0.94	23	0.304
523	A	5	5	0.95	23	0.217
524	A	4	4	1.05	19	0.211
525	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
526	A	3	2	1.24	25	0.080
527	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
528	A	6	5	1.02	23	0.217
529	A	4	3	1.18	22	0.136
530	A	3	2	1.03	25	0.080
531	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
532	A	3	2	1.04	25	0.080

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
533	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
534	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
535	A	3	2	1.01	25	0.080
536	A	7	6	0.85	23	0.261
537	A	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
538	A	3	2	1.02	25	0.080
539	A	3	2	1.03	25	0.080
540	A	3	2	1.03	25	0.080
541	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
542	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
543	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
544	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
545	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
546	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
547	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
548	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
549	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
550	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
551	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
552	A	2	2	1.05	22	0.091
553	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
554	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
555	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
556	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
557	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
558	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
559	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
560	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
561	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
562	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
563	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
564	A	2	2	1.20	22	0.091
565	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
566	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
567	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
568	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
569	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
570	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
571	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
572	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
573	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
574	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
575	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
576	A	2	2	1.24	22	0.091
577	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
578	A	3	3	1.00	29	0.103
579	A	13	12	1.11	31	0.387
580	A	10	9	1.10	31	0.290
581	A	10	9	1.10	31	0.290
582	A	5	5	1.08	31	0.161
583	A	3	3	0.97	29	0.103
584	A	4	4	1.08	24	0.167
585	A	10	9	1.34	31	0.290
586	A	8	7	1.05	31	0.226
587	A	10	9	1.10	31	0.290
588	A	4	3	1.01	24	0.125
589	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
590	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
591	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
592	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
593	A	5	4	1.02	24	0.167
594	A	6	5	1.34	24	0.208
595	A	7	6	1.24	24	0.250
596	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
597	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
598	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
599	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
600	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
601	A	7	6	1.19	24	0.250
602	A	10	9	1.21	24	0.375
603	A	6	5	1.02	26	0.192
604	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
605	A	7	6	1.00	28	0.214
606	A	6	5	1.00	28	0.179
607	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
608	A	4	4	0.97	28	0.143
609	A	5	5	0.95	28	0.179
610	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
611	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
612	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
613	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
614	A	7	6	0.92	28	0.214
615	A	4	4	0.97	28	0.143
616	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
617	A	2	2	0.99	28	0.071
618	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
619	A	7	7	1.09	26	0.269
620	A	2	2	1.00	30	0.067
621	A	8	7	1.05	29	0.241
622	A	16	15	1.54	28	0.536
623	A	12	11	1.64	28	0.393
624	A	10	9	1.81	26	0.346
625	A	9	8	1.91	21	0.381
626	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
627	B	13	12	2.38	28	0.429
628	B	19	18	2.29	28	0.643
629	A	13	12	1.63	28	0.429
630	A	12	11	1.73	28	0.393
631	A	8	7	1.92	26	0.269
632	A	7	6	1.98	21	0.286
633	B	13	12	3.16	28	0.429

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
634	B	14	13	2.25	28	0.464
635	B	20	19	2.24	28	0.679
636	A	12	11	1.73	28	0.393
637	A	10	9	1.86	28	0.321
638	B	7	6	2.02	26	0.231
639	B	5	4	4.29	21	0.190
640	B	9	8	3.49	28	0.286
641	B	14	13	2.24	28	0.464
642	B	21	20	2.23	28	0.714
643	B	2	2	3.08	28	0.071
644	B	2	2	2.77	28	0.071
645	A	10	9	1.82	28	0.321
646	A	8	7	1.96	28	0.250
647	B	5	4	2.13	26	0.154
648	A	3	2	1.71	21	0.095
649	B	6	5	5.19	28	0.179
650	B	14	13	2.13	28	0.464
651	B	19	18	2.23	28	0.643
652	B	2	2	3.04	28	0.071
653	B	2	2	2.19	28	0.071
654	B	6	5	7.51	28	0.179
655	A	3	2	1.00	30	0.067
656	A	4	4	1.00	26	0.154
657	A	4	4	1.02	46	0.087
658	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
659	A	2	2	0.98	44	0.045
660	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
661	A	3	2	1.00	46	0.043
662	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
663	A	5	4	1.03	46	0.087
664	A	6	5	1.07	46	0.109
665	A	4	4	1.02	46	0.087
666	A	3	3	1.03	46	0.065
667	A	2	2	1.00	44	0.045

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
668	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
669	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
670	A	5	4	1.06	46	0.087
671	A	6	5	1.08	46	0.109
672	A	4	4	1.05	46	0.087
673	A	3	3	1.03	46	0.065
674	A	2	2	1.00	44	0.045
675	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
676	A	5	4	1.08	46	0.087
677	A	6	5	1.10	46	0.109
678	A	7	6	1.09	46	0.130
679	A	5	5	1.04	46	0.109
680	A	4	4	1.02	46	0.087
681	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
682	A	2	2	0.98	44	0.045
683	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
684	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
685	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
686	A	5	4	0.98	46	0.087
687	A	6	5	1.02	46	0.109
688	A	7	6	1.04	46	0.130
689	A	5	5	1.04	46	0.109
690	A	4	4	1.02	46	0.087
691	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
692	A	2	2	0.98	44	0.045
693	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
694	A	5	4	1.03	46	0.087
695	A	5	4	1.03	46	0.087
696	A	5	4	0.99	46	0.087
697	A	6	5	1.00	46	0.109
698	A	7	6	1.03	46	0.130
699	A	8	7	1.05	46	0.152
700	A	5	5	1.04	46	0.109
701	A	4	4	1.02	46	0.087

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
702	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
703	A	2	2	0.98	44	0.045
704	A	1	1	1.00	39	0.026
705	A	6	5	1.04	46	0.109
706	A	6	5	1.04	46	0.109
707	A	6	5	1.00	46	0.109
708	A	6	5	1.01	46	0.109
709	A	7	6	1.01	46	0.130
710	A	8	7	1.03	46	0.152
711	A	9	8	1.05	46	0.174
712	A	7	6	1.04	48	0.125
713	A	6	5	1.01	48	0.104
714	A	5	4	1.00	48	0.083
715	A	4	3	1.00	48	0.062
716	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
717	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
718	A	3	3	1.07	48	0.062
719	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
720	A	7	6	1.04	48	0.125
721	A	6	5	1.03	48	0.104
722	A	5	4	1.00	48	0.083
723	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
724	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
725	A	3	3	1.07	48	0.062
726	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
727	A	7	6	1.05	48	0.125
728	A	6	5	1.04	48	0.104
729	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
730	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
731	A	3	3	1.06	48	0.062
732	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
733	A	8	7	1.03	48	0.146
734	A	7	6	1.02	48	0.125
735	A	6	5	1.00	48	0.104

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
736	A	5	4	1.00	48	0.083
737	A	5	4	1.00	48	0.083
738	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
739	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
740	A	3	3	1.07	48	0.062
741	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
742	A	8	7	1.02	48	0.146
743	A	7	6	1.01	48	0.125
744	A	6	5	1.00	48	0.104
745	A	6	5	1.02	48	0.104
746	A	6	5	1.02	48	0.104
747	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
748	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
749	A	3	3	1.07	48	0.062
750	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
751	A	9	8	1.03	48	0.167
752	A	8	7	1.02	48	0.146
753	A	7	6	1.02	48	0.125
754	A	7	6	1.02	48	0.125
755	A	7	6	1.02	48	0.125
756	A	7	6	1.02	48	0.125
757	A	1	1	1.00	48	0.021
758	A	2	2	1.00	48	0.042
759	A	3	3	1.07	48	0.062
760	A	4	4	1.10	48	0.083
761	A	3	3	1.17	46	0.065
762	A	3	3	1.06	46	0.065
763	A	3	3	1.13	46	0.065
764	A	3	3	1.15	46	0.065
765	A	3	3	1.17	46	0.065
766	A	3	3	1.17	46	0.065
767	A	3	3	1.04	44	0.068
768	A	4	4	0.94	44	0.091
769	A	3	3	0.96	44	0.068

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
770	A	2	2	1.00	42	0.048
771	A	1	1	1.00	37	0.027
772	A	2	2	1.00	44	0.045
773	A	2	2	1.00	44	0.045
774	A	2	2	1.00	44	0.045
775	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
776	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
777	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
778	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
779	A	3	3	1.00	46	0.065
780	A	1	1	1.00	47	0.021
781	A	3	3	1.04	73	0.041
782	A	4	4	1.04	46	0.087
783	A	6	6	0.87	46	0.130
784	A	5	5	0.88	46	0.109
785	A	4	4	0.89	46	0.087
786	A	3	3	0.90	44	0.068
787	A	2	2	1.01	39	0.051
788	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
789	A	4	3	1.00	46	0.065
790	A	5	4	0.97	46	0.087
791	A	6	5	0.95	46	0.109
792	A	14	14	1.08	32	0.438
793	A	10	10	1.07	32	0.312
794	A	5	5	1.03	30	0.167
795	A	5	4	1.00	32	0.125
796	A	7	6	0.99	32	0.188
797	A	10	10	1.07	32	0.312
798	A	6	6	1.04	32	0.188
799	A	4	4	1.00	30	0.133
800	A	7	6	0.96	32	0.188
801	A	9	8	0.97	32	0.250
802	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
803	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
804	A	4	4	1.00	28	0.143
805	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
806	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
807	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
808	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
809	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
810	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
811	A	3	3	1.05	28	0.107
812	A	3	3	1.08	28	0.107
813	A	5	5	0.97	28	0.179
814	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
815	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
816	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
817	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
818	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
819	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
820	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
821	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
822	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
823	A	5	4	1.01	27	0.148
824	A	5	4	1.34	27	0.148
825	A	7	6	1.23	27	0.222
826	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
827	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
828	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
829	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
830	A	5	4	1.00	27	0.148
831	A	7	6	1.17	27	0.222
832	A	10	9	1.19	27	0.333
833	A	5	5	1.00	25	0.200
834	A	6	5	1.02	29	0.172
835	A	8	7	0.75	29	0.241
836	A	7	6	0.85	29	0.207
837	A	6	5	1.02	29	0.172

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
838	A	6	5	1.02	29	0.172
839	A	6	5	1.12	29	0.172
840	A	4	4	1.06	29	0.138
841	A	5	5	0.92	29	0.172
842	A	7	6	0.89	29	0.207
843	A	8	7	0.84	38	0.184
844	A	7	6	0.89	38	0.158
845	A	6	5	1.02	38	0.132
846	A	6	5	1.03	38	0.132
847	A	6	5	1.18	38	0.132
848	A	4	4	1.11	38	0.105
849	A	4	4	1.04	38	0.105
850	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
851	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
852	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
853	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
854	A	12	11	1.06	29	0.379
855	A	10	9	1.07	29	0.310
856	A	8	7	1.05	27	0.259
857	A	7	6	1.04	22	0.273
858	A	9	8	1.05	29	0.276
859	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
860	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
861	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
862	A	14	13	1.04	29	0.448
863	A	12	11	1.05	29	0.379
864	A	10	9	1.05	27	0.333
865	A	9	8	1.08	22	0.364
866	A	10	9	0.92	29	0.310
867	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
868	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
869	A	12	11	0.94	29	0.379
870	A	12	11	1.07	29	0.379
871	A	10	9	1.06	29	0.310

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
872	A	8	7	1.06	29	0.241
873	A	6	5	1.00	27	0.185
874	A	3	2	1.00	22	0.091
875	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
876	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
877	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
878	A	10	9	1.08	29	0.310
879	A	8	7	1.03	29	0.241
880	A	5	4	1.00	29	0.138
881	A	5	4	1.00	27	0.148
882	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
883	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
884	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
885	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
886	A	14	13	1.03	31	0.419
887	A	12	11	1.03	31	0.355
888	A	10	9	1.03	29	0.310
889	A	8	7	1.02	24	0.292
890	A	12	11	1.16	31	0.355
891	A	12	11	1.18	31	0.355
892	A	18	17	1.55	31	0.548
893	A	12	11	1.03	31	0.355
894	A	10	9	1.03	31	0.290
895	A	7	6	1.01	29	0.207
896	A	6	5	1.01	24	0.208
897	A	11	10	1.18	31	0.323
898	A	12	11	1.18	31	0.355
899	A	19	18	1.54	31	0.581
900	A	11	10	1.03	31	0.323
901	A	9	8	1.02	31	0.258
902	A	7	6	1.01	29	0.207
903	A	3	2	1.00	24	0.083
904	A	9	8	1.26	31	0.258
905	A	13	12	0.89	31	0.387

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
906	A	20	19	0.91	31	0.613
907	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
908	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
909	A	8	7	1.03	31	0.226
910	A	7	6	1.01	31	0.194
911	A	5	4	1.00	29	0.138
912	A	3	2	1.00	24	0.083
913	A	6	5	1.44	31	0.161
914	A	13	12	0.88	31	0.387
915	A	18	17	1.47	31	0.548
916	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
917	A	2	2	1.00	31	0.065
918	A	1	1	1.00	33	0.030
919	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
920	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
921	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
922	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
923	A	4	4	1.11	25	0.160
924	A	4	4	1.02	25	0.160
925	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
926	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
927	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
928	A	3	3	1.12	27	0.111
929	A	4	4	1.09	27	0.148
930	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
931	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
932	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
933	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
934	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
935	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
936	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
937	A	4	4	1.02	27	0.148
938	A	4	4	1.03	27	0.148
939	A	4	4	1.01	27	0.148

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
940	A	4	4	0.99	25	0.160
941	A	4	4	1.01	20	0.200
942	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
943	A	2	2	1.00	27	0.074
944	A	5	5	1.01	27	0.185
945	A	6	5	0.99	29	0.172
946	A	4	3	1.00	27	0.111
947	A	3	2	1.00	22	0.091
948	N/A	1	0	1.00	29	0.000
949	A	6	5	1.01	29	0.172
950	A	4	3	1.00	27	0.111
951	A	3	2	1.00	22	0.091
952	N/A	1	0	1.00	29	0.000
953	A	4	4	0.96	25	0.160
954	A	6	5	0.99	27	0.185
955	A	4	3	1.00	25	0.120
956	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
957	N/A	1	0	1.00	27	0.000
958	A	7	6	1.20	27	0.222

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	332
3.2	$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	339
3.3	$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	349
3.4	$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	357
3.5	$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	364
3.6	$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$	371
3.7	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	378
3.8	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	385
3.9	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	393
3.10	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	401
3.11	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	409
3.12	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	417
3.13	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	425
3.14	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$	434
3.15	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	443
3.16	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	454
3.17	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	460
3.18	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	465
3.19	$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	470
3.20	$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	479
3.21	$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	486
3.22	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	493
3.23	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	499

3.24	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	505
3.25	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	511
3.26	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	517
3.27	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	522
3.28	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	529
3.29	$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	537
3.30	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx$	546
3.31	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$	553
3.32	$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	560
3.33	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	565
3.34	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	576
3.35	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	585
3.36	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	592
3.37	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	598
3.38	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	603
3.39	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	609
3.40	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	616
3.41	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	622
3.42	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	629
3.43	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	638
3.44	$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	648
3.45	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	655
3.46	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	662
3.47	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	668
3.48	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	674
3.49	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	679
3.50	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	684
3.51	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	690
3.52	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	697
3.53	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	705
3.54	$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	714
3.55	$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	720

3.56	$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	725
3.57	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	730
3.58	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	735
3.59	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	740
3.60	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	746
3.61	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	752
3.62	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	759
3.63	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	766
3.64	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5} dx$	773
3.65	$\int x^5(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	782
3.66	$\int x^4(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	806
3.67	$\int x^3(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	823
3.68	$\int x^2(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	836
3.69	$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	847
3.70	$\int (d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	856
3.71	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	863
3.72	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	872
3.73	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	881
3.74	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$	891
3.75	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$	902
3.76	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$	913
3.77	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$	925
3.78	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$	937
3.79	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$	948
3.80	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$	959
3.81	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$	969
3.82	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$	980
3.83	$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	993
3.84	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1001
3.85	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1008
3.86	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1015
3.87	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1021
3.88	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1027

3.89	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1032
3.90	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1039
3.91	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1046
3.92	$\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1054
3.93	$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1063
3.94	$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1070
3.95	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1076
3.96	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	1081
3.97	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	1086
3.98	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	1091
3.99	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	1096
3.100	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	1102
3.101	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	1108
3.102	$\int \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1115
3.103	$\int \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1122
3.104	$\int \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1133
3.105	$\int \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1142
3.106	$\int \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1150
3.107	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	1158
3.108	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	1165
3.109	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	1173
3.110	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	1181
3.111	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	1190
3.112	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	1199
3.113	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$	1208
3.114	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$	1215
3.115	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$	1223
3.116	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$	1232
3.117	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx$	1242
3.118	$\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1-ax)} dx$	1247
3.119	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1253

3.120	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1260
3.121	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1266
3.122	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1271
3.123	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1276
3.124	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1280
3.125	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1285
3.126	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1291
3.127	$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1298
3.128	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1305
3.129	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1311
3.130	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1316
3.131	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1320
3.132	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1324
3.133	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1328
3.134	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1334
3.135	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1340
3.136	$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1347
3.137	$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1355
3.138	$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1362
3.139	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1369
3.140	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1374
3.141	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1379
3.142	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1384
3.143	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1389
3.144	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1394
3.145	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1400
3.146	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1407
3.147	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	1415
3.148	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1423
3.149	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1429
3.150	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1435
3.151	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1441
3.152	$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1446

3.153	$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1451
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1455
3.155	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1460
3.156	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1465
3.157	$\int \frac{x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1471
3.158	$\int \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1492
3.159	$\int \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1506
3.160	$\int \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1517
3.161	$\int \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1526
3.162	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1534
3.163	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$	1540
3.164	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$	1548
3.165	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^2} dx$	1556
3.166	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)^2} dx$	1564
3.167	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)^2} dx$	1572
3.168	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)^2} dx$	1579
3.169	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)^2} dx$	1587
3.170	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)^2} dx$	1596
3.171	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1607
3.172	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1613
3.173	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1619
3.174	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1625
3.175	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1630
3.176	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1635
3.177	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1642
3.178	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	1649
3.179	$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1657
3.180	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1665
3.181	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1672
3.182	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1679
3.183	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1685

3.184	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1690
3.185	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1695
3.186	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1702
3.187	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$	1709
3.188	$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1717
3.189	$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1726
3.190	$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1733
3.191	$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1738
3.192	$\int \frac{x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1743
3.193	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1748
3.194	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x(d+ex)^4} dx$	1753
3.195	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx$	1760
3.196	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$	1767
3.197	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$	1775
3.198	$\int \frac{x^5 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1784
3.199	$\int \frac{x^4 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1795
3.200	$\int \frac{x^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1805
3.201	$\int \frac{x^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1812
3.202	$\int \frac{x (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1819
3.203	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	1827
3.204	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)^4} dx$	1835
3.205	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx$	1842
3.206	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$	1849
3.207	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$	1855
3.208	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)^4} dx$	1861
3.209	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)^4} dx$	1868
3.210	$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx$	1875
3.211	$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx$	1880
3.212	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1886
3.213	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1897
3.214	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1908

3.215	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1919
3.216	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1929
3.217	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	1941
3.218	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$	1952
3.219	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	1957
3.220	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1961
3.221	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$	1966
3.222	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1971
3.223	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$	1976
3.224	$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx$	1981
3.225	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$	1987
3.226	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	1992
3.227	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2001
3.228	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2009
3.229	$\int (gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$	2015
3.230	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	2019
3.231	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2025
3.232	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	2031
3.233	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2038
3.234	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2044
3.235	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2050
3.236	$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2055
3.237	$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2059
3.238	$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2064
3.239	$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	2070
3.240	$\int x^5(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2076
3.241	$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2082
3.242	$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2088
3.243	$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2094
3.244	$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2100
3.245	$\int (d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2105
3.246	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$	2110
3.247	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	2115
3.248	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	2120

3.249	$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2126
3.250	$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2132
3.251	$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2140
3.252	$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2146
3.253	$\int x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2153
3.254	$\int (d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2158
3.255	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$	2163
3.256	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	2169
3.257	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	2175
3.258	$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2181
3.259	$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2188
3.260	$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2195
3.261	$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2202
3.262	$\int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2209
3.263	$\int (d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$	2215
3.264	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$	2220
3.265	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	2227
3.266	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	2234
3.267	$\int \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	2241
3.268	$\int \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	2247
3.269	$\int \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	2253
3.270	$\int \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	2259
3.271	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	2264
3.272	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x(d+ex)} dx$	2269
3.273	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	2275
3.274	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	2281
3.275	$\int \frac{x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2287
3.276	$\int \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2293
3.277	$\int \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2299
3.278	$\int \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2305
3.279	$\int \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2311
3.280	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	2316
3.281	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$	2320
3.282	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$	2326
3.283	$\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)^2} dx$	2332

3.284	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$	2339
3.285	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$	2346
3.286	$\int \frac{x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2353
3.287	$\int \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2360
3.288	$\int \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2367
3.289	$\int \frac{x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2373
3.290	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2378
3.291	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x (d + ex)^3} dx$	2382
3.292	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx$	2389
3.293	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$	2396
3.294	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx$	2403
3.295	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$	2410
3.296	$\int \frac{x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	2417
3.297	$\int \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	2425
3.298	$\int \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	2431
3.299	$\int \frac{x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	2437
3.300	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$	2442
3.301	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x (d + ex)^4} dx$	2446
3.302	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$	2453
3.303	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$	2461
3.304	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$	2469
3.305	$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$	2477
3.306	$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$	2485
3.307	$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$	2492
3.308	$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$	2498
3.309	$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$	2503
3.310	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$	2507
3.311	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	2513
3.312	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$	2519
3.313	$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx$	2526
3.314	$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$	2531
3.315	$\int \frac{x \sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$	2536
3.316	$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2544

3.317	$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2553
3.318	$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2561
3.319	$\int \frac{x \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2569
3.320	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	2575
3.321	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	2581
3.322	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	2588
3.323	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	2593
3.324	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	2599
3.325	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	2605
3.326	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2611
3.327	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2619
3.328	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2626
3.329	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2633
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2638
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2643
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2648
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2653
3.334	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2658
3.335	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2665
3.336	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2672
3.337	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2678
3.338	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2684
3.339	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2690
3.340	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2695
3.341	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2701
3.342	$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2708
3.343	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2717
3.344	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2725
3.345	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2733
3.346	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2739
3.347	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2744
3.348	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2749
3.349	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2754
3.350	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	2759

3.351	$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$	2765
3.352	$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$	2772
3.353	$\int (a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$	2778
3.354	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)}{x} dx$	2784
3.355	$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$	2789
3.356	$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$	2799
3.357	$\int (a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$	2807
3.358	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2}{x} dx$	2814
3.359	$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^3 dx$	2819
3.360	$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^3 dx$	2828
3.361	$\int (a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^3 dx$	2838
3.362	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx$	2848
3.363	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2854
3.364	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2859
3.365	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2864
3.366	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2869
3.367	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2873
3.368	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx$	2877
3.369	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx$	2882
3.370	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2887
3.371	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2893
3.372	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2898
3.373	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2904
3.374	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2909
3.375	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2914
3.376	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2920
3.377	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^n(a+cx^2)^2 dx$	2926
3.378	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^n(a+cx^2) dx$	2933
3.379	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$	2938
3.380	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	2942
3.381	$\int x^5(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2947
3.382	$\int x^4(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2953
3.383	$\int x^3(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2959
3.384	$\int x^2(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2965
3.385	$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2971
3.386	$\int (d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2976

3.387	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$	2980
3.388	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	2985
3.389	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	2990
3.390	$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	2995
3.391	$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3002
3.392	$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3009
3.393	$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3015
3.394	$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3022
3.395	$\int (d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3028
3.396	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$	3033
3.397	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	3039
3.398	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	3045
3.399	$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3052
3.400	$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3059
3.401	$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3066
3.402	$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3073
3.403	$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3080
3.404	$\int (d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$	3087
3.405	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$	3093
3.406	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$	3100
3.407	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$	3107
3.408	$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3114
3.409	$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3119
3.410	$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3125
3.411	$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3131
3.412	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3136
3.413	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)} dx$	3141
3.414	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	3147
3.415	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	3153
3.416	$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3160
3.417	$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3168
3.418	$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3177
3.419	$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3184
3.420	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3191
3.421	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$	3196

3.422	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$	3201
3.423	$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3206
3.424	$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3216
3.425	$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3224
3.426	$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3232
3.427	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3240
3.428	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^3} dx$	3245
3.429	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^3} dx$	3252
3.430	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)^p dx$	3259
3.431	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^p dx$	3266
3.432	$\int (gx)^m(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^p dx$	3272
3.433	$\int (gx)^m(a+cx^2)^p dx$	3277
3.434	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(a+cx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$	3281
3.435	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(a+cx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	3286
3.436	$\int \frac{(gx)^m(a+cx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	3291
3.437	$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	3296
3.438	$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	3304
3.439	$\int \frac{x \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	3311
3.440	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{d+ex} dx$	3317
3.441	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	3323
3.442	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	3330
3.443	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	3337
3.444	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	3344
3.445	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	3352
3.446	$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3361
3.447	$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3370
3.448	$\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3378
3.449	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3386
3.450	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	3393
3.451	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	3401
3.452	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	3410
3.453	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	3419

3.454	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	3427
3.455	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$	3435
3.456	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$	3444
3.457	$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3453
3.458	$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3463
3.459	$\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3472
3.460	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$	3481
3.461	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$	3488
3.462	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$	3497
3.463	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$	3507
3.464	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$	3516
3.465	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$	3525
3.466	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$	3534
3.467	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$	3542
3.468	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$	3551
3.469	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$	3560
3.470	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3570
3.471	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3578
3.472	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3584
3.473	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3590
3.474	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3595
3.475	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3601
3.476	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	3608
3.477	$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3616
3.478	$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3624
3.479	$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3632
3.480	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3639
3.481	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3646
3.482	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3652
3.483	$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3657
3.484	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3664

3.485	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3672
3.486	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3681
3.487	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3691
3.488	$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	3698
3.489	$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3706
3.490	$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3712
3.491	$\int x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3716
3.492	$\int \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$	3723
3.493	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx$	3728
3.494	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$	3733
3.495	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$	3740
3.496	$\int x^3 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3746
3.497	$\int x^2 (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3752
3.498	$\int x (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3756
3.499	$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3763
3.500	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	3768
3.501	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	3773
3.502	$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	3780
3.503	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3786
3.504	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3792
3.505	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3796
3.506	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3802
3.507	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3807
3.508	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3812
3.509	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$	3819
3.510	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3825
3.511	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3831
3.512	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3835
3.513	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3842
3.514	$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3848
3.515	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3854
3.516	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3861
3.517	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3867
3.518	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3873
3.519	$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2} (1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3877

3.520	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3884
3.521	$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3890
3.522	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3895
3.523	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3902
3.524	$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$	3908
3.525	$\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3914
3.526	$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3922
3.527	$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3930
3.528	$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3938
3.529	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3947
3.530	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	3955
3.531	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	3963
3.532	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	3972
3.533	$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3981
3.534	$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3989
3.535	$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	3997
3.536	$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4004
3.537	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4012
3.538	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	4021
3.539	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	4028
3.540	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	4037
3.541	$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4045
3.542	$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4049
3.543	$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4054
3.544	$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4059
3.545	$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	4064
3.546	$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	4069
3.547	$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	4074
3.548	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	4079
3.549	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	4085
3.550	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	4090
3.551	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	4095
3.552	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$	4100
3.553	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$	4105

3.554	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$	4110
3.555	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$	4115
3.556	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$	4121
3.557	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4127
3.558	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4135
3.559	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4143
3.560	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4149
3.561	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4154
3.562	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4159
3.563	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4164
3.564	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4169
3.565	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4174
3.566	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4180
3.567	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4186
3.568	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$	4193
3.569	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4200
3.570	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4207
3.571	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4213
3.572	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4219
3.573	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4224
3.574	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4229
3.575	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4234
3.576	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4240
3.577	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4245
3.578	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$	4252
3.579	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4259
3.580	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4270
3.581	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4279
3.582	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4288
3.583	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4295
3.584	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4301

3.585	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4306
3.586	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4315
3.587	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$	4323
3.588	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$	4332
3.589	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4338
3.590	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4345
3.591	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4351
3.592	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4357
3.593	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4362
3.594	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4368
3.595	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4375
3.596	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4382
3.597	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4388
3.598	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4394
3.599	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4399
3.600	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4404
3.601	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4410
3.602	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	4417
3.603	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4425
3.604	$\int \frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx$	4432
3.605	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$	4436
3.606	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$	4443
3.607	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4450
3.608	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4456
3.609	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4462
3.610	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4469
3.611	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4475
3.612	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4481
3.613	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4487
3.614	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4492
3.615	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4500
3.616	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4506
3.617	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	4511

3.618	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx$	4517
3.619	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x)^4} dx$	4524
3.620	$\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx$	4531
3.621	$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$	4536
3.622	$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx$	4543
3.623	$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx$	4555
3.624	$\int (d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx$	4566
3.625	$\int \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx$	4575
3.626	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	4585
3.627	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	4597
3.628	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	4609
3.629	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4627
3.630	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4639
3.631	$\int \frac{(d+ex) \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4650
3.632	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4659
3.633	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4667
3.634	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4679
3.635	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	4691
3.636	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4709
3.637	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4719
3.638	$\int \frac{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4729
3.639	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4737
3.640	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4744
3.641	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4752
3.642	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4764
3.643	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4782
3.644	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4790
3.645	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4798
3.646	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4808
3.647	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4816
3.648	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4823
3.649	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4828
3.650	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4835

3.651	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4847
3.652	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4865
3.653	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4872
3.654	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx$	4880
3.655	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$	4887
3.656	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx$	4893
3.657	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4898
3.658	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4905
3.659	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4911
3.660	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4916
3.661	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4920
3.662	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4925
3.663	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4931
3.664	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	4938
3.665	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4946
3.666	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4953
3.667	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4959
3.668	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4964
3.669	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4968
3.670	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4974
3.671	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	4981
3.672	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} (f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	4989
3.673	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} (f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	4996
3.674	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} (f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5002
3.675	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5008
3.676	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5013
3.677	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5020
3.678	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5028
3.679	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5037
3.680	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5045
3.681	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5052

3.682	$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5059
3.683	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5064
3.684	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx$	5068
3.685	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx$	5074
3.686	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx$	5080
3.687	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} dx$	5087
3.688	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx$	5095
3.689	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5104
3.690	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5113
3.691	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5120
3.692	$\int \frac{(f+gx) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5127
3.693	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5133
3.694	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$	5137
3.695	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$	5144
3.696	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$	5151
3.697	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$	5158
3.698	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$	5166
3.699	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$	5175
3.700	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5186
3.701	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5195
3.702	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5202
3.703	$\int \frac{(f+gx) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5209
3.704	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5215
3.705	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} dx$	5220
3.706	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$	5227
3.707	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$	5235
3.708	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$	5243
3.709	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$	5251

3.710	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$	5260
3.711	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$	5271
3.712	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5285
3.713	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5293
3.714	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5300
3.715	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5306
3.716	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5312
3.717	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5317
3.718	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5323
3.719	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5329
3.720	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5337
3.721	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5345
3.722	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5352
3.723	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5358
3.724	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5363
3.725	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5369
3.726	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5376
3.727	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5384
3.728	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5392
3.729	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5399
3.730	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5404
3.731	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5410
3.732	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5417
3.733	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5425
3.734	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5434
3.735	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5442
3.736	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	5450
3.737	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	5456
3.738	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$	5462
3.739	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$	5467

3.740	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$	5473
3.741	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$	5480
3.742	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5488
3.743	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5497
3.744	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	5505
3.745	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	5512
3.746	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$	5519
3.747	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$	5526
3.748	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$	5531
3.749	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$	5537
3.750	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$	5544
3.751	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5552
3.752	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5565
3.753	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	5574
3.754	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	5582
3.755	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$	5590
3.756	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$	5599
3.757	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$	5607
3.758	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$	5612
3.759	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$	5618
3.760	$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx$	5625
3.761	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$	5633
3.762	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$	5638
3.763	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$	5643
3.764	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	5648
3.765	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	5653
3.766	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	5658
3.767	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} dx$	5663
3.768	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} dx$	5668

3.769	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5676
3.770	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5683
3.771	$\int (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5689
3.772	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$	5693
3.773	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$	5698
3.774	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx$	5703
3.775	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5708
3.776	$\int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{f+gx} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5713
3.777	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	5718
3.778	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	5723
3.779	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$	5728
3.780	$\int (ae+cdx)^n (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5733
3.781	$\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2 eg - e(cd^2+ae^2)g - cde^2 gx)^{-1+m} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$	5738
3.782	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5743
3.783	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5749
3.784	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5760
3.785	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5769
3.786	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5776
3.787	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5782
3.788	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5787
3.789	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5793
3.790	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5800
3.791	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$	5808
3.792	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$	5817
3.793	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$	5827
3.794	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$	5834
3.795	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	5840
3.796	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	5849
3.797	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	5857
3.798	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	5866
3.799	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	5872
3.800	$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	5877

3.801	$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	5884
3.802	$\int (1-ex)^m(1+ex)^m(a+cx^2)^p dx$	5893
3.803	$\int (d-ex)^m(d+ex)^m(a+cx^2)^p dx$	5898
3.804	$\int (d+ex)^m(df-efx)^m(a+cx^2)^p dx$	5903
3.805	$\int (d+ex)^3(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$	5908
3.806	$\int (d+ex)^2(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$	5917
3.807	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$	5926
3.808	$\int (f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$	5933
3.809	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2)}{d+ex} dx$	5939
3.810	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	5943
3.811	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	5948
3.812	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	5953
3.813	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$	5958
3.814	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	5964
3.815	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	5969
3.816	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	5975
3.817	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	5984
3.818	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$	5990
3.819	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	5998
3.820	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6006
3.821	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6013
3.822	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6019
3.823	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6024
3.824	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6030
3.825	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6036
3.826	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6043
3.827	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6051
3.828	$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6057
3.829	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6063
3.830	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6068
3.831	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6074
3.832	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$	6081
3.833	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx$	6089
3.834	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6095

3.835	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6103
3.836	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6112
3.837	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6120
3.838	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6128
3.839	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6134
3.840	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6141
3.841	$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6148
3.842	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$	6156
3.843	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	6164
3.844	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	6172
3.845	$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	6180
3.846	$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	6187
3.847	$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	6193
3.848	$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	6200
3.849	$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$	6206
3.850	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	6213
3.851	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	6218
3.852	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	6224
3.853	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$	6229
3.854	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	6235
3.855	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	6244
3.856	$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	6252
3.857	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	6259
3.858	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	6265
3.859	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$	6272
3.860	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$	6279
3.861	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx$	6287
3.862	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	6296
3.863	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	6307
3.864	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	6316
3.865	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$	6324
3.866	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	6332

3.867	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$	6341
3.868	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$	6348
3.869	$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$	6358
3.870	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6369
3.871	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6378
3.872	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6386
3.873	$\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6392
3.874	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6398
3.875	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6403
3.876	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6408
3.877	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6413
3.878	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6420
3.879	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6428
3.880	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6435
3.881	$\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6442
3.882	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6449
3.883	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6456
3.884	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6462
3.885	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	6469
3.886	$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6479
3.887	$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6490
3.888	$\int (d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6500
3.889	$\int \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6509
3.890	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$	6518
3.891	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	6529
3.892	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	6540
3.893	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6553
3.894	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6563
3.895	$\int \frac{(d+ex) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6572
3.896	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6581
3.897	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6589
3.898	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6599
3.899	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$	6610

3.900	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6623
3.901	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6633
3.902	$\int \frac{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6643
3.903	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6651
3.904	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6657
3.905	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6665
3.906	$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6676
3.907	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6688
3.908	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6695
3.909	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6703
3.910	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6712
3.911	$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6721
3.912	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6729
3.913	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6735
3.914	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6741
3.915	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6752
3.916	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6765
3.917	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6772
3.918	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6779
3.919	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6786
3.920	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2) dx$	6792
3.921	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (a+bx+cx^2) dx$	6801
3.922	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx$	6808
3.923	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx$	6812
3.924	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx$	6817
3.925	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^2 dx$	6823
3.926	$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (a+bx+cx^2)^2 dx$	6832
3.927	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$	6842
3.928	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$	6847
3.929	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$	6852
3.930	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4 (1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$	6858
3.931	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3 (1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$	6863
3.932	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2 (1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$	6868
3.933	$\int \frac{(2+3x) (1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$	6873

3.934	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$	6877
3.935	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$	6881
3.936	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$	6886
3.937	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6891
3.938	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6897
3.939	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6903
3.940	$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6909
3.941	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6915
3.942	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6920
3.943	$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$	6926
3.944	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$	6932
3.945	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6938
3.946	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6944
3.947	$\int (d+ex)^m\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$	6949
3.948	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx$	6954
3.949	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6958
3.950	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6964
3.951	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6969
3.952	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$	6974
3.953	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)^n(a+bx+cx^2) dx$	6978
3.954	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$	6984
3.955	$\int (d+ex)^m(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$	6990
3.956	$\int (d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p dx$	6995
3.957	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$	7000
3.958	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^2}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	7004

3.1 $\int x^2(d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx$

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3.1.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int x^2(d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx = \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{8e^2} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e^3} - \frac{dx(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{8e^3}$$

output
$$-1/3*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e^3-1/4*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e^2+1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}/e^3+1/8*d^5*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/e^3+1/8*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/e^2$$

3.1.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2(d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-16d^4 - 15d^3ex - 8d^2e^2x^2 + 30de^3x^3 + 24e^4x^4) - 30d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{120e^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-16d^4 - 15d^3ex - 8d^2e^2x^2 + 30de^3x^3 + 24e^4x^4) - 30d^5 \text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])]) / (120e^3)$

3.1.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{\int dex(2d+5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int x(2d+5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx}{5e} - \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int de(5d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{5x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (5d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx}{4e} - \frac{5x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{5d \int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx}{4e} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} - \frac{5x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e}}{4e} - \frac{5x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right) \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e}}{4e} - \frac{5x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right) \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e}}{4e} - \frac{5x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right) \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/5*(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/e + (d*((-5*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) + (d*((-8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 5*d*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e))))/(4*e)))/(5*e)`

3.1.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^(p)/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.1.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-24e^4x^4 - 30de^3x^3 + 8d^2e^2x^2 + 15d^3ex + 16d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{120e^3} + \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{8e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e\left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15e^4}\right) + d\left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e^2} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{4e^2}\right)$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/120*(-24*e^4*x^4-30*d*e^3*x^3+8*d^2*e^2*x^2+15*d^3*e*x+16*d^4)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*d^5/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.1.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx = \frac{30d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (24e^4x^4 + 30de^3x^3 - 8d^2e^2x^2 - 15d^3ex - 16d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{120e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/120*(30*d^5*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (24*e^4*x^4 + 30*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d^3*e*x - 16*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`

3.1.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx = \begin{cases} \frac{d^5 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^3} - \frac{d^3x}{8e^2} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e} + \frac{dx^3}{4} + \frac{ex^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \left(\frac{dx^3}{3} + \frac{ex^4}{4} \right) \sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**5*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**3) - d**3*x/(8*e**2) - d**2*x**2/(15*e) + d*x**3/4 + e*x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**3/3 + e*x**4/4)*sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.1.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3x}{8e^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{5e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}dx}{4e^2} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}{15e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*d^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) + 1/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*x/e^2 - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*x^2/e - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*x/e^2 - 2/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2/e^3`**3.1.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8e^2|e|} + \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(3(4ex+5d)x - \frac{4d^2}{e} \right) x - \frac{15d^3}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{16d^4}{e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + 1/120*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*(3*(4*e*x + 5*d)*x - 4*d^2/e)*x - 15*d^3/e^2)*x - 16*d^4/e^3)`

3.1.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} (d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.2 $\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.2.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3d^7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{128e^4} + \frac{d^5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{64e^4} - \frac{4d^2x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{63e^3} - \frac{dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e^2} - \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d^3(128d + 315ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5040e^5} + \frac{3d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e^5}$$

```
output 1/64*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4-4/63*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3-
1/8*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2-1/9*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e-1/5040*d
^3*(315*e*x+128*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^5+3/128*d^9*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2
+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+3/128*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4
```

3.2.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(1024d^8 + 945d^7ex + 512d^6e^2x^2 + 630d^5e^3x^3 + 384d^4e^4x^4 - 7560d^3e^5x^5 - 6400d^2e^6x^6 + 5040d^2e^7x^7 - 128d^2e^8x^8)}{40320e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/40320*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(1024*d^8 + 945*d^7*e*x + 512*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 630*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 384*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 7560*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 6400*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 5040*d*e^7*x^7 + 4480*e^8*x^8) + 1890*d^9*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]))/e^5`

3.2.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int dex^3(4d+9ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{9e^2} - \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int x^3(4d+9ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{9e} - \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int dex^2(27d+32ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int x^2(27d+32ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e} - \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.2. $\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int dx(64d+189ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} - \frac{32x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \right) \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e}$$

↓ 27

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int x(64d+189ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \right) \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e}$$

↓ 533

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int 3de(63d+128ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{63x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\frac{9e}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e}$$

↓ 27

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int (63d+128ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{2e} - \frac{63x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) \frac{9x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\frac{9e}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e}$$

↓ 455

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(63d \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{128(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\frac{9e}{x^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 211

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(63d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{128(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\frac{9e}{x^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 211

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \quad 9e$$

↓ 224

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \quad 9e$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) - \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{7e} \right) - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e}}{8e}}{9e} = \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/9*(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/e + (d*((-9*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) + (d*((-32*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e) + (d*((-63*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*e) + (d*((-128*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + 63*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(2*e)))/(7*e)))/(8*e)))/(9*e)`

3.2.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^(p/(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

3.2. $\int x^4(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.2.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(4480e^8x^8+5040de^7x^7-6400d^2e^6x^6-7560d^3e^5x^5+384d^4x^4e^4+630d^5e^3x^3+512d^6e^2x^2+945d^7ex+1024d^8)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{40320e^5} + \frac{3d^9}{6e^2}$
default	$e \left(-\frac{x^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{9e^2} + \frac{4d^2 \left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35e^4} \right)}{9e^2} \right) + d \left(-\frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e^2} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/40320*(4480*e^8*x^8+5040*d*e^7*x^7-6400*d^2*e^6*x^6-7560*d^3*e^5*x^5+384*d^4*e^4*x^4+630*d^5*e^3*x^3+512*d^6*e^2*x^2+945*d^7*e*x+1024*d^8)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/128*d^9/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.2.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1890 d^9 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (4480 e^8 x^8 + 5040 d e^7 x^7 - 6400 d^2 e^6 x^6 - 7560 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 384 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 630 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 512 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 945 d^7 e x + 1024 d^8) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{40320 e^5}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.2. $\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/40320*(1890*d^9*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) + (4480*e^8*x^8 + 5040*d*e^7*x^7 - 6400*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 7560*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 384*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 630*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 512*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 945*d^7*e*x + 1024*d^8)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}}{e^5}$$

3.2.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3d^9 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^8}{315e^5} - \frac{3d^7x}{128e^4} - \frac{4d^6x^2}{315e^3} - \frac{d^5x^3}{64e^2} \right) \\ \left(\frac{dx^5}{5} + \frac{ex^6}{6} \right) (d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*d**9*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(128*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**8/(315*e**5) - 3*d**7*x/(128*e**4) - 4*d**6*x**2/(315*e**3) - d**5*x**3/(64*e**2) - d**4*x**4/(105*e) + 3*d**3*x**5/16 + 10*d**2*e*x**6/63 - d*e**2*x**7/8 - e**3*x**8/9), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**5/5 + e*x**6/6)*(d**2)**(3/2), True))`

3.2.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4}{9e} + \frac{3d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{128\sqrt{e^2}e^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^7x}{128e^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}dx^3}{8e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^5x}{64e^4} - \frac{4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2x^2}{63e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3x}{16e^4} - \frac{8(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^4}{315e^5}$$

3.2. $\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/9*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*x^4/e + 3/128*d^9*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/ \\ & (\sqrt{e^2}*e^4) + 3/128*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^7*x/e^4 - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d \\ & ^2)^{(5/2)}*d*x^3/e^2 + 1/64*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^5*x/e^4 - 4/63*(-e^2*x \\ & ^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^2*x^2/e^3 - 1/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^3*x/e^4 - 8/31 \\ & 5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^4/e^5 \end{aligned}$$

3.2.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{128e^4|e|} - \frac{1}{40320} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{1024d^8}{e^5} + \left(\frac{945d^7}{e^4} + 2 \left(\frac{256d^6}{e^3} + \left(\frac{315d^5}{e^2} + 4 \left(\frac{48d^4}{e} - 5(189d^3 + 2(80d^2e - 7(8e^3x + 9de^2)x)x)x \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 3/128*d^9*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/(e^4*\operatorname{abs}(e)) - 1/40320*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 \\ & + d^2}*(1024*d^8/e^5 + (945*d^7/e^4 + 2*(256*d^6/e^3 + (315*d^5/e^2 + 4*(\\ & 48*d^4/e - 5*(189*d^3 + 2*(80*d^2*e - 7*(8*e^3*x + 9*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x) \\ & *x)*x) \end{aligned}$$

3.2.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.3 $\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.3.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3d^6x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{128e^3} + \frac{d^4x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{64e^3} - \frac{dx^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e^2} - \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d^2(32d + 35ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{560e^4} + \frac{3d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e^4}$$

```
output 1/64*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3-1/7*d*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2-1/8*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e-1/560*d^2*(35*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^4+3/128*d^8*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+3/128*d^6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3
```

3.3.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(256d^7 + 105d^6ex + 128d^5e^2x^2 + 70d^4e^3x^3 - 1024d^3e^4x^4 - 840d^2e^5x^5 + 640de^6x^6 + 560e^7x^7)}{4480e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/4480*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(256*d^7 + 105*d^6*e*x + 128*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 1024*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 840*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 640*d*e^6*x^6 + 560*e^7*x^7) + 210*d^8*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/e^4`

3.3.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{\int dex^2(3d+8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int x^2(3d+8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e} - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int dex(16d+21ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int x(16d+21ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int 3de(7d+32ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.3. $\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (7d+32ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx - 7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(7d \int (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{8e}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{8x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{8e}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

↓ 216

$$d \left(\frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/8*(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/e + (d*((-8*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e) + (d*((-7*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*e) + (d*((-32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + 7*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(2*e)))/(7*e)))/(8*e)`

3.3.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.3.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(560e^7x^7+640de^6x^6-840d^2e^5x^5-1024d^3e^4x^4+70d^4e^3x^3+128d^5e^2x^2+105d^6ex+256d^7)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4480e^4} + \frac{3d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{128e^3\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^{-\frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{8e^2} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{6e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6e^2} \right)} + \dots$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4480*(560*e^7*x^7+640*d*e^6*x^6-840*d^2*e^5*x^5-1024*d^3*e^4*x^4+70*d^4
*e^3*x^3+128*d^5*e^2*x^2+105*d^6*e*x+256*d^7)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/1
28*d^8/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.3.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{210d^8 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (560e^7x^7 + 640de^6x^6 - 840d^2e^5x^5 - 1024d^3e^4x^4 + 70d^4e^3x^3 + 128d^5e^2x^2 + 105d^6ex + 256d^7)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4480e^4}$$

3.3. $\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4480*(210*d^8*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (560*e^7*x^7 + 640*d*e^6*x^6 - 840*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 1024*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 70*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 128*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 105*d^6*e*x + 256*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^4`

3.3.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} 3d^8 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ \left(\frac{dx^4}{4} + \frac{ex^5}{5} \right) (d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \end{cases} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^7}{35e^4} - \frac{3d^6x}{128e^3} - \frac{d^5x^2}{35e^2} - \frac{d^4x^3}{64e} + \dots \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*d**8*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(128*e**3) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**7/(35*e**4) - 3*d**6*x/(128*e**3) - d**5*x**2/(35*e**2) - d**4*x**3/(64*e) + 8*d**3*x**4/35 + 3*d**2*e*x**5/16 - d*e**2*x**6/7 - e**3*x**7/8), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**4/4 + e*x**5/5)*(d**2)**(3/2), True))`

3.3.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{128\sqrt{e^2}e^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6x}{128e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3}{8e} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^4x}{64e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}dx^2}{7e^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2x}{16e^3} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}{35e^4}$$

3.3. $\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{3}{128}d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right) / (\sqrt{e^2}e^3) + \frac{3}{128}\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6x/e^3 - \frac{1}{8}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}x^3/e + \frac{1}{64}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4x/e^3 - \frac{1}{7}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}dx^2/e^2 - \frac{1}{16}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2x/e^3 - \frac{2}{35}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3/e^4$

3.3.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{128e^3|e|} - \frac{1}{4480} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{256d^7}{e^4} + \left(\frac{105d^6}{e^3} + 2 \left(\frac{64d^5}{e^2} + \left(\frac{35d^4}{e} - 4(128d^3 + 5(21d^2e - 2(7e^3x + 8de^2)x) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{3}{128}d^8 \arcsin(e*x/d) * \operatorname{sgn}(d) * \operatorname{sgn}(e) / (e^3 * \operatorname{abs}(e)) - \frac{1}{4480} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} * (256*d^7/e^4 + (105*d^6/e^3 + 2*(64*d^5/e^2 + (35*d^4/e - 4*(128*d^3 + 5*(21*d^2*e - 2*(7*e^3*x + 8*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)$

3.3.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.4 $\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.4.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e^2} + \frac{d^3x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e^2} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{dx(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e^3} + \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^3}$$

output `1/24*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2-1/5*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3-1/6*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2+1/7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^3+1/16*d^7*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+1/16*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2`

3.4.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(96d^6 + 105d^5ex + 48d^4e^2x^2 - 490d^3e^3x^3 - 384d^2e^4x^4 + 280de^5x^5 + 240e^6x^6) + 210d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{1680e^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/1680 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] \cdot (96 d^6 + 105 d^5 e x + 48 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 490 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 384 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 280 d e^5 x^5 + 240 e^6 x^6) + 210 d^7 \text{ArcTan}[(e x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2])])}{e^3}$$

3.4.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 533 \\ & \frac{\int dex(2d + 7ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} - \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{d \int x(2d + 7ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e} - \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 533 \\ & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int de(7d+12ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (7d+12ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 455 \\ & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{7d \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \right)}{7e} - \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 211 \end{aligned}$$

3.4. $\int x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}}{6e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}}{7e} - \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}}{6e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}}{7e} - \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}}{6e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}}{7e} - \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{7d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}}{6e} \right) - \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}}{7e} - \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/7*(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/e + (d*((-7*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*e) + (d*((-12*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + 7*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(6*e)))/(7*e)`

3.4.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.4.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(240e^6x^6+280de^5x^5-384d^2e^4x^4-490d^3x^3e^3+48d^4e^2x^2+105d^5ex+96d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{1680e^3} + \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e\left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35e^4}\right) + d\left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e^2} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4}\right)}{4}\right)}{6e^2}\right)$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/1680*(240*e^6*x^6+280*d*e^5*x^5-384*d^2*e^4*x^4-490*d^3*e^3*x^3+48*d^4*e^2*x^2+105*d^5*e*x+96*d^6)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/16*d^7/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.4.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{210d^7 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (240e^6x^6 + 280de^5x^5 - 384d^2e^4x^4 - 490d^3e^3x^3 + 48d^4e^2x^2 + 105d^5ex)}{1680e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1680*(210*d^7*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (240*e^6*x^6 + 280*d*e^5*x^5 - 384*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 490*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 105*d^5*e*x + 96*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`

3.4. $\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.4.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^7 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^6}{35e^3} - \frac{d^5x}{16e^2} - \frac{d^4x^2}{35e} + \frac{7d^3x^3}{24} + \left(\frac{dx^3}{3} + \frac{ex^4}{4} \right) (d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**7*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**6/(35*e**3) - d**5*x/(16*e**2) - d**4*x**2/(35*e) + 7*d**3*x**3/24 + 8*d**2*e*x**4/35 - d*e**2*x**5/6 - e**3*x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**3/3 + e*x**4/4)*(d**2)**(3/2), True))`

3.4.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e^2}e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5x}{16e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3x}{24e^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2}{7e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}dx}{6e^2} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2}{35e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*d^7*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) + 1/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*x/e^2 + 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3*x/e^2 - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x^2/e - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x/e^2 - 2/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2/e^3`

3.4.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e^2|e|} - \frac{1}{1680} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{96d^6}{e^3} + \left(\frac{105d^5}{e^2} + 2 \left(\frac{24d^4}{e} - (245d^3 + 4(48d^2e - 5(6e^3x + 7de^2)x)x)x \right) x \right) x \right) x$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - 1/1680*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(96*d^6/e^3 + (105*d^5/e^2 + 2*(24*d^4/e - (245*d^3 + 4*(48*d^2*e - 5*(6*e^3*x + 7*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)`

3.4.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.5 $\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.5.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e} + \frac{d^2x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e} - \frac{(6d + 5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30e^2} + \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^2}$$

output $1/24*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/30*(5*e*x+6*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2+1/16*d^6*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2+1/16*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e$

3.5.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(48d^5 + 15d^4ex - 96d^3e^2x^2 - 70d^2e^3x^3 + 48de^4x^4 + 40e^5x^5) + 30d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/240 * (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 * x^2] * (48 * d^5 + 15 * d^4 * e * x - 96 * d^3 * e^2 * x^2 - 70 * d^2 * e^3 * x^3 + 48 * d * e^4 * x^4 + 40 * e^5 * x^5) + 30 * d^6 * \text{ArcTan}[(e * x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 * x^2])])}{e^2}$$

3.5.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 533 \\ & \frac{\int de(d+6ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{d \int (d+6ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 455 \\ & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 211 \\ & \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 211 \\ & \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 224 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d\left(d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d\left(d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{d^2\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e}+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/e + (d*((-6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(6*e)`

3.5.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.5.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(40e^5x^5+48de^4x^4-70d^2e^3x^3-96d^3e^2x^2+15d^4ex+48d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^2} + \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e\sqrt{e^2}}$	108
default	$e \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6e^2} \right) - \frac{d(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^2}$	126

input `int(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/240*(40*e^5*x^5+48*d*e^4*x^4-70*d^2*e^3*x^3-96*d^3*e^2*x^2+15*d^4*e*x+48*d^5)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/16*d^6/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.5. $\int x(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.5.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{30d^6 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (40e^5x^5 + 48de^4x^4 - 70d^2e^3x^3 - 96d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^4ex + 48d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/240*(30*d^6*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (40*e^5*x^5 + 48*d*e^4*x^4 - 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^4*e*x + 48*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^2`

3.5.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^5}{5e^2} - \frac{d^4x}{16e} + \frac{2d^3x^2}{5} + \frac{7d^2ex^3}{24} - \left(\frac{dx^2}{2} + \frac{ex^3}{3}\right) (d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**5/(5*e**2) - d**4*x/(16*e) + 2*d**3*x**2/5 + 7*d**2*e*x**3/24 - d*e**2*x**4/5 - e**3*x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**2/2 + e*x**3/3)*(d**2)**(3/2), True))`

3.5.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e^2}e} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4x}{16e} \\ + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2x}{24e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x}{6e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d}{5e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*d^6*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e) + 1/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*x/e + 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x/e - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x/e - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/e^2`

3.5.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e|e|} \\ - \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{48d^5}{e^2} + \left(\frac{15d^4}{e} - 2(48d^3 + (35d^2e - 4(5e^3x + 6de^2)x)x)x \right) x \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 1/240*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(48*d^5/e^2 + (15*d^4/e - 2*(48*d^3 + (35*d^2*e - 4*(5*e^3*x + 6*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)`

3.5.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.6 $\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.6.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e} + \frac{d^2x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e} - \frac{(6d + 5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30e^2} + \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^2}$$

output $1/24*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/30*(5*e*x+6*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2+1/16*d^6*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2+1/16*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e$

3.6.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(48d^5 + 15d^4ex - 96d^3e^2x^2 - 70d^2e^3x^3 + 48de^4x^4 + 40e^5x^5) + 30d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/240 * (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 * x^2] * (48 * d^5 + 15 * d^4 * e * x - 96 * d^3 * e^2 * x^2 - 70 * d^2 * e^3 * x^3 + 48 * d * e^4 * x^4 + 40 * e^5 * x^5) + 30 * d^6 * \text{ArcTan}[(e * x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 * x^2])])}{e^2}$$

3.6.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{\int de(d+6ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{d \int (d+6ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\ & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\ & \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\ & \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d\left(d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d\left(d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{d^2\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e}+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e} - \frac{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/6*(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/e + (d*((-6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(6*e)`

3.6.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.6.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(40e^5x^5+48de^4x^4-70d^2e^3x^3-96d^3e^2x^2+15d^4ex+48d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^2} + \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e\sqrt{e^2}}$	108
default	$e \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6e^2} \right) - \frac{d(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^2}$	126

input `int(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/240*(40*e^5*x^5+48*d*e^4*x^4-70*d^2*e^3*x^3-96*d^3*e^2*x^2+15*d^4*e*x+48*d^5)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/16*d^6/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.6.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{30d^6 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (40e^5x^5 + 48de^4x^4 - 70d^2e^3x^3 - 96d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^4ex + 48d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/240*(30*d^6*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (40*e^5*x^5 + 48*d*e^4*x^4 - 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^4*e*x + 48*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^2`

3.6.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^5}{5e^2} - \frac{d^4x}{16e} + \frac{2d^3x^2}{5} + \frac{7d^2ex^3}{24} - \left(\frac{dx^2}{2} + \frac{ex^3}{3}\right) (d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**5/(5*e**2) - d**4*x/(16*e) + 2*d**3*x**2/5 + 7*d**2*e*x**3/24 - d*e**2*x**4/5 - e**3*x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**2/2 + e*x**3/3)*(d**2)**(3/2), True))`

3.6.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e^2}e} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4x}{16e} \\ + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2x}{24e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x}{6e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d}{5e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*d^6*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e) + 1/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*x/e + 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x/e - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x/e - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/e^2`

3.6.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e|e|} \\ - \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{48d^5}{e^2} + \left(\frac{15d^4}{e} - 2(48d^3 + (35d^2e - 4(5e^3x + 6de^2)x)x)x \right) x \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 1/240*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(48*d^5/e^2 + (15*d^4/e - 2*(48*d^3 + (35*d^2*e - 4*(5*e^3*x + 6*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x`

3.6.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.7
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

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3.7.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{8}d^2(8d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{8}d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `1/12*(3*e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+3/8*d^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/8*d^2*(3*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.7.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{24}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(32d^3+15d^2ex-8de^2x^2-6e^3x^3) - \frac{3}{4}d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d^3\sqrt{d^2}\log(x) + d^3\sqrt{d^2}\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

3.7.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(32*d^3 + 15*d^2*e*x - 8*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*e^3*x^3))/24 -
(3*d^4*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/4 - d^3*Sqrt[d^2]
*Log[x] + d^3*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]
```

3.7.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {535, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \int \frac{(4d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{8d+3ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}(8d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 3e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(4d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 + 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d + 3ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{8d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d + 3ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 8 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d + 3ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `((4*d + 3*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/12 + (d^2*((8*d + 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(3*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 8*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2)/4`

3.7.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n_), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.7. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

3.7.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$e \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}x}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}} \right)}{4} \right) + d \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \dots \right) \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*(1/4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+3/4*d^2*(1/2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))+d*(1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+d^2*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)))`

3.7. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.7.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{3}{4}d^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + d^4 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{24}(6e^3x^3 + 8de^2x^2 - 15d^2ex - 32d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-3/4*d^4*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + d^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - 1/24*(6*e^3*x^3 + 8*d*e^2*x^2 - 15*d^2*e*x - 32*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.7.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} - \frac{d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

3.7. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - e**3*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) - d**2*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(8*e**2) + x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/4, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True))`

3.7.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{3d^4e \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}} - d^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{3}{8}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2ex + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3 + \frac{1}{4}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}ex + \frac{1}{3}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/8*d^4*e*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - d^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 3/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e*x + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d`

3.7.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{3d^4e \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8|e|} - \frac{d^4e \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} + \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (32d^3 + (15d^2e - 2(3e^3x + 4de^2)x)x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*d^4*e*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - d^4*e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(32*d^3 + (15*d^2*e - 2*(3*e^3*x + 4*d*e^2)*x)*x)`

3.7.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3} - d^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) + d^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{ex(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x,x)`

output `(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/3 - d^4*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d) + d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2) + (e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2], 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^(3/2)`

3.8 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

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3.8.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}de(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} - \frac{3}{2}d^3e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d^3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output -1/3*(-e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x-3/2*d^3*e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d^3*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/2*d*e*(-3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.8.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-6d^3+8d^2ex-3de^2x^2-2e^3x^3)}{6x} + 2d^3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{3}{2}d^3\sqrt{-e^2} \log\left(-\sqrt{-e^2x} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

```
input Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]
```


output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-6 d^3 + 8 d^2 e x - 3 d e^2 x^2 - 2 e^3 x^3)) / (6 x) + 2 d^3 e \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2] x) / d - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] / d] - (3 d^3 \text{Sqrt}[-e^2] \text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2] x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2]]) / 2$

3.8.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {536, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 536

$$\int \frac{(d^2e-3de^2x)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{de(2d-3ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}de(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \int \frac{2d-3ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}de(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 3e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(-\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(-3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}de(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{(3d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(d*e*(2*d - 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 - ((3*d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x) + (d^3*e*(-3*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2`

3.8.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 536 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2*c*p - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

3.8.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x} - \frac{e^3x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3} + \frac{4ed^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3} - \frac{ed^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{3d^3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)\right) + d\left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{4e^2\left(x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{d^2x}\right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x-1/3*e^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*e*d^2*(-e
^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-e*d^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)
^(1/2))/x)-3/2*d^3*e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/
2))-1/2*d*e^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.8.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{18d^3ex \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + 6d^3ex \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + 8d^3ex - (2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2})}{6x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.8. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

output $1/6*(18*d^3*e*x*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 6*d^3*e*x*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 8*d^3*e*x - (2*e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^2*e*x + 6*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x$

3.8.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2x}{d\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + d^2e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{iox}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - e^3 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

```
output d**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e
**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)
), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*ac
osh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sq
rt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(
-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)
), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e
**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - e**3*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x
**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d*
*2)/2, True))
```

3.8.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3d^3e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - d^3e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e + \frac{1}{3}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -3/2*d^3*e^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - d^3*e*log(2*d^2/abs(x)
) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x) - 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2*x +
sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e - (-e^2*x^2 + d^
2)^(3/2)*d/x
```

3.8.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3d^3e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3e^4x}{2(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)|e|} - \frac{d^3e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|}$$

$$- \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^3}{2x|e|} + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} (8d^2e - (2e^3x + 3de^2)x)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/2*d^3*e^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/2*d^3*e^4*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*abs(e)) - d^3*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3/(x*abs(e)) + 1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(8*d^2*e - (2*e^3*x + 3*d*e^2)*x)`

3.8.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3} + d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}$$

$$- d^3e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^2,x)`

output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2) - d^3*e*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d) - (d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^(1/2))`

3.9 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

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3.9.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{(d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}d^2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}d^2e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output -1/2*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2-3/2*d^2*e^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+3/2*d^2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-3/2*d*e*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.9.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^3+2d^2ex+2de^2x^2+e^3x^3)}{x^2} + 6d^2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 3d\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log(x) - 3d\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))/x^2) + 6*d^2*e^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + 3*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[x] - 3*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/2`

3.9.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {537, 25, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{(d+2ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \int \frac{(d+2ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{535} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{2(d+ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + (d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{(d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \int \frac{d+ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + (d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{(d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + (d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.9. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) + (d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \right) + (d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + (d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d + 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((d + 2*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2 - (3*e^2*((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^2*(ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))) / 2`

3.9.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]^{p_1}*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{p_2}/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*(2*p_1 + 1) + 2*d*p_1*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p_1}/(2*p_1*(2*p_1 + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a/(2*p_1 + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(c*(2*p_1 + 1) + 2*d*p_1*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p_1-1)}/x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p_1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p_1]$

```
rule 537 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

3.9.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(2ex+d)}{2x^2} - \frac{3e^3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{e^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{3e^2d^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}} - de^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$
default	$d \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right) \right)}{2d^2} \right) + e \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^2x} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(2*e*x+d)/x^2-3/2*e^3*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan
((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-1/2*e^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*e^
2*d^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-d*e^2*(
-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

$$3.9. \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

3.9.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{6d^2e^2x^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 3d^2e^2x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - 2d^2e^2x^2}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(6*d^2*e^2*x^2*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - 2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - (e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^2*e*x + d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^2`

3.9.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + d^2e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2x}{d\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie^2x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

3.9. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - e**3*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.9.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3d^2e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3}{2}d^2e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2d}}{|x|}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3x - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2 - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{2d} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e}{x} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2*d^2*e^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 3/2*d^2*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3*x - 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2 - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/d - (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^2)`

3.9.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3d^2e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^2e^3 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} + \frac{\left(d^2e^3 + \frac{4(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^2e}{x}\right)e^4x^2}{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2|e|}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}(e^3x+2de^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{4(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^2e|x|}{8e^2} + \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^2|e|}{8e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/2*d^2*e^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 3/2*d^2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/8*(d^2*e^3 + 4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e/x)*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*abs(e)) - 1/2*(e^3*x + 2*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2) - 1/8*(4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e*abs(e)/x + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/e^2`

3.9.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3d^2e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}$$

$$- de^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^3,x)`

output `(3*d^2*e^2*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d))/2 - (d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2*x^2) - d*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^(3/2))`

3.9. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.10 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

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3.10.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{e^2(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} + de^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}de^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/6*(3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3+d*e^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+3/2*d*e^3*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/2*e^2*(-3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x`

3.10.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^3-3d^2ex+8de^2x^2-6e^3x^3)}{6x^3} - 2de^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(x) - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-2d^3 - 3d^2ex + 8d^2e^2x^2 - 6e^3x^3)) / (6x^3) - 2d^2e^3 \text{ArcTan}[(ex) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])] + (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^3 \text{Log}[x]) / 2 - (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^3 \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]]) / 2$

3.10.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {537, 25, 536, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{(2d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{(2d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{536} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\int \frac{3d^2e-2de^2x}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 2de^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 2de^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{(2d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(2d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.10. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(2d + 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{3}{2}d^2e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(2d + 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-\frac{3d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(2d + 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 3de \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(2d - 3ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(2d + 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((2*d + 3*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3 - (e^2*(-(((2*d - 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x) - 2*d*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 3*d*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2`

3.10.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
 rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
 , 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
 x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 536 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := S
 imp[(-(2*c*p - d*x))*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((
 a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && Integer
 Q[2*p]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
 x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
 x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
 GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp [c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

3.10.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d(-8e^2x^2+3dex+2d^2)}{6x^3} + \frac{e^4d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - e^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} + \frac{3e^3d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$e \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right) \right)}{2d^2} \right) + d \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3d^2x^3} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*d*(-8*e^2*x^2+3*d*e*x+2*d^2)/x^3+e^4*d/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*e^3*d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.10. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

3.10.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{12de^3x^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + 9de^3x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + 6de^3x^3 + (6e^3x^3 - 8de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + 2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/6*(12*d*e^3*x^3*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + 9*d*e^3*x^3*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + 6*d*e^3*x^3 + (6*e^3*x^3 - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + 2*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^3`

3.10.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + d^2e \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2x}{d\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie^2x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

3.10. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) - e**3*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True))`

3.10.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{de^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3}{2} de^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4x}{d} - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3 - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}{2d^2} + \frac{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2}{3dx} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3dx^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*e^4*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 3/2*d*e^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4*x/d - 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3 - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/d^2 + 2/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x) - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^2) - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^3)`

3.10.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 285 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{de^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{\left(de^4 + \frac{3(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)de^2}{x} - \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d}{x^2}\right)e^6x^3}{24(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3|e|} + \frac{3de^4 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3 + \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)de^4}{x} - \frac{3(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2de^2}{x^2} - \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d}{x^3}}{24e^2|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*e^4*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/24*(d*e^4 + 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))*d*e^2/x - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))^2*d/x^2)*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))^3*abs(e) + 3/2*d*e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3 + 1/24*(15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))*d*e^4/x - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))^2*d*e^2/x^2 - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))^3*d/x^3)/(e^2*abs(e))`

3.10.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^4, x)`

3.10. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

3.11
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

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3.11.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{e^2(3d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} + e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{3}{8}e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/12*(4*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4+e^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-3/8*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/8*e^2*(8*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.11.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-6d^3-8d^2ex+15de^2x^2+32e^3x^3)}{x^4} - 48e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log(x)}{d} + \frac{9\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{d} \right)$$

3.11.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^3 - 8*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 + 32*e^3*x^3))/x^4 - 48*e^4*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[x])/d + (9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d)/24`

3.11.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {537, 25, 537, 25, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e^2 \int -\frac{(3d+4ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \int \frac{(3d+4ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{3d+8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(3d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{3d+8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(3d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(8e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{(3d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(3d+4ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.11. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 224 \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 8e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(3d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \downarrow 216 \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 + 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - x^4}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \frac{(3d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/12*((3*d + 4*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4 - (e^2*(-1/2*((3*d + 8*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - (e^2*(8*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2))/4`

3.11. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

3.11.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

3.11.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-32e^3x^3-15de^2x^2+8d^2ex+6d^3)}{24x^4} + \frac{e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{3e^4 d \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$d \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right) + c$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-32*e^3*x^3-15*d*e^2*x^2+8*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/x^4+e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-3/8*e^4*d/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.11.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{48e^4x^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 9e^4x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (32e^3x^3 + 15de^2x^2 - 8d^2ex - 6d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24x^4}$$

3.11. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(48*e^4*x^4*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 9*e^4*x^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (32*e^3*x^3 + 15*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^2*e*x - 6*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^4`

3.11.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$- de^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$- e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2x}{d\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*
sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) +
e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x*
**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1
)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/
(8*d**3), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2
) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2)
+ 1)/(3*d**2), True)) - d**2*e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(
2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
- I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) - e**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e
**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)
), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x
/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))

```

3.11.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx &= \frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{3}{8} e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5x}{d^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4}{8d} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{8d^3} \\
 &+ \frac{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{3d^2x} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}{8d^3x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{4dx^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output e^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 3/8*e^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*s
qrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5*x/d^2 + 3/8*sqrt(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4/d + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4/d^3 + 2/3*(-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^2*x) + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2/(d^3*x^2) - 1/3
*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^3) - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^4)

```

3.11. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

3.11.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 327 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left(3e^5 + \frac{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} - \frac{24(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e}{x^2} - \frac{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3}\right)}{192(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4|e|} + \frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} - \frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8|e|} + \frac{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^5|e|}{x} + \frac{24(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e^3|e|}{x^2} - \frac{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3e|e|}{x^3} - \frac{3(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4|e|}{ex^4} \Bigg/ 192e^4$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*e^5 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3/x - 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e/x^2 - 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)) + e^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - 3/8*e^5*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/192*(120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^5*abs(e)/x + 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^3*abs(e)/x^2 - 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e*abs(e)/x^3 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)/(e*x^4))/e^4`

3.11.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^5,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^5, x)`

3.11. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

3.12 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

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3.12.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{3e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

output `-1/4*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^5-3/8*e^5*arc tanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d+3/8*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.12.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{40} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-8d^4-10d^3ex+16d^2e^2x^2+25de^3x^3-8e^4x^4)}{dx^5} - \frac{15e^5 \log(x)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{15e^5 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-8*d^4 - 10*d^3*e*x + 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 25*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*e^4*x^4))/(d*x^5) - (15*e^5*\text{Log}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] + (15*e^5*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]))/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2])/40$

3.12.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 534$$

$$e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 243$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

3.12. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^5) + (e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/2`

3.12.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.12.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (8e^4x^4-25de^3x^3-16d^2e^2x^2+10d^3ex+8d^4)}{40x^5d} - \frac{3e^5 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$e \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right) - \dots$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/40*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(8*e^4*x^4-25*d*e^3*x^3-16*d^2*e^2*x^2+10*d^3*e*x+8*d^4)/x^5/d-3/8*e^5/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.12.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{15e^5x^5 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (8e^4x^4 - 25de^3x^3 - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 10d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{40dx^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/40*(15*e^5*x^5*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (8*e^4*x^4 - 25*d*e^3*x^3 - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*x^5)
```

3.12. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

3.12.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 774, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3id^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} - \frac{4ide^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} + \frac{2ie^6x^6\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5x^5+15d^3e^2x^7} - \frac{ie^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3x^5+15de^2x^7} \\ \frac{3d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} - \frac{4de^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} + \frac{2e^6x^6\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5x^5+15d^3e^2x^7} - \frac{e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3x^5+15de^2x^7} \end{array} \right) \\ + d^2e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{d^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{id^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(-\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) - 4*I*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**
3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d
*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-
15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15
*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**
5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3
*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d
**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*
d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**
2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*
e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2
*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-
e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3
*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x
**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) - e**3*Piecis
e((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e
/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True))

```

3.12.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{8d} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5}{8d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5}{8d^4} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3}{8d^4x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```

output -3/8*e^5*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d + 3/8*sqrt(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5/d^2 + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5/d^4 + 1/8*(-e^2*x
^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3/(d^4*x^2) - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^4) - 1
/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^5)

```

3.12. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

3.12.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left(2e^6 + \frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^4}{x} - \frac{10(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e^2}{x^2} - \frac{40(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{x^3} + \frac{20(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4e^8}{x} - \frac{40(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^4e^6}{x^2} - \frac{10(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^4e^4}{x^3} + \frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^4e^2}{x^4} + \frac{2(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^5d^4e^0}{x^5}\right)}{320(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^5d|e|} - \frac{3e^6 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8d|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/320*(2*e^6 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^4/x - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^2/x^2 - 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/x^3 + 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^2*x^4))*e^10*x^5/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d*abs(e)) - 3/8*e^6*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d*abs(e)) - 1/320*(20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*e^8/x - 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*e^6/x^2 - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^4*e^4/x^3 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^4*e^2/x^4 + 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^4/x^5)/(d^5*e^4*abs(e))`

3.12.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{3d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{8x^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{3e^5 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d} - \frac{5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{8x^4}$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^6,x)`

3.12. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

output $(3*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(8*x^4) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*d*x^5)$
 $- (3*e^5*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}/d))/(8*d - (5*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(8*x^4)$

3.13 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

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3.13.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16dx^2} - \frac{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5d^2x^5} - \frac{e^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^2}$$

output `-1/24*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^6-1/5*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^5-1/16*e^6*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^2+1/16*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^2`

3.13.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-40d^5-48d^4ex+70d^3e^2x^2+96d^2e^3x^3-15de^4x^4-48e^5x^5)}{240d^2x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^6 \log(x)}{16d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^6 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]`

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-40d^5 - 48d^4ex + 70d^3e^2x^2 + 96d^2e^3x^3 - 15de^4x^4 - 48e^5x^5)) / (240d^2x^6) - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^6 \text{Log}[x]) / (16d^3) + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^6 \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]]) / (16d^3)$

3.13.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de(6d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de(6d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{(6d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{e \left(e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{1}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{51} \\
 \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{\frac{6d}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}- \\
 \frac{6dx^6}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{73} \\
 \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e^2}}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{\frac{6d}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}- \\
 \frac{6dx^6}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(\frac{e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{\frac{6d}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}- \\
 \frac{6dx^6}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^6) + (e*((-6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) + (e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d)]/d))/4))/2)/(6*d)`

3.13.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.13.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (48e^5x^5+15de^4x^4-96d^2e^3x^3-70d^3e^2x^2+48d^4ex+40d^5)}{240x^6d^2} - \frac{e^6 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{16d\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$d \left[-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6d^2x^6} + \frac{e^2 \left[-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right]}{6d^2} \right]$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/240*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(48*e^5*x^5+15*d*e^4*x^4-96*d^2*e^3*x^3-70*d^3*e^2*x^2+48*d^4*e*x+40*d^5)/x^6/d^2-1/16/d*e^6/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

3.13.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{15e^6x^6 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (48e^5x^5 + 15de^4x^4 - 96d^2e^3x^3 - 70d^3e^2x^2 - 40d^4ex + 40d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240d^2x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/240*(15*e^6*x^6*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (48*e^5*x^5 + 15*d*e^4*x^4 - 96*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 70*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^4*e*x + 40*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*x^6)`

3.13.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{d^2}{6ex^7\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{5e}{24x^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{e^3}{48d^2x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{e^5}{16d^4x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{e^6 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \right. \\ \left. \frac{id^2}{6ex^7\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{5ie}{24x^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^3}{48d^2x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^5}{16d^4x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^6 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \right) \end{array} \right) \\ + d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{3id^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} - \frac{4ide^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} + \frac{2ie^6x^6\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5x^5+15d^3e^2x^7} - \frac{ie^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3x^5+15de^2x^7} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{3d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} - \frac{4de^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2x^5+15e^2x^7} + \frac{2e^6x^6\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5x^5+15d^3e^2x^7} - \frac{e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3x^5+15de^2x^7} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{d^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{id^2}{4ex^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(-\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(1
6*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((3*I*
d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**e**2
*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*
x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**
4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**
2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e
**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2
*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**
2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x
**7), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)
) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2
/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*...

```

3.13.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx &= -\frac{e^6 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{16d^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6}{16d^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^6}{48d^5} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4}{48d^5x^2} \\
 &- \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}{24d^3x^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}{5d^2x^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output -1/16*e^6*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^2 + 1/16*s
qrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6/d^3 + 1/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6/d^5 + 1/48*(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4/(d^5*x^2) - 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2/(d^3
*x^4) - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^5) - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2
)/(d*x^6)

```

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

3.13.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\left(5e^7 + \frac{12(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^5}{x} - \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e^3}{x^2} - \frac{60(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3e}{x^3}\right)}{1920(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)} - \frac{e^7 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16d^2|e|} - \frac{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^{10}e^9|e|}{x} - \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^{10}e^7|e|}{x^2} - \frac{60(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^{10}e^5|e|}{x^3} - \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^{10}}{x^4} \Bigg/ 1920d^{12}e^6$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*(5*e^7 + 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^5/x - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^3/x^2 - 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e/x^3 - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e*x^4) + 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^3*x^5))*e^12*x^6/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^2*abs(e)) - 1/16*e^7*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) - 1/1920*(120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^10*e^9*abs(e)/x - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^10*e^7*abs(e)/x^2 - 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^10*e^5*abs(e)/x^3 - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^10*e^3*abs(e)/x^4 + 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^10*e*abs(e)/x^5 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^10*abs(e)/(e*x^6))/(d^12*e^6)`

3.13.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16x^6} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{16dx^6} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5d^2x^5} + \frac{e^6 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) \operatorname{li}}{16d^2}$$

3.13. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^7,x)`

output $(d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2})/(16x^6) - (d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2})/(6x^6) - (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}/(16dx^6) + (e^6 \operatorname{atan}((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2} * i)/d) * i / (16d^2) - (e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}) / (5d^2x^5)$

3.14 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

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3.14.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16d^2x^2} - \frac{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24d^2x^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6d^2x^6} - \frac{2e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{35d^3x^5} - \frac{e^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$$

output `-1/24*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^4-1/7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^7-1/6*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^6-2/35*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^3/x^5-1/16*e^7*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3+1/16*e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2`

3.14.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-240d^6-280d^5ex+384d^4e^2x^2+490d^3e^3x^3-48d^2e^4x^4-105de^5x^5-105e^6x^6)}{1680d^3x^7} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^7 \log(x)}{16d^4} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^7 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

3.14. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-240 d^6 - 280 d^5 e x + 384 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 490 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 48 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 105 d e^5 x^5 - 96 e^6 x^6)) / (1680 d^3 x^7) - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^7 * \text{Log}[x]) / (16 d^4) + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^7 * \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2]]) / (16 d^4)$

3.14.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {539, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{de(7d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de(7d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{(7d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{e \left(- \frac{\int -\frac{de(12d+7ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(12d+7ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.14. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{(12d+7ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}}{7d} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(7e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{12(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{12(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.14. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 221 \\
 e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}}{6d} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{7d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{7dx^7}{7dx^7}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^7) + (e*((-7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*d*x^6) + (e*((-12*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) + (7*e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/2))/(6*d)))/(7*d)`

3.14.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.14.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (96e^6x^6+105de^5x^5+48d^2e^4x^4-490d^3x^3e^3-384d^4e^2x^2+280d^5ex+240d^6)}{1680x^7d^3} - \frac{e^7 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{16d^2\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$e^{-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6d^2x^6}} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right)}{6d^2}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1680*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(96*e^6*x^6+105*d*e^5*x^5+48*d^2*e^4*x^4-490*d^3*e^3*x^3-384*d^4*e^2*x^2+280*d^5*e*x+240*d^6)/x^7/d^3-1/16/d^2*e^7/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.14.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{105 e^7 x^7 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (96 e^6 x^6 + 105 d e^5 x^5 + 48 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 490 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 384 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 280 d^5 e x + 240 d^6)}{1680 d^3 x^7}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.14. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

output $\frac{1}{1680} \cdot (105e^7x^7 \log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/x) - (96e^6x^6 + 105d^2e^5x^5 + 48d^2e^4x^4 - 490d^3e^3x^3 - 384d^4e^2x^2 + 280d^5e^1x + 240d^6) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}) / (d^3x^7)$

3.14.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1037, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**8,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**6), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) - d**2*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*...`

3.14.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{e^7 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{16d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7}{16d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^7}{48d^6} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^5}{48d^6x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3}{24d^4x^4}$$

$$- \frac{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}{35d^3x^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}{6d^2x^6} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*e^7*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^3 + 1/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7/d^4 + 1/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7/d^6 + 1/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^5/(d^6*x^2) - 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3/(d^4*x^4) - 2/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2/(d^3*x^5) - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^6) - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^7)`

3.14.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\left(15e^8 + \frac{35(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^6}{x} - \frac{21(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e^4}{x^2} - \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x^3}\right)}{13440(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}$$

$$- \frac{e^8 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16d^3|e|}$$

$$- \frac{315(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^{18}e^{12}}{x} - \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^{18}e^{10}}{x^2} - \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^{18}e^8}{x^3} - \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^{18}}{x^4}$$

$$- \frac{13440d^{21}e^6|e|}{13440d^{21}e^6|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

3.14. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$

output $1/13440*(15*e^8 + 35*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e^6/x - 21*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*e^4/x^2 - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*e^2/x^3 - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4/x^4 - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5/(e^2*x^5) + 315*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^6/(e^4*x^6))*e^{14*x^7}/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^7*d^3*\text{abs}(e) - 1/16*e^8*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/(d^3*\text{abs}(e)) - 1/13440*(315*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^{18}*e^{12}/x - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*d^{18}*e^{10}/x^2 - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*d^{18}*e^8/x^3 - 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4*d^{18}*e^6/x^4 - 21*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5*d^{18}*e^4/x^5 + 35*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^6*d^{18}*e^2/x^6 + 15*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^7*d^{18}/x^7)/(d^{21}*e^6*\text{abs}(e))$

3.14.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{8de^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35x^5} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{7x^7} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35dx^3} - \frac{2e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35d^3x} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} + \frac{d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16x^6} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{16d^2x^6} + \frac{e^7 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \operatorname{li}}{d}\right) \operatorname{li}}{16d^3}$$

input $\text{int}(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x))/x^8,x)$

output $(e^7*\operatorname{atan}(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}* \operatorname{li})/d)* \operatorname{li})/(16*d^3) - (d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(7*x^7) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(6*x^6) - (e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(35*d*x^3) - (2*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(35*d^3*x) + (8*d*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(35*x^5) + (d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(16*x^6) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(16*d^2*x^6)$

3.15
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$$

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3.15.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{3e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{128d^3x^2} - \frac{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{64d^3x^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

$$- \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7d^2x^7} - \frac{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{16d^3x^6} - \frac{2e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{35d^4x^5} - \frac{3e^8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d^4}$$

output

```
-1/64*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^3/x^4-1/8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^8-1/7*
e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^7-1/16*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^3/x^6-2/35*
e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^4/x^5-3/128*e^8*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)
/d^4+3/128*e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2
```

3.15.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-560d^7-640d^6ex+840d^5e^2x^2+1024d^4e^3x^3-70d^3e^4x^4-12d^2e^5x^5-12de^6x^6-12e^7x^7)}{4480d^4x^8}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^8\log(x)}{128d^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^8\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]
```

3.15.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-560d^7 - 640d^6e^2x + 840d^5e^4x^2 + 1024d^4e^6x^3 - 70d^3e^8x^4 - 128d^2e^{10}x^5 - 105de^{12}x^6 - 256e^{14}x^7)) / (4480d^4x^8) - (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^8 \text{Log}[x]) / (128d^5) + (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^8 \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]]) / (128d^5)$

3.15.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$, Rules used = {539, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(8d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de(8d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{(8d+3ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(21d+16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(21d+16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.15. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{2d} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 51

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{2d} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{2d} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7}$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 221

3.15. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2}}{2d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^8) + (e*((-8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*d*x^7) + (e*((-7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*d*x^6) + (e*((-32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) + (7*e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/2))/(2*d)))/(7*d)))/(8*d)`

3.15.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
 Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.15.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

3.15. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (256e^7x^7+105de^6x^6+128d^2e^5x^5+70d^3e^4x^4-1024d^4e^3x^3-840d^5e^2x^2+640d^6ex+560d^7)}{4480x^8d^4} - \frac{3e^8 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{128d^3\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$e\left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7d^2x^7} - \frac{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35d^4x^5}\right) + d - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8d^2x^8} + \dots$

3.15. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4480*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(256*e^7*x^7+105*d*e^6*x^6+128*d^2*e^5*x^5+70*d^3*e^4*x^4-1024*d^4*e^3*x^3-840*d^5*e^2*x^2+640*d^6*e*x+560*d^7)/x^8/d^4-3/128/d^3*e^8/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.15.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{105e^8x^8 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (256e^7x^7 + 105de^6x^6 + 128d^2e^5x^5 + 70d^3e^4x^4 - 1024d^4e^3x^3 - 840d^5e^2x^2 + 640d^6ex + 560d^7)}{4480d^4x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4480*(105*e^8*x^8*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (256*e^7*x^7 + 105*d*e^6*x^6 + 128*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 70*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 1024*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 840*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 640*d^6*e*x + 560*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*x^8)`

3.15.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1159, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/x**9,x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e/(48*x**7
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) + 5*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 5*e**7/(128*d**
6*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e**8*acosh(d/(e*x))/(128*d**7), Abs(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I
*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(-d**
2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
+ 5*I*e**7/(128*d**6*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**8*asin(d/(e*
x))/(128*d**7), True)) + d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(
7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(10
5*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*
x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(
-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)/(105*d**6), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2
*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x
**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1
)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6
*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(...

```

3.15.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx &= -\frac{3e^8 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{128d^4} \\
 &+ \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^8}{128d^5} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^8}{128d^7} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6}{128d^7x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4}{64d^5x^4} \\
 &- \frac{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3}{35d^4x^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}{16d^3x^6} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}{7d^2x^7} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output
$$-3/128*e^8*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^4 + 3/128 *sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^8/d^5 + 1/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^8/d^7 + 1/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6/(d^7*x^2) - 1/64*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4/(d^5*x^4) - 2/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3/(d^4*x^5) - 1/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2/(d^3*x^6) - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e/(d^2*x^7) - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^8)$$

3.15.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\left(35e^9 + \frac{80(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^7}{x} - \frac{112(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3e^3}{x^3} - \frac{280(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x^4}\right)}{71680(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)} - \frac{3e^9 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{128d^4|e|} - \frac{1680(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^{28}e^{13}|e|}{x} - \frac{560(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^{28}e^9|e|}{x^3} - \frac{280(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^{28}e^7|e|}{x^4} - \frac{112(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x^5} - \frac{71680d^{32}e^8}{71680d^{32}e^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$1/71680*(35*e^9 + 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^7/x - 112*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e^3/x^3 - 280*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*e/x^4 - 560*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e*x^5) + 1680*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7/(e^5*x^7))*e^16*x^8/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8*d^4*abs(e)) - 3/128*e^9*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) - 1/71680*(1680*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^28*e^13*abs(e)/x - 560*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^28*e^9*abs(e)/x^3 - 280*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^28*e^7*abs(e)/x^4 - 112*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^28*e^5*abs(e)/x^5 + 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^28*e*abs(e)/x^7 + 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8*d^28*abs(e)/(e*x^8))/(d^32*e^8)$$

3.15.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$$

3.15.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{128x^8} - \frac{11d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{128x^8} - \frac{11(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{128dx^8} + \frac{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{128d^3x^8} + \frac{8e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35x^5} - \frac{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35d^2x^3} - \frac{2e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35d^4x} - \frac{d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{7x^7} + \frac{e^8 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}i}{d}\right) 3i}{128d^4}$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/x^9,x)`output `(3*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(128*x^8) - (11*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(128*x^8) - (11*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(128*d*x^8) + (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(128*d^3*x^8) + (8*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*x^5) + (e^8*atan(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*i)/d)*3i)/(128*d^4) - (e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d^2*x^3) - (2*e^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d^4*x) - (d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^7)`

3.16 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.16.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} - \frac{dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^3}$$

output $1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3+1/2*d^3*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3-d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-1/2*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2$

3.16.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-4d^2-3dex-2e^2x^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{6e^3} - \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output $((-4*d^2 - 3*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(6*e^3) - (d^3*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^3$

3.16.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{dex(2d+3ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{x(2d+3ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(3d+4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{3d+4ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.16. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - 4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (d*((-3*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) + (d*((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e)))/(2*e))/(3*e)`

3.16.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.16.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(2e^2x^2+3dex+4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6e^3} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$	75
default	$e\left(-\frac{x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^4}\right) + d\left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)$	107

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(2*e^2*x^2+3*d*e*x+4*d^2)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*d^3/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.16.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{6d^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (2e^2x^2 + 3dex + 4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/6*(6*d^3*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + 4*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`

3.16.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2e^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^2}{3e^3} - \frac{dx}{2e^2} - \frac{x^2}{3e} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{dx^3}{3} + \frac{ex^4}{4}}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**3*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**2/(3*e**3) - d*x/(2*e**2) - x**2/(3*e)), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*x**3/3 + e*x**4/4)/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.16.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x^2}{3e} + \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}dx}{2e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^2/e + 1/2*d^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x/e^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/e^3`

3.16.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^2|e|} - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(x \left(\frac{2x}{e} + \frac{3d}{e^2} \right) + \frac{4d^2}{e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - 1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x*(2*x/e + 3*d/e^2) + 4*d^2/e^3)`**3.16.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{dx^3}{3\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{if } e = 0 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^2+e^2x^2)}{3e^3} - \frac{d^3 \ln\left(2x\sqrt{-e^2+2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2(-e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^2} & \text{if } e \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `piecewise(e == 0, (d*x^3)/(3*(d^2)^(1/2)), e ~= 0, -((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))*(2*d^2 + e^2*x^2)/(3*e^3) - (d^3*log(2*x*(-e^2)^(1/2) + 2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*(-e^2)^(3/2)) - (d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2*e^2))`

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.17.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(d+ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output `-d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+d*(e*x+d)/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3`

3.17.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-2d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(-d+ex)} + \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) + (2*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^3`

3.17.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {527, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{527} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x))/(e^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e) + (d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e/e^2`

3.17.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 527 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n - 1))*c^(m + n - 2)*((c + d*x)/(b*d^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^(m - 2)) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(n - 1))*c^(m + n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)]/(c - d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.17.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^4\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	99
default	$e\left(-\frac{x^2}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{2d^2}{e^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right) + d\left(\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)$	103

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-d/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d/e^4/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)`

3.17.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dex - 2d^2 + 2(dx - d^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex - 2d)}{e^4x - de^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(2*d*e*x - 2*d^2 + 2*(d*e*x - d^2)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x - 2*d))/(e^4*x - d*e^3)`**3.17.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{cases} \frac{i \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{ix}{de^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{x}{de^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2d^2}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{x^2}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4}{4(d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `d*Piecewise((I*acosh(e*x/d)/e**3 - I*x/(d*e**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-asin(e*x/d)/e**3 + x/(d*e**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((2*d**2/(e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - x**2/(e**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**4/(4*(d**2)**(3/2)), True))`

3.17.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e} + \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^2} - \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^2} + \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e) + d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2) - d*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) + 2*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3)`**3.17.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^2|e|} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3} + \frac{2d}{e^2\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^3 + 2*d/(e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)*abs(e))`**3.17.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d^2-e^2x^2}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{-e^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{(-e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{dx}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*d^2 - e^2*x^2)/(e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)) + (d*log(x*(-e^2)^(1/2) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)))/(-e^2)^(3/2) + (d*x)/(e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))`

3.17. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.18.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/3*x^2*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2/3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.18.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^2+2dex+e^2x^2)}{3de^3(d-ex)^2(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^2 + 2*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(3*d*e^3*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x))`

3.18.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {529, 27, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 529$$

$$\frac{d(d+ex)}{3e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+3ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{d(d+ex)}{3e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d+3ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 453$$

$$\frac{d(d+ex)}{3e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3d+ex}{3de^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x))/(3*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (3*d + e*x)/(3*d*e^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.18.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 529 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]},
Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] +
Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.18.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2-2dex+2d^2)}{3de^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	55
trager	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-2dex+2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3de^3(-ex+d)^2(ex+d)}$	57
default	$e\left(\frac{x^2}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{2d^2}{3e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)+d\left(\frac{x}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2}\right)$	120

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2-2*d*e*x+2*d^2)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)
```

3.18.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^3x^3-2de^2x^2-2d^2ex+2d^3-(e^2x^2+2dex-2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3(de^6x^3-d^2e^5x^2-d^3e^4x+d^4e^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/3*(2*e^3*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*x + 2*d^3 - (e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x - 2
*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^6*x^3 - d^2*e^5*x^2 - d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3
)
```

3.18.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{cases} \frac{ix^3}{-3d^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+3d^3e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{x^3}{-3d^5\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+3d^3e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2d^2}{-3d^2e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+3e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3e^2x^2}{-3d^2e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+3e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4}{4(d^2)^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output d*Piecewise((I*x**3/(-3*d**5*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 3*d**3*e**2*x**2*
sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-x**3/(-3*d**5*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 3*d**3*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))
+ e*Piecewise((2*d**2/(-3*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 3*e**6*x**2*s
qrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - 3*e**2*x**2/(-3*d**2*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)
+ 3*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**4/(4*(d**2)**(5/2)),
True))
```

3.18.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e} + \frac{dx}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} \\ - \frac{2d^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e) + 1/3*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2/3*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 1/3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2)`

3.18.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2), x)`

3.18.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^2+2dex+e^2x^2)}{3de^3(d+ex)(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2 + 2*d*e*x))/(3*d*e^3*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.19 $\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.19.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^4(6d+7ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x^2(24d+35ex)}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{(32d+35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{10e^8} - \frac{7d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^8}$$

output `1/5*x^6*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^4*(7*e*x+6*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-7/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^8+1/15*x^2*(35*e*x+24*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/10*(35*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^8`

3.19.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(96d^6+9d^5ex-249d^4e^2x^2+4d^3e^3x^3+176d^2e^4x^4-15de^5x^5-15e^6x^6)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2} + 210d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{\dots}{30e^8}$$

input `Integrate[(x^7*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

```
output ((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(96*d^6 + 9*d^5*e*x - 249*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 15*d*e^5*x^5 - 15*e^6*x^6))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) + 210*d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/(30*e^8))
```

3.19.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {529, 2345, 2345, 27, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 529 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{d^7}{e^7} + \frac{5xd^6}{e^6} + \frac{5x^2d^5}{e^5} + \frac{5x^3d^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^4d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^5d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^6d}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{\frac{13d^7}{e^7} + \frac{30xd^6}{e^6} + \frac{30x^2d^5}{e^5} + \frac{15x^3d^4}{e^4} + \frac{15x^4d^3}{e^3}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15\left(\frac{3d^7}{e^7} + \frac{xd^6}{e^6} + \frac{x^2d^5}{e^5}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \int \frac{\frac{3d^7}{e^7} + \frac{xd^6}{e^6} + \frac{x^2d^5}{e^5}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346
 \end{aligned}$$

3.19. $\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\left(\int -\frac{d^6(7d+2ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\left(\int \frac{d^6(7d+2ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\left(\frac{d^6\int \frac{7d+2ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx}{2e^7} - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\left(\frac{d^6\left(7d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e^7} - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\left(\frac{d^6\left(7d\int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}dx - \frac{d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e^7} - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216
 \end{aligned}$$

3.19. $\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{d^6(d+ex)}{5e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \left(\frac{d^6 \left(\frac{7d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^7} - \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^7} \right)}{\frac{d^5(15d+16ex)}{3e^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^5(45d+58ex)}{e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^2}{3d^2}}}{5d}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^6*(d + e*x))/(5*e^8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((d^5*(15*d + 16*e*x))/(3*e^8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((d^5*(45*d + 58*e*x))/(e^8*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*(-1/2*(d^5*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/e^7 + (d^6*((-2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (7*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^7)))/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d)`

3.19.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.19.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$e \left(-\frac{x^7}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7d^2}{2e^2} \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2 \sqrt{e^2}} \right) \right) + d \left(-\frac{x^6}{e^2} + \dots \right)$
risch	$\frac{(ex+2d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^8} - \frac{7d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^7\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{7d^3 \sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 - 2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{15e^{10}\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{773d^2 \sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 - 2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{240e^9\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \dots$

```
input int(x^7*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e*(-1/2*x^7/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+7/2*d^2/e^2*(1/5*x^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/e^2*(1/3*x^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/e^2*(x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))))+d*(-x^6/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+6*d^2/e^2*(x^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4*d^2/e^2*(1/3*x^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2))-2/15*d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2))))
```

3.19.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{96d^2e^5x^5 - 96d^3e^4x^4 - 192d^4e^3x^3 + 192d^5e^2x^2 + 96d^6ex - 96d^7 + 210(d^2e^5x^5 - \dots)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

```
input integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.19. $\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

```
output 1/30*(96*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 96*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 192*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 192*d^5*e^2*x^2
+ 96*d^6*e*x - 96*d^7 + 210*(d^2*e^5*x^5 - d^3*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 2
*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e*x - d^7)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) +
(15*e^6*x^6 + 15*d*e^5*x^5 - 176*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 249*d^4*e^2
*x^2 - 9*d^5*e*x - 96*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^13*x^5 - d*e^12*x^4 -
2*d^2*e^11*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^10*x^2 + d^4*e^9*x - d^5*e^8)
```

3.19.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 13.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2004, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.45

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**7*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)
```

```
output d*Piecewise((16*d**6/(5*d**4*e**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**10*x
**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 5*e**12*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - 40*d**
4*e**2*x**2/(5*d**4*e**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**10*x**2*sqrt(
d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 5*e**12*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) + 30*d**2*e**4*x
**4/(5*d**4*e**8*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e
**2*x**2) + 5*e**12*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - 5*e**6*x**6/(5*d**4*e**8
*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**10*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 5*e
**12*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**8/(8*(d**2)**(7/2)), True
)) + e*Piecewise((210*I*d**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(60*d
**5*e**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 120*d**3*e**11*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**
2/d**2) + 60*d*e**13*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 105*pi*d**7*sqrt(-1
+ e**2*x**2/d**2)/(60*d**5*e**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 120*d**3*e**1
1*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 60*d*e**13*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**
2)) - 210*I*d**6*e*x/(60*d**5*e**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 120*d**3*e
**11*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 60*d*e**13*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d
**2)) - 420*I*d**5*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(60*d
**5*e**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 120*d**3*e**11*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**
2/d**2) + 60*d*e**13*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 210*pi*d**5*e**2*x
**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(60*d**5*e**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 120
*d**3*e**11*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 60*d*e**13*x**4*sqrt(-1 + ...
```

3.19.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x^7}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{7d^2x \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right)}{30e} - \frac{dx^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}$$

$$- \frac{7d^2x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{6e^3} + \frac{6d^3x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} - \frac{8d^5x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{16d^7}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^8} + \frac{14d^4x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^7} - \frac{49d^2x}{30\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7} - \frac{7d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}e^7}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*x^7/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 7/30*d^2*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6))/e - d*x^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 7/6*d^2*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e^3 + 6*d^3*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) - 8*d^5*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) + 16/5*d^7/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^8) + 14/15*d^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7) - 49/30*d^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7) - 7/2*d^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^7)`

3.19.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^7}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^7/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.19.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^7*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((x^7*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.20 $\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.20.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^3(5d+6ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d+8ex)}{5e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^7} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^7}$$

output $1/5*x^5*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^3*(6*e*x+5*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-d*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^7+1/5*x*(8*e*x+5*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+16/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^7$

3.20.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(48d^5-33d^4ex-87d^3e^2x^2+52d^2e^3x^3+38de^4x^4-15e^5x^5)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2} + 30d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}\right) \frac{1}{15e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^6*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(48*d^5 - 33*d^4*e*x - 87*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 52*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 38*d*e^4*x^4 - 15*e^5*x^5))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) + 30*d*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(15*e^7)$

3.20. $\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.20.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {529, 2345, 2345, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{d^6}{e^6} + \frac{5xd^5}{e^5} + \frac{5x^2d^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^3d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^4d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^5d}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{8d^6}{e^6} + \frac{30xd^5}{e^5} + \frac{15x^2d^4}{e^4} + \frac{15x^3d^3}{e^3}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(45d+23ex)}{e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^5(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(45d+23ex)}{e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^6}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(45d+23ex)}{e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \left(d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^6}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.20. $\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^4(45d+23ex)}{e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \left(d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{3d^2 e^6} \Bigg/ 5d$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^5(d+ex)}{5e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d^4(15d+11ex)}{3e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^4(45d+23ex)}{e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{3d^2 e^6} \Bigg/ 5d$$

```
input Int[(x^6*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

```
output (d^5*(d + e*x))/(5*e^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((d^4*(15*d + 11*e*x))/(3*
e^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((d^4*(45*d + 23*e*x))/(e^7*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^
2])) - (15*d^3*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e) + (d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^2]])/e))/e^6)/(3*d^2))/(5*d)
```

3.20.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```



```
rule 529 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]},
Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] +
Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]},
Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] +
Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.20.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$e \left(-\frac{x^6}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \dots \right)$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^7} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^6\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{24e^9(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} + \frac{25d\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{48e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{23d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{60e^7}$

```
input int(x^6*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e*(-x^6/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+6*d^2/e^2*(x^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4*d^2/e^2*(1/3*x^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/15*d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2))))+d*(1/5*x^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/e^2*(1/3*x^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/e^2*(x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))))))
```

$$3.20. \int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.20.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 263 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{48de^5x^5 - 48d^2e^4x^4 - 96d^3e^3x^3 + 96d^4e^2x^2 + 48d^5ex - 48d^6 + 30(de^5x^5 - d^2e^4x^4)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(48*d*e^5*x^5 - 48*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 96*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 96*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^5*e*x - 48*d^6 + 30*(d*e^5*x^5 - d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e*x - d^6)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (15*e^5*x^5 - 38*d*e^4*x^4 - 52*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 87*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 33*d^4*e*x - 48*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^12*x^5 - d*e^11*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^10*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^9*x^2 + d^4*e^8*x - d^5*e^7)`

3.20.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1821, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.39

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
d*Piecewise((30*I*d**5*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(30*d**5*e**
7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)
+ 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 15*pi*d**5*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x
**2/d**2)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt
(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 30*I*d
**4*e*x/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(
-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 60*I*d
**3*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1
+ e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e
**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 30*pi*d**3*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*
x**2/d**2)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sq
rt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 70*I
*d**2*e**3*x**3/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**
2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) +
30*I*d*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(30*d**5*e**7*sq
rt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*
d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 15*pi*d*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2
*x**2/d**2)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sq
rt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 46*
I*e**5*x**5/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2...
```

3.20.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 290 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15} dx \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) \\ - \frac{x^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} - \frac{dx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{3e^2} \\ + \frac{6d^2x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} - \frac{8d^4x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^5} + \frac{16d^6}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^7} \\ + \frac{4d^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^6} - \frac{7dx}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6} - \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.20. $\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output $1/15*d*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^6)) - x^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e) - 1/3*d*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^4))/e^2 + 6*d^2*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^3) - 8*d^4*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^5) + 16/5*d^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^7) + 4/15*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^6) - 7/15*d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6) - d*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^6)$

3.20.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^6/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.20.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^6*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((x^6*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.21.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^2(4d+5ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d+15ex}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

output $1/5*x^4*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^2*(5*e*x+4*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+1/15*(15*e*x+8*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.21.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^4+7d^3ex-27d^2e^2x^2-8de^3x^3+23e^4x^4)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2} + 30 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 15e^6$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(8*d^4 + 7*d^3*e*x - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 23*e^4*x^4))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) + 30*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(15*e^6)$

3.21.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {529, 2345, 2345, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{d^5}{e^5} + \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^3d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4d}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(10d+11ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{8d^5}{e^5} + \frac{15xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{15x^2d^3}{e^3}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(10d+11ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(15d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^5}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(10d+11ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(15d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^5}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(10d+11ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(15d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} dx}{e^5}}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.21. $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d^4(d+ex)}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(10d+11ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3(15d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}}{3d^2}}{5d}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^4*(d + e*x))/(5*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((d^3*(10*d + 11*e*x))/(3*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((d^3*(15*d + 23*e*x))/(e^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^3*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^6)/(3*d^2))/(5*d)`

3.21.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^(n-1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*a*d*(p+1)), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p+1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n-1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p+1)*Qx + R*(n+2*p+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.21.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$e \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}x}{e^2\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2}}{e^2} \right) + d \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e*(1/5*x^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/e^2*(1/3*x^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/e^2*(x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))))+d*(x^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4*d^2/e^2*(1/3*x^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/15*d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)))
```

3.21.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 247 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{8e^5x^5 - 8de^4x^4 - 16d^2e^3x^3 + 16d^3e^2x^2 + 8d^4ex - 8d^5 + 30(e^5x^5 - de^4x^4 - 2d^2e^3x^3 + 2d^3e^2x^2 + 2d^4ex - d^5)}{15(e^{11}x^5 - d^{11})}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.21. $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$


```
output 1/15*(8*e^5*x^5 - 8*d*e^4*x^4 - 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^4*e*x - 8*d^5 + 30*(e^5*x^5 - d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e*x - d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (23*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 7*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^11*x^5 - d*e^10*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^9*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^8*x^2 + d^4*e^7*x - d^5*e^6)
```

3.21.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1739, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.25

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)
```

```
output d*Piecewise((8*d**4/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - 20*d**2*e**2*x**2/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) + 15*e**4*x**4/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**6/(6*(d**2)**(7/2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((30*I*d**5*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 15*pi*d**5*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 30*I*d**4*e*x/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 60*I*d**3*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)*acosh(e*x/d)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 30*pi*d**3*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 70*I*d**2*e**3*x**3/(30*d**5*e**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 60*d**3*e**9*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 30*d*e**11*x**4*sqrt(-1 ...
```

3.21.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15} ex \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{3e} + \frac{dx^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{4d^3x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^5}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} + \frac{4d^2x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} - \frac{7x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*e*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 1/3*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e + d*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 4/3*d^3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8/15*d^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) + 4/15*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) - 7/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^5)`

3.21.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^5}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^5/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.21.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((x^5*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.22 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.22.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4d^2}{15e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4}{5e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*x^4*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/15*d^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+4/5/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.22.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^4-8d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2+12de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15de^5(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(8*d^4 - 8*d^3*e*x - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 12*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4))/(15*d*e^5*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2)$

3.22.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {529, 2345, 27, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{d^4}{e^4} + \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^3d}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(5d+3ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{3d^3(d+5ex)}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(5d+3ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{d+5ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{e^4}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{453} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(5d+3ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{5d+ex}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^3*(d + e*x))/(5*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((2*d^2*(5*d + 3*e*x))/(3*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*d + e*x)/(e^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*d)`

3.22.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.22.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

3.22. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(3e^4x^4+12de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2-8d^3ex+8d^4)}{15de^5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}$
trager	$\frac{(3e^4x^4+12de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2-8d^3ex+8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15e^5d(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)^2}$
default	$e \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(3*e^4*x^4+12*d*e^3*x^3-12*d^2*e^2*x^2-8*d^3*e*x+8*d^4)/d/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)
```

3.22.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{8e^5x^5 - 8de^4x^4 - 16d^2e^3x^3 + 16d^3e^2x^2 + 8d^4ex - 8d^5 - (3e^4x^4 + 12de^3x^3 - 12d^2e^2x^2 - 8d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(de^{10}x^5 - d^2e^9x^4 - 2d^3e^8x^3 + 2d^4e^7x^2 + d^5e^6x - d^6e^5)}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(8*e^5*x^5 - 8*d*e^4*x^4 - 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^4*e*x - 8*d^5 - (3*e^4*x^4 + 12*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^10*x^5 - d^2*e^9*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^8*x^3 + 2*d^4*e^7*x^2 + d^5*e^6*x - d^6*e^5)
```

3.22. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.22.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{ix^5}{5d^7\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-10d^5e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+5d^3e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{x^5}{5d^7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-10d^5e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+5d^3e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{8d^4}{15d^4e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^{10}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{20d^2e^2x^2}{15d^4e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^{10}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{x^6}{6(d^2)^{7/2}} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((-I*x**5/(5*d**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 10*d**5*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 5*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (x**5/(5*d**7*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 10*d**5*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 5*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((8*d**4/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) - 20*d**2*e**2*x**2/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) + 15*e**4*x**4/(15*d**4*e**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**8*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**10*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**6/(6*(d**2)**(7/2)), True))`

3.22.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{dx^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{4d^2x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} \\ - \frac{3d^3x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^5} + \frac{dx}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $x^4/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e) + 1/2*d*x^3/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^2) - 4/3*d^2*x^2/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^3) - 3/10*d^3*x/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^4) + 8/15*d^4/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^5) + 1/10*d*x/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}e^4) + 1/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4)$

3.22.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^4/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.22.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^4-8d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2+12de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15de^5(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*d^4 + 3*e^4*x^4 + 12*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^3*e*x))/(15*d*e^5*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.23 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.23.1	Optimal result	499
3.23.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	499
3.23.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	500
3.23.4	Maple [A] (verified)	501
3.23.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	502
3.23.6	Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	503
3.23.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	503
3.23.8	Giac [F]	504
3.23.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	504

3.23.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2d+3ex}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{5d^2e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*x^2*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-3*e*x-2*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5*x/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.23.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^4+2d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2-3de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15d^2e^4(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^4 + 2*d^3*e*x + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^2*e^4*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2)$

3.23.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {529, 2345, 27, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d(5d+6ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3d^3}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d(5d+6ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{e^3}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{d(5d+6ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{de^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^2*(d + e*x))/(5*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((d*(5*d + 6*e*x))/(3*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - x/(d*e^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*d)`

3.23.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.23.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(-3e^4x^4+3de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2-2d^3ex+2d^4)}{15d^2e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-3e^4x^4+3de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2-2d^3ex+2d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^2e^4(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)^2}$
default	$e \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{2e^2} \right) + d \left(\frac{\dots}{3e^2} \right)$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(-3*e^4*x^4+3*d*e^3*x^3-3*d^2*e^2*x^2-2*d^3*e*x+2*d^4)/d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)
```

3.23.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^5x^5 - 2de^4x^4 - 4d^2e^3x^3 + 4d^3e^2x^2 + 2d^4ex - 2d^5 + (3e^4x^4 - 3de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + 2d^3ex - 2d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(d^2e^9x^5 - d^3e^8x^4 - 2d^4e^7x^3 + 2d^5e^6x^2 + d^6e^5x - d^7e^4)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/15*(2*e^5*x^5 - 2*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^4*e*x - 2*d^5 + (3*e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^9*x^5 - d^3*e^8*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^7*x^3 + 2*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5*x - d^7*e^4)
```

3.23. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.23.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{2d^2}{15d^4e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{5e^2x^2}{15d^4e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\ \frac{x^4}{4(d^2)^{7/2}} \end{cases} \right) + e \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{ix^5}{5d^7\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-10d^5e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+5d^3e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{x^5}{5d^7\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-10d^5e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+5d^3e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((-2*d**2/(15*d**4*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**8*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)) + 5*e**2*x**2/(15*d**4*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**8*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**4/(4*(d**2)**(7/2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((-I*x**5/(5*d**7*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 10*d**5*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 5*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (x**5/(5*d**7*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 10*d**5*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 5*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))`

3.23.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{dx^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{3d^2x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} - \frac{2d^3}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} + \frac{x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}x^3/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e) + \frac{1}{3}d^2x^2/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^2) - \frac{3}{10}d^2x/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^3) - \frac{2}{15}d^3/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}e^4) + \frac{1}{10}x/((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}e^3) + \frac{1}{5}x/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})d^2e^3$

3.23.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^3}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.23.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-2d^4 + 2d^3ex + 3d^2e^2x^2 - 3de^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4)}{15d^2e^4(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1/2)}(3e^4x^4 - 2d^4 - 3de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + 2d^3ex))/(15d^2e^4(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^3)$

3.24 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.24.1	Optimal result	505
3.24.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	505
3.24.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	506
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3.24.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	510

3.24.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(d-ex)}{15de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x}{15d^3e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*x^2*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/15*(-e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2/15*x/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.24.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^4+2d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^3e^3(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^4 + 2*d^3*e*x + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2)$

3.24.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {529, 27, 454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+5ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d+5ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{5d+ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{5d+ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x))/(5*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((5*d + e*x)/(3*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.24.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

- rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.24.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(2e^4x^4-2de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2-2d^3ex+2d^4)}{15d^3e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(2e^4x^4-2de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2-2d^3ex+2d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3e^3(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)^2}$
default	$e\left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)+d\left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}+\frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^2}\right)}{4e^2}\right)$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.24. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(2*e^4*x^4-2*d*e^3*x^3-3*d^2*e^2*x^2-2*d^3*e*x+2*d^4)/d^3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(7/2)}}{15(d^3e^8x^5 - d^4e^7x^4 - 2d^5e^6x^3 + 2d^6e^5x^2 + d^7e^4x - d^8e^3)}$$

3.24.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^5x^5 - 2de^4x^4 - 4d^2e^3x^3 + 4d^3e^2x^2 + 2d^4ex - 2d^5 - (2e^4x^4 - 2de^3x^3 - 3d^2e^2x^2 - 2d^3ex + 2d^4)\sqrt{-d^2+e^2x^2}}{15(d^3e^8x^5 - d^4e^7x^4 - 2d^5e^6x^3 + 2d^6e^5x^2 + d^7e^4x - d^8e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/15*(2*e^5*x^5 - 2*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^4*e*x - 2*d^5 - (2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^3*e*x + 2*d^4)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^8*x^5 - d^4*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^5*e^6*x^3 + 2*d^6*e^5*x^2 + d^7*e^4*x - d^8*e^3)}$$

3.24.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = d \left(\left(\frac{5id^2x^3}{15d^9\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2ie^2x^5}{15d^9\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right) - \left(\frac{5d^2x^3}{15d^9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{2e^2x^5}{15d^9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right) \right) + e \left(\left(\frac{2d^2}{15d^4e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{5e^2x^2}{15d^4e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-30d^2e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+15e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \text{ for } e \neq 0 \right. \\ \left. \frac{x^4}{4(d^2)^{7/2}} \text{ other}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

```
output d*Piecewise((-5*I*d**2*x**3/(15*d**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*
e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2
/d**2)) + 2*I*e**2*x**5/(15*d**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*e**2*
x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**
2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (5*d**2*x**3/(15*d**9*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**
*2) - 30*d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(
1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 2*e**2*x**5/(15*d**9*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*
d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*
x**2/d**2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((-2*d**2/(15*d**4*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*
x**2) - 30*d**2*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**8*x**4*sqrt(d**2
- e**2*x**2)) + 5*e**2*x**2/(15*d**4*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 30*d**2
*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 15*e**8*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)),
Ne(e, 0)), (x**4/(4*(d**2)**(7/2)), True))
```

3.24.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} - \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}de^2} - \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3e^2}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/5*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2)
- 2/15*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) - 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d
*e^2) - 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*e^2)
```

3.24.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)
```

3.24. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.24.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^4+2d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^3e^3(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.25 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.25.1	Optimal result	511
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3.25.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	514
3.25.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	515
3.25.8	Giac [F]	515
3.25.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	516

3.25.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d+ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x}{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x}{15d^4e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x/d^2/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2/15*x/d^4/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.25.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4-3d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^4e^2(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d+e*x))/(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(3*d^4-3*d^3*e*x+3*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*d*e^3*x^3-2*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^4*e^2*(d-e*x)^3*(d+e*x)^2)`

3.25.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {530, 27, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^2}{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d + e*x)/(5*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e)`

3.25.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.25.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(-2e^4x^4+2de^3x^3+3d^2e^2x^2-3d^3ex+3d^4)}{15d^4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}$	77
trager	$\frac{(-2e^4x^4+2de^3x^3+3d^2e^2x^2-3d^3ex+3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^4(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)^2e^2}$	79
default	$e \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{d}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}$	120

input `int(x*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.25. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output $1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(-2*e^4*x^4+2*d*e^3*x^3+3*d^2*e^2*x^2-3*d^3*e*x+3*d^4)/d^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)$

3.25.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3e^5x^5 - 3de^4x^4 - 6d^2e^3x^3 + 6d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex - 3d^5 + (2e^4x^4 - 2de^3x^3 - 3d^2e^2x^2 + 3d^3e^2x^2 - 3d^4e^2x^2 + d^5e^2x^2)}{15(d^4e^7x^5 - d^5e^6x^4 - 2d^6e^5x^3 + 2d^7e^4x^2 + d^8e^3x - d^9e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/15*(3*e^5*x^5 - 3*d*e^4*x^4 - 6*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x - 3*d^5 + (2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 3*d^4)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^7*x^5 - d^5*e^6*x^4 - 2*d^6*e^5*x^3 + 2*d^7*e^4*x^2 + d^8*e^3*x - d^9*e^2)$

3.25.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{cases} \frac{1}{5d^4e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - 10d^2e^4x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + 5e^6x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2(d^2)^{7/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + e \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{5id^2x^3}{15d^9\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} - 30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} + 15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2ie^2x^5}{15d^9\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} - 30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} + 15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \\ \frac{5d^2x^3}{15d^9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} - 30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} + 15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{2e^2x^5}{15d^9\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} - 30d^7e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} + 15d^5e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

```
output d*Piecewise((1/(5*d**4*e**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 5*e**6*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**2/(2*(d**2)**(7/2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((-5*I*d**2*x**3/(15*d**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 2*I*e**2*x**5/(15*d**9*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (5*d**2*x**3/(15*d**9*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 2*e**2*x**5/(15*d**9*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**7*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**5*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))
```

3.25.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{d}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2e} - \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4e}$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/5*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*e) - 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*e)
```

3.25.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)
```

3.25.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4-3d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^4e^2(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*d^4 - 2*e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.26 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.26.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4x}{15d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x}{15d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 1/5*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/15*x/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+8/15*
x/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.26.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4+12d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2-8de^3x^3+8e^4x^4)}{15d^5e(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(3*d^4 + 12*d^3*e*x - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 +
8*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^5*e*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2)
```

3.26.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {454, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 454 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 209 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 208 \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d + e*x)/(5*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d)`

3.26.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

3.26.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(8e^4x^4-8de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2+12d^3ex+3d^4)}{15d^5e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	77
trager	$\frac{(8e^4x^4-8de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2+12d^3ex+3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^5(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)^2e}$	79
default	$d \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	90

input `int((e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(8*e^4*x^4-8*d*e^3*x^3-12*d^2*e^2*x^2+12*d^3*e*x+3*d^4)/d^5/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)`

3.26.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{3e^5x^5 - 3de^4x^4 - 6d^2e^3x^3 + 6d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex - 3d^5 - (8e^4x^4 - 8de^3x^3 - 12d^2e^2x^2 + 12d^3ex + 3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(d^5e^6x^5 - d^6e^5x^4 - 2d^7e^4x^3 + 2d^8e^3x^2 + d^9e^2x - d^{10})}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(3*e^5*x^5 - 3*d*e^4*x^4 - 6*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x - 3*d^5 - (8*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 12*d^3*e*x + 3*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^6*x^5 - d^6*e^5*x^4 - 2*d^7*e^4*x^3 + 2*d^8*e^3*x^2 + d^9*e^2*x - d^10*e)`

3.26. $\int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.26.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.55

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{aligned} & \left(-\frac{15d^4x}{15d^{11}\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^9e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+15d^7e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{20id^2e^2x}{15d^{11}\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^9e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{15d^4x}{15d^{11}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^9e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+15d^7e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{20d^2e^2x^3}{15d^{11}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-30d^9e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right) \\ & + e \left(\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{5d^4e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-10d^2e^4x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+5e^6x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \quad \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ & \frac{x^2}{2(d^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{aligned} \right) \end{aligned} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((-15*I*d**4*x/(15*d**11*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 20*I*d**2*e**2*x**3/(15*d**11*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 8*I*e**4*x**5/(15*d**11*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (15*d**4*x/(15*d**11*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 20*d**2*e**2*x**3/(15*d**11*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 8*e**4*x**5/(15*d**11*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 30*d**9*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 15*d**7*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((1/(5*d**4*e**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10*d**2*e**4*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 5*e**6*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)), Ne(e, 0)), (x**2/(2*(d**2)**(7/2)), True))`

3.26.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x}{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d} + \frac{1}{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{4x}{15(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3} + \frac{8x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d) + 1/5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 4/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3) + 8/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5)`

3.26.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.26.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (3d^4 + 12d^3 ex - 12d^2 e^2 x^2 - 8de^3 x^3 + 8e^4 x^4)}{15d^5 e (d + ex)^2 (d - ex)^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*d^4 + 8*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 12*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^5*e*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.27 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.27.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d+4ex}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d+8ex}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6}$$

output $1/5*(e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(4*e*x+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/15*(8*e*x+15*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.27.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(23d^4-8d^3ex-27d^2e^2x^2+7de^3x^3+8e^4x^4)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2} - 15\sqrt{d^2}\log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}\log(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{15d^7}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(23*d^4 - 8*d^3*e*x - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 7*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*e^4*x^4))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) - 15*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*\operatorname{Log}[x] + 15*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*d^7)$

3.27.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {532, 25, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d+4ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d+4ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d+8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d+8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{15d+8ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{15d+8ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.27. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{15d+8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 - e^2} - \frac{15d+8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{15d+8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+4ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d+ex}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(d + e*x)/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((5*d + 4*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d + 8*e*x)/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.27.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.27.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
default	$e \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + d \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))+d*(1/5/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/d^2*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))`

3.27.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. $2(103) = 206$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{23e^5x^5 - 23de^4x^4 - 46d^2e^3x^3 + 46d^3e^2x^2 + 23d^4ex - 23d^5 + 15(e^5x^5 - de^4x^4 - d^4ex + d^5)\log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (8e^4x^4 + 7d^3e^3x^3 - 27d^2e^2x^2 - 8d^3e^3x^3 + 23d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^6e^5x^5 - d^7e^4x^4 - 2d^8e^3x^3 + 2d^9e^2x^2 + d^{10}ex - d^{11})}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(23*e^5*x^5 - 23*d*e^4*x^4 - 46*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 46*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 23*d^4*e*x - 23*d^5 + 15*(e^5*x^5 - d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e*x - d^5)*log((-d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (8*e^4*x^4 + 7*d*e^3*x^3 - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^3*e*x + 23*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^5*x^5 - d^7*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^8*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^9*e^2*x^2 + d^10*e*x - d^11)`

3.27.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2378, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.32

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

3.27.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x), x)`

3.27.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d^2 - e^2x^2}{3d^3} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2}{d^5} + \frac{1}{5d}}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6} + \frac{ex(15d^4 - 20d^2e^2x^2 + 8e^4x^4)}{15d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)/(3*d^3) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2/d^5 + 1/(5*d))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2) - atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6 + (e*x*(15*d^4 + 8*e^4*x^4 - 20*d^2*e^2*x^2))/(15*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))`

3.28 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.28.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d+ex}{5d^2x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6d+5ex}{15d^4x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d+5ex}{5d^6x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^7x} - \frac{\text{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^7}$$

output `1/5*(e*x+d)/d^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(5*e*x+6*d)/d^4/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^7+1/5*(5*e*x+8*d)/d^6/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-16/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x`

3.28.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^5-38d^4ex-52d^3e^2x^2+87d^2e^3x^3+33de^4x^4-48e^5x^5)}{x(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)^2} + 30\text{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x-d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{15d^7}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^5 - 38*d^4*e*x - 52*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 87*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 33*d*e^4*x^4 - 48*e^5*x^5))/(x*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) + 30*e*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(15*d^7)`

3.28.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + 5ex + 5d dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{6e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d\right)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{6e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5(d+ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{d+ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.28. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 534 \\
 \frac{5 \left(e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 5d^2 \\
 \downarrow 243 \\
 \frac{5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 5d^2 \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{5 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 5d^2 \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{5 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+11ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(5d+9ex)}{3d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(d+ex)}{5d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 5d^2
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(e*(d + e*x))/(5*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e*(5*d + 9*e*x))/(3*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e*(5*d + 11*e*x))/(d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (5*(-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) - (e*ArcTanh[sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/d^2)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.28.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 2336 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

3.28.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$e \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2}}{d^2}}{d^2} \right) + d \left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \dots \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^7x} - \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{24d^6e\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{23\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{48d^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{17\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{6d^7}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e*(1/5/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/d^2*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/d^2*
(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^
2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))+d*(-1/d^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+6*e^2/d^2*(1/5*x/
d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x/d^4
/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))))
```

3.28. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$


```

output d*Piecewise((5*d**6*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2
*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6) - 30*d**4*e**3*x**2*sqrt(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 +
5*d**8*e**6*x**6) + 40*d**2*e**5*x**4*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(-5*d**14
+ 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6) - 16*e**7*x
**6*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e
**4*x**4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (5*I*d**6*sqrt
(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**
4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6) - 30*I*d**4*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(-
5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6) + 40
*I*d**2*e**5*x**4*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x*
**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 + 5*d**8*e**6*x**6) - 16*I*e**7*x**6*sqrt(-d**2/(e
**2*x**2) + 1)/(-5*d**14 + 15*d**12*e**2*x**2 - 15*d**10*e**4*x**4 + 5*d**
8*e**6*x**6), True)) + e*Piecewise((-46*I*d**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-
-30*d**13 + 90*d**11*e**2*x**2 - 90*d**9*e**4*x**4 + 30*d**7*e**6*x**6) -
15*d**6*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-30*d**13 + 90*d**11*e**2*x**2 - 90*d**9*e**4
*x**4 + 30*d**7*e**6*x**6) + 30*d**6*log(e*x/d)/(-30*d**13 + 90*d**11*e**2
*x**2 - 90*d**9*e**4*x**4 + 30*d**7*e**6*x**6) - 30*I*d**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(-
-30*d**13 + 90*d**11*e**2*x**2 - 90*d**9*e**4*x**4 + 30*d**7*e**6*x**6) +
70*I*d**4*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-30*d**13 + 90*d**11*e**...

```

3.28.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{6e^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3} + \frac{e}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2} \\
 &+ \frac{8e^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^5} + \frac{e}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^4} - \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3} \\
 &+ \frac{16e^2x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^7} - \frac{e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^7} + \frac{e}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output 6/5*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3) + 1/5*e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2
) + 8/5*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5) + 1/3*e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)
*d^4) - 1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x) + 16/5*e^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*
d^7) - e*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^7 + e/(sqrt
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^6)

```

3.28. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.28.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex+d}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^2), x)`

3.28.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{e}{5d^2} + \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}{d^6} + \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)}{3d^4}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^7} - \frac{d^6 - 6d^4e^2x^2 + 8d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{16e^6x^6}{5}}{d^7x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `(e/(5*d^2) + (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2)/d^6 + (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))/(3*d^4))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2) - (e*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d))/d^7 - (d^6 - (16*e^6*x^6)/5 - 6*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e^4*x^4)/(d^7*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))`

3.29 $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.29.1	Optimal result	537
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3.29.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d+ex}{5d^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d+6ex}{15d^4x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{35d+24ex}{15d^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^7x^2} - \frac{16e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^8x} - \frac{7e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^8}$$

output $1/5*(e*x+d)/d^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(6*e*x+7*d)/d^4/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-7/2*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^8+1/15*(24*e*x+35*d)/d^6/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-7/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x^2-16/5*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^8/x$

3.29.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^6+15d^5ex-176d^4e^2x^2-4d^3e^3x^3+249d^2e^4x^4-9de^5x^5-96e^6x^6)}{x^2(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)^2} + 210e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d}\right)}{30d^8}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^6 + 15*d^5*e*x - 176*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 249*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 9*d*e^5*x^5 - 96*e^6*x^6))/(x^2*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^2) + 210*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(30*d^8)$

3.29.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.520$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 2338, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\ & \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \int \frac{\frac{4e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{5e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{4e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{5e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d}{5d^2} dx + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\ & \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3\left(\frac{6e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{10e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d\right)}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{6e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{10e^2x^2}{d} + 5ex + 5d}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \end{aligned}$$

3.29. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5\left(\frac{3e^2x^2}{d}+ex+d\right)dx}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{5\int \frac{3e^2x^2}{d}+ex+d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{5\left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(2d+7ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{5\left(\frac{\int \frac{de(2d+7ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{5\left(\frac{e\int \frac{2d+7ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534 \\
& \frac{5\left(\frac{e\left(7e\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{5\left(\frac{e\left(\frac{7}{2}e\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

3.29. $\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{e^2 - x^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(d + ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(15d+11ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(10d+9ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d^2 e^2(d + ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(e^2*(d + e*x))/(5*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^2*(10*d + 9*e*x))/(3*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e^2*(15*d + 11*e*x))/(d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (5*(-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x^2) + (e*((-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) - (7*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d))/d^2)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.29.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
 l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
 ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
 ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
 *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
 *(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
 x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
 -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
 inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
 ^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
 b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
 pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
 reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.29.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
default	$d \left(-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7e^2 \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right) +$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(2ex+d)}{2d^8x^2} - \frac{7e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^7\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{29e\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{48d^8(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{11\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{30d^7(x-\frac{d}{e})^2}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output d*(-1/2/d^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+7/2*e^2/d^2*(1/5/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(
5/2)+1/d^2*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))+e*
(-1/d^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+6*e^2/d^2*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4
/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))))
```

3.29.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{116e^7x^7 - 116de^6x^6 - 232d^2e^5x^5 + 232d^3e^4x^4 + 116d^4e^3x^3 - 116d^5e^2x^2 + 105d^6e^2x^2 + 105d^6e^2x^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(116*e^7*x^7 - 116*d*e^6*x^6 - 232*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 232*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 116*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 116*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 105*(e^7*x^7 - d*e^6*x^6 - 2*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 2*d^3*e^4*x^4 + d^4*e^3*x^3 - d^5*e^2*x^2)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (96*e^6*x^6 + 9*d*e^5*x^5 - 249*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 15*d^5*e*x - 15*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^8*e^5*x^7 - d^9*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^10*e^3*x^5 + 2*d^11*e^2*x^4 + d^12*e*x^3 - d^13*x^2)`

3.29.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 14.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2691, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.62

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

```

output d*Piecewise((30*I*d**8*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**
13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 322*I*d**6*e**2*
x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180
*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 105*d**6*e**2*x**2*log(e**2*x**2/d
**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9
*e**6*x**8) + 210*d**6*e**2*x**2*log(e*x/d)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e*
*2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 210*I*d**6*e**2*x**2*
asin(d/(e*x))/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6
+ 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) + 490*I*d**4*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-60
*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**
8) + 315*d**4*e**4*x**4*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e*
*2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 630*d**4*e**4*x**4*lo
g(e*x/d)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*
d**9*e**6*x**8) + 630*I*d**4*e**4*x**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180
*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 210*I*d**2*e
**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 -
180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 315*d**2*e**6*x**6*log(e**2*x*
*2/d**2)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**13*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*
d**9*e**6*x**8) + 630*d**2*e**6*x**6*log(e*x/d)/(-60*d**15*x**2 + 180*d**1
3*e**2*x**4 - 180*d**11*e**4*x**6 + 60*d**9*e**6*x**8) - 630*I*d**2*e**...

```

3.29.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{6e^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^4} + \frac{7e^2}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3} \\
 &+ \frac{8e^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^6} + \frac{7e^2}{6(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^5} - \frac{e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2x} + \frac{16e^3x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^8} \\
 &- \frac{7e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{2d^8} + \frac{7e^2}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^7} - \frac{1}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}dx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output $6/5*e^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4) + 7/10*e^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3) + 8/5*e^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^6) + 7/6*e^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5) - e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x) + 16/5*e^3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^8) - 7/2*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^8 + 7/2*e^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7) - 1/2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x^2)$

3.29.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{ex+d}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^3), x)`

3.29.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{d+ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{161e^2}{30d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2dx^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ &- \frac{7e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^8} - \frac{49e^4x^2}{6d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7e^6x^4}{2d^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ &- \frac{e(5d^6-30d^4e^2x^2+40d^2e^4x^4-16e^6x^6)}{5d^8x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output $(161*e^2)/(30*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - 1/(2*d*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (7*e^2*atanh((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d))/(2*d^8) - (49*e^4*x^2)/(6*d^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*e^6*x^4)/(2*d^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (e*(5*d^6 - 16*e^6*x^6 - 30*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 40*d^2*e^4*x^4))/(5*d^8*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))$

3.30 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx$

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3.30.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{7de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2(d-2ex)}{35de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4x}{105d^3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8x}{105d^5e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/7*x^2*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-2/35*(-2*e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/105*x/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-8/105*x/d^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.30.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-6d^6+6d^5ex+15d^4e^2x^2+20d^3e^3x^3-20d^2e^4x^4-8de^5x^5+8e^6x^6)}{105d^5e^3(d-ex)^4(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^6 + 6*d^5*e*x + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 20*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^5*x^5 + 8*e^6*x^6))/(105*d^5*e^3*(d - e*x)^4*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.30.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {529, 27, 454, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{7e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+7ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{7e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d+7ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{7e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{7d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{7e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} + \frac{7d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{7e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{7d+ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2),x]`

output $(d*(d + e*x))/(7*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(7/2)}) - ((7*d + e*x)/(5*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d))/(7*e^2)$

3.30.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 209 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p + 3/2, 0]$

rule 454 $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x] + \text{Simp}[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 529 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

3.30.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(-8e^6x^6+8de^5x^5+20d^2e^4x^4-20d^3x^3e^3-15d^4e^2x^2-6d^5ex+6d^6)}{105d^5e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-8e^6x^6+8de^5x^5+20d^2e^4x^4-20d^3x^3e^3-15d^4e^2x^2-6d^5ex+6d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{105d^5(-ex+d)^4(ex+d)^3e^3}$
default	$e\left(\frac{x^2}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}-\frac{2d^2}{35e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)+d\left(\frac{x}{6e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}-\frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{7d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}+\frac{\frac{6x}{35d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}+\frac{6}{15d^2}}{6e^2}\right)}{6e^2}\right)$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/105*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(-8*e^6*x^6+8*d*e^5*x^5+20*d^2*e^4*x^4-20*d^3*e^3*x^3-15*d^4*e^2*x^2-6*d^5*e*x+6*d^6)/d^5/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2)`

3.30.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{6e^7x^7-6de^6x^6-18d^2e^5x^5+18d^3e^4x^4+18d^4e^3x^3-18d^5e^2x^2-6d^6ex+6d^7-(8e^6x^6-8de^5x^5-20d^2e^4x^4+20d^3e^3x^3-15d^4e^2x^2-6d^5ex+6d^6)}{105(d^5e^{10}x^7-d^6e^9x^6-3d^7e^8x^5+3d^8e^7x^4+3d^9e^6x^3-3d^{10}e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.30. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/105*(6*e^7*x^7 - 6*d*e^6*x^6 - 18*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 18*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 18*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 18*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^6*e*x + 6*d^7 - (8*e^6*x^6 - 8*d*e^5*x^5 - 20*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^5*e*x - 6*d^6)*\sqrt{t(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)})/(d^5*e^{10}*x^7 - d^6*e^9*x^6 - 3*d^7*e^8*x^5 + 3*d^8*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^9*e^6*x^3 - 3*d^{10}*e^5*x^2 - d^{11}*e^4*x + d^{12}*e^3)}$$

3.30.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.46

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = d \left(\begin{aligned} & \frac{35id^4x^3}{-105d^{13}\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+315d^{11}e^2x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-315d^9e^4x^4\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+105d^7e^6x^6\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} - 105d^{13}\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \\ & - \frac{35d^4x^3}{-105d^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+315d^{11}e^2x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}-315d^9e^4x^4\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}+105d^7e^6x^6\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} + 105d^{13}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \end{aligned} \right) + e \left(\begin{aligned} & \frac{2d^2}{-35d^6e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+105d^4e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-105d^2e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+35e^{10}x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{7e^2x^2}{-35d^6e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+105d^4e^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-105d^2e^8x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+35e^{10}x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\ & \frac{x^4}{4(d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}} \end{aligned} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(9/2), x)`

```

output d*Piecewise((35*I*d**4*x**3/(-105*d**13*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d*
**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 315*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**
2*x**2/d**2) + 105*d**7*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 28*I*d**2*e
**2*x**5/(-105*d**13*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(
-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 315*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 105*
d**7*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 8*I*e**4*x**7/(-105*d**13*sqrt
(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 31
5*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 105*d**7*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 +
e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-35*d**4*x**3/(-105*d**13*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 315
*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 105*d**7*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**
2*x**2/d**2)) + 28*d**2*e**2*x**5/(-105*d**13*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 3
15*d**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 315*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 -
e**2*x**2/d**2) + 105*d**7*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 8*e**4*x*
**7/(-105*d**13*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**11*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**
2*x**2/d**2) - 315*d**9*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 105*d**7*e**6
*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + e*Piecewise((2*d**2/(-35*d**6*e
**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 105*d**4*e**6*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) - 10
5*d**2*e**8*x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 35*e**10*x**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x
**2)) - 7*e**2*x**2/(-35*d**6*e**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2) + 105*d**4*e...

```

3.30.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e} + \frac{dx}{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{35(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^3}$$

$$- \frac{x}{35(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}de^2} - \frac{4x}{105(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3e^2} - \frac{8x}{105\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5e^2}$$

```

input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output 1/5*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e) + 1/7*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^2)
- 2/35*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^3) - 1/35*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d
*e^2) - 4/105*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3*e^2) - 8/105*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)*d^5*e^2)

```

3.30.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(9/2), x)`

3.30.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{56d^2e^3(d-ex)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{2}{35e^3} - \frac{3x}{70de^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{1}{56d^2e^3} + \frac{4x}{105d^3e^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^2} - \frac{8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{105d^5e^2(d+ex)(d-ex)}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2),x)`

output `(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(56*d^2*e^3*(d - e*x)^4) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2/(35*e^3) - (3*x)/(70*d*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(1/(56*d^2*e^3) + (4*x)/(105*d^3*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) - (8*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.31 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$

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3.31.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{9de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{2(d-3ex)}{63de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2x}{105d^3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8x}{315d^5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{16x}{315d^7e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/9*x^2*(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2)-2/63*(-3*e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-2/105*x/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-8/315*x/d^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-16/315*x/d^7/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.31.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-10d^8+10d^7ex+35d^6e^2x^2+70d^5e^3x^3-70d^4e^4x^4-56d^3e^5x^5+56d^2e^6x^6+16de^7x^7-16e^8x^8)}{315d^7e^3(d-ex)^5(d+ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-10*d^8 + 10*d^7*e*x + 35*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 56*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 56*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 16*d*e^7*x^7 - 16*e^8*x^8))/(315*d^7*e^3*(d - e*x)^5*(d + e*x)^4)`

3.31. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$

3.31.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {529, 27, 454, 209, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+9ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d+9ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{9d+ex}{7de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} + \frac{9d+ex}{7de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{6 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} + \frac{9d+ex}{7de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.31. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d(d+ex)}{9e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{9d+ex}{7de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right)}{7d}{9e^2}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(11/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x))/(9*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2)) - ((9*d + e*x)/(7*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + (6*(x/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d^2)))/(7*d))/(9*e^2)`

3.31.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

```
rule 529 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]},
Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] +
Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.31.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2(16e^8x^8-16de^7x^7-56d^2e^6x^6+56d^3e^5x^5+70d^4x^4e^4-70d^5e^3x^3-35d^6e^2x^2-10d^7ex+10d^8)}{315d^7e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(16e^8x^8-16de^7x^7-56d^2e^6x^6+56d^3e^5x^5+70d^4x^4e^4-70d^5e^3x^3-35d^6e^2x^2-10d^7ex+10d^8)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{315d^7(-ex+d)^5(ex+d)^4e^3}$
default	$e\left(\frac{x^2}{7e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}-\frac{2d^2}{63e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}\right)+d\left(\frac{x}{8e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}}-\frac{d^2}{9d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{9}{2}}+\frac{63d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8x}+\frac{35d^2}{35d^2}}\right)$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.31. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/315*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^2*(16*e^8*x^8-16*d*e^7*x^7-56*d^2*e^6*x^6+56*d^3*e^5*x^5+70*d^4*e^4*x^4-70*d^5*e^3*x^3-35*d^6*e^2*x^2-10*d^7*e*x+10*d^8)/d^7}{e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(11/2)}}$$

3.31.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 305 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{10e^9x^9 - 10de^8x^8 - 40d^2e^7x^7 + 40d^3e^6x^6 + 60d^4e^5x^5 - 60d^5e^4x^4 - 40d^6e^3x^3 + 40d^7e^2x^2 + 10d^8ex - 10d^9}{315(d^7e^{12}x^9 - d^8e^{11}x^8 - 4d^9e^{10}x^7 + 4d^{10}e^9x^6 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/315*(10*e^9*x^9 - 10*d*e^8*x^8 - 40*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 40*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 60*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 60*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 40*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 40*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^8*e*x - 10*d^9 - (16*e^8*x^8 - 16*d*e^7*x^7 - 56*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 70*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 35*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^7*e*x + 10*d^8))*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^7*e^{12}*x^9 - d^8*e^{11}*x^8 - 4*d^9*e^{10}*x^7 + 4*d^{10}*e^9*x^6 + 6*d^{11}*e^8*x^5 - 6*d^{12}*e^7*x^4 - 4*d^{13}*e^6*x^3 + 4*d^{14}*e^5*x^2 + d^{15}*e^4*x - d^{16}*e^3)}$$

3.31.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1401, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.47

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(11/2),x)`

output

```
d*Piecewise((-105*I*d**6*x**3/(315*d**17*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*
d**15*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 1890*d**13*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 +
e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d*
*9*e**8*x**8*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 126*I*d**4*e**2*x**5/(315*d**17*
sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**15*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)
+ 1890*d**13*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*s
qrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**9*e**8*x**8*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) -
72*I*d**2*e**4*x**7/(315*d**17*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**15*e**
2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 1890*d**13*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**
2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**9*e**8*x
**8*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + 16*I*e**6*x**9/(315*d**17*sqrt(-1 + e**2*
x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**15*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) + 1890*d**13*e
**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x
**2/d**2) + 315*d**9*e**8*x**8*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d
**2) > 1), (105*d**6*x**3/(315*d**17*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**15
*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 1890*d**13*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x
**2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 315*d**9*e**8*
x**8*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - 126*d**4*e**2*x**5/(315*d**17*sqrt(1 - e*
*2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**15*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) + 1890*d**13
*e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2) - 1260*d**11*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**...
```

3.31.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{9/2}e} + \frac{dx}{9(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{9/2}e^2}$$

$$- \frac{2d^2}{63(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{9/2}e^3} - \frac{x}{63(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}de^2} - \frac{2x}{105(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3e^2}$$

$$- \frac{2}{315(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^5e^2} - \frac{16x}{315\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^7e^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/7*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(9/2)*e) + 1/9*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(9/2)*e^2)
- 2/63*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(9/2)*e^3) - 1/63*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d
*e^2) - 2/105*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^2) - 8/315*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^
2)^(3/2)*d^5*e^2) - 16/315*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7*e^2)
```

3.31. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx$

3.31.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(11/2), x)`

3.31.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{144d^3e^3(d-ex)^5} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{1}{252e^3} - \frac{17x}{252de^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^4(d-ex)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{5}{144d^2e^3} + \frac{131x}{5040d^3e^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^3} \\ &- \frac{8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{315d^5e^2(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^2} - \frac{16x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{315d^7e^2(d+ex)(d-ex)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(11/2),x)`

output `(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(144*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)^5) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(1/(252*e^3) - (17*x)/(252*d*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^4*(d - e*x)^4) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(5/(144*d^2*e^3) + (131*x)/(5040*d^3*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - (8*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) - (16*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^7*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.32 $\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.32.1	Optimal result	560
3.32.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	560
3.32.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	561
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3.32.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	562
3.32.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	563
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3.32.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	564
3.32.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	564

3.32.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1-ax}{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3}$$

output `-arcsin(a*x)/a^3+(a*x-1)/a^3/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3`

3.32.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-2-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(1+ax)} - \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(1 - a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a^3*(1 + a*x)) - (2*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])])/a^3`

3.32.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {527, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{527} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1-ax}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{1-ax}{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a}}{a^2} - \frac{1-ax}{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a}}{a^2} - \frac{1-ax}{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(1 - a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((1 - a*x)/(a^3*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])) - (sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/a + ArcSin[a*x]/a)/a^2`

3.32.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`


```
rule 527 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-2^(n - 1))*c^(m + n - 2)*((c + d*x)/(b*d^(m - 1)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])), x]
+ Simp[1/(b*d^(m - 2)) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(n - 1)*c^(m + n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1))/(c - d*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.32.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result	size
default	$-a \left(-\frac{x^2}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{2}{a^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} \right) + \frac{x}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2}}$	90
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^2 - 1}{a^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x + \frac{1}{a})^2 a^2 + 2(x + \frac{1}{a})a}}{a^4 (x + \frac{1}{a})}$	92
meijerg	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-4a^2 x^2 + 8)}{4\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}}{a^3 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x (-a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} (-a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(ax)}{a^2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2}}$	105

```
input int(x^2*(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a*(-x^2/a^2/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2/a^4/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+x/a^2/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/a^2/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

3.32.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2ax - 2(ax+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{ax}\right) + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(ax+2) + 2}{a^4x + a^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -(2*a*x - 2*(a*x + 1)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x + 2) + 2)/(a^4*x + a^3)
```

3.32.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -a \left(\begin{cases} \frac{a^2x^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^6x^2-a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^6x^2-a^4} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + \begin{cases} -\frac{ix}{a^2\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}} + \frac{i \operatorname{acosh}(ax)}{a^3} & \text{for } |a^2x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{x}{a^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{asin}(ax)}{a^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(3/2),x)`output `-a*Piecewise((a**2*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(a**6*x**2 - a**4) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(a**6*x**2 - a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (x**4/4, True)) + Piecewise((-I*x/(a**2*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)) + I*acosh(a*x)/a**3, Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (x/(a**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)) - asin(a*x)/a**3, True))`**3.32.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a) + x/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2) - arcsin(a*x)/a^3 - 2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^3)`

3.32.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(ax) \operatorname{sgn}(a)}{a^2|a|} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^3} + \frac{2}{a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a}{a^2x} + 1 \right) |a|}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-arcsin(a*x)*sgn(a)/(a^2*abs(a)) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3 + 2/(a^2*((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) + 1)*abs(a))`**3.32.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(a\sqrt{-a^2} + a^2x\sqrt{-a^2})\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2})}{a^2\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3}$$

input `int(-(x^2*(a*x - 1))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((a*(-a^2)^(1/2) + a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))/(a^2*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3`

3.33 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.33.1	Optimal result	565
3.33.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	565
3.33.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	566
3.33.4	Maple [A] (verified)	573
3.33.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	573
3.33.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	574
3.33.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	574
3.33.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	575
3.33.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	575

3.33.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{8d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15e^3} - \frac{11d^2x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{24e^2} - \frac{2dx^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{d^4(256d+165ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{240e^5} + \frac{11d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^5}$$

output $11/16*d^6*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-8/15*d^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-11/24*d^2*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-2/5*d*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e-1/6*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/240*d^4*(165*e*x+256*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5$

3.33.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(256d^5+165d^4ex+128d^3e^2x^2+110d^2e^3x^3+96de^4x^4+40e^5x^5)+330d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/240*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(256*d^5 + 165*d^4*e*x + 128*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 110*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 96*d*e^4*x^4 + 40*e^5*x^5) + 330*d^6*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/e^5`

3.33.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2x^4(11d+12ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2x^4(11d+12ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \int \frac{x^4(11d+12ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{dex^3(48d+55ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{x^3(48d+55ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.33. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{3dex^2(55d+64ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \int \frac{x^2(55d+64ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{\int \frac{dex(128d+165ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{x(128d+165ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e} - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 533
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(165d+256ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e}}{2e^2} - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e}}{3e} \right) - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e}}{4e}}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{165d+256ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e}}{2e} - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e}}{3e} \right) - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e}}{4e}}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \int \frac{1}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} \right) - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - 256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - 256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{64x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - 256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{55x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{165d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - 256\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - 165x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{12x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

```
output -1/6*(x^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (d*((-12*x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(5*e) +
(d*((-55*x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(4*e) + (3*d*((-64*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^2])/(3*e) + (d*((-165*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) + (d*((-256*Sqrt[d^2 -
e^2*x^2])/e + (165*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e)))/(3*e
))/4*e)))/(5*e))/6
```

3.33.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]`

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d^n*x^(m+n-1)*((a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+n+2*p+1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(b*(m+n+2*p+1)) Int[x^m*(a+b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m+n+2*p+1)*(c+d*x)^n
-b*d^n*(m+n+2*p+1)*x^n-a*d^n*(m+n-1)*x^(n-2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,p}, x]
&& IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.33.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(40e^5x^5+96de^4x^4+110d^2e^3x^3+128d^3e^2x^2+165d^4ex+256d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^5} + \frac{11d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e^4\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^2 \left(-\frac{x^5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6e^2} + \frac{5d^2 \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{6e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4e^2} \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/240*(40*e^5*x^5+96*d*e^4*x^4+110*d^2*e^3*x^3+128*d^3*e^2*x^2+165*d^4*e*x+256*d^5)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+11/16*d^6/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.33.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{330d^6 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (40e^5x^5 + 96de^4x^4 + 110d^2e^3x^3 + 128d^3e^2x^2 + 165d^4ex + 256d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/240*(330*d^6*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (40*e^5*x^5 + 96*d*e^4*x^4 + 110*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 128*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 165*d^4*e*x + 256*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^5`

3.33.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{11d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{16d^5}{15e^5} - \frac{11d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{8d^3x^2}{15e^3} - \frac{11d^2x^3}{24e^2} - \frac{2dx^4}{5e} - \frac{x^5}{6} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{d^2x^5}{5} + \frac{dex^6}{3} + \frac{e^2x^7}{7}}{\sqrt{d^2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((11*d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-16*d**5/(15*e**5) - 11*d**4*x/(16*e**4) - 8*d**3*x**2/(15*e**3) - 11*d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) - 2*d*x**4/(5*e) - x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**2*x**5/5 + d*e*x**6/3 + e**2*x**7/7)/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.33.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x^5 - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}dx^4}{5e} - \frac{11\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2x^3}{24e^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3x^2}{15e^3} + \frac{11d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e^2}e^4} - \frac{11\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{16\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5}{15e^5}$$

3.33. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^5 - 2/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x^4/e - 11/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*x^3/e^2 - 8/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*x^2/e^3 + 11/16*d^6*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^4) - 11/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*x/e^4 - 16/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5/e^5`

3.33.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{11d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e^4|e|} - \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5x + \frac{12d}{e} \right) x + \frac{55d^2}{e^2} \right) x + \frac{64d^3}{e^3} \right) x + \frac{165d^4}{e^4} \right) x + \frac{256d^5}{e^5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `11/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) - 1/240*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*((4*(5*x + 12*d/e)*x + 55*d^2/e^2)*x + 64*d^3/e^3)*x + 165*d^4/e^4)*x + 256*d^5/e^5)`

3.33.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.34 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.34.1	Optimal result	576
3.34.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	576
3.34.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	577
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3.34.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	583
3.34.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	584

3.34.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3d^2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{dx^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{3d^3(8d+5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{20e^4} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{4e^4}$$

output `3/4*d^5*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4-3/5*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-1/2*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e-1/5*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-3/20*d^3*(5*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4`

3.34.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(24d^4+15d^3ex+12d^2e^2x^2+10de^3x^3+4e^4x^4)+30d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{20e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output
$$-1/20*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(24*d^4 + 15*d^3*e*x + 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 4*e^4*x^4) + 30*d^5*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^4$$

3.34.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2x^3(9d+10ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{de^2x^3(9d+10ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{5}d \int \frac{x^3(9d+10ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{6dex^2(5d+6ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \int \frac{x^2(5d+6ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{\int \frac{3dex(4d+5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{x(4d+5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5d+8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{e} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{5d+8ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{e} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 455
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{5}d}{3d} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{5d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{5}d}{3d} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{5d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} + d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - 8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{e} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/5*(x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (d*((-5*x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) + (3*d*((-2*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (d*((-5*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) + (d*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (5*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e)))/e))/(2*e))/5`

3.34.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.34.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(4e^4x^4+10de^3x^3+12d^2e^2x^2+15d^3ex+24d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{20e^4} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4e^3\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^2 \left(-\frac{x^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5e^2} + \frac{4d^2 \left(-\frac{x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^4} \right)}{5e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^4} \right) + 2de$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/20*(4*e^4*x^4+10*d*e^3*x^3+12*d^2*e^2*x^2+15*d^3*e*x+24*d^4)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+3/4*d^5/e^3/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})$$

3.34.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{30d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (4e^4x^4 + 10de^3x^3 + 12d^2e^2x^2 + 15d^3ex + 24d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{20e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/20*(30*d^5*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (4*e^4*x^4 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^3*e*x + 24*d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^4$$

3.34.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3d^5 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4e^3} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{6d^4}{5e^4} - \frac{3d^3x}{4e^3} - \frac{3d^2x^2}{5e^2} - \frac{dx^3}{2e} - \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{d^2x^4}{4} + \frac{2dex^5}{5} + \frac{e^2x^6}{6}}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*d**5*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(4*e**3) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-6*d**4/(5*e**4) - 3*d**3*x/(4*e**3) - 3*d**2*x**2/(5*e**2) - d*x**3/(2*e) - x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**2*x**4/4 + 2*d*e*x**5/5 + e**2*x**6/6)/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.34.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x^4 - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}dx^3}{2e} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2x^2}{5e^2} + \frac{3d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{e^2}e^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3x}{4e^3} - \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4}{5e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^4 - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x^3/e - 3/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*x^2/e^2 + 3/4*d^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^3) - 3/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*x/e^3 - 6/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4/e^4`

3.34.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{4e^3|e|} - \frac{1}{20} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(2x + \frac{5d}{e} \right) x + \frac{6d^2}{e^2} \right) x + \frac{15d^3}{e^3} \right) x + \frac{24d^4}{e^4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/4*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 1/20*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*((2*x + 5*d/e)*x + 6*d^2/e^2)*x + 15*d^3/e^3)*x + 24*d^4/e^4)`

3.34.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.35 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.35.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2dx^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{d^2(32d+21ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{24e^3} + \frac{7d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{8e^3}$$

output $7/8*d^4*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3-2/3*d*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e-1/4*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/24*d^2*(21*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3$

3.35.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(32d^3+21d^2ex+16de^2x^2+6e^3x^3)+42d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{24e^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x^2*(d+e*x)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2],x]$

output $-1/24*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(32*d^3+21*d^2*e*x+16*d*e^2*x^2+6*e^3*x^3))+42*d^4*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2]-\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2])]/e^3$

3.35. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.35.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2x^2(7d+8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2x^2(7d+8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \int \frac{x^2(7d+8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{dex(16d+21ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{x(16d+21ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(21d+32ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{21d+32ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{21x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{21d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{21x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{21d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{21x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{21d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{2e} \right) - \frac{21x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/4*(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (d*((-8*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*e) + (d*((-21*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) + (d*((-32*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (21*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/e))/(2*e)))/(3*e)))/4`

3.35. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.35.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 455 $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 533 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))}), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m - 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 541 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^n*x^{(m + n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^{(n - 2)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

3.35.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(6e^3x^3+16de^2x^2+21d^2ex+32d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24e^3} + \frac{7d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^2 \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(6*e^3*x^3+16*d*e^2*x^2+21*d^2*e*x+32*d^3)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+7/8*d^4/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))$$

3.35.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{42d^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (6e^3x^3 + 16de^2x^2 + 21d^2ex + 32d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-1/24*(42*d^4*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (6*e^3*x^3 + 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 21*d^2*e*x + 32*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^3$$

3.35.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{7d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{4d^3}{3e^3} - \frac{7d^2x}{8e^2} - \frac{2dx^2}{3e} - \frac{x^3}{4} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{d^2x^3}{3} + \frac{dex^4}{2} + \frac{e^2x^5}{5}}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((7*d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-4*d**3/(3*e**3) - 7*d**2*x/(8*e**2) - 2*d*x**2/(3*e) - x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**2*x**3/3 + d*e*x**4/2 + e**2*x**5/5)/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.35.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x^3 - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}dx^2}{3e} + \frac{7d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}e^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2x}{8e^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^3 - 2/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x^2/e + 7/8*d^4*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) - 7/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*x/e^2 - 4/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/e^3`

3.35.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{7d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8e^2|e|} - \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(3x + \frac{8d}{e} \right) x + \frac{21d^2}{e^2} \right) x + \frac{32d^3}{e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `7/8*d^4*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - 1/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*(3*x + 8*d/e)*x + 21*d^2/e^2)*x + 32*d^3/e^3)`**3.35.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.36 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.36.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{d(5d+3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output $d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}}\right)/e^2 - 1/3x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2} - 1/3d(3ex+5d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}/e^2$

3.36.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^2+3dex+e^2x^2)+6d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2], x]`

output $-1/3*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 6*d^3*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^2$

3.36.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2x(5d+6ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2x(5d+6ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}d \int \frac{x(5d+6ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{2de(3d+5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{3d+5ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

↓ 216

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^2)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (d*((-3*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (d*((-5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/e)/3`

3.36.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
  p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
  Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
  l] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x
  ] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m +
  n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)
  *x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGt
  Q[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.36.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	s
risch	$-\frac{(e^2x^2+3dex+5d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{e^2}}$	7
default	$e^2\left(-\frac{x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^4}\right) - \frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^2} + 2de\left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)$	1

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(e^2*x^2+3*d*e*x+5*d^2)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+d^3/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*ar
  ctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.36.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{6d^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (e^2x^2 + 3dex + 5d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.36. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

output
$$-1/3*(6*d^3*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) + (e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + 5*d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^2$$

3.36.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^2}{3e^2} - \frac{dx}{e} - \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{d^2x^2}{2} + \frac{2dex^3}{3} + \frac{e^2x^4}{4}}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((d**3*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/e + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**2/(3*e**2) - d*x/e - x**2/3), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**2*x**2/2 + 2*d*e*x**3/3 + e**2*x**4/4)/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.36.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} + \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} dx}{e} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^2}{3e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/3*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*x^2 + d^3*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/(\sqrt{e^2}*e) - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d*x/e - 5/3*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^2/e^2$$

3.36.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e|e|} - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\left(x + \frac{3d}{e}\right)x + \frac{5d^2}{e^2} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((x + 3*d/e)*x + 5*d^2/e^2)`

3.36.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.37 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.37.1	Optimal result	598
3.37.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	598
3.37.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	599
3.37.4	Maple [A] (verified)	600
3.37.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	601
3.37.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	601
3.37.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	602
3.37.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	602
3.37.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	602

3.37.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} + \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e}$$

output $\frac{3}{2}d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}}\right) - \frac{3}{2}d \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{1}{2}(ex+d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$

3.37.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(4d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + 6d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output $-\frac{1}{2}((4d + e*x)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 6d^2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right])/e$

3.37.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {469, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{469} \\ & \frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\ & \frac{3}{2}d \left(d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{3}{2}d \left(d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\ & \frac{3}{2}d \left(\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2],x]`

output `-1/2*((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3*d*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e) + (d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e))/2`

3.37.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 469 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*c*((n + p)/(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.37.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(ex+4d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e} + \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}$	60
default	$\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + e^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right) - \frac{2d\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e}$	113

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(e*x+4*d)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.37.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{6d^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+4d)}{2e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/2*(6*d^2*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*(e*x + 4*d))/e`**3.37.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d}{e} - \frac{x}{2} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \begin{cases} d^2x & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{(d+ex)^3}{3e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((3*d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/2 + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d/e - x/2), Ne(e**2, 0)), (Piecewise((d**2*x, Eq(e, 0)), ((d + e*x)**3/(3*e), True))/sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.37.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/2*d^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/e`**3.37.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(x + \frac{4d}{e}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x + 4*d/e)`**3.37.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.38 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.38.1	Optimal result	603
3.38.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	603
3.38.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	604
3.38.4	Maple [A] (verified)	606
3.38.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	606
3.38.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	607
3.38.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	608
3.38.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	608
3.38.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	608

3.38.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + 2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `2*d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.38.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - 4d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \sqrt{d^2} \log(x) + \sqrt{d^2} \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] - 4*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]`

3.38.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {541, 25, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2(d+2ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2(d+2ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & d \int \frac{d+2ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & d \left(2e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & d \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 2e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & d \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 + 2 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

↓ 221

$$d \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d*(2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])`

3.38.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.38.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result	size
default	$-\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2 + 2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{2de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}$	91

input `int((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+2*d*e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.38.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -4d \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + d \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$$

3.38. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-4*d*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + d*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.38.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2de \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(\frac{-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \wedge e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-acosh(d/(e*x))/d, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*asin(d/(e*x))/d, True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0) & Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x/sqrt(d**2), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/e**2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2/(2*sqrt(d**2)), True))`

3.38.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2de \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - d \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*d*e*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - d*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`**3.38.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2de \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} - \frac{de \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*d*e*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - d*e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`**3.38.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.39 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.39.1	Optimal result	609
3.39.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	609
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3.39.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} + e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - 2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-2*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x`

3.39.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} - 2e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x) - 2*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (2*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x])/d + (2*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d`

3.39.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {540, 25, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(2d+ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2e(2d+ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \int \frac{2d+ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & e \left(e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & e \left(d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x}$$

↓ 221

$$e \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x) + e*(ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 2*ArcTan
h[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])`

3.39.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.39.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result	size
default	$\frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2} x}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x} - \frac{2de \ln\left(\frac{2d^2 + 2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}$	93
risch	$\frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2} x}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x} - \frac{2de \ln\left(\frac{2d^2 + 2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}$	93

input `int((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$e^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/x-2*d*e/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.39.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2ex \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 2ex \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-(2*e*x*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 2*e*x*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x`**3.39.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{d^2} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \wedge e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

```
output d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) - 1)/d**2, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2))
> 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2)) + 1)/d**2, True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((-a
cosh(d/(e*x))/d, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*asin(d/(e*x))/d, True)) +
e**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt
(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0) & Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), Ne(e**2,
0)), (x/sqrt(d**2), True))
```

3.39.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - 2e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output e^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 2*e*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/x
```

3.39.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{e^4 x}{2(d + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)|e|} - \frac{2e^2 \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} - \frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2x|e|}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output e^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/2*e^4*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 +
d^2)*abs(e))*abs(e)) - 2*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*
abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(x*
abs(e))
```

3.39.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{e^2 \ln\left(x\sqrt{-e^2+\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} - \frac{2de \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2+\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} & \text{if } e^2 < 0 \\ \int \frac{e^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2de}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx & \text{if } \neg e^2 < 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `piecewise(e^2 < 0, -(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x + (e^2*log(x*(-e^2)^(1/2) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)))/(-e^2)^(1/2) - (2*d*e*log(((d^2)^(1/2) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/x))/(d^2)^(1/2), ~e^2 < 0, int(e^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2) + d^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)) + (2*d*e)/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x))`

3.40 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.40.1	Optimal result	616
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3.40.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	617
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3.40.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	620
3.40.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	621
3.40.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	621

3.40.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{3e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

output `-3/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2-2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

3.40.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(d+4ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - 3e^2x^2 \log(d(-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})) + 3e^2x^2 \log(d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{2dx^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*((d + 4*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] - 3*e^2*x^2*Log[d*(-d - Sqrt[-e^2]*x + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]) + 3*e^2*x^2*Log[d - Sqrt[-e^2]*x + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(d*x^2)`

3.40.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {540, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(4d+3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2e(4d+3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{4d+3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - x^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2 + (e*((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) - (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2`

3.40.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.40.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(4ex+d)}{2dx^2} - \frac{3e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}}$	72
default	$-\frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + d^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}} \right) - \frac{2e\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{dx}$	139

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(4*e*x+d)/d/x^2-3/2*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*
(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.40.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3e^2x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(4ex+d)}{2dx^2}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(3*e^2*x^2*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(
4*e*x + d))/(d*x^2)
```

3.40.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2d^2x} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2d^2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{d^2} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*d**2*x) - e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/d**2, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/d**2, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-acosh(d/(e*x))/d, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*asin(d/(e*x))/d, True))`

3.40.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{2d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e/(d*x) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/x^2`

3.40. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.40.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\left(e^3 + \frac{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e}{x}\right)e^4x^2}{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d|e|} - \frac{3e^3 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d|e|} - \frac{\frac{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)de|e|}{x} + \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d|e|}{ex^2}}{8d^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(e^3 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x)*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*abs(e)) - 3/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d*abs(e)) - 1/8*(8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*e*abs(e)/x + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^2*e^2)`

3.40.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.41 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.41.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^2} - \frac{5e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^2x} - \frac{e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

output $-e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d)/d^2-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/x^3-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d/x^2-5/3*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^2/x$

3.41.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^2+3dex+5e^2x^2)}{x^3} + 3\sqrt{d^2}e^3\log(x) - 3\sqrt{d^2}e^3\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $-1/3*((d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2))/x^3 + 3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\operatorname{Log}[x] - 3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^3$

3.41.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {540, 25, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(6d+5ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2e(6d+5ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3}e \int \frac{6d+5ex}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & \frac{1}{3}e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{2de(5d+3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{3}e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{5d+3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{1}{3}e \left(\frac{e \left(3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{1}{3}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.41. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 73 \\ \frac{1}{3}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \\ \downarrow 221 \\ \frac{1}{3}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^3 + (e*((-3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x^2) + (e*(-5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) - (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/3`

3.41.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.41.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(5e^2x^2+3dex+d^2)}{3x^3d^2} - \frac{e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^2x} + d^2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^4x}\right) + 2de\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(5*e^2*x^2+3*d*e*x+d^2)/x^3/d^2-1/d*e^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)$$

3.41.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

3.41.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3e^3x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (5e^2x^2 + 3dex + d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/3*(3*e^3*x^3*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (5*e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*x^3)`**3.41.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2x^2} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^4} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2x^2} - \frac{2ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{2d^2x} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{ie}{2d^2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{d^2} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

```
output d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*e**3*sqrt(
d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**4), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d*
**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(
3*d**4), True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*d**2*x
) - e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I/(2*e*x**3
*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
+ I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/d**2, Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x*
**2) + 1)/d**2, True))
```

3.41.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{e^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^2}{3d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e}{dx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3x^3}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -e^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^2 - 5/3*sqrt(-e
^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2/(d^2*x) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e/(d*x^2) - 1/3*sqrt(-e^2
*x^2 + d^2)/x^3
```

3.41.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\left(e^4 + \frac{6(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^2}{x} + \frac{21(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{x^2}\right)e^6x^3}{24(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^2|e|} - \frac{e^4 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^2|e|} - \frac{21(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^4e^4}{x} + \frac{6(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^4e^2}{x^2} + \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^4}{x^3}}{24d^6e^2|e|}$$

3.41. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(e^4 + 6*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^2/x + 21*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/x^2)*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2*abs(e)) - e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) - 1/24*(21*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*e^4/x + 6*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*e^2/x^2 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^4/x^3)/(d^6*e^2*abs(e))`

3.41.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.42 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.42.1	Optimal result	629
3.42.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	629
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3.42.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	636
3.42.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	637

3.42.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{7e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{8d^2x^2} - \frac{4e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^3x} - \frac{7e^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d^3}$$

output

```
-7/8*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-1/4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4-2/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3-7/8*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2-4/3*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x
```

3.42.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-6d^3-16d^2ex-21de^2x^2-32e^3x^3)}{24d^3x^4} + \frac{7e^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{4d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^3 - 16*d^2*e*x - 21*d*e^2*x^2 - 32*e^3*x^3))/(2*4*d^3*x^4) + (7*e^4*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x)/d - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/(4*d^3)$

3.42.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {540, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(8d+7ex)}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2e(8d+7ex)}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e \int \frac{8d+7ex}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(21d+16ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(21d+16ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e \left(e \int \frac{21d+16ex}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 539 \\
\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(32d+21ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(32d+21ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{32d+21ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
\downarrow 534 \\
\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(21e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
\downarrow 243 \\
\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{21}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4} \\
\downarrow 73
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{21 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 - e^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{4}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{21e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{32\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{21\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^4 + (e*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*d*x^3) + (e*((-21*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) + (e*((-32*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) - (21*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d)))/(3*d)))/4`

3.42.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
 Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
 der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
 , x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
 tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.42.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(32e^3x^3+21de^2x^2+16d^2ex+6d^3)}{24d^3x^4} - \frac{7e^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$d^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4d^2x^4} + \frac{3e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{4d^2} \right) + e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/x^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(32*e^3*x^3+21*d*e^2*x^2+16*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/d^3/x^4-7/8/d^2*e^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)$$

3.42.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{21e^4x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (32e^3x^3 + 21de^2x^2 + 16d^2ex + 6d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24d^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$1/24*(21*e^4*x^4*\log(-(d-\sqrt{-e^2*x^2+d^2})/x) - (32*e^3*x^3 + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*d^2*e*x + 6*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2+d^2})/(d^3*x^4)$$

3.42.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$= d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e}{8d^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e^3}{8d^4 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{3e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^5} & \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{i}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie}{8d^2 x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie^3}{8d^4 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{3ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2 x^2} - \frac{2e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^4} & \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2 x^2} - \frac{2ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2d^2 x} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{i}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**5/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-1/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e/(8*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e**3/(8*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 3*e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e/(8*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e**3/(8*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + 3*I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**5), True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**4), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**4), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*d**2*x) - e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d**3), True))`

3.42.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{7e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{8d^3} - \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3}{3d^3x} \\ - \frac{7\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^2}{8d^2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e}{3dx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-7/8*e^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^3 - 4/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3/(d^3*x) - 7/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2/(d^2*x^2) - 2/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e/(d*x^3) - 1/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/x^4`

3.42.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(120) = 240.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\ = \frac{\left(3e^5 + \frac{16(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} + \frac{48(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2e}{x^2} + \frac{144(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3}\right)e^8x^4}{192(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^3|e|} \\ - \frac{7e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8d^3|e|} \\ - \frac{144(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^9e^5|e|}{x} + \frac{48(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^9e^3|e|}{x^2} + \frac{16(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^9e|e|}{x^3} + \frac{3(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^9|e|}{ex^4} \\ 192d^{12}e^4$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/192*(3*e^5 + 16*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e^3/x + 48*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*e/x^2 + 144*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*d^3*\text{abs}(e) - 7/8*e^5*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/(d^3*\text{abs}(e)) - 1/192*(144*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^9*e^5*\text{abs}(e)/x + 48*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d^9*e^3*\text{abs}(e)/x^2 + 16*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*d^9*e*\text{abs}(e)/x^3 + 3*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*d^9*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^4))/(d^12*e^4)$

3.42.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.43 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.43.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^2x^3} - \frac{3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4d^3x^2} - \frac{6e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^4x} - \frac{3e^5\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{4d^4}$$

output `-3/4*e^5*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5-1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^4-3/5*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^3-3/4*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2-6/5*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x`

3.43.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-4d^4-10d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2-15de^3x^3-24e^4x^4)}{20d^4x^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^5\log(x)}{4d^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^5\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{4d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(-4*d^4 - 10*d^3*e*x - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 - 24*e^4*x^4))/(20*d^4*x^5) - (3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[x])/(4*d^5) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(4*d^5)$

3.43.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {540, 25, 27, 539, 27, 539, 27, 539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 540 \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(10d+9ex)}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d^2e(10d+9ex)}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{5}e \int \frac{10d+9ex}{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \\ & \frac{1}{5}e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{6de(6d+5ex)}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \int \frac{6d+5ex}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{3de(5d+4ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{5d+4ex}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 539 \\
& \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(8d+5ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(8d+5ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \int \frac{8d+5ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534
\end{aligned}$$

3.43. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{5e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right)}{\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{\frac{5}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right)}{\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2 - e^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5x^5}$$

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$$\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{3e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{5e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2dx^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5x^5}$$

3.43. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^5 + (e*((-5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^4) + (3*e*((-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x^3) + (e*((-5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) + (e*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) - (5*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/d))/(2*d)))/d)/(2*d))/5`

3.43.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]},
Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.43.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(24e^4x^4+15de^3x^3+12d^2e^2x^2+10d^3ex+4d^4)}{20x^5d^4} - \frac{3e^5 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{4d^3\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$d^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5d^2x^5} + \frac{4e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^4x} \right)}{5d^2} \right) + e^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^4x} \right) + 2de \left(-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/x^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/20*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(24*e^4*x^4+15*d*e^3*x^3+12*d^2*e^2*x^2+10*d^3*
e*x+4*d^4)/x^5/d^4-3/4/d^3*e^5/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x
^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.43.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15e^5x^5 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (24e^4x^4 + 15de^3x^3 + 12d^2e^2x^2 + 10d^3ex + 4d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{20d^4x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/20*(15*e^5*x^5*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (24*e^4*x^4 + 15*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*e*x + 4*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*x^5)`**3.43.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= d^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{5d^2x^4} - \frac{4e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{15d^4x^2} - \frac{8e^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{15d^6} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{5d^2x^4} - \frac{4ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{15d^4x^2} - \frac{8ie^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{15d^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{4ex^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{e}{8d^2x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} + \frac{3e^3}{8d^4x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}} - \frac{3e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^5} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i}{4ex^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{ie}{8d^2x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} - \frac{3ie^3}{8d^4x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}} + \frac{3ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^2x^2} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}-1}}{3d^4} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^2x^2} - \frac{2ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}+1}}{3d^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**6/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

```

output d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(5*d**2*x**4) - 4*e**3*sqrt(
d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(15*d**4*x**2) - 8*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(
15*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(5
*d**2*x**4) - 4*I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(15*d**4*x**2) - 8*I*e
**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(15*d**6), True)) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((-1/(4*
e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e/(8*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)
- 1)) + 3*e**3/(8*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 3*e**4*acosh(d/(e*x
)))/(8*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) + I*e/(8*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e**3/(8*d**
4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + 3*I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**5), True))
+ e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*e**3*sq
rt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**4), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(
-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2*x**2) - 2*I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1
)/(3*d**4), True))

```

3.43.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{4d^4} - \frac{6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4}{5d^4x} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3}{4d^3x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^2}{5d^2x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e}{2dx^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5x^5}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output -3/4*e^5*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^4 - 6/5*sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4/(d^4*x) - 3/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3/(d^3*x^2) - 3
/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2/(d^2*x^3) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e/(d*x^4)
- 1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/x^5

```

3.43.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(e^6 + \frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^4}{x} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^2}{x^2} + \frac{40(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{x^3} + \frac{110(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{e^2 x^4} \right) e^{10} x^5}{160 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 d^4 |e|}$$

$$- \frac{3e^6 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{4d^4|e|}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{110(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^{16}e^8}{x} + \frac{40(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^{16}e^6}{x^2} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^{16}e^4}{x^3} + \frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^{16}e^2}{x^4}}{160 d^{20} e^4 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/160*(e^6 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^4/x + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^2/x^2 + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/x^3 + 110*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^2*x^4))*e^10*x^5/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^4*abs(e)) - 3/4*e^6*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) - 1/160*(110*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^16*e^8/x + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^16*e^6/x^2 + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^16*e^4/x^3 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^16*e^2/x^4 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^16/x^5)/(d^20*e^4*abs(e))`

3.43.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.43. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

3.44 $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.44.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{22d^3(d+ex)}{15e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d(30d+23ex)}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6} - \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

output `1/5*d^4*(e*x+d)^2/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-22/15*d^3*(e*x+d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2*d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+2/15*d*(23*e*x+30*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6`

3.44.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-56d^4+82d^3ex+32d^2e^2x^2-76de^3x^3+15e^4x^4)}{15e^6(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)} + \frac{2d(-e^2)^{3/2} \log(-\sqrt{-e^2}x + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{e^9}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-56*d^4 + 82*d^3*e*x + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 76*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4))/(15*e^6*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) + (2*d*(-e^2)^(3/2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^9$

3.44.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 2345, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)\left(\frac{2d^5}{e^5} + \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^3d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4d}{e}\right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{16d^5}{e^5} + \frac{45xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{30x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{15x^3d^2}{e^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^3(30d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^4(2d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^3(30d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2 \int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^5}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^3(30d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2\left(2d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{3d}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^3(30d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2\left(2d\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{3d}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^4(d+ex)^2}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{22d^4(d+ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^3(30d+23ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2\left(\frac{2d\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(5*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((22*d^4*(d + e*x))/(3*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*d^3*(30*d + 23*e*x))/(e^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^2*(-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e) + (2*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/e^5)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.44.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.44.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$3.44. \quad \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^6} - \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{8e^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{41d^2\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{60e^8\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{383d\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{120e^8\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$
default	$e^2 \left(-\frac{x^6}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6-2*d/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+1/8*d/e^7/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-41/60*d^2/e^8/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-383/120*d/e^7/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/10*d^3/e^9/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)`

3.44.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{56de^4x^4 - 112d^2e^3x^3 + 112d^4ex - 56d^5 + 60(de^4x^4 - 2d^2e^3x^3 + 2d^4ex - d^5) \arctan\left(\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{15(e^{10}x^4 - 2de^9x^3 + 2d^3e^7x^2 - d^4e^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(56*d*e^4*x^4 - 112*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 112*d^4*e*x - 56*d^5 + 60*(d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^4*e*x - d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (15*e^4*x^4 - 76*d*e^3*x^3 + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 82*d^3*e*x - 56*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^10*x^4 - 2*d*e^9*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^7*x^2 - d^4*e^6)`

3.44.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.44.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{2}{15} dex \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) \\ &- \frac{x^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2dx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{3e} \\ &+ \frac{7d^2x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{28d^4x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{56d^6}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \\ &+ \frac{8d^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} - \frac{14dx}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5} - \frac{2d \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*d*e*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - x^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) - 2/3*d*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e + 7*d^2*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 28/3*d^4*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 56/15*d^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) + 8/15*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) - 14/15*d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - 2*d*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^5)`

3.44.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2x^5}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*x^5/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.44.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((x^5*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.45 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.45.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{17d^2(d+ex)}{15e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(15d+13ex)}{15e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `1/5*d^3*(e*x+d)^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-17/15*d^2*(e*x+d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+2/15*(13*e*x+15*d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.45.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(16d^3-17d^2ex-22de^2x^2+26e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)} + 30 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 15e^5$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(16*d^3 - 17*d^2*e*x - 22*d*e^2*x^2 + 26*e^3*x^3))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) + 30*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(15*e^5)`

3.45. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.45.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 2345, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)\left(\frac{2d^4}{e^4} + \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^3d}{e}\right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{17d^3(d+ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{11d^4}{e^4} + \frac{30xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{15x^2d^2}{e^2}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{17d^3(d+ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(15d+13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^4}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{17d^3(d+ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(15d+13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{17d^3(d+ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d^2(15d+13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{e^4}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.45. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d^3(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{17d^3(d+ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^2(15d+13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{3d}{5d}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(5*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((17*d^3*(d + e*x))/(3*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*d^2*(15*d + 13*e*x))/(e^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^5)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.45.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^(n-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*a*d*(p+1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p+1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n-1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p+1)*Qx + R*(n+2*p+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`


```
rule 2166 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde
r[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2,
0] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuot
ient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x,
0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b
*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) In
t[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.45.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result
default	$e^2 \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right) + d^2 \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3d^2}{4e^2} \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.45. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output
$$e^2*(1/5*x^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/e^2*(1/3*x^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/e^2*(x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))))+d^2*(1/2*x^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-3/2*d^2/e^2*(1/4*x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/4*d^2/e^2*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))))+2*d*e*(x^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4*d^2/e^2*(1/3*x^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/15*d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)))$$

3.45.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16e^4x^4 - 32de^3x^3 + 32d^3ex - 16d^4 + 30(e^4x^4 - 2de^3x^3 + 2d^3ex - d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (26e^3x^3 - 22d^3e^2x^2 - 17d^2e^2ex + 16d^3) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(e^9x^4 - 2de^8x^3 + 2d^3e^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/15*(16*e^4*x^4 - 32*d*e^3*x^3 + 32*d^3*e*x - 16*d^4 + 30*(e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e*x - d^4)*\arctan(-d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (26*e^3*x^3 - 22*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 17*d^2*e^2*x + 16*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^9*x^4 - 2*d*e^8*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^6*x - d^4*e^5)$$

3.45.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.45.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15} e^2 x \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^6} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^4} \right) + \frac{2dx^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e} + \frac{d^2x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^2} - \frac{8d^3x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^3} - \frac{3d^4x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^4} + \frac{16d^5}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^5} + \frac{11d^2x}{30(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^4} - \frac{4x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} e^4} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*e^2*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 1/3*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4)) + 2*d*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/2*d^2*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 8/3*d^3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) - 3/10*d^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 16/15*d^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^5) + 11/30*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 4/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4) - arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2)*e^4`

3.45.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*x^4/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.45.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.46 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.46.1	Optimal result	662
3.46.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	662
3.46.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	663
3.46.4	Maple [A] (verified)	664
3.46.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	665
3.46.6	Sympy [F]	666
3.46.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	666
3.46.8	Giac [F]	666
3.46.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	667

3.46.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d+2ex}{5de^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*d^2*(e*x+d)^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/5*d*(e*x+d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5*(2*e*x+5*d)/d/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.46.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3-4d^2ex+de^2x^2+2e^3x^3)}{5de^4(d-ex)^3(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3))/(5*d*e^4*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x))$

3.46.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 27, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)\left(\frac{2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d}{e}\right) dx}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{4d^2(d+ex)}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3d^2(2d+5ex)}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{4d^2(d+ex)}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{2d+5ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{e^3}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{453} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{4d^2(d+ex)}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{5d+2ex}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(5*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((4*d^2*(d + e*x))/(e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*d + 2*e*x)/(e^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*d)`

3.46.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.46.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

3.46. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^3(2e^3x^3+de^2x^2-4d^2ex+2d^3)}{5de^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(2e^3x^3+de^2x^2-4d^2ex+2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5de^4(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)}$
default	$e^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^3*(2*e^3*x^3+d*e^2*x^2-4*d^2*e*x+2*d^3)/d/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)`

3.46.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^4x^4 - 4de^3x^3 + 4d^3ex - 2d^4 - (2e^3x^3 + de^2x^2 - 4d^2ex + 2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{5(d^8x^4 - 2d^2e^7x^3 + 2d^4e^5x - d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(2*e^4*x^4 - 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 4*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4 - (2*e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2*e*x + 2*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^8*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^7*x^3 + 2*d^4*e^5*x - d^5*e^4)`

3.46.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.46.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{dx^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} - \frac{d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{3d^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} + \frac{2d^4}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} + \frac{2x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^4/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + d*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) - d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 3/5*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) + 2/5*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 1/5*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) + 2/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3)`

3.46.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2x^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.46.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3-4d^2ex+de^2x^2+2e^3x^3)}{5de^4(d+ex)(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^3 + 2*e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2*e*x))/(5*d*e^4*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x)^3)`

$$3.47 \quad \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.47.1	Optimal result	668
3.47.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	668
3.47.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	669
3.47.4	Maple [A] (verified)	670
3.47.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	671
3.47.6	Sympy [F]	672
3.47.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	672
3.47.8	Giac [F]	672
3.47.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	673

3.47.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d(d+ex)^2}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{7(d+ex)}{15e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{15d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*d*(e*x+d)^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-7/15*(e*x+d)/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/15*x/d^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.47.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-4d^3+8d^2ex-2de^2x^2+e^3x^3)}{15d^2e^3(d-ex)^3(d+ex)}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(x^2*(d+e*x)^2)/(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(-4*d^3+8*d^2*e*x-2*d*e^2*x^2+e^3*x^3))/(15*d^2*e^3*(d-e*x)^3*(d+e*x))$

3.47.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {529, 27, 669, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^2}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+ex)(2d+5ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^2}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(2d+5ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{669} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^2}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{7(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^2}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{7(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{3d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x)^2)/(5*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((7*(d + e*x))/(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - x/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.47.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 669 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g + e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(2*c*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.47.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

3.47. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^3(-e^3x^3+2de^2x^2-8d^2ex+4d^3)}{15d^2e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-e^3x^3+2de^2x^2-8d^2ex+4d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^2e^3(-ex+d)^3(ex+d)}$
default	$e^2 \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{2e^2} \right) + d^2 \left(\dots \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^3*x^3+2*d*e^2*x^2-8*d^2*e*x+4*d^3)/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)
```

3.47.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4e^4x^4 - 8de^3x^3 + 8d^3ex - 4d^4 + (e^3x^3 - 2de^2x^2 + 8d^2ex - 4d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(d^2e^7x^4 - 2d^3e^6x^3 + 2d^5e^4x - d^6e^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/15*(4*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*d^3*e*x - 4*d^4 + (e^3*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e*x - 4*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^6*x^3 + 2*d^5*e^4*x - d^6*e^3)
```

3.47. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.47.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.47.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2dx^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} - \frac{d^2x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2}$$

$$- \frac{4d^3}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} + \frac{x}{30(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} + \frac{x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 2/3*d*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) - 1/10*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 4/15*d^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) + 1/30*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) + 1/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^2)`

3.47.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.47.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(4d^3-8d^2ex+2de^2x^2-e^3x^3)}{15d^2e^3(d+ex)(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(4*d^3 - e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^2*e*x))/(15*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.48 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.48.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^2}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)}{15de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x}{15d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*(e*x+d)^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/15*(e*x+d)/d/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-4/15*x/d^3/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.48.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^3-2d^2ex+8de^2x^2-4e^3x^3)}{15d^3e^2(d-ex)^3(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d+e*x)^2)/(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(d^3-2*d^2*e*x+8*d*e^2*x^2-4*e^3*x^3))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d-e*x)^3*(d+e*x))`

3.48.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {531, 27, 454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{531} \\
 & \int -\frac{2d^2e(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^2}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{d+ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{d+ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d + e*x)^2/(5*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (2*((d + e*x)/(3*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*e)`

3.48.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`
- rule 531 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(c + d*x)^n*(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*b*(p + 1)*(c + d*x)*Qx - a*d*f*n + b*c*e*(2*p + 3) + b*d*e*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.48.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^3(-4e^3x^3+8de^2x^2-2d^2ex+d^3)}{15d^3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
tragers	$\frac{(-4e^3x^3+8de^2x^2-2d^2ex+d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3(-ex+d)^3e^2(ex+d)}$
default	$e^2\left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)+\frac{d^2}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}+2de\left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}+\dots\right)}{\dots}\right)$

3.48. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^3*(-4*e^3*x^3+8*d*e^2*x^2-2*d^2*e*x+d^3)/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)`

3.48.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^4x^4 - 2de^3x^3 + 2d^3ex - d^4 + (4e^3x^3 - 8de^2x^2 + 2d^2ex - d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3e^6x^4 - 2d^4e^5x^3 + 2d^6e^3x - d^7e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e*x - d^4 + (4*e^3*x^3 - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^2*e*x - d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^6*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^5*x^3 + 2*d^6*e^3*x - d^7*e^2)`

3.48.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.48.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{2x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}de} - \frac{4x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3e}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 2/5*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/15*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 2/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e) - 4/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*e)`**3.48.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2x}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`**3.48.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^3-2d^2ex+8de^2x^2-4e^3x^3)}{15d^3e^2(d+ex)(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d^3 - 4*e^3*x^3 + 8*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*x))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.48. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$3.49 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

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3.49.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)}{5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{5d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $\frac{2/5*(e*x+d)/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}+1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+2/5*x/d^4}{4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}}$

3.49.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3+d^2ex-4de^2x^2+2e^3x^3)}{5d^4e(d-ex)^3(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^3 + d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3))/(5*d^4*e*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x))$

3.49.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {457, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 457

$$\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{2(d+ex)}{5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x))/(5*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (3*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/5`

3.49.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 457 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(2*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(2)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^2*((p + 2)/(b*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.49.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^3(2e^3x^3-4de^2x^2+d^2ex+2d^3)}{5d^4e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(2e^3x^3-4de^2x^2+d^2ex+2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5d^4(-ex+d)^3e(ex+d)}$
default	$d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{15d^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{5}*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^3*(2*e^3*x^3-4*d*e^2*x^2+d^2*e*x+2*d^3)/d^4/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)$

3.49.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^4x^4 - 4de^3x^3 + 4d^3ex - 2d^4 - (2e^3x^3 - 4de^2x^2 + d^2ex + 2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{5(d^4e^5x^4 - 2d^5e^4x^3 + 2d^7e^2x - d^8e)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{1}{5}*(2*e^4*x^4 - 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 4*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4 - (2*e^3*x^3 - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e*x + 2*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^4*e^5*x^4 - 2*d^5*e^4*x^3 + 2*d^7*e^2*x - d^8*e)$

3.49. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.49.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/((-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.49.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2d}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{2x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 2/5*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2) + 2/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4)`

3.49.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.49.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3+d^2ex-4de^2x^2+2e^3x^3)}{5d^4e(d+ex)(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^3 + 2*e^3*x^3 - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e*x))/(5*d^4 *e*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.50 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.50.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d+8ex}{15d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d+16ex}{15d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^5}$$

output $2/5*(e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(8*e*x+5*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5+1/15*(16*e*x+15*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.50.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(26d^3-22d^2ex-17de^2x^2+16e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)} + 30\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x-d^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{15d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(26*d^3 - 22*d^2*e*x - 17*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) + 30*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/ (15*d^5)$

3.50. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.50.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {532, 25, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(5d+8ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(5d+8ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d+8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{5d+8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d+16ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d+16ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{15d+16ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.50. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{15d + 16ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d + 8ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d + ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{15d + 16ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d + 8ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d + ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{\frac{15d + 16ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 - e^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d + 8ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d + ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\frac{15d + 16ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d + 8ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d + ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x))/(5*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((5*d + 8*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d + 16*e*x)/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d)`

3.50.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.50.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + d^2 \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2}}{d^2} \right) + 2de \left(\frac{1}{5d^2} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.50. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output $1/5/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}+d^2*(1/5/d^2/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}+1/d^2*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+1/d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-1/d^2/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*1n((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2))*(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x))))+2*d*e*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2))})$

3.50.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{26e^4x^4 - 52de^3x^3 + 52d^3ex - 26d^4 + 15(e^4x^4 - 2de^3x^3 + 2d^3ex - d^4) \log\left(\frac{-d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{15(d^5e^4x^4 - 2d^6e^3x^3 + 2d^7e^2x^2 - 2d^8e^1x - d^9)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/15*(26*e^4*x^4 - 52*d*e^3*x^3 + 52*d^3*e*x - 26*d^4 + 15*(e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e*x - d^4)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) - (16*e^3*x^3 - 17*d*e^2*x^2 - 22*d^2*e*x + 26*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^5*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^8*e*x - d^9)$

3.50.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.50.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2ex}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d} + \frac{2}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{8ex}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{16ex}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^5} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*e*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d) + 2/5/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 8/15*e*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3) + 1/3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2) + 16/15*e*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5) - log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^5 + 1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4)`**3.50.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x), x)`**3.50.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.50. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.51 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.51.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^6x} - \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6}$$

output $2/5*e*(e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*e*(13*e*x+10*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/15*e*(41*e*x+30*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x$

3.51.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^4-76d^3ex+32d^2e^2x^2+82de^3x^3-56e^4x^4)}{x(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)} - 30\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) + 30\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) / 15d^7$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^4 - 76*d^3*e*x + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 82*d*e^3*x^3 - 56*e^4*x^4))/(x*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) - 30*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[x] + 30*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*d^7)$

3.51. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.51.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^2+10exd+8e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^2+10exd+8e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d^2+30exd+26e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15d^2+30exd+26e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d(d+2ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{15 \int \frac{d+2ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.51. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 534 \\
 \frac{15 \left(2e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 243 \\
 \frac{15 \left(e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{15 \left(-\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{15 \left(-\frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e(30d+41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(10d+13ex)}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e(d+ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*e*(d + e*x))/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e*(10*d + 13*e*x))/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e*(30*d + 41*e*x))/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (15*(-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) - (2*e*ArcTanh[sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.51.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 2336 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

3.51.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^6x} - \frac{2e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{29\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{60d^5e\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{313\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{120d^6\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \sqrt{\dots}$
default	$e^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6e^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x-2/d^5*e/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-
e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+29/60/d^5/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e)
)^(1/2)-313/120/d^6/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/8/d^6/(
x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/10/d^4/e^2/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/
e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.51. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.51.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{46e^5x^5 - 92de^4x^4 + 92d^3e^2x^2 - 46d^4ex + 30(e^5x^5 - 2de^4x^4 + 2d^3e^2x^2 - d^4ex)}{15(d^6e^4x^5 - 2d^7e^3x^4 + 2d^9e^2x^3 - d^{10}x^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(46*e^5*x^5 - 92*d*e^4*x^4 + 92*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 46*d^4*e*x + 30*(e^5*x^5 - 2*d*e^4*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - d^4*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (56*e^4*x^4 - 82*d*e^3*x^3 - 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 76*d^3*e*x - 15*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^4*x^5 - 2*d^7*e^3*x^4 + 2*d^9*e^2*x^3 - d^10*x)`

3.51.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.51.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{7e^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2} + \frac{2e}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d} \\ &+ \frac{28e^2x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^4} + \frac{2e}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3} - \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d} \\ &+ \frac{56e^2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^6} - \frac{2e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^6} + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5} \end{aligned}$$

3.51. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `7/5*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2) + 2/5*e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d) + 28/15*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^4) + 2/3*e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3) - 1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x) + 56/15*e^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^6) - 2*e*log(2*d^2/abs(x)) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)/d^6 + 2*e/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5)`

3.51.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^2), x)`

3.51.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.52 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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 3.52.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 697
 3.52.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 698
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 3.52.8 Giac [F] 704
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3.52.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{5d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{5d^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^6x^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^7x} - \frac{9e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^7}$$

output `2/5*e^2*(e*x+d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/5*e^2*(6*e*x+5*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-9/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^7+2/5*e^2*(11*e*x+10*d)/d^7/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x^2-2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x`

3.52.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^5+10d^4ex-94d^3e^2x^2+58d^2e^3x^3+83de^4x^4-64e^5x^5)}{x^2(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)} + 90e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{d}\right)}{10d^7}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^5 + 10*d^4*e*x - 94*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 58*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 83*d*e^4*x^4 - 64*e^5*x^5))/(x^2*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) + 90*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(10*d^7)$

3.52.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 2338, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 532

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8e^3x^3+10e^2x^2+10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{8e^3x^3+10e^2x^2+10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2336

$$\frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{12e^3x^3}{d}+15e^2x^2+10dex+5d^2\right)}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{12e^3x^3+15e^2x^2+10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2336

3.52. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5(d^2+2exd+4e^2x^2)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5\int \frac{d^2+2exd+4e^2x^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{5\left(\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e(4d+9ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{5\left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2e(4d+9ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5\left(\frac{1}{2}e\int \frac{4d+9ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{5\left(\frac{1}{2}e\left(9e\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{5\left(\frac{1}{2}e\left(\frac{9}{2}e\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

3.52. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e \left(-\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 - \frac{x^4}{e}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d + ex)}{5d^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e \left(-\frac{9e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d+11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d+6ex)}{d^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d^2}{2e^2(d + ex)} \Bigg/ 5d^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*e^2*(d + e*x))/(5*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^2*(5*d + 6*e*x))/(d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))) + ((2*e^2*(10*d + 11*e*x))/(d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (5*(-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2 + (e*((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) - (9*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.52.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.52. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.52.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(4ex+d)}{2d^7x^2} - \frac{9e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^6\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{8d^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{10d^5e\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} +$
default	$e^2 \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}}{d^2}} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \right.$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(4*e*x+d)/d^7/x^2-9/2/d^6*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+1/8/d^7*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/10/d^5/e/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+13/20/d^6/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-181/40/d^7*e/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.52.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{54e^6x^6 - 108de^5x^5 + 108d^3e^3x^3 - 54d^4e^2x^2 + 45(e^6x^6 - 2de^5x^5 + 2d^3e^3x^3 - d^4e^2x^2)}{10(d^7e^4x^6 - \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $1/10*(54*e^6*x^6 - 108*d*e^5*x^5 + 108*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 54*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 45*(e^6*x^6 - 2*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*d^3*e^3*x^3 - d^4*e^2*x^2)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) - (64*e^5*x^5 - 83*d*e^4*x^4 - 58*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 94*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^4*e*x - 5*d^5)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^7*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^8*e^3*x^5 + 2*d^10*e*x^3 - d^11*x^2)$

3.52.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/x**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(x**3*(-(d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.52.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{12e^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3} + \frac{9e^2}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2} \\ &+ \frac{16e^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^5} + \frac{3e^2}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^4} - \frac{2e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}dx} + \frac{32e^3x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^7} \\ &- \frac{9e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{2d^7} + \frac{9e^2}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^6} - \frac{1}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $12/5*e^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3) + 9/10*e^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2) + 16/5*e^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5) + 3/2*e^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^4) - 2*e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x) + 32/5*e^3*x/(\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^7) - 9/2*e^2*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/abs(x))/d^7 + 9/2*e^2/(\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^6) - 1/2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x^2)$

3.52.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^3), x)`

3.52.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.53 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.53.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{15d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{15d^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^6x^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^7x^2} - \frac{14e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^8x} - \frac{7e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^8}$$

output $2/5*e^3*(e*x+d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*e^3*(23*e*x+20*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-7*e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^8+2/15*e^3*(53*e*x+45*d)/d^8/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x^3-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x^2-14/3*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^8/x$

3.53.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^6+5d^5ex+40d^4e^2x^2-246d^3e^3x^3+122d^2e^4x^4+247de^5x^5-176e^6x^6)}{x^3(-d+ex)^3(d+ex)} - \frac{105\sqrt{d^2}e^3\log(x)}{15d^9} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^6 + 5*d^5*e*x + 40*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 246*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 122*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 247*d*e^5*x^5 - 176*e^6*x^6))/(x^3*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)) - 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[x] + 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*d^9)$

3.53.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 532 \\ & \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8e^4x^4}{d^2} + \frac{10e^3x^3}{d} + 10e^2x^2 + 10dex + 5d^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{8e^4x^4}{d^2} + \frac{10e^3x^3}{d} + 10e^2x^2 + 10dex + 5d^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\ & \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{46e^4x^4}{d^2} + \frac{60e^3x^3}{d} + 45e^2x^2 + 30dex + 15d^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{46e^4x^4}{d^2} + \frac{60e^3x^3}{d} + 45e^2x^2 + 30dex + 15d^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2336 \end{aligned}$$

3.53. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15\left(\frac{6e^3x^3}{d} + 4e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2\right) dx}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{15 \frac{\frac{6e^3x^3}{d} + 4e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2(3ed^3+7e^2xd^2+9e^3x^2d)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{3ed^3+7e^2xd^2+9e^3x^2d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{7d^3e^2(2d+3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{2} de^2 \int \frac{2d+3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534
 \end{aligned}$$

3.53. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{2} de^2 \left(3e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{5d^2}{2e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{2} de^2 \left(\frac{3}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{5d^2}{2e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{2} de^2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{5d^2}{2e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{2} de^2 \left(-\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - 2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} - \frac{3de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{3d^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^3(45d+53ex)}{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^3(20d+23ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{5d^2}{2e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{2e^3(d+ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

3.53. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

```
output (2*e^3*(d + e*x))/(5*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^3*(20*d + 23*e*x))/(
3*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*e^3*(45*d + 53*e*x))/(d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^
2*x^2]) + (15*(-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^3 + (2*((-3*d*e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^2]))/(2*x^2) + (7*d*e^2*((-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) - (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqr
t[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2))/(3*d^2))/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)
```

3.53.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
negerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.53.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(14e^2x^2+3dex+d^2)}{3d^8x^3} - \frac{7e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^7\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{8d^8\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{833e^2\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}}{120d^8\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	$e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6e^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right) + d^2 \left(-\frac{1}{3d^2x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

3.53. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.53.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{22e^4x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^4} + \frac{7e^3}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{88e^4x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^6} + \frac{7e^3}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^5} - \frac{11e^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{176e^4x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^8} - \frac{7e^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^8}$$

$$+ \frac{7e^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^7} - \frac{e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}dx^2} - \frac{1}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `22/5*e^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4) + 7/5*e^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3) + 88/15*e^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^6) + 7/3*e^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5) - 11/3*e^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x) + 176/15*e^4*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^8) - 7*e^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^8 + 7*e^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7) - e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x^2) - 1/3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x^3)`

3.53.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/x^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^4), x)`

3.53.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^2/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.54 $\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.54.1	Optimal result	714
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3.54.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{3}{5}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{2}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{3}{20}(8+5x)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{3\arcsin(x)}{4}$$

output `3/4*arcsin(x)-3/5*x^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*x^3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/5*x^4*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/20*(8+5*x)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.54.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{20}\sqrt{1-x^2}(-24-15x-12x^2-10x^3-4x^4) + \frac{3}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(1+x)^2)/Sqrt[1-x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x^2]*(-24-15*x-12*x^2-10*x^3-4*x^4))/20+(3*ArcTan[x/(-1+Sqrt[1-x^2])])/2`

3.54.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {541, 25, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(x+1)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{x^3(10x+9)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1-x^2} x^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{x^3(10x+9)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{6x^2(6x+5)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{x^2(6x+5)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3x(5x+4)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 2x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{x(5x+4)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 2x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} x^2 - \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x \right) - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 8\sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} x^2 - \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x \right) - \frac{5}{2} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5} x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(5 \arcsin(x) - 8\sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{1-x^2}x^2 - \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2}x \right) - \frac{5}{2}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(1 + x)^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x]`

output `-1/5*(x^4*Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + ((-5*x^3*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/2 + (3*((-5*x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/2 - 2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - x^2] + (-8*Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 5*ArcSin[x])/2))/2)/5`

3.54.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.54.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(4x^4+10x^3+12x^2+15x+24)(x^2-1)}{20\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{4}$	42
trager	$\left(-\frac{1}{5}x^4 - \frac{1}{2}x^3 - \frac{3}{5}x^2 - \frac{3}{4}x - \frac{6}{5}\right) \sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2+1) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}+x)}{4}$	59
default	$-\frac{x^4\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5} - \frac{3x^2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5} - \frac{6\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{3x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4} + \frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{4}$	71
meijerg	$\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(4x^2+8)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - i\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x(10x^2+15)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{20} + \frac{3i\sqrt{\pi} \arcsin(x)}{4}\right) - \frac{-\frac{16\sqrt{\pi}}{15} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(6x^4+8x^2+16)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{\pi}}}{15}$	109

input `int(x^3*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/20*(4*x^4+10*x^3+12*x^2+15*x+24)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/4*arcsin(x)`**3.54.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{20} (4x^4 + 10x^3 + 12x^2 + 15x + 24) \sqrt{-x^2+1} - \frac{3}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/20*(4*x^4 + 10*x^3 + 12*x^2 + 15*x + 24)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 3/2*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)`

3.54.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2} - \frac{3x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5} - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} - \frac{6\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5} + \frac{3\arcsin(x)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-x**4*sqrt(1 - x**2)/5 - x**3*sqrt(1 - x**2)/2 - 3*x**2*sqrt(1 - x**2)/5 - 3*x*sqrt(1 - x**2)/4 - 6*sqrt(1 - x**2)/5 + 3*asin(x)/4`**3.54.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x^4 - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x^3 - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x^2 - \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x - \frac{6}{5}\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{3}{4}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^4 - 1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^3 - 3/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^2 - 3/4*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - 6/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 3/4*arcsin(x)`**3.54.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{20}((2((2x+5)x+6)x+15)x+24)\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{3}{4}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/20*((2*((2*x + 5)*x + 6)*x + 15)*x + 24)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 3/4*arcsin(x)`

3.54.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^3(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \operatorname{asin}(x)}{4} - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{x^4}{5} + \frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{3x^2}{5} + \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{6}{5} \right)$$

input `int((x^3*(x + 1)^2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*asin(x))/4 - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*((3*x)/4 + (3*x^2)/5 + x^3/2 + x^4/5 + 6/5)`

3.55 $\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.55.1	Optimal result	720
3.55.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	720
3.55.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	721
3.55.4	Maple [A] (verified)	722
3.55.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	723
3.55.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	723
3.55.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	724
3.55.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	724
3.55.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	724

3.55.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{24}(32+21x)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{7 \arcsin(x)}{8}$$

output `7/8*arcsin(x)-2/3*x^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/4*x^3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/24*(32+21*x)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.55.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{24}\sqrt{1-x^2}(-32-21x-16x^2-6x^3) + \frac{7}{4} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(1+x)^2)/Sqrt[1-x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x^2]*(-32-21*x-16*x^2-6*x^3))/24+(7*ArcTan[x/(-1+Sqrt[1-x^2])])/4`

3.55.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {541, 25, 533, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(x+1)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{x^2(8x+7)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-x^2} x^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^2(8x+7)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(21x+16)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{8}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{32x+21}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{21}{2} x \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{8}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(21 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 32 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{21}{2} x \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{8}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(21 \arcsin(x) - 32 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{21}{2} x \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{8}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(1+x)^2)/Sqrt[1-x^2],x]`

output `-1/4*(x^3*Sqrt[1-x^2]) + ((-8*x^2*Sqrt[1-x^2])/3 + ((-21*x*Sqrt[1-x^2])/2 + (-32*Sqrt[1-x^2] + 21*ArcSin[x])/2)/3)/4`

3.55.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

- rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.55.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(6x^3+16x^2+21x+32)(x^2-1)}{24\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \frac{7 \arcsin(x)}{8}$	37
trager	$\left(-\frac{1}{4}x^3 - \frac{2}{3}x^2 - \frac{7}{8}x - \frac{4}{3}\right)\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{7\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+1)\ln(\text{RootOf}(_Z^2+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}+x)}{8}$	54
default	$-\frac{x^3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4} - \frac{7x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{8} + \frac{7 \arcsin(x)}{8} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3}$	57
meijerg	$\frac{i\left(i\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{-x^2+1}-i\sqrt{\pi} \arcsin(x)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(4x^2+8)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{i\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x(10x^2+15)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{20} + \frac{3i\sqrt{\pi} \arcsin(x)}{4}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	102

3.55. $\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

input `int(x^2*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24*(6*x^3+16*x^2+21*x+32)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+7/8*arcsin(x)`

3.55.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{24} (6x^3 + 16x^2 + 21x + 32) \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - \frac{7}{4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/24*(6*x^3 + 16*x^2 + 21*x + 32)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 7/4*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)`

3.55.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3} - \frac{7x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{8} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3} + \frac{7\operatorname{asin}(x)}{8}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-x**3*sqrt(1 - x**2)/4 - 2*x**2*sqrt(1 - x**2)/3 - 7*x*sqrt(1 - x**2)/8 - 4*sqrt(1 - x**2)/3 + 7*asin(x)/8`

3.55.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x^3 - \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x^2 - \frac{7}{8}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x - \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{7}{8}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^3 - 2/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^2 - 7/8*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - 4/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 7/8*arcsin(x)`**3.55.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{24}((2(3x+8)x+21)x+32)\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{7}{8}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/24*((2*(3*x + 8)*x + 21)*x + 32)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 7/8*arcsin(x)`**3.55.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^2(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{7\arcsin(x)}{8} - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{x^3}{4} + \frac{2x^2}{3} + \frac{7x}{8} + \frac{4}{3} \right)$$

input `int((x^2*(x + 1)^2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(7*asin(x))/8 - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*((7*x)/8 + (2*x^2)/3 + x^3/4 + 4/3)`

3.56 $\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.56.1	Optimal result	725
3.56.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	725
3.56.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	726
3.56.4	Maple [A] (verified)	728
3.56.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	728
3.56.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	728
3.56.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	729
3.56.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	729
3.56.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	729

3.56.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{3}(5+3x)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin(x)$$

output `arcsin(x)-1/3*x^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/3*(5+3*x)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.56.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{1-x^2}(-5-3x-x^2) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(x*(1+x)^2)/Sqrt[1-x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x^2]*(-5-3*x-x^2))/3+2*ArcTan[x/(-1+Sqrt[1-x^2])]`

3.56.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {541, 25, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(x+1)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{x(6x+5)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-x^2} x^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(6x+5)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(5x+3)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 3x \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{5x+3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 3x \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - 3\sqrt{1-x^2} x - 5\sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(3 \arcsin(x) - 3\sqrt{1-x^2} x - 5\sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(1 + x)^2)/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + (-5*Sqrt[1 - x^2] - 3*x*Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 3*ArcSin[x])/3`

3.56.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.56.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(x^2+3x+5)(x^2-1)}{3\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \arcsin(x)$	28
default	$-\frac{5\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3} - x\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \arcsin(x)$	41
trager	$(-\frac{1}{3}x^2 - x - \frac{5}{3})\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \text{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1) \ln(\text{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1)\sqrt{-x^2+1} + x)$	48
meijerg	$-\frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{i(i\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{-x^2+1}-i\sqrt{\pi}\arcsin(x))}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(4x^2+8)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{6}}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	90

input `int(x*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*(x^2+3*x+5)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+arcsin(x)`**3.56.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}(x^2+3x+5)\sqrt{-x^2+1} - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/3*(x^2 + 3*x + 5)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 2*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)`**3.56.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3} - x\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3} + \text{asin}(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-x**2*sqrt(1 - x**2)/3 - x*sqrt(1 - x**2) - 5*sqrt(1 - x**2)/3 + asin(x)`

3.56. $\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.56.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-x^2+1}x^2 - \sqrt{-x^2+1}x - \frac{5}{3} \sqrt{-x^2+1} + \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x^2 - sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - 5/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + arcsin(x)`**3.56.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} ((x+3)x+5)\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*((x + 3)*x + 5)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + arcsin(x)`**3.56.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \operatorname{asin}(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{x^2}{3} + x + \frac{5}{3} \right)$$

input `int((x*(x + 1)^2)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `asin(x) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(x + x^2/3 + 5/3)`

3.57 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.57.1	Optimal result	730
3.57.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	730
3.57.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	731
3.57.4	Maple [A] (verified)	732
3.57.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	732
3.57.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	733
3.57.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	733
3.57.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	733
3.57.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	734

3.57.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{2}(1+x)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}$$

output $3/2*\arcsin(x)-3/2*(-x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-1/2*(1+x)*(-x^2+1)^{(1/2)}$

3.57.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}(-4-x)\sqrt{1-x^2} - 3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x}\right)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(1+x)^2/\text{Sqrt}[1-x^2],x]$

output $((-4-x)*\text{Sqrt}[1-x^2])/2 - 3*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[1-x^2]/(1+x)]$

3.57.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {469, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 469 \\ & \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}(x+1)\sqrt{1-x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 455 \\ & \frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(x+1)\sqrt{1-x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 223 \\ & \frac{3}{2} \left(\arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(x+1)\sqrt{1-x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `-1/2*((1 + x)*Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + (3*(-Sqrt[1 - x^2] + ArcSin[x]))/2`

3.57.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 469 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*c*
((n + p)/(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*
p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.57.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(4+x)(x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}$	25
default	$\frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} - 2\sqrt{-x^2+1}$	29
trager	$\left(-2 - \frac{x}{2}\right) \sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) \ln\left(\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) \sqrt{-x^2+1}+x\right)}{2}$	44
meijerg	$\arcsin(x) - \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{i\left(i\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{-x^2+1}-i\sqrt{\pi}\arcsin(x)\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	60

```
input int((1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(4+x)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/2*arcsin(x)
```

3.57.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-x^2+1}(x+4) - 3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)$$

```
input integrate((1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(x + 4) - 3*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)
```

3.57.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2} - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{3\operatorname{asin}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-x*sqrt(1 - x**2)/2 - 2*sqrt(1 - x**2) + 3*asin(x)/2`**3.57.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x - 2\sqrt{-x^2+1} + \frac{3}{2}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - 2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 3/2*arcsin(x)`**3.57.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(x+4) + \frac{3}{2}\arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(x + 4) + 3/2*arcsin(x)`

3.57.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \operatorname{asin}(x)}{2} - \left(\frac{x}{2} + 2\right) \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(3*asin(x))/2 - (x/2 + 2)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)`

3.58 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.58.1	Optimal result	735
3.58.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	735
3.58.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	736
3.58.4	Maple [A] (verified)	738
3.58.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	738
3.58.6	Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	738
3.58.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	739
3.58.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	739
3.58.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	739

3.58.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} + 2 \arcsin(x) - \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `2*arcsin(x)-arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.58.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) - \log(x) + \log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(x*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 4*ArcTan[x/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2])] - Log[x] + Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]]`

3.58.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {541, 25, 538, 223, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & - \int -\frac{2x+1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{2x+1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx + \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx + 2 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 + 2 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & - \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} + 2 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 2 \arcsin(x) - \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - \sqrt{1-x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x*sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-sqrt[1 - x^2] + 2*ArcSin[x] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - x^2]]`

3.58. $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.58.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.58.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$2 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}\right)$	29
trager	$-\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right) - 2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1) x + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1})$	56
meijerg	$\frac{-2\sqrt{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}{2}\right) + (-2 \ln(2) + 2 \ln(x) + i\pi)\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + 2 \arcsin(x) - \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi} + 2\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	73

input `int((1+x)^2/x/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*arcsin(x)-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-arctanh(1/(-x^2+1)^(1/2))`**3.58.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 4*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) + log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)`**3.58.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} + \begin{cases} -\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + 2 \operatorname{asin}(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

3.58. $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

output `-sqrt(1 - x**2) + Piecewise((-acosh(1/x), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x), True)) + 2*asin(x)`

3.58.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+1} + 2 \arcsin(x) - \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 2*arcsin(x) - log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.58.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+1} + 2 \arcsin(x) + \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 2*arcsin(x) + log(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.58.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = 2 \operatorname{asin}(x) + \ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}-1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}}\right) - \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `2*asin(x) + log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)`

3.58. $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.59 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.59.1	Optimal result	740
3.59.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	740
3.59.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	741
3.59.4	Maple [A] (verified)	743
3.59.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	743
3.59.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	743
3.59.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	744
3.59.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	744
3.59.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	745

3.59.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} + \arcsin(x) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `arcsin(x)-2*arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.59.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} + 2\arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) - 2\log(x) + 2\log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(x^2*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - x^2]/x) + 2*ArcTan[x/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2])] - 2*Log[x] + 2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]]`

3.59.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {540, 25, 538, 223, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & - \int -\frac{x+2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{x+2}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx + 2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx + \arcsin(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 + \arcsin(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -2 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \arcsin(x) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x^2*sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output $-(\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]/x) + \text{ArcSin}[x] - 2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]]$

3.59.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*x)^{(1/p)}, \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \mid \mid \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$

rule 223 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a}])]/\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{b}]$

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{((\text{m} - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$

rule 538 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.))/((\text{x}_.)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} \text{ Int}[1/(\text{x}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 540 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_})*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^n, \text{x}, \text{x}], \text{R} = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^n, \text{x}, \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{R}*x^{(\text{m} + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))}), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p}*\text{ExpandToSum}[\text{a}*(\text{m} + 1)*\text{Qx} - \text{b}*\text{R}*(\text{m} + 2*p + 3)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 1] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

3.59.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\arcsin(x) - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} - 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)$	30
risch	$\frac{x^2-1}{x\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \arcsin(x) - 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)$	34
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} + \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right) + (-2\ln(2) + 2\ln(x) + i\pi)\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \arcsin(x)$	59
trager	$-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} + 2 \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1)x + \sqrt{-x^2+1})$	61

input `int((1+x)^2/x^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `arcsin(x)-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x-2*arctanh(1/(-x^2+1)^(1/2))`**3.59.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{2x \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - 2x \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*x*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - 2*x*log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) + sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/x`**3.59.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{i\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x} & \text{for } |x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + 2 \left(\begin{cases} -\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \operatorname{asin}(x)$$

3.59. $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-I*sqrt(x**2 - 1)/x, Abs(x**2) > 1), (-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x, True))
+ 2*Piecewise((-acosh(1/x), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x), True)) + asin
(x)`

3.59.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} + \arcsin(x) - 2 \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x + arcsin(x) - 2*log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.59.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{x}{2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{2x} + \arcsin(x) + 2 \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1) - 1/2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + arcsin(x) + 2*lo
g(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.59.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \operatorname{asin}(x) + 2 \ln \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x^2*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `asin(x) + 2*log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)/x`

3.60 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.60.1	Optimal result	746
3.60.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	746
3.60.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	747
3.60.4	Maple [A] (verified)	749
3.60.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	749
3.60.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	750
3.60.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	750
3.60.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	751
3.60.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	751

3.60.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{3}{2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `-3/2*arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2-2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.60.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(-1-4x)\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{3\log(x)}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(x^3*sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `((-1 - 4*x)*sqrt[1 - x^2])/(2*x^2) - (3*Log[x])/2 + (3*Log[-1 + sqrt[1 - x^2]])/2`

3.60.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {540, 25, 534, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{3x+4}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3x+4}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-3 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-3\text{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x^3*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[1 - x^2]/x^2 + ((-4*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x - 3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - x^2]])/2`

3.60.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.60.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(1+4x)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2x^2} + \frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)}{2}$
risch	$\frac{4x^3+x^2-4x-1}{2x^2\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{2}$
default	$-\frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x}$
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-4x^2+8)}{8x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x^2} + \sqrt{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right) - \frac{(1-2\ln(2)+2\ln(x+i\pi)\sqrt{\pi} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{x^2})}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} + \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int((1+x)^2/x^3/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(1+4*x)/x^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/2*ln(((x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x)`

3.60.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3x^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - \sqrt{-x^2+1}(4x+1)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^3/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*x^2*log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(4*x + 1))/x^2`

3.60.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = 2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{i\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x} & \text{for } |x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + \begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} + \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ \frac{i\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{2x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ + \begin{cases} -\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ i\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x**3/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*Piecewise((-I*sqrt(x**2 - 1)/x, Abs(x**2) > 1), (-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x, True)) + Piecewise((-acosh(1/x)/2 + 1/(2*x*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))) - 1/(2*x**3*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x)/2 - I*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)/(2*x), True)) + Piecewise((-acosh(1/x), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x), True))`

3.60.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{2} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^3/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x - 1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^2 - 3/2*log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.60.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{8(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} - 1 \right)}{8(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{8x^2} + \frac{3}{2} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|} \right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^3/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*x^2*(8*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x - 1)/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2 - (sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 1/8*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 3/2*log(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.60.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \ln \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}-1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \right)}{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x^3*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(3*log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)))/2 - (2*(1 - x^2)^(1/2))/x - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(2*x^2)`

3.61 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.61.1	Optimal result	752
3.61.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	752
3.61.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	753
3.61.4	Maple [A] (verified)	755
3.61.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	756
3.61.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	756
3.61.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	757
3.61.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	757
3.61.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	758

3.61.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x} - \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `-arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2-5/3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.61.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(-1-3x-5x^2)\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} - \log(x) + \log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(x^4*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `((-1 - 3*x - 5*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(3*x^3) - Log[x] + Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]]`

3.61.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {540, 25, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{5x+6}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{5x+6}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2(3x+5)}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\int \frac{3x+5}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left(-3 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x^4*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[1 - x^2]/x^3 + ((-3*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x^2 - (5*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x - 3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - x^2]])/3`

3.61.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.61.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{(5x^2+3x+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}+1}{x}\right)$	44
risch	$\frac{5x^4+3x^3-4x^2-3x-1}{3x^3\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)$	48
default	$-\frac{5\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x^2} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)$	56
meijerg	$-\frac{(2x^2+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-4x^2+8)}{8x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x^2} + \sqrt{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right) - \frac{(1-2\ln(2)+2\ln(x)+i\pi)\sqrt{\pi}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x}$	111

```
input int((1+x)^2/x^4/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(5*x^2+3*x+1)/x^3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-ln(((x^2+1)^(1/2)+1)/x)
```

3.61. $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

3.61.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3x^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - (5x^2 + 3x + 1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^4/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/3*(3*x^3*log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - (5*x^2 + 3*x + 1)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)) /x^3`**3.61.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^3} & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \\ -\frac{i\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x} & \text{for } |x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + 2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} + \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{2x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x**4/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x - (1 - x**2)**(3/2)/(3*x**3), (x > -1) & (x < 1))) + Piecewise((-I*sqrt(x**2 - 1)/x, Abs(x**2) > 1), (-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x , True)) + 2*Piecewise((-acosh(1/x)/2 + 1/(2*x*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2)))) - 1/(2*x**3*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x)/2 - I*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)/(2*x), True))`

3.61.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{5\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^4/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-5/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x - sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^2 - 1/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^3 - log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.61.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^3\left(\frac{6(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} - \frac{21(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{x^2} - 1\right)}{24(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3} - \frac{7(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{8x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{4x^2} - \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{24x^3} + \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^4/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*x^3*(6*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x - 21*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 - 1)/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3 - 7/8*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 1/4*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 - 1/24*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 + log(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.61.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \ln \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \right) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3x} + \frac{1}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x^4*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(2/(3*x) + 1/(3*x^3)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)/x - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.62 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

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3.62.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{7\sqrt{1-x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x} - \frac{7}{8}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `-7/8*arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/4*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^4-2/3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3
-7/8*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2-4/3*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.62.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}(-6-16x-21x^2-32x^3)}{24x^4} - \frac{7\log(x)}{8} + \frac{7}{8}\log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1+x)^2/(x^5*Sqrt[1-x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x^2]*(-6-16*x-21*x^2-32*x^3))/(24*x^4)-(7*Log[x])/8+(7
*Log[-1+Sqrt[1-x^2]])/8`

3.62.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {540, 25, 539, 25, 539, 25, 534, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{7x+8}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{7x+8}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{16x+21}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{16x+21}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{21x+32}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{21x+32}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(21 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{21}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{32\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-21 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-21 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - \frac{32\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{21\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x^5*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[1 - x^2]/x^4 + ((-8*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(3*x^3) + ((-21*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(2*x^2) + ((-32*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x - 21*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - x^2]]/2)/3)/4`

3.62.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`


```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.62.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(32x^3+21x^2+16x+6)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{24x^4} - \frac{7\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}+1}{x}\right)}{8}$
risch	$\frac{32x^5+21x^4-16x^3-15x^2-16x-6}{24x^4\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{8}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4x^4} - \frac{7\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{8x^2} - \frac{7\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{8} - \frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \frac{4\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x}$
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-7x^4+8x^2+8)}{16x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(12x^2+8)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{16x^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{3\left(\frac{7}{6}-2\ln(2)+2\ln(x)+i\pi\right)\sqrt{\pi}}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2x^2} - \frac{2(2x^2+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3}$

```
input int((1+x)^2/x^5/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(32*x^3+21*x^2+16*x+6)/x^4*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-7/8*ln(((x^2+1)^(1/2)+1)/
x)
```

3.62.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{21x^4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - (32x^3 + 21x^2 + 16x + 6)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{24x^4}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^5/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/24*(21*x^4*log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - (32*x^3 + 21*x^2 + 16*x + 6)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/x^4`**3.62.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = 2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^3} & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \\ -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} + \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}}{2x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \begin{cases} -\frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{8} + \frac{3}{8x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{8x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4x^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{8} - \frac{3i}{8x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{i}{8x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{i}{4x^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x**5/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `2*Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x - (1 - x**2)**(3/2)/(3*x**3), (x > -1) & (x < 1))) + Piecewise((-acosh(1/x)/2 + 1/(2*x*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2)))) - 1/(2*x**3*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/x)/2 - I*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)/(2*x), True)) + Piecewise((-3*acosh(1/x)/8 + 3/(8*x*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2)))) - 1/(8*x**3*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))) - 1/(4*x**5*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (3*I*asin(1/x)/8 - 3*I/(8*x*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)) + I/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)) + I/(4*x**5*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2))), True))`

3.62.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x} - \frac{7\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{8x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4x^4} - \frac{7}{8} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^5/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x - 7/8*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^3 - 1/4*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^4 - 7/8*log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.62.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left(\frac{16(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} - \frac{48(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{x^2} + \frac{144(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{x^3} - 3 \right)}{192(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4} - \frac{3(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{4x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{4x^2} - \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{12x^3} + \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4}{64x^4} + \frac{7}{8} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^5/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*x^4*(16*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x - 48*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 144*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 - 3)/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4 - 3/4*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 1/4*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 - 1/12*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 + 1/64*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4/x^4 + 7/8*log(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.62.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{7 \ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}-1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}}\right)}{8} - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{4}{3x} + \frac{2}{3x^3}\right) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{3}{8x^2} + \frac{1}{4x^4}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x^5*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(7*log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)))/8 - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(4/(3*x) + 2/(3*x^3)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(3/(8*x^2) + 1/(4*x^4)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)/(2*x^2)`

3.63 $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

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3.63.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4x^2} - \frac{6\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x} - \frac{3}{4}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

output `-3/4*arctanh((-x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/5*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^5-1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^4
-3/5*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3-3/4*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2-6/5*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.63.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}(-4-10x-12x^2-15x^3-24x^4)}{20x^5} - \frac{3\log(x)}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\log(-1+\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(1+x)^2/(x^6*Sqrt[1-x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x^2]*(-4-10*x-12*x^2-15*x^3-24*x^4))/(20*x^5) - (3*Log[x])/4 + (3*Log[-1+Sqrt[1-x^2]])/4`

3.63.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {540, 25, 539, 27, 539, 27, 539, 25, 534, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & -\frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{9x+10}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{9x+10}{x^5\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{6(5x+6)}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{5x+6}{x^4\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{3(4x+5)}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\int \frac{4x+5}{x^3\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{5x+8}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5x+8}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(5 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-5 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} d\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-5 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^3} \right) - \frac{5\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{5x^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(x^6*Sqrt[1 - x^2]),x]`

output `-1/5*Sqrt[1 - x^2]/x^5 + ((-5*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(2*x^4) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x^3 - (5*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(2*x^2) + ((-8*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/x - 5*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - x^2]]/2))/2)/5`

3.63.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
 ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
 Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
 Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
 der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))
 , x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
 tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.63.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(24x^4+15x^3+12x^2+10x+4)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{20x^5} + \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)}{4}$
risch	$\frac{24x^6+15x^5-12x^4-5x^3-8x^2-10x-4}{20x^5\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{4}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x^3} - \frac{6\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2x^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4x^2} - \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}\right)}{4}$
meijerg	$-\frac{\left(\frac{8}{3}x^4+\frac{4}{3}x^2+1\right)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-7x^4+8x^2+8)}{16x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(12x^2+8)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{16x^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2}\right)}{4} + \frac{3\left(\frac{7}{6}-2\ln(2)+2\ln(x+i\pi)\right)\sqrt{\pi}}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2x^4}$

input `int((1+x)^2/x^6/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/20*(24*x^4+15*x^3+12*x^2+10*x+4)/x^5*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/4*ln(((x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x)`

3.63.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{15x^5 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - (24x^4 + 15x^3 + 12x^2 + 10x + 4)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^6/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*(15*x^5*log((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - (24*x^4 + 15*x^3 + 12*x^2 + 10*x + 4)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/x^5`

3.63.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^3} & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} - \frac{2(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^3} - \frac{(1-x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5x^5} & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \\ +2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{3 \operatorname{acosh}(\frac{1}{x})}{8} + \frac{3}{8x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{8x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4x^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|x^2|} > 1 \\ \frac{3i \operatorname{asin}(\frac{1}{x})}{8} - \frac{3i}{8x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{i}{8x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} + \frac{i}{4x^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{x^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/x**6/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x - (1 - x**2)**(3/2)/(3*x**3), (x > -1) & (x < 1))) + Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x**2)/x - 2*(1 - x**2)**(3/2)/(3*x**3) - (1 - x**2)**(5/2)/(5*x**5), (x > -1) & (x < 1))) + 2*Piecewise((-3*acosh(1/x)/8 + 3/(8*x*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))) - 1/(8*x**3*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))) - 1/(4*x**5*sqrt(-1 + x**(-2))), 1/Abs(x**2) > 1), (3*I*asin(1/x)/8 - 3*I/(8*x*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)) + I/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2)) + I/(4*x**5*sqrt(1 - 1/x**2))), True))`

3.63.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{6\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{4x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{5x^5} - \frac{3}{4} \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^6/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-6/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x - 3/4*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^2 - 3/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^3 - 1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^4 - 1/5*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/x^5 - 3/4*log(2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x))`

3.63.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^5 \left(\frac{5(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} - \frac{15(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{x^2} + \frac{40(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{x^3} - \frac{110(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4}{x^4} - 1 \right)}{160(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^5}$$

$$- \frac{11(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{16x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{4x^2} - \frac{3(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{32x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4}{32x^4} - \frac{(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^5}{160x^5} + \frac{3}{4} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{|x|} \right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/x^6/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/160*x^5*(5*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x - 15*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 40*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 - 110*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4/x^4 - 1)/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^5 - 11/16*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 1/4*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 - 3/32*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 + 1/32*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4/x^4 - 1/160*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^5/x^5 + 3/4*log(-(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/abs(x))`

3.63.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x^6 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \ln \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} \right)}{4} - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{2}{3x} + \frac{1}{3x^3} \right)$$

$$- \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{3}{4x^2} + \frac{1}{2x^4} \right) - \sqrt{1-x^2} \left(\frac{8}{15x} + \frac{4}{15x^3} + \frac{1}{5x^5} \right)$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(x^6*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(3*log((1/x^2 - 1)^(1/2) - (1/x^2)^(1/2)))/4 - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(2/(3*x) + 1/(3*x^3)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(3/(4*x^2) + 1/(2*x^4)) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*(8/(15*x) + 4/(15*x^3) + 1/(5*x^5))`

3.64 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx$

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3.64.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{e^2(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} - e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + \frac{13}{8} e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output

```
-1/4*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3-e^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+13/8*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/8*e^2*(8*e*x+13*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.64.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(2d^2 + 8dex + 11e^2 x^2)}{8x^4} - \frac{13}{4} e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) + e(-e^2)^{3/2} \log\left(-\sqrt{-e^2 x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/8*(d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 11*e^2*x^2))/x^4 - (13*e^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/4 + e*(-e^2)^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]`

3.64.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (12ed^4 + 13e^2 x d^3 + 4e^3 x^2 d^2)}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (12ed^4 + 13e^2 x d^3 + 4e^3 x^2 d^2)}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^4 e^2 (13d + 4ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \int \frac{(13d + 4ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 537 \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int -\frac{13d + 8ex}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(13d + 8ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{4d^2} - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

3.64. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int \frac{13d+8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(8e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 13d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(13d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 8e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(13d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(\frac{13}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 + 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{13d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \frac{(13d+8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 221

3.64. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 13 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{(13d + 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4 + ((-4*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3 + d^2*e^2*(-1/2*((13*d + 8*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - (e^2*(8*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 13*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2))/(4*d^2)`

3.64.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.64.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (11e^2x^2+8dex+2d^2)d}{8x^4} - \frac{e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2} x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{13e^4 d \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$d^3 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right) + e^3 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)}{d^2x} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(11*e^2*x^2+8*d*e*x+2*d^2)*d/x^4-e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+13/8*e^4*d/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.64.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{16 e^4 x^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 13 e^4 x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - (11 d e^2 x^2 + 8 d^2 e x + 2 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{8 x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(16*e^4*x^4*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 13*e^4*x^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (11*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e*x + 2*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^4`

3.64.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ 3d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(-\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ 3de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\frac{id^2}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{id}{x \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(-\frac{d}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

```
output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*
sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) +
e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x
*5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1
)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/
(8*d**3), True)) + 3*d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x
*2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1)
, (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/
(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1
+ e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d
**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin
(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))
```

3.64.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{13}{8} e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{13\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^4}{8d} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^3}{x} - \frac{13(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2}{8dx^2} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e}{x^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{4x^4}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -e^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 13/8*e^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2
*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - 13/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4/d - sqrt(-
e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3/x - 13/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x^2) - (-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^3 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^4
```

3.64.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(e^5 + \frac{8(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} + \frac{24(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e}{x^2} + \frac{8(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3} \right) e^8 x^4}{64(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 |e|}$$

$$- \frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{13e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8|e|}$$

$$- \frac{8(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^5 |e|}{x} + \frac{24(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^3 |e|}{x^2} + \frac{8(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 |e|}{x^3} + \frac{(d+\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 |e|}{ex^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(e^5 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3/x + 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e/x^2 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)) - e^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 13/8*e^5*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - 1/64*(8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^5*abs(e)/x + 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^3*abs(e)/x^2 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e*abs(e)/x^3 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)/(e*x^4))/e^4`

3.64.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d+ex)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^5,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^5, x)`

3.65 $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

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3.65.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 310

$$\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{35d^{12}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2048e^5} + \frac{35d^{10}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3072e^5} + \frac{7d^8x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{768e^5} - \frac{124d^5x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{1287e^4} - \frac{7d^4x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{48e^3} - \frac{31d^3x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{143e^2} - \frac{7d^2x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{24e} - \frac{3}{13}dx^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d^6(31744d + 63063ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{1153152e^6} + \frac{35d^{14} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2048e^6}$$

```
output 35/3072*d^10*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^5+7/768*d^8*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^5-124/1287*d^5*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^4-7/48*d^4*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^3-31/143*d^3*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-7/24*d^2*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-3/13*d*x^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/14*e*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/1153152*d^6*(63063*e*x+31744*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^6+35/2048*d^14*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+35/2048*d^12*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5
```

3.65.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^5 (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (507904d^{13} + 315315d^{12}ex + 253952d^{11}e^2x^2 + 210210d^{10}e^3x^3 + 190464d^9e^4x^4 + 168168d^8e^5x^5$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$-1/18450432*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(507904*d^{13} + 315315*d^{12}*e*x + 253952*d^{11}*e^2*x^2 + 210210*d^{10}*e^3*x^3 + 190464*d^9*e^4*x^4 + 168168*d^8*e^5*x^5 - 2916352*d^7*e^6*x^6 - 7763184*d^6*e^7*x^7 - 2551808*d^5*e^8*x^8 + 9499776*d^4*e^9*x^9 + 8773632*d^3*e^{10}*x^{10} - 1427712*d^2*e^{11}*x^{11} - 4257792*d*e^{12}*x^{12} - 1317888*e^{13}*x^{13}) + 630630*d^{14}*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])]/e^6$$

3.65.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.778$, Rules used = {541, 27, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5 (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\ & -\frac{\int -7x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (6dx^2 e^4 + 7d^2 x e^3 + 2d^3 e^2) dx}{14e^2} - \frac{1}{14} ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (6dx^2 e^4 + 7d^2 x e^3 + 2d^3 e^2) dx}{2e^2} - \frac{1}{14} ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \end{aligned}$$

3.65. $\int x^5 (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -d^2e^4x^5(62d+91ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{13e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int d^2e^4x^5(62d+91ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{13e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \int x^5(62d+91ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{2e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{\int dex^4(455d+744ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{12e^2} - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \int x^4(455d+744ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{12e} - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(d \left(\frac{\int dex^3(2976d+5005ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{11e^2} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int x^3(2976d+5005ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{11e} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right)}{12e} - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} \right)}{2e^2} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}
\end{aligned}$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int 15dex^2(1001d+1984ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e^2} - \frac{1001x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e} \right)}{11e} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6$$

$$\frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 2e^2$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \int x^2(1001d+1984ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{2e} - \frac{1001x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e} \right)}{11e} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e} - \frac{6}{13}de^2x^6$$

$$\frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 2e^2$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{\int dex(3968d+9009ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{9e^2} - \frac{1984x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{1001x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e} \right)}{11e} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e}$$

$$\frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 2e^2$$

↓ 27

3.65. $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \int x(3968d+9009ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{9e} - \frac{1984x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{1001x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e} \right)}{11e} - \frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{91x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e}$$

$$\frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 2e^2$$

↓ 533

3.65. $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int d e(9009d+31744ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{9009x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{1984x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{1001x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e}$$

$$\frac{744x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e}$$

$$\frac{12e}{13}$$

$$\frac{1}{14}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{9009d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{31744(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{8e} - \frac{9009x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{1984x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{2e} - \frac{1001x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2e} \right) \frac{d}{11e}$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 211

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{9009d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{31744(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{8e} \right) - 9009x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3d \cdot 9e} - \frac{1984x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) \\
\frac{d}{2e} \\
\frac{d}{11e} \\
\frac{d}{12e}$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 211

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{9009d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{31744(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{9009x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{3d} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{d} \left(\frac{d}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{d} \left(\frac{d}{11e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d}{12e} \right)$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 211

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(9009d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{31744(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{9009d^2}{9e} \right) - \frac{9009d^2}{2e} + \frac{9009d^2}{11e} - \frac{9009d^2}{12e}$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 224

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(9009d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{31744(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right) + \frac{3d}{9e} + \frac{d}{2e} + \frac{d}{11e} + \frac{12e}{13} \right)$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 216

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$\frac{1}{13}d^2e^2$	d	d	$d \left(9009d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{31744(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)$	
			$3d$	$9e$
			d	$2e$
			d	$11e$

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/14*(e*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-6*d*e^2*x^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/13 + (d^2*e^2*((-91*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(12*e) + (d*((-744*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*e) + (d*((-1001*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(2*e) + (3*d*((-1984*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*e) + (d*((-9009*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*e) + (d*((-31744*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*e) + 9009*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)/6)))/(8*e)))/(9*e)))/(2*e)))/(11*e)))/(12*e)))/13)/(2*e^2)`

3.65.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
  p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
  Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
  l] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x
  ] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m +
  n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)
  *x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGt
  Q[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
  )*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
  + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
  *Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
  GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
  [Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

3.65.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
risch	$ \frac{-(-1317888e^{13}x^{13} - 4257792de^{12}x^{12} - 1427712d^2e^{11}x^{11} + 8773632d^3e^{10}x^{10} + 9499776d^4e^9x^9 - 2551808d^5e^8x^8 - 7763184d^6e^7x^7 - 18450432d^7e^6x^6 + 18450432d^8e^5x^5 - 18450432d^9e^4x^4 + 18450432d^{10}e^3x^3 - 18450432d^{11}e^2x^2 + 18450432d^{12}e^1x - 18450432d^{13})}{18450432e^{13}} $ $ \frac{d^2}{6} \frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{5d^2}{10e^2} \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{d^2}{12e^2} \frac{x^5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} $
3.65.	$ \int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx $

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/18450432*(-1317888*e^13*x^13-4257792*d*e^12*x^12-1427712*d^2*e^11*x^11+
8773632*d^3*e^10*x^10+9499776*d^4*e^9*x^9-2551808*d^5*e^8*x^8-7763184*d^6*
e^7*x^7-2916352*d^7*e^6*x^6+168168*d^8*e^5*x^5+190464*d^9*e^4*x^4+210210*d
^10*e^3*x^3+253952*d^11*e^2*x^2+315315*d^12*e*x+507904*d^13)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2
+d^2)^(1/2)+35/2048*d^14/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d
2)^(1/2))
```

3.65.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{630630 d^{14} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (1317888 e^{13}x^{13} + 4257792 de^{12}x^{12} + 1427712 d^2e^{11}x^{11} - 8773632 d^3e^{10}x^{10} - 9499776 d^4e^9x^9 + 2551808 d^5e^8x^8 + 7763184 d^6e^7x^7 + 2916352 d^7e^6x^6 - 168168 d^8e^5x^5 - 190464 d^9e^4x^4 - 210210 d^{10}e^3x^3 - 253952 d^{11}e^2x^2 - 315315 d^{12}ex - 507904 d^{13}) \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^6}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/18450432*(630630*d^14*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (1317
888*e^13*x^13 + 4257792*d*e^12*x^12 + 1427712*d^2*e^11*x^11 - 8773632*d^3*
e^10*x^10 - 9499776*d^4*e^9*x^9 + 2551808*d^5*e^8*x^8 + 7763184*d^6*e^7*x^
7 + 2916352*d^7*e^6*x^6 - 168168*d^8*e^5*x^5 - 190464*d^9*e^4*x^4 - 210210
*d^10*e^3*x^3 - 253952*d^11*e^2*x^2 - 315315*d^12*e*x - 507904*d^13)*sqrt(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^6
```

3.65.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{35d^{14} \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2048e^5} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{248d^{13}}{9009e^6} - \frac{35d^{12}x}{2048e^5} - \frac{124d^{11}x^2}{9009e^4} \right) + \left(\frac{d^3x^6}{6} + \frac{3d^2ex^7}{7} + \frac{3de^2x^8}{8} + \frac{e^3x^9}{9} \right) (d^2)^{5/2}$$

3.65. $\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((35*d**14*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(2048*e**5) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-248*d**13/(9009*e**6) - 35*d**12*x/(2048*e**5) - 124*d**11*x**2/(9009*e**4) - 35*d**10*x**3/(3072*e**3) - 31*d**9*x**4/(3003*e**2) - 7*d**8*x**5/(768*e) + 1424*d**7*x**6/9009 + 377*d**6*e*x**7/896 + 178*d**5*e**2*x**8/1287 - 173*d**4*e**3*x**9/336 - 68*d**3*e**4*x**10/143 + 13*d**2*e**5*x**11/168 + 3*d*e**6*x**12/13 + e**7*x**13/14), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**3*x**6/6 + 3*d**2*e*x**7/7 + 3*d*e**2*x**8/8 + e**3*x**9/9)*(d**2)**(5/2), True))`

3.65.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{14}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}ex^7 - \frac{3}{13}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}dx^6 - \frac{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^2x^5}{24e} + \frac{35d^{14}\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2048\sqrt{e^2}e^5} + \frac{35\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^{12}x}{2048e^5} - \frac{31(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^3x^4}{143e^2} + \frac{35(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^{10}x}{3072e^5} - \frac{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^4x^3}{48e^3} + \frac{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^8x}{768e^5} - \frac{124(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^5x^2}{1287e^4} - \frac{7(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^6x}{128e^5} - \frac{248(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^7}{9009e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/14*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^7 - 3/13*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x^6 - 7/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^5/e + 35/2048*d^14*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^5) + 35/2048*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^12*x/e^5 - 31/143*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^3*x^4/e^2 + 35/3072*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^10*x/e^5 - 7/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^4*x^3/e^3 + 7/768*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^8*x/e^5 - 124/1287*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^5*x^2/e^4 - 7/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^6*x/e^5 - 248/9009*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^7/e^6`

3.65.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx = \frac{35d^{14} \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2048e^5|e|} - \frac{1}{18450432} \left(\frac{507904d^{13}}{e^6} + \left(\frac{315315d^{12}}{e^5} + 2 \left(\frac{126976d^{11}}{e^4} + \left(\frac{105105d^{10}}{e^3} + 4 \left(\frac{23808d^9}{e^2} + \left(\frac{21021d^8}{e} - 2 \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `35/2048*d^14*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) - 1/18450432*(507904*d^13/e^6 + (315315*d^12/e^5 + 2*(126976*d^11/e^4 + (105105*d^10/e^3 + 4*(23808*d^9/e^2 + (21021*d^8/e - 2*(182272*d^7 + (485199*d^6*e + 8*(19936*d^5*e^2 - 3*(24739*d^4*e^3 + 2*(11424*d^3*e^4 - 11*(169*d^2*e^5 + 12*(13*e^7*x + 42*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.65.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx = \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)^3dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.66 $\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

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3.66.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{27d^{11}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{1024e^4} + \frac{9d^9x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{512e^4} + \frac{9d^7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{640e^4} - \frac{20d^4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{143e^3} - \frac{9d^3x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{40e^2} - \frac{45d^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{143e} - \frac{1}{4}dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d^5(12800d + 27027ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{320320e^5} + \frac{27d^{13} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{1024e^5}$$

output $9/512*d^9*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4+9/640*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^4-20/143*d^4*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^3-9/40*d^3*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-45/143*d^2*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-1/4*d*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/13*e*x^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/320320*d^5*(27027*e*x+12800*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^5+27/1024*d^13*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+27/1024*d^11*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4$

3.66.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-204800d^{12} - 135135d^{11}ex - 102400d^{10}e^2x^2 - 90090d^9e^3x^3 - 76800d^8e^4x^4 + 952952d^7e^5x^5 + 2498560d^6e^6x^6 + 816816d^5e^7x^7 - 2938880d^4e^8x^8 - 2690688d^3e^9x^9 + 430080d^2e^{10}x^{10} + 1281280de^{11}x^{11} + 394240e^{12}x^{12}) - 270270d^{13}\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])]}{5125120e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-204800*d^12 - 135135*d^11*e*x - 102400*d^10*e^2*x^2 - 90090*d^9*e^3*x^3 - 76800*d^8*e^4*x^4 + 952952*d^7*e^5*x^5 + 2498560*d^6*e^6*x^6 + 816816*d^5*e^7*x^7 - 2938880*d^4*e^8*x^8 - 2690688*d^3*e^9*x^9 + 430080*d^2*e^10*x^10 + 1281280*d*e^11*x^11 + 394240*e^12*x^12) - 270270*d^13*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(5125120*e^5)`

3.66.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {541, 25, 2340, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\ & -\frac{\int -x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}(39dx^2e^4 + 45d^2xe^3 + 13d^3e^2) dx}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}(39dx^2e^4 + 45d^2xe^3 + 13d^3e^2) dx}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\ & -\frac{\int -27d^2e^4x^4(13d+20ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{12e^2} - \frac{13de^2x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \end{aligned}$$

3.66. $\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \int x^4(13d+20ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
\downarrow 533 \\
\frac{\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{\int dex^3(80d+143ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{11e^2} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \int x^3(80d+143ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{11e} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right) - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
\downarrow 533 \\
\frac{\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int dex^2(429d+800ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e^2} - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e}}{11e} \right) - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int x^2(429d+800ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e} - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e}}{11e} \right) - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{13e^2} - \frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
\downarrow 533 \\
\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int dx(1600d+3861ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e^2} dx - \frac{800x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e}}{11e} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int dx(1600d+3861ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} dx - \frac{800x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e}}{11e} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} - \frac{13}{4}de^2x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int dx(3861d+12800ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e^2} dx - \frac{3861x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{800x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}}{10e} - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 27

3.66. $\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (3861d+12800ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - 3861x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{800x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{143x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} - \frac{20x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11e}$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3861d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{12800(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{8e} - \frac{3861x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{800x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - \frac{143x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{20}{11e}$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3861d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{12800(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{3861x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{800x^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - \frac{143}{11e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3861d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{12800(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{3861x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{800x^2}{10e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \qquad 13e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{3861d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{12800(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - 3861x}{8e} \right)}{9e} \right) / 10e$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{9}{4}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(3861d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{12800(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{8e} \right) \frac{d}{9e} \frac{d}{10e} \frac{d}{11e}$$

$$\frac{1}{13}ex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 13e^2$$

↓ 216


```
output -1/13*(e*x^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-13*d*e^2*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)
)/4 + (9*d^2*e^2*((-20*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*e) + (d*((-143*x^3*
(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(10*e) + (d*((-800*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*e)
+ (d*((-3861*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*e) + (d*((-12800*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)
^(7/2))/(7*e) + 3861*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^
2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sq
rt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4))/6)))/(8*e)))/(9*e)))/(10*e)))/(11*e)))/4)/
(13*e^2)
```

3.66.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1
)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```



```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=>
  Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
  p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
  Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
  l] :=> Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x
  ] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m +
  n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)
  *x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGt
  Q[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> With[
  {q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
  )*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
  + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
  *Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
  GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
  [Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

3.66.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-394240e^{12}x^{12} - 1281280de^{11}x^{11} - 430080d^2e^{10}x^{10} + 2690688d^3e^9x^9 + 2938880d^4e^8x^8 - 816816d^5e^7x^7 - 2498560d^6e^6x^6 - 9529520d^7e^5x^5)}{5125120e^5}$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x^6(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{13e^2} + \frac{6d^2 \left(-\frac{x^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11e^2} + \frac{4d^2 \left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63e^4} \right)}{11e^2} \right)}{13e^2} \right) + d^3 - \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10e^2}$
3.66.	$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5125120*(-394240*e^{12}*x^{12}-1281280*d*e^{11}*x^{11}-430080*d^2*e^{10}*x^{10}+269 \\ & 0688*d^3*e^9*x^9+2938880*d^4*e^8*x^8-816816*d^5*e^7*x^7-2498560*d^6*e^6*x^6 \\ & -952952*d^7*e^5*x^5+76800*d^8*e^4*x^4+90090*d^9*e^3*x^3+102400*d^{10}*e^2*x \\ & ^2+135135*d^{11}*e*x+204800*d^{12})/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+27/1024*d^{13}/e^4/ \\ & (e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

3.66.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{270270 d^{13} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (394240 e^{12} x^{12} + 1281280 d e^{11} x^{11} + 430080 d^2 e^{10} x^{10} - 2690688 d^3 e^9 x^9 - 2938880 d^4 e^8 x^8 + 816816 d^5 e^7 x^7 + 2498560 d^6 e^6 x^6 + 952952 d^7 e^5 x^5 - 76800 d^8 e^4 x^4 - 90090 d^9 e^3 x^3 - 102400 d^{10} e^2 x^2 - 135135 d^{11} e x - 204800 d^{12}) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5125120*(270270*d^{13}*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (39424 \\ & 0*e^{12}*x^{12} + 1281280*d*e^{11}*x^{11} + 430080*d^2*e^{10}*x^{10} - 2690688*d^3*e^9 \\ & *x^9 - 2938880*d^4*e^8*x^8 + 816816*d^5*e^7*x^7 + 2498560*d^6*e^6*x^6 + 95 \\ & 2952*d^7*e^5*x^5 - 76800*d^8*e^4*x^4 - 90090*d^9*e^3*x^3 - 102400*d^{10}*e^2 \\ & *x^2 - 135135*d^{11}*e*x - 204800*d^{12})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^5 \end{aligned}$$

3.66.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{27d^{13} \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{1024e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{40d^{12}}{1001e^5} - \frac{27d^{11}x}{1024e^4} - \frac{20d^{10}x^2}{1001e^3} \right) \\ \left(\frac{d^3x^5}{5} + \frac{d^2ex^6}{2} + \frac{3de^2x^7}{7} + \frac{e^3x^8}{8} \right) (d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} \end{cases}$$

3.66. $\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((27*d**13*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(1024*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-40*d**12/(1001*e**5) - 27*d**11*x/(1024*e**4) - 20*d**10*x**2/(1001*e**3) - 9*d**9*x**3/(512*e**2) - 15*d**8*x**4/(1001*e) + 119*d**7*x**5/640 + 488*d**6*e*x**6/1001 + 51*d**5*e**2*x**7/320 - 82*d**4*e**3*x**8/143 - 21*d**3*e**4*x**9/40 + 12*d**2*e**5*x**10/143 + d*e**6*x**11/4 + e**7*x**12/13), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**3*x**5/5 + d**2*e*x**6/2 + 3*d*e**2*x**7/7 + e**3*x**8/8)*(d**2)**(5/2), True))`

3.66.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{13}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}ex^6 - \frac{1}{4}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}dx^5$$

$$+ \frac{27d^{13}\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{1024\sqrt{e^2}e^4} + \frac{27\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^{11}x}{1024e^4} - \frac{45(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^2x^4}{143e}$$

$$+ \frac{9(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^9x}{512e^4} - \frac{9(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^3x^3}{40e^2} + \frac{9(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^7x}{640e^4}$$

$$- \frac{20(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^4x^2}{143e^3} - \frac{27(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^5x}{320e^4} - \frac{40(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^6}{1001e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/13*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^6 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x^5 + 27/1024*d^13*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^4) + 27/1024*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^11*x/e^4 - 45/143*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^4/e + 9/512*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^9*x/e^4 - 9/40*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^3*x^3/e^2 + 9/640*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^7*x/e^4 - 20/143*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^4*x^2/e^3 - 27/320*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^5*x/e^4 - 40/1001*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^6/e^5`

3.66.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{27d^{13} \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{1024e^4|e|} - \frac{1}{5125120} \left(\frac{204800d^{12}}{e^5} + \left(\frac{135135d^{11}}{e^4} + 2 \left(\frac{51200d^{10}}{e^3} + \left(\frac{45045d^9}{e^2} + 4 \left(\frac{9600d^8}{e} - (119119d^7 + 2(156160d^6e + 7(7293d^5e^2 - 8(3280d^4e^3 + (3003d^3e^4 - 10(48d^2e^5 + 11(4e^7x + 13de^6)x)x)x)x)x) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `27/1024*d^13*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) - 1/5125120*(204800*d^12/e^5 + (135135*d^11/e^4 + 2*(51200*d^10/e^3 + (45045*d^9/e^2 + 4*(9600*d^8/e - (119119*d^7 + 2*(156160*d^6*e + 7*(7293*d^5*e^2 - 8*(3280*d^4*e^3 + (3003*d^3*e^4 - 10*(48*d^2*e^5 + 11*(4*e^7*x + 13*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`**3.66.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.67 $\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

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3.67.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{41d^{10}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{1024e^3} + \frac{41d^8x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{1536e^3} + \frac{41d^6x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{1920e^3} - \frac{23d^3x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{99e^2} - \frac{41d^2x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{120e} - \frac{3}{11}dx^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d^4(14720d + 28413ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{221760e^4} + \frac{41d^{12} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{1024e^4}$$

output `41/1536*d^8*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3+41/1920*d^6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3-23/99*d^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-41/120*d^2*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-3/11*d*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/12*e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/221760*d^4*(28413*e*x+14720*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^4+41/1024*d^12*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+41/1024*d^10*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3`

3.67.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-235520d^{11} - 142065d^{10}ex - 117760d^9e^2x^2 - 94710d^8e^3x^3 + 798720d^7e^4x^4 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-235520*d^{11} - 142065*d^{10}*e*x - 117760*d^9*e^2*x^2 - 94710*d^8*e^3*x^3 + 798720*d^7*e^4*x^4 + 2053128*d^6*e^5*x^5 + 665600*d^5*e^6*x^6 - 2295216*d^4*e^7*x^7 - 2078720*d^3*e^8*x^8 + 325248*d^2*e^9*x^9 + 967680*d*e^{10}*x^{10} + 295680*e^{11}*x^{11}) - 284130*d^{12}*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(3548160*e^4)$

3.67.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {541, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(36dx^2e^4+41d^2xe^3+12d^3e^2) dx}{12e^2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(36dx^2e^4+41d^2xe^3+12d^3e^2) dx}{12e^2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & -\frac{\int -d^2e^4x^3(276d+451ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{11e^2} - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2e^4x^3(276d+451ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{11e^2} - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \int x^3(276d+451ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e^2} - \frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.67. $\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{\int 3dex^2(451d+920ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e^2} - \frac{451x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \int x^2(451d+920ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e} - \frac{451x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\downarrow 533$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{\int dex(1840d+4059ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{9e^2} - \frac{920x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{451x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \int x(1840d+4059ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{9e} - \frac{920x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) - \frac{451x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\downarrow 533$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int de(4059d+14720ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{4059x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{920x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}}{9e} \right) - \frac{451x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.67. $\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int (4059d + 14720ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{8e} - \frac{4059x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{920x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - \frac{451x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(4059d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{14720(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{4059x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{920x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - \frac{451x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{36}{11}de^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(d \left(\frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{4059x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{920x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - 4 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d \left(d \left(\frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{4059x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} - \frac{920x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right)}{10e} - 4 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 211

3.67. $\int x^3(d + ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} d \left(\frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \\ \hline 3d \frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{9e} \\ \hline \frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{10e} \end{array} \right) - 4059x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} d \left(\frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \\ \hline 3d \frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{9e} \\ \hline \frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \frac{4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{10e} \end{array} \right) - 4059x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 12e^2$$

↓ 216

3.67. $\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{11}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{3d}{d} \left(\frac{d \left(4059d \left(\frac{5}{8}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right) - \frac{4059d^2}{9e} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e} \right) - \frac{14720(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{12e^2}$$

```
input Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output -1/12*(e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-36*d*e^2*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))
)/11 + (d^2*e^2*((-451*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(10*e) + (3*d*((-920*x^
2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)))/(9*e) + (d*((-4059*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)))/(8*e)
+ (d*((-14720*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)))/(7*e) + 4059*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(
5/2)))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*
x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)/6)))/(8*e))
/(9*e)))/(10*e)))/11)/(12*e^2)
```

3.67.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.67.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

3.67. $\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-295680e^{11}x^{11} - 967680de^{10}x^{10} - 325248d^2e^9x^9 + 2078720d^3e^8x^8 + 2295216d^4e^7x^7 - 665600d^5e^6x^6 - 2053128d^6e^5x^5 - 798720d^7e^4x^4 + 3548160e^4x^3 - 3548160e^4x^2 + 3548160e^4x - 3548160e^4)}{3548160e^4}$ $+ \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \right) \right) \right)$ $+ \frac{5d^2}{10e^2} \left(\frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10e^2} + \frac{3d^2}{10e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2}{10e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x^5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{12e^2} + \frac{3d^2}{12e^2} \left(\frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10e^2} + \frac{3d^2}{10e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2}{10e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} + \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$

3.67. $\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/3548160*(-295680e^{11}x^{11}-967680d^2e^{10}x^{10}-325248d^2e^9x^9+2078720d^3e^8x^8+2295216d^4e^7x^7-665600d^5e^6x^6-2053128d^6e^5x^5-798720d^7e^4x^4+94710d^8e^3x^3+117760d^9e^2x^2+142065d^{10}e^1x+235520d^{11})/e^4*(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+41/1024d^{12}/e^3/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}x/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})}{1}$$

3.67.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{284130 d^{12} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (295680 e^{11}x^{11} + 967680 de^{10}x^{10} + 325248 d^2e^9x^9 - 2078720 d^3e^8x^8 - 2295216 d^4e^7x^7 + 665600 d^5e^6x^6 + 2053128 d^6e^5x^5 + 798720 d^7e^4x^4 - 94710 d^8e^3x^3 - 117760 d^9e^2x^2 - 142065 d^{10}e^1x - 235520 d^{11}) \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/3548160*(284130d^{12}*\arctan(-(d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2})/(e*x))-(295680e^{11}x^{11}+967680d^2e^{10}x^{10}+325248d^2e^9x^9-2078720d^3e^8x^8-2295216d^4e^7x^7+665600d^5e^6x^6+2053128d^6e^5x^5+798720d^7e^4x^4-94710d^8e^3x^3-117760d^9e^2x^2-142065d^{10}e^1x-235520d^{11})*\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2})/e^4}{1}$$

3.67.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{41d^{12} \begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(\frac{-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{1024e^3} + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{46d^{11}}{693e^4} - \frac{41d^{10}x}{1024e^3} - \frac{23d^9x^2}{693e^2} - \frac{4d^8x^3}{1024e} - \frac{23d^7x^4}{693} - \frac{4d^6x^5}{1024} - \frac{23d^5x^6}{693} - \frac{4d^4x^7}{1024} - \frac{23d^3x^8}{693} - \frac{4d^2x^9}{1024} - \frac{23dx^{10}}{693} - \frac{4x^{11}}{1024} \right) + \left(\frac{d^3x^4}{4} + \frac{3d^2ex^5}{5} + \frac{de^2x^6}{2} + \frac{e^3x^7}{7} \right) (d^2)^{5/2}$$

3.67. $\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((41*d**12*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(1024*e**3) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-46*d**11/(693*e**4) - 41*d**10*x/(1024*e**3) - 23*d**9*x**2/(693*e**2) - 41*d**8*x**3/(1536*e) + 52*d**7*x**4/231 + 1111*d**6*e*x**5/1920 + 130*d**5*e**2*x**6/693 - 207*d**4*e**3*x**7/320 - 58*d**3*e**4*x**8/99 + 11*d**2*e**5*x**9/120 + 3*d*e**6*x**10/11 + e**7*x**11/12), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**3*x**4/4 + 3*d**2*e*x**5/5 + d*e**2*x**6/2 + e**3*x**7/7)*(d**2)**(5/2), True))`

3.67.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{1}{12}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}ex^5$$

$$+ \frac{41d^{12}\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{1024\sqrt{e^2}e^3} + \frac{41\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^{10}x}{1024e^3} - \frac{3}{11}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}dx^4$$

$$+ \frac{41(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^8x}{1536e^3} - \frac{41(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^2x^3}{120e} + \frac{41(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^6x}{1920e^3}$$

$$- \frac{23(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3x^2}{99e^2} - \frac{41(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^4x}{320e^3} - \frac{46(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^5}{693e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^5 + 41/1024*d^12*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^3) + 41/1024*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^10*x/e^3 - 3/11*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x^4 + 41/1536*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^8*x/e^3 - 41/120*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^3/e + 41/1920*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^6*x/e^3 - 23/99*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^3*x^2/e^2 - 41/320*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^4*x/e^3 - 46/693*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^5/e^4`

3.67.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{41 d^{12} \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{1024 e^3 |e|} - \frac{1}{3548160} \left(\frac{235520 d^{11}}{e^4} + \left(\frac{142065 d^{10}}{e^3} + 2 \left(\frac{58880 d^9}{e^2} + \left(\frac{47355 d^8}{e} - 4(99840 d^7 + (256641 d^6 e + 2(41600 d^5 e^2 - 7(20493 d^4 e^3 + 8(2320 d^3 e^4 - 3(121 d^2 e^5 + 10(11 e^7 x + 36 d e^6) x) x) x) x) x) x) x) x) x) x) \right) \right) \operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2 x^2 + d^2) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `41/1024*d^12*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 1/3548160*(235520*d^11/e^4 + (142065*d^10/e^3 + 2*(58880*d^9/e^2 + (47355*d^8/e - 4*(99840*d^7 + (256641*d^6*e + 2*(41600*d^5*e^2 - 7*(20493*d^4*e^3 + 8*(2320*d^3*e^4 - 3*(121*d^2*e^5 + 10*(11*e^7*x + 36*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`**3.67.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.68 $\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.68.1	Optimal result	836
3.68.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	836
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3.68.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	846
3.68.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	846

3.68.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{19d^9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{256e^2} + \frac{19d^7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{384e^2} + \frac{19d^5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{480e^2} - \frac{37d^2x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{99e} - \frac{3}{10}dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d^3(5920d + 13167ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{55440e^3} + \frac{19d^{11} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{256e^3}$$

output `19/384*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2+19/480*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2-37/99*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-3/10*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/11*e*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/55440*d^3*(13167*e*x+5920*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^3+19/256*d^11*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+19/256*d^9*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2`

3.68.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-94720d^{10} - 65835d^9ex - 47360d^8e^2x^2 + 251790d^7e^3x^3 + 629760d^6e^4x^4 + 201760d^5e^5x^5 - 19200d^4e^6x^6 + 1920d^3e^7x^7 - 192d^2e^8x^8 + 192de^9x^9 - 192e^{10}x^{10})}{256e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-94720*d^{10} - 65835*d^9*e*x - 47360*d^8*e^2*x^2 + 25$
 $1790*d^7*e^3*x^3 + 629760*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 201432*d^5*e^5*x^5 - 657920*d^4*e^$
 $6*x^6 - 587664*d^3*e^7*x^7 + 89600*d^2*e^8*x^8 + 266112*d*e^9*x^9 + 80640*$
 $e^{10}*x^{10}) - 131670*d^{11}*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]) /$
 $(887040*e^3)$

3.68.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {541, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 541$$

$$-\frac{\int -x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (33dx^2e^4 + 37d^2xe^3 + 11d^3e^2) dx}{11e^2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (33dx^2e^4 + 37d^2xe^3 + 11d^3e^2) dx}{11e^2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 2340$$

$$-\frac{\int -d^2e^4x^2(209d+370ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e^2} - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int d^2e^4x^2(209d+370ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{10e^2} - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \int x^2(209d + 370ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{11e^2} - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 533$$

3.68. $\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2\left(\frac{\int dex(740d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{9e^2} - \frac{370x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}\right) - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{11e^2}{11}ex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2\left(\frac{d\int x(740d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{9e} - \frac{370x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}\right) - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{11e^2}{11}ex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2\left(\frac{d\left(\frac{\int de(1881d+5920ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{8e^2} - \frac{1881x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}\right) - \frac{370x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}\right) - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{11e^2}{11}ex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2\left(\frac{d\left(\frac{d\int(1881d+5920ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{8e} - \frac{1881x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}\right) - \frac{370x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}\right) - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{11e^2}{11}ex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2\left(\frac{d\left(\frac{d\left(\frac{1881d\int(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx}{8e} - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}\right) - \frac{1881x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}\right) - \frac{370x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e}\right) - \frac{33}{10}de^2x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{11e^2}{11}ex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 211

3.68. $\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}dx$

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{1881d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e}}{8e} \right) - \frac{1881x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}}{9e} - \frac{370x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} - \frac{33}{10} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 11e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{1881d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{1881x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}}{9e} - \frac{370x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} - \frac{33}{10} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 11e^2$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{1881d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{1881x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e}}{9e} - \frac{370x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} - \frac{33}{10} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 11e^2$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(d \frac{d \left(1881d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right)}{9e}$$

$$\frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(d \frac{d \left(1881d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{1881x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{9e}$$

$$\frac{1}{11}ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/11*(e*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-33*d*e^2*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/10 + (d^2*e^2*((-370*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*e) + (d*((-1881*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*e) + (d*((-5920*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*e) + 1881*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4))/6)))/(8*e)))/(9*e)))/10)/(11*e^2)`

3.68.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^(p/(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`


```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && ( !IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

3.68.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-80640e^{10}x^{10} - 266112de^9x^9 - 89600d^2e^8x^8 + 587664d^3e^7x^7 + 657920d^4e^6x^6 - 201432d^5e^5x^5 - 629760d^6e^4x^4 - 251790d^7e^3x^3 + 479040d^8e^2x^2 - 122880d^9ex - 122880d^{10})e^3}{887040e^3}$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11e^2} + \frac{4d^2 \left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63e^4} \right)}{11e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2 \frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6}}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.68. $\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/887040*(-80640*e^{10}*x^{10}-266112*d*e^9*x^9-89600*d^2*e^8*x^8+587664*d^3*e^7*x^7+657920*d^4*e^6*x^6-201432*d^5*e^5*x^5-629760*d^6*e^4*x^4-251790*d^7*e^3*x^3+47360*d^8*e^2*x^2+65835*d^9*e*x+94720*d^{10})/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+19/256*d^{11}/e^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})}{131670 d^{11} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (80640 e^{10}x^{10} + 266112 de^9x^9 + 89600 d^2e^8x^8 - 587664 d^3e^7x^7 - 657920 d^4e^6x^6 + 201432 d^5e^5x^5 + 629760 d^6e^4x^4 + 251790 d^7e^3x^3 - 47360 d^8e^2x^2 - 65835 d^9ex - 94720 d^{10})\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{e^3}$$

3.68.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{131670 d^{11} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (80640 e^{10}x^{10} + 266112 de^9x^9 + 89600 d^2e^8x^8 - 587664 d^3e^7x^7 - 657920 d^4e^6x^6 + 201432 d^5e^5x^5 + 629760 d^6e^4x^4 + 251790 d^7e^3x^3 - 47360 d^8e^2x^2 - 65835 d^9ex - 94720 d^{10})\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/887040*(131670*d^{11}*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (80640*e^{10}*x^{10} + 266112*d*e^9*x^9 + 89600*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 587664*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 657920*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 201432*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 629760*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 251790*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 47360*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 65835*d^9*e*x - 94720*d^{10})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^3}{131670 d^{11} \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (80640 e^{10}x^{10} + 266112 de^9x^9 + 89600 d^2e^8x^8 - 587664 d^3e^7x^7 - 657920 d^4e^6x^6 + 201432 d^5e^5x^5 + 629760 d^6e^4x^4 + 251790 d^7e^3x^3 - 47360 d^8e^2x^2 - 65835 d^9ex - 94720 d^{10})\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{e^3}$$

3.68.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{19d^{11} \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{256e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{74d^{10}}{693e^3} - \frac{19d^9x}{256e^2} - \frac{37d^8x^2}{693e} + 10 \right) + \left(\frac{d^3x^3}{3} + \frac{3d^2ex^4}{4} + \frac{3de^2x^5}{5} + \frac{e^3x^6}{6} \right) (d^2)^{5/2}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

3.68.
$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

```
output Piecewise((19*d**11*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e
**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(
256*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-74*d**10/(693*e**3) - 19*d**9*x/(256*
e**2) - 37*d**8*x**2/(693*e) + 109*d**7*x**3/384 + 164*d**6*e*x**4/231 + 1
09*d**5*e**2*x**5/480 - 514*d**4*e**3*x**6/693 - 53*d**3*e**4*x**7/80 + 10
*d**2*e**5*x**8/99 + 3*d**e**6*x**9/10 + e**7*x**10/11), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d*
*3*x**3/3 + 3*d**2*e*x**4/4 + 3*d*e**2*x**5/5 + e**3*x**6/6)*(d**2)**(5/2)
, True))
```

3.68.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{19d^{11} \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{256\sqrt{e^2}e^2} + \frac{19\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^9x}{256e^2} - \frac{1}{11}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}ex^4 + \frac{19(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^7x}{384e^2} - \frac{3}{10}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}dx^3 + \frac{19(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^5x}{480e^2} - \frac{37(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^2x^2}{99e} - \frac{19(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^3x}{80e^2} - \frac{74(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d^4}{693e^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 19/256*d^11*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^2) + 19/256*sqrt(-e^2
*x^2 + d^2)*d^9*x/e^2 - 1/11*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^4 + 19/384*(-e^2*x
^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^7*x/e^2 - 3/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x^3 + 19/480*(-e
^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*x/e^2 - 37/99*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^2/e - 1
9/80*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^3*x/e^2 - 74/693*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^4/
e^3
```

3.68.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{19d^{11} \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{256e^2|e|} - \frac{1}{887040} \left(\frac{94720d^{10}}{e^3} + \left(\frac{65835d^9}{e^2} + 2 \left(\frac{23680d^8}{e} - (125895d^7 + 4(78720d^6e + (25179d^5e^2 - 2(41120d^4e^3 + 7(5247d^3e^4 - 8(100d^2e^5 + 9(10e^7x + 33de^6)x)x)x)x)x)x)x) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \right. \right. \right.$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `19/256*d^11*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - 1/887040*(94720*d^10/e^3 + (65835*d^9/e^2 + 2*(23680*d^8/e - (125895*d^7 + 4*(78720*d^6*e + (25179*d^5*e^2 - 2*(41120*d^4*e^3 + 7*(5247*d^3*e^4 - 8*(100*d^2*e^5 + 9*(10*e^7*x + 33*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`**3.68.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.69 $\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

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3.69.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{33d^8x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{256e} + \frac{11d^6x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{128e} + \frac{11d^4x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{160e} - \frac{33d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{560e^2} - \frac{11d^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{240e^2} - \frac{d(d + ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{30e^2} - \frac{(d + ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e^2} + \frac{33d^{10} \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{256e^2}$$

output `11/128*d^6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e+11/160*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e-33/560*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-11/240*d^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-1/30*d*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2-1/10*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2+33/256*d^10*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2+33/256*d^8*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e`

3.69.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-6400d^9 - 3465d^8ex + 10240d^7e^2x^2 + 24570d^6e^3x^3 + 7680d^5e^4x^4 - 23352d^4e^5x^5)}{256e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6400*d^9 - 3465*d^8*e*x + 10240*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 24570*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 7680*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 23352*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 20480*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 3024*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 8960*d*e^8*x^8 + 2688*e^9*x^9) - 6930*d^10*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(26880*e^2)`

3.69.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {541, 25, 2340, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(30dx^2e^4+33d^2xe^3+10d^3e^2) dx}{10e^2} - \frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(30dx^2e^4+33d^2xe^3+10d^3e^2) dx}{10e^2} - \frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{\int -3d^2e^4x(50d+99ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{9e^2} - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e^2} - \frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \int x(50d+99ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e^2} - \frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{\int de(99d+400ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10e^2} - \frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.69. $\int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \int (99d+400ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{8e} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{10e^2}{\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}} \\
\downarrow 455 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \int (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{10e^2}{\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}} \\
\downarrow 211 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \int (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{10e^2}{\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}} \\
\downarrow 211 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{10e^2}{\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}} \\
\downarrow 211 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - \frac{99x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{10}{3}de^2x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{10e^2}{\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}}
\end{array}$$

3.69. $\int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 10e^2$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{d \left(99d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} - 99x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{10}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \quad 10e^2$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/10*(e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-10*d*e^2*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/3 + (d^2*e^2*((-99*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*e) + (d*((-400*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*e) + 99*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4))/6))/(8*e)))/3)/(10*e^2)`

3.69.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.69.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2688e^9x^9 - 8960de^8x^8 - 3024d^2e^7x^7 + 20480d^3e^6x^6 + 23352d^4e^5x^5 - 7680d^5e^4x^4 - 24570d^6e^3x^3 - 10240x^2d^7e^2 + 3465xd^8e + 640d^9)}{26880e^2}$ $+ \frac{3d^2}{8e^2} \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}\right) \right) \right) \right)$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10e^2} + \frac{3d^2}{10e^2} \right)$

3.69. $\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/26880*(-2688*e^9*x^9-8960*d*e^8*x^8-3024*d^2*e^7*x^7+20480*d^3*e^6*x^6+23352*d^4*e^5*x^5-7680*d^5*e^4*x^4-24570*d^6*e^3*x^3-10240*d^7*e^2*x^2+3465*d^8*e*x+6400*d^9)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+33/256*d^10/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))}{26880 e^2}$$

3.69.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{6930 d^{10} \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (2688 e^9 x^9 + 8960 d e^8 x^8 + 3024 d^2 e^7 x^7 - 20480 d^3 e^6 x^6 - 23352 d^4 e^5 x^5 - 3465 d^5 e^4 x^4 + 24570 d^6 e^3 x^3 + 10240 d^7 e^2 x^2 - 6400 d^8 e x + 6400 d^9)}{26880 e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/26880*(6930*d^{10}*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (2688*e^9*x^9 + 8960*d*e^8*x^8 + 3024*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 20480*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 23352*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 7680*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 24570*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 10240*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 3465*d^8*e*x - 6400*d^9)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^2}{26880 e^2}$$

3.69.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{33d^{10} \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x+2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{256e} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^9}{21e^2} - \frac{33d^8x}{256e} + \frac{8d^7x^2}{21} + \frac{117d^6x^3}{112e} \right) + \left(\frac{d^3x^2}{2} + d^2ex^3 + \frac{3de^2x^4}{4} + \frac{e^3x^5}{5} \right) (d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((33*d**10*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(256*e) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**9/(21*e**2) - 33*d**8*x/(256*e) + 8*d**7*x**2/21 + 117*d**6*e*x**3/128 + 2*d**5*e**2*x**4/7 - 139*d**4*e**3*x**5/160 - 16*d**3*e**4*x**6/21 + 9*d**2*e**5*x**7/80 + d*e**6*x**8/3 + e**7*x**9/10), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((d**3*x**2/2 + d**2*e*x**3 + 3*d*e**2*x**4/4 + e**3*x**5/5)*(d**2)**(5/2), True))`

3.69.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{33 d^{10} \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{256 \sqrt{e^2}e} + \frac{33 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^8x}{256 e} + \frac{11(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^6x}{128 e} - \frac{1}{10}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}ex^3 + \frac{11(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^4x}{160 e} - \frac{1}{3}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}dx^2 - \frac{33(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}d^2x}{80 e} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}d^3}{21 e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `33/256*d^10*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e) + 33/256*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^8*x/e + 11/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^6*x/e - 1/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^3 + 11/160*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*x/e - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x^2 - 33/80*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x/e - 5/21*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^3/e^2`

3.69.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{33 d^{10} \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{256 e|e|} - \frac{1}{26880} \left(\frac{6400 d^9}{e^2} + \left(\frac{3465 d^8}{e} - 2(5120 d^7 + (12285 d^6 e + 4(960 d^5 e^2 - (2919 d^4 e^3 + 2(1280 d^3 e^4 - 7(27$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `33/256*d^10*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 1/26880*(6400*d^9/e^2 + (3465*d^8/e - 2*(5120*d^7 + (12285*d^6*e + 4*(960*d^5*e^2 - (2919*d^4*e^3 + 2*(1280*d^3*e^4 - 7*(27*d^2*e^5 + 8*(3*e^7*x + 10*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.69.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.70 $\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

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3.70.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{55}{128}d^7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{55}{192}d^5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{11}{48}d^3x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{11d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{56e} - \frac{11d(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{72e} - \frac{(d + ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} + \frac{55d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e}$$

```
output 55/192*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+11/48*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-11/56*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-11/72*d*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e-1/9*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e+55/128*d^9*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e+55/128*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.70.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-3712d^8 + 4599d^7ex + 10240d^6e^2x^2 + 3066d^5e^3x^3 - 8448d^4e^4x^4 - 7224d^3e^5x^5) - 55d^9 \log(-\sqrt{-e^2x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{8064e}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-3712*d^8 + 4599*d^7*e*x + 10240*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 3066*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 8448*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 7224*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 1024*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 3024*d*e^7*x^7 + 896*e^8*x^8))/(8064*e) - (55*d^9*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(128*Sqrt[-e^2])`

3.70.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {469, 469, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 469 \\
 & \frac{11}{9}d \int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 469 \\
 & \frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211
 \end{aligned}$$

3.70. $\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) \quad \downarrow \quad 211$$

$$\frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) \right) \quad \downarrow \quad 224$$

$$\frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) \right) \quad \downarrow \quad 216$$

$$\frac{11}{9}d \left(\frac{9}{8}d \left(d \left(\frac{5}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9e} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/9*((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/e + (11*d*(-1/8*((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/e + (9*d*(-1/7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/e + d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*d^2*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4))/6))/9`

3.70.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 469 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*c*((n + p)/(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.70.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-896e^8x^8 - 3024de^7x^7 - 1024d^2e^6x^6 + 7224d^3e^5x^5 + 8448d^4x^4e^4 - 3066d^5e^3x^3 - 10240d^6e^2x^2 - 4599d^7ex + 3712d^8)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{8064e}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + e^3 \left(-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9e^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8064*(-896*e^8*x^8-3024*d*e^7*x^7-1024*d^2*e^6*x^6+7224*d^3*e^5*x^5+8448*d^4*e^4*x^4-3066*d^5*e^3*x^3-10240*d^6*e^2*x^2-4599*d^7*e*x+3712*d^8)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+55/128*d^9/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.70.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{6930 d^9 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (896 e^8 x^8 + 3024 d e^7 x^7 + 1024 d^2 e^6 x^6 - 7224 d^3 e^5 x^5 - 8448 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 3712 d^5 e^3 x^3 - 10240 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 4599 d^7 e x + 3712 d^8)}{8064 e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.70. $\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

```
output -1/8064*(6930*d^9*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (896*e^8*x^8
+ 3024*d*e^7*x^7 + 1024*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 7224*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 8448*d^4*e^4*x^4
+ 3066*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 10240*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 4599*d^7*e*x - 3712*d^8)*sqrt(-e
^2*x^2 + d^2))/e
```

3.70.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{55d^9 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{29d^8}{63e} + \frac{73d^7x}{128} + \frac{80d^6ex^2}{63} + \frac{73d^5x^3}{192} - \frac{22d^4e^3x^4}{21} - \frac{43d^3e^4x^5}{4} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{8d^2e^5x^6}{63} + \frac{3de^6x^7}{8} + \frac{e^7x^8}{9} \right), \text{Ne}(d^2, 0) \\ (d^2)^{5/2} \left(\begin{cases} d^3x & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{(d+ex)^4}{4e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right), \text{Ne}(e^2, 0) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((55*d**9*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e
**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/12
8 + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-29*d**8/(63*e) + 73*d**7*x/128 + 80*d**6*e*x
**2/63 + 73*d**5*e**2*x**3/192 - 22*d**4*e**3*x**4/21 - 43*d**3*e**4*x**5/4
8 + 8*d**2*e**5*x**6/63 + 3*d*e**6*x**7/8 + e**7*x**8/9), Ne(e**2, 0)), ((
d**2)**(5/2)*Piecewise((d**3*x, Eq(e, 0)), ((d + e*x)**4/(4*e), True)), Tr
ue))
```

3.70.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{55 d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{55}{128} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^7 x + \frac{55}{192} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^5 x + \frac{11}{48} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 x - \frac{1}{9} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e x^2 - \frac{3}{8} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d x - \frac{29(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d^2}{63 e}$$

3.70. $\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `55/128*d^9*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 55/128*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7*x + 55/192*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5*x + 11/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x - 1/9*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e*x^2 - 3/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x - 29/63*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2/e`

3.70.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{55 d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{128 |e|} - \frac{1}{8064} \left(\frac{3712 d^8}{e} - (4599 d^7 + 2(5120 d^6 e + (1533 d^5 e^2 - 4(1056 d^4 e^3 + (903 d^3 e^4 - 2(64 d^2 e^5 + 7(8 e^7 x - \dots$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `55/128*d^9*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - 1/8064*(3712*d^8/e - (4599*d^7 + 2*(5120*d^6*e + (1533*d^5*e^2 - 4*(1056*d^4*e^3 + (903*d^3*e^4 - 2*(64*d^2*e^5 + 7*(8*e^7*x + 27*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.70.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.71
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

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3.71.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{128}d^6(128d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{192}d^4(64d+125ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{240}d^2(48d+125ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{3}{7}d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{8}ex(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} + \frac{125}{128}d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d^8 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `1/192*d^4*(125*e*x+64*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/240*d^2*(125*e*x+48*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-3/7*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/8*e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)+125/128*d^8*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d^8*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/128*d^6*(125*e*x+128*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.71.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(14848d^7+27195d^6ex+7424d^5e^2x^2-17710d^4e^3x^3-14592d^3e^4x^4)}{13440} - \frac{125}{64}d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - d^7\sqrt{d^2} \log(x) + d^7\sqrt{d^2} \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

3.71.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(14848*d^7 + 27195*d^6*e*x + 7424*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 17710*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 14592*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 1960*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 5760*d*e^6*x^6 + 1680*e^7*x^7))/13440 - (125*d^8*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/64 - d^7*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + d^7*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]`

3.71.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {541, 25, 2340, 27, 535, 535, 27, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & - \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (24dx^2e^4 + 25d^2xe^3 + 8d^3e^2)}{8e^2x} dx - \frac{1}{8}ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (24dx^2e^4 + 25d^2xe^3 + 8d^3e^2)}{8e^2x} dx - \frac{1}{8}ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & - \int \frac{7d^2e^4(8d+25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e^2x} dx - \frac{24}{7}de^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{8}ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2e^2}{8e^2} \int \frac{(8d+25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx - \frac{24}{7}de^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{1}{8}ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{535}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \int \frac{(48d+125ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} d^2 \int \frac{3(64d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} (64d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \frac{(64d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} (64d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{128d+125ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} (128d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(125e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 128d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(128d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + 125e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d+125ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (48d+125ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{24}{7} de^2 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 216

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(128d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 125 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(64d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 + 125 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(125 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{128d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(125 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 128 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (128d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (64d + 125ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) \right) \right)}{8e^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} ex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x,x]`

output `-1/8*(e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + ((-24*d*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/7 + d^2*e^2*((48*d + 125*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/30 + (d^2*((64*d + 125*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((128*d + 125*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(125*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 128*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2))/4))/6)/(8*e^2)`

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

3.71.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m +
n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)
*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGt
Q[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

3.71.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{8e^2} \right) + c$

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e^3*(-1/8*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2+1/8*d^2/e^2*(1/6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+5/6*d^2*(1/4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+3/4*d^2*(1/2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))))+d^3*(1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+d^2*(1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+d^2*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))+3*d^2*e*(1/6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+5/6*d^2*(1/4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+3/4*d^2*(1/2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))))-3/7*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)`

3.71.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{125}{64} d^8 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + d^8 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{13440} (1680 e^7 x^7 + 5760 d e^6 x^6 + 1960 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 14592 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 17710 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 7424 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 27195 d^6 e x + 14848 d^7) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-125/64*d^8*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + d^8*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + 1/13440*(1680*e^7*x^7 + 5760*d*e^6*x^6 + 1960*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 14592*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 17710*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 7424*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 27195*d^6*e*x + 14848*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)`

3.71.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 954, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x,x)`

output `d**7*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - 5*d**4*e**3*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) - d**2*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(8*e**2) + x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/4, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) - 5*d**3*e**4*Piecewise((-2*d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**2) + x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/5, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) + d**2*e**5*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e**4) - d**4*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(24*e**2) + x**5*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/6, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)) + 3*d*e**6*Piecewise((-8*d**6*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2*sqrt(d**...`

3.71.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{125 d^8 e \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{128 \sqrt{e^2}} - d^8 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2d}}{|x|}\right) + \frac{125}{128} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^6 ex + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^7 + \frac{125}{192} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^4 ex + \frac{1}{3} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5 + \frac{25}{48} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 ex + \frac{1}{5} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 - \frac{1}{8} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} ex - \frac{3}{7} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} d$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

output $125/128*d^8*e*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} - d^8*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/abs(x)) + 125/128*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^6*e*x + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^7 + 125/192*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^4*e*x + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^5 + 25/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^2*e*x + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^3 - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e*x - 3/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d$

3.71.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{125 d^8 e \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{128 |e|} - \frac{d^8 e \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} + \frac{1}{13440} (14848 d^7 + (27195 d^6 e + 2(3712 d^5 e^2 - (8855 d^4 e^3 + 4(1824 d^3 e^4 - 5(49 d^2 e^5 + 6(7 e^7 x + 24 d e^6))))))$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $125/128*d^8*e*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\operatorname{abs}(e) - d^8*e*\log(1/2*\operatorname{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2*\operatorname{abs}(x))/\operatorname{abs}(e) + 1/13440*(14848*d^7 + (27195*d^6*e + 2*(3712*d^5*e^2 - (8855*d^4*e^3 + 4*(1824*d^3*e^4 - 5*(49*d^2*e^5 + 6*(7*e^7*x + 24*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}$

3.71.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x, x)`

3.71. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

3.72
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

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3.72.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{3}{16}d^5e(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{8}d^3e(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{10}de(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{7}e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x} - \frac{15}{16}d^7e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - 3d^7e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output

```
1/8*d^3*e*(-5*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/10*d*e*(-5*e*x+6*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/7*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x-15/16*d^7*e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-3*d^7*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+3/16*d^5*e*(-5*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.72.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-560d^7+2496d^6ex+525d^5e^2x^2-992d^4e^3x^3-770d^3e^4x^4+992d^2e^5x^5-560de^6x^6)}{560x} + \frac{15}{8}d^7e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - 3d^6\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) + 3d^6\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-560*d^7 + 2496*d^6*e*x + 525*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 992*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 770*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 96*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 280*d*e^6*x^6 + 80*e^7*x^7))/(560*x) + (15*d^7*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/8 - 3*d^6*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x] + 3*d^6*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]`

3.72.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2340, 27, 535, 535, 27, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (3ed^4 - 3e^2xd^3 + e^3x^2d^2)}{x} dx}{d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (3ed^4 - 3e^2xd^3 + e^3x^2d^2)}{x} dx}{d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{21d^3e^3(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e^2} dx}{d^2} - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3d^3e \int \frac{(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx}{d^2} - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{535}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \int \frac{(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{535}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{4}d^2 \int \frac{3(8d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{27}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \frac{(8d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{535}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{16d-5ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{538}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(16d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 5e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{224}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e \left(\frac{1}{6}d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(16d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 5e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{30}(6d-5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{1}{7}d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{d^2}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{d^2}{x}} \quad \text{216}$$

3.72. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

$$\frac{3d^3e\left(\frac{1}{6}d^2\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(16d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-5\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-\right)}{d^2}\right. \\ \left.\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}\right)}{243}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e\left(\frac{1}{6}d^2\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(8d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-5\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-\right)}{d^2}\right. \\ \left.\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}\right)}{73}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e\left(\frac{1}{6}d^2\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(-\frac{16d\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e^2}}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2}-5\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-\right)}{d^2}\right. \\ \left.\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}\right)}{221}$$

$$\frac{3d^3e\left(\frac{1}{6}d^2\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(-5\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-16\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}(8d-5ex)(d^2-\right)}{d^2}\right. \\ \left.\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}\right)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x) + (-1/7*(d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + 3*d^3*e*((6*d - 5*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/30 + (d^2*((8*d - 5*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((16*d - 5*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(-5*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 16*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2))/4)/6)/d^2`

3.72.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{\text{n}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*x)^{(1/p)}, \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{((\text{m} - 1)/2)*(a + \text{b}*x)^p}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_))*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_})/(\text{x}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*p*x)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{a}/(2*p + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*p*x)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(p - 1)/x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 538 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_))/((\text{x}_)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{x}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]},
  Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]]
  /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
  *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1))
  Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x]
  /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

3.72.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^7\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x} + \frac{e^7x^6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{7} + \frac{6e^5d^2x^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{35} - \frac{62e^3d^4x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{35} + \frac{156e d^6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{35} - \frac{3e d^8 \ln\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} + d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{d^2}\right)}{35}$
default	$-\frac{e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + d^3 - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{6e^2}{d^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} \right) \right) \right)$

3.72. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-d^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/x+1/7*e^7*x^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+6/35*e^5*d^2*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-62/35*e^3*d^4*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+156/35*e*d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-3*e*d^8/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+1/2*d*e^6*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-11/8*d^3*e^4*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+15/16*d^5*e^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-15/16*d^7*e^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})$$

3.72.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1050 d^7 ex \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + 1680 d^7 ex \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + 2496}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/560*(1050*d^7*e*x*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 1680*d^7*e*x*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 2496*d^7*e*x + (80*e^7*x^7 + 280*d*e^6*x^6 + 96*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 770*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 992*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 525*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 2496*d^6*e*x - 560*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x$$

3.72.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 887, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

```

output d**7*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e
**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)
), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*
acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1
), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/
sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise(
(log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**
2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2,
Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - 5*d**4*e**3*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d
**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (
x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - 5*d**3*e**4*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*
e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)),
(x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) - d**2*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2
)/(8*e**2) + x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/4, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)
/3, True)) + d**2*e**5*Piecewise((-2*d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**4)
- d**2*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**2) + x**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2
)/5, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) + 3*d*e**6*Piecewise((d**6*P
iecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2
), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e**4) - d**4*x*...

```

3.72.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx &= -\frac{15 d^7 e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{e^2}} \\
 &- 3 d^7 e \log\left(\frac{2 d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{15}{16} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^5 e^2 x + 3 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^6 e \\
 &- \frac{5}{8} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 e^2 x + (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^4 e + \frac{1}{2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^2 x \\
 &+ \frac{3}{5} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e - \frac{1}{7} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} e - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output $-15/16*d^7*e^2*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} - 3*d^7*e*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/abs(x)) - 15/16*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^5*e^2*x + 3*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^6*e - 5/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^3*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^4*e + 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d*e^2*x + 3/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^2*e - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e - (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^3/x$

3.72.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{15 d^7 e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16 |e|} + \frac{d^7 e^4 x}{2 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) |e|} - \frac{3 d^7 e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2 e^2 |x|}\right)}{|e|} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^7}{2 x |e|} + \frac{1}{560} (2496 d^6 e + (525 d^5 e^2 - 2 (496 d^4 e^3 + (385 d^3 e^4 - 4 (12 d^2 e^5 + 5 (2 e^7 x + 7 d e^6) x) x) x) x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-15/16*d^7*e^2*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\operatorname{abs}(e) + 1/2*d^7*e^4*x/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e))*\operatorname{abs}(e) - 3*d^7*e^2*\log(1/2*\operatorname{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e)*d^7/(x*\operatorname{abs}(e)) + 1/560*(2496*d^6*e + (525*d^5*e^2 - 2*(496*d^4*e^3 + (385*d^3*e^4 - 4*(12*d^2*e^5 + 5*(2*e^7*x + 7*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}$

3.72.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2, x)`

3.72. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.73 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

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3.73.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{16} d^4 e^2 (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{24} d^2 e^2 (4d - 85ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{30} e^2 (3d - 85ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{x} - \frac{85}{16} d^6 e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} d^6 e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output 1/24*d^2*e^2*(-85*e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/30*e^2*(-85*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^2-3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x-85/16*d^6*e^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-1/2*d^6*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/16*d^4*e^2*(-85*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.73.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-120d^7 - 720d^6 ex + 544d^5 e^2 x^2 - 645d^4 e^3 x^3 - 448d^3 e^4 x^4 + 512d^2 e^5 x^5)}{240x^2} + \frac{85}{8} d^6 e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} d^5 \sqrt{d^2} e^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} d^5 \sqrt{d^2} e^2 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

3.73. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-120*d^7 - 720*d^6*e*x + 544*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 645*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 448*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 50*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 144*d*e^6*x^6 + 40*e^7*x^7))/(240*x^2) + (85*d^6*e^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/8 - (d^5*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[x])/2 + (d^5*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/2`

3.73.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 535, 27, 535, 27, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & \int -\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (6ed^4 + e^2xd^3 + 2e^3x^2d^2)}{2d^2} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (6ed^4 + e^2xd^3 + 2e^3x^2d^2)}{2d^2} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \int -\frac{\frac{d^4e^2(d-34ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d^2} dx - \frac{6d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{d^4e^2(d-34ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d^2} dx - \frac{6d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^2e^2 \int \frac{(d-34ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x} dx - \frac{6d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.73. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} d^2 \int \frac{2(3d-85ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 535$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \int \frac{(3d-85ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} d^2 \int \frac{3(4d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} (4d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 535$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \frac{(4d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{4} (4d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{8d-85ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} (8d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 535$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 85e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 538$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 85e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{15} (3d-85ex) (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2} \right) - \frac{6d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x}}{2d^2} \quad \downarrow \quad 224$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

3.73. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - 85e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d - 85ex) \right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - 85 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d - 85ex) \right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(4d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - 85 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d - 85ex) \right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(-\frac{8d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2} - e^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - 85 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d - 85ex) \right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(-85 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 8 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (8d - 85ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (4d - 85ex) \right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3,x]`

```
output -1/2*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^2 + ((-6*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x +
d^2*e^2*(((3*d - 85*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/15 + (d^2*(((4*d - 85*e*x
)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*(((8*d - 85*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/
2 + (d^2*(-85*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 8*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2
*x^2]/d]))/2))/4))/3))/(2*d^2)
```

3.73.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

- rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p
+ 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.73.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

3.73.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-40e^7x^7-144de^6x^6-50d^2e^5x^5+448d^3e^4x^4+645d^4e^3x^3-544d^5e^2x^2+720d^6ex+120d^7)}{240x^2} - \frac{85d^6e^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d^3 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/240*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-40*e^7*x^7-144*d*e^6*x^6-50*d^2*e^5*x^5+448*d^3*e^4*x^4+645*d^4*e^3*x^3-544*d^5*e^2*x^2+720*d^6*e*x+120*d^7)/x^2-85/16*d^6*e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-1/2*d^7*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.73.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2550 d^6 e^2 x^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + 120 d^6 e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + 54}{1}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.73. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

output $1/240*(2550*d^6*e^2*x^2*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 120*d^6*e^2*x^2*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 544*d^6*e^2*x^2 + (40*e^7*x^7 + 144*d*e^6*x^6 + 50*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 448*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 645*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 544*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 720*d^6*e*x - 120*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^2$

3.73.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 887, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `d**7*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*a cosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - 5*d**4*e**3*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - 5*d**3*e**4*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) + d**2*e**5*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) - d**2*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(8*e**2) + x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/4, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) + 3*d*e**6*Piecewise((-2*d**4*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(15*e**2) + x**4*s...`

3.73.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{85 d^6 e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{1}{2} d^6 e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{85}{16} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^4 e^3 x + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^5 e^2 - \frac{85}{24} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{6} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{6} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^3 x + \frac{1}{10} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d e^2 - \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e}{x} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-85/16*d^6*e^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 1/2*d^6*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - 85/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*e^3*x + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*e^2 - 85/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*e^3*x + 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3*e^2 + 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3*x + 1/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^2 - 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e/x - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d/x^2`**3.73.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{85 d^6 e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16 |e|} - \frac{d^6 e^3 \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} + \frac{\left(d^6 e^3 + \frac{12(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^6 e}{x}\right) e^4 x^2}{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 |e|} + \frac{1}{240} (544 d^5 e^2 - (645 d^4 e^3 + 2(224 d^3 e^4 - (25 d^2 e^5 + 4(5 e^7 x + 18 d e^6)x)x)x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - \frac{12(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^6 e|e|}{x} + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^6 |e|}{ex^2})}{8e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

3.73. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$

output $-85/16*d^6*e^3*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\operatorname{abs}(e) - 1/2*d^6*e^3*\log(1/2*\operatorname{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2*\operatorname{abs}(x)))/\operatorname{abs}(e) + 1/8*(d^6*e^3 + 12*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))*d^6*e/x)*e^4*x^2/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^2*\operatorname{abs}(e)) + 1/240*(544*d^5*e^2 - (645*d^4*e^3 + 2*(224*d^3*e^4 - (25*d^2*e^5 + 4*(5*e^7*x + 18*d*e^6)*x)*x)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2} - 1/8*(12*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))*d^6*e*\operatorname{abs}(e)/x + (d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^2*d^6*\operatorname{abs}(e)/(e*x^2))/e^2$

3.73.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3, x)`

3.74 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$

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3.74.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{8}d^3e^3(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{12}de^3(26d+25ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{e^2(50d+39ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{25}{8}d^5e^3\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{13}{2}d^5e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/12*d*e^3*(25*e*x+26*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/30*e^2*(39*e*x+50*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x-1/3*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^3-3/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^2-25/8*d^5*e^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+13/2*d^5*e^3*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/8*d^3*e^3*(25*e*x+52*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.74.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-40d^7-180d^6ex-80d^5e^2x^2-656d^4e^3x^3-345d^3e^4x^4+32d^2e^5x^5)}{120x^3} - 13d^5e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x}}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) + \frac{25}{8}d^5(-e^2)^{3/2}\log\left(-\sqrt{-e^2x}+\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

3.74. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-40*d^7 - 180*d^6*e*x - 80*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 656*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 345*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 32*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 90*d*e^6*x^6 + 24*e^7*x^7))/(120*x^3) - 13*d^5*e^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x)/d - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d] + (25*d^5*(-e^2)^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/8`

3.74.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 536, 535, 27, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (9ed^4 + 5e^2xd^3 + 3e^3x^2d^2)}{3d^2} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (9ed^4 + 5e^2xd^3 + 3e^3x^2d^2)}{3d^2} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \int \frac{d^4e^2(10d - 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} dx - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{d^4e^2(10d - 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} dx - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(10d - 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.74. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 536 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(\int \frac{(-39ed^2 - 50e^2xd)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{(50d + 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5x} \right) - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 535 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{1}{4}d^2 \int -\frac{6de(26d + 25ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(50d + 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5x} - \frac{1}{2}de(26d + 25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e \int \frac{(26d + 25ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2}de(26d + 25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{(50d + 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5x} \right) - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 535 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{52d + 25ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}(52d + 25ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(26d + 25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{(50d + 39ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5x} \right) - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 538 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(25e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 52d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}(52d + 25ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(26d + 25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{9d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 224
\end{array}$$

3.74. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(52d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+25e\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)+\frac{1}{2}(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}de(26d+25ex)\right)}{3d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}} \downarrow \text{216}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(52d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+25\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}de(26d+25ex)\right)}{3d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}} \downarrow \text{243}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(26d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2+25\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}de(26d+25ex)\right)}{3d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}} \downarrow \text{73}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(25\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-\frac{52d\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}de(26d+25ex)\right)}{3d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}} \downarrow \text{221}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}d^3e\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\left(25\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-52\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{2}(52d+25ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}de(26d+25ex)\right)}{3d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^3}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4,x]`

```
output -1/3*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^3 + ((-9*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(2*
x^2) + (d^2*e^2*(-1/2*(d*e*(26*d + 25*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((50*d
+ 39*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*x) - (3*d^3*e*((52*d + 25*e*x)*Sqrt[
d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(25*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 52*ArcTan
h[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2))/2)/(3*d^2)
```

3.74.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

- rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p
+ 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 536 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := S
imp[(-2*c*p - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((
a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.74.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^5 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} (4e^2 x^2 + 9dex + 2d^2)}{6x^3} + \frac{e^7 x^4 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5} + \frac{4e^5 d^2 x^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15} - \frac{82e^3 d^4 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15} - \frac{25e^4 d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{-}{8\sqrt{e^2}} $
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2 + 2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right) \right) \right) + d^3 - \left(\right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(4*e^2*x^2+9*d*e*x+2*d^2)/x^3+1/5*e^7*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+4/15*e^5*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-82/15*e^3*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-25/8*e^4*d^5/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+13/2*e^3*d^6/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+3/4*e^6*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-23/8*e^4*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}$$

3.74.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{750 d^5 e^3 x^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 780 d^5 e^3 x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - 656 d^5 e^3 x^3}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/120*(750*d^5*e^3*x^3*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - 780*d^5*e^3*x^3*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) - 656*d^5*e^3*x^3 + (24*e^7*x^7 + 90*d*e^6*x^6 + 32*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 345*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 656*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 80*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 180*d^6*e*x - 40*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^3$$

3.74.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 843, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**4,x)`

output

```

d**7*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**
2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)
) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d
/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e
**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e
*x))/(2*d), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)
) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2))), Abs(e**2*x
*2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(
d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2))), True)) - 5*d**4*e**3*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sr
t(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
+ I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - 5*d**3*
e**4*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/
2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) + d**2
*e**5*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) + 3*d*e**6*Piecis
e((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/s
qrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) -...

```

3.74.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx &= -\frac{25 d^5 e^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{13}{2} d^5 e^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{25}{8} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^3 e^4 x \\
&- \frac{13}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^4 e^3 - \frac{25}{12} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d e^4 x - \frac{13}{6} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 e^3 \\
&- \frac{13}{10} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^3 - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^2}{3x} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} e}{2x^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} d}{3x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-25/8*d^5*e^4*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} + 13/2*d^5*e^3*\log(2*d^2/\text{abs}(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/\text{abs}(x)) - 25/8*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^3*e^4*x - 13/2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^4*e^3 - 25/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d*e^4*x - 13/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2*e^3 - 13/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^3 - 5/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d*e^2/x - 3/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^2 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^3$$

3.74.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{25 d^5 e^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8 |e|} + \frac{13 d^5 e^4 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} + \frac{\left(d^5 e^4 + \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^5 e^2}{x} + \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^5}{x^2}\right) e^6 x^3}{24 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 |e|} - \frac{1}{120} (656 d^4 e^3 + (345 d^3 e^4 - 2(16 d^2 e^5 + 3(4e^7 x + 15 de^6)x)x)x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^5 e^4}{x} + \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^5 e^2}{x^2} + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^5}{x^3}}{24 e^2 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-25/8*d^5*e^4*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\text{abs}(e) + 13/2*d^5*e^4*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x))/\text{abs}(e) + 1/24*(d^5*e^4 + 9*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^5*e^2/x + 9*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d^5/x^2)*e^6*x^3/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*\text{abs}(e) - 1/120*(656*d^4*e^3 + (345*d^3*e^4 - 2*(16*d^2*e^5 + 3*(4*e^7*x + 15*d*e^6)*x)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2} - 1/24*(9*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^5*e^4/x + 9*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d^5*e^2/x^2 + (d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*d^5/x^3)/(e^2*\text{abs}(e))$$

3.74.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^4,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^4, x)`

3.75 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

3.75.1	Optimal result	902
3.75.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	902
3.75.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	903
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3.75.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	911
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3.75.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{45}{8}d^2e^4(d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{15de^3(2d-ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{8x} - \frac{3e^2(3d+2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8x^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3} + \frac{45}{8}d^4e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{45}{8}d^4e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output

```
15/8*d*e^3*(-e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x-3/8*e^2*(2*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2-1/4*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^4-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^3+45/8*d^4*e^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+45/8*d^4*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-45/8*d^2*e^4*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.75.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^7-8d^6ex-3d^5e^2x^2+48d^4e^3x^3-48d^3e^4x^4+3d^2e^5x^5)}{x^4} - 90d^4e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 45d^3\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log(x) - 45d^3\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) \right)$$

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^7 - 8*d^6*e*x - 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 48*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 8*d*e^6*x^6 + 2*e^7*x^7))/x^4 - 90*d^4*e^4*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + 45*d^3*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[x] - 45*d^3*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/8`

3.75.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 535, 27, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (12ed^4 + 9e^2xd^3 + 4e^3x^2d^2)}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (12ed^4 + 9e^2xd^3 + 4e^3x^2d^2)}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{9d^4e^2(3d-4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{4d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3d^2e^2 \int \frac{(3d-4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{4d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 537 \\
 & \frac{3d^2e^2 \left(\frac{5}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \int \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} d^2 \int \frac{12(d-2ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(3d^2 \int \frac{(d-2ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x} dx + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{2(d-ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d \int \frac{d-ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{4d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{x^3}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{3d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2} e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(3d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2x^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 224

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

$$\frac{3d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2) \right) \right)}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{3d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{3d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2) \right)}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{3d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d^2 \left(-\frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2) \right) \right)}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{3d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{5}{2}e^2 \left(3d^2 \left(d^2 \left(-\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right) + (d-2ex)(d^2-e^2x^2) \right) \right)}{4d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5,x]`

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$


```
output -1/4*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^4 + ((-4*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^3
+ 3*d^2*e^2*(-1/2*((3*d - 8*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^2 - (5*e^2*((d
- 2*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2) + 3*d^2*((d - e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^
2*(-ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])))
/2))/(4*d^2)
```

3.75.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

- rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p
+ 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.75.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-48e^3x^3+3de^2x^2+8d^2ex+2d^3)}{8x^4} + \frac{e^7x^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4} + \frac{3e^5d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{8} + \frac{45e^5d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$d^3 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{3e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right)$

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-48*e^3*x^3+3*d*e^2*x^2+8*d^2*e*x+2*d^3)/x^4 \\ & +1/4*e^7*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+3/8*e^5*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+45/8 \\ & *e^5*d^4/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+45/8*e^4*d \\ & ^5/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+e^6*d*x^2* \\ & (-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-6*e^4*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.75.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{90 d^4 e^4 x^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + 45 d^4 e^4 x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + 48 d^4 e^4 x^4 - (2 e^7 x^7 + 8 d e^6 x^6 + 3 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 48 d^3 e^4 x^4 + 48 d^4 e^3 x^3 - 3 d^5 e^2 x^2 - 8 d^6 e x - 2 d^7) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{8 x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(90*d^4*e^4*x^4*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 45*d^4*e^4 \\ & *x^4*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 48*d^4*e^4*x^4 - (2*e^7*x^7 + 8 \\ & *d*e^6*x^6 + 3*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 48*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 48*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^5*e^2*x \\ & ^2 - 8*d^6*e*x - 2*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^4 \end{aligned}$$

3.75.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 959, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**5,x)`

```

output d**7*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*
sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) +
e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x*
**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1
)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/
(8*d**3), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x*
**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1)
, (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2
/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2)
+ 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) - 5*d**4*e**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x
*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**
2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2))
- e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) - 5*d**3*e**
4*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*
x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sq
rt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x*
**2) + 1), True)) + d**2*e**5*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*
sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x...

```

3.75.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx &= \frac{45 d^4 e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{45}{8} d^4 e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{45}{8} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^2 e^5 x \\
&- \frac{45}{8} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^3 e^4 + \frac{15}{4} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^5 x \\
&- \frac{15}{8} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d e^4 - \frac{9(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^4}{8d} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^3}{x} \\
&- \frac{9(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} e^2}{8dx^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} e}{x^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} d}{4x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output $45/8*d^4*e^5*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} + 45/8*d^4*e^4*\log(2*d^2/\text{abs}(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/\text{abs}(x)) + 45/8*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^2*e^5*x - 45/8*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^3*e^4 + 15/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^5*x - 15/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d*e^4 - 9/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^4/d + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^3/x - 9/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^2/(d*x^2) - (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^3 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^4$

3.75.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{45 d^4 e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8 |e|} + \frac{45 d^4 e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8 |e|} + \frac{\left(d^4 e^5 + \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^4 e^3}{x} + \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^4 e}{x^2} - \frac{184(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^4}{ex^3}\right) e^8 x^4}{64 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 |e|} - \frac{1}{8} (48 d^3 e^4 - (3 d^2 e^5 + 2(e^7 x + 4 d e^6)x)x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} + \frac{184(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^4 e^5 |e|}{x} - \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^4 e^3 |e|}{x^2} - \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^4 e |e|}{x^3} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^4 |e|}{ex^4} \Bigg/ 64 e^4$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $45/8*d^4*e^5*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\text{abs}(e) + 45/8*d^4*e^5*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/\text{abs}(e) + 1/64*(d^4*e^5 + 8*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^4*e^3/x + 8*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*d^4*e/x^2 - 184*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*d^4/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*\text{abs}(e) - 1/8*(48*d^3*e^4 - (3*d^2*e^5 + 2*(e^7*x + 4*d*e^6)*x)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2} + 1/64*(184*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^4*e^5*\text{abs}(e)/x - 8*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d^4*e^3*\text{abs}(e)/x^2 - 8*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*d^4*e*\text{abs}(e)/x^3 - (d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*d^4*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^4))/e^4$

3.75. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx$

3.75.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^5,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^5, x)`

3.76
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

3.76.1	Optimal result	913
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3.76.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{d^2 e^4 (52d + 25ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8x} + \frac{de^3 (25d - 52ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{24x^2} - \frac{e^2 (52d + 25ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{60x^3} - \frac{d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{3e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} + \frac{13}{2} d^3 e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{25}{8} d^3 e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output 1/24*d*e^3*(-52*e*x+25*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2-1/60*e^2*(25*e*x+52*d)*
(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3-1/5*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^5-3/4*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^
2)^(7/2)/x^4+13/2*d^3*e^5*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-25/8*d^3*e^5*ar
ctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/8*d^2*e^4*(25*e*x+52*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/
2)/x
```

3.76.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (-24d^7 - 90d^6 ex - 32d^5 e^2 x^2 + 345d^4 e^3 x^3 + 656d^3 e^4 x^4 + 80d^2 e^5 x^5)}{120x^5} - 13d^3 e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{25}{8} (d^2)^{3/2} e^5 \log(x) + \frac{25}{8} (d^2)^{3/2} e^5 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

3.76.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-24*d^7 - 90*d^6*e*x - 32*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 345*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 656*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 80*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 180*d*e^6*x^6 + 40*e^7*x^7))/(120*x^5) - 13*d^3*e^5*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (25*(d^2)^(3/2)*e^5*Log[x])/8 + (25*(d^2)^(3/2)*e^5*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/8`

3.76.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 537, 25, 536, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (15ed^4 + 13e^2xd^3 + 5e^3x^2d^2)}{5d^2 x^5} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (15ed^4 + 13e^2xd^3 + 5e^3x^2d^2)}{5d^2 x^5} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \int \frac{d^4e^2(52d-25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4d^2 x^4} dx - \frac{15d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{d^4e^2(52d-25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4d^2 x^4} dx - \frac{15d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{4}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(52d-25ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{15d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(\frac{5}{6}e^2\int-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2}dx-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6x^3}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 537

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\int\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2}dx-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6x^3}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(\int\frac{(-75ed^2-312e^2xd)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}dx-\frac{(104d+25ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6x^3}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 536

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int-\frac{6de(25d+52ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6x^3}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\int\frac{25d+52ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(104d-75ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6x^3}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(52e\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+25d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x}\right)-\frac{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{4x^4}\right)}{5d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}$$

↓ 538

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(25d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+52e\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25e)d^2}{x}\right)}{5d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(25d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+52\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25e)d^2}{x}\right)}{5d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(\frac{25}{2}d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2+52\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25e)d^2}{x}\right)}{5d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(52\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-\frac{25d\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e^2}}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2}\right)\right)\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25e)d^2}{x}\right)}{5d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-3d^3e\left(52\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-25\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right)\right)\right)-3de(25d+52ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{(104d+25e)d^2}{x}\right)}{5d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6,x]`

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

```
output -1/5*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^5 + ((-15*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(4
*x^4) + (d^2*e^2*(-1/6*((104*d - 75*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^3 - (5*e
^2*(-3*d*e*(25*d + 52*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] - ((104*d + 25*e*x)*(d^2 -
e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x - 3*d^3*e*(52*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 25*Arc
Tanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])))/6))/4)/(5*d^2)
```

3.76.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

- rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p
+ 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 536 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := S
imp[(-2*c*p - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((
a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[2*p]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.76.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^3 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} (-656e^4 x^4 - 345d e^3 x^3 + 32d^2 e^2 x^2 + 90d^3 e x + 24d^4)}{120x^5} + \frac{e^7 x^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{3} + \frac{2e^5 d^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{3} + \frac{13e^6 d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{x \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{d}\right)}{2}$ $-\frac{2e^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{3d^2 x^3} - \frac{4e^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{d^2 x} - \frac{6e^2 x \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{4} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2}$
default	$d^3 - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5d^2 x^5} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3d^2 x^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2 x} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3d^2}$
3.76.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/120*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-656*e^4*x^4-345*d*e^3*x^3+32*d^2*e^2*x^2 \\ & +90*d^3*e*x+24*d^4)/x^5+1/3*e^7*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2/3*e^5*d^2*(-e^2 \\ & *x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+13/2*e^6*d^3/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2 \\ & ^{(1/2)}))-25/8*e^5*d^4/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /x)+3/2*e^6*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.76.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{1560 d^3 e^5 x^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - 375 d^3 e^5 x^5 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) - 80 d^3 e^5 x^5 - (40 e^7 x^7 + 180 d e^6 x^6}{120 x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/120*(1560*d^3*e^5*x^5*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) - 375*d \\ & ^3*e^5*x^5*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x - 80*d^3*e^5*x^5 - (40*e^7*x \\ & ^7 + 180*d*e^6*x^6 + 80*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 656*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 345*d^4*e^3*x^3 - \\ & 32*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 90*d^6*e*x - 24*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^5 \end{aligned}$$

3.76.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1182, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**6,x)`

output

```
d**7*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) - 4*I*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e*
**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**
3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d
**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-
15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15
*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**
5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3
*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt
(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(
8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*
I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e
**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) + d**5*e**2*Pieci
se((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)
/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) - 5*d**4*e
**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(
2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2)
+ 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(...
```

3.76.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{13 d^3 e^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{25}{8} d^3 e^5 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{13}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d e^6 x + \frac{25}{8} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^2 e^5 + \frac{13(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^6 x}{3d} + \frac{25}{24} (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^5 + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^5}{8d^2} + \frac{52(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^4}{15dx} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^3}{8d^2x^2} - \frac{13(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^2}{15dx^3} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e}{4x^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.76. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$

output $13/2*d^3*e^6*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} - 25/8*d^3*e^5*\log(2*d^2/\text{abs}(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/\text{abs}(x)) + 13/2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d*e^6*x + 25/8*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^2*e^5 + 13/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^6*x/d + 25/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^5 + 5/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^5/d^2 + 52/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^4/(d*x) + 5/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^3/(d^2*x^2) - 13/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^2/(d*x^3) - 3/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^4 - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^5$

3.76.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 460 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{13 d^3 e^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2 |e|}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(6 d^3 e^6 + \frac{45 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^3 e^4}{x} + \frac{50 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^3 e^2}{x^2} - \frac{600 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^3}{x^3} - \frac{2580 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^3 e^2}{e^2 x^4}\right)}{960 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^5 |e|}$$

$$- \frac{25 d^3 e^6 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2e^2 |x|}\right)}{8 |e|} + \frac{1}{6} (4d^2 e^5 + (2e^7 x + 9de^6)x) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{2580 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^3 e^8}{x} + \frac{600 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^3 e^6}{x^2} - \frac{50 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^3 e^4}{x^3} - \frac{45 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^3 e^2}{x^4}}{960 e^4 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $13/2*d^3*e^6*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/\operatorname{abs}(e) + 1/960*(6*d^3*e^6 + 45*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))*d^3*e^4/x + 50*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^2*d^3*e^2/x^2 - 600*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^3*d^3/x^3 - 2580*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^4*d^3/(e^2*x^4))*e^{10}*x^5/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^5*\operatorname{abs}(e)) - 25/8*d^3*e^6*\log(1/2*\operatorname{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2*\operatorname{abs}(x)))/\operatorname{abs}(e) + 1/6*(4*d^2*e^5 + (2*e^7*x + 9*d*e^6)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2} + 1/960*(2580*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))*d^3*e^8/x + 600*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^2*d^3*e^6/x^2 - 50*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^3*d^3*e^4/x^3 - 45*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^4*d^3*e^2/x^4 - 6*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*\operatorname{abs}(e))^5*d^3/x^5)/(e^4*\operatorname{abs}(e))$

$$3.76. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx$$

3.76.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^6,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^6, x)`

3.77
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

3.77.1	Optimal result	925
3.77.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	925
3.77.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	926
3.77.4	Maple [A] (verified)	931
3.77.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	933
3.77.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	933
3.77.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	934
3.77.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	935
3.77.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	936

3.77.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{de^5(8d-85ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16x} + \frac{de^3(8d+85ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{48x^3} - \frac{e^2(85d+12ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{120x^4} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} - \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{1}{2}d^2e^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{85}{16}d^2e^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output 1/48*d*e^3*(85*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3-1/120*e^2*(12*e*x+85*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4-1/6*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^6-3/5*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^5-1/2*d^2*e^6*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-85/16*d^2*e^6*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/16*d*e^5*(-85*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-40d^7-144d^6ex-50d^5e^2x^2+448d^4e^3x^3+645d^3e^4x^4-544d^2e^5x^5-16d^2e^6x^6)}{240x^6} + d^2e^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{85}{16}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}e^6 \log(x) + \frac{85}{16}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}e^6 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

3.77.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-40*d^7 - 144*d^6*e*x - 50*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 448*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 645*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 544*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 720*d*e^6*x^6 + 120*e^7*x^7))/(240*x^6) + d^2*e^6*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (85*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^6*Log[x])/16 + (85*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^6*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/16`

3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 537, 27, 537, 25, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (18ed^4 + 17e^2xd^3 + 6e^3x^2d^2)}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (18ed^4 + 17e^2xd^3 + 6e^3x^2d^2)}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{d^4e^2(85d-6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{18d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^4e^2(85d-6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{18d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(85d-6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{18d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 537 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(\frac{5}{12}e^2\int-\frac{3(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}dx-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)-\frac{18d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\int\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3}dx-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)-\frac{18d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
\downarrow 537 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(\frac{3}{2}e^2\int-\frac{(85d-16ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}dx-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)-\frac{18d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\int\frac{(85d-16ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}dx-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)-\frac{18d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{5x^5}}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
\downarrow 535 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int\frac{2(85d-8ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\int\frac{85d-8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-8ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{4x^4}\right)}{6d^2} \\
\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}
\end{array}$$

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

↓ 538

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(85d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-8e\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx\right)+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{6d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(85d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-8e\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{6d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(85d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-8\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{6d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(85d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-8\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{6d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(-\frac{85d\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2}-8\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right)+(85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{6d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{6x^6}}$$

↓ 221

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{5}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(d^2\left(-8\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-85\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right)+ (85d-8ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)-\frac{(85d-16ex)}{6d^2}\right)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}}{6x^6}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^6 + ((-18*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(5*x^5) + (d^2*e^2*(-1/4*((85*d - 8*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^4 - (5*e^2*(-1/2*((85*d - 16*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2 - (3*e^2*((85*d - 8*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^2*(-8*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 85*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])))/2))/4))/5)/(6*d^2)`

3.77.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

3.77.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(544e^5x^5-645de^4x^4-448d^2e^3x^3+50d^3e^2x^2+144d^4ex+40d^5)}{240x^6} + \frac{e^7x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} - \frac{e^7d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$d^3 \left[-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{6d^2x^6} - \frac{e^2}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{3e^2}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{5} + d^2\right) + d^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}{3} + d^2\right)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2} \right]$
3.77.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

output

```

d**7*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(1
6*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((3*
I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**e
**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I**e
**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I**e
**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d**e**2*x**7), Abs(e
**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*
e**2*x**7) - 4*d**e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e
**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e
**2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d**e**2
*x**7), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)
- 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2))
> 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(
-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))...

```

3.77.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx &= -\frac{d^2e^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \\
&- \frac{85}{16} d^2e^6 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2d}}{|x|}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^7x \\
&+ \frac{85}{16} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}de^6 - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7x}{3d^2} + \frac{85(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^6}{48d} \\
&+ \frac{17(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^6}{16d^3} - \frac{4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^5}{15d^2x} + \frac{17(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^4}{16d^3x^2} \\
&+ \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}{15d^2x^3} - \frac{17(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}{24dx^4} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e}{5x^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d}{6x^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.77. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx$

output
$$-1/2*d^2*e^7*\arcsin(e^2*x/(d*\sqrt{e^2}))/\sqrt{e^2} - 85/16*d^2*e^6*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/abs(x)) - 1/2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*e^7*x + 85/16*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d*e^6 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^7*x/d^2 + 85/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^6/d + 17/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^6/d^3 - 4/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^5/(d^2*x) + 17/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^4/(d^3*x^2) + 1/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^3/(d^2*x^3) - 17/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^2/(d*x^4) - 3/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^5 - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^6$$

3.77.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 526 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\left(5d^2 e^7 + \frac{36(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2 e^5}{x} + \frac{45(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^2 e^3}{x^2} - \frac{340(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^2 e}{x^3} \right)}{1920(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)} - \frac{d^2 e^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|} - \frac{85d^2 e^7 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16|e|} + \frac{1}{2}(e^7 x + 6de^6)\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - \frac{1800(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2 e^9 |e|}{x} - \frac{1215(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^2 e^7 |e|}{x^2} - \frac{340(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^2 e^5 |e|}{x^3} + \frac{45(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^2 e^3 |e|}{x^4} - \frac{340(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 d^2 e}{x^5} + \frac{1920de^6}{1920e^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/1920*(5*d^2*e^7 + 36*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^2*e^5/x + 45*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*d^2*e^3/x^2 - 340*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*d^2*e/x^3 - 1215*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4*d^2/(e*x^4) + 1800*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5*d^2/(e^3*x^5))*e^{12}*x^6/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^6*\text{abs}(e) - 1/2*d^2*e^7*\text{arcsin}(e*x/d)*\text{sgn}(d)*\text{sgn}(e)/\text{abs}(e) - 85/16*d^2*e^7*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/\text{abs}(e) + 1/2*(e^7*x + 6*d*e^6)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2} - 1/1920*(1800*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d^2*e^9*\text{abs}(e)/x - 1215*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*d^2*e^7*\text{abs}(e)/x^2 - 340*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*d^2*e^5*\text{abs}(e)/x^3 + 45*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4*d^2*e^3*\text{abs}(e)/x^4 + 36*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5*d^2*e*\text{abs}(e)/x^5 + 5*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^6*d^2*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^6))/e^6$

3.77.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^7,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^7, x)`

3.78
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

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3.78.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{3e^6(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{16x} + \frac{e^4(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{16x^3} - \frac{e^2(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{40x^5} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6} - 3de^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{15}{16}de^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output 1/16*e^4*(5*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3-1/40*e^2*(5*e*x+24*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5-1/7*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^7-1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^6-3*d*e^7*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-15/16*d*e^7*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-3/16*e^6*(-5*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.78.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-80d^7-280d^6ex-96d^5e^2x^2+770d^4e^3x^3+992d^3e^4x^4-525d^2e^5x^5-160de^6x^6-16e^7x^7)}{560x^7} + 6de^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{15}{16}\sqrt{d^2}e^7 \log(x) + \frac{15}{16}\sqrt{d^2}e^7 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

3.78.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(-80d^7 - 280d^6ex - 96d^5e^2x^2 + 770d^4e^3x^3 + 992d^3e^4x^4 - 525d^2e^5x^5 - 2496de^6x^6 + 560e^7x^7))/(560x^7) + 6de^7\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])] - (15\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^7\text{Log}[x])/16 + (15\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^7\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]])/16$

3.78.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {540, 27, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 537, 27, 536, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (3ed^4 + 3e^2xd^3 + e^3x^2d^2)}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (3ed^4 + 3e^2xd^3 + e^3x^2d^2) dx}{d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^4e^2(6d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(6d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 537 \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{1}{4}e^2 \int -\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5} \right) - \frac{d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.78. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\int\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4}dx-\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(\frac{1}{2}e^2\int-\frac{3(16d+5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}dx-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 537

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\int\frac{(16d+5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}dx-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(\int\frac{5d^2e-16de^2x}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 536

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(\int\frac{5d^2e-16de^2x}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{(24d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{20x^5}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(5d^2e\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-16de^2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(5d^2e\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-16de^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)-\frac{d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{2x^6}}{d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 216

3.78. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(5d^2e\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-16de\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)\right)}{d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}} \quad \downarrow \quad 243$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(\frac{5}{2}d^2e\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-16de\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)\right)}{d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}} \quad \downarrow \quad 73$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(-\frac{5d^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}-16de\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-\frac{(16d-5ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)\right)}{d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}} \quad \downarrow \quad 221$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{2}e^2\left(-16de\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)-5de\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(16d-5ex)}{x}\right)-\frac{(16d+5ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^3}\right)\right)}{d^2}}{\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^7 + (-1/2*(d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^6 + (d^2*e^2*(-1/20*((24*d + 5*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5 - (e^2*(-1/2*((16*d + 5*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3 - (3*e^2*(-(((16*d - 5*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x) - 16*d*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 5*d*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])))/2))/2)/d^2`

3.78. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

3.78.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^m)*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^n), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)*(c - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^{\text{p}/\text{b}})^n}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*x)^{(1/\text{p})}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m)*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^p, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{((\text{m} - 1)/2)*(a + \text{b}*x)^p}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 536 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_))*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^p/(x_)^2, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-2*\text{c}*p - \text{d}*x)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), \text{x}] + \text{Int}[(\text{a}*d + 2*\text{b}*c*p*x)*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(p - 1})/x), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

```
rule 537 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.78.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

3.78.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-560e^7x^7+2496de^6x^6+525d^2e^5x^5-992d^3e^4x^4-770d^4e^3x^3+96d^5e^2x^2+280d^6ex+80d^7)}{560x^7} - \frac{3de^8 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{3e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{4d^2} \right)$
3.78.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/560*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-560*e^7*x^7+2496*d*e^6*x^6+525*d^2*e^5*x^5-992*d^3*e^4*x^4-770*d^4*e^3*x^3+96*d^5*e^2*x^2+280*d^6*e*x+80*d^7)/x^7-3*d*e^8/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-15/16*d^2*e^7/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.78.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{3360 de^7 x^7 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + 525 de^7 x^7 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + 560}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/560*(3360*d*e^7*x^7*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + 525*d*e^7*x^7*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + 560*d*e^7*x^7 + (560*e^7*x^7 - 2496*d*e^6*x^6 - 525*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 992*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 770*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 96*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 280*d^6*e*x - 80*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^7`

3.78.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1513, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**8,x)`

output

```

d**7*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**
4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**
2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(
e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105
*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**6), True)) + 3*
d**6*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x*
*5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)
- 1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/
(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*
x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**
2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise(
(3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d
**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*
e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) -
I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Ab
s(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 +
15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15
*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*...

```

3.78.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx &= -\frac{3de^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} \\
 &- \frac{15}{16} de^7 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^8x}{d} + \frac{15}{16} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^7 \\
 &- \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^8x}{d^3} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7}{16d^2} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^7}{16d^4} \\
 &- \frac{8(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^6}{5d^3x} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^5}{16d^4x^2} + \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^4}{5d^3x^3} \\
 &- \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}{8d^2x^4} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}{5dx^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e}{2x^6} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d}{7x^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.78. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$


```
output -3*d*e^8*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 15/16*d*e^7*log(2*d^2/abs
(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - 3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^8*x/d +
15/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7 - 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^8*x/d^3 + 5/16
*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7/d^2 + 3/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^7/d^4 - 8/
5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6/(d^3*x) + 3/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^5/(d^
4*x^2) + 2/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^4/(d^3*x^3) - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(
7/2)*e^3/(d^2*x^4) - 3/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^2/(d*x^5) - 1/2*(-e^2*x^
2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e/x^6 - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d/x^7
```

3.78.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 542 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\left(5de^8 + \frac{35(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)de^6}{x} + \frac{49(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 de^4}{x^2} - \frac{245(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 de^2}{x^3} + \frac{9065(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)de^{12}}{x} + \frac{455(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 de^{10}}{x^2} - \frac{875(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 de^8}{x^3} - \frac{245(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 de^6}{x^4} + \frac{4480(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 de^4}{x^5} - \frac{15de^8 \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16|e|} + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^7}{4480e^6|e|}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/4480*(5*d*e^8 + 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*e^6/x + 49*(d*e
+ sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*e^4/x^2 - 245*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d
^2)*abs(e))^3*d*e^2/x^3 - 875*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d/x^4
+ 455*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d/(e^2*x^5) + 9065*(d*e + sqrt
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d/(e^4*x^6))*e^14*x^7/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d
^2)*abs(e))^7*abs(e)) - 3*d*e^8*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - 15/16
*d*e^8*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/a
bs(e) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7 - 1/4480*(9065*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2
)*abs(e))*d*e^12/x + 455*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*e^10/x^2
- 875*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d*e^8/x^3 - 245*(d*e + sqrt(-e
^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d*e^6/x^4 + 49*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))
^5*d*e^4/x^5 + 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d*e^2/x^6 + 5*(d*e
+ sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d/x^7)/(e^6*abs(e))
```

$$3.78. \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx$$

3.78.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^8} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^8,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^8, x)`

3.79
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

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3.79.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{e^6(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{128x^2} + \frac{e^4(125d+64ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{192x^4} - \frac{e^2(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{240x^6} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8} - \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} - e^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{125}{128}e^8 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output 1/192*e^4*(64*e*x+125*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-1/240*e^2*(48*e*x+125*d)
*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6-1/8*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^8-3/7*e*(-e^2*x^2+d
^2)^(7/2)/x^7-e^8*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+125/128*e^8*arctanh((-e
^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/128*e^6*(128*e*x+125*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.79.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-1680d^7-5760d^6ex-1960d^5e^2x^2+14592d^4e^3x^3+17710d^3e^4x^4)}{13440x^8} + 2e^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{125\sqrt{d^2}e^8 \log(x)}{128d} - \frac{125\sqrt{d^2}e^8 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d}$$

3.79.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}*(-1680d^7 - 5760d^6ex - 1960d^5e^2x^2 + 14592d^4e^3x^3 + 17710d^3e^4x^4 - 7424d^2e^5x^5 - 27195de^6x^6 - 14848e^7x^7))/(13440x^8) + 2e^8\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})] + (125\sqrt{d^2}e^8\text{Log}[x])/(128d) - (125\sqrt{d^2}e^8\text{Log}[\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}])/(128d)$

3.79.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 537, 27, 537, 25, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 540

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (24ed^4 + 25e^2xd^3 + 8e^3x^2d^2)}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (24ed^4 + 25e^2xd^3 + 8e^3x^2d^2)}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 2338

$$\frac{\int -\frac{7d^4e^2(25d+8ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{24d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d^2e^2 \int \frac{(25d+8ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{24d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 537

3.79. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} e^2 \int -\frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \int \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 537

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} e^2 \int -\frac{3(125d+64ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \int \frac{(125d+64ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 537

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int -\frac{125d+128ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int \frac{125d+128ex}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(125d+48ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30x^6} \right) - \frac{24d^2 e (d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7x^7}}{8d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 538

3.79. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(128e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 125d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(125d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 128e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(125d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 128 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(\frac{125}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 + 128 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(128 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{125d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{6} e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(128 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 125 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{(125d+128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(125d+64ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{4x^4} \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}$$

3.79. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^8 + ((-24*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*x^7) + d^2*e^2*(-1/30*((125*d + 48*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6 - (e^2*(-1/4*((125*d + 64*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-1/2*((125*d + 128*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - (e^2*(128*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 125*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/4))/6))/(8*d^2)`

3.79.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

3.79. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

```
rule 537 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.79.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

3.79.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (14848e^7x^7+27195de^6x^6+7424d^2e^5x^5-17710d^3e^4x^4-14592d^4e^3x^3+1960d^5e^2x^2+5760d^6ex+1680d^7)}{13440x^8} - \frac{e^9 \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}$ $-\frac{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{6e^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2}$
default	$e^3 - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5d^2x^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5d^2}$
3.79.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/13440*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(14848*e^7*x^7+27195*d*e^6*x^6+7424*d^2*e^5*x^5-17710*d^3*e^4*x^4-14592*d^4*e^3*x^3+1960*d^5*e^2*x^2+5760*d^6*e*x+1680*d^7)/x^8-e^9/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+125/128*e^8*d/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.79.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{26880 e^8 x^8 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - 13125 e^8 x^8 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (14848 e^7 x^7 + 27195 d e^6 x^6 + 7424 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 17710 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 14592 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 1960 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 5760 d^6 e x + 1680 d^7) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13440*(26880*e^8*x^8*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 13125*e^8*x^8*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (14848*e^7*x^7 + 27195*d*e^6*x^6 + 7424*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 17710*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 14592*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 1960*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 5760*d^6*e*x + 1680*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^8`

3.79.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1719, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**9,x)`

```

output d**7*Piecewise((-d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e/(48*x**7
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) + 5*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 5*e**7/(128*d**
6*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e**8*acosh(d/(e*x))/(128*d**7), Abs(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I
*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(-d**
2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
+ 5*I*e**7/(128*d**6*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**8*asin(d/(e*
x))/(128*d**7), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)
/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d
**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(
105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(
7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sq
rt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2)
+ 1)/(105*d**6), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/
(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d
**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)
- 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d
**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**
2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e...

```

3.79.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx &= -\frac{e^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{125}{128} e^8 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2d}}{|x|}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^9x}{d^2} \\
&- \frac{125\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^8}{128d} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^9x}{3d^4} - \frac{125(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^8}{384d^3} \\
&- \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^8}{128d^5} - \frac{8(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^7}{15d^4x} - \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^6}{128d^5x^2} \\
&+ \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^5}{15d^4x^3} + \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^4}{192d^3x^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}{5d^2x^5} \\
&- \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}{48dx^6} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e}{7x^7} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d}{8x^8}
\end{aligned}$$

3.79. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -e^9 \arcsin(e^2 x / (d \sqrt{e^2})) / \sqrt{e^2} + 125/128 e^8 \log(2 d^2 / \text{abs}(x) \\ & + 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d / \text{abs}(x)) - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^9 x / d^2 - 125 / \\ & 128 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^8 / d - 2/3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^9 x / d^4 - 12 \\ & 5/384 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^8 / d^3 - 25/128 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^8 / d \\ & ^5 - 8/15 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^7 / (d^4 x) - 25/128 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} \\ & e^6 / (d^5 x^2) + 2/15 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^5 / (d^4 x^3) + 25/192 (-e^2 \\ & x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^4 / (d^3 x^4) - 1/5 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^3 / (d^2 x^5) \\ & - 25/48 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e^2 / (d x^6) - 3/7 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} e \\ & / x^7 - 1/8 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d / x^8 \end{aligned}$$

3.79.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 584 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\left(105 e^9 + \frac{720 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^7}{x} + \frac{1120 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^5}{x^2} - \frac{3696 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{x^3} \right)}{21} \\ - \frac{e^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \text{sgn}(d) \text{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{125 e^9 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{128 |e|} \\ - \frac{122640 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^{13} |e|}{x} + \frac{77280 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^{11} |e|}{x^2} - \frac{560 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 e^9 |e|}{x^3} - \frac{14280 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/215040*(105*e^9 + 720*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e^7/x + 1120*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*e^5/x^2 - 3696*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*e^3/x^3 - 14280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*e/x^4 - 560*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^5/(e*x^5) + 77280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^6/(e^3*x^6) + 122640*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^7/(e^5*x^7))*e^{16*x^8}/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^8*\text{abs}(e)) - e^9*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\text{sgn}(d)*\text{sgn}(e)/\text{abs}(e) + 125/128*e^9*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)) - 1/215040*(122640*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e^{13*\text{abs}(e)}/x + 77280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*e^{11*\text{abs}(e)}/x^2 - 560*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^3*e^9*\text{abs}(e)/x^3 - 14280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^4*e^7*\text{abs}(e)/x^4 - 3696*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^5*e^5*\text{abs}(e)/x^5 + 1120*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^6*e^3*\text{abs}(e)/x^6 + 720*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^7*e*\text{abs}(e)/x^7 + 105*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^8*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^8))/e^8$

3.79.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^9} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^9,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^9, x)`

3.80
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

3.80.1	Optimal result	959
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3.80.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{55e^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{128x^2} + \frac{55e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{192x^4} - \frac{11e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{48x^6} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} - \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8} - \frac{29e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{63dx^7} + \frac{55e^9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d}$$

```
output 55/192*e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-11/48*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6-1/9
*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^9-3/8*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^8-29/63*e^2*(-e^2
*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d/x^7+55/128*e^9*arctanh(((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d)-55/128*
e^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.80.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-896d^8-3024d^7ex-1024d^6e^2x^2+7224d^5e^3x^3+8448d^4e^4x^4)}{8064dx^9} + \frac{55e^9 \log(x)}{128\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{55e^9 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{128\sqrt{d^2}}$$

3.80.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-896*d^8 - 3024*d^7*e*x - 1024*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 7224*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 8448*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 3066*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 10240*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 4599*d*e^7*x^7 + 3712*e^8*x^8))/(8064*d*x^9) + (55*e^9*Log[x])/(128*Sqrt[d^2]) - (55*e^9*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(128*Sqrt[d^2])`

3.80.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (27ed^4 + 29e^2xd^3 + 9e^3x^2d^2)}{9d^2 x^9} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (27ed^4 + 29e^2xd^3 + 9e^3x^2d^2)}{9d^2 x^9} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{- \int \frac{d^4 e^2 (232d + 99ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8d^2 x^8} dx - \frac{27d^2 e (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^4 e^2 (232d + 99ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8d^2 x^8} dx - \frac{27d^2 e (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8} d^2 e^2 \int \frac{(232d + 99ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{27d^2 e (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 534 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(99e\int\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7}dx-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 243 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(\frac{99}{2}e\int\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8}dx^2-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 51 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(\frac{99}{2}e\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\int\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6}dx^2-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6}\right)-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 51 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(\frac{99}{2}e\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\int\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4}dx^2-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6}\right)-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 51 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(\frac{99}{2}e\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6}\right)-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 73 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2\left(\frac{99}{2}e\left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-x^4}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6}\right)-\frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}\right)-\frac{27d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8x^8}}{9d^2}-\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9x^9} \\
\downarrow 221
\end{array}$$

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{8}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{232(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{9d^2}}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{9x^9}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^10,x]`

output `-1/9*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^9 + ((-27*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*x^8) + (d^2*e^2*((-232*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d*x^7) + (99*e*(-1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6 - (5*e^2*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/6))/2))/8)/(9*d^2)`

3.80.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.80.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-3712e^8x^8+4599de^7x^7+10240d^2e^6x^6+3066d^3e^5x^5-8448d^4x^4e^4-7224d^5e^3x^3+1024d^6e^2x^2+3024d^7ex+896d^8)}{8064x^9d}$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6d^2x^6} - \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \left(\frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2 \right) \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/8064*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-3712*e^8*x^8+4599*d*e^7*x^7+10240*d^2*e^6*x^6+3066*d^3*e^5*x^5-8448*d^4*e^4*x^4-7224*d^5*e^3*x^3+1024*d^6*e^2*x^2+3024*d^7*e*x+896*d^8)/x^9/d+55/128*e^9/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)}{8064 dx^9}$$

3.80.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{3465 e^9 x^9 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (3712 e^8 x^8 - 4599 d e^7 x^7 - 10240 d^2 e^6 x^6 - 3066 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 8448 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 7224 d^5 e^3 x^3 - 1024 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 3024 d^7 e x - 896 d^8) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{8064 dx^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/8064*(3465*e^9*x^9*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) - (3712*e^8*x^8 - 4599*d*e^7*x^7 - 10240*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 3066*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 8448*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 7224*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 1024*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 3024*d^7*e*x - 896*d^8)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}}{(d*x^9)}$$

3.80.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1889, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**10,x)`

3.80.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$$

```

output d**7*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(9*x**8) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/(63*d**2*x**6) + 2*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**
4*x**4) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(315*d**6*x**2) + 16*e**9*sqrt
(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(315*d**8), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(
-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(9*x**8) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(63*d
**2*x**6) + 2*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**4) + 8*I*e**
7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(315*d**6*x**2) + 16*I*e**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2
*x**2) + 1)/(315*d**8), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(
d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(
192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 5*e**7/(128*d**6*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e
**8*acosh(d/(e*x))/(128*d**7), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(8*e*x
**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)) - I*e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**5/(384*d
**4*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + 5*I*e**7/(128*d**6*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e
**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**8*asin(d/(e*x))/(128*d**7), True)) + d**5*e**2*Pi
ecwise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**
2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2)
+ 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1
), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2...

```

3.80.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx &= \frac{55 e^9 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{128 d} \\
 &- \frac{55 \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^9}{128 d^2} - \frac{55 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^9}{384 d^4} - \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^9}{128 d^6} \\
 &- \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^7}{128 d^6 x^2} + \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^5}{192 d^4 x^4} - \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^3}{48 d^2 x^6} \\
 &- \frac{29 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^2}{63 d x^7} - \frac{3 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e}{8 x^8} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d}{9 x^9}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

3.80. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx$

output $55/128*e^9*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d - 55/128*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^9/d^2 - 55/384*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^9/d^4 - 11/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^9/d^6 - 11/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^7/(d^6*x^2) + 11/192*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^5/(d^4*x^4) - 11/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^3/(d^2*x^6) - 29/63*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e^2/(d*x^7) - 3/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*e/x^8 - 1/9*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d/x^9$

3.80.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 648 vs. $2(159) = 318$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\left(28 e^{10} + \frac{189 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^8}{x} + \frac{324 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^6}{x^2} - \frac{672 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 e^4}{x^3} \right)}{128 d |e|} + \frac{55 e^{10} \log\left(\frac{|-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2 e^2 |x|}\right)}{128 d |e|} + \frac{16632 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^8 e^{16}}{x} - \frac{18144 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^8 e^{14}}{x^2} - \frac{9744 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^8 e^{12}}{x^3} + \frac{1512 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^8 e^{10}}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/129024*(28*e^10 + 189*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^8/x + 324*(d
*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^6/x^2 - 672*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d
^2)*abs(e))^3*e^4/x^3 - 3024*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*e^2/x^4
- 1512*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/x^5 + 9744*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*
x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^2*x^6) + 18144*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))
^7/(e^4*x^7) - 16632*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8/(e^6*x^8))*e^18
*x^9/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^9*d*abs(e)) + 55/128*e^10*log(1/
2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d*abs(e)) + 1
/129024*(16632*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^8*e^16/x - 18144*(d*e
+ sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^8*e^14/x^2 - 9744*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^8*e^12/x^3 + 1512*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^
4*d^8*e^10/x^4 + 3024*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^8*e^8/x^5 +
672*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^8*e^6/x^6 - 324*(d*e + sqrt(-e
^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^8*e^4/x^7 - 189*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(
e))^8*d^8*e^2/x^8 - 28*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^9*d^8/x^9)/(d^9
*e^8*abs(e))
```

3.80.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^{10}} dx$$

```
input int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^10,x)
```

```
output int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^10, x)
```

3.81
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

3.81.1	Optimal result	969
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3.81.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{33e^8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{256dx^2} + \frac{11e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{128dx^4} - \frac{11e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{160dx^6} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9} - \frac{33e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{80dx^8} - \frac{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{21d^2x^7} + \frac{33e^{10}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{256d^2}$$

```
output 11/128*e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4-11/160*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^6-1/10*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^10-1/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^9-33/80*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d/x^8-5/21*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d^2/x^7+33/256*e^10*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^2-33/256*e^8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^2
```

3.81.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2688d^9-8960d^8ex-3024d^7e^2x^2+20480d^6e^3x^3+23352d^5e^4x^4-26880d^4e^5x^5-26880d^3e^6x^6-26880d^2e^7x^7-26880de^8x^8-26880e^9x^9)}{26880d^9} + \frac{33\sqrt{d^2}e^{10}\log(x)}{256d^3} - \frac{33\sqrt{d^2}e^{10}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{256d^3}$$

3.81.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2688*d^9 - 8960*d^8*e*x - 3024*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 20480*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 23352*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 7680*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 24570*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 10240*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 3465*d*e^8*x^8 + 6400*e^9*x^9))/(26880*d^2*x^10) + (33*Sqrt[d^2]*e^10*Log[x])/(256*d^3) - (33*Sqrt[d^2]*e^10*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(256*d^3)`

3.81.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 27, 539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (30ed^4 + 33e^2xd^3 + 10e^3x^2d^2)}{x^{10}} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (30ed^4 + 33e^2xd^3 + 10e^3x^2d^2)}{x^{10}} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{3d^4e^2(99d+50ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{10d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(99d+50ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{10d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.81. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{de(400d+99ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(400d+99ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \int \frac{(400d+99ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

↓ 534

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(99e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx^2 - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3x^9}}{10d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}$$

3.81. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 51 \\ & \frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) - \frac{10d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3ax^9} \\ & \hline & \frac{10d^2}{10x^{10}} \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\ & \downarrow 51 \\ & \frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{10d^2}{10x^{10}} \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\ & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{10d^2}{10x^{10}} \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \\ & \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{1}{3}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{99}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{400(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{99(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right) \\ & \hline & \frac{10d^2}{10x^{10}} \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^11,x]`

3.81. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/10*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(7/2)})/x^{10} + ((-10*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(7/2)})/ \\ & (3*x^9) + (d^2*e^2*((-99*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(8*d*x^8) + (e*((-400*(d^2 \\ & - e^2*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(7*d*x^7) + (99*e*(-1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)})/x^6 - (5* \\ & e^2*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + \\ & (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/6))/2)/(8*d))/3)/(10*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

3.81.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 51 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^m * ((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * ((c + d*x)^n / (b*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m+1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^m * ((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m * ((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} * (a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 534 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m * ((c_ + (d_)*(x_)) * ((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*x^{m+1} * ((a + b*x^2)^{p+1} / (2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[x^{m+1} * (a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

3.81.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$$

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.81.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

3.81. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-6400e^9x^9-3465de^8x^8+10240d^2e^7x^7+24570d^3e^6x^6+7680d^4e^5x^5-23352d^5e^4x^4-20480d^6e^3x^3+3024x^2d^7e^2+8910d^8e)}{26880d^2x^{10}}$ $-\frac{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6d^2x^6} - \frac{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8d^2x^8} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10d^2x^{10}}$
default	$-\frac{e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7d^2x^7} + d^3 - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10d^2x^{10}} + \dots$
3.81.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/26880*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-6400*e^9*x^9-3465*d*e^8*x^8+10240*d^2*e^7*x^7+24570*d^3*e^6*x^6+7680*d^4*e^5*x^5-23352*d^5*e^4*x^4-20480*d^6*e^3*x^3+3024*d^7*e^2*x^2+8960*d^8*e*x+2688*d^9)/d^2/x^10+33/256/d*e^10/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)}{26880 d^2 x^{10}}$$

3.81.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{3465 e^{10} x^{10} \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (6400 e^9 x^9 + 3465 d e^8 x^8 - 10240 d^2 e^7 x^7 - 24570 d^3 e^6 x^6 - 7680 d^4 e^5 x^5)}{26880 d^2 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/26880*(3465*e^{10}*x^{10}*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) - (6400*e^9*x^9 + 3465*d*e^8*x^8 - 10240*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 24570*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 7680*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 23352*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 20480*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 3024*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 8960*d^8*e*x - 2688*d^9)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}}{(d^2*x^{10})}$$

3.81.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 136.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2159, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**11,x)`

```

output d**7*Piecewise((-d**2/(10*e*x**11*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 9*e/(80*x*
*9*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(480*d**2*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2)
- 1)) + 7*e**5/(1920*d**4*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e**7/(768*
d**6*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 7*e**9/(256*d**8*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2
*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e**10*acosh(d/(e*x))/(256*d**9), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) >
1), (I*d**2/(10*e*x**11*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 9*I*e/(80*x**9*sqrt
(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(480*d**2*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)) - 7*I*e**5/(1920*d**4*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I*e**7/(76
8*d**6*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + 7*I*e**9/(256*d**8*x*sqrt(-d**2
/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I*e**10*asin(d/(e*x))/(256*d**9), True)) + 3*d**6*e
*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(9*x**8) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*
x**2) - 1)/(63*d**2*x**6) + 2*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x*
*4) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(315*d**6*x**2) + 16*e**9*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(315*d**8), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**
2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(9*x**8) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(63*d**2*
x**6) + 2*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**4) + 8*I*e**7*sq
rt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(315*d**6*x**2) + 16*I*e**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)/(315*d**8), True)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(192
*d**2*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(d**...

```

3.81.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx &= \frac{33 e^{10} \log \left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|} \right)}{256 d^2} \\
 &- \frac{33 \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^{10}}{256 d^3} - \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^{10}}{256 d^5} - \frac{33 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^{10}}{1280 d^7} \\
 &- \frac{33 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^8}{1280 d^7 x^2} + \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^6}{640 d^5 x^4} - \frac{11 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^4}{160 d^3 x^6} \\
 &- \frac{5 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^3}{21 d^2 x^7} - \frac{33 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e^2}{80 d x^8} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}e}{3 x^9} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}d}{10 x^{10}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

3.81. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx$

output $33/256*e^{10}*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^2 - 33/256*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^{10}/d^3 - 11/256*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^{10}/d^5 - 33/1280*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^{10}/d^7 - 33/1280*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^8/(d^7*x^2) + 11/640*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^6/(d^5*x^4) - 11/160*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^4/(d^3*x^6) - 5/21*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^3/(d^2*x^7) - 33/80*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^2/(d*x^8) - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^9 - 1/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^{10}$

3.81.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. $2(193) = 386$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 731, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{\left(42 e^{11} + \frac{280 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^9}{x} + \frac{525 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^7}{x^2} - \frac{600 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^5}{x^3} \right)}{256 d^2 |e|} + \frac{33 e^{11} \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{2e^2 |x|}\right)}{256 d^2 |e|} + \frac{31920 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^{18} e^{17} |e|}{x} - \frac{10500 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^{18} e^{15} |e|}{x^2} - \frac{16800 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^{18} e^{13} |e|}{x^3} - \frac{5880 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^{18} e^{11} |e|}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/430080*(42*e^{11} + 280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e^9/x + 525*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*e^7/x^2 - 600*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*e^5/x^3 - 3570*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4*e^3/x^4 - 3360*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5*e/x^5 + 5880*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^6/(e*x^6) + 16800*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^7/(e^3*x^7) + 10500*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^8/(e^5*x^8) - 31920*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^9/(e^7*x^9))*e^{20}*x^{10}/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^{10}*d^2*\text{abs}(e) + 33/256*e^{11}*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/(d^2*\text{abs}(e)) + 1/430080*(31920*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)*d^{18}*e^{17}*\text{abs}(e)/x - 10500*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2*d^{18}*e^{15}*\text{abs}(e)/x^2 - 16800*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3*d^{18}*e^{13}*\text{abs}(e)/x^3 - 5880*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^4*d^{18}*e^{11}*\text{abs}(e)/x^4 + 3360*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^5*d^{18}*e^9*\text{abs}(e)/x^5 + 3570*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^6*d^{18}*e^7*\text{abs}(e)/x^6 + 600*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^7*d^{18}*e^5*\text{abs}(e)/x^7 - 525*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^8*d^{18}*e^3*\text{abs}(e)/x^8 - 280*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^9*d^{18}*e*\text{abs}(e)/x^9 - 42*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^{10}*d^{18}*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^{10}))/((d^{20}*e^{10}))$

3.81.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^11,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^11, x)`

3.82 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

3.82.1	Optimal result	980
3.82.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	980
3.82.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	981
3.82.4	Maple [A] (verified)	987
3.82.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	989
3.82.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	989
3.82.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	990
3.82.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	991
3.82.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	992

3.82.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{19e^9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{256d^2x^2} + \frac{19e^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{384d^2x^4} - \frac{19e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{480d^2x^6} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{37e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{99dx^9} - \frac{19e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{80d^2x^8} - \frac{74e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{693d^3x^7} + \frac{19e^{11}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{256d^3}$$

```
output 19/384*e^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^4-19/480*e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^6-1/11*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^11-3/10*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/x^10-37/99*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d/x^9-19/80*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d^2/x^8-74/693*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/d^3/x^7+19/256*e^11*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-19/256*e^9*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2
```

3.82.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-80640d^{10}-266112d^9ex-89600d^8e^2x^2+587664d^7e^3x^3+657920d^6e^4x^4-201432d^5e^5x^5-d^4e^6x^6)}{x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-80640*d^10 - 266112*d^9*e*x - 89600*d^8*e^2*x^2 + 587664*d^7*e^3*x^3 + 657920*d^6*e^4*x^4 - 201432*d^5*e^5*x^5 - 629760*d^4*e^6*x^6 - 251790*d^3*e^7*x^7 + 47360*d^2*e^8*x^8 + 65835*d*e^9*x^9 + 94720*e^10*x^10))/x^11 + 65835*Sqrt[d^2]*e^11*Log[x] - 65835*Sqrt[d^2]*e^11*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(887040*d^4)`

3.82.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {540, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 539, 25, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (33ed^4 + 37e^2xd^3 + 11e^3x^2d^2)}{x^{11}} dx}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (33ed^4 + 37e^2xd^3 + 11e^3x^2d^2)}{x^{11}} dx}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{d^4e^2(370d+209ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{33d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^4e^2(370d+209ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx}{10d^2} - \frac{33d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \int \frac{(370d+209ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{10}} dx - \frac{33d^2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.82. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 539 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(-\int \frac{de(1881d+740ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\int \frac{de(1881d+740ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9} dx - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \int \frac{(1881d+740ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9d} dx - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}}}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 \downarrow 539 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5920d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5920d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \left(\frac{\int \frac{de(5920d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} \right) - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)}{11d^2} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}
 \end{array}$$

3.82. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{(5920d+1881ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right)}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)$$

$$\frac{11d^2}{11x^{11}} \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}$$

↓ 534

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{1881e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7} dx - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}}{8d} - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right)}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)$$

$$\frac{11d^2}{11x^{11}} \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{\frac{1881}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8} dx^2 - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7}}{8d} - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right)}{9d} - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} - \frac{33d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{10x^{10}} \right)$$

$$\frac{11d^2}{11x^{11}} \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}$$

↓ 51

3.82. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \frac{\left(\frac{1881}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{8d} \right) - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9dx^9} - \frac{33d^2}{9} \right)$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \quad 11d^2$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \frac{\left(\frac{1881}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{8d} \right) - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9} \right)$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \quad 11d^2$$

↓ 51

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \frac{\left(\frac{1881}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{1881(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8}}{8d} \right) - \frac{370(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{9} \right)$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}} \quad 11d^2$$

↓ 73

3.82. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \frac{\left(\frac{1881}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{1881(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right)}{9d}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}$$

221

$$\frac{1}{10}d^2e^2 \left(e \frac{\left(\frac{1881}{2}e \left(-\frac{5}{6}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{3x^6} \right) - \frac{5920(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{1881(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{8dx^8} \right)}{9d}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{11x^{11}}$$

11d²

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/x^12,x]`

output `-1/11*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/x^11 + ((-33*d^2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(10*x^10) + (d^2*e^2*((-370*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*d*x^9) + (e*((-1881*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*d*x^8) + (e*((-5920*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d*x^7) + (1881*e*(-1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6 - (5*e^2*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/6))/2))/(8*d)))/(9*d)))/10)/(11*d^2)`

3.82. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

3.82.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.82.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

3.82.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-94720e^{10}x^{10}-65835de^9x^9-47360d^2e^8x^8+251790d^3e^7x^7+629760d^4e^6x^6+201432d^5e^5x^5-657920d^6e^4x^4-587664d^7e^3x^3-293824d^8e^2x^2-146912d^9e^1x-73456d^{10})}{887040x^{11}d^3}$ $e^2 \left[-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6d^2x^6} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{1} + d^2 \right) \right) \right)}{6d^2} \right]$ $e^3 \left[-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8d^2x^8} + \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8d^2} \right]$
3.82.	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/887040*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-94720*e^{10}*x^{10}-65835*d*e^9*x^9-47360*d^2 \\ & *e^8*x^8+251790*d^3*e^7*x^7+629760*d^4*e^6*x^6+201432*d^5*e^5*x^5-657920*d \\ & ^6*e^4*x^4-587664*d^7*e^3*x^3+89600*d^8*e^2*x^2+266112*d^9*e*x+80640*d^{10}) \\ & /x^{11}/d^3+19/256/d^2*e^{11}/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x) \end{aligned}$$

3.82.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{65835 e^{11} x^{11} \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (94720 e^{10} x^{10} + 65835 d e^9 x^9 + 47360 d^2 e^8 x^8 - 251790 d^3 e^7 x^7 - 629760 d^4 e^6 x^6 - 201432 d^5 e^5 x^5 + 657920 d^6 e^4 x^4 + 587664 d^7 e^3 x^3 - 89600 d^8 e^2 x^2 - 266112 d^9 e x - 80640 d^{10}) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{d^3 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/887040*(65835*e^{11}*x^{11}*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) - (94720*e^{10} \\ & *x^{10} + 65835*d*e^9*x^9 + 47360*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 251790*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 629760 \\ & *d^4*e^6*x^6 - 201432*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 657920*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 587664*d^7*e^3*x^3 \\ & - 89600*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 266112*d^9*e*x - 80640*d^{10})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}) \\ & / (d^3*x^{11}) \end{aligned}$$

3.82.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 146.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2397, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**12,x)`

3.82.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx$$

output

```

d**7*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(11*x**10) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/
(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(99*d**2*x**8) + 8*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(693*d
**4*x**6) + 16*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(1155*d**6*x**4) + 64*e**9*
sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3465*d**8*x**2) + 128*e**11*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x
**2) - 1)/(3465*d**10), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*
x**2) + 1)/(11*x**10) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(99*d**2*x**8)
+ 8*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(693*d**4*x**6) + 16*I*e**7*sqrt(-d
**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(1155*d**6*x**4) + 64*I*e**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)/(3465*d**8*x**2) + 128*I*e**11*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3465*d**10
), True)) + 3*d**6*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(10*e*x**11*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) + 9*e/(80*x**9*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(480*d**2*x**7*sqrt(
d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e**5/(1920*d**4*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)
) + 7*e**7/(768*d**6*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 7*e**9/(256*d**8*x
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e**10*acosh(d/(e*x))/(256*d**9), Abs(d**2
/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(10*e*x**11*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 9*I
*e/(80*x**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(480*d**2*x**7*sqrt(-d**
2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I*e**5/(1920*d**4*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)
) - 7*I*e**7/(768*d**6*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + 7*I*e**9/(256*d
**8*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I*e**10*asin(d/(e*x))/(256*d**9), T
rue)) + d**5*e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(9*x**8) + e...

```

3.82.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx &= \frac{19 e^{11} \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{256 d^3} \\
&- \frac{19 \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^{11}}{256 d^4} - \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{11}}{768 d^6} \\
&- \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^{11}}{1280 d^8} - \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^9}{1280 d^8 x^2} + \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^7}{1920 d^6 x^4} \\
&- \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^5}{480 d^4 x^6} - \frac{74 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^4}{693 d^3 x^7} - \frac{19 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^3}{80 d^2 x^8} \\
&- \frac{37 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e^2}{99 d x^9} - \frac{3 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}e}{10 x^{10}} - \frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}d}{11 x^{11}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $19/256*e^{11}*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^3 - 19/256*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^{11}/d^4 - 19/768*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e^{11}/d^6 - 19/1280*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^{11}/d^8 - 19/1280*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^9/(d^8*x^2) + 19/1920*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^7/(d^6*x^4) - 19/480*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^5/(d^4*x^6) - 74/693*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^4/(d^3*x^7) - 19/80*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^3/(d^2*x^8) - 37/99*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e^2/(d*x^9) - 3/10*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*e/x^{10} - 1/11*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}*d/x^{11}$

3.82.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 778 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 778, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{\left(630 e^{12} + \frac{4158 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^{10}}{x} + \frac{8470 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^8}{x^2} - \frac{3465 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 e^6}{x^3} \right)}{256 d^3 |e|} + \frac{19 e^{12} \log \left(\frac{-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{2 e^2 |x|} \right)}{256 d^3 |e|} + \frac{568260 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^{30} e^{20}}{x} - \frac{152460 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^{30} e^{18}}{x^2} - \frac{244860 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^{30} e^{16}}{x^3} - \frac{138600 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^{30} e^{14}}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/14192640*(630*e^12 + 4158*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^10/x + 8
470*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^8/x^2 - 3465*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*
x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e^6/x^3 - 40590*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4
*e^4/x^4 - 57750*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*e^2/x^5 + 6930*(d*e
+ sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/x^6 + 138600*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)
*abs(e))^7/(e^2*x^7) + 244860*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8/(e^4*x
^8) + 152460*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^9/(e^6*x^9) - 568260*(d*e
+ sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^10/(e^8*x^10)*e^22*x^11/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2
*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^11*d^3*abs(e)) + 19/256*e^12*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^3*abs(e)) + 1/14192640*(568260
*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^30*e^20/x - 152460*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2
*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^30*e^18/x^2 - 244860*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*a
bs(e))^3*d^30*e^16/x^3 - 138600*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^30
*e^14/x^4 - 6930*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^30*e^12/x^5 + 577
50*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^30*e^10/x^6 + 40590*(d*e + sqrt
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^30*e^8/x^7 + 3465*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)
*abs(e))^8*d^30*e^6/x^8 - 8470*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^9*d^30*
e^4/x^9 - 4158*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^10*d^30*e^2/x^10 - 630*
(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^11*d^30/x^11)/(d^33*e^10*abs(e))

```

3.82.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^{12}} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (d+ex)^3}{x^{12}} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^12,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/x^12, x)`

3.83 $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.83.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{23d^3(d+ex)^2}{15e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{127d^2(d+ex)}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} - \frac{13d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^6}$$

output $1/5*d^4*(e*x+d)^3/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-23/15*d^3*(e*x+d)^2/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-13/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+127/15*d^2*(e*x+d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6+1/2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5$

3.83.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(304d^4-717d^3ex+479d^2e^2x^2-45de^3x^3-15e^4x^4)}{(d-ex)^3} + \frac{390d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{30e^6}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(304d^4 - 717d^3ex + 479d^2e^2x^2 - 45de^3x^3 - 15e^4x^4))/(d - ex)^3 + 390d^2\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])])/(30e^6)$

3.83.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 2166, 27, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^5}{e^5} + \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^3d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4d}{e} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{37d^5}{e^5} + \frac{45xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{30x^2d^3}{e^3} + \frac{15x^3d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15 \left(\frac{6d^5}{e^5} + \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{x^2d^3}{e^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{d}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \int \frac{6d^5}{e^5} + \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{x^2d^3}{e^3}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{d}}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2346}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.83. $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^4(13d+6ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^4(13d+6ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \left(\frac{d^4 \int \frac{13d+6ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \left(\frac{d^4 \left(13d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{d^4 \left(13d \int \frac{\frac{1}{e^2x^2}}{d^2-e^2x^2+1} dx - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.83. $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{d^4(d+ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\frac{13d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - 6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{\frac{23d^4(d+ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{127d^4(d+ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d}{3d}}}{5d}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `(d^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((23*d^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((127*d^4*(d + e*x))/(e^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) - (15*(-1/2*(d^3*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e^5 + (d^4*((-6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (13*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^5)))/d)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.83.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.83.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{(ex+6d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^6} - \frac{13d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^5\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d^4\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^9(x-\frac{d}{e})^3} - \frac{23d^3\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^8(x-\frac{d}{e})^2} - \dots$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x^7}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7d^2 \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e^2} - \frac{x^3}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{2e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{\dots}{e^2} \right)$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(e*x+6*d)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-13/2*d^2/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-1/5*d^4/e^9/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-23/15*d^3/e^8/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-127/15*d^2/e^7/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.83.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{304d^2e^3x^3 - 912d^3e^2x^2 + 912d^4ex - 304d^5 + 390(d^2e^3x^3 - 3d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex - d^5)}{30(e^9x^3 - 30e^8x^2 + 30e^7x - d^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/30*(304*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 912*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 912*d^4*e*x - 304*d^5 + 390*(d^2*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x - d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (15*e^4*x^4 + 45*d*e^3*x^3 - 479*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 717*d^3*e*x - 304*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^9*x^3 - 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x - d^3*e^6)
```

3.83. $\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.83.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.83.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. 2(152) = 304.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= -\frac{ex^7}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{13}{30}d^2ex \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) \\ &- \frac{3dx^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13d^2x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{6e} \\ &+ \frac{19d^3x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{76d^5x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{152d^7}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \\ &+ \frac{26d^4x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} - \frac{91d^2x}{30\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5} - \frac{13d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}e^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*e*x^7/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 13/30*d^2*e*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 3*d*x^6/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) - 13/6*d^2*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e + 19*d^3*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 76/3*d^5*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 152/15*d^7/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) + 26/15*d^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) - 91/30*d^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - 13/2*d^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^5)`

3.83.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{x}{e^5} + \frac{6d}{e^6} \right) - \frac{13d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^5|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(107d^2 - \frac{445(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^2}{e^2x} + \frac{665(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d^2}{e^4x^2} - \frac{405(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d^2}{e^6x^3} + \frac{90(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d^2}{e^8x^4} \right)}{15e^5 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x/e^5 + 6*d/e^6) - 13/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) + 2/15*(107*d^2 - 445*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2/(e^2*x) + 665*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2/(e^4*x^2) - 405*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2/(e^6*x^3) + 90*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^2/(e^8*x^4))/(e^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.83.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int((x^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.84 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.84.1 Optimal result 1001
 3.84.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1001
 3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1002
 3.84.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1004
 3.84.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1005
 3.84.6 Sympy [F] 1005
 3.84.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) 1006
 3.84.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1006
 3.84.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1007

3.84.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{6d^2(d+ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{24d(d+ex)}{5e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5} - \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `1/5*d^3*(e*x+d)^3/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-6/5*d^2*(e*x+d)^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-3*d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+24/5*d*(e*x+d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.84.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(24d^3-57d^2ex+39de^2x^2-5e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)^3} + \frac{30d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{5e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(24*d^3 - 57*d^2*e*x + 39*d*e^2*x^2 - 5*e^3*x^3))/(d - e*x)^3 + 30*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(5*e^5)`

3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 27, 2166, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^4}{e^4} + \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^3d}{e} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3(d+ex) \left(\frac{9d^4}{e^4} + \frac{10xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{9d^4}{e^4} + \frac{10xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{24d^3(d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d^3(3d+ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d}}{d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{24d^3(d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5d^2 \int \frac{3d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4}}{d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{24d^3(d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5d^2\left(3d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{24d^3(d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5d^2\left(3d\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^3(d+ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{6d^3(d+ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{24d^3(d+ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5d^2\left(\frac{3d\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((6*d^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((24*d^3*(d + e*x))/(e^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (5*d^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e) + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/e^4)/d)/(5*d)`

3.84.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.84.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^5} - \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{5e^8\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{6d^2\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{5e^7\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{24d\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{5e^6}$
default	$e^3 \left(-\frac{x^6}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

3.84. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/e^5-3d/e^4/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-1/5*d^3/e^8/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}-6/5*d^2/e^7/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}-24/5*d/e^6/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}$

3.84.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{24de^3x^3 - 72d^2e^2x^2 + 72d^3ex - 24d^4 + 30(de^3x^3 - 3d^2e^2x^2 + 3d^3ex - d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{5(e^8x^3 - 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x - d^3e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/5*(24*d*e^3*x^3 - 72*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 72*d^3*e*x - 24*d^4 + 30*(d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e*x - d^4)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (5*e^3*x^3 - 39*d*e^2*x^2 + 57*d^2*e*x - 24*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^8*x^3 - 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x - d^3*e^5)$

3.84.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.84.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 336 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{5} de^2x \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) - \frac{ex^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - dx \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right) + \frac{9d^2x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{d^3x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{12d^4x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} - \frac{3d^5x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{24d^6}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^5} + \frac{9d^3x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} - \frac{6dx}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} - \frac{3d \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*d*e^2*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - e*x^6/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) - d*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4)) + 9*d^2*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/2*d^3*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 12*d^4*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) - 3/10*d^5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 24/5*d^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^5) + 9/10*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 6/5*d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4) - 3*d*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^4)`

3.84.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{3d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^4|e|} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^5} + \frac{2 \left(19d - \frac{80(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d}{e^2x} + \frac{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2d}{e^4x^2} - \frac{70(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3d}{e^6x^3} + \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4d}{e^8x^4} \right)}{5e^4 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^5 + 2/5*(19*d - 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d/(e^2*x) + 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d/(e^4*x^2) - 70*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d/(e^8*x^4))/(e^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.84.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.85 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.85.1	Optimal result	1008
3.85.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1008
3.85.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1009
3.85.4	Maple [B] (verified)	1011
3.85.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1012
3.85.6	Sympy [F]	1012
3.85.7	Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1013
3.85.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1013
3.85.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1014

3.85.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13d(d+ex)^2}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{32(d+ex)}{15e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

```
output 1/5*d^2*(e*x+d)^3/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-13/15*d*(e*x+d)^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+32/15*(e*x+d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.85.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(22d^2-51dex+32e^2x^2)}{(d-ex)^3} + 30 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 15e^4$$

```
input Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

```
output ((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(22*d^2 - 51*d*e*x + 32*e^2*x^2))/(d - e*x)^3 + 30*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(15*e^4)
```

3.85.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {529, 2166, 27, 665, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d}{e} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^2(d+ex)(17d+15ex)}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{(d+ex)(17d+15ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{665} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32(d+ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15e}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} \right)}{3e^3}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32(d+ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - 15 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right)}{3e^3}}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.85. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\left(\frac{32(d+ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - 15 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{5d}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^2(d+ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13d^2(d+ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\left(\frac{32(d+ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e}\right)}{3e^3}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((13*d^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (d*((32*(d + e*x))/(e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(3*e^3))/(5*d)`

3.85.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 665 Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(m - 1))*d^(m - 2)*(e*f + d*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c*e^(n - 1)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^(n - 2)) Int[ExpandToSum[(2^(m - 1)*d^(m - 1)*(e*f + d*g)^n - e^n*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n]/(d - e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 2166 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.85.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 376 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

method	result
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}}{e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d}{15e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.85. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output
$$e^3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} x^5 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 1/e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)} - 1/e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{e^2} / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(1/2)} - 1/e^2 / (e^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot \arctan \left(\frac{(e^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot x}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(1/2)}} \right) \right) \right) + d^3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} x^2 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 2/15 \cdot d^2 / e^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} \right) + 3 \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2} / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 4 \cdot d^2 / e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} x^2 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 2/15 \cdot d^2 / e^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} \right) \right) + 3 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} x^3 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 3/2 \cdot d^2 / e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4} x / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - 1/4 \cdot d^2 / e^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} x / d^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} + 4/5 / d^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} x / d^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)} + 2/3 \cdot x / d^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{(1/2)} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

3.85.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{22e^3x^3 - 66de^2x^2 + 66d^2ex - 22d^3 + 30(e^3x^3 - 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex - d^3) \arctan\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (32e^2x^2 - 51d^2ex + 22d^2) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(e^7x^3 - 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x - d^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot (22 \cdot e^3 \cdot x^3 - 66 \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + 66 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot x - 22 \cdot d^3 + 30 \cdot (e^3 \cdot x^3 - 3 \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot x - d^3) \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}}{e \cdot x}\right) - (32 \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 - 51 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot x + 22 \cdot d^2) \cdot \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) / (e^7 \cdot x^3 - 3 \cdot d \cdot e^6 \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^5 \cdot x - d^5)$$

3.85.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.85.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15} e^3 x \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^6} \right) - \frac{1}{3} ex \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^4} \right) + \frac{3dx^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^2x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e} - \frac{11d^3x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^2} - \frac{9d^4x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^3} + \frac{22d^5}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2} e^4} + \frac{17d^2x}{30(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^3} + \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} e^3} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{e^2x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2} e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{15}e^3x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 1/3*e*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4)) + 3*d*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/2*d^2*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) - 11/3*d^3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 9/10*d^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) + 22/15*d^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 17/30*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) + 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3) - arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2)*e^3)$

3.85.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^3|e|} - 2 \left(\frac{95(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{145(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} + \frac{75(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^6x^3} - \frac{15(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^8x^4} - 22 \right) - 15e^3 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|$$

3.85. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 2/15*(95*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 145*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) - 22)/(e^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.85.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.86 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.86.1 Optimal result 1015
 3.86.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1015
 3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1016
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 3.86.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1020

3.86.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d(d+ex)^3}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8(d+ex)^2}{15e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{7(d+ex)}{15de^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/5*d*(e*x+d)^3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-8/15*(e*x+d)^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+7/15*(e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.86.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^2-6dex+7e^2x^2)}{15de^3(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^2 - 6*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2))/(15*d*e^3*(d - e*x)^3)$

3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {529, 27, 669, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^3}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(d+ex)^2(3d+5ex)}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^3}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(3d+5ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{669} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^3}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{8(d+ex)^2}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7}{3} \int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{453} \\
 & \frac{d(d+ex)^3}{5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{8(d+ex)^2}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7(d+ex)}{3de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((8*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (7*(d + e*x))/(3*d*e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.86.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 669 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g + e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(2*c*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.86.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

3.86. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
trager	$\frac{(7e^2x^2 - 6dex + 2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15de^3(-ex + d)^3}$
gosper	$\frac{(-ex + d)(ex + d)^4(7e^2x^2 - 6dex + 2d^2)}{15de^3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(7*e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+2*d^2)/d/e^3/(-e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.86.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2(d + ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^3x^3 - 6de^2x^2 + 6d^2ex - 2d^3 - (7e^2x^2 - 6dex + 2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(de^6x^3 - 3d^2e^5x^2 + 3d^3e^4x - d^4e^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(2*e^3*x^3 - 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^2*e*x - 2*d^3 - (7*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x + 2*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^6*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^3*e^4*x - d^4*e^3)
```

3.86.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.86.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ex^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3dx^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d^2x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{7d^3x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{2d^4}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} + \frac{7dx}{30(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} + \frac{7x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*x^4/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/2*d*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) - 1/3*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) - 7/10*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 2/15*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) + 7/30*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) + 7/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2)`

3.86.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{4 \left(\frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{10(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} - 1 \right)}{15de^2 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4/15*(5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) - 1)/(d*e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.86.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^2-6dex+7e^2x^2)}{15de^3(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^2 + 7*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x))/(15*d*e^3*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.87 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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 3.87.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1021
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3.87.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^3}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{5d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*(e*x+d)^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-2/5*(e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)
)-1/5*x/d^2/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.87.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^2-3dex+e^2x^2)}{5d^2e^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2 - 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(d^2*e^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.87.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {531, 27, 457, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{531} \\
 & \int -\frac{3d^2e(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^3}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{457} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(d + e*x)^3/(5*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (3*((2*(d + e*x))/(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + x/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e)`

3.87.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 457 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^2*((p + 2)/(b*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 531 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(c + d*x)^n*(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*b*(p + 1)*(c + d*x)*Qx - a*d*f*n + b*c*e*(2*p + 3) + b*d*e*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.87.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

3.87. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(e^2x^2-3dex+d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5d^2(-ex+d)^3e^2}$
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^4(e^2x^2-3dex+d^2)}{5d^2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^2} \right)}{4e^2} \right)}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5e^2}$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*(e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+d^2)/d^2/(-e*x+d)^3/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.87.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{e^3x^3 - 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex - d^3 - (e^2x^2 - 3dex + d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{5(d^2e^5x^3 - 3d^3e^4x^2 + 3d^4e^3x - d^5e^2)}$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/5*(e^3*x^3 - 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x - d^3 - (e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x + d^2)*
sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^5*x^3 - 3*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^4*e^3*x - d^5*e^2
)
```

3.87.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.87.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ex^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{dx^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^2x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{d^3}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e} - \frac{x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*e*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + d*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/10*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) - 1/5*d^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 1/10*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e) - 1/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e)`

3.87.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} + \frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^6x^3} - 1 \right)}{5d^2e \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/5*(5*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) - 5*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^2/(e^4*x^2) + 5*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e)^3/(e^6*x^3) - 1)/(d^2*e*((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*\text{abs}(e))$

3.87.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^2-3dex+e^2x^2)}{5d^2e^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output $-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(d^2 + e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x))/(5*d^2*e^2*(d - e*x)^3)$

3.88 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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 3.88.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1027
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 3.88.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1031
 3.88.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1031

3.88.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^2e(d-ex)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^3e(d-ex)}$$

output $1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d/e/(-e*x+d)^3+2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^2/e/(-e*x+d)^2+2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^3/e/(-e*x+d)$

3.88.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(7d^2-6dex+2e^2x^2)}{15d^3e(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(7*d^2 - 6*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2))/(15*d^3*e*(d - e*x)^3)$

3.88.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {464, 461, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 464 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d-ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d-ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d-ex) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d-ex)^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 460 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^2e(d-ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d-ex)^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(5*d*e*(d - e*x)^3) + (2*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d*e*(d - e*x)^2) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d^2*e*(d - e*x)))/(5*d)`

3.88.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`

rule 464 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(a/c + b*(x/d))^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[p] && (LtQ[0, -n, p] || LtQ[p, -n, 0]) && NeQ[n, 2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

3.88.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
trager	$\frac{(2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15d^3(-ex + d)^3e}$
gosper	$\frac{(-ex + d)(ex + d)^4(2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)}{15d^3e(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} \right) + 3de$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(2*e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+7*d^2)/d^3/(-e*x+d)^3/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.88. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.88.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7e^3x^3 - 21de^2x^2 + 21d^2ex - 7d^3 - (2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3e^4x^3 - 3d^4e^3x^2 + 3d^5e^2x - d^6e)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/15*(7*e^3*x^3 - 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 21*d^2*e*x - 7*d^3 - (2*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x + 7*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^2*x - d^6*e)`**3.88.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`**3.88.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ex^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*e*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 4/5*d*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 7/15*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3)`

3.88. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.88.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{20 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{40 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} + \frac{30 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^6x^3} - \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^8x^4} - 7 \right)}{15 d^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) - 7)/(d^3 * ((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.88.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(7d^2-6dex+2e^2x^2)}{15d^3e(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(7*d^2 + 2*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x))/(15*d^3*e*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.89 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.89.1 Optimal result 1032
 3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1032
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3.89.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d+11ex}{15d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d+22ex}{15d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^4}$$

output `4/5*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(11*e*x+5*d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4+1/15*(22*e*x+15*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(32d^2-51dex+22e^2x^2)}{(d-ex)^3} - 15\sqrt{d^2}\log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) / 15d^5$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(32*d^2 - 51*d*e*x + 22*e^2*x^2))/(d - e*x)^3 - 15*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + 15*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*d^5)`

3.89.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {532, 25, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d^2(5d+11ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2(5d+11ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{5d+11ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d+22ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{15d+22ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d+22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{15d+22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2}{3d^2} + \frac{15d+22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d+22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{de^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d+22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d+11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(4*(d + e*x))/(5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((5*d + 11*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d + 22*e*x)/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/5`

3.89.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
 l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
 ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
 ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
 *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
 *(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
 x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
 -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.89.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

method	result
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{4e^2} \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3d^2}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.89. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

output
$$e^3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{x}{e^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{d^2}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{d^4} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} \right) \right) \right) + d^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} + \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{d^2} (d^2)^{1/2} \ln \left(\frac{(2d^2 + 2(d^2)^{1/2})(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}}{x} \right) \right) \right) \right) + 3d^2 e \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x}{d^2} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{d^4} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} \right) \right) + \frac{3}{5} \frac{d}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.89.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{32e^3x^3 - 96de^2x^2 + 96d^2ex - 32d^3 + 15(e^3x^3 - 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex - d^3) \log\left(\frac{-d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{15(d^4e^3x^3 - 3d^5e^2x^2 + 3d^6ex - d^7)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{15} (32e^3x^3 - 96d^2e^2x^2 + 96d^2e^2x - 32d^3 + 15(e^3x^3 - 3d^2e^2x^2 + 3d^2e^2x - d^3) \log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (22e^2x^2 - 51d^2e^2x + 32d^2) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}) / (d^4e^3x^3 - 3d^5e^2x^2 + 3d^6e^2x - d^7)$$

3.89.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/x/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.89.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4ex}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4d}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{11ex}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{22ex}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{|x|}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/5*e*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 4/5*d/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 11/15*e*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2) + 1/3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 22/15*e*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4) - log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^4 + 1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3)`**3.89.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{e \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^4|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(32e - \frac{115(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{ex} + \frac{185(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^3x^2} - \frac{135(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^5x^3} + \frac{45(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^7x^4}\right)}{15d^4\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1\right)^5|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) + 2/15*(32*e - 115*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e*x) + 185*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^3*x^2) - 135*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^5*x^3) + 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^7*x^4))/(d^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.89.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.90 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.90.1 Optimal result	1039
3.90.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1039
3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1040
3.90.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1043
3.90.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
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3.90.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
3.90.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
3.90.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1045

3.90.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{5d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^5x} - \frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^5}$$

output $4/5*e*(e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/5*e*(7*e*x+5*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-3*e*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5+1/5*e*(19*e*x+15*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x$

3.90.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^3-39d^2ex+57de^2x^2-24e^3x^3)}{x(-d+ex)^3} - 15\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $((d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^3 - 39*d^2*e*x + 57*d*e^2*x^2 - 24*e^3*x^3))/(x*(-d + e*x)^3) - 15*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[x] + 15*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(5*d^6)$

3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^3+15exd^2+16e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^3+15exd^2+16e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(5d^3+15exd^2+14e^2x^2d)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^3+15exd^2+14e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^2(d+3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{d+3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.90. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \left(3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(-\frac{3 \int \frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(-\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{e(15d+19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{e(5d+7ex)}{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e(d+ex)}{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(4*e*(d + e*x))/(5*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e*(5*d + 7*e*x))/(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e*(15*d + 19*e*x))/(d*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + 5*(-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) - (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.90.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
 l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
 ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
 ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
 *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
 *(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
 x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
 -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
 inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
 ^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
 b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
 pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
 reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.90.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^5x} - \frac{3e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{5d^4e(x-\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{19\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{5d^5(x-\frac{d}{e})} - \sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$\frac{e}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + d^3 \left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6e^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d^2} \right) + 3de^2 \left(\dots \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-(e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^5/x-3/d^4*e/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+4/5/d^4/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}-19/5/d^5/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/5/d^3/e^2/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.90.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{24e^4x^4 - 72de^3x^3 + 72d^2e^2x^2 - 24d^3ex + 15(e^4x^4 - 3de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 - d^3ex)}{5(d^5e^3x^4 - 3d^6e^2x^3 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$1/5*(24*e^4*x^4 - 72*d*e^3*x^3 + 72*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^3*e*x + 15*(e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e*x)*\log(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (24*e^3*x^3 - 57*d*e^2*x^2 + 39*d^2*e*x - 5*d^3)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^6*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^7*e*x^2 - d^8*x)$$

3.90.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/x**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.90.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{9e^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d} + \frac{4e}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{12e^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3} + \frac{e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{d}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x} \\ &+ \frac{24e^2x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5} - \frac{3e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{d^5} + \frac{3e}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `9/5*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d) + 4/5*e/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 12/5
*e^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3) + e/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2) - d/(
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x) + 24/5*e^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5) - 3*e*lo
g(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^5 + 3*e/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)*d^4)`

3.90.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{3e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^5|e|} - \frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2d^5x|e|}$$

$$\left(5e^2 - \frac{121(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x} + \frac{410(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^2x^2} - \frac{610(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^4x^3} + \frac{425(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^6x^4} - \frac{125(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^5}{e^8x^5}\right) e^2x / \left(10(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^5\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1\right)^5|e|\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^5*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(d^5*x*abs(e)) - 1/10*(5*e^2 - 121*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/x + 410*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^2*x^2) - 610*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^4*x^3) + 425*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^6*x^4) - 125*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^8*x^5))*e^2*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.90.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.91 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.91.1	Optimal result	1046
3.91.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1046
3.91.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1047
3.91.4	Maple [A] (verified)	1051
3.91.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
3.91.6	Sympy [F]	1052
3.91.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1052
3.91.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1053
3.91.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1053

3.91.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^5x^2} - \frac{3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^6x} - \frac{13e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^6}$$

```
output 4/5*e^2*(e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*e^2*(31*e*x+25*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-13/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/15*e^2*(107*e*x+90*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x^2-3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x
```

3.91.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^4+45d^3ex-479d^2e^2x^2+717de^3x^3-304e^4x^4)}{x^2(-d+ex)^3} - \frac{195\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log(x) + 195\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log}{30d^7}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

output $((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^4 + 45*d^3*e*x - 479*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 717*d*e^3*x^3 - 304*e^4*x^4))/(x^2*(-d + e*x)^3) - 195*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[x] + 195*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(30*d^7)$

3.91.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 2338, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 532$$

$$\frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^3+15exd^2+20e^2x^2d+16e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{5d^3+15exd^2+20e^2x^2d+16e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2336$$

$$\frac{\frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d^3+45exd^2+75e^2x^2d+62e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d^3+45exd^2+75e^2x^2d+62e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2336$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15(d^3+3exd^2+6e^2x^2d)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.91. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{15 \int \frac{d^3 + 3exd^2 + 6e^2x^2d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 2338 \\
\frac{15 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{d^3e(6d+13ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{15 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^3e(6d+13ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{15 \left(\frac{1}{2} de \int \frac{6d+13ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 534 \\
\frac{15 \left(\frac{1}{2} de \left(13e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 243 \\
\frac{15 \left(\frac{1}{2} de \left(\frac{13}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
\downarrow 73
\end{array}$$

3.91. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{1}{2} de \left(\frac{13 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{1}{2} de \left(-\frac{13e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d+107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d+31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4e^2(d+ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(4*e^2*(d + e*x))/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^2*(25*d + 31*e*x))/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e^2*(90*d + 107*e*x))/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (15*(-1/2*(d*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 + (d*e*((-6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) - (13*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.91.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.91.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(6ex+d)}{2d^6x^2} - \frac{13e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^5\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{107e\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{15d^6(x-\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{17\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{15d^5(x-\frac{d}{e})^2}$
default	$e^3 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + d^3 \left(-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{7e^2}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \dots \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(6*e*x+d)/d^6/x^2-13/2/d^5*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-107/15/d^6*e/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+17/15/d^5/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/5/d^4/e/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)`

3.91.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{254e^5x^5 - 762de^4x^4 + 762d^2e^3x^3 - 254d^3e^2x^2 + 195(e^5x^5 - 3de^4x^4 + 3d^2e^3x^3 - 2d^3e^2x^2 + d^4e)}{30(d^6e^3x^5 - \dots)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{1}{30} \cdot (254e^5x^5 - 762de^4x^4 + 762d^2e^3x^3 - 254d^3e^2x^2 + 195(e^5x^5 - 3de^4x^4 + 3d^2e^3x^3 - d^3e^2x^2)) \cdot \log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (304e^4x^4 - 717de^3x^3 + 479d^2e^2x^2 - 45d^3ex - 15d^4) \cdot \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} / (d^6e^3x^5 - 3d^7e^2x^4 + 3d^8ex^3 - d^9x^2)$

3.91.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/x**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(x**3*(-(d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)), x)`

3.91.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{19e^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d^2} + \frac{13e^2}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}d} \\ &+ \frac{76e^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^4} + \frac{13e^2}{6(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3} - \frac{3e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x} + \frac{152e^3x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^6} \\ &- \frac{13e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{2d^6} + \frac{13e^2}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5} - \frac{d}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{19}{5}e^3x/((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}d^2) + \frac{13}{10}e^2/((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}d) + \frac{76}{15}e^3x/((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}d^4) + \frac{13}{6}e^2/((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}d^3) - \frac{3e}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}x} + \frac{152}{15}e^3x/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^6) - \frac{13}{2}e^2 \cdot \log(2d^2/\text{abs}(x) + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d/\text{abs}(x))/d^6 + \frac{13}{2}e^2/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5) - \frac{1}{2}d/((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}x^2)$

3.91.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{13e^3 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^6|e|} - \frac{15e^3 + \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e}{x} - \frac{2782(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^2x^2} + \frac{9410(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^3x^3} - \frac{13645(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^5x^4}}{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^6 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1\right)^5 |e|} - \frac{\frac{12(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^6e|e|}{x} + \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^6|e|}{e^2x^2}}{8d^{12}e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-13/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^6*abs(e)) - 1/120*(15*e^3 + 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x - 2782*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e*x^2) + 9410*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^3*x^3) - 13645*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^5*x^4) + 9285*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^7*x^5) - 2580*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^9*x^6))*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^6*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e)) - 1/8*(12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^6*e*abs(e)/x + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^6*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^12*e^2)`

3.91.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.91. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.92 $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.92.1	Optimal result	1054
3.92.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1054
3.92.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
3.92.4	Maple [A] (verified)	1060
3.92.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1060
3.92.6	Sympy [F]	1061
3.92.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
3.92.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
3.92.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1062

3.92.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{4d^2 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{15e^3} - \frac{dx^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e^2} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} + \frac{d^3(64d - 45ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{120e^5} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{8e^5}$$

output $\frac{3}{8}d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)/e^5 + \frac{4}{15}d^2x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}/e^3 - \frac{1}{4}d^3x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}/e^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}/e + \frac{1}{120}d^3(-45ex+64d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}/e^5$

3.92.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(64d^4 - 45d^3ex + 32d^2e^2x^2 - 30de^3x^3 + 24e^4x^4) - 90d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{120e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(64*d^4 - 45*d^3*e*x + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 30*d*e^3*x^3 + 24*e^4*x^4) - 90*d^5*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(120*e^5)$

3.92.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {566, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4 (d - ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{dex^3(4d-5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{5e^2} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{\int \frac{dex^3(4d-5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \int \frac{x^3(4d-5ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{dex^2(15d-16ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{5x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{\int \frac{dex^2(15d-16ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4e^2} \right)}{5e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\int\frac{x^2(15d-16ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx}{4e}\right)}{5e} \\
 & \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int\frac{-dex(32d-45ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx}{3e^2} + \frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e}\right)}{4e}\right)}{5e} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{\int\frac{dex(32d-45ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx}{3e^2}\right)}{4e}\right)}{5e} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\int\frac{x(32d-45ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx}{3e}\right)}{4e}\right)}{5e} \\
 & \downarrow 533 \\
 & \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int\frac{-de(45d-64ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx}{2e^2} + \frac{45x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e}\right)}{5e} \\
 & \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{16x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{\int \frac{de(45d - 64ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2e^2} \right)}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{16x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int \frac{45d - 64ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2e} \right)}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{16x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(45d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{64 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(d \left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45d \int \frac{1}{d^2-e^2x^2+1} dx \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{64\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{3e} \right)}{3e} \right) \right) \right)$$

5e
 ↓ 216

$$\left(d \left(\frac{5x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{16x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{45d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{64\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{3e} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(x^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

```
output (x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(5*e) - (d*((5*x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(4*e) -
(d*((16*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*e) - (d*((45*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2
*e) - (d*((64*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (45*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^2]])/e))/(2*e)))/(3*e)))/(4*e)))/(5*e)
```

3.92.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=>
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]`
- rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.92.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
risch	$\frac{(24e^4x^4 - 30de^3x^3 + 32d^2e^2x^2 - 45d^3ex + 64d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{120e^5} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{8e^4\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15e^4}}{e} - \frac{d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^5} - \frac{d^3\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^4} - d\left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)}{4e^2}\right)$

input `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/120*(24*e^4*x^4-30*d*e^3*x^3+32*d^2*e^2*x^2-45*d^3*e*x+64*d^4)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/8*d^5/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.92.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{90 d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (24 e^4 x^4 - 30 d e^3 x^3 + 32 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 45 d^3 e x + 64 d^4) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{120 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/120*(90*d^5*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (24*e^4*x^4 - 30*d*e^3*x^3 + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 45*d^3*e*x + 64*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^5`

3.92.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.92.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3 d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8 e^5} - \frac{5 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^3 x}{8 e^4} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}{5 e^3} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^4}{e^5} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx}{4 e^4} - \frac{7(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}{15 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/8*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 - 5/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*x/e^4 - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*x^2/e^3 + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4/e^5 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*x/e^4 - 7/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2/e^5`

3.92.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\ = \frac{3 d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8 e^4 |e|} \\ + \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(3x \left(\frac{4x}{e} - \frac{5d}{e^2} \right) + \frac{16d^2}{e^3} \right) x - \frac{45d^3}{e^4} \right) x + \frac{64d^4}{e^5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) + 1/120*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*(3*x*(4*x/e - 5*d/e^2) + 16*d^2/e^3)*x - 45*d^3/e^4)*x + 64*d^4/e^5)`

3.92.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.93 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.93.1	Optimal result	1063
3.93.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1063
3.93.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1064
3.93.4	Maple [A] (verified)	1067
3.93.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
3.93.6	Sympy [F]	1068
3.93.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1068
3.93.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
3.93.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1069

3.93.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{dx^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d^2(16d - 9ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{24e^4} - \frac{3d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{8e^4}$$

output
$$-3/8*d^4*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4-1/3*d*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2+1/4*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e-1/24*d^2*(-9*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4$$

3.93.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-16d^3 + 9d^2 ex - 8de^2 x^2 + 6e^3 x^3) + 18d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{24e^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output
$$(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-16*d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3) + 18*d^4*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(24*e^4)$$

3.93.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {566, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{x^3 (d - ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{dex^2(3d-4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{\int \frac{dex^2(3d-4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \int \frac{x^2(3d-4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{dex(8d-9ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{4x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{dex(8d-9ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e^2} \right)}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{4x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \int \frac{x(8d-9ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e} \right)}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 533 \\
 \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(9d-16ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{\int \frac{de(9d-16ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\int \frac{9d-16ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e} \\
 \downarrow 455 \\
 \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(9d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{16\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9d\int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{16\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{3e}\right)}{4e} \\
 \downarrow 216
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{9x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{9d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + 16\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{3e} \right)}{4e}$$

input `Int[(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(4*e) - (d*((4*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*e) - (d*((9*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) - (d*((16*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (9*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e)))/(3*e)))/(4*e)`

3.93.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
  p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
  Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
  > Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
  && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.93.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-6e^3x^3+8de^2x^2-9d^2ex+16d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24e^4} - \frac{3d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8e^3\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e^2} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{d(-e^2x^2+d^2)}{3e^4}$

```
input int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(-6*e^3*x^3+8*d*e^2*x^2-9*d^2*e*x+16*d^3)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-3
/8*d^4/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.93.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{18 d^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (6 e^3 x^3 - 8 d e^2 x^2 + 9 d^2 e x - 16 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{24 e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{24}*(18*d^4*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (6*e^3*x^3 - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 9*d^2*e*x - 16*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^4$

3.93.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.93.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3 d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8 e^4} + \frac{5 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 x}{8 e^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^3}{e^4} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{4 e^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d}{3 e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-\frac{3}{8}d^4*\arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 + \frac{5}{8}*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^2*x/e^3 - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^3/e^4 - \frac{1}{4}*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*x/e^3 + \frac{1}{3}*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d/e^4$

3.93.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3 d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8 e^3 |e|} + \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2x \left(\frac{3x}{e} - \frac{4d}{e^2} \right) + \frac{9d^2}{e^3} \right) x - \frac{16d^3}{e^4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/8*d^4*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) + 1/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*x*(3*x/e - 4*d/e^2) + 9*d^2/e^3)*x - 16*d^3/e^4)`**3.93.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.94 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$

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3.94.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d(2d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e^3}$$

output $-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3+1/2*d^3*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3$
 $+1/2*d*(-e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3$

3.94.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(4d^2 - 3dex + 2e^2 x^2)}{6e^3} - \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(\text{sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(4*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2))/(6*e^3) - (d^3*\text{ArcTan}[$
 $(e*x)/(\text{sqrt}[d^2] - \text{sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/e^3$

3.94.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {566, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{x^2(d - ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{dex(2d-3ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{dex(2d-3ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \int \frac{x(2d-3ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{de(3d-4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{3x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{3x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{\int \frac{de(3d-4ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2e^2} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{3x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int \frac{3d-4ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2e} \right)}{3e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 455 \\
 \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(3d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{3e} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(3d\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{3e} \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{3d\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + 4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{3e}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*e) - (d*((3*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e) - (d*((4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e)))/(3*e)`

3.94.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.94.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2e^2x^2 - 3dex + 4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{6e^3} + \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^3} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2\left(\sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^3}$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*(2*e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+4*d^2)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*d^3/e^2/(e^2)^(
1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```


3.94.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{6 d^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (2 e^2 x^2 - 3 dex + 4 d^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{6 e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/6*(6*d^3*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (2*e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x + 4*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`**3.94.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x), x)`**3.94.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2 e^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} dx}{2 e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2}{e^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x/e^2 + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/e^3 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)/e^3`

3.94.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^2|e|} + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(x \left(\frac{2x}{e} - \frac{3d}{e^2} \right) + \frac{4d^2}{e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + 1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x*(2*x/e - 3*d/e^2) + 4*d^2/e^3)`**3.94.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.95 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.95.1	Optimal result	1076
3.95.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1076
3.95.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1077
3.95.4	Maple [A] (verified)	1078
3.95.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1079
3.95.6	Sympy [F]	1079
3.95.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1079
3.95.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1080
3.95.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1080

3.95.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{(2d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^2} - \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^2}$$

```
output -1/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2-1/2*(-e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2
```

3.95.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(-2d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output ((-2*d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e^2) + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2 - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])])/e^2
```

3.95.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {565, 262, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{565} \\
 & -e \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & -e \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^2} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -e \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{2e^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^2} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & -e \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^2} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e^2) - e*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e^2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e^3))`

3.95.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 565 `Int[((x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*b*c*p)), x] + Simp[b/d Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.95.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} - \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{e^2}}$	64
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d \left(\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{e^2}$	135

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-1/2*d^2/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.95.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}(ex - 2d)}{2e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(2*d^2*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x - 2*d))/e^2`**3.95.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`output `Integral(x*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x), x)`**3.95.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}x}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x/e - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/e^2`

3.95.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e|e|} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{x}{e} - \frac{2d}{e^2}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)
*(x/e - 2*d/e^2)`

3.95.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.96 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.96.1	Optimal result	.1081
3.96.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	.1081
3.96.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	.1082
3.96.4	Maple [A] (verified)	.1083
3.96.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	.1083
3.96.6	Sympy [F]	.1084
3.96.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	.1084
3.96.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	.1084
3.96.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	.1085

3.96.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e}$$

output `d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e`

3.96.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{d \log\left(-\sqrt{-e^2 x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e - (d*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-e^2]`

3.96.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {466, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 466 \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e + (d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e`

3.96.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 466 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*c*(p/(d^
2*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, n, 0
] || EqQ[n + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.96.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}$	49
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}}{e}$	78

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e+d/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(
1/2))
```

3.96.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{2d \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{e}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(2*d*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e
```

3.96.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.96.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e`

3.96.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e`

3.96.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.97 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$

3.97.1	Optimal result	1086
3.97.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	1086
3.97.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	1087
3.97.4	Maple [B] (verified)	1089
3.97.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1089
3.97.6	Sympy [F]	1089
3.97.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1090
3.97.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1090
3.97.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1090

3.97.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)`

3.97.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = 2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{d^2} \left(-\log(x) + \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + (Sqrt[d^2]*(-Log[x] + Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]))/d`

3.97.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {566, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{d - ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $-\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]$

3.97.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 538 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]/((x_.)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 566 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

3.97.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 140 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}}{d}$	141

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*((-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+d*e/(e^2)^(1/2))*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))`

3.97.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = 2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x)`

3.97.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.97.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{e \left(\frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e} + \frac{d \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{e} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-e*(d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e + d*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/e)/d`**3.97.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{e \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} - \frac{e \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-e*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e)`**3.97.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.98 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

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3.98.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}$$

output `e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

3.98.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} + \frac{e \log(x)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{e \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (e*Log[x])/Sqrt[d^2] - (e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[d^2]`

3.98.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {566, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{d - ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & -e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d`

3.98.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.98.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{dx} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{2e^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{e\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}\right)$

3.98. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}}{d+x} + \frac{(d^2)^{1/2} \ln\left(\frac{(2d^2+2(d^2)^{1/2})(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}}{x}\right)}{dx}$$

3.98.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{ex \log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{dx}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(e*x*\log(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*x)$$

3.98.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.98.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.98.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(47) = 94$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e^4 x}{2(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d |e|} + \frac{e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2 d e - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{2 e^2 |x|}\right)}{d |e|} - \frac{d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{2 d x |e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*e^4*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*abs(e)) + e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(d*x*abs(e))`

3.98.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.99 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

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3.99.4	Maple [A] (verified)	1099
3.99.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1099
3.99.6	Sympy [F]	1100
3.99.7	Maxima [F]	1100
3.99.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1100
3.99.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	1101

3.99.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 x} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^2}$$

output
$$-1/2*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d)/d^2-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d/x^2+e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^2/x$$

3.99.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{d(d - 2ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \sqrt{d^2}e^2 x^2 \log(x) - \sqrt{d^2}e^2 x^2 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{2d^3 x^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$-1/2*(d*(d - 2*e*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*x^2*\operatorname{Log}[x] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*x^2*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(d^3*x^2)$$

3.99.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{d - ex}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(2d - ex)}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{2d - ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{e \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{e \left(\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x^2) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d)`

3.99.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.99.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2ex+d)}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{e^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d} \right)}{d^3} - \dots$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/d^2/x^2-1/2/d*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.99.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e^2x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}(2ex - d)}{2d^2x^2}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*(e^2*x^2*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(2*e*x - d))/(d^2*x^2)
```

3.99.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.99.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.99.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(e^3 - \frac{4(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e}{x} \right) e^4 x^2}{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^2 |e|} - \frac{e^3 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^2|e|} + \frac{\frac{4(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2 e|e|}{x} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^2 |e|}{ex^2}}{8d^4 e^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(e^3 - 4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x)*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*abs(e)) - 1/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) + 1/8*(4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e*abs(e)/x - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^4*e^2)`

3.99.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.100 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

3.100.1 Optimal result	1102
3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1102
3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1103
3.100.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1105
3.100.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1106
3.100.6 Sympy [F]	1106
3.100.7 Maxima [F]	1106
3.100.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1107
3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1107

3.100.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{2e^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^3x} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^3}$$

output `1/2*e^3*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3+1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2-2/3*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x`

3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(-2d^2 + 3dex - 4e^2x^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{6d^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(x)}{2d^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2d^4}\right)}{2d^4}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((-2*d^2 + 3*d*e*x - 4*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(6*d^3*x^3) + (Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[x])/(2*d^4) - (Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*d^4)`

3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{d - ex}{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(3d-2ex)}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{3d-2ex}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(4d-3ex)}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{4d-3ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & e \left(-\frac{e \left(-3e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{e \left(-\frac{3}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{e \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2}} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d} - \frac{4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{e \left(\frac{3 e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x^3) - (e*((-3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) - (e*((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d)))/(3*d)`

3.100.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.100.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (4e^2x^2-3dex+2d^2)}{6d^3x^3} + \frac{e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d^3x^3} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{2e^2 \left(x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{d^2} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{e^3 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} \right)}{d^4}$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.100. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

output
$$-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(4*e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+2*d^2)/d^3/x^3+1/2/d^2*e^3/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.100.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3e^3 x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (4e^2 x^2 - 3dex + 2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{6d^3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(3*e^3*x^3*\log(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (4*e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*d^2)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*x^3)$$

3.100.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.100.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.100.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(e^4 - \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^2}{x} + \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2}{x^2} \right) e^6 x^3}{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^3 |e|} + \frac{e^4 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^3 |e|} - \frac{9(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^6 e^4}{x} - \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^6 e^2}{x^2} + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^6}{x^3} \frac{1}{24d^9 e^2 |e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(e^4 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^2/x + 9*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/x^2)*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^3*abs(e)) + 1/2*e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^3*abs(e)) - 1/24*(9*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^6*e^4/x - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^6*e^2/x^2 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^6/x^3)/(d^9*e^2*abs(e))`

3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.101 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

3.101.1 Optimal result	1108
3.101.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1108
3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1109
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3.101.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1113
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3.101.7 Maxima [F]	1113
3.101.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1114
3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1114

3.101.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4dx^4} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8d^3x^2} + \frac{2e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^4x} - \frac{3e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d^4}$$

output

```
-3/8*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4-1/4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^4+1/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^3-3/8*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2+2/3*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x
```

3.101.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-6d^3 + 8d^2 ex - 9de^2 x^2 + 16e^3 x^3)}{24d^4 x^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log(x)}{8d^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(-6*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 9*d*e^2*x^2 + 16*e^3*x^3))/(24*d^4*x^4) - (3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^4*\text{Log}[x])/(8*d^5) + (3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^4*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(8*d^5)$

3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 566 \\
 & \int \frac{d-ex}{x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(4d-3ex)}{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{4d-3ex}{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(9d-8ex)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{9d-8ex}{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(16d-9ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{16d-9ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 \downarrow 534 \\
 e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \left(-9e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 \downarrow 243 \\
 e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \left(-\frac{9}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{d^2-x^4} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4dx^4} \\
 \downarrow 221
 \end{array}$$

3.101. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{9e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - 16 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{9 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} \right) - \frac{4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4dx^4}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x^4) - (e*((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*d*x^3) - (e*((-9*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) - (e*((-16*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (9*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d)))/(3*d)))/(4*d)`

3.101.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.101.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-16e^3x^3+9de^2x^2-8d^2ex+6d^3)}{24d^4x^4} - \frac{3e^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8d^3\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{d} + \frac{e^4 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{d^5}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-16*e^3*x^3+9*d*e^2*x^2-8*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/d^4/x
^4-3/8/d^3*e^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x
)
```

3.101.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5 (d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{9 e^4 x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (16 e^3 x^3 - 9 d e^2 x^2 + 8 d^2 e x - 6 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{24 d^4 x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/24*(9*e^4*x^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (16*e^3*x^3 - 9*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e*x - 6*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*x^4)`**3.101.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5 (d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^5 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**5*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.101.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5 (d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

3.101.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(3e^5 - \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} + \frac{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e}{x^2} - \frac{72(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3} \right) e^8 x^4}{192(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^4 |e|} - \frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8d^4|e|} + \frac{72(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^{12}e^5|e|}{x} - \frac{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^{12}e^3|e|}{x^2} + \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^{12}e|e|}{x^3} - \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^{12}}{ex^4} \frac{1}{192d^{16}e^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*e^5 - 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3/x + 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e/x^2 - 72*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^4*abs(e)) - 3/8*e^5*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) + 1/192*(72*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^12*e^5*abs(e)/x - 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^12*e^3*abs(e)/x^2 + 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^12*e*abs(e)/x^3 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^12*abs(e)/(e*x^4))/(d^16*e^4)`

3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.102 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.102.1 Optimal result 1115
 3.102.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1115
 3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1116
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 3.102.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1121
 3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1121

3.102.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{8e^2} + \frac{d(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{8e^3}$$

output `1/12*d*(-3*e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3+1/8*d^5*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+1/8*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2`

3.102.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(16d^4 - 15d^3ex + 8d^2e^2x^2 + 30de^3x^3 - 24e^4x^4) - 30d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{120e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(16*d^4 - 15*d^3*e*x + 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 30*d*e^3*x^3 - 24*e^4*x^4) - 30*d^5*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(120*e^3)`

3.102. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {562, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x^2(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -dex(2d - 5ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} + \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int dex(2d - 5ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \int x(2d - 5ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(5d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int de(5d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \int (5d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e} \right)}{5e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.102. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(5d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (d*((5*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (d*((8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 5*d*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/(4*e)))/(5*e)`

3.102.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 562 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]`

3.102.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-24e^4x^4+30de^3x^3+8d^2e^2x^2-15d^3ex+16d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{120e^3} + \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^3} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{\left(-x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{3} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{e^2} + d$

input `int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/120*(-24*e^4*x^4+30*d*e^3*x^3+8*d^2*e^2*x^2-15*d^3*e*x+16*d^4)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*d^5/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.102.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{30 d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (24 e^4 x^4 - 30 d e^3 x^3 - 8 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 15 d^3 e x - 16 d^4) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{120 e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/120*(30*d^5*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (24*e^4*x^4 - 30*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^3*e*x - 16*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`

3.102. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.102.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = d \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \right) - e \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) - e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True))`

3.102.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{id^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{2e^3} - \frac{3d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2d^3x}}{2e^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2d^3x}}{8e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2d^4}}{e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}dx}{4e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}{3e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/2*I*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^3 - 3/8*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 + 1/2*\sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^3*x/e^2 - 3/8*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^3*x/e^2 + \sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^4/e^3 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d*x/e^2 + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2/e^3 - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}/e^3$

3.102.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8e^2|e|} - \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(3(4ex - 5d)x - \frac{4d^2}{e} \right) x + \frac{15d^3}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{16d^4}{e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/(e^2*\operatorname{abs}(e)) - 1/120*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*((2*(3*(4*e*x - 5*d)*x - 4*d^2/e)*x + 15*d^3/e^2)*x - 16*d^4/e^3)$

3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.103 $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

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3.103.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3d^7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{128e^4} + \frac{d^5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{64e^4} + \frac{4d^2x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{63e^3} - \frac{dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e^2} + \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} + \frac{d^3(128d - 315ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5040e^5} + \frac{3d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e^5}$$

```
output 1/64*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4+4/63*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3-1/8*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2+1/9*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e+1/5040*d^3*(-315*e*x+128*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^5+3/128*d^9*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+3/128*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4
```

3.103.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(1024d^8 - 945d^7ex + 512d^6e^2x^2 - 630d^5e^3x^3 + 384d^4e^4x^4 + 7560d^3e^5x^5 - 40320e^6x^6 + 12800e^7x^7 - 1280e^8x^8)}{40320e^5}$$

```
input Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(1024*d^8 - 945*d^7*ex + 512*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 630*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 384*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 7560*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 6400*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 5040*d*e^7*x^7 + 4480*e^8*x^8) - 1890*d^9*\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(40320*e^5)$

3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {562, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\ & \int x^4(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{\int -dex^3(4d - 9ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{9e^2} + \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{\int dex^3(4d - 9ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{9e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d \int x^3(4d - 9ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{9e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -dex^2(27d - 32ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \right)}{9e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\int dex^2(27d - 32ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} \right)}{9e} \end{aligned}$$

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \int x^2(27d - 32ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e}\right)}{9e} \\
 \downarrow 533 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int -dex(64d - 189ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} + \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e}\right)}{8e}\right)}{9e} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{\int dex(64d - 189ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2}\right)}{8e}\right)}{9e} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \int x(64d - 189ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e}\right)}{8e}\right)}{9e} \\
 \downarrow 533 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int -3de(63d - 128ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e}\right)}{7e}\right)}{8e}\right)}{9e} \\
 \downarrow 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \\
 d \left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int (63d - 128ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right) \\
 \hline
 9e \\
 \downarrow 455 \\
 \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \\
 d \left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(63d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right) \\
 \hline
 9e \\
 \downarrow 211
 \end{array}$$

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$d \left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right)$$

9e

↓ 211

$$d \left(\frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{128(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{8e} \right)$$

9e

↓ 224

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \right. \\
 \left. d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \right. \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. \left. d \left(63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 \left. \frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \right) \\
 \left. \frac{9e}{8e} \right)
 \end{array}$$

↓ 216

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{9e} - \right. \\
 \left. d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. d \left(\frac{63x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \right. \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. \left. d \left(63d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 \left. \frac{9x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \right) \\
 \left. \frac{9e}{8e} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

```
output (x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*e) - (d*((9*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e)
) - (d*((32*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e) - (d*((63*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(
5/2))/(2*e) - (d*((128*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + 63*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*
x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt
[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(2*e)))/(7*e)))/(8*e)))/(9*e)
```

3.103.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p +
1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```
rule 562 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
&& IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]
```

3.103.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
risch	$\frac{(4480e^8x^8 - 5040de^7x^7 - 6400d^2e^6x^6 + 7560d^3e^5x^5 + 384d^4x^4e^4 - 630d^5e^3x^3 + 512d^6e^2x^2 - 945d^7ex + 1024d^8)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{40320e^5} + \frac{3d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d}\right)}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63e^4} - \frac{d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^5} - \frac{d^3}{e^4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2}{6} \right) \right) \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/40320*(4480*e^8*x^8-5040*d*e^7*x^7-6400*d^2*e^6*x^6+7560*d^3*e^5*x^5+384
*d^4*e^4*x^4-630*d^5*e^3*x^3+512*d^6*e^2*x^2-945*d^7*e*x+1024*d^8)/e^5*(-e
^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/128*d^9/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2
+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.103.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1890 d^9 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (4480 e^8 x^8 - 5040 de^7 x^7 - 6400 d^2 e^6 x^6 + 7560 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 384 d^4 e^4 x^4 - 630 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 512 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 945 d^7 e x + 1024 d^8) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{40320 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/40320*(1890*d^9*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (4480*e^8*x^8 - 5040*d*e^7*x^7 - 6400*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 7560*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 384*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 630*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 512*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 945*d^7*e*x + 1024*d^8)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^5`**3.103.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = d^3 \left(\frac{d^6 \begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) \right) - d^2 e \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right)}{\frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6}} \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0 \right) \text{ otherwise} - de^2 \left(\frac{5d^8 \begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{128e^6} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^6x}{128e^6} - \frac{5d^4x^3}{192e^4} - \frac{d^2x^5}{48e^2} + \frac{x^7}{8} \right) \right) \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0 \text{ otherwise} + e^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{16d^8}{315e^8} - \frac{8d^6x^2}{315e^6} - \frac{2d^4x^4}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^6}{63e^2} + \frac{x^8}{9} \right)}{\frac{x^8\sqrt{d^2}}{8}} \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0 \right) \text{ otherwise}$$

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/ (16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d**2)/6, True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((5*d**8*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/ (128*e**6) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**6*x/(128*e**6) - 5*d**4*x**3/(192*e**4) - d**2*x**5/(48*e**2) + x**7/8), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**7*sqrt(d**2)/7, True)) + e**3*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-16*d**8/(315*e**8) - 8*d**6*x**2/(315*e**6) - 2*d**4*x**4/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**6/(63*e**2) + x**8/9), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**8*sqrt(d**2)/8, True))`

3.103.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3i d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8 e^5} - \frac{45 d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{128 e^5} + \frac{3 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^7 x}{8 e^4} - \frac{45 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^7 x}{128 e^4} + \frac{3 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^8}{4 e^5} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^5 x}{64 e^4} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 x}{16 e^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} x^2}{9 e^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4}{5 e^5} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} dx}{8 e^4} - \frac{11(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d^2}{63 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/8*I*d^9*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^5 - 45/128*d^9*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 + 3/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^7*x/e^4 - 45/128*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7*x/e^4 + 3/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^8/e^5 + 1/64*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5*x/e^4 - 3/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x/e^4 - 1/9*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^2/e^3 + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4/e^5 + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x/e^4 - 11/63*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2/e^5`

3.103. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.104 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

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3.104.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3d^6x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{128e^3} - \frac{d^4x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{64e^3} - \frac{dx^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e^2} + \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d^2(32d - 35ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{560e^4} - \frac{3d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e^4}$$

output

```
-1/64*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3-1/7*d*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2+1/8*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e-1/560*d^2*(-35*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^4-3/128*d^8*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4-3/128*d^6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3
```

3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-256d^7 + 105d^6ex - 128d^5e^2x^2 + 70d^4e^3x^3 + 1024d^3e^4x^4 - 840d^2e^5x^5)}{4480e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-256 d^7 + 105 d^6 e x - 128 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 70 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 1024 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 840 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 640 d e^6 x^6 + 560 e^7 x^7) + 210 d^8 \text{ArcTan}[(e x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2])]) / (4480 e^4)$

3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {562, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\ & \int x^3 (d - ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{\int -dex^2 (3d - 8ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\int dex^2 (3d - 8ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \int x^2 (3d - 8ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{8e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\ & \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -dex(16d - 21ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} + \frac{8x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \right)}{8e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{8x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{\int dex(16d - 21ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} \right)}{8e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.104. $\int \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \int x(16d - 21ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e}\right)}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int -3de(7d - 32ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e}\right)}{7e}\right)}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int (7d - 32ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{2e}\right)}{7e}\right)}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(7d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{7e}\right)}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d\left(7d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{2e}\right)}{7e}\right)}{8e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

8e

↓ 224

$$d \left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

8e

↓ 216

$$d \left(\frac{8x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(7d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

8e

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

```
output (x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) - (d*((8*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e)
) - (d*((7*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*e) - (d*((32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))
/(5*e) + 7*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]
)/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(2*e)))/(7*e))
/(8*e)
```

3.104.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1
)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]`


```
rule 562 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
&& IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]
```

3.104.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-560e^7x^7+640de^6x^6+840d^2e^5x^5-1024d^3e^4x^4-70d^4e^3x^3+128d^5e^2x^2-105d^6ex+256d^7)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4480e^4} - \frac{3d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{128e^3\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2}}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} \right)}{e}$

```
input int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4480*(-560*e^7*x^7+640*d*e^6*x^6+840*d^2*e^5*x^5-1024*d^3*e^4*x^4-70*d^4*
e^3*x^3+128*d^5*e^2*x^2-105*d^6*e*x+256*d^7)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-3/
128*d^8/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.104.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{210 d^8 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (560 e^7 x^7 - 640 de^6 x^6 - 840 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 1024 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 70 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 128 d^5 e^2 x^2 - 105 d^6 ex + 256 d^7)}{4480 e^4} - \frac{3 d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{128 e^3 \sqrt{e^2}}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.104. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output $1/4480*(210*d^8*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) + (560*e^7*x^7 - 640*d*e^6*x^6 - 840*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 1024*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 70*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 128*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 105*d^6*e*x - 256*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^4$

3.104.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d^2e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^5\sqrt{d^2}}{5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{5d^8 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128e^6} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^6x}{128e^6} - \frac{5d^4x^3}{192e^4} - \frac{d^2x^5}{48e^2} + \frac{x^7}{8} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^7\sqrt{d^2}}{7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output

```
d**3*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*
e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) - d**2*e*Piecwi
se((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/
sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(16*e**4) +
sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6),
Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e
**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d**2)/6, True)) + e**3*Piecewise((
5*d**8*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sq
rt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(128*e**6) + s
qrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**6*x/(128*e**6) - 5*d**4*x**3/(192*e**4) - d**
2*x**5/(48*e**2) + x**7/8), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**7*sqrt(d**2)/7, True))
```

3.104.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3i d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8 e^4} + \frac{45 d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{128 e^4}$$

$$- \frac{3 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^6x}{8 e^3} + \frac{45 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6x}{128 e^3}$$

$$- \frac{3 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^7}{4 e^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4x}{64 e^3} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2x}{16 e^3}$$

$$- \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3}{5 e^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}x}{8 e^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}d}{7 e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/8*I*d^8*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^4 + 45/128*d^8*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 - 3/8*sqrt(
e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^6*x/e^3 + 45/128*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^6*x/e
^3 - 3/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^7/e^4 - 1/64*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(
3/2)*d^4*x/e^3 + 3/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x/e^3 - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d
^2)^(5/2)*d^3/e^4 - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x/e^3 + 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2
)^(7/2)*d/e^4
```

3.104.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{128e^3|e|} - \frac{1}{4480} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{256d^7}{e^4} - \left(\frac{105d^6}{e^3} - 2 \left(\frac{64d^5}{e^2} - \left(\frac{35d^4}{e} + 4(128d^3 - 5(21d^2e - 2(7e^3x - 8de^2)x) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/128*d^8*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 1/4480*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(256*d^7/e^4 - (105*d^6/e^3 - 2*(64*d^5/e^2 - (35*d^4/e + 4*(128*d^3 - 5*(21*d^2*e - 2*(7*e^3*x - 8*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)`**3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.105 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

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3.105.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e^2} + \frac{d^3x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e^2} + \frac{d(6d - 5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{7e^3} + \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^3}$$

```
output 1/24*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2+1/30*d*(-5*e*x+6*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^3-1/7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^3+1/16*d^7*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+1/16*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2
```

3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(96d^6 - 105d^5ex + 48d^4e^2x^2 + 490d^3e^3x^3 - 384d^2e^4x^4 - 280de^5x^5 + 240e^6x^6) - 210d^7 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right]}{1680e^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(96*d^6 - 105*d^5*e*x + 48*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 490*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 384*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 280*d*e^5*x^5 + 240*e^6*x^6) - 210*d^7*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(1680*e^3)
```

3.105. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {562, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x^2(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -dex(2d - 7ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} + \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{\int dex(2d - 7ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \int x(2d - 7ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(7d - 12ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \right)}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{\int de(7d - 12ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} \right)}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \int (7d - 12ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} \right)}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.105. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(7d\int(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}dx + \frac{12(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e}\right)}{7e}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(7d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\int\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{12(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e}\right)}{7e}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(7d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{12(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e}\right)}{7e}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(7d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d^2\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{12(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e}\right)}{7e}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{d\left(\frac{7x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d\left(7d\left(\frac{3}{4}d^2\left(\frac{d^2\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{12(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}\right)}{6e}\right)}{7e}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

3.105. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```
output (x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e) - (d*((7*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*e)
- (d*((12*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + 7*d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4
+ (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2
]])/(2*e)))/4))/(6*e))/(7*e)
```

3.105.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`


```
rule 562 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
1] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n,
0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]
```

3.105.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$\frac{(240e^6x^6 - 280de^5x^5 - 384d^2e^4x^4 + 490d^3x^3e^3 + 48d^4e^2x^2 - 105d^5ex + 96d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{1680e^3} + \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^3} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{e^2} + d^2 \left(\frac{-(x+...)}{...} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1680*(240*e^6*x^6-280*d*e^5*x^5-384*d^2*e^4*x^4+490*d^3*e^3*x^3+48*d^4*e
^2*x^2-105*d^5*e*x+96*d^6)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/16*d^7/e^2/(e^2)^(1/
2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.105.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{210 d^7 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (240 e^6 x^6 - 280 d e^5 x^5 - 384 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 490 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 48 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 105 d^5 ex)}{1680 e^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.105. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output `-1/1680*(210*d^7*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (240*e^6*x^6 - 280*d*e^5*x^5 - 384*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 490*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 105*d^5*e*x + 96*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e^3`

3.105.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2}}{3} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \text{ for } d^2 \neq 0$$

$$- d^2e \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$- de^2 \left(\begin{cases} d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ \frac{x^5\sqrt{d^2}}{5} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0$$

$$+ e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/
(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)
), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-
-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sq
rt(d**2)/4, True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sq
rt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sq
rt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4
) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)
) + e**3*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x*
*2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d*
*2)/6, True))

```

3.105.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = & -\frac{3i d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e^3} - \frac{5 d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16e^3} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^5x}{8e^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5x}{16e^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^6}{4e^3} \\
 & + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3x}{24e^2} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}dx}{6e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{5e^3} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}}{7e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output -3/8*I*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^3 - 5/16*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 + 3/8*sqrt(e
^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^5*x/e^2 - 5/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*x/e^2
+ 3/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^6/e^3 + 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2
)*d^3*x/e^2 - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x/e^2 + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5
/2)*d^2/e^3 - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)/e^3

```

3.105.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e^2|e|} + \frac{1}{1680} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{96d^6}{e^3} - \left(\frac{105d^5}{e^2} - 2 \left(\frac{24d^4}{e} + (245d^3 - 4(48d^2e - 5(6e^3x - 7de^2)x)x)x \right) x \right) x \right) x$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + 1/1680*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(96*d^6/e^3 - (105*d^5/e^2 - 2*(24*d^4/e + (245*d^3 - 4*(48*d^2*e - 5*(6*e^3*x - 7*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)*x)`**3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.106 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.106.1 Optimal result	1150
3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1150
3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1151
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3.106.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1156
3.106.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1157

3.106.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e} - \frac{d^2x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e} - \frac{(6d - 5ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{30e^2} - \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^2}$$

output
$$-1/24*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/30*(-5*e*x+6*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2-1/16*d^6*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2-1/16*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e$$

3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-48d^5 + 15d^4ex + 96d^3e^2x^2 - 70d^2e^3x^3 - 48de^4x^4 + 40e^5x^5) + 30d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output
$$(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-48*d^5 + 15*d^4*e*x + 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 48*d*e^4*x^4 + 40*e^5*x^5) + 30*d^6*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(240*e^2)$$

3.106. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {562, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{\int -de(d - 6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{\int de(d - 6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \int (d - 6ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \\
 \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - e^2x^2 + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e} \\
 \downarrow 216 \\
 \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6e} - \\
 \frac{d \left(d \left(\frac{3}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} \right)}{6e}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*e) - (d*((6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*e) + d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/4)))/(6*e)`

3.106.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 562 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]`

3.106.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-40e^5x^5+48de^4x^4+70d^2e^3x^3-96d^3e^2x^2-15d^4ex+48d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^2} - \frac{d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}{5} \right)^{5/2} + de}{e}$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.106. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/240*(-40*e^5*x^5+48*d*e^4*x^4+70*d^2*e^3*x^3-96*d^3*e^2*x^2-15*d^4*e*x+48*d^5)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-1/16*d^6/e/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})}{240 e^2}$$

3.106.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{30 d^6 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (40 e^5 x^5 - 48 d e^4 x^4 - 70 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 96 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 15 d^4 e x - 48 d^5) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{240 e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/240*(30*d^6*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (40*e^5*x^5 - 48*d*e^4*x^4 - 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 96*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^4*e*x - 48*d^5)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^2}{240 e^2}$$

3.106.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2 x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2 x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4 x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2 x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2}}{5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

```
output d**3*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2/(3*e**2) + x**2/3), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) - d**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) + e**3*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True))
```

3.106.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3i d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e^2} + \frac{5d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16e^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^4 x}{8e} + \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^4 x}{16e} - \frac{3\sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^5}{4e^2} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^2 x}{24e} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} x}{6e} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d}{5e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/8*I*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^2 + 5/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^2 - 3/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^4*x/e + 5/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*x/e - 3/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^5/e^2 - 1/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x/e + 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x/e - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/e^2`

3.106.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16e|e|} - \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{48d^5}{e^2} - \left(\frac{15d^4}{e} + 2(48d^3 - (35d^2e - 4(5e^3x - 6de^2)x)x)x \right) x \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 1/240*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(48*d^5/e^2 - (15*d^4/e + 2*(48*d^3 - (35*d^2*e - 4*(5*e^3*x - 6*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)*x)`

3.106.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

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3.107.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3}{8} d^3 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{4} dx (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5e} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{8e}$$

output `1/4*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e+3/8*d^5*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e+3/8*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.107.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(8d^4 + 25d^3 ex - 16d^2 e^2 x^2 - 10de^3 x^3 + 8e^4 x^4)}{40e} - \frac{3d^5 \log(-\sqrt{-e^2}x + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{8\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(8*d^4 + 25*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*e^4*x^4))/(40*e) - (3*d^5*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(8*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2])$

3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {466, 211, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 466

$$d \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

↓ 211

$$d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

↓ 211

$$d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

↓ 224

$$d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

↓ 216

$$d \left(\frac{3}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x]$

3.107. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```
output (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*e) + d*((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*d^2*((x*
Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e))/4
)
```

3.107.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1
)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 466 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*c*(p/(d^
2*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, n, 0
] || EqQ[n + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8e^4x^4 - 10de^3x^3 - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 25d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{40e} + \frac{3d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{\left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + de \left[-\frac{\left(-2\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)e^2 + 2de\right)\left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-2\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)e^2 + 2de\right)\sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}{4e^2} \right]$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/40*(8*e^4*x^4-10*d*e^3*x^3-16*d^2*e^2*x^2+25*d^3*e*x+8*d^4)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/8*d^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.107.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{30d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (8e^4x^4 - 10de^3x^3 - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 25d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{40e}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/40*(30*d^5*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (8*e^4*x^4 - 10*d*e^3*x^3 - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 25*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e
```


3.107.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = d^3 \left(\frac{\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} \right) \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d e^2 \left(\frac{\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2 x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \right) \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2 x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

```
output d**3*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/
2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - d**2
*e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2/(3*e**2) + x**2/3), Ne(e**2, 0
)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*
e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)),
(x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**
2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) + e**3*Pi
ecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) +
x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True))
```

3.107.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{3i d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e} + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{3 \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^4}{4e} + \frac{1}{4} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} dx + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{5e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/8*I*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e + 3/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^3*x
+ 3/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^4/e + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*
d*x + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/e`

3.107.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3 d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{40} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{8 d^4}{e} + (25 d^3 - 2(8 d^2 e - (4 e^3 x - 5 d e^2) x) x) x \right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/40*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(8*
d^4/e + (25*d^3 - 2*(8*d^2*e - (4*e^3*x - 5*d*e^2)*x)*x)*x)`

3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$

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3.108.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{8} d^2 (8d - 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{12} (4d - 3ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `1/12*(-3*e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-3/8*d^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/8*d^2*(-3*e*x+8*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.108.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (32d^3 - 15d^2 ex - 8de^2 x^2 + 6e^3 x^3) + \frac{3}{4} d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - d^3 \sqrt{d^2} \log(x) + d^3 \sqrt{d^2} \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

3.108. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$

```
output (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(32*d^3 - 15*d^2*e*x - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3))/24 +
(3*d^4*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/4 - d^3*Sqrt[d^2]
*Log[x] + d^3*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]
```

3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {566, 535, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 566

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \int \frac{(4d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx + \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{8d - 3ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - 3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - 3e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(8d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(4d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(-\frac{8d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} - 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{1}{4}d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(-3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 8 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(8d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{12}(4d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((4*d - 3*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/12 + (d^2*((8*d - 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(-3*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 8*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2)/4`

3.108.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 535 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.108.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

3.108.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+d^2*(1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+d^2*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))-1/d*(1/5*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+d*e*(-1/8*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+3/4*d^2*(-1/4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2))*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))))
```

3.108.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{3}{4} d^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + d^4 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{24} (6e^3x^3 - 8de^2x^2 - 15d^2ex + 32d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 3/4*d^4*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + d^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + 1/24*(6*e^3*x^3 - 8*d*e^2*x^2 - 15*d^2*e*x + 32*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)
```


3.108.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ix}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} - \frac{d^2 x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

```
input integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output d**3*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) -
e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x
*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2
*x**2) + 1), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*
sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/s
qrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*s
qrt(d**2), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2
) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)
) + e**3*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**
2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), Tru
e))/(8*e**2) - d**2*x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(8*e**2) + x**3*sqrt(d**2 - e
**2*x**2)/4, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True))
```

3.108.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3d^4 e \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}} - d^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{3}{8}\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^2 ex + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^3 - \frac{1}{4}(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} ex + \frac{1}{3}(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3/8*d^4*e*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - d^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - 3/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e*x + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d`**3.108.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3d^4 e \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8|e|} - \frac{d^4 e \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} + \frac{1}{24}\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}(32d^3 - (15d^2 e - 2(3e^3 x - 4de^2)x)x)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/8*d^4*e*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - d^4*e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(32*d^3 - (15*d^2*e - 2*(3*e^3*x - 4*d*e^2)*x)*x)`

3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.109 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

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3.109.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} - \frac{3}{2}d^3 e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + d^3 e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/3*(e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x-3/2*d^3*e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+d^3*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/2*d*e*(3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.109.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-6d^3 - 8d^2 ex - 3de^2 x^2 + 2e^3 x^3)}{6x} + 3d^3 e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + (d^2)^{3/2} e \log(x) - (d^2)^{3/2} e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^3 - 8*d^2*e*x - 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3))/(6*x) + 3*d^3*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + (d^2)^(3/2)*e*Log[x] - (d^2)^(3/2)*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]`

3.109.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {566, 536, 535, 25, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 566

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 536

$$\int \frac{(-ed^2 - 3e^2 xd) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int -\frac{de(2d + 3ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} de(2d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{de(2d + 3ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} de(2d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{2} d^3 e \int \frac{2d + 3ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} de(2d + 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 538

3.109. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(3e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 3e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 + 3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}d^3e \left(3 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2}de(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*(d*e*(2*d + 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - ((3*d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*x) - (d^3*e*(3*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2`

3.109. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.109.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)(\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)} * (\text{c} - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^{\text{p}/\text{b}})^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{(1/\text{p})}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*\text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_}) * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} - 1)/2} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)(\text{x}_.) * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)(\text{x}_.)^2)^{\text{p}_}) / (\text{x}_.), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*\text{p}*\text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / (2*\text{p}*(2*\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{a}/(2*\text{p} + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*\text{p}*\text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p} - 1} / \text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$

rule 536 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := S
imp[(-(2*c*p - d*x))*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((
a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.109.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x} + \frac{e^3x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3} - \frac{4ed^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3} + \frac{ed^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{3d^3e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{\left(\frac{6e^2}{6} \frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right) \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e \left(\frac{-e^2x^2+d^2}{5} \right)}{d^2}$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x+1/3*e^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-4/3*e*d^2*(-e
^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+e*d^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln(((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)
^(1/2))/x)-3/2*d^3*e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/
2))-1/2*d*e^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.109. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.109.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{18 d^3 ex \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - 6 d^3 ex \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - 8 d^3 ex + (2 e^3 x^3 - 3 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 6 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{6 x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/6*(18*d^3*e*x*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 6*d^3*e*x*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - 8*d^3*e*x + (2*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^2*e*x - 6*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x`**3.109.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d\sqrt{-1+\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}-1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}-1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}+1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

3.109. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

```

output d**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e
**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)
), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*ac
osh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sq
rt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(
-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)
), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e
**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x
**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d*
*2)/2, True))

```

3.109.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3d^3 e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + d^3 e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^2 e^2 x - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^2 e - \frac{1}{3}(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^3}{x}$$

```

input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output -3/2*d^3*e^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + d^3*e*log(2*d^2/abs(x)
) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x) - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2*x -
sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e - sqrt(-e^2*x^2
+ d^2)*d^3/x

```

3.109.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3d^3 e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3 e^4 x}{2(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)|e|} + \frac{d^3 e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|}$$

$$- \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^3}{2x|e|} - \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} (8d^2 e - (2e^3 x - 3de^2)x)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/2*d^3*e^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/2*d^3*e^4*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*abs(e)) + d^3*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3/(x*abs(e)) - 1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(8*d^2*e - (2*e^3*x - 3*d*e^2)*x)`**3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.110 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

3.110.1 Optimal result 1181
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3.110.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{3de(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x} - \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} + \frac{3}{2}d^2 e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}d^2 e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output -1/2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2+3/2*d^2*e^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+3/2*d^2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+3/2*d*e*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-d^3 + 2d^2 ex - 2de^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3)}{x^2} - 6d^2 e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + 3d\sqrt{d^2} e^2 \log(x) - 3d\sqrt{d^2} e^2 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))/x^2 - 6*d^2*e^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + 3*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[x] - 3*d*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/2`

3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {566, 537, 25, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{(d - 2ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \int \frac{(d - 2ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{535} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{2(d - ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \int \frac{d - ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.110. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(-\frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{3}{2}e^2 \left(d^2 \left(-\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d - 2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*((d - 2*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2 - (3*e^2*((d - e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^2*(-ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))) / 2`

3.110. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

3.110.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]^{p_1}*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{p_2}/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*(2*p_1 + 1) + 2*d*p_1*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p_1}/(2*p_1*(2*p_1 + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a/(2*p_1 + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(c*(2*p_1 + 1) + 2*d*p_1*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p_1 - 1)}/x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p_1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p_1]$

```
rule 537 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.110.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2ex+d)}{2x^2} + \frac{3e^3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{e^3x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{3e^2d^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}} - de^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)\right)\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{e^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{5}\right)}{d}$

3.110. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*e*x+d)/x^2+3/2*e^3*d^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+1/2*e^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+3/2*e^2*d^3/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)-d*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}$$

3.110.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{6 d^2 e^2 x^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + 3 d^2 e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + 2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - (e^3 x^3 - 2 d e^2 x^2 + 2 d^2 e x - d^2)}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(6*d^2*e^2*x^2*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - (e^3*x^3 - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^2*e*x - d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^2$$

3.110.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

3.110.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} \end{array} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} \\ x\sqrt{d^2} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2))), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2))), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True))`

3.110.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{3 d^2 e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3}{2} d^2 e^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^3 x - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^2 + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 e}{x} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/2*d^2*e^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 3/2*d^2*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3*x - 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2 + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e/x - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^2`**3.110.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{3 d^2 e^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|} + \frac{3 d^2 e^3 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} + \frac{\left(d^2 e^3 - \frac{4(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2 e}{x}\right) e^4 x^2}{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 |e|} + \frac{1}{2} (e^3 x - 2de^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} + \frac{4(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2 |e|}{x} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^2 |e|}{8e^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*d^2*e^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 3/2*d^2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/8*(d^2*e^3 - 4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e/x)*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*abs(e)) + 1/2*(e^3*x - 2*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2) + 1/8*(4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e*abs(e)/x - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/e^2`

3.110. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.111 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

3.111.1 Optimal result 1190
 3.111.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1190
 3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1191
 3.111.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1194
 3.111.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1195
 3.111.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 1195
 3.111.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1197
 3.111.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1197
 3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1198

3.111.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e^2(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x} - \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} + de^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{3}{2}de^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

```
output -1/6*(-3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3+d*e^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-3/2*d*e^3*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/2*e^2*(3*e*x+2*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.111.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-2d^3 + 3d^2 ex + 8de^2 x^2 + 6e^3 x^3)}{x^3} - 12de^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}\right) - 9\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(x) + 9\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^3 + 3*d^2*e*x + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3))/x^3 - 12*d*e^3*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - 9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[x] + 9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/6`

3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {566, 537, 25, 536, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{(2d - 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{536} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\int \frac{-3ed^2 - 2e^2xd}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 2de^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.111. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 224 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 2de^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \downarrow 216 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-3d^2e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-\frac{3}{2}d^2e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{3d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2} - e^2} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} - 2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(2d + 3ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-2de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) + 3de \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(2d + 3ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(2d - 3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/6*((2*d - 3*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3 - (e^2*(-(((2*d + 3*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x) - 2*d*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] + 3*d*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2`

3.111.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 536 `Int[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := S
imp[(-(2*c*p - d*x))*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((
a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && Integer
Q[2*p]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp [c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.111.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d(-8e^2x^2-3dex+2d^2)}{6x^3} + \frac{e^4d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + e^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{3e^3d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}}$ $-\frac{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2x} + \frac{6e^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3d^2x^3} - \frac{3d^2}{d}$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*d*(-8*e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+2*d^2)/x^3+e^4*d/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-3/2*e^3*d^2/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.111.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{12 de^3 x^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - 9 de^3 x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - 6 de^3 x^3 - (6 e^3 x^3 + 8 de^2 x^2 + 3 d^2 ex - 3 d^2)}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(12*d*e^3*x^3*arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - 9*d*e^3*x^3*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) - 6*d*e^3*x^3 - (6*e^3*x^3 + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x - 2*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^3$$

3.111.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right. \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \end{array} \right. \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \end{array} \right. \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie^2 x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} \end{array} \right. \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x)))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x)))/(2*d), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True))`

3.111.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{de^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{3}{2} de^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^3 + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} de^2}{x} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e}{2x^2} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `d*e^4*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 3/2*d*e^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 3/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3 + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2/x + 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^2 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^3`**3.111.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \frac{de^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{\left(de^4 - \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)de^2}{x} - \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d}{x^2}\right)e^6 x^3}{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 |e|} - \frac{3de^4 \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2|e|} + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^3 + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)de^4}{x} + \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 de^2}{x^2} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d}{x^3} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)de^4}{24e^2|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*e^4*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/24*(d*e^4 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*e^2/x - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d/x^2)*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*abs(e)) - 3/2*d*e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3 + 1/24*(15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*e^4/x + 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*e^2/x^2 - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d/x^3)/(e^2*abs(e))`

3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.112
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

3.112.1 Optimal result	1199
3.112.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1199
3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1200
3.112.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1203
3.112.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1205
3.112.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1205
3.112.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
3.112.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1207

3.112.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e^2(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} - e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{3}{8}e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/12*(-4*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-e^4*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-3/8*e^4*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/8*e^2*(-8*e*x+3*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.112.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-6d^3 + 8d^2 ex + 15de^2 x^2 - 32e^3 x^3)}{x^4} + 48e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{9\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log(x)}{d} + \frac{9\sqrt{d^2}e^4 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{d} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x + 15*d*e^2*x^2 - 32*e^3*x^3))/x^4 + 48*e^4*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[x])/d + (9*Sqrt[d^2]*e^4*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d)/24`

3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {566, 537, 25, 537, 25, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}e^2 \int -\frac{(3d - 4ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \int \frac{(3d - 4ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int -\frac{3d - 8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{3d - 8ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.112. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 8e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 8e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{3}{2}d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-\frac{3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} - 8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{1}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-8 \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{(3d - 8ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(3d - 4ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{12x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

3.112. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$


```
output -1/12*((3*d - 4*e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4 - (e^2*(-1/2*((3*d - 8*e*x)
)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - (e^2*(-8*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] -
3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2)/4
```

3.112.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 538 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.112.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (32e^3x^3-15de^2x^2-8d^2ex+6d^3)}{24x^4} - \frac{e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{3e^4d \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4d^2x^4} - \frac{3e^2 \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{2d^2} \right)}{2d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{4d^2}{d}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.112. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

output
$$-1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(32*e^3*x^3-15*d*e^2*x^2-8*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/x^4-e^{5/2}*(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-3/8*e^4*d/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.112.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{48 e^4 x^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + 9 e^4 x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (32 e^3 x^3 - 15 d e^2 x^2 - 8 d^2 e x + 6 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{24 x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/24*(48*e^4*x^4*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 9*e^4*x^4*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) - (32*e^3*x^3 - 15*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^2*e*x + 6*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^4$$

3.112.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \quad \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ -d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ -de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ +e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{id}{x \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \quad \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

3.112.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2))), True))`

3.112.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)} dx = -\frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{3}{8} e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^4}{8d} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^3}{x} + \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{8dx^2} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{3x^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-e^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 3/8*e^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 3/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4/d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3/x + 3/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x^2) + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^3 - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^4`

3.112.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(3e^5 - \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} - \frac{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e}{x^2} + \frac{120(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3} \right) e^8 x^4}{192(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 |e|} - \frac{e^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} - \frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8|e|} - \frac{120(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^5|e|}{x} - \frac{24(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^3|e|}{x^2} - \frac{8(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 e|e|}{x^3} + \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 |e|}{ex^4} \Bigg/ 192e^4$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*e^5 - 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3/x - 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e/x^2 + 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e*x^3))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)) - e^5*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - 3/8*e^5*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) - 1/192*(120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^5*abs(e)/x - 24*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^3*abs(e)/x^2 - 8*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e*abs(e)/x^3 + 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*abs(e)/(e*x^4))/e^4`

3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.113 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

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3.113.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{3e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8x^2} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} + \frac{3e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

output `1/4*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^5+3/8*e^5*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d-3/8*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.113.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \frac{1}{40} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-8d^4 + 10d^3 ex + 16d^2 e^2 x^2 - 25de^3 x^3 - 8e^4 x^4)}{dx^5} + \frac{15e^5 \log(x)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{15e^5 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]`

3.113. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-8*d^4 + 10*d^3*e*x + 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 25*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*e^4*x^4))/(d*x^5) + (15*e^5*\text{Log}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - (15*e^5*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]))/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2])/40$

3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {566, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & -e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 221 \\ -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^5) - (e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d)]/d))/4))/2`

3.113.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.113. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(8e^4x^4+25de^3x^3-16d^2e^2x^2-10d^3ex+8d^4)}{40x^5d} + \frac{3e^5 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$	107
default	Expression too large to display	1100

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/40*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(8*e^4*x^4+25*d*e^3*x^3-16*d^2*e^2*x^2-10*d^3*e
*x+8*d^4)/x^5/d+3/8*e^5/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)
^(1/2))/x)
```

3.113.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{15e^5x^5 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (8e^4x^4 + 25de^3x^3 - 16d^2e^2x^2 - 10d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{40dx^5}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/40*(15*e^5*x^5*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (8*e^4*x^4 + 25*d*e
^3*x^3 - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*x^5
)
```

3.113.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 774, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3id^3 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4ide^2 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2ie^6 x^6 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{ie^4 x^4 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{3d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4de^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2e^6 x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{e^4 x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$- d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$- de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**6/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) - 4*I*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**
3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d
*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-
15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15
*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**
5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3
*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d
**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*
d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**
2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*
e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2
*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-
e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3
*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x
**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) + e**3*Piecis
e((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e
/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True))

```

3.113.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \frac{3e^5 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{8d} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^5}{8d^2} - \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{8d^2 x^2} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{5dx^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{4x^4} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{5x^5}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```

output 3/8*e^5*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d - 3/8*sqrt(-
e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5/d^2 - 3/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^2*x^2) + 1/5*(-
e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x^3) + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^4 - 1/5*
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^5

```

3.113.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(2e^6 - \frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^4}{x} - \frac{10(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^2}{x^2} + \frac{40(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{x^3} + \frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{x^4} + \frac{2(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5}{x^5} \right)}{320(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 d|e|} + \frac{3e^6 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8d|e|} - \frac{\frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^4 e^8}{x} + \frac{40(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^4 e^6}{x^2} - \frac{10(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^4 e^4}{x^3} - \frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^4 e^2}{x^4} + \frac{2(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 d^4}{x^5}}{320d^5 e^4 |e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/320*(2*e^6 - 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^4/x - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^2/x^2 + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/x^3 + 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^2*x^4))*e^10*x^5/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d*abs(e)) + 3/8*e^6*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d*abs(e)) - 1/320*(20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*e^8/x + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*e^6/x^2 - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^4*e^4/x^3 - 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^4*e^2/x^4 + 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^4/x^5)/(d^5*e^4*abs(e))`

3.113.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.113. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

3.114 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

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3.114.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{16dx^2} - \frac{e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5d^2 x^5} - \frac{e^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^2}$$

output

```
-1/24*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^6+1/5*e*
(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^5-1/16*e^6*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^2+
1/16*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^2
```

3.114.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-40d^5 + 48d^4 ex + 70d^3 e^2 x^2 - 96d^2 e^3 x^3 - 15de^4 x^4 + 48e^5 x^5)}{240d^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^6 \log(x)}{16d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^6 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-40*d^5 + 48*d^4*ex + 70*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 96*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 48*e^5*x^5)) / (240*d^2*x^6) - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^6*\text{Log}[x]) / (16*d^3) + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^6*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]) / (16*d^3)$

3.114.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{de(6d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{e \int \frac{(6d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & - \frac{e \left(-e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & - \frac{e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & - \frac{e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.114. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 51 \\
\frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{6d} \\
\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
\downarrow 73 \\
\frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-x^4}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{6d} \\
\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \\
\downarrow 221 \\
\frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2\left(\frac{e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}\right)-\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4}\right)-\frac{6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}\right)}{6d} \\
\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^6) - (e*((-6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) - (e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d)]/d))/4))/2)/(6*d)`

3.114.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`


```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.114.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-48e^5x^5+15de^4x^4+96d^2e^3x^3-70d^3e^2x^2-48d^4ex+40d^5)}{240x^6d^2} - \frac{e^6 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{16d\sqrt{d^2}}$	121
default	Expression too large to display	1300

3.114. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/240*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-48*e^5*x^5+15*d*e^4*x^4+96*d^2*e^3*x^3-70*d^3*e^2*x^2-48*d^4*e*x+40*d^5)/x^6/d^2-1/16/d*e^6/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.114.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \frac{15 e^6 x^6 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (48 e^5 x^5 - 15 d e^4 x^4 - 96 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 70 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 48 d^4 e x - 40 d^5)}{240 d^2 x^6}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/240*(15*e^6*x^6*\log(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (48*e^5*x^5 - 15*d*e^4*x^4 - 96*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^4*e*x - 40*d^5)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*x^6)$$

3.114.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{6ex^7 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{5e}{24x^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^3}{48d^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^5}{16d^4 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^6 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \\ \frac{id^2}{6ex^7 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{5ie}{24x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^3}{48d^2 x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^5}{16d^4 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^6 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \end{array} \right) \\ -d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3id^3 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4ide^2 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2ie^6 x^6 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{ie^4 x^4 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4de^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2e^6 x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{e^4 x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ -de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**7/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(1
6*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((3*I*
d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**e**2
*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*
x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**
4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**
2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e
**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2
*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**
2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**
7), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)
) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2
/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*...

```

3.114.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx &= -\frac{e^6 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{16d^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^6}{16d^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{16d^3 x^2} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{5d^2 x^3} \\
 &+ \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{8dx^4} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{5x^5} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{6x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```

output -1/16*e^6*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^2 + 1/16*s
qrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6/d^3 + 1/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4/(d^3*x^2) -
1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^2*x^3) + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/
(d*x^4) + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^5 - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/
x^6

```

3.114. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

3.114.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(5e^7 - \frac{12(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^5}{x} - \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^3}{x^2} + \frac{60(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 e}{x^3} - \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{x^4} \right)}{1920(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^6 d^2|e|} - \frac{e^7 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16d^2|e|} + \frac{120(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^{10}e^9|e|}{x} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^{10}e^7|e|}{x^2} - \frac{60(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^{10}e^5|e|}{x^3} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^{10}}{x^4} - \frac{120(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^{10}e^9|e|}{1920d^{12}e^6}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1920*(5*e^7 - 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^5/x - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^3/x^2 + 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e/x^3 - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e*x^4) - 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^3*x^5))*e^12*x^6/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^2*abs(e)) - 1/16*e^7*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) + 1/1920*(120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^10*e^9*abs(e)/x + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^10*e^7*abs(e)/x^2 - 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^10*e^5*abs(e)/x^3 + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^10*e^3*abs(e)/x^4 + 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^10*e*abs(e)/x^5 - 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^10*abs(e)/(e*x^6))/(d^12*e^6)`

3.114.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.114. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

3.115 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$

3.115.1 Optimal result 1223
 3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1223
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 3.115.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1228
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 3.115.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1230
 3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1230

3.115.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{16d^2 x^2} + \frac{e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{24d^2 x^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7d x^7} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6d^2 x^6} - \frac{2e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{35d^3 x^5} + \frac{e^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$$

output `1/24*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^4-1/7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^7+1/6*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^6-2/35*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^3/x^5+1/16*e^7*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-1/16*e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2`

3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-240d^6 + 280d^5 ex + 384d^4 e^2 x^2 - 490d^3 e^3 x^3 - 48d^2 e^4 x^4 + 105de^5 x^5 - 9e^6 x^6)}{1680d^3 x^7} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^7 \log(x)}{16d^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^7 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x]`

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-240d^6 + 280d^5e^x + 384d^4e^2x^2 - 490d^3e^3x^3 - 48d^2e^4x^4 + 105d^5e^5x^5 - 96e^6x^6)) / (1680d^3x^7) + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^7 * \text{Log}[x]) / (16d^4) - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^7 * \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]]) / (16d^4)$

3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(7d-2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{(7d-2ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(12d-7ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(12d-7ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \left(\frac{e \left(-7e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{7d} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{7d} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{7d} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{7d} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \left(-\frac{3}{4}e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{6d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{7d} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{12(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} \right)}{\frac{7d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{7dx^7}}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^7) - (e*((-7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*d*x^6) - (e*((-12*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) - (7*e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/2))/(6*d)))/(7*d)`

3.115.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 566 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	si
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (96e^6x^6-105de^5x^5+48d^2e^4x^4+490d^3x^3e^3-384d^4e^2x^2-280d^5ex+240d^6)}{1680x^7d^3} + \frac{e^7 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{16d^2\sqrt{d^2}}$	1
default	Expression too large to display	1

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/1680*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(96*e^6*x^6-105*d*e^5*x^5+48*d^2*e^4*x^4+490*d^3*e^3*x^3-384*d^4*e^2*x^2-280*d^5*e*x+240*d^6)/x^7/d^3+1/16/d^2*e^7/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

$$3.115. \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$$

3.115.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)} dx = \frac{105 e^7 x^7 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (96 e^6 x^6 - 105 d e^5 x^5 + 48 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 490 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 384 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 280 d^5 e x + 240 d^6) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{1680 d^3 x^7}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/1680*(105*e^7*x^7*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (96*e^6*x^6 - 105*d*e^5*x^5 + 48*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 490*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 384*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 280*d^5*e*x + 240*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*x^7)`

3.115.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1037, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**8/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**
4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**
2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(
e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105
*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**6), True)) - d
**2*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(1
6*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) - d**2*Piecewise((3*I
d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**e**2
*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6
*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I**e
4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**
2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e
**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2
*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*...

```

3.115.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx &= \frac{e^7 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{16d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^7}{16d^4} \\
 &- \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^5}{16d^4 x^2} + \frac{2(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{35d^3 x^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{8d^2 x^4} \\
 &+ \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{35d^5} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{6x^6} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{7x^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output 1/16*e^7*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^3 - 1/16*sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7/d^4 - 1/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5/(d^4*x^2) + 2
/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4/(d^3*x^3) - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/
(d^2*x^4) + 3/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x^5) + 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)
^(3/2)*e/x^6 - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^7

```

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$

3.115.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(15e^8 - \frac{35(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^6}{x} - \frac{21(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e^4}{x^2} + \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 e^2}{x^3} - \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 e^0}{x^4} \right)}{13440(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)} + \frac{e^8 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{16d^3|e|} - \frac{315(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^{18}e^{12}}{x} + \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^{18}e^{10}}{x^2} - \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^{18}e^8}{x^3} + \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^{18}e^6}{x^4} - \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^5 d^{18}e^4}{x^5} + \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^6 d^{18}e^2}{x^6} - \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^7 d^{18}e^0}{x^7} + \frac{105(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^8 d^{18}e^{-2}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13440*(15*e^8 - 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^6/x - 21*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^4/x^2 + 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e^2/x^3 - 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/x^4 + 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^2*x^5) + 315*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^4*x^6))*e^14*x^7/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^3*abs(e)) + 1/16*e^8*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^3*abs(e)) - 1/13440*(315*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^18*e^12/x + 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^18*e^10/x^2 - 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^18*e^8/x^3 + 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^18*e^6/x^4 - 21*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^18*e^4/x^5 - 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6*d^18*e^2/x^6 + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^18/x^7)/(d^21*e^6*abs(e))`

3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x)`

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.115. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)} dx$

3.116 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$

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3.116.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \frac{3e^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{128d^3 x^2} - \frac{e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{64d^3 x^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7d^2 x^7} - \frac{e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{16d^3 x^6} + \frac{2e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{35d^4 x^5} - \frac{3e^8 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d^4}$$

output `-1/64*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^3/x^4-1/8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d/x^8+1/7*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^2/x^7-1/16*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^3/x^6+2/35*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/d^4/x^5-3/128*e^8*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4+3/128*e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2`

3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-560d^7 + 640d^6 ex + 840d^5 e^2 x^2 - 1024d^4 e^3 x^3 - 70d^3 e^4 x^4 + 128d^2 e^5 x^5 - 3\sqrt{d^2} e^8 \log(x))}{4480d^4 x^8} + \frac{3\sqrt{d^2} e^8 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{128d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x]`

3.116. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-560d^7 + 640d^6e^x + 840d^5e^2x^2 - 1024d^4e^3x^3 - 70d^3e^4x^4 + 128d^2e^5x^5 - 105de^6x^6 + 256e^7x^7)) / (4480d^4x^8) - (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^8 * \text{Log}[x]) / (128d^5) + (3\text{Sqrt}[d^2] * e^8 * \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]]) / (128d^5)$

3.116.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {566, 539, 27, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 566 \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de(8d-3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{(8d-3ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{8d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(21d-16ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(21d-16ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539
 \end{aligned}$$

3.116. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{3de(32d-7ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{6d^2} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{(32d-7ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{2d} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}}{2d} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)}{8d} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{2d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{2d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6} \right)}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.116. $\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 51

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} 8d}{8dx^8}$$

↓ 73

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{7d} - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} 8d}{8dx^8}$$

↓ 221

3.116. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$

$$e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{7}{2} e \left(-\frac{3}{4} e^2 \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{2dx^6}}{7d} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^8) - (e*((-8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*d*x^7) - (e*((-7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*d*x^6) - (e*((-32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*x^5) - (7*e*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (3*e^2*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/4))/2))/(2*d)))/(7*d)))/(8*d)`

3.116.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n)/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 566 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[x^m*(a/c + b*(x/d))*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.116.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (-256e^7x^7+105de^6x^6-128d^2e^5x^5+70d^3e^4x^4+1024d^4e^3x^3-840d^5e^2x^2-640d^6ex+560d^7)}{4480x^8d^4} - \frac{3e^8 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{x}}{x}\right)}{128d^3\sqrt{d}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/4480*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)*(-256*e^7*x^7+105*d*e^6*x^6-128*d^2*e^5*x^5+70*d^3*e^4*x^4+1024*d^4*e^3*x^3-840*d^5*e^2*x^2-640*d^6*e*x+560*d^7)/x^8/d^4-3/128/d^3*e^8/(d^2)^{(1/2)*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)}$$

3.116.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \frac{105 e^8 x^8 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (256 e^7 x^7 - 105 d e^6 x^6 + 128 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 70 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 105 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 840 d^5 e^2 x^2 - 640 d^6 e x + 560 d^7)}{4480 d^4 x^8}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/4480*(105*e^8*x^8*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) + (256*e^7*x^7 - 105*d*e^6*x^6 + 128*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 70*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 1024*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 840*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 640*d^6*e*x - 560*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}}{(d^4*x^8)}$$

3.116.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1159, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**9/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output d**3*Piecewise((-d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 7*e/(48*x**7
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) + 5*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - 5*e**7/(128*d**
6*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e**8*acosh(d/(e*x))/(128*d**7), Abs(d*
**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(8*e*x**9*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 7*I
*e/(48*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(192*d**2*x**5*sqrt(-d**
2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**5/(384*d**4*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))
+ 5*I*e**7/(128*d**6*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e**8*asin(d/(e*
x))/(128*d**7), True)) - d**2*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(
7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**
2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(10
5*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*
x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(
-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) +
1)/(105*d**6), True)) - d*e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2
*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x
**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1
)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6
*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(...

```

3.116.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = & -\frac{3e^8 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{128d^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^8}{128d^5} \\
 & + \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^6}{128d^5 x^2} - \frac{2(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^5}{35d^4 x^3} + \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{64d^3 x^4} \\
 & - \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{35d^2 x^5} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{16dx^6} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{7x^7} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{8x^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output
$$-3/128*e^8*\log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^4 + 3/128 *sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^8/d^5 + 3/128*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6/(d^5*x^2) - 2/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5/(d^4*x^3) + 3/64*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2) *e^4/(d^3*x^4) - 3/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^2*x^5) + 1/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d*x^6) + 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/x^7 - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/x^8$$

3.116.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\left(35 e^9 - \frac{80 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^7}{x} + \frac{112 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 e^3}{x^3} - \frac{280 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 e}{x^4} + \frac{560 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^5}{x^5} \right)}{71680 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^8 d^4 |e|} - \frac{3 e^9 \log \left(\frac{|-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2 e^2 |x|} \right)}{128 d^4 |e|} + \frac{1680 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^{28} e^{13} |e|}{x} - \frac{560 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^{28} e^9 |e|}{x^3} + \frac{280 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^{28} e^7 |e|}{x^4} - \frac{112 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^5 d^{28} e^5 |e|}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$1/71680*(35*e^9 - 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^7/x + 112*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*e^3/x^3 - 280*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*e/x^4 + 560*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e*x^5) - 1680*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7/(e^5*x^7))*e^16*x^8/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8*d^4*abs(e)) - 3/128*e^9*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) + 1/71680*(1680*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^28*e^13*abs(e)/x - 560*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^28*e^9*abs(e)/x^3 + 280*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^28*e^7*abs(e)/x^4 - 112*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^28*e^5*abs(e)/x^5 + 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7*d^28*e*abs(e)/x^7 - 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^8*d^28*abs(e)/(e*x^8))/(d^32*e^8)$$

3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9 (d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.117 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx$

3.117.1 Optimal result	1242
3.117.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1242
3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1243
3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1244
3.117.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1244
3.117.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
3.117.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
3.117.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
3.117.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1246

3.117.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}(2-x)\sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}$$

output `-1/2*arcsin(x)-1/2*(2-x)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.117.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2}(-2+x)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(1 + x),x]`

output `((-2 + x)*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/2 + ArcTan[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/(1 + x)]`

3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {565, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{565} \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x - \sqrt{1-x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & -\frac{\arcsin(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} x - \sqrt{1-x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(1 + x),x]`

output `-Sqrt[1 - x^2] + (x*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/2 - ArcSin[x]/2`

3.117.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

```
rule 565 Int[((x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*b*c*p)), x] + Simp[b/d Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-2+x)(x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}$	25
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2} - \sqrt{-(1+x)^2 + 2 + 2x}$	34
trager	$(-1 + \frac{x}{2})\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + \frac{\text{RootOf}(-Z^2 + 1) \ln(-\text{RootOf}(-Z^2 + 1)\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + x)}{2}$	45

```
input int(x*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1+x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-2+x)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*arcsin(x)
```

3.117.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}(x-2) + \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)$$

```
input integrate(x*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1+x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(x - 2) + arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)
```

3.117.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2} - \sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2} & \text{for } x > -1 \wedge x < 1 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(-x**2+1)**(1/2)/(1+x),x)`output `Piecewise((x*sqrt(1 - x**2)/2 - sqrt(1 - x**2) - asin(x)/2, (x > -1) & (x < 1)))`**3.117.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-x^2+1}x - \sqrt{-x^2+1} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1+x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1/2*arcsin(x)`**3.117.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-x^2+1}(x-2) - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1+x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(x - 2) - 1/2*arcsin(x)`

3.117.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} dx = \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right) \sqrt{1-x^2} - \frac{\text{asin}(x)}{2}$$

input `int((x*(1 - x^2)^(1/2))/(x + 1),x)`

output `(x/2 - 1)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2) - asin(x)/2`

3.118 $\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1-ax)} dx$

3.118.1 Optimal result 1247
 3.118.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1247
 3.118.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1248
 3.118.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1250
 3.118.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1250
 3.118.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 1250
 3.118.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1251
 3.118.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1252
 3.118.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1252

3.118.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = -\frac{(1 - ax)\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x} - a \arcsin(ax) - a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}\right)$$

output `-a*arcsin(a*x)-a*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-(-a*x+1)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.118.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = \frac{(-1 + ax)\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x} - 2a \arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}\right) - a \log(x) + a \log\left(-1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(1 - a*x)),x]`

output `((-1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/x - 2*a*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])] - a*Log[x] + a*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.118.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {566, 536, 538, 223, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{566} \\
 & \int \frac{(ax + 1)\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{536} \\
 & \int \frac{a - a^2 x}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(1 - ax)\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & a^2 \left(- \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx \right) + a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(1 - ax)\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}(1 - ax)}{x} - a \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}(1 - ax)}{x} - a \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - x^4} d\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}(1 - ax)}{x} - a \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}(1 - ax)}{x} - a \arcsin(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(1 - a*x)),x]`

3.118. $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx$

output $-\left(\frac{(1 - ax)\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x} - a\operatorname{ArcSin}[ax] - a\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}]\right)$

3.118.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)x^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)x^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p(m+1)-1)}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + bx)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{Lt}Q[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 223 $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)x^2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\sqrt{a})]/\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[b]$
- rule 243 $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(m_)}((a_.) + (b_.)x^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)(a + bx)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 536 $\operatorname{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)x^{(m_)}((a_.) + (b_.)x^2)^{(p_)}]/x^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-2c^*p - d^*x)((a + bx^2)^p/(2p^*x)), x] + \operatorname{Int}[(a^*d + 2b^*c^*p^*x)((a + bx^2)^{(p-1)}/x), x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2^*p]$
- rule 538 $\operatorname{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)x]/(x)\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)x^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[1/(x\sqrt{a + bx^2}), x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d \operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + bx^2}], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 566 $\operatorname{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_)}((a_.) + (b_.)x^2)^{(p_)}]/((c_.) + (d_.)x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[x^m(a/c + b(x/d))(a + bx^2)^{(p-1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[b^*c^2 + a^*d^2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0]$

3.118.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^2 - 1}{x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + a \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x} - 4a^2 \left(\frac{x(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a^2}} \right) + a \left(\frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)$

input `int((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/x^2/(-a*x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(a^2*x^2-1)/x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-a^2/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-a*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`**3.118.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = \frac{2ax \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1}{ax}\right) + ax \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right) + ax + \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}(ax - 1)}{x}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/x^2/(-a*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(2*a*x*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + a*x*log((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) + a*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x - 1))/x`**3.118.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

3.118. $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx$

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = a \left(\begin{cases} i\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1} - \log(ax) + \frac{\log(a^2 x^2)}{2} + i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) & \text{for } |a^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \frac{\log(a^2 x^2)}{2} - \log(\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + \begin{cases} -\frac{ia^2 x}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}} + ia \operatorname{acosh}(ax) + \frac{i}{x\sqrt{a^2 x^2 - 1}} & \text{for } |a^2 x^2| > 1 \\ \frac{a^2 x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} - a \operatorname{asin}(ax) - \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-a**2*x**2+1)**(3/2)/x**2/(-a*x+1),x)`

output `a*Piecewise((I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) - log(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 + I*asin(1/(a*x)), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 - log(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + 1), True)) + Piecewise((-I*a**2*x/sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) + I*a*acosh(a*x) + I/(x*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (a**2*x/sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) - a*asin(a*x) - 1/(x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)), True))`

3.118.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = -a \arcsin(ax) - a \log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|}\right) + \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} a - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/x^2/(-a*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*arcsin(a*x) - a*log(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/x`

3.118.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(45) = 90$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = \frac{a^4 x}{2(\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}|a| + a)|a|} - \frac{a^2 \arcsin(ax) \operatorname{sgn}(a)}{|a|}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}|a| - 2a|}{2a^2|x|}\right)}{|a|} + \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}a - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}|a| + a}{2x|a|}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/x^2/(-a*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a^4*x/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*abs(a)) - a^2*arcsin(a*x)*sgn(a)/abs(a) - a^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) - 2*a)/(a^2*abs(x)))/abs(a) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a - 1/2*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(x*abs(a))`

3.118.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(1 - ax)} dx = a\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{x}$$

$$- \frac{a^2 \operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2})}{\sqrt{-a^2}} + a \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \operatorname{li}\right) \operatorname{li}$$

input `int(-(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a*x - 1)),x)`

output `a*atan((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*li)*li + a*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2) - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x - (a^2*asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2)))/(-a^2)^(1/2)`

3.119 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.119.1 Optimal result 1253
 3.119.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1253
 3.119.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1254
 3.119.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1256
 3.119.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1257
 3.119.6 Sympy [F] 1257
 3.119.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1258
 3.119.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1258
 3.119.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1259

3.119.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^3(d-ex)}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^3} - \frac{d(16d-9ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{6e^5} - \frac{3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^5}$$

output `-3/2*d^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+x^3*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-4/3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-1/6*d*(-9*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.119.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-16d^3-7d^2ex+de^2x^2-2e^3x^3)}{6e^5(d+ex)} + \frac{3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-16 d^3 - 7 d^2 e x + d e^2 x^2 - 2 e^3 x^3)) / (6 e^5 * (d + e x)) + (3 d^3 \text{ArcTan}[(e x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2])]) / e^5$

3.119.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {563, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 563 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^3-exd^2+e^2x^2d-e^3x^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3dx^2e^4-5d^2xe^3+3d^3e^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\int \frac{3dx^2e^4-5d^2xe^3+3d^3e^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\int -\frac{d^2e^4(9d-10ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\int \frac{d^2e^4(9d-10ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.119. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \int \frac{9d-10ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
& -\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(9d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{10\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(9d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{10\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2e^2 \left(\frac{9d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 10\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{3}{2}de^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-((d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^5*(d + e*x))) - ((e*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + ((-3*d*e^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*e^2*((10*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (9*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2)/(3*e^2))/e^4`

3.119.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.119.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(2e^2x^2 - 3dex + 10d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{6e^5} - \frac{3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^6\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3e^4}}{e} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{e^5} - \frac{d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^2}$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.119.
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

output
$$-1/6*(2*e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+10*d^2)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-3/2*d^3/e^4/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-d^3/e^6/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.119.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{16d^3ex + 16d^4 - 18(d^3ex + d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (2e^3x^3 - de^2x^2 + 7d^2ex + 16d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6(e^6x + de^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(16*d^3*e*x + 16*d^4 - 18*(d^3*e*x + d^4)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (2*e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 + 7*d^2*e*x + 16*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^6*x + d*e^5)$$

3.119.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.119.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}{e^6x+de^5} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x^2}{3e^3} - \frac{3d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^5} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}dx}{2e^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2}{3e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/(e^6*x + d*e^5) - 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^2/e^3 - 3/2*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*x/e^4 - 5/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/e^5`**3.119.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(x \left(\frac{2x}{e^3} - \frac{3d}{e^4} \right) + \frac{10d^2}{e^5} \right) \\ - \frac{3d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^4|e|} + \frac{2d^3}{e^4 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x*(2*x/e^3 - 3*d/e^4) + 10*d^2/e^5) - 3/2*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) + 2*d^3/(e^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`

3.119.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.120 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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 3.120.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1265

3.120.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d-ex)}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{(4d-3ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^4} + \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^4}$$

output `3/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+x^2*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(-3*e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4`

3.120.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(4d^2+dex-e^2x^2)}{2e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(4*d^2 + d*e*x - e^2*x^2))/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)) - (3*d^2 *ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^4`

3.120.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {563, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\
 & \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d^2-exd+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2-exd+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2(3d-2ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2(3d-2ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{3d-2ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.120. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + (-1/2*(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (d*((2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e))/2)/e^3`

3.120.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 563 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*
b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n
- 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2
, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.120.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^4} + \frac{3d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^3\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^5(x+\frac{d}{e})}$	10
default	$\frac{-x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^4} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^5(x+\frac{d}{e})}$	15

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(-e*x+2*d)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d^2/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^
2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+d^2/e^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x
+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.120. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.120.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{4d^2ex + 4d^3 - 6(d^2ex + d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (e^2x^2 - dex - 4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2(e^5x + de^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(4*d^2*e*x + 4*d^3 - 6*(d^2*e*x + d^3)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (e^2*x^2 - d*e*x - 4*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^5*x + d*e^4)`**3.120.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.120.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2}{e^5x + de^4} + \frac{3d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}x}{2e^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + 3/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x/e^3 + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/e^4`

3.120. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.120.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{x}{e^3} - \frac{2d}{e^4} \right) + \frac{3d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^3|e|} - \frac{2d^2}{e^3 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x/e^3 - 2*d/e^4) + 3/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 2*d^2/(e^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.120.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.121 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.121.1 Optimal result	1266
3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1266
3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1267
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3.121.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
3.121.6 Sympy [F]	1269
3.121.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
3.121.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1270
3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1270

3.121.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output $-d*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)$

3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-2d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2/((d+e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2]),x]$

output $((-2*d-e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2])/(e^3*(d+e*x))+(2*d*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2-e^2*x^2])])/e^3$

3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {563, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & -\frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & -\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^3*(d + e*x))) - (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e + (d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e)/e^2`

3.121.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

3.121.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	97
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	97

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `$$-\left(-e^2x^2+d^2\right)^{1/2}/e^3-d/e^2/\left(e^2\right)^{1/2}*\arctan\left(\left(e^2\right)^{1/2}*x/\left(-e^2x^2+d^2\right)^{1/2}\right)-d/e^4/\left(x+d/e\right)*\left(-\left(x+d/e\right)^2*e^2+2*d*e*\left(x+d/e\right)\right)^{1/2}$$`

3.121.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2dex + 2d^2 - 2(dex + d^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+2d)}{e^4x + de^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*d*e*x + 2*d^2 - 2*(d*e*x + d^2)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + 2*d))/(e^4*x + d*e^3)`**3.121.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.121.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{e^4x + de^3} - \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/(e^4*x + d*e^3) - d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^3`

3.121.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^2|e|} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3} + \frac{2d}{e^2\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^3 + 2*d/(e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

3.122.1 Optimal result	1271
3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1271
3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1272
3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1273
3.122.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
3.122.6 Sympy [F]	1274
3.122.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
3.122.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
3.122.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1275

3.122.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output `arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)`

3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(e^2*(d + e*x)) - (2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^2`

3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {563, 25, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(e^2*(d + e*x)) + ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e^2`

3.122.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*m - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*m - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^3\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	74

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+1/e^3/(x+d/e)*(-x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)`

3.122.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{ex - 2(ex+d)\arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + d + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3x + de^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(e*x - 2*(e*x + d)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + d + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^3*x + d*e^2)`**3.122.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.122.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^3x + de^2} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(e^3*x + d*e^2) + arcsin(e*x/d)/e^2`

3.122.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e|e|} - \frac{2}{e\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) - 2/(e*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.122.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.123 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.123.1 Optimal result 1276
 3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1276
 3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1277
 3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1277
 3.123.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1278
 3.123.6 Sympy [F] 1278
 3.123.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1278
 3.123.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1279
 3.123.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1279

3.123.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de(d+ex)}$$

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/e/(e*x+d)`

3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)))`

3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 460

$$-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)))`

3.123.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-ex+d}{de\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}$	29
trager	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{de(ex+d)}$	30
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^2d(x+\frac{d}{e})}$	46

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-(e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}$

3.123.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{ex+d+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{de^2x+d^2e}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(e*x + d + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^2*x + d^2*e)$

3.123.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.123.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{de^2x+d^2e}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^2*x + d^2*e)$

3.123.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{d\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/(d*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.123.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de(d+ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `-(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d*e*(d + e*x))`

$$3.124 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

3.124.1 Optimal result	1280
3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1280
3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1281
3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1282
3.124.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1283
3.124.6 Sympy [F]	1283
3.124.7 Maxima [F]	1283
3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1284
3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1284

3.124.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

output `-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^2+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/(e*x+d)`

3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex} - \sqrt{d^2} \log(x) + \sqrt{d^2} \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x) - Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^3`

3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {564, 25, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} - \int -\frac{1}{dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{dx\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d^2*(d + e*x)) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]/d^2`

3.124.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{ed^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	88

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/d/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+1/e/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.124.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{ex + (ex+d) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + d + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^2ex + d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$(e*x + (e*x + d)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + d + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^2*e*x + d^3)$$

3.124.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.124.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{e \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^2|e|} - \frac{2e}{d^2\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) - 2*e/(d^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.125 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.125.1 Optimal result	1285
3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1285
3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1286
3.125.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1288
3.125.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1288
3.125.6 Sympy [F]	1289
3.125.7 Maxima [F]	1289
3.125.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1289
3.125.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1290

3.125.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3x} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2x(d+ex)} + \frac{\operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^3}$$

output `e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x/(e*x+d)`

3.125.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{d(d+2ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x(d+ex)} + \sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) - \sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{d^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((-((d*(d + 2*e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(x*(d + e*x))) + Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x] - Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^4`

3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {564, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & - \int -\frac{d-ex}{d^2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{d-ex}{d^2x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d-ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{-e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{d^2-\frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^3(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-((e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d^3*(d + e*x))) + (-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d)/d^2`

3.125.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 564 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b
^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b
*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-
n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^
2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]
```

3.125.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^3x} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^3\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	108
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^3x} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^3\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	108

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x+e/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^
2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-1/d^3/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.125.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^2x^2 + dex + (e^2x^2 + dex) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(2ex+d)}{d^3ex^2 + d^4x}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -(e^2*x^2 + d*e*x + (e^2*x^2 + d*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) +
sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(2*e*x + d))/(d^3*e*x^2 + d^4*x)
```

3.125.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.125.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.125.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^3|e|} + \frac{\left(e^2 + \frac{5(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x}\right)e^2x}{2(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^3\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|} - \frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2d^3x|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^3*abs(e)) + 1/2*(e^2 + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/x)*e^2*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(d^3*x*abs(e))`

3.125.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.126 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.126.1 Optimal result	1291
3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1291
3.126.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1292
3.126.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1294
3.126.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1295
3.126.6 Sympy [F]	1295
3.126.7 Maxima [F]	1296
3.126.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1296
3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1297

3.126.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^3x^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4x} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2x^2(d+ex)} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^4}$$

output

```
-3/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4-3/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2+2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2/(e*x+d)
```

3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-d^2+dex+4e^2x^2)}{x^2(d+ex)} - 3\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log(x) + 3\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)}{2d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]
```

output $((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-d^2 + d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2))/(x^2*(d + e*x)) - 3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[x] + 3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*d^5)$

3.126.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {564, 25, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 564 \\
 & \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \int -\frac{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^3} - \frac{ex}{d^2} + \frac{1}{d}}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^3} - \frac{ex}{d^2} + \frac{1}{d}}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{e(2d-3ex)}{dx^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^3x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{2d-3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^3x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & -\frac{e\left(-3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^3x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & -\frac{e\left(-\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^3x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d^3 x^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{e \left(\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d^3} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d^3 x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d^3*x^2) + (e^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d^4*(d + e*x)) - (e*((-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d^3)`

3.126.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.126.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2ex+d)}{2d^4x^2} - \frac{3e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^3\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}}}{d} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^4x} + \frac{e\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.126.
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

output
$$-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*e*x+d)/d^4/x^2-3/2*e^2/d^3/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+e/d^4/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.126.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e^3x^3 + 2de^2x^2 + 3(e^3x^3 + de^2x^2) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + (4e^2x^2 + dex - d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2(d^4ex^3 + d^5x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/2*(2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + (4*e^2*x^2 + d*e*x - d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^4*e*x^3 + d^5*x^2)$$

3.126.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.126.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.126.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 256 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\left(e^3 - \frac{3(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e}{x} - \frac{20(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{ex^2} \right) e^4 x^2}{8(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^4 \left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|} - \frac{3e^3 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^4|e|} + \frac{4(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^4e|e|}{x} - \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^4|e|}{ex^2}}{8d^8e^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(e^3 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e*x^2))*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) - 3/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) + 1/8*(4*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*e*abs(e)/x - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^8*e^2)`

3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.127 $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1298
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3.127.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^4(d-ex)}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{(16d-15ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{6e^6} - \frac{5d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^6}$$

output `1/3*x^4*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-5/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6-1/3*x^2*(-5*e*x+4*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/6*(-15*e*x+16*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6`

3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(16d^4+d^3ex-23d^2e^2x^2-3de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{6e^6(-d+ex)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{5d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (16 d^4 + d^3 e x - 23 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 3 d e^3 x^3 + 3 e^4 x^4)) / (6 e^6 (-d + e x) (d + e x)^2) + (5 d^2 \text{ArcTan}[(e x) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2]])]) / e^6$

3.127.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {568, 530, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 568 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3(4d-5ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 530 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^4}{e^3} - \frac{4xd^3}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e}}{d^2} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{5d^4}{e^3} - \frac{4xd^3}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{\int -\frac{d^3(15d-8ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{d^3(15d-8ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.127. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3 \int \frac{15d-8ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^3} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3 \left(15d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^3} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3 \left(15d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} dx + \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^3} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{x^4}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{d^3 \left(\frac{15d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^3} - \frac{5d^2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^3}}{d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `x^4/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - ((d^2*(4*d - 5*e*x))/(e^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((-5*d^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e^3) + (d^3*((8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (15*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^3))/d^2)/(3*e^2)`

3.127.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

3.127. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 568 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d^(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.127.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^6} - \frac{5d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{6e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{25d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{12e^7(x+\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{x^3}{2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{3d^2\left(\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2x}{e^5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^3}$

input `int(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/2*(-e*x+2*d)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-5/2*d^2/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+1/6*d^3/e^8/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-25/12*d^2/e^7/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/4*d^2/e^7/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)$$
3.127.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16d^2e^3x^3 + 16d^3e^2x^2 - 16d^4ex - 16d^5 - 30(d^2e^3x^3 + d^3e^2x^2 - d^4ex - d^5) \arctan\left(\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) - (3d^2e^3x^3 + 3d^3e^2x^2 - 3d^4ex - 3d^5) \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6(e^9x^3 + de^8x^2 - d^2e^7x - d^3e^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/6*(16*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 16*d^4*e*x - 16*d^5 - 30*(d^2*e^3*x^3 + d^3*e^2*x^2 - d^4*e*x - d^5)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (3*e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^3*x^3 - 23*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e*x + 16*d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^9*x^3 + d*e^8*x^2 - d^2*e^7*x - d^3*e^6)$$

3.127.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.127.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^4}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^6)} - \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3} + \frac{dx^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} + \frac{17d^2x}{6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5} - \frac{5d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^6} - \frac{3d^3}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*d^4/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^6) - 1/2*x^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3) + d*x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4) + 17/6*d^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - 5/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^6 - 3*d^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6)`

3.127.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.127.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.128 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.128.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^3(d-ex)}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x(3d-4ex)}{3e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^5} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `1/3*x^3*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-1/3*x*(-4*e*x+3*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+8/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.128.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^3+5d^2ex-7de^2x^2-3e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{6d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{3e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(8*d^3 + 5*d^2*e*x - 7*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3))/((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2) - 6*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(3*e^5)`

3.128. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.128.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {568, 530, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2(3d-4ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^2(3d-4ex)}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{d(4d-3ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3d-4ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{d(4d-3ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} - \frac{d(4d-3ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} - \frac{d(4d-3ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{x^3}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{e^2} - \frac{d(4d-3ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

$$3.128. \quad \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $x^3/(3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}) - ((d(4d-3ex))/(e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})) - ((4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})/e + (3d\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}])/e)/e^2/(3e^2)$

3.128.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 568 `Int[((x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.128.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^5} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{19d\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{12e^6\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{d\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{4e^6\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}}{6e^7}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{x^2}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{2d^2}{e^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{e} + \frac{d^2}{e^5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{dx}{e^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^4}{e^7}$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/e^5+d/e^4/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}x/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+19/12*d/e^6/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/4*d/e^6/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/6*d^2/e^7/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$

3.128.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8de^3x^3 + 8d^2e^2x^2 - 8d^3ex - 8d^4 - 6(de^3x^3 + d^2e^2x^2 - d^3ex - d^4) \arctan}{3(e^8x^3 + de^7x^2 - d^2e^6x - d^3e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/3*(8*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^3*e*x - 8*d^4 - 6*(d*e^3*x^3 + d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e*x - d^4)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (3*e^3*x^3 + 7*d*e^2*x^2 - 5*d^2*e*x - 8*d^3)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^8*x^3 + d*e^7*x^2 - d^2*e^6*x - d^3*e^5)$

3.128.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.128.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d^3}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^5)} - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3} - \frac{4dx}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} + \frac{d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^5} + \frac{3d^2}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*d^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^5) - x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3) - 4/3*d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4) + d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 + 3*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5)`

3.128.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.128.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.129
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.129.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d-ex)}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d-3ex}{3e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output `1/3*x^2*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
/e^4+1/3*(3*e*x-2*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.129.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^2+dex+4e^2x^2)}{(d-ex)(d+ex)^2} + 6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 3e^4$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2))/((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2) + 6*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(3*e^4)`

3.129.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {568, 530, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x(2d-3ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{2d-3ex}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^2}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{3\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2d-3ex}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3\int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{e} + \frac{2d-3ex}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d-3ex}{e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `x^2/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - ((2*d - 3*e*x)/(e^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (3*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^2)/(3*e^2)`

3.129. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.129.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 568 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.129.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result
default	$\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3} - \frac{d}{e^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{d^3}{e^4} \left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{3ed^3}{3e^4} \right)$

3.129. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{e} \frac{x/e^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{e^2} \frac{1}{(e^2)^{1/2}} \arctan\left(\frac{(e^2)^{1/2}x}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}}\right) + \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}} \frac{e^3x-d/e^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{d^3/e^4}{(-1/3d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2e^2+2d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2})} - \frac{1/3/e/d^3}{(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2}}$

3.129.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^3x^3 + 2de^2x^2 - 2d^2ex - 2d^3 - 6(e^3x^3 + de^2x^2 - d^2ex - d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (4e^2x^2 + dex - d^3e^4)}{3(e^7x^3 + de^6x^2 - d^2e^5x - d^3e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/3*(2e^3x^3 + 2d*e^2x^2 - 2d^2*e*x - 2d^3 - 6*(e^3x^3 + d*e^2x^2 - d^2*e*x - d^3)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (4e^2x^2 + d*e*x - 2d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/(e^7x^3 + d*e^6x^2 - d^2*e^5x - d^3e^4)$

3.129.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.129.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^2}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^4)} + \frac{4x}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4) + 4/3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3) - arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 - d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4)`**3.129.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.129.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.130 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.130.1 Optimal result 1316
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 3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1317
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 3.130.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1319

3.130.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{x^2}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `2/3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*x^2/d/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^2+2dex-e^2x^2)}{3de^3(d-ex)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^2 + 2*d*e*x - e^2*x^2))/(3*d*e^3*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2)`

3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {567, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{567}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e} - \frac{x^2}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{241}$$

$$\frac{2}{3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{x^2}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `2/(3*e^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - x^2/(3*d*e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.130.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 567 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*p*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[m/(2*d*p) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.130.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(-e^2x^2+2dex+2d^2)}{3de^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}$	48
trager	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+2dex+2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3de^3(ex+d)^2(-ex+d)}$	57
default	$\frac{1}{e^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{x}{de^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{d^2}{e^3} \left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3e d^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} \right)$	149

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+2*d*e*x+2*d^2)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)`**3.130.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^3x^3 + 2de^2x^2 - 2d^2ex - 2d^3 + (e^2x^2 - 2dex - 2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3(de^6x^3 + d^2e^5x^2 - d^3e^4x - d^4e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/3*(2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*x - 2*d^3 + (e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x - 2*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^6*x^3 + d^2*e^5*x^2 - d^3*e^4*x - d^4*e^3)`**3.130.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.130. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.130.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^3)} - \frac{x}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3) - 1/3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2) + 1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3)`**3.130.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.130.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^2+2dex-e^2x^2)}{3de^3(d+ex)^2(d-ex)}$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^2 - e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x))/(3*d*e^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x))`

3.130. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\mathbf{3.131} \quad \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.131.1 Optimal result	1320
3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1320
3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1321
3.131.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1322
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3.131.6 Sympy [F]	1322
3.131.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
3.131.8 Giac [F]	1323
3.131.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1323

3.131.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{3d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/3*x/d^2/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/3/e^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^2+dex+e^2x^2)}{3d^2e^2(d-ex)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(3*d^2*e^2*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2)`

3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {565, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 565

$$\frac{d}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - e \int \frac{x^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{d}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{ex^3}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `d/(3*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (e*x^3)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))`

3.131.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 565 `Int[((x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*b*c*p)), x] + Simp[b/d Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.131.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(e^2x^2+dex+d^2)}{3d^2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	44
trager	$\frac{(e^2x^2+dex+d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^2e^2(ex+d)^2(-ex+d)}$	53
default	$\frac{x}{d^2e\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3ed^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{e^2}$	129

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*(-e*x+d)*(e^2*x^2+d*e*x+d^2)/d^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)`**3.131.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^3x^3 + de^2x^2 - d^2ex - d^3 - (e^2x^2 + dex + d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3(d^2e^5x^3 + d^3e^4x^2 - d^4e^3x - d^5e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/3*(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 - d^2*e*x - d^3 - (e^2*x^2 + d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^5*x^3 + d^3*e^4*x^2 - d^4*e^3*x - d^5*e^2)`**3.131.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

3.131. $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output `Integral(x/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.131.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2)} + \frac{x}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2) + 1/3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e)`

3.131.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.131.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^2+de^2x+e^2x^2)}{3d^2e^2(d+ex)^2(d-ex)}$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + d*e*x))/(3*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x))`

3.132 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.132.1 Optimal result 1324
 3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1324
 3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1325
 3.132.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1326
 3.132.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 1326
 3.132.6 Sympy [F] 1326
 3.132.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1327
 3.132.8 Giac [F] 1327
 3.132.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1327

3.132.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `2/3*x/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3/d/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-d^2+2dex+2e^2x^2)}{3d^3e(d-ex)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-d^2 + 2*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2))/(3*d^3*e*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2)`

3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {470, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 470

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{2x}{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*x)/(3*d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - 1/(3*d*e*(d + e*x)*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.132.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 470 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.132.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(-2e^2x^2-2dex+d^2)}{3d^3e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	46
trager	$-\frac{(-2e^2x^2-2dex+d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3d^3(ex+d)^2e(-ex+d)}$	55
default	$-\frac{1}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}} - \frac{-2(x+\frac{d}{e})e^2+2de}{3e d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}$	104

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*(-e*x+d)*(-2*e^2*x^2-2*d*e*x+d^2)/d^3/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)`**3.132.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{e^3x^3 + de^2x^2 - d^2ex - d^3 + (2e^2x^2 + 2dex - d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3(d^3e^4x^3 + d^4e^3x^2 - d^5e^2x - d^6e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 - d^2*e*x - d^3 + (2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x - d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^3 + d^4*e^3*x^2 - d^5*e^2*x - d^6*e)`**3.132.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.132. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.132.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e)} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^2*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e) + 2/3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3)`**3.132.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.132.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-d^2+2dex+2e^2x^2)}{3d^3e(d+ex)^2(d-ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*e^2*x^2 - d^2 + 2*d*e*x))/(3*d^3*e*(d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)`

3.133 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.133.1 Optimal result 1328
 3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1328
 3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1329
 3.133.4 Maple [B] (verified) 1331
 3.133.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1332
 3.133.6 Sympy [F] 1332
 3.133.7 Maxima [F] 1332
 3.133.8 Giac [F] 1333
 3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1333

3.133.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3d-2ex}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^4}$$

output `-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4+1/3*(-2*e*x+3*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/3/d^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(4d^2+dex-2e^2x^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d-ex)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2} \log(x) + 3\sqrt{d^2} \log(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{3d^5}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((d*(4*d^2 + d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2) - 3*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + 3*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(3*d^5)`

3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{569} \\
 & \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d-2ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3d-2ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3d-2ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{3d-2ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{3\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{3d-2ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3d-2ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3d-2ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/(3*d^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((3*d - 2*e*x)/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2)`

3.133.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 569 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]
```

3.133.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3e d^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}$	171

```
input int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/e/d^3*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))
```

3.133.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4e^3x^3 + 4de^2x^2 - 4d^2ex - 4d^3 + 3(e^3x^3 + de^2x^2 - d^2ex - d^3) \log\left(-\frac{d-v}{d+ex}\right)}{3(d^4e^3x^3 + d^5e^2x^2 - d^6ex - d^7)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(4*e^3*x^3 + 4*d*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2*e*x - 4*d^3 + 3*(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 - d^2*e*x - d^3)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (2*e^2*x^2 - d*e*x - 4*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^3*x^3 + d^5*e^2*x^2 - d^6*e*x - d^7)`**3.133.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.133.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.133.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.134 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.134.1 Optimal result 1334
 3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1334
 3.134.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1335
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 3.134.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1338
 3.134.6 Sympy [F] 1338
 3.134.7 Maxima [F] 1338
 3.134.8 Giac [F] 1339
 3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1339

3.134.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4d-3ex}{3d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^5x} + \frac{\operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^5}$$

output `e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5+1/3*(-3*e*x+4*d)/d^4/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/3/d^2/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-8/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x`

3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^3+7d^2ex-5de^2x^2-8e^3x^3)}{x(-d+ex)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) - 3\sqrt{d^2}e \log(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{3d^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(3*d^3 + 7*d^2*e*x - 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 8*e^3*x^3))/(x*(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x)^2) + 3*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x] - 3*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(3*d^6)`

3.134. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.134.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 25, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{569} \\
 & \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4d-3ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4d-3ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{4d-3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(3d-4ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4d-3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(3d-4ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{-3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{3d^2} - \frac{e(3d-4ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{3d^2} - \frac{e(3d-4ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.134. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{e^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} - \frac{e(3d - 4ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2 x(d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} - \frac{e(3d - 4ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2 x(d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/(3*d^2*x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (-((e*(3*d - 4*e*x))/(d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + ((-4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d)/d^2)/(3*d^2)`

3.134.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 534 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 569 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]
```

3.134.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^5x} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{6d^4e\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{17\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{12d^5\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{6d^4e\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$
default	$-\frac{1}{d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{2e^2x}{d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{d^2}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x+1/d^4*e/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-1/6/d^4/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-17/12/d^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/4/d^5/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.134. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.134.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 - 4d^2e^2x^2 - 4d^3ex + 3(e^4x^4 + de^3x^3 - d^2e^2x^2 - d^3ex) \log\left(\frac{-d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + (8e^3x^3 + 3(d^5e^3x^4 + d^6e^2x^3 - d^7ex^2 - d^8x))}{3(d^5e^3x^4 + d^6e^2x^3 - d^7ex^2 - d^8x)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(4*e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^3*e*x + 3*(e^4*x^4 + d*e^3*x^3 - d^2*e^2*x^2 - d^3*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (8*e^3*x^3 + 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 7*d^2*e*x - 3*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^3*x^4 + d^6*e^2*x^3 - d^7*e*x^2 - d^8*x)`**3.134.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.134.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.134.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.134.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.135 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.135.1 Optimal result	1340
3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1340
3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1341
3.135.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1344
3.135.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
3.135.6 Sympy [F]	1345
3.135.7 Maxima [F]	1345
3.135.8 Giac [F]	1345
3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1346

3.135.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5d-4ex}{3d^4x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^5x^2} + \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^6x} - \frac{5e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^6}$$

output

```
-5/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/3*(-4*e*x+5*d)/d^4/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/3/d^2/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-5/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x^2+8/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x
```

3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4-3d^3ex-23d^2e^2x^2+de^3x^3+16e^4x^4)}{x^2(-d+ex)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{15\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}e^2 \log}{6d^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(3*d^4 - 3*d^3*e*x - 23*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d*e^3*x^3 + 16*e^4*x^4))/(x^2*(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x)^2) - 15*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[x] + 15*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(6*d^7)
```

3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 25, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{569} \\
 & \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d-4ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-4ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{5e^2x^2}{d}-4ex+5d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{5e^2x^2}{d}-4ex+5d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{\int \frac{de(8d-15ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{e \int \frac{8d-15ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.135. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{e\left(-15e\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d}-\frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2}+\frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{-\frac{e\left(-\frac{15}{2}e\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d}-\frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2}+\frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{-\frac{e\left(\frac{15\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e}}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d}-\frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d}-\frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2}+\frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{-\frac{e\left(\frac{15e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}-\frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d}-\frac{5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2}+\frac{e^2(5d-4ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{1}{3d^2x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/(3*d^2*x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((e^2*(5*d - 4*e*x))/(d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((-5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) - (e*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (15*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d))/d^2)/(3*d^2)`

3.135.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
 l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
 ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
 ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
 *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
 *(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
 x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
 -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 569 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
 > Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2
 *c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x],
 x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]`

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.135.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2ex+d)}{2d^6x^2} - \frac{5e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^5\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{23e\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{12d^6(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{e\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2-2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{4d^6(x-\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{3e^2\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{e^2\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^3}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/d^6/x^2-5/2/d^5*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+23/12/d^6*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^
2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/4/d^6*e/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e)
)^(1/2)+1/6/d^5/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.135.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{14e^5x^5 + 14de^4x^4 - 14d^2e^3x^3 - 14d^3e^2x^2 + 15(e^5x^5 + de^4x^4 - d^2e^3x^3 - 6(d^6e^3x^5 - \dots))}{6(d^6e^3x^5 - \dots)}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $\frac{1}{6}(14e^5x^5 + 14d^4e^4x^4 - 14d^2e^3x^3 - 14d^3e^2x^2 + 15(e^5x^5 + d^4e^4x^4 - d^2e^3x^3 - d^3e^2x^2))\log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (16e^4x^4 + d^4e^3x^3 - 23d^2e^2x^2 - 3d^3e^3x + 3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} / (d^6e^3x^5 + d^7e^2x^4 - d^8e^3x^3 - d^9x^2)$

3.135.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.135.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.135.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.136 $\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.136.1 Optimal result 1347
 3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1347
 3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1348
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 3.136.8 Giac [F] 1354
 3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1354

3.136.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^6(d-ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^4(6d-7ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x^2(24d-35ex)}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{(32d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{10e^8} + \frac{7d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^8}$$

output `1/5*x^6*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^4*(-7*e*x+6*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+7/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^8+1/15*x^2*(-35*e*x+24*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/10*(-35*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^8`

3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(96d^6-9d^5ex-249d^4e^2x^2-4d^3e^3x^3+176d^2e^4x^4+15de^5x^5-15e^6x^6)}{(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} - 210d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) \frac{1}{30e^8}$$

input `Integrate[x^7/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(96*d^6 - 9*d^5*e*x - 249*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 15*d*e^5*x^5 - 15*e^6*x^6))/((d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 210*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(30*e^8)$

3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {568, 530, 25, 2345, 27, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 568 \\
 & \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^5(6d-7ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 530 \\
 & \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{7d^6}{e^5} - \frac{18xd^5}{e^4} + \frac{21x^2d^4}{e^3} - \frac{18x^3d^3}{e^2} + \frac{21x^4d^2}{e} dx}{3d^2}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{7d^6}{e^5} - \frac{18xd^5}{e^4} + \frac{21x^2d^4}{e^3} - \frac{18x^3d^3}{e^2} + \frac{21x^4d^2}{e} dx}{3d^2}}{5e^2} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2345 \\
 & \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{3\left(\frac{14d^6}{e^5} - \frac{6xd^5}{e^4} + \frac{7x^2d^4}{e^3}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.136. $\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{14d^6 - 6xd^5 + 7x^2d^4}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 \downarrow 2346 \\
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{d^5(35d-12ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{d^5(35d-12ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{d^5 \int \frac{35d-12ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - 7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 \downarrow 455 \\
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{d^5 \left(35d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{12\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - 7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{x^6}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{d^5 \left(\frac{35d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{12\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}}{d^2-e^2x^2+1} - \frac{7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) dx - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}
 \end{array}$$

3.136. $\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 216 \\
 x^6 \\
 \hline
 5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 \hline
 3 \left(\frac{d^5 \left(\frac{35d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 12\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{7d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{d^2}{3d^2} - \frac{d^4(36d-49ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^4(6d-7ex)}{3e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 \hline
 5e^2
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^7/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `x^6/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((d^4*(6*d - 7*e*x))/(3*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((d^4*(36*d - 49*e*x))/(e^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) - (3*((-7*d^4*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*e^5) + (d^5*((12*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (35*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^5)))/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*e^2)`

3.136.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.136. $\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

```
rule 530 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 568 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.136.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. $2(142) = 284$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^8} + \frac{7d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^7\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{7d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^{10}(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} + \frac{773d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{240e^9(x+\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{x^5}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5d^2\left(\frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2e^2} + \frac{d^6\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^7}$

input `int(x^7/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-e*x+2*d)/e^8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+7/2*d^2/e^7/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-7/15*d^3/e^10/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+773/240*d^2/e^9/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/24*d^3/e^10/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+31/48*d^2/e^9/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+1/20*d^4/e^11/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.136.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{96d^2e^5x^5 + 96d^3e^4x^4 - 192d^4e^3x^3 - 192d^5e^2x^2 + 96d^6ex + 96d^7 - 210(d^2e^5x^5 + d^3e^4x^4 - 2d^4e^3x^3 - 2d^5e^2x^2 + d^6e^2x + d^7) \arctan\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (15e^6x^6 - 15d^2e^5x^5 - 176d^2e^4x^4 + 4d^3e^3x^3 + 249d^4e^2x^2 + 9d^5e^2x - 96d^6) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(96*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 96*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 192*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 192*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 96*d^6*e*x + 96*d^7 - 210*(d^2*e^5*x^5 + d^3*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^5*e^2*x^2 + d^6*e*x + d^7)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (15*e^6*x^6 - 15*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 176*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 249*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 9*d^5*e^2*x - 96*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^13*x^5 + d*e^12*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^11*x^3 - 2*d^3*e^10*x^2 + d^4*e^9*x + d^5*e^8)`

3.136.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**7/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**7/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.136.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{d^6}{5 \left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^9x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}de^8 \right)} \\ &- \frac{x^5}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} + \frac{dx^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{25d^2x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} - \frac{65d^3x^2}{6(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^6} \\ &- \frac{164d^4x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^7} - \frac{7dx^2}{6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6} + \frac{53d^5}{6(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^8} \\ &+ \frac{229d^2x}{30\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7} + \frac{7d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^8} - \frac{14d^3}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^8} - \frac{7\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d}{6e^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*d^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^9*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^8) - 1/2*x^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) + d*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) + 25/2*d^2*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) - 65/6*d^3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6) - 164/15*d^4*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7) - 7/6*d*x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6) + 53/6*d^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^8) + 229/30*d^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7) + 7/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^8 - 14/3*d^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^8) - 7/6*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/e^8`

3.136.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^7/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^7/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(x^7/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.137
$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.137.1 Optimal result 1355
 3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1355
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3.137.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^5(d-ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^3(5d-6ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(5d-8ex)}{5e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^7} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^7}$$

output `1/5*x^5*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^3*(-6*e*x+5*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^7+1/5*x*(-8*e*x+5*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-16/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^7`

3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-48d^5-33d^4ex+87d^3e^2x^2+52d^2e^3x^3-38de^4x^4-15e^5x^5)}{15e^7(-d+ex)^2(d+ex)^3} + \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}\right)}{e^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-48d^5 - 33d^4ex + 87d^3e^2x^2 + 52d^2e^3x^3 - 38d^4e^4x^4 - 15e^5x^5)) / (15e^7(-d + ex)^2(d + ex)^3) + (2d * \text{ArcTan}[(ex) / (\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])]) / e^7$

3.137.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {568, 530, 2345, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 568 \\
 \frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4(5d-6ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 \downarrow 530 \\
 \frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{5d^5}{e^4} - \frac{18xd^4}{e^3} + \frac{15x^2d^3}{e^2} - \frac{18x^3d^2}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 2345 \\
 \frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3d^4(5d-6ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{4d^3(9d-5ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3d^2 \int \frac{5d-6ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{4d^3(9d-5ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 455
 \end{array}$$

3.137. $\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3d^2\left(5d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx + \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right) - \frac{4d^3(9d-5ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} - \frac{5e^2}{5e^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3d^2\left(5d\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right) - \frac{4d^3(9d-5ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2} - \frac{5e^2}{5e^2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{x^5}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3d^2\left(\frac{5d\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right) - \frac{4d^3(9d-5ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3(6d-5ex)}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{e^4} - \frac{5e^2}{5e^2}$$

input `Int[x^6/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `x^5/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (-1/3*(d^3*(6*d - 5*e*x))/(e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-4*d^3*(9*d - 5*e*x))/(e^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (3*d^2*((6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (5*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/e^4)/(3*d^2))/(5*e^2)`

3.137.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 568 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d^(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.137.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^7} - \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^6\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{23d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{60e^9(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{493d\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{240e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{240e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4d^2\left(\frac{x^2}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{3e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x^2}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{3e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{d^4}{3e^7(-e^2x^2+d^2)}$

```
input int(x^6/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^7-d/e^6/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+23/60*d^2/e^9/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-493/240*d/e^8/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/24*d^2/e^9/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+25/48*d/e^8/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/20*d^3/e^10/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.137.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{48de^5x^5 + 48d^2e^4x^4 - 96d^3e^3x^3 - 96d^4e^2x^2 + 48d^5ex + 48d^6 - 30(de^5x^5 + d^2e^4x^4 - 2d^3e^3x^3 - 2d^4e^2x^2 + 48d^5ex + 48d^6)}{15(e^{12}x^5 + de^{11}x^4 - 2d^2e^{10}x^3 - 2d^3e^9x^2 + d^4e^8x + d^5e^7)}$$

```
input integrate(x^6/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/15*(48*d*e^5*x^5 + 48*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 96*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 96*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^5*e*x + 48*d^6 - 30*(d*e^5*x^5 + d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e*x + d^6)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (15*e^5*x^5 + 38*d*e^4*x^4 - 52*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 87*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 33*d^4*e*x + 48*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^12*x^5 + d*e^11*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^10*x^3 - 2*d^3*e^9*x^2 + d^4*e^8*x + d^5*e^7)
```

3.137. $\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.137.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.137.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{d^5}{5\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^8x+(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}de^7\right)} \\ & -\frac{x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} - \frac{5dx^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{20d^2x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} \\ & + \frac{64d^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^6} + \frac{x^2}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5} - \frac{14d^4}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^7} \\ & - \frac{52dx}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6} - \frac{d\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^7} + \frac{4d^2}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3e^7} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*d^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^8*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^7) - x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 5*d*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) + 20/3*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) + 64/15*d^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6) + 1/3*x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - 14/3*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7) - 52/15*d*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6) - d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^7 + 4/3*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7) + 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^7`

3.137.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.137.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^6/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(x^6/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.138 $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1362
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 3.138.8 Giac [F] 1367
 3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1368

3.138.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^4(d-ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x^2(4d-5ex)}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d-15ex}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

output $1/5*x^4*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*x^2*(-5*e*x+4*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+1/15*(-15*e*x+8*d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^4-7d^3ex-27d^2e^2x^2+8de^3x^3+23e^4x^4)}{(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} - 30 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) \frac{1}{15e^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(8*d^4 - 7*d^3*e*x - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 23*e^4*x^4))/((d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 30*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(15*e^6)$

3.138. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {568, 530, 25, 2345, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3(4d-5ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{\frac{5d^4}{e^3} - \frac{12xd^3}{e^2} + \frac{15x^2d^2}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{5d^4}{e^3} - \frac{12xd^3}{e^2} + \frac{15x^2d^2}{e}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d^4}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{4d^2(3d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2(3d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.138. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} dx - \frac{d}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2(3d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5e^2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{x^4}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{4d^2(3d-5ex)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^2(4d-5ex)}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5e^2}$$

input `Int[x^5/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `x^4/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((d^2*(4*d - 5*e*x))/(3*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-4*d^2*(3*d - 5*e*x))/(e^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^4)/(3*d^2))/(5*e^2)`

3.138.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 530 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 568 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.138.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}}}{e} + \frac{d^4\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^5} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e^5}$

```
input int(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.138. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output $\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{e^2} \left(\frac{x}{e^2} / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{e^2} / (e^2)^{1/2} \arctan \left(\frac{(e^2)^{1/2} x}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{d^4}{e^5} \left(\frac{1}{3} x / d^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} x / d^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} \right) + \frac{d^2}{e^3} \left(\frac{1}{2} x / e^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} d^2 / e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} x / d^2 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} x / d^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2} \right) \right) - \frac{d}{e^2} \left(\frac{x^2}{e^2} / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{3} d^2 / e^4 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} d^3 / e^6 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} - \frac{d^5}{e^6} \left(\frac{-1/5}{d/e} / (x+d/e) / (-x+d/e)^2 e^2 + 2*d*e*(x+d/e) \right)^{3/2} + \frac{4}{5} e/d \left(\frac{-1/6}{(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2 + 2*d*e)} / d^2 / e^2 / (-x+d/e)^2 e^2 + 2*d*e*(x+d/e) \right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3} / e^2 / d^4 \left(\frac{-2*(x+d/e)*e^2 + 2*d*e}{(-x+d/e)^2 e^2 + 2*d*e*(x+d/e)} \right)^{1/2} \right)$

3.138.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8e^5x^5 + 8de^4x^4 - 16d^2e^3x^3 - 16d^3e^2x^2 + 8d^4ex + 8d^5 - 30(e^5x^5 + de^4x^4)}{15(e^5x^5 + de^4x^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{15} \left(8e^5x^5 + 8d^4ex + 8d^5 - 30(e^5x^5 + de^4x^4 - 2d^2e^3x^3 - 2d^3e^2x^2 + d^4ex + d^5) \arctan \left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex} \right) + (23e^4x^4 + 8d^4ex^3 - 27d^2e^2x^2 - 7d^3ex + 8d^4) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \right) / (e^{11}x^5 + d^5e^6)$

3.138.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.138.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d^4}{5 \left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^7 x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} d e^6 \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{x^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^3} - \frac{8dx^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^4} - \frac{4d^2x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^5}$$

$$- \frac{x^2}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} d e^4} + \frac{2d^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2} e^6} - \frac{8x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^6} - \frac{4d}{3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} e^6} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{3de^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^7*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^6) + x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 8/3*d*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 4/15*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) - 1/3*x^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4) + 2*d^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6) - 8/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) + arcsin(e*x/d)/e^6 - 4/3*d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6) - 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^6)`

3.138.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.139 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.139.1 Optimal result 1369
 3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1369
 3.139.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1370
 3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1371
 3.139.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 1372
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3.139.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x^4(d-ex)}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4d^2}{15e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{5e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `-1/5*x^4*(-e*x+d)/d/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/15*d^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-4/5/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-8d^4-8d^3ex+12d^2e^2x^2+12de^3x^3-3e^4x^4)}{15de^5(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d+e*x)*(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(-8*d^4-8*d^3*e*x+12*d^2*e^2*x^2+12*d*e^3*x^3-3*e^4*x^4))/(15*d*e^5*(d-e*x)^2*(d+e*x)^3)`

3.139.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {567, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{567} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e} - \frac{x^4}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{x^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx^2}{5e} - \frac{x^4}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx^2}{5e} - \frac{x^4}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2d^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{x^4}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*x^4/(d*e*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*((2*d^2)/(3*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - 2/(e^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*e)`

3.139.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 567 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*p*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[m/(2*d*p) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(3e^4x^4-12de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2+8d^3ex+8d^4)}{15de^5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(3e^4x^4-12de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2+8d^3ex+8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15e^5d(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{x^2}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{3e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e} + \frac{d^2}{3e^5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} \right)}{e^4} - d \left(\frac{x}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/15*(-e*x+d)*(3*e^4*x^4-12*d*e^3*x^3-12*d^2*e^2*x^2+8*d^3*e*x+8*d^4)/d/e^{5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}}$$

3.139.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(74) = 148$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8e^5x^5 + 8de^4x^4 - 16d^2e^3x^3 - 16d^3e^2x^2 + 8d^4ex + 8d^5 + (3e^4x^4 - 12de^3x^3 - 12d^2e^2x^2 + 8d^3ex + 8d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(de^{10}x^5 + d^2e^9x^4 - 2d^3e^8x^3 - 2d^4e^7x^2 + d^5e^6x + d^6e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-1/15*(8*e^5*x^5 + 8*d*e^4*x^4 - 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^4*e*x + 8*d^5 + (3*e^4*x^4 - 12*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^3*e*x + 8*d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d*e^{10}*x^5 + d^2*e^9*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^8*x^3 - 2*d^4*e^7*x^2 + d^5*e^6*x + d^6*e^5)$$

3.139.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.139.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d^3}{5\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^6x+(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}de^5\right)} + \frac{x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} - \frac{2dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} - \frac{d^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^5} + \frac{x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*d^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^6*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^5) + x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 2/5*d*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 1/3*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) + 1/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4)`**3.139.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.139.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(8d^4+8d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2-12de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15de^5(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(8*d^4 + 3*e^4*x^4 - 12*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^3*e*x))/(15*d*e^5*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.139. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.140
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.140.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d-ex)}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2d-3ex}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{5d^2e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*x^2*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(3*e*x-2*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/5*x/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^4-2d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+3de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15d^2e^4(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d+e*x)*(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^4-2*d^3*e*x+3*d^2*e^2*x^2+3*d*e^3*x^3+3*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^2*e^4*(d-e*x)^2*(d+e*x)^3)`

3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {568, 530, 27, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x(2d-3ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d-3ex}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^2}{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{e} + \frac{2d-3ex}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{x}{d^2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2d-3ex}{3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `x^2/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*d - 3*e*x)/(3*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + x/(d^2*e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.140.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

- rule 530 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + e*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

- rule 568 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p)) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(-3e^4x^4-3de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2+2d^3ex+2d^4)}{15d^2e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-3e^4x^4-3de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2+2d^3ex+2d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^2e^4(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{x}{2e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}-\frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^2}}{e} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{d}{3e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

3.140. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/15*(-e*x+d)*(-3*e^4*x^4-3*d*e^3*x^3-3*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*d^3*e*x+2*d^4)/d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)$$

3.140.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e^5x^5 + 2de^4x^4 - 4d^2e^3x^3 - 4d^3e^2x^2 + 2d^4ex + 2d^5 - (3e^4x^4 + 3de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 - 2d^3ex - 2d^4)\sqrt{-d^2+e^2x^2}}{15(d^2e^9x^5 + d^3e^8x^4 - 2d^4e^7x^3 - 2d^5e^6x^2 + d^6e^5x + d^7e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/15*(2*e^5*x^5 + 2*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^4*e*x + 2*d^5 - (3*e^4*x^4 + 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^9*x^5 + d^3*e^8*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^7*x^3 - 2*d^5*e^6*x^2 + d^6*e^5*x + d^7*e^4)$$

3.140.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.140.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d^2}{5 \left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^5x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} de^4 \right)} + \frac{2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^3} - \frac{d}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^4} - \frac{x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} d^2 e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^4) + 2/5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 1/3*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 1/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^3)`**3.140.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.140.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^4-2d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2+3de^3x^3+3e^4x^4)}{15d^2e^4(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4 + 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.140. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.141 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.141.1 Optimal result 1379
 3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1379
 3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1380
 3.141.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1381
 3.141.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 1382
 3.141.6 Sympy [F] 1382
 3.141.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1382
 3.141.8 Giac [F] 1383
 3.141.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1383

3.141.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{x^2}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{15de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x}{15d^3e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `-1/5*x^2/d/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/15*(e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2/15*x/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^4+2d^3ex-3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3+2e^4x^4)}{15d^3e^3(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^4 + 2*d^3*e*x - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {568, 454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 568

$$\frac{x}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d-2ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2}$$

↓ 454

$$\frac{x}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2d-ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{x}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{2x}{3d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5e^2} - \frac{2d-ex}{3de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `x/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (-1/3*(2*d - e*x)/(d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.141.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

```
rule 454 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 568 Int[((x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(2*p) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.141.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(2e^4x^4+2de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2+2d^3ex+2d^4)}{15d^3e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}$
trager	$\frac{(2e^4x^4+2de^3x^3-3d^2e^2x^2+2d^3ex+2d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3e^3(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2}$
default	$\frac{1}{3e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2}{e^3} \left(-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e}{6d^2e^2}\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2} \right)$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(-e*x+d)*(2*e^4*x^4+2*d*e^3*x^3-3*d^2*e^2*x^2+2*d^3*e*x+2*d^4)/d^3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)
```

3.141. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.141.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2e^5x^5 + 2de^4x^4 - 4d^2e^3x^3 - 4d^3e^2x^2 + 2d^4ex + 2d^5 + (2e^4x^4 + 2de^3x^3 - 3d^2e^2x^2 + 2d^3ex + 2d^4)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)}{15(d^3e^8x^5 + d^4e^7x^4 - 2d^5e^6x^3 - 2d^6e^5x^2 + d^7e^4x + d^8e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*e^5*x^5 + 2*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^4*e*x + 2*d^5 + (2*e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*e*x + 2*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^8*x^5 + d^4*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^5*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^6*e^5*x^2 + d^7*e^4*x + d^8*e^3)`

3.141.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.141.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{5\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^4x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}de^3\right)} - \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}de^2} + \frac{1}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3} - \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3e^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/5*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^3) - 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^2) + 1/3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*e^2)$$

3.141.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.141.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^4+2d^3ex-3d^2e^2x^2+2de^3x^3+2e^4x^4)}{15d^3e^3(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output
$$((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^4 + 2*e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^2)$$

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.142.1 Optimal result	1384
3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1384
3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1385
3.142.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1386
3.142.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1387
3.142.6 Sympy [F]	1387
3.142.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
3.142.8 Giac [F]	1388
3.142.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

3.142.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x}{15d^2e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{15d^4e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/15*x/d^2/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5/e^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/15*x/d^4/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4+3d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2-2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^4e^2(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(3*d^4 + 3*d^3*e*x + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^4*e^2*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {565, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 565

$$\frac{d}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - e \int \frac{x^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 245

$$\frac{d}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - e \left(\frac{x^3}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2e^2 \int \frac{x^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{3d^2} \right)$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{d}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - e \left(\frac{x^3}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2e^2x^5}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `d/(5*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - e*(x^3/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (2*e^2*x^5)/(15*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)))`

3.142.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`


```
rule 245 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a +
  b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
  Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Si
  mplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 565 Int[((x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Sim
  p[a*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*b*c*p)), x] + Simp[b/d Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1),
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.142.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(-2e^4x^4-2de^3x^3+3d^2e^2x^2+3d^3ex+3d^4)}{15d^4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}$
trager	$\frac{(-2e^4x^4-2de^3x^3+3d^2e^2x^2+3d^3ex+3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^4(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2e^2}$
default	$\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{1}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e \left(-\frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{6d^2e^2\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{3e^2d^4}{5d} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(-e*x+d)*(-2*e^4*x^4-2*d*e^3*x^3+3*d^2*e^2*x^2+3*d^3*e*x+3*d^4)/d^4/e
  ^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)
```

3.142.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3e^5x^5 + 3de^4x^4 - 6d^2e^3x^3 - 6d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex + 3d^5 - (2e^4x^4 + 2de^3x^3 - 6d^2e^2x^2 + 3d^3ex - 3d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^4e^7x^5 + d^5e^6x^4 - 2d^6e^5x^3 - 2d^7e^4x^2 + d^8e^3x + d^9e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(3*e^5*x^5 + 3*d*e^4*x^4 - 6*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 6*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x + 3*d^5 - (2*e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*d^3*e*x - 3*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^7*x^5 + d^5*e^6*x^4 - 2*d^6*e^5*x^3 - 2*d^7*e^4*x^2 + d^8*e^3*x + d^9*e^2)`

3.142.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.142.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{5\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}de^2\right)} + \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e} + \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4e}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*e^2) + 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*e) + 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*e)`

3.142.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.142.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4+3d^3ex+3d^2e^2x^2-2de^3x^3-2e^4x^4)}{15d^4e^2(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*d^4 - 2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.143 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.143.1 Optimal result 1389
 3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1389
 3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1390
 3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1391
 3.143.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 1391
 3.143.6 Sympy [F] 1392
 3.143.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1392
 3.143.8 Giac [F] 1393
 3.143.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1393

3.143.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4x}{15d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x}{15d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `4/15*x/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/5/d/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+8/15*x/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-3d^4+12d^3ex+12d^2e^2x^2-8de^3x^3-8e^4x^4)}{15d^5e(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-3*d^4 + 12*d^3*e*x + 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*e^4*x^4))/(15*d^5*e*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {470, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 470

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d)`

3.143.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

3.143. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

```
rule 470 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n +
2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n +
p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(8e^4x^4+8de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2-12d^3ex+3d^4)}{15d^5e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}$	70
trager	$-\frac{(8e^4x^4+8de^3x^3-12d^2e^2x^2-12d^3ex+3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^5(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2e}$	79
default	$-\frac{1}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e\left(-\frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{6d^2e^2\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3e^2d^4\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{e}$	164

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(-e*x+d)*(8*e^4*x^4+8*d*e^3*x^3-12*d^2*e^2*x^2-12*d^3*e*x+3*d^4)/d^5
/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)
```

3.143.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3e^5x^5 + 3de^4x^4 - 6d^2e^3x^3 - 6d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex + 3d^5 + (8e^4x^4 + 8de^3x^3 - 12d^2e^2x^2 - 12d^3ex + 3d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(d^5e^6x^5 + d^6e^5x^4 - 2d^7e^4x^3 - 2d^8e^3x^2 + d^9e^2x + d^{10}e)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output
$$\frac{-1/15*(3*e^5*x^5 + 3*d*e^4*x^4 - 6*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 6*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x + 3*d^5 + (8*e^4*x^4 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 12*d^3*e*x + 3*d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})}{(d^5*e^6*x^5 + d^6*e^5*x^4 - 2*d^7*e^4*x^3 - 2*d^8*e^3*x^2 + d^9*e^2*x + d^{10}*e)}$$

3.143.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.143.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{5\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}de^2x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e\right)} + \frac{4x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3} + \frac{8x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2*e) + 4/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^3) + 8/15*x/(\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^5)$$

3.143.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.143.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3d^4-12d^3ex-12d^2e^2x^2+8de^3x^3+8e^4x^4)}{15d^5e(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*d^4 + 8*e^4*x^4 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 12*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 12*d^3*e*x))/(15*d^5*e*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.144 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.144.1 Optimal result 1394
 3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1394
 3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1395
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 3.144.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 1398
 3.144.6 Sympy [F] 1398
 3.144.7 Maxima [F] 1398
 3.144.8 Giac [F] 1399
 3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1399

3.144.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5d-4ex}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d-8ex}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6}$$

output $1/15*(-4*e*x+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5/d^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/15*(-8*e*x+15*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(23d^4+8d^3ex-27d^2e^2x^2-7de^3x^3+8e^4x^4)}{(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} + 30\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x-d^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{15d^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $((\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(23*d^4 + 8*d^3*e*x - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 7*d*e^3*x^3 + 8*e^4*x^4))/((d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) + 30*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(15*d^6)$

3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{569} \\
 & \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d-4ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-4ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{5d-4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d-8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d-8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{15d-8ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{15d-8ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{5d-4ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.144. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{15d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d - 4ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15d - 8ex}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d - 4ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{15d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d - 4ex}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `1/(5*d^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((5*d - 4*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d - 8*e*x)/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.144.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 569 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]`

3.144.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}}{d} - \frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4e\left(-\frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{6d^2e^2\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)}\right)}{d}$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+4/5*e/d*(-1/6*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-1/3/e^2/d^4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))`

3.144. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.144.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{23e^5x^5 + 23de^4x^4 - 46d^2e^3x^3 - 46d^3e^2x^2 + 23d^4ex + 23d^5 + 15(e^5x^5 + 15e^4x^4 - 27d^2e^3x^3 - 27d^3e^2x^2 + 23d^4ex + 23d^5) \log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (8e^4x^4 - 7d^2e^3x^3 - 27d^2e^2x^2 + 8d^3ex + 23d^4) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{(d^6e^5x^5 + d^7e^4x^4 - 2d^8e^3x^3 - 2d^9e^2x^2 + d^{10}ex + d^{11})}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(23*e^5*x^5 + 23*d*e^4*x^4 - 46*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 46*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 23*d^4*e*x + 23*d^5 + 15*(e^5*x^5 + d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e*x + d^5)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (8*e^4*x^4 - 7*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 27*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^3*e*x + 23*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^5*x^5 + d^7*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^8*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^9*e^2*x^2 + d^10*e*x + d^11)`

3.144.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.144.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.144.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.145 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.145.1 Optimal result	1400
3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1400
3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1401
3.145.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1404
3.145.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
3.145.6 Sympy [F]	1405
3.145.7 Maxima [F]	1405
3.145.8 Giac [F]	1406
3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1406

3.145.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6d-5ex}{15d^4x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d-5ex}{5d^6x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{16\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^7x} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^7}$$

output $1/15*(-5*e*x+6*d)/d^4/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+1/5/d^2/x/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+e*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d)/d^7+1/5*(-5*e*x+8*d)/d^6/x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-16/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^7/x$

3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^5+38d^4ex-52d^3e^2x^2-87d^2e^3x^3+33de^4x^4+48e^5x^5)}{x(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} - 15\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

15d⁸

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/15*((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^5 + 38*d^4*e*x - 52*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 87*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 33*d*e^4*x^4 + 48*e^5*x^5))/(x*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 15*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[x] + 15*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])}{d^8}$$

3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 27, 2336, 25, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 569 \\ & \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{6d-5ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{6d-5ex}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 532 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(\frac{4e^2x^2}{d}-5ex+6d\right)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{4e^2x^2}{d}-5ex+6d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{6d-5ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.145. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\int \frac{6d-5ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 534 \\
\frac{-5e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 243 \\
\frac{-\frac{5}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 73 \\
\frac{5 \int \frac{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}}{e} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
\downarrow 221 \\
\frac{\frac{5e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{5e(d-2ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-6ex)}{3d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `1/(5*d^2*x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-1/3*(e*(5*d - 6*e*x))/(d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-5*e*(d - 2*e*x))/(d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((-6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (5*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.145.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 569 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2
*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]
```

```
rule 2336 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x]] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

3.145.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 290 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^7x} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{17\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{60d^6e\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{413\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{240d^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{240d^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	$-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4e^2\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{d^2} e^{\left(\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2}\right)}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x+1/d^6*e/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-
e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-17/60/d^6/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)
)^(1/2)-413/240/d^7/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/24/d^6/
e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-23/48/d^7/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/
e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/20/d^5/e^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*
e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.145. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.145.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{23e^6x^6 + 23de^5x^5 - 46d^2e^4x^4 - 46d^3e^3x^3 + 23d^4e^2x^2 + 23d^5ex + 15(e^6x^6 + de^5x^5 - 2d^2e^4x^4 - 2d^3e^3x^3 + d^4e^2x^2 + d^5ex) \log(-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/x + (48e^5x^5 + 33d^4e^4x^4 - 87d^2e^3x^3 - 52d^3e^2x^2 + 38d^4ex + 15d^5) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^7e^5x^6 + d^8e^4x^5 - 2d^9e^3x^4 - 2d^{10}e^2x^3 + d^{11}ex^2 + d^{12})}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/15*(23*e^6*x^6 + 23*d*e^5*x^5 - 46*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 46*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 23*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 23*d^5*e*x + 15*(e^6*x^6 + d*e^5*x^5 - 2*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^3 + d^4*e^2*x^2 + d^5*e*x)*log(-d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (48*e^5*x^5 + 33*d*e^4*x^4 - 87*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 52*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 38*d^4*e*x + 15*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^7*e^5*x^6 + d^8*e^4*x^5 - 2*d^9*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^10*e^2*x^3 + d^11*e*x^2 + d^12*x)`**3.145.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.145.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.145.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.146 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.146.1 Optimal result 1407
 3.146.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1407
 3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1408
 3.146.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1412
 3.146.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1413
 3.146.6 Sympy [F] 1413
 3.146.7 Maxima [F] 1413
 3.146.8 Giac [F] 1414
 3.146.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1414

3.146.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7d-6ex}{15d^4x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{35d-24ex}{15d^6x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^7x^2} + \frac{16e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5d^8x} - \frac{7e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^8}$$

output $1/15*(-6*e*x+7*d)/d^4/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5/d^2/x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-7/2*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^8+1/15*(-24*e*x+35*d)/d^6/x^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-7/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x^2+16/5*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^8/x$

3.146.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-15d^6+15d^5ex+176d^4e^2x^2-4d^3e^3x^3-249d^2e^4x^4-9de^5x^5+96e^6x^6)}{x^2(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} - 105\sqrt{d^2}e^2}{30d^9}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-15*d^6 + 15*d^5*e*x + 176*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 249*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 9*d*e^5*x^5 + 96*e^6*x^6))/(x^2*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[x] + 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(30*d^9)$

3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 27, 2336, 25, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 569

$$\frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{7d-6ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{7d-6ex}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 532

$$\frac{\frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(-\frac{4e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{7e^2x^2}{d} - 6ex + 7d\right)}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{\int -\frac{4e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{7e^2x^2}{d} - 6ex + 7d}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{\frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2336

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{14e^2x^2-d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{14e^2x^2-d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{de(12d-35ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{e\int \frac{12d-35ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{e\left(-35e\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{12\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{e\left(-\frac{35}{2}e\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{12\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2dx^2}}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d-5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(7d-6ex)}{3d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5d^2x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

3.146. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{e \left(\frac{35 \int \frac{1}{d^2 - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{12\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d - 5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(7d - 6ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{5d^2}{1} \\
& \frac{5d^2 x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5d^2 x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{e \left(\frac{35e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{12\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{2d} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2dx^2} + \frac{2e^2(7d - 5ex)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(7d - 6ex)}{3d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{5d^2}{1} \\
& \frac{5d^2 x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5d^2 x^2 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `1/(5*d^2*x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e^2*(7*d - 6*e*x))/(3*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*e^2*(7*d - 5*e*x))/(d^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((-7*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*d*x^2) - (e*((-12*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (35*e*ArcTanh[sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(2*d))/d^2)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.146.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 569 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.146.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2ex+d)}{2d^8x^2} - \frac{7e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^7\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{29e\sqrt{-\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2-2de\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{48d^8\left(x-\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{11\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{30d^7\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d} + \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{1}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{d}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/d^8/x^2-7/2/d^7*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-29/48/d^8*e/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^
2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+11/30/d^7/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/
e))^(1/2)+673/240/d^8*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/20/
d^6/e/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/24/d^7/(x-d/e)^2*(-
(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.146. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.146.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{116e^7x^7 + 116de^6x^6 - 232d^2e^5x^5 - 232d^3e^4x^4 + 116d^4e^3x^3 + 116d^5e^2x^2}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/30*(116*e^7*x^7 + 116*d*e^6*x^6 - 232*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 232*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 116*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 116*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 105*(e^7*x^7 + d*e^6*x^6 - 2*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 2*d^3*e^4*x^4 + d^4*e^3*x^3 + d^5*e^2*x^2)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (96*e^6*x^6 - 9*d*e^5*x^5 - 249*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 176*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^5*e*x - 15*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^8*e^5*x^7 + d^9*e^4*x^6 - 2*d^10*e^3*x^5 - 2*d^11*e^2*x^4 + d^12*e*x^3 + d^13*x^2)
```

3.146.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.146.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.146.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.146.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.147 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.147.1 Optimal result 1415
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3.147.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8d-7ex}{15d^4x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{48d-35ex}{15d^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{64\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^7x^3} + \frac{7e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^8x^2} - \frac{128e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^9x} + \frac{7e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^9}$$

```
output 1/15*(-7*e*x+8*d)/d^4/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5/d^2/x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+7/2*e^3*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^9+1/15*(-35*e*x+48*d)/d^6/x^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-64/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x^3+7/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^8/x^2-128/15*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^9/x
```

3.147.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(10d^7-5d^6ex+75d^5e^2x^2+236d^4e^3x^3-244d^3e^4x^4-489d^2e^5x^5+151de^6x^6+256e^7x^7)}{x^3(d-ex)^2(d+ex)^3} - 105\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(x) + 105\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log$$

$30d^{10}$

3.147. $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/30*((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(10*d^7 - 5*d^6*e*x + 75*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 236*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 244*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 489*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 151*d*e^6*x^6 + 256*e^7*x^7))/(x^3*(d - e*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 105*Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[x] + 105*Sqrt[d^2]*e^3*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^10`

3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {569, 25, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 2338, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{569} \\
 & \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8d-7ex}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{8d-7ex}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{16e^4x^4}{d^3} - \frac{21e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{24e^2x^2}{d} - 21ex + 24d}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{16e^4x^4}{d^3} - \frac{21e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{24e^2x^2}{d} - 21ex + 24d}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.147. $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(-\frac{14e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{16e^2x^2}{d} - 7ex + 8d\right) dx}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3\int -\frac{14e^3x^3}{d^2} + \frac{16e^2x^2}{d} - 7ex + 8d}{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{42x^2e^3-64dxe^2+21d^2e}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2e^2(128d-105ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{21e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3\left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2\int \frac{128d-105ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{21e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{3\left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2\left(-105e\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{128\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)}{3d^2} - \frac{21e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3dx^3}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5d^2x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.147. $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(-\frac{105}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{128 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{21e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d^2} + \\
& \frac{5d^2}{1} \\
& \frac{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{105 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{128 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{21e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d^2} + \\
& \frac{5d^2}{1} \\
& \frac{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \left(\frac{105 e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{128 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{21e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{8 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{2e^3(21d-32ex)}{d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{e^3(7d-8ex)}{3d^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d^2} + \\
& \frac{5d^2}{1} \\
& \frac{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $\frac{1}{(5d^2 x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2})} + \frac{(-1/3 * (e^3 * (7d - 8ex)))}{(d^5 * (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2})} + \frac{((-2 * e^3 * (21d - 32ex)) / (d^5 * \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}))}{(d^5 * \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})} + \frac{(3 * ((-8 * \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}) / (3d * x^3)) - ((-21 * e * \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}) / (2 * x^2)) - (e^2 * ((-128 * \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}) / (d * x) + (105 * e * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} / d]) / d)) / 2)}{(3 * d^2))}{(3 * d^2)} / (5 * d^2)$

3.147.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 569 `Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*c^2*p) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m + 2*p + 1) - d*(m + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0]`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(22e^2x^2-3dex+2d^2)}{6d^9x^3} + \frac{7e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^8\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{331e^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{80d^9(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{35e^2\sqrt{-(x-\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x-\frac{d}{e})}}{48d^9}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3d^2x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2e^2\left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4e^2\left(\frac{x}{3d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{d^2}\right)}{d} + e^2\left(-\frac{1}{d^2x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4e^2}{3d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)$

input `int(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.147. \quad \int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.147.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.147.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.147.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.148 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.148.1 Optimal result	1423
3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1423
3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1424
3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1426
3.148.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	1426
3.148.6 Sympy [F]	1427
3.148.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
3.148.8 Giac [F]	1428
3.148.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1428

3.148.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^2(d-ex)}{7e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{2d-3ex}{35e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{x}{35d^2e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x}{35d^4e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output $1/7*x^2*(-e*x+d)/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)+1/35*(3*e*x-2*d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/35*x/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-2/35*x/d^4/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^6-2d^5ex+5d^4e^2x^2+5d^3e^3x^3+5d^2e^4x^4-2de^5x^5-2e^6x^6)}{35d^4e^4(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^6 - 2*d^5*e*x + 5*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 5*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^5*x^5 - 2*e^6*x^6))/(35*d^4*e^4*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^4)$

3.148. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {568, 530, 27, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{x(2d-3ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{530} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d-3ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3d^2}{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2}}{7e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e} + \frac{2d-3ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} + \frac{2d-3ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{x^2}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d-3ex}{5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5e}}{7e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

3.148. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output $x^2/(7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) - ((2d-3ex)/(5e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (3x/(3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}) + (2x)/(3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}))/5e)/(7e^2)$

3.148.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 209 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p+3)/(2*a*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p+3/2, 0]$
- rule 530 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_})*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_})*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p+1)*Qx + e*(2*p+3), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 568 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_})*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_})/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d^{2*p}) \text{Int}[x^{m-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m-1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(2e^6x^6+2de^5x^5-5d^2e^4x^4-5d^3x^3e^3-5d^4e^2x^2+2d^5ex+2d^6)}{35d^4e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(2e^6x^6+2de^5x^5-5d^2e^4x^4-5d^3x^3e^3-5d^4e^2x^2+2d^5ex+2d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{35d^4e^4(ex+d)^4(-ex+d)^3}$
default	$\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{e^3}$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/35*(-e*x+d)*(2*e^6*x^6+2*d*e^5*x^5-5*d^2*e^4*x^4-5*d^3*e^3*x^3-5*d^4*e^2*x^2+2*d^5*e*x+2*d^6)/d^4/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)$$

3.148.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2e^7x^7 + 2de^6x^6 - 6d^2e^5x^5 - 6d^3e^4x^4 + 6d^4e^3x^3 + 6d^5e^2x^2 - 2d^6ex - 2d^7 - (2e^6x^6 + 2de^5x^5 - 5d^2e^4x^4 - 5d^3e^3x^3 + 5d^4e^2x^2 - 2d^5ex - 2d^6)}{35(d^4e^{11}x^7 + d^5e^{10}x^6 - 3d^6e^9x^5 - 3d^7e^8x^4 + 3d^8e^7x^3 + 3d^9e^6x^2 - \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/35*(2*e^7*x^7 + 2*d*e^6*x^6 - 6*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 6*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 6*d^4*e^3 \\ & *x^3 + 6*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^6*e*x - 2*d^7 - (2*e^6*x^6 + 2*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*d^ \\ & 2*e^4*x^4 - 5*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 5*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^5*e*x + 2*d^6)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x \\ & ^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^{11}*x^7 + d^5*e^{10}*x^6 - 3*d^6*e^9*x^5 - 3*d^7*e^8*x^4 + \\ & 3*d^8*e^7*x^3 + 3*d^9*e^6*x^2 - d^{10}*e^5*x - d^{11}*e^4) \end{aligned}$$

3.148.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.148.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^2}{7 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^5 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^4 \right)} \\ & + \frac{8x}{35(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^3} - \frac{d}{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^4} - \frac{x}{35(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 e^3} - \frac{2x}{35 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^4 e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/7*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d*e^4) + 8/ \\ & 35*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^3) - 1/5*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^4) - 1 \\ & /35*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2*e^3) - 2/35*x/(\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4* \\ & e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.148.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.148.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{56de^4(d+ex)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{1}{56de^4} + \frac{x}{35d^2e^3}\right)}{(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{2d}{35e^4} - \frac{11x}{70e^3}\right)}{(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^3} - \frac{2x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{35d^4e^3(d+ex)(d-ex)}$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(56*d*e^4*(d + e*x)^4) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(1/(56*d*e^4) + x/(35*d^2*e^3)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*d)/(35*e^4) - (11*x)/(70*e^3)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - (2*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.149 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.149.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{x^2}{7de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(d+2ex)}{35de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4x}{105d^3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8x}{105d^5e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `-1/7*x^2/d/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+2/35*(2*e*x+d)/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/105*x/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-8/105*x/d^5/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.149.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(6d^6+6d^5ex-15d^4e^2x^2+20d^3e^3x^3+20d^2e^4x^4-8de^5x^5-8e^6d^2)}{105d^5e^3(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(6*d^6 + 6*d^5*e*x - 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 20*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 8*d*e^5*x^5 - 8*e^6*x^6))/(105*d^5*e^3*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^4)`

3.149.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {568, 454, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{568} \\
 & \frac{x}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d-2ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{x}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2d-ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{209} \\
 & \frac{x}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2d-ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{x}{7e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2d-ex}{5de(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `x/(7*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - (-1/5*(2*d - e*x)/(d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d))/(7*e^2)`

3.149.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 208 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

```
rule 209 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]
```

```
rule 454 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d
- b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a
*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && L
tQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 568 Int[((x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*p*(c + d*x))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d^
2*p) Int[x^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(m - 1) - d*m*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.149.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
gosper	$\frac{(-ex+d)(-8e^6x^6-8de^5x^5+20d^2e^4x^4+20d^3x^3e^3-15d^4e^2x^2+6d^5ex+6d^6)}{105d^5e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-8e^6x^6-8de^5x^5+20d^2e^4x^4+20d^3x^3e^3-15d^4e^2x^2+6d^5ex+6d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{105d^5(ex+d)^4(-ex+d)^3e^3}$
default	$\frac{1}{5e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2}{7de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)}$

3.149. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*(-e*x+d)*(-8*e^6*x^6-8*d*e^5*x^5+20*d^2*e^4*x^4+20*d^3*e^3*x^3-15*d^4*e^2*x^2+6*d^5*e*x+6*d^6)/d^5/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)`

3.149.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{6e^7x^7 + 6de^6x^6 - 18d^2e^5x^5 - 18d^3e^4x^4 + 18d^4e^3x^3 + 18d^5e^2x^2 - 6d^6ex - 4e^2x^2 + 6d^5e*x + 6d^6}{105(d^5e^{10}x^7 + d^6e^9x^6 - 3d^7e^8x^5 - \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/105*(6*e^7*x^7 + 6*d*e^6*x^6 - 18*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 18*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 18*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 18*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^6*e*x - 6*d^7 + (8*e^6*x^6 + 8*d*e^5*x^5 - 20*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 6*d^5*e*x - 6*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^10*x^7 + d^6*e^9*x^6 - 3*d^7*e^8*x^5 - 3*d^8*e^7*x^4 + 3*d^9*e^6*x^3 + 3*d^10*e^5*x^2 - d^11*e^4*x - d^12*e^3)`

3.149.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.149.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{7\left((-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4x + (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}de^3\right)} - \frac{x}{35(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}de^2} + \frac{1}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} - \frac{4x}{105(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^3e^2} - \frac{8x}{105\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^5e^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/7*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^3) - 1/35*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^2) + 1/5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) - 4/105*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3*e^2) - 8/105*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*e^2)`**3.149.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.149.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{1}{56d^2e^3} - \frac{4x}{105d^3e^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\left(\frac{2}{35e^3} + \frac{3x}{70de^2}\right)}{(d+ex)^3(d-ex)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{56d^2e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{105d^5e^2(d+ex)(d-ex)}$$

3.149. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output
$$\frac{((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2} * (1/(56*d^2*e^3) - (4*x)/(105*d^3*e^2))) / ((d + e*x)^2 * (d - e*x)^2) + ((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2} * (2/(35*e^3) + (3*x)/(70*d*e^2))) / ((d + e*x)^3 * (d - e*x)^3) - (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2} / (56*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - (8*x*(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2}) / (105*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))}{1}$$

3.150 $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.150.1 Optimal result	1435
3.150.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1435
3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1436
3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1438
3.150.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1438
3.150.6 Sympy [F]	1439
3.150.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
3.150.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1439
3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1440

3.150.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^2(1-ax)}{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} + \frac{(4-3ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^4} + \frac{3\arcsin(ax)}{2a^4}$$

output `3/2*arcsin(a*x)/a^4+x^2*(-a*x+1)/a^2/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(-3*a*x+4)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^4`

3.150.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(4+ax-a^2x^2)}{2a^4(1+ax)} + \frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1+a*x)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]*(4+a*x-a^2*x^2))/(2*a^4*(1+a*x))+ (3*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1+Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])])/a^4`

3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {563, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(ax+1)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{a^2x^2-ax+1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a^2x^2-ax+1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{a^2(3-2ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a^2(3-2ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3-2ax}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4(ax+1)} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{a} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.150. $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

input `Int[x^3/((1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a^4*(1 + a*x)) + (-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]) + ((2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a + (3*ArcSin[a*x])/a)/2)/a^3`

3.150.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(ax-2)(a^2x^2-1)}{2a^4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} + \frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{2a^3\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^5(x+\frac{1}{a})}$	97
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{-x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2a^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{2a^2\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^5(x+\frac{1}{a})a}$	134

```
input int(x^3/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(a*x-2)*(a^2*x^2-1)/a^4/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/2/a^3/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan(
(a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/a^5/(x+1/a)*(-(x+1/a)^2*a^2+2*(x+1/a)*
a)^(1/2)
```

3.150.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ax - 6(ax+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{ax}\right) - (a^2x^2 - ax - 4)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + 4}{2(a^5x + a^4)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*(4*a*x - 6*(a*x + 1)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) - (a^2*x^2
- a*x - 4)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 4)/(a^5*x + a^4)
```

3.150.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*(a*x + 1)), x)`

3.150.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^5x+a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{2a^3} + \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{2a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^5*x + a^4) - 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a^3 + 3/2*arcsin(a*x)/a^4 + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4`

3.150.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2})}{2a^3\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a^2\sqrt{-a^2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2}}{2a^3}\right)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3\left(x\sqrt{-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{a}\right)\sqrt{-a^2}}$$

input `int(x^3/((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)),x)`output `(3*asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2)))/(2*a^3*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - ((1/(a^2*(-a^2)^(1/2)) + (x*(-a^2)^(1/2))/(2*a^3))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2)^(1/2) - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(a^3*(x*(-a^2)^(1/2) + (-a^2)^(1/2)/a)*(-a^2)^(1/2))`

3.151 $\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.151.1 Optimal result	1441
3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1441
3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1442
3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1443
3.151.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
3.151.6 Sympy [F]	1444
3.151.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
3.151.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
3.151.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1445

3.151.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(1+ax)} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3}$$

output `-arcsin(a*x)/a^3-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/(a*x+1)`

3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-2-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(1+ax)} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((1+a*x)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((-2-a*x)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])/(a^3*(1+a*x))- (2*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1+Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])])/a^3`

3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {563, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(ax+1)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{1-ax}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(ax+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a}}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(ax+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a}}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(ax+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a^3*(1 + a*x))) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/a + ArcSin[a*x]/a)/a^2`

3.151.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 563 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*
b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n
- 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2
, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]
```

3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^3} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^4(x+\frac{1}{a})}$	84
risch	$\frac{a^2x^2-1}{a^3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^4(x+\frac{1}{a})}$	92

```
input int(x^2/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/a^2/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/a^4/(x+1/a)*(-(x+1/a)^2*a^2+2*(x+1/a)*a)^(1/2)
```

3.151.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2ax - 2(ax+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{ax}\right) + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(ax+2) + 2}{a^4x + a^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -(2*a*x - 2*(a*x + 1)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x + 2) + 2)/(a^4*x + a^3)
```

3.151.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*(a*x + 1)), x)`

3.151.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^4x+a^3} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^4*x + a^3) - arcsin(a*x)/a^3 - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3`

3.151.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(ax) \operatorname{sgn}(a)}{a^2|a|} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^3} + \frac{2}{a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a+a}{a^2x} + 1 \right) |a|}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-arcsin(a*x)*sgn(a)/(a^2*abs(a)) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3 + 2/(a^2*((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) + 1)*abs(a))`

3.151.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(a\sqrt{-a^2} + a^2x\sqrt{-a^2})\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2})}{a^2\sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3}$$

input `int(x^2/((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)),x)`output `(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/((a*(-a^2)^(1/2) + a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(-a^2)^(1/2)) -
asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))/(a^2*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3`

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

3.152.1 Optimal result	1446
3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1446
3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1447
3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1448
3.152.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1448
3.152.6 Sympy [F]	1449
3.152.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
3.152.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
3.152.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1450

3.152.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2(1+ax)} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^2}$$

output `arcsin(a*x)/a^2+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^2/(a*x+1)`

3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2(1+ax)} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/((1+a*x)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]/(a^2*(1+a*x))+(2*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1+Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])])/a^2`

3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {563, 25, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(ax+1)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2(ax+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2(ax+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2(ax+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a^2*(1 + a*x)) + ArcSin[a*x]/a^2`

3.152.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

```
rule 563 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*
b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n
- 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2
, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]
```

3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^3(x+\frac{1}{a})}$	65

```
input int(x/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/a^3/(x+1/a)*(-
x+1/a)^2*a^2+2*(x+1/a)*a)^(1/2)
```

3.152.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{ax - 2(ax+1)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{ax}\right) + \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + 1}{a^3x + a^2}$$

```
input integrate(x/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output (a*x - 2*(a*x + 1)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2
+ 1) + 1)/(a^3*x + a^2)
```

3.152.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*(a*x + 1)), x)`

3.152.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^3x+a^2} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^3*x + a^2) + arcsin(a*x)/a^2`

3.152.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(ax) \operatorname{sgn}(a)}{a|a|} - \frac{2}{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a}{a^2x} + 1\right)|a|}$$

input `integrate(x/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arcsin(a*x)*sgn(a)/(a*abs(a)) - 2/(a*((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) + 1)*abs(a))`

3.152.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{x}{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2})\sqrt{-a^2}}{a^3}$$

input `int(x/((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)),x)`output `1/(a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)) - x/(a*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)) - (asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(-a^2)^(1/2))/a^3`

$$\mathbf{3.153} \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

3.153.1 Optimal result	1451
3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1451
3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1452
3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1452
3.153.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1453
3.153.6 Sympy [F]	1453
3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1453
3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
3.153.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1454

3.153.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a(1+ax)}$$

output `-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/(a*x+1)`

3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a(1+ax)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*(1 + a*x)))`

3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ax+1)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 460

$$-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a(ax+1)}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*(1 + a*x)))`

3.153.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{ax-1}{a\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}$	22
trager	$-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a(ax+1)}$	25
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{1}{a})^2a^2+2(x+\frac{1}{a})a}}{a^2(x+\frac{1}{a})}$	36

input `int(1/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(a*x-1)/a/(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}$

3.153.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{ax + \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + 1}{a^2x + a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(a*x + \text{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(a^2*x + a)$

3.153.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*(a*x + 1)), x)`

3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a^2x + a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-\text{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x + a)$

3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a}{a^2x} + 1\right)|a|}$$

input `integrate(1/(a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/(((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) + 1)*abs(a))`**3.153.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{xa^2+a}$$

input `int(1/((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)),x)`output `-(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(a + a^2*x)`

$$3.154 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

3.154.1 Optimal result	1455
3.154.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1455
3.154.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1456
3.154.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1457
3.154.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
3.154.6 Sympy [F]	1458
3.154.7 Maxima [F]	1458
3.154.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1459
3.154.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1459

3.154.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

output `-arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)`

3.154.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{-1+ax} - \log(x) + \log\left(-1 + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(1 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(-1 + a*x)) - Log[x] + Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.154.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {564, 25, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \int -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(1 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(1 - a*x) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.154.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

3.154.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
default	$-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}}{a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}$	58

input `int(1/x/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/a/(x-1/a)*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(1/2)`

3.154. $\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.154.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{ax + (ax-1) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} - 1}{ax-1}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*x + (a*x - 1)*log((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) / (a*x - 1)`**3.154.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{ax^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} - x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(-a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-Integral(1/(a*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) - x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)), x)`**3.154.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(ax-1)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x - 1)*x), x)`

3.154.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{|-2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|-2a|}{2a^2|x|}\right)}{|a|} + \frac{2a}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a}{a^2x} - 1\right)|a|}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-a*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) - 2*a)/(a^2*abs(x)))/abs(a) + 2*a/(((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) - 1)*abs(a))`**3.154.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-a^2}\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{-a^2}} + x\sqrt{-a^2}\right)} - \operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `int(-1/(x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x - 1)),x)`output `(a*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/((-a^2)^(1/2)*(a/(-a^2)^(1/2) + x*(-a^2)^(1/2))) - atanh((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))`

3.155 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.155.1 Optimal result	1460
3.155.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1461
3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1463
3.155.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1463
3.155.6 Sympy [F]	1463
3.155.7 Maxima [F]	1464
3.155.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1464
3.155.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1464

3.155.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x(1-ax)} - a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

output `-a*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x/(-a*x+1)`

3.155.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-1+2ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x(-1+ax)} - a \log(x) + a \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(1-a*x)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((-1 + 2*a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(x*(-1 + a*x))) - a*Log[x] + a*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {564, 25, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \int -\frac{ax+1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{ax+1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & a\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)\right) + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(1 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/x) + (a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x) - a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.155.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b
^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b
*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-
n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^
2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x} - a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2(x-\frac{1}{a})^2-2a(x-\frac{1}{a})}}{x-\frac{1}{a}}$	73
risch	$\frac{a^2x^2-1}{x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} - a\left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2(x-\frac{1}{a})^2-2a(x-\frac{1}{a})}}{a(x-\frac{1}{a})}\right)$	84

input `int(1/x^2/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x-a*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/(x-1/a)*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(1/2)`**3.155.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2x^2 - ax + (a^2x^2 - ax) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(2ax-1)}{ax^2-x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a^2*x^2 - a*x + (a^2*x^2 - a*x)*log((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*a*x - 1))/(a*x^2 - x)`**3.155.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{ax^3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} - x^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(-a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-Integral(1/(a*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) - x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)), x)`

3.155.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(ax-1)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x - 1)*x^2), x)`

3.155.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.155.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\left(x \sqrt{-a^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{a}}\right) \sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} - a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `int(-1/(x^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x - 1)),x)`

output `(a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/((x*(-a^2)^(1/2) - (-a^2)^(1/2)/a)*(-a^2)^(1/2))
- (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x - a*atanh((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))`

3.156 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.156.1 Optimal result	1465
3.156.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1465
3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1466
3.156.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1468
3.156.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1469
3.156.6 Sympy [F]	1469
3.156.7 Maxima [F]	1469
3.156.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1470
3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1470

3.156.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{2a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2(1-ax)} - \frac{3}{2}a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

output $-3/2*a^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})-3/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/x^2-2*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/x^2/(-a*x+1)$

3.156.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(1+ax-4a^2x^2)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2(-1+ax)} - 3a^2 \log(x) + 3a^2 \log\left(-1 + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(((1 + a*x - 4*a^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]) / (x^2*(-1 + a*x)) - 3*a^2*Log[x] + 3*a^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]) / 2$

3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {564, 25, 2338, 25, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \int -\frac{a^2x^2+ax+1}{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{a^2x^2+ax+1}{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{a(3ax+2)}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a(3ax+2)}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{3ax+2}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} a \left(3a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3}{2} a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-3a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{1-ax} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(1 - a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/x^2 + (a^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x) + (a*((-2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/x - 3*a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]))/2`

3.156.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n_), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b
^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b
*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-
n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^
2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.156.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{2} - \frac{a\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x} - \frac{a\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}}{x-\frac{1}{a}}$	94
risch	$\frac{2a^3x^3+a^2x^2-2ax-1}{2x^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} + \frac{a^2\left(-3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}}{a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}\right)}{2}$	102

input `int(1/x^3/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2-3/2*a^2*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-a*(-a^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)/x-a/(x-1/a)*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(1/2)`

3.156.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^3x^3 - 2a^2x^2 + 3(a^3x^3 - a^2x^2) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{x}\right) - (4a^2x^2 - ax - 1)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2(ax^3 - x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*a^3*x^3 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 3*(a^3*x^3 - a^2*x^2)*log((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - (4*a^2*x^2 - a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/(a*x^3 - x^2)`**3.156.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{ax^4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} - x^3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(-a*x+1)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-Integral(1/(a*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) - x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)), x)`**3.156.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(ax-1)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(1/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*x - 1)*x^3), x)`

3.156.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 213 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\left(a^3 + \frac{3(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)a}{x} - \frac{20(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^2}{ax^2}\right)a^4x^2}{8(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a}{a^2x} - 1\right)|a|} - \frac{3a^3 \log\left(\frac{|-2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|-2a|}{2a^2|x|}\right)}{2|a|} - \frac{4(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)a|a|}{x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^2|a|}{8a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(-a*x+1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(a^3 + 3*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*a/x - 20*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^2/(a*x^2))*a^4*x^2/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^2*((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(a^2*x) - 1)*abs(a)) - 3/2*a^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) - 2*a)/(a^2*abs(x)))/abs(a) - 1/8*(4*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*a*abs(a)/x + (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^2*abs(a)/(a*x^2))/a^2`

3.156.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1-ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{a^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\left(x \sqrt{-a^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{a}}\right) \sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{a \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \operatorname{li})}{2} \operatorname{Si}$$

input `int(-1/(x^3*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*x - 1)),x)`

output `(a^2*atan((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*1i)*3i)/2 - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(2*x^2) - (a*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/x + (a^3*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/((x*(-a^2)^(1/2) - (-a^2)^(1/2)/a)*(-a^2)^(1/2))`

3.157
$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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3.157.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{5d^7x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{64e^5} - \frac{4d^4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{21e^4} + \frac{5d^3x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{24e^3} - \frac{5d^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{21e^2} + \frac{dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{d^5(256d - 315ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2016e^6} - \frac{5d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{64e^6}$$

```
output -4/21*d^4*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4+5/24*d^3*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3-5/21*d^2*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2+1/4*d*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/9*x^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/2016*d^5*(-315*e*x+256*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^6-5/64*d^9*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6-5/64*d^7*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5
```

3.157.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-512d^8 + 315d^7ex - 256d^6e^2x^2 + 210d^5e^3x^3 - 192d^4e^4x^4 + 168d^3e^5x^5 - 192d^2e^6x^6 + 1008de^7x^7 - 448e^8x^8) - 315d^9\sqrt{-e^2}\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{-e^2}x) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}]}{(4032e^7)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`output `(e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-512*d^8 + 315*d^7*e*x - 256*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 210*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 192*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 168*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 512*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 1008*d*e^7*x^7 + 448*e^8*x^8) - 315*d^9*sqrt[-e^2]*Log[-(sqrt[-e^2]*x) + sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(4032*e^7)`**3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.741$, Rules used = {562, 541, 27, 533, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\ & \int x^5(d - ex)^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\ & -\frac{\int -3de^2x^5(5d - 6ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{9e^2} - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{3}d \int x^5(5d - 6ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \end{aligned}$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{\int -10dex^4(3d-4ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{8e^2} + \frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \int x^4(3d-4ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{4e} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{\int -dex^3(16d-21ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{7e^2} + \frac{4x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{\int dex^3(16d-21ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{7e^2} \right)}{4e} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \int x^3(16d-21ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right) - \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& \frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -3dex^2(21d-32ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{6e^2} + \frac{7x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int x^2(21d - 32ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -dex(64d - 105ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} + \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int dx(64d - 105ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e^2} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int x(64d - 105ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \left(\frac{5d}{7e} \frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \left(\frac{d}{2e} \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(105d - 256ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + 10}{4e^2} \right)}{5e} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d}{7e} \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d}{2e} \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int de(105d - 256)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3}d \left(\frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d \left(\frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \int (105d - 256e^2x^2)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{4e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9}x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{1}{3}d \frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d}{7e} \frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - d \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(105d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \right)}{5e} \right)}{5e} - \frac{\dots}{2e}$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 211

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3}d \frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d}{7e} \frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - d \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - d \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(105d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \right) \right)}{2e} \right)$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 224

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3}d \frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d}{7e} \frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - d \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - d \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(105d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \right) \right)}{7e} \right)$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 216

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{3}d \frac{3x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{5d}{7e} \frac{4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - d \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - d \frac{32x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - d \left(\frac{105x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - d \left(\frac{105d}{7e} \left(\frac{d^2 - e^2x^2}{d+ex} \right)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

input `Int[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/9*(x^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (d*((3*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (5*d*((4*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*e) - (d*((7*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*e) - (d*((32*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (d*((105*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (d*((256*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 105*d*(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/(4*e)))/(5*e)))/(2*e)))/(7*e)))/(4*e))/3`

3.157.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
  p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
  x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
  Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] +
  Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m +
  n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)
  *x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGt
  Q[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 562 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n,
  0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]
```

3.157.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-448e^8x^8+1008de^7x^7-512d^2e^6x^6-168d^3e^5x^5+192d^4x^4e^4-210d^5e^3x^3+256d^6e^2x^2-315d^7ex+512d^8)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{4032e^6} - \frac{5d^9 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{x^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9e^2} - \frac{2d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63e^4} - \frac{4d^3}{e^2} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2}{6} \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2}{4} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right) \right) \right)$

```
input int(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4032*(-448*e^8*x^8+1008*d*e^7*x^7-512*d^2*e^6*x^6-168*d^3*e^5*x^5+192*d^4*e^4*x^4-210*d^5*e^3*x^3+256*d^6*e^2*x^2-315*d^7*e*x+512*d^8)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-5/64*d^9/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.157.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{630 d^9 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (448 e^8 x^8 - 1008 de^7 x^7 + 512 d^2 e^6 x^6 + 168 d^3 e^5 x^5 - 192 d^4 x^4 e^4 - 210 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 256 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 315 d^7 ex + 512 d^8)}{4032 e^6}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

output $1/4032*(630*d^9*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (448*e^8*x^8 - 1008*d*e^7*x^7 + 512*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 168*d^3*e^5*x^5 - 192*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 210*d^5*e^3*x^3 - 256*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 315*d^7*e*x - 512*d^8)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^6$

3.157.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$-2de \left(\begin{cases} \frac{5d^8 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128e^6} & \\ \frac{x^7\sqrt{d^2}}{7} & \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^6x}{128e^6} - \frac{5d^4x^3}{192e^4} - \frac{d^2x^5}{48e^2} + \frac{x^7}{8} \right) \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{16d^8}{315e^8} - \frac{8d^6x^2}{315e^6} - \frac{2d^4x^4}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^6}{63e^2} + \frac{x^8}{9} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^8\sqrt{d^2}}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \text{ otherwise}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d**2)/6, True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((5*d**8*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(128*e**6) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**6*x/(128*e**6) - 5*d**4*x**3/(192*e**4) - d**2*x**5/(48*e**2) + x**7/8), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**7*sqrt(d**2)/7, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-16*d**8/(315*e**8) - 8*d**6*x**2/(315*e**6) - 2*d**4*x**4/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**6/(63*e**2) + x**8/9), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**8*sqrt(d**2)/8, True))`

3.157.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^5}{4(e^7x + de^6)} - \frac{5i d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{4e^6}$$

$$- \frac{85 d^9 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{64 e^6} + \frac{5 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4 dex + 3 d^2} d^7 x}{4 e^5} - \frac{85 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^7 x}{64 e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{5 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4 dex + 3 d^2} d^8}{2 e^6} + \frac{35 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^5 x}{96 e^5}$$

$$- \frac{5 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^6}{12 e^6} - \frac{17 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 x}{24 e^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} x^2}{9 e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4}{e^6} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} dx}{4 e^5} - \frac{29 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d^2}{63 e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5/(e^7*x + d*e^6) - 5/4*I*d^9*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^6 - 85/64*d^9*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^6 + 5/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^7*x/e^5 - 85/64*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7*x/e^5 + 5/2*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^8/e^6 + 35/96*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5*x/e^5 - 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^6/e^6 - 17/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x/e^5 - 1/9*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x^2/e^4 + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4/e^6 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d*x/e^5 - 29/63*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d^2/e^6`

3.157.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(161280 d^{10} e^{10} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \left(315 d^{10} e^{10} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{1/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

3.157. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

output $1/1032192*(161280*d^{10}*e^{10}*\arctan(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + (315*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(17/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 18774*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(15/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + 10458*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(13/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 68958*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(11/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 8192*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(9/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 32418*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(7/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 10458*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 2730*d^{10}*e^{10}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 315*d^{10}*e^{10}*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)))*\operatorname{sgn}(e))*(e*x + d)^9/d^9)*\operatorname{abs}(e)/(d*e^{17})$

3.157.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.158
$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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3.158.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{13d^6x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{128e^4} + \frac{8d^3x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{35e^3} - \frac{13d^2x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{48e^2} + \frac{2dx^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{d^4(1024d - 1365ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6720e^5} + \frac{13d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{128e^5}$$

output `8/35*d^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3-13/48*d^2*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2+2/7*d*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/8*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/6720*d^4*(-1365*e*x+1024*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^5+13/128*d^8*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+13/128*d^6*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4`

3.158.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(2048d^7 - 1365d^6ex + 1024d^5e^2x^2 - 910d^4e^3x^3 + 768d^3e^4x^4 + 1960d^2e^5x^5)}{13440e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

3.158.
$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (2048d^7 - 1365d^6ex + 1024d^5e^2x^2 - 910d^4e^3x^3 + 768d^3e^4x^4 + 1960d^2e^5x^5 - 3840de^6x^6 + 1680e^7x^7) - 2730d^8 \text{ArcTan}[(ex)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2])]) / (13440e^5)$

3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.704$, Rules used = {562, 541, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x^4(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -de^2x^4(13d - 16ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int de^2x^4(13d - 16ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{8e^2} - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \int x^4(13d - 16ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{\int -dex^3(64d - 91ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{7e^2} + \frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} \right) - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{\int dex^3(64d - 91ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{7e^2} \right) - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \int x^3(64d - 91ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{7e} \right) - \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -3dex^2(91d - 128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{6e^2} + \frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \right)}{7e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \int x^2(91d - 128ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -dex(256d - 455ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{5e^2} + \frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int dex(256d - 455ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}dx}{5e^2} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \int x(256d - 455ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right) \right) - \\ & \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 533 \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(455d - 1024ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right) \right) - \\ & \frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$\downarrow 25$

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int d e(455d - 1024ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} \right)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int d \int (455d - 1024ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 455

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \left(d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \left(d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(455d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{1024(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{5e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \left(d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \left(d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{5e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} \frac{d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}}{5e} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{dx}{7e}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{8}d \left(\frac{16x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{91x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{128x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{455x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{455d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{2e} \right)}{7e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8}x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

```
output -1/8*(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (d*((16*x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*e)
) - (d*((91*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*e) - (d*((128*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)
)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (d*((455*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (d*((1024*(d^2
- e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 455*d*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(
e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e))))/(4*e)))/(5*e)))/(2*e)))/(7*e))/8
```

3.158.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1
)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

3.158.
$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 562 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]
```

3.158.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
risch	$\frac{(1680e^7x^7 - 3840de^6x^6 + 1960d^2e^5x^5 + 768d^3e^4x^4 - 910d^4e^3x^3 + 1024d^5e^2x^2 - 1365d^6ex + 2048d^7)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{13440e^5} + \frac{13d^8 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{128e^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}} \right)}{8e^2} + \dots$

```
input int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

output $1/13440*(1680*e^7*x^7-3840*d*e^6*x^6+1960*d^2*e^5*x^5+768*d^3*e^4*x^4-910*d^4*e^3*x^3+1024*d^5*e^2*x^2-1365*d^6*e*x+2048*d^7)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+13/128*d^8/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))$

3.158.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2730 d^8 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (1680 e^7 x^7 - 3840 d e^6 x^6 + 1960 d^2 e^5 x^5 + 768 d^3 e^4 x^4 - 910 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 1024 d^5 e^2 x^2 - 1365 d^6 e x + 2048 d^7) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{13440 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/13440*(2730*d^8*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (1680*e^7*x^7 - 3840*d*e^6*x^6 + 1960*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 768*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 910*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 1024*d^5*e^2*x^2 - 1365*d^6*e*x + 2048*d^7)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^5$

3.158.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{5} \right) \right) - 2de \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + e^2 \left(\frac{5d^8 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{128e^6} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{5d^6x}{128e^6} - \frac{5d^4x^3}{192e^4} - \frac{d^2x^5}{48e^2} + \frac{x^7}{8} \right) \right) \text{ for } e^2 \neq 0$$

otherwise

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d**2)/6, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((5*d**8*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(128*e**6) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-5*d**6*x/(128*e**6) - 5*d**4*x**3/(192*e**4) - d**2*x**5/(48*e**2) + x**7/8), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**7*sqrt(d**2)/7, True))`

3.158.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^4}{4(e^6x + de^5)} + \frac{7i d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{125 d^8 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{128 e^5} - \frac{7 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4 dex + 3 d^2} d^6 x}{8 e^4} + \frac{125 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^6 x}{128 e^4}$$

$$- \frac{7 \sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4 dex + 3 d^2} d^7}{4 e^5} - \frac{67 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^4 x}{192 e^4} + \frac{5 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^5}{12 e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{25 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 x}{48 e^4} - \frac{4 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3}{5 e^5} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} x}{8 e^4} + \frac{2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} d}{7 e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4/(e^6*x + d*e^5) + 7/8*I*d^8*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^5 + 125/128*d^8*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 - 7/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^6*x/e^4 + 125/128*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^6*x/e^4 - 7/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^7/e^5 - 67/192*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^4*x/e^4 + 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5/e^5 + 25/48*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x/e^4 - 4/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3/e^5 - 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*x/e^4 + 2/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*d/e^5`

3.158. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.158.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \left(349440 d^9 e^9 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \left(1365 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{15/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 61215 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{13/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + 20517 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{11/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 141159 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{9/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 34969 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 34853 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 10465 d^9 e^9 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 1365 d^9 e^9 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) \right) (ex+d)^8/d^8 \operatorname{abs}(e)/(d^9 e^{15})$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1720320*(349440*d^9*e^9*arctan(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + (1365*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(15/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 61215*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(13/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 20517*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(11/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 141159*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(9/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 34969*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 34853*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 10465*d^9*e^9*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 1365*d^9*e^9*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*(e*x + d)^8/d^8*abs(e)/(d^9*e^15)`**3.158.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.159 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.159.1 Optimal result 1506
 3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1506
 3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1507
 3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1513
 3.159.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1513
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 3.159.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1515
 3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1515
 3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1516

3.159.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{8e^3} - \frac{11d^2x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{35e^2} + \frac{dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{d^3(88d - 105ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{420e^4} - \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{8e^4}$$

output
$$\frac{-11/35*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e^2+1/3*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e-1/7*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}-1/420*d^3*(-105*e*x+88*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e^4-1/8*d^7*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/e^4-1/8*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/e^3}$$

3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-176d^6 + 105d^5ex - 88d^4e^2x^2 + 70d^3e^3x^3 + 144d^2e^4x^4 - 280de^5x^5 - 840e^5)}{840e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```
output (e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-176*d^6 + 105*d^5*e*x - 88*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 144*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 280*d*e^5*x^5 + 120*e^6*x^6) - 105*d^7*Sqrt[-e^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(840*e^5)
```

3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {562, 541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 562$$

$$\int x^3(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 541$$

$$-\frac{\int -de^2x^3(11d - 14ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{7e^2} - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int de^2x^3(11d - 14ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{7e^2} - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \int x^3(11d - 14ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 533$$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{\int -6dex^2(7d - 11ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{6e^2} + \frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \int x^2(7d - 11ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 533$$

3.159. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -dex(22d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{5e^2} + \frac{11x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \right)}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int dex(22d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{5e^2} \right)}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \int x(22d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{5e} \right)}{e} \right) - \frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 533

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(35d-88ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{4e^2} + \frac{35x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int de(35d-88ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}dx}{4e^2} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

3.159. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \int (35d - 88ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right)}{\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \left(\frac{\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(35d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{88(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right)}{\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{211}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(35d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{88(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(35d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} dx + \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{88(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

3.159. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{7}d \left(\frac{7x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{11x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{35x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e} + \frac{88(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/7*(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (d*((7*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) - (d*((11*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (d*((35*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (d*((88*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 35*d*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e))))/(4*e)))/(5*e))/e)/7`

3.159.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^(p/(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

3.159. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 562 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]`

3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-120e^6x^6+280de^5x^5-144d^2e^4x^4-70d^3x^3e^3+88d^4e^2x^2-105d^5ex+176d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{840e^4} - \frac{d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8e^3\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^4} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{2\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{-(x^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}})}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{2\sqrt{e^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right)}{e^3}$

input `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/840*(-120*e^6*x^6+280*d*e^5*x^5-144*d^2*e^4*x^4-70*d^3*e^3*x^3+88*d^4*e^2*x^2-105*d^5*e*x+176*d^6)/e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/8*d^7/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.159.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{210 d^7 \arctan\left(-\frac{d\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (120 e^6x^6 - 280 de^5x^5 + 144 d^2e^4x^4 + 70 d^3e^3x^3 - 105 d^5ex + 176 d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{840 e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.159. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

output $1/840*(210*d^7*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) + (120*e^6*x^6 - 280*d*e^5*x^5 + 144*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 70*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 88*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 105*d^5*e*x - 176*d^6)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^4$

3.159.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - 2de \left(\begin{cases} d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^5\sqrt{d^2}}{5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{8d^6}{105e^6} - \frac{4d^4x^2}{105e^4} - \frac{d^2x^4}{35e^2} + \frac{x^6}{7} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6\sqrt{d^2}}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-8*d**6/(105*e**6) - 4*d**4*x**2/(105*e**4) - d**2*x**4/(35*e**2) + x**6/7), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**6*sqrt(d**2)/6, True))`

3.159.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3}{4(e^5x + de^4)} - \frac{id^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{2e^4}$$

$$- \frac{5d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8e^4} + \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^5x}{2e^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5x}{8e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^6}{e^4} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3x}{3e^3} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4}{12e^4}$$

$$- \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}dx}{3e^3} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{5e^4} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}}{7e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3/(e^5*x + d*e^4) - 1/2*I*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^4 - 5/8*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 + 1/2*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^5*x/e^3 - 5/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*x/e^3 + sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^6/e^4 + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3*x/e^3 - 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^4/e^4 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*x/e^3 + 3/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2/e^4 - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)/e^4`

3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(13440 d^8 e^8 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \left(105 d^8 e^8 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{13}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/53760*(13440*d^8*e^8*\arctan(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + (105*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(13/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 3780*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(11/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + 189*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(9/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 4992*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(7/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 1981*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 700*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 105*d^8*e^8*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e))*(e*x + d)^7/d^7*\operatorname{abs}(e)/(d*e^{13})$

3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.160 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.160.1 Optimal result 1517
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3.160.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{3d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e^2} + \frac{2dx^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{d^2(32d - 45ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{120e^3} + \frac{3d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^3}$$

output `2/5*d*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-1/6*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/120*d^2*(-45*e*x+32*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3+3/16*d^6*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3+3/16*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2`

3.160.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(64d^5 - 45d^4ex + 32d^3e^2x^2 + 50d^2e^3x^3 - 96de^4x^4 + 40e^5x^5) - 90d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(64*d^5 - 45*d^4*e*x + 32*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 50*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 96*d*e^4*x^4 + 40*e^5*x^5) - 90*d^6*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(240*e^3)`

3.160. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {562, 541, 27, 533, 25, 27, 533, 25, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x^2(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -3de^2x^2(3d - 4ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(3d - 4ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\int -dex(8d - 15ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} + \frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int dex(8d - 15ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \int x(8d - 15ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -de(15d - 32ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.160. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{\int de(15d - 32ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} \right)}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \int (15d - 32ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right) - \frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(15d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(15d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(15d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{4x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{d \left(\frac{15x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} - \frac{d \left(15d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{32(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{4e} \right)}{5e} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

```
input Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output -1/6*(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (d*((4*x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (d*((15*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) - (d*((32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 15*d*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e))))/(4*e)))/(5*e))/2
```

3.160.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

3.160. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 562 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]`

3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$\frac{(40e^5x^5 - 96de^4x^4 + 50d^2e^3x^3 + 32d^3e^2x^2 - 45d^4ex + 64d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{240e^3} + \frac{3d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{16e^2\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} \right)}{4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{-(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x + \frac{d}{e})}{3de(x + \frac{d}{e})^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{e^2} + \dots$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/240*(40*e^5*x^5-96*d*e^4*x^4+50*d^2*e^3*x^3+32*d^3*e^2*x^2-45*d^4*e*x+64*d^5)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3/16*d^6/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.160.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{90 d^6 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (40 e^5 x^5 - 96 d e^4 x^4 + 50 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 32 d^3 e^2 x^2 - 45 d^4 e x + 64 d^5)\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{240 e^3}$$

3.160. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/240*(90*d^6*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (40*e^5*x^5 - 96*d*e^4*x^4 + 50*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 32*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 45*d^4*e*x + 64*d^5)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/e^3$$

3.160.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \right. \\ \left. - 2de \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \right. \\ \left. + e^2 \left(\frac{d^6 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16e^4} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(-\frac{d^4x}{16e^4} - \frac{d^2x^3}{24e^2} + \frac{x^5}{6} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((d**6*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2))*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(16*e**4) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**4*x/(16*e**4) - d**2*x**3/(24*e**2) + x**5/6), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**5*sqrt(d**2)/5, True))`

3.160.
$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

3.160.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{id^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e^3} + \frac{5d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16e^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{4(e^4x + de^3)} - \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^4x}{8e^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4x}{16e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^5}{4e^3} - \frac{7(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2x}{24e^2} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3}{12e^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}x}{6e^2} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{5e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*I*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^3 + 5/16*d^6*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2/(e^4*x + d*e^3) - 1/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^4*x/e^2 + 5/16*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*x/e^2 - 1/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^5/e^3 - 7/24*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x/e^2 + 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3/e^3 + 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*x/e^2 - 2/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/e^3`

3.160.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. 2(122) = 244.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \left(2880 d^7 e^7 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \left(45 d^7 e^7 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 1025 d^7 e^7 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/7680*(2880*d^7*e^7*\arctan(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + (45*d^7*e^7*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(11/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 1025*d^7*e^7*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(9/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 174*d^7*e^7*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(7/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 594*d^7*e^7*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 255*d^7*e^7*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 45*d^7*e^7*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e)*(e*x + d)^6/d^6*\operatorname{abs}(e)/(d*e^{11})$

3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.161 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.161.1 Optimal result 1526
 3.161.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1526
 3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1527
 3.161.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1530
 3.161.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1530
 3.161.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 1531
 3.161.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1532
 3.161.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1532
 3.161.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1533

3.161.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e} - \frac{dx(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{15e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{3e^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{4e^2}$$

output $-1/6*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e-2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-1/4*d^5*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2-1/4*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e$

3.161.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-28d^4 + 15d^3ex + 16d^2e^2x^2 - 30de^3x^3 + 12e^4x^4) - 15d^5\sqrt{-e^2} \log(-\dots)}{60e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(e*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-28*d^4 + 15*d^3*e*x + 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 30*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*e^4*x^4) - 15*d^5*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(60*e^3)$

3.161. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {562, 541, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{562} \\
 & \int x(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int -de^2x(7d - 10ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int de^2x(7d - 10ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d \int x(7d - 10ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{533} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{\int -2de(5d - 14ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{4e^2} + \frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \int (5d - 14ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(5d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx + \frac{14(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.161. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{14(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{14(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{1}{5}d \left(\frac{5x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2e} - \frac{d \left(5d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right) + \frac{14(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{2e} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-1/5*(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (d*((5*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*e) - (d*((14*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*e) + 5*d*((x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))))/(2*e))/5`

3.161.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 541 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 562 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[n + p + 1/2, 0]`

3.161.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-12e^4x^4+30de^3x^3-16d^2e^2x^2-15d^3ex+28d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{60e^2} - \frac{d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4e\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + de \left(-\frac{(-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de)\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{(-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{4e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right)$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/60*(-12*e^4*x^4+30*d*e^3*x^3-16*d^2*e^2*x^2-15*d^3*e*x+28*d^4)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/4*d^5/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.161.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{30 d^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (12 e^4 x^4 - 30 de^3 x^3 + 16 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 15 d^3 ex - 28 d^4)}{60 e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.161. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

output $\frac{1}{60} \cdot (30 \cdot d^5 \cdot \arctan(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e x}) + (12 \cdot e^4 x^4 - 30 \cdot d \cdot e^3 x^3 + 16 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^2 x^2 + 15 \cdot d^3 \cdot e x - 28 \cdot d^4) \cdot \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}) / e^2$

3.161.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - 2de \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2 x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{2d^4}{15e^4} - \frac{d^2 x^2}{15e^2} + \frac{x^4}{5} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2}}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2/(3*e**2) + x**2/3), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True)))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-2*d**4/(15*e**4) - d**2*x**2/(15*e**2) + x**4/5), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(d**2)/4, True))`

3.161.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{id^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{4e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^3x}{4e} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{4(e^3x + de^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^4}{2e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}dx}{4e} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2}{12e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{5e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*I*d^5*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^2 - 1/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^3*x/e - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/(e^3*x + d*e^2) - 1/2*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^4/e^2 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d*x/e - 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2/e^2 + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/e^2`

3.161.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(480 d^6 e^6 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \frac{\left(15 d^6 e^6 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{9/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 250 d^6 e^6 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 128 d^6 e^6 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 70 d^6 e^6 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 15 d^6 e^6 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)\right) (e*x + d)^5 \operatorname{abs}(e)}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/960*(480*d^6*e^6*arctan(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + (15*d^6*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(9/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 250*d^6*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 128*d^6*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 70*d^6*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 15*d^6*e^6*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))*(e*x + d)^5*abs(e)/(d*e^9)`

3.161.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.162 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.162.1 Optimal result 1534
 3.162.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1534
 3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1535
 3.162.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1537
 3.162.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1537
 3.162.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 1538
 3.162.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1538
 3.162.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1539
 3.162.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1539

3.162.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{5}{8} d^2 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{5d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{12e} + \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} + \frac{5d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{8e}$$

output $5/12*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e+1/4*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e+5/8*d^4*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e+5/8*d^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.162.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(16d^3 + 9d^2 ex - 16de^2 x^2 + 6e^3 x^3) - 30d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{24e}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(16*d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x - 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3) - 30*d^4*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(24*e)$

3.162. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {464, 469, 455, 211, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{464} \\
 & \int (d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{469} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} d \int (d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx + \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} d \left(d \int \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right) + \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} d \left(d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right) + \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} d \left(d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{5}{4} d \left(d \left(\frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3e} \right) + \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

3.162. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

```
output ((d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*e) + (5*d*((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e)
) + d*((x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]
/(2*e))))/4
```

3.162.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1
)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 464 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(
a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(a/c + b*(x/d))^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b
*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[p] && (LtQ[0, -n, p] || LtQ[p,
-n, 0]) && NeQ[n, 2] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 469 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*c*
((n + p)/(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*
p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.162.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{(6e^3x^3 - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 9d^2ex + 16d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{24e} + \frac{5d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2 + d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e^2}}$
default	$\frac{\left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \frac{5e \left(\frac{\left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + de \left(\frac{\left(-2\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)e^2 + 2de\right)\left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8e^2} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\right)}{3d} \right)}{e^2}$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/24*(6*e^3*x^3-16*d*e^2*x^2+9*d^2*e*x+16*d^3)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+5/8*d^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`**3.162.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{30d^4 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (6e^3x^3 - 16de^2x^2 + 9d^2ex + 16d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{24e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/24*(30*d^4*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (6*e^3*x^3 - 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 9*d^2*e*x + 16*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/e`

3.162. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.162.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} \right) \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \\ - 2de \left(\begin{matrix} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{8e^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-\frac{d^2 x}{8e^2} + \frac{x^3}{4} \right) \right) \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2}}{3} \right) \begin{matrix} \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

```
output d**2*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 -
e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/
2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) - 2*d*
e*Piecewise((sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2/(3*e**2) + x**2/3), Ne(e**2, 0)
), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True)) + e**2*Piecewise((d**4*Piecewise((log(-2*e**
2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x
log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/(8*e**2) + sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)*(-d**2*x
/(8*e**2) + x**3/4), Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(d**2)/3, True))
```

3.162.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{5i d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e} + \frac{5}{8} \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^2 x \\ + \frac{5 \sqrt{e^2 x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2} d^3}{4e} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{4(e^2 x + de)} + \frac{5(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d}{12e}$$

3.162. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-5/8*I*d^4*\arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e + 5/8*\sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^2*x + 5/4*\sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^3/e + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(e^2*x + d*e) + 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/e$$

3.162.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \left(240 d^5 e^5 \arctan \left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) + \frac{\left(15 d^5 e^5 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1 \right)^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 73 d^5 e^5 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1 \right)^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 55 d^5 e^5 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1 \right)^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) - 15 d^5 e^5 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e) \right) * (ex+d)^4 / d^4 * \operatorname{abs}(e) / (d * e^7)}{192 d e^7} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/192*(240*d^5*e^5*\arctan(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) + (15*d^5*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 73*d^5*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 55*d^5*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e) - 15*d^5*e^5*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e))*(e*x + d)^4/d^4*\operatorname{abs}(e)/(d*e^7)$$

3.162.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.162. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.163
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

3.163.1 Optimal result 1540
 3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1540
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3.163.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = d(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} - d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-d^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d^3*arctanh(((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+d*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))`

3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(2d^2 - 3dex + e^2 x^2) + 2d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) + \frac{d^3 e \log(-\sqrt{-e^2 x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (2*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/3 + 2*d^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x)/d - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d] + (d^3*e*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]$

3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 541, 27, 535, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{541} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3de^2(d-2ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d - 2ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{535} \\
 & d \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{2(d - ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & d \left(d^2 \int \frac{d - ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & d \left(d^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) + (d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.163. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d\left(d^2\left(d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - e\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& d\left(d^2\left(d\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \frac{1}{3}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& d\left(d^2\left(\frac{1}{2}d\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2 - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& d\left(d^2\left(-\frac{d\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)\right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& d\left(d^2\left(-\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right) + (d-ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{3}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2) + d*((d - e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^2*(-ArcT
an[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))`

3.163.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 541 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[d^n*x^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.163.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 543 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

method	result
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}}{5} + d^2 \left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}}{d^2} \right) \right) - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{7/2}}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + \dots$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.163. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$

output $1/d^2*(1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(5/2)}+d^2*(1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}+d^2*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-d^2/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x))))-1/e/d*(1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(7/2)}+5/3*e/d*(1/5*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(5/2)}+d*e*(-1/8*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(3/2)}+3/4*d^2*(-1/4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}))))-1/d^2*(1/5*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(5/2)}+d*e*(-1/8*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(3/2)}+3/4*d^2*(-1/4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/e^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}+1/2*d^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}))))$

3.163.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = 2 d^3 \arctan \left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex} \right) + d^3 \log \left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{3} (e^2 x^2 - 3 dex + 2 d^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $2*d^3*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + d^3*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + 1/3*(e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}$

3.163.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ix}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{d^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-d**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/(3*e**2) + x**2*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/3, Ne(e**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(d**2)/2, True))`

3.163.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^3 e \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - d^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) \\ - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} dex + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 - \frac{1}{3} (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-d^3*e*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - d^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2 - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)`

3.163.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.163.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.164 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.164.1 Optimal result 1548
 3.164.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1548
 3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1549
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 3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1555

3.164.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2}e(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} - \frac{1}{2}d^2 e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + 2d^2 e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x-1/2*d^2*e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+2*d^2*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-1/2*e*(e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.164.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-2d^2 - 4dex + e^2 x^2)}{2x} + d^2 e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + 2d\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) - 2d\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-2*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(2*x) + d^2*e*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + 2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[x] - 2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]$

3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 535, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(2d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx}{d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -e \int \frac{(2d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 535 \\
 & -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \int \frac{4d + ex}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 538 \\
 & -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 4d \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(4d \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(4d \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(2d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 + \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2}} d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -e \left(\frac{1}{2} d^2 \left(\arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - 4 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} (4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) -
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x) - e*(((4*d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2)`

3.164.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p + 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.164.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^2x}{2} - \frac{e^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{2ed^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - 2ed\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{\left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5d^2\left(\frac{x(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{4}\right)}{6}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2e\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}\right)}{d^2}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*e^2*x-1/2*e^2*d^2/(e^
2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+2*e*d^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln
((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-2*e*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.164. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.164.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2d^2 ex \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - 4d^2 ex \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - 4d^2 ex + (e^2 x^2 - 4de)}{2x}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(2*d^2*e*x*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - 4*d^2*e*x*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - 4*d^2*e*x + (e^2*x^2 - 4*d*e*x - 2*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x`**3.164.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2}{ex\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log(-2e^2 x + 2\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}} & \text{for } d^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2} & \text{for } e^2 \neq 0 \\ x\sqrt{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`


```
output d**2*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e
**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt
(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)
), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*aco
sh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1),
(-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqr
t(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((d**2*Piecewise((log(-2*
e**2*x + 2*sqrt(-e**2)*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2))/sqrt(-e**2), Ne(d**2, 0)),
(x*log(x)/sqrt(-e**2*x**2), True))/2 + x*sqrt(d**2 - e**2*x**2)/2, Ne(e**2
, 0)), (x*sqrt(d**2), True))
```

3.164.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^2 e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} + 2d^2 e \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^2 x - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}de - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d^2}{x}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*d^2*e^2*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) + 2*d^2*e*log(2*d^2/abs
(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2*x -
2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/x
```

3.164.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.164. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.165 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.165.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} + 2de^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}de^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^2+2*d*e^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-1/2*d*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+1/2*e*(e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x`

3.165.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{(d^2 - 4dex - 2e^2 x^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} + de^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d}\right) + 2de\sqrt{-e^2} \log\left(-\sqrt{-e^2 x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

3.165. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$

output
$$-1/2*((d^2 - 4*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 + d*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d] + 2*d*e*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]$$

3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 536, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 540 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(4d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(4d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 536 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\int \frac{-ed^2 - 4e^2 x d}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 538 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(d^2(-e) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - 4de^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(4d + ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \right) - \\ & \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 224 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(d^2(-e) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 4de^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(d^2(-e) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 4de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - 4de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - x^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} - 4de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \frac{(4d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-4de \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) + de \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(4d + ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2 - (e*(-(((4*d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x) - 4*d*e*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] + d*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d]))/2`

3.165.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 536 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2*c*p - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*x)), x] + Int[(a*d + 2*b*c*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-2e^2x^2-4dex+d^2)}{2x^2} + \frac{2de^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{d^2e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{5e^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + d^2\left(\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + d^2\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)\right)\right)}{d^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{3e^2\left(\frac{-e^2x^2+d^2}{5}\right)}{d^2}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.165. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^2} dx$

output
$$-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-2*e^2*x^2-4*d*e*x+d^2)/x^2+2*d*e^3/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-1/2*d^2*e^2/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$

3.165.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{8 d e^2 x^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - d e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - 2 d e^2 x^2 - (2 e^2 x^2 + 4 dex - d^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*(8*d*e^2*x^2*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - d*e^2*x^2*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) - 2*d*e^2*x^2 - (2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x - d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x^2$$

3.165.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{id}{x \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \\ -\frac{d}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{d^2}{ex \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - d \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) - \frac{ex}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} \\ -\frac{id^2}{ex \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + id \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{ie x}{\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} \end{array} \right) \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

3.165.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**3/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2))), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2))), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((d**2/(e*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - d*acosh(d/(e*x)) - e*x/sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*d**2/(e*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*d*asin(d/(e*x)) + I*e*x/sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1), True))`

3.165.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2de^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{1}{2} de^2 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} de}{x} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*d*e^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - 1/2*d*e^2*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e/x - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)/x^2`

3.165.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

3.165. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value

3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.166
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

3.166.1 Optimal result 1564
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 3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1571

3.166.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} - e^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^3-e^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-e^3*arc
tanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+e*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.166.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(-d^2 + 3dex - 2e^2 x^2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} + 2e^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^3 \log(x)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

3.166.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

output $((-d^2 + 3*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) + 2*e^3*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[x])/d + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d$

3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 537, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 540 \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{3d^2 e(2d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -e \int \frac{(2d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 537 \\ & -e \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int -\frac{2(d - ex)}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -e \left(e^2 \left(- \int \frac{d - ex}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) - \frac{(d - ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 538 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{216} \\
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(- \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -e \left(- \left(e^2 \left(- \arctan \left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) - \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

```
output -1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3 - e*(-(((d - e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2)
- e^2*(-ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d
]))
```

3.166.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 537 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp [c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1]`

3.166.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(2e^2x^2-3dex+d^2)}{3x^3} - \frac{e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{e^3 d \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}$	113
default	Expression too large to display	983

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(2*e^2*x^2-3*d*e*x+d^2)/x^3-e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-e^3*d/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)`

3.166.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{6 e^3 x^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + 3 e^3 x^3 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) - (2 e^2 x^2 - 3 dex + d^2)\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/3*(6*e^3*x^3*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + 3*e^3*x^3*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) - (2*e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x^3`**3.166.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{id}{x\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + ie \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - \frac{ie^2 x}{d\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{d}{x\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - e \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**4/(e*x+d)**2,x)`


```
output d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e
**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**
2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)
) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e
*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2
*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x)
)/(2*d), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((I*d/(x*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)) + I*e*
acosh(e*x/d) - I*e**2*x/(d*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2)
> 1), (-d/(x*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)) - e*asin(e*x/d) + e**2*x/(d*sqrt(1
- e**2*x**2/d**2)), True))
```

3.166.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{e^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{e^2 x}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} - e^3 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^3}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^2}{x} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{dx^2} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -e^4*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2) - e^3*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt
(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3/d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 +
d^2)*e^2/x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/(d*x^2) - 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)
/x^3
```

3.166.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: abs(sageVARE)*(1/3*(12*sageVARE^2*sqrt(2*sageVARd*sageVARE*(sageVARE*sageVARx+sageVARd)^-1/sageVARE-1)*(2*sageVARd*sageVARE*(sageVARE*sageVARx+sageVARd)^-1/sageVARE-1)^2*s

3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.167 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.167.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{5e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8x^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} + \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} + \frac{5e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d}$$

output `-1/4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^4+2/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^3+5/8*e^4*arc
tanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d-5/8*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.167.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-6d^3 + 16d^2 ex - 9de^2 x^2 - 16e^3 x^3)}{24dx^4} + \frac{5e^4 \log(x)}{8\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{5e^4 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-6*d^3 + 16*d^2*e*x - 9*d*e^2*x^2 - 16*e^3*x^3)) / (24 * d*x^4) + (5*e^4 * \text{Log}[x]) / (8 * \text{Sqrt}[d^2]) - (5*e^4 * \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]) / (8 * \text{Sqrt}[d^2])$

3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 534, 243, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(8d - 5ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e \int \frac{(8d - 5ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534 \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e \left(-5e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 -\frac{1}{4}e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 -\frac{1}{4}e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-1/4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4 - (e*((-8*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*x^3) - (5*e*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d)]/d))/2))/4`

3.167.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.167.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(16e^3x^3+9de^2x^2-16d^2ex+6d^3)}{24x^4d} + \frac{5e^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d^2}}$	96
default	Expression too large to display	1153

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(16*e^3*x^3+9*d*e^2*x^2-16*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/x^4/d + 5/8*e^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)$$

3.167.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)^2} dx$$

3.167.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{15 e^4 x^4 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (16 e^3 x^3 + 9 d e^2 x^2 - 16 d^2 e x + 6 d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{24 d x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/24*(15*e^4*x^4*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (16*e^3*x^3 + 9*d*e^2*x^2 - 16*d^2*e*x + 6*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*x^4)`**3.167.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \\ \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} \\ -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{2x} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \\ \frac{id^2}{2ex^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie}{2x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{2d} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**5/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*x) + e**2*acosh(d/(e*x))/(2*d), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(2*e*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e/(2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**2*asin(d/(e*x))/(2*d), True))`

3.167.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{5 e^4 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{8d} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^4}{8d^2} - \frac{5(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{8d^2 x^2} + \frac{2(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{3dx^3} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/8*e^4*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d - 5/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4/d^2 - 5/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d^2*x^2) + 2/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/(d*x^3) - 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)/x^4`

3.167.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{192} \left(\frac{120 e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 + 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d} - \frac{120 e^3 \log\left(\left|\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 - 1\right|\right)}{d} \right)$$

3.167. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)^2} dx$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(120*e^3*log(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) + 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d - 120*e^3*log(abs(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d + 4*(15*e^3*log(2) - 30*e^3*log(I + 1) + 32*I*e^3)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d - (15*e^3*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 73*e^3*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 55*e^3*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 15*e^3*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/(d*(d/(e*x + d) - 1)^4)*abs(e)`

3.167.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.168 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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 3.168.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) 1586
 3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1586

3.168.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4dx^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} - \frac{7e^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15d^2 x^3} - \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{4d^2}$$

output `-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^5+1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4-7/15*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^3-1/4*e^5*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^2+1/4*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^2`

3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-12d^4 + 30d^3 ex - 16d^2 e^2 x^2 - 15de^3 x^3 + 28e^4 x^4)}{60d^2 x^5} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^5 \log(x)}{4d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2} e^5 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{4d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

3.168. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-12*d^4 + 30*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 + 28*e^4*x^4))/(60*d^2*x^5) - (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[x])/(4*d^3) + (\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(4*d^3)$

3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 540 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e (10d - 7ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{1}{5}e \int \frac{(10d - 7ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 539 \\
 & -\frac{1}{5}e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2de(14d - 5ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{1}{5}e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(14d - 5ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 534
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{5}e \left(-\frac{e \left(-5e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{14(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& -\frac{1}{5}e \left(-\frac{e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{14(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 51 \\
& -\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{14(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& -\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{14(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& -\frac{1}{5}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{5}{2}e \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{14(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2dx^4} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-1/5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5 - (e*((-5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d*x^4) - (e*((-14*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*x^3) - (5*e*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2))/(2*d))/5`

3.168. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx$

3.168.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.168.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-28e^4x^4+15de^3x^3+16d^2e^2x^2-30d^3ex+12d^4)}{60x^5d^2} - \frac{e^5 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{4d\sqrt{d^2}}$	110
default	Expression too large to display	1349

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-28*e^4*x^4+15*d*e^3*x^3+16*d^2*e^2*x^2-30*d^3
*e*x+12*d^4)/x^5/d^2-1/4/d*e^5/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x
^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.168.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{15 e^5 x^5 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (28 e^4 x^4 - 15 d e^3 x^3 - 16 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 30 d^3 e x - 12 d^4) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{60 d^2 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.168. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)^2} dx$

output $1/60*(15*e^5*x^5*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) + (28*e^4*x^4 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 30*d^3*e*x - 12*d^4)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^2*x^5)$

3.168.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{3id^3 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4ide^2 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2ie^6 x^6 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{ie^4 x^4 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} & \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{3d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4de^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2e^6 x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{e^4 x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} & \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{e \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{3d^2} & \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3x^2} + \frac{ie^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{3d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**6/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output

```
d**2*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**4*asin(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*x**2) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(3*d**2), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*x**2) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(3*d**2), True))
```

3.168.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{e^5 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{|x|}\right)}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^5}{4d^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^3}{4d^3 x^2} - \frac{7(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^2}{15d^2 x^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e}{2dx^4} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*e^5*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^2 + 1/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5/d^3 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^3*x^2) - 7/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d^2*x^3) + 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/(d*x^4) - 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)/x^5
```


3.168.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{960} \left(\frac{240 e^4 \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 + 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^2} - \frac{240 e^4 \log \left(\left| \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 - 1 \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^2} + \dots \right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/960*(240*e^4*log(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) + 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^2 - 240*e^4*log(abs(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^2 + 8*(15*e^4*log(2) - 30*e^4*log(I + 1) + 56*I*e^4)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^2 - (15*e^4*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(9/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 250*e^4*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 128*e^4*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 70*e^4*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 15*e^4*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d)))*sgn(e))/(d^2*(d/(e*x + d) - 1)^5)*abs(e)`

3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.169 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.169.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{3e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{16d^2 x^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} + \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{3e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{8d^2 x^4} + \frac{4e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15d^3 x^3} + \frac{3e^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{16d^3}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^6+2/5*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^5-3/8*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^4+4/15*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^3/x^3+3/16*e^6*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3-3/16*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2
```

3.169.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (40d^5 - 96d^4 ex + 50d^3 e^2 x^2 + 32d^2 e^3 x^3 - 45de^4 x^4 + 64e^5 x^5) + 90e^6 x^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d}\right)}{240d^3 x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)^2),x]
```

3.169. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$

output
$$-1/240*(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(40*d^5 - 96*d^4*e*x + 50*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 32*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 45*d*e^4*x^4 + 64*e^5*x^5) + 90*e^6*x^6*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(d^3*x^6)$$

3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 540 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{3d^2 e(4d - 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(4d - 3ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(15d - 8ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(15d - 8ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^5} dx}{5d} - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \end{aligned}$$

3.169. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(32d-15ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{15(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(32d-15ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d} - \frac{15(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-15e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{15(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{15}{2}e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{32(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{15(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{51}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{15}{2}e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{15(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6}$$

↓ 73

$$-\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{15}{2}e \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{15(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6}$$

↓ 221

$$-\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{15}{2}e \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2}}{d} \right) - \frac{32(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{15(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4}}{5d} \right) - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5}$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output
$$-1/6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}/x^6 - (e*((-4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(5*d*x^5) - (e*((-15*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(4*d*x^4) - (e*((-32*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*d*x^3) - (15*e*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2))/(4*d)))/(5*d))/2$$

3.169.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)*(G x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 51
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^m*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^m*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2])/a * \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 243
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 534
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*x^{m+1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[x^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$$

```
rule 539 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
  Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
;/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 540 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.169.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (64e^5x^5-45de^4x^4+32d^2e^3x^3+50d^3e^2x^2-96d^4ex+40d^5)}{240d^3x^6} + \frac{3e^6 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{16d^2\sqrt{d^2}}$	121
default	Expression too large to display	1550

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/240*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(64*e^5*x^5-45*d*e^4*x^4+32*d^2*e^3*x^3+50*d^3
*e^2*x^2-96*d^4*e*x+40*d^5)/d^3/x^6+3/16/d^2*e^6/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(
d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)
```

3.169. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.169.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{45 e^6 x^6 \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (64 e^5 x^5 - 45 d e^4 x^4 + 32 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 50 d^3 e^2 x^2 - 96 d^4 e x + 40 d^5) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{240 d^3 x^6}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/240*(45*e^6*x^6*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (64*e^5*x^5 - 45*d*e^4*x^4 + 32*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 50*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 96*d^4*e*x + 40*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*x^6)`**3.169.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 808, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.78

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{6ex^7 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{5e}{24x^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^3}{48d^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^5}{16d^4 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^6 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \\ \frac{id^2}{6ex^7 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{5ie}{24x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^3}{48d^2 x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^5}{16d^4 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^6 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \end{array} \right) \\ -2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3id^3 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4ide^2 x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2ie^6 x^6 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{ie^4 x^4 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4de^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2e^6 x^6 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{e^4 x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3e}{8x^3 \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{id^2}{4ex^5 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3ie}{8x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^3}{8d^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{8d^3} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**7/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

3.169. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$


```
output d**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5
*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) -
1)) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(1
6*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x
**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2
*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**
2) + 1)) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((3*I*d
**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d**2*x
**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x
**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4
*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2
*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**
2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2
*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2
*x**7) - e**4*x**4*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**
7), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((-d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) +
3*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) - e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2
*x**2) - 1)) + e**4*acosh(d/(e*x))/(8*d**3), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I
*d**2/(4*e*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 3*I*e/(8*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e
**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**3/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**...
```

3.169.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{3e^6 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{16d^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^6}{16d^4} - \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{16d^4 x^2} + \frac{4(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{15d^3 x^3} - \frac{3(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{8d^2 x^4} + \frac{2(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{5dx^5} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{6x^6}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 3/16*e^6*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^3 - 3/16*sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6/d^4 - 3/16*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4/(d^4*x^2) + 4
/15*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^3*x^3) - 3/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/
(d^2*x^4) + 2/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/(d*x^5) - 1/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3
/2)/x^6
```

3.169. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$

3.169.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{1}{7680} \left(\frac{1440 e^5 \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 + 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{1}{ex+d} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^3} - \frac{1440 e^5 \log \left(\left| \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 - \right. \right)}{d^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*(1440*e^5*log(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) + 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^3 - 1440*e^5*log(abs(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^3 + 16*(45*e^5*log(2) - 90*e^5*log(I + 1) + 128*I*e^5)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^3 - (45*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(11/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 1025*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(9/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 174*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(7/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 594*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 255*e^5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 45*e^5*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e))/(d^3*(d/(e*x + d) - 1)^6)*abs(e)`

3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.170 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx$

3.170.1 Optimal result 1596
 3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1596
 3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1597
 3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1603
 3.170.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1603
 3.170.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 1603
 3.170.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1605
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 3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1606

3.170.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8d^3 x^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} - \frac{11e^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{35d^2 x^5} + \frac{e^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4d^3 x^4} - \frac{22e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{105d^4 x^3} - \frac{e^7 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d^4}$$

output `-1/7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/x^7+1/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d/x^6-11/35*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^5+1/4*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^3/x^4-22/105*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/d^4/x^3-1/8*e^7*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4+1/8*e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2`

3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-120d^6 + 280d^5 ex - 144d^4 e^2 x^2 - 70d^3 e^3 x^3 + 88d^2 e^4 x^4 - 105de^5 x^5 + 176e^6 x^6)}{x^7} - \frac{105\sqrt{d^2} e^7 \log(x)}{840d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)^2), x]`

output $((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-120*d^6 + 280*d^5*e*x - 144*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 70*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 88*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 105*d*e^5*x^5 + 176*e^6*x^6))/x^7 - 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^7*\text{Log}[x] + 105*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^7*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(840*d^5)$

3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {570, 540, 27, 539, 27, 539, 27, 539, 27, 534, 243, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 540 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(14d - 11ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^7} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{7}e \int \frac{(14d - 11ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^7} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \\ & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{6de(11d - 7ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^6} dx}{6d^2} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(11d - 7ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^6} dx}{d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\ & \quad \downarrow 539 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(35d-22ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{11(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(35d-22ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^5} dx}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{539} \\
 & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{\int \frac{de(88d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{35(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{e \int \frac{(88d-35ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4} dx}{4d} - \frac{35(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{534}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-35e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{88(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{35(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 243

$$-\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{35}{2}e \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{88(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right)}{4d} - \frac{35(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^6} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 51

3.170. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$-\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{35}{2}e \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{88(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{35(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 73

$$-\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{35}{2}e \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - x^4}{e^2 - e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{88(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{35(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \right)}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

↓ 221

3.170. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx$

$$-\frac{1}{7}e \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{88(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \right) - \frac{35(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4}}{5d} - \frac{11(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \right) - \frac{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-1/7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7 - (e*((-7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*x^6) - (e*((-11*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*d*x^5) - (e*((-35*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*d*x^4) - (e*((-88*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*x^3) - (35*e*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2) + (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2))/(4*d)))/(5*d))/d)/7`

3.170.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

3.170. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)^2} dx$

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
 x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
 Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
 der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
 , x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
 tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
 x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^(
 n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
 LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-176e^6x^6+105de^5x^5-88d^2e^4x^4+70d^3x^3e^3+144d^4e^2x^2-280d^5ex+120d^6)}{840x^7d^4} - \frac{e^7 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8d^3\sqrt{d^2}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/840*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-176*e^6*x^6+105*d*e^5*x^5-88*d^2*e^4*x^4+70*d^3*e^3*x^3+144*d^4*e^2*x^2-280*d^5*e*x+120*d^6)/x^7/d^4-1/8/d^3*e^7/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)$$
3.170.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{105 e^7 x^7 \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + (176 e^6 x^6 - 105 d e^5 x^5 + 88 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 70 d^3 e^3 x^3 - 144 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 280 d^5 e x - 120 d^6) \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{840 d^4 x^7}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/840*(105*e^7*x^7*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) + (176*e^6*x^6 - 105*d*e^5*x^5 + 88*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 70*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 144*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 280*d^5*e*x - 120*d^6)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^4*x^7)$$
3.170.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

3.170.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)^2} dx$$

Time = 8.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 835, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx = d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{e\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{7x^6} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{35d^2 x^4} + \frac{4e^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{105d^4 x^2} + \frac{8e^7\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}}{105d^6} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ie\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{7x^6} + \frac{ie^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{35d^2 x^4} + \frac{4ie^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{105d^4 x^2} + \frac{8ie^7\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}}{105d^6} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{d^2}{6ex^7\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{5e}{24x^5\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^3}{48d^2 x^3\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} - \frac{e^5}{16d^4 x\sqrt{\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1}} + \frac{e^6 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{id^2}{6ex^7\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{5ie}{24x^5\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^3}{48d^2 x^3\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} + \frac{ie^5}{16d^4 x\sqrt{-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1}} - \frac{ie^6 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{16d^5} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3id^3\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4ide^2 x^2\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2ie^6 x^6\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{ie^4 x^4\sqrt{-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{3d^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} - \frac{4de^2 x^2\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^2 x^5 + 15e^2 x^7} + \frac{2e^6 x^6\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^5 x^5 + 15d^3 e^2 x^7} - \frac{e^4 x^4\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}{-15d^3 x^5 + 15de^2 x^7} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**8/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((-e*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(7*x**6) + e**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*e**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*e**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(105*d**6), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-I*e*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(7*x**6) + I*e**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(35*d**2*x**4) + 4*I*e**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**4*x**2) + 8*I*e**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(105*d**6), True)) - 2*d*e*Piecewise((-d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + 5*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1))) - e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)) + e**6*acosh(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (I*d**2/(6*e*x**7*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - 5*I*e/(24*x**5*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) - I*e**3/(48*d**2*x**3*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)) + I*e**5/(16*d**4*x*sqrt(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1))) - I*e**6*asin(d/(e*x))/(16*d**5), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((3*I*d**3*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*I*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*I*e**6*x**6*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**2*x**7) - I*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**3*x**5 + 15*d*e**2*x**7), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (3*d**3*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) - 4*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**2*x**5 + 15*e**2*x**7) + 2*e**6*x**6*sqrt(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(-15*d**5*x**5 + 15*d**3*e**...`

3.170.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{e^7 \log\left(\frac{2d^2}{|x|} + \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}d}{|x|}\right)}{8d^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}e^7}{8d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^5}{8d^5 x^2} - \frac{22(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^4}{105d^4 x^3} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^3}{4d^3 x^4}$$

$$- \frac{11(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e^2}{35d^2 x^5} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}e}{3dx^6} - \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}}{7x^7}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*e^7*log(2*d^2/abs(x) + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/abs(x))/d^4 + 1/8*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7/d^5 + 1/8*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5/(d^5*x^2) - 22/105*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4/(d^4*x^3) + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3/(d^3*x^4) - 11/35*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2/(d^2*x^5) + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e/(d*x^6) - 1/7*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)/x^7`**3.170.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{53760} \left(\frac{6720 e^6 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 + 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^4} - \frac{6720 e^6 \log\left(\left|\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 - 1\right|\right) \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/53760*(6720*e^6*\log(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1} + 1)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e)/d^4 - 6720*e^6*\log(\text{abs}(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}) - 1)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e)/d^4 + 32*(105*e^6*\log(2) - 210*e^6*\log(I + 1) + 352*I*e^6)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e)/d^4 - (105*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(13/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) + 3780*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(11/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) + 189*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(9/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) + 4992*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(7/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) - 1981*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) + 700*e^6*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e) - 105*e^6*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e))/(d^4*(d/(e*x + d) - 1)^7)*\text{abs}(e)$

3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.171
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.171.1 Optimal result 1607
 3.171.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1607
 3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1608
 3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified) 1610
 3.171.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1611
 3.171.6 Sympy [F] 1611
 3.171.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1611
 3.171.8 Giac [F(-2)] 1612
 3.171.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1612

3.171.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{17d^2(d-ex)}{15e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(15d-13ex)}{15e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `-1/5*d^3*(-e*x+d)^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+17/15*d^2*(-e*x+d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-2/15*(-13*e*x+15*d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.171.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-16d^3-17d^2ex+22de^2x^2+26e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)(d+ex)^3} + 30 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 15e^5$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-16*d^3 - 17*d^2*e*x + 22*d*e^2*x^2 + 26*e^3*x^3))/((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3) + 30*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*e^5)`

3.171.
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {570, 529, 2166, 2345, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4(d-ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d-ex)\left(\frac{2d^4}{e^4} - \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} - \frac{5x^3d}{e}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{11d^4}{e^4} - \frac{30xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{15x^2d^2}{e^2}}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{17d^3(d-ex)}{3e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15d^4}{e^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{2d^2(15d-13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{17d^3(d-ex)}{3e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(15d-13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{17d^3(d-ex)}{3e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{15d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(15d-13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{17d^3(d-ex)}{3e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.171. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 216 \\ & -\frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{2d^2(15d - 13ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{17d^3(d - ex)}{3e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d - ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{\quad}{3d} - \frac{\quad}{5d} \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[x^4/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output -1/5*(d^3*(d - e*x)^2)/(e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((-17*d^3*(d - e*x))/(3*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-2*d^2*(15*d - 13*e*x))/(e^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) - (15*d^2*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^5)/(3*d))/(5*d)
```

3.171.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 216 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 224 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 529 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.171. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$


```
rule 2166 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde
r[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2,
0] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Q = PolynomialQuot
ient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x,
0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b
*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) In
t[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

method	result
default	$\frac{x}{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} - \frac{2d}{e^5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + d^4 \left(-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^2*(x/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(
-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)))+3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4*x-2*d/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(
1/2)+d^4/e^6*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+3/5
*e/d*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/e/d^3*(-2*
(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))-4/e^5*d^3*(-1/3/
d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/e/d^3*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2
+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))
```

3.171. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.171.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16e^4x^4 + 32de^3x^3 - 32d^3ex - 16d^4 - 30(e^4x^4 + 2de^3x^3 - 2d^3ex - d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (26e^3x^3 + 22d^2e^2x^2 - 17d^2ex - 16d^3) \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(e^9x^4 + 2de^8x^3 - 2d^3e^6x - d^4e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(16*e^4*x^4 + 32*d*e^3*x^3 - 32*d^3*e*x - 16*d^4 - 30*(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3*e*x - d^4)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (26*e^3*x^3 + 22*d*e^2*x^2 - 17*d^2*e*x - 16*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^9*x^4 + 2*d*e^8*x^3 - 2*d^3*e^6*x - d^4*e^5)`**3.171.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x**4/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`**3.171.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^3}{5(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^7x^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^6x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e^5)} + \frac{17d^2}{15(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^6x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}de^5)} + \frac{26x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^5}$$

3.171. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*d^3/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^7*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^6*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^5) + 17/15*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^5) + 26/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4) - arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 - 2*d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5)`

3.171.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: 1/abs(sageVARE)*(1/32768*(-20480/3*sageVARE^16*sqrt(2*sageVARd*sageVARE*(sageVARE*sageVARx+sageVARd)^-1/sageVARE-1)*(2*sageVARd*sageVARE*(sageVARE*sageVARx+sageVARd)^-1/sa`

3.171.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.172 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.172.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^2(d-ex)^2}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4d(d-ex)}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d-2ex}{5de^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*d^2*(-e*x+d)^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/5*d*(-e*x+d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/5*(-2*e*x+5*d)/d/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.172.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3+4d^2ex+de^2x^2-2e^3x^3)}{5de^4(d-ex)(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x + d*e^2*x^2 - 2*e^3*x^3))/(5*d*e^4*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.172.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {570, 529, 25, 2166, 27, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{x^3 (d-ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^2 (d-ex)^2}{5e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d-ex)\left(\frac{2d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2 d}{e}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d-ex)\left(\frac{2d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2 d}{e}\right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{d^2 (d-ex)^2}{5e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3d^2(2d-5ex)}{e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{4d^2 (d-ex)}{e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2 (d-ex)^2}{5e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{2d-5ex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2 (d-ex)}{e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2 (d-ex)^2}{5e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{453} \\
 & \frac{d^2 (d-ex)^2}{5e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d-2ex}{e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{4d^2 (d-ex)}{e^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

3.172. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
output (d^2*(d - e*x)^2)/(5*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-4*d^2*(d - e*x))/(e^4
*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*d - 2*e*x)/(e^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*d)
```

3.172.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 453 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*
d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 529 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRema
inder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/
(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*
x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*
c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 2166 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde
r[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2,
0] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.172.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
gosper	$\frac{(-ex+d)(-2e^3x^3+de^2x^2+4d^2ex+2d^3)}{5(ex+d)de^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-2e^3x^3+de^2x^2+4d^2ex+2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5de^4(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)}$
default	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^4} - \frac{2x}{de^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - d^3 \left(-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e\left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{3e}{5d}\right)}{e^5}$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*(-e*x+d)*(-2*e^3*x^3+d*e^2*x^2+4*d^2*e*x+2*d^3)/(e*x+d)/d/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)`

3.172.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 - 4d^3ex - 2d^4 + (2e^3x^3 - de^2x^2 - 4d^2ex - 2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5(de^8x^4 + 2d^2e^7x^3 - 2d^4e^5x - d^5e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(2*e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4 + (2*e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2*e*x - 2*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^8*x^4 + 2*d^2*e^7*x^3 - 2*d^4*e^5*x - d^5*e^4)`

3.172.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.172.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^2}{5 (\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^6 x^2 + 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^5 x + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 e^4)} - \frac{4d}{5 (\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^5 x + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^4)} - \frac{2x}{5 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*d^2/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^6*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^5*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^4) - 4/5*d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4) - 2/5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3) + 1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4)`

3.172.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16i \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{de^3} - \frac{5}{de^3 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{d^4 e^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 - 5 d^4 e^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4}{d^5 e^{15} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^5 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^5}$$

40 | e |

3.172. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/40*(16*I*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(d*e^3) - 5/(d*e^3*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} \\ & - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)) - (d^4*e^{12}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*sgn(1/ \\ & (e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 5*d^4*e^{12}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*sgn(1/(e*x + \\ & d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 15*d^4*e^{12}*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sg \\ & n(e)^4)/(d^5*e^{15}*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^5*sgn(e)^5)/abs(e) \end{aligned}$$

3.172.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^3+4d^2ex+de^2x^2-2e^3x^3)}{5de^4(d+ex)^3(d-ex)}$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output
$$\frac{((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*d^3 - 2*e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^2*e*x))/(5*d*e^4*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x))$$

3.173 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.173.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{15d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d}{5e^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{7}{15e^3(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/15*x/d^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+7/15/e^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.173.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(4d^3+8d^2ex+2de^2x^2+e^3x^3)}{15d^2e^3(d-ex)(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(4*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))/(15*d^2*e^3*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {570, 529, 27, 669, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{x^2(d-ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d(2d-5ex)(d-ex)}{e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{d(d-ex)^2}{5e^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(2d-5ex)(d-ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{d(d-ex)^2}{5e^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{669} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5e^2} - \frac{7(d-ex)}{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d(d-ex)^2}{5e^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & -\frac{x}{3d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{7(d-ex)}{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d(d-ex)^2}{5e^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*(d*(d - e*x)^2)/(e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((-7*(d - e*x))/(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - x/(3*d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e^2)`

3.173. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.173.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 669 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g + e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(2*c*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.173.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
gosper	$\frac{(-ex+d)(e^3x^3+2de^2x^2+8d^2ex+4d^3)}{15(ex+d)d^2e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(e^3x^3+2de^2x^2+8d^2ex+4d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^2e^3(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)}$
default	$\frac{x}{d^2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{d^2 \left(-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e \left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3ed^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de}} \right)}{e^4}$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e^3*x^3+2*d*e^2*x^2+8*d^2*e*x+4*d^3)/(e*x+d)/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)`

3.173.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4e^4x^4 + 8de^3x^3 - 8d^3ex - 4d^4 - (e^3x^3 + 2de^2x^2 + 8d^2ex + 4d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2}}{15(d^2e^7x^4 + 2d^3e^6x^3 - 2d^5e^4x - d^6e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/15*(4*e^4*x^4 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 8*d^3*e*x - 4*d^4 - (e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e*x + 4*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^5*e^4*x - d^6*e^3)`

3.173.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.173.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{d}{5(\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^5 x^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^4 x + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 e^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{7}{15(\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} e^4 x + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d e^3)} + \frac{x}{15\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2 e^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*d/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^4*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^3) + 7/15/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3) + 1/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^2)`

3.173.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8i \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^2 e^2} - \frac{15}{d^2 e^2 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} + \frac{3d^8 e^8 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 - 5d^8 e^8 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4}{d^{10} e^{10} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^5 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^5}$$

120 |e|

3.173. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/120*(-8*I*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/(d^2*e^2) - 15/(d^2*e^2*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)) + (3*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 5*d^8*e^8*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 15*d^8*e^8*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4)/(d^10*e^10*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^5*sgn(e)^5)/abs(e)`

3.173.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (4d^3 + 8d^2 ex + 2de^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3)}{15d^2 e^3 (d+ex)^3 (d-ex)}$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(4*d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 2*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*d^2*e*x))/(15*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x))`

3.174 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.174.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1625
3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1626
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3.174.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
3.174.6 Sympy [F]	1628
3.174.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
3.174.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1629
3.174.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1629

3.174.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4x}{15d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{5e^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{2}{15de^2(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `4/15*x/d^3/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/5/e^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/15/d/e^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.174.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d^3+2d^2ex+8de^2x^2+4e^3x^3)}{15d^3e^2(d-ex)(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^3 + 2*d^2*e*x + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {571, 470, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{571} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5e} + \frac{1}{5e^2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{470} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5e} + \frac{1}{5e^2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{1}{5e^2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `1/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (2*((2*x)/(3*d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - 1/(3*d*e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*e)`

3.174.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

```
rule 470 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n +
2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n +
p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 571 Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*
(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p +
1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p +
1, 0]
```

3.174.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(4e^3x^3+8de^2x^2+2d^2ex+d^3)}{15(ex+d)d^3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(4e^3x^3+8de^2x^2+2d^2ex+d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3(ex+d)^3e^2(-ex+d)}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3ed^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - d\left(-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}\right)$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(-e*x+d)*(4*e^3*x^3+8*d*e^2*x^2+2*d^2*e*x+d^3)/(e*x+d)/d^3/e^2/(-e^2*
x^2+d^2)^(3/2)
```

3.174.
$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.174.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^4x^4 + 2de^3x^3 - 2d^3ex - d^4 - (4e^3x^3 + 8de^2x^2 + 2d^2ex + d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3e^6x^4 + 2d^4e^5x^3 - 2d^6e^3x - d^7e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3*e*x - d^4 - (4*e^3*x^3 + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^2*e*x + d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^6*x^4 + 2*d^4*e^5*x^3 - 2*d^6*e^3*x - d^7*e^2)`**3.174.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`**3.174.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{5(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}e^4x^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}de^3x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2e^2)} - \frac{2}{15(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}de^3x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2e^2)} + \frac{4x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3e}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^4*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^2) - 2/15/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*e^3*x + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^2) + 4/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3*e)`

3.174.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{32i \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{d^3} - \frac{15}{d^3 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{3d^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 + 5d^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4}{d^{15} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^5 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^5} - \frac{1}{120e|e|}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/120*(-32*I*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^3 - 15/(d^3*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1))*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)) - (3*d^12*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 5*d^12*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 - 15*d^12*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4)/(d^15*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^5*sgn(e)^5)/(e*abs(e))`

3.174.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d^3 + 2d^2 ex + 8de^2 x^2 + 4e^3 x^3)}{15d^3 e^2 (d+ex)^3 (d-ex)}$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d^3 + 4*e^3*x^3 + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^2*e*x))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x))`

3.175
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.175.1 Optimal result 1630
 3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1630
 3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1631
 3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1632
 3.175.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1633
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3.175.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{5d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{5d^2e(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `2/5*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5/d/e/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5/d^2/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-2d^3+d^2ex+4de^2x^2+2e^3x^3)}{5d^4e(d-ex)(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-2*d^3 + d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3))/(5*d^4*e*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {461, 470, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 470 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 208 \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{2x}{3d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{3de(d+ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{1}{5de(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (3*((2*x)/(3*d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - 1/(3*d*e*(d + e*x)*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d)`

3.175.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

```
rule 461 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])
```

```
rule 470 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n +
2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n +
p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(-2e^3x^3-4de^2x^2-d^2ex+2d^3)}{5(ex+d)d^4e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	66
trager	$-\frac{(-2e^3x^3-4de^2x^2-d^2ex+2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5d^4(ex+d)^3e(-ex+d)}$	68
default	$-\frac{1}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e\left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{-2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)e^2+2de}{3ed^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{e^2}$	156

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*(-e*x+d)*(-2*e^3*x^3-4*d*e^2*x^2-d^2*e*x+2*d^3)/(e*x+d)/d^4/e/(-e^2*x
^2+d^2)^(3/2)
```

3.175. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.175.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 - 4d^3ex - 2d^4 + (2e^3x^3 + 4de^2x^2 + d^2ex - 2d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{5(d^4e^5x^4 + 2d^5e^4x^3 - 2d^7e^2x - d^8e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/5*(2*e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^3*e*x - 2*d^4 + (2*e^3*x^3 + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e*x - 2*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^5*x^4 + 2*d^5*e^4*x^3 - 2*d^7*e^2*x - d^8*e)`**3.175.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`**3.175.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{5(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}de^3x^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2e^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3e)} - \frac{1}{5(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2e^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3e)} + \frac{2x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/5/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})de^3x^2 + 2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2e^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3e) - 1/5/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})d^2e^2x + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3e) + 2/5x/(\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})d^4)$$

3.175.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^3 \left(\frac{5}{d^4 e^3 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{d^{16} e^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 + 5 d^{16} e^{12} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)^4}{d^{20} e^{15} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^5} \right)}{40 |e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$1/40*(e^3*(5/(d^4*e^3*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1})*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e)) - (d^{16}*e^{12}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 + 5*d^{16}*e^{12}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\operatorname{sgn}(e)^4 + 15*d^{16}*e^{12}*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d) - 1}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\operatorname{sgn}(e)^4)/(d^{20}*e^{15}*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^5*\operatorname{sgn}(e)^5)) + 16*I*\operatorname{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/d^4)/\operatorname{abs}(e)$$

3.175.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-2d^3 + d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + 2e^3x^3)}{5d^4e(d+ex)^3(d-ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output
$$((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3 + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e*x))/(5*d^4*e*(d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x))$$

3.176 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.176.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d-8ex}{15d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d-16ex}{15d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^5}$$

output `2/5*(-e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-8*e*x+5*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5+1/15*(-16*e*x+15*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.176.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(26d^3+22d^2ex-17de^2x^2-16e^3x^3)}{(d-ex)(d+ex)^3} + 30\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x-d^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{15d^5}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(26*d^3 + 22*d^2*e*x - 17*d*e^2*x^2 - 16*e^3*x^3))/((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3) + 30*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/ (15*d^5)`

3.176. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.176.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(5d-8ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(5d-8ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d-8ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d-16ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15d-16ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{15d-16ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{15\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{15d-16ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{\frac{15\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{15d-16ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{\frac{15\int \frac{1}{d^2 - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d-16ex}{3d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\frac{15d-16ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-8ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(d - e*x))/(5*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((5*d - 8*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d - 16*e*x)/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d)`

3.176.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.176.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{d^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2 + 2\sqrt{d^2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{1}{5de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 \sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{3e\left(-\frac{1}{3de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{-\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2 + 2de\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}} - \frac{1}{5d}\right)}{ed}$

```
input int(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/e/d*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)+3/5*e/d*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)-1/3/e/d^3*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2))))-1/d^2*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)-1/3/e/d^3*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)))
```

3.176.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{26e^4x^4 + 52de^3x^3 - 52d^3ex - 26d^4 + 15(e^4x^4 + 2de^3x^3 - 2d^3ex - d^4)}{15(d^5e^4x^4 + 2d^6e^3x^3 - 2d^7e^2x^2 - 2d^8ex - d^9)}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(26*e^4*x^4 + 52*d*e^3*x^3 - 52*d^3*e*x - 26*d^4 + 15*(e^4*x^4 + 2*d*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3*e*x - d^4))*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (16*e^3*x^3 + 17*d*e^2*x^2 - 22*d^2*e*x - 26*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d^5*e^4*x^4 + 2*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^8*e*x - d^9)
```

3.176.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.176.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)^2x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.176.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\left(e^4 \left(\frac{120 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}}-1+1\right)}{d^5 e^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{120 \log\left(\left|\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}}-1-1\right|\right)}{d^5 e^4 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{15}{d^5 e^4 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}} - 1 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{3 d^{20} e^{16} \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right)^4 \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/120*(e^4*(120*\log(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1) + 1)/(d^5*e^4*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)) \\ &)*\text{sgn}(e)) - 120*\log(\text{abs}(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1) - 1))/(d^5*e^4*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x \\ & + d))*\text{sgn}(e)) - 15/(d^5*e^4*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e \\ &)) - (3*d^20*e^16*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4 + \\ & 25*d^20*e^16*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4 + 165*d \\ & ^20*e^16*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1)*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4)/(d^25*e^20*s \\ & \text{gn}(1/(e*x + d))^5*\text{sgn}(e)^5)) + 4*(15*\log(2) - 30*\log(I + 1) + 32*I)*\text{sgn}(1/ \\ & (e*x + d))*\text{sgn}(e)/d^5)*e/\text{abs}(e) \end{aligned}$$

3.176.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.177 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.177.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^6x} + \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6}$$

output
$$-2/5*e*(-e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*e*(-13*e*x+10*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6-1/15*e*(-41*e*x+30*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x$$

3.177.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(15d^4+76d^3ex+32d^2e^2x^2-82de^3x^3-56e^4x^4)}{x(-d+ex)(d+ex)^3} + 30\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) - 30\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\frac{d+\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) / 15d^7$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$((d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^4 + 76*d^3*e*x + 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 82*d*e^3*x^3 - 56*e^4*x^4))/(x*(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x)^3) + 30*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[x] - 30*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15*d^7)$$

3.177.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{5d^2-10exd+8e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^2-10exd+8e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{15d^2-30exd+26e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15d^2-30exd+26e^2x^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{15d(d-2ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.177. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{15 \int \frac{d-2ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-2e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(30d-41ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(10d-13ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-2*e*(d - e*x))/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/3*(e*(10*d - 13*e*x))/(d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((e*(30*d - 41*e*x))/(d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (15*(-(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (2*e*ArcTanh[sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)$

3.177.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a+b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 532 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*(p+1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p+3)/x^m), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 534 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.177.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^6x} + \frac{2e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{29\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{60d^5e(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{313\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{120d^6(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}$
default	$-\frac{1}{d^2x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{2e^2x}{d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{2e\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{1}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}$

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^6/x+2/d^5e/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)-29/60/d^5e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-313/120/d^6/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/10/d^4/e^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/8/d^6/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.177.
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.177.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{46e^5x^5 + 92de^4x^4 - 92d^3e^2x^2 - 46d^4ex + 30(e^5x^5 + 2de^4x^4 - 2d^3e^2x^2 - d^4ex) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + (d^6e^4x^5 + 2d^7e^3x^4 - 2d^9ex^2 - d^{10}x)}{15(d^6e^4x^5 + 2d^7e^3x^4 - 2d^9ex^2 - d^{10}x)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(46*e^5*x^5 + 92*d*e^4*x^4 - 92*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 46*d^4*e*x + 30*(e^5*x^5 + 2*d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - d^4*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (56*e^4*x^4 + 82*d*e^3*x^3 - 32*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 76*d^3*e*x - 15*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^4*x^5 + 2*d^7*e^3*x^4 - 2*d^9*e*x^2 - d^10*x)`**3.177.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`**3.177.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}(ex+d)^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.177.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^7 \left(\frac{240 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}+1\right)}{d^6 e^5 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{240 \log\left(\left|\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}\right|\right)}{d^6 e^5 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} + \frac{30\left(\frac{17d}{ex+d}-9\right)}{\left(\left(\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1\right)^{3/2} - \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}\right) d^6 e^5} \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/120*(e^7*(240*log(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) + 1)/(d^6*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - 240*log(abs(sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1) - 1))/(d^6*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) + 30*(17*d/(e*x + d) - 9)/(((2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2) - sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1))*d^6*e^5*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e) - (3*d^24*e^20*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(5/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 35*d^24*e^20*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^(3/2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4 + 345*d^24*e^20*sqrt(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^4*sgn(e)^4)/(d^30*e^25*sgn(1/(e*x + d))^5*sgn(e)^5) + 8*(15*e^2*log(2) - 30*e^2*log(I + 1) + 56*I*e^2)*sgn(1/(e*x + d))*sgn(e)/d^6)/abs(e)`

3.177.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.178 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.178.1 Optimal result 1649
 3.178.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1649
 3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1650
 3.178.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1654
 3.178.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1654
 3.178.6 Sympy [F] 1655
 3.178.7 Maxima [F] 1655
 3.178.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) 1655
 3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1656

3.178.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{5d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{5d^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^6x^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^7x} - \frac{9e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^7}$$

output $2/5*e^2*(-e*x+d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/5*e^2*(-6*e*x+5*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-9/2*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^7+2/5*e^2*(-11*e*x+10*d)/d^7/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x^2+2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/x$

3.178.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^5-10d^4ex-94d^3e^2x^2-58d^2e^3x^3+83de^4x^4+64e^5x^5)}{x^2(-d+ex)(d+ex)^3} + 90e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2-d^2}}{d}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^5 - 10*d^4*e*x - 94*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 58*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 83*d*e^4*x^4 + 64*e^5*x^5))/(x^2*(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x)^3) + 90*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(10*d^7)$

3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d-ex)^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 532$$

$$\frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{8e^3x^3+10e^2x^2-10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{8e^3x^3+10e^2x^2-10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2336$$

$$\frac{\frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(-12e^3x^3+15e^2x^2-10dex+5d^2)}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int -\frac{12e^3x^3+15e^2x^2-10dex+5d^2}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.178. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 \frac{\frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5(d^2-2exd+4e^2x^2)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{5\int \frac{d^2-2exd+4e^2x^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 \frac{5\left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2e(4d-9ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{5\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\int \frac{4d-9ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{534} \\
 \frac{5\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(-9e\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{243} \\
 \frac{5\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{9}{2}e\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{73} \\
 \frac{5\left(-\frac{1}{2}e\left(\frac{9\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d-11ex)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d-6ex)}{d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2e^2(d-ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{array}$$

3.178. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{5 \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{9e \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right) - 4 \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2(10d - 11ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(5d - 6ex)}{d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d^2}{2e^2(d - ex)} \right)}{5d^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*e^2*(d - e*x))/(5*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^2*(5*d - 6*e*x))/(d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*e^2*(10*d - 11*e*x))/(d^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (5*(-1/2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2 - (e*((-4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) + (9*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2))/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.178.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.178.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-4ex+d)}{2d^7x^2} - \frac{9e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^6\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{10d^5e(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{13\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{20d^6(x+\frac{d}{e})^2}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2d^2x^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} + \frac{3e^2\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{3e^2\left(\frac{1}{d^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^4}$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-4*e*x+d)/d^7/x^2-9/2/d^6*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+1/10/d^5/e/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+13/20/d^6/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+181/40/d^7*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8/d^7*e/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)`

3.178.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{54e^6x^6 + 108de^5x^5 - 108d^3e^3x^3 - 54d^4e^2x^2 + 45(e^6x^6 + 2de^5x^5 - 2d^3e^3x^3 - d^4e^2x^2)}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*(54*e^6*x^6 + 108*d*e^5*x^5 - 108*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 54*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 45*(e^6*x^6 + 2*d*e^5*x^5 - 2*d^3*e^3*x^3 - d^4*e^2*x^2)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (64*e^5*x^5 + 83*d*e^4*x^4 - 58*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 94*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^4*e*x + 5*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^7*e^4*x^6 + 2*d^8*e^3*x^5 - 2*d^10*e*x^3 - d^11*x^2)`

3.178.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{3/2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.178.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}(ex+d)^2x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^2*x^3), x)`

3.178.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = e^9 \left(\frac{180 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}+1\right)}{d^7 e^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{180 \log\left(\left|\sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}\right|\right)}{d^7 e^6 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{5}{d^7 e^6 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1} \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} + \frac{10 \left(5 \left(\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{\frac{2d}{ex+d}-1}\right)}{d^7 e^6 \left(\frac{d}{ex+d}-1\right)^2 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} - \frac{d^2}{d^7 e^6 \left(\frac{d}{ex+d}-1\right)^2 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ex+d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(e)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/40*(e^9*(180*\log(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1) + 1)/(d^7*e^6*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d)) \\ & * \text{sgn}(e)) - 180*\log(\text{abs}(\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1))/(d^7*e^6*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + \\ & d))* \text{sgn}(e)) - 5/(d^7*e^6*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1)* \text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))* \text{sgn}(e) \\ & + 10*(5*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3/2)} - 3*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1))/(d^7*e^6*(\\ & d/(e*x + d) - 1)^2*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))* \text{sgn}(e)) - (d^{28}*e^{24}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - \\ & 1)^{(5/2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4 + 15*d^{28}*e^{24}*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^{(3 \\ & /2)}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4 + 195*d^{28}*e^{24}*\sqrt{2*d/(e*x + d)} - 1)*\text{sg} \\ & n(1/(e*x + d))^4*\text{sgn}(e)^4)/(d^{35}*e^{30}*\text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))^5*\text{sgn}(e)^5) + 2*(4 \\ & 5*e^3*\log(2) - 90*e^3*\log(I + 1) + 128*I*e^3)* \text{sgn}(1/(e*x + d))* \text{sgn}(e)/d^7 \\ & / \text{abs}(e) \end{aligned}$$

3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.179 $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.179.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{23d^3(d-ex)^2}{15e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{127d^2(d-ex)}{15e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6} - \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} + \frac{13d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^6}$$

```
output 1/5*d^4*(-e*x+d)^3/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-23/15*d^3*(-e*x+d)^2/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+13/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+127/15*d^2*(-e*x+d)/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+3*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6-1/2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5
```

3.179.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(304d^4+717d^3ex+479d^2e^2x^2+45de^3x^3-15e^4x^4)}{30e^6(d+ex)^3} - \frac{13d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(304*d^4 + 717*d^3*e*x + 479*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 45*d*e^3*x^3 - 15*e^4*x^4))/(30*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) - (13*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]))/e^6$

3.179.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {570, 529, 25, 2166, 2166, 27, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{x^5 (d-ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 529 \\
 & \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^3}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^5}{e^5} - \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5x^3 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4 d}{e} \right)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^5}{e^5} - \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5x^3 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4 d}{e} \right)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^3}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(d-ex) \left(\frac{37d^5}{e^5} - \frac{45xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{30x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{15x^3 d^2}{e^2} \right)}{3d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{23d^4 (d-ex)^2}{3e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^3}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166
 \end{aligned}$$

3.179. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{15 \left(\frac{6d^5}{e^5} - \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{x^2d^3}{e^3} \right) dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{15 \int \frac{6d^5}{e^5} - \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{x^2d^3}{e^3} dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2346 \\
& - \frac{15 \left(\frac{\int - \frac{d^4(13d-6ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{15 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^4(13d-6ex)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{15 \left(\frac{d^4 \int \frac{13d-6ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 455 \\
& - \frac{15 \left(\frac{d^4 \left(13d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^5} \right)}{d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{3d} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 224
\end{aligned}$$

3.179. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\frac{13d \int \frac{1}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx + \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e}}{2e^5} \right) - \frac{d^3 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e^5}}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{15 \left(\frac{d^4 \left(\frac{13d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + \frac{6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e}}{2e^5} \right) - \frac{d^3 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e^5}}{d} \right)}{3d} - \frac{127d^4(d-ex)}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{23d^4(d-ex)^2}{3e^6(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \frac{d^4(d-ex)^3}{5e^6(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(d^4*(d - e*x)^3)/(5*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-23*d^4*(d - e*x)^2)/(3*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-127*d^4*(d - e*x))/(e^6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*(-1/2*(d^3*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e^5 + (d^4*((6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (13*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^5)))/d)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.179.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^(n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.179.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-ex+6d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^6} + \frac{13d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d^4\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^9(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} - \frac{23d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} +$
default	$\frac{-x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{6d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3d\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^6} + \frac{5d^4\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2}\right)}{e^7}$

input `int(x^5/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-e*x+6*d)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+13/2*d^2/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+1/5*d^4/e^9/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-23/15*d^3/e^8/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+127/15*d^2/e^7/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.179.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{304d^2e^3x^3 + 912d^3e^2x^2 + 912d^4ex + 304d^5 - 390(d^2e^3x^3 + 3d^3e^2x^2 + 3d^4ex + d^5) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right)}{30(e^9x^3 + 3de^8x^2 + 3d^2e^7x + d^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/30*(304*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 912*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 912*d^4*e*x + 304*d^5 - 390*(d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x + d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (15*e^4*x^4 - 45*d*e^3*x^3 - 479*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 717*d^3*e*x - 304*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + d^3*e^6)`

3.179.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.179.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^4}{5(e^9 x^3 + 3de^8 x^2 + 3d^2 e^7 x + d^3 e^6)} - \frac{23\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^3}{15(e^8 x^2 + 2de^7 x + d^2 e^6)} + \frac{127\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2}{15(e^7 x + de^6)} + \frac{13d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^6} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} x}{2e^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d}{e^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + d^3*e^6) - 23/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/(e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6) + 127/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/(e^7*x + d*e^6) + 13/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^6 - 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x/e^5 + 3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/e^6`

3.179.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{x}{e^5} - \frac{6d}{e^6} \right) + \frac{13d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^5 |e|} - \frac{2 \left(107d^2 + \frac{445(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^2}{e^2 x} + \frac{665(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{405(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^2}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{90(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^2}{e^8 x^4} \right)}{15e^5 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

3.179. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x/e^5 - 6*d/e^6) + 13/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) - 2/15*(107*d^2 + 445*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2/(e^2*x) + 665*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2/(e^4*x^2) + 405*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2/(e^6*x^3) + 90*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^2/(e^8*x^4))/(e^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(x^5/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.180 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

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3.180.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{6d^2(d-ex)^2}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{24d(d-ex)}{5e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^5} - \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `-1/5*d^3*(-e*x+d)^3/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+6/5*d^2*(-e*x+d)^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-3*d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-24/5*d*(-e*x+d)/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.180.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-24d^3 - 57d^2 ex - 39de^2 x^2 - 5e^3 x^3)}{5e^5(d+ex)^3} + \frac{6d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-24*d^3 - 57*d^2*e*x - 39*d*e^2*x^2 - 5*e^3*x^3))/(5*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) + (6*d*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^5$

3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {570, 529, 2166, 27, 2166, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{x^4(d-ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 529 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^4}{e^4} - \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} - \frac{5x^3d}{e} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{3(d-ex) \left(\frac{9d^4}{e^4} - \frac{10xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d}{5d} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(d-ex) \left(\frac{9d^4}{e^4} - \frac{10xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d}{5d} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{5d^3(3d-ex)}{e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{24d^3(d-ex)}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.180. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \int \frac{3d-ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{24d^3(d-ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} \\
 & \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{24d^3(d-ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} \\
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \left(3d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{24d^3(d-ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d} \\
 & \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{24d^3(d-ex)}{e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^3}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/5*(d^3*(d - e*x)^3)/(e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) - ((-6*d^3*(d - e*x)^2) \\
 & / (e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - ((-24*d^3*(d - e*x))/(e^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (5*d^2*(sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/e + (3*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/e^4)/d)/(5*d)
 \end{aligned}$$

3.180.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.180.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^5} - \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{24d\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^6(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^7(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5d(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^5} - \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{d^4 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{2e \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})} \right)}{5d} \right)}{e^7}$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5-3*d/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-24/5*d/e^6/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+6/5*d^2/e^7/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/5*d^3/e^8/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.180.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{24de^3x^3 + 72d^2e^2x^2 + 72d^3ex + 24d^4 - 30(de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + 3d^3ex + d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right)}{5(e^8x^3 + 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/5*(24*d*e^3*x^3 + 72*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 72*d^3*e*x + 24*d^4 - 30*(d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e*x + d^4)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (5*e^3*x^3 + 39*d*e^2*x^2 + 57*d^2*e*x + 24*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^8*x^3 + 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + d^3*e^5)`

3.180.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.180.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^3}{5(e^8 x^3 + 3 d e^7 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^6 x + d^3 e^5)} + \frac{6 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2}{5(e^7 x^2 + 2 d e^6 x + d^2 e^5)} - \frac{24 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d}{5(e^6 x + d e^5)} - \frac{3 d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/(e^8*x^3 + 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + d^3*e^5) + 6/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/(e^7*x^2 + 2*d*e^6*x + d^2*e^5) - 24/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/(e^6*x + d*e^5) - 3*d*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^5 - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^5`

3.180.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{3 d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^4 |e|} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^5} + \frac{2 \left(19 d + \frac{80 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d}{e^2 x} + \frac{120 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{70 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d}{e^8 x^4} \right)}{5 e^4 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

3.180. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^5 + 2/5*(19*d + 80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d/(e^2*x) + 120*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d/(e^4*x^2) + 70*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d/(e^8*x^4))/(e^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(x^4/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.181 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.181.1 Optimal result 1672
 3.181.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1672
 3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1673
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 3.181.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1676
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 3.181.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1677
 3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1678

3.181.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13d(d-ex)^2}{15e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{32(d-ex)}{15e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output `1/5*d^2*(-e*x+d)^3/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-13/15*d*(-e*x+d)^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+32/15*(-e*x+d)/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.181.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(22d^2+51dex+32e^2x^2)}{15e^4(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(22*d^2 + 51*d*e*x + 32*e^2*x^2))/(15*e^4*(d + e*x)^3) - (2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^4`

3.181. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {570, 529, 25, 2166, 27, 665, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{x^3(d-ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d}{e} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5xd^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^2d}{e} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2(17d-15ex)(d-ex)}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{(17d-15ex)(d-ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{665} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{15e}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{32(d-ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{3e^3} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.181. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{d\left(-15 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{32(d-ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{3e^3} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d\left(-15 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{32(d-ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{3e^3} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d\left(-\frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{32(d-ex)}{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{3e^3} - \frac{13d^2(d-ex)^2}{3e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(d-ex)^3}{5e^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(d^2*(d - e*x)^3)/(5*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-13*d^2*(d - e*x)^2)/(3*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - (d*((-32*(d - e*x))/(e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(3*e^3))/(5*d)`

3.181.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 529 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]}, Simp[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 665 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(m - 1))*d^(m - 2)*(e*f + d*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c*e^(n - 1)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^(n - 2)) Int[ExpandToSum[(2^(m - 1)*d^(m - 1)*(e*f + d*g)^n - e^n*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n)/(d - e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.181.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2 x}}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{3d^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})} \right)}{e^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^5(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{d^3}{e^5}$

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+3/e^5*d^2*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))+3/e^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-d^3/e^6*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+2/5*e/d*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))
```

3.181.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{22 e^3 x^3 + 66 d e^2 x^2 + 66 d^2 e x + 22 d^3 - 30 (e^3 x^3 + 3 d e^2 x^2 + 3 d^2 e x + d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e x}\right) + (32 e^2 x^3 + 3 d e^2 x^2 + 3 d^2 e x + d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15 (e^7 x^3 + 3 d e^6 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^5 x + d^3 e^4)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15*(22*e^3*x^3 + 66*d*e^2*x^2 + 66*d^2*e*x + 22*d^3 - 30*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (32*e^2*x^3 + 51*d*e^2*x^2 + 22*d^2*e*x + d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)
```

3.181.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.181.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2}{5(e^7 x^3 + 3de^6 x^2 + 3d^2 e^5 x + d^3 e^4)} - \frac{13\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d}{15(e^6 x^2 + 2de^5 x + d^2 e^4)} + \frac{32\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(e^5 x + de^4)} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4) - 13/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4) + 32/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4`

3.181.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^3 |e|} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{95 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{e^2 x} + \frac{145 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{75 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4}{e^8 x^4} + 22 \right)}{15 e^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) - 2/15*(95*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 145*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) + 22)/(e^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.181.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.182 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.182.1 Optimal result 1679
 3.182.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1679
 3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1680
 3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1682
 3.182.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1682
 3.182.6 Sympy [F] 1683
 3.182.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 1683
 3.182.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1684
 3.182.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1684

3.182.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^3(d+ex)^3} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15de^3(d+ex)}$$

output `-1/5*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3+8/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-7/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/e^3/(e*x+d)`

3.182.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-2d^2-6dex-7e^2x^2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15de^3(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((-2*d^2 - 6*d*e*x - 7*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(15*d*e^3*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {581, 25, 27, 671, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{581} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(2d+ex)}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(2d+ex)}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{2d+ex}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{671} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{7}{5} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{461} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{460} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{7}{5} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^2 e(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d+ex)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

```
output Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) + (d*(-1/5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(e*(d
+ e*x)^3) + (7*(-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2) - Sqrt[d^2 - e
^2*x^2]/(3*d^2*e*(d + e*x))))/5)/e^2
```

3.182.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 460 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n,
p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 461 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])
```

```
rule 581 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^
2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m
+ c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p
)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] &
& IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0]
)
```



```
rule 671 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
+ p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
+ p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]
```

3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(7e^2x^2+6dex+2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15de^3(ex+d)^3}$
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(7e^2x^2+6dex+2d^2)}{15(ex+d)^2de^3\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^4d(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{d^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{2e \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})} \right)}{5d} \right)}{e^5}$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(7*e^2*x^2+6*d*e*x+2*d^2)/d/e^3/(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.182.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2e^3x^3 + 6de^2x^2 + 6d^2ex + 2d^3 + (7e^2x^2 + 6dex + 2d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^6x^3 + 3d^2e^5x^2 + 3d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output
$$-1/15*(2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^2*e*x + 2*d^3 + (7*e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e*x + 2*d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d*e^6*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)$$

3.182.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.182.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d}{5(e^6 x^3 + 3 d e^5 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^4 x + d^3 e^3)} + \frac{8 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(e^5 x^2 + 2 d e^4 x + d^2 e^3)} - \frac{7 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(d e^4 x + d^2 e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/5*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3) + 8/15*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 7/15*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}/(d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)$$

3.182.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{4 \left(\frac{5 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{e^2 x} + \frac{10 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{e^4 x^2} + 1 \right)}{15 de^2 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/15*(5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 1)/(d*e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.182.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (2d^2 + 6dex + 7e^2 x^2)}{15de^3 (d+ex)^3}$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^2 + 7*e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e*x))/(15*d*e^3*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.183 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

3.183.1 Optimal result	1685
3.183.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1685
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3.183.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1689
3.183.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1689

3.183.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5de^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5d^2e^2(d+ex)}$$

output `1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/e^2/(e*x+d)`

3.183.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(d^2 + 3dex + e^2 x^2)}{5d^2 e^2 (d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.183.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {571, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{571} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{5e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2 (d+ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{461} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right)}{5e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2 (d+ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{460} \\
 & \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^2 e (d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right)}{5e} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2 (d+ex)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)^3) + (3*(-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2) - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d^2*e*(d + e*x)))/(5*e)`

3.183.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

```
rule 461 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])
```

```
rule 571 Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*
(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p +
1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p +
1, 0]
```

3.183.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(e^2x^2+3dex+d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5d^2(ex+d)^3e^2}$
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(e^2x^2+3dex+d^2)}{5(ex+d)^2d^2e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^3} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{2e\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5d}\right)}{e^4}\right)}{e^4}$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*(e^2*x^2+3*d*e*x+d^2)/d^2/(e*x+d)^3/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.183.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^3 x^3 + 3 d e^2 x^2 + 3 d^2 e x + d^3 + (e^2 x^2 + 3 d e x + d^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5 (d^2 e^5 x^3 + 3 d^3 e^4 x^2 + 3 d^4 e^3 x + d^5 e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/5*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3 + (e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^5*x^3 + 3*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^4*e^3*x + d^5*e^2)`**3.183.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`**3.183.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5 (e^5 x^3 + 3 d e^4 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^3 x + d^3 e^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5 (d e^4 x^2 + 2 d^2 e^3 x + d^3 e^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5 (d^2 e^3 x + d^3 e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^4*x^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)`

3.183.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{5 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{e^2 x} + \frac{5 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{5 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{e^6 x^3} + 1 \right)}{5 d^2 e \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*(5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 1)/(d^2*e*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.183.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d^2 + 3 d e x + e^2 x^2)}{5 d^2 e^2 (d + e x)^3}$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x))/(5*d^2*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.184 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx$

3.184.1 Optimal result	1690
3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1690
3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1691
3.184.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1692
3.184.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1692
3.184.6 Sympy [F]	1693
3.184.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1693
3.184.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1693
3.184.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1694

3.184.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5de(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{15d^2e(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{15d^3e(d+ex)}$$

output `-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/e/(e*x+d)^3-2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^2-2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/e/(e*x+d)`

3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{(-7d^2 - 6dex - 2e^2 x^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{15d^3e(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `((-7*d^2 - 6*d*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(15*d^3*e*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {461, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 461$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 461$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right)}{5d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 460$$

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^2e(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d+ex)^2} \right)}{5d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*(-1/3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2) - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d^2*e*(d + e*x)))/(5*d)`

3.184.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

```
rule 461 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simpl
ify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simp
lify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])
```

3.184.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{(2e^2x^2+6dex+7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3(ex+d)^3e}$	49
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(2e^2x^2+6dex+7d^2)}{15(ex+d)^2d^3e\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}$	55
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{2e\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})}\right)}{5d}$	145

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(2*e^2*x^2+6*d*e*x+7*d^2)/d^3/(e*x+d)^3/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.184.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{7e^3x^3 + 21de^2x^2 + 21d^2ex + 7d^3 + (2e^2x^2 + 6dex + 7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3e^4x^3 + 3d^4e^3x^2 + 3d^5e^2x + d^6e)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/15*(7*e^3*x^3 + 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 21*d^2*e*x + 7*d^3 + (2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e*
x + 7*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^3 + 3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^2*
x + d^6*e)
```

3.184.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.184.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5(d e^4 x^3 + 3 d^2 e^3 x^2 + 3 d^3 e^2 x + d^4 e)} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^2 e^3 x^2 + 2 d^3 e^2 x + d^4 e)} - \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3 e^2 x + d^4 e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^4*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^3*e^2*x + d^4*e) - 2/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d^2*e^3*x^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*x + d^4*e) - 2/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d^3*e^2*x + d^4*e)`

3.184.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{20 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{e^2 x} + \frac{40 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{30 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4}{e^8 x^4} + 7 \right)}{15 d^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) + 7)/(d^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.184.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (7d^2 + 6dex + 2e^2 x^2)}{15d^3 e (d+ex)^3}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(7*d^2 + 2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d*e*x))/(15*d^3*e*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.185 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

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3.185.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{5d-11ex}{15d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d-22ex}{15d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^4}$$

output `4/5*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-11*e*x+5*d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4+1/15*(-22*e*x+15*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.185.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(32d^2+51dex+22e^2x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} - 15\sqrt{d^2}\log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) / 15d^5$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

```
output ((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(32*d^2 + 51*d*e*x + 22*e^2*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3 - 15
*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[x] + 15*Sqrt[d^2]*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(15
*d^5)
```

3.185.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^3}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d^2(5d-11ex)}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2(5d-11ex)}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{5d-11ex}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d-22ex}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\int \frac{15d-22ex}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 532 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d-22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{15d-22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{15d-22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d-22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-\frac{x^2}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{de^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{\frac{15d-22ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{5d-11ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(4*(d - e*x))/(5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((5*d - 11*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((15*d - 22*e*x)/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/5`

3.185.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.185.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 331 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3d^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{ed^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{ed^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/d^3/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)-1/e/d^2*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/3/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)})+1/e/d^4/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/e^2/d*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}+2/5*e/d*(-1/3/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-1/3/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}))$$
3.185.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{32e^3x^3 + 96de^2x^2 + 96d^2ex + 32d^3 + 15(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right) + (22e^2x^2 + 15d^2ex + d^3)}{15(d^4e^3x^3 + 3d^5e^2x^2 + 3d^6ex + d^7)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

$$1/15*(32*e^3*x^3 + 96*d*e^2*x^2 + 96*d^2*e*x + 32*d^3 + 15*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + (22*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e*x + 32*d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^4*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^6*e*x + d^7)$$

3.185.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.185.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)^3x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)^3*x), x)`

3.185.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{e \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^4|e|} - \frac{2\left(32e + \frac{115(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{ex} + \frac{185(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^3x^2} + \frac{135(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^5x^3} + \frac{45(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^7x^4}\right)}{15d^4\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)^5|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-e \cdot \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{abs}(-2 \cdot d \cdot e - 2 \cdot \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)) / (e^2 \cdot \text{abs}(x))\right) / (d^4 \cdot \text{abs}(e)) - 2/15 \cdot (32 \cdot e + 115 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)) / (e \cdot x) + 185 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^2 / (e^3 \cdot x^2) + 135 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^3 / (e^5 \cdot x^3) + 45 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^4 / (e^7 \cdot x^4) / (d^4 \cdot ((d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)) / (e^2 \cdot x) + 1)^5 \cdot \text{abs}(e))$$

3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.186 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.186.1 Optimal result 1702
 3.186.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1702
 3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1703
 3.186.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1706
 3.186.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1707
 3.186.6 Sympy [F] 1707
 3.186.7 Maxima [F] 1707
 3.186.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1708
 3.186.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1708

3.186.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{5d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{5d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^5x} + \frac{3e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^5}$$

output `-4/5*e*(-e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/5*e*(-7*e*x+5*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+3*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5-1/5*e*(-19*e*x+15*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x`

3.186.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(5d^3+39d^2ex+57de^2x^2+24e^3x^3)}{x(d+ex)^3} - 15\sqrt{d^2}e\log(x) + 15\sqrt{d^2}e\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right) - \frac{\dots}{5d^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

```
output -1/5*((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^3 + 39*d^2*e*x + 57*d*e^2*x^2 + 24*e^3*x
^3))/(x*(d + e*x)^3) - 15*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x] + 15*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2
] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^6
```

3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^3}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 532 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{5d^3-15exd^2+16e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^3-15exd^2+16e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3(5d^3-15exd^2+14e^2x^2d)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^3-15exd^2+14e^2x^2d}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336
 \end{aligned}$$

3.186. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{5d^2(d-3ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{5 \int \frac{d-3ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534 \\
& \frac{5 \left(-3e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{5 \left(-\frac{3}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{3e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(15d-19ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(5d-7ex)}{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{5d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(-4e*(d - e*x))/(5*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)}) + (-((e*(5*d - 7*e*x))/(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})) + (-((e*(15*d - 19*e*x))/(d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + 5 * (- (Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (3*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/d^2)/(5*d^2)$

3.186.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.186.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^5x} + \frac{3e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5d^4e(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{19\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5d^5(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^5x} + \frac{3e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{-\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{2e\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3de(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{3d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})}\right)}{5d}$

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x+3/d^4*e/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-4/5/d^4/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-19/5/d^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/5/d^3/e^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.186.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{24e^4x^4 + 72de^3x^3 + 72d^2e^2x^2 + 24d^3ex + 15(e^4x^4 + 3de^3x^3 + 3d^2e^2x^2 + d^3ex) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{5(d^5e^3x^4 + 3d^6e^2x^3 + 3d^7ex^2 + d^8x)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/5*(24*e^4*x^4 + 72*d*e^3*x^3 + 72*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 24*d^3*e*x + 15*(e^4*x^4 + 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (24*e^3*x^3 + 57*d*e^2*x^2 + 39*d^2*e*x + 5*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^7*e*x^2 + d^8*x)`**3.186.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`**3.186.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)^3x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)^3*x^2), x)`

3.186.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{3e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^5|e|} - \frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2d^5x|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{5e^2 + \frac{121(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{x} + \frac{410(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^2x^2} + \frac{610(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^4x^3} + \frac{425(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^6x^4} + \frac{125}{e^8x^5}}{10(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^5\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)^5|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^5*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(d^5*x*abs(e)) + 1/10*(5*e^2 + 121*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/x + 410*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^2*x^2) + 610*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^4*x^3) + 425*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^6*x^4) + 125*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^8*x^5))*e^2*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.186.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.187 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

3.187.1 Optimal result	1709
3.187.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1709
3.187.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1710
3.187.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1714
3.187.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1714
3.187.6 Sympy [F]	1715
3.187.7 Maxima [F]	1715
3.187.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1715
3.187.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1716

3.187.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{15d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{15d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2d^5x^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^6x} - \frac{13e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^6}$$

output `4/5*e^2*(-e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*e^2*(-31*e*x+25*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-13/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6+1/15*e^2*(-107*e*x+90*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x^2+3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x`

3.187.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-15d^4+45d^3ex+479d^2e^2x^2+717de^3x^3+304e^4x^4)}{x^2(d+ex)^3} - 195\sqrt{d^2}e^2\log(x) + 195\sqrt{d^2}e^2\log\left(\sqrt{d^2}-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

3.187. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

```
output ((d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-15*d^4 + 45*d^3*e*x + 479*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 717*d*e^3*x^3 + 304*e^4*x^4))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3) - 195*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[x] + 195*Sqrt[d^2]*e^2*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(30*d^7)
```

3.187.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 532 \\
 & \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^3-15exd^2+20e^2x^2d-16e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^3-15exd^2+20e^2x^2d-16e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\
 & \frac{\frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d^3-45exd^2+75e^2x^2d-62e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d^3-45exd^2+75e^2x^2d-62e^3x^3}{x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336
 \end{aligned}$$

3.187. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15(d^3-3exd^2+6e^2x^2d)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{15 \int \frac{d^3-3exd^2+6e^2x^2d}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^3e(6d-13ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} de \int \frac{6d-13ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} de \left(-13e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} de \left(-\frac{13}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{5d^2}{4e^2(d-ex)} \\
& \quad \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} d e \left(\frac{13 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} d e \left(\frac{13e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(90d-107ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2(25d-31ex)}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{4e^2(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(4*e^2*(d - e*x))/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((e^2*(25*d - 31*e*x))/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e^2*(90*d - 107*e*x))/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (15*(-1/2*(d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - (d*e*((-6*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) + (13*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2)/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.187.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`


```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.187.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-6ex+d)}{2d^6x^2} - \frac{13e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^5\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{107e\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{15d^6\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{17\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{15d^5\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}}}{d^3} - \frac{6e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{3e\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^6x} - \frac{3e\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}\right)}{d^6x}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-6*e*x+d)/d^6/x^2-13/2/d^5*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+107/15/d^6*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e
)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+17/15/d^5/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+
d/e))^(1/2)+1/5/d^4/e/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.187.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{254 e^5 x^5 + 762 d e^4 x^4 + 762 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 254 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 195 (e^5 x^5 + 3 d e^4 x^4 + 3 d^2 e^3 x^3 + d^3 e^2 x^2) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{-e^2x^2}}{x}\right)}{30 (d^6 e^3 x^5 + 3 d^7 e^2 x^4 + 3 d^8 e x^3 + \dots)}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $\frac{1}{30}(254e^5x^5 + 762de^4x^4 + 762d^2e^3x^3 + 254d^3e^2x^2 + 195(e^5x^5 + 3de^4x^4 + 3d^2e^3x^3 + d^3e^2x^2))\log\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + \frac{(304e^4x^4 + 717de^3x^3 + 479d^2e^2x^2 + 45d^3ex - 15d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{(d^6e^3x^5 + 3d^7e^2x^4 + 3d^8e^3x^3 + d^9x^2)}$

3.187.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{-(-d+ex)(d+ex)(d+ex)^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.187.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(ex+d)^3x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(e*x + d)^3*x^3), x)`

3.187.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{13e^3 \log\left(\frac{-2de-2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^6|e|} + \frac{\left(15e^3 - \frac{105(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e}{x} - \frac{2782(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^2x^2} - \frac{9410(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^3x^3} - \frac{13645(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^5x^4}\right)}{120(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^6\left(\frac{de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)} + \frac{\frac{12(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^6e|e|}{x} - \frac{(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2 d^6|e|}{e^2x^2}}{8d^{12}e^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-13/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^6*abs(e)) + 1/120*(15*e^3 - 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x - 2782*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e*x^2) - 9410*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^3*x^3) - 13645*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^5*x^4) - 9285*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^7*x^5) - 2580*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^9*x^6))*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^6*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e)) + 1/8*(12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^6*e*abs(e)/x - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^6*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^12*e^2)`

3.187.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.188 $\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

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3.188.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{d^4(d - ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8d^3(d - ex)^3}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{10d^2(d - ex)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{59d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^6} - \frac{2dx \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^5} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^4} + \frac{18d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

output $1/5*d^4*(-e*x+d)^4/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-8/5*d^3*(-e*x+d)^3/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+18*d^3*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+10*d^2*(-e*x+d)^2/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+59/3*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6-2*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5+1/3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4$

3.188.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(424d^5 + 1002d^4 ex + 674d^3 e^2 x^2 + 70d^2 e^3 x^3 - 15de^4 x^4 + 5e^5 x^5)}{15e^6(d + ex)^3} + \frac{18d^3 \sqrt{-e^2} \log(-\sqrt{-e^2} x + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(424*d^5 + 1002*d^4*e*x + 674*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 5*e^5*x^5))/(15*e^6*(d + e*x)^3) + (18*d^3*Sqrt[-e^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^7`

3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {570, 529, 25, 2166, 27, 2166, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{x^5 (d - ex)^4}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 529 \\
 & \frac{d^4 (d - ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 \left(\frac{4d^5}{e^5} - \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5x^3 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4 d}{e} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 \left(\frac{4d^5}{e^5} - \frac{5xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{5x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{5x^3 d^2}{e^2} + \frac{5x^4 d}{e} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{d^4 (d - ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15(d - ex)^2 \left(\frac{4d^5}{e^5} - \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{2x^2 d^3}{e^3} - \frac{x^3 d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{8d^4 (d - ex)^3}{e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4 (d - ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.188. $\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{4d^5}{e^5} - \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{2x^2d^3}{e^3} - \frac{x^3d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{8d^4(d-ex)^3}{e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^4}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2166 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\int \frac{(d-ex) \left(\frac{16d^5}{e^5} - \frac{3xd^4}{e^4} + \frac{x^2d^3}{e^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{10d^4(d-ex)^2}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{8d^4(d-ex)^3}{e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^4}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{\int -\frac{48d^6}{e^3} - \frac{59xd^5}{e^2} + \frac{12x^2d^4}{e} dx}{3e^2} - \frac{10d^4(d-ex)^2}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{8d^4(d-ex)^3}{e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^4}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\frac{48d^6}{e^3} - \frac{59xd^5}{e^2} + \frac{12x^2d^4}{e}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4(d-ex)^2}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{8d^4(d-ex)^3}{e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4(d-ex)^4}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2d^5(54d-59ex) dx}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^2} - \frac{6d^4x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4(d-ex)^2}{e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{8d^4(d-ex)^3}{e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d^4(d-ex)^4}{5e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.188. $\int \frac{x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^5 \int \frac{54d-59ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{6d^4 x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^3 x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4 (d-ex)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{8d^4 (d-ex)^3}{e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^5 \left(54d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{59\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{6d^4 x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^3 x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4 (d-ex)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{8d^4 (d-ex)^3}{e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{5d}{d^4 (d-ex)^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^5 \left(54d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{59\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{6d^4 x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^3 x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4 (d-ex)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{8d^4 (d-ex)^3}{e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{5d}{d^4 (d-ex)^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^5 \left(\frac{54d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 59\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^3} - \frac{6d^4 x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{d^3 x^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^4} - \frac{10d^4 (d-ex)^2}{e^6 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{8d^4 (d-ex)^3}{e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{5d}{d^4 (d-ex)^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{d^4 (d-ex)^4}{5e^6 (d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

3.188. $\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

output $(d^4(d - ex)^4)/(5e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + ((-8d^4(d - ex)^3)/(e^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}) - (5((-10d^4(d - ex)^2)/(e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}) - ((d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})/(3e^4) + ((-6d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})/e^3 + (d^5((59\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})/e + (54d\text{ArcTan}[(ex)/\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}]))/e))/e^3)/(3e^2)/d)/d)/(5d)$

3.188.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 455 $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 529 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_})}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*d*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c/(2*a*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*d*(p+1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 570 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.188.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{(e^2x^2 - 6dex + 29d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3e^6} + \frac{18d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{2d^5\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^9(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} - \frac{17d^4\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})^2}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^6} - \frac{4d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{d^5\left(-\frac{(-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^4} - \frac{(-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2 + 2de(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}\right)}{e^9}$

input `int(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.188.
$$\int \frac{x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

output $1/3*(e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+29*d^2)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+18/e^5*d^3/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})+2/5/e^9*d^5/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}-17/5/e^8*d^4/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}+108/5/e^7*d^3/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$

3.188.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{424 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 1272 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 1272 d^5 e x + 424 d^6 - 540 (d^3 e^3 x^3 + 3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 3 d^5 e x + d^6) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2}}{ex}\right)}{15 (e^9 x^3 + 3 d e^8 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^7 x + d^3 e^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/15*(424*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 1272*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 1272*d^5*e*x + 424*d^6 - 540*(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^5*e*x + d^6)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + (5*e^5*x^5 - 15*d*e^4*x^4 + 70*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 674*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 1002*d^4*e*x + 424*d^5)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + d^3*e^6)$

3.188.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**5*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.188.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.188.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(x \left(\frac{x}{e^4} - \frac{6d}{e^5} \right) + \frac{29d^2}{e^6} \right) + \frac{18d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^5 |e|}$$

$$- \frac{2 \left(93d^3 + \frac{385(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^3}{e^2 x} + \frac{575(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^3}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{355(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^3}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{80(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^3}{e^8 x^4} \right)}{5e^5 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x*(x/e^4 - 6*d/e^5) + 29*d^2/e^6) + 18*d^3*arcsi
n(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) - 2/5*(93*d^3 + 385*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x
^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3/(e^2*x) + 575*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*
d^3/(e^4*x^2) + 355*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^3/(e^6*x^3) +
80*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^3/(e^8*x^4)/(e^5*((d*e + sqrt(
-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))
```

3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.189 $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.189.1 Optimal result 1726
 3.189.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1726
 3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1727
 3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1730
 3.189.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1731
 3.189.6 Sympy [F] 1731
 3.189.7 Maxima [F(-1)] 1731
 3.189.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1732
 3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1732

3.189.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{d^3(d - ex)^4}{5e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{19d^2(d - ex)^3}{15e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{6d(d - ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{(20d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e^5} - \frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e^5}$$

output `-1/5*d^3*(-e*x+d)^4/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+19/15*d^2*(-e*x+d)^3/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-19/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-6*d*(-e*x+d)^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e*x+20*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.189.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-448d^4 - 1059d^3 ex - 713d^2 e^2 x^2 - 75de^3 x^3 + 15e^4 x^4)}{30e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-448*d^4 - 1059*d^3*e*x - 713*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 75*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4))/(30*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) + (19*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])])/e^5$

3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {570, 529, 2166, 27, 2166, 27, 676, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4 (d - ex)^4}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{529} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(d-ex)^3 \left(\frac{4d^4}{e^4} - \frac{5xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{5x^2 d^2}{e^2} - \frac{5x^3 d}{e} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{d^3 (d - ex)^4}{5e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{15(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^4}{e^4} - \frac{2xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{x^2 d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{19d^3 (d-ex)^3}{3e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3 (d - ex)^4}{5e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{5 \int \frac{(d-ex)^2 \left(\frac{3d^4}{e^4} - \frac{2xd^3}{e^3} + \frac{x^2 d^2}{e^2} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d} - \frac{19d^3 (d-ex)^3}{3e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3 (d - ex)^4}{5e^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^3(d-ex)(9d-ex)}{e^4 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{19d^3(d-ex)^3}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^4}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{(d-ex)(9d-ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d} - \frac{19d^3(d-ex)^3}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^3(d-ex)^4}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 676 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{19}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{10d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right)}{e^4} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{19d^3(d-ex)^3}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{d^3(d-ex)^4} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{19}{2} d^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} dx + \frac{d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + 10d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right)}{e^4} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{19d^3(d-ex)^3}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{d^3(d-ex)^4} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 216 \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e} + \frac{10d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right)}{e^4} - \frac{6d^3(d-ex)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{19d^3(d-ex)^3}{3e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{d^3(d-ex)^4} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{5e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output
$$-1/5*(d^3*(d - e*x)^4)/(e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(5/2)}) - ((-19*d^3*(d - e*x)^3)/(3*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}) - (5*((-6*d^3*(d - e*x)^2)/(e^5*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (d^2*((10*d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e - (x*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (19*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(2*e)))/e^4)/d)/(5*d)$$

3.189.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_)*(G x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 216
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 529
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, a*d + b*c*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(-c)*R*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*a*d*(p + 1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[c/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*d*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(n + 2*p + 2), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$$

rule 570
$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(2*n)}/a^n \text{ Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m + n, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 676
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_))*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))}, x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$


```
rule 2166 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde
r[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^(m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e
*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2,
0] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+8d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^5} - \frac{19d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{2d^4\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5e^8(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} + \frac{41d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^7(x+\frac{d}{e})^2}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^4} + \frac{d^4\left(-\frac{\left(-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^4} - \frac{\left(-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}\right)}{e^8} + \frac{6d^2\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)}{e^7}$

```
input int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e*x+8*d)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-19/2/e^4*d^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((
e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-2/5/e^8*d^4/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2
*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+41/15/e^7*d^3/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))
^(1/2)-199/15/e^6*d^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.189. $\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.189.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{448 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 1344 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 1344 d^4 e x + 448 d^5 - 570 (d^2 e^3 x^3 + 3 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 3 d^4 e x + d^5) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e x}\right)}{30 (e^8 x^3 + 3 d e^7 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^6 x + d^3 e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/30*(448*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1344*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 1344*d^4*e*x + 448*d^5 - 570*(d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*e*x + d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (15*e^4*x^4 - 75*d*e^3*x^3 - 713*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 1059*d^3*e*x - 448*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^8*x^3 + 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + d^3*e^5)`**3.189.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `Integral(x**4*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`**3.189.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`

3.189. $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.189.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(\frac{x}{e^4} - \frac{8d}{e^5} \right) - \frac{19 d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2 e^4 |e|}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(164 d^2 + \frac{685 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^2}{e^2 x} + \frac{1025 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{615 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^2}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{135 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^2}{e^8 x^4} \right)}{15 e^4 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x/e^4 - 8*d/e^5) - 19/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^4*abs(e)) + 2/15*(164*d^2 + 685*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2/(e^2*x) + 1025*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2/(e^4*x^2) + 615*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2/(e^6*x^3) + 135*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^2/(e^8*x^4))/(e^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.190 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.190.1 Optimal result	1733
3.190.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1733
3.190.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1734
3.190.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1735
3.190.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	1736
3.190.6 Sympy [F]	1736
3.190.7 Maxima [F(-1)]	1737
3.190.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1737
3.190.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1737

3.190.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{14d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

```
output 1/5*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^4-14/15*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-(e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2+4*d*arctan(e*x/(e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+8*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4/(e*x+d)
```

3.190.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(94d^3 + 222d^2 ex + 149de^2 x^2 + 15e^3 x^3)}{15e^4(d + ex)^3} + \frac{4d\sqrt{-e^2} \log(-\sqrt{-e^2} x + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{e^5}$$

```
input Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2]*(94*d^3 + 222*d^2*ex + 149*d*ex^2 + 15*e^3*x^3))/$
 $(15*e^4*(d + ex)^3) + (4*d*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^$
 $2*x^2]])/e^5$

3.190.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04,
 number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used
 = {581, 25, 2168, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the
 transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 581

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (2d^3 + 5exd^2 + 4e^2 x^2 d)}{(d + ex)^4} dx}{e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{e^4 (d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (2d^3 + 5exd^2 + 4e^2 x^2 d)}{(d + ex)^4} dx}{e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{e^4 (d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 2168

$$-\frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} d^3}{(d + ex)^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} d^2}{(d + ex)^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} d}{(d + ex)^2} \right) dx}{e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{e^4 (d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\frac{4d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e(d + ex)^4} + \frac{14d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15e(d + ex)^3} - \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)}}{e^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{e^4 (d + ex)^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x^3*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]$

output $-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(e^4*(d + e*x)^2)) - ((-8*d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/($
 $e*(d + e*x)) - (d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e*(d + e*x)^4) + (14*d*(d^2$
 $- e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*e*(d + e*x)^3) - (4*d*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^$
 $2]])/e)/e^3$

3.190. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.190.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 581 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m + c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2168 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (d + e*x)^m*Pq, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + Expon[Pq, x] + 2*p + 1, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.190.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{e^4} + \frac{4d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{104d\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^5(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{31d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^6(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15e^7(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}}{e^4} - \frac{d^3\left(-\frac{(-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de(x+\frac{d}{e})^4} - \frac{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}{15d^2(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}\right)}{e^7}$

3.190. $\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

input `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{e^4}(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2}+4d/e^3/(e^2)^{1/2}\arctan((e^2)^{1/2}x/(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{1/2})+104/15*d/e^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2}-31/15/e^6*d^2/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2}+2/5/e^7*d^3/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2}$

3.190.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{94 de^3 x^3 + 282 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 282 d^3 ex + 94 d^4 - 120 (de^3 x^3 + 3 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 3 d^3 ex + d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right)}{15 (e^7 x^3 + 3 de^6 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^5 x + d^3 e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{15}*(94*d*e^3*x^3 + 282*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 282*d^3*e*x + 94*d^4 - 120*(d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e*x + d^4)*\arctan(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (15*e^3*x^3 + 149*d*e^2*x^2 + 222*d^2*e*x + 94*d^3)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4)$

3.190.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.190.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

3.190.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{4 d \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^3 |e|} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^4} \\ 2 \left(79 d + \frac{335 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d}{e^2 x} + \frac{505 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{285 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{60 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d}{e^8 x^4} \right) \\ \frac{15 e^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}{15 e^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*d*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/e^4 - 2/15*(79*d + 335*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d/(e^2*x) + 505*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d/(e^4*x^2) + 285*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d/(e^6*x^3) + 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d/(e^8*x^4)/(e^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.190.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.190. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.191 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

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3.191.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output `-1/5*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^4+3/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3-2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(e*x+d)`

3.191.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{(-8d^2 - 19dex - 13e^2 x^2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^3(d + ex)^3} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `((-8*d^2 - 19*d*e*x - 13*e^2*x^2)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e^3`

3.191.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {582, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 582

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 (d + ex)^4} - \frac{2d \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 (d + ex)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2 (d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^3 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^3 (d + ex)^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3 (d + ex)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - (d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) + (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e^3`

3.191.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 582 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.191.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}-\frac{e\left(\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}+\frac{de\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{e^4}+d^2\left(-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4}\right)}$

input `int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^4*(-1/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-e/d*((-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+d*e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))+d^2/e^6*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^4*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-1/15/d^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2))+2/3/e^6/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)`

3.191.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8e^3x^3 + 24de^2x^2 + 24d^2ex + 8d^3 - 10(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (13e^2x^2 + 19d^2ex + 8d^2) \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{5(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/5*(8*e^3*x^3 + 24*d*e^2*x^2 + 24*d^2*e*x + 8*d^3 - 10*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (13*e^2*x^2 + 19*d*e*x + 8*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)`

3.191.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.191.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} x^2}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*x^2/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.191.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^2 |e|} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{35 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)}{e^2 x} + \frac{55 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{25 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{5 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4}{e^8 x^4} + 8 \right)}{5 e^2 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + 2/5*(35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 55*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 25*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) + 8)/(e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.191.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.192 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.192.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1746
3.192.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1747

3.192.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{15de^2(d+ex)^3}$$

output $1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/e^2/(e*x+d)^4-4/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/d/e^2/(e*x+d)^3$

3.192.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-d^2-3dex+4e^2x^2)}{15de^2(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2))/(15*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)$

3.192.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {571, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 571

$$\frac{4 \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{5e} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^2(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 460

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5e^2(d + ex)^4} - \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{15de^2(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(5*e^2*(d + e*x)^4) - (4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.192.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 571 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0]`

3.192.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(4ex+d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(ex+d)^3de^2}$	42
trager	$-\frac{(-4e^2x^2+3dex+d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d(ex+d)^3e^2}$	47
default	$-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^5d\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15d^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3}\right)}{e^5}$	141

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/15*(-e*x+d)*(4*e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/d/e^2`**3.192.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3 - (4e^2x^2 - 3dex - d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(de^5x^3 + 3d^2e^4x^2 + 3d^3e^3x + d^4e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/15*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3 - (4*e^2*x^2 - 3*d*e*x - d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d*e^5*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)`

3.192.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.192.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d}{5(e^5x^3 + 3de^4x^2 + 3d^2e^3x + d^3e^2)} - \frac{11\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)} + \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(de^3x + d^2e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 11/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2) + 4/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2)`

3.192.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{5(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{e^6x^3} + 1 \right)}{15de \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 1)/(d*e*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.192.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(d^2 + 3dex - 4e^2x^2)}{15de^2(d + ex)^3}$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(d^2 - 4*e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x))/(15*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.193 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.193.1 Optimal result	1748
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3.193.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1752

3.193.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5de(d + ex)^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15d^2 e(d + ex)^3}$$

output
$$-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/d/e/(e*x+d)^4-1/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(3/2)}/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^3$$

3.193.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-4d^2 + 3dex + e^2 x^2)}{15d^2 e(d + ex)^3}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d + e*x)^4,x]$$

output
$$(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-4*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(15*d^2*e*(d + e*x)^3)$$

3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 461$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx}{5d} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5de(d + ex)^4}$$

$$\downarrow 460$$

$$-\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{15d^2 e(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5de(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*e*(d + e*x)^4) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(15*d^2*e*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.193.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`

3.193.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+4d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15(ex+d)^3d^2e}$	43
trager	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2-3dex+4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^2(ex+d)^3e}$	49
default	$-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15d^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3}$ e^4	93

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/15*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+4*d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/d^2/e`**3.193.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4e^3x^3 + 12de^2x^2 + 12d^2ex + 4d^3 - (e^2x^2 + 3dex - 4d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^2e^4x^3 + 3d^3e^3x^2 + 3d^4e^2x + d^5e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/15*(4*e^3*x^3 + 12*d*e^2*x^2 + 12*d^2*e*x + 4*d^3 - (e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x - 4*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e^4*x^3 + 3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^4*e^2*x + d^5*e)`

3.193.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.193.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{5(e^4 x^3 + 3de^3 x^2 + 3d^2 e^2 x + d^3 e)} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(de^3 x^2 + 2d^2 e^2 x + d^3 e)} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^2 e^2 x + d^3 e)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) + 1/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d*e^3*x^2 + 2*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) + 1/15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/(d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e)`

3.193.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} \right) + \frac{25 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^4 x^2} \right)^2}{e^4 x^2} + \frac{15 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^6 x^3} \right)^3}{e^6 x^3} + \frac{15 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^8 x^4} \right)^4}{e^8 x^4} + 4 \right)}{15 d^2 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

3.193. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 25*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) + 4)/(d^2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e)`

3.193.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (-4d^2 + 3dex + e^2 x^2)}{15d^2 e (d + ex)^3}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(e^2*x^2 - 4*d^2 + 3*d*e*x))/(15*d^2*e*(d + e*x)^3)`

3.194 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.194.1 Optimal result	1753
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3.194.6 Sympy [F]	1758
3.194.7 Maxima [F]	1758
3.194.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1758
3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1759

3.194.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8d(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4ex}{5d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5d - 8ex}{5d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^3}$$

```
output 8/5*d*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/5*e*x/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh
(((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3+1/5*(-8*e*x+5*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))
```

3.194.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(13d^2 + 19dex + 8e^2 x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{10 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d}\right)}{5d^3}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]
```

```
output ((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(13*d^2 + 19*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3 + 10*Ar
cTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(5*d^3)
```


3.194.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d+ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d-ex)^4}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{8d(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^4 - 12exd^3 - 5e^2 x^2 d^2}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^4 - 12exd^3 - 5e^2 x^2 d^2}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3d^3(5d-8ex)}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{5d-8ex}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{5d-8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{d^2} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{5d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2}{2d} + \frac{5d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{5d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{de^2} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{5d - 8ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d} \right)}{d^2} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8d(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(8*d*(d - e*x))/(5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-4*d*e*x)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2) + d*((5*d - 8*e*x)/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (5*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.194.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[In
 t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
 ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
 l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
 ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
 ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
 *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
 *(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
 x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
 -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
 x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
 n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
 LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
 inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
 ^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
 b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
 pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x] /; F
 reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.194.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^4}}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4} - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15d^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d^4*((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/e^3/d*(-1/5/d/e/(x+d/e)^4*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-1/15/d^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2))-1/e/d^3*(-1/d/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-e/d*((-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+d*e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2))))-1/d^4*((-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+d*e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))+1/3/e^3/d^3/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)`

3.194.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{13e^3x^3 + 39de^2x^2 + 39d^2ex + 13d^3 + 5(e^3x^3 + 3de^2x^2 + 3d^2ex + d^3) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (8e^2x^2 + \dots)}{5(d^3e^3x^3 + 3d^4e^2x^2 + 3d^5ex + d^6)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(13*e^3*x^3 + 39*d*e^2*x^2 + 39*d^2*e*x + 13*d^3 + 5*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (8*e^2*x^2 + 19*d*e*x + 13*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^5*e*x + d^6)`

3.194.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.194.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)^4 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.194.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{e \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^3|e|} - \frac{2\left(13e + \frac{45(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)}{ex} + \frac{75(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2}{e^3 x^2} + \frac{55(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{e^5 x^3} + \frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{e^7 x^4}\right)}{5d^3\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)^5|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-e \cdot \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{abs}(-2 \cdot d \cdot e - 2 \cdot \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)\right) / (e^2 \cdot \text{abs}(x)) / (d^3 \cdot \text{abs}(e)) - \frac{2}{5} \cdot (13 \cdot e + 45 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)) / (e \cdot x) + 75 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^2 / (e^3 \cdot x^2) + 55 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^3 / (e^5 \cdot x^3) + 20 \cdot (d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)^4 / (e^7 \cdot x^4) / (d^3 \cdot ((d \cdot e + \sqrt{-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2}) \cdot \text{abs}(e)) / (e^2 \cdot x) + 1)^5 \cdot \text{abs}(e))$$

3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.195 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.195.1 Optimal result	1760
3.195.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1760
3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1761
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3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1766

3.195.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4e(5d - 8ex)}{15d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(60d - 79ex)}{15d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 x} + \frac{4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^4}$$

output `-8/5*e*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/15*e*(-8*e*x+5*d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+4*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4-1/15*e*(-79*e*x+60*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x`

3.195.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(15d^3 + 149d^2 ex + 222de^2 x^2 + 94e^3 x^3)}{x(d+ex)^3} - \frac{60\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x) + 60\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{15d^5}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/15*((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(15*d^3 + 149*d^2*e*x + 222*d*e^2*x^2 + 94*e^3*x^3))/(x*(d + e*x)^3) - 60*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[x] + 60*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^5$$

3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^4}{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 532 \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 27e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 27e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{15d^4 - 60exd^3 + 64e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{4e(5d - 8ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{15d^4 - 60exd^3 + 64e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{4e(5d - 8ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2336 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{15d^3(d-4ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{15d \int \frac{d-4ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 534 \\
 & \frac{15d \left(-4e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{15d \left(-2e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{15d \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{15d \left(\frac{4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(60d-79ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e(5d-8ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{3d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(-8*e*(d - e*x))/(5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-4*e*(5*d - 8*e*x))/(3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((e*(60*d - 79*e*x))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + 15*d*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (4*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.195.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 570 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 2336 Int[(Pq_)*((c._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^4x} + \frac{4e \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{19\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15ed^3(x+\frac{d}{e})^2} - \frac{79\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15d^4(x+\frac{d}{e})} - 2\sqrt{-}$
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{2e^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{4e\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{d^5} + \dots$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x+4e/d^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-
e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-19/15/e/d^3/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)
)^(1/2)-79/15/d^4/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-2/5/e^2/d^2
/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.195.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{104 e^4 x^4 + 312 d e^3 x^3 + 312 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 104 d^3 e x + 60 (e^4 x^4 + 3 d e^3 x^3 + 3 d^2 e^2 x^2 + d^3 e x) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right)}{15 (d^4 e^3 x^4 + 3 d^5 e^2 x^3 + 3 d^6 e x^2 + d^7 x)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(104*e^4*x^4 + 312*d*e^3*x^3 + 312*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 104*d^3*e*x + 60*(e^4*x^4 + 3*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^3*e*x)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (94*e^3*x^3 + 222*d*e^2*x^2 + 149*d^2*e*x + 15*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e^3*x^4 + 3*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^6*e*x^2 + d^7*x)`**3.195.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x)**4), x)`**3.195.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.195.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{4e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^4|e|} - \frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2d^4 x|e|} + \frac{15e^2 + \frac{491(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)}{x} + \frac{1690(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2}{e^2 x^2} + \frac{2570(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{e^4 x^3} + \frac{1815(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{e^6 x^4}}{30(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^4\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)^5|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(d^4*x*abs(e)) + 1/30*(15*e^2 + 491*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/x + 1690*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^2*x^2) + 2570*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^4*x^3) + 1815*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^6*x^4) + 55*5*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^8*x^5))*e^2*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.196 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.196.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d - 13ex)}{15d^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(135d - 164ex)}{15d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d^4 x^2} + \frac{4e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^5 x} - \frac{19e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^5}$$

```
output 8/5*e^2*(-e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/15*e^2*(-13*e*x+10*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-19/2*e^2*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^5+1/15*e^2*(-164*e*x+135*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x^2+4*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x
```

3.196.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-15d^4 + 75d^3 ex + 713d^2 e^2 x^2 + 1059de^3 x^3 + 448e^4 x^4)}{x^2(d+ex)^3} + 570e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d}\right)$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]
```

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2] * (-15 d^4 + 75 d^3 e x + 713 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 1059 d e^3 x^3 + 448 e^4 x^4)) / (x^2 (d + e x)^3) + 570 e^2 \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2] x - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2 x^2]) / d]) / (30 d^5)$

3.196.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.481$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^4}{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 532 \\
 & \frac{8e^2 (d - ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 35e^2 x^2 d^2 - 32e^3 x^3 d}{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 35e^2 x^2 d^2 - 32e^3 x^3 d}{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{8e^2 (d - ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\
 & \frac{\frac{4e^2 (10d - 13ex)}{3d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d^4 - 60exd^3 + 120e^2 x^2 d^2 - 104e^3 x^3 d}{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{8e^2 (d - ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{15d^4 - 60exd^3 + 120e^2 x^2 d^2 - 104e^3 x^3 d}{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{4e^2 (10d - 13ex)}{3d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}}{5d^2} + \frac{8e^2 (d - ex)}{5d (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{15(d^4-4exd^3+9e^2x^2d^2)}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2}}{5d^2} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{15 \int \frac{d^4-4exd^3+9e^2x^2d^2}{x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{3d^2} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{15 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^4e(8d-19ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2e \int \frac{8d-19ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 534 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2e \left(-19e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2e \left(-\frac{19}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{5d^2}{8e^2(d-ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} d^2 e \left(\frac{19 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^2}{e^2}-\frac{x^4}{e}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{15 \left(-\frac{1}{2} d^2 e \left(\frac{19e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} \right) \right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(135d-164ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^2(10d-13ex)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{5d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(8*e^2*(d - e*x))/(5*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((4*e^2*(10*d - 13*e*x))/(3*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e^2*(135*d - 164*e*x))/(d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])) + (15*(-1/2*(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/x^2 - (d^2*e*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) + (19*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2)/d^2)/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2)`

3.196.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.196.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-8ex+d)}{2d^5x^2} - \frac{19e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^4\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{164e\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{15d^5(x+\frac{d}{e})} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5ed^3(x+\frac{d}{e})^3}$
default	$\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2 \left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)}{d^4} - \frac{4e \left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2x} - \frac{2e^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2} + \frac{d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}} \right)}{d^2} \right)}{d^5}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-8*e*x+d)/d^5/x^2-19/2/d^4*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+164/15/d^5*e/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)
)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+2/5/e/d^3/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+
d/e))^(1/2)+29/15/d^4/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.196.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{398 e^5 x^5 + 1194 d e^4 x^4 + 1194 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 398 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 285 (e^5 x^5 + 3 d e^4 x^4 + 3 d^2 e^3 x^3 + d^3 e^2 x^2) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex}\right)}{30 (d^5 e^3 x^5 + 3 d^6 e^2 x^4 + 3 d^7 e x^3 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/30*(398*e^5*x^5 + 1194*d*e^4*x^4 + 1194*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 398*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 285*(e^5*x^5 + 3*d*e^4*x^4 + 3*d^2*e^3*x^3 + d^3*e^2*x^2)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (448*e^4*x^4 + 1059*d*e^3*x^3 + 713*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 75*d^3*e*x - 15*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^5*e^3*x^5 + 3*d^6*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^7*e*x^3 + d^8*x^2)`**3.196.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**3/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**3*(d + e*x)**4), x)`**3.196.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^3), x)`

3.196.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{19 e^3 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{2d^5|e|} + \frac{15e^3 - \frac{165(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e}{x} - \frac{4234(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2}{e x^2} - \frac{14330(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{e^3 x^3} - \frac{20965(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4}{e^5 x^4}}{8d^{10}e^2} + \frac{120(d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^5 \left(\frac{d e + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)}{8d^{10}e^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-19/2*e^3*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^5*abs(e)) + 1/120*(15*e^3 - 165*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e/x - 4234*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e*x^2) - 14330*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^3*x^3) - 20965*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^5*x^4) - 14385*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^7*x^5) - 4080*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^9*x^6))*e^4*x^2/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e)) + 1/8*(16*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^5*e*abs(e)/x - (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^5*abs(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^10*e^2)`

3.196.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.197 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.197.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{8e^3(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d-6ex)}{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^3(80d-93ex)}{5d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3d^4x^3} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d^5x^2} - \frac{29e^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3d^6x} + \frac{18e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^6}$$

output
$$-8/5*e^3*(-e*x+d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/5*e^3*(-6*e*x+5*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+18*e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^6-1/5*e^3*(-93*e*x+80*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x^3+2*e*(e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/x^2-29/3*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/x$$

3.197.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(5d^5 - 15d^4ex + 70d^3e^2x^2 + 674d^2e^3x^3 + 1002de^4x^4 + 424e^5x^5)}{x^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{270\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(x) + 270\sqrt{d^2}e^3 \log(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{15d^7}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output
$$-1/15*((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(5*d^5 - 15*d^4*e*x + 70*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 674*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1002*d*e^4*x^4 + 424*e^5*x^5))/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3) - 270*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[x] + 270*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^7$$

3.197.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.519$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 2338, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 570 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^4}{x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 532 \\
 & -\frac{\int -5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 35e^2x^2d^2 - 40e^3x^3d + 32e^4x^4}{5d^2} dx - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int 5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 35e^2x^2d^2 - 40e^3x^3d + 32e^4x^4}{5d^2} dx - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2336 \\
 & -\frac{\int -3(5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 40e^2x^2d^2 - 60e^3x^3d + 48e^4x^4)}{3d^2} dx - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{5d^4 - 20exd^3 + 40e^2x^2d^2 - 60e^3x^3d + 48e^4x^4}{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{5(d^4 - 4exd^3 + 9e^2x^2d^2 - 16e^3x^3d)}{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d - 93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{5 \int \frac{d^4 - 4exd^3 + 9e^2x^2d^2 - 16e^3x^3d}{x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d - 93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
& \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \frac{12ed^5 - 29e^2xd^4 + 48e^3x^2d^3}{x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d - 93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
& \frac{5 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2d^5e^2(29d - 54ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d - 93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{5 \left(-\frac{d^3(-e^2) \int \frac{29d - 54ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d - 93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d - 6ex)}{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{534}
\end{aligned}$$

3.197. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^3(-e^2) \left(-54e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{29\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d-93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d-6ex)}{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8e^3(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^3(-e^2) \left(-27e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{29\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d-93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d-6ex)}{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8e^3(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^3(-e^2) \left(\frac{54 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2-e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{29\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d-93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d-6ex)}{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8e^3(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{5 \left(\frac{d^3(-e^2) \left(\frac{54e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{29\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{e^3(80d-93ex)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{4e^3(5d-6ex)}{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{8e^3(d-ex)}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

3.197. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

```
output (-8*e^3*(d - e*x))/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-4*e^3*(5*d - 6*e*x))
/(d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((e^3*(80*d - 93*e*x))/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e
2*x^2])) + (5*(-1/3*(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^3 - ((-6*d^3*e*Sqrt[d^2 -
e^2*x^2])/x^2 - d^3*e^2*((-29*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*x) + (54*e*ArcTanh[S
qrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2))/d^2/d^2)/(5*d^2)
```

3.197.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
negerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
l] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coe
ff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[Pol
ynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m
*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m),
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRema
inder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)
^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*
b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Ex
pandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.197.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} (29e^2x^2-6dex+d^2)}{3d^6x^3} + \frac{18e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^5\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{93e^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{5d^6(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{13e\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2}}{5d^5(x+\frac{d}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d^6x^3} - \frac{4e\left(-\frac{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{2d^2}\right)}{d^5} - \frac{20e^3\left(\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d^2}\right)}{d^7}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(29*e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+d^2)/d^6/x^3+18/d^5*e^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-93/5/d^6*e^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-13/5/d^5*e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-2/5/d^4/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.197.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{324 e^6 x^6 + 972 d e^5 x^5 + 972 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 324 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 270 (e^6 x^6 + 3 d e^5 x^5 + 3 d^2 e^4 x^4 + d^3 e^3 x^3) \log\left(-\frac{d-\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d+ex}\right)}{15(d^6 e^3 x^6 + 3 d^7 e^2 x^5 + 3 d^8 e x^4 + d^9 x^3)}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/15*(324*e^6*x^6 + 972*d*e^5*x^5 + 972*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 324*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 270*(e^6*x^6 + 3*d*e^5*x^5 + 3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + d^3*e^3*x^3)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (424*e^5*x^5 + 1002*d*e^4*x^4 + 674*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 15*d^4*e*x + 5*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^3*x^6 + 3*d^7*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^8*e*x^4 + d^9*x^3)
```

3.197. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.197.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(-d + ex)(d + ex)}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/2)/x**4/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))/(x**4*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.197.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^4), x)`

3.197.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{18 e^4 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{d^6|e|} + \frac{\left(5e^4 - \frac{35(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})e^2}{x} + \frac{335(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^2}{x^2} + \frac{7559(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^3}{e^2 x^3} + \frac{25195(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^4}{e^4 x^4}\right)}{120(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^3 d^6 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^2 x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{117(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})d^{12}e^4}{x} - \frac{12(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^2 d^{12}e^2}{x^2} + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2})^3 d^{12}}{x^3}}{24d^{18}e^2|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `18*e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^6*abs(e)) + 1/120*(5*e^4 - 35*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^2/x + 335*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/x^2 + 7559*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^2*x^3) + 25195*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^4*x^4) + 36035*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^6*x^5) + 24225*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^6/(e^8*x^6) + 6585*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^7/(e^10*x^7))*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^6*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)^5*abs(e)) - 1/24*(117*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^12*e^4/x - 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^12*e^2/x^2 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^12/x^3)/(d^18*e^2*abs(e))`

3.197.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.198 $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.198.1 Optimal result 1784
 3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1785
 3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1785
 3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1791
 3.198.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1791
 3.198.6 Sympy [F] 1792
 3.198.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1792
 3.198.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1793
 3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1794

3.198.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{d^4(d - ex)^4}{e^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{515d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{21e^6} - \frac{49d^5x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{121d^4x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{21e^4} - \frac{17d^3x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{6e^3} + \frac{11d^2x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{7e^2}$$

$$- \frac{2dx^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e} + \frac{1}{7}x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{65d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{4e^6}$$

```
output 65/4*d^7*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+d^4*(-e*x+d)^4/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+515/21*d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6-49/4*d^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5+121/21*d^4*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4-17/6*d^3*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3+11/7*d^2*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-2/3*d*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e+1/7*x^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(2144d^7 + 779d^6ex - 293d^5e^2x^2 + 162d^4e^3x^3 - 106d^3e^4x^4 + 76d^2e^5x^5 - 44de^6x^6 + 12e^7x^7)}{d+ex} + \frac{1365d^7}{84e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `((e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2144*d^7 + 779*d^6*e*x - 293*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 162*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 106*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 76*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 44*d*e^6*x^6 + 12*e^7*x^7))/(d + e*x) + 1365*d^7*Sqrt[-e^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[-e^2]*x) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(84*e^7)`

3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.630$, Rules used = {563, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 2346, 27, 2346, 27, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{8d^7 - 8exd^6 + 8e^2x^2d^5 - 8e^3x^3d^4 + 8e^4x^4d^3 - 7e^5x^5d^2 + 4e^6x^6d - e^7x^7}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^5} + \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \int \frac{28dx^6e^8 - 55d^2x^5e^7 + 56d^3x^4e^6 - 56d^4x^3e^5 + 56d^5x^2e^4 - 56d^6xe^3 + 56d^7e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^5} + \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{28dx^6e^8 - 55d^2x^5e^7 + 56d^3x^4e^6 - 56d^4x^3e^5 + 56d^5x^2e^4 - 56d^6xe^3 + 56d^7e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^5} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \end{aligned}$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{2(-165d^2x^5e^9 + 238d^3x^4e^8 - 168d^4x^3e^7 + 168d^5x^2e^6 - 168d^6xe^5 + 168d^7e^4)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{\frac{6e^2}{7e^2}} - \frac{14}{3}de^6x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{165d^2x^5e^9 + 238d^3x^4e^8 - 168d^4x^3e^7 + 168d^5x^2e^6 - 168d^6xe^5 + 168d^7e^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{\frac{3e^2}{7e^2}} - \frac{14}{3}de^6x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{33d^2e^7x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \int -\frac{10(119d^3x^4e^{10} - 150d^4x^3e^9 + 84d^5x^2e^8 - 84d^6xe^7 + 84d^7e^6)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{\frac{3e^2}{7e^2}} - \frac{14}{3}de^6x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{119d^3x^4e^{10} - 150d^4x^3e^9 + 84d^5x^2e^8 - 84d^6xe^7 + 84d^7e^6}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{\frac{3e^2}{7e^2}} + 33d^2e^7x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{14}{3}de^6x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\int -\frac{3(-200d^4x^3e^{11} + 231d^5x^2e^{10} - 112d^6xe^9 + 112d^7e^8)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{119}{4}d^3e^8x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{\frac{e^2}{3e^2}} + 33d^2e^7x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{14}{3}de^6x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{7}e^5x^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} e^5 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{-200d^4 x^3 e^{11} + 231d^5 x^2 e^{10} - 112d^6 x e^9 + 112d^7 e^8 dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4e^2} \right) + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{7} e^5 x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} e^5$$

↓ 2346

$$2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{\int -693d^5 x^2 e^{12} - 736d^6 x e^{11} + 336d^7 e^{10} dx}{3e^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{7} e^5 x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} e^5$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int 693d^5 x^2 e^{12} - 736d^6 x e^{11} + 336d^7 e^{10} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{7} e^5 x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} e^5$$

↓ 2346

$$2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{d^6 e^{12}(1365d - 1472ex) dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{2e^2} - \frac{693}{2} d^5 e^{10} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \right) + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{7} e^5 x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6(d + ex)} e^5$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\int \frac{d^6 e^{12} (1365d - 1472ex) dx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{693}{2} d^5 e^{10} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{7e^2} e^5$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6 (d + ex)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^6 e^{10} \int \frac{1365d - 1472ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{693}{2} d^5 e^{10} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{7e^2} e^5$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6 (d + ex)}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^6 e^{10} \left(1365d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1472 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{693}{2} d^5 e^{10} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{200}{3} d^4 e^9 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} \right)}{4e^2} - \frac{119}{4} d^3 e^8 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} + \frac{33d^2 e^7 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} - \frac{14}{3} d e^6 x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{7e^2} e^5$$

$$\frac{8d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^6 (d + ex)}$$

↓ 224

3.198. $\int \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^6e^{10} \left(\frac{1365d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} + 1} dx \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{1472\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{693}{2}d^5e^{10}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{200}{3}d^4e^9x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2} \right) - \frac{119}{4}d^3e^8x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} + 33d^2e^7x^4 \right)}{3e^2} \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \left(\frac{\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^6e^{10} \left(\frac{1365d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{1472\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{693}{2}d^5e^{10}x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{200}{3}d^4e^9x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2} \right) - \frac{119}{4}d^3e^8x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} + 33d^2e^7x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2} \right)}{7e^2} \\
 & \frac{8d^7\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(8*d^7*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^6*(d + e*x)) + ((e^5*x^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/7 + ((-14*d*e^6*x^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + (33*d^2*e^7*x^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + (2*((-119*d^3*e^8*x^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/4 + (3*((200*d^4*e^9*x^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + ((-693*d^5*e^10*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^6*e^10*((1472*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (1365*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2)/(3*e^2)))/(4*e^2)))/e^2)/(3*e^2))/(7*e^2))/e^5`

3.198. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.198.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
risch	$\frac{(12e^6x^6 - 56de^5x^5 + 132d^2e^4x^4 - 238d^3x^3e^3 + 400d^4e^2x^2 - 693d^5ex + 1472d^6)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{84e^6} + \frac{65d^7 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{4e^5\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{8d^7\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/84*(12*e^6*x^6-56*d*e^5*x^5+132*d^2*e^4*x^4-238*d^3*e^3*x^3+400*d^4*e^2*x^2-693*d^5*e*x+1472*d^6)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+65/4*d^7/e^5/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+8*d^7/e^7/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.198.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2144 d^7 ex + 2144 d^8 - 2730 (d^7 ex + d^8) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{ex}\right) + (12 e^7 x^7 - 44 d e^6 x^6 + 76 d^2 e^5 x^5 - 106 d^3 e^4 x^4 + 162 d^4 e^3 x^3 - 293 d^5 e^2 x^2 + 779 d^6 e x + 2144 d^7) \operatorname{sqrt}(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)}{84 e^6 (d + e x)^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/84*(2144*d^7*e*x + 2144*d^8 - 2730*(d^7*e*x + d^8)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (12*e^7*x^7 - 44*d*e^6*x^6 + 76*d^2*e^5*x^5 - 106*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 162*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 293*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 779*d^6*e*x + 2144*d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^7*x + d*e^6)`

3.198.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^5(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.198.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = & -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^5}{2(e^9x^3 + 3de^8x^2 + 3d^2e^7x + d^3e^6)} \\ & - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^6}{2(e^8x^2 + 2de^7x + d^2e^6)} + \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^7}{e^7x + de^6} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^4}{3(e^8x^2 + 2de^7x + d^2e^6)} \\ & + \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^5}{6(e^7x + de^6)} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3}{2(e^7x + de^6)} + \frac{5i d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{2e^6} \\ & + \frac{75d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{4e^6} - \frac{5\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^5x}{2e^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5x}{4e^5} \\ & - \frac{5\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^6}{e^6} + \frac{25\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6}{2e^6} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3x}{3e^5} \\ & - \frac{25(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4}{6e^6} - \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}dx}{3e^5} + \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{e^6} - \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}}{7e^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^5/(e^9*x^3 + 3*d*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + d^3 \\ & *e^6) - 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^6/(e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6) + 1 \\ & 5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7/(e^7*x + d*e^6) + 5/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^4 \\ & 4/(e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x + d^2*e^6) + 25/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^5/(e^7*x \\ & + d*e^6) - 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^3/(e^7*x + d*e^6) + 5/2*I*d^7*arc \\ & sin(e*x/d + 2)/e^6 + 75/4*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^6 - 5/2*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e \\ & *x + 3*d^2)*d^5*x/e^5 - 5/4*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^5*x/e^5 - 5*sqrt(e^2*x^2 \\ & + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^6/e^6 + 25/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^6/e^6 + 5/3*(-e \\ & ^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^3*x/e^5 - 25/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^4/e^6 - 2/3* \\ & (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d*x/e^5 + 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^2/e^6 - 1/7*(- \\ & e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(7/2)}/e^6 \end{aligned}$$

3.198.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{65 d^7 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{4 e^5 |e|} \\ & + \frac{1}{84} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(2 \left(\left(3x - \frac{14d}{e} \right) x + \frac{33d^2}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{119d^3}{e^3} \right) x + \frac{200d^4}{e^4} \right) x - \frac{693d^5}{e^5} \right) x + \frac{1472d^6}{e^6} \right) \\ & - \frac{16d^7}{e^5 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 65/4*d^7*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) + 1/84*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d \\ & ^2)*((2*((2*((3*x - 14*d/e)*x + 33*d^2/e^2)*x - 119*d^3/e^3)*x + 200*d^4/e \\ & ^4)*x - 693*d^5/e^5)*x + 1472*d^6/e^6) - 16*d^7/(e^5*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 \\ & + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.199
$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

3.199.1 Optimal result 1795
 3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1796
 3.199.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1796
 3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1801
 3.199.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1801
 3.199.6 Sympy [F] 1802
 3.199.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1802
 3.199.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1803
 3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1803

3.199.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{d^3(d - ex)^4}{e^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{337d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{15e^5} + \frac{175d^4x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{16e^4} - \frac{71d^3x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{15e^3} + \frac{47d^2x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{24e^2} - \frac{4dx^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e} + \frac{1}{6}x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{239d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{16e^5}$$

```
output -239/16*d^6*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5-d^3*(-e*x+d)^4/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-337/15*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5+175/16*d^4*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4-71/15*d^3*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3+47/24*d^2*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-4/5*d*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e+1/6*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-5632d^6 - 2047d^5ex + 769d^4e^2x^2 - 426d^3e^3x^3 + 278d^2e^4x^4 - 152de^5x^5 + 40e^6x^6)}{d+ex} + 7170d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) + \frac{7170d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{240e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-5632*d^6 - 2047*d^5*e*x + 769*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 426*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 278*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 152*d*e^5*x^5 + 40*e^6*x^6))/(d + e*x) + 7170*d^6*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(240*e^5)`

3.199.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.593$, Rules used = {563, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{563} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{8d^6 - 8exd^5 + 8e^2x^2d^4 - 8e^3x^3d^3 + 7e^4x^4d^2 - 4e^5x^5d + e^6x^6}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{8d^6 - 8exd^5 + 8e^2x^2d^4 - 8e^3x^3d^3 + 7e^4x^4d^2 - 4e^5x^5d + e^6x^6}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} - \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{-24dx^5e^7 + 47d^2x^4e^6 - 48d^3x^3e^5 + 48d^4x^2e^4 - 48d^5xe^3 + 48d^6e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{-24dx^5e^7+47d^2x^4e^6-48d^3x^3e^5+48d^4x^2e^4-48d^5xe^3+48d^6e^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
& \frac{\frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \int \frac{235d^2x^4e^8-336d^3x^3e^7+240d^4x^2e^6-240d^5xe^5+240d^6e^4}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{235d^2x^4e^8-336d^3x^3e^7+240d^4x^2e^6-240d^5xe^5+240d^6e^4}{5e^2} dx + \frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{3(-448d^3x^3e^9+555d^4x^2e^8-320d^5xe^7+320d^6e^6)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2 \cdot 5e^2 \cdot 6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{-448d^3x^3e^9+555d^4x^2e^8-320d^5xe^7+320d^6e^6}{4e^2} dx - \frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2 \cdot 6e^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{448}{3}d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \int \frac{1665d^4x^2e^{10}-1856d^5xe^9+960d^6e^8}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \right)}{4e^2 \cdot 5e^2 \cdot 6e^2} - \frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{6}e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1665d^4x^2e^{10} - 1856d^5xe^9 + 960d^6e^8}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{448}{3} d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{\frac{4e^2}{5e^2} \frac{235}{4} d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5} de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{d^5e^{10}(3585d - 3712ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{1665}{2} d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{448}{3} d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{\frac{4e^2}{5e^2} \frac{235}{4} d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5} de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} e^4$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^5e^{10}(3585d - 3712ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{1665}{2} d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{448}{3} d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{\frac{4e^2}{5e^2} \frac{235}{4} d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5} de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} e^4$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^5e^8 \int \frac{3585d - 3712ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1665}{2} d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{448}{3} d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \right)}{\frac{4e^2}{5e^2} \frac{235}{4} d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{24}{5} de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{1}{6} e^4x^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{8d^6\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^5(d + ex)} e^4$$

↓ 455

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^5e^8\left(\frac{3585d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx+\frac{3712\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)-\frac{1665}{2}d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2}+\frac{448}{3}d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2}-\frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+\frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2}}{6e^2}}{e^4}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^5e^8\left(\frac{3585d\int\frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1}d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}+\frac{3712\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)-\frac{1665}{2}d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2}+\frac{448}{3}d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2}-\frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+\frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2}}{6e^2}}{e^4}}{e^5(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^5e^8\left(\frac{3585d\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)+\frac{3712\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}\right)-\frac{1665}{2}d^4e^8x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3e^2}+\frac{448}{3}d^3e^7x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4e^2}-\frac{235}{4}d^2e^6x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}+\frac{24}{5}de^5x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2}}{6e^2}}{e^4}}{e^5(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-8*d^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^5*(d + e*x)) - (-1/6*(e^4*x^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((24*d*e^5*x^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/5 + ((-235*d^2*e^6*x^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/4 + (3*((448*d^3*e^7*x^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + ((-1665*d^4*e^8*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^5*e^8*((3712*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (3585*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2)/(3*e^2)))/(4*e^2))/(5*e^2))/(6*e^2))/e^4`

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.199.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-40e^5x^5+192de^4x^4-470d^2e^3x^3+896d^3e^2x^2-1665d^4ex+3712d^5)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^5} - \frac{239d^6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{16e^4\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{8d^6\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{240e^5}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/240*(-40*e^5*x^5+192*d*e^4*x^4-470*d^2*e^3*x^3+896*d^3*e^2*x^2-1665*d^4*e*x+3712*d^5)/e^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-239/16*d^6/e^4/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-8*d^6/e^6/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`**3.199.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{5632 d^6 ex + 5632 d^7 - 7170 (d^6 ex + d^7) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (40 e^6 x^6 - 152 d e^5 x^5 + 278 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 426 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 769 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 2047 d^5 e x - 5632 d^6) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{240 (e^6 x + d e^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/240*(5632*d^6*e*x + 5632*d^7 - 7170*(d^6*e*x + d^7)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (40*e^6*x^6 - 152*d*e^5*x^5 + 278*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 426*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 769*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 2047*d^5*e*x - 5632*d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^6*x + d*e^5)`

3.199.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.199.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx &= \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^4}{2(e^8x^3 + 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)} \\ &+ \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^5}{2(e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)} - \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6}{e^6x + de^5} - \frac{4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3}{3(e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)} \\ &- \frac{10(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4}{3(e^6x + de^5)} + \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{2(e^6x + de^5)} - \frac{9id^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{4e^5} \\ &- \frac{275d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16e^5} + \frac{9\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^4x}{4e^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4x}{16e^4} \\ &+ \frac{9\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^5}{2e^5} - \frac{10\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5}{e^5} - \frac{19(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2x}{24e^4} \\ &+ \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3}{2e^5} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}x}{6e^4} - \frac{4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{5e^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^4/(e^8x^3 + 3d^2e^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5) + \frac{5}{2}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^5/(e^7x^2 + 2d^2e^6x + d^2e^5) - 15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^6/(e^6x + de^5) - \frac{4}{3}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3/(e^7x^2 + 2d^2e^6x + d^2e^5) - \frac{10}{3}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4/(e^6x + de^5) + \frac{3}{2}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2/(e^6x + de^5) - \frac{9}{4}I d^6 \arcsin(e^2x^2 + d^2)/e^5 - \frac{275}{16}d^6 \arcsin(ex/d)/e^5 + \frac{9}{4}\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4x/e^4 + \frac{5}{16}\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4x/e^4 + \frac{9}{2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5/e^5 - 10\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5/e^5 - \frac{19}{24}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2x/e^4 + \frac{5}{2}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3/e^5 + \frac{1}{6}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}x/e^4 - \frac{4}{5}(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d/e^5$

3.199.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{239 d^6 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{16 e^4 |e|} + \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(4 \left(5x - \frac{24d}{e} \right) x + \frac{235d^2}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{448d^3}{e^3} \right) x + \frac{1665d^4}{e^4} \right) x - \frac{3712d^5}{e^5} \right) + \frac{16d^6}{e^4 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-239/16*d^6*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/(e^4*\operatorname{abs}(e)) + 1/240*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*((2*((4*(5*x - 24*d/e)*x + 235*d^2/e^2)*x - 448*d^3/e^3)*x + 1665*d^4/e^4)*x - 3712*d^5/e^5) + 16*d^6/(e^4*((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*\operatorname{abs}(e))$

3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.199. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.200 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.200.1 Optimal result 1805
 3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1805
 3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1806
 3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1809
 3.200.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1809
 3.200.6 Sympy [F] 1810
 3.200.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) 1810
 3.200.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1811
 3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1811

3.200.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{d^2(d - ex)^4}{e^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{101d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e^4} - \frac{19d^3x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{2e^3} + \frac{18d^2x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{dx^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} + \frac{1}{5}x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{27d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^4}$$

output $27/2*d^5*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+d^2*(-e*x+d)^4/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+101/5*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^4-19/2*d^3*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3+18/5*d^2*x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^2-d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e+1/5*x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)$

3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(212d^5 + 77d^4ex - 29d^3e^2x^2 + 16d^2e^3x^3 - 8de^4x^4 + 2e^5x^5)}{d+ex} + \frac{135d^5\sqrt{-e^2} \log(-\sqrt{-e^2}x + \dots)}{10e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

3.200. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

output $((e*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(212*d^5 + 77*d^4*e*x - 29*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 8*d*e^4*x^4 + 2*e^5*x^5))/(d + e*x) + 135*d^5*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(10*e^5)$

3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {563, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 2346, 27, 2346, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 563

$$\frac{\int \frac{8d^5 - 8exd^4 + 8e^2x^2d^3 - 7e^3x^3d^2 + 4e^4x^4d - e^5x^5}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^3} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}e^3x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\int \frac{20dx^4e^6 - 39d^2x^3e^5 + 40d^3x^2e^4 - 40d^4xe^3 + 40d^5e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{5e^2}}{e^3} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{20dx^4e^6 - 39d^2x^3e^5 + 40d^3x^2e^4 - 40d^4xe^3 + 40d^5e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{5e^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5}e^3x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{-\frac{\int \frac{4(-39d^2x^3e^7 + 55d^3x^2e^6 - 40d^4xe^5 + 40d^5e^4)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2}}{5e^2} - 5de^4x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{5}e^3x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{-39d^2x^3e^7 + 55d^3x^2e^6 - 40d^4xe^5 + 40d^5e^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2}}{5e^2} - 5de^4x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{5}e^3x^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 2346

3.200. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \int \frac{3(55d^3 x^2 e^8 - 66d^4 x e^7 + 40d^5 e^6)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{55d^3 x^2 e^8 - 66d^4 x e^7 + 40d^5 e^6}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} + \frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{-\int \frac{3d^4 e^8 (45d - 44ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} - \frac{\frac{55}{2} d^3 e^6 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2} + \frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} d^4 e^6 \int \frac{45d - 44ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{55}{2} d^3 e^6 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} + \frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} d^4 e^6 \left(45d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{44\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{55}{2} d^3 e^6 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} + \frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2} d^4 e^6 \left(45d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2 - e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{44\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{55}{2} d^3 e^6 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\frac{e^2}{5e^2}} + \frac{13d^2 e^5 x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5e^2} - \frac{5de^4 x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^3} + \frac{1}{5} e^3 x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + \frac{8d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

↓ 216

3.200. $\int \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{3}{2}d^4e^6 \left(\frac{45d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right) + 44\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^2} - \frac{55d^3e^6x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5e^2} + 13d^2e^5x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} - 5de^4x^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} + \frac{1}{5}e^3x^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right)}{e^2}}{e^2} + \frac{e^3}{e^4(d+ex)} \frac{8d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^4(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(8*d^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + ((e^3*x^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/5 + (-5*d*e^4*x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + (13*d^2*e^5*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + ((-55*d^3*e^6*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (3*d^4*e^6*((44*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (45*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2)/e^2)/e^2)/(5*e^2))/e^3`

3.200.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 563 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*
b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1)*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n
- 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2
, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2e^4x^4 - 10de^3x^3 + 26d^2e^2x^2 - 55d^3ex + 132d^4)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{10e^4} + \frac{27d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{2e^3\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{8d^5\sqrt{-(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x + \frac{d}{e})}}{e^5(x + \frac{d}{e})}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/10*(2*e^4*x^4-10*d*e^3*x^3+26*d^2*e^2*x^2-55*d^3*e*x+132*d^4)/e^4*(-e^2*
x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+27/2*d^5/e^3/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2
)^(1/2))+8*d^5/e^5/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.200.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{212 d^5 ex + 212 d^6 - 270 (d^5 ex + d^6) \arctan\left(\frac{-d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (2 e^5 x^5 - 8 d e^4 x^4 + \dots)}{10 (e^5 x + d e^4)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.200. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

output $1/10*(212*d^5*e*x + 212*d^6 - 270*(d^5*e*x + d^6)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x) + (2*e^5*x^5 - 8*d*e^4*x^4 + 16*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 29*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 77*d^4*e*x + 212*d^5)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}/(e^5*x + d*e^4)$

3.200.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**5/2/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.200.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = & -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^3}{2(e^7x^3 + 3de^6x^2 + 3d^2e^5x + d^3e^4)} \\ & - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^4}{2(e^6x^2 + 2de^5x + d^2e^4)} + \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^5}{e^5x + de^4} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{e^6x^2 + 2de^5x + d^2e^4} \\ & + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3}{2(e^5x + de^4)} - \frac{3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{4(e^5x + de^4)} + \frac{3id^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{2e^4} \\ & + \frac{15d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^3x}{2e^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^4}{e^4} \\ & + \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4}{2e^4} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}dx}{4e^3} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2}{4e^4} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{5e^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^3/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4) - 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^4/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4) + 15*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^5/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d^2/(e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x + d^2*e^4) + 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^3/(e^5*x + d*e^4) - 3/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*d/(e^5*x + d*e^4) + 3/2*I*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^4 + 15*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d)/e^4 - 3/2*\sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^3*x/e^3 - 3*\sqrt{e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2}*d^4/e^4 + 15/2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*d^4/e^4 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d*x/e^3 - 5/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2/e^4 + 1/5*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}/e^4$$

3.200.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{27 d^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2 e^3 |e|} + \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(\left(x - \frac{5d}{e} \right) x + \frac{13d^2}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{55d^3}{e^3} \right) x + \frac{132d^4}{e^4} \right) - \frac{16 d^5}{e^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$27/2*d^5*\arcsin(e*x/d)*\operatorname{sgn}(d)*\operatorname{sgn}(e)/(e^3*\operatorname{abs}(e)) + 1/10*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*((2*((x - 5*d/e)*x + 13*d^2/e^2)*x - 55*d^3/e^3)*x + 132*d^4/e^4) - 16*d^5/(e^3*((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*\operatorname{abs}(e)$$

3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.200.
$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

3.201 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.201.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{d(d - ex)^4}{e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{95d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{8e^3} - \frac{95d^2(d - ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{24e^3} - \frac{19d(d - ex)^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{12e^3} - \frac{(d - ex)^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{4e^3} - \frac{95d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{8e^3}$$

output $-95/8*d^4*\arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^3-d*(-e*x+d)^4/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-95/8*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-95/24*d^2*(-e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-19/12*d*(-e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-1/4*(-e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^3$

3.201.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(-448d^4 - 163d^3ex + 61d^2e^2x^2 - 26de^3x^3 + 6e^4x^4)}{d+ex} + 570d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) / 24e^3$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $((\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-448*d^4 - 163*d^3*e*x + 61*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 26*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*e^4*x^4))/(d + e*x) + 570*d^4*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(24*e^3)$

3.201.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {563, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 563$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{8d^4 - 8exd^3 + 7e^2x^2d^2 - 4e^3x^3d + e^4x^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{8d^4 - 8exd^3 + 7e^2x^2d^2 - 4e^3x^3d + e^4x^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{16dx^3e^5 + 31d^2x^2e^4 - 32d^3xe^3 + 32d^4e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}e^2x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{-16dx^3e^5 + 31d^2x^2e^4 - 32d^3xe^3 + 32d^4e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}e^2x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$-\frac{\frac{16}{3}de^3x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{93d^2x^2e^6 - 128d^3xe^5 + 96d^4e^4}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2}}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}e^2x^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

3.201. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-8*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - (-1/4*(e^2*x^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + ((16*d*e^3*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + ((-93*d^2*e^4*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 + (d^3*e^4*((256*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (285*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2)/(3*e^2))/(4*e^2))/e^2`

3.201.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.201.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-6e^3x^3+32d^2e^2x^2-93d^2ex+256d^3)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{24e^3} - \frac{95d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{8e^2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{8d^4\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^4(x+\frac{d}{e})}$	131
default	Expression too large to display	890

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(-6*e^3*x^3+32*d*e^2*x^2-93*d^2*e*x+256*d^3)/e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
)-95/8*d^4/e^2/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-8*d^
4/e^4/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.201.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{448d^4ex + 448d^5 - 570(d^4ex + d^5) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (6e^4x^4 - 26de^3x^3 + 61d^2e^2x^2 - 163d^3ex)}{24(e^4x + de^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/24*(448*d^4*e*x + 448*d^5 - 570*(d^4*e*x + d^5)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*
x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (6*e^4*x^4 - 26*d*e^3*x^3 + 61*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 163*d^3*
e*x - 448*d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^4*x + d*e^3)
```

3.201. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.201.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**5/2/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.201.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx &= \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d^2}{2(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)} \\ &+ \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^3}{2(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)} - \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^4}{e^4x + de^3} \\ &- \frac{2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{3(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2}{3(e^4x + de^3)} - \frac{5id^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 2\right)}{8e^3} \\ &- \frac{25d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e^3} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{4(e^4x + de^3)} + \frac{5\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^2x}{8e^2} \\ &+ \frac{5\sqrt{e^2x^2 + 4dex + 3d^2}d^3}{4e^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3}{e^3} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{12e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3) + 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^3/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4/(e^4*x + d*e^3) - 2/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 5/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2/(e^4*x + d*e^3) - 5/8*I*d^4*arcsin(e*x/d + 2)/e^3 - 25/2*d^4*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^3 + 1/4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(e^4*x + d*e^3) + 5/8*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^2*x/e^2 + 5/4*sqrt(e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + 3*d^2)*d^3/e^3 - 5*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/e^3 + 5/12*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/e^3`

3.201. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.201.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{95 d^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{8 e^2 |e|} + \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(2 \left(3x - \frac{16d}{e} \right) x + \frac{93d^2}{e^2} \right) x - \frac{256d^3}{e^3} \right) + \frac{16d^4}{e^2 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1 \right) |e|}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-95/8*d^4*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^2*abs(e)) + 1/24*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((2*(3*x - 16*d/e)*x + 93*d^2/e^2)*x - 256*d^3/e^3) + 16*d^4/(e^2*((d *e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`**3.201.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.202 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.202.1 Optimal result 1819
 3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1819
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3.202.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{10dx\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} + \frac{20(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2} + \frac{8(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{e^2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{e^2(d + ex)^4} + \frac{10d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output `20/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e^2+8*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/e^2/(e*x+d)^4+10*d^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^2+10*d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e`

3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(47d^3 + 17d^2ex - 5de^2x^2 + e^3x^3)}{3e^2(d + ex)} + \frac{10d^3\sqrt{-e^2} \log(-\sqrt{-e^2x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2})}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(47*d^3 + 17*d^2*e*x - 5*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)) + (10*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e^3$

3.202.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {563, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 563$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{8d^3 - 7exd^2 + 4e^2x^2d - e^3x^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{e} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} - \frac{\int \frac{12dx^2e^4 - 23d^2xe^3 + 24d^3e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{12dx^2e^4 - 23d^2xe^3 + 24d^3e^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 2346$$

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{2d^2e^4(30d - 23ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - 6de^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\frac{d^2e^2 \int \frac{30d - 23ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - 6de^2x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}ex^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

3.202. $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(30d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{23\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} e x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(30d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{23\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} e x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{30d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{23\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - 6de^2 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{3} e x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} + \frac{8d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2(d + ex)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(8*d^3*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e^2*(d + e*x)) + ((e*x^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/3 + (-6*d*e^2*x*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + d^2*e^2*((23*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (30*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e)))/(3*e^2))/e`

3.202.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 563 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n - m + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[(2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1) - d^m*x^m*(-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.202.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

3.202.
$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

method	result
risch	$\frac{(e^2x^2 - 6dex + 23d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{3e^2} + \frac{10d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{8d^3\sqrt{-(x + \frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 + 2de(x + \frac{d}{e})}}{e^3(x + \frac{d}{e})}$
3.202.	$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+23*d^2)/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+10*d^3/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+8*d^3/e^3/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.202.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{47d^3ex + 47d^4 - 60(d^3ex + d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + (e^3x^3 - 5de^2x^2 + 17d^2e^2x + 17d^2e^2)}{3(e^3x + de^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/3*(47*d^3*e*x + 47*d^4 - 60*(d^3*e*x + d^4)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (e^3*x^3 - 5*d*e^2*x^2 + 17*d^2*e*x + 47*d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e^3*x + d*e^2)`

3.202.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.202.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}d}{2(e^5x^3 + 3de^4x^2 + 3d^2e^3x + d^3e^2)} - \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d^2}{2(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)} + \frac{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^3}{e^3x + de^2} + \frac{10d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{3(e^4x^2 + 2de^3x + d^2e^2)} + \frac{5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}d}{6(e^3x + de^2)} + \frac{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}d^2}{2e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2) + 15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3/(e^3*x + d*e^2) + 10*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)/e^2 + 1/3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(e^4*x^2 + 2*d*e^3*x + d^2*e^2) + 5/6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/(e^3*x + d*e^2) + 5/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/e^2`**3.202.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{10d^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e|e|} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} \left(\left(x - \frac{6d}{e}\right)x + \frac{23d^2}{e^2} \right) - \frac{16d^3}{e\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `10*d^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e*abs(e)) + 1/3*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*((x - 6*d/e)*x + 23*d^2/e^2) - 16*d^3/(e*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`

3.202.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.203 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

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3.203.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{15d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2e} - \frac{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{2e(d + ex)} - \frac{2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{e(d + ex)^3} - \frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{2e}$$

output $-5/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/e/(e*x+d)-2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/e/(e*x+d)^3-15/2*d^2*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e-15/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e$

3.203.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-24d^2 - 7dex + e^2 x^2)}{2e(d + ex)} + \frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-24*d^2 - 7*d*e*x + e^2*x^2))/(2*e*(d + e*x)) + (15*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/e$

3.203. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.203.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {463, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 463 \\
 & \int -\frac{7d^2 - 4exd + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\int \frac{7d^2 - 4exd + e^2 x^2}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{de^2(15d-8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{de^2(15d-8ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{15d - 8ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} d \left(15d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} d \left(15d \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{8d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216
 \end{aligned}$$

3.203. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$-\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{15d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} \right) - \frac{8d^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/2 - (8*d^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x)) - (d*((8*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + (15*d*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/2`

3.203.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 463 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(-n - 2))*d^(2*n + 3)*(sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[2^(-n - 1)*(-c)^(-n - 1) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

3.203. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+8d)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e} - \frac{15d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2x^2+d^2}}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e^2}} - \frac{8d^2\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^2(x+\frac{d}{e})}$ $3e \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3} + 4e \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2} + 5e \frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4}$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.203. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

output
$$-1/2*(-e*x+8*d)/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-15/2*d^2/(e^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((e^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})-8*d^2/e^2/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.203.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{24 d^2 ex + 24 d^3 - 30 (d^2 ex + d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) - (e^2 x^2 - 7 dex - 24 d^2) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{2 (e^2 x + de)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-1/2*(24*d^2*e*x + 24*d^3 - 30*(d^2*e*x + d^3)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (e^2*x^2 - 7*d*e*x - 24*d^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e^2*x + d*e)$$

3.203.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**5/2/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.203.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{15 d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2e} + \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{2(e^4 x^3 + 3 d e^3 x^2 + 3 d^2 e^2 x + d^3 e)}$$

$$+ \frac{5(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d}{2(e^3 x^2 + 2 d e^2 x + d^2 e)} - \frac{15 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^2}{e^2 x + d e}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-15/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)/e + 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) + 5/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d/(e^3*x^2 + 2*d*e^2*x + d^2*e) - 15*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2/(e^2*x + d*e)`**3.203.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{15 d^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} \left(x - \frac{8d}{e}\right) + \frac{16 d^2}{\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-15/2*d^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(x - 8*d/e) + 16*d^2/(((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`

3.203.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.204 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$

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 3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1836
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 3.204.6 Sympy [F] 1840
 3.204.7 Maxima [F] 1840
 3.204.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 1840
 3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1841

3.204.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8d(d - ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 4d \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `4*d*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))-d*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)+8*d*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.204.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{(9d + ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + 2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{4de \log(-\sqrt{-e^2 x} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2})}{\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output $((9*d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x) + 2*d*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x)/d - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d] - (4*d*e*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[-e^2]$

3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {564, 2340, 25, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \int \frac{d^2 + 4exd - e^2 x^2}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{de^2(d+4ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{de^2(d+4ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & d \int \frac{d + 4ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & d \left(4e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & d \left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 4e \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d\left(d \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)\right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& d\left(\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx^2 + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right)\right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& d\left(4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e^2}\right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& d\left(4 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)\right) + \frac{8d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d + ex} + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2] + (8*d*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x) + d*(4*ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])`

3.204.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

output $(9*d*e*x + 9*d^2 - 8*(d*e*x + d^2)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/e*x)) + (d*e*x + d^2)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}*(e*x + 9*d))/(e*x + d)$

3.204.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.204.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.204.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{4 de \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} - \frac{de \log\left(\frac{-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|} + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - \frac{16 de}{\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)|e|}$$

3.204. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*d*e*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) - d*e*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2) - 16*d*e/(((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e))`

3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

$$3.205 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

3.205.1 Optimal result	1842
3.205.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1842
3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1843
3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1845
3.205.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
3.205.6 Sympy [F]	1846
3.205.7 Maxima [F]	1847
3.205.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1847
3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1848

3.205.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{8e(d - ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} - e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) + 4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)$$

output `-e*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+4*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)-8*e*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x`

3.205.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{(-d - 9ex)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x(d + ex)} + 2e \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}\right) + \frac{4\sqrt{d^2}e \log(x)}{d} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

3.205. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$

output $((-d - 9e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(x*(d + e*x)) + 2*e*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])] + (4*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[x])/d - (4*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d$

3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {564, 2338, 27, 538, 224, 216, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \int \frac{d^2 - 4exd - e^2 x^2}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(4d+ex)}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e\left(-\int \frac{4d + ex}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
 & -\left(e\left(e\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + 4d\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\left(e\left(4d\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + e\int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & -\left(e\left(4d\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.205. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left(e\left(2d \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 + \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& -\left(e\left(\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{4d \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e^2}\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& -\left(e\left(\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right) - 4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)\right)\right) - \frac{8e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x) - (8*e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d + e*x) - e*(ArcTan[(e*x)/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]] - 4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])`

3.205.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x} - \frac{e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{4de \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}$	133
default	Expression too large to display	1322

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.205.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx$$

output
$$-\frac{(-e^{2x^2+d^2})^{1/2}/x-e^{2/(e^2)^{1/2}}*\arctan((e^2)^{1/2}*x/(-e^{2x^2+d^2})^{1/2}))+4*d*e/(d^2)^{1/2}*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{1/2})*(-e^{2x^2+d^2})^{1/2})/x)-8/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{1/2}}$$

3.205.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8e^2 x^2 + 8dex - 2(e^2 x^2 + dex) \arctan\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex}\right) + 4(e^2 x^2 + dex) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{ex^2 + dx}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{(8e^2x^2 + 8d*ex - 2*(e^2x^2 + d*ex)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) + 4*(e^2x^2 + d*ex)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/x) + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}*(9e*x + d))/(e*x^2 + d*x)}$$

3.205.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.205.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.205.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{e^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{|e|} + \frac{4 e^2 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(e^2 + \frac{33(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)}{x}\right) e^2 x}{2(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)\left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1\right)|e|} - \frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{2x|e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e^2*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/abs(e) + 4*e^2*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/abs(e) + 1/2*(e^2 + 33*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/x)*e^2*x/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) - 1/2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(x*abs(e))`

3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.206 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.206.1 Optimal result 1849
 3.206.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1849
 3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1850
 3.206.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1852
 3.206.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1852
 3.206.6 Sympy [F] 1853
 3.206.7 Maxima [F] 1853
 3.206.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1853
 3.206.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1854

3.206.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{8e^2(d-ex)}{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{4e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} - \frac{15e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d}$$

output $-15/2*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d)/d+8*e^2*(-e*x+d)/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/x^2+4*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d/x$

3.206.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-d^2 + 7dex + 24e^2 x^2)}{dx^2(d+ex)} - \frac{15e^2 \log(x)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{15e^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output $((\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 24*e^2*x^2))/(d*x^2*(d + e*x)) - (15*e^2*\operatorname{Log}[x])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] + (15*e^2*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2])/2$

3.206. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {564, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \int \frac{d^2 - 4exd + 7e^2 x^2}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e(8d - 15ex)}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{8d - 15ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-15e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{15}{2}e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{15 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - x^4} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{e} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{15e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d(d + ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^2 + (8*e^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*(d + e*x)) - (e*((-8*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (15*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2`

3.206.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1)]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

3.206.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-8ex+d)}{2dx^2} - \frac{15e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{8e\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	115
default	Expression too large to display	1461

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(-8*e*x+d)/d/x^2-15/2*e^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+
2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)+8*e/d/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e
*(x+d/e))^(1/2)
```

3.206.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{16e^3x^3 + 16de^2x^2 + 15(e^3x^3 + de^2x^2) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (24e^2x^2 + 7dex - d^2)}{2(dex^3 + d^2x^2)}$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(16*e^3*x^3 + 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*(e^3*x^3 + d*e^2*x^2)*log(-(d - sqrt(-
e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (24*e^2*x^2 + 7*d*e*x - d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d
*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2)
```

3.206.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**3/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x**3*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.206.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^3), x)`

3.206.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 252 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\left(e^3 - \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e}{x} - \frac{144 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{ex^2} \right) e^4 x^2}{8 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right) |e|} - \frac{15 e^3 \log \left(\frac{-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{2 e^2 |x|} \right)}{2 d |e|} + \frac{16 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) de |e|}{x} - \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d |e|}{ex^2}{8 d^2 e^2}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*(e^3 - 15*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*e/x - 144*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2/(e*x^2))*e^4*x^2/((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d*((d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*\text{abs}(e)) - 15/2*e^3*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*d*e - 2*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*\text{abs}(x)))/(d*\text{abs}(e)) + 1/8*(16*(d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))*d*e*\text{abs}(e)/x - (d*e + \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})*\text{abs}(e))^2*d*\text{abs}(e)/(e*x^2))/(d^2*e^2)$

3.206.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.207 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.207.1 Optimal result 1855
 3.207.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1855
 3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1856
 3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1858
 3.207.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1859
 3.207.6 Sympy [F] 1859
 3.207.7 Maxima [F] 1859
 3.207.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1860
 3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1860

3.207.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{8e^3(d - ex)}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx^2} - \frac{23e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^2 x} + \frac{10e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}$$

output $10e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{d}\right) / d^2 - 8e^3 (-ex + d) / d^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} - 1/3 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} / x^3 + 2e \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} / dx^2 - 23/3 e^2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} / d^2 x$

3.207.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (d^3 - 5d^2 ex + 17de^2 x^2 + 47e^3 x^3)}{x^3 (d + ex)} - 30\sqrt{d^2} e^3 \log(x) + 30\sqrt{d^2} e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{3d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

3.207. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/3*((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^3 - 5*d^2*e*x + 17*d*e^2*x^2 + 47*e^3*x^3))/(x^3*(d + e*x)) - 30*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[x] + 30*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^3*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^3$$

3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.296$, Rules used = {564, 2338, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 564 \\ & \int \frac{-\frac{8e^3 x^3}{d} + 7e^2 x^2 - 4dex + d^2}{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{12ed^3 - 23e^2 x d^2 + 24e^3 x^2 d}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{2d^3 e^2 (23d - 30ex)}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{6de \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{de^2 \int \frac{23d - 30ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{6de \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 534 \\ & -\frac{de^2 \left(-30e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{23 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{6de \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 243 \\ & -\frac{de^2 \left(-15e \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{23 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{6de \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^2 (d + ex)} \end{aligned}$$

3.207. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & -de^2 \left(\frac{30 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{23\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d^2(d + ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & -de^2 \left(\frac{30\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{23\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{6de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{8e^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d^2(d + ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `-1/3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^3 - (8*e^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d^2*(d + e*x)) - ((-6*d*e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^2 - d*e^2*((-23*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (30*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2)`

3.207.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

3.207. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b
^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b
*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-
n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^
2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(23e^2x^2-6dex+d^2)}{3x^3d^2} + \frac{10e^3 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^2\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	131
default	Expression too large to display	1626

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(23*e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+d^2)/x^3/d^2+10*e^3/d/(d^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-8*e^2/d^2/(x+d/e)*(-x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)^(1/2)$$

3.207.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{24 e^4 x^4 + 24 d e^3 x^3 + 30 (e^4 x^4 + d e^3 x^3) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (47 e^3 x^3 + 17 d e^2 x^2 - 5 d^2 e x + d^3) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2}}{3 (d^2 e x^4 + d^3 x^3)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(24*e^4*x^4 + 24*d*e^3*x^3 + 30*(e^4*x^4 + d*e^3*x^3)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (47*e^3*x^3 + 17*d*e^2*x^2 - 5*d^2*e*x + d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^2*e*x^4 + d^3*x^3)`**3.207.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**4/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x**4*(d + e*x)**4), x)`**3.207.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^4), x)`

3.207. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.207.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\left(e^4 - \frac{11 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^2}{x} + \frac{81 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2}{x^2} + \frac{477 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{e^2 x^3} \right) e^6 x^3}{24 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^2 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right) |e|} + \frac{10 e^4 \log \left(\frac{|-2 de - 2 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2 e^2 |x|} \right)}{d^2 |e|} - \frac{\frac{93 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^4 e^4}{x} - \frac{12 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^4 e^2}{x^2} + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^4}{x^3}}{24 d^6 e^2 |e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(e^4 - 11*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^2/x + 81*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/x^2 + 477*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^2*x^3))*e^6*x^3/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) + 10*e^4*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^2*abs(e)) - 1/24*(93*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*e^4/x - 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*e^2/x^2 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^4/x^3)/(d^6*e^2*abs(e))`

3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.208 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.208.1 Optimal result 1861
 3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1861
 3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1862
 3.208.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1864
 3.208.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1865
 3.208.6 Sympy [F] 1865
 3.208.7 Maxima [F] 1866
 3.208.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 1866
 3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1867

3.208.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{8e^4(d - ex)}{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \frac{4e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{31e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{8d^2 x^2} + \frac{32e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^3 x} - \frac{95e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{8d^3}$$

output $-95/8*e^4*\operatorname{arctanh}((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^3+8*e^4*(-e*x+d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^4+4/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3-31/8*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^2+32/3*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x$

3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(-6d^4 + 26d^3 ex - 61d^2 e^2 x^2 + 163de^3 x^3 + 448e^4 x^4)}{x^4 (d + ex)} + \frac{570e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d}\right)}{24d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output $((\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-6*d^4 + 26*d^3*e*x - 61*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 163*d*e^3*x^3 + 448*e^4*x^4))/(x^4*(d + e*x)) + 570*e^4*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-e^2]*x - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(24*d^3)$

3.208. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {564, 2338, 2338, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{564} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{8e^4 x^4}{d^2} - \frac{8e^3 x^3}{d} + 7e^2 x^2 - 4dex + d^2}{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{-32x^3 e^4 + 32dx^2 e^3 - 31d^2 x e^2 + 16d^3 e}{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \frac{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{93e^2 d^4 - 128e^3 x d^3 + 96e^4 x^2 d^2}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{16de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \frac{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{d^4 e^3 (256d - 285ex)}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{93d^2 e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{16de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \frac{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^2 e^3 \int \frac{256d - 285ex}{x^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{93d^2 e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{16de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \frac{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} d^2 e^3 \left(-285e \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{256 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{93d^2 e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{16de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4x^4} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4d^2}{8e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{d^3 (d + ex)}{d^3 (d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.208. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2e^3\left(-\frac{285}{2}e\int\frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}dx-\frac{256\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)-\frac{93d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}-\frac{16de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4}+}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4d^2}{8e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{\qquad \qquad \qquad} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2e^3\left(\frac{285\int\frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}-\frac{x^2}{e^2}}d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e}-\frac{256\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)-\frac{93d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}-\frac{16de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4}+}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4d^2}{8e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{\qquad \qquad \qquad} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & -\frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2e^3\left(\frac{285e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d}-\frac{256\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx}\right)-\frac{93d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2}-\frac{16de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3x^3}-\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{4x^4}+}{3d^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4d^2}{8e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{d^3(d+ex)}{\qquad \qquad \qquad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `-1/4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^4 + (8*e^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d^3*(d + e*x)) - ((-16*d*e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(3*x^3) - ((-93*d^2*e^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*x^2) - (d^2*e^3*((-256*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (285*e*ArcTanh[sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2)/(3*d^2))/(4*d^2)`

3.208.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

3.208. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)^4} dx$

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.208.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	s
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(-256e^3x^3+93de^2x^2-32d^2ex+6d^3)}{24d^3x^4} - \frac{95e^4 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{8d^2\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{8e^3\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^3\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	1
default	Expression too large to display	1

3.208.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-256*e^3*x^3+93*d*e^2*x^2-32*d^2*e*x+6*d^3)/d^3/x^4-95/8/d^2*e^4/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)+8/d^3*e^3/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$$

3.208.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{192 e^5 x^5 + 192 d e^4 x^4 + 285 (e^5 x^5 + d e^4 x^4) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (448 e^4 x^4 + 163 d e^3 x^3 - 61 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 26 d^3 e x - 6 d^4) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{24 (d^3 e x^5 + d^4 x^4)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$1/24*(192*e^5*x^5 + 192*d*e^4*x^4 + 285*(e^5*x^5 + d*e^4*x^4)*\log(-(d - \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (448*e^4*x^4 + 163*d*e^3*x^3 - 61*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 26*d^3*e*x - 6*d^4)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e*x^5 + d^4*x^4)$$

3.208.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**5/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x**5*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.208.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^5), x)`

3.208.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 392 vs. 2(149) = 298.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\left(3e^5 - \frac{29(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)e^3}{x} + \frac{160(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 e}{x^2} - \frac{864(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3}{ex^3} - \frac{4128(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^5} \right)}{192(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right) |e|} - \frac{95e^5 \log\left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e||}{2e^2|x|}\right)}{8d^3|e|} + \frac{1056(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^9 e^5 |e|}{x} - \frac{192(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^2 d^9 e^3 |e|}{x^2} + \frac{32(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^3 d^9 e |e|}{x^3} - \frac{3(de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}|e|)^4 d^9 |e|}{ex^4} \Bigg/ 192d^{12}e^4$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(3*e^5 - 29*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3/x + 160*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e/x^2 - 864*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e*x^3) - 4128*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^3*x^4))*e^8*x^4/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e)) - 95/8*e^5*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^3*abs(e)) + 1/192*(1056*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^9*e^5*abs(e)/x - 192*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^9*e^3*abs(e)/x^2 + 32*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^9*e*abs(e)/x^3 - 3*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^9*abs(e)/(e*x^4))/(d^12*e^4)`

3.208. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.209 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.209.1 Optimal result	1868
3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1868
3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1869
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3.209.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1873
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3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1874

3.209.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{8e^5(d - ex)}{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5x^5} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx^4} - \frac{13e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5d^2 x^3} + \frac{11e^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2d^3 x^2} - \frac{66e^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5d^4 x} + \frac{27e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{2d^4}$$

```
output 27/2*e^5*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^4-8*e^5*(-e*x+d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/x^5+e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d/x^4-13/5*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^3+11/2*e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x^2-66/5*e^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/x
```

3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (2d^5 - 8d^4 ex + 16d^3 e^2 x^2 - 29d^2 e^3 x^3 + 77de^4 x^4 + 212e^5 x^5)}{x^5 (d + ex)} - \frac{135\sqrt{d^2} e^5 \log(x) + 135\sqrt{d^2} e^5 \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}\right)}{10d^5}$$

```
input Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^4), x]
```

3.209. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/10*((d*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^5 - 8*d^4*e*x + 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 29*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 77*d*e^4*x^4 + 212*e^5*x^5))/(x^5*(d + e*x)) - 135*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[x] + 135*\text{Sqrt}[d^2]*e^5*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^5$$

3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {564, 2338, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 564 \\ & \int \frac{-\frac{8e^5 x^5}{d^3} + \frac{8e^4 x^4}{d^2} - \frac{8e^3 x^3}{d} + 7e^2 x^2 - 4dex + d^2}{x^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{8e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{40x^4 e^5}{d} - 40x^3 e^4 + 40d^2 x^2 e^3 - 39d^2 x e^2 + 20d^3 e}{x^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{8e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{4(-40dx^3 e^5 + 40d^2 x^2 e^4 - 55d^3 x e^3 + 39d^4 e^2)}{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{5de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{8e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{-40dx^3 e^5 + 40d^2 x^2 e^4 - 55d^3 x e^3 + 39d^4 e^2}{x^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{5de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{8e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2338 \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{3(55e^3 d^5 - 66e^4 x d^4 + 40e^5 x^2 d^3)}{x^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{13d^2 e^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^3} - \frac{5de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{8e^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d^4 (d + ex)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

3.209. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}d^3e^4 \left(\frac{45e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d} - \frac{44\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{55d^3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2x^2} - \frac{13d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^3} - \frac{5de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{x^4}}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5x^5} - \frac{5d^2}{8e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{5d^2}{d^4(d+ex)}}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `-1/5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/x^5 - (8*e^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d^4*(d + e*x)) - ((-5*d*e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^4 - ((-13*d^2*e^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/x^3 - ((-55*d^3*e^3*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(2*x^2) - (3*d^3*e^4*((-44*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(d*x) + (45*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/2)/d^2)/d^2)/(5*d^2)`

3.209.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m,
0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 564 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(-(-c)^(m - n - 2))*d^(2*n - m + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(2^(n + 1)*b
^(n + 2)*(c + d*x))), x] - Simp[d^(2*n + 2)/b^(n + 1) Int[(x^m/Sqrt[a + b
*x^2])*ExpandToSum[((2^(-n - 1))*(-c)^(m - n - 1))/(d^m*x^m) - (-c + d*x)^(-
n - 1))/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^
2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[n + p, -3/2]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

3.209.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}(132e^4x^4-55de^3x^3+26d^2e^2x^2-10d^3ex+2d^4)}{10x^5d^4} + \frac{27e^5 \ln\left(\frac{2d^2+2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{x}\right)}{2d^3\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{8e^4\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d^4\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/10*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)*(132*e^4*x^4-55*d*e^3*x^3+26*d^2*e^2*x^2-10*d^3
*e*x+2*d^4)/x^5/d^4+27/2/d^3*e^5/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*(-e^2
*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x)-8/d^4*e^4/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.209.
$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)^4} dx$$

3.209.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{80 e^6 x^6 + 80 d e^5 x^5 + 135 (e^6 x^6 + d e^5 x^5) \log\left(-\frac{d - \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{x}\right) + (212 e^5 x^5 + 77 d e^4 x^4 - 29 d^2 e^3 x^3 + 16 d^3 e^2 x^2 - 8 d^4 e x + 2 d^5) \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{10 (d^4 e x^6 + d^5 x^5)}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/10*(80*e^6*x^6 + 80*d*e^5*x^5 + 135*(e^6*x^6 + d*e^5*x^5)*log(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/x) + (212*e^5*x^5 + 77*d*e^4*x^4 - 29*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 16*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 8*d^4*e*x + 2*d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^4*e*x^6 + d^5*x^5)`**3.209.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/x**6/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(5/2)/(x**6*(d + e*x)**4), x)`**3.209.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^4 x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^4*x^6), x)`

3.209. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.209.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 448 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{\left(e^6 - \frac{9 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) e^4}{x} + \frac{45 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 e^2}{x^2} - \frac{185 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3}{x^3} + \frac{870 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4}{x^4} - \frac{1110 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|) d^{16} e^8}{x} - \frac{240 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^2 d^{16} e^6}{x^2} + \frac{55 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^3 d^{16} e^4}{x^3} - \frac{10 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^4 d^{16} e^2}{x^4} \right)}{160 (de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|)^5 d^4 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e|}{e^2 x} + 1 \right) \operatorname{abs}(e)} + \frac{27 e^6 \log \left(\frac{|-2de - 2\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} |e||}{2e^2 |x|} \right)}{2 d^4 |e|}$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/160*(e^6 - 9*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^4/x + 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e^2/x^2 - 185*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/x^3 + 870*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^2*x^4) + 3670*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5/(e^4*x^5))*e^10*x^5/((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^4*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) + 1)*abs(e) + 27/2*e^6*log(1/2*abs(-2*d*e - 2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*abs(x)))/(d^4*abs(e)) - 1/160*(1110*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^16*e^8/x - 240*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^16*e^6/x^2 + 55*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^16*e^4/x^3 - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^16*e^2/x^4 + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^5*d^16/x^5)/(d^20*e^4*abs(e))`

3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.209. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6 (d + ex)^4} dx$

3.210 $\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx$

3.210.1 Optimal result	1875
3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1875
3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1876
3.210.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1877
3.210.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1877
3.210.6 Sympy [F]	1878
3.210.7 Maxima [F]	1878
3.210.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1878
3.210.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1879

3.210.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3(1-ax)} + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5a^3(1-ax)^4} - \frac{3(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5a^3(1-ax)^3} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3}$$

output $1/5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}/a^3/(-a*x+1)^4-3/5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}/a^3/(-a*x+1)^3-\arcsin(a*x)/a^3+2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/a^3/(-a*x+1)$

3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx = \frac{(-8+19ax-13a^2x^2)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a^3(-1+ax)^3} - \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x)^4,x]`

output $((-8+19*a*x-13*a^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])/(5*a^3*(-1+a*x)^3)-(2*ArcTan[(a*x)/(-1+Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2])])/a^3$

3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {582, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^4} dx$$

↓ 582

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a^2 (ax - 1)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a^2 (ax - 1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a^2 (ax - 1)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3} - \frac{3(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5a^3(1 - ax)^3} + \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{5a^3(1 - ax)^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a^3(1 - ax)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x)^4,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a^3*(1 - a*x)) + (1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(5*a^3*(1 - a*x)^4) - (3*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*a^3*(1 - a*x)^3) - ArcSin[a*x]/a^3`

3.210.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 582 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.210.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2} + a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}} \right) + \frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^4}$

input `int(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^4*(1/a/(x-1/a)^2*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(3/2)+a*((-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(1/2)-a/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(1/2)))+1/a^6*(1/5/a/(x-1/a)^4*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(3/2)-1/15/(x-1/a)^3*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(3/2))+2/3/a^6/(x-1/a)^3*(-a^2*(x-1/a)^2-2*a*(x-1/a))^(3/2)`

3.210.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx = \frac{8a^3x^3 - 24a^2x^2 + 24ax + 10(a^3x^3 - 3a^2x^2 + 3ax - 1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1}{ax}\right) - (13a^2x^2 - 19ax + 8)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{5(a^6x^3 - 3a^5x^2 + 3a^4x - a^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/5*(8*a^3*x^3 - 24*a^2*x^2 + 24*a*x + 10*(a^3*x^3 - 3*a^2*x^2 + 3*a*x - 1)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) - (13*a^2*x^2 - 19*a*x + 8)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 8)/(a^6*x^3 - 3*a^5*x^2 + 3*a^4*x - a^3)`

3.210.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-(ax - 1)(ax + 1)}}{(ax - 1)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-a*x+1)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/(a*x - 1)**4, x)`

3.210.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{(ax - 1)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a*x - 1)^4, x)`

3.210.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.210.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx = \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{15(a^7 x^2 - 2a^6 x + a^5)} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x \sqrt{-a^2})}{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{5 \sqrt{-a^2} (a \sqrt{-a^2} - 3a^2 x \sqrt{-a^2} + 3a^3 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2} - a^4 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2})} - \frac{13 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{5(a \sqrt{-a^2} - a^2 x \sqrt{-a^2}) \sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{5 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{3(a^5 x^2 - 2a^4 x + a^3)}$$

input `int((x^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(a*x - 1)^4,x)`output `(4*a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(15*(a^5 - 2*a^6*x + a^7*x^2)) - asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))/(a^2*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*(-a^2)^(1/2)*(a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^3*x^2*(-a^2)^(1/2) - a^4*x^3*(-a^2)^(1/2))) - (13*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(5*(a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - (5*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a^3 - 2*a^4*x + a^5*x^2))`

3.211 $\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx$

3.211.1 Optimal result	1880
3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1880
3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1881
3.211.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1883
3.211.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1883
3.211.6 Sympy [F]	1884
3.211.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1884
3.211.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1885
3.211.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1885

3.211.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx = \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7a^3(1-ax)^5} - \frac{12(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{35a^3(1-ax)^4} + \frac{23(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{105a^3(1-ax)^3}$$

output `1/7*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3/(-a*x+1)^5-12/35*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3/(-a*x+1)^4+23/105*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3/(-a*x+1)^3`

3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2-8ax+13a^2x^2+23a^3x^3)}{105a^3(-1+ax)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x)^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 - 8*a*x + 13*a^2*x^2 + 23*a^3*x^3))/(105*a^3*(-1 + a*x)^4)`

3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {581, 25, 671, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{581} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{(4-3ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx}{a^2} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^3(1-ax)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(4-3ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx}{a^2} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^3(1-ax)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{671} \\
 & \frac{\frac{23}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^4} dx + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7a(1-ax)^5}}{a^2} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^3(1-ax)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{461} \\
 & \frac{\frac{23}{7} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^3} dx + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5a(1-ax)^4} \right) + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7a(1-ax)^5}}{a^2} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^3(1-ax)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{460} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{7a(1-ax)^5} + \frac{23}{7} \left(\frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{15a(1-ax)^3} + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{5a(1-ax)^4} \right)}{a^2} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^3(1-ax)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(1 - a*x)^5,x]`

output `-((1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(a^3*(1 - a*x)^4)) + ((1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(7*a*(1 - a*x)^5) + (23*((1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(5*a*(1 - a*x)^4) + (1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/(15*a*(1 - a*x)^3)))/7)/a^2`

3.211.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`
- rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`
- rule 581 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m + c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0])`
- rule 671 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]`

3.211.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result
gosper	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(23a^2x^2-10ax+2)(ax+1)}{105(ax-1)^4a^3}$
trager	$\frac{(23a^3x^3+13a^2x^2-8ax+2)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{105(ax-1)^4a^3}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}{7a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^5}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{2a\left(\frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^4} - \frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^3}\right)}{a^7} - \frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^6\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^3}$

input `int(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/105*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(23*a^2*x^2-10*a*x+2)*(a*x+1)/(a*x-1)^4/a^3`**3.211.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{(1-ax)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^4x^4 - 8a^3x^3 + 12a^2x^2 - 8ax + (23a^3x^3 + 13a^2x^2 - 8ax + 2)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + 2}{105(a^7x^4 - 4a^6x^3 + 6a^5x^2 - 4a^4x + a^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/105*(2*a^4*x^4 - 8*a^3*x^3 + 12*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*x + (23*a^3*x^3 + 13*a^2*x^2 - 8*a*x + 2)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 2)/(a^7*x^4 - 4*a^6*x^3 + 6*a^5*x^2 - 4*a^4*x + a^3)`

3.211.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^5} dx = - \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^5 x^5 - 5a^4 x^4 + 10a^3 x^3 - 10a^2 x^2 + 5ax - 1} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/(-a*x+1)**5,x)`

output `-Integral(x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(a**5*x**5 - 5*a**4*x**4 + 10*a**3*x**3 - 10*a**2*x**2 + 5*a*x - 1), x)`

3.211.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^5} dx &= \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{7(a^7 x^4 - 4a^6 x^3 + 6a^5 x^2 - 4a^4 x + a^3)} \\ &+ \frac{29 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{35(a^6 x^3 - 3a^5 x^2 + 3a^4 x - a^3)} \\ &+ \frac{82 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{105(a^5 x^2 - 2a^4 x + a^3)} + \frac{23 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{105(a^4 x - a^3)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^7*x^4 - 4*a^6*x^3 + 6*a^5*x^2 - 4*a^4*x + a^3) + 29/35*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^6*x^3 - 3*a^5*x^2 + 3*a^4*x - a^3) + 82/105*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^5*x^2 - 2*a^4*x + a^3) + 23/105*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^4*x - a^3)`

3.211.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.211.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{(1 - ax)^5} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{7 (a^7 x^4 - 4 a^6 x^3 + 6 a^5 x^2 - 4 a^4 x + a^3)} + \frac{4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{3 (a^5 x^2 - 2 a^4 x + a^3)} + \frac{4 a \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{35 (a^6 x^2 - 2 a^5 x + a^4)} + \frac{29 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{35 \sqrt{-a^2} (a \sqrt{-a^2} - 3 a^2 x \sqrt{-a^2} + 3 a^3 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2} - a^4 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2})} + \frac{23 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{105 (a \sqrt{-a^2} - a^2 x \sqrt{-a^2}) \sqrt{-a^2}} - \frac{2 a^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{3 (a^7 x^2 - 2 a^6 x + a^5)}$$

```
input int(-(x^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(a*x - 1)^5,x)
```

```
output (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(7*(a^3 - 4*a^4*x + 6*a^5*x^2 - 4*a^6*x^3 + a^7*x^4)) + (4*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a^3 - 2*a^4*x + a^5*x^2)) + (4*a*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*(a^4 - 2*a^5*x + a^6*x^2)) + (29*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(35*(-a^2)^(1/2)*(a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2) + 3*a^3*x^2*(-a^2)^(1/2) - a^4*x^3*(-a^2)^(1/2))) + (23*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(105*(a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - a^2*x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(-a^2)^(1/2)) - (2*a^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(a^5 - 2*a^6*x + a^7*x^2))
```

3.212 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.212.1 Optimal result 1886
 3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1887
 3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1887
 3.212.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1893
 3.212.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1894
 3.212.6 Sympy [F] 1894
 3.212.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) 1895
 3.212.8 Giac [F] 1895
 3.212.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1896

3.212.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{24x}{5005d^3e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{d^2}{13e^4(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{30d}{143e^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{21}{143e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4}{1001de^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{32x}{5005d^5e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{64x}{5005d^7e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-24/5005*x/d^3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/13*d^2/e^4/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-30/143*d/e^4/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+21/143/e^4/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/1001/d/e^4/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-32/5005*x/d^5/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-64/5005*x/d^7/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (90d^9 + 360d^8 ex + 315d^7 e^2 x^2 - 540d^6 e^3 x^3 + 160d^5 e^4 x^4 + 776d^4 e^5 x^5 + 384d^3 e^6 x^6 - 224d^2 e^7 x^7 - 256d e^8 x^8 - 64e^9 x^9)}{5005d^7 e^4 (d - ex)^3 (d + ex)^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(90*d^9 + 360*d^8*e*x + 315*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 540*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 160*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 776*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 384*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 224*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 256*d*e^8*x^8 - 64*e^9*x^9))/(5005*d^7*e^4*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^7)`**3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.407$, Rules used = {581, 25, 2170, 27, 671, 461, 461, 470, 209, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{581} \\ & \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2d^3 - 3exd^2 - 12e^2 x^2 d}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2d^3 - 3exd^2 - 12e^2 x^2 d}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^3} + \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2170} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{4d^2 e^4 (5d - 9ex)}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{8e^4} - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \int \frac{5d-9ex}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{7e^3} + \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{671} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(\frac{9}{13} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{14}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{7e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{461} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(\frac{9}{13} \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{14}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{461} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(\frac{9}{13} \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{14}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{470} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(\frac{9}{13} \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{14}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 209

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \right) \left(\frac{9}{13} \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$7e^3$

$$\frac{1}{7e^4 (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{11d} \right) - \frac{1}{2}d^2 \right) - \frac{9}{13}$$

$$\frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 208 \\
 & \frac{1}{7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right)}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{8}{9d} \\
 & - \frac{3d}{2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2}d^2 \frac{9}{13} \frac{11d}{11d} \\
 & 7e^3
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output $\frac{1}{(7e^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2})} + \frac{(-3d)}{(2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2})} - \frac{d^2(-14/(13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (9(-1/11)/(de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (8(-1/9)/(de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (7(-1/7)/(de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (6(x/(5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}) + (4(x/(3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}) + (2x)/(3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}))/5d^2)))/(7d)))/(9d)))/(11d))/13)/2)/(7e^3)$

3.212.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 209 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p+3)/(2*a*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p + 3/2, 0]$

rule 461 $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)^*(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*c*(n+p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n+p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[n + p, 0])$

rule 470 $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)^*(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*c*(n+p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n+p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

```
rule 581 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^
2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m
+ c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p
)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] &&
IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0]
)
```

```
rule 671 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
+ p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
+ p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]
```

```
rule 2170 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - 2*e*f*(m +
p + q)*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e - b*d*x), x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1,
0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2,
0] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.212.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospser	$\frac{(-ex+d)(-64e^9x^9-256de^8x^8-224d^2e^7x^7+384d^3e^6x^6+776d^4e^5x^5+160d^5e^4x^4-540d^6e^3x^3+315x^2d^7e^2+360xd^8e+90d^9)}{5005(ex+d)^3d^7e^4(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-64e^9x^9-256de^8x^8-224d^2e^7x^7+384d^3e^6x^6+776d^4e^5x^5+160d^5e^4x^4-540d^6e^3x^3+315x^2d^7e^2+360xd^8e+90d^9)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{5005d^7(ex+d)^7e^4(-ex+d)^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.212. \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

output $1/5005*(-e*x+d)*(-64*e^9*x^9-256*d*e^8*x^8-224*d^2*e^7*x^7+384*d^3*e^6*x^6+776*d^4*e^5*x^5+160*d^5*e^4*x^4-540*d^6*e^3*x^3+315*d^7*e^2*x^2+360*d^8*e*x+90*d^9)/(e*x+d)^3/d^7/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)$

3.212.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{90e^{10}x^{10} + 360de^9x^9 + 270d^2e^8x^8 - 720d^3e^7x^7 - 1260d^4e^6x^6 + 1260d^6e^4x^4 + 720d^7e^3x^3 - 270d^8e^2x^2 - 360d^9e^1x}{5005(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/5005*(90*e^{10}*x^{10} + 360*d*e^9*x^9 + 270*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 720*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 1260*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 1260*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 720*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 270*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 360*d^9*e*x - 90*d^{10} + (64*e^9*x^9 + 256*d*e^8*x^8 + 224*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 384*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 776*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 160*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 540*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 315*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 360*d^8*e*x - 90*d^9)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^7*e^{14}*x^{10} + 4*d^8*e^{13}*x^9 + 3*d^9*e^{12}*x^8 - 8*d^{10}*e^{11}*x^7 - 14*d^{11}*e^{10}*x^6 + 14*d^{13}*e^8*x^4 + 8*d^{14}*e^7*x^3 - 3*d^{15}*e^6*x^2 - 4*d^{16}*e^5*x - d^{17}*e^4)$

3.212.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.212.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{d^2}{13 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^8x^4 + 4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} de^7x^3 + 6(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2e^6x^2 + \dots \right)} - \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^7x^3 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} de^6x^2 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2e^5x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3e^4 \right)}{30d} + \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^6x^2 + 2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} de^5x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2e^4 \right)}{21} + \frac{4}{1001 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} de^5x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2e^4 \right)} - \frac{24x}{5005 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3e^3} - \frac{32x}{5005 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^5e^3} - \frac{64x}{5005 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^7e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^8*x^4 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^7*x^3 + 6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^6*x^2 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^4) - 30/143*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^7*x^3 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^4) + 21/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6*x^2 + 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4) + 4/1001/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4) - 24/5005*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3) - 32/5005*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^5*e^3) - 64/5005*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^7*e^3)`

3.212.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4), x)`

3.212. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.212.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{107}{4004 d^2 e^4} - \frac{1139 x}{80080 d^3 e^3} \right)}{(d+ex)^3 (d-ex)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{23}{32032 d^4 e^4} + \frac{32 x}{5005 d^5 e^3} \right)}{(d+ex)^2 (d-ex)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{104 d e^4 (d+ex)^7} - \frac{27 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2288 d^2 e^4 (d+ex)^6} - \frac{15 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2288 d^3 e^4 (d+ex)^5} + \frac{23 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{32032 d^4 e^4 (d+ex)^4} - \frac{64 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5005 d^7 e^3 (d+ex) (d-ex)}$$

input `int(x^3/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(107/(4004*d^2*e^4) - (1139*x)/(80080*d^3*e^3)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(23/(32032*d^4*e^4) + (32*x)/(5005*d^5*e^3)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(104*d*e^4*(d + e*x)^7) - (27*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2288*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x)^6) - (15*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2288*d^3*e^4*(d + e*x)^5) + (23*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(32032*d^4*e^4*(d + e*x)^4) - (64*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(5005*d^7*e^3*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.213
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.213.1 Optimal result 1897
 3.213.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1898
 3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1898
 3.213.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1904
 3.213.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 1904
 3.213.6 Sympy [F] 1905
 3.213.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) 1905
 3.213.8 Giac [F] 1906
 3.213.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 1906

3.213.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{14x}{2145d^4e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{13e^3(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7} + \frac{143e^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{7} - \frac{1287de^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{56x} - \frac{1287d^2e^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{112x} + \frac{56x}{6435d^6e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{112x}{6435d^8e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 14/2145*x/d^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/13*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+17/143/e^3/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-7/1287/d/e^3/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-7/1287/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+56/6435*x/d^6/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+112/6435*x/d^8/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```


3.213.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (200d^9 + 800d^8 ex + 700d^7 e^2 x^2 + 945d^6 e^3 x^3 - 280d^5 e^4 x^4 - 135d^4 e^5 x^5 + 672d^3 e^6 x^6 + 392d^2 e^7 x^7 + 448d e^8 x^8 + 112e^9 x^9)}{6435d^8 e^3 (d - ex)^3 (d + ex)^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(200*d^9 + 800*d^8*e*x + 700*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 945*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 280*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 1358*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 672*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 392*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 448*d*e^8*x^8 + 112*e^9*x^9))/(6435*d^8*e^3*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^7)`**3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.370$, Rules used = {581, 25, 27, 671, 461, 461, 470, 209, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{581} \\ & \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(3d-5ex)}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{8e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d(3d-5ex)}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{d \int \frac{3d-5ex}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{671} \end{aligned}$$

3.213. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d\left(\frac{7}{13} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx - \frac{8}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{d\left(\frac{7}{13} \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right) - \frac{8}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{8e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{d\left(\frac{7}{13} \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)\right)}{8e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 470 \\
 & \frac{d\left(\frac{7}{13} \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8}{13e(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}\right)\right)}{8e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 209
 \end{aligned}$$

3.213. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{d}{13} \left(\frac{7}{8} \left(\frac{6}{7} \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{8e^2} \\
 & \frac{1}{8e^3 (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{209}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{13} \left(\frac{7}{6} \left(\frac{4}{5d^2} \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{11d}$$

$$\frac{1}{8e^3(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.213. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.213.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`
- rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`
- rule 470 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 581 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m + c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0])`

```
rule 671 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
+ p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
+ p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]
```

3.213.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(112e^9x^9+448de^8x^8+392d^2e^7x^7-672d^3e^6x^6-1358d^4e^5x^5-280d^5e^4x^4+945d^6e^3x^3+700x^2d^7e^2+800xd^8e+200d^9)}{6435(ex+d)^3d^8e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(112e^9x^9+448de^8x^8+392d^2e^7x^7-672d^3e^6x^6-1358d^4e^5x^5-280d^5e^4x^4+945d^6e^3x^3+700x^2d^7e^2+800xd^8e+200d^9)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6435d^8(ex+d)^7(-ex+d)^3e^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6435*(-e*x+d)*(112*e^9*x^9+448*d*e^8*x^8+392*d^2*e^7*x^7-672*d^3*e^6*x^6
-1358*d^4*e^5*x^5-280*d^5*e^4*x^4+945*d^6*e^3*x^3+700*d^7*e^2*x^2+800*d^8*
e*x+200*d^9)/(e*x+d)^3/d^8/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)
```

3.213.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{200e^{10}x^{10} + 800de^9x^9 + 600d^2e^8x^8 - 1600d^3e^7x^7 - 2800d^4e^6x^6 + 2800d^5e^5x^5 - 1600d^6e^4x^4 + 800d^7e^3x^3 - 200d^8e^2x^2 + 200d^9e}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $\frac{1}{6435} \cdot (200e^{10}x^{10} + 800d^9e^9x^9 + 600d^2e^8x^8 - 1600d^3e^7x^7 - 2800d^4e^6x^6 + 2800d^6e^4x^4 + 1600d^7e^3x^3 - 600d^8e^2x^2 - 800d^9e^1x - 200d^{10} - (112e^9x^9 + 448d^8e^8x^8 + 392d^2e^7x^7 - 672d^3e^6x^6 - 1358d^4e^5x^5 - 280d^5e^4x^4 + 945d^6e^3x^3 + 700d^7e^2x^2 + 800d^8e^1x + 200d^9) \cdot \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}) / (d^8e^{13}x^{10} + 4d^9e^{12}x^9 + 3d^{10}e^{11}x^8 - 8d^{11}e^{10}x^7 - 14d^{12}e^9x^6 + 14d^{14}e^7x^4 + 8d^{15}e^6x^3 - 3d^{16}e^5x^2 - 4d^{17}e^4x - d^{18}e^3)$

3.213.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2} (d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.213.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{d}{13 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^7 x^4 + 4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^6 x^3 + 6(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e^5 x^2 + 4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 e^4 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4 e^3 \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^6 x^3 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^5 x^2 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e^4 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 e^3 \right)}{7}$$

$$- \frac{1287 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d e^5 x^2 + 2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e^4 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 e^3 \right)}{7}$$

$$- \frac{1287 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 e^4 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 e^3 \right)}{56x} + \frac{14x}{2145 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4 e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{56x}{6435 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^6 e^2} + \frac{112x}{6435 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^8 e^2}$$

3.213. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/13*d/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^7*x^4 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^6*x^3 \\ & + 6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^4*x \\ & + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^3) + 17/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6*x^3 \\ & + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x \\ & + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3) - 7/1287/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x^2 \\ & + 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3) \\ & - 7/1287/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3) \\ & + 14/2145*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2) + 56/6435*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^6*e^2) \\ & + 112/6435*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^8*e^2) \end{aligned}$$

3.213.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4), x)`

3.213.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{227}{6864 d^3 e^3} - \frac{353 x}{17160 d^4 e^2} \right)}{(d+ex)^3 (d-ex)^3} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{353}{41184 d^5 e^3} - \frac{56 x}{6435 d^6 e^2} \right)}{(d+ex)^2 (d-ex)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{104 d^2 e^3 (d+ex)^7} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2288 d^3 e^3 (d+ex)^6} \\ &+ \frac{37 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{5148 d^4 e^3 (d+ex)^5} + \frac{353 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{41184 d^5 e^3 (d+ex)^4} + \frac{112 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{6435 d^8 e^2 (d+ex) (d-ex)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1/2} * (227/(6864*d^3*e^3) - (353*x)/(17160*d^4*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2} * (353/(41184*d^5*e^3) - (56*x)/(6435*d^6*e^2)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2}/(104*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^7) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2}/(2288*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^6) + (37*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2})/(5148*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)^5) + (353*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2})/(41184*d^5*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) + (112*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{1/2})/(6435*d^8*e^2*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))$

3.214 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.214.1 Optimal result	1908
3.214.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1908
3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1909
3.214.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1914
3.214.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1916
3.214.6 Sympy [F]	1916
3.214.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1917
3.214.8 Giac [F]	1917
3.214.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1918

3.214.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{64x}{2145d^5e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{13e^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{143de^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{32} - \frac{1287d^2e^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{32} - \frac{1287d^3e^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{32} + \frac{256x}{6435d^7e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{512x}{6435d^9e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 64/2145*x/d^5/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/13/e^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-4/143/d/e^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-32/1287/d^2/e^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-32/1287/d^3/e^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+256/6435*x/d^7/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+512/6435*x/d^9/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.214.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-5d^9-20d^8ex+3200d^7e^2x^2+4320d^6e^3x^3-1280d^5e^4x^4-6435d^4e^5x^5)}{6435d^9e^2(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[x/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2x^2] * (-5d^9 - 20d^8ex + 3200d^7e^2x^2 + 4320d^6e^3x^3 - 1280d^5e^4x^4 - 6208d^4e^5x^5 - 3072d^3e^6x^6 + 1792d^2e^7x^7 + 2048de^8x^8 + 512e^9x^9)) / (6435d^9e^2(d - ex)^3(d + ex)^7)$

3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {571, 461, 461, 470, 209, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 571 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{13e} + \frac{1}{13e^2 (d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{13e} + \frac{1}{13e^2 (d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{13e} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{13e^2 (d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 470
 \end{aligned}$$

3.214. $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{13e}{1} \frac{1}{13e^2(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{13e} \frac{13e}{13e^2(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{13e^2(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.214. $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 208 \\
 \frac{1}{13e^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right)}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \left(\frac{8}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 \left(\frac{4}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)} \right) \\
 \hline
 13e
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `1/(13*e^2*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(-1/11*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (8*(-1/9*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*(-1/7*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (6*(x/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d^2)))/(7*d)))/(9*d)))/(11*d)))/(13*e)`

3.214.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`

rule 470 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 571 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0]`

3.214.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(-512e^9x^9-2048de^8x^8-1792d^2e^7x^7+3072d^3e^6x^6+6208d^4e^5x^5+1280d^5e^4x^4-4320d^6e^3x^3-3200x^2d^7e^2+20xd^8e+5d^9)}{6435(ex+d)^3d^9e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-512e^9x^9-2048de^8x^8-1792d^2e^7x^7+3072d^3e^6x^6+6208d^4e^5x^5+1280d^5e^4x^4-4320d^6e^3x^3-3200x^2d^7e^2+20xd^8e+5d^9)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{6435d^9(ex+d)^7(-ex+d)^3e^2}$
3.214.	$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `int(x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-1/6435*(-e*x+d)*(-512*e^9*x^9-2048*d*e^8*x^8-1792*d^2*e^7*x^7+3072*d^3*e^6*x^6+6208*d^4*e^5*x^5+1280*d^5*e^4*x^4-4320*d^6*e^3*x^3-3200*d^7*e^2*x^2+20*d^8*e*x+5*d^9)}{(e*x+d)^3/d^9/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)}$$

3.214.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5e^{10}x^{10} + 20de^9x^9 + 15d^2e^8x^8 - 40d^3e^7x^7 - 70d^4e^6x^6 + 70d^6e^4x^4 + 40d^7e^3x^3 - 15d^8e^2x^2 - 20d^9ex - 5d^{10}}{6435(d^9e^{12}x^{10} + 4d^{10}e^{11}x^9 + 3d^{11}e^{10}x^8 - 40d^{12}e^9x^7 - 70d^{13}e^8x^6 + 14d^{14}e^7x^5 + 8d^{15}e^6x^4 - 3d^{16}e^5x^3 - 3d^{17}e^4x^2 - 4d^{18}e^3x - d^{19}e^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/6435*(5*e^{10}*x^{10} + 20*d*e^9*x^9 + 15*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 40*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 70*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 70*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 40*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 15*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 20*d^9*e*x - 5*d^{10} + (512*e^9*x^9 + 2048*d*e^8*x^8 + 1792*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 3072*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 6208*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 1280*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 4320*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 3200*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 20*d^8*e*x - 5*d^9)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))}{(d^9*e^{12}*x^{10} + 4*d^{10}*e^{11}*x^9 + 3*d^{11}*e^{10}*x^8 - 8*d^{12}*e^9*x^7 - 14*d^{13}*e^8*x^6 + 14*d^{14}*e^7*x^5 + 8*d^{15}*e^6*x^4 - 3*d^{16}*e^5*x^3 - 3*d^{17}*e^4*x^2 - 4*d^{18}*e^3*x - d^{19}*e^2)}$$

3.214.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.214.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{13 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^6 x^4 + 4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d e^5 x^3 + 6(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e^4 x^2 + \dots \right)} - \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d e^5 x^3 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e^4 x^2 + 3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 \right)}{32} - \frac{1287 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e^4 x^2 + 2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 \right)}{32} - \frac{1287 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 \right)}{2145 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e} + \frac{64x}{2145 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e} + \frac{256x}{6435 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^7 e} + \frac{512x}{6435 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^9 e}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6*x^4 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2) - 4/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x^3 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2) - 32/1287/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2) - 32/1287/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2) + 64/2145*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*e) + 256/6435*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^7*e) + 512/6435*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^9*e)`

3.214.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4), x)`

3.214.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{41}{41184 d^6 e^2} + \frac{256x}{6435 d^7 e} \right)}{(d+ex)^2 (d-ex)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{47}{1716 d^4 e^2} - \frac{1369x}{34320 d^5 e} \right)}{(d+ex)^3 (d-ex)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{104 d^3 e^2 (d+ex)^7} + \frac{25 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2288 d^4 e^2 (d+ex)^6} + \frac{125 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{20592 d^5 e^2 (d+ex)^5} - \frac{41 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{41184 d^6 e^2 (d+ex)^4} + \frac{512 x \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{6435 d^9 e (d+ex) (d-ex)}$$

input `int(x/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(41/(41184*d^6*e^2) + (256*x)/(6435*d^7*e)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(47/(1716*d^4*e^2) - (1369*x)/(34320*d^5*e)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(104*d^3*e^2*(d + e*x)^7) + (25*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2288*d^4*e^2*(d + e*x)^6) + (125*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(20592*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)^5) - (41*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(41184*d^6*e^2*(d + e*x)^4) + (512*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(6435*d^9*e*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.215 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.215.1 Optimal result	1919
3.215.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1919
3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1920
3.215.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1924
3.215.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1926
3.215.6 Sympy [F]	1926
3.215.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1927
3.215.8 Giac [F]	1928
3.215.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1928

3.215.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{48x}{715d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{143d^2e(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{8} - \frac{143d^3e(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{64x} - \frac{143d^4e(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{715d^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{128x}{715d^{10}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 48/715*x/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/13/d/e/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-
9/143/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-8/143/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2
+d^2)^(5/2)-8/143/d^4/e/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+64/715*x/d^8/(-e^2*x^
2+d^2)^(3/2)+128/715*x/d^10/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.215.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-180d^9-5d^8ex+800d^7e^2x^2+1080d^6e^3x^3-320d^5e^4x^4-15d^4e^5x^5)}{715d^{10}e(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^4}$$

```
input Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-180*d^9 - 5*d^8*e*x + 800*d^7*e^2*x^2 + 1080*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 320*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 1552*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 768*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 448*d^2*e^7*x^7 + 512*d*e^8*x^8 + 128*e^9*x^9))/(715*d^{10}*e*(d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^7)$

3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {461, 461, 461, 470, 209, 209, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 461

$$\frac{9 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{13d} - \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 461

$$\frac{9 \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{13d} - \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 461

$$\frac{9 \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{13d} - \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 470

3.215. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 8 \\ 9 \end{array} \left(\begin{array}{l} 7 \\ 6 \end{array} \left(\begin{array}{l} 6 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ \frac{1}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{13d}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 8 \\ 9 \end{array} \left(\begin{array}{l} 7 \\ 6 \end{array} \left(\begin{array}{l} 4 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ \frac{x}{5d^2} + \frac{1}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{13d}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 209

$$\left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \frac{4}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \right) \\
 \frac{
 \left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \frac{4}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \right)
 }{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \right) \\
 \frac{
 \left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \frac{4}{3d^2} + \frac{x}{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{5d^2} + \frac{x}{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 }{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \right)
 }{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \right) \\
 \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.215. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 208

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}}{7d} - \frac{1}{7de(d+ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}}{9d} - \frac{1}{9de(d+ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\phantom{\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{x}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{x}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{3d^4\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right)}{5d^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)}}{11d} - \frac{1}{11de(d+ex)} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{13de(d+ex)^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `-1/13*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (9*(-1/11*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (8*(-1/9*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (7*(-1/7*1/(d*e*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (6*(x/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (4*(x/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*x)/(3*d^4*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d^2)))/(7*d)))/(9*d)))/(11*d)))/(13*d)`

3.215. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.215.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 209 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[p + 3/2, 0]`

rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`

rule 470 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2*p + 2)/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.215.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

3.215. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(-128e^9x^9-512de^8x^8-448d^2e^7x^7+768d^3e^6x^6+1552d^4e^5x^5+320d^5e^4x^4-1080d^6e^3x^3-800x^2d^7e^2+5xd^8e+180d^9)}{715(ex+d)^3d^{10}e(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{(-128e^9x^9-512de^8x^8-448d^2e^7x^7+768d^3e^6x^6+1552d^4e^5x^5+320d^5e^4x^4-1080d^6e^3x^3-800x^2d^7e^2+5xd^8e+180d^9)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{715d^{10}(ex+d)^7(-ex+d)^3e}$
	$9e - \frac{1}{11de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^3\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} +$ $8e - \frac{1}{9de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)}$
default	$-\frac{1}{13de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^4\left(-\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2e^2+2de\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}} +$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.215. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/715*(-e*x+d)*(-128*e^9*x^9-512*d*e^8*x^8-448*d^2*e^7*x^7+768*d^3*e^6*x^6+1552*d^4*e^5*x^5+320*d^5*e^4*x^4-1080*d^6*e^3*x^3-800*d^7*e^2*x^2+5*d^8*e*x+180*d^9)}{(e*x+d)^3/d^10/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(7/2)}}$$

3.215.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{180 e^{10} x^{10} + 720 d e^9 x^9 + 540 d^2 e^8 x^8 - 1440 d^3 e^7 x^7 - 2520 d^4 e^6 x^6 + 2520 d^6 e^4 x^4 + 1440 d^7 e^3 x^3 - 540 d^8 e^2 x^2 - 180 d^9 e x - 180 d^{10}}{715 (d^{10} e^{11} x^{10} + 4 d^{11} e^{10} x^9 + 3 d^{12} e^9 x^8 - 8 d^{13} e^8 x^7 - 14 d^{14} e^7 x^6 + 14 d^{16} e^5 x^4 + 8 d^{17} e^4 x^3 - 3 d^{18} e^3 x^2 - 4 d^{19} e^2 x - d^{20} e)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/715*(180*e^{10}*x^{10} + 720*d*e^9*x^9 + 540*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 1440*d^3*e^7*x^7 \\ & - 2520*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 2520*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 1440*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 540*d^8*e^2*x^2 \\ & - 720*d^9*e*x - 180*d^{10} + (128*e^9*x^9 + 512*d*e^8*x^8 + 448*d^2*e^7*x^7 \\ & - 768*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 1552*d^4*e^5*x^5 - 320*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 1080*d^6*e^3*x^3 \\ & + 800*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 5*d^8*e*x - 180*d^9)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^{10}*e^{11} \\ & *x^{10} + 4*d^{11}*e^{10}*x^9 + 3*d^{12}*e^9*x^8 - 8*d^{13}*e^8*x^7 - 14*d^{14}*e^7*x^6 \\ & + 14*d^{16}*e^5*x^4 + 8*d^{17}*e^4*x^3 - 3*d^{18}*e^3*x^2 - 4*d^{19}*e^2*x - d^{20}*e) \end{aligned}$$

3.215.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2} (d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.215.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. $2(177) = 354$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{13 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d e^5 x^4 + 4 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e^4 x^3 + 6 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x^2 + 4 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e \right)}$$

$$- \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^2 e^4 x^3 + 3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x^2 + 3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e \right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^3 e^3 x^2 + 2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e \right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{143 \left((-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^4 e^2 x + (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^5 e \right)}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{48x}{715 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} d^6} + \frac{64x}{715 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d^8} + \frac{128x}{715 \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2} d^{10}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/13/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d*e^5*x^4 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 6*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 4*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*e) - 9/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*e) - 8/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*e) - 8/143/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^4*e^2*x + (-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^5*e) + 48/715*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*d^6) + 64/715*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^8) + 128/715*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^10)`

3.215.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4), x)`

3.215.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{64x}{715d^8} + \frac{189}{4576d^7 e} \right)}{(d+ex)^2 (d-ex)^2} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(\frac{1139x}{5720d^6} - \frac{427}{2288d^5 e} \right)}{(d+ex)^3 (d-ex)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{104d^4 e (d+ex)^7} - \frac{51\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2288d^5 e (d+ex)^6} \\ &- \frac{19\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{572d^6 e (d+ex)^5} - \frac{189\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{4576d^7 e (d+ex)^4} + \frac{128x\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{715d^{10} (d+ex)(d-ex)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*((64*x)/(715*d^8) + 189/(4576*d^7*e)))/((d + e*x)^2*(d - e*x)^2) + ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*((1139*x)/(5720*d^6) - 427/(2288*d^5*e)))/((d + e*x)^3*(d - e*x)^3) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(104*d^4*e*(d + e*x)^7) - (51*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(2288*d^5*e*(d + e*x)^6) - (19*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(572*d^6*e*(d + e*x)^5) - (189*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(4576*d^7*e*(d + e*x)^4) + (128*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(715*d^10*(d + e*x)*(d - e*x))`

3.216 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.216.1 Optimal result 1929
 3.216.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1930
 3.216.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1930
 3.216.4 Maple [B] (verified) 1937
 3.216.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) 1938
 3.216.6 Sympy [F] 1939
 3.216.7 Maxima [F] 1939
 3.216.8 Giac [F] 1940
 3.216.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1940

3.216.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} - \frac{4ex}{13d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{13d-40ex}{117d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{117d-320ex}{819d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{273d-640ex}{1365d^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{273d-512ex}{819d^9(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{819d-1024ex}{819d^{11}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^{11}}$$

```
output 8/13*d*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(13/2)-4/13*e*x/d/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2)+1/17*(-40*e*x+13*d)/d^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2)+1/819*(-320*e*x+117*d)/d^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)+1/1365*(-640*e*x+273*d)/d^7/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/819*(-512*e*x+273*d)/d^9/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^11+1/819*(-1024*e*x+819*d)/d^11/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```


3.216.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(9839d^9+22976d^8ex-4466d^7e^2x^2-56304d^6e^3x^3-34156d^5e^4x^4+40240d^4e^5x^5+45735d^3e^6x^6-1540d^2e^7x^7-16385de^8x^8-5120e^9x^9)}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^7} + 8190 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e^2}x - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}{d}\right] / (4095d^{11})$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(9839*d^9 + 22976*d^8*e*x - 4466*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 56304*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 34156*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 40240*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 45735*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 1540*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 16385*d*e^8*x^8 - 5120*e^9*x^9))/((d - e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^7) + 8190*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-e^2]*x - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/d])/(4095*d^11)`

3.216.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 532, 27, 532, 25, 532, 27, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int \frac{(d-ex)^4}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\ & \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{13d^4-44exd^3-13e^2x^2d^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} dx}{13d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{13d^4-44exd^3-13e^2x^2d^2}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} dx}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \end{aligned}$$

3.216. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -\frac{11d^3(13d-40ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{11d^2} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \int \frac{13d-40ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 532 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{117d-320ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{117d-320ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 532 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{\frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(273d-640ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d^2}}{9d^2} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{\frac{3 \int \frac{273d-640ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}}{9d^2} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \right) - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}}}{13d^2} + \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 532
\end{aligned}$$

3.216. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{5(273d-512ex)}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{13d^2}{8d(d-ex)} \\
 & \frac{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & d \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{273d-512ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{13d^2}{8d(d-ex)} \\
 & \frac{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 532 \\
 & d \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{273d-512ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{819d-1024ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2}}{d^2} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{13d^2}{8d(d-ex)} \\
 & \frac{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

3.216. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$d \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{819d-1024ex}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{273d-512ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{13d^2}{8d(d-ex)} \cdot \frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 532

$$d \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{819d-1024ex}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{819d}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{273d-512ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \cdot \frac{13d^2}{8d(d-ex)}$$

↓ 27

$$d \left(\frac{\frac{819 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{819d-1024ex}{3d^2} + \frac{273d-512ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{d^2} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d(d-ex) 13d^2}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 243

$$d \left(\frac{\frac{819 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{819d-1024ex}{2d} + \frac{273d-512ex}{3d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{d^2} + \frac{273d-640ex}{5d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}}{7d^2} + \frac{117d-320ex}{7d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d-40ex}{9d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4dex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d(d-ex) 13d^2}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$d \left(\frac{\frac{819 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2}{e^2} - \frac{x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{273d - 512ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{273d - 640ex}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{d^2} + \frac{117d - 320ex}{7d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d - 40ex}{9d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4de}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{13/2}} \cdot 13d^2$$

↓ 221

$$d \left(\frac{\frac{819d - 1024ex}{d^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{819 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^2}}{3d^2} + \frac{273d - 512ex}{3d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{273d - 640ex}{5d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}}{d^2} + \frac{117d - 320ex}{7d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{13d - 40ex}{9d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4de}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{11/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{8d(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{13/2}} \cdot 13d^2$$

```
input Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

```
output (8*d*(d - e*x))/(13*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(13/2)) + ((-4*d*e*x)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(11/2) + d*((13*d - 40*e*x)/(9*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2)) + ((117*d - 320*e*x)/(7*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)) + (3*((273*d - 640*e*x)/(5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((273*d - 512*e*x)/(3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((819*d - 1024*e*x)/(d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (819*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d^2)/(3*d^2))/d^2))/(7*d^2))/(9*d^2))/(13*d^2)
```

3.216.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 532 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.216.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1327 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1328, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1328

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^4*(1/5/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/d^2*(1/3/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/
d^2*(1/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^(1/2)*
(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/x))))-1/e^3/d*(-1/13/d/e/(x+d/e)^4/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2
*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+9/13*e/d*(-1/11/d/e/(x+d/e)^3/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x
+d/e))^(5/2)+8/11*e/d*(-1/9/d/e/(x+d/e)^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(
5/2)+7/9*e/d*(-1/7/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+6/7*e/
d*(-1/10*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/
2)+4/5/d^2*(-1/6*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d
/e))^(3/2)-1/3/e^2/d^4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e
))^(1/2)))))))-1/e/d^3*(-1/9/d/e/(x+d/e)^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(
5/2)+7/9*e/d*(-1/7/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+6/7*e
/d*(-1/10*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5
/2)+4/5/d^2*(-1/6*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+
d/e))^(3/2)-1/3/e^2/d^4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/
e))^(1/2)))))-1/d^4*(-1/7/d/e/(x+d/e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e))^(5/2)
+6/7*e/d*(-1/10*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/
e))^(5/2)+4/5/d^2*(-1/6*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/d^2/e^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d
*e*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-1/3/e^2/d^4*(-2*(x+d/e)*e^2+2*d*e)/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e
*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))))-1/e^2/d^2*(-1/11/d/e/(x+d/e)^3/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x
+d/e))^(5/2)+8/11*e/d*(-1/9/d/e/(x+d/e)^2/(-(x+d/e)^2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)...

```

3.216.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 432 vs. $2(205) = 410$.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{9839 e^{10}x^{10} + 39356 de^9x^9 + 29517 d^2e^8x^8 - 78712 d^3e^7x^7 - 137746 d^4e^6x^6}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/4095*(9839*e^{10}*x^{10} + 39356*d*e^9*x^9 + 29517*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 78712*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 137746*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 137746*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 78712*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 29517*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 39356*d^9*e*x - 9839*d^{10} + 4095*(e^{10}*x^{10} + 4*d*e^9*x^9 + 3*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 8*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 14*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 14*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 8*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^9*e*x - d^{10})*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2}))/x) + (5120*e^9*x^9 + 16385*d*e^8*x^8 + 1540*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 45735*d^3*e^6*x^6 - 40240*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 34156*d^5*e^4*x^4 + 56304*d^6*e^3*x^3 + 4466*d^7*e^2*x^2 - 22976*d^8*e*x - 9839*d^9)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^{11}*e^{10}*x^{10} + 4*d^{12}*e^9*x^9 + 3*d^{13}*e^8*x^8 - 8*d^{14}*e^7*x^7 - 14*d^{15}*e^6*x^6 + 14*d^{17}*e^4*x^4 + 8*d^{18}*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^{19}*e^2*x^2 - 4*d^{20}*e*x - d^{21})$

3.216.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.216.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)^4x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.216.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)^4x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.216.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.217 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.217.1 Optimal result1941
 3.217.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)1942
 3.217.3 Rubi [A] (verified)1942
 3.217.4 Maple [B] (verified)1949
 3.217.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)1949
 3.217.6 Sympy [F]1950
 3.217.7 Maxima [F]1950
 3.217.8 Giac [F]1951
 3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)]1951

3.217.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{8e(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} - \frac{4e(13d-24ex)}{143d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{e(572d-1103ex)}{1287d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{e(5148d-10111ex)}{9009d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(12012d-23225ex)}{15015d^8(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e(12012d-21583ex)}{9009d^{10}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(36036d-52175ex)}{9009d^{12}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d^{12}x} + \frac{4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{d}\right)}{d^{12}}$$

output `-8/13*e*(-e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(13/2)-4/143*e*(-24*e*x+13*d)/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2)-1/1287*e*(-1103*e*x+572*d)/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2)-1/9009*e*(-10111*e*x+5148*d)/d^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)-1/15015*e*(-23225*e*x+12012*d)/d^8/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/9009*e*(-21583*e*x+12012*d)/d^10/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+4*e*arctanh((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d)/d^12-1/9009*e*(-52175*e*x+36036*d)/d^12/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/d^12/x`

3.217.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(45045d^{10} + 546316d^9ex + 1014094d^8e^2x^2 - 700504d^7e^3x^3 - 3157776d^6e^4x^4 - 1301264d^5e^5x^5 + 2748320d^4e^6x^6 + 2496180d^3e^7x^7 - 350000d^2e^8x^8 - 1043500de^9x^9 - 305920e^{10}x^{10})}{d^{13}} - \frac{4\sqrt{d^2}e \log\left(\sqrt{d^2} - \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}\right)}{d^{13}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(45045*d^10 + 546316*d^9*e*x + 1014094*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 700504*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 3157776*d^6*e^4*x^4 - 1301264*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 2748320*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 2496180*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 350000*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 1043500*d*e^9*x^9 - 305920*e^10*x^10))/(45045*d^12*x*(-d + e*x)^3*(d + e*x)^7) + (4*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[x])/d^13 - (4*Sqrt[d^2]*e*Log[Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/d^13`**3.217.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.704$, Rules used = {570, 532, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 2336, 27, 2336, 25, 2336, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int \frac{(d-ex)^4}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{13d^4-52exd^3+83e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} dx}{13d^2} - \frac{8e(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

3.217. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{13d^4 - 52exd^3 + 83e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} dx}{13d^2} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{143d^4 - 572exd^3 + 960e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{11d^2} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{143d^4 - 572exd^3 + 960e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{11d^2} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{1287d^4 - 5148exd^3 + 8824e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1287d^4 - 5148exd^3 + 8824e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2336} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3(3003d^4 - 12012exd^3 + 20222e^2x^2d^2)}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{3003d^4 - 12012exd^3 + 20222e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{8e(d - ex)}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.217. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 2336

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{5(3003d^4 - 12012exd^3 + 18580e^2x^2d^2)}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{13d^2}{13} \frac{8e(d - ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{3003d^4 - 12012exd^3 + 18580e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{13d^2}{13} \frac{8e(d - ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 2336

$$\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{9009d^4 - 36036exd^3 + 43166e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{e(12012d - 21583ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{13d^2}{13} \frac{8e(d - ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}$$

↓ 25

3.217. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\left(\frac{\int \frac{9009d^4 - 36036exd^3 + 43166e^2x^2d^2}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{e(12012d - 21583ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{d^2}{3d^2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d - ex) \frac{13d^2}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}}{11d^2}$$

↓ 2336

$$\left(\frac{\int -\frac{9009d^3(d - 4ex)}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e(36036d - 52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 21583ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{d^2}{3d^2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d - ex) \frac{13d^2}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}}{11d^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\left(\frac{9009d \int \frac{d - 4ex}{x^2\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e(36036d - 52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 21583ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{d^2}{3d^2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103ex)}{9(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{4e(13d - 24ex)}{11(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d - ex) \frac{13d^2}{13(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}}}{11d^2}$$

↓ 534

3.217. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{9009d \left(-4e \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(36036d-52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(12012d-21583ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(12012d-23225ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{d^2} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d-10111ex)}{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d-1103ex)}{9(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \quad 13d^2$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\left(\frac{9009d \left(-2e \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(36036d-52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(12012d-21583ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(12012d-23225ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{d^2} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d-10111ex)}{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d-1103ex)}{9(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \quad 13d^2$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\left(\frac{9009d \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{d^2-x^4}{e^2}} d\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(36036d-52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(12012d-21583ex)}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(12012d-23225ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{d^2} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d-10111ex)}{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d-1103ex)}{9(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}}$$

$$\frac{8e(d-ex)}{13(d^2-e^2x^2)^{13/2}} \quad 13d^2$$

↓ 221

3.217. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{9009d \left(\frac{4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{d}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{dx} \right) - \frac{e(36036d - 52175ex)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3d^2} - \frac{e(12012d - 21583ex)}{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(12012d - 23225ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{7d^2} - \frac{e(5148d - 10111ex)}{7(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{e(572d - 1103)}{9(d^2 - e^2 x^2)} \right)}{9d^2} - \frac{e(572d - 1103)}{9(d^2 - e^2 x^2)} \right)}{11d^2} - \frac{e(572d - 1103)}{9(d^2 - e^2 x^2)} \right)}{13d^2} - \frac{e(572d - 1103)}{9(d^2 - e^2 x^2)} \right)}{13(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{13/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(-8*e*(d - e*x))/(13*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(13/2)) + ((-4*e*(13*d - 24*e*x))/(11*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(11/2)) + (-1/9*(e*(572*d - 1103*e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2) + (-1/7*(e*(5148*d - 10111*e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2) + (3*(-1/5*(e*(12012*d - 23225*e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2) + (-1/3*(e*(12012*d - 21583*e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2) + (-((e*(36036*d - 52175*e*x))/Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + 9009*d*(-(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(d*x)) + (4*e*ArcTanH[Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/d])/d))/(3*d^2))/d^2))/(7*d^2))/(9*d^2))/(11*d^2))/(13*d^2)`

3.217.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2336 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Q)/(c*x)^m + (f*(2*p + 3))/(c*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

3.217.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 519 vs. 2(239) = 478.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{d^{12}x} - \frac{1257577\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{1921920d^{10}e^2(x+\frac{d}{e})^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{104d^6e^6(x+\frac{d}{e})^7} - \frac{103\sqrt{-(x+\frac{d}{e})^2e^2+2de(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{2288d^7e^5(x+\frac{d}{e})^6} - \dots$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^{12}/x-1257577/1921920/d^{10}/e^2/(x+d/e)^3*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}-1/104/d^6/e^6/(x+d/e)^7*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}-103/2288/d^7/e^5/(x+d/e)^6*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}-665/5148/d^8/e^4/(x+d/e)^5*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}-86917/288288/d^9/e^3/(x+d/e)^4*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}-17417683/11531520/d^{11}/e/(x+d/e)^2*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}+59/3840/d^{11}/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^{2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e)})^{(1/2)}-569/3840/d^{12}/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^{2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e)})^{(1/2)}-65075293/11531520/d^{12}/(x+d/e)*(-(x+d/e)^{2*e^2+2*d*e*(x+d/e)})^{(1/2)}+4/d^{11}*e/(d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*d^2+2*(d^2)^{(1/2)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)})/x)-1/640/d^{10}/e^2/(x-d/e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^{2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e)})^{(1/2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.217.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{366136 e^{11}x^{11} + 1464544 de^{10}x^{10} + 1098408 d^2e^9x^9 - 2929088 d^3e^8x^8 - 5125904 d^4e^7x^7 + 5125904 d^6e^5x^5}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/45045*(366136*e^{11*x^{11}} + 1464544*d*e^{10*x^{10}} + 1098408*d^2*e^9*x^9 - 2 \\ & 929088*d^3*e^8*x^8 - 5125904*d^4*e^7*x^7 + 5125904*d^6*e^5*x^5 + 2929088*d \\ & ^7*e^4*x^4 - 1098408*d^8*e^3*x^3 - 1464544*d^9*e^2*x^2 - 366136*d^{10}*e*x + \\ & 180180*(e^{11*x^{11}} + 4*d*e^{10*x^{10}} + 3*d^2*e^9*x^9 - 8*d^3*e^8*x^8 - 14*d^4 \\ & *e^7*x^7 + 14*d^6*e^5*x^5 + 8*d^7*e^4*x^4 - 3*d^8*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^9*e^2*x^2 \\ & - d^{10}*e*x)*\log(-(d - \sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/x) + (305920*e^{10*x^{10}} + 1043 \\ & 500*d*e^9*x^9 + 350000*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 2496180*d^3*e^7*x^7 - 2748320*d^4*e^6 \\ & *x^6 + 1301264*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 3157776*d^6*e^4*x^4 + 700504*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 10 \\ & 14094*d^8*e^2*x^2 - 546316*d^9*e*x - 45045*d^{10})*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^ \\ & 12*e^{10*x^{11}} + 4*d^{13}*e^9*x^{10} + 3*d^{14}*e^8*x^9 - 8*d^{15}*e^7*x^8 - 14*d^{16} \\ & *e^6*x^7 + 14*d^{18}*e^4*x^5 + 8*d^{19}*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^{20}*e^2*x^3 - 4*d^{21}*e*x^ \\ & 2 - d^{22}*x) \end{aligned}$$

3.217.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.217.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)^4x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.217.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)^4x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}(d+ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.218 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$

3.218.1 Optimal result 1952
 3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1952
 3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1953
 3.218.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1954
 3.218.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 1955
 3.218.6 Sympy [F] 1955
 3.218.7 Maxima [F] 1956
 3.218.8 Giac [F(-2)] 1956
 3.218.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1956

3.218.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ac\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-ax}} - \frac{c^2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x(c-ax)^{3/2}} + a\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-ax}}\right)$$

output `-c^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/x/(-a*c*x+c)^(3/2)+a*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*c*x+c)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)-a*c*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)`

3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\left((1+2ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + ax\sqrt{-1+ax}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)\right)}{x(-1+ax)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[c - a*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c - a*c*x]*((1 + 2*a*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + a*x*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + a*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]))/(x*(-1 + a*x))`

3.218. $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$

3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {580, 576, 573, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{c-acx}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{580} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}ac \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x\sqrt{c-acx}} dx - \frac{c^2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x(c-acx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{576} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}ac \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-acx}} \right) - \frac{c^2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x(c-acx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{573} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}ac \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-acx}} - 2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{c(1-a^2x^2)}{c-acx}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-acx}} \right) - \frac{c^2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x(c-acx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}ac \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-acx}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-acx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{c^2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{x(c-acx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[c - a*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-((c^2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(x*(c - a*c*x)^(3/2))) - (a*c*((2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c - a*c*x] - (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c - a*c*x]])/Sqrt[c]))/2`

3.218.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 573 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*c Subst[Int[1/(a - c*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 576 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*x)^(m + 1))*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^p/(e*(n - m - 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d^2*(n - m - 1))) Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[m, 0] && !(IntegerQ[m + p] && LtQ[m + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[m]`

rule 580 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d^2)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d*((2*m + p + 3)/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + p - 1, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2]`

3.218.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(ax+1)}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)acx+2ax\sqrt{c(ax+1)}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{c(ax+1)}\sqrt{c}\right)\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{(ax-1)\sqrt{c(ax+1)}x\sqrt{c}}$	95
risch	$\frac{(2a^2x^2+3ax+1)\sqrt{-\frac{(-a^2x^2+1)c}{ax-1}}(ax-1)c}{x\sqrt{c(ax+1)}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}} - \frac{a\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{acx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{(-a^2x^2+1)c}{ax-1}}(ax-1)}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}}$	147

input `int((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.218. $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx$

output $(-\operatorname{arctanh}((c*(a*x+1))^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)})*a*c*x+2*a*x*(c*(a*x+1))^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)} + (c*(a*x+1))^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(-c*(a*x-1))^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(a*x-1)/ (c*(a*x+1))^{(1/2)}/x/c^{(1/2)})$

3.218.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \left[\frac{(a^2x^2 - ax)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-\frac{a^2cx^2+acx-2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-acx+c}\sqrt{c-2c}}{ax^2-x}\right) + 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-acx+c}(2ax+1)}{2(ax^2-x)}, \frac{(a^2x^2 - ax)\sqrt{c}}{2(ax^2-x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[1/2*((a^2*x^2 - a*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c)*\log(-a^2*c*x^2 + a*c*x - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a*c*x + c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c) - 2*c)/(a*x^2 - x)) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a*c*x + c)*(2*a*x + 1))/(a*x^2 - x), ((a^2*x^2 - a*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-c)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a*c*x + c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-c)/(a^2*c*x^2 - c)) + \operatorname{sqrt}(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a*c*x + c)*(2*a*x + 1))/(a*x^2 - x)]$

3.218.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)**(1/2)*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1))*sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/x**2, x)`

3.218.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}\sqrt{-acx + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*c*x + c)/x^2, x)`

3.218.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.218.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}\sqrt{c - acx}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(c - a*c*x)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(c - a*c*x)^(1/2))/x^2, x)`

3.219 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.219.1 Optimal result	1957
3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1957
3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1958
3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1959
3.219.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1959
3.219.6 Sympy [F]	1959
3.219.7 Maxima [F]	1960
3.219.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1960
3.219.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1960

3.219.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-ax}}\right)$$

output `-2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-a*c*x+c)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)`

3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{c-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-1+ax}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+ax}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c - a*c*x]/(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[c - a*c*x]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + a*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[-1 + a*x]`

3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {573, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-ax}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 573

$$-2c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{c(1-a^2x^2)}{c-ax}} d \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-ax}}$$

↓ 219

$$-2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{c-ax}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c - a*c*x]/(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/Sqrt[c - a*c*x]]`

3.219.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 573 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*c Subst[Int[1/(a - c*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(ax+1)}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(ax-1)\sqrt{c(ax+1)}}$	58

input `int((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)/x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*(-c*(a*x-1))^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a*x-1)/(c*(a*x+1))^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*arctanh((c*(a*x+1))^(1/2)/c^(1/2))`**3.219.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \left[\sqrt{c} \log \left(-\frac{a^2cx^2 + acx + 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-acx+c}\sqrt{c} - 2c}{ax^2 - x} \right), \right. \\ \left. -2\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-acx+c}\sqrt{-c}}{a^2cx^2 - c} \right) \right]$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)/x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[sqrt(c)*log(-(a^2*c*x^2 + a*c*x + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*c*x + c)*sqrt(c) - 2*c)/(a*x^2 - x)), -2*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*c*x + c)*sqrt(-c)/(a^2*c*x^2 - c))]`**3.219.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c-acx}}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c(ax-1)}}{x\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)**(1/2)/x/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(-c*(a*x - 1))/(x*sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))), x)`

3.219.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-acx + c}}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x} dx$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)/x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a*c*x + c)/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x), x)`

3.219.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2c^3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cc}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{acx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cc}} \right)}{|c|}$$

input `integrate((-a*c*x+c)^(1/2)/x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*c^3*(arctan(sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)/sqrt(-c))/(sqrt(-c)*c) - arctan(sqrt(a*c*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/(sqrt(-c)*c))/abs(c)`

3.219.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c - acx}}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c - a c x}}{x\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((c - a*c*x)^(1/2)/(x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c - a*c*x)^(1/2)/(x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.220 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

3.220.1 Optimal result	1961
3.220.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1961
3.220.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1962
3.220.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1963
3.220.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1963
3.220.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1964
3.220.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1964
3.220.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1964
3.220.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1965

3.220.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `arcsin(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)`

3.220.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{-1+\sqrt{1-ax}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a*x]/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x] + (2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x])/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - a*x])]) /Sqrt[a]`

3.220.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {60, 63, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \\ & \quad \downarrow 63 \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-ax}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \\ & \quad \downarrow 223 \\ & \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a*x]/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x] + ArcSin[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.220.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 63 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

3.220.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(-2\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{-ax+1} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a} \arcsin(\sqrt{a} \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{\pi} a}$	57
default	$\sqrt{x} \sqrt{-ax+1} + \frac{\sqrt{-ax+1} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(x - \frac{1}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-a x^2 + x}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ax+1} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}$	62
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x} (ax-1) \sqrt{-ax+1} x}{\sqrt{-x(ax-1)} \sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ax+1} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(x - \frac{1}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-a x^2 + x}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ax+1} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}$	88

input `int((-a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-a)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/a*(-2*Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)-2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)*arcsin(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))`

3.220.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{-ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-a} \log(-2ax + 2\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x} + 1)}{2a}, \frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a} \right]$$

input `integrate((-a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*log(-2*a*x + 2*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(x) + 1))/a, (sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))))/a]`

3.220.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} i\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax-1} - \frac{i \operatorname{acosh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{for } |ax| > 1 \\ -\frac{ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-a*x+1)**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((I*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - I*acosh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))/sqrt(a), Abs(a*x) > 1), (-a*x**(3/2)/sqrt(-a*x + 1) + sqrt(x)/sqrt(-a*x + 1) + asin(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))/sqrt(a), True))`

3.220.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}}{\left(a - \frac{ax-1}{x}\right)\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((-a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-arctan(sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)))/sqrt(a) + sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a - (a*x - 1)/x)*sqrt(x))`

3.220.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{a \left(\frac{\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{\sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}\sqrt{-ax+1}}{a} \right)}{|a|}$$

input `integrate((-a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*(log(abs(-sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)))/sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/a)/abs(a)`

3.220.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-ax}-1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((1 - a*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `x^(1/2)*(1 - a*x)^(1/2) + (2*atan((a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/((1 - a*x)^(1/2) - 1)))/a^(1/2)`

3.221 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$

3.221.1 Optimal result	1966
3.221.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1966
3.221.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1967
3.221.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1968
3.221.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	1969
3.221.6 Sympy [F]	1969
3.221.7 Maxima [F]	1969
3.221.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1970
3.221.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1970

3.221.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `arcsin(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)`

3.221.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x] + ArcSin[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.221.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {516, 60, 63, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{516} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{63} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-ax}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\ & \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x] + ArcSin[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.221.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 63 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b S
ubst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x
] && GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 516 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.
) , x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
(GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))`

3.221.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \sqrt{x} \left(2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{-x(ax-1)} + \arctan\left(\frac{2ax-1}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{-x(ax-1)}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ax+1} \sqrt{-x(ax-1)} \sqrt{a}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}(ax-1) \sqrt{\frac{x(-a^2x^2+1)}{ax+1}} \sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{-x(ax-1)} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(x-\frac{1}{2a})}{\sqrt{-ax^2+x}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x(-a^2x^2+1)}{ax+1}} \sqrt{ax+1}}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}$	132

input `int((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(2*a^(1/2)*(-x*(a*x-1))^(1/2)
+arctan(1/2/a^(1/2)*(2*a*x-1)/(-x*(a*x-1))^(1/2)))/(-x*(a*x-1))^(1/2)/a^(1
/2)`

3.221.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \left[\frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - (ax+1)\sqrt{-a} \log\left(-\frac{8a^3x^3-4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(2ax-1)\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x}-7ax+1}{ax+1}\right)}{4(a^2x+a)}, \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} \right]$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - (a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)*log(-(8*a^3*x^3 - 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*a*x - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(x) - 7*a*x + 1)/(a*x + 1)))/(a^2*x + a), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - (a*x + 1)*sqrt(a)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/(2*a^2*x^2 + a*x - 1)))/(a^2*x + a)]`

3.221.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/x**(1/2)/(a*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)), x)`

3.221.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(x)), x)`

3.221.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{-a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{\sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}\sqrt{-ax+1}}{a} \right)}{|a|}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*((sqrt(2) - log(abs(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(-a) + sqrt(-a))))/sqrt(-a) + log(abs(-sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)))/sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/a)/abs(a)`

3.221.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx$$

input `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.222 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

3.222.1 Optimal result	1971
3.222.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1971
3.222.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1972
3.222.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1973
3.222.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
3.222.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
3.222.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1974
3.222.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1974
3.222.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1975

3.222.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `arcsinh(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+x^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

3.222.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{-1+\sqrt{1+ax}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + a*x]/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x] + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x])/(-1 + Sqrt[1 + a*x])])/Sqrt[a]`

3.222.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {60, 63, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow 63 \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ax+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow 222 \\ & \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + a*x]/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x] + ArcSinh[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.222.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 63 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

3.222.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}-2\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\pi}}$	41
default	$\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} + \frac{\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+x}\right)}{2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}$	57
risch	$\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} + \frac{\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+x}\right)}{2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}$	57

input `int((a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/a^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(-2*Pi^(1/2)*a^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)-2*Pi^(1/2)*arcsinh(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2)))`

3.222.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{ax+1}a\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a}\log(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x} + 1)}{2a}, \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{-a}}{a\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) + 1))/a, (sqrt(a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)/(a*sqrt(x))))/a]`

3.222.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + 1) + asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))/sqrt(a)`

3.222.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\frac{\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}+\frac{\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}}{\left(a-\frac{ax+1}{x}\right)\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt(a*x + 1)/sqrt(x))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt(a*x + 1)/sqrt(x)))/sqrt(a) - sqrt(a*x + 1)/((a - (a*x + 1)/x)*sqrt(x))`

3.222.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{a\left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{|\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{(ax+1)a-a}|}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{(ax+1)a-a}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{|a|}$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a*(log(abs(-sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*x + 1)*a - a)))/sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*x + 1)*a - a)*sqrt(a*x + 1)/a)/abs(a)`

3.222.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+ax}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax+1} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ax+1}-1}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((a*x + 1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(1/2)*(a*x + 1)^(1/2) + (2*atanh((a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/(a*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1))/a^(1/2)`

3.223 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$

3.223.1 Optimal result	1976
3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1976
3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1977
3.223.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1978
3.223.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	1979
3.223.6 Sympy [F]	1979
3.223.7 Maxima [F]	1980
3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1980
3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1980

3.223.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `arcsinh(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+x^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)`

3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+ax} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x] + ArcSinh[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {516, 60, 63, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{516} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{ax+1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{63} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ax+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x] + ArcSinh[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]`

3.223.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n)/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`


```
rule 63 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b S
ubst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x
] && GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 222 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]
```

```
rule 516 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.
), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
(GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))
```

3.223.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-ax+1}\left(2\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\sqrt{a}+\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\sqrt{a+2ax+1}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{2(ax-1)\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\sqrt{a}}$	86
risch	$-\frac{(ax+1)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{(-a^2x^2+1)x(-ax+1)}{(ax-1)^2}}(ax-1)}{\sqrt{(ax+1)x}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-ax+1}}-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(-a^2x^2+1)x(-ax+1)}{(ax-1)^2}}(ax-1)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-ax+1}}$	153

```
input int((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)*(2*((a*x+1)*x)^(1/2)*a^(1/2
)+ln(1/2*(2*((a*x+1)*x)^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*a*x+1)/a^(1/2)))/(a*x-1)/((a*x+1)*
x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)
```

3.223.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(24) = 48$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - (ax-1)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{8a^3x^3-4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(2ax+1)\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}-7ax-1}{ax-1}\right)}{4(a^2x-a)}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-ax+1}a\sqrt{x} - (ax-1)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x}}{2a^2x^2-ax-1}\right)}{2(a^2x-a)} \right],$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - (a*x - 1)*sqrt(a)*log(-(8*a^3*x^3 - 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) - 7*a*x - 1)/(a*x - 1)))/(a^2*x - a), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*sqrt(x) - (a*x - 1)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(x)/(2*a^2*x^2 - a*x - 1)))/(a^2*x - a)]`

3.223.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-ax+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/x**(1/2)/(-a*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)), x)`

3.223.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(x)), x)`

3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 89 vs. $2(24) = 48$.

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{(ax+1)a-a}\right|\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{(ax+1)a-a}\sqrt{ax+1}}{a} \right)}{|a|}$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a*((sqrt(2) - log(abs(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) + sqrt(a))))/sqrt(a) + log(abs(-sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*x + 1)*a - a)))/sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*x + 1)*a - a)*sqrt(a*x + 1)/a)/abs(a)`

3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$$

input `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^(1/2)*(1 - a*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^(1/2)*(1 - a*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.223. $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx$

3.224 $\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx$

3.224.1 Optimal result	1981
3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1981
3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1982
3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1983
3.224.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	1984
3.224.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1984
3.224.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1985
3.224.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1985
3.224.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1986

3.224.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{4a} + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{4a^{3/2}}$$

output `1/4*arcsin(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(3/2)+1/2*x^(3/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/4*x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}(-1+2ax) + 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{-1+\sqrt{1-ax}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x]*(-1 + 2*a*x) + 2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x])/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - a*x])])/(4*a^(3/2))`

3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {60, 60, 63, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-ax}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 63 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-ax}} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 223 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x],x]`

output `(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - a*x])/2 + (-((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x])/a) + ArcSin[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/a^(3/2))/4`

3.224.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 63 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b S
ubst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x
] && GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{x} (-a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-6ax+3) \sqrt{-ax+1} - \sqrt{\pi} (-a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(\sqrt{a} \sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\pi} a}$	66
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x} (-ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{-ax+1} + \frac{\sqrt{-ax+1} x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(x - \frac{1}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-ax^2+x}}\right)}{4a}}{4a}$	84
risch	$-\frac{(2ax-1)\sqrt{x} (ax-1)\sqrt{-ax+1} x}{4a\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}\sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \left(x - \frac{1}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-ax^2+x}}\right) \sqrt{-ax+1} x}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-ax+1}}$	97

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/(-a)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/a*(1/6*Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(-a)^(3/2)*(-6*a*x+3)/a*(-
a*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*Pi^(1/2)*(-a)^(3/2)/a^(3/2)*arcsin(a^(1/2)*x^(1/2)))
```

3.224.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2(2a^2x - a)\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-a} \log(-2ax + 2\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x} + 1)}{8a^2}, \frac{(2a^2x - a)\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-a} \log(-2ax + 2\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x} + 1)}{4a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/8*(2*(2*a^2*x - a)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*log(-2*a*x + 2*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(x) + 1))/a^2, 1/4*((2*a^2*x - a)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(a)*arctan(sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))))/a^2]`**3.224.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{iax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2\sqrt{ax-1}} - \frac{3ix^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4\sqrt{ax-1}} + \frac{i\sqrt{x}}{4a\sqrt{ax-1}} - \frac{i \operatorname{acosh}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } |ax| > 1 \\ -\frac{ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2\sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4\sqrt{-ax+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4a\sqrt{-ax+1}} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(-a*x+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((I*a*x**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(a*x - 1)) - 3*I*x**(3/2)/(4*sqrt(a*x - 1)) + I*sqrt(x)/(4*a*sqrt(a*x - 1)) - I*acosh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))/(4*a**(3/2)), Abs(a*x) > 1), (-a*x**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(-a*x + 1)) + 3*x**(3/2)/(4*sqrt(-a*x + 1)) - sqrt(x)/(4*a*sqrt(-a*x + 1)) + asin(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x))/(4*a**(3/2)), True))`

3.224.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}a}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(-ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{4\left(a^3 - \frac{2(ax-1)a^2}{x} + \frac{(ax-1)^2a}{x^2}\right)} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax+1}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a/sqrt(x) - (-a*x + 1)^(3/2)/x^(3/2))/(a^3 - 2*(a*x - 1)*a^2/x + (a*x - 1)^2*a/x^2) - 1/4*arctan(sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)))/a^(3/2)`**3.224.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}(2ax+3)\sqrt{-ax+1} - 3a \log\left(\left|\frac{-\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right|\right)}{a^2}\right)|a|}{4a} + \frac{4\left(\frac{a \log\left(\left|\frac{-\sqrt{-ax+1}\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right|\right) - \sqrt{(ax-1)a+a}\sqrt{-ax}}{a^2}\right)}{4a}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*((sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)*(2*a*x + 3)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) - 3*a*log(abs(-sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)))/sqrt(-a))*abs(a)/a^2 + 4*(a*log(abs(-sqrt(-a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a) + sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)))/sqrt(-a) - sqrt((a*x - 1)*a + a)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))*abs(a)/a^2)/a`

3.224.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{4a} \right) \sqrt{1-ax} - \frac{\ln(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} - 2ax + 1)}{8(-a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(1 - a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `x^(1/2)*(x/2 - 1/(4*a))*(1 - a*x)^(1/2) - log(2*(-a)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(1 - a*x)^(1/2) - 2*a*x + 1)/(8*(-a)^(3/2))`

$$3.225 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$$

3.225.1 Optimal result	1987
3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1987
3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1988
3.225.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1989
3.225.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	1990
3.225.6 Sympy [F]	1990
3.225.7 Maxima [F]	1991
3.225.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1991
3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1991

3.225.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{4a} + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{1-ax} + \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{4a^{3/2}}$$

output $1/4*\arcsin(a^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}+1/2*x^{(3/2)}*(-a*x+1)^{(1/2)}-1/4*x^{(1/2)}$
 $*(-a*x+1)^{(1/2)}/a$

3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}(-1+2ax) + \arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/Sqrt[1 + a*x],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a*x]*(-1 + 2*a*x) + \text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/(4*$
 $a^{(3/2)})$

3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {516, 60, 60, 63, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ax+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{516} \\
 & \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-ax}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{63} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-ax}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x})}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-ax}}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^{3/2} \sqrt{1-ax}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/Sqrt[1 + a*x],x]`

output `(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - a*x])/2 + (-((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1 - a*x])/a) + ArcSin[Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[x]]/a^(3/2))/4`

3.225.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 63 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/b S
ubst[Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*(x^2/b)], x], x, Sqrt[b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x
] && GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 516 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.
), x_Symbol] := Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
(GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))
```

3.225.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. 2(43) = 86.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\left(4a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}+\arctan\left(\frac{2ax-1}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}}\right)\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}}$	92
risch	$-\frac{(2ax-1)\sqrt{x}(ax-1)\sqrt{\frac{x(-a^2x^2+1)}{ax+1}}\sqrt{ax+1}}{4a\sqrt{-x(ax-1)}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}+\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\left(x-\frac{1}{2a}\right)}{\sqrt{-ax^2+x}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x(-a^2x^2+1)}{ax+1}}\sqrt{ax+1}}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}$	141

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.225. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$

output $1/8*x^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/2)}*(4*a^{(3/2)}*x*(-x*(a*x-1))^{(1/2)}-2*a^{(1/2)}*(-x*(a*x-1))^{(1/2)}+\arctan(1/2/a^{(1/2)}*(2*a*x-1)/(-x*(a*x-1))^{(1/2)})/(a*x+1)^{(1/2)}/(-x*(a*x-1))^{(1/2)}$

3.225.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. $2(43) = 86$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(2a^2x-a)\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{x} - (ax+1)\sqrt{-a} \log\left(-\frac{8a^3x^3-4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(2ax-1)\sqrt{ax+1}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{x}-7ax+1}{ax+1}\right)}{16(a^3x+a^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/16*(4*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2+1}*(2*a^2*x-a)*\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{x} - (a*x+1)*\sqrt{-a}*\log(-(8*a^3*x^3-4*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2+1}*(2*a*x-1)*\sqrt{a*x+1})*\sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{x}-7*a*x+1)/(a*x+1)))/(a^3*x+a^2), 1/8*(2*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2+1}*(2*a^2*x-a)*\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{x} - (a*x+1)*\sqrt{a}*\arctan(2*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2+1}*\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{x}/(2*a^2*x^2+a*x-1)))/(a^3*x+a^2)]$

3.225.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}}{\sqrt{ax+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2)/(a*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*sqrt(-(a*x-1)*(a*x+1))/sqrt(a*x+1), x)`

3.225.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ax+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*x + 1), x)`

3.225.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{1+ax}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ax+1}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(a*x + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(a*x + 1)^(1/2), x)`

3.226 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.226.1 Optimal result	1992
3.226.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1993
3.226.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1993
3.226.4 Maple [F]	1996
3.226.5 Fricas [F]	1996
3.226.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1997
3.226.7 Maxima [F]	1999
3.226.8 Giac [F]	1999
3.226.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2000

3.226.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3d(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{g(8 + m)} - \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{g^2(9 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^7(11 + 4m)(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(8 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{d^6e(29 + 4m)(gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m)(9 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

output

```
-3*d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/g/(8+m)-e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/g^2/(9+m)+d^7*(11+4*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/(8+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)+d^6*e*(29+4*m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(9+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.226.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m} + ex \left(\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2+m} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d^4*x*(g*x)^m*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + m) + e*x*((3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 + m) + (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(4 + m))))/sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]`

3.226.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {559, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m dx$$

↓ 559

$$\frac{\int -(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (3d(m + 9)x^2e^4 + d^2(4m + 29)xe^3 + d^3(m + 9)e^2) dx}{\frac{e^2(m + 9)}{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}} \frac{d^2(m + 9)}{g^2(m + 9)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (3d(m+9)x^2 e^4 + d^2(4m+29)xe^3 + d^3(m+9)e^2) dx}{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 2340

$$\frac{\int -d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(m+9)(4m+11) + e(m+8)(4m+29)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{e^2(m+8)} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}}{\frac{\int d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(m+9)(4m+11) + e(m+8)(4m+29)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{e^2(m+8)} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(m+9)(4m+11) + e(m+8)(4m+29)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{e^2(m+8)} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}}{\frac{d^2 e^2 \int (gx)^m (d(m+9)(4m+11) + e(m+8)(4m+29)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{m+8} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \int (gx)^m (d(m+9)(4m+11) + e(m+8)(4m+29)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{m+8} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}}{\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d(m+9)(4m+11) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{e(m+8)(4m+29) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{g}}{m+8} \right)}{m+8} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}}$$

↓ 557

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d(m+9)(4m+11) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{e(m+8)(4m+29) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{g}}{m+8} \right)}{m+8} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}}{\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d^5(m+9)(4m+11) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{d^4 e(m+8)(4m+29) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8}} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d^5(m+9)(4m+11) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{d^4 e(m+8)(4m+29) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8} \quad \frac{3de^2(m+9)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{e^2(m+9) \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}}{\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d^5(m+9)(4m+11) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{d^4 e(m+8)(4m+29) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8}}$$

3.226. $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$

↓ 278

$$\frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d^{5(m+9)}(4m+11)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^{(m+1)}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{d^4 e^{(m+8)}(4m+29)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^{(m+2)}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8} = \frac{e^2(m+9)}{g^2(m+9)} \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+9)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `--((e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(g^2*(9 + m))) + ((-3*d*e^2*(9 + m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(g*(8 + m)) + (d^2*e^2*((d^5*(9 + m)*(11 + 4*m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) + (d^4*e*(8 + m)*(29 + 4*m)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])))/(8 + m))/(e^2*(9 + m))`

3.226.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.226.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

3.226.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex + d)^3 (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output integral((e^7*x^7 + 3*d*e^6*x^6 + d^2*e^5*x^5 - 5*d^3*e^4*x^4 - 5*d^4*e^3*
x^3 + d^5*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^6*e*x + d^7)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.226.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 \\
 & - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^8 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{3d^7 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \\ \frac{m}{2} + 2 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d^6 e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{5d^5 e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \\ \frac{m}{2} + 3 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)} \\
 & - \frac{5d^4 e^4 g^m x^{m+5} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d^3 e^5 g^m x^{m+6} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 3 \\ \frac{m}{2} + 4 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 4\right)} \\
 & + \frac{3d^2 e^6 g^m x^{m+7} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{9}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{9}{2}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d e^7 g^m x^{m+8} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 4\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 4 \\ \frac{m}{2} + 5 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 5\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

```
output d**8*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,
), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + 3*d**7*e*g**m*
x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2, ), e**2*x**2*exp
_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2)) + d**6*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(
m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*
pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)) - 5*d**5*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2
)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*
gamma(m/2 + 3)) - 5*d**4*e**4*g**m*x**(m + 5)*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)*hyper((-1/2
, m/2 + 5/2), (m/2 + 7/2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2
+ 7/2)) + d**3*e**5*g**m*x**(m + 6)*gamma(m/2 + 3)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3),
(m/2 + 4, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 4)) + 3*d**2
*e**6*g**m*x**(m + 7)*gamma(m/2 + 7/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 7/2), (m/2 + 9/2
, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 9/2)) + d*e**7*g**m*x
**(m + 8)*gamma(m/2 + 4)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 4), (m/2 + 5, ), e**2*x**2*exp_
polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5))
```

3.226.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)^3 (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^3*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.226.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)^3 (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^3*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.226.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.227 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.227.1 Optimal result	2001
3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2002
3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2002
3.227.4 Maple [F]	2004
3.227.5 Fracas [F]	2005
3.227.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2005
3.227.7 Maxima [F]	2007
3.227.8 Giac [F]	2007
3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2008

3.227.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}{g(8 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^6(9 + 2m)(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(8 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^5 e (gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
output -(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2)/g/(8+m)+d^6*(9+2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeo
m([-5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/
(8+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)+2*d^5*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1+1/2*m],
[2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2
)
```


3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(d^2 (6 + 5m + m^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) + e(1 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) + e(2 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)}{(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m) \sqrt{1 - (e^2 x^2)/d^2}} + e(1 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) + e(2 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`output `(d^4*x*(g*x)^m*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])`**3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {559, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 559 \\ & -\frac{\int -de^2 (gx)^m (d(2m + 9) + 2e(m + 8)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{e^2(m + 8)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m + 8)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int de^2 (gx)^m (d(2m + 9) + 2e(m + 8)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{e^2(m + 8)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m + 8)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

3.227. $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d \int (gx)^m (d(2m+9) + 2e(m+8)x) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{m+8} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 557 \\
& \frac{d \left(d(2m+9) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2e(m+8) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx}{g} \right)}{m+8} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d^5(2m+9) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2d^4 e(m+8) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d^5(2m+9) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2d^4 e(m+8) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(m+2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+8} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+8)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-(((g*x)^(1+m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(g*(8+m))) + (d*((d^5*(9+2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1+m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) + (2*d^4*e*(8+m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2+m)/2, (4+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2+m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(8+m)`

3.227.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.227.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

3.227.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex + d)^2 (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^6*x^6 + 2*d*e^5*x^5 - d^2*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 - d^4*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^5*e*x + d^6)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.227.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^2 (d^2 \\
 & - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^7 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d^6 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} \\
 & - \frac{d^5 e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{2d^4 e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{m}{2} + 3 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)} \\
 & - \frac{d^3 e^4 g^m x^{m+5} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d^2 e^5 g^m x^{m+6} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 3 \middle| \frac{m}{2} + 4 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 4\right)} \\
 & + \frac{d e^6 g^m x^{m+7} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{9}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{9}{2}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

```
output d**7*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,
), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + d**6*e*g**m*x*
*(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_p
olar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2 + 2) - d**5*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 +
3/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d*
**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)) - 2*d**4*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2)*hype
r((-1/2, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2
+ 3) - d**3*e**4*g**m*x**(m + 5)*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 5/2)
, (m/2 + 7/2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 7/2)) + d
**2*e**5*g**m*x**(m + 6)*gamma(m/2 + 3)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3), (m/2 + 4, ),
e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2 + 4) + d*e**6*g**m*x**(m + 7)
*gamma(m/2 + 7/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 7/2), (m/2 + 9/2, ), e**2*x**2*exp_pol
ar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 9/2))
```

3.227.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)^2 (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^2*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.227.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)^2 (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)^2*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m (d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.228 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.228.1 Optimal result	2009
3.228.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2010
3.228.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2010
3.228.4 Maple [F]	2012
3.228.5 Fricas [F]	2012
3.228.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2012
3.228.7 Maxima [F]	2014
3.228.8 Giac [F]	2014
3.228.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2014

3.228.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^5 (gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1+m)\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{d^4 e (gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2+m)\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
output d^5*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)+d^4*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
```


3.228.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(d(2 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) + e(1 + m)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)}{(1 + m)(2 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d^4*x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])`

3.228.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\ & d \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx + \frac{e \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx}{g} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\ & \frac{d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{d^4 e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^5 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{d^4 e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(m+2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d^5*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) + (d^4*e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])`

3.228.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

3.228.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d) (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

3.228.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex + d)(gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e^5*x^5 + d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + d^4*e*x + d^5)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.228.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^6 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\ + \frac{d^5 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} \\ - \frac{d^4 e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} \\ - \frac{d^3 e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)} \\ + \frac{d^2 e^4 g^m x^{m+5} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right)} \\ + \frac{d e^5 g^m x^{m+6} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 3 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 4\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `d**6*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + d**5*e*g**m*x*(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2)) - d**4*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2 + 5/2) - d**3*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2 + 3) + d**2*e**4*g**m*x**(m + 5)*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 5/2), (m/2 + 7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 7/2)) + d*e**5*g**m*x**(m + 6)*gamma(m/2 + 3)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3), (m/2 + 4,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 4))`

3.228.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)(gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.228.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (ex + d)(gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.228.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x), x)`

3.229 $\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.229.1 Optimal result	2015
3.229.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2015
3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2016
3.229.4 Maple [F]	2017
3.229.5 Fracas [F]	2017
3.229.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2017
3.229.7 Maxima [F]	2018
3.229.8 Giac [F]	2018
3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2018

3.229.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^4 (gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1+m)\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
output d^4*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.229.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^4 x (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
input Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (d^4*x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/2, 1 + (1 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])
```

3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{279}$$

$$\frac{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{278}$$

$$\frac{d^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d^4*(g*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1+m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])`

3.229.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.229.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x)`

3.229.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + d^4)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.229.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d^5 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `d**5*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-5/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2))`

3.229.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.229.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}} (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.230 $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.230.1 Optimal result	2019
3.230.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2019
3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2020
3.230.4 Maple [F]	2021
3.230.5 Fracas [F]	2022
3.230.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2022
3.230.7 Maxima [F]	2023
3.230.8 Giac [F]	2023
3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2024

3.230.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^3 (gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{d^2 e (gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2 (2+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
output d^3*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)-d^2*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.230.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^2 x (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(-e(1+m)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}, 2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{(1+m)(2+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
input Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

3.230. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output $(d^2*x*(g*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-(e*(1 + m)*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1 + m/2, 2 + m/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) + d*(2 + m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])$

3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {583, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (g x)^m}{d + e x} dx$$

↓ 583

$$\int (d - e x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (g x)^m dx$$

↓ 557

$$d \int (g x)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx - \frac{e \int (g x)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx}{g}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (g x)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{d^2 e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (g x)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (g x)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{d^2 e \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (g x)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(m+2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x]$

3.230. $\int \frac{(g x)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + e x} dx$

```
output (d^3*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) - (d^2*e*(g
*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)
/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])
```

3.230.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((
c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (
-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0
] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntP
art[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] &&
!(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 557 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
```

```
rule 583 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, 0]
```

3.230.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.230.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 - d^2*e*x + d^3)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.230.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^4 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} - \frac{d^3 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} - \frac{d^2 e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} + \frac{d e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `d**4*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) - d**3*e*g**m*x*(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2)) - d**2*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)) + d*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3))`

3.230.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.230.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.231
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

3.231.1 Optimal result 2025
 3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2026
 3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2026
 3.231.4 Maple [F] 2028
 3.231.5 Fracas [F] 2029
 3.231.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2029
 3.231.7 Maxima [F] 2030
 3.231.8 Giac [F(-2)] 2030
 3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2030

3.231.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{g(4 + m)} + \frac{d^2(5 + 2m)(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(4 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{2de(gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}}$$

```
output -(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)/g/(4+m)+d^2*(5+2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeo
m([-1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/
(4+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)-2*d*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2
+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
```


3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)}{(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`output `(x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])`**3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {570, 559, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int (d - ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{559} \\ & -\frac{\int -de^2 (gx)^m (d(2m + 5) - 2e(m + 4)x) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx}{e^2(m + 4)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m + 4)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int de^2 (gx)^m (d(2m + 5) - 2e(m + 4)x) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx}{e^2(m + 4)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m + 4)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.231. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d \int (gx)^m (d(2m+5) - 2e(m+4)x) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx}{m+4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+4)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d(2m+5) \int (gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - \frac{2e(m+4) \int (gx)^{m+1} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx}{g}}{m+4} \right)}{m+4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+4)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{\frac{d(2m+5) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{2e(m+4) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \int (gx)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} dx}{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+4)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d(2m+5) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{2e(m+4) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{g^2(m+2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} \right)}{m+4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+4)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-(((g*x)^(1+m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(g*(4+m))) + (d*((d*(5+2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1+m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) - (2*e*(4+m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (2+m)/2, (4+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2+m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(4+m)`

3.231.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

3.231. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.231.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.231.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.231.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 38.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{d^3 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{d^2 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{d e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `d**3*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) - d**2*e*g**m*x*(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2 + 2) + d*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2))`

3.231. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.231.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.231.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-1,[0,6,1,0,0]%%}+%%{-3,[0,4,1,0,0]%%}+%%{-3,[0,2,1,0,
0]%%}+%%`

3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.232
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.232.1 Optimal result 2031
 3.232.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2032
 3.232.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2032
 3.232.4 Maple [F] 2035
 3.232.5 Fracas [F] 2036
 3.232.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 2036
 3.232.7 Maxima [F] 2036
 3.232.8 Giac [F] 2037
 3.232.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2037

3.232.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{3d(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{g(2 + m)} + \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{g^2(3 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3(5 + 4m)(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(2 + m) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{d^2 e(11 + 4m)(gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m)(3 + m) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}$$

```
output -3*d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/g/(2+m)+e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)
^(1/2)/g^2/(3+m)+d^3*(5+4*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1
/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/g/(1+m)/(2+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
)-d^2*e*(11+4*m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^
2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(2+m)/(3+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.232.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} \left(d^3 (24 + 26m + 9m^2 + m^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \right)}{(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*(d^3*(24 + 26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(1 + m)*x*(3*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(2 + m)*x*(-3*d*(4 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(3 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x))`

3.232.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {570, 559, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int \frac{(d - ex)^3 (gx)^m}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{559} \\ & \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(gx)^m (3d(m+3)x^2 e^4 - d^2(4m+1)xe^3 + d^3(m+3)e^2)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2(m+3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(gx)^m (3d(m+3)x^2 e^4 - d^2(4m+11)xe^3 + d^3(m+3)e^2)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2(m+3)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(m+3)(4m+5) - e(m+2)(4m+11)x)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2(m+2)} - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(m+3)(4m+5) - e(m+2)(4m+11)x)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e^2(m+2)} - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \int \frac{(gx)^m (d(m+3)(4m+5) - e(m+2)(4m+11)x)}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{m+2} - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d(m+3)(4m+5) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{e(m+2)(4m+11) \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{g}}{m+2} \right) - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+2)}}{e^2(m+3)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d(m+3)(4m+5) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} dx - \frac{e(m+2)(4m+11) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}}} dx}{g \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{m+2} \right) - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g(m+2)}}{e^2(m+3)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{d(m+3)(4m+5) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) - \frac{e(4m+11) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{g(m+1) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{m+2} \right) - \frac{3de^2(m+3)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+1}}{g^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{e^2(m+3)} + \frac{e\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(gx)^{m+2}}{g^2(m+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.232. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(g^2*(3 + m)) + ((-3*d*e^2*(3 + m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(g*(2 + m)) + (d^2*e^2*((d*(3 + m)*(5 + 4*m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (e*(11 + 4*m)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(2 + m)/(e^2*(3 + m))`

3.232.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._),
x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*
(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*
x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.232.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.232.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.232.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.232.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.232.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.232.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.233 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.233.1 Optimal result	2038
3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2039
3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2039
3.233.4 Maple [F]	2041
3.233.5 Fracas [F]	2042
3.233.6 Sympy [F]	2042
3.233.7 Maxima [F]	2042
3.233.8 Giac [F]	2043
3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2043

3.233.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)}{5g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(1-4m)(gx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3g(1+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{e(7-4m)(gx)^{2+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4g^2(2+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 4/5*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)/g/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/5*(1-4*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*hyp
ergeom([5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^3
/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/5*e*(7-4*m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([5/2, 1+
1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^4/g^2/(2+m)/(-e^2*x^
2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m} + ex \left(\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}\right)}{2+m} \right) \right)}{d^6}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + m) + e*x*((3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 + m) + (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(4 + m))))/(d^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {558, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{558} \\ & \frac{4(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d^2(gx)^m(d(1-4m)+e(7-4m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d^2(gx)^m(d(1-4m)+e(7-4m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{4(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.233. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(gx)^m(d(1-4m) + e(7-4m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 557

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(d(1-4m) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{e(7-4m) \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{g} \right) + \frac{4(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{e(7-4m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx}{d^4g\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{(1-4m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2}} dx}{d^3\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{4(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{e(7-4m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4g^2(m+2)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{(1-4m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3g(m+1)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} \right) +$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(4*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x))/(5*g*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (((1 - 4*m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (e*(7 - 4*m)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/5`

3.233.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

3.233. $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 558 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(e*x)^(m + 1))*(f + g*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + f*(m + 2*p + 3) + g*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.233.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (ex + d)^3}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.233.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^5*x^5 - 3*d*e^4*x^4 + 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 3*d^4*e*x + d^5), x)`

3.233.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.233.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.233.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (gx)^m}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.234 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.234.1 Optimal result 2044
 3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2045
 3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2045
 3.234.4 Maple [F] 2047
 3.234.5 Fracas [F] 2047
 3.234.6 Sympy [F] 2048
 3.234.7 Maxima [F] 2048
 3.234.8 Giac [F] 2048
 3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2049

3.234.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)}{5dg(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(3-2m)(gx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4g(1+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2e(3-m)(gx)^{2+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^5g^2(2+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 2/5*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)/d/g/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/5*(3-2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*h
ypergeom([5/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d
^4/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+2/5*e*(3-m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([5/2, 1+
1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^5/g^2/(2+m)/(-e^2*x^
2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) + e(1 + m)x \right)}{d^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`output `(x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^6*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`**3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {558, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{558} \\ & \frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(gx)^m(d(3-2m)+2e(3-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d(gx)^m(d(3-2m)+2e(3-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(gx)^m(d(3-2m)+2e(3-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.234. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 557 \\
 & \frac{d(3-2m) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2e(3-m) \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{g}}{5d} + \frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 279 \\
 & \frac{2e(3-m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{5/2}} dx}{d^4g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{(3-2m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{5/2}} dx}{d^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 278 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(d+ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{5dg(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2e(3-m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4g^2(m+2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{5d} + \frac{(3-2m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3g(m+1)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x))/(5*d*g*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (((3 - 2*m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (2*e*(3 - m)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(5*d)`

3.234.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.234. $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 558 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(e*x)^(m + 1))*(f + g*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + f*(m + 2*p + 3) + g*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.234.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (ex + d)^2}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.234.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^6*x^6 - 2*d*e^5*x^5 - d^2*e^4*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 - d^4*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^5*e*x + d^6), x)`

3.234.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^2}{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(d + e*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.234.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (gx)^m}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.234.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (gx)^m}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.235 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.235.1 Optimal result 2050
 3.235.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2050
 3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2051
 3.235.4 Maple [F] 2052
 3.235.5 Fracas [F] 2052
 3.235.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2053
 3.235.7 Maxima [F] 2053
 3.235.8 Giac [F] 2054
 3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2054

3.235.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}(-4+m), \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dg(1+m)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}(-3+m), \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2g^2(2+m)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

output `(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, -2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1, -3/2+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/g^2/(2+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)`

3.235.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(d(2+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + e(1+m)x\right)}{d^6(1+m)(2+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

```
output (x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*(d*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 +
m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (2 +
m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(d^6*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]
)
```

3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{557}$$

$$d \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx + \frac{e \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx}{g}$$

$$\downarrow \text{279}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{7/2}} dx}{d^6g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{7/2}} dx}{d^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{278}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}(gx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6g^2(m+2)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}}(gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5g(m+1)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
input Int[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]
```

```
output ((g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 + m)/2, (
3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^5*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (e*(g*x)^(
2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2
, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])
```

3.235.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

3.235.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (ex + d)}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.235.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^7*x^7 - d*e^6*x^6 - 3*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 3*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 3*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^5*e^2*x^2 - d^6*e*x + d^7), x)`

3.235.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2d^6 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2d^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((7/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**6*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((7/2, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**7*gamma(m/2 + 2))`

3.235.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.235.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.236 $\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.236.1 Optimal result	2055
3.236.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2055
3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2056
3.236.4 Maple [F]	2057
3.236.5 Fricas [F]	2057
3.236.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2057
3.236.7 Maxima [F]	2058
3.236.8 Giac [F]	2058
3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2058

3.236.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6 g(1+m) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

output `(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([7/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^6/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.236.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6(1+m) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 + m)/2, 1 + (1 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{7/2}} dx}{d^6 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6 g(m+1) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.236.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.236.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.236.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^8*x^8 - 4*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 6*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^6*e^2*x^2 + d^8), x)`

3.236.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2d^7 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((7/2, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**7*gamma(m/2 + 3/2))`

3.236.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.236.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.237
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.237.1 Optimal result 2059
 3.237.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2059
 3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2060
 3.237.4 Maple [F] 2061
 3.237.5 Fricas [F] 2062
 3.237.6 Sympy [F] 2062
 3.237.7 Maxima [F] 2062
 3.237.8 Giac [F] 2063
 3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2063

3.237.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7 g(1+m) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^8 g^2(2+m) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([9/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^7/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-e*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([9/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^8/g^2/(2+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.237.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(-e(1+m)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, 1+\frac{m}{2}, 2+\frac{m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{d^8(1+m)(2+m) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x]`

output $(x*(g*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*(-(e*(1 + m)*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[9/2, 1 + m/2, 2 + m/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]]) + d*(2 + m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[9/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^8*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])$

3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {583, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 583 \\ & \int \frac{(d-ex)(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 557 \\ & d \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx - \frac{e \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{g} \\ & \quad \downarrow 279 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{9/2}} dx}{d^7 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{9/2}} dx}{d^8 g \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 278 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7 g (m+1) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \\ & \frac{e \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^8 g^2 (m+2) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]$

```
output ((g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, (1 + m)/2, (
3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^7*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (e*(g*x)^(
2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2
, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^8*g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])
```

3.237.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((
c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (
-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0
] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntP
art[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] &&
!(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 557 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
```

```
rule 583 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, 0]
```

3.237.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)
```

3.237.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^9*x^9 + d*e^8*x^8 - 4*d^2*e^7*x^7 - 4*d^3*e^6*x^6 + 6*d^4*e^5*x^5 + 6*d^5*e^4*x^4 - 4*d^6*e^3*x^3 - 4*d^7*e^2*x^2 + d^8*e*x + d^9), x)`

3.237.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.237.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.237.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.238
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.238.1 Optimal result 2064
 3.238.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2065
 3.238.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2065
 3.238.4 Maple [F] 2067
 3.238.5 Fracas [F] 2068
 3.238.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 2068
 3.238.7 Maxima [F] 2068
 3.238.8 Giac [F] 2069
 3.238.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2069

3.238.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(gx)^{1+m}(d-ex)}{9dg(d^2-e^2x^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{(7-2m)(gx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{9d^8g(1+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{2e(7-m)(gx)^{2+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{9d^9g^2(2+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 2/9*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e*x+d)/d/g/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(9/2)+1/9*(7-2*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*
hypergeom([9/2, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/
d^8/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-2/9*e*(7-m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([9/2, 1
+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^9/g^2/(2+m)/(-e^2*x
^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.238.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2}{d^2} \right) \right)}{d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2}{d^2} \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[11/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[11/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[11/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^10*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.238.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {570, 558, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int \frac{(d-ex)^2 (gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{558} \\ & \frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(gx)^m(d(7-2m)-2e(7-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d(gx)^m(d(7-2m)-2e(7-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{9d^2} + \frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.238. $\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(gx)^m (d(7-2m) - 2e(7-m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx + \frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{d(7-2m) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx - \frac{2e(7-m) \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} dx}{g}}{9d} + \frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
& \frac{(7-2m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{9/2}} dx - \frac{2e(7-m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{9/2}} dx}{d^8 g \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{d^7 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{\frac{2(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{9dg(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{(7-2m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7 g(m+1) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}} - \frac{2e(7-m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^8 g^2(m+2) \sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}}}{9d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d - e*x))/(9*d*g*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(9/2)) + (((7 - 2*m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^7*g*(1 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (2*e*(7 - m)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^8*g^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/(9*d)`

3.238.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

3.238. $\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 558 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(e*x)^(m + 1))*(f + g*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + f*(m + 2*p + 3) + g*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.238.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.238. $\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.238.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^10*x^10 + 2*d*e^9*x^9 - 3*d^2*e^8*x^8 - 8*d^3*e^7*x^7 + 2*d^4*e^6*x^6 + 12*d^5*e^5*x^5 + 2*d^6*e^4*x^4 - 8*d^7*e^3*x^3 - 3*d^8*e^2*x^2 + 2*d^9*e*x + d^10), x)`

3.238.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.238.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.238.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.238.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.239
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.239.1 Optimal result 2070
 3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2071
 3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2071
 3.239.4 Maple [F] 2074
 3.239.5 Fracas [F] 2074
 3.239.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 2074
 3.239.7 Maxima [F] 2075
 3.239.8 Giac [F] 2075
 3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2075

3.239.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4(gx)^{1+m}(d-ex)}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} + \frac{(7-4m)(gx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{11d^9g(1+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(25-4m)(gx)^{2+m}\sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{11d^{10}g^2(2+m)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

```
output 4/11*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e*x+d)/g/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(11/2)+1/11*(7-4*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)
*hypergeom([11/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)
)/d^9/g/(1+m)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/11*e*(25-4*m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([
11/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],e^2*x^2/d^2)*(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(1/2)/d^10/g^2/(2+m)
/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{13}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m} \right) + ex \left(-\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{13}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*sqrt[1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[13/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + m) + e*x*((-3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[13/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[13/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 + m) - (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[13/2, (4 + m)/2, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(4 + m))))/(d^12*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])`

3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {570, 558, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int \frac{(d-ex)^3 (gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{558} \\ & \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d^2(gx)^m(d(7-4m)-e(25-4m)x)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{11d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

3.239. $\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{d^2(gx)^m(d(7-4m)-e(25-4m)x)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{11d^2} + \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{(gx)^m(d(7-4m)-e(25-4m)x)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx + \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 557 \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left(d(7-4m) \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx - \frac{e(25-4m) \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} dx}{g} \right) + \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{(7-4m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^m}{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{11/2}} dx}{d^9 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(25-4m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} \int \frac{(gx)^{m+1}}{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{11/2}} dx}{d^{10} g \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{4(d-ex)(gx)^{m+1}}{11g(d^2-e^2x^2)^{11/2}} + \\
& \frac{1}{11} \left(\frac{(7-4m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^9 g(m+1) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{e(25-4m) \sqrt{1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}} (gx)^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^{10} g^2(m+2) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(4*(g*x)^(1+m)*(d-e*x))/(11*g*(d^2-e^2*x^2)^(11/2)) + (((7-4*m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*Sqrt[1-(e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[11/2, (1+m)/2, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^9*g*(1+m)*Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2]) - (e*(25-4*m)*(g*x)^(2+m)*Sqrt[1-(e^2*x^2)/d^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[11/2, (2+m)/2, (4+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^10*g^2*(2+m)*Sqrt[d^2-e^2*x^2])/11`

3.239.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 557 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`
- rule 558 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(e*x)^(m + 1))*(f + g*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Qx + f*(m + 2*p + 3) + g*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.239.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x)`

3.239.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} (ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g*x)^m/(e^11*x^11 + 3*d*e^10*x^10 - d^2*e^9*x^9 - 11*d^3*e^8*x^8 - 6*d^4*e^7*x^7 + 14*d^5*e^6*x^6 + 14*d^6*e^5*x^5 - 6*d^7*e^4*x^4 - 11*d^8*e^3*x^3 - d^9*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^10*e*x + d^11), x)`

3.239.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.239.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.239.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{7/2} (ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x)^m/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.240 $\int x^5(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.240.1 Optimal result	2076
3.240.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2076
3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2077
3.240.4 Maple [F]	2079
3.240.5 Fricas [F]	2079
3.240.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2079
3.240.7 Maxima [F]	2081
3.240.8 Giac [F]	2081
3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2081

3.240.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int x^5(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^6(1+p)} + \frac{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{e^6(2+p)} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{2e^6(3+p)} + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

output

```
-1/2*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^6/(p+1)+d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^6/(2+p)
-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^6/(3+p)+1/7*e*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom
([7/2, -p], [9/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.240.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^5(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{7d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(2d^4 + 2d^2e^2(1+p)x^2 + e^4(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + 2e^7x^7 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{14e^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p((-7*d*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(2*d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2*(1 + p)*x^2 + e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/((1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (2*e^7*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/(14*e^6)$

3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & e \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + d \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & e \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & e \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \int x^6 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^p dx + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{7}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{7}ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6(p+3)} - \frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(-((d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p))) + (2*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^6*(2 + p)) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p)/(e^6*(3 + p)))/2 + (e*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(7*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.240.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 542 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)
  ]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.240.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.240.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x^6 + d*x^5)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)
```

3.240.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 937 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

3.240.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*integrate(x^6*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x) + 1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^6*x^6 - (p^2 + p)*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^2*p*x^2 - 2*d^6)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*e^6)`

3.240.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5, x)`

3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.241 $\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.241.1 Optimal result	2082
3.241.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2082
3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2083
3.241.4 Maple [F]	2085
3.241.5 Fricas [F]	2085
3.241.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2085
3.241.7 Maxima [F]	2087
3.241.8 Giac [F]	2087
3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2087

3.241.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^5(1+p)} + \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{e^5(2+p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{2e^5(3+p)} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

output

```
-1/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)+d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^5/(2+p)
-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^5/(3+p)+1/5*d*x^5*(e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([
5/2, -p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.241.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{10}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{5(d^2 - e^2x^2) (2d^4 + 2d^2e^2(1+p)x^2 + e^4(2 + 3p + p^2)x^4)}{e^5(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + 2dx^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p((-5*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(2*d^4 + 2*d^2*e^2*(1 + p)*x^2 + e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(e^5*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (2*d*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/10$

3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & e \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^p dx + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{5}dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{5} dx^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6(p+3)} - \frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*(-((d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p))) + (2*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^6*(2 + p)) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p)/(e^6*(3 + p)))/2 + (d*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.241.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 542 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)
  ]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.241.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.241.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^4(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x^5 + d*x^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)
```

3.241.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 937 vs. $2(119) = 238$.

3.241.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)`

3.241.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)`

3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.242 $\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.242.1 Optimal result	2088
3.242.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2088
3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2089
3.242.4 Maple [F]	2091
3.242.5 Fracas [F]	2091
3.242.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2091
3.242.7 Maxima [F]	2092
3.242.8 Giac [F]	2092
3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2093

3.242.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^4(1+p)} + \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^4(2+p)} + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

output `-1/2*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(p+1)+1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^4/(2+p)+1/5*e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.242.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^2 + e^2(1+p)x^2)}{(1+p)(2+p)} + 2e^5x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{10e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-5*d*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(d^2 + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2))/((1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (2*e^5*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/(10*e^4)$

3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & e \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + d \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx^2 + e \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + e \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & e(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{5}ex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)}\right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p))) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p)/(e^4*(2 + p)))/2 + (e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^(p))`

3.242.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.242.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.242.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^4 + d*x^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.242.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$$

$$= d \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^4 (d^2)^p}{4} \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} - \frac{d^2 e^2 p x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 p x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{d^{2p} e x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{5}$$

3.242. $\int x^3 (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True)) + d**(2*p)*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5`

3.242.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*integrate(x^4*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x) + 1/2*(e^4*(p + 1)*x^4 - d^2*e^2*p*x^2 - d^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^4)`

3.242.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3, x)`

3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.243 $\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.243.1 Optimal result	2094
3.243.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2094
3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2095
3.243.4 Maple [F]	2097
3.243.5 Fracas [F]	2097
3.243.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2097
3.243.7 Maxima [F]	2098
3.243.8 Giac [F]	2098
3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2099

3.243.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3(1+p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^3(2+p)} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

output

```
-1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(p+1)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^3/(2+p)
+1/3*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p],[5/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2
*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.243.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{6}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^2 + e^2(1+p)x^2)}{e^3(1+p)(2+p)} + 2dx^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]
```

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-3*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(d^2 + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2))/(e^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (2*d*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/6$

3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + e \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & d \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & d(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}dx^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)}\right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*(-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p))) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p)/(e^4*(2 + p)))/2 + (d*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^(p))`

3.243.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.243.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.243.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x^3 + d*x^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.243.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{dd^{2p}x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{3} + e \left(\begin{array}{ll} \frac{x^4(d^2)^p}{4} & \text{for } e = 0 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2e^4 + 2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2e^4 + 2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2e^4 + 2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2e^4 + 2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2e^4 + 2e^6x^2} & \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2 + 6e^4p + 4e^4} - \frac{d^2e^2px^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2 + 6e^4p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4px^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2 + 6e^4p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2 + 6e^4p + 4e^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

3.243. $\int x^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d*d**(2*p)*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3 + e*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True))`

3.243.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)`

3.243.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)`

3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.244 $\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.244.1 Optimal result	2100
3.244.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2100
3.244.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2101
3.244.4 Maple [F]	2102
3.244.5 Fricas [F]	2102
3.244.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2103
3.244.7 Maxima [F]	2103
3.244.8 Giac [F]	2104
3.244.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2104

3.244.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(1+p)} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

output `-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(p+1)+1/3*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.244.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(1+p)} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^2*(1 + p)) + (e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.244.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {542, 241, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + e \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & e \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & e(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}ex^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^2*(1 + p)) + (e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.244.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.244.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.244.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d*x)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.244.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = d \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^2(d^2)^p}{2} \\ \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \log(d^2-e^2x^2) \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \\ -\frac{}{2e^2} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \left. \right) \\ + \frac{d^{2p}ex^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`output `d*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2), True)) + d**(2*p)*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3`**3.244.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e*integrate(x^2*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x) - 1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(p + 1)*d/(e^2*(p + 1))`

3.244.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x, x)`

3.244.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p (d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.245 $\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.245.1 Optimal result	2105
3.245.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2105
3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2106
3.245.4 Maple [F]	2107
3.245.5 Fricas [F]	2107
3.245.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2107
3.245.7 Maxima [F]	2108
3.245.8 Giac [F]	2108
3.245.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2108

3.245.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e(1+p)} + dx(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e/(p+1)+d*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.245.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e(1+p)} + dx(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e*(1 + p)) + (d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p`

3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & d \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 237 \\
 & dx (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e*(1 + p)) + (d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p`

3.245.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.245.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d) (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.245.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)
```

3.245.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = dd^{2p}x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right) + e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{x^2(d^2)^p}{2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\log(d^2 - e^2x^2)}{2e^2} \right) \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d*d**(2*p)*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + e*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True)))/(2*e**2), True))`

3.245.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.245.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.245.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \frac{dx (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(p+1)}$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x),x)`

output `(d*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*e*(p + 1))`

3.246
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

3.246.1 Optimal result 2110
 3.246.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2110
 3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2111
 3.246.4 Maple [F] 2113
 3.246.5 Fracas [F] 2113
 3.246.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2113
 3.246.7 Maxima [F] 2114
 3.246.8 Giac [F] 2114
 3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2114

3.246.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = ex(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(1+p)}$$

```
output e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(p+1)
```

3.246.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = ex(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d*(1 + p))`

3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {542, 238, 237, 243, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & e \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx + ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d*(1 + p))`

3.246.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.246.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

3.246.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.246.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{de^{2p}x^{2p}e^{i\pi p}\Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} + d^{2p}ex {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x,x)`

output `-d***(2*p)*x***(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + d**(2*p)*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)`

3.246. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$

3.246.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.246.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x, x)`

$$3.247 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

3.247.1 Optimal result	2115
3.247.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2115
3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2116
3.247.4 Maple [F]	2118
3.247.5 Fracas [F]	2118
3.247.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2118
3.247.7 Maxima [F]	2119
3.247.8 Giac [F]	2119
3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2119

3.247.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 108

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(1+p)} \end{aligned}$$

output `-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(p+1)`

3.247.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(1+p)} \end{aligned}$$

3.247. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^2*(1 + p))`

3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)} \frac{x}{2d^2(p+1)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^2*(1 + p))`

3.247.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.247. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

3.247.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

3.247.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.247.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d d^{2p} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{e^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{x} - \frac{e e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2,x)`

output `-d*d**(2*p)*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x - e*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.247. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

3.247.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.247.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^2, x)`

3.248 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

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3.248.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} - \frac{e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3(1+p)}$$

```
output -e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/(p+1)
```

3.248.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}e(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{2\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{e(-d^2+e^2x^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1+p)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(-d^2 + e^2*x^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^3*(1 + p)))/2`**3.248.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{542}$$

$$e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + d \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{243}$$

$$e \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{75}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx - \frac{e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3(p+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx - e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3(p+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} - \frac{e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3(p+1)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `-((e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) - (e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^3*(1 + p))`

3.248.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.248. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_*))((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.248.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

3.248.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.248.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{de^{2p}x^{2p-2}e^{i\pi p}\Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)} - \frac{d^{2p}e {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-d**e**(2*p)*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)) - d**(2*p)*e*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x`

3.248.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.248.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.248. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

3.248.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p (d+ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^3,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^3, x)`

3.249 $\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.249.7 Maxima [F]	2131
3.249.8 Giac [F]	2131
3.249.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2131

3.249.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^6(1+p)} + \frac{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^6(2+p)} - \frac{2d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{e^6(3+p)} + \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{4+p}}{2e^6(4+p)} + \frac{2}{7}dex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

output

```
-d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^6/(p+1)+5/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^6/(2+p)
-2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^6/(3+p)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(4+p)/e^6/(4+p)+2
/7*d*e*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([7/2, -p], [9/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2
*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.249.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{14d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)}{1+p} + \frac{35d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}{2+p} - \frac{28d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{3+p} + \frac{7(d^2-e^2x^2)^4}{4+p} + 4de^7x^7 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{14e^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-14*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))/(1 + p) + (35*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2)/(2 + p) - (28*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3)/(3 + p) + (7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^4)/(4 + p) + (4*d*e^7*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/(14*e^6)$

3.249.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int 2dex^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2de \int x^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & 2de(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^6 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + \\
 & \frac{2}{7}dex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{2}{7}dex^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \quad \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6(p+3)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+4}}{e^6(p+4)} - \frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} + \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((-2*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p)) + (5*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^6*(2 + p)) - (4*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p))/(e^6*(3 + p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(4 + p)/(e^6*(4 + p)))/2 + (2*d*e*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(7*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.249.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((c_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.249.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.249.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5 (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^6 + d^2*x^5)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.249.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 938 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2924, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.43

$$\int x^5(d + ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + e**4*x**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**4*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**2*x**2/(2*e**4) - x**4/(4*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-2*d**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - 2*d**4*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p**2*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) + e**6*p**2*x**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 ...`

3.249.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^6*x^6 - (p^2 + p)*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^2*p*x^2 - 2*d^6)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d^2/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*e^6) + integrate((e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^6)*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x)`

3.249.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5, x)`

3.249.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.250 $\int x^4(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.250.1 Optimal result	2132
3.250.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2133
3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2133
3.250.4 Maple [F]	2136
3.250.5 Fracas [F]	2136
3.250.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2136
3.250.7 Maxima [F]	2138
3.250.8 Giac [F]	2139
3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2139

3.250.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int x^4(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^5(1+p)} - \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{7+2p} + \frac{2d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{e^5(2+p)} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{e^5(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^2(6+p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(7+2p)}$$

```
output -d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)-x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(7+2*p)+2*d^3
*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^5/(2+p)-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^5/(3+p)+2/5*d^2*(
6+p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/(7+2*p)/(
(1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.250.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{35}(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{35d^5(d^2-e^2x^2)}{e^5(1+p)} + \frac{70d^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}{e^5(2+p)} - \frac{35d(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}{e^5(3+p)} + 7d^2x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) + 5e^2x^7 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-35*d^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))/(e^5*(1 + p)) + (70*d^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2)/(e^5*(2 + p)) - (35*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3)/(e^5*(3 + p)) + (7*d^2*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (5*e^2*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/35`**3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int 2dex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2de \int x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& de \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx^2 + \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2 (p+6) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+7} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2 (p+6) x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(2p+7)} - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2d^2 (p+6) x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(2p+7)} - \\
& \quad \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} + de \left(\frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6 (p+2)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6 (p+3)} - \frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6 (p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

```
output  $-\frac{(x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)})}{(7+2p)} + d e^{-\frac{(d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)})}{(e^6(1+p))}} + \frac{(2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(2+p)})}{(e^6(2+p))} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(3+p)}}{(e^6(3+p))} + \frac{(2d^2(6+p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2])}{(5(7+2p)(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)}$ 
```

3.250.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 53 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2]
```

```
rule 278 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 363 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+2*p+3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3))/(b*(m+2*p+3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.250.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.250.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^4 (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((e^2*x^6 + 2*d*e*x^5 + d^2*x^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)
```

3.250.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 940 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{d^2 d^{2p} x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{5}$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^6 (d^2)^p}{6} \\ -\frac{2d^4 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{4d^4 e^6 - 8d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4e^{10} x^4} - \frac{2d^4 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{4d^4 e^6 - 8d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4e^{10} x^4} - \frac{3d^4}{4d^4 e^6 - 8d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4e^{10} x^4} + \frac{4d^2 e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{4d^4 e^6 - 8d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4e^{10} x^4} + \frac{4d^2 e^2 x^2}{4d^4 e^6 - 8d^2 e^8 x^2 + 4e^{10} x^4} \\ -\frac{2d^4 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} - \frac{2d^4 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} - \frac{2d^4}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} + \frac{2d^2 e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} + \frac{2d^2 e^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} + \frac{e^4 x^4}{-2d^2 e^6 + 2e^8 x^2} \\ -\frac{d^4 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{2e^6} - \frac{d^4 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{2e^6} - \frac{d^2 x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{x^4}{4e^2} \\ -\frac{2d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^6 p^3 + 12e^6 p^2 + 22e^6 p + 12e^6} - \frac{2d^4 e^2 p x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^6 p^3 + 12e^6 p^2 + 22e^6 p + 12e^6} - \frac{d^2 e^4 p^2 x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^6 p^3 + 12e^6 p^2 + 22e^6 p + 12e^6} - \frac{d^2 e^4 p x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^6 p^3 + 12e^6 p^2 + 22e^6 p + 12e^6} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{d^{2p} e^2 x^7 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{7}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`


```

output d**2*d**(2*p)*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d*
*2)/5 + 2*d*e*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e +
x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(
4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d
**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**
6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d*
**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2/(4*d**4*e**6
- 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e*
**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e
**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)
/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8
*x**2) - 2*d**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e +
x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*
e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + e**4*x**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2), Eq(p, -2)),
(-d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**4*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**2*x**2/(2*
e**4) - x**4/(4*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-2*d**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*
p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - 2*d**4*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e
**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4
*p**2*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p +
12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e...

```

3.250.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)
```

3.250.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)`

3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.251 $\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.251.1 Optimal result	2140
3.251.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2140
3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2141
3.251.4 Maple [F]	2143
3.251.5 Fracas [F]	2143
3.251.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2144
3.251.7 Maxima [F]	2145
3.251.8 Giac [F]	2145
3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2145

3.251.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^4(1 + p)} + \frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^4(2 + p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{2e^4(3 + p)} + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

output

```
-d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(p+1)+3/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^4/(2+p)
-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^4/(3+p)+2/5*d*e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom
([5/2, -p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.251.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{5(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^4(5+p) + d^2e^2(5+6p+p^2)x^2 + e^4(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + 4de^5x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \right)}{10e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d^4*(5 + p) + d^2*e^2*(5 + 6*p + p^2)*x^2 + e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/((1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (4*d*e^5*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/(10*e^4)$

3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int 2dex^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2de \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx + \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & 2de(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + \\
 & \frac{2}{5}dex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{2}{5}dex^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{2d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4(p+3)} - \frac{2d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((-2*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p)) + (3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^4*(2 + p)) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p)/(e^4*(3 + p)))/2 + (2*d*e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.251.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.251.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.251.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e2*x5 + 2*d*e*x4 + d2*x3)*(-e2*x2 + d2)p, x)`

3.251.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1328, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.91

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**2*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True)) + 2*d*d**(2*p)*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5 + e**2*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*...`

3.251.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(e^4*(p+1)*x^4 - d^2*e^2*p*x^2 - d^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d^2/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^4) + integrate((e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^4)*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x)`

3.251.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3, x)`

3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.252 $\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.252.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^3(1 + p)} - \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{5 + 2p} + \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{e^3(2 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^2(4 + p)x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(5 + 2p)}$$

```
output -d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(p+1)-x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(5+2*p)+d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^3/(2+p)+2/3*d^2*(4+p)*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/(5+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.252.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-15d(d^2 - e^2x^2) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p (d^2 + e^2(1 + p)x^2) + 5d^2e^3(2 + 3p + p^2)x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{15e^3(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(-15d*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p(d^2 + e^2(1 + p)x^2) + 5d^2e^3(2 + 3p + p^2)x^3\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2] + 3e^5(2 + 3p + p^2)x^5\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2]))/(15e^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.252.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(d + ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & de \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx^2 + \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + de \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & \frac{2d^2(p+4) \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx}{2p+5} + de \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2(p+4)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+5} + \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{2d^2(p+4)x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(2p+5)} - \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2d^2(p+4)x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(2p+5)} - \\
& \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} + de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(5 + 2*p)) + d*e*(-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p))) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p)/(e^4*(2 + p))) + (2*d^2*(4 + p)*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*(5 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.252.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.252.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.252.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.252.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{d^2 d^{2p} x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{3} + 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^4 (d^2)^p}{4} \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} - \frac{d^2 e^2 p x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 p x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + \frac{d^{2p} e^2 x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{5}$$

3.252. $\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**2*d**(2*p)*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3 + 2*d*e*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True)) + d**(2*p)*e**2*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5`

3.252.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)`

3.252.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)`

3.252.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.253 $\int x(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.253.8 Giac [F]	2157
3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2157

3.253.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^2(1+p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^2(2+p)} + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

output

```
-d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(p+1)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^2/(2+p)+2/3
*d*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p],[5/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x
^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.253.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^2(3+p) + e^2(1+p)x^2)}{(1+p)(2+p)} + 4de^3x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{6e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]
```


output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-3*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(d^2*(3 + p) + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2)) / ((1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (4*d*e^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) / (6*e^2)$

3.253.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {572, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 572$$

$$\frac{d \int (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx}{e(p+2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 473$$

$$\frac{d^2(d-ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \int (d-ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+2} dx}{e(p+2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{d^2 2^{p+2} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-2, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(p+2)}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $-1/2*((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/(e^2*(2 + p)) - (2^{(2 + p)*d^2}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(-1 - p)}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(e^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p))$

3.253.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 473 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))
```

```
rule 572 Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[c*(n/(d*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

3.253.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.253.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)
```

3.253.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^2(d^2)^p}{2} \\ \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \log(d^2 - e^2x^2) \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \\ \frac{}{2e^2} \end{array} \right. \text{otherwise} \left. \right) + \frac{2dd^{2p}ex^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2x^2e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{3}$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^4(d^2)^p}{4} \\ -\frac{d^2 \log(-\frac{d}{e}+x)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log(\frac{d}{e}+x)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log(-\frac{d}{e}+x)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log(\frac{d}{e}+x)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} \\ -\frac{d^2 \log(-\frac{d}{e}+x)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log(\frac{d}{e}+x)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} \\ -\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} - \frac{d^2e^2px^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} + \frac{e^4px^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} + \frac{e^4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e = 0 \\ \text{for } p = -2 \\ \text{for } p = -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

```
output d**2*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2), True)) + 2*d*d**(2*p)*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3 + e**2*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True))
```

3.253.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(p + 1)*d^2/(e^2*(p + 1)) + integrate((e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2)*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x)`

3.253.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x, x)`

3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.254 $\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.254.1 Optimal result	2158
3.254.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2158
3.254.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2159
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3.254.7 Maxima [F]	2161
3.254.8 Giac [F]	2162
3.254.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2162

3.254.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{2^{2+p}d(1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d-ex}{2d})}{e(1 + p)}$$

output `-2^(2+p)*d*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, -2-p], [2+p], 1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/e/(p+1)`

3.254.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-3d(d^2 - e^2x^2) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p + 3d^2e(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{3e(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

```
output ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-3*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + 3*d^2*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e^3*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(3*e*(1 + p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)
```

3.254.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 473$$

$$d(d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{d^{2p+2} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-2, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{e(p+1)}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output -((2^(2 + p)*d*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(e*(1 + p)))
```

3.254.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p +
 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !Gt
 Q[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.254.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.254.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.254.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = d^2 d^{2p} x {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right) + 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{x^2 (d^2)^p}{2} \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(d^2 - e^2 x^2) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ \left. - \frac{\phantom{d^2 d^{2p} x^3} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{2e^2} \right) \end{array} \right) \text{ for } e^2 = 0 \\ + \frac{d^{2p} e^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`output `d**2*d**(2*p)*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + 2*d*e*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True)))/(2*e**2), True)) + d**(2*p)*e**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3`**3.254.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.254.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.254.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.255 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$

3.255.1 Optimal result 2163
 3.255.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2164
 3.255.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2164
 3.255.4 Maple [F] 2167
 3.255.5 Fracas [F] 2167
 3.255.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 2167
 3.255.7 Maxima [F] 2168
 3.255.8 Giac [F] 2168
 3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2168

3.255.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2(1+p)}$$

$$+ 2dex(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2(1+p)}$$

output `-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(p+1)+2*d*e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/(p+1)`

3.255.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(4dex \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2) \left(1 + \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)}{1 + p} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((4*d*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(1 + Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 + p)))/2`**3.255.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {543, 27, 238, 237, 354, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int 2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$2de \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{238}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2de(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx + \\
& 2dex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
& 2dex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(d^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) + \\
& 2dex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& 2dex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(2*d*e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(1 + p)) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + p))/2`

3.255.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*((a + b*x^2)^p, x) + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*((a + b*x^2)^p, x)] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.255.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

3.255.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.255.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{d^2 e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} \\ + 2dd^{2p} ex {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right) \\ + e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{x^2 (d^2)^p}{2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{2e^2} \right) \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x,x)`

output `-d**2*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d*
*2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + 2*d*d**(2*p)*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,
, e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + e**2*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, E
q(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)),
(log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True)))/(2*e**2), True))`

3.255.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.255.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x, x)`

3.255. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx$

3.256 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

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3.256.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{x} - 2e^2px(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1+p)}$$

output

```
-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/x-2*e^2*p*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(p+1)
```

3.256.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-d^3(1+p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + ex \left(de(1+p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{d(1+p)}$$

3.256. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(-d^3(1 + p)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2]) + e*x*(d*e*(1 + p)*x\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2] - (d^2 - e^2x^2)*(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2]))/(d*(1 + p)*x*(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.256.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & -2e^2p \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(p + 1)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.256. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 238 \\
 & -2e^2p(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx - \\
 & \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} \\
 & \downarrow 237 \\
 & -2e^2px(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \\
 & \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/x) - (2*e^2*p*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + p))`

3.256.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.256.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

3.256.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.256.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2 d^{2p} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{x} - \frac{d e e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \mid \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{\Gamma(1-p)} + d^{2p} e^2 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2,x)`

output `-d**2*d**(2*p)*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x - d*e*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/gamma(1 - p) + d**(2*p)*e**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)`

3.256.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.256.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.256.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^2, x)`

3.257 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

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3.257.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2x^2} - \frac{2de(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} - \frac{e^2(1-p)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(1+p)}$$

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/x^2-2*d*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*e^2*(1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(p+1)
```

3.257.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{4d^3(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{e(-d^2+e^2x^2) \left(\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{1+p} \right)}{2d^2}$$

3.257. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-4*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(-d^2 + e^2*x^2)*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 + p))/(2*d^2)`

3.257.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & 2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx - \\
 & \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 - \\
& \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(e^2(1-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{e^2(1-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/ (x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1+p)/x^2) - (e^2*(1-p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1+p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^2*(1+p))/2`

3.257.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n+1)/(d*(n+1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n+1, n+2, 1+d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.257.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

3.257. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

3.257.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.257.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d^2 e^{2p} x^{2p-2} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)} \\ - \frac{2dd^{2p} e {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\ - \frac{e^2 e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-d**2*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)) - 2*d*d**(2*p)*e*hyper((-1/2, - p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x - e**2*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.257.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.257.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.257.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^3, x)`

3.258 $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.258.1 Optimal result	2181
3.258.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2182
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3.258.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2187

3.258.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^6(1+p)} - \frac{ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{9 + 2p}$$

$$+ \frac{11d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^6(2+p)} - \frac{5d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{e^6(3+p)} + \frac{3d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{4+p}}{2e^6(4+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^2e(17 + 3p)x^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7(9 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-2*d^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^6/(p+1)-e*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(9+2*p)+1/2*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^6/(2+p)-5*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^6/(3+p)+3/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(4+p)/e^6/(4+p)+2/7*d^2*e*(17+3*p)*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([7/2, -p], [9/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/(9+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.258.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{252d^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)}{1+p} + \frac{693d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2}{2+p} + \frac{189d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^4}{4+p} - \frac{630(d^3 - de^2x^2)^3}{3+p} + 54d^2e^7x^7 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \right)}{126e^6} \text{Hy}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-252*d^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))/(1 + p) + (693*d^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2)/(2 + p) + (189*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^4)/(4 + p) - (630*(d^3 - d*e^2*x^2)^3)/(3 + p) + (54*d^2*e^7*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (14*e^9*x^9*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, -p, 11/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/(126*e^6)$ **3.258.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int dx^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)}{2p+9} \int x^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+9} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)}{2p+9} \int x^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+9} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)}{2p+9} \int x^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)x^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7(2p+9)} - \\
& \quad \frac{ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+9} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)x^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7(2p+9)} - \\
& \quad \frac{ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+9} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+17)x^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7(2p+9)} - \\
& \quad \frac{ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+9} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(-\frac{10d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6(p+3)} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+4}}{e^6(p+4)} - \frac{4d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} + \frac{11d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((e*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(9 + 2*p)) + (d*((-4*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p)) + (11*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^6*(2 + p)) - (10*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p))/(e^6*(3 + p)) + (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(4 + p))/(e^6*(4 + p)))/2 + (2*d^2*e*(17 + 3*p)*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(7*(9 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.258.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 363 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))),
x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(
m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
{k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.258.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.258.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5 (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^8 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^6 + d^3*x^5)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^
p, x)
```


3.258.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 938 vs. $2(190) = 380$.

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2966, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.36

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + e**4*x**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**4*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**2*x**2/(2*e**4) - x**4/(4*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-2*d**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - 2*d**4*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p**2*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) + e**6*p**2*x**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 ...`

3.258.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^6*x^6 - (p^2 + p)*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^4*e^2*p*x^2 - 2*d^6)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d^3/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*e^6) + integrate((e^3*x^8 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^6)*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x)`

3.258.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5, x)`

3.258.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.259 $\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.259.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^5(1 + p)} - \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{7 + 2p}$$

$$+ \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^5(2 + p)} - \frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{e^5(3 + p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{4+p}}{2e^5(4 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^3(11 + p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(7 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-2*d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)-3*d*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(7+2*p)
+9/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^5/(2+p)-3*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^5/(3+
p)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(4+p)/e^5/(4+p)+2/5*d^3*(11+p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*
hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/(7+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.259.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{70}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{35(d^2 - e^2x^2)(6d^6(5+p) + 6d^4e^2(5+6p+p^2)x^2 + 3d^2e^4(10+17p+8p^2+p^3)x^4 + e^6(6+11p+6p^2+p^3)x^6)}{e^5(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)} + 14d^3x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + 30de^2x^7 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-35*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(6*d^6*(5 + p) + 6*d^4*e^2*(5 + 6*p + p^2)*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*(10 + 17*p + 8*p^2 + p^3)*x^4 + e^6*(6 + 11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)*x^6)) / (e^5*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)) + (14*d^3*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (30*d*e^2*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) / 70$

3.259.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(3d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(3d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+11) \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx}{2p+7} + \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+11)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+7} + \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+11)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(2p+7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} + \frac{2d^3(p+1)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(2p+7)} + \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+3}}{e^6(p+3)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+4}}{e^6(p+4)} - \frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} + \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(-3*d*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(7 + 2*p) + (e*((-4*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p)) + (9*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^6*(2 + p)) - (6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p))/(e^6*(3 + p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(4 + p)/(e^6*(4 + p))))/2 + (2*d^3*(11 + p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*(7 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.259.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^(m - 1)/2*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.259.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.259.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*d^2*e*x^5 + d^3*x^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.259.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1945 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2966, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.61

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**3*d**(2*p)*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5 + 3*d**2*e*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + 2*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) + e**4*x**4/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**4*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**6) - d**2*x**2/(2*e**4) - x**4/(4*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-2*d**6*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - 2*d**4*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p**2*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12*e**6*p**2 + 22*e**6*p + 12*e**6) - d**2*e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**6*p**3 + 12...`

3.259.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)`

3.259.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4, x)`

3.259.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.260 $\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.260.1 Optimal result	2195
3.260.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2195
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3.260.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2201

3.260.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^4(1 + p)} - \frac{ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{7 + 2p} + \frac{7d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^4(2 + p)} - \frac{3d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{2e^4(3 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^2e(13 + 3p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(7 + 2p)}$$

```
output -2*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(p+1)-e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(7+2*p)+7
/2*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^4/(2+p)-3/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^4/(3+p)
+2/5*d^2*e*(13+3*p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], e^2*x^2
/d^2)/(7+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.260.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{35d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^4(9+p) + d^2e^2(9+10p+p^2)x^2 + 3e^4(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + 42d^2e^5x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{70e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p((-35d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^4(9 + p) + d^2e^2(9 + 10p + p^2)x^2 + 3e^4(2 + 3p + p^2)x^4)))/((1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)) + (42d^2e^5x^5\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p + (10e^7x^7\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[7/2, -p, 9/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)/(70e^4)$

3.260.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(d + ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int dx^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \\ & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{4d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+13) \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{2p+7} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+13) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+7} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 +}{2d^2 e(3p+13) x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)} \\
& \quad \frac{5(2p+7)}{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}} \\
& \quad \frac{2p+7}{2p+7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+13) x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5(2p+7)} - \\
& \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+7} + \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4(p+3)} - \frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(7 + 2*p)) + (d*((-4*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p)) + (7*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^4*(2 + p)) - (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p))/(e^4*(3 + p)))/2 + (2*d^2*e*(13 + 3*p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*(7 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.260.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.260.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.260.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^4 + d^3*x^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^
p, x)
```

3.260.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. $2(165) = 330$.

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1370, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.10

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**3*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True)) + 3*d**2*d**(2*p)*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5 + 3*d**2*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e, 0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2/((4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**6 + 2*e**8*x**2) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(-...`

3.260.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*(e^4*(p + 1)*x^4 - d^2*e^2*p*x^2 - d^4)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*d^3/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*e^4) + \text{integrate}((e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^4)*e^{(p*\log(e*x + d) + p*\log(-e*x + d))}, x)$

3.260.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3, x)`

3.260.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.261 $\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.261.1 Optimal result	2202
3.261.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2203
3.261.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2203
3.261.4 Maple [F]	2206
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3.261.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2208

3.261.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^3(1 + p)} - \frac{3dx^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{5 + 2p} + \frac{5d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^3(2 + p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{3+p}}{2e^3(3 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2d^3(7 + p)x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(5 + 2p)}$$

```
output -2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(p+1)-3*d*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(5+2*p)
+5/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^3/(2+p)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3+p)/e^3/(3+p)
+2/3*d^3*(7+p)*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)
/(5+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.261.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{30}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{15(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^4(11+3p) + d^2e^2(11+14p+3p^2)x^2 + e^4(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{e^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right.$$

$$\left. + 10d^3x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + 18de^2x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-15*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d^4*(11 + 3*p) + d^2*e^2*(11 + 14*p + 3*p^2))*x^2 + e^4*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(e^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (10*d^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (18*d*e^2*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/30`**3.261.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx + \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d^3+3e^2x^2d) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int e x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 + \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 + \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+7) \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{2p+5} - \frac{3dx^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+7) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+5} - \frac{3dx^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} - \frac{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \frac{3dx^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+7)x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(2p+5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{3dx^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+5} + \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{5d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^4(p+2)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+3}}{e^4(p+3)} - \frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+7)x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3(2p+5)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

```
output (-3*d*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(5 + 2*p) + (e*((-4*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)
^(1 + p))/(e^4*(1 + p)) + (5*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p))/(e^4*(2 + p)) -
(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3 + p)/(e^4*(3 + p))))/2 + (2*d^3*(7 + p)*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*
x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*(5 + 2*p)*(1 - (
e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)
```

3.261.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 278 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((
c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (
-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0
] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntP
art[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] &&
!(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.261.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.261.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.261.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 938 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1370, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)
```

```
output d**3*d**(2*p)*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**
*2)/3 + 3*d**2*e*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e +
x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**
6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*
d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x
**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**
4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2
+ 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2
+ 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6
*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*
p + 4*e**4), True)) + 3*d*d**(2*p)*e**2*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), e**2
*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5 + e**3*Piecewise((x**6*(d**2)**p/6, Eq(e,
0)), (-2*d**4*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4
) - 2*d**4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) -
3*d**4/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**2*x**2*
log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d**2*e**
2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) + 4*d*
*2*e**2*x**2/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x**4
*log(-d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4) - 2*e**4*x*
*4*log(d/e + x)/(4*d**4*e**6 - 8*d**2*e**8*x**2 + 4*e**10*x**4), Eq(p, ...
```

3.261.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)
```

3.261.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2, x)`

3.261.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.262 $\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.262.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2209
3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2210
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3.262.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2212
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3.262.8 Giac [F]	2213
3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2214

3.262.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^2(5 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{3 \cdot 2^{3+p} d^3 \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{e^2(1 + p)(5 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(5+2*p)-3*2^(3+p)*d^3*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)
*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, -3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/e^2/(2*p
^2+7*p+5)
```

3.262.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{5d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(d^2(5+p) + 3e^2(1+p)x^2)}{(1+p)(2+p)} + 10d^2e^3x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)}{10e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p * ((-5*d*(d^2 - e^2x^2)*(d^2*(5 + p) + 3*e^2*(1 + p)*x^2)) / ((1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (10*d^2*e^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (2*e^5*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) / (10*e^2)$

3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {572, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 572$$

$$\frac{3d \int (d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p dx}{e(2p+5)} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(2p+5)}$$

$$\downarrow 473$$

$$\frac{3d^3(d-ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1} \int (d-ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+3} dx}{e(2p+5)} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(2p+5)}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{3d^3 2^{p+3} (d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p-3, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(2p+5)} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(2p+5)}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $-\left(\frac{(d + ex)^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)}}{e^{2(5+2p)}} - (3 \cdot 2^{(3+p)}d^3(1 + (ex)/d)^{-1-p}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3-p, 1+p, 2+p, (d - ex)/(2d)]\right)/e^{2(1+p)(5+2p)}$

3.262.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

rule 572 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[c*(n/(d*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.262.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.262.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.262.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.13

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= d^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^2(d^2)^p}{2} \\ \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \log(d^2 - e^2x^2) \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\log(d^2 - e^2x^2)}{2e^2} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \left. \right) + d^2 d^{2p} e x^3 {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{3}{2}, -p \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)$$

$$+ 3de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^4(d^2)^p}{4} \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} + \frac{e^2x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{-2d^2e^4+2e^6x^2} \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e}+x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} \end{array} \right) \\ -\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} - \frac{d^2e^2px^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} + \frac{e^4px^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} + \frac{e^4x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p^2+6e^4p+4e^4} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } e = 0 \\ \text{for } p = -2 \\ \text{for } p = -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \left. \right)$$

$$+ \frac{d^{2p} e^3 x^5 {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{5}{2}, -p \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

```
output d**3*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*
x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2
), True)) + d**2*d**(2*p)*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_po
lar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**
2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*
e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d
/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**
4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e
+ x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(
2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/
(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e
**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p*
*2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True)) + d**(2*p)*e**3*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2
,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/5
```

3.262.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(p + 1)*d^3/(e^2*(p + 1)) + integrate((e^3*x^4 + 3*d
*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2)*e^(p*log(e*x + d) + p*log(-e*x + d)), x)
```

3.262.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x, x)
```

3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int x (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.263 $\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

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3.263.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{2^{3+p}d^2\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{e(1 + p)}$$

```
output -2^(3+p)*d^2*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, -3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/e/(p+1)
```

3.263.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{2}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(\frac{(-d^2 + e^2x^2)(d^2(7 + 3p) + e^2(1 + p)x^2)}{e(1 + p)(2 + p)} + 2d^3x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + 2de^2x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(((d^2 + e^2*x^2)*(d^2*(7 + 3*p) + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2))/(e*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (2*d^3*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (2*d*e^2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)/2`

3.263.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 473$$

$$d^2 (d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p+3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{d^2 2^{p+3} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p - 3, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{e(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((2^(3 + p)*d^2*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(e*(1 + p)))`

3.263.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.263.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.263.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.263.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.52

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = d^3 d^{2p} x {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right) + 3d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^2 (d^2)^p}{2} \quad \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{2e^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + dd^{2p} e^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{x^4 (d^2)^p}{4} \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} - \frac{d^2}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} + \frac{e^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{-2d^2 e^4 + 2e^6 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{d^2 \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{2e^4} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} - \frac{d^2 e^2 p x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 p x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} + \frac{e^4 x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^4 p^2 + 6e^4 p + 4e^4} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**3*d**(2*p)*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2 + 3*d**2*e*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2), True)) + d*d**(2*p)*e**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + e**3*Piecewise((x**4*(d**2)**p/4, Eq(e, 0)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) - d**2/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(-d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2) + e**2*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(-2*d**2*e**4 + 2*e**6*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-d**2*log(-d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - d**2*log(d/e + x)/(2*e**4) - x**2/(2*e**2), Eq(p, -1)), (-d**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) - d**2*e**2*p*x**2*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*p*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4) + e**4*x**4*(d**2 - e**2*x**2)**p/(2*e**4*p**2 + 6*e**4*p + 4*e**4), True))`

3.263.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.263.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p, x)`

3.263.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.264 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$

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3.264.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2(1+p)} - \frac{ex(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{3+2p} + \frac{2d^2e(5+3p)x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3+2p} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2(1+p)}$$

```
output -3/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(p+1)-e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(3+2*p)+2*d^2*e
*(5+3*p)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/(3+2*p)
/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],1
-e^2*x^2/d^2)/(p+1)
```

3.264.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-\frac{9d(d^2 - e^2x^2)}{1+p} \right.$$

$$+ 18d^2ex \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3d(d^2 - e^2x^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{1+p}$$

$$\left. + 2e^3x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-9*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))/(1 + p) + (18*d^2*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - (3*d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + p) + (2*e^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/6`**3.264.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 299, 238, 237, 354, 27, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx$$

3.264. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 299 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{2p+3} + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 238 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{2p+3} + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx - \\
& \quad \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 237 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2p+3} + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 90 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+5)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{1}{2} d \left(d^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 75
\end{aligned}$$

3.264. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx$

$$\frac{2d^2 e(3p+5)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `-((e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p)) + (2*d^2*e*(5 + 3*p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((3 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (d*((-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + p)))/2`

3.264.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^(FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(FracPart[p])) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.264.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x)`

3.264.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.264.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{d^3 e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} \\ + 3d^2 d^{2p} e x {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right) \\ + 3de^2 \left(\begin{matrix} \frac{x^2 (d^2)^p}{2} & \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{2e^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right) \\ + \frac{d^{2p} e^3 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, -p \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x,x)`

output `-d**3*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + 3*d**2*d**(2*p)*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2), True)) + d**(2*p)*e**3*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/3`

3.264.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.264.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x, x)`

3.264.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x, x)`

3.265 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

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3.265.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2(1+p)} - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{x}$$

$$+ 2de^2(1-p)x(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2(1+p)}$$

```
output -1/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/(p+1)-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/x+2*d*e^2*(1-p)*x
*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^(
p)-3/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/(p+1
)
```

3.265.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-2d^3(1+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + ex \left(6de(1+p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - (d^2 - e^2x^2) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p (1 + 3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}])\right)\right)}{(2(1+p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-2*d^3*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*x*(6*d*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(1 + 3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))) / (2*(1 + p)*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`**3.265.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 90, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (3d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (3d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

3.265. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2}e \left(3d^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& 2de^2(1-p) \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& 2de^2(1-p) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& 2de^2(1-p)x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{p+1} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output $-\left(\frac{d^2 - e^2 x^2}{x}\right)^{(1+p)} + \frac{2d^2 e^2 (1-p) x (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right]}{(1 - e^2 x^2/d^2)^p} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\left(\frac{d^2 - e^2 x^2}{1+p}\right)^{(1+p)} - (3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{(1+p)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right])\right)}{(1+p)}$

3.265.3.1 Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) (F x_*), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) (G x_*)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 75 $\operatorname{Int}[(b_*) (x_*)^{(m_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d x)^{(n+1)} / (d^{(n+1)} (-d/(b c))^{(m)}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m, n+1, n+2, 1 + d(x/c)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[-d/(b c), 0])$

rule 90 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)} ((e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b (c + d x)^{(n+1)} ((e + f x)^{(p+1)} / (d f (n+p+2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(a d f (n+p+2) - b (d e (n+1) + c f (p+1))) / (d f (n+p+2)) \operatorname{Int}[(c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$

rule 237 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)(x^2/a)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 238 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} ((a + b x^2)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^2/a))^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}) \operatorname{Int}[(1 + b(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2p] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 354 $\operatorname{Int}[(x_*)^{(m_*)} ((a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(q_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} (a + b x)^p (c + d x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 359 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x._)^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.265.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x)`

3.265.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.265.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d^3 d^{2p} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right. \right)}{x} - \frac{3d^2 e e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \left| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} + 3d d^{2p} e^2 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2} \right. \right) + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{ll} \frac{x^2 (d^2)^p}{2} & \text{for } e^2 = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(d^2 - e^2 x^2) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. & \text{otherwise} \\ -\frac{\log(d^2 - e^2 x^2)}{2e^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2,x)`output `-d**3*d**(2*p)*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x - 3*d**2*e*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + 3*d*d**(2*p)*e**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2) + e**3*Piecewise((x**2*(d**2)**p/2, Eq(e**2, 0)), (-Piecewise(((d**2 - e**2*x**2)**(p + 1))/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(d**2 - e**2*x**2), True))/(2*e**2), True))`**3.265.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.265. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

3.265.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^2, x)`

3.265.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2, x)`

3.266 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

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3.266.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p}}{2x^2} - \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p}}{x}$$

$$- 2e^3(1 + 3p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{e^2(3 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/x^2-3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/x-2*e^3*(1+3*p)*x
*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^
p)-1/2*e^2*(3-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d
^2)/d/(p+1)
```

3.266.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-6d^3(1+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + ex \left(2de(1+p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - (d^2 - e^2x^2) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p \left(3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right] + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right]\right)\right)}{(2d(1+p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-6*d^3*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*x*(2*d*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))) / (2*d*(1 + p)*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`**3.266.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 87, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(e^2(3-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x^2} dx \\
& \downarrow 75 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e)}{x^2} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{e^2(3-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 359 \\
& -2e^3(3p+1) \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{e^2(3-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 238 \\
& -2e^3(3p+1)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{e^2(3-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 237 \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{e^2(3-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{x} - 2e^3(3p+1)x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output $(-3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)}/x - (2e^3(1+3p)x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p + (d(-((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)}/x^2) - (e^2(3-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{(1+p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2])/(d^2(1+p))))/2$

3.266.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 75 $\text{Int}[(b_*)(x_)^m((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + dx)^{(n+1)}/(d*(n+1)*(-d/(b*c))^m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m, n+1, n+2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)*((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + dx)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + dx)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\! \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 237 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 238 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 359 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x._)^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.266.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x)`

3.266.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.266.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d^3 e^{2p} x^{2p-2} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)} \\ - \frac{3d^2 d^{2p} e_2 F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{x} \\ - \frac{3d e^2 e^{2p} x^{2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} \\ + d^{2p} e^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-d**3*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)) - 3*d**2*d**(2*p)*e*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/x - 3*d*e**2*e**(2*p)*x**(2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + d**(2*p)*e**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)`

3.266.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.266.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/x^3, x)`

3.266.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (d+ex)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3, x)`

3.267 $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

3.267.1 Optimal result 2241
 3.267.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) 2241
 3.267.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2242
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 3.267.8 Giac [F] 2245
 3.267.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2246

3.267.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^5p} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^5(1 + p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^5(2 + p)} + \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d}$$

output `1/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^5/p-d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(2+p)/e^5/(2+p)+1/5*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 1-p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.267.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{x^5(d - ex)^p(d + ex)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(5, -p, 1 - p, 6, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^5*(d - e*x)^p*(d + e*x)^p*AppellF1[5, -p, 1 - p, 6, (e*x)/d, -((e*x)/d)])/ (5*d*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.267. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

3.267.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {583, 542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\
 & \int x^4(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - e \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & d \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{\frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} - \frac{5d}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+2}} - \frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^6p}\right)}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-1/2*(e*(-((d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^6*p)) + (2*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p)) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p)/(e^6*(2 + p)))) + (x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 1 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.267.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)
]^(p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 583 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)
]^(n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.267.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d), x)`

output `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d), x)`

3.267.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`

3.267.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d),x)`output `Timed out`**3.267.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`**3.267.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`

3.267.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.268 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

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 3.268.5 Fricas [F] 2251
 3.268.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2251
 3.268.7 Maxima [F] 2252
 3.268.8 Giac [F] 2252
 3.268.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2252

3.268.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p} + \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^4(1+p)} - \frac{ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2}$$

```
output -1/2*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^4/p+1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(p+1)-1/5*e
*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 1-p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/((1-e^2*
x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.268.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(6d^2e(1+p)x\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + 2e^3\right)}{5d^2}$$

3.268. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(6d^2e(1+p)x(1 + (ex)/d)^p\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2] + 2e^3(1+p)x^3(1 + (ex)/d)^p\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2] + 3d((1 + (ex)/d)^p(-(e^2x^2(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p) + d^2(-1 + (1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)) + d(d - ex)(2 - (2e^2x^2)/d^2)^p\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)])))/(6e^4(1+p)(1 + (ex)/d)^p(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.268.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {583, 542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\ & \int x^3(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\ & d \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\ & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx^2 - e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{d^2}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4p} \right) - ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

output `(d*(-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^4*p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^4*(1 + p))))/2 - (e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 1 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.268.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 583 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.268.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d), x)`

output `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d), x)`

3.268.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)`

3.268.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 62.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17065, normalized size of antiderivative = 141.03

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((-3*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*p*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*p*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)) + 3*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*p*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*p*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)) + 6*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*p*acoth(d/(e*x))*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*p*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)) - 3*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*p*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)) + 3*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*p*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) + 6*d**3*e**6*x**2*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)) + 6*0**p*d**5*d**(2*p + 3)*acoth(d/(e*x))*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1)/(-6*d**5*e**4*p*gamma(-p - 1/2)*gamma(p + 1) - 6*d**5*e**4*gamma...`

3.268.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)`

3.268.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)`

3.268.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.269 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

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3.269.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^3p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3(1 + p)} + \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d}$$

output `1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^3/p-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(p+1)+1/3*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, 1-p],[5/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.269.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^p \left(-e^2x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p + d^2 \left(-1 + \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p\right)\right) + 2de^2x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

3.269. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

output
$$\frac{-1/2*((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(-(e^2*x^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + d^2*(-1 + (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) + 2*d*e*(1 + p)*x*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + d*(d - e*x)*(2 - (2*e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(e^3*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p}$$

3.269.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {583, 542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\ & \int x^2(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\ & d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - e \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\ & d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\ & \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{d} - \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^2}\right) dx^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4(p+1)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4p}\right)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

output `-1/2*(e*(-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^4*p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^4*(1 + p)))) + (x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 1 - p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.269.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 583 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.269.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.269.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)`

3.269.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14895, normalized size of antiderivative = 125.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*p*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*p*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - 0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*p*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*p*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - 2*0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*p*acoth(d/(e*x))*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*p*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) + 0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*p*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - 0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*p*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5*x**2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - 2*0**p*d**4*d**(2*p + 2)*acoth(d/(e*x))*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)/(-2*d**4*e**3*p*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) - 2*d**4*e**3*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1) + 2*d**2*e**5...`

3.269.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)`

3.269. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

3.269.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)`

3.269.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.270 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

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 3.270.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2260
 3.270.4 Maple [F] 2261
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3.270.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{2e^2 p} - \frac{ex^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2}$$

output `-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^2/p-1/3*e*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, 1-p], [5/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)`

3.270.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2^{-1+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(2e(1 + p)x \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) + \dots\right)}{e^2(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

output $(2^{-1+p})(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(2e(1+p)x^{1/2} + (ex)/(2d))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2] + (d - ex)(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] / (e^2(1+p)(1 + (ex)/d)^p(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p$

3.270.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {565, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{565} \\ & -e \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^2p} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\ & \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^2p} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\ & \frac{ex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^2p} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]$

output $-1/2*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^2*p) - (e*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, 1 - p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.270.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 565 `Int[((x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*b*c*p)), x] + Simp[b/d Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.270.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.270.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)`

3.270.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.89

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \log\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \log\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \operatorname{acoth}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} x}{de} - \frac{e^{2p-1} p x^{2p+1} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma(-p-\frac{1}{2}) {}_2F_1\left(1-p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-p)\Gamma(p+1)} \\ \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \log\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \log\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{0^p d^{2p+1} x}{de} - \frac{e^{2p-1} p x^{2p+1} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma(-p-\frac{1}{2}) {}_2F_1\left(1-p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-p)\Gamma(p+1)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Piecewise((0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*e**2) - 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/(2*e**2) - 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*acoth(d/(e*x))/e**2 + 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*x/(d*e) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p + 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(-p - 1/2)*hyper((1 - p, -p - 1/2), (1/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - d**(2*p + 1)*x**2*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((2, 1, 1 - p), (2, 2), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**2*gamma(-p)*gamma(p + 1)), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*e**2) - 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*log(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/(2*e**2) - 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*atanh(d/(e*x))/e**2 + 0**p*d**(2*p + 1)*x/(d*e) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p + 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(-p - 1/2)*hyper((1 - p, -p - 1/2), (1/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(1/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - d**(2*p + 1)*x**2*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((2, 1, 1 - p), (2, 2), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**2*gamma(-p)*gamma(p + 1)), True))`

3.270.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)`

3.270.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)`

3.270.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.271 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

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3.271.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2^{-1+p} (1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d})}{d^2 e (1 + p)}$$

```
output -2^(-1+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1-p, p+1],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^2/e/(p+1)
```

3.271.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2^{-1+p} (d - ex) (1 + \frac{ex}{d})^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d})}{de(1 + p)}$$

```
input Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output -((2^(-1 + p)*(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d*e*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p))
```

3.271. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

3.271.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{(d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-1} dx}{d^2}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2^{p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2 e(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x]`

output `--((2^(-1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^2*e*(1 + p)))`

3.271.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.271.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.271.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

3.271.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{0^p \log\left(-1 + \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2e} + \frac{0^p \operatorname{acoth}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e} + \frac{de^{2p-2}px^{2p-1}e^{i\pi p}\Gamma(p)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-p\right)_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} 1-p, \frac{1}{2}-p \\ \frac{3}{2}-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-p\right)\Gamma(p+1)} + \frac{d^{2p}ex^2\Gamma(p)\Gamma(1-p)_3F_2\left(\begin{matrix} 2, 1, 1 \\ 2, 2 \end{matrix}\right)}{2d^2\Gamma(-p)\Gamma(p+1)} \\ \frac{0^p \log\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2e} + \frac{0^p \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{e} + \frac{de^{2p-2}px^{2p-1}e^{i\pi p}\Gamma(p)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-p\right)_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} 1-p, \frac{1}{2}-p \\ \frac{3}{2}-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-p\right)\Gamma(p+1)} + \frac{d^{2p}ex^2\Gamma(p)\Gamma(1-p)_3F_2\left(\begin{matrix} 2, 1, 1 \\ 2, 2 \end{matrix}\right)}{2d^2\Gamma(-p)\Gamma(p+1)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.271. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

```
output Piecewise((0**p*log(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/(2*e) + 0**p*acoth(e*x/d)/e + d*e
** (2*p - 2)*p*x** (2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1/2 - p)*hyper((1 -
p, 1/2 - p), (3/2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1))
+ d** (2*p)*e*x**2*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((2, 1, 1 - p), (2, 2), e**2
*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**2*gamma(-p)*gamma(p + 1)), Abs(e**2*x*
**2/d**2) > 1), (0**p*log(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/(2*e) + 0**p*atanh(e*x/d)/e +
d*e** (2*p - 2)*p*x** (2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1/2 - p)*hyper((
1 - p, 1/2 - p), (3/2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3/2 - p)*gamma(p +
1)) + d** (2*p)*e*x**2*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((2, 1, 1 - p), (2, 2),
e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*d**2*gamma(-p)*gamma(p + 1)), True))
```

3.271.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.271.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.271.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x), x)`

3.272 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$

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3.272.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2dp}$$

output `-e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 1-p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/p`

3.272.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{2^{-1+p} \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2})\right)}{d^2 p (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $(2^{-1+p})(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (p(1 - d^2/(e^2x^2)))^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] + d(1 + p)(1/2 + (ex)/(2d))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2x^2)]) / (d^{2+p}(1 + p)(1 - d^2/(e^2x^2))^p (1 + (ex)/d)^p)$

3.272.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {583, 542, 238, 237, 243, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x} dx - e \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x} dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x} dx - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-((e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, p, 1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d*p)`

3.272.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 583 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x._))^(n_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, 0]`

3.272.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

3.272.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x^2 + d*x), x)`

3.272.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{0^p d^{2p-1} \log\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} - 1\right)}{2} - 0^p d^{2p-1} \operatorname{acoth}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} px^{2p-2} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} 1-p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)\Gamma(p+1)} - \frac{e^{2p-1} px^{2p-1} e^{i\pi p}}{e^{2p-1} px^{2p-1} e^{i\pi p}} \\ -\frac{0^p d^{2p-1} \log\left(-\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2} + 1\right)}{2} - 0^p d^{2p-1} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{d}{ex}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} px^{2p-2} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} 1-p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)\Gamma(p+1)} - \frac{e^{2p-1} px^{2p-1} e^{i\pi p}}{e^{2p-1} px^{2p-1} e^{i\pi p}} \end{cases}$$

3.272. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d+ex)} dx$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((-0**p*d**(2*p - 1)*log(d**2/(e**2*x**2) - 1)/2 - 0**p*d**(2*p - 1)*acoth(d/(e*x)) + d*e**(2*p - 2)*p*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1/2 - p), (3/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), Abs(d**2/(e**2*x**2)) > 1), (-0**p*d**(2*p - 1)*log(-d**2/(e**2*x**2) + 1)/2 - 0**p*d**(2*p - 1)*atanh(d/(e*x)) + d*e**(2*p - 2)*p*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1/2 - p), (3/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), True))`

3.272.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.272.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.272.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.273 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

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3.273.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dx} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 p}$$

output

```

-(e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 1-p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/2*e*(e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/p
    
```

3.273.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{2d^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{2^p e(-d+ex)\left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{ex}{d}\right)}{1+p} \right)}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-2*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (2^p*e*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) - (d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p))/(2*d^3)`

3.273.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {583, 542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 583 \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 542 \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx - e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2p} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 279
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx}{d} +$$

$$\frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 p}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 p} -$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dx}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)) + (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, p, 1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^2*p)`

3.273.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 583 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

3.273.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x)`

3.273.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x^3 + d*x^2), x)`

3.273.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{0^p d d^{2p-2}}{x} - \frac{0^p d^{2p-2} e \log\left(\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} + \frac{0^p d^{2p-2} e \log\left(-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} + 0^p d^{2p-2} e \operatorname{acoth}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} p x^{2p-3} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-p\right) {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{3}{2}-p; \frac{5}{2}-p; \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}-p\right)\Gamma(p+1)} \\ -\frac{0^p d d^{2p-2}}{x} - \frac{0^p d^{2p-2} e \log\left(\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} + \frac{0^p d^{2p-2} e \log\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} + 0^p d^{2p-2} e \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} p x^{2p-3} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-p\right) {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{3}{2}-p; \frac{5}{2}-p; \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}-p\right)\Gamma(p+1)} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((-0**p*d*d**(2*p - 2)/x - 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 + 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*log(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 + 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*acoth(e*x/d) + d*e**(2*p - 2)*p*x**(2*p - 3)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(3/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 3/2 - p), (5/2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(5/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1 - p), (2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-0**p*d*d**(2*p - 2)/x - 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 + 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*log(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 + 0**p*d**(2*p - 2)*e*atanh(e*x/d) + d*e**(2*p - 2)*p*x**(2*p - 3)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(3/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 3/2 - p), (5/2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(5/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**(2*p - 1)*p*x**(2*p - 2)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 1 - p), (2 - p), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), True))`

3.273.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.273. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.273.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.273.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.274 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

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3.274.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2 x} - \frac{e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, 1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3 p}$$

output

```
e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 1-p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([2, p], [p+1], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/p
```

3.274.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{2d^2 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{(-1+p)x^2} \right) \right)}{2d^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((2*d^2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/((-1 + p)*x^2) + e^2*((2 - (2*d^2)/(e^2*x^2))^p*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (d*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/p))/(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)/(2*d^4)`

3.274.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {583, 542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^3} dx - e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^4} dx^2 - e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & -e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx - \frac{e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3p} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.274. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx}{d^2}$$

$$\frac{e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3p}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2x}$$

$$\frac{e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^3p}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2, p, 1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^3*p)`

3.274.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 583 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

3.274.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x)`

3.274.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x^4 + d*x^3), x)`

3.274.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.48

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{0^p d^2 d^{2p-3}}{2x^2} + \frac{0^p d d^{2p-3} e}{x} + \frac{0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \log\left(\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \log\left(-1 + \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} - 0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \operatorname{acoth}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} px^{2p-4} e^{i\pi p}}{\dots} \\ -\frac{0^p d^2 d^{2p-3}}{2x^2} + \frac{0^p d d^{2p-3} e}{x} + \frac{0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \log\left(\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} - \frac{0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2} - 0^p d^{2p-3} e^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) + \frac{de^{2p-2} px^{2p-4} e^{i\pi p}}{\dots} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Piecewise((-0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)/(2*x**2) + 0**p*d*d**(2*p - 3)*e/x + 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 - 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*log(-1 + e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 - 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*acoth(e*x/d) + d*e**2*d**(2*p - 2)*p*x**2*d**(2*p - 4)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 2 - p), (3 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**2*d**(2*p - 1)*p*x**2*d**(2*p - 3)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(3/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 3/2 - p), (5/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(5/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), Abs(e**2*x**2/d**2) > 1), (-0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)/(2*x**2) + 0**p*d*d**(2*p - 3)*e/x + 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*log(e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 - 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*log(1 - e**2*x**2/d**2)/2 - 0**p*d**2*d**(2*p - 3)*e**2*atanh(e*x/d) + d*e**2*d**(2*p - 2)*p*x**2*d**(2*p - 4)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 2 - p), (3 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(3 - p)*gamma(p + 1)) - e**2*d**(2*p - 1)*p*x**2*d**(2*p - 3)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(3/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, 3/2 - p), (5/2 - p,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(5/2 - p)*gamma(p + 1)), True))`

3.274.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.274.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.274.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.275 $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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 3.275.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) 2287
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3.275.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{e^6(1 - p)} + \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^6p} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^6(1 + p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{2+p}}{2e^6(2 + p)} - \frac{2ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7d^3}$$

output $d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{-1+p}/e^6/(1-p)+5/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^6/p-2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{p+1}/e^6/(p+1)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{2+p}/e^6/(2+p)-2/7*e*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([7/2, 2-p], [9/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)$

3.275.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{x^6(d - ex)^p(d + ex)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(6, -p, 2 - p, 7, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{6d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(x^6*(d - e*x)^p*(d + e*x)^p*AppellF1[6, -p, 2 - p, 7, (e*x)/d, -((e*x)/d)])/((6*d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.275.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int x^5(d - ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int -2dex^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx + \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - 2de \int x^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^6 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{\int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - 2ex^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.275. $\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{2ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{2d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{2ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{4d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+2}}{e^6(p+2)} + \frac{2d^6 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^6(1-p)} + \frac{5d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^6 p} \right) - \\
& \frac{2ex^7 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{7d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((2*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^6*(1 - p)) + (5*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^6*p) - (4*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^6*(1 + p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(2 + p)/(e^6*(2 + p)))/2 - (2*e*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, 2 - p, 9/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(7*d^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.275.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.275.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.275.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^5}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.275.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.275.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^5}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.275.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^5}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^5/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.275.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.276 $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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 3.276.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2298

3.276.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{e^5(1 - p)} - \frac{x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{3 + 2p} - \frac{2d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^5p} + \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^5(1 + p)} + \frac{2(4 + p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2(3 + 2p)}$$

```
output -d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^5/(1-p)-x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/(3+2*p)-2*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^5/p+d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)+2/5*(4+p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 2-p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(3+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.276.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{x^5(d - ex)^p(d + ex)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(5, -p, 2 - p, 6, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{5d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(x^5*(d - e*x)^p*(d + e*x)^p*AppellF1[5, -p, 2 - p, 6, (e*x)/d, -((e*x)/d)])/ (5*d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.276.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int x^4(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int -2dex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - 2de \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - de \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - \\
 & de \int \left(\frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2(p+4) \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} dx}{2p+3} - \\
de \int & \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{2(p+4) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^2(2p+3)} - \\
de \int & \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& -de \int \left(\frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{2(p+4)x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2(2p+3)} - \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+3} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{2(p+4)x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2(2p+3)} - \\
& \frac{x^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+3} - de \left(\frac{2d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^6 p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6 (p+1)} + \frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^6 (1-p)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(3 + 2*p)) - d*e*((d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^6*(1 - p)) + (2*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^6*p) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^6*(1 + p))) + (2*(4 + p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d^2*(3 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.276.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

```
rule 570 Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.276.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.276.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```

3.276.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)
```

3.276. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.276.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.276.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.276.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.277
$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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3.277.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{e^4(1 - p)} + \frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^4(1 + p)} - \frac{2ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3}$$

```
output d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^4/(1-p)+3/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^4/p-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(p+1)-2/5*e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 2-p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.277.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 332 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2^{-2+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(2d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p - 2d^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p + 2e^2x^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p\right)}{5d^3}$$

3.277.
$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(2^{-2 + p}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(2*d^2*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p - 2*d^2*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + 2*e^2*x^2*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p - 8*d*e*(1 + p)*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - 6*d*(d - e*x)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + d^2*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - d*e*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(e^4*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.277.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 570 \\ & \int x^3(d - ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 543 \\ & \int -2dex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx + \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - 2de \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 279 \\ & \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 278 \end{aligned}$$

3.277. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx - 2ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 - 2ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{2d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} - \frac{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - 2ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4 p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^4 (p+1)} + \frac{2d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4 (1-p)} \right) - 2ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((2*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^4*(1 - p)) + (3*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^4*p) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^4*(1 + p)))/2 - (2*e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.277.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.277.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.277.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.277.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.277.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.277.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.277.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.278
$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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3.278.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{e^3(1 - p)} - \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{1 + 2p} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^3p} + \frac{2(2 + p)x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2(1 + 2p)}$$

```
output -d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^3/(1-p)-x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/(1+2*p)-d*(
-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^3/p+2/3*(2+p)*x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3/2, 2-p],
[5/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(1+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.278.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2^{-2+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(4e(1 + p)x \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(2^{-2 + p}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(4*e*(1 + p)*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + (d - e*x)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(4*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/((e^3*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.278.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int x^2(d - ex)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \int -2dex^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - 2de \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - de \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx - de \int \left(\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.278. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d^2(p+2) \int x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} dx}{2p+1} - de \int \left(\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{2(p+2) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^2(2p+1)} - \\
& de \int \left(\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& -de \int \left(\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{2(p+2)x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2-p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2(2p+1)} - \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2(p+2)x^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2-p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2(2p+1)} - \\
& \frac{x^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2p+1} - de \left(\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4(1-p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4 p} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(1 + 2*p)) - d*e*((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^4*(1 - p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(e^4*p)) + (2*(2 + p)*x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 2 - p, 5/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^2*(1 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.278.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

```
rule 570 Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.278.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.278.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```

3.278.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)
```

3.278. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.278.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.278.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.278.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.279 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.279.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(1 - p)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2^{-1+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2 e^2 (1 - p^2)}$$

```
output 1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(1-p)/(e*x+d)^2-2^(-1+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1-p, p+1],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^2/e^2/(-p^2+1)
```

3.279.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2^{-2+p} (d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)\right)}{de^2(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(2^{(-2 + p)}*(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/(d*e^{2*(1 + p)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)$

3.279.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {571, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 571$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx}{e(1 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(1 - p)(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 473$$

$$\frac{(d - ex)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-1} dx}{d^2e(1 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(1 - p)(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(1 - p)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2^{p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2e^2(1 - p)(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}/(2*e^2*(1 - p)*(d + e*x)^2) - (2^{(-1 + p)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(-1 - p)}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^2*e^2*(1 - p)*(1 + p))$

3.279.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

rule 571 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0]`

3.279.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.279.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.279.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.279.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.279.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.279.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

$$3.280 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

3.280.1 Optimal result	2316
3.280.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2316
3.280.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2317
3.280.4 Maple [F]	2318
3.280.5 Fracas [F]	2318
3.280.6 Sympy [F]	2318
3.280.7 Maxima [F]	2319
3.280.8 Giac [F]	2319
3.280.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2319

3.280.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{2^{-2+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e(1 + p)}$$

output `-2^(-2+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 2-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^3/e/(p+1)`

3.280.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{2^{-2+p} (d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2 e(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((2^(-2 + p)*(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^2*e*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p))`

$$3.280. \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

3.280.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{(d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^3}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2^{p-2} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((2^(-2 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^3*e*(1 + p)))`

3.280.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.280.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.280.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.280.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.280.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.280.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.280.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.281 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.281.1 Optimal result 2320
 3.281.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2320
 3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2321
 3.281.4 Maple [F] 2324
 3.281.5 Fricas [F] 2324
 3.281.6 Sympy [F] 2324
 3.281.7 Maxima [F] 2325
 3.281.8 Giac [F] 2325
 3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2325

3.281.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{1 - p} - \frac{2ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2 p}$$

output `(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/(1-p)-2*e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 2-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1, p],[p+1],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/p`

3.281.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{2^{-2+p} \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(2p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 - p, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2})\right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output $(2^{(-2 + p)}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(2p(1 - d^2/(e^2x^2))^p(d - ex)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] + p(1 - d^2/(e^2x^2))^p(d - ex)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] + 2d(1 + p)(1/2 + (ex)/(2d))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2x^2)]))/d^3p(1 + p)(1 - d^2/(e^2x^2))^p(1 + (ex)/d)^p$

3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 238, 237, 354, 88, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int \frac{(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int -2de(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx - 2de \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx - \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x} dx - 2ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 - 2ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{88} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{1 - p} \right) - 2ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{1 - p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, p + 1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2 p} \right) - 2ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `(-2*e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/d^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + ((2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(1 - p) - ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, p, 1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*p))/2`

3.281.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 88 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^(n), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.281.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.281.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x), x)`

3.281.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.281.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.281.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.282 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.282.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^2(2 - p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4}$$

$$- \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1 - p)}$$

output `-(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/x+2*e^2*(2-p)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 2-p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([1, -1+p], [p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(1-p)`

3.282.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{4d^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{2^{2+p} e^{-d+ex} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{1+p} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output

```
((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-4*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2
])/ (x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (2^(2 + p)*e*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1
- p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e*(
-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p
)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) - (4*d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)
])/ (p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(4*d^4)
```

3.282.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 243, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int -\frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1-p)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& 2e^2(2-p) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} dx - \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1-p)} - \\
& \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& \frac{2e^2(2-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^4} - \\
& \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{x} + \\
& \frac{2e^2(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)/x) + (2*e^2*(2 - p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 - p))`

3.282.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^(n), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.282.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.282.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2), x)`

3.282.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**2*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.282.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.282.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.282.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.283 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.283.8 Giac [F]	2337
3.283.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2338

3.283.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{2x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 x}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(3 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(1 - p)}$$

```
output -1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/x^2+2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 2-p],
[1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/2*e^2*(3-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^
(-1+p)*hypergeom([1, -1+p], [p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(1-p)
```

3.283.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{8d^2 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{2d^3 \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{(-1+p)x^2} \right) +$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

```
output ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((8*d^2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (2*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (3*2^(1 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (6*d*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(4*d^5)
```

3.283.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int -\frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.283. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx - \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(e^2(3 - p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} \right) + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^2(3 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p - 1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(1 - p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 x}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `(2*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (d^3*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)/x^2) + (e^2*(3 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (d^2*(1 - p))) / 2`

3.283. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)^2} dx$

3.283.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(n+1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
  n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
  LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.283.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.283.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^5 + 2*d*e*x^4 + d^2*x^3), x)
```

3.283.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**3*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.283.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^3), x)`

3.283.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^3), x)`

3.283.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.284 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.284.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2e^2(4 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^4 x}$$

$$- \frac{e^3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1 - p)}$$

```
output -1/3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/x^3-2/3*e^2*(4-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 2-p],[1/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-e^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, -1+p],[p],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/(1-p)
```

3.284.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{4d^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} - \frac{36d^2 e^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p * ((-4*d^4 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (x^3 * (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (36*d^2*e^2 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (x * (1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (12*d^3*e * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]) / ((-1 + p) * (1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p * x^2) + (3*2^(3 + p) * e^3 * (-d + e*x) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p) * (1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^p * e^3 * (-d + e*x) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p) * (1 + (e*x)/d)^p) - (24*d*e^3 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]) / (p * (1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)) / (12*d^6)$

3.284.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 243, 75, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

3.284. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx + \int -\frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx - de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx - \frac{e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1-p)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{\frac{2}{3}e^2(4-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{3x^3} - e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1-p)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{2e^2(4-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx - (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{3d^4} - \frac{3x^3}{e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2e^2(4-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^4 x} - \frac{e^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1-p)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2), x]`

output
$$-1/3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{-1 + p}/x^3 - (2*e^2*(4 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^4*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{-1 + p}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*(1 - p))$$

3.284.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 75
$$\text{Int}[(b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^{(m)})*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])$$

rule 243
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m - 1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$$

rule 278
$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{(m + 1)}/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 279
$$\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \text{IntPart}[p]*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 359
$$\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
  n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
  LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.284.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^4(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.284.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2x^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^6 + 2*d*e*x^5 + d^2*x^4), x)
```

3.284.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**4/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**4*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.284.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^4), x)`

3.284.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^4), x)`

3.284.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.285 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$

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3.285.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{4x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4(5 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{4d^4(1 - p)}$$

output `-1/4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/x^4+2/3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-3/2, 2-p], [-1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/x^3/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/4*e^4*(5-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, -1+p], [p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/(1-p)`

3.285.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{8d^4 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} + \frac{48d^2 e^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((8*d^4*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (48*d^2*e^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (18*d^3*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (15*2^(1 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (6*d^5*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-2 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^4) + (3*2^p*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (30*d*e^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p))/(12*d^7)`

3.285.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^5} dx$$

3.285. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^5} dx + \int -\frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^5} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^5} dx - \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^5} dx + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^6} dx^2 + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^6} dx^2 + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 (5 - p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2x^4} \right) + 2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^4 (5 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p - 1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^4 (1 - p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{2x^4} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2 - p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^3 x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

$$3.285. \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

output $(2e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 2 - p, -1/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / ((3d^3x^3(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p) + (-1/2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}/x^4 + (e^4(5 - p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / (2d^4(1 - p))) / 2$

3.285.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 75 $\text{Int}[(b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + dx)^{n+1} / (d*(n+1)*(-d/(b*c))^m) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m, n+1, n+2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^n) * ((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + dx)^{n+1} * ((e + f*x)^{p+1} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))] / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + dx)^n * (e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^m * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * ((c*x)^{m+1} / (c*(m+1))) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^m * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \text{IntPart}[p] * ((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^m * (1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p * ((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^q], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} * (a + b*x)^p * (c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
  n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
  LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

3.285.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^5 (ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.285.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^5(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2x^5} dx$$

```
input integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^6 + d^2*x^5), x)
```

3.285.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**5/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**5*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.285.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^5), x)`

3.285.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^5), x)`

3.285.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.286 $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.286.1 Optimal result 2353
 3.286.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2354
 3.286.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2354
 3.286.4 Maple [F] 2358
 3.286.5 Fracas [F] 2358
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 3.286.7 Maxima [F] 2359
 3.286.8 Giac [F] 2359
 3.286.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2359

3.286.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p}}{e^5(2 - p)} - \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p}}{1 + 2p}$$

$$+ \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{2e^5(1 - p)} + \frac{3d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^5p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^5(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(8 + p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3(1 + 2p)}$$

```
output -2*d^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/e^5/(2-p)-3*d*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(1+2*
p)+9/2*d^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^5/(1-p)+3*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^5/p-1/
2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^5/(p+1)+2/5*(8+p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom(
[5/2, 3-p], [7/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/(1+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```


3.286.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2^{-3+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(24de(1+p)x\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`output `-((2^(-3 + p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(24*d*e*(1 + p)*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + (d - e*x)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(4*d*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p + 4*e*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p + 24*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 8*d*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + d*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])))/(e^5*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))`**3.286.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 25, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\ & \int x^4(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2e^3 - 3d^2e) dx + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \end{aligned}$$

3.286. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int -ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx - \frac{1}{2} \int ex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{2d^3(p+8) \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx}{2p+1} - \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{2(p+8) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^3(2p+1)} - \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} + \frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} + \frac{2(p+8)x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3(2p+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3dx^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} + \frac{2(p+8)x^5\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^3(2p+1)}}{\frac{1}{2}e\left(-\frac{6d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^{6p}} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e^6(p+1)} + \frac{4d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^6(2-p)} - \frac{9d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^6(1-p)}\right)}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-3*d*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(1 + 2*p) - (e*((4*d^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(e^6*(2 - p)) - (9*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^6*(1 - p)) - (6*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^6*p) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^6*(1 + p))))/2 + (2*(8 + p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 3 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d^3*(1 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.286.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`
- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.286.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.286.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.286.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.286.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.286.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.286.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.287 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

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3.287.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p}}{e^4(2 - p)} + \frac{ex^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p}}{1 + 2p} - \frac{7d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{2e^4(1 - p)} - \frac{3d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{2e^4p} - \frac{2e(4 + 3p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4(1 + 2p)}$$

```
output 2*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/e^4/(2-p)+e*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(1+2*p)-
7/2*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^4/(1-p)-3/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^4/p-2/5*e
*(4+3*p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 3-p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/
(1+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.287.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2^{-3+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(8e(1 + p)x \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

3.287. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(2^(-3 + p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(8*e*(1 + p)*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + (d - e*x)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(12*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 6*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])))/(e^4*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.287.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int x^3(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2e^3 - 3d^2e) dx + \int x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int dx^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2e^3 - 3d^2e) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2e^3 - 3d^2e) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2e^3 - 3d^2e) dx + \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{4d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2
 \end{aligned}$$

3.287. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{2d^2 e(3p+4) \int x^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} dx}{2p+1} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} \\
& \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{2e(3p+4) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int x^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^4(2p+1)} + \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{e^2} - \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^2} + \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} - \\
& \frac{2e(3p+4)x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4(2p+1)} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{ex^5 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2p+1} - \\
& \frac{2e(3p+4)x^5 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 3-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4(2p+1)} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(-\frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4(1-p)} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{e^4 p} + \frac{4d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4(2-p)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(e*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(1 + 2*p) + (d*((4*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(e^4*(2 - p)) - (7*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^4*(1 - p)) - (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(e^4*p)))/2 - (2*e*(4 + 3*p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 3 - p, 7/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(5*d^4*(1 + 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.287.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
  n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
  LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.287.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

3.287.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3),
  x)
```

3.287.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.287.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.287.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.287.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.288 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.288.1 Optimal result 2367
 3.288.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2367
 3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2368
 3.288.4 Maple [F] 2370
 3.288.5 Fracas [F] 2370
 3.288.6 Sympy [F] 2371
 3.288.7 Maxima [F] 2371
 3.288.8 Giac [F] 2371
 3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2372

3.288.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3(2 - p)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3p(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2^{-3+p}(4 + p) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2e^3(2 - p)p(1 + p)}$$

output `-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(2-p)/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/p/(e*x+d)^2+2^(-3+p)*(4+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 2-p], [2+p], 1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^2/e^3/p/(-p^2+p+2)`

3.288.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2^{-3+p}(d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) - 4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)\right)}{de^3(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $-\left((2^{-3+p})(d - ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(4\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] - 4\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)] + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - ex)/(2d)])\right)/(d^3e^{3(1+p)}(1 + (ex)/d)^p)$

3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {581, 27, 671, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{581}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{2d(d+e(p+1)x)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{2e^2p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3p(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{d \int \frac{(d+e(p+1)x)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{e^2p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3p(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{671}$$

$$-\frac{d \left(\frac{(p+4) \int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(2-p)} + \frac{p(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(2-p)(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e^2p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3p(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{473}$$

$$-\frac{d \left(\frac{(p+4)(d-ex)^{-p-1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{-p-1} \int (d-ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{p-2} dx}{2d^3(2-p)} + \frac{p(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(2-p)(d+ex)^3} \right)}{e^2p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3p(d + ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{79}$$

3.288. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3 p (d + ex)^2} - \frac{p(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(2-p)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{2^{p-3}(p+4)\left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1}(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e(2-p)(p+1)} \right)}{e^2 p}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^3*p*(d + e*x)^2) - (d*((p*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*e*(2 - p)*(d + e*x)^3) - (2^(-3 + p)*(4 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^3*e*(2 - p)*(1 + p))))/(e^2*p)`

3.288.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`


```
rule 581 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^
2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m
+ c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p
)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] &
& IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0]
)
```

```
rule 671 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
+ p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
+ p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]
```

3.288.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

3.288.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3),
x)
```

3.288. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

3.288.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.288.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.288.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.289 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

3.289.1 Optimal result 2373
 3.289.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2373
 3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2374
 3.289.4 Maple [F] 2375
 3.289.5 Fracas [F] 2376
 3.289.6 Sympy [F] 2376
 3.289.7 Maxima [F] 2376
 3.289.8 Giac [F] 2377
 3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2377

3.289.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(2 - p)(d + ex)^3} = \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-3+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e^2 (2 - p)(1 + p)}$$

```
output 1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(2-p)/(e*x+d)^3-3*2^(-3+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 2-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^3/e^2/(-p^2+p+2)
```

3.289.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2^{-3+p}(d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)\right)}{d^2 e^2 (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $(2^{(-3 + p)}(d - e*x)(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p(-2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/(d^2*e^2*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)$

3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {571, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 571

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx}{2e(2 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(2 - p)(d + ex)^3}$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{3(d - ex)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-2} dx}{2d^3e(2 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(2 - p)(d + ex)^3}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(2 - p)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{p-3} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3e^2(2 - p)(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}/(2*e^2*(2 - p)*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*2^{(-3 + p)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(-1 - p)}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^3*e^2*(2 - p)*(1 + p))$

3.289.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

rule 571 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0]`

3.289.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.289.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.289.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.289.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.289.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

$$3.290 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

3.290.1 Optimal result	2378
3.290.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2378
3.290.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2379
3.290.4 Maple [F]	2380
3.290.5 Fracas [F]	2380
3.290.6 Sympy [F]	2380
3.290.7 Maxima [F]	2381
3.290.8 Giac [F]	2381
3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2381

3.290.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{2^{-3+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e(1 + p)}$$

output `-2^(-3+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^4/e/(p+1)`

3.290.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{2^{-3+p} (d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-((2^(-3 + p)*(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/(d^3*e*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)`

$$3.290. \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

3.290.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{(d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^4}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2^{p-3} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-((2^(-3 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^4*e*(1 + p)))`

3.290.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.290.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.290.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.290.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.290.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.290.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.291 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$

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3.291.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{2 - p} - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{3 - 2p}$$

$$- \frac{2e(4 - 3p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3 - 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(1 - p)}$$

output

```
2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(2-p)-e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(3-2*p)-2*e*(4-3
*p)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 3-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/(3-2*p)
/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([1, -1+p],[p],1-e
^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(1-p)
```

3.291.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{-3+p} \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(4p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} (1 - p, 1 + p, 2 - p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}) + 2p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}] + d * \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}] - e * \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p * x * \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}] + 4 * d * \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [-p, -p, 1 - p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}] + 4 * d * \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [-p, -p, 1 - p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}]\right)}{d^4 * p * (1 + p) * \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p * \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^p}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3),x]`output `(2^(-3 + p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(4*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 2*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + d*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - e*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 4*d*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)] + 4*d*p*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]))/(d^4*p*(1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)`**3.291.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 299, 238, 237, 354, 27, 88, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e) dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx$$

3.291. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 299 \\
& -\frac{2d^2e(4-3p) \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx}{3-2p} + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} \\
& \downarrow 238 \\
& -\frac{2e(4-3p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^4(3-2p)} + \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} \\
& \downarrow 237 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} -}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \frac{2e(4-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} -}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \frac{2e(4-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} -}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \frac{2e(4-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \downarrow 88 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}d \left(\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} -}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \frac{2e(4-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3-2p)} \\
& \downarrow 75
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(1-p)} + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \frac{ex(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3-2p} - \frac{2e(4-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^4(3-2p)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `-((e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(3 - 2*p)) - (2*e*(4 - 3*p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*(3 - 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (d*((4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(2 - p) + ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(1 - p))))/2`

3.291.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 88 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2 *p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x , x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ [(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo l] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.291.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.291.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x), x)`

3.291.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.291.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x), x)`

3.291.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x), x)`

3.291.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.292 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$

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3.292.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{2 - p} - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^2(4 - p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5}$$

$$- \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -1 + p, p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(1 - p)}$$

output

```
-2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(2-p)-d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x+2*e^2*(4-p)*x*(
-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 3-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^5/((1-e^2*x^2/d^
2)^p)-3/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([1, -1+p],[p],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d
^2/(1-p)
```

3.292.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{8d^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{2+p} e(-d+ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{1+p} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-8*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^(2 + p)*e*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^(2 + p)*e*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) - (12*d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(8*d^5)`

3.292.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 25, 27, 88, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 88 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \left(3 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) \\
& \downarrow 75 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(1-p)} + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) \\
& \downarrow 359 \\
& 2de^2(4-p) \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(1-p)} + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 238 \\
& \frac{2e^2(4-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{p-3} dx}{d^5} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(1-p)} + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \\
& \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 237
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-1, p, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(1-p)} + \frac{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x} + \frac{2e^2(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `-((d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/x) + (2*e^2*(4 - p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^5*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e*((4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(2 - p) + (3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 + p, p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(1 - p))))/2`

3.292.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 88 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^(m - 1)/2*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.292.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.292. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.292.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2), x)`

3.292.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**2*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.292.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^2), x)`

3.292.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^2), x)`

3.292.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.293 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$

3.293.1 Optimal result 2396
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 3.293.8 Giac [F] 2402
 3.293.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2402

3.293.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{2x^2} + \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{x}$$

$$- \frac{2e^3(8 - 3p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(6 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d(2 - p)}$$

```
output -1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x^2+3*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x-2*e^3*(8-3*p)
*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 3-p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^6/((1-e^2*x^
2/d^2)^p)+1/2*e^2*(6-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([1, -2+p], [-1+p], 1
-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(2-p)
```

3.293.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{24d^2 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{4d^3 \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{(-1+p)x^2} \right)}{(-1+p)x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output

```
((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((24*d^2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (4*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (3*2^(3 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^(1 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (24*d*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(8*d^6)
```

3.293.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 87, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(e^2(6-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^2(6-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& -2e^3(8-3p) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^2(6-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& - \frac{2e^3(8-3p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{p-3} dx}{d^6} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^2(6-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{e^2(6-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x} - \frac{2e^3(8-3p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/x - (2*e^3*(8 - 3*p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (d*(-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)/x^2) + (e^2*(6 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(2 - p))))/2`

3.293.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.293.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.293.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^4 + d^3*x^3), x)`

3.293.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**3*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.293.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^3), x)`

3.293.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^3), x)`

3.293.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.294 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.294.1 Optimal result 2403
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3.294.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{3x^3} + \frac{3e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{2e^2(8 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^5 x}$$

$$- \frac{e^3(10 - 3p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(2 - p)}$$

output

```
-1/3*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x^3+3/2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x^2-2/3*e^2*(8-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 3-p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^5/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-1/2*e^3*(10-3*p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([1, -2+p], [-1+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(2-p)
```

3.294.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{8d^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} - \frac{144d^2 e^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output $((d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p * ((-8 * d^4 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2 * x^2)/d^2]) / (x^3 * (1 - (e^2 * x^2)/d^2)^p) - (144 * d^2 * e^2 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2 * x^2)/d^2]) / (x * (1 - (e^2 * x^2)/d^2)^p) - (36 * d^3 * e * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2 * x^2)]) / ((-1 + p) * (1 - d^2/(e^2 * x^2))^p * x^2) + (15 * 2^(3 + p) * e^3 * (-d + e * x) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e * x)/(2 * d)]) / ((1 + p) * (1 + (e * x)/d)^p) + (3 * 2^(3 + p) * e^3 * (-d + e * x) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e * x)/(2 * d)]) / ((1 + p) * (1 + (e * x)/d)^p) + (3 * 2^p * e^3 * (-d + e * x) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e * x)/(2 * d)]) / ((1 + p) * (1 + (e * x)/d)^p) - (120 * d * e^3 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2 * x^2)]) / (p * (1 - d^2/(e^2 * x^2))^p)) / (24 * d^7))$

3.294.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 25, 27, 87, 75, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^4} dx$$

3.294. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (3d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \left(e^2 (10 - 3p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (10 - 3p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p - 2, p - 1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2 (2 - p)} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& \frac{2}{3} d e^2 (8 - p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (10 - 3p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p - 2, p - 1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2 (2 - p)} - \frac{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2e^2(8-p)\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \int \frac{\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx}{3d^5} - \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e^2(10-3p)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-2, p-1, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3x^3} \downarrow 278$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{e^2(10-3p)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-2, p-1, 1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(2-p)} - \frac{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{3x^3} - \frac{2e^2(8-p)\left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^5x}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/x^3 - (2*e^2*(8 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^5*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e*((-3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/x^2 + (e^2*(10 - 3*p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(2 - p))))/2`

3.294.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

3.294. $\int \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d+ex)^3} dx$

- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-*(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m)*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.294.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^4(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.294.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^7 + 3*d*e^2*x^6 + 3*d^2*e*x^5 + d^3*x^4
, x)`

3.294.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^4(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**4/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**4*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.294.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^4), x)`

3.294.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^4), x)`

3.294.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.295 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$

3.295.1 Optimal result 2410
 3.295.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) 2411
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3.295.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{4x^4} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^3(4 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6 x}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4(10 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{4d^3(2 - p)}$$

output

```
-1/4*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x^4+e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/x^3+2*e^3*(4-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 3-p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^6/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/4*e^4*(10-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([2, -2+p], [-1+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/(2-p)
```

3.295.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{8d^4 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} + \frac{80d^2 e^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((8*d^4*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (80*d^2*e^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (24*d^3*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (15*2^(2 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (4*d^5*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-2 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^4) + (5*2^(1 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (60*d*e^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(8*d^8)`

3.295.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.360$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 87, 75, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 570

3.295. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d-ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^4} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^6} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^6} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 (10-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2x^4} \right) + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (-x^2 e^3 - 3d^2 e)}{x^4} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^4 (10-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{2d^4 (2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2x^4} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& -2e^3 (4-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^4 (10-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{2d^4 (2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2x^4} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& - \frac{2e^3 (4-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx}{d^6} + \frac{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{e^4 (10-p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{2d^4 (2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2x^4} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278}
\end{aligned}$$

3.295. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{x^3} + \frac{2e^3(4-p)\left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6x} + \frac{1}{2}d\left(\frac{e^4(10-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^4(2-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{2x^4}\right)$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output `(e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/x^3 + (2*e^3*(4 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (d*(-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)/x^4 + (e^4*(10 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2*d^4*(2 - p))))/2`

3.295.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.295.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^5(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.295. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^5(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.295.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^3*x^8 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^6 + d^3*x^5), x)`

3.295.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**5/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**5*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.295.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^5), x)`

3.295.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^5), x)`

3.295.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.296 $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.296.1 Optimal result 2417
 3.296.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2418
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 3.296.4 Maple [F] 2422
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 3.296.7 Maxima [F] 2423
 3.296.8 Giac [F] 2424
 3.296.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2424

3.296.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{4d^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p}}{e^5(3 - p)} + \frac{d^2(13 + 12p)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p}}{1 - 4p^2} - \frac{e^2x^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p}}{1 + 2p} + \frac{10d^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p}}{e^5(2 - p)} - \frac{8d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-1+p}}{e^5(1 - p)} - \frac{2d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{e^5p} - \frac{4(16 + 15p + p^2)x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 4 - p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^4(1 - 4p^2)}$$

```
output -4*d^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/e^5/(3-p)+d^2*(13+12*p)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(-4*p^2+1)-e^2*x^7*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(1+2*p)+10*d^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/e^5/(2-p)-8*d^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-1+p)/e^5/(1-p)-2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/e^5/p-4/5*(p^2+15*p+16)*x^5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([5/2, 4-p],[7/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/(-4*p^2+1)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```


3.296.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{-4+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(16e(1+p)x \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{ex}{2d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`output $(2^{-4+p}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(16*e*(1+p)*x*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + (d - e*x)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p*(32*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 24*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 8*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])))/(e^5*(1+p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)$ **3.296.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 86, 1590, 25, 27, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int x^4(d - ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4) dx + \int x^5(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3x^2d) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int -4dex^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4) dx$$

3.296. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4) dx - 2de \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \downarrow 1590 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{\int -d^2e^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} ((2p+1)d^2 + e^2(12p+13)x^2) dx}{e^2(2p+1)} - \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{e^2x^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{\int d^2e^2x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} ((2p+1)d^2 + e^2(12p+13)x^2) dx}{e^2(2p+1)} - \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 \int x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4} ((2p+1)d^2 + e^2(12p+13)x^2) dx}{2p+1} - \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \quad \frac{e^2x^7(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{(12p+13)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{1-2p} - \frac{4d^2(p^2+15p+16) \int x^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-4} dx}{1-2p} \right)}{2p+1} \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{e^2x^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{(12p+13)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{1-2p} - \frac{4(p^2+15p+16)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-4} dx}{d^6(1-2p)} \right)}{2p+1} \\
& 2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{e^2x^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& -2de \int \left(\frac{2d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-4}}{e^4} - \frac{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^4} + \frac{4d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^4} - \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^4} \right) dx^2 - \\
& \frac{e^2x^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1} + \\
& \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{(12p+13)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{1-2p} - \frac{4(p^2+15p+16)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 4-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^6(1-2p)} \right)}{2p+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{e^2x^7(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{2p+1} + \\
& \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{(12p+13)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{1-2p} - \frac{4(p^2+15p+16)x^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 4-p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^6(1-2p)} \right)}{2p+1} \\
& 2de \left(\frac{4d^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{e^6(1-p)} + \frac{(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{e^6p} + \frac{2d^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{e^6(3-p)} - \frac{5d^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{e^6(2-p)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

```
output -((e^2*x^7*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(1 + 2*p)) - 2*d*e*((2*d^6*(d^2 - e^2
*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(e^6*(3 - p)) - (5*d^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(e^6*(2 -
p)) + (4*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(e^6*(1 - p)) + (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/
(e^6*p)) + (d^2*(((13 + 12*p)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(1 - 2*p) - (4
*(16 + 15*p + p^2)*x^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 4 - p, 7/2
, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(5*d^6*(1 - 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/(1 + 2*p)
```

3.296.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((
c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (
-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0
] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntP
art[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(
1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] &&
!(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^(m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 1590 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(f*x)^(m + 4*p - 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(e*f^(4*p - 1)*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[e*(m + 4*p + 2*q + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - c^p*x^(4*p)) - d*c^p*(m + 4*p - 1)*x^(4*p - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[q] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 2*q + 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.296.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.296. $\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.296.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

3.296.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.296.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.296.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.296.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.297 $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.297.1 Optimal result 2425
 3.297.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2425
 3.297.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2426
 3.297.4 Maple [F] 2429
 3.297.5 Fracas [F] 2429
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 3.297.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2430

3.297.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^4(3 - p)(d + ex)^4} - \frac{d(1 + 2p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^4(1 - 2p)p(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^4p(d + ex)^2} + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-2+p}(2 + p) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^2e^4(1 - 2p)(3 - p)p(1 + p)}$$

output `1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(3-p)/(e*x+d)^4-d*(1+2*p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/(1-2*p)/p/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^4/p/(e*x+d)^2+3*2^(-2+p)*(2+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^2/e^4/p/(2*p^3-5*p^2-4*p+3)`

3.297.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2^{-4+p}(d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(-8 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) + 12 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)\right)}{e^4(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(2^{-4+p})(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-8*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 12*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 6*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d*e^4*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)$

3.297.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {581, 27, 2170, 27, 671, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 581$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + e(p+2)xd^2 + e^2(2p+1)x^2d)}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{2e^3p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4p(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p(d^3 + e(p+2)xd^2 + e^2(2p+1)x^2d)}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e^3p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4p(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2170$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{d^2e^4(4d(p+1) + e(2p^2 + 3p + 4)x)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e^4(1-2p)} + \frac{d(2p+1)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4p(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{d^2 \int \frac{(4d(p+1) + e(2p^2 + 3p + 4)x)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{1-2p} + \frac{d(2p+1)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4p(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 671$$

$$-\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{6(p+2) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{3-p} - \frac{(1-2p)p(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} \right)}{1-2p} + \frac{d(2p+1)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4p(d+ex)^2}$$

3.297. $\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 473 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{6(p+2)(d-ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1} \int (d-ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{p-3} dx - \frac{(1-2p)p(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} \right)}{1-2p} + \frac{d(2p+1)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} \\
 & \frac{e^3 p (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4 p (d + ex)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 79 \\
 & \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^4 p (d + ex)^2} - \frac{d(2p+1)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{e(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} + \frac{d^2 \left(-\frac{(1-2p)p(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{p-2}(p+2)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d}+1\right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e(3-p)(p+1)} \right)}{1-2p} \\
 & \frac{e^3 p}{e^3 p}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^4*p*(d + e*x)^2) - ((d*(1 + 2*p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e*(1 - 2*p)*(d + e*x)^3) + (d^2*(-1/2*((1 - 2*p)*p*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)))/(e*(3 - p)*(d + e*x)^4) - (3*2^(-2 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^4*e*(3 - p)*(1 + p)))/(1 - 2*p))/(e^3*p)`

3.297.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || ! (RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p +
 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !Gt
 Q[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

rule 581 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)
 ^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m
 + c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] &
 & IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0]
)`

rule 671 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
 + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
 + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
 e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
 + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
 + 1, 0]`

rule 2170 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
 > With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
 ^ (m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
 mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
 b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - 2*e*f*(m +
 p + q)*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e - b*d*x), x], x], x] /; NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1,
 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2,
 0] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.297.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.297.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

3.297.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.297.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.297.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.297.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.298 $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.298.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3(3 - p)(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{e^3(1 - 2p)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{2^{-3+p}(7 + p) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^3 e^3 (1 - 2p)(3 - p)(1 + p)}$$

output `-1/2*d*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(3-p)/(e*x+d)^4+(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^3/(1-2*p)/(e*x+d)^3-2^(-3+p)*(7+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^3/e^3/(2*p^3-5*p^2-4*p+3)`

3.298.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2^{-4+p}(d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) - 4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right))}{d^2 e^3 (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

```
output -((2^(-4 + p)*(d - e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(4*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 +
p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 4*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d -
e*x)/(2*d)] + Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/
(d^2*e^3*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p))
```

3.298.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$, Rules used = {581, 25, 27, 671, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{581} \\
 & \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3 (1 - 2p) (d + ex)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(3d+2e(p+1)x)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e^2 (1 - 2p)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(3d+2e(p+1)x)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e^2 (1 - 2p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3 (1 - 2p) (d + ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{(3d+2e(p+1)x)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^4} dx}{e^2 (1 - 2p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3 (1 - 2p) (d + ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{671} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{(p+7) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{3-p} - \frac{(1-2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} \right)}{e^2 (1 - 2p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3 (1 - 2p) (d + ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{473} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{(p+7)(d-ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d-ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^4 (3-p)} - \frac{(1-2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} \right)}{e^2 (1 - 2p)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3 (1 - 2p) (d + ex)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.298. $\int \frac{x^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 79 \\
 \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(1-2p)(d+ex)^3} + \\
 d \left(-\frac{(1-2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{2e(3-p)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{2^{p-3}(p+7)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{d-ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e(3-p)(p+1)} \right) \\
 \hline
 e^2(1-2p)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)/(e^3*(1 - 2*p)*(d + e*x)^3) + (d*(-1/2*((1 - 2*p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e*(3 - p)*(d + e*x)^4) - (2^(-3 + p)*(7 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/(d^4*e*(3 - p)*(1 + p)))/(e^2*(1 - 2*p))`

3.298.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`


```
rule 581 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^
2)^p*ExpandToSum[d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - (m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m
+ c*(c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(c*(m + n - 1) + c*(m + n + 2*p + 1) + 2*d*(m + n + p
)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] &
& IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || ILtQ[m + n, 0]
)
```

```
rule 671 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(m
+ p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*c*d + c*e*f) + 2*e*c*f*(p + 1))/(e*(2*c*d)*(m
+ p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p
+ 1, 0]
```

3.298.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

3.298.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4
*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)
```

3.298. $\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.298.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.298.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.298.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.298.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((x^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.299 $\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$

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3.299.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(3 - p)(d + ex)^4} - \frac{2^{-2+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e^2 (3 - p)(1 + p)}$$

output `1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/e^2/(3-p)/(e*x+d)^4-2^(-2+p)*(1+e*x/d)^(-1-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([p+1, 3-p],[2+p],1/2*(-e*x+d)/d)/d^4/e^2/(-p^2+2*p+3)`

3.299.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{2^{-4+p} (d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) + \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)\right)}{d^3 e^2 (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(2^{(-4 + p)}(d - e*x)(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p(-2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]))/(d^3*e^2*(1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)$

3.299.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {571, 473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 571

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx}{e(3 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(3 - p)(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{2(d - ex)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^4e(3 - p)} + \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(3 - p)(d + ex)^4}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(3 - p)(d + ex)^4} - \frac{2^{p-2} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4e^2(3 - p)(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}/(2*e^2*(3 - p)*(d + e*x)^4) - (2^{(-2 + p)}*(1 + (e*x)/d)^{(-1 - p)}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^4*e^2*(3 - p)*(1 + p))$

3.299.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

rule 571 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[n/(2*d*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && !IGtQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[n + p + 1, 0]`

3.299.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.299.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

3.299.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.299.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.299.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p x}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*x/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.299.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

$$3.300 \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

3.300.1 Optimal result	2442
3.300.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2442
3.300.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2443
3.300.4 Maple [F]	2444
3.300.5 Fracas [F]	2444
3.300.6 Sympy [F]	2444
3.300.7 Maxima [F]	2445
3.300.8 Giac [F]	2445
3.300.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2445

3.300.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2^{-4+p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-1-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^5 e(1 + p)}$$

output $-2^{-(4+p)} \cdot (1 + e \cdot x / d)^{-1-p} \cdot (-e^2 \cdot x^2 + d^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{hypergeom}([p+1, 4-p], [2+p], 1/2 \cdot (-e \cdot x + d) / d) / d^5 / e / (p+1)$

3.300.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2^{-4+p} (d - ex) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^4 e(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output $-((2^{-(4+p)} \cdot (d - e \cdot x) \cdot (d^2 - e^2 \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e \cdot x) / (2 \cdot d)]) / (d^4 \cdot e \cdot (1 + p) \cdot (1 + (e \cdot x) / d)^p))$

$$3.300. \quad \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

3.300.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {473, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 473

$$\frac{(d - ex)^{-p-1} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \int (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{p-4} dx}{d^5}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2^{p-4} \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-p-1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4 - p, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right)}{d^5 e(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `--((2^(-4 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-1 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(d^5*e*(1 + p)))`

3.300.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 473 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((1 + d*(x/c))^(p + 1)*(a/c + (b*x)/d)^(p + 1))) Int[(1 + d*(x/c))^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[c, 0]) && !GtQ[a, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[3*p] || IntegerQ[4*p]))`

3.300.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.300.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

3.300.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.300.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.300.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.300.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.301 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.301.1 Optimal result 2446
 3.301.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) 2447
 3.301.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2447
 3.301.4 Maple [F] 2450
 3.301.5 Fricas [F] 2450
 3.301.6 Sympy [F] 2451
 3.301.7 Maxima [F] 2451
 3.301.8 Giac [F] 2451
 3.301.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2452

3.301.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{4d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{3 - p} - \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{5 - 2p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{2(2 - p)}$$

$$- \frac{8e(2 - p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(5 - 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2(2 - p)}$$

```
output 4*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(3-p)-4*d*e*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(5-2*p)-1/
2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/(2-p)-8*e*(2-p)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2,
4-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^5/(5-2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2
)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([1,-2+p],[-1+p],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/(2-p)
```

3.301.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{-4+p} \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(8p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, 1 + p, 2 - p, \frac{d - ex}{2d}\right) + 4p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p (d - ex) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{(2*d)}\right] + 2*d * p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{(2*d)}\right] - 2*e*p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{(2*d)}\right] + d*p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{(2*d)}\right] - e*p \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d - ex}{(2*d)}\right] + 8*d*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)\right] + 8*d*p*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)\right]\right)}{(d^5*p*(1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output $(2^{(-4 + p)}*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(8*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(d - e*x)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 4*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(d - e*x)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 2*d*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - 2*e*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + d*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] - e*p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)] + 8*d*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)] + 8*d*p*(1/2 + (e*x)/(2*d))^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]))/(d^5*p*(1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p)$

3.301.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {570, 543, 299, 238, 237, 1578, 1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x} dx$$

3.301. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x} dx + \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3 x^2 d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x} dx - \frac{8d^3 e(2-p) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} dx}{5-2p} - \\
& \quad \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
& \frac{8e(2-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-4} dx}{d^5(5-2p)} + \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x} dx - \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& \frac{8e(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(5-2p)} - \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x} dx - \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \frac{8e(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(5-2p)} - \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
& \frac{8e(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(5-2p)} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \left(7d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} + \frac{d^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^2} - e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}\right) dx^2 - \frac{4dex(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1195} \\
& \frac{8e(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(5-2p)} - \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

3.301. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{3-p} + \frac{7d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{2-p} \right) - \frac{4dex (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} - \frac{8e(2-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^5 (5-2p)}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(-4*d*e*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(5 - 2*p) - (8*e*(2 - p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^5*(5 - 2*p)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + ((7*d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(3 - p) - (d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)/(2 - p) + (d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3 + p, -2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 - p))/2`

3.301.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.301. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$

- rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`
- rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
) + (c.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_
)^4)^(p.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && Int
egerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.301.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.301.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^5 + 4*d*e^3*x^4 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 4*d^3
*e*x^2 + d^4*x), x)`

3.301. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.301.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.301.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.301.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x), x)`

3.301.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^4), x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.302 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.302.1 Optimal result 2453
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3.302.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{3 - p} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{x} + \frac{e^2 x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{5 - 2p}$$

$$+ \frac{4e^2(16 - 9p + p^2) x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6(5 - 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{2e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(2 - p)}$$

output

```
-4*d*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(3-p)-d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x+e^2*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(5-2*p)+4*e^2*(p^2-9*p+16)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 4-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^6/(5-2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-2*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([1, -2+p],[-1+p],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(2-p)
```

3.302.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-16d^2 p(1+p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) + 2^{5+p} e p x (-d + ex) \right)}{x^2 (d + ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

```
output ((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((-16*d^2*p*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p + (2^(5 + p)*e*p*x*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(1 + (e*x)/d)^p + (3*2^(2 + p)*e*p*x*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(1 + (e*x)/d)^p + (2^(2 + p)*e*p*x*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(1 + (e*x)/d)^p + (2^p*e*p*x*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/(1 + (e*x)/d)^p - (32*d*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)/(16*d^6*p*(1 + p)*x)
```

3.302.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 88, 75, 1588, 25, 27, 299, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 570$$

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3 x^2 d)}{x} dx$$

3.302. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{4de(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4)}{x^2} dx \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4)}{x^2} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 88 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4)}{x^2} dx - 2de \left(\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) \\
& \downarrow 75 \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}(d^4 + 6e^2x^2d^2 + e^4x^4)}{x^2} dx - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1588 \\
& \frac{\int -d^2e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}((13-2p)d^2 + e^2x^2) dx}{d^2} - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int d^2e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-4}((13-2p)d^2 + e^2x^2) dx}{d^2} - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \downarrow 27
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& e^2 \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((13 - 2p)d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
& e^2 \left(\frac{4d^2(p^2 - 9p + 16) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} dx}{5-2p} + \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \right) - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& e^2 \left(\frac{4(p^2 - 9p + 16) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{p-4} dx}{d^6(5-2p)} + \frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} \right) - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& -2de \left(\frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} + \\
& e^2 \left(\frac{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{5-2p} + \frac{4(p^2 - 9p + 16) x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^6(5-2p)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

```
output  $-\frac{(d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p})}{x} + e^2 \frac{(x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p})}{(5 - 2p) + (4(16 - 9p + p^2)x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 4 - p, 3/2, (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / (d^6(5 - 2p)(1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2)^p)} - 2d e^2 \frac{((2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-3+p}) / (3 - p) + ((d^2 - e^2x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / (d^2(2 - p)))}{d^2(2 - p)}$ 
```

3.302.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1) / (d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m) * Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 88 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p] / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}((c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d_+ x_+ ((a_+ + b_+ x_+^2)^{p_+ + 1} / (b_+(2p_+ + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a_+ d_+ - b_+ c_+(2p_+ + 3)) / (b_+(2p_+ + 3)) \text{Int}[(a_+ + b_+ x_+^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b_+ c_+ - a_+ d_+, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[2p_+ + 3, 0]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_+)^{m_+}((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}((c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)^2)^{q_+}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x_+^{(m_+ - 1)/2}(a_+ + b_+ x_+)^p(c_+ + d_+ x_+)^q, x], x, x_+^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b_+ c_+ - a_+ d_+, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m_+ - 1)/2]$
- rule 543 $\text{Int}[(x_+)^{m_+}((c_+ + (d_+)(x_+))^{n_+}((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{k\}, \text{Int}[x_+^m \text{Sum}[\text{Binomial}[n, 2k] c^{n - 2k} d^{2k} x^{2k}, \{k, 0, n/2\}](a_+ + b_+ x_+^2)^p, x] + \text{Int}[x_+^{m+1} \text{Sum}[\text{Binomial}[n, 2k+1] c^{n - 2k - 1} d^{2k+1} x^{2k}, \{k, 0, (n-1)/2\}](a_+ + b_+ x_+^2)^p, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[2p] \&\& !(EqQ[m, 1] \&\& EqQ[b_+ c_+^2 + a_+ d_+^2, 0])$
- rule 570 $\text{Int}[(e_+)(x_+)^{m_+}((c_+ + (d_+)(x_+))^{n_+}((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c_+^{2n_+} / a_+^{2n_+} \text{Int}[(e_+ x_+)^m ((a_+ + b_+ x_+^2)^{n_+ + p_+} / (c_+ - d_+ x_+)^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b_+ c_+^2 + a_+ d_+^2, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, -1] \&\& !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m + n, 0] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[p, 1])$
- rule 1588 $\text{Int}[(f_+)(x_+)^{m_+}((d_+ + (e_+)(x_+)^2)^{q_+}((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2 + (c_+)(x_+)^4)^{p_+}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a_+ + b_+ x_+^2 + c_+ x_+^4)^p, f_+ x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a_+ + b_+ x_+^2 + c_+ x_+^4)^p, f_+ x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[R(f_+ x)^{m_+ + 1}((d_+ + e_+ x_+^2)^{q_+ + 1} / (d_+ f_+ (m_+ + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (d_+ f_+^{2(m_+ + 1)}) \text{Int}[(f_+ x)^{m_+ + 2} (d_+ + e_+ x_+^2)^q \text{ExpandToSum}[d_+ f_+ (m_+ + 1)(Qx/x) - e_+ R(m_+ + 2q + 3), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b_+^2 - 4a_+ c_+, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

3.302.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^2(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.302.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^6 + 4*d*e^3*x^5 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^4 + 4*d^3*e*x^3 + d^4*x^2), x)`

3.302.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^2(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**2*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.302.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.302.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^2), x)`

3.302.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.303 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.303.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2(11-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{2(3-p)} - \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{2x^2} + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{x}$$

$$- \frac{8e^3(4-p)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(10-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -2+p, -1+p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2d^2(2-p)}$$

output

```
1/2*e^2*(11-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/(3-p)-1/2*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x
^2+4*d*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x-8*e^3*(4-p)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom(
[1/2, 4-p], [3/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^7/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/2*e^2*(10-p)*(-e^2
*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([1, -2+p], [-1+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(2-p)
```

3.303.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{64d^2 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} + \frac{8d^3 \left(1 - \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{(-1+p)x^2} \right)}{(-1+p)x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output

```
((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((64*d^2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (8*d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (5*2^(4 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^(3 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^(1 + p)*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (2^p*e^2*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (80*d*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)))/(16*d^7)
```

3.303.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {570, 543, 359, 238, 237, 1578, 1193, 25, 27, 88, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 570

$$\int \frac{(d - ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 543

3.303. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3 x^2 d)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& -8de^3(4-p) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^3} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& -\frac{8e^3(4-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-4} dx}{d^7} + \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^3} dx + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^3} dx + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \\
& \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx^2 + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \\
& \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((10-p)d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \\
& \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((10-p)d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \\
& \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

3.303. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(e^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((10-p)d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7}$$

↓ 88

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(e^2 \left((10-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{(11-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(e^2 \left(\frac{(10-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-2, p-1, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(2-p)} + \frac{(11-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3-p} \right) - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} - \frac{8e^3(4-p)x \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(4*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x - (8*e^3*(4 - p)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^7*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (-((d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x^2) + e^2*((11 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(3 - p) + ((10 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2 + p, -1 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(2 - p))))/2`

3.303.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 88 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^Simplify[p + 1], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && !RationalQ[p] && SumSimplerQ[p, 1]`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*((a + b*x^2)^p, x) + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*((a + b*x^2)^p, x)] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p))/(c - d*x)^(
n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1))/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
, x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)
)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && Int
egerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

3.303.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^3(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.303.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^7 + 4*d*e^3*x^6 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 4*d^3*e*x^4 + d^4*x^3), x)`

3.303.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**3/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**3*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.303.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^3), x)`

3.303.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^3), x)`

3.303.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^3 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4),x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.304 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

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3.304.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{3x^3} + \frac{2de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{x^2} - \frac{e^2(27 - 2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{3x} + \frac{4e^4(48 - 17p + p^2)x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4 - p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^8} - \frac{2e^3(5 - p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -3 + p, -2 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(3 - p)}$$

```
output -1/3*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x^3+2*d*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x^2-1/3*e^2*(27-2*p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x+4/3*e^4*(p^2-17*p+48)*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, 4-p],[3/2],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^8/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-2*e^3*(5-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)*hypergeom([1, -3+p],[-2+p],1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/(3-p)
```

3.304.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 452 vs. $2(210) = 420$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(-\frac{16d^4 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} - \frac{480d^2 e^2 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p * ((-16*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (x^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (480*d^2*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (96*d^3*e*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]) / ((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (15*2^(5 + p)*e^3*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (15*2^(3 + p)*e^3*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^(3 + p)*e^3*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^p*e^3*(-d + e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)]) / ((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) - (480*d*e^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]) / (p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p)) / (48*d^8) \end{aligned}$$
3.304.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$, Rules used = {570, 543, 354, 27, 87, 75, 1588, 25, 27, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 570

3.304. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d - ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3 x^2 d)}{x^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx - 2de \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx - \\
& 2de \left(e^2(5 - p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^4} dx - \\
& 2de \left(\frac{e^2(5 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p - 3, p - 2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(3 - p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1588} \\
& - \int \frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((27 - 2p)d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - \\
& \frac{3d^2}{d^2(3 - p)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p - 3, p - 2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \\
& 2de \left(\frac{e^2(5 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p - 3, p - 2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2(3 - p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \\
& \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((27-2p)d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - \\
 & \frac{3d^2}{d^2(3-p)} \left(\frac{e^2(5-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} e^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((27-2p)d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - \\
 & 2de \left(\frac{e^2(5-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} e^2 \left(4e^2(p^2 - 17p + 48) \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} dx - \frac{(27-2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \right) - \\
 & 2de \left(\frac{e^2(5-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} e^2 \left(\frac{4e^2(p^2 - 17p + 48)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-4} dx}{d^8} - \frac{(27-2p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \right) - \\
 & 2de \left(\frac{e^2(5-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-2de \left(\frac{e^2(5-p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) -$$

$$\frac{d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}e^2 \left(\frac{4e^2(p^2 - 17p + 48)x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^8} - \frac{(27-2p)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-3}}{x} \right)$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4), x]`

output `-1/3*(d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x^3 + (e^2*(-(((27 - 2*p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x) + (4*e^2*(48 - 17*p + p^2)*x*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4 - p, 3/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^8*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)))/3 - 2*d*e*(-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p)/x^2) + (e^2*(5 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3 + p, -2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(3 - p))))`

3.304.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

3.304. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d+ex)^4} dx$

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 1588 `Int[((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, f*x, x]}, Simp[R*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f^(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^q*ExpandToSum[d*f*(m + 1)*(Qx/x) - e*R*(m + 2*q + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.304.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^4(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output `int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

3.304.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^8 + 4*d*e^3*x^7 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^6 + 4*d^3*e*x^5 + d^4*x^4), x)`

3.304.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**4/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**4*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.304. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{x^4(d + ex)^4} dx$

3.304.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^4), x)`

3.304.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^4/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^4), x)`

3.304.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^4 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^4*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.305 $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

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3.305.8 Giac [F]	2484
3.305.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2484

3.305.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{4x^4} + \frac{4de (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{3x^3} - \frac{e^2 (17 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p}}{4x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{8e^3 (6 - p) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4 - p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4 (70 - 21p + p^2) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -3 + p, -2 + p, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{4d^2 (3 - p)}$$

output `-1/4*d^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x^4+4/3*d*e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x^3-1/4*e^2*(17-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)/x^2+8/3*e^3*(6-p)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, 4-p], [1/2], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^7/x/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+1/4*e^4*(p^2-21*p+70)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-3+p)*hypergeom([1, -3+p], [-2+p], 1-e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/(3-p)`

3.305.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 505 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(\frac{64d^4 e \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x^3} + \frac{960d^2 e^3 \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output

```
((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((64*d^4*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -p, -1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x^3*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (960*d^2*e^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (240*d^3*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-1 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^2) + (105*2^(3 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (24*d^5*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)])/((-2 + p)*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p*x^4) + (45*2^(2 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (15*2^(1 + p)*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (3*2^p*e^4*(d - e*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d - e*x)/(2*d)])/((1 + p)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^p) + (840*d*e^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, d^2/(e^2*x^2)]/(p*(1 - d^2/(e^2*x^2))^p))/(48*d^9))
```

3.305.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {570, 543, 359, 279, 278, 1578, 1193, 25, 27, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 570

3.305. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d-ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^5} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (-4ed^3 - 4e^3 x^2 d)}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& -\frac{8}{3} de^3 (6-p) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^5} dx + \\
& \quad \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-4}}{x^2} dx}{3d^7} + \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^5} dx + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^5} dx + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} (d^4 + 6e^2 x^2 d^2 + e^4 x^4)}{x^6} dx^2 + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} +}{3d^7 x} \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((17-p)d^2 + 2e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2}{2d^2} - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{2x^4} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

3.305. $\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((17-p)d^2 + 2e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{2x^4}}{2d^2} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4} ((17-p)d^2 + 2e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{2x^4} \right) + \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(e^2(p^2 - 21p + 70) \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-4}}{x^2} dx^2 - \frac{(17-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{d^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{2x^4} \right) + \\
& \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \\
& \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \left(\frac{e^2(p^2 - 21p + 70) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p-3, p-2, 1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(3-p)} - \frac{(17-p)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{x^2} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \frac{4de(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3}}{3x^3} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{8e^3(6-p) \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4-p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7 x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x]`

output `(4*d*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/(3*x^3) + (8*e^3*(6 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 4 - p, 1/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^7*x*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (-1/2*(d^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x^4 + (e^2*(-((17 - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p))/x^2) + (e^2*(70 - 21*p + p^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3 + p, -2 + p, 1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(3 - p))))/2)`

3.305.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`


```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 570 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^
  n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && I
  LtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
  + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
  + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
  e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
  ), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
  pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
  , b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
  && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

```
rule 1578 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)
  ^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
  + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && I
  ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

3.305.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{x^5 (ex + d)^4} dx$$

```
input int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

```
output int((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

3.305.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/(e^4*x^9 + 4*d*e^3*x^8 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 4*d^3*e*x^6 + d^4*x^5), x)`

3.305.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/x**5/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(x**5*(d + e*x)**4), x)`

3.305.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^5), x)`

3.305.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^4 x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/x^5/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p/((e*x + d)^4*x^5), x)`

3.305.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{x^5 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p/(x^5*(d + e*x)^4), x)`

3.306 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.306.1 Optimal result	2485
3.306.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2486
3.306.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2486
3.306.4 Maple [F]	2489
3.306.5 Fracas [F]	2489
3.306.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2490
3.306.7 Maxima [F]	2491
3.306.8 Giac [F]	2491
3.306.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2491

3.306.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{3d(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{g(3 + m + 2p)} - \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{g^2(4 + m + 2p)} + \frac{2d^3(3 + 2m + p)(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(3 + m + 2p)} + \frac{2d^2e(7 + 2m + 3p)(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m)(4 + m + 2p)}$$

output

```
-3*d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/g/(3+m+2*p)-e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/g^2/(4+m+2*p)+2*d^3*(3+2*m+p)*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g/(1+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+2*d^2*e*(7+2*m+3*p)*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g^2/(2+m)/(4+m+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.306.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{1+m} \right.$$

$$\left. + ex \left(\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{2+m} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + ex \left(\frac{3d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3+m}{2}, -p, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{3+m} + \frac{ex \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{4+m}{2}, -p, \frac{6+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{4+m} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + m) + e*x*((3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, -p, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 + m) + (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(4 + m)/2, -p, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(4 + m)))))/(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p`**3.306.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {559, 25, 2340, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{559}$$

$$\frac{\int -(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (3d(m+2p+4)x^2e^4 + 2d^2(2m+3p+7)xe^3 + d^3(m+2p+4)e^2) dx}{\frac{e^{2(m+2p+4)} (gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)}}$$

$$3.306. \quad \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 25 \\ \frac{\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (3d(m+2p+4)x^2 e^4 + 2d^2(2m+3p+7)xe^3 + d^3(m+2p+4)e^2) dx}{e^2(m+2p+4)} - \\ \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 2340 \\ \frac{\int -2d^2 e^4 (gx)^m (d(2m+p+3)(m+2p+4) + e(m+2p+3)(2m+3p+7)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{e^2(m+2p+3)} - \frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \\ \frac{e^2(m+2p+4)}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 27 \\ \frac{2d^2 e^2 \int (gx)^m (d(2m+p+3)(m+2p+4) + e(m+2p+3)(2m+3p+7)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{m+2p+3} - \frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \\ \frac{e^2(m+2p+4)}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 557 \\ \frac{2d^2 e^2 \left(d(2m+p+3)(m+2p+4) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \frac{e(m+2p+3)(2m+3p+7) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{g} \right)}{m+2p+3} - \frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \\ \frac{e^2(m+2p+4)}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 279 \\ \frac{2d^2 e^2 \left(d(2m+p+3)(m+2p+4) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \frac{e(m+2p+3)(2m+3p+7) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{g} \right)}{m+2p+3} - \frac{e^2(m+2p+4)}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)} \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{2d^2 e^2 \left(\frac{e^{(m+2p+3)(2m+3p+7)(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, -p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^{2(m+2)}} + \frac{d^{(2m+p+3)(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{g^{2(m+2)}} \right)}{m+2p+3} = \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g^2(m+2p+4)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(g^2*(4 + m + 2*p))) + ((-3*d*e^2*(4 + m + 2*p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(g*(3 + m + 2*p)) + (2*d^2*e^2*((d*(3 + 2*m + p)*(4 + m + 2*p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(3 + m + 2*p)*(7 + 2*m + 3*p)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(g^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/(3 + m + 2*p))/(e^2*(4 + m + 2*p))`

3.306.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.306.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.306.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`


```
output integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.306.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{d^3 d^{2p} g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{3d^2 d^{2p} e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} + \frac{3d d^{2p} e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} + \frac{d^{2p} e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)}$$

```
input integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**3*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)
```

```
output d**3*d**(2*p)*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + 3*d**2*d**(2*p)*e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2)) + 3*d*d**(2*p)*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)) + d**(2*p)*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3))
```

3.306.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.306.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.306.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.307 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.307.1 Optimal result	2492
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3.307.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = -\frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{1+p}}{g(3 + m + 2p)} + \frac{2d^2(2 + m + p)(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1 + m)(3 + m + 2p)} + \frac{2de(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2 + m)}$$

```
output - (g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(p+1)/g/(3+m+2*p)+2*d^2*(2+m+p)*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g/(1+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+2*d*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g^2/(2+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.307.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + e(1 + m)\right)}{(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, -p, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.307.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {559, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{559} \\
 & \frac{\int -2de^2 (gx)^m (d(m+p+2) + e(m+2p+3)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{e^2(m+2p+3)} - \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2d \int (gx)^m (d(m+p+2) + e(m+2p+3)x) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{m+2p+3} - \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & \frac{2d \left(d(m+p+2) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx + \frac{e(m+2p+3) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx}{g} \right)}{m+2p+3} - \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2d \left(d(m+p+2) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + \frac{e^{(m+2p+3)} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{g}$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)}$$

↓ 278

$$2d \left(\frac{e^{(m+2p+3)} (gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, -p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(m+2)} + \frac{d(m+p+2) (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{g(m+2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-(((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1 + p))/(g*(3 + m + 2*p))) + (2*d*((d*(2 + m + p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(3 + m + 2*p)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)))/(3 + m + 2*p)`

3.307.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.307.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.307.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.307.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{d^2 d^{2p} g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{d d^{2p} e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} + \frac{d^{2p} e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**2*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**2*d**(2*p)*g**m*x**(m+1)*gamma(m/2+1/2)*hyper((-p,m/2+1/2),(m/2+3/2,),(e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2+3/2))+d*d**(2*p)*e*g**m*x**(m+2)*gamma(m/2+1)*hyper((-p,m/2+1),(m/2+2,),(e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/gamma(m/2+2))+d**(2*p)*e**2*g**m*x**(m+3)*gamma(m/2+3/2)*hyper((-p,m/2+3/2),(m/2+5/2,),(e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2+5/2))`

3.307.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2 (-e^2x^2+d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*(g*x)^m,x)`

3.307.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.307.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.308 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.308.1 Optimal result	2498
3.308.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2498
3.308.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2499
3.308.4 Maple [F]	2500
3.308.5 Fracas [F]	2501
3.308.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2501
3.308.7 Maxima [F]	2502
3.308.8 Giac [F]	2502
3.308.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2502

3.308.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1+m)} + \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(2+m)}$$

```
output d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g/(1+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)+e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g^2/(2+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.308.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(d(2+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) + e(1+m)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)\right)}{(1+m)(2+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] + e*(1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.308.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & d \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx + \frac{e \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx + e(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, -p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g^2(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{d(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

```
output (d*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)
```

3.308.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 557 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
```

3.308.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d) (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.308.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.308.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \frac{d d^{2p} g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{d^{2p} e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{e^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d*d**(2*p)*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + d**(2*p)*e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2))`

3.308.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.308.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.308.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x), x)`

3.309 $\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.309.1 Optimal result	2503
3.309.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2503
3.309.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2504
3.309.4 Maple [F]	2505
3.309.5 Fricas [F]	2505
3.309.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2505
3.309.7 Maxima [F]	2506
3.309.8 Giac [F]	2506
3.309.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2506

3.309.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(1+m)}$$

output $(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/g/(1+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)$

3.309.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/2, -p, 1 + (1+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1+m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)$

3.309.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 279$$

$$(d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{g(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((g*x)^(1+m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m)/2, -p, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(g*(1+m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.309.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.309.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)`

3.309.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.309.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \frac{d^{2p} g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{d^2}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `d**(2*p)*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), e**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/d**2)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2))`

3.309.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.309.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.309.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m,x)`

output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.310 $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

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3.310.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dg(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2 g^2 (2+m)}$$

```
output (g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d/g/(1+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([1-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/g^2/(2+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.310.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(-e(1+m)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{m}{2}, 1 - p, 2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) + d(2 + m)\right)}{d^2(1+m)(2+m)}$$

3.310. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(-(e*(1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m/2, 1 - p, 2 + m/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) + d*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 1 - p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^2*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.310.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {583, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{583} \\
 & \int (d - ex)(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & d \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{e \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-1} dx}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx}{e(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-1} dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dg(m+1)} \\
 & \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2 g^2 (m+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

3.310. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$

```
output ((g*x)^(1+m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m)/2, 1-p, (3+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*g*(1+m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) - (e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2+m)/2, 1-p, (4+m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*g^2*(2+m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)
```

3.310.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 557 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m+1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
```

```
rule 583 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n+p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

3.310.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.310.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.310.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\ &= - \frac{0^p d^{1-m} d^{m+2p} e^{-m-1} e^{m-1} g^m m x^{m-1} \Phi\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{0^p d^{1-m} d^{m+2p} e^{-m-1} e^{m-1} g^m x^{m-1} \Phi\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{0^p d^{-m} d^{m+2p} e^m e^{-m-1} g^m m x^m \Phi\left(\frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{m e^{i\pi}}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{m}{2}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{d e^{2p-2} g^m p x^{m+2p-1} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(1 - p, -\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(p+1) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{3}{2}\right)} \\ &- \frac{e^{2p-1} g^m p x^{m+2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p\right) {}_2F_1\left(1 - p, -\frac{m}{2} - p \middle| \frac{d^2}{e^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(p+1) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + 1\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output -0**p*d**(1 - m)*d**(m + 2*p)*e**(-m - 1)*e**(m - 1)*g**m*x**(m - 1)*ler
chphi(d**2/(e**2*x**2), 1, 1/2 - m/2)*gamma(1/2 - m/2)/(4*gamma(3/2 - m/2)
) + 0**p*d**(1 - m)*d**(m + 2*p)*e**(-m - 1)*e**(m - 1)*g**m*x**(m - 1)*le
rchphi(d**2/(e**2*x**2), 1, 1/2 - m/2)*gamma(1/2 - m/2)/(4*gamma(3/2 - m/2
)) + 0**p*d**(m + 2*p)*e**m*e**(-m - 1)*g**m*x**m*lerchphi(d**2/(e**2*x*
*2), 1, m*exp_polar(I*pi)/2)*gamma(-m/2)/(4*d**m*gamma(1 - m/2)) + d*e**(2
*p - 2)*g**m*p*x**(m + 2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 1/2)
*hyper((1 - p, -m/2 - p + 1/2), (-m/2 - p + 3/2,), d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*ga
mma(p + 1)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 3/2)) - e**(2*p - 1)*g**m*p*x**(m + 2*p)*exp(I
*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(-m/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, -m/2 - p), (-m/2 - p + 1,),
d**2/(e**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(p + 1)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 1))

```

3.310.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.310.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.310.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.311
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

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 3.311.7 Maxima [F] 2517
 3.311.8 Giac [F] 2517
 3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2518

3.311.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-1+p}}{g(1 - m - 2p)}$$

$$-\frac{2(m + p)(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2 g(1 + m)(1 - m - 2p)}$$

$$-\frac{2e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 g^2(2 + m)}$$

output $(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{-1+p}/g/(1-m-2*p)-2*(m+p)*(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*\text{hypergeom}([2-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^2/g/(1+m)/(1-m-2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-2*e*(g*x)^{(2+m)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*\text{hypergeom}([2-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/g^2/(2+m)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)$

3.311.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 2 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) - e(1 + m)\right)}{d^4(1 + m)}$$

3.311.
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 2 - p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, 2 - p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2] - e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, 2 - p, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2]))/(d^4*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`

3.311.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {570, 559, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{570} \\
 & \int (d - ex)^2 (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{559} \\
 & \frac{\int -2de^2 (gx)^m (d(m+p) + e(-m - 2p + 1)x) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx}{e^2(-m - 2p + 1)} + \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{g(-m - 2p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{g(-m - 2p + 1)} - \frac{2d \int (gx)^m (d(m+p) + e(-m - 2p + 1)x) (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx}{-m - 2p + 1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{g(-m - 2p + 1)} - \\
 & \frac{2d \left(d(m+p) \int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx + \frac{e(-m-2p+1) \int (gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-2} dx}{g} \right)}{-m - 2p + 1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.311. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{g(-m - 2p + 1)} - \\
 & 2d \left(\frac{e^{(-m-2p+1)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p} \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^4g} + \frac{(m+p)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-2} dx}{d^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{-m - 2p + 1}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{p-1}}{g(-m - 2p + 1)} - \\
 & 2d \left(\frac{e^{(-m-2p+1)(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^p} \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, 2-p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4g^2(m+2)} + \frac{(m+p)(gx)^{m+1} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p}}{d^3g} \right) \\
 & \frac{-m - 2p + 1}{}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-1 + p))/(g*(1 - m - 2*p)) - (2*d*((m + p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 2 - p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(1 - m - 2*p)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, 2 - p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*g^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/(1 - m - 2*p)`

3.311.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.311. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

3.311.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.311.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.311.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.311.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.311.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.312
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

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 3.312.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2525

3.312.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{3d(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{g(3 - m - 2p)} - \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-2+p}}{g^2(2 - m - 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{2(2m + p)(gx)^{1+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3 g(1 + m)(3 - m - 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{2e(2 - 2m - 3p)(gx)^{2+m} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, 3 - p, \frac{4+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4 g^2(2 + m)(2 - m - 2p)}$$

output

```
3*d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/g/(3-m-2*p)-e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(-2+p)/g^2/(2-m-2*p)-2*(2*m+p)*(g*x)^(1+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3-p, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^3/g/(1+m)/(3-m-2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)-2*e*(2-2*m-3*p)*(g*x)^(2+m)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*hypergeom([3-p, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],e^2*x^2/d^2)/d^4/g^2/(2+m)/(2-m-2*p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^p)
```

3.312.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 3-p, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{1+m} + ex \left(-\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, 3-p, \frac{5+m}{2}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2+m}\right)\right)}{d^6}$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`output `(x*(g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 3 - p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(1 + m) + e*x*((-3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, 3 - p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, 3 - p, (5 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3 + m) - (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(4 + m)/2, 3 - p, (6 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(4 + m)))))/(d^6*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p)`**3.312.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {570, 559, 2340, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{570}$$

$$\int (d - ex)^3 (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{559}$$

$$\frac{\int (gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-3} (3d(-m - 2p + 2)x^2 e^4 - 2d^2(-2m - 3p + 2)xe^3 + d^3(-m - 2p + 2)e^2) dx}{\frac{e^{2(-m - 2p + 2)} (gx)^{m+2} (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m - 2p + 2)}}$$

3.312. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

↓ 2340

$$\frac{\int -2d^2e^4(gx)^m(d(-m-2p+2)(2m+p)+e(-2m-3p+2)(-m-2p+3)x)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx}{e^2(-m-2p+3)} + \frac{3de^2(-m-2p+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g(-m-2p+3)} - \frac{e^2(-m-2p+2)}{g^2(-m-2p+2)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m-2p+2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3de^2(-m-2p+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g(-m-2p+3)} - \frac{2d^2e^2 \int (gx)^m(d(-m-2p+2)(2m+p)+e(-2m-3p+2)(-m-2p+3)x)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx}{-m-2p+3} - \frac{e^2(-m-2p+2)}{g^2(-m-2p+2)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m-2p+2)}$$

↓ 557

$$\frac{3de^2(-m-2p+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g(-m-2p+3)} - \frac{2d^2e^2 \left(d(-m-2p+2)(2m+p) \int (gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx + \frac{e(-2m-3p+2)(-m-2p+3)}{g} \int (gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx \right)}{-m-2p+3} - \frac{e^2(-m-2p+2)}{g^2(-m-2p+2)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m-2p+2)}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{3de^2(-m-2p+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g(-m-2p+3)} - \frac{2d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e(-2m-3p+2)(-m-2p+3)(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{p-3} dx}{d^6g} + \frac{(-m-2p+2)(2m+p)}{g} \int (gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-3} dx \right)}{-m-2p+3} - \frac{e^2(-m-2p+2)}{g^2(-m-2p+2)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m-2p+2)}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{3de^2(-m-2p+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g(-m-2p+3)} - \frac{2d^2e^2 \left(\frac{e(-2m-3p+2)(-m-2p+3)(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^p \left(1-\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, 3-p, \frac{m+4}{2}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6g^2(m+2)} \right)}{-m-2p+3} - \frac{e^2(-m-2p+2)}{g^2(-m-2p+2)} \frac{e(gx)^{m+2}(d^2-e^2x^2)^{p-2}}{g^2(-m-2p+2)}$$

3.312. $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d^2-e^2x^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-((e*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(g^2*(2 - m - 2*p))) + ((3*d*e^2*(2 - m - 2*p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(-2 + p))/(g*(3 - m - 2*p)) - (2*d^2*e^2*(((2 - m - 2*p)*(2*m + p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 3 - p, (3 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^5*g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p) + (e*(2 - 2*m - 3*p)*(3 - m - 2*p)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, 3 - p, (4 + m)/2, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*g^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^p))/(3 - m - 2*p))/(e^2*(2 - m - 2*p))`

3.312.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 570 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^(n)), x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, -1] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[m + n, 0] && !GtQ[p, 1])`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;` `GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.312.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.312.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.312.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (-(-d + ex)(d + ex))^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.312.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.312.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.312.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.313
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1-a^2x^2)^p}{1+ax} dx$$

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 3.313.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2527
 3.313.4 Maple [F] 2528
 3.313.5 Fricas [F] 2528
 3.313.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2529
 3.313.7 Maxima [F] 2530
 3.313.8 Giac [F] 2530
 3.313.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2530

3.313.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2x^2 \right)}{g(1 + m)} - \frac{a(gx)^{2+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2+m}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2x^2 \right)}{g^2(2 + m)}$$

output `(g*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], a^2*x^2)/g/(1+m)-a*(g*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1-p, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], a^2*x^2)/g^2/(2+m)`

3.313.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = x(gx)^m \left(-\frac{ax \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1 + \frac{m}{2}, 1 - p, 2 + \frac{m}{2}, a^2x^2 \right)}{2 + m} + \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1+m}{2}, 1 - p, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2x^2 \right)}{1 + m} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(1 - a^2*x^2)^p)/(1 + a*x),x]`

output `x*(g*x)^m*(-((a*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m/2, 1 - p, 2 + m/2, a^2*x^2])/(2 + m)) + Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 1 - p, (3 + m)/2, a^2*x^2]/(1 + m))`

3.313.
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1-a^2x^2)^p}{1+ax} dx$$

3.313.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {583, 557, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^p (gx)^m}{ax + 1} dx$$

↓ 583

$$\int (1 - ax) (1 - a^2 x^2)^{p-1} (gx)^m dx$$

↓ 557

$$\int (gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^{p-1} dx - \frac{a \int (gx)^{m+1} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{p-1} dx}{g}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, 1-p, \frac{m+3}{2}, a^2 x^2\right)}{g(m+1)} - \frac{a(gx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, 1-p, \frac{m+4}{2}, a^2 x^2\right)}{g^2(m+2)}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(1 - a^2*x^2)^p)/(1 + a*x),x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, 1 - p, (3 + m)/2, a^2*x^2])/(g*(1 + m)) - (a*(g*x)^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, 1 - p, (4 + m)/2, a^2*x^2])/(g^2*(2 + m))`

3.313.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 583 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n)/a^n Int[(e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(c - d*x)^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[n, 0]`

3.313.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (-a^2x^2 + 1)^p}{ax + 1} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(-a^2*x^2+1)^p/(a*x+1),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(-a^2*x^2+1)^p/(a*x+1),x)`

3.313.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^p (gx)^m}{ax + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-a^2*x^2+1)^p/(a*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^p*(g*x)^m/(a*x + 1), x)`

3.313.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx$$

$$= \frac{0^p a^m a^{-m-1} g^m m x^m \Phi\left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{m e^{i\pi}}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{m}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{0^p a^{-m-1} a^{m-1} g^m m x^{m-1} \Phi\left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{0^p a^{-m-1} a^{m-1} g^m x^{m-1} \Phi\left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}, 1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{2p-2} g^m p x^{m+2p-1} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(1 - p, -\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(p+1) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{a^{2p-1} g^m p x^{m+2p} e^{i\pi p} \Gamma(p) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p\right) {}_2F_1\left(1 - p, -\frac{m}{2} - p \middle| \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(p+1) \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2} - p + 1\right)}$$

```
input integrate((g*x)**m*(-a**2*x**2+1)**p/(a*x+1),x)
```

```
output 0**p*a**m*a**(-m - 1)*g**m*m*x**m*lerchphi(1/(a**2*x**2), 1, m*exp_polar(I
*pi)/2)*gamma(-m/2)/(4*gamma(1 - m/2)) - 0**p*a**(-m - 1)*a**(m - 1)*g**m*
m*x**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1/(a**2*x**2), 1, 1/2 - m/2)*gamma(1/2 - m/2)/(4*gam
ma(3/2 - m/2)) + 0**p*a**(-m - 1)*a**(m - 1)*g**m*x**(m - 1)*lerchphi(1/(a
**2*x**2), 1, 1/2 - m/2)*gamma(1/2 - m/2)/(4*gamma(3/2 - m/2)) + a**(2*p -
2)*g**m*p*x**(m + 2*p - 1)*exp(I*pi*p)*gamma(p)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 1/2)*hyp
er((1 - p, -m/2 - p + 1/2), (-m/2 - p + 3/2, ), 1/(a**2*x**2))/(2*gamma(p +
1)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 3/2)) - a**(2*p - 1)*g**m*p*x**(m + 2*p)*exp(I*pi*p)*
gamma(p)*gamma(-m/2 - p)*hyper((1 - p, -m/2 - p), (-m/2 - p + 1, ), 1/(a**2
*x**2))/(2*gamma(p + 1)*gamma(-m/2 - p + 1))
```


3.313.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^p (gx)^m}{ax + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-a^2*x^2+1)^p/(a*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^p*(g*x)^m/(a*x + 1), x)`

3.313.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^p (gx)^m}{ax + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(-a^2*x^2+1)^p/(a*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^p*(g*x)^m/(a*x + 1), x)`

3.313.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{1 + ax} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (1 - a^2 x^2)^p}{ax + 1} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(1 - a^2*x^2)^p)/(a*x + 1),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(1 - a^2*x^2)^p)/(a*x + 1), x)`

3.314 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$

3.314.1 Optimal result	2531
3.314.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2531
3.314.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2532
3.314.4 Maple [F]	2533
3.314.5 Fracas [F]	2533
3.314.6 Sympy [F]	2534
3.314.7 Maxima [F]	2534
3.314.8 Giac [F]	2534
3.314.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2535

3.314.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^{1+m} (d + ex)^n \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -n - p, 2 + m, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{g(1 + m)}$$

output $(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(e*x+d)^n*(1+e*x/d)^{-(n-p)}*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}(1+m,-p,-n-p,2+m,e*x/d,-e*x/d)/g/(1+m)/((1-e*x/d)^p)$

3.314.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d - ex)^p \left(\frac{d-ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{n+p} \left(\frac{d+ex}{d}\right)^{-n-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -n - p, 2 + m, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{1 + m}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]$

output $(x*(g*x)^m*(d - e*x)^p*(d + e*x)^{(n + p)}*((d + e*x)/d)^{-(n - p)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}[1 + m, -p, -n - p, 2 + m, (e*x)/d, -((e*x)/d)]/((1 + m)*((d - e*x)/d)^p)$

3.314.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {586, 152, 152, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{586} \\
 & (d-ex)^{-p} (d+ex)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \int (gx)^m (d-ex)^p (d+ex)^{n+p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{152} \\
 & (d+ex)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^{n+p} \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{152} \\
 & (d+ex)^n \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n-p} \int (gx)^m \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{n+p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^n \left(1 - \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-p} (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -p, -n-p, m+2, \frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{g(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*(1 + (e*x)/d)^(-n - p)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -n - p, 2 + m, (e*x)/d, -((e*x)/d)]/(g*(1 + m)*(1 - (e*x)/d)^p)`

3.314.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 150 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

```
rule 152 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n])
Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 586 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((c + d*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/c + (
b*x)/d)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.314.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^n (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x)
```

3.314.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.314.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (gx)^m (-(d+ex)(d+ex))^p (d+ex)^n dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**n*(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((g*x)**m*(-(d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**p*(d + e*x)**n, x)`

3.314.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.314.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^p (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^p*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.314.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p dx = \int (d^2 - e^2x^2)^p (gx)^m (d+ex)^n dx$$

input `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n,x)`output `int((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^p*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n, x)`

3.315 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$

3.315.1 Optimal result	2536
3.315.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2537
3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2537
3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2541
3.315.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2541
3.315.6 Sympy [F]	2542
3.315.7 Maxima [F]	2542
3.315.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2542
3.315.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2543

3.315.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = 2\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})-2\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})+2\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \log\left(1+\sqrt{2}+x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \log\left(1+\sqrt{2}+x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

```
output 2*(1+x)^(1/2)+1/4*ln(1+x+2^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/4*ln(1+x+2^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+arctan((-2*(1+x)^(1/2)+(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctan((2*(1+x)^(1/2)+(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.315.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = 2\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{-1+i} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}}\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \sqrt{-1-i} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}}\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `2*Sqrt[1 + x] - Sqrt[-1 + I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 - I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]] - Sqrt[-1 - I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 + I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]]`

3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {561, 25, 1602, 25, 1483, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{561} \\ & 2 \int \frac{x(x+1)}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -2 \int -\frac{x(x+1)}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1602} \\ & 2 \left(\int -\frac{1-x}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x+1} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \left(\sqrt{x+1} - \int \frac{1-x}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1483} \\
& 2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - (2+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\int \frac{(2+\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \sqrt{x+1} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
& 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{2}(2+\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1}{2}(2+\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1083} \\
& 2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(2+\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \int \frac{1}{-x + 2(1-\sqrt{2}) - 1} d\left(2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{217}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(2 + \sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})-2\sqrt{x+1}}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}(2 + \sqrt{2}) \int \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} d\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(2 + \sqrt{2}) \log \left(x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}(2 + \sqrt{2}) \log \left(x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x*sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `2*(sqrt[1 + x] - (sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(-sqrt[2*(1 + sqrt[2])]) + 2*sqrt[1 + x])/sqrt[2*(-1 + sqrt[2])]]) - ((2 + sqrt[2])*Log[1 + sqrt[2] + x - sqrt[2*(1 + sqrt[2])]*sqrt[1 + x]])/2)/(4*sqrt[1 + sqrt[2]]) - (sqrt[2]*ArcTan[(sqrt[2*(1 + sqrt[2])]) + 2*sqrt[1 + x])/sqrt[2*(-1 + sqrt[2])]]) + ((2 + sqrt[2])*Log[1 + sqrt[2] + x + sqrt[2*(1 + sqrt[2])]*sqrt[1 + x]])/2)/(4*sqrt[1 + sqrt[2]])`

3.315.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1602 `Int[((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 3))), x] - Simp[f^2/(c*(m + 4*p + 3)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m - 1) + (b*e*(m + 2*p + 1) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 3))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] | IntegerQ[m])`

3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{\ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{4} - \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1)\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} - \ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})$
default	$2\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{\ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{4} - \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1)\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} - \ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})$
risch	$2\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{\ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{4} - \frac{(\sqrt{2}-1)\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} - \ln(1+x+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}})$
trager	$2\sqrt{1+x} - 2\text{RootOf}(128_Z^4 - 16_Z^2 + 1) \ln\left(\frac{256\text{RootOf}(128_Z^4 - 16_Z^2 + 1)^5 x - 16\text{RootOf}(128_Z^4 - 16_Z^2 + 1)}{\dots}\right)$

input `int(x*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(1+x)^{(1/2)}+1/4*\ln(1+x+2^{(1/2)}-(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-(2^{(1/2)}-1)/(-2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan((2*(1+x)^{(1/2)}-(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(-2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})-1/4*\ln(1+x+2^{(1/2)}+(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+(-2^{(1/2)}+1)/(-2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan((2*(1+x)^{(1/2)}+(2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(-2+2*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})$

3.315.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{i+1}\log(\sqrt{i+1}+\sqrt{x+1}) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{i+1}\log(-\sqrt{i+1}+\sqrt{x+1}) \\ -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-i+1}\log(\sqrt{-i+1}+\sqrt{x+1}) \\ +\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-i+1}\log(-\sqrt{-i+1}+\sqrt{x+1}) + 2\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(I + 1)*log(sqrt(I + 1) + sqrt(x + 1)) + 1/2*sqrt(I + 1)*log(-sqrt(I + 1) + sqrt(x + 1)) - 1/2*sqrt(-I + 1)*log(sqrt(-I + 1) + sqrt(x + 1)) + 1/2*sqrt(-I + 1)*log(-sqrt(-I + 1) + sqrt(x + 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.315.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(x + 1)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

3.315.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}x}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 1)*x/(x^2 + 1), x)`

3.315.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \arctan \left(\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \arctan \left(-\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} - 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \log \left(2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \log \left(-2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) + 2\sqrt{x+1} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/2*\sqrt{2*\sqrt{2} - 2}*\arctan(1/2*2^{(3/4)}*(2^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} + 2*\sqrt{x + 1}))/\sqrt{-\sqrt{2} + 2}) - 1/2*\sqrt{2*\sqrt{2} - 2}*\arctan(-1/2*2^{(3/4)}*(2^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} - 2*\sqrt{x + 1}))/\sqrt{-\sqrt{2} + 2}) - 1/4*\sqrt{2*\sqrt{2} + 2}*\log(2^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{x + 1}*\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1) + 1/4*\sqrt{2*\sqrt{2} + 2}*\log(-2^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{x + 1}*\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1) + 2*\sqrt{x + 1}$$

3.315.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = 2\sqrt{x+1} + \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{8\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{8\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}}\right) \left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}} - 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}\right) - \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}}} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{8\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{8\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}}\right) \left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{8}}\right)$$

input `int((x*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(x^2 + 1),x)`

output
$$2*(x + 1)^{(1/2)} + \operatorname{atanh}((x + 1)^{(1/2))/(4*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)}) - (x + 1)^{(1/2))/(4*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)}) + (2^{(1/2)}*(x + 1)^{(1/2)})/(8*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)}) + (2^{(1/2)}*(x + 1)^{(1/2)})/(8*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)}))*(2*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)} - 2*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)}) - \operatorname{atanh}((x + 1)^{(1/2)}/(4*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)}) + (x + 1)^{(1/2)}/(4*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)}) - (2^{(1/2)}*(x + 1)^{(1/2)})/(8*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)}) + (2^{(1/2)}*(x + 1)^{(1/2)})/(8*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)}))*(2*(1/8 - 2^{(1/2)}/8)^{(1/2)} + 2*(2^{(1/2)}/8 + 1/8)^{(1/2)})$$

3.316 $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.316.1 Optimal result	2544
3.316.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2545
3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2545
3.316.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2549
3.316.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2550
3.316.6 Sympy [F]	2551
3.316.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2552
3.316.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2552
3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2552

3.316.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{d(8cd^3 - e(4cd^2 - ae^2)x) \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{8ce^5} + \frac{(47cd^2 - 8ae^2)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{60c^2e^3}$$

$$- \frac{13d(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{20ce^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5ce^3}$$

$$- \frac{d(8c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^6}$$

$$- \frac{d^4 \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^6}$$

```
output 1/60*(-8*a*e^2+47*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/c^2/e^3-13/20*d*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)
^(3/2)/c/e^3+1/5*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/c/e^3-1/8*d*(-a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2
*e^2+8*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^6-d^4*arctanh
((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^6
+1/8*d*(8*c*d^3-e*(-a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^5
```

3.316.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{e\sqrt{a + cx^2}(-16a^2e^4 + ace^2(40d^2 - 15dex + 8e^2x^2) + 2c^2(60d^4 - 30d^3ex + 20d^2e^2x^2 - 15de^3x^3 + 12e^4x^4)) + 240c^2d^4\sqrt{-(c*d^2) - a*e^2}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] + 15*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])]}{120*c^2*e^6}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*(-16*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(40*d^2 - 15*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + 2*c^2*(60*d^4 - 30*d^3*e*x + 20*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 15*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*e^4*x^4)) + 240*c^2*d^4*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] + 15*Sqrt[c]*d*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(120*c^2*e^6)`

3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2185, 25, 2185, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 604$$

$$\int \frac{-\sqrt{cx^2+a}(13cde^3x^3+e^2(11cd^2+2ae^2)x^2+de(3cd^2+4ae^2)x+2ad^2e^2)}{5ce^4} dx + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^2}{5ce^3}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(13cde^3x^3+e^2(11cd^2+2ae^2)x^2+de(3cd^2+4ae^2)x+2ad^2e^2)}{5ce^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2185$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(5acd^2e^5+c(47cd^2-8ae^2)x^2e^5+3cd(9cd^2-ae^2)xe^4)}{d+ex} dx}{4ce^3} + \frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(5acd^2e^5+c(47cd^2-8ae^2)x^2e^5+3cd(9cd^2-ae^2)xe^4)}{d+ex} dx}{4ce^3} - \frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{\int \frac{15c^2de^6(ade-(4cd^2-ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{1}{3}e^4(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(47cd^2-8ae^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{5cde^4 \int \frac{(ade-(4cd^2-ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx + \frac{1}{3}e^4(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(47cd^2-8ae^2)}{4ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\int \frac{c(ade(4cd^2+ae^2)-(8c^2d^4+4ace^2d^2-a^2e^4)x)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}e^4(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(47cd^2-8ae^2)}{4ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^4} - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\int \frac{ade(4cd^2+ae^2)-(8c^2d^4+4ace^2d^2-a^2e^4)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}e^4(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(47cd^2-8ae^2)}{4ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719
 \end{aligned}$$

3.316. $\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex)(4cd^2-ae^2)}{2e^2} \right)}{5ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex)(4cd^2-ae^2)}{2e^2} \right)}{5ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{2e^2\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex)(4cd^2-ae^2)}{2e^2} \right)}{5ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{2e^2\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex)(4cd^2-ae^2)}{2e^2} \right)}{5ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{13}{4}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex) - \frac{5cde^4 \left(\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)^2}{5ce^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8cd^3\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex)(4cd^2-ae^2)}{2e^2} \right)}{5ce^4} - \frac{4ce^3}{4ce^3}$$

input `Int[(x^4*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*e^3) - ((13*d*e*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/4 - ((e^4*(47*c*d^2 - 8*a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + 5*c*d*e^4*((8*c*d^3 - e*(4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(2*e^2) + (-(((8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (8*c*d^3*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/e)/(2*e^2)))/(4*c*e^3)/(5*c*e^4)`

3.316.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 682 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.316.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-24e^4c^2x^4+30de^3c^2x^3-8ace^4x^2-40c^2d^2e^2x^2+15acd^3e^3x+60c^2d^3ex+16a^2e^4-40acd^2e^2-120c^2d^4)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{120c^2e^5} + \frac{d \left(\frac{a^2e^4-4a}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{x^2(c x^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5c} - \frac{2a(c x^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15c^2} + \frac{d^2(c x^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^3c} - \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{e^4} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x(c x^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{a \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4c} \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/120*(-24*c^2*e^4*x^4+30*c^2*d*e^3*x^3-8*a*c*e^4*x^2-40*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+
15*a*c*d*e^3*x+60*c^2*d^3*e*x+16*a^2*e^4-40*a*c*d^2*e^2-120*c^2*d^4)*(c*x^
2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^5+1/8*d/e^5/c*((a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2-8*c^2*d^4)/e*ln(x*c
^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-8*d^3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*c/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e
^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1
/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.316.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1104, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \left[\frac{120 \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}c^2d^4 \log \left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2} \right) - 15(8c^2d^5+4acd^3e^2}{240 \sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}c^2d^4 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2} \right) + 15(8c^2d^5+4acd^3e^2-a^2de^4)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2}{120 \sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}c^2d^4 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2} \right) - 15(8c^2d^5+4acd^3e^2-a^2de^4)\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left(\frac{\dots}{\dots} \right)} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.316. $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

```
output [1/240*(120*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2
*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sq
r t(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 15*(8*c^2*d^5 + 4*a*c*d^3*e^2 -
a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(2
4*c^2*e^5*x^4 - 30*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 120*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 16*a^2
*e^5 + 8*(5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*e^6), -1/240*(240*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*arct
an(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 +
(c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + 15*(8*c^2*d^5 + 4*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sq
rt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(24*c^2*e^5*x^4
- 30*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 120*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 16*a^2*e^5 + 8*(5*c^
2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 +
a))/(c^2*e^6), 1/120*(60*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a
c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d
*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 15*(8*c^2*d^5 + 4*
a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (24
*c^2*e^5*x^4 - 30*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 120*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 16*a^2*
e^5 + 8*(5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*e^6), -1/120*(120*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*arcta
n(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2...
```

3.316.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4*sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.316.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.316.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int((x^4*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int((x^4*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.317 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.317.1 Optimal result	2553
3.317.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2553
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3.317.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{(8cd^3 - e(4cd^2 - ae^2)x) \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{8ce^4} - \frac{7d(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{12ce^2} + \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} + \frac{(8c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^5} + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

```
output -7/12*d*(c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2+1/4*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2+1/8*(-a^2*
e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+8*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^
5+d^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)/e^5-1/8*(8*c*d^3-e*(-a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^4
```

3.317.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ce} \sqrt{a+cx^2} (ae^2(-8d+3ex) + c(-24d^3 + 12d^2ex - 8de^2x^2 + 6e^3x^3)) - 48c^{3/2}d^3 \sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{24c^{3/2}e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]*(a*e^2*(-8*d + 3*e*x) + c*(-24*d^3 + 12*d^2*e*x - 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3)) - 48*c^{(3/2)}*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] - 3*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]])/(24*c^{(3/2)}*e^5)$

3.317.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2185, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 604 \\ & \int \frac{-\sqrt{cx^2+a}(7cdx^2e^2+ade^2+(3cd^2+ae^2)xe)}{d+ex} dx + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)}{4ce^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)}{4ce^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(7cdx^2e^2+ade^2+(3cd^2+ae^2)xe)}{d+ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\ & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)}{4ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{3ce^3(ade - (4cd^2 - ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{7}{3}de(a + cx^2)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)}{4ce^2} - \frac{e \int \frac{(ade - (4cd^2 - ae^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx}{4ce^3} + \frac{7}{3}de(a + cx^2)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 682 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - \\
e \left(\frac{\int \frac{c(ade(4cd^2+ae^2)-(8c^2d^4+4ace^2d^2-a^2e^4)x)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2ce^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2} \\
\hline
4ce^3 \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - \\
e \left(\frac{\int \frac{ade(4cd^2+ae^2)-(8c^2d^4+4ace^2d^2-a^2e^4)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2} \\
\hline
4ce^3 \\
\downarrow 719 \\
\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - \\
e \left(\frac{\frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2} \\
\hline
4ce^3 \\
\downarrow 224 \\
\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - \\
e \left(\frac{\frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{e} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2} \\
\hline
4ce^3 \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - \\
e \left(\frac{\frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}de(a+cx^2)^{3/2} \\
\hline
4ce^3 \\
\downarrow 488
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{\frac{8cd^3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{2e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}d}{4ce^3}}{\frac{\frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)}{4ce^2} - e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(-a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+8c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8cd^3\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(8cd^3-ex(4cd^2-ae^2))}{2e^2} \right) + \frac{7}{3}d}{4ce^3}}$$

↓ 219

input `Int[(x^3*sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c*e^2) - ((7*d*e*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + e * (((8*c*d^3 - e*(4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)*sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(2*e^2) + (-(((8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(sqrt[c]*e) - (8*c*d^3*sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*sqrt[a + c*x^2])]))/e)/(2*e^2)))/(4*c*e^3)`

3.317.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*
x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d
*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*
b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m,
1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*)x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d,
e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))`

3.317.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-6cx^3e^3+8cde^2x^2-3ae^3x-12cd^2ex+8ade^2+24cd^3)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{24ce^4} - \frac{(a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2-8c^2d^4)\ln(x\sqrt{c+\sqrt{cx^2+a}})}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{8d^3(e^2a+cd^2)e}{e^3}$
default	$\frac{x(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} - \frac{a\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c+\sqrt{cx^2+a}})}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c+\sqrt{cx^2+a}})}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{d(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3ce^2} - \left(\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-}\right)$

input `int(x^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*(-6*c*e^3*x^3+8*c*d*e^2*x^2-3*a*e^3*x-12*c*d^2*e*x+8*a*d*e^2+24*c*d^3)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^4-1/8/c/e^4*((a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2-8*c^2*d^4)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-8*d^3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*c/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.317.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 963, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

$$\int \frac{x^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \left[\frac{24\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}c^2d^3 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) - 3(8c^2d^4+4acd^2e^2 -$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(24*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(6*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 8*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 - 24*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3 + 3*(4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*e^5), 1/48*(48*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(6*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 8*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 - 24*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3 + 3*(4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*e^5), 1/24*(12*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (6*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 8*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 - 24*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3 + 3*(4*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*e^5), 1/24*(24*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(8*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (6*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 8*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 - 24*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3 + 3*(4*...`

3.317.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.317.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.317.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

3.317.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int((x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int((x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.318 $\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.318.1 Optimal result	2561
3.318.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2561
3.318.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2562
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3.318.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2566
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3.318.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2567
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3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2568

3.318.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{d(2d-ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2e^3} + \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d(2cd^2+ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce^4}} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

```
output 1/3*(c*x^2+a)^(3/2)/c/e-1/2*d*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^4/c^(1/2)-d^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^4+1/2*d*(-e*x+2*d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^3
```

3.318.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(6cd^2+2ae^2-3cdex+2ce^2x^2)+12cd^2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)+3\sqrt{cd}(2cd^2)}{6ce^4}$$

```
input Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```


output $(e\sqrt{a + cx^2}*(6*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2 - 3*c*d*e*x + 2*c*e^2*x^2) + 12*c*d^2*\sqrt{-(c*d^2) - a*e^2}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{c}*(d + e*x) - e*\sqrt{a + c*x^2})/\sqrt{-(c*d^2) - a*e^2}]] + 3*\sqrt{c}*d*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{c}*x) + \sqrt{a + c*x^2}])/(6*c*e^4)$

3.318.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {604, 27, 591, 25, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 604 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3cde x \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \int \frac{x \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 591 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{ade - (2cd^2 + ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{\int \frac{ade - (2cd^2 + ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2 + 2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2 + 2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}} d - \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{2d(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2 + ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d - \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} - \frac{d \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{2e^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \right)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*c*e) - (d*(-1/2*((2*d - e*x)*sqrt[a + c*x^2])/e^2 - ((2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(sqrt[c]*e)) - (2*d*sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/e)/(2*e^2))/e`

3.318.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 591 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))], x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[a*c*d*n + (b*c^2*(2*p + 1) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0]`
- rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.318.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2ce^2x^2 - 3cde x + 2e^2a + 6cd^2)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{6ce^3} - \frac{d \left(\frac{(e^2a+2cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2d(e^2a+cd^2)\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{2e^3}$
default	$\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3ce} - \frac{d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left(\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} - \sqrt{c}d\ln\left(\frac{-\frac{cd}{e}+c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2}\right)\right)}{e}$

```
input int(x^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*(2*c*e^2*x^2-3*c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3-1/2*d/e^
3*((a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2
*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)
^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.318.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.07

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[\frac{6 \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} cd^2 \log \left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2} \right) + 3(2cd^3 + ade^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + a}\sqrt{c})}{12ce^4} \right.}{12\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}cd^2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2} \right) - 3(2cd^3 + ade^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + a}\sqrt{c})}{12ce^4} \left. - \frac{6\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}cd^2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2} \right) - 3(2cd^3 + ade^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} \right) - (2ce^3x^2)}{6ce^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/12*(6*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2
- (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x
^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 3*(2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2
*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(2*c*e^3*x^2 - 3*c*d*e^2*x +
6*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^4), -1/12*(12*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*
e^2)*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*
d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c)*
log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(2*c*e^3*x^2 - 3*c*d*e
^2*x + 6*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^4), 1/6*(3*sqrt(c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*c*d^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2
)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*
d*e*x + d^2)) + 3*(2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^
2 + a)) + (2*c*e^3*x^2 - 3*c*d*e^2*x + 6*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a
))/(c*e^4), -1/6*(6*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)
*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^
2)) - 3*(2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) -
(2*c*e^3*x^2 - 3*c*d*e^2*x + 6*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c*e^4)
]
```

3.318.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.318.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.318.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.319 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.319.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{(2d-ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2e^2} + \frac{(2cd^2+ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}e^3} + \frac{d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

```
output 1/2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^3/c^(1/2)+d*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^3-1/2*(-e*x+2*d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2
```

3.319.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{e(-2d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2} - 4d\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right) - (2cd^2+ae^2)\log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2e^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]
```


output $(e*(-2*d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2] - 4*d*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] - ((2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[c])/(2*e^3)$

3.319.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {591, 25, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{591} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{ade-(2cd^2+ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ade-(2cd^2+ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & -\frac{2d(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\frac{2d(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{2d(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2+2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2d(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2+2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2+2cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2d-ex)}{2e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-1/2*((2*d - e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/e^2 - (-(((2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (2*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/e)/(2*e^2)`

3.319.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 591 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[a*c*d*n + (b*c^2*(2*p + 1) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0]`

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.319.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2e^2} + \frac{(e^2a+2cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2d(e^2a+cd^2)\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{2e^2}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{c}} - d \left[\frac{\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\ln\left(\frac{-\frac{cd}{e}+c(x+\frac{d}{e})}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e} \right]$

```
input int(x*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e*x+2*d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2+1/2/e^2*((a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)
)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)
*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d
/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.319.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}cd \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (2cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cdx-ae)}{4ce^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(c*e^2*x - 2*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^3), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(c*e^2*x - 2*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^3), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (c*e^2*x - 2*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^3), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (c*e^2*x - 2*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c*e^3)]`

3.319.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.319.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.319.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value

3.319.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.320 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.320.1 Optimal result	2575
3.320.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2575
3.320.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2576
3.320.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2578
3.320.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2578
3.320.6 Sympy [F]	2579
3.320.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2579
3.320.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2580
3.320.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2580

3.320.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output `-d*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)/e^2-arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^2+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e`

3.320.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right) + \sqrt{cd} \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{a+cx^2})}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] + 2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] + Sqrt[c]*d*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/e^2`

3.320.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {493, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \int \frac{ae-cdx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd \int \frac{1-\frac{cx^2}{d}}{1-\frac{cx^2}{d}+\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}} dx}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(d + e*x), x]`

output $\sqrt{a + cx^2}/e + (-((\sqrt{c} * \text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c} * x)/\sqrt{a + cx^2}]))/e) - (\sqrt{c * d^2 + a * e^2} * \text{ArcTanh}[(a * e - c * d * x)/(\sqrt{c * d^2 + a * e^2} * \sqrt{a + cx^2})])/e)/e$

3.320.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b * x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b * x^2}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c + (d \cdot x)) * \sqrt{(a + (b \cdot x)^2)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b * c^2 + a * d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a * d - b * c * x)/\sqrt{a + b * x^2}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\}$

rule 493 $\text{Int}[(c + (d \cdot x))^n * ((a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d * x)^{n+1} * ((a + b * x^2)^p / (d * (n + 2 * p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2 * (p / (d * (n + 2 * p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d * x)^n * (a + b * x^2)^{p-1} * (a * d - b * c * x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2 * p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[n + 2 * p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 719 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x))^m * ((f + (g \cdot x)) * (a + (c \cdot x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^{m+1} * (a + c * x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e * f - d * g)/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e * x)^m * (a + c * x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

3.320.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e} - \frac{(-e^2a - cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a + 2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{cd}{e} + c(x+\frac{d}{e})}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(e^2a + cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a + 2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}}{e^2}\right)}{e}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e-1/e*(1/e*c^(1/2)*d*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))-(-a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.320.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd} \log(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{cx} - a) + 2\sqrt{cx^2+ae} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x}{e^2x^2 + 2dex}\right)}{2e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output [1/2*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(c
*x^2 + a)*e + sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 -
(2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^
2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/e^2, 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c)*d*arctan(sqrt(-c)
*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*e + sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c
*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/e^2, 1/2
*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(c*x^2
+ a)*e - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)))/e^2, (sqr
t(-c)*d*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*e - sqrt(-c*d
^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c
*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)))/e^2]
```

3.320.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.320.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.320.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.320.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.321 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

3.321.1 Optimal result	2581
3.321.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2581
3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2582
3.321.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2584
3.321.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2585
3.321.6 Sympy [F]	2586
3.321.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2586
3.321.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2586
3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2587

3.321.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{de} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

output `-arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d+arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)/e+arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/d/e`

3.321.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{cd} \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{a+cx^2})}{de}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $-\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-c d^2 - a e^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{c}(d + ex) - e\sqrt{a + cx^2}\right]}{\sqrt{-c d^2 - a e^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} e \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]\right) / \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c} d \operatorname{Log}\left[-\left(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{a + cx^2}\right)\right] / (d e)$

3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {606, 243, 73, 221, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{606} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\int \frac{ae-cdx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx^2}{2d} - \frac{\int \frac{ae-cdx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^4}{c} - \frac{a}{c}} d\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{cd} - \frac{\int \frac{ae-cdx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{ae-cdx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & -\frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & -\frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-((-((Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/e) - (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a *e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]))/e)/d - (Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/d`

3.321.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 606 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a/c Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] - Simp[1/c Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.321.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}-\sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2 a+c d^2}{e^2}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{c} d \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{cd}{e}+c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2 a+c d^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/d*((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*((
(x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/e*c^(1/2)*d*ln((-1/
e*c*d+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(
1/2))-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-
2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.321.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1316, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + sqrt(a)*
e*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*s
qrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2
)))/(d*e), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c)*d*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - sqrt(a)
*e*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^
2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*
sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^
2)))/(d*e), 1/2*(sqrt(c)*d*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a)
+ sqrt(a)*e*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*sqrt(
-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/
(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)))/(d*e), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c)*d*
arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - sqrt(a)*e*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2
+ a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e
^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)
*x^2)))/(d*e), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-a)*e*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + sqrt(c
)*d*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sr
t(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)
))/(d*e), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c)*d*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*sqrt...
```


3.321.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.321.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = - \frac{e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{cd^2}{e^2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{2cdx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}}|2ex+2d|} - \frac{2a}{\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}}|2ex+2d|}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{ac}|x|}\right)}{e} - \frac{cd \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{cx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{\frac{c}{e^2}}}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-e*(sqrt(a + c*d^2/e^2)*arcsinh(2*c*d*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(2*e*x + 2*d)) - 2*a/(sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(2*e*x + 2*d)))/e + sqrt(a)*arcsinh(a/(sqrt(a*c)*abs(x)))/e - c*d*arcsinh(c*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)))/(e^3*sqrt(c/e^2))/d`

3.321.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.322 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.322.1 Optimal result	2588
3.322.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2588
3.322.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2589
3.322.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2590
3.322.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2590
3.322.6 Sympy [F]	2591
3.322.7 Maxima [F]	2591
3.322.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2592
3.322.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2592

3.322.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{dx} - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^2}$$

output `e*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d^2-arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/d^2-(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/x`

3.322.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{-d\sqrt{a+cx^2} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right) + \sqrt{ae}x \log(x) - \sqrt{ae}x \log(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+cx^2})}{d^2x}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $(-(d\sqrt{a + cx^2}) + 2\sqrt{-(cd^2) - ae^2} * x * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(cd^2) - ae^2} * x) / (\sqrt{a} * (d + ex) - d\sqrt{a + cx^2})]) + \sqrt{a} * e * x * \text{Log}[x] - \sqrt{a} * e * x * \text{Log}[-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + cx^2}]) / (d^2 * x)$

3.322.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d^2(d + ex)} - \frac{e \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{d^2 x} + \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{dx^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae - cdx}{\sqrt{a + cx^2} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{dx}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $(-\sqrt{a + cx^2} / (d * x)) - (\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} * \text{ArcTanh}[(a * e - c * d * x) / (\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} * \sqrt{a + cx^2})]) / d^2 + (\sqrt{a} * e * \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + cx^2} / \sqrt{a}]) / d^2$

3.322.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.322.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{dx} + \frac{\sqrt{a} e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{de\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{-(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ax} + \frac{2c\left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{d} - \frac{e\left(\sqrt{cx^2+a} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e\left(\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/x+1/d*(1/d*a^(1/2)*e*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/e/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.322.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{a}ex \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^2}\right) + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right)}{2d^2x} \right.$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-a}ex \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right) - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}x \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right)}{2d^2x}$$

$$\left. - \frac{\sqrt{-a}ex \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right) + \sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) + \sqrt{cx^2+ad}}{d^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(a)*e*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*d/(d^2*x), 1/2*(sqrt(a)*e*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*d/(d^2*x), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-a)*e*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*d/(d^2*x), -(sqrt(-a)*e*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*d/(d^2*x)]`

3.322.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.322.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.322.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{2ae \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ad^2}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2-a\right)d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}d^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*a*e*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*d^2) + 2*a*sqrt(c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)*d) + 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*d^2)`**3.322.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.323 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

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3.323.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2dx^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2x} + \frac{e\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3}$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)-e^2*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^(1/2)/d^3+e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/d^3-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/x^2+e*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2/x
```

3.323.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d(-d+2ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^2} - 4e\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right) + \frac{2(cd^2+2ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{2d^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((d*(-d + 2*e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/x^2 - 4*e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] + (2*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/(2*d^3)`

3.323.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3(d+ex)} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3x} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{dx^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\sqrt{ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2dx^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(d*x^2) + (e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d^2*x) + (e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/d^3 - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*d) - (Sqrt[a]*e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/d^3`

3.323.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :=> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.323.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(-2ex+d)}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{(-2e^2a-cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{d^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{2d^2}$
default	$-\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2ax^2} + \frac{c\left(\sqrt{cx^2+a} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)\right)}{d} + \frac{e^2\left(\sqrt{cx^2+a} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)\right)}{d^3} - e\left(-\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ax} + \frac{2c\left(\frac{x\sqrt{a}}{d}\right)}{d}\right)$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/d^2/x^2-1/2/d^2*(-(-2*a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.323.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\left[2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}aex^2 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (cd^2+2ae^2)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\right]}{4ad^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e*x^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2
- (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*
x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-
(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(2*a*d*e*x - a*d^2)*sqr
t(c*x^2 + a)/(a*d^3*x^2), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e*x^2*arctan(sqrt
(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d
^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c
*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(2*a*d*e*x - a*d^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*
d^3*x^2), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e*x^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*
a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*
sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(-a)*x
^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (2*a*d*e*x - a*d^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)
/(a*d^3*x^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e
^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)
*x^2)) + (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) +
(2*a*d*e*x - a*d^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*d^3*x^2)]
```

3.323.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(x**3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.323.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.323.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx \\ &= -\frac{2(cd^2e + ae^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}d^3} + \frac{(cd^2 + 2ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}d^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^3 cd - 2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 a\sqrt{ce} + (\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})acd + 2a^2\sqrt{ce}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 - a\right)^2 d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*d^3) + (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*d^3) + ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^3*c*d - 2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a*sqrt(c)*e + (sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a*c*d + 2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)^2*d^2)`

3.323.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.324 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

3.324.1 Optimal result	2599
3.324.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2599
3.324.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2600
3.324.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2601
3.324.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2602
3.324.6 Sympy [F]	2603
3.324.7 Maxima [F]	2603
3.324.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2603
3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2604

3.324.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3x} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3adx^3} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{ce\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^4}$$

output
$$-1/3*(c*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}/a/d/x^3+1/2*c*e*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/d^2/a^{(1/2)}+e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/2)}/d^4-e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^4+1/2*e*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d^2/x^2-e^2*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d^3/x$$

3.324.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(2ad^2-3adex+2cd^2x^2+6ae^2x^2)}{ax^3} - \frac{12e^2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{6d^4} + \frac{6e(cd^2+2ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$-1/6*((d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]*(2*a*d^2 - 3*a*d*e*x + 2*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*a*e^2*x^2) / (a*x^3) - 12*e^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) / \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]] + (6*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x - \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / \text{Sqrt}[a]) / d^4$$

3.324.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^4(d+ex)} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^4x} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3x^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{dx^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}e^3\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{ce\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^2} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3x} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2d^2x^2} - \frac{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3adx^3}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$(e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) / (2*d^2*x^2) - (e^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) / (d^3*x) - (a + c*x^2)^{(3/2)} / (3*a*d*x^3) - (e^2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x) / (\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])]) / d^4 + (c*e*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^2) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e^3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / d^4$$

3.324.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.324.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(6ae^2x^2+2cd^2x^2-3adex+2ad^2)}{6d^3x^3a} + \frac{e \left(-\frac{(-2e^2a-cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2-2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e^2}\right)}{2d^3} \right)}{2d^3}$
default	$-\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3adx^3} + \frac{e^2 \left(-\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ax} + \frac{2c \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a} \right)}{d^3} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{e^3 \left(\sqrt{cx^2+a} - \sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right) \right)}{d^4} - \frac{e \left(\dots \right)}{d^4}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(6*a*e^2*x^2+2*c*d^2*x^2-3*a*d*e*x+2*a*d^2)/d^3/x^3/a
+1/2*e/d^3*(-(-2*a*e^2-c*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)
-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/
e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```


3.324.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}ae^2x^3 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + 3(cd^2e+2ae^3)\sqrt{ax^3}}{12ad^4x^3} - \frac{12\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}ae^2x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) - 3(cd^2e+2ae^3)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x^2}\right)}{12ad^4x^3} - \frac{6\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}ae^2x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) + 3(cd^2e+2ae^3)\sqrt{-ax^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right) - (3cd^2e+2ae^3)\sqrt{-ax^3}}{6ad^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/12*(6*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e^2*x^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*
e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt
(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 3*(c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(a)*x^
3*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(3*a*d^2*e*x - 2
*a*d^3 - 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*d^4*x^3), -1/12*(1
2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e^2*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(c*d^2
*e + 2*a*e^3)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x
^2) - 2*(3*a*d^2*e*x - 2*a*d^3 - 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a
)/(a*d^4*x^3), 1/6*(3*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e^2*x^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*
c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d
*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(c*d^2*e + 2*a*e
^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (3*a*d^2*e*x - 2*a*d^3
- 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*d^4*x^3), -1/6*(6*sqrt(-
c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e^2*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*
x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + 3*(c*d^2*e + 2*a
*e^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (3*a*d^2*e*x - 2*a*d
^3 - 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*d^4*x^3)]
```

3.324.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(x**4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.324.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.324.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cd^2e^2 + ae^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}d^4} - \frac{(cd^2e + 2ae^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}d^4}$$

$$- \frac{3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^5 cde - 6(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^4 c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 - 6(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^4 a\sqrt{ce^2} + 12(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^3 d^3}{3\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 - a\right)^3 d^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*d^4) - (c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3)*arctan(-sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a)/(sqrt(-a)*d^4) - 1/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^5*c*d*e - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^4*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^4*a*sqrt(c)*e^2 + 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e^2 - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a^2*c*d*e - 2*a^2*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 6*a^3*sqrt(c)*e^2)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)^3*d^3)`

3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.325 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

3.325.1 Optimal result	2605
3.325.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2606
3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2606
3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2607
3.325.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	2608
3.325.6 Sympy [F]	2609
3.325.7 Maxima [F]	2609
3.325.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2609
3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2610

3.325.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4dx^4} - \frac{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{8adx^2} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2d^3x^2} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^4x}$$

$$+ \frac{e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ad^2x^3} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d} - \frac{ce^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a}e^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^5}$$

output $\frac{1}{3}e*(c*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}/a/d^2/x^3+1/8*c^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/d-1/2*c*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/d^3/a^{(1/2)}-e^4*\operatorname{arctanh}((c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/2)}/d^5+e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^5-1/4*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d/x^4-1/8*c*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a/d/x^2-1/2*e^2*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d^3/x^2+e^3*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d^4/x$

3.325.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(d\sqrt{a+cx^2} (cd^2x^2(-3d+8ex) + a(-6d^3+8d^2ex-12de^2x^2+24e^3x^3)) - 48ae^3\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2x^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2x^4}}\right) - 6(c^2d^4-4ac^2d^2e^2-8a^2e^4)x^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{24a^{3/2}d^5x^4}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[a]*(d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*(c*d^2*x^2*(-3*d + 8*e*x) + a*(-6*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 12*d*e^2*x^2 + 24*e^3*x^3)) - 48*a*e^3*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]]) - 6*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*x^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(3/2)*d^5*x^4)`**3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 617$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^5(d+ex)} + \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^5x} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^4x^2} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3x^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{dx^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d} - \frac{\sqrt{a}e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^5} - \frac{ce^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^3} +$$

$$\frac{e^3\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^5} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^4x} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2d^3x^2} + \frac{e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ad^2x^3} -$$

$$\frac{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{8adx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4dx^4}$$

3.325. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output
$$-1/4*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/(d*x^4) - (c*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(8*a*d*x^2) - (e^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(2*d^3*x^2) + (e^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(d^4*x) + (e*(a + c*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*a*d^2*x^3) + (e^3*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])])/d^5 + (c^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(8*a^{(3/2)}*d) - (c*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^3) - (\text{Sqrt}[a]*e^4*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/d^5$$

3.325.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(-24ae^3x^3-8cd^2ex^3+12ade^2x^2+3cd^3x^2-8ad^2ex+6ad^3)}{24d^4x^4a} - \frac{(-8a^2e^4-4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} - \frac{8ae^2}{d^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ax^4} - \frac{c\left(-\frac{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2ax^2} + \frac{c\left(\sqrt{cx^2+a}-\sqrt{a}\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)\right)}{2a}\right)}{4a}}{d} + \frac{e^4\left(\sqrt{cx^2+a}-\sqrt{a}\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)\right)}{d^5} + \frac{e^2}{d^5}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-24*a*e^3*x^3-8*c*d^2*e*x^3+12*a*d*e^2*x^2+3*c*d^3*x^2-8*a*d^2*e*x+6*a*d^3)/d^4/x^4/a-1/8/d^4/a*(-(-8*a^2*e^4-4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/d/a^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a+2*a^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/x)-8*a*e^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))$$

3.325.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1007, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \left[\frac{24\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}a^2e^3x^4 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) - 3(c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$[1/48*(24*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2})*a^2*e^3*x^4*\log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e))*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{a}*x^4*\log(-(c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})*\sqrt{a} + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(8*a^2*d^3*e*x - 6*a^2*d^4 + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x^3 - 3*(a*c*d^4 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a^2*d^5*x^4), 1/48*(48*\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2})*a^2*e^3*x^4*\arctan(\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{a}*x^4*\log(-(c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})*\sqrt{a} + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(8*a^2*d^3*e*x - 6*a^2*d^4 + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x^3 - 3*(a*c*d^4 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a^2*d^5*x^4), 1/24*(12*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2})*a^2*e^3*x^4*\log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e))*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{-a}*x^4*\arctan(\sqrt{-a}/\sqrt{c*x^2 + a}) + (8*a^2*d^3*e*x - 6*a^2*d^4 + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x^3 - 3*(a*c*d^4 + 4*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a^2*d^5*x^4), 1/24*(24*\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2})*a^2*e^3*x^4*\arctan(\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*\sqrt{-a}*x^4*\arctan(\sqrt{-a}/\sqrt{c*x^2 + a}) + (8*a^2*d^3*e*x - 6...$$

3.325.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/(x**5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.325.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

3.325.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 605 vs. $2(229) = 458$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 605, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2e^3 + ae^5) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}d^5} - \frac{(c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - 8a^2e^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-aad^5}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^7 c^2d^3 + 12(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^7 acde^2 - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2e - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^5 acd^2e - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^4 acd^2e - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^3 acd^2e - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 acd^2e - 24(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}) acd^2e - 24acd^2e}{4\sqrt{-aad^5}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*d^5) - 1/4*(c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*e^4)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*d^5) + 1/12*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^7*c^2*d^3 + 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^7*a*c*d*e^2 - 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^6*a*c^(3/2)*d^2*e - 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^6*a^2*sqrt(c)*e^3 + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^5*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 24*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^4*a^2*c^(3/2)*d^2*e + 72*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^4*a^3*sqrt(c)*e^3 + 21*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^3*a^3*c*d*e^2 - 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a^3*c^(3/2)*d^2*e - 72*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a^4*sqrt(c)*e^3 + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a^3*c^2*d^3 + 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a^4*c*d*e^2 + 8*a^4*c^(3/2)*d^2*e + 24*a^5*sqrt(c)*e^3)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)^4*a*d^4)`

3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.326 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.326.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{6c^2e^3} - \frac{7d(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{6ce^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3ce^3} - \frac{d(2cd^2 - ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e^4} - \frac{d^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output `-1/2*d*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4-d^4*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1/6*(-4*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^3-7/6*d*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3+1/3*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3`

3.326.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(-4ae^2+c(6d^2-3dex+2e^2x^2))}{c^2} - \frac{12d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{3d(2cd^2-ae^2)\log(-\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{a+cx^2})}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $((e\sqrt{a + cx^2}*(-4ae^2 + c(6d^2 - 3d^2ex + 2e^2x^2)))/c^2 - (12d^4\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{c}(d + ex) - e\sqrt{a + cx^2}]/\sqrt{-(cd^2) - ae^2}))/\sqrt{-(cd^2) - ae^2} + (3d*(2cd^2 - ae^2)\text{Log}[-\sqrt{c}x] + \text{Sqrt}[a + cx^2])/c^{(3/2)})/(6e^4)$

3.326.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2185, 25, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 604$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{7cde^3x^3 + e^2(5cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2 + de(cd^2 + 4ae^2)x + 2ad^2e^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3ce^4} + \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{3ce^3}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int \frac{7cde^3x^3 + e^2(5cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2 + de(cd^2 + 4ae^2)x + 2ad^2e^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3ce^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{3acd^2e^5 + c(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)x^2e^5 + cd(5cd^2 - ae^2)xe^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2ce^3} + \frac{7}{2}de\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)}{3ce^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{7}{2}de\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex) - \frac{\int \frac{3acd^2e^5 + c(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)x^2e^5 + cd(5cd^2 - ae^2)xe^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2ce^3}}{3ce^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{7}{2}de\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex) - \frac{\int \frac{3c^2de^6(ade - (2cd^2 - ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ce^2} + e^4\sqrt{a + cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3}}{3ce^4}$$

3.326. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{\frac{7}{2}de\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex) - \frac{3cde^4 \int \frac{ade - (2cd^2 - ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3}}{3ce^4} \\
& \downarrow 719 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{3cde^4 \left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right) + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3} \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{3cde^4 \left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}} dx}{e} \right) + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{3cde^4 \left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right) + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3} \\
& \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{3cde^4 \left(-\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{cd^2 + ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right) + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2}{3ce^3} - \frac{3cde^4 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2cd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right) + e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(11cd^2 - 4ae^2)}{2ce^3}
\end{aligned}$$

3.326. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*c*e^3) - ((7*d*e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/2 - (e^4*(11*c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] + 3*c*d*e^4*(-((2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (2*c*d^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/(2*c*e^3)/(3*c*e^4)`

3.326.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.326.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ce^2x^2+3cdex+4e^2a-6cd^2)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{6c^2e^3} + \frac{d \left(\frac{(e^2a-2cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2cd^3 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{d}{e}}{e^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} \right)}{2e^3c}$
default	$\frac{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c} - \frac{2a\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c^2} + \frac{d^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^3c} - \frac{d^3 \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2c} - \frac{a \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{d^4 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{e^2}$

input `int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(-2*c*e^2*x^2+3*c*d*e*x+4*a*e^2-6*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^3+1/2*d/e^3/c*((a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-2*c*d^3/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.326. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.326.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1060, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.44

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}c^2d^4 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) - 3(2c^2d^5+acd^3e^2-a^2de^4)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2-2cx-d)}{12\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}c^2d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) + 3(2c^2d^5+acd^3e^2-a^2de^4)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2-2cx-d)} - \frac{6\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}c^2d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) - 3(2c^2d^5+acd^3e^2-a^2de^4)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)}{12(c^3d^2e^4+ac^2e^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output [1/12*(6*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 3*(2*c^2*d^5 + a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(6*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*a^2*e^5 + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6), -1/12*(12*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + 3*(2*c^2*d^5 + a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(6*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*a^2*e^5 + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6), 1/6*(3*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 3*(2*c^2*d^5 + a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (6*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 4*a^2*e^5 + 2*(c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6), -1/6*(6*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^4*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(2*c^2*d^5 + a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a))]
```

3.326.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.326.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.326.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.326.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.327 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.327.1 Optimal result	2619
3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2619
3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2620
3.327.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2623
3.327.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	2623
3.327.6 Sympy [F]	2624
3.327.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2625
3.327.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2625
3.327.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2625

3.327.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{3d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^2} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^2} + \frac{(2cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e^3} + \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

```
output 1/2*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3+d^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3/2*d*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2+1/2*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2
```

3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e(-2d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{c} + \frac{4d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{(-2cd^2+ae^2) \log(-\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{a+cx^2})}{c^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]
```

output $((e*(-2*d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/c + (4*d^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2])]/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2] + ((-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]])/c^{(3/2)})/(2*e^3)$

3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 604 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3cdx^2e^2+ade^2+(cd^2+ae^2)xe}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2ce^3} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{3cdx^2e^2+ade^2+(cd^2+ae^2)xe}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{ce^3(ade-(2cd^2-ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e \int \frac{ade-(2cd^2-ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e \left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right) + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e\left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd^2-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e}\right) + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e\left(\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}\right) + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e\left(-\frac{2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}\right) + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{2ce^2} - \frac{e\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(2cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2cd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right) + 3de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(2*c*e^2) - (3*d*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] + e*(-(((2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (2*c*d^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))) / (2*c*e^3)`

3.327.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.327.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ex+2d)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2ce^2} - \frac{(e^2a-2cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2cd^3\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + e^2a}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2c} - \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{d^2\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^3\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce^2} + \frac{d^3\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + e^2a}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-e*x+2*d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2-1/2/e^2/c*((a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-2*c*d^3/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.327.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 924, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}c^2d^3 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) - (2c^2d^4+acd^2e^2-a^2e^4) \right]}{4(c^3d^2e^3+ac^2e^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (2*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^3 + a*c^2*e^5), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (2*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^3 + a*c^2*e^5), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (2*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^3 + a*c^2*e^5), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^2*d^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (2*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^2*e^3 + a*c^2*e^5)]`

3.327.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.327.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.327.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

3.327.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```


3.328 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.328.1 Optimal result	2626
3.328.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2626
3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2627
3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2629
3.328.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2630
3.328.6 Sympy [F]	2631
3.328.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2631
3.328.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2631
3.328.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2632

3.328.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2}} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output `-d*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^2/c^(1/2)-d^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e`

3.328.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{c} - \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/c - (2*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2] + (2*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/Sqrt[c])/e^2`

3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {604, 25, 27, 605, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 604 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{cdex}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{\int \frac{cdex}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ce^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 605 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} - \frac{d \left(\frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{e}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*e) - (d*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (d*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/e`

3.328.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 604 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n +
2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*
x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d
*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*
b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m,
1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 605 Int[((x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/d Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - Simp[c/d Int[x^(m - 1
)*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m,
0] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]
```

3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce} - \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	172
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce} - \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d^2 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	172

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e-d/e^2*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-d^2/e^3/((
a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+
c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/((
x+d/e))
```

3.328.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}cd^2 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (cd^3+ade^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{cx}-a)}{2(c^2d^2e^2+ace^4)} - \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}cd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) - (cd^3+ade^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{cx}-a)}{2(c^2d^2e^2+ace^4)} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}cd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) - (cd^3+ade^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right) - (cd^2e+ae^3)}{c^2d^2e^2+ace^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4), -(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)]
```

3.328.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.328.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.328.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.328.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`output `int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.329 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.329.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output $\operatorname{arctanh}(x*c^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/e/c^{(1/2)}+d*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}$

3.329.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2d \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $((2*d*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2])])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]) - \operatorname{Log}[-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[c])/e$

3.329.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {605, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 605 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (d*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])`

3.329.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 605 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - Simp[c/d Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]`

3.329.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(x\sqrt{c+\sqrt{cx^2+a}})}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - 2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	151

input `int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+d/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)`

3.329.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.34

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}cd \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{c} \log(-2cx^2)}{2(c^2d^2e+ace^3)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a)/(c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a)/(c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c*d*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3), (sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)))/(c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)]
```

3.329.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.329.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.329.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

3.329.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.330 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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 3.330.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 2641
 3.330.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 2641
 3.330.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2642

3.330.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

output `-arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)`

3.330.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]`

3.330.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 488

$$-\int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])]/Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])`

3.330.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

3.330.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	127

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/e/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.330.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{\log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2}\right)}{cd^2 + ae^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))/sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2), -sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)]`

3.330.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.330.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{cdx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}e}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `arcsinh(c*d*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)) - a/(sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)))/sqrt(a + c*d^2/e^2)*e`

3.330.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

3.330.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`output `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.331 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.331.1 Optimal result	2643
3.331.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2643
3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2644
3.331.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2645
3.331.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2645
3.331.6 Sympy [F]	2646
3.331.7 Maxima [F]	2646
3.331.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2647
3.331.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2647

3.331.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output `-arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d/a^(1/2)+e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)`

3.331.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*((e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2] + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/d`

3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{dx\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{earctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} - \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(e*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*d)`

3.331.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.331.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	158

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)+1/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.331.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 634, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.37

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}ae \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2-2}{\dots}\right)}{2(acd^3+a^2de^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*a*e*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2))/(a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))*a*e*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2))/(a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*a*e*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2), (sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))*a*e*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2)]`

3.331.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.331.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.331.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.331.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.332 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.332.1 Optimal result	2648
3.332.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2648
3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2649
3.332.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2650
3.332.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
3.332.6 Sympy [F]	2651
3.332.7 Maxima [F]	2651
3.332.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2652
3.332.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2652

3.332.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{adx} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^2}$$

output `e*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^2/a^(1/2)-e^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x`

3.332.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ax} + \frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}d^2} + \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(a*x) + (2*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2] + (2*e*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/d^2)`

3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{d^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} - \frac{e}{d^2 x \sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{1}{dx^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{adx}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(a*d*x)) - (e^2*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/(d^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*d^2)`

3.332.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.332.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{adx} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	180
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{adx} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	180

input `int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} &-(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/a/d/x+e/d^2/a^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a+2*a^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/x) \\ &-e/d^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2 \\ &*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2 \\ &^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e) \end{aligned}$$

3.332.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}ae^2x \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2-2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) + (cd^2e+ae^3)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(-\frac{2(acd^4+a^2d^2e^2)x}{2\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}ae^2x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right)} - (cd^2e+ae^3)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^2}\right) + 2}{2(acd^4+a^2d^2e^2)x}\right)}{2(acd^4+a^2d^2e^2)x} + \frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}ae^2x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{acd^2+a^2e^2+(c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2}\right) + (cd^2e+ae^3)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right) + (cd^3+ad)}{(acd^4+a^2d^2e^2)x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e^2*x*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(a)*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2)*x), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e^2*x*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(a)*x*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2)*x), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*e^2*x*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2)*x), -(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a*e^2*x*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e))*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2)*x)]`

3.332.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.332.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.332.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= 2c \left(\frac{e^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2cd^2}} - \frac{e \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-acd^2}} + \frac{1}{((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2-a)\sqrt{cd}} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*c*(e^2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c*d^2) - e*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*c*d^2) + 1/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)*sqrt(c)*d)`**3.332.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.333 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.333.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2adx^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ad^2x} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^3}}$$

output

```
1/2*c*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d-e^2*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^3/a^(1/2)+e^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d/x^2+e*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/x
```

3.333.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\left(d(cd^2+ae^2)(-d+2ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}-4ae^3\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x^2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)\right)-2(c^2d^4-acd)}{2a^{3/2}d^3(cd^2+ae^2)x^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-d + 2*e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] - 4*a*e^3*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]]) - 2*(c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4)*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*d^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2)`

3.333.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3}{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)} + \frac{e^2}{d^3 x \sqrt{a + cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}} + \frac{1}{dx^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^3} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ad^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2adx^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(a*d*x^2) + (e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(a*d^2*x) + (e^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(d^3*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d) - (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*d^3)`

3.333.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.333.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(-2ex+d)}{2ad^2x^2} + \frac{2e^2a \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{(-2e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2ad^2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2ax^2} + \frac{c \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{d} - \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a}} + \frac{e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ad^2x} + \frac{e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/a/d^2/x^2+1/2/a/d^2*(2*e^2*a/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+1/d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)`

3.333.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 956, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \left[\frac{2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}a^2e^3x^2 \log\left(\frac{2acdex-acd^2-2a^2e^2-(2c^2d^2+ace^2)x^2+2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cdx-ae)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right) - (c^2d^4 - acd^2e^2 - 2a^2e^4)}{4(a^2cd^5 + a^3d^3e^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a^2*e^3*x^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a^2*c*d^5 + a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2), 1/4*(4*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a^2*e^3*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a^2*c*d^5 + a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2), 1/2*(sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a^2*e^3*x^2*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - (c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a^2*c*d^5 + a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a^2*e^3*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c^2*d^4 - a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (a*c*d^4 + a^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((a^2*c*d^5 + a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2)]`

3.333.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.333.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.333.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -c^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{2e^3 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3} + \frac{(cd^2-2ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aac^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^3}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c^(3/2)*(2*e^3*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c^(3/2)*d^3) + (c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*c^(3/2)*d^3) - ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^3*sqrt(c)*d - 2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a*e + (sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a*sqrt(c)*d + 2*a^2*e)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)^2*a*c*d^2)`

3.333.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.334 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.334.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(ae+cdx)}{c^2(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{c^2e} - \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-d*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^2-d^4*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+a*(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e
```

3.334.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e(2a^2e^2+c^2d^2x^2+ac(d^2+dex+e^2x^2))}{c^2(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output $((e*(2*a^2*e^2 + c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*(d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2)))/(c^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) + (2*d^4*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(d + e*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)} + (2*d*\text{ArcTan}[\text{h}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])])/c^{(3/2)})/e^2$

3.334.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {601, 27, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 601$$

$$\frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{a\left(\frac{ad^2}{cd^2 + ae^2} - x^2\right)}{c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{ad^2}{cd^2 + ae^2} - x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{cde\left(\frac{ade}{cd^2 + ae^2} + x\right)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d \int \frac{\frac{ade}{cd^2 + ae^2} + x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce}$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2+cd^2)}\right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2+cd^2)}\right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} \\
 \downarrow 488 \\
 \frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d\left(\frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2 - \frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{a(ae + cdx)}{c^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d\left(\frac{cd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) - (-Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*e)) + (d*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (c*d^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]))/(e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)))/e)/c`

3.334.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 601 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Qx)/(c + d*x)^n + (e*(2*p + 3))/(c + d*x)^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.334.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{c^2e} - \frac{d \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}e^2} + \frac{cd^4 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - 2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + e^2a+cd^2}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}}\right)}{e^3(e\sqrt{-ac+cd})(e\sqrt{-ac-cd})\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + e^2a+cd^2}}{e^2}}{e^3(e\sqrt{-ac+cd})(e\sqrt{-ac-cd})\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + \frac{2a}{c^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{d^2}{e^3c\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{d^3x}{e^4a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{d^4\left(\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right) + e^2a+cd^2}}}\right)}{e^3(e\sqrt{-ac+cd})(e\sqrt{-ac-cd})\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e-1/c^(3/2)/e^2*d*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))+c/e^3*
d^4/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln
((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)
^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+1/2/c^2*a/(e*(-a*c)
^(1/2)+c*d)/(x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c+2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x-
(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)-1/2/c^2*a/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*
((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)
```

3.334. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.334.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 365 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1525, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.45

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + (c^3*d^4*x^2 + a*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c*e^5)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^3*c^2*e^6 + (c^5*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c^3*e^6)*x^2), -1/2*(2*(c^3*d^4*x^2 + a*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(a*c^2*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 2*a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c*e^5)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^3*c^2*e^6 + (c^5*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^4*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c^3*e^6)*x^2), 1/2*(2*(a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (c^3*d^4*x^2 + a*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 ...
```

3.334.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4/((a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.334.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.334.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

3.334.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.335 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.335.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(d-ex)}{c(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}e} + \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e+d^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+a*(-e*x+d)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.335.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(d-ex)}{c(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{2d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{e(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{a+cx^2})}{c^{3/2}e}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```


output $(a*(d - e*x))/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) - (2*d^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(e*(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}) - \text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]]/(c^{(3/2)}*e)$

3.335.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {601, 25, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 601

$$\frac{a(d - ex)}{c\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{a\left(\frac{ade}{cd^2 + ae^2} + x\right)}{c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{a\left(\frac{ade}{cd^2 + ae^2} + x\right)}{c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a} + \frac{a(d - ex)}{c\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\frac{ade}{cd^2 + ae^2} + x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{c} + \frac{a(d - ex)}{c\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{a(d - ex)}{c\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\sqrt{\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}}{e} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{a(d - ex)}{c\sqrt{a + cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

3.335. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{a(d-ex)}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{cd^3 \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{a(d-ex)}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{cd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{a(d-ex)}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*(d - e*x))/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (c*d^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)))/c`

3.335.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 601 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Qx)/(c + d*x)^n + (e*(2*p + 3))/(c + d*x)^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.335.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{d^2x}{e^3a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + \frac{d}{e^2c\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{d^3}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)}$

input `int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/e*(-x/c/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/c^(3/2)*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+d^2/e^3
*x/a/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d/e^2/c/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d^3/e^4*(1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/
((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+2*e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*(2*c*(x+d/e)-2/e*c*d)/(4*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-4/e^2*c^2*d^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c
-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^
2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.335.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1323, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.76

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*((a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2
+ a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a)
+ (c^3*d^3*x^2 + a*c^2*d^3)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2
- 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x -
a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*
d*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^4*d^4*e + 2*a
^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c^2*e^5 + (c^5*d^4*e + 2*a*c^4*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c^3*e^5)
*x^2), 1/2*(2*(c^3*d^3*x^2 + a*c^2*d^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-
c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2
+ a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*
a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*s
qrt(c)*x - a) + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)
*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^4*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c^2*e^5 + (c^5
*d^4*e + 2*a*c^4*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c^3*e^5)*x^2), -1/2*(2*(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c
*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c)
*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (c^3*d^3*x^2 + a*c^2*d^3)*sqrt(c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x
^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e
*x + d^2)) - 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x)
*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^4*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c^2*e^5 + (c^5...
```

3.335.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.335.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.335.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.335.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`output `int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.336 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.336.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ae+cdx}{c(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-d^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+(-c*d*x-a*e)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.336.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-ae-cdx}{c(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-(a*e) - c*d*x)/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (2*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.336.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {601, 25, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{601} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{ad^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a} - \frac{ae+cdx}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ad^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a} - \frac{ae+cdx}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{ae+cdx}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & -\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{ae+cdx}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{ae+cdx}{c\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((a*e + c*d*x)/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])) - (d^2*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.336.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 601 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Qx)/(c + d*x)^n + (e*(2*p + 3))/(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.336.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{1}{ec\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{dx}{e^2a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + d^2 \left(\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{2ecd\left(2c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)-\frac{2cd}{e}\right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(\frac{4c(e^2a+cd^2)}{e^2}-\frac{4c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)$

3.336. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/e/c/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-d/e^2*x/a/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+d^2/e^3*(1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)* \\ & e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}+2*e*c*d/(a*e^2+c \\ & *d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)-2/e*c*d)/(4*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-4/e^2*c^2*d^2)/((x+d/e) \\ & ^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2+ \\ & c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2) \\ & /e^2)^{(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)))/(x+d/e) \\ &)) \end{aligned}$$

3.336.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[(c^2d^2x^2 + acd^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right) \right.}{2(ac^3d^4 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + a^3ce^4 + (c^4d^4 + 2ac^3d^2e^2 + a^2c^2e^4)x^2)} \\ \left. - \frac{(c^2d^2x^2 + acd^2)\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2}\right) + (acd^2e + a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{ac^3d^4 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + a^3ce^4 + (c^4d^4 + 2ac^3d^2e^2 + a^2c^2e^4)x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [1/2*((c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2)*\text{sqrt}(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d \\ & ^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*\text{sqrt}(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x \\ & - a*e)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^ \\ & 3 + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e \\ & ^2 + a^3*c*e^4 + (c^4*d^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^2), -((c^2*d^ \\ & 2*x^2 + a*c*d^2)*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - \\ & a*e)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (a* \\ & c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^3*d^4 + \\ & 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4 + (c^4*d^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^4) \\ & *x^2)] \end{aligned}$$

3.336.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.336.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{cd^3x}{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2e^2} + \sqrt{cx^2+aa^2e^4}} \\ &+ \frac{d^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2e} + \sqrt{cx^2+aae^3}} - \frac{dx}{\sqrt{cx^2+aae^2}} \\ &+ \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{cdx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}}|ex+d|} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}}|ex+d|}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+ace}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d^3*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2*e^2 + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a^2*e^4) + d^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*e^3) - d*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*e^2) + d^2*arcsinh(c*d*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)) - a/(sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)))/((a + c*d^2/e^2)^(3/2)*e^3) - 1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*c*e)`

3.336.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} - \frac{\frac{(c^2d^3+acde^2)x}{c^3d^4+2ac^2d^2e^2+a^2ce^4} + \frac{acd^2e+a^2e^3}{c^3d^4+2ac^2d^2e^2+a^2ce^4}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*d^2*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - ((c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x/(c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4) + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)/(c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)`

3.336.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.337 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.337.1 Optimal result	2678
3.337.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2678
3.337.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2679
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3.337.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2681
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3.337.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2682
3.337.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2683

3.337.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d-ex}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{de \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `d*e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+(e*x-d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.337.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-d+ex}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{2de \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d+e*x)*(a+c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-d+e*x)/((c*d^2+a*e^2)*Sqrt[a+c*x^2])-(2*d*e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d+e*x)-e*Sqrt[a+c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2)-a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2)-a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.337.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {593, 25, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{593} \\
 & \frac{e \int -\frac{d}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{d}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{de \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{de \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{dearctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((d - e*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])) + (d*e*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.337.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

3.337.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

method	result
default	$\frac{x}{ea\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - d \left(\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c-\frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e^2}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{2ecd(2c(x+\frac{d}{e})-\frac{2cd}{e})}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(\frac{4c(e^2a+cd^2)}{e^2}-\frac{4c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c-\frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e^2}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} \right)$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.337. $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output $\frac{1}{e} \frac{x}{a} \frac{1}{(c x^2 + a)^{1/2}} - \frac{d}{e^2} \frac{1}{(a e^2 + c d^2)} \frac{e^2}{((x+d/e)^2 c - 2/e c d (x+d/e) + (a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}} + \frac{2 e c d}{(a e^2 + c d^2)} \frac{(2 c (x+d/e) - 2/e c d)}{(4 c (a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2 - 4/e^2 c^2 d^2)} \frac{1}{((x+d/e)^2 c - 2/e c d (x+d/e) + (a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{(a e^2 + c d^2)} \frac{e^2}{((a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}} \ln\left(\frac{2(a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2 - 2/e c d (x+d/e) + 2((a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2)^{1/2} ((x+d/e)^2 c - 2/e c d (x+d/e) + (a e^2 + c d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}}{(x+d/e)}\right)$

3.337.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(cdex^2 + ade)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 + 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - a)}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right)}{2(ac^2d^4 + 2a^2cd^2e^2 + a^3e^4 + (c^3d^4 + 2ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2c^2e^4)x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[1/2*((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e)*\text{sqrt}(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*\text{sqrt}(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 - (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2), ((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e)*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{arctan}(\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 - (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)]$

3.337.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a+cx^2)^{3/2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.337.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{cd^2x}{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2e} + \sqrt{cx^2+aa^2e^3}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2} + \sqrt{cx^2+aae^2}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+aae}} - \frac{d \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{cdx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)^{3/2} e^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-c*d^2*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2*e + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a^2*e^3) - d/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*c*d^2 + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*e^2) + x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*e) - d*arc sinh(c*d*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)) - a/(sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)))/((a + c*d^2/e^2)^(3/2)*e^2)`**3.337.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2de \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{cx^2+a}})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{\frac{(cd^2e+ae^3)x}{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} - \frac{cd^3+ade^2}{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*d*e*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + ((c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)`

3.337.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`output `int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.338 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.338.1 Optimal result	2684
3.338.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2684
3.338.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2685
3.338.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2686
3.338.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2687
3.338.6 Sympy [F]	2688
3.338.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2688
3.338.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2688
3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2689

3.338.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ae+cdx}{a(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-e^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+(c*d*x+a*e)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.338.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ae+cdx}{a(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (2*e^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]]/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.338.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {496, 25, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{a\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ae^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ae^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{a\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{ae+cdx}{a\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{a\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{a\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) - (e^2*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.338.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

3.338.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c-\frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{2ecd(2c(x+\frac{d}{e})-\frac{2cd}{e})}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(\frac{4c(e^2a+cd^2)}{e^2}-\frac{4c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c-\frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} - e^2 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2c}{e^2}\right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.338. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output $\frac{1}{e} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{(a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) \cdot e^2} \cdot \left(\frac{(x+d/e)^2 \cdot c - 2/e \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (x+d/e) + (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2}{e^2} \right)^{(1/2)} + 2 \cdot e \cdot c \cdot d / (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot c \cdot (x+d/e) - 2/e \cdot c \cdot d}{4 \cdot c \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2 - 4/e^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{(x+d/e)^2 \cdot c - 2/e \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (x+d/e) + (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2}{e^2} \right)^{(1/2)} - 1 / (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) \cdot e^2 / \left(\frac{(a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2}{e^2} \right)^{(1/2)} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{2 \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2 - 2/e \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (x+d/e) + 2 \cdot ((a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot ((x+d/e)^2 \cdot c - 2/e \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (x+d/e) + (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}}{(x+d/e)} \right) \right)$

3.338.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ace^2x^2 + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right) - (acd^2e + a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{a^2c^2d^4 + 2a^3cd^2e^2 + a^4e^4 + (ac^3d^4 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + a^3ce^4)x^2} - \frac{(ace^2x^2 + a^2e^2)\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2}\right) - (acd^2e + a^2e^3 + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{a^2c^2d^4 + 2a^3cd^2e^2 + a^4e^4 + (ac^3d^4 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^2 + a^3ce^4)x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[1/2 \cdot ((a \cdot c \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + a^2 \cdot e^2) \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \cdot \log((2 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x - a \cdot c \cdot d^2 - 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot e^2 - (2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 + a \cdot c \cdot e^2) \cdot x^2 - 2 \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x - a \cdot e)) \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot x^2 + a)) / (e^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x + d^2)) + 2 \cdot (a \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a^2 \cdot e^3 + (c^2 \cdot d^3 + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2) \cdot x) \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot x^2 + a)) / (a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 + 2 \cdot a^3 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e^2 + a^4 \cdot e^4 + (a \cdot c^3 \cdot d^4 + 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^2 + a^3 \cdot c \cdot e^4) \cdot x^2), -((a \cdot c \cdot e^2 \cdot x^2 + a^2 \cdot e^2) \cdot \text{sqrt}(-c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2) \cdot \arctan(\text{sqrt}(-c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x - a \cdot e)) \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot x^2 + a)) / (a \cdot c \cdot d^2 + a^2 \cdot e^2 + (c^2 \cdot d^2 + a \cdot c \cdot e^2) \cdot x^2)) - (a \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a^2 \cdot e^3 + (c^2 \cdot d^3 + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2) \cdot x) \cdot \text{sqrt}(c \cdot x^2 + a)) / (a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 + 2 \cdot a^3 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e^2 + a^4 \cdot e^4 + (a \cdot c^3 \cdot d^4 + 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^2 + a^3 \cdot c \cdot e^4) \cdot x^2)]$

3.338.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.338.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2} + \sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+acd^2}}{e} + \sqrt{cx^2+ae}} + \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{cdx}{e\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{\frac{ac}{e^2}|ex+d|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)^{3/2}e}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2 + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a^2*e^2) + 1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*c*d^2/e + sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*a*e) + arcsinh(c*d*x/(e*sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)) - a/(sqrt(a*c/e^2)*abs(e*x + d)))/((a + c*d^2/e^2)^(3/2)*e)`

3.338.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} + \frac{\frac{(c^2d^3+acde^2)x}{ac^2d^4+2a^2cd^2e^2+a^3e^4} + \frac{acd^2e+a^2e^3}{ac^2d^4+2a^2cd^2e^2+a^3e^4}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^2*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + ((c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x/(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4) + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)/(a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)`

3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.339 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.339.1 Optimal result	2690
3.339.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2690
3.339.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2691
3.339.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2692
3.339.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2693
3.339.6 Sympy [F]	2693
3.339.7 Maxima [F]	2694
3.339.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2694
3.339.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2694

3.339.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{ad\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{ad(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d}$$

output `e^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d+1/a/d/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-e*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.339.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c(d-ex)}{a(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{2e^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{d(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(c*(d - e*x))/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) - (2*e^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(d*(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x - \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(a^{(3/2)}*d)$

3.339.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{dx(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e}{d(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^3 \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(ae+cdx)}{ad\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{1}{ad\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $1/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) - (e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) + (e^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])])/(d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^{(3/2)}) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/(a^{(3/2)}*d)$

3.339.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.339.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(\frac{4c(e^2a+cd^2)}{e^2}-\frac{4c^2d^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}} + \frac{2ecd\left(2c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)-\frac{2cd}{e}\right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/a/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/a^(3/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x))-
1/d*(1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(
1/2)+2*e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)-2/e*c*d)/(4*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-4/
e^2*c^2*d^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+
d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.339.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(132) = 264$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1325, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.01

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c
*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*
x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + (a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*
c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a)
*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(a*c^2*d^4 + a^2*
c*d^2*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^2*d^5 +
2*a^4*c*d^3*e^2 + a^5*d*e^4 + (a^2*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*
e^4)*x^2), 1/2*(2*(a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sq
rt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2
*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4
+ 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)
)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(a*c^2*d^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*
c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*e^2 + a^5*d*e^4 +
(a^2*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4)*x^2), 1/2*(2*(a*c^2*d^4 +
2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*s
qrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e
^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 +
2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(a*c^2*d^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^
3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*e^2 + a^5*d*e^4 + (a^...
```

3.339.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/(x*(a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.339.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.339.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.339.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.340 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.340.1 Optimal result 2695
 3.340.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2695
 3.340.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2696
 3.340.4 Maple [B] (verified) 2697
 3.340.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 2698
 3.340.6 Sympy [F] 2698
 3.340.7 Maxima [F] 2699
 3.340.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 2699
 3.340.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2700

3.340.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{e}{ad^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{1}{adx\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{2cx}{a^2d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(ae+cdx)}{ad^2(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^2}$$

output

```
-e^4*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+e*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2-e/a/d^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/a/d/x/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*c*x/a^2/d/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+e^2*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.340.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{d(a^2e^2+2c^2d^2x^2+ac(d^2+dex+e^2x^2))}{a^2(cd^2+ae^2)x\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output $(-((d*(a^2*e^2 + 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*(d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2)))/(a^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])) + (2*e^4*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)} - (2*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x - \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)})/d^2$

3.340.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{d^2 (a + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)} - \frac{e}{d^2 x (a + cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{dx^2 (a + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2} d^2} - \frac{2cx}{a^2 d \sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2 (ae + cdx)}{ad^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} (ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{e}{ad^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{1}{adx \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-e/(a*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])) - 1/(a*d*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) - (2*c*x)/(a^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) + (e^2*(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*d^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]) - (e^4*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])])/(d^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^{(3/2)}) + (e*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(a^{(3/2)})*d^2)$

3.340.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.340.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{a^2 dx} + \frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)^2 c+2\sqrt{-ac}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}}{2a^2(e\sqrt{-ac}+cd)\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)} + \frac{c\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)^2 c-2\sqrt{-ac}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}}{2a^2(e\sqrt{-ac}-cd)\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)} +$
default	$-\frac{1}{ax\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{2cx}{a^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e\left(\frac{e^2}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/a^2/d*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/x+1/a^(3/2)/d^2*e*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)-1/2/a^2*c/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c+2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)+1/2/a^2*c/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)+1/d^2*c*e^3/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```


3.340.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs. $2(175) = 350$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1556, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.02

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((a^2*c*e^4*x^3 + a^3*e^4*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + ((c^3*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4 + (2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/((a^2*c^3*d^6 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^4*c*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^6 + 2*a^4*c*d^4*e^2 + a^5*d^2*e^4)*x), -1/2*(2*(a^2*c*e^4*x^3 + a^3*e^4*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - ((c^3*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(a*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + a^3*d*e^4 + (2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/((a^2*c^3*d^6 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^4*c*d^2*e^4)*x^3 + (a^3*c^2*d^6 + 2*a^4*c*d^4*e^2 + a^5*d^2*e^4)*x), -1/2*(2*((c^3*d^4*e + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) - (a^2*c*e^4*x^3 + a^3*e^4*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x ...`

3.340.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.340.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.340.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^4 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^4+ad^2e^2)\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}} - \frac{\frac{(ac^3d^3+a^2c^2de^2)x}{a^3c^2d^4+2a^4cd^2e^2+a^5e^4} + \frac{a^2c^2d^2e+a^3ce^3}{a^3c^2d^4+2a^4cd^2e^2+a^5e^4}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{2e \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aad^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2-a\right)ad}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^4*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/((c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - ((a*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4) + (a^2*c^2*d^2*e + a^3*c*e^3)/(a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + a) - 2*e*a*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*d^2) + 2*sqrt(c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)*a*d)`

3.340.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.341 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.341.1 Optimal result 2701
 3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2702
 3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2702
 3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified) 2704
 3.341.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 2704
 3.341.6 Sympy [F] 2705
 3.341.7 Maxima [F] 2706
 3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 2706
 3.341.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2707

3.341.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3c}{2a^2d\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{e^2}{ad^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2adx^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{e}{ad^2x\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2cex}{a^2d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^3(ae+cdx)}{ad^3(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^3}$$

```
output e^5*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(3/2)+3/2*c*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d-e^2*arctanh((
c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^3-3/2*c/a^2/d/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+e^2/a/d^3/
(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/2/a/d/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+e/a/d^2/x/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2*c*
e*x/a^2/d^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-e^3*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/d^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(
1/2)
```

3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{d(c^2d^2x^2(3d-4ex)+a^2e^2(d-2ex)+ac(d^3-2d^2ex+de^2x^2-2e^3x^3))}{a^2(cd^2+ae^2)x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{4e^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3cd^2-2ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$-1/2*((d*(c^2*d^2*x^2*(3*d - 4*e*x) + a^2*e^2*(d - 2*e*x) + a*c*(d^3 - 2*d^2*e*x + d*e^2*x^2 - 2*e^3*x^3)))/(a^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2*\sqrt{a + c*x^2}) + (4*e^5*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{c}*(d + e*x) - e*\sqrt{a + c*x^2})/\sqrt{-(c*d^2) - a*e^2}])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2) + (2*(3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{a + c*x^2})/\sqrt{a}])/a^(5/2))/d^3$$
3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 617$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{e^3}{d^3(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} + \frac{e^2}{d^3x(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e}{d^2x^2(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{dx^3(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^3} + \frac{3c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d} + \frac{2cex}{a^2d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{3c}{2a^2d\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \\
& \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2}{ad^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{e}{ad^2x\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^3(ae+cdx)}{ad^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \\
& \frac{1}{2adx^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-3*c)/(2*a^2*d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + e^2/(a*d^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) - 1/(2*a*d*x^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + e/(a*d^2*x*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (2*c*e*x)/(a^2*d^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) - (e^3*(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*d^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (e^5*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(d^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)) + (3*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(5/2)*d) - (e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*d^3)`

3.341.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(-2ex+d)}{2a^2d^2x^2} - \frac{(-2e^2a+3cd^2)\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{a}} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)^2c-2\sqrt{-ac}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}}{(e\sqrt{-ac}-cd)\sqrt{-ac}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)^2c+2\sqrt{-ac}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}}{(e\sqrt{-ac}+cd)\sqrt{-ac}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{3c\left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{d}}{d} + \frac{e^2\left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{e\left(-\frac{1}{ax\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{2cx}{a^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)}{d^2}$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*e*x+d)/a^2/d^2/x^2-1/2/a^2/d^2*(-(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/d/a^(1/2)*\ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)+c^2*d^2/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/(-a*c)^(1/2)/(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)+c^2*d^2/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(-a*c)^(1/2)/(x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)^2*c+2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)+2*c*a^2*e^4/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))$$

3.341.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1943, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*(a^3*c*e^5*x^4 + a^4*e^5*x^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x
- a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - ((3*c^4*d^6 +
4*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*c*e^6)*x^4 + (3*a*c^3*d^6 + 4*a
^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^4*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*s
qrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^6 + 2*a^3*c*d^4*e^2 + a
^4*d^2*e^4 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^5*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5)*x^3 + (3*a
*c^3*d^6 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^3*c*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^5*e + 2*a
^3*c*d^3*e^3 + a^4*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/((a^3*c^3*d^7 + 2*a^4*c^2*d
^5*e^2 + a^5*c*d^3*e^4)*x^4 + (a^4*c^2*d^7 + 2*a^5*c*d^5*e^2 + a^6*d^3*e^4)
*x^2), 1/4*(4*(a^3*c*e^5*x^4 + a^4*e^5*x^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sq
rt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2
*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - ((3*c^4*d^6 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 -
2*a^3*c*e^6)*x^4 + (3*a*c^3*d^6 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a
^4*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) -
2*(a^2*c^2*d^6 + 2*a^3*c*d^4*e^2 + a^4*d^2*e^4 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^5*e + 3*a^2
*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5)*x^3 + (3*a*c^3*d^6 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^3*c
*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^5*e + 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^3 + a^4*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*x
^2 + a))/((a^3*c^3*d^7 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^2 + a^5*c*d^3*e^4)*x^4 + (a^4*c^2
*d^7 + 2*a^5*c*d^5*e^2 + a^6*d^3*e^4)*x^2), -1/2*((3*c^4*d^6 + 4*a*c^3...
```

3.341.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+cx^2)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + c*x**2)**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.341.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^5 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^5+ad^3e^2)\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{(a^2c^3d^2e+a^3c^2e^3)x}{a^4c^2d^4+2a^5cd^2e^2+a^6e^4} - \frac{a^2c^3d^3+a^3c^2de^2}{a^4c^2d^4+2a^5cd^2e^2+a^6e^4}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{(3cd^2-2ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2d^3}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^3 cd - 2(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 a\sqrt{ce} + (\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})acd + 2a^2\sqrt{ce}}{\left((\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+a})^2 - a\right)^2 a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^5*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2))/((c*d^5 + a*d^3*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + ((a^2*c^3*d^2*e + a^3*c^2*e^3)*x/(a^4*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2 + a^6*e^4) - (a^2*c^3*d^3 + a^3*c^2*d*e^2)/(a^4*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2 + a^6*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + a) - (3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2*d^3) + ((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^3*c*d - 2*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2*a*sqrt(c)*e + (sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))*a*c*d + 2*a^2*sqrt(c)*e)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + a))^2 - a)^2*a^2*d^2)`

3.341.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(cx^2+a)^{3/2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.342 $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.342.1 Optimal result	2708
3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2709
3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2709
3.342.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2713
3.342.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	2714
3.342.6 Sympy [F]	2715
3.342.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2716
3.342.8 Giac [F]	2716
3.342.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2716

3.342.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{(13cd^2 - 2ae^2)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3c^2e^4} + \frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{5d(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3ce^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3ce^4}$$

$$- \frac{d(4cd^2 - ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}e^5}$$

$$- \frac{d^4(4cd^2 + 5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -d*(-a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^5-d^4*(5*
a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e
^5/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+1/3*(-2*a*e^2+13*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^4+d^5
*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-5/3*d*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c
/e^4+1/3*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^4
```

3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(-2a^2e^4(d+ex)+ace^2(7d^3+4d^2ex-2de^2x^2+e^3x^3))+c^2d^2(12d^3+6d^2ex-2de^2x^2+e^3x^3)}{c^2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{6d^4(4cd^2+5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{3e^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*(-2*a^2*e^4*(d + e*x) + a*c*e^2*(7*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + c^2*d^2*(12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 2*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3)))/(c^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (6*d^4*(4*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2) + (3*(4*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/c^(3/2))/(3*e^5)`

3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$, Rules used = {603, 25, 2185, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 603

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{-\frac{ad^4}{e^3} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)xd^3}{e^4} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)x^2d^2}{e^3} - \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a\right)x^3d + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)x^4}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{-\frac{ad^4}{e^3} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)xd^3}{e^4} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)x^2d^2}{e^3} - \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a\right)x^3d + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)x^4}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

3.342. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{-10cde^2(cd^2+ae^2)x^3 - 2e(cd^2+ae^2)^2x^2 - 4d(cd^2+ae^2)^2x + ad^2e(cd^2-2ae^2)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} + \\
& \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} \quad \downarrow \quad 2185 \\
& \int \frac{2(c(13cd^2-2ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x^2e^4 + 3acd^2(2cd^2+ae^2)e^4 + cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2xe^3)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2) + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} + \\
& \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
& \int \frac{c(13cd^2-2ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x^2e^4 + 3acd^2(2cd^2+ae^2)e^4 + cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2xe^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2) + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} + \\
& \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} \quad \downarrow \quad 2185 \\
& \int \frac{3c^2de^5(ade(2cd^2+ae^2) - (4cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2) - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2) + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} + \\
& \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} \quad \downarrow \quad 27 \\
& 3cde^3 \int \frac{ade(2cd^2+ae^2) - (4cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2) - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2) + \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} + \\
& \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \frac{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ce^4} \quad \downarrow \quad 719
\end{aligned}$$

3.342. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{3cde^3 \left(\frac{cd^3(5ae^2+4cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(4cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx \right) + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ce^3} \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3ce^4} - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)$$

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

224

$$\frac{3cde^3 \left(\frac{cd^3(5ae^2+4cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(4cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} \right) + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ce^3} \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3ce^4} - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)$$

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

219

$$\frac{3cde^3 \left(\frac{cd^3(5ae^2+4cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(4cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right) + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ce^3} \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3ce^4} - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)$$

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

488

$$\frac{3cde^3 \left(-\frac{cd^3(5ae^2+4cd^2)}{e} \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(4cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right) + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ce^3} \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3ce^4} - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)$$

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

219

$$\frac{3cde^3 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(4cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{cd^3(5ae^2+4cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right) + e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(13cd^2-2ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ce^3} \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3ce^4} - 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)$$

$$\frac{d^5\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^4(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

3.342. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Int[x^5/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(d^5*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e^4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*c*e^4) + (-5*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] + (e^3*(13*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] + 3*c*d*e^3*(-(((4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (c*d^3*(4*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])))/(c*e^3))/(3*c*e^4))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

3.342.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.342.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-ce^2x^2+3cde x+2e^2a-9cd^2)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c^2e^4} + \frac{d \left(\frac{(e^2a-4cd^2) \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{5cd^3 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+a}{x+\frac{d}{e}}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c} - \frac{2a\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c^2} - \frac{4d^3 \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^5\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2c} - \frac{a \ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{e^3} + \frac{3d^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e^4c} - \frac{d^5 \left(-\frac{e^2\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{e^2} \right)}{e^4c}$

3.342. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$


```
input int(x^5/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(-c*e^2*x^2+3*c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2-9*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^4+d/e^4/
c*((a*e^2-4*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-5*c*d^3/e^2/((a
*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c
*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x
+d/e))-c*d^4/e^3*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*l
n((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e
)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.342.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 490 vs. $2(219) = 438$.

Time = 25.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2025, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.30

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(4*c^3*d^8 + 7*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 - a^3*d^2*e^6 + (4*c^3*d^7*e + 7*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - a^3*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + 3*(4*c^3*d^7 + 5*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (4*c^3*d^6*e + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(12*c^3*d^7*e + 19*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 2*a^3*d*e^7 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^2*c*e^8)*x^3 - 2*(c^3*d^5*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^4*d^5*e^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^7 + a^2*c^2*d*e^9 + (c^4*d^4*e^6 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^8 + a^2*c^2*e^10)*x), -1/6*(6*(4*c^3*d^7 + 5*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + (4*c^3*d^6*e + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - 3*(4*c^3*d^8 + 7*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 - a^3*d^2*e^6 + (4*c^3*d^7*e + 7*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - a^3*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(12*c^3*d^7*e + 19*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 2*a^3*d*e^7 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^2*c*e^8)*x^3 - 2*(c^3*d^5*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^6 - a^3*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^4*d^5*e^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^7 + a^2*c^2*d*e...
```

3.342.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.342.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.342.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.342.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x^5/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.343 $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.343.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3} - \frac{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ce^3} + \frac{(6cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{d^3(3cd^2+4ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output 1/2*(-a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^4+d^3*(4
*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/
e^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-5/2*d*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3-d^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^
3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)+1/2*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3
```

3.343.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(cd^2(-6d^2-3dex+e^2x^2)+ae^2(-4d^2-3dex+e^2x^2))}{c(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{4d^3(3cd^2+4ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(6cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\frac{((e\sqrt{a + cx^2})(cd^2(-6d^2 - 3de + e^2x^2) + ae^2(-4d^2 - 3de + e^2x^2)))/(c(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)) - (4d^3(3cd^2 + 4ae^2)\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{-(cd^2) - ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d + ex) - d\sqrt{a + cx^2}}])}{(-(cd^2) - ae^2)^{3/2} + (2(6cd^2 - ae^2)\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}])}{c^{3/2}}}{(2e^4)}$$

3.343.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {603, 2185, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 603 \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{ad^3}{e^2} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)xd^2}{e^3} + (\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a)x^2d - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)x^3}{e}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{d^4\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{5cde(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 - (c^2d^4 - a^2e^4)x + ade(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{d^4\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{ce^2(ade(3cd^2 + ae^2) - (6cd^2 - ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2)x)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{ce^2} + 5d\sqrt{a + cx^2}(ae^2 + cd^2) - \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \frac{d^4\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.343. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{ade(3cd^2+ae^2)-(6cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\
 & \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\phantom{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & \frac{(6cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + 2cd^3(4ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\
 & \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\phantom{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{(6cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + 2cd^3(4ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\
 & \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\phantom{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2cd^3(4ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right) \frac{(6cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\
 & \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\phantom{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{2cd^3(4ae^2+3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right) \frac{(6cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3} \\
 & \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\phantom{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.343. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(6cd^2-ae^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2cd^3(4ae^2+3cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{2ce^3} + 5d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2+cd^2) - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2ce^3}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((d^4*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (-1/2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(c*e^3) + (5*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] - ((6*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (2*c*d^3*(3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/(2*c*e^3)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

3.343.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.343.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 419 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-ex+4d)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2ce^3} - \frac{(e^2a-6cd^2)\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{8cd^3\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + e^2a}\right)}{x+\frac{d}{e}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2c} - \frac{a\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^2} + \frac{3d^2\ln(x\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^4\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce^3} + d^4\left(-\frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + e^2a+cd^2}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + e^2a}\right)}{\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(\frac{x+d}{e}\right)}{e} + e^2a}\right)$

```
input int(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-e*x+4*d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3-1/2/c/e^3*((a*e^2-6*c*d^2)/e*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-8*c*d^3/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-2*c*d^4/e^3*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))))
```

3.343.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 431 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 46.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1786, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.75

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/4*((6*c^3*d^7 + 11*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (6*c^
3*d^6*e + 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*
c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(3*c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
+ (3*c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x
- a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(6*c^3*d^6*e
+ 10*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - (c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a
^2*c*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*x
^2 + a))/(c^4*d^5*e^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^6 + a^2*c^2*d*e^8 + (c^4*d^4*e^5 +
2*a*c^3*d^2*e^7 + a^2*c^2*e^9)*x), 1/4*(4*(3*c^3*d^6 + 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (
3*c^3*d^5*e + 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2
- a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c
*e^2)*x^2)) - (6*c^3*d^7 + 11*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6
+ (6*c^3*d^6*e + 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c)*
log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(6*c^3*d^6*e + 10*a*c^
2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - (c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^2*c*e^7)*
x^2 + 3*(c^3*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/
(c^4*d^5*e^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^6 + a^2*c^2*d*e^8 + (c^4*d^4*e^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^
2*e^7 + a^2*c^2*e^9)*x), -1/2*((6*c^3*d^7 + 11*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^3
*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (6*c^3*d^6*e + 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - ...

```

3.343.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.343.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.343.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.343.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x^4/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.344 $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.344.1 Optimal result	2725
3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2725
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3.344.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ce^2} + \frac{d^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{2d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}e^3} - \frac{d^2(2cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-d^2*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-2*d*arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^3/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2+d^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ae^2(d+ex)+cd^2(2d+ex))}{c(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{2d^2(2cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d\log(-\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{a+cx^2})}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*(a*e^2*(d + e*x) + c*d^2*(2*d + e*x)))/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (2*d^2*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2) + (2*d*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[a + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[c])/e^3`

3.344.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$, Rules used = {603, 25, 2185, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 603 \\
 & \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \int \frac{-\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a\right)xd + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2}{e}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} \frac{dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a\right)xd + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)x^2}{e}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2185 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd(ae - 2(cd^2 + ae^2)x)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{a + cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{ade - 2(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{e^2} + \sqrt{a + cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719
 \end{aligned}$$

3.344. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{e^2} + \sqrt{a+cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{cx^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} \right)}{e^2} + \sqrt{a+cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) (ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{e^2} + \sqrt{a+cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{d \left(-\frac{d(3ae^2+2cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) (ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{e^2} + \sqrt{a+cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{d \left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) (ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d(3ae^2+2cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{e^2} + \sqrt{a+cx^2} \left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{d^2}{e^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad \frac{d^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)^2*sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

```
output (d^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((a/c + d^2/e^2)*S
qrt[a + c*x^2] + (d*((-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^
2]])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (d*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^
2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/e^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^
2)
```

3.344.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x],
x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainde
r[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n +
1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)
^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n +
1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGt
Q[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.344.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce^2} - \frac{2d \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^3\sqrt{c}} + \frac{d^3 \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{e^3(e^2a+cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{d^4 c \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{e^4(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ce^2} - \frac{2d \ln(x\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{cx^2+a})}{e^3\sqrt{c}} - \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{e^5}$

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



```
output (c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2-2*d/e^3*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+d^3/e^
3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1
/2)+d^4/e^4*c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/
e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-3/e^4*d^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*
ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/
e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.344.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 346 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1449, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*(2*(c^2*d^6 + 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^5*e + 2*a*c*d^3*e^
3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a)
+ (2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^4*e + 3*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x
^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e
*x + d^2)) + 2*(2*c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 + 2
*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^5*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^5
+ a^2*c*d*e^7 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^2*c*e^8)*x), -(2*c^2*
d^5 + 3*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^4*e + 3*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2
)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2
*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c^2*d^6 + 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4
+ (c^2*d^5*e + 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt
(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - (2*c^2*d^5*e + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5 + (c
^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^5*e^3 + 2
*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + a^2*c*d*e^7 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^2*c*e^8)
*x), 1/2*(4*(c^2*d^6 + 2*a*c*d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^5*e + 2*a*c*d^
3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)) + (2*c^2
*d^5 + 3*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (2*c^2*d^4*e + 3*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*s
qrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + ...
```

3.344.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.344.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.344.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.344.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`output `int(x^3/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.345 $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2733
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3.345.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2}} + \frac{d(cd^2+2ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))
)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+arctanh(x*c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/e^2/c^(1/2)-d
^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{d\left(-\frac{de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{2(cd^2+2ae^2)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}\right) + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(d*(-((d*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (2*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2)) + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/Sqrt[c])/e^2`

3.345.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {603, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{603} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ade - (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{e(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ade - (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{d(2ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e}}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{d(2ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e}}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{d(2ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{e(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.345. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{d(2ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{e} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{d(2ae^2+cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((d^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (-(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a + c*x^2]]/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/(e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.345.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 603 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]},
    Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] +
    Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 719 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
    Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
    FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.345.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 368 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

method	result
default	$\frac{\ln(x\sqrt{c+\sqrt{cx^2+a}})}{e^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{d^2}{e^4} \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2c - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^2*ln(x*c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+d^2/e^4*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/
(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2
+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+
2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+2*d/e^3/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e
^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.345. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.345.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1260, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 +
a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) + (c^2
*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*lo
g((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) -
2*(c^2*d^4*e + a*c*d^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e
^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^2*c*e^7)*x), 1/2*(2*
(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^
2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^
2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 +
(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*
x^2 + a)*sqrt(c)*x - a) - 2*(c^2*d^4*e + a*c*d^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^
3*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5
+ a^2*c*e^7)*x), -1/2*(2*(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*
e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + a)
) - (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 +
2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x +
d^2)) + 2*(c^2*d^4*e + a*c*d^2*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(c^3*d^5*e^2 + 2*a*c
^2*d^3*e^4 + a^2*c*d*e^6 + (c^3*d^4*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^2*c*e^7)*...
```

3.345.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)
```

3.345. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.345.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.345.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type
```

3.345.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
input int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)
```

```
output int(x^2/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)
```

3.346 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.346.1 Optimal result	2739
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3.346.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{ae \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-a*e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+d*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)`

3.346.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{2ae \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (2*a*e*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]]/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.346.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {588, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 588 \\
 & \frac{ae \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (a*e*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])]/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2))`

3.346.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 588 Int[(x_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :-
  Simp[c*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))
  , x] + Simp[a*(d/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]
  , x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0] && Ne
  Q[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

3.346.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

method	result
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$ $d \left(-\frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{d}{e})^2 - \frac{2cd(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})} - \dots \right)$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/e^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2
*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)
^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-d/e^3*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*
(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*
((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.346.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(ae^2x + ade)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right) + 2(cd^3 + ade^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(ae^2x + ade)\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2}\right) - (cd^3 + ade^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x), -((a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)]`

3.346.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+cx^2} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.346.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.346.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.346.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.347 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.347.1 Optimal result	2744
3.347.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2744
3.347.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2745
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3.347.8 Giac [F(-2)]	2748
3.347.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2748

3.347.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{cd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-c*d*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-e*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)`

3.347.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{2cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) + (2*c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]]/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.347.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {491, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 491$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$-\frac{cd \int \frac{1}{cd^2+ae^2-\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{cx^2+a}} d \frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$-\frac{cd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (c*d*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.347.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`


```
rule 491 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + S
imp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

3.347.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{e^2 \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2 a + cd^2}{e^2}}{\left(e^2 a + cd^2\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2 a + 2cd^2 - \frac{2cd\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2 a + cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c - \frac{2cd\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2 a + cd^2}{e^2}}}{x + \frac{d}{e}}\right)}{\left(e^2 a + cd^2\right)\sqrt{\frac{e^2 a + cd^2}{e^2}}}$	215

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e^2*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2
+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c
*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.347.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(cdex + cd^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \log\left(\frac{2acdex - acd^2 - 2a^2e^2 - (2c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}\right) - 2(cd^2e + ae^3)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{2(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(cdex + cd^2)\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 - ae^2}(cdx - ae)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2}\right) + (cd^2e + ae^3)\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*(c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x), -((c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)]`

3.347.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.347.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.347.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.347.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.348 $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.348.1 Optimal result	2749
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3.348.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{ce\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^2}}$$

output

```
c*e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)-arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^2/a^(1/2)+e*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+e^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

3.348.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e\left(\frac{de\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{2(2cd^2+ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}}\right) + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(e*((d*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (2*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)} + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/d^2$

3.348.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 617

$$\int \left(-\frac{e}{d^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} + \frac{1}{d^2x\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e}{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(e^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (c*e*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^{(3/2)} + (e*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(d^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*d^2)$

3.348.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.348.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+e^2a+cd^2}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c-\frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{ed(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/d^2/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)-1/e/d*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))+1/d^2/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.348.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1261, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((2*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2
+ 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x
+ d^2)) + (c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e
^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^
2) + 2*(a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2*d^7 + 2*a^2*c*d^5
*e^2 + a^3*d^3*e^4 + (a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5)*x), 1/2
*(2*(2*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 -
a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/(a*c*d^2
+ a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) + (c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e
^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt
(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^2) + 2*(a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c*x^2 +
a))/(a*c^2*d^7 + 2*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + a^3*d^3*e^4 + (a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d
^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5)*x), 1/2*(2*(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c
^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(c*x^2
+ a)) + (2*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3 + (2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*
x^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*
e*x + d^2)) + 2*(a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2*d^7 + 2*
a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + a^3*d^3*e^4 + (a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*...
```

3.348.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)
```

3.348.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.348.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.348.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.349 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.349.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2754
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3.349.7 Maxima [F]	2758
3.349.8 Giac [F]	2758
3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2758

3.349.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ad^2x} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{ce^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{2e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^3}$$

output

```
-c*e^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+2*e*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^3/a^(1/2)-2*e^2*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/x-e^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

3.349.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(cd^2(d+ex)+ae^2(d+2ex))}{a(cd^2+ae^2)x(d+ex)} + \frac{2e^2(3cd^2+2ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{d^3}$$

3.349. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -((d*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]*(c*d^2*(d + e*x) + a*e^2*(d + 2*e*x)))/(a*(c*d^2 + a \\ & *e^2)*x*(d + e*x)) + (2*e^2*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) \\ & - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2])]/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^{(3/2)} - \\ & (4*e*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x - \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Sqrt}[a])/d^3 \end{aligned}$$

3.349.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{617} \\ & \int \left(\frac{2e^2}{d^3 \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)} - \frac{2e}{d^3 x \sqrt{a + cx^2}} + \frac{e^2}{d^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^2} + \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + cx^2}} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{2e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} d^3} - \frac{ce^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{\frac{d(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}}{e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} - \frac{2e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} - \\ & \quad \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{1}{ad^2x} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2]/(a*d^2*x)) - (e^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])/(d^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)* \\ & (d + e*x)) - (c*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c* \\ & x^2])]/(d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^{(3/2)}) - (2*e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*e - c*d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d \\ & ^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])]/(d^3*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (2*e*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sq} \\ & \text{rt}[a + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.349.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 617 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.349.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 394 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ad^2x} + \frac{2e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a}} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}{\left(e^2a+cd^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{d^2\left(e^2a+cd^2\right)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ad^2x} + \frac{2e \ln\left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{a}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}{d^2\left(e^2a+cd^2\right)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{d\left(e^2a+cd^2\right)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/x+2/d^3*e/a^(1/2)*ln((2*a+2*a^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/x)+1/d^2*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-2*e/d^3/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```


3.349.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.349.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.350 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.350.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ad^2x^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ad^3x} + \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{ce^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^2(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^4}$$

output

```
c*e^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*c*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2-3*e^2*arctanh((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^4/a^(1/2)+3*e^3*arctanh((-c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d^2/x^2+2*e*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/d^3/x+e^4*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)
```

3.350.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{d\sqrt{a+cx^2}(cd^2(-d^2+3dex+4e^2x^2)+ae^2(-d^2+3dex+6e^2x^2))}{a(cd^2+ae^2)x^2(d+ex)} - \frac{4e^3(4cd^2+3ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-cd^2-ae^2}}\right)}{(-cd^2-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(-cd^2+6ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`output `((d*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*(c*d^2*(-d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) + a*e^2*(-d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2)))/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2*(d + e*x)) - (4*e^3*(4*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) - a*e^2]])/(-(c*d^2) - a*e^2)^(3/2) + (2*(-(c*d^2) + 6*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x - Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/(2*d^4)`**3.350.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 617$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3e^3}{d^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} + \frac{3e^2}{d^4x\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{e^3}{d^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2e}{d^3x^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{1}{d^2x^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{3e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^4} + \frac{ce^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^2(ae^2+cd^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{3e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae-cdx}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{d^4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{ad^3x} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2ad^2x^2} + \frac{e^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

3.350. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(a*d^2*x^2) + (2*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(a*d^3*x) + (e^4*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (c*e^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(d^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)) + (3*e^3*ArcTanh[(a*e - c*d*x)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(d^4*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d^2) - (3*e^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*d^4)`

3.350.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.350.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(-4ex+d)}{2ad^3x^2} - \frac{2ae \left(-\frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln \left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}} \right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} \right)}{2ad^3x^2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2ax^2} + \frac{c \ln \left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x} \right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{d^2} - \frac{3e^2 \ln \left(\frac{2a+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{x} \right)}{d^4\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{ad^3x} - \frac{e \left(-\frac{e^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} - \frac{ecd \ln \left(\frac{2e^2a+2cd^2 - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c - \frac{2cd\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}} \right)}{(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2a+cd^2}{e^2}}} \right)}{2ad^3x}$

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-4*e*x+d)/a/d^3/x^2-1/2/d^3/a*(2*a*e*(-1/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*e^2/(x+d/e)*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-e*c*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)))/(x+d/e))-6*e^2*a/d/((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c-2/e*c*d*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)))/(x+d/e))-(-6*a*e^2+c*d^2)/d/a^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a+2*a^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/x))$$

3.350.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1867, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$[1/4*(2*((4*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*e^6)*x^3 + (4*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2)*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2}*\log((2*a*c*d*e*x - a*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*e^2 - (2*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{c*d^2 + a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e))*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - ((c^3*d^6*e - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*a^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^3*d^7 - 4*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 11*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 6*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-(c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})*\sqrt{a} + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a*c^2*d^7 + 2*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + a^3*d^3*e^4 - 2*(2*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2 - 3*(a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/((a^2*c^2*d^8*e + 2*a^3*c*d^6*e^3 + a^4*d^4*e^5)*x^3 + (a^2*c^2*d^9 + 2*a^3*c*d^7*e^2 + a^4*d^5*e^4)*x^2), 1/4*(4*((4*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*e^6)*x^3 + (4*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2)*\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2}*\arctan(\sqrt{-c*d^2 - a*e^2}*(c*d*x - a*e))*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^2)) - ((c^3*d^6*e - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*a^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^3*d^7 - 4*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - 11*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 6*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2)*\sqrt{a}*\log(-(c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})*\sqrt{a} + 2*a)/x^2) - 2*(a*c^2*d^7 + 2*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 + a^3*d^3*e^4 - 2*(2*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 3*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2 - 3*(a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 + a^3*d^2*e^5)*x)*\sqrt{c*x^2 + a})/((a^2*c^2*d^8*e + 2*a^3*c*d^6*e^3 + a^4*d^4*e^5)*x^3 + (a^2*c^2*d^9 + 2*a^3*c*d^7*e^2 + a^4*d^5*e^4)*x^2), -1/2*(((c^3*d^6*e - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 6*a^3*...$$

3.350.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.350.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*x^3), x)`

3.350.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.350.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.351 $\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$

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3.351.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2770

3.351.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{a^2(b^2c + a^2d)(a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^5(1+n)} - \frac{2a(b^2c + 2a^2d)(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^5(2+n)} + \frac{(b^2c + 6a^2d)(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^5(3+n)} - \frac{4ad(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^5(4+n)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^5(5+n)}$$

output $a^2*(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^{(1+n)}/b^5/(1+n)-2*a*(2*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^{(2+n)}/b^5/(2+n)+(6*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^{(3+n)}/b^5/(3+n)-4*a*d*(b*x+a)^{(4+n)}/b^5/(4+n)+d*(b*x+a)^{(5+n)}/b^5/(5+n)$

3.351.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{a^2b^2c+a^4d}{1+n} - \frac{2a(b^2c+2a^2d)(a+bx)}{2+n} + \frac{(b^2c+6a^2d)(a+bx)^2}{3+n} - \frac{4ad(a+bx)^3}{4+n} + \frac{d(a+bx)^4}{5+n} \right)}{b^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2),x]`

output $((a + b*x)^{(1 + n))*((a^2*b^2*c + a^4*d)/(1 + n) - (2*a*(b^2*c + 2*a^2*d)*(a + b*x))/(2 + n) + ((b^2*c + 6*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^2)/(3 + n) - (4*a*d*(a + b*x)^3)/(4 + n) + (d*(a + b*x)^4)/(5 + n))/b^5$

3.351.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(c + dx^2)(a + bx)^n dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(-\frac{2(2a^3d + ab^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^4} + \frac{(6a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4d + a^2b^2c)(a + bx)^n}{b^4} - \frac{4ad(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^4} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^5(n+1)} - \frac{2a(2a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^5(n+2)} + \frac{(6a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^5(n+3)} - \frac{4ad(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^5(n+4)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^5(n+5)}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2), x]`

output $(a^2(b^2c + a^2d)(a + bx)^{(1+n)}/(b^5(1+n)) - (2a(b^2c + 2a^2d)(a + bx)^{(2+n)}/(b^5(2+n)) + ((b^2c + 6a^2d)(a + bx)^{(3+n)}/(b^5(3+n)) - (4ad(a + bx)^{(4+n)}/(b^5(4+n)) + (d(a + bx)^{(5+n)}/(b^5(5+n)))$

3.351.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.351.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 319 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

method	result
norman	$\frac{dx^5 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{5+n} + \frac{nad x^4 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b(n^2+9n+20)} + \frac{(b^2cn^2+9b^2cn+12a^2d+20b^2c)an x^2 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^3(n^4+14n^3+71n^2+154n+120)} + \frac{2a^3(b^2cn^2+9b^2cn+12a^2d+20b^2c)}{b^5(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)}$
gospers	$\frac{(bx+a)^{1+n}(b^4dn^4x^4+10b^4dn^3x^4-4ab^3dn^3x^3+b^4cn^4x^2+35b^4dn^2x^4-24ab^3dn^2x^3+12b^4cn^3x^2+50b^4dnx^4+12a^2b^2dn^2x^2)}{(b^5dn^4x^5+ab^4dn^4x^4+10b^5dn^3x^5+6ab^4dn^3x^4+b^5cn^4x^3+35b^5dn^2x^5-4a^2b^3dn^3x^3+ab^4cn^4x^2+11ab^4dn^2x^4+12b^5cn^3x^3)}$
risch	$\frac{x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^4+50x^5(bx+a)^n b^5dn+12x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^3+49x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^2+78x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn+2(bx+a)^n a^3b^2cn^2+18a^3b^2cn}{(b^5dn^4x^5+ab^4dn^4x^4+10b^5dn^3x^5+6ab^4dn^3x^4+b^5cn^4x^3+35b^5dn^2x^5-4a^2b^3dn^3x^3+ab^4cn^4x^2+11ab^4dn^2x^4+12b^5cn^3x^3)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^4+50x^5(bx+a)^n b^5dn+12x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^3+49x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn^2+78x^3(bx+a)^n b^5cn+2(bx+a)^n a^3b^2cn^2+18a^3b^2cn}{(b^5dn^4x^5+ab^4dn^4x^4+10b^5dn^3x^5+6ab^4dn^3x^4+b^5cn^4x^3+35b^5dn^2x^5-4a^2b^3dn^3x^3+ab^4cn^4x^2+11ab^4dn^2x^4+12b^5cn^3x^3)}$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(5+n)*x^5*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+n*a/b*d/(n^2+9*n+20)*x^4*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+(b^2*c*n^2+9*b^2*c*n+12*a^2*d+20*b^2*c)*a/b^3*n/(n^4+14*n^3+71*n^2+154*n+120)*x^2*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+2*a^3*(b^2*c*n^2+9*b^2*c*n+12*a^2*d+20*b^2*c)/b^5/(n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-(-b^2*c*n^2+4*a^2*d*n-9*b^2*c*n-20*b^2*c)/b^2/(n^3+12*n^2+47*n+60)*x^3*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-2/b^4*n*a^2*(b^2*c*n^2+9*b^2*c*n+12*a^2*d+20*b^2*c)/(n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*x*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))`

3.351.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 368 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx = \frac{(2a^3b^2cn^2 + 18a^3b^2cn + 40a^3b^2c + 24a^5d + (b^5dn^4 + 10b^5dn^3 + 35b^5dn^2 + 50b^5dn + 24b^5d)x^5 + (ab^4dn^4 + 10ab^4dn^3 + 35ab^4dn^2 + 50ab^4dn + 24ab^4d)x^4 + (a^2b^3dn^4 + 10a^2b^3dn^3 + 35a^2b^3dn^2 + 50a^2b^3dn + 24a^2b^3d)x^3 + (ab^2cn^4 + 10ab^2cn^3 + 35ab^2cn^2 + 50ab^2cn + 24ab^2c)x^2 + (a^2b^2dn^4 + 10a^2b^2dn^3 + 35a^2b^2dn^2 + 50a^2b^2dn + 24a^2b^2d)x + a^3bn^4 + 10a^3bn^3 + 35a^3bn^2 + 50a^3bn + 24a^3b)x}{(b^5dn^4x^5+ab^4dn^4x^4+10b^5dn^3x^5+6ab^4dn^3x^4+b^5cn^4x^3+35b^5dn^2x^5-4a^2b^3dn^3x^3+ab^4cn^4x^2+11ab^4dn^2x^4+12b^5cn^3x^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output (2*a^3*b^2*c*n^2 + 18*a^3*b^2*c*n + 40*a^3*b^2*c + 24*a^5*d + (b^5*d*n^4 +
10*b^5*d*n^3 + 35*b^5*d*n^2 + 50*b^5*d*n + 24*b^5*d)*x^5 + (a*b^4*d*n^4 +
6*a*b^4*d*n^3 + 11*a*b^4*d*n^2 + 6*a*b^4*d*n)*x^4 + (b^5*c*n^4 + 40*b^5*c
+ 4*(3*b^5*c - a^2*b^3*d)*n^3 + (49*b^5*c - 12*a^2*b^3*d)*n^2 + 2*(39*b^5
*c - 4*a^2*b^3*d)*n)*x^3 + (a*b^4*c*n^4 + 10*a*b^4*c*n^3 + (29*a*b^4*c + 1
2*a^3*b^2*d)*n^2 + 4*(5*a*b^4*c + 3*a^3*b^2*d)*n)*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c*n^3 +
9*a^2*b^3*c*n^2 + 4*(5*a^2*b^3*c + 3*a^4*b*d)*n)*x*(b*x + a)^n/(b^5*n^5
+ 15*b^5*n^4 + 85*b^5*n^3 + 225*b^5*n^2 + 274*b^5*n + 120*b^5)
```

3.351.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4134 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4134, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.62

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a**n*(c*x**3/3 + d*x**5/5), Eq(b, 0)), (12*a**4*d*log(a/b + x)/
(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b
**9*x**4) + 25*a**4*d/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 +
48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 48*a**3*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5
+ 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 8
8*a**3*b*d*x/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**
8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - a**2*b**2*c/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a
**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 72*a**2*b**2*d*x**2*log(a
/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**
3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 108*a**2*b**2*d*x**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x +
72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - 4*a*b**3*c*x/(12*a**4
*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4
) + 48*a*b**3*d*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2
*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 48*a*b**3*d*x**3/(12*a**4*b
**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) -
6*b**4*c*x**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b
**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 12*b**4*d*x**4*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*
a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4), Eq(n, -5
)), (-12*a**4*d*log(a/b + x)/(3*a**3*b**5 + 9*a**2*b**6*x + 9*a*b**7*x**2
+ 3*b**8*x**3) - 22*a**4*d/(3*a**3*b**5 + 9*a**2*b**6*x + 9*a*b**7*x**2...
```

3.351.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{((n^2+3n+2)b^3x^3+(n^2+n)ab^2x^2-2a^2bnx+2a^3)(bx+a)^nc}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)b^3} + \frac{((n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)b^5x^5+(n^4+6n^3+11n^2+6n)ab^4x^4-4(n^3+3n^2+2n)a^2b^3x^3+12(n^2+n)a^3b^2x^2-24a^4bnx+24a^5)(bx+a)^nd}{(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((n^2+3*n+2)*b^3*x^3+(n^2+n)*a*b^2*x^2-2*a^2*b*n*x+2*a^3)*(b*x+a)^n*c/((n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*b^3)+((n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*b^5*x^5+(n^4+6*n^3+11*n^2+6*n)*a*b^4*x^4-4*(n^3+3*n^2+2*n)*a^2*b^3*x^3+12*(n^2+n)*a^3*b^2*x^2-24*a^4*b*n*x+24*a^5)*(b*x+a)^n*d/((n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*b^5)`

3.351.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx+a)^nb^5dn^4x^5+(bx+a)^nab^4dn^4x^4+10(bx+a)^nb^5dn^3x^5+(bx+a)^nb^5cn^4x^3+6(bx+a)^nab^4dn^3x^4}{1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((b*x + a)^n*b^5*d*n^4*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d*n^4*x^4 + 10*(b*x + a)^n*
b^5*d*n^3*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*n^4*x^3 + 6*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d*n^3*x^4
+ 35*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d*n^2*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*n^4*x^2 + 12*(b*x + a
)^n*b^5*c*n^3*x^3 - 4*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d*n^3*x^3 + 11*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4
*d*n^2*x^4 + 50*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d*n*x^5 + 10*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*n^3*x^2 +
49*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*n^2*x^3 - 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d*n^2*x^3 + 6*(b*x
+ a)^n*a*b^4*d*n*x^4 + 24*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d*x^5 - 2*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*c*
n^3*x + 29*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*n^2*x^2 + 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*d*n^2*x^2
+ 78*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*n*x^3 - 8*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d*n*x^3 - 18*(b*x + a
)^n*a^2*b^3*c*n^2*x + 20*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*n*x^2 + 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^
2*d*n*x^2 + 40*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*x^3 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*c*n^2 - 40*(b
*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*c*n*x - 24*(b*x + a)^n*a^4*b*d*n*x + 18*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*
b^2*c*n + 40*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*c + 24*(b*x + a)^n*a^5*d)/(b^5*n^5 + 15*b
^5*n^4 + 85*b^5*n^3 + 225*b^5*n^2 + 274*b^5*n + 120*b^5)
```

3.351.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx = (a+bx)^n \left(\frac{2a^3(12da^2+cb^2n^2+9cb^2n+20cb^2)}{b^5(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{dx^5(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}{n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{x^3(n^2+3n+2)(-4da^2n+cb^2n^2+9cb^2n+20cb^2)}{b^2(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2a^2nx(12da^2+cb^2n^2+9cb^2n+20cb^2)}{b^4(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{anx^2(n+1)(12da^2+cb^2n^2+9cb^2n+20cb^2)}{b^3(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{adnx^4(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}{b(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)} \right)$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

output $(a + bx)^n \left(\frac{2a^3(12a^2d + 20b^2c + b^2cn^2 + 9b^2cn)}{b^5(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} + \frac{dx^5(50n + 35n^2 + 10n^3 + n^4 + 24)}{(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} + \frac{x^3(3n + n^2 + 2)(20b^2c + b^2cn^2 - 4a^2dn + 9b^2cn)}{b^2(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} - \frac{2a^2n^2x(12a^2d + 20b^2c + b^2cn^2 + 9b^2cn)}{b^4(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} + \frac{anx^2(n + 1)(12a^2d + 20b^2c + b^2cn^2 + 9b^2cn)}{b^3(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} + \frac{adnx^4(11n + 6n^2 + n^3 + 6)}{b(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120)} \right)$

3.352 $\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$

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3.352.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = -\frac{a(b^2c + a^2d)(a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^4(1+n)} + \frac{(b^2c + 3a^2d)(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^4(2+n)} - \frac{3ad(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^4(3+n)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^4(4+n)}$$

output `-a*(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^4/(1+n)+(3*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^4/(2+n)-3*a*d*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^4/(3+n)+d*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^4/(4+n)`

3.352.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} (-6a^3d + 6a^2bd(1+n)x + b^3(3 + 4n + n^2)x(c(4+n) + d(2+n)x^2) - ab^2(c(12 + 7n + n^2) - b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)(4+n))}{b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2), x]`

output `((a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(-6*a^3*d + 6*a^2*b*d*(1 + n)*x + b^3*(3 + 4*n + n^2)*x*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2) - a*b^2*(c*(12 + 7*n + n^2) + 3*d*(2 + 3*n + n^2)*x^2))/(b^4*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n))`

3.352.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(c + dx^2)(a + bx)^n dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(\frac{a(a^2(-d) - b^2c)(a + bx)^n}{b^3} + \frac{(3a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^3} - \frac{3ad(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^3} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a(a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^4(n+1)} + \frac{(3a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^4(n+2)} - \frac{3ad(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^4(n+3)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^4(n+4)}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2),x]`

output `-((a*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^4*(1 + n))) + ((b^2*c + 3*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^4*(2 + n)) - (3*a*d*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^4*(3 + n)) + (d*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^4*(4 + n))`

3.352.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.352.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(bx+a)^{1+n}(-b^3dn^3x^3-6b^3dn^2x^3+3ab^2dn^2x^2-b^3cn^3x-11b^3dncx^3+9ab^2dncx^2-8b^3cn^2x-6x^3b^3d-6a^2bdncx+ab^2cn^2+)}{b^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$
norman	$\frac{dx^4e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{4+n} + \frac{na(b^2cn^2+7b^2cn+6a^2d+12b^2c)x e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^3(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)} + \frac{nadx^3e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b(n^2+7n+12)} - \frac{a^2(b^2cn^2+7b^2cn+6a^2d+12b^2c)e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$
risch	$\frac{(-b^4dn^3x^4-ab^3dn^3x^3-6b^4dn^2x^4-3ab^3dn^2x^3-b^4cn^3x^2-11b^4dncx^4+3a^2b^2dn^2x^2-ab^3cn^3x-2ab^3dncx^3-8b^4cn^2x^2-)}{(3+n)(4+n)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-(bx+a)^na^3b^2cn^2-7(bx+a)^na^3b^2cn-12(bx+a)^na^3b^2c+12x(bx+a)^na^2b^3cn+11x^4(bx+a)^na^2b^3dn+3x^3(bx+a)^na^2b^3dn^2+x^2(bx+a)^na^2b^3dn^2+}{b^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$

```
input int(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/b^4*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/(n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*(-b^3*d*n^3*x^3-6*b^3*d*n^2*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*n^2*x^2-b^3*c*n^3*x-11*b^3*d*n*x^3+9*a*b^2*d*n*x^2-8*b^3*c*n^2*x-6*b^3*d*x^3-6*a^2*b*d*n*x+a*b^2*c*n^2+6*a*b^2*d*x^2-19*b^3*c*n*x-6*a^2*b*d*x+7*a*b^2*c*n-12*b^3*c*x+6*a^3*d+12*a*b^2*c)
```

3.352.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx = \frac{(a^2b^2cn^2 + 7a^2b^2cn + 12a^2b^2c + 6a^4d - (b^4dn^3 + 6b^4dn^2 + 11b^4dn + 6b^4d)x^4 - (ab^3dn^3 + 3ab^3dn^2 + ab^3dn + b^4n^4 + b^4n^3 + b^4n^2 + b^4n + b^4d)x^3 - (a^2b^3dn^3 + 3a^2b^3dn^2 + 2a^2b^3dn + a^2b^3d)x^2 - (a^2b^3cn^3 + 3a^2b^3cn^2 + 2a^2b^3cn + a^2b^3c)x - a^2b^3c)x(bx+a)^n}{b^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(a^2*b^2*c*n^2 + 7*a^2*b^2*c*n + 12*a^2*b^2*c + 6*a^4*d - (b^4*d*n^3 + 6*b^4*d*n^2 + 11*b^4*d*n + 6*b^4*d)*x^4 - (a*b^3*d*n^3 + 3*a*b^3*d*n^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*n)*x^3 - (b^4*c*n^3 + 12*b^4*c + (8*b^4*c - 3*a^2*b^2*d)*n^2 + (19*b^4*c - 3*a^2*b^2*d)*n)*x^2 - (a*b^3*c*n^3 + 7*a*b^3*c*n^2 + 6*(2*a*b^3*c + a^3*b*d)*n)*x)*(b*x + a)^n/(b^4*n^4 + 10*b^4*n^3 + 35*b^4*n^2 + 50*b^4*n + 24*b^4)
```

3.352.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2181 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2181, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.38

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c),x)`

output `Piecewise((a**n*(c*x**2/2 + d*x**4/4), Eq(b, 0)), (6*a**3*d*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 11*a**3*d/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a**2*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 27*a**2*b*d*x/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) - a*b**2*c/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b**2*d*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b**2*d*x**2/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) - 3*b**3*c*x/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 6*b**3*d*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3), Eq(n, -4)), (-6*a**3*d*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 9*a**3*d/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*b*d*x/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - a*b**2*c/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 6*a*b**2*d*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 2*b**3*c*x/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) + 2*b**3*d*x**3/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2), Eq(n, -3)), (6*a**3*d*log(a/b + x)/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x) + 6*a**3*d/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x) + 6*a**2*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x) + 2*a*b**2*c*log(a/b + x)/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x) + 2*...`

3.352.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{(b^2(n+1)x^2 + abnx - a^2)(bx + a)^n c}{(n^2 + 3n + 2)b^2} + \frac{((n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^4x^4 + (n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)ab^3x^3 - 3(n^2 + n)a^2b^2x^2 + 6a^3bnx - 6a^4)(bx + a)^n d}{(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)b^4}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(b^2(n+1)x^2 + a*b*n*x - a^2)*(b*x + a)^n*c/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^2) + ((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^4*x^4 + (n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*(n^2 + n)*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*b*n*x - 6*a^4)*(b*x + a)^n*d/((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^4)$

3.352.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx+a)^n b^4 d n^3 x^4 + (bx+a)^n a b^3 d n^3 x^3 + 6(bx+a)^n b^4 d n^2 x^4 + (bx+a)^n b^4 c n^3 x^2 + 3(bx+a)^n a b^3 d n^2 x^3 - 3(bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 d n^2 x^2 + 2(bx+a)^n a b^3 d n x^3 + 6(bx+a)^n b^4 d x^4 + 7(bx+a)^n a b^3 c n^2 x + 19(bx+a)^n b^4 c n x^2 - 3(bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 d n x^2 - (bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 c n^2 + 12(bx+a)^n a b^3 c n x + 6(bx+a)^n a^3 b d n x + 12(bx+a)^n b^4 c x^2 - 7(bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 c n - 12(bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 c - 6(bx+a)^n a^4 d}{(b^4 n^4 + 10 b^4 n^3 + 35 b^4 n^2 + 50 b^4 n + 24 b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((b*x + a)^n*b^4*d*n^3*x^4 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*d*n^3*x^3 + 6*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*d*n^2*x^4 + (b*x + a)^n*b^4*c*n^3*x^2 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*d*n^2*x^3 + 11*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*d*n*x^4 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*c*n^3*x + 8*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*c*n^2*x^2 - 3*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^2*d*n^2*x^2 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*d*n*x^3 + 6*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*d*x^4 + 7*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*c*n^2*x + 19*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*c*n*x^2 - 3*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^2*d*n*x^2 - (b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^2*c*n^2 + 12*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^3*c*n*x + 6*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b*d*n*x + 12*(b*x + a)^n*b^4*c*x^2 - 7*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^2*c*n - 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^2*c - 6*(b*x + a)^n*a^4*d)/(b^4*n^4 + 10*b^4*n^3 + 35*b^4*n^2 + 50*b^4*n + 24*b^4)$

3.352.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int x(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2) dx = (a+bx)^n \left(\frac{dx^4(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}{n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24} - \frac{a^2(6da^2+cb^2n^2+7cb^2n+12cb^2)}{b^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)} + \frac{x^2(n+1)(-3da^2n+cb^2n^2+7cb^2n+12cb^2)}{b^2(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)} + \frac{anx(6da^2+cb^2n^2+7cb^2n+12cb^2)}{b^3(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)} + \frac{adnx^3(n^2+3n+2)}{b(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)} \right)$$

input `int(x*(c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

output `(a + b*x)^n*((d*x^4*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6))/(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24) - (a^2*(6*a^2*d + 12*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 + 7*b^2*c*n))/(b^4*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) + (x^2*(n + 1)*(12*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 - 3*a^2*d*n + 7*b^2*c*n))/(b^2*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) + (a*n*x*(6*a^2*d + 12*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 + 7*b^2*c*n))/(b^3*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) + (a*d*n*x^3*(3*n + n^2 + 2))/(b*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)))`

3.353 $\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$

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3.353.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{(b^2c + a^2d)(a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^3(1+n)} - \frac{2ad(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^3(2+n)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^3(3+n)}$$

output $(a^2d + b^2c)(bx+a)^{(1+n)}/b^3/(1+n) - 2ad(bx+a)^{(2+n)}/b^3/(2+n) + d(bx+a)^{(3+n)}/b^3/(3+n)$

3.353.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} (2a^2d - 2abd(1+n)x + b^2(2+n)(c(3+n) + d(1+n)x^2))}{b^3(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2), x]`

output $((a + b*x)^{(1+n)}*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(1+n)*x + b^2*(2+n)*(c*(3+n) + d*(1+n)*x^2)))/(b^3*(1+n)*(2+n)*(3+n))$

3.353.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2) (a + bx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^n}{b^2} - \frac{2ad(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^2} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^3(n+1)} - \frac{2ad(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^3(n+2)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^3(n+3)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2),x]`

output `((b^2*c + a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^3*(1 + n)) - (2*a*d*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^3*(2 + n)) + (d*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^3*(3 + n))`

3.353.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.353.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(bx+a)^{1+n}(b^2dn^2x^2+3b^2dnx^2-2abdnx+b^2cn^2+2dx^2b^2-2abd+5b^2cn+2a^2d+6b^2c)}{b^3(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}$
risch	$\frac{(b^3dn^2x^3+ab^2dn^2x^2+3b^3dnx^3+a^2bn^2x^2+b^3cn^2x+2x^3b^3d-2a^2bdnx+ab^2cn^2+5b^3cnx+5ab^2cn+6b^3cx+2da^3+6ab^2c)(b)}{(2+n)(3+n)(1+n)b^3}$
norman	$\frac{dx^3e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{3+n} + \frac{a(b^2cn^2+5b^2cn+2a^2d+6b^2c)e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^3(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)} + \frac{adnx^2e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b(n^2+5n+6)} - \frac{(-b^2cn^2+2a^2dn-5b^2cn-6b^2c)xe^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^2(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(bx+a)^nb^3dn^2+3x^3(bx+a)^nb^3dn+x^2(bx+a)^na^2bdn^2+2x^3(bx+a)^nb^3d+x^2(bx+a)^na^2bdn+x(bx+a)^nb^3cn^2-2x(bx+a)^nb^3cn}{b^3(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}$

input `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/b^3*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/(n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*(b^2*d*n^2*x^2+3*b^2*d*n*x^2-2*a*b*d*n*x+b^2*c*n^2+2*b^2*d*x^2-2*a*b*d*x+5*b^2*c*n+2*a^2*d+6*b^2*c)`**3.353.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int (a+bx)^n (c+dx^2) dx = \frac{(ab^2cn^2+5ab^2cn+6ab^2c+2a^3d+(b^3dn^2+3b^3dn+2b^3d)x^3+(ab^2dn^2+ab^2dn)x^2+(b^3cn^2+6b^3c+6b^3n+6b^3)x)}{b^3n^3+6b^3n^2+11b^3n+6b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*b^2*c*n^2+5*a*b^2*c*n+6*a*b^2*c+2*a^3*d+(b^3*d*n^2+3*b^3*d*n+2*b^3*d)*x^3+(a*b^2*d*n^2+a*b^2*d*n)*x^2+(b^3*c*n^2+6*b^3*c+(5*b^3*c-2*a^2*b*d)*n)*x*(b*x+a)^n/(b^3*n^3+6*b^3*n^2+11*b^3*n+6*b^3)`

3.353.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 952 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 952, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.60

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^n \left(cx + \frac{dx^3}{3} \right) \\ \frac{2a^2 d \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} + \frac{3a^2 d}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} + \frac{4abdx \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} + \frac{4abdx}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} - \frac{b^2 c}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} + \frac{2b^2 dx^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{2a^2 b^3 + 4ab^4 x + 2b^5 x^2} \\ - \frac{2a^2 d \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 x} - \frac{2a^2 d}{ab^3 + b^4 x} - \frac{2abdx \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 x} - \frac{b^2 c}{ab^3 + b^4 x} + \frac{b^2 dx^2}{ab^3 + b^4 x} \\ \frac{a^2 d \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{b^3} - \frac{adx}{b^2} + \frac{c \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)}{b} + \frac{dx^2}{2b} \\ \frac{2a^3 d(a+bx)^n}{b^3 n^3 + 6b^3 n^2 + 11b^3 n + 6b^3} - \frac{2a^2 b d n x(a+bx)^n}{b^3 n^3 + 6b^3 n^2 + 11b^3 n + 6b^3} + \frac{ab^2 c n^2 (a+bx)^n}{b^3 n^3 + 6b^3 n^2 + 11b^3 n + 6b^3} + \frac{5ab^2 c n (a+bx)^n}{b^3 n^3 + 6b^3 n^2 + 11b^3 n + 6b^3} + \frac{6ab^2 c (a+bx)^n}{b^3 n^3 + 6b^3 n^2 + 11b^3 n + 6b^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c), x)`

output `Piecewise((a**n*(c*x + d*x**3/3), Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*d*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) + 3*a**2*d/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) + 4*a*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) + 4*a*b*d*x/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) - b**2*c/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2) + 2*b**2*d*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2), Eq(n, -3)), (-2*a**2*d*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) - 2*a**2*d/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) - 2*a*b*d*x*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) - b**2*c/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) + b**2*d*x**2/(a*b**3 + b**4*x), Eq(n, -2)), (a**2*d*log(a/b + x)/b**3 - a*d*x/b**2 + c*log(a/b + x)/b + d*x**2/(2*b), Eq(n, -1)), (2*a**3*d*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) - 2*a**2*b*d*n*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + a*b**2*c*n**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + 5*a*b**2*c*n*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + 6*a*b**2*c*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + a*b**2*d*n**2*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + a*b**2*d*n*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + b**3*c*n**2*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + 5*b**3*c*n*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + 6*b**3*c*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*n**3 + 6*b**3*n**2 + 11*b**3*n + 6*b**3) + b**3*d*n**2*x**3*(a + b*x)**n/(b**3*...`

3.353.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a)^{n+1}c}{b(n+1)} + \frac{((n^2 + 3n + 2)b^3x^3 + (n^2 + n)ab^2x^2 - 2a^2bnx + 2a^3)(bx + a)^n d}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*x + a)^(n + 1)*c/(b*(n + 1)) + ((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*a*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b*n*x + 2*a^3)*(b*x + a)^n*d/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^3)`

3.353.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a)^n b^3 d n^2 x^3 + (bx + a)^n a b^2 d n^2 x^2 + 3 (bx + a)^n b^3 d n x^3 + (bx + a)^n b^3 c n^2 x + (bx + a)^n a b^2 d n x^2 + 2 (bx + a)^n a^2 b d n x + 5 (bx + a)^n a b^2 c n^2 + 5 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 c n x - 2 (bx + a)^n a^3 d}{(b^3 n^3 + 6 b^3 n^2 + 11 b^3 n + 6 b^3)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((b*x + a)^n*b^3*d*n^2*x^3 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^2*d*n^2*x^2 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*b^3*d*n*x^3 + (b*x + a)^n*b^3*c*n^2*x + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^2*d*n*x^2 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*b^3*d*x^3 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^2*c*n^2 + 5*(b*x + a)^n*b^3*c*n*x - 2*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b*d*n*x + 5*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^2*c*n + 6*(b*x + a)^n*b^3*c*x + 6*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^2*c + 2*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*d)/(b^3*n^3 + 6*b^3*n^2 + 11*b^3*n + 6*b^3)`

3.353.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2) dx = (a + bx)^n \left(\frac{dx^3(n^2 + 3n + 2)}{n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} + \frac{x(-2da^2bn + cb^3n^2 + 5cb^3n + 6cb^3)}{b^3(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} + \frac{a(2da^2 + cb^2n^2 + 5cb^2n + 6cb^2)}{b^3(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} + \frac{adnx^2(n + 1)}{b(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} \right)$$

input `int((c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x)^n,x)`output `(a + b*x)^n*((d*x^3*(3*n + n^2 + 2))/(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6) + (x*(6*b^3*c + b^3*c*n^2 + 5*b^3*c*n - 2*a^2*b*d*n))/(b^3*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)) + (a*(2*a^2*d + 6*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 + 5*b^2*c*n))/(b^3*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)) + (a*d*n*x^2*(n + 1))/(b*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)))`

3.354 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)}{x} dx$

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3.354.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx = -\frac{ad(a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^2(1 + n)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^2(2 + n)} - \frac{c(a + bx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a(1 + n)}$$

output `-a*d*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^2/(1+n)+d*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^2/(2+n)-c*(b*x+a)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+b*x/a)/a/(1+n)`

3.354.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} (ad(a - b(1 + n)x) + b^2c(2 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right))}{ab^2(1 + n)(2 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2))/x,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(a*d*(a - b*(1 + n)*x) + b^2*c*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (b*x)/a]))/(a*b^2*(1 + n)*(2 + n))`

3.354. $\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)}{x} dx$

3.354.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^2)(a + bx)^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(\frac{c(a + bx)^n}{x} - \frac{ad(a + bx)^n}{b} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ad(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^2(n + 1)} + \frac{d(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^2(n + 2)} - \frac{c(a + bx)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a(n + 1)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2))/x,x]`

output `-((a*d*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^2*(1 + n))) + (d*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^2*(2 + n)) - (c*(a + b*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (b*x)/a])/ (a*(1 + n))`

3.354.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :=> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.354.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx + a)^n (dx^2 + c)}{x} dx$$

input `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)/x,x)`

output `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)/x,x)`

3.354.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)(bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.354.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx$$

$$= d \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^n x^2}{2} \\ \frac{a \log(\frac{a}{b} + x)}{ab^2 + b^3 x} + \frac{a}{ab^2 + b^3 x} + \frac{bx \log(\frac{a}{b} + x)}{ab^2 + b^3 x} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } b = 0 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{a \log(\frac{a}{b} + x)}{b^2} + \frac{x}{b} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } n = -1 \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^2(a+bx)^n}{b^2 n^2 + 3b^2 n + 2b^2} + \frac{abnx(a+bx)^n}{b^2 n^2 + 3b^2 n + 2b^2} + \frac{b^2 n x^2 (a+bx)^n}{b^2 n^2 + 3b^2 n + 2b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 (a+bx)^n}{b^2 n^2 + 3b^2 n + 2b^2} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$- \frac{b^{n+1} c n \left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)^{n+1} \Phi\left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}, 1, n + 1\right) \Gamma(n + 1)}{a \Gamma(n + 2)}$$

$$- \frac{b^{n+1} c \left(\frac{a}{b} + x\right)^{n+1} \Phi\left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}, 1, n + 1\right) \Gamma(n + 1)}{a \Gamma(n + 2)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)/x,x)`

output `d*Piecewise((a**n*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + a/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + b*x*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x), Eq(n, -2)), (-a*log(a/b + x)/b**2 + x/b, Eq(n, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + a*b*n*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + b**2*n*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + b**2*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2), True)) - b**(n + 1)*c*n*(a/b + x)**(n + 1)*lerchphi(1 + b*x/a, 1, n + 1)*gamma(n + 1)/(a*gamma(n + 2)) - b**(n + 1)*c*(a/b + x)**(n + 1)*lerchphi(1 + b*x/a, 1, n + 1)*gamma(n + 1)/(a*gamma(n + 2))`

3.354.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)(bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.354.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)(bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.354.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2+c)(a+bx)^n}{x} dx$$

input `int(((c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x)^n)/x,x)`output `int(((c + d*x^2)*(a + b*x)^n)/x, x)`

3.355 $\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$

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3.355.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2797

3.355.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^7(1+n)} - \frac{2a(b^2c + a^2d)(b^2c + 3a^2d)(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^7(2+n)} + \frac{(b^4c^2 + 12a^2b^2cd + 15a^4d^2)(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^7(3+n)} - \frac{4ad(2b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^7(4+n)} + \frac{d(2b^2c + 15a^2d)(a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^7(5+n)} - \frac{6ad^2(a + bx)^{6+n}}{b^7(6+n)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{7+n}}{b^7(7+n)}$$

output

```
a^2*(a^2*d+b^2*c)^2*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^7/(1+n)-2*a*(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(3*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^7/(2+n)+(15*a^4*d^2+12*a^2*b^2*c*d+b^4*c^2)*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^7/(3+n)-4*a*d*(5*a^2*d+2*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^7/(4+n)+d*(15*a^2*d+2*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(5+n)/b^7/(5+n)-6*a*d^2*(b*x+a)^(6+n)/b^7/(6+n)+d^2*(b*x+a)^(7+n)/b^7/(7+n)
```

3.355.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{(ab^2c+a^3d)^2}{1+n} - \frac{2a(b^2c+a^2d)(b^2c+3a^2d)(a+bx)}{2+n} + \frac{(b^4c^2+12a^2b^2cd+15a^4d^2)(a+bx)^2}{3+n} - \frac{4ad(2b^2c+5a^2d)(a+bx)^3}{4+n} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^4}{5+n} - \frac{6ad^2(a+bx)^5}{6+n} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^6}{7+n} \right)}{b^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`output $((a+bx)^{(1+n)}*((a*b^2*c+a^3*d)^2/(1+n) - (2*a*(b^2*c+a^2*d)*(b^2*c+3*a^2*d)*(a+bx))/(2+n) + ((b^4*c^2+12*a^2*b^2*c*d+15*a^4*d^2)*(a+bx)^2)/(3+n) - (4*a*d*(2*b^2*c+5*a^2*d)*(a+bx)^3)/(4+n) + (d*(2*b^2*c+15*a^2*d)*(a+bx)^4)/(5+n) - (6*a*d^2*(a+bx)^5)/(6+n) + (d^2*(a+bx)^6)/(7+n))/b^7$ **3.355.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(c+dx^2)^2(a+bx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{522}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a^3d+ab^2c)^2(a+bx)^n}{b^6} + \frac{2a(-3a^2d-b^2c)(a^2d+b^2c)(a+bx)^{n+1}}{b^6} - \frac{4ad(5a^2d+2b^2c)(a+bx)^{n+3}}{b^6} + \frac{d(15a^4d^2+12a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2)(a+bx)^{n+3}}{b^6} - \frac{6ad^2(a+bx)^{n+6}}{b^7} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^{n+7}}{b^7} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a^2(a^2d+b^2c)^2(a+bx)^{n+1}}{b^7(n+1)} - \frac{2a(a^2d+b^2c)(3a^2d+b^2c)(a+bx)^{n+2}}{b^7(n+2)} - \frac{4ad(5a^2d+2b^2c)(a+bx)^{n+4}}{b^7(n+4)} + \frac{d(15a^4d^2+12a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2)(a+bx)^{n+5}}{b^7(n+5)} + \frac{(15a^4d^2+12a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2)(a+bx)^{n+3}}{b^7(n+3)} - \frac{6ad^2(a+bx)^{n+6}}{b^7(n+6)} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^{n+7}}{b^7(n+7)}$$

3.355. $\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output $(a^2(b^2c + a^2d)^2(a + bx)^{(1+n)}/(b^{7(1+n)}) - (2a(b^2c + a^2d)(b^2c + 3a^2d)(a + bx)^{(2+n)}/(b^{7(2+n)}) + ((b^4c^2 + 12a^2b^2cd + 15a^4d^2)(a + bx)^{(3+n)}/(b^{7(3+n)}) - (4ad(2b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{(4+n)}/(b^{7(4+n)}) + (d(2b^2c + 15a^2d)(a + bx)^{(5+n)}/(b^{7(5+n)}) - (6ad^2(a + bx)^{(6+n)}/(b^{7(6+n)}) + (d^2(a + bx)^{(7+n)}/(b^{7(7+n)}))$

3.355.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e.)*(x.))^(m.)*((c.) + (d.)*(x.))^(n.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.)^2)^(p.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.355.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 753 vs. 2(232) = 464.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 754, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^2x^7e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{7+n} + \frac{n d^2a x^6 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b(n^2+13n+42)} + \frac{(b^4c^2n^4+22b^4c^2n^3+24a^2b^2cdn^2+179b^4c^2n^2+312a^2b^2cdn+638b^4c^2n+360d^2a^4+3d^2n^6)}{b^5(n^6+27n^5+295n^4+1665n^3+5104n^2+8028n+3)}$
gospers	$(bx+a)^{1+n}(b^6d^2n^6x^6+21b^6d^2n^5x^6-6ab^5d^2n^5x^5+2b^6cdn^6x^4+175b^6d^2n^4x^6-90ab^5d^2n^4x^5+46b^6cdn^5x^4+735b^6d^2n^3x^6+3d^2n^6)$
risch	Expression too large to display
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output d^2/(7+n)*x^7*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+n*d^2/b*a/(n^2+13*n+42)*x^6*exp(n*ln(b*x+a)
)+(b^4*c^2*n^4+22*b^4*c^2*n^3+24*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+179*b^4*c^2*n^2+312*a^2*b
^2*c*d*n+638*b^4*c^2*n+360*a^4*d^2+1008*a^2*b^2*c*d+840*b^4*c^2)*a/b^5*n/(
n^6+27*n^5+295*n^4+1665*n^3+5104*n^2+8028*n+5040)*x^2*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+2*a
^3*(b^4*c^2*n^4+22*b^4*c^2*n^3+24*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+179*b^4*c^2*n^2+312*a^2*
b^2*c*d*n+638*b^4*c^2*n+360*a^4*d^2+1008*a^2*b^2*c*d+840*b^4*c^2)/b^7/(n^7
+28*n^6+322*n^5+1960*n^4+6769*n^3+13132*n^2+13068*n+5040)*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))
-(-b^4*c^2*n^4+8*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^3-22*b^4*c^2*n^3+104*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2-179*b^
4*c^2*n^2+120*a^4*d^2*n+336*a^2*b^2*c*d*n-638*b^4*c^2*n-840*b^4*c^2)/b^4/(
n^5+25*n^4+245*n^3+1175*n^2+2754*n+2520)*x^3*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-2*d*(-b^2*c*
n^2+3*a^2*d*n-13*b^2*c*n-42*b^2*c)/b^2/(n^3+18*n^2+107*n+210)*x^5*exp(n*ln
(b*x+a))-2/b^6*n*a^2*(b^4*c^2*n^4+22*b^4*c^2*n^3+24*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+179*b^
4*c^2*n^2+312*a^2*b^2*c*d*n+638*b^4*c^2*n+360*a^4*d^2+1008*a^2*b^2*c*d+840
*b^4*c^2)/(n^7+28*n^6+322*n^5+1960*n^4+6769*n^3+13132*n^2+13068*n+5040)*x*
exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+2*(b^2*c*n^2+13*b^2*c*n+15*a^2*d+42*b^2*c)*a/b^3*d*n/(n^4
+22*n^3+179*n^2+638*n+840)*x^4*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))
```

3.355.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1027 vs. $2(232) = 464$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1027, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^3b^4c^2n^4 + 44a^3b^4c^2n^3 + 1680a^3b^4c^2 + 2016a^5b^2cd + 720a^7d^2 + (b^7d^2n^6 + 21b^7d^2n^5 + 175b^7d^2n^4 + 7$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
(2*a^3*b^4*c^2*n^4 + 44*a^3*b^4*c^2*n^3 + 1680*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 2016*a^5*b^2*
c*d + 720*a^7*d^2 + (b^7*d^2*n^6 + 21*b^7*d^2*n^5 + 175*b^7*d^2*n^4 + 735*
b^7*d^2*n^3 + 1624*b^7*d^2*n^2 + 1764*b^7*d^2*n + 720*b^7*d^2)*x^7 + (a*b^
6*d^2*n^6 + 15*a*b^6*d^2*n^5 + 85*a*b^6*d^2*n^4 + 225*a*b^6*d^2*n^3 + 274*
a*b^6*d^2*n^2 + 120*a*b^6*d^2*n)*x^6 + 2*(b^7*c*d*n^6 + 1008*b^7*c*d + (23
*b^7*c*d - 3*a^2*b^5*d^2)*n^5 + 3*(69*b^7*c*d - 10*a^2*b^5*d^2)*n^4 + 5*(1
85*b^7*c*d - 21*a^2*b^5*d^2)*n^3 + 2*(1072*b^7*c*d - 75*a^2*b^5*d^2)*n^2 +
36*(67*b^7*c*d - 2*a^2*b^5*d^2)*n)*x^5 + 2*(a*b^6*c*d*n^6 + 19*a*b^6*c*d*
n^5 + (131*a*b^6*c*d + 15*a^3*b^4*d^2)*n^4 + (401*a*b^6*c*d + 90*a^3*b^4*d
^2)*n^3 + 15*(36*a*b^6*c*d + 11*a^3*b^4*d^2)*n^2 + 18*(14*a*b^6*c*d + 5*a^
3*b^4*d^2)*n)*x^4 + (b^7*c^2*n^6 + 1680*b^7*c^2 + (25*b^7*c^2 - 8*a^2*b^5*
c*d)*n^5 + (247*b^7*c^2 - 128*a^2*b^5*c*d)*n^4 + (1219*b^7*c^2 - 664*a^2*b
^5*c*d - 120*a^4*b^3*d^2)*n^3 + 8*(389*b^7*c^2 - 152*a^2*b^5*c*d - 45*a^4*
b^3*d^2)*n^2 + 4*(949*b^7*c^2 - 168*a^2*b^5*c*d - 60*a^4*b^3*d^2)*n)*x^3 +
2*(179*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 24*a^5*b^2*c*d)*n^2 + (a*b^6*c^2*n^6 + 23*a*b^6*c^2*
n^5 + 3*(67*a*b^6*c^2 + 8*a^3*b^4*c*d)*n^4 + (817*a*b^6*c^2 + 336*a^3*b^4*
c*d)*n^3 + 2*(739*a*b^6*c^2 + 660*a^3*b^4*c*d + 180*a^5*b^2*d^2)*n^2 + 24*
(35*a*b^6*c^2 + 42*a^3*b^4*c*d + 15*a^5*b^2*d^2)*n)*x^2 + 4*(319*a^3*b^4*c
^2 + 156*a^5*b^2*c*d)*n - 2*(a^2*b^5*c^2*n^5 + 22*a^2*b^5*c^2*n^4 + (179*a
^2*b^5*c^2 + 24*a^4*b^3*c*d)*n^3 + 2*(319*a^2*b^5*c^2 + 156*a^4*b^3*c*d...
```

3.355.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14317 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14317, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.71

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

output $((n^2 + 3n + 2)*b^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*a*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b*n*x + 2*a^3)*(b*x + a)^n*c^2/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^3) + 2*((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^5*x^5 + (n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a*b^4*x^4 - 4*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 12*(n^2 + n)*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^4*b*n*x + 24*a^5)*(b*x + a)^n*c*d/((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n + 120)*b^5) + ((n^6 + 21*n^5 + 175*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 1624*n^2 + 1764*n + 720)*b^7*x^7 + (n^6 + 15*n^5 + 85*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 274*n^2 + 120*n)*a*b^6*x^6 - 6*(n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 30*(n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^3*b^4*x^4 - 120*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 360*(n^2 + n)*a^5*b^2*x^2 - 720*a^6*b*n*x + 720*a^7)*(b*x + a)^n*d^2/((n^7 + 28*n^6 + 322*n^5 + 1960*n^4 + 6769*n^3 + 13132*n^2 + 13068*n + 5040)*b^7)$

3.355.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1750 vs. $2(232) = 464$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1750, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.54

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n^6 x^7 + (bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n^6 x^6 + 21(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n^5 x^7 + 2(bx + a)^n b^7 c d n^6 x^5 + 15(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n^5 x^6 + 175(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n^4 x^7 + 2(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d n^6 x^4 + 46(bx + a)^n b^7 c d n^5 x^5 - 6(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^2 n^5 x^5 + 85(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n^4 x^6 + 735(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n^3 x^7 + (bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 n^6 x^3 + 38(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d n^5 x^4 + 414(bx + a)^n b^7 c d n^4 x^5 - 60(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^2 n^4 x^5 + 225(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n^3 x^6 + 1624(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n^2 x^7 + (bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 n^6 x^2 + 25(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 n^5 x^3 - 8(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c d n^5 x^3 + 262(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d n^4 x^4 + 30(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 + 1850(bx + a)^n b^7 c d n^3 x^5 - 210(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^2 n^3 x^5 + 274(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n^2 x^6 + 1764(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 n x^7 + 23(bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 n^5 x^2 + 247(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 n^4 x^3 - 128(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c d n^4 x^3 + 802(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d n^3 x^4 + 180(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 d^2 n^3 x^4 + 4288(bx + a)^n b^7 c d n^2 x^5 - 300(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^2 n^2 x^5 + 120(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^2 n x^6 + 720(bx + a)^n b^7 d^2 x^7 - 2(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c^2 n^5 x + 201(bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 n^4 x^2 + 24(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 c d n^4 x^2 + 1219(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 n^3 x^3 - 664(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c d n^3 x^3 - 120(bx + a)^n a^4 b^3 d^2 n^3 x^3 + 1080(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d n^2 x^4 + 330(bx + a) \dots
\end{aligned}$$

3.355.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 932, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^2 dx \\
&= \frac{2a^3(a+bx)^n(360a^4d^2+24a^2b^2cdn^2+312a^2b^2cdn+1008a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2n^4+22b^4c^2n^3+179b^4c^2n^2+126b^4c^2n+54b^4c^2)}{b^7(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&+ \frac{d^2x^7(a+bx)^n(n^6+21n^5+175n^4+735n^3+1624n^2+1764n+720)}{n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040} \\
&+ \frac{x^3(a+bx)^n(n^2+3n+2)(-120a^4d^2n-8a^2b^2cdn^3-104a^2b^2cdn^2-336a^2b^2cdn+b^4c^2n^4+126b^4c^2n^3+179b^4c^2n^2+126b^4c^2n+54b^4c^2)}{b^4(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&- \frac{2a^2nx(a+bx)^n(360a^4d^2+24a^2b^2cdn^2+312a^2b^2cdn+1008a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2n^4+22b^4c^2n^3+126b^4c^2n^2+126b^4c^2n+54b^4c^2)}{b^6(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&+ \frac{2dx^5(a+bx)^n(-3da^2n+cb^2n^2+13cb^2n+42cb^2)(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}{b^2(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&+ \frac{ad^2nx^6(a+bx)^n(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)}{b(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&+ \frac{anx^2(n+1)(a+bx)^n(360a^4d^2+24a^2b^2cdn^2+312a^2b^2cdn+1008a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2n^4+22b^4c^2n^3+126b^4c^2n^2+126b^4c^2n+54b^4c^2)}{b^5(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)} \\
&+ \frac{2adnx^4(a+bx)^n(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)(15da^2+cb^2n^2+13cb^2n+42cb^2)}{b^3(n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

3.356 $\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$

3.356.1 Optimal result	2799
3.356.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2800
3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2800
3.356.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2801
3.356.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2802
3.356.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2803
3.356.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
3.356.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2805
3.356.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2806

3.356.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = -\frac{a(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^6(1 + n)} + \frac{(b^2c + a^2d)(b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^6(2 + n)} - \frac{2ad(3b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^6(3 + n)} + \frac{2d(b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^6(4 + n)} - \frac{5ad^2(a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^6(5 + n)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{6+n}}{b^6(6 + n)}$$

output

```
-a*(a^2*d+b^2*c)^2*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^6/(1+n)+(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(5*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^6/(2+n)-2*a*d*(5*a^2*d+3*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^6/(3+n)+2*d*(5*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^6/(4+n)-5*a*d^2*(b*x+a)^(5+n)/b^6/(5+n)+d^2*(b*x+a)^(6+n)/b^6/(6+n)
```

3.356.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} \left(b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)(5+n)(a + bx)(c + dx^2)^2 - a(6+n) \left(b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n) \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(b^4*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^2 - a*(6 + n)*(b^4*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(4 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(1 + n)*x + b^2*(2 + n)*(c*(3 + n) + d*(1 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2))) + 4*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*((b^2*c + a^2*d)*(5 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2)) - a*d*(2 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(3 + n)*x + b^2*(4 + n)*(c*(5 + n) + d*(3 + n)*x^2)))))/(b^6*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n))`

3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{522}$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a(a^2d + b^2c)^2 (a + bx)^n}{b^5} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^5} - \frac{2ad(5a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^5} + \frac{2d(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-\frac{a(a^2d + b^2c)^2(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^6(n+1)} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^6(n+2)} - \frac{2ad(5a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^6(n+3)} + \frac{2d(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^6(n+4)} - \frac{5ad^2(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^6(n+5)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{n+6}}{b^6(n+6)}$$

```
input Int[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]
```

```
output -((a*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^2*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^6*(1 + n))) + ((b^2*c + a^2*d)*(b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^6*(2 + n)) - (2*a*d*(3*b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^6*(3 + n)) + (2*d*(b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^6*(4 + n)) - (5*a*d^2*(a + b*x)^(5 + n))/(b^6*(5 + n)) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^(6 + n))/(b^6*(6 + n))
```

3.356.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 522 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.356.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^2 x^6 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{6+n} + \frac{na(b^4 c^2 n^4 + 18b^4 c^2 n^3 + 12a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 119b^4 c^2 n^2 + 132a^2 b^2 c d n + 342b^4 c^2 n + 120d^2 a^4 + 360a^2 b^2 c d + 360b^4 c^2)}{b^5(n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)}$
gospers	$-\frac{(bx+a)^{1+n}(-b^5 d^2 n^5 x^5 - 15b^5 d^2 n^4 x^5 + 5a b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 - 2b^5 c d n^5 x^3 - 85b^5 d^2 n^3 x^5 + 50a b^4 d^2 n^3 x^4 - 34b^5 c d n^4 x^3 - 225b^5 d^2 n^2 x^5)}{b^6(n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)}$
risch	$-\frac{(-b^6 d^2 n^5 x^6 - a b^5 d^2 n^5 x^5 - 15b^6 d^2 n^4 x^6 - 10a b^5 d^2 n^4 x^5 - 2b^5 c d n^5 x^4 - 85b^6 d^2 n^3 x^6 + 5a^2 b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 - 2a b^5 c d n^5 x^3 - 35a b^5 d^2 n^2 x^5)}{b^6(n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)}$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.356. $\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$

output

```

d^2/(6+n)*x^6*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+1/b^5*n*a*(b^4*c^2*n^4+18*b^4*c^2*n^3+12*a^
2*b^2*c*d*n^2+119*b^4*c^2*n^2+132*a^2*b^2*c*d*n+342*b^4*c^2*n+120*a^4*d^2+
360*a^2*b^2*c*d+360*b^4*c^2)/(n^6+21*n^5+175*n^4+735*n^3+1624*n^2+1764*n+7
20)*x*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+n*d^2/b*a/(n^2+11*n+30)*x^5*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-a^2*(b
^4*c^2*n^4+18*b^4*c^2*n^3+12*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+119*b^4*c^2*n^2+132*a^2*b^2*c
*d*n+342*b^4*c^2*n+120*a^4*d^2+360*a^2*b^2*c*d+360*b^4*c^2)/b^6/(n^6+21*n^
5+175*n^4+735*n^3+1624*n^2+1764*n+720)*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-(-b^4*c^2*n^4+6*a^
2*b^2*c*d*n^3-18*b^4*c^2*n^3+66*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2-119*b^4*c^2*n^2+60*a^4*d^2
*n+180*a^2*b^2*c*d*n-342*b^4*c^2*n-360*b^4*c^2)/b^4/(n^5+20*n^4+155*n^3+58
0*n^2+1044*n+720)*x^2*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-d*(-2*b^2*c*n^2+5*a^2*d*n-22*b^2*c*
n-60*b^2*c)/b^2/(n^3+15*n^2+74*n+120)*x^4*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+2*(b^2*c*n^2+11
*b^2*c*n+10*a^2*d+30*b^2*c)*a/b^3*d*n/(n^4+18*n^3+119*n^2+342*n+360)*x^3*e
xp(n*ln(b*x+a))

```

3.356.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int x(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(a^2b^4c^2n^4 + 18a^2b^4c^2n^3 + 360a^2b^4c^2 + 360a^4b^2cd + 120a^6d^2 - (b^6d^2n^5 + 15b^6d^2n^4 + 85b^6d^2n^3 + 225$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-(a^2*b^4*c^2*n^4 + 18*a^2*b^4*c^2*n^3 + 360*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 360*a^4*b^2*c*d
+ 120*a^6*d^2 - (b^6*d^2*n^5 + 15*b^6*d^2*n^4 + 85*b^6*d^2*n^3 + 225*b^6*
d^2*n^2 + 274*b^6*d^2*n + 120*b^6*d^2)*x^6 - (a*b^5*d^2*n^5 + 10*a*b^5*d^2
*n^4 + 35*a*b^5*d^2*n^3 + 50*a*b^5*d^2*n^2 + 24*a*b^5*d^2*n)*x^5 - (2*b^6*
c*d*n^5 + 360*b^6*c*d + (34*b^6*c*d - 5*a^2*b^4*d^2)*n^4 + 2*(107*b^6*c*d
- 15*a^2*b^4*d^2)*n^3 + (614*b^6*c*d - 55*a^2*b^4*d^2)*n^2 + 6*(132*b^6*c*
d - 5*a^2*b^4*d^2)*n)*x^4 - 2*(a*b^5*c*d*n^5 + 14*a*b^5*c*d*n^4 + 5*(13*a*
b^5*c*d + 2*a^3*b^3*d^2)*n^3 + 2*(56*a*b^5*c*d + 15*a^3*b^3*d^2)*n^2 + 20*
(3*a*b^5*c*d + a^3*b^3*d^2)*n)*x^3 + (119*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 12*a^4*b^2*c*d)*n^
2 - (b^6*c^2*n^5 + 360*b^6*c^2 + (19*b^6*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^4*c*d)*n^4 + (137*b
^6*c^2 - 72*a^2*b^4*c*d)*n^3 + (461*b^6*c^2 - 246*a^2*b^4*c*d - 60*a^4*b^2
*d^2)*n^2 + 6*(117*b^6*c^2 - 30*a^2*b^4*c*d - 10*a^4*b^2*d^2)*n)*x^2 + 6*(
57*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 22*a^4*b^2*c*d)*n - (a*b^5*c^2*n^5 + 18*a*b^5*c^2*n^4 + (
119*a*b^5*c^2 + 12*a^3*b^3*c*d)*n^3 + 6*(57*a*b^5*c^2 + 22*a^3*b^3*c*d)*n^
2 + 120*(3*a*b^5*c^2 + 3*a^3*b^3*c*d + a^5*b*d^2)*n)*x)*(b*x + a)^n/(b^6*n
^6 + 21*b^6*n^5 + 175*b^6*n^4 + 735*b^6*n^3 + 1624*b^6*n^2 + 1764*b^6*n +
720*b^6)

```

3.356.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8940 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8940, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.32

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**n*(c**2*x**2/2 + c*d*x**4/2 + d**2*x**6/6), Eq(b, 0)), (60*a**5*d**2*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 137*a**5*d**2/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 300*a**4*b*d**2*x*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 625*a**4*b*d**2*x/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) - 6*a**3*b**2*c*d/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 600*a**3*b**2*d**2*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 1100*a**3*b**2*d**2*x**2/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) - 30*a**2*b**3*c*d*x/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 600*a**2*b**3*d**2*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) + 900*a**2*b**3*d**2*x**3/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b**7*x + 600*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 600*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 300*a*b**10*x**4 + 60*b**11*x**5) - 3*a*b**4*c**2/(60*a**5*b**6 + 300*a**4*b...`

3.356.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2(n+1)x^2 + abnx - a^2)(bx+a)^n c^2}{(n^2 + 3n + 2)b^2} + \frac{2((n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^4x^4 + (n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)ab^3x^3 - 3(n^2 + n)a^2b^2x^2 + 6a^3bnx - 6a^4)(bx+a)^n c}{(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)b^4} + \frac{((n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)b^6x^6 + (n^5 + 10n^4 + 35n^3 + 50n^2 + 24n)ab^5x^5 - 5(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)a^2b^4x^4 - 5(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)a^3b^3x^3 - 5(n^2 + n)a^4b^2x^2 + 5a^5b)x^2 + 5a^6)(bx+a)^n c}{(n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 210n^2 + 105n + 21)b^6}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output (b^2*(n + 1)*x^2 + a*b*n*x - a^2)*(b*x + a)^n*c^2/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^2) +
2*((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^4*x^4 + (n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*(n
^2 + n)*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*b*n*x - 6*a^4)*(b*x + a)^n*c*d/((n^4 + 10*n^3
+ 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^4) + ((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n + 1
20)*b^6*x^6 + (n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a*b^5*x^5 - 5*(n^4 +
6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 20*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^3*b^3*x^3 -
60*(n^2 + n)*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 120*a^5*b*n*x - 120*a^6)*(b*x + a)^n*d^2/((n^6
+ 21*n^5 + 175*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 1624*n^2 + 1764*n + 720)*b^6)
```

3.356.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1266 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1266, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.84

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output ((b*x + a)^n*b^6*d^2*n^5*x^6 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*d^2*n^5*x^5 + 15*(b*x + a
)^n*b^6*d^2*n^4*x^6 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c*d*n^5*x^4 + 10*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5
*d^2*n^4*x^5 + 85*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*d^2*n^3*x^6 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c*d*n^
5*x^3 + 34*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c*d*n^4*x^4 - 5*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*d^2*n^4*x^4
+ 35*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*d^2*n^3*x^5 + 225*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*d^2*n^2*x^6 + (b
*x + a)^n*b^6*c^2*n^5*x^2 + 28*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c*d*n^4*x^3 + 214*(b*x +
a)^n*b^6*c*d*n^3*x^4 - 30*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*d^2*n^3*x^4 + 50*(b*x + a)^n
*a*b^5*d^2*n^2*x^5 + 274*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*d^2*n*x^6 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c^2
*n^5*x + 19*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c^2*n^4*x^2 - 6*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*c*d*n^4*x
^2 + 130*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c*d*n^3*x^3 + 20*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^3*d^2*n^3*x^3
+ 614*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c*d*n^2*x^4 - 55*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*d^2*n^2*x^4 +
24*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*d^2*n*x^5 + 120*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*d^2*x^6 + 18*(b*x + a
)^n*a*b^5*c^2*n^4*x + 137*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c^2*n^3*x^2 - 72*(b*x + a)^n*a^2
*b^4*c*d*n^3*x^2 + 224*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c*d*n^2*x^3 + 60*(b*x + a)^n*a^3
*b^3*d^2*n^2*x^3 + 792*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c*d*n*x^4 - 30*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*d
^2*n*x^4 - (b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*c^2*n^4 + 119*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c^2*n^3*x +
12*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^3*c*d*n^3*x + 461*(b*x + a)^n*b^6*c^2*n^2*x^2 - 246*
(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*c*d*n^2*x^2 - 60*(b*x + a)^n*a^4*b^2*d^2*n^2*x^2 + 120
*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^5*c*d*n*x^3 + 40*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^3*d^2*n*x^3 + 360*(b*x
+ a)^n*b^6*c*d*x^4 - 18*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^4*c^2*n^3 + 342*(b*x + a)^n...
```

3.356.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int x(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{d^2 x^6 (a+bx)^n (n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)}{n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720} - \frac{a^2 (a+bx)^n (120a^4 d^2 + 12a^2 b^2 cdn^2 + 132a^2 b^2 cdn + 360a^2 b^2 cd + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 18b^4 c^2 n^3 + 119b^4 c^2 n^2)}{b^6 (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)} + \frac{x^2 (n+1) (a+bx)^n (-60a^4 d^2 n - 6a^2 b^2 cdn^3 - 66a^2 b^2 cdn^2 - 180a^2 b^2 cdn + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 18b^4 c^2 n^3)}{b^4 (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)} + \frac{dx^4 (a+bx)^n (-5da^2 n + 2cb^2 n^2 + 22cb^2 n + 60cb^2) (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}{b^2 (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)} + \frac{anx (a+bx)^n (120a^4 d^2 + 12a^2 b^2 cdn^2 + 132a^2 b^2 cdn + 360a^2 b^2 cd + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 18b^4 c^2 n^3 + 119b^4 c^2 n^2)}{b^5 (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)} + \frac{ad^2 nx^5 (a+bx)^n (n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)}{b (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)} + \frac{2adnx^3 (a+bx)^n (n^2 + 3n + 2) (10da^2 + cb^2 n^2 + 11cb^2 n + 30cb^2)}{b^3 (n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)}$$

input `int(x*(c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

```
output (d^2*x^6*(a + b*x)^n*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120))/(176
4*n + 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720) - (a^2*(a + b*x)^
n*(120*a^4*d^2 + 360*b^4*c^2 + 342*b^4*c^2*n + 119*b^4*c^2*n^2 + 18*b^4*c^
2*n^3 + b^4*c^2*n^4 + 360*a^2*b^2*c*d + 132*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + 12*a^2*b^2*c*d
*n^2))/(b^6*(1764*n + 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720))
+ (x^2*(n + 1)*(a + b*x)^n*(360*b^4*c^2 - 60*a^4*d^2*n + 342*b^4*c^2*n + 1
19*b^4*c^2*n^2 + 18*b^4*c^2*n^3 + b^4*c^2*n^4 - 180*a^2*b^2*c*d*n - 66*a^2
*b^2*c*d*n^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^3))/(b^4*(1764*n + 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175
*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720)) + (d*x^4*(a + b*x)^n*(60*b^2*c + 2*b^2*c*n^2 -
5*a^2*d*n + 22*b^2*c*n)*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6))/(b^2*(1764*n + 1624*n^2
+ 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720)) + (a*n*x*(a + b*x)^n*(120*a^4*
d^2 + 360*b^4*c^2 + 342*b^4*c^2*n + 119*b^4*c^2*n^2 + 18*b^4*c^2*n^3 + b^4
*c^2*n^4 + 360*a^2*b^2*c*d + 132*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + 12*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2))/(b^5
*(1764*n + 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720)) + (a*d^2*n*x
^5*(a + b*x)^n*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24))/(b*(1764*n + 1624*n^2
+ 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720)) + (2*a*d*n*x^3*(a + b*x)^n*(3*
n + n^2 + 2)*(10*a^2*d + 30*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 + 11*b^2*c*n))/(b^3*(1764*n
+ 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720))
```

3.357 $\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$

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3.357.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^5(1+n)} - \frac{4ad(b^2c + a^2d) (a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^5(2+n)} + \frac{2d(b^2c + 3a^2d) (a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^5(3+n)} - \frac{4ad^2(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^5(4+n)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^5(5+n)}$$

output $(a^2d + b^2c)^2 (bx+a)^{(1+n)}/b^5/(1+n) - 4ad*(a^2d + b^2c)*(bx+a)^{(2+n)}/b^5/(2+n) + 2d*(3a^2d + b^2c)*(bx+a)^{(3+n)}/b^5/(3+n) - 4ad^2*(bx+a)^{(4+n)}/b^5/(4+n) + d^2*(bx+a)^{(5+n)}/b^5/(5+n)$

3.357.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} \left((c + dx^2)^2 + \frac{4(b^2c + a^2d)(2a^2d - 2abd(1+n)x + b^2(2+n)(c(3+n) + d(1+n)x^2))}{b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)} - \frac{4ad(a+bx)(2a^2d - 2abd(2+n)x + b^2(3+n)(c(3+n) + d(1+n)x^2))}{b^4(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)} \right)}{b(5+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output $((a + bx)^{(1+n)}((c + dx^2)^2 + (4(b^2c + a^2d)(2a^2d - 2ab*d(1+n)x + b^2(2+n)(c(3+n) + d(1+n)x^2)))/(b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)) - (4ad(a + bx)(2a^2d - 2ab*d(2+n)x + b^2(3+n)(c(4+n) + d(2+n)x^2)))/(b^4(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)))/(b(5+n))$

3.357.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^2 (a + bx)^n}{b^4} - \frac{4ad(a^2d + b^2c) (a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^4} + \frac{2d(3a^2d + b^2c) (a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^4} - \frac{4ad^2(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^4} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^2 (a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^5(n+1)} - \frac{4ad(a^2d + b^2c) (a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^5(n+2)} + \frac{2d(3a^2d + b^2c) (a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^5(n+3)} - \frac{4ad^2(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^5(n+4)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^5(n+5)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output $((b^2c + a^2d)^2(a + bx)^{(1+n)}/(b^5(1+n)) - (4ad(b^2c + a^2d)(a + bx)^{(2+n)}/(b^5(2+n)) + (2d(b^2c + 3a^2d)(a + bx)^{(3+n)}/(b^5(3+n)) - (4ad^2(a + bx)^{(4+n)}/(b^5(4+n)) + (d^2(a + bx)^{(5+n)}/(b^5(5+n))$

3.357.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.357.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 419 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
gospers	$(bx+a)^{1+n} (b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 + 10 b^4 d^2 n^3 x^4 - 4 a b^3 d^2 n^3 x^3 + 2 b^4 c d n^4 x^2 + 35 b^4 d^2 n^2 x^4 - 24 a b^3 d^2 n^2 x^3 + 24 b^4 c d n^3 x^2 + 50 b^4 d^2 n x^4 + 12 a^2 b^2 d^2 n^2 x^2 - 4 a^2 b^3 c d n^3 x - 44 a^2 b^3 d^2 n x^3 + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 98 b^4 c d n^2 x^2 + 24 b^4 d^2 x^4 + 36 a^2 b^2 d^2 n x^2 - 40 a b^3 c d n^2 x - 24 a b^3 d^2 x^3 + 14 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 156 b^4 c d n x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 n x + 4 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 24 a^2 b^2 d^2 x^2 - 116 a b^3 c d n x + 71 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 80 b^4 c d x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 x + 36 a^2 b^2 c d n - 80 a b^3 c d x + 154 b^4 c^2 n + 24 a^4 d^2 + 80 a^2 b^2 c d + 120 b^4 c^2) e^{n \ln(bx+a)}$
norman	$\frac{d^2 x^5 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{5+n} + \frac{a(b^4 c^2 n^4 + 14 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 4 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 71 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 36 a^2 b^2 c d n + 154 b^4 c^2 n + 24 d^2 a^4 + 80 a^2 b^2 c d + 120 b^4 c^2) e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{b^5 (n^5 + 15 n^4 + 85 n^3 + 225 n^2 + 274 n + 120)}$
risch	$(b^5 d^2 n^4 x^5 + a b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 + 10 b^5 d^2 n^3 x^5 + 6 a b^4 d^2 n^3 x^4 + 2 b^5 c d n^4 x^3 + 35 b^5 d^2 n^2 x^5 - 4 a^2 b^3 d^2 n^3 x^3 + 2 a b^4 c d n^4 x^2 + 11 a b^4 d^2 n^2 x^4 + 12 a^2 b^2 d^2 n^2 x^2 - 4 a^2 b^3 c d n^3 x - 44 a^2 b^3 d^2 n x^3 + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 98 b^4 c d n^2 x^2 + 24 b^4 d^2 x^4 + 36 a^2 b^2 d^2 n x^2 - 40 a b^3 c d n^2 x - 24 a b^3 d^2 x^3 + 14 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 156 b^4 c d n x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 n x + 4 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 24 a^2 b^2 d^2 x^2 - 116 a b^3 c d n x + 71 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 80 b^4 c d x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 x + 36 a^2 b^2 c d n - 80 a b^3 c d x + 154 b^4 c^2 n + 24 a^4 d^2 + 80 a^2 b^2 c d + 120 b^4 c^2) e^{n \ln(bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$-36 x (bx+a)^n a^3 b^3 c d n^2 - 80 x (bx+a)^n a^3 b^3 c d n - 24 x (bx+a)^n a^5 b d^2 n + 154 x (bx+a)^n a b^5 c^2 n + 4 (bx+a)^n a^4 b^2 c d n^2 + 36 (bx+a)^n a^2 b^2 d^2 n^2 x^2 - 40 a b^3 c d n^2 x - 24 a b^3 d^2 x^3 + 14 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 156 b^4 c d n x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 n x + 4 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 24 a^2 b^2 d^2 x^2 - 116 a b^3 c d n x + 71 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 80 b^4 c d x^2 - 24 a^3 b d^2 x + 36 a^2 b^2 c d n - 80 a b^3 c d x + 154 b^4 c^2 n + 24 a^4 d^2 + 80 a^2 b^2 c d + 120 b^4 c^2) e^{n \ln(bx+a)}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^5*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/(n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*(b^4*d^2*n^4*x^4
+10*b^4*d^2*n^3*x^4-4*a*b^3*d^2*n^3*x^3+2*b^4*c*d*n^4*x^2+35*b^4*d^2*n^2*x
^4-24*a*b^3*d^2*n^2*x^3+24*b^4*c*d*n^3*x^2+50*b^4*d^2*n*x^4+12*a^2*b^2*d^2
*n^2*x^2-4*a*b^3*c*d*n^3*x-44*a*b^3*d^2*n*x^3+b^4*c^2*n^4+98*b^4*c*d*n^2*x
^2+24*b^4*d^2*x^4+36*a^2*b^2*d^2*n*x^2-40*a*b^3*c*d*n^2*x-24*a*b^3*d^2*x^3
+14*b^4*c^2*n^3+156*b^4*c*d*n*x^2-24*a^3*b*d^2*n*x+4*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+24*a^
2*b^2*d^2*x^2-116*a*b^3*c*d*n*x+71*b^4*c^2*n^2+80*b^4*c*d*x^2-24*a^3*b*d^2
*x+36*a^2*b^2*c*d*n-80*a*b^3*c*d*x+154*b^4*c^2*n+24*a^4*d^2+80*a^2*b^2*c*d
+120*b^4*c^2)
```


3.357.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 519 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(ab^4c^2n^4 + 14ab^4c^2n^3 + 120ab^4c^2 + 80a^3b^2cd + 24a^5d^2 + (b^5d^2n^4 + 10b^5d^2n^3 + 35b^5d^2n^2 + 50b^5d^2n + 24b^5d^2))x^5 + (a^2b^4cd^2n^4 + 6a^2b^4cd^2n^3 + 11a^2b^4cd^2n^2 + 6a^2b^4cd^2n + 2(b^5cd^2n^4 + 40b^5cd^2n^3 + 2(6b^5cd^2n^2 - a^2b^3d^2)n^3 + (49b^5cd^2n^2 - 6a^2b^3d^2)n^2 + 2(39b^5cd^2n - 2a^2b^3d^2)n)x^3 + (71a^3b^4cd^2n^2 + 4a^3b^4cd^2n + 2(a^3b^4cd^2n^4 + 10a^3b^4cd^2n^3 + (29a^3b^4cd^2n^2 + 6a^3b^4cd^2n + 2(10a^3b^4cd^2n + 3a^3b^4cd^2n)x^2 + 2(77a^3b^4cd^2n + 18a^3b^4cd^2n + (b^5c^2n^4 + 120b^5c^2n^3 + 2(7b^5c^2n^2 - 2a^2b^3cd^2)n^3 + (71b^5c^2n^2 - 36a^2b^3cd^2)n^2 + 2(77b^5c^2n - 40a^2b^3cd^2n - 12a^4b^3d^2)n)x)(b^5n^5 + 15b^5n^4 + 85b^5n^3 + 225b^5n^2 + 274b^5n + 120b^5))x + a^5d^2n^4 + 10a^5d^2n^3 + 35a^5d^2n^2 + 50a^5d^2n + 24a^5d^2)}{(b^5n^5 + 15b^5n^4 + 85b^5n^3 + 225b^5n^2 + 274b^5n + 120b^5)}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(a*b^4*c^2*n^4 + 14*a*b^4*c^2*n^3 + 120*a*b^4*c^2 + 80*a^3*b^2*c*d + 24*a^5*d^2 + (b^5*d^2*n^4 + 10*b^5*d^2*n^3 + 35*b^5*d^2*n^2 + 50*b^5*d^2*n + 24*b^5*d^2)*x^5 + (a*b^4*d^2*n^4 + 6*a*b^4*d^2*n^3 + 11*a*b^4*d^2*n^2 + 6*a*b^4*d^2*n)*x^4 + 2*(b^5*c*d*n^4 + 40*b^5*c*d + 2*(6*b^5*c*d - a^2*b^3*d^2)*n^3 + (49*b^5*c*d - 6*a^2*b^3*d^2)*n^2 + 2*(39*b^5*c*d - 2*a^2*b^3*d^2)*n)*x^3 + (71*a*b^4*c^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d)*n^2 + 2*(a*b^4*c*d*n^4 + 10*a*b^4*c*d*n^3 + (29*a*b^4*c*d + 6*a^3*b^2*d^2)*n^2 + 2*(10*a*b^4*c*d + 3*a^3*b^2*d^2)*n)*x^2 + 2*(77*a*b^4*c^2 + 18*a^3*b^2*c*d)*n + (b^5*c^2*n^4 + 120*b^5*c^2*n^3 + 2*(7*b^5*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)*n^3 + (71*b^5*c^2 - 36*a^2*b^3*c*d)*n^2 + 2*(77*b^5*c^2 - 40*a^2*b^3*c*d - 12*a^4*b^3*d^2)*n)*x*(b*x + a)^n/(b^5*n^5 + 15*b^5*n^4 + 85*b^5*n^3 + 225*b^5*n^2 + 274*b^5*n + 120*b^5)`

3.357.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5097 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5097, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.41

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

```
output Piecewise((a**n*(c**2*x + 2*c*d*x**3/3 + d**2*x**5/5), Eq(b, 0)), (12*a**4
*d**2*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48
*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 25*a**4*d**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x
+ 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 48*a**3*b*d**2*x*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 88*a**3*b*d**2*x/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - 2*a**2*b**2*c*d/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 72*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 108*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - 8*a*b**3*c*d*x/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 48*a*b**3*d**2*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 48*a*b**3*d**2*x**3/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - 3*b**4*c**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) - 12*b**4*c*d*x**2/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4) + 12*b**4*d**2*x**4*log(a/b + x)/(12*a**4*b**5 + 48*a**3*b**6*x + 72*a**2*b**7*x**2 + 48*a*b**8*x**3 + 12*b**9*x**4), Eq(...
```

3.357.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a)^{n+1}c^2}{b(n+1)} + \frac{2((n^2 + 3n + 2)b^3x^3 + (n^2 + n)ab^2x^2 - 2a^2bnx + 2a^3)(bx + a)^n cd}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{((n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)b^5x^5 + (n^4 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n)ab^4x^4 - 4(n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)a^2b^3x^3 + 12(n^2 + n)a^3b^2x^2 - 24a^4b^1nx + 24a^5)(bx + a)^n d^2}{(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)b^5}$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output (b*x + a)^(n + 1)*c^2/(b*(n + 1)) + 2*((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)
*a*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b*n*x + 2*a^3)*(b*x + a)^n*c*d/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)
)*b^3) + ((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^5*x^5 + (n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*
n^2 + 6*n)*a*b^4*x^4 - 4*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 12*(n^2 + n)*a^
3*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^4*b*n*x + 24*a^5)*(b*x + a)^n*d^2/((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3
+ 225*n^2 + 274*n + 120)*b^5)
```

3.357. $\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$

3.357.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 851 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 851, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a)^n b^5 d^2 n^4 x^5 + (bx + a)^n a b^4 d^2 n^4 x^4 + 10 (bx + a)^n b^5 d^2 n^3 x^5 + 2 (bx + a)^n b^5 c d n^4 x^3 + 6 (bx + a)^n a b^4 d^2 n^3 x^4 + 35 (bx + a)^n b^5 d^2 n^2 x^5 + 2 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c d n^4 x^2 + 24 (bx + a)^n b^5 c d n^3 x^3 - 4 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 d^2 n^3 x^3 + 11 (bx + a)^n a b^4 d^2 n^2 x^4 + 50 (bx + a)^n b^5 d^2 n x^5 + (bx + a)^n b^5 c^2 n^4 x + 20 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c d n^3 x^2 + 98 (bx + a)^n b^5 c d n^2 x^3 - 12 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 d^2 n^2 x^3 + 6 (bx + a)^n a b^4 d^2 n x^4 + 24 (bx + a)^n b^5 d^2 x^5 + (bx + a)^n a b^4 c^2 n^4 + 14 (bx + a)^n b^5 c^2 n^3 x - 4 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 c d n^3 x + 58 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c d n^2 x^2 + 12 (bx + a)^n a^3 b^2 d^2 n^2 x^2 + 156 (bx + a)^n b^5 c d n x^3 - 8 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 d^2 n x^3 + 14 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c^2 n^3 + 71 (bx + a)^n b^5 c^2 n^2 x - 36 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 c d n^2 x + 40 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c d n x^2 + 12 (bx + a)^n a^3 b^2 d^2 n x^2 + 80 (bx + a)^n b^5 c d x^3 + 71 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c^2 n^2 + 4 (bx + a)^n a^3 b^2 c d n^2 + 154 (bx + a)^n b^5 c^2 n x - 80 (bx + a)^n a^2 b^3 c d n x - 24 (bx + a)^n a^4 b d^2 n x + 154 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c^2 n + 36 (bx + a)^n a^3 b^2 c d n + 120 (bx + a)^n b^5 c^2 x + 120 (bx + a)^n a b^4 c^2 + 80 (bx + a)^n a^3 b^2 c d + 24 (bx + a)^n a^5 d^2 / (b^5 n^5 + 15 b^5 n^4 + 85 b^5 n^3 + 225 b^5 n^2 + 274 b^5 n + 120 b^5)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((b*x + a)^n*b^5*d^2*n^4*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d^2*n^4*x^4 + 10*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d^2*n^3*x^5 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*d*n^4*x^3 + 6*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d^2*n^3*x^4 + 35*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d^2*n^2*x^5 + 2*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*d*n^4*x^2 + 24*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*d*n^3*x^3 - 4*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d^2*n^3*x^3 + 11*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d^2*n^2*x^4 + 50*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d^2*n*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*b^5*c^2*n^4*x + 20*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*d*n^3*x^2 + 98*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*d*n^2*x^3 - 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d^2*n^2*x^3 + 6*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*d^2*n*x^4 + 24*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*d^2*x^5 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c^2*n^4 + 14*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c^2*n^3*x - 4*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*c*d*n^3*x + 58*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*d*n^2*x^2 + 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*d^2*n^2*x^2 + 156*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*d*n*x^3 - 8*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*d^2*n*x^3 + 14*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c^2*n^3 + 71*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c^2*n^2*x - 36*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*c*d*n^2*x + 40*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c*d*n*x^2 + 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*d^2*n*x^2 + 80*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c*d*x^3 + 71*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c^2*n^2 + 4*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*c*d*n^2 + 154*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c^2*n*x - 80*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^3*c*d*n*x - 24*(b*x + a)^n*a^4*b*d^2*n*x + 154*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c^2*n + 36*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*c*d*n + 120*(b*x + a)^n*b^5*c^2*x + 120*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^4*c^2 + 80*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^2*c*d + 24*(b*x + a)^n*a^5*d^2)/(b^5*n^5 + 15*b^5*n^4 + 85*b^5*n^3 + 225*b^5*n^2 + 274*b^5*n + 120*b^5)`

3.357.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= (a + bx)^n \left(\frac{a(24a^4d^2 + 4a^2b^2cdn^2 + 36a^2b^2cdn + 80a^2b^2cd + b^4c^2n^4 + 14b^4c^2n^3 + 71b^4c^2n^2 + 14b^4c^2n + 120)}{b^5(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} + \frac{d^2x^5(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)}{n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120} + \frac{x(-24a^4bd^2n - 4a^2b^3cdn^3 - 36a^2b^3cdn^2 - 80a^2b^3cdn + b^5c^2n^4 + 14b^5c^2n^3 + 71b^5c^2n^2 + 15b^5c^2n + 120)}{b^5(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} + \frac{2dx^3(n^2 + 3n + 2)(-2da^2n + cb^2n^2 + 9cb^2n + 20cb^2)}{b^2(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} + \frac{ad^2nx^4(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}{b(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} + \frac{2adnx^2(n + 1)(6da^2 + cb^2n^2 + 9cb^2n + 20cb^2)}{b^3(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} \right)$$

input `int((c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

```
output (a + b*x)^n*((a*(24*a^4*d^2 + 120*b^4*c^2 + 154*b^4*c^2*n + 71*b^4*c^2*n^2 + 14*b^4*c^2*n^3 + b^4*c^2*n^4 + 80*a^2*b^2*c*d + 36*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + 4*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2))/(b^5*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (d^2*x^5*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24))/(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120) + (x*(120*b^5*c^2 + 154*b^5*c^2*n + 71*b^5*c^2*n^2 + 14*b^5*c^2*n^3 + b^5*c^2*n^4 - 24*a^4*b*d^2*n - 80*a^2*b^3*c*d*n - 36*a^2*b^3*c*d*n^2 - 4*a^2*b^3*c*d*n^3))/(b^5*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (2*d*x^3*(3*n + n^2 + 2)*(20*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 - 2*a^2*d*n + 9*b^2*c*n))/(b^2*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (a*d^2*n*x^4*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6))/(b*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (2*a*d*n*x^2*(n + 1)*(6*a^2*d + 20*b^2*c + b^2*c*n^2 + 9*b^2*c*n))/(b^3*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)))
```

3.358
$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2}{x} dx$$

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 3.358.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2814
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3.358.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{ad(2b^2c+a^2d)(a+bx)^{1+n}}{b^4(1+n)} + \frac{d(2b^2c+3a^2d)(a+bx)^{2+n}}{b^4(2+n)} - \frac{3ad^2(a+bx)^{3+n}}{b^4(3+n)} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^{4+n}}{b^4(4+n)} - \frac{c^2(a+bx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a(1+n)}$$

output

```
-a*d*(a^2*d+2*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^4/(1+n)+d*(3*a^2*d+2*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^4/(2+n)-3*a*d^2*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^4/(3+n)+d^2*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^4/(4+n)-c^2*(b*x+a)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],1+b*x/a)/a/(1+n)
```

3.358.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2}{x} dx = (a+bx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{ad(2b^2c+a^2d)}{b^4(1+n)} + \frac{d(2b^2c+3a^2d)(a+bx)}{b^4(2+n)} - \frac{3ad^2(a+bx)^2}{b^4(3+n)} + \frac{d^2(a+bx)^3}{b^4(4+n)} - \frac{c^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{a+bx}{a}\right)}{a+an} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `(a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(-((a*d*(2*b^2*c + a^2*d))/(b^4*(1 + n))) + (d*(2*b^2*c + 3*a^2*d)*(a + b*x))/(b^4*(2 + n)) - (3*a*d^2*(a + b*x)^2)/(b^4*(3 + n)) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^3)/(b^4*(4 + n)) - (c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (a + b*x)/a])/(a + a*n))`

3.358.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^2)^2 (a + bx)^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(-\frac{ad(a^2d + 2b^2c)(a + bx)^n}{b^3} + \frac{d(3a^2d + 2b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^3} - \frac{3ad^2(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^3} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^3} + \frac{c^2(a + bx)}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ad(a^2d + 2b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^4(n + 1)} + \frac{d(3a^2d + 2b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^4(n + 2)} - \frac{3ad^2(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^4(n + 3)} + \frac{d^2(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^4(n + 4)} - \frac{c^2(a + bx)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a(n + 1)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `-((a*d*(2*b^2*c + a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^4*(1 + n))) + (d*(2*b^2*c + 3*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^4*(2 + n)) - (3*a*d^2*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^4*(3 + n)) + (d^2*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^4*(4 + n)) - (c^2*(a + b*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (b*x)/a])/(a*(1 + n))`

3.358.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.358.4 Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(bx + a)^n (dx^2 + c)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2/x,x)`

output `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2/x,x)`

3.358.5 Fracas **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)^2 (bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^4 + 2*c*d*x^2 + c^2)*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.358.6 Sympy **[B]** (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1321 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1608, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**2/x,x)`

output `2*c*d*Piecewise((a**n*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + a/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + b*x*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x), Eq(n, -2)), (-a*log(a/b + x)/b**2 + x/b, Eq(n, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + a*b*n*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + b**2*n*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + b**2*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2), True)) + d**2*Piecewise((a**n*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 11*a**3/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a**2*b*x*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 27*a**2*b*x/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b**2*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b**2*x**2/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 6*b**3*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3), Eq(n, -4)), (-6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 9*a**3/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*b*x*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*b*x/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 6*a*b**2*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) + 2*b**3*x**3/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2), Eq(n, -3)), (6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x) + 6*a...`

3.358.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^2 (bx+a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^2*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.358.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)^2 (bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^2*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.358.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)^2 (a + bx)^n}{x} dx$$

input `int(((c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x)^n)/x,x)`

output `int(((c + d*x^2)^2*(a + b*x)^n)/x, x)`

3.359 $\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$

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3.359.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2820
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3.359.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2823
3.359.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2823
3.359.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2824
3.359.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2825
3.359.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2826

3.359.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 343

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{a^2(b^2c + a^2d)^3 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^9(1 + n)} \\
 & - \frac{2a(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (b^2c + 4a^2d) (a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^9(2 + n)} \\
 & + \frac{(b^2c + a^2d) (b^4c^2 + 17a^2b^2cd + 28a^4d^2) (a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^9(3 + n)} \\
 & - \frac{4ad(3b^4c^2 + 15a^2b^2cd + 14a^4d^2) (a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^9(4 + n)} \\
 & + \frac{d(3b^4c^2 + 45a^2b^2cd + 70a^4d^2) (a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^9(5 + n)} \\
 & - \frac{2ad^2(9b^2c + 28a^2d) (a + bx)^{6+n}}{b^9(6 + n)} \\
 & + \frac{d^2(3b^2c + 28a^2d) (a + bx)^{7+n}}{b^9(7 + n)} \\
 & - \frac{8ad^3(a + bx)^{8+n}}{b^9(8 + n)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{9+n}}{b^9(9 + n)}
 \end{aligned}$$

output $a^2(a^2d+b^2c)^3(b^2x+a)^{(1+n)}/b^9/(1+n)-2a(a^2d+b^2c)^2(4a^2d+b^2c)(b^2x+a)^{(2+n)}/b^9/(2+n)+(a^2d+b^2c)(28a^4d^2+17a^2b^2cd+b^4c^2)(b^2x+a)^{(3+n)}/b^9/(3+n)-4a^2d(14a^4d^2+15a^2b^2cd+3b^4c^2)(b^2x+a)^{(4+n)}/b^9/(4+n)+d(70a^4d^2+45a^2b^2cd+3b^4c^2)(b^2x+a)^{(5+n)}/b^9/(5+n)-2a^2d^2(28a^2d+9b^2c)(b^2x+a)^{(6+n)}/b^9/(6+n)+d^2(28a^2d+3b^2c)(b^2x+a)^{(7+n)}/b^9/(7+n)-8a^2d^3(b^2x+a)^{(8+n)}/b^9/(8+n)+d^3(b^2x+a)^{(9+n)}/b^9/(9+n)$

3.359.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^n(c+dx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{a^2(b^2c+a^2d)^3}{1+n} - \frac{2a(b^2c+a^2d)^2(b^2c+4a^2d)(a+bx)}{2+n} + \frac{(b^2c+a^2d)(b^4c^2+17a^2b^2cd+28a^4d^2)(a+bx)^2}{3+n} - \frac{4ad(3b^4c^2+15a^2b^2cd+3b^4c^2)}{4+n} \right)}{b^9}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $((a+bx)^{(1+n)}*((a^2(b^2c+a^2d)^3)/(1+n) - (2a(b^2c+a^2d)^2(b^2c+4a^2d)(a+bx))/(2+n) + ((b^2c+a^2d)(b^4c^2+17a^2b^2cd+28a^4d^2)(a+bx)^2)/(3+n) - (4a^2d(3b^4c^2+15a^2b^2cd+14a^4d^2)(a+bx)^3)/(4+n) + (d(3b^4c^2+45a^2b^2cd+70a^4d^2)(a+bx)^4)/(5+n) - (2a^2d^2(9b^2c+28a^2d)(a+bx)^5)/(6+n) + (d^2(3b^2c+28a^2d)(a+bx)^6)/(7+n) - (8a^2d^3(a+bx)^7)/(8+n) + (d^3(a+bx)^8)/(9+n))/b^9$

3.359.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(c+dx^2)^3(a+bx)^n dx$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{2ad^2(28a^2d + 9b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^8} + \frac{d^2(28a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+6}}{b^8} + \frac{a^2(a^2d + b^2c)^3(a + bx)^n}{b^8} - \frac{2a(a^2d + b^2c)^2(4a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^9(n+2)} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)(28a^4d^2 + 17a^2b^2cd + b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^9(n+3)} - \frac{4ad(14a^4d^2 + 15a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^9(n+4)} + \frac{d(70a^4d^2 + 45a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^9(n+5)} - \frac{8ad^3(a + bx)^{n+8}}{b^9(n+8)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{n+9}}{b^9(n+9)} \right) dx$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(a^2(b^2c + a^2d)^3(a + bx)^{(1+n)}/(b^9(1+n)) - (2a(b^2c + a^2d)^2(b^2c + 4a^2d)(a + bx)^{(2+n)}/(b^9(2+n)) + ((b^2c + a^2d)(b^4c^2 + 17a^2b^2cd + 28a^4d^2)(a + bx)^{(3+n)}/(b^9(3+n)) - (4ad(3b^4c^2 + 15a^2b^2cd + 14a^4d^2)(a + bx)^{(4+n)}/(b^9(4+n)) + (d(3b^4c^2 + 45a^2b^2cd + 70a^4d^2)(a + bx)^{(5+n)}/(b^9(5+n)) - (2ad^2(9b^2c + 28a^2d)(a + bx)^{(6+n)}/(b^9(6+n)) + (d^2(3b^2c + 28a^2d)(a + bx)^{(7+n)}/(b^9(7+n)) - (8ad^3(a + bx)^{(8+n)}/(b^9(8+n)) + (d^3(a + bx)^{(9+n)}/(b^9(9+n)))$

3.359.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.359.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2231 vs. $2(343) = 686$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2232, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.51

method	result	size
gosper	Expression too large to display	2232
risch	Expression too large to display	2558
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	3685

```
input int(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^9*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/(n^9+45*n^8+870*n^7+9450*n^6+63273*n^5+269325*n^4+7236
80*n^3+1172700*n^2+1026576*n+362880)*(b^8*d^3*n^8*x^8+36*b^8*d^3*n^7*x^8-8
*a*b^7*d^3*n^7*x^7+3*b^8*c*d^2*n^8*x^6+546*b^8*d^3*n^6*x^8-224*a*b^7*d^3*n
^6*x^7+114*b^8*c*d^2*n^7*x^6+4536*b^8*d^3*n^5*x^8+56*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^6*x^6-1
8*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^7*x^5-2576*a*b^7*d^3*n^5*x^7+3*b^8*c^2*d*n^8*x^4+1812*b^8*
c*d^2*n^6*x^6+22449*b^8*d^3*n^4*x^8+1176*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^5*x^6-576*a*b^7*c*d
^2*n^6*x^5-15680*a*b^7*d^3*n^4*x^7+120*b^8*c^2*d*n^7*x^4+15666*b^8*c*d^2*n
^5*x^6+67284*b^8*d^3*n^3*x^8-336*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^5*x^5+90*a^2*b^6*c*d^2*n^6*
x^4+9800*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^4*x^6-12*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^7*x^3-7416*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^5*x
^5-54152*a*b^7*d^3*n^3*x^7+b^8*c^3*n^8*x^2+2010*b^8*c^2*d*n^6*x^4+80157*b^
8*c*d^2*n^4*x^6+118124*b^8*d^3*n^2*x^8-5040*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^4*x^5+2430*a^2*b
^6*c*d^2*n^5*x^4+41160*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^3*x^6-432*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^6*x^3-49500*a
*b^7*c*d^2*n^4*x^5-105056*a*b^7*d^3*n^2*x^7+42*b^8*c^3*n^7*x^2+18300*b^8*c
^2*d*n^5*x^4+246876*b^8*c*d^2*n^3*x^6+109584*b^8*d^3*n*x^8+1680*a^4*b^4*d^
3*n^4*x^4-360*a^3*b^5*c*d^2*n^5*x^3-28560*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^3*x^5+36*a^2*b^6*c
^2*d*n^6*x^2+24930*a^2*b^6*c*d^2*n^4*x^4+90944*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^2*x^6-2*a*b^7
*c^3*n^7*x-6312*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^5*x^3-183942*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^3*x^5-104544*a*b^
7*d^3*n*x^7+744*b^8*c^3*n^6*x^2+98319*b^8*c^2*d*n^4*x^4+442908*b^8*c*d^2*n
^2*x^6+40320*b^8*d^3*x^8+16800*a^4*b^4*d^3*n^3*x^4-8280*a^3*b^5*c*d^2*n^4*
x^3-75600*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^2*x^5+1188*a^2*b^6*c^2*d*n^5*x^2+122850*a^2*b^6...
```

3.359.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2165 vs. $2(343) = 686$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2165, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.31

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(2*a^3*b^6*c^3*n^6 + 78*a^3*b^6*c^3*n^5 + 120960*a^3*b^6*c^3 + 217728*a^5*b^4*c^2*d + 155520*a^7*b^2*c*d^2 + 40320*a^9*d^3 + (b^9*d^3*n^8 + 36*b^9*d^3*n^7 + 546*b^9*d^3*n^6 + 4536*b^9*d^3*n^5 + 22449*b^9*d^3*n^4 + 67284*b^9*d^3*n^3 + 118124*b^9*d^3*n^2 + 109584*b^9*d^3*n + 40320*b^9*d^3)*x^9 + (a*b^8*d^3*n^8 + 28*a*b^8*d^3*n^7 + 322*a*b^8*d^3*n^6 + 1960*a*b^8*d^3*n^5 + 6769*a*b^8*d^3*n^4 + 13132*a*b^8*d^3*n^3 + 13068*a*b^8*d^3*n^2 + 5040*a*b^8*d^3*n)*x^8 + (3*b^9*c*d^2*n^8 + 155520*b^9*c*d^2 + 2*(57*b^9*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^7 + 12*(151*b^9*c*d^2 - 14*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^6 + 14*(1119*b^9*c*d^2 - 100*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^5 + 21*(3817*b^9*c*d^2 - 280*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^4 + 28*(8817*b^9*c*d^2 - 464*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^3 + 36*(12303*b^9*c*d^2 - 392*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n^2 + 144*(2901*b^9*c*d^2 - 40*a^2*b^7*d^3)*n)*x^7 + (3*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^8 + 96*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^7 + 4*(309*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 14*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n^6 + 30*(275*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 28*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n^5 + (30657*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 4760*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n^4 + 6*(10489*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 2100*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n^3 + 8*(8163*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 1918*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n^2 + 960*(27*a*b^8*c*d^2 + 7*a^3*b^6*d^3)*n)*x^6 + 3*(b^9*c^2*d*n^8 + 72576*b^9*c^2*d + 2*(20*b^9*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b^7*c*d^2)*n^7 + 2*(335*b^9*c^2*d - 81*a^2*b^7*c*d^2)*n^6 + 2*(3050*b^9*c^2*d - 831*a^2*b^7*c*d^2 - 56*a^4*b^5*d^3)*n^5 + (32773*b^9*c^2*d - 8190*a^2*b^7*c*d^2 - 1120*a^4*b^5*d^3)*n^4 + 4*(26365*b^9*c^2*d - 5091*a^2*b^7*c*d^2 - 980*a^4*b^5*d^3)*n^3 + 4*(49095*b^9*c^2*d - 6012*a^2*b^7*c*d^2 - 1400*a...`

3.359.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35984 vs. $2(328) = 656$.

Time = 11.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35984, normalized size of antiderivative = 104.91

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$


```
output ((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*a*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b*n*x + 2*a^3)*(b*x
+ a)^n*c^3/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^3) + 3*((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 5
0*n + 24)*b^5*x^5 + (n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a*b^4*x^4 - 4*(n^3 + 3*n^
2 + 2*n)*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 12*(n^2 + n)*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^4*b*n*x + 24*a^5)*(
b*x + a)^n*c^2*d/((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n + 120)*b^5) + 3
*((n^6 + 21*n^5 + 175*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 1624*n^2 + 1764*n + 720)*b^7*x^7 + (
n^6 + 15*n^5 + 85*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 274*n^2 + 120*n)*a*b^6*x^6 - 6*(n^5 + 10
*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 30*(n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*
n)*a^3*b^4*x^4 - 120*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 360*(n^2 + n)*a^5*b
^2*x^2 - 720*a^6*b*n*x + 720*a^7)*(b*x + a)^n*c*d^2/((n^7 + 28*n^6 + 322*n
^5 + 1960*n^4 + 6769*n^3 + 13132*n^2 + 13068*n + 5040)*b^7) + ((n^8 + 36*n
^7 + 546*n^6 + 4536*n^5 + 22449*n^4 + 67284*n^3 + 118124*n^2 + 109584*n +
40320)*b^9*x^9 + (n^8 + 28*n^7 + 322*n^6 + 1960*n^5 + 6769*n^4 + 13132*n^3
+ 13068*n^2 + 5040*n)*a*b^8*x^8 - 8*(n^7 + 21*n^6 + 175*n^5 + 735*n^4 + 1
624*n^3 + 1764*n^2 + 720*n)*a^2*b^7*x^7 + 56*(n^6 + 15*n^5 + 85*n^4 + 225*
n^3 + 274*n^2 + 120*n)*a^3*b^6*x^6 - 336*(n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 +
24*n)*a^4*b^5*x^5 + 1680*(n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^5*b^4*x^4 - 6720*
(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^6*b^3*x^3 + 20160*(n^2 + n)*a^7*b^2*x^2 - 40320*a^8*
b*n*x + 40320*a^9)*(b*x + a)^n*d^3/((n^9 + 45*n^8 + 870*n^7 + 9450*n^6 + 6
3273*n^5 + 269325*n^4 + 723680*n^3 + 1172700*n^2 + 1026576*n + 362880)*...
```

3.359.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3713 vs. $2(343) = 686$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3713, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.83

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output $((b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^8*x^9 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^8*x^8 + 36*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^7*x^9 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c*d^2*n^8*x^7 + 28*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^7*x^8 + 546*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^6*x^9 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^8*x^6 + 114*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c*d^2*n^7*x^7 - 8*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*d^3*n^7*x^7 + 322*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^6*x^8 + 4536*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^5*x^9 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c^2*d*n^8*x^5 + 96*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^7*x^6 + 1812*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c*d^2*n^6*x^7 - 168*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*d^3*n^6*x^7 + 1960*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^5*x^8 + 22449*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^4*x^9 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c^2*d*n^8*x^4 + 120*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c^2*d*n^7*x^5 - 18*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*c*d^2*n^7*x^5 + 1236*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^6*x^6 + 56*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^6*d^3*n^6*x^6 + 15666*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c*d^2*n^5*x^7 - 1400*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*d^3*n^5*x^7 + 6769*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^4*x^8 + 67284*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^3*x^9 + (b*x + a)^n*b^9*c^3*n^8*x^3 + 108*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c^2*d*n^7*x^4 + 2010*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c^2*d*n^6*x^5 - 486*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*c*d^2*n^6*x^5 + 8250*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c*d^2*n^5*x^6 + 840*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^6*d^3*n^5*x^6 + 80157*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c*d^2*n^4*x^7 - 5880*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*d^3*n^4*x^7 + 13132*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*d^3*n^3*x^8 + 118124*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*d^3*n^2*x^9 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c^3*n^8*x^2 + 42*(b*x + a)^n*b^9*c^3*n^7*x^3 - 12*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^7*c^2*d*n^7*x^3 + 1578*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^8*c^2*d*n^6*x^4 + 90*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^6*c*d...$

3.359.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1796, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

output $(d^3x^9(a + bx)^n(109584n + 118124n^2 + 67284n^3 + 22449n^4 + 4536n^5 + 546n^6 + 36n^7 + n^8 + 40320))/(1026576n + 1172700n^2 + 723680n^3 + 269325n^4 + 63273n^5 + 9450n^6 + 870n^7 + 45n^8 + n^9 + 362880) + (2a^3(a + bx)^n(20160a^6d^3 + 60480b^6c^3 + 60216b^6c^3n + 24574b^6c^3n^2 + 5265b^6c^3n^3 + 625b^6c^3n^4 + 39b^6c^3n^5 + b^6c^3n^6 + 108864a^2b^4c^2d + 77760a^4b^2c^2d^2 + 59400a^2b^4c^2d^2 + 18360a^4b^2c^2d^2n + 12060a^2b^4c^2d^2n^2 + 1080a^4b^2c^2d^2n^2 + 1080a^2b^4c^2d^2n^3 + 36a^2b^4c^2d^2n^4))/(b^9(1026576n + 1172700n^2 + 723680n^3 + 269325n^4 + 63273n^5 + 9450n^6 + 870n^7 + 45n^8 + n^9 + 362880)) - (x^3(a + bx)^n(3n + n^2 + 2)(6720a^6d^3n - 60480b^6c^3 - 60216b^6c^3n - 24574b^6c^3n^2 - 5265b^6c^3n^3 - 625b^6c^3n^4 - 39b^6c^3n^5 - b^6c^3n^6 + 36288a^2b^4c^2d^n + 25920a^4b^2c^2d^2n + 19800a^2b^4c^2d^2n^2 + 6120a^4b^2c^2d^2n^2 + 4020a^2b^4c^2d^2n^3 + 360a^4b^2c^2d^2n^3 + 360a^2b^4c^2d^2n^4 + 12a^2b^4c^2d^2n^5))/(b^6(1026576n + 1172700n^2 + 723680n^3 + 269325n^4 + 63273n^5 + 9450n^6 + 870n^7 + 45n^8 + n^9 + 362880)) + (3d^5x^5(a + bx)^n(50n + 35n^2 + 10n^3 + n^4 + 24)(3024b^4c^2 - 112a^4d^2n + 1650b^4c^2n + 335b^4c^2n^2 + 30b^4c^2n^3 + b^4c^2n^4 - 432a^2b^2c^2d^n - 102a^2b^2c^2d^2n^2 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2n^3))/(b^4(1026576n + 1172700n^2 + 723680n^3 + 269325n^4 + 63273n^5 + 9450n^6 + 87...$

3.360 $\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$

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3.360.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = -\frac{a(b^2c + a^2d)^3 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^8(1 + n)} + \frac{(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (b^2c + 7a^2d) (a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^8(2 + n)} - \frac{3ad(b^2c + a^2d) (3b^2c + 7a^2d) (a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^8(3 + n)} + \frac{d(3b^4c^2 + 30a^2b^2cd + 35a^4d^2) (a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^8(4 + n)} - \frac{5ad^2(3b^2c + 7a^2d) (a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^8(5 + n)} + \frac{3d^2(b^2c + 7a^2d) (a + bx)^{6+n}}{b^8(6 + n)} - \frac{7ad^3(a + bx)^{7+n}}{b^8(7 + n)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{8+n}}{b^8(8 + n)}$$

output

```
-a*(a^2*d+b^2*c)^3*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^8/(1+n)+(a^2*d+b^2*c)^2*(7*a^2*d+b^2*c)
*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^8/(2+n)-3*a*d*(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(7*a^2*d+3*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(3+
n)/b^8/(3+n)+d*(35*a^4*d^2+30*a^2*b^2*c*d+3*b^4*c^2)*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^8/(4+
n)-5*a*d^2*(7*a^2*d+3*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(5+n)/b^8/(5+n)+3*d^2*(7*a^2*d+b^2*c)
*(b*x+a)^(6+n)/b^8/(6+n)-7*a*d^3*(b*x+a)^(7+n)/b^8/(7+n)+d^3*(b*x+a)^(8+n)
/b^8/(8+n)
```

3.360.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 709 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int x(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx)^{1+n} \left(b^6(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)(5+n)(6+n)(7+n)(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^3 - a(8+n) \left(b^6(1+n) \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(b^6*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n)*(7 + n)*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^3 - a*(8 + n)*(b^6*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^3 + 6*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(6 + n)*(b^4*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(4 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(1 + n)*x + b^2*(2 + n)*(c*(3 + n) + d*(1 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2))) - 6*a*d*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*(b^4*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(5 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(2 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(3 + n)*x + b^2*(4 + n)*(c*(5 + n) + d*(3 + n)*x^2)))) + 6*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*((b^2*c + a^2*d)*(7 + n)*(b^4*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(5 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(2 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(3 + n)*x + b^2*(4 + n)*(c*(5 + n) + d*(3 + n)*x^2))) - a*d*(2 + n)*(a + b*x)*(b^4*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(6 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(3 + n)*x + b^2*(4 + n)*(c*(5 + n) + d*(3 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(3 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(4 + n)*x + b^2*(5 + n)*(c*(6 + n) + d*(4 + n)*x^2)))))))/(b^8*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n)*(7 + n)*(8 + n))
```

3.360.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx)^n dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(-\frac{5ad^2(7a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^7} + \frac{3d^2(7a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^7} - \frac{a(a^2d + b^2c)^3(a + bx)^n}{b^7} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^2}{b^7} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5ad^2(7a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^8(n+5)} + \frac{3d^2(7a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+6}}{b^8(n+6)} - \frac{a(a^2d + b^2c)^3(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^8(n+1)} + \\ & \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^2(7a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^8(n+2)} - \frac{3ad(a^2d + b^2c)(7a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^8(n+3)} + \\ & \frac{d(35a^4d^2 + 30a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^8(n+4)} - \frac{7ad^3(a + bx)^{n+7}}{b^8(n+7)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{n+8}}{b^8(n+8)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -((a*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^3*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^8*(1 + n))) + ((b^2*c + a^2*d) \\ &)^2*(b^2*c + 7*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(2 + n)/(b^8*(2 + n)) - (3*a*d*(b^2*c + a \\ & ^2*d)*(3*b^2*c + 7*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^8*(3 + n)) + (d*(3*b^4*c^2 \\ & + 30*a^2*b^2*c*d + 35*a^4*d^2)*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^8*(4 + n)) - (5*a*d^ \\ & 2*(3*b^2*c + 7*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(5 + n))/(b^8*(5 + n)) + (3*d^2*(b^2*c + 7 \\ & *a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(6 + n))/(b^8*(6 + n)) - (7*a*d^3*(a + b*x)^(7 + n))/(b^ \\ & 8*(7 + n)) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^(8 + n))/(b^8*(8 + n)) \end{aligned}$$

3.360.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 522 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.360.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1213 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1214, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	1214
gosper	Expression too large to display	1639
risch	Expression too large to display	1955
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	2917

```
input int(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

d^3/(8+n)*x^8*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+1/b^7*n*a*(b^6*c^3*n^6+33*b^6*c^3*n^5+18*a^
2*b^4*c^2*d*n^4+445*b^6*c^3*n^4+468*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^3+3135*b^6*c^3*n^3+360
*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n^2+4518*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^2+12154*b^6*c^3*n^2+5400*a^4*b^2*c
*d^2*n+19188*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n+24552*b^6*c^3*n+5040*a^6*d^3+20160*a^4*b^2*c*
d^2+30240*a^2*b^4*c^2*d+20160*b^6*c^3)/(n^8+36*n^7+546*n^6+4536*n^5+22449*
n^4+67284*n^3+118124*n^2+109584*n+40320)*x*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+n/b*d^3*a/(n^2
+15*n+56)*x^7*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-a^2*(b^6*c^3*n^6+33*b^6*c^3*n^5+18*a^2*b^4*
c^2*d*n^4+445*b^6*c^3*n^4+468*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^3+3135*b^6*c^3*n^3+360*a^4*b
^2*c*d^2*n^2+4518*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^2+12154*b^6*c^3*n^2+5400*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n
+19188*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n+24552*b^6*c^3*n+5040*a^6*d^3+20160*a^4*b^2*c*d^2+30
240*a^2*b^4*c^2*d+20160*b^6*c^3)/b^8/(n^8+36*n^7+546*n^6+4536*n^5+22449*n^
4+67284*n^3+118124*n^2+109584*n+40320)*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-(-b^6*c^3*n^6+9*a^
2*b^4*c^2*d*n^5-33*b^6*c^3*n^5+234*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^4-445*b^6*c^3*n^4+180*a
^4*b^2*c*d^2*n^3+2259*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^3-3135*b^6*c^3*n^3+2700*a^4*b^2*c*d^
2*n^2+9594*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^2-12154*b^6*c^3*n^2+2520*a^6*d^3*n+10080*a^4*b^
2*c*d^2*n+15120*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n-24552*b^6*c^3*n-20160*b^6*c^3)/b^6/(n^7+35
*n^6+511*n^5+4025*n^4+18424*n^3+48860*n^2+69264*n+40320)*x^2*exp(n*ln(b*x+
a))-(-3*b^2*c*n^2+7*a^2*d*n-45*b^2*c*n-168*b^2*c)/b^2*d^2/(n^3+21*n^2+146*
n+336)*x^6*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-3*(-b^4*c^2*n^4+5*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^3-26*b^4*c^2*n
^3+75*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2-251*b^4*c^2*n^2+70*a^4*d^2*n+280*a^2*b^2*c*d*n-10...

```

3.360.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1675 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1675, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.94

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-(a^2*b^6*c^3*n^6 + 33*a^2*b^6*c^3*n^5 + 20160*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 30240*a^4*b^4
*c^2*d + 20160*a^6*b^2*c*d^2 + 5040*a^8*d^3 - (b^8*d^3*n^7 + 28*b^8*d^3*n^
6 + 322*b^8*d^3*n^5 + 1960*b^8*d^3*n^4 + 6769*b^8*d^3*n^3 + 13132*b^8*d^3*
n^2 + 13068*b^8*d^3*n + 5040*b^8*d^3)*x^8 - (a*b^7*d^3*n^7 + 21*a*b^7*d^3*
n^6 + 175*a*b^7*d^3*n^5 + 735*a*b^7*d^3*n^4 + 1624*a*b^7*d^3*n^3 + 1764*a*
b^7*d^3*n^2 + 720*a*b^7*d^3*n)*x^7 - (3*b^8*c*d^2*n^7 + 20160*b^8*c*d^2 +
(90*b^8*c*d^2 - 7*a^2*b^6*d^3)*n^6 + 3*(366*b^8*c*d^2 - 35*a^2*b^6*d^3)*n^
5 + 5*(1404*b^8*c*d^2 - 119*a^2*b^6*d^3)*n^4 + 9*(2803*b^8*c*d^2 - 175*a^2
*b^6*d^3)*n^3 + 2*(25245*b^8*c*d^2 - 959*a^2*b^6*d^3)*n^2 + 24*(2143*b^8*c
*d^2 - 35*a^2*b^6*d^3)*n)*x^6 - 3*(a*b^7*c*d^2*n^7 + 25*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^6 +
(241*a*b^7*c*d^2 + 14*a^3*b^5*d^3)*n^5 + 5*(227*a*b^7*c*d^2 + 28*a^3*b^5*d
^3)*n^4 + 2*(1367*a*b^7*c*d^2 + 245*a^3*b^5*d^3)*n^3 + 20*(158*a*b^7*c*d^2
+ 35*a^3*b^5*d^3)*n^2 + 336*(4*a*b^7*c*d^2 + a^3*b^5*d^3)*n)*x^5 + (445*a
^2*b^6*c^3 + 18*a^4*b^4*c^2*d)*n^4 - 3*(b^8*c^2*d*n^7 + 10080*b^8*c^2*d +
(32*b^8*c^2*d - 5*a^2*b^6*c*d^2)*n^6 + (418*b^8*c^2*d - 105*a^2*b^6*c*d^2)
*n^5 + (2864*b^8*c^2*d - 785*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 - 70*a^4*b^4*d^3)*n^4 + (10993*
b^8*c^2*d - 2535*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 - 420*a^4*b^4*d^3)*n^3 + 2*(11656*b^8*c^2*d
- 1765*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 - 385*a^4*b^4*d^3)*n^2 + 12*(2073*b^8*c^2*d - 140*a^
2*b^6*c*d^2 - 35*a^4*b^4*d^3)*n)*x^4 + 3*(1045*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 156*a^4*b^4*c
^2*d)*n^3 - 3*(a*b^7*c^2*d*n^7 + 29*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^6 + (331*a*b^7*c^2*d ...

```

3.360.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24687 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24687, normalized size of antiderivative = 87.54

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**n*(c**3*x**2/2 + 3*c**2*d*x**4/4 + c*d**2*x**6/2 + d**3*x**8/8), Eq(b, 0)), (420*a**7*d**3*log(a/b + x)/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) + 1089*a**7*d**3/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) + 2940*a**6*b*d**3*x*log(a/b + x)/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) + 7203*a**6*b*d**3*x/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) - 30*a**5*b**2*c*d**2/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) + 20139*a**5*b**2*d**3*x**2/(420*a**7*b**8 + 2940*a**6*b**9*x + 8820*a**5*b**10*x**2 + 14700*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 14700*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 8820*a**2*b**13*x**5 + 2940*a*b**14*x**6 + 420*b**15*x**7) - 210*a**4*b**3*c*d**2*x/(420*a**7*...`

3.360.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 625 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int x(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(b^2(n+1)x^2 + abnx - a^2)(bx+a)^n c^3}{(n^2+3n+2)b^2} + \frac{3((n^3+6n^2+11n+6)b^4x^4 + (n^3+3n^2+2n)ab^3x^3 - 3(n^2+n)a^2b^2x^2 + 6a^3bnx - 6a^4)(bx+a)^n c^2}{(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)b^4} + \frac{3((n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)b^6x^6 + (n^5+10n^4+35n^3+50n^2+24n)ab^5x^5 - 5(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)a^2b^4x^4 - 5(n^3+3n^2+2n)ab^3x^3 + 5(n^2+n)a^2b^2x^2 - 5a^3bnx + 5a^4)(bx+a)^n c}{(n^6+21n^5+175n^4+70n^3+35n^2+24n)b^6} + \frac{((n^7+28n^6+322n^5+1960n^4+6769n^3+13132n^2+13068n+5040)b^8x^8 + (n^7+21n^6+175n^5+105n^4+35n^3+24n)ab^7x^7 - 5(n^6+21n^5+175n^4+70n^3+35n^2+24n)a^2b^6x^6 + 5(n^5+10n^4+35n^3+50n^2+24n)ab^5x^5 - 5(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)a^2b^4x^4 - 5(n^3+3n^2+2n)ab^3x^3 + 5(n^2+n)a^2b^2x^2 - 5a^3bnx + 5a^4)(bx+a)^n c^2}{(n^8+28n^7+252n^6+1764n^5+7056n^4+15876n^3+20736n^2+15120n+5040)b^8}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output (b^2*(n + 1)*x^2 + a*b*n*x - a^2)*(b*x + a)^n*c^3/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^2) +
3*((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^4*x^4 + (n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*(n
^2 + n)*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*b*n*x - 6*a^4)*(b*x + a)^n*c^2*d/((n^4 + 10*n^
3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^4) + 3*((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n
+ 120)*b^6*x^6 + (n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a*b^5*x^5 - 5*(n
^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 20*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^3*b^3*x^
3 - 60*(n^2 + n)*a^4*b^2*x^2 + 120*a^5*b*n*x - 120*a^6)*(b*x + a)^n*c*d^2/
((n^6 + 21*n^5 + 175*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 1624*n^2 + 1764*n + 720)*b^6) + ((n^7
+ 28*n^6 + 322*n^5 + 1960*n^4 + 6769*n^3 + 13132*n^2 + 13068*n + 5040)*b^
8*x^8 + (n^7 + 21*n^6 + 175*n^5 + 735*n^4 + 1624*n^3 + 1764*n^2 + 720*n)*a
*b^7*x^7 - 7*(n^6 + 15*n^5 + 85*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 274*n^2 + 120*n)*a^2*b^6*x
^6 + 42*(n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a^3*b^5*x^5 - 210*(n^4 + 6
*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^4*b^4*x^4 + 840*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^5*b^3*x^3 - 2
520*(n^2 + n)*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 5040*a^7*b*n*x - 5040*a^8)*(b*x + a)^n*d^3/((n
^8 + 36*n^7 + 546*n^6 + 4536*n^5 + 22449*n^4 + 67284*n^3 + 118124*n^2 + 10
9584*n + 40320)*b^8)
```

3.360.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2851 vs. $2(282) = 564$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2851, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.11

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^7*x^8 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^7*x^7 + 28*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^6*x^8 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c*d^2*n^7*x^6 + 21*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^6*x^7 + 322*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^5*x^8 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^7*x^5 + 90*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c*d^2*n^6*x^6 - 7*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^6*x^6 + 175*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^5*x^7 + 1960*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^4*x^8 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c^2*d*n^7*x^4 + 75*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^6*x^5 + 1098*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c*d^2*n^5*x^6 - 105*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^5*x^6 + 735*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^4*x^7 + 6769*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^3*x^8 + 3*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^7*x^3 + 96*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c^2*d*n^6*x^4 - 15*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*c*d^2*n^6*x^4 + 723*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^5*x^5 + 42*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^5*x^5 + 7020*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c*d^2*n^4*x^6 - 595*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^4*x^6 + 1624*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^3*x^7 + 13132*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n^2*x^8 + (b*x + a)^n*b^8*c^3*n^7*x^2 + 87*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^6*x^3 + 1254*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c^2*d*n^5*x^4 - 315*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*c*d^2*n^5*x^4 + 3405*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c*d^2*n^4*x^5 + 420*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^5*d^3*n^4*x^5 + 25227*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c*d^2*n^3*x^6 - 1575*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*d^3*n^3*x^6 + 1764*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*d^3*n^2*x^7 + 13068*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*d^3*n*x^8 + (b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c^3*n^7*x + 34*(b*x + a)^n*b^8*c^3*n^6*x^2 - 9*(b*x + a)^n*a^2*b^6*c^2*d*n^6*x^2 + 993*(b*x + a)^n*a*b^7*c^2*d*n^5*x^3 + 60*(b*x + a)^n*a^3*b^5*c*d^2*n^5*x^3 + 859...
```

3.360.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1459, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.17

$$\int x(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

output $(d^3x^8(a + bx)^n(13068n + 13132n^2 + 6769n^3 + 1960n^4 + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040))/(109584n + 118124n^2 + 67284n^3 + 22449n^4 + 4536n^5 + 546n^6 + 36n^7 + n^8 + 40320) - (a^2(a + bx)^n(5040a^6d^3 + 20160b^6c^3 + 24552b^6c^3n + 12154b^6c^3n^2 + 3135b^6c^3n^3 + 445b^6c^3n^4 + 33b^6c^3n^5 + b^6c^3n^6 + 30240a^2b^4c^2d + 20160a^4b^2c^2d^2 + 19188a^2b^4c^2d^2n + 5400a^4b^2c^2d^2n + 4518a^2b^4c^2d^2n^2 + 360a^4b^2c^2d^2n^2 + 468a^2b^4c^2d^2n^3 + 18a^2b^4c^2d^2n^4))/(b^8(109584n + 118124n^2 + 67284n^3 + 22449n^4 + 4536n^5 + 546n^6 + 36n^7 + n^8 + 40320)) - (x^2(n + 1)(a + bx)^n(2520a^6d^3n - 20160b^6c^3 - 24552b^6c^3n - 12154b^6c^3n^2 - 3135b^6c^3n^3 - 445b^6c^3n^4 - 33b^6c^3n^5 - b^6c^3n^6 + 15120a^2b^4c^2d^2n + 10080a^4b^2c^2d^2n + 9594a^2b^4c^2d^2n^2 + 2700a^4b^2c^2d^2n^2 + 2259a^2b^4c^2d^2n^3 + 180a^4b^2c^2d^2n^3 + 234a^2b^4c^2d^2n^4 + 9a^2b^4c^2d^2n^5))/(b^6(109584n + 118124n^2 + 67284n^3 + 22449n^4 + 4536n^5 + 546n^6 + 36n^7 + n^8 + 40320)) + (d^2x^6(a + bx)^n(168b^2c + 3b^2c^2n - 7a^2d^2n + 45b^2c^2n)(274n + 225n^2 + 85n^3 + 15n^4 + n^5 + 120))/(b^2(109584n + 118124n^2 + 67284n^3 + 22449n^4 + 4536n^5 + 546n^6 + 36n^7 + n^8 + 40320)) + (3dx^4(a + bx)^n(11n + 6n^2 + n^3 + 6)(1680b^4c^2 - 70a^4d^2n + 1066b^4c^2n + 251b^4c^2n^2 + 26b^4c^2n^3 + b^4c^2n^4 - 280a^2b^2c^2d^2n - 7...$

3.361 $\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$

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3.361.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(b^2c + a^2d)^3 (a + bx)^{1+n}}{b^7(1+n)} - \frac{6ad(b^2c + a^2d)^2 (a + bx)^{2+n}}{b^7(2+n)} + \frac{3d(b^2c + a^2d)(b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{3+n}}{b^7(3+n)} - \frac{4ad^2(3b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{4+n}}{b^7(4+n)} + \frac{3d^2(b^2c + 5a^2d)(a + bx)^{5+n}}{b^7(5+n)} - \frac{6ad^3(a + bx)^{6+n}}{b^7(6+n)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{7+n}}{b^7(7+n)}$$

```
output (a^2*d+b^2*c)^3*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^7/(1+n)-6*a*d*(a^2*d+b^2*c)^2*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^7/(2+n)+3*d*(a^2*d+b^2*c)*(5*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^7/(3+n)-4*a*d^2*(5*a^2*d+3*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^7/(4+n)+3*d^2*(5*a^2*d+b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(5+n)/b^7/(5+n)-6*a*d^3*(b*x+a)^(6+n)/b^7/(6+n)+d^3*(b*x+a)^(7+n)/b^7/(7+n)
```

3.361.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx)^{1+n} \left((c + dx^2)^3 + \frac{6((b^2c+a^2d)(6+n)(b^4(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)(4+n)(c+dx^2)^2+4(b^2c+a^2d)(4+n)(2a^2d-2abd(1+n)x+b^2(2+n)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output $((a + b*x)^{(1 + n)}*((c + d*x^2)^3 + (6*((b^2*c + a^2*d)*(6 + n)*(b^4*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(4 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(1 + n)*x + b^2*(2 + n)*(c*(3 + n) + d*(1 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2))) - a*d*(1 + n)*(a + b*x)*(b^4*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(c + d*x^2)^2 + 4*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(5 + n)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(2 + n)*x + b^2*(3 + n)*(c*(4 + n) + d*(2 + n)*x^2)) - 4*a*d*(2 + n)*(a + b*x)*(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*(3 + n)*x + b^2*(4 + n)*(c*(5 + n) + d*(3 + n)*x^2)))))/(b^6*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n)*(4 + n)*(5 + n)*(6 + n)))/(b*(7 + n))$

3.361.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^2)^3 (a + bx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{4ad^2(5a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^6} + \frac{3d^2(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^6} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^3(a + bx)^n}{b^6} - \frac{6ad(a^2d + b^2c)}{b^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{4ad^2(5a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^7(n+4)} + \frac{3d^2(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^7(n+5)} + \frac{(a^2d + b^2c)^3(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^7(n+1)} - \\
 & \frac{6ad(a^2d + b^2c)^2(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^7(n+2)} + \frac{3d(a^2d + b^2c)(5a^2d + b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^7(n+3)} - \frac{6ad^3(a + bx)^{n+6}}{b^7(n+6)} + \\
 & \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{n+7}}{b^7(n+7)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((b^2*c + a^2*d)^3*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^7*(1 + n)) - (6*a*d*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^2*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^7*(2 + n)) + (3*d*(b^2*c + a^2*d)*(b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^7*(3 + n)) - (4*a*d^2*(3*b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^7*(4 + n)) + (3*d^2*(b^2*c + 5*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(5 + n))/(b^7*(5 + n)) - (6*a*d^3*(a + b*x)^(6 + n))/(b^7*(6 + n)) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^(7 + n))/(b^7*(7 + n))`

3.361.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.361.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 957 vs. 2(223) = 446.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 958, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

method	result
norman	$\frac{d^3 x^7 e^{n \ln(bx+a)}}{7+n} + \frac{a(b^6 c^3 n^6 + 27b^6 c^3 n^5 + 6a^2 b^4 c^2 d n^4 + 295b^6 c^3 n^4 + 132a^2 b^4 c^2 d n^3 + 1665b^6 c^3 n^3 + 72a^4 b^2 c d^2 n^2 + 1074a^2 b^4 c^2 d n + 1074a^2 b^4 c^2 d)}{b^7(n^7 + 28n^6 + 322n^5 + 196n^4 + 140n^3 + 42n^2 + 7n + 1)}$
gospser	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output d^3/(7+n)*x^7*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+a*(b^6*c^3*n^6+27*b^6*c^3*n^5+6*a^2*b^4*c^2
*d*n^4+295*b^6*c^3*n^4+132*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^3+1665*b^6*c^3*n^3+72*a^4*b^2*c
*d^2*n^2+1074*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^2+5104*b^6*c^3*n^2+936*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n+3828*
a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n+8028*b^6*c^3*n+720*a^6*d^3+3024*a^4*b^2*c*d^2+5040*a^2*b^4
*c^2*d+5040*b^6*c^3)/b^7/(n^7+28*n^6+322*n^5+1960*n^4+6769*n^3+13132*n^2+1
3068*n+5040)*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+a*d^3*n/b/(n^2+13*n+42)*x^6*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))
-(-b^6*c^3*n^6+6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^5-27*b^6*c^3*n^5+132*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^4-29
5*b^6*c^3*n^4+72*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n^3+1074*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^3-1665*b^6*c^3*n^3
+936*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n^2+3828*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n^2-5104*b^6*c^3*n^2+720*a^6*d^3
*n+3024*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*n+5040*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*n-8028*b^6*c^3*n-5040*b^6*c^3)/
b^6/(n^7+28*n^6+322*n^5+1960*n^4+6769*n^3+13132*n^2+13068*n+5040)*x*exp(n*
ln(b*x+a))-3*(-b^2*c*n^2+2*a^2*d*n-13*b^2*c*n-42*b^2*c)/b^2*d^2/(n^3+18*n^
2+107*n+210)*x^5*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))-3*(-b^4*c^2*n^4+4*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^3-22*b^4
*c^2*n^3+52*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2-179*b^4*c^2*n^2+40*a^4*d^2*n+168*a^2*b^2*c*d*n
-638*b^4*c^2*n-840*b^4*c^2)/b^4*d/(n^5+25*n^4+245*n^3+1175*n^2+2754*n+2520
)*x^3*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+3*(b^2*c*n^2+13*b^2*c*n+10*a^2*d+42*b^2*c)*d^2*a/b^
3*n/(n^4+22*n^3+179*n^2+638*n+840)*x^4*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))+3*(b^4*c^2*n^4+22*
b^4*c^2*n^3+12*a^2*b^2*c*d*n^2+179*b^4*c^2*n^2+156*a^2*b^2*c*d*n+638*b^4*c
^2*n+120*a^4*d^2+504*a^2*b^2*c*d+840*b^4*c^2)*d*a/b^5*n/(n^6+27*n^5+295*n^
4+1665*n^3+5104*n^2+8028*n+5040)*x^2*exp(n*ln(b*x+a))
```

3.361.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1244 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.58

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
(a*b^6*c^3*n^6 + 27*a*b^6*c^3*n^5 + 5040*a*b^6*c^3 + 5040*a^3*b^4*c^2*d +
3024*a^5*b^2*c*d^2 + 720*a^7*d^3 + (b^7*d^3*n^6 + 21*b^7*d^3*n^5 + 175*b^7
*d^3*n^4 + 735*b^7*d^3*n^3 + 1624*b^7*d^3*n^2 + 1764*b^7*d^3*n + 720*b^7*d
^3)*x^7 + (a*b^6*d^3*n^6 + 15*a*b^6*d^3*n^5 + 85*a*b^6*d^3*n^4 + 225*a*b^6
*d^3*n^3 + 274*a*b^6*d^3*n^2 + 120*a*b^6*d^3*n)*x^6 + 3*(b^7*c*d^2*n^6 + 1
008*b^7*c*d^2 + (23*b^7*c*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^5*d^3)*n^5 + (207*b^7*c*d^2 - 20*a
^2*b^5*d^3)*n^4 + 5*(185*b^7*c*d^2 - 14*a^2*b^5*d^3)*n^3 + 4*(536*b^7*c*d
^2 - 25*a^2*b^5*d^3)*n^2 + 12*(201*b^7*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*b^5*d^3)*n)*x^5 + (295
*a*b^6*c^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c^2*d)*n^4 + 3*(a*b^6*c*d^2*n^6 + 19*a*b^6*c*d^2*n
^5 + (131*a*b^6*c*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^4*d^3)*n^4 + (401*a*b^6*c*d^2 + 60*a^3*b^4
*d^3)*n^3 + 10*(54*a*b^6*c*d^2 + 11*a^3*b^4*d^3)*n^2 + 12*(21*a*b^6*c*d^2
+ 5*a^3*b^4*d^3)*n)*x^4 + 3*(555*a*b^6*c^3 + 44*a^3*b^4*c^2*d)*n^3 + 3*(b
^7*c^2*d*n^6 + 1680*b^7*c^2*d + (25*b^7*c^2*d - 4*a^2*b^5*c*d^2)*n^5 + (247
*b^7*c^2*d - 64*a^2*b^5*c*d^2)*n^4 + (1219*b^7*c^2*d - 332*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 -
40*a^4*b^3*d^3)*n^3 + 8*(389*b^7*c^2*d - 76*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 - 15*a^4*b^3*d
^3)*n^2 + 4*(949*b^7*c^2*d - 84*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 - 20*a^4*b^3*d^3)*n)*x^3 + 2*
(2552*a*b^6*c^3 + 537*a^3*b^4*c^2*d + 36*a^5*b^2*c*d^2)*n^2 + 3*(a*b^6*c^2
*d*n^6 + 23*a*b^6*c^2*d*n^5 + 3*(67*a*b^6*c^2*d + 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^2)*n^4 + (
817*a*b^6*c^2*d + 168*a^3*b^4*c*d^2)*n^3 + 2*(739*a*b^6*c^2*d + 330*a^3*b
^4*c*d^2 + 60*a^5*b^2*d^3)*n^2 + 24*(35*a*b^6*c^2*d + 21*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 + ...
```

3.361.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15990 vs. $2(207) = 414$.

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15990, normalized size of antiderivative = 71.70

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**n*(c**3*x + c**2*d*x**3 + 3*c*d**2*x**5/5 + d**3*x**7/7), Eq(b, 0)), (60*a**6*d**3*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 147*a**6*d**3/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 360*a**5*b*d**3*x*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 822*a**5*b*d**3*x/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) - 6*a**4*b**2*c*d**2/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 900*a**4*b**2*d**3*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 1875*a**4*b**2*d**3*x**2/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) - 36*a**3*b**3*c*d**2*x/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3 + 900*a**2*b**11*x**4 + 360*a*b**12*x**5 + 60*b**13*x**6) + 1200*a**3*b**3*d**3*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(60*a**6*b**7 + 360*a**5*b**8*x + 900*a**4*b**9*x**2 + 1200*a**3*b**10*x**3...`

3.361.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a)^{n+1} c^3}{b(n+1)} + \frac{3((n^2 + 3n + 2)b^3 x^3 + (n^2 + n)ab^2 x^2 - 2a^2 b n x + 2a^3)(bx + a)^n c^2 d}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3((n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)b^5 x^5 + (n^4 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n)ab^4 x^4 - 4(n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)a^2 b^3 x^3 + (n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)b^5}{(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{((n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)b^7 x^7 + (n^6 + 15n^5 + 85n^4 + 225n^3 + 274n^2 + 120n + 20)a^2 b^6 x^6 - 4(n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)a^3 b^5 x^5 + 4(n^4 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n)a^4 b^4 x^4 - 4(n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)a^5 b^3 x^3 + 4(n^2 + 3n + 2)a^6 b^2 x^2 - 4(n + 2)a^7 b x + 4a^8)(bx + a)^n}{(n^6 + 21n^5 + 175n^4 + 735n^3 + 1624n^2 + 1764n + 720)b^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(bx + a)^{n+1}c^3/(b(n+1)) + 3*((n^2 + 3n + 2)*b^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*a*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b*n*x + 2*a^3)*(bx + a)^n*c^2*d/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^3) + 3*((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*b^5*x^5 + (n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a*b^4*x^4 - 4*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 12*(n^2 + n)*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^4*b*n*x + 24*a^5)*(bx + a)^n*c*d^2/((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n + 120)*b^5) + ((n^6 + 21*n^5 + 175*n^4 + 735*n^3 + 1624*n^2 + 1764*n + 720)*b^7*x^7 + (n^6 + 15*n^5 + 85*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 274*n^2 + 120*n)*a*b^6*x^6 - 6*(n^5 + 10*n^4 + 35*n^3 + 50*n^2 + 24*n)*a^2*b^5*x^5 + 30*(n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*a^3*b^4*x^4 - 120*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*a^4*b^3*x^3 + 360*(n^2 + n)*a^5*b^2*x^2 - 720*a^6*b*n*x + 720*a^7)*(bx + a)^n*d^3/((n^7 + 28*n^6 + 322*n^5 + 1960*n^4 + 6769*n^3 + 13132*n^2 + 13068*n + 5040)*b^7)$

3.361.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2085 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2085, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.35

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n^6 x^7 + (bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n^6 x^6 + 21(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n^5 x^7 + 3(bx + a)^n b^7 c d^2 n^6 x^5 + 15(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n^5 x^6 + 175(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n^4 x^7 + 3(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d^2 n^6 x^4 + 69(bx + a)^n b^7 c d^2 n^5 x^5 - 6(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^3 n^5 x^5 + 85(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n^4 x^6 + 735(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n^3 x^7 + 3(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 d n^6 x^3 + 57(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d^2 n^5 x^4 + 621(bx + a)^n b^7 c d^2 n^4 x^5 - 60(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^3 n^4 x^5 + 225(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n^3 x^6 + 1624(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n^2 x^7 + 3(bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 d n^6 x^2 + 75(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 d n^5 x^3 - 12(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c d^2 n^5 x^3 + 393(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d^2 n^4 x^4 + 30(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 d^3 n^4 x^4 + 2775(bx + a)^n b^7 c d^2 n^3 x^5 - 210(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^3 n^3 x^5 + 274(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n^2 x^6 + 1764(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 n x^7 + (bx + a)^n b^7 c^3 n^6 x + 69(bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 d n^5 x^2 + 741(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 d n^4 x^3 - 192(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c d^2 n^4 x^3 + 1203(bx + a)^n a b^6 c d^2 n^3 x^4 + 180(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 d^3 n^3 x^4 + 6432(bx + a)^n b^7 c d^2 n^2 x^5 - 300(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 d^3 n^2 x^5 + 120(bx + a)^n a b^6 d^3 n x^6 + 720(bx + a)^n b^7 d^3 x^7 + (bx + a)^n a b^6 c^3 n^6 + 27(bx + a)^n b^7 c^3 n^5 x - 6(bx + a)^n a^2 b^5 c^2 d n^5 x + 603(bx + a)^n a b^6 c^2 d n^4 x^2 + 36(bx + a)^n a^3 b^4 c d^2 n^4 x^2 + 3657(bx + a)^n b^7 c^2 d n^...
\end{aligned}$$

3.361.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1144, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int (a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx)^n (720 a^7 d^3 + 72 a^5 b^2 c d^2 n^2 + 936 a^5 b^2 c d^2 n + 3024 a^5 b^2 c d^2 + 6 a^3 b^4 c^2 d n^4 + 132 a^3 b^4 c^2 d n^3 + 132 a^3 b^4 c^2 d n^2 + 132 a^3 b^4 c^2 d n + 132 a^3 b^4 c^2 d)}{b^7 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$- \frac{x (a + bx)^n (720 a^6 b d^3 n + 72 a^4 b^3 c d^2 n^3 + 936 a^4 b^3 c d^2 n^2 + 3024 a^4 b^3 c d^2 n + 6 a^2 b^5 c^2 d n^5 + 132 a^2 b^5 c^2 d n^4 + 132 a^2 b^5 c^2 d n^3 + 132 a^2 b^5 c^2 d n^2 + 132 a^2 b^5 c^2 d n + 132 a^2 b^5 c^2 d)}{b^7 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3 x^7 (a + bx)^n (n^6 + 21 n^5 + 175 n^4 + 735 n^3 + 1624 n^2 + 1764 n + 720)}{n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040}$$

$$+ \frac{3 d^2 x^5 (a + bx)^n (-2 d a^2 n + c b^2 n^2 + 13 c b^2 n + 42 c b^2) (n^4 + 10 n^3 + 35 n^2 + 50 n + 24)}{b^2 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 d x^3 (a + bx)^n (n^2 + 3 n + 2) (-40 a^4 d^2 n - 4 a^2 b^2 c d n^3 - 52 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 - 168 a^2 b^2 c d n + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 22 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 22 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 22 b^4 c^2 n + 22 b^4 c^2)}{b^4 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$+ \frac{a d^3 n x^6 (a + bx)^n (n^5 + 15 n^4 + 85 n^3 + 225 n^2 + 274 n + 120)}{b (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a d^2 n x^4 (a + bx)^n (n^3 + 6 n^2 + 11 n + 6) (10 d a^2 + c b^2 n^2 + 13 c b^2 n + 42 c b^2)}{b^3 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a d n x^2 (n + 1) (a + bx)^n (120 a^4 d^2 + 12 a^2 b^2 c d n^2 + 156 a^2 b^2 c d n + 504 a^2 b^2 c d + b^4 c^2 n^4 + 22 b^4 c^2 n^3 + 22 b^4 c^2 n^2 + 22 b^4 c^2 n + 22 b^4 c^2)}{b^5 (n^7 + 28 n^6 + 322 n^5 + 1960 n^4 + 6769 n^3 + 13132 n^2 + 13068 n + 5040)}$$

input `int((c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x)^n,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + bx)^n (720a^7d^3 + 5040a^6b^2c^3 + 5040a^5b^3c^2d + 3024a^4b^4c^2d^2 + 5104a^3b^5c^3n^2 + 1665a^2b^6c^3n^3 + 295ab^7c^3n^4 + \\ & 27a^6b^6c^3n^5 + ab^6c^3n^6 + 8028a^5b^6c^3n + 3828a^4b^4c^2d^2n + 936a^5b^2c^2d^2n^2 + 1074a^3b^4c^2d^2n^2 + 72a^5b^2c^2d^2n^2 + \\ & 132a^3b^4c^2d^2n^3 + 6a^3b^4c^2d^2n^4)) / (b^7(13068n + 13132n^2 + 6769n^3 + 1960n^4 + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040)) - (x(a + bx)^n (72 \\ & 0a^6b^2d^3n - 8028b^7c^3n - 5104b^7c^3n^2 - 1665b^7c^3n^3 - 295 \\ & b^7c^3n^4 - 27b^7c^3n^5 - b^7c^3n^6 - 5040b^7c^3 + 5040a^2b^5c^2d^2n + 3024a^4b^3c^2d^2n + 3828a^2b^5c^2d^2n^2 + 936a^4b^3c^2d^2 \\ & n^2 + 1074a^2b^5c^2d^2n^3 + 72a^4b^3c^2d^2n^3 + 132a^2b^5c^2d^2n^4 + 6a^2b^5c^2d^2n^5)) / (b^7(13068n + 13132n^2 + 6769n^3 + 1960n^4 \\ & + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040)) + (d^3x^7(a + bx)^n (1764n + 1624n^2 + 735n^3 + 175n^4 + 21n^5 + n^6 + 720)) / (13068n + 13132n^2 + 6769 \\ & n^3 + 1960n^4 + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040) + (3d^2x^5(a + bx)^n (42b^2c + b^2cn^2 - 2a^2dn + 13b^2cn)) (50n + 35n^2 + 10n^3 + \\ & n^4 + 24)) / (b^2(13068n + 13132n^2 + 6769n^3 + 1960n^4 + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040)) + (3dx^3(a + bx)^n (3n + n^2 + 2)(840b^4c^2 - 4 \\ & 0a^4d^2n + 638b^4c^2n + 179b^4c^2n^2 + 22b^4c^2n^3 + b^4c^2n^4 - 168a^2b^2cdn - 52a^2b^2cdn^2 - 4a^2b^2cdn^3)) / (b^4(13 \\ & 068n + 13132n^2 + 6769n^3 + 1960n^4 + 322n^5 + 28n^6 + n^7 + 5040) \dots \end{aligned}$$

3.362 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx$

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3.362.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{ad(3b^4c^2 + 3a^2b^2cd + a^4d^2)(a+bx)^{1+n}}{b^6(1+n)} + \frac{d(3b^4c^2 + 9a^2b^2cd + 5a^4d^2)(a+bx)^{2+n}}{b^6(2+n)} - \frac{ad^2(9b^2c + 10a^2d)(a+bx)^{3+n}}{b^6(3+n)} + \frac{d^2(3b^2c + 10a^2d)(a+bx)^{4+n}}{b^6(4+n)} - \frac{5ad^3(a+bx)^{5+n}}{b^6(5+n)} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^{6+n}}{b^6(6+n)} - \frac{c^3(a+bx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a(1+n)}$$

output

```
-a*d*(a^4*d^2+3*a^2*b^2*c*d+3*b^4*c^2)*(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b^6/(1+n)+d*(5*a^4*d^2+9*a^2*b^2*c*d+3*b^4*c^2)*(b*x+a)^(2+n)/b^6/(2+n)-a*d^2*(10*a^2*d+9*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(3+n)/b^6/(3+n)+d^2*(10*a^2*d+3*b^2*c)*(b*x+a)^(4+n)/b^6/(4+n)-5*a*d^3*(b*x+a)^(5+n)/b^6/(5+n)+d^3*(b*x+a)^(6+n)/b^6/(6+n)-c^3*(b*x+a)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+b*x/a)/a/(1+n)
```

3.362.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx = (a+bx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{ad(3b^4c^2 + 3a^2b^2cd + a^4d^2)}{b^6(1+n)} + \frac{d(3b^4c^2 + 9a^2b^2cd + 5a^4d^2)(a+bx)}{b^6(2+n)} - \frac{ad^2(9b^2c + 10a^2d)(a+bx)^2}{b^6(3+n)} + \frac{d^2(3b^2c + 10a^2d)(a+bx)^3}{b^6(4+n)} - \frac{5ad^3(a+bx)^4}{b^6(5+n)} + \frac{d^3(a+bx)^5}{b^6(6+n)} - \frac{c^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{a+bx}{a}\right)}{a+an} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3)/x,x]`

```
output (a + b*x)^(1 + n)*(-((a*d*(3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^4*d^2))/(b^6*(1 +
n))) + (d*(3*b^4*c^2 + 9*a^2*b^2*c*d + 5*a^4*d^2)*(a + b*x))/(b^6*(2 + n)
) - (a*d^2*(9*b^2*c + 10*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^2)/(b^6*(3 + n)) + (d^2*(3*b^2*c
+ 10*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^3)/(b^6*(4 + n)) - (5*a*d^3*(a + b*x)^4)/(b^6*(5 +
n)) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^5)/(b^6*(6 + n)) - (c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2
+ n, (a + b*x)/a])/(a + a*n))
```

3.362.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx^2)^3 (a+bx)^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 522

$$\int \left(-\frac{ad^2(10a^2d + 9b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^5} + \frac{d^2(10a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^5} - \frac{ad(a^4d^2 + 3a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^n}{b^5} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ad^2(10a^2d + 9b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+3}}{b^6(n+3)} + \frac{d^2(10a^2d + 3b^2c)(a + bx)^{n+4}}{b^6(n+4)} - \frac{ad(a^4d^2 + 3a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+1}}{b^6(n+1)} + \frac{d(5a^4d^2 + 9a^2b^2cd + 3b^4c^2)(a + bx)^{n+2}}{b^6(n+2)} - \frac{5ad^3(a + bx)^{n+5}}{b^6(n+5)} + \frac{d^3(a + bx)^{n+6}}{b^6(n+6)} - \frac{c^3(a + bx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a(n+1)}$$

```
input Int[((a + b*x)^n*(c + d*x^2)^3)/x,x]
```

```
output -((a*d*(3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^4*d^2)*(a + b*x)^(1 + n))/(b^6*(1 + n)) + (d*(3*b^4*c^2 + 9*a^2*b^2*c*d + 5*a^4*d^2)*(a + b*x)^(2 + n))/(b^6*(2 + n)) - (a*d^2*(9*b^2*c + 10*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(3 + n))/(b^6*(3 + n)) + (d^2*(3*b^2*c + 10*a^2*d)*(a + b*x)^(4 + n))/(b^6*(4 + n)) - (5*a*d^3*(a + b*x)^(5 + n))/(b^6*(5 + n)) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^(6 + n))/(b^6*(6 + n)) - (c^3*(a + b*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (b*x)/a])/(a*(1 + n))
```

3.362.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 522 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.362.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx + a)^n (dx^2 + c)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3/x,x)`

output `int((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3/x,x)`

3.362.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2 + c)^3 (bx + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^6 + 3*c*d^2*x^4 + 3*c^2*d*x^2 + c^3)*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.362.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4007 vs. 2(226) = 452.

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5622, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^n (c + dx^2)^3}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**n*(d*x**2+c)**3/x,x)`

```

output 3*c**2*dPiecewise((a**n*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3
*x) + a/(a*b**2 + b**3*x) + b*x*log(a/b + x)/(a*b**2 + b**3*x), Eq(n, -2))
, (-a*log(a/b + x)/b**2 + x/b, Eq(n, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2
+ 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + a*b*n*x*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2
) + b**2*n*x**2*(a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2) + b**2*x**2*(
a + b*x)**n/(b**2*n**2 + 3*b**2*n + 2*b**2), True)) + 3*c*d**2*Piecewise((
a**n*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x
+ 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 11*a**3/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x +
18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a**2*b*x*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 1
8*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 27*a**2*b*x/(6*a**3*b**4 +
18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b**2*x**2*log(a/b +
x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 18*a*b
**2*x**2/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6*b**7*x**3) + 6
*b**3*x**3*log(a/b + x)/(6*a**3*b**4 + 18*a**2*b**5*x + 18*a*b**6*x**2 + 6
*b**7*x**3), Eq(n, -4)), (-6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x +
2*b**6*x**2) - 9*a**3/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*
b*x*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 12*a**2*b*x/(2
*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - 6*a*b**2*x**2*log(a/b + x)/(2*a**
2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) + 2*b**3*x**3/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x
+ 2*b**6*x**2), Eq(n, -3)), (6*a**3*log(a/b + x)/(2*a*b**4 + 2*b**5*x)...

```

3.362.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^3 (bx+a)^n}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((d*x^2 + c)^3*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)
```

3.362.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^3 (bx+a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^n*(d*x^2+c)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^2 + c)^3*(b*x + a)^n/x, x)`

3.362.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^n (c+dx^2)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^3 (a+bx)^n}{x} dx$$

input `int(((c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x)^n)/x,x)`

output `int(((c + d*x^2)^3*(a + b*x)^n)/x, x)`

3.363 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.363.1 Optimal result	2854
3.363.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2855
3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2855
3.363.4 Maple [F]	2857
3.363.5 Fracas [F]	2857
3.363.6 Sympy [F]	2857
3.363.7 Maxima [F]	2858
3.363.8 Giac [F]	2858
3.363.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2858

3.363.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{c^2e^3(1+n)} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{2+n}}{ce^3(2+n)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3+n}}{ce^3(3+n)} + \frac{(-a)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{(-a)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

output $(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/c^2/e^3/(1+n)-2*d*(e*x+d)^(2+n)/c/e^3/(2+n)+(e*x+d)^(3+n)/c/e^3/(3+n)+1/2*(-a)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/c^2/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/2*(-a)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/c^2/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))$

3.363.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{2(cd^2-ae^2)}{e^3(1+n)} - \frac{4cd(d+ex)}{e^3(2+n)} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^2}{e^3(3+n)} + \frac{(-a)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} + \frac{\sqrt{-aa} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} \right)}{2c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output $((d+ex)^{(1+n)}*((2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(e^3*(1+n)) - (4*c*d*(d+e*x))/(e^3*(2+n)) + (2*c*(d+e*x)^2)/(e^3*(3+n)) + ((-a)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d+e*x))/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1+n)) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*a*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d+e*x))/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1+n))))/(2*c^2)$

3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2160, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{604}$$

$$\int \frac{-(d+ex)^n(2cd(n+3)x^3e^3+2ad(n+3)xe^3+(cd^2+ae^2)(n+3)x^2e^2+ad^2(n+3)e^2)}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^{n+3}}{ce^3(n+3)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+3}}{ce^3(n+3)} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^n(2cd(n+3)x^3e^3+2ad(n+3)xe^3+(cd^2+ae^2)(n+3)x^2e^2+ad^2(n+3)e^2)}{cx^2+a} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2160}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+3}}{ce^3(n+3)} - \frac{\int \left(-\frac{e^2(cd^2-ae^2)(n+3)(d+ex)^n}{c} + \frac{\left(-\frac{a^2ne^4}{c} - \frac{3a^2e^4}{c}\right)(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} + 2de^2(n+3)(d+ex)^{n+1} \right) dx}{ce^4(n+3)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+3}}{ce^3(n+3)} - \frac{e(n+3)(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{c(n+1)} - \frac{(-a)^{3/2}e^4(n+3)(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c(n+1)(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})} + \frac{(-a)^{3/2}e^4(n+3)(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c(n+1)(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})}}{ce^4(n+3)}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `(d + e*x)^(3 + n)/(c*e^3*(3 + n)) - (-((e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(c*(1 + n))) + (2*d*e*(3 + n)*(d + e*x)^(2 + n))/(2 + n) - ((-a)^(3/2)*e^4*(3 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*c*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + ((-a)^(3/2)*e^4*(3 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*c*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(c*e^4*(3 + n))`

3.363.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2160 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
 :=> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]`

3.363.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(ex + d)^n}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.363.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n x^4}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.363.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(d + e*x)**n/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.363.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^4}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.363.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^4}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.363.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.364 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.364.1 Optimal result	2859
3.364.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2860
3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2860
3.364.4 Maple [F]	2862
3.364.5 Fricas [F]	2862
3.364.6 Sympy [F]	2862
3.364.7 Maxima [F]	2863
3.364.8 Giac [F]	2863
3.364.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2863

3.364.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = -\frac{d(d+ex)^{1+n}}{ce^2(1+n)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{2+n}}{ce^2(2+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{a(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{a(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

```
output -d*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/c/e^2/(1+n)+(e*x+d)^(2+n)/c/e^2/(2+n)+1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(1+n)
*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/c^(3/2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))+1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/c^(3/2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.364.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c(d-e(1+n)x)}}{e^2(2+n)} + \frac{a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}} + \frac{a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}} \right)}{2c^{3/2}(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output $((d + ex)^{(1 + n)*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d - e*(1 + n)*x))/(e^2*(2 + n)) + (a*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e) + (a*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)))/(2*c^{(3/2)*(1 + n)})$

3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {604, 25, 2160, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 604$$

$$\int \frac{-(d+ex)^n (a(n+2)xe^3+cd(n+2)x^2e^2+ad(n+2)e^2)}{ce^3(n+2)} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^{n+2}}{ce^2(n+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+2}}{ce^2(n+2)} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^n (a(n+2)xe^3+cd(n+2)x^2e^2+ad(n+2)e^2)}{ce^3(n+2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2160$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+2}}{ce^2(n+2)} - \frac{\int \left(de^2(n+2)(d+ex)^n + \frac{(2ae^3+ane^3)x(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} \right) dx}{ce^3(n+2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+2}}{ce^2(n+2)} - \frac{ae^3(n+2)(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}} - \frac{ae^3(n+2)(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}{ce^3(n+2)} +$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `(d + e*x)^(2 + n)/(c*e^2*(2 + n)) - ((d*e*(2 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(1 + n) - (a*e^3*(2 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - (a*e^3*(2 + n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(c*e^3*(2 + n))`

3.364.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2160 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]`

3.364.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(ex+d)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.364.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^3}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.364.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(d + e*x)**n/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.364.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^3}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.364.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^3}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.364.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.365 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.365.1 Optimal result	2864
3.365.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2864
3.365.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2865
3.365.4 Maple [F]	2867
3.365.5 Fricas [F]	2867
3.365.6 Sympy [F]	2867
3.365.7 Maxima [F]	2868
3.365.8 Giac [F]	2868
3.365.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2868

3.365.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n}}{ce(1+n)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{\sqrt{-a}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2c(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

```
output (e*x+d)^(1+n)/c/e/(1+n)+1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(-a)^(1/2)/c/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(-a)^(1/2)/c/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.365.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(2(cd^2+ae^2) + e(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}-ae) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right) - e(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}+ae) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right) \right)}{2ce(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + e*(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d - a*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)] - e*(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d + a*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]))/(2*c*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n))`

3.365.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {604, 25, 27, 485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{604} \\
 & \int \frac{-\frac{ae^2(n+1)(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx}{ce^2(n+1)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}}{ce(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}}{ce(n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{ae^2(n+1)(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx}{ce^2(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}}{ce(n+1)} - \frac{a \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{485} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}}{ce(n+1)} - \frac{a \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}}{ce(n+1)} - \frac{a \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})} \right)}{c}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `(d + e*x)^(1 + n)/(c*e*(1 + n)) - (a*(((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))))/c`

3.365.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 604 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*d^(m - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*d^m*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^m - b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^m - (c + d*x)^(m - 2)*(a*d^2*(m + n - 1) - b*c^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.365.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(ex+d)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.365.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.365.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(d + e*x)**n/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.365.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.365.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.365.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.366 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.366.1 Optimal result	2869
3.366.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2869
3.366.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2870
3.366.4 Maple [F]	2871
3.366.5 Fricas [F]	2871
3.366.6 Sympy [F]	2871
3.366.7 Maxima [F]	2872
3.366.8 Giac [F]	2872
3.366.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2872

3.366.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = -\frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

output `-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(1+n)/c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(1+n)/c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))`

3.366.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left((\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right) + (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c}(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output $-1/2*((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)] + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n))$

3.366.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 615

$$\int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^n}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})} - \frac{(d+ex)^n}{2\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})}$$

input $\text{Int}[(x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]$

output $-1/2*((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n))$

3.366.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.366.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(ex + d)^n}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.366.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n x}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.366.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(x*(d + e*x)**n/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.366.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.366.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.366.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.367 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.367.1 Optimal result	2873
3.367.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2873
3.367.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2874
3.367.4 Maple [F]	2875
3.367.5 Fricas [F]	2875
3.367.6 Sympy [F]	2875
3.367.7 Maxima [F]	2876
3.367.8 Giac [F]	2876
3.367.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2876

3.367.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

```
output 1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+
d*c^(1/2)))/(1+n)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*h
ypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(1+n)/(-
a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.367.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}} - \frac{\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e) - Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e))/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(1 + n))`

3.367.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 485$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(d + ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(d + ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n + 1) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{(d + ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n + 1) (\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))`

3.367.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.367.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.367.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.367.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**n/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.367.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.367.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.367.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.368 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.368.1 Optimal result	2877
3.368.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2878
3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2878
3.368.4 Maple [F]	2879
3.368.5 Fricas [F]	2879
3.368.6 Sympy [F]	2880
3.368.7 Maxima [F]	2880
3.368.8 Giac [F]	2880
3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2881

3.368.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2a(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2a(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{ad(1+n)}$$

output

```
-(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+e*x/d)/a/d/(1+n)+1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*c^(1/2)/a/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))+1/2*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*c^(1/2)/a/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.368.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left((cd^2 + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}} \right) + (cd^2 - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}} \right) \right)}{2ad(cd^2 + \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)),x]`output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*((c*d^2 + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)] + (c*d^2 - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)] - 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d]))/(2*a*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n))`**3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\ & \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^n}{ax} - \frac{cx(d+ex)^n}{a(a+cx^2)} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2a(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} + \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2a(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})} - \\ & \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)}{ad(n+1)} \end{aligned}$$

3.368. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*a*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*a*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a*d*(1 + n))`

3.368.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.368.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{x(cx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.368.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{x(a + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^3 + a*x), x)`

3.368.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/x/(c*x**2+a), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**n/(x*(a + c*x**2)), x)`

3.368.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)*x), x)`

3.368.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)*x), x)`

3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)), x)`

3.369 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.369.1 Optimal result	2882
3.369.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2883
3.369.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2883
3.369.4 Maple [F]	2884
3.369.5 Fricas [F]	2885
3.369.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2885
3.369.7 Maxima [F]	2885
3.369.8 Giac [F]	2886
3.369.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2886

3.369.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{c(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} - \frac{c(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} + \frac{e(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{ad^2(1+n)}$$

```
output e*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([2, 1+n], [2+n], 1+e*x/d)/a/d^2/(1+n)+1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(-a)^(3/2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(-a)^(3/2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.369.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{x^2(a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd+ae}} + \frac{c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd-ae}} + \frac{2e \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd-ae}} \right)}{2a(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)), x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*(-(c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d + a*e)) + (c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d - a*e) + (2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d])/d^2))/(2*a*(1 + n))`

3.369.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{x^2(a + cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{615}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^n}{ax^2} - \frac{c(d + ex)^n}{a(a + cx^2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/2}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} -$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2(-a)^{3/2}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})} +$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, n+1, n+2, \frac{ex}{d}+1\right)}{ad^2(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(n)/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*(-a)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - (c*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*(-a)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (e*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a*d^2*(1 + n))`

3.369.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.369.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{x^2(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.369.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^4 + a*x^2), x)`

3.369.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/x**2/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.369.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)*x^2), x)`

3.369.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)*x^2), x)`

3.369.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)), x)`

3.370 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.370.1 Optimal result	2887
3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2888
3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2888
3.370.4 Maple [F]	2890
3.370.5 Fracas [F]	2890
3.370.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2891
3.370.7 Maxima [F]	2891
3.370.8 Giac [F]	2891
3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2892

3.370.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 332

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n}}{c^2e(1+n)} + \frac{a(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2c^2(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3\sqrt{-acd^2} + a\sqrt{cde}n + \sqrt{-aae^2}(3+n))(d+ex)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4c^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

$$- \frac{(3\sqrt{-acd^2} - a\sqrt{cde}n + \sqrt{-aae^2}(3+n))(d+ex)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4c^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

```
output (e*x+d)^(1+n)/c^2/e/(1+n)+1/2*a*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/c^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2
)/(c*x^2+a)-1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],(e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e
(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(3*c*d^2*(-a)^(1/2)+a*e^2*(3+n)*(-a)^(1/2)-a*d*e*n*
c^(1/2))/c^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))+1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n
)*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],(e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(3*c
*d^2*(-a)^(1/2)+a*e^2*(3+n)*(-a)^(1/2)+a*d*e*n*c^(1/2))/c^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{4}{e+en} + \frac{2a(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{4}{e+en} + \frac{2a(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} \right)}{4c^2}$$
3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {602, 2160, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 602

$$\frac{a(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c^2(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{(cd^2+ae^2(n+1))a^2}{c^2} + \frac{denxa^2}{c} - 2\left(d^2+\frac{ae^2}{c}\right)x^2a \right)}{cx^2+a} dx$$

↓ 2160

$$\frac{a(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c^2(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \left(-\frac{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^n}{c^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\left(\frac{3e^2a^3}{c^2} + \frac{e^2na^3}{c^2} + \frac{3d^2a^2}{c}\right) - \frac{a^3den}{c^{3/2}})(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\left(\frac{dena^3}{c^{3/2}} + \sqrt{-a}\left(\frac{3e^2a^3}{c^2} + \frac{e^2na^3}{c^2} + \frac{3d^2a^2}{c}\right)\right)(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c^2(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{a(d+ex)^{n+1}(3\sqrt{-acd^2+a\sqrt{c}den+\sqrt{-ae^2(n+3)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2c^2(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} + \frac{a(d+ex)^{n+1}(3\sqrt{-acd^2-a\sqrt{c}den+\sqrt{-ae^2(n+3)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2c^2(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(a*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(2*c^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) - ((-2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(c^2*e*(1 + n)) - (a*(3*sqrt[-a]*c*d^2 + a*sqrt[c]*d*e*n + sqrt[-a]*a*e^2*(3 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(sqrt[c]*d - sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*c^2*(sqrt[c]*d - sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (a*(3*sqrt[-a]*c*d^2 - a*sqrt[c]*d*e*n + sqrt[-a]*a*e^2*(3 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(sqrt[c]*d + sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*c^2*(sqrt[c]*d + sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.370.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 602 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(d*e - c*f) + (b*c*e + a*d*f)*x)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + e*(b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*f*n + d*(b*c*e + a*d*f)*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2160 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

3.370.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

3.370.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n x^4}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)
```

3.370. $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.370.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.370.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^4}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`**3.370.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^4}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^4/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

3.371 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.371.1 Optimal result	2893
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3.371.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2897

3.371.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{a(d-ex)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2c(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}den - \frac{2cd^2+ae^2(2+n)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4c(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)} - \frac{(2cd^2+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den+ae^2(2+n))(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

```
output 1/2*a*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*h
ypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(d*e*n*
(-a)^(1/2)+(-2*c*d^2-a*e^2*(2+n))/c^(1/2))/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(
1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2
))/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2*(2+n)+d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))
/c^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.371.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{2a\sqrt{c}(-d+ex)}{a+cx^2} + \frac{(2cd^2 - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den + ae^2(2+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-a}e})(1+n)} + \frac{(2cd^2 + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-a}e})(1+n)} \right)}{4c^{3/2}(cd^2 + ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*((2*a*Sqrt[c]*(-d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2) + ((2*c*d^2 - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(2 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + ((2*c*d^2 + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(2 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n))))/(c^(3/2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.371.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {602, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{602} \\ & \frac{a(d-ex)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{a(d+ex)^n(adn-(2cd^2+ae^2(n+2))x)}{c(cx^2+a)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{a(d-ex)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^n(adn-(2cd^2+ae^2(n+2))x)}{cx^2+a} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{657} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}aden - \frac{a(-2cd^2 - ae^2(n+2))}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}aden + \frac{a(-2cd^2 - ae^2(n+2))}{\sqrt{c}} \right) (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{-a})} \right) dx}{2c(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} (-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den + ae^2(n+2) + 2cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})} + \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den + ae^2(n+2) + 2cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae})}}{2c(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(a*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) - (((2*c*d^2 - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(2 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + ((2*c*d^2 + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(2 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.371.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 602 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(d*e - c*f) + (b*c*e + a*d*f)*x)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + e*(b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*f*n + d*(b*c*e + a*d*f)*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.371.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.371.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n x^3}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)`

3.371.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.371.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^3}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.371.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^3}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.371.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

3.372 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.372.1 Optimal result	2898
3.372.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2899
3.372.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2899
3.372.4 Maple [F]	2901
3.372.5 Fracas [F]	2902
3.372.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2902
3.372.7 Maxima [F]	2902
3.372.8 Giac [F]	2903
3.372.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2903

3.372.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 306

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2c(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den + ae^2(1+n))(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ac}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2 + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den + ae^2(1+n))(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ac}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

```
output -1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)
*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],(e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(c*d^
2+a*e^2*(1+n)-d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-a)^(1/2)/(
-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],(e*x+d)
)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))*(c*d^2+a*e^2*(1+n)+d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^
(1/2))/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.372.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{2(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} - \frac{2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d + e*x)^{(1 + n)} * ((-2*(a*e + c*d*x)) / ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (2* \\ & \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[- \\ & a]*e)]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - (2*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \\ & [1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-a] \\ & *(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (a*((c*d^2 - a*e^2*(-1 + n) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[- \\ & a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d*e*n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)) / (\\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2*(-1 + \\ & n) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d*e*n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]* \\ & (d + e*x)) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e)]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[-a]*e))) / ((-a)^(3/ \\ & 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n)))) / (4*c) \end{aligned}$$
3.372.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {602, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 602$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{a(d+ex)^n(cd^2+cnxd+ae^2(n+1))}{c(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

3.372. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a(d+ex)^n (cd^2+cenxd+ae^2(n+1))}{c(cx^2+a)} dx \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(d+ex)^n (cd^2+cenxd+ae^2(n+1))}{c(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^n (cd^2+cenxd+ae^2(n+1))}{cx^2+a} dx}{2c(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{657} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{(\sqrt{-a}(cd^2+ae^2(n+1))-a\sqrt{c}den)(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{(a\sqrt{c}den+\sqrt{-a}(cd^2+ae^2(n+1)))(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx}{2c(ae^2+cd^2)} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den+ae^2(n+1)+cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den+ae^2(n+1)+cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})} \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2c(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(1 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((c*d^2 + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n + a*e^2*(1 + n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.372.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 602 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(d*e - c*f) + (b*c*e + a*d*f)*x)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + e*(b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*f*n + d*(b*c*e + a*d*f)*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 657 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.372.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.372.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)`

3.372.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.372.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.372.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.372.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

3.373 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.373.1 Optimal result	2904
3.373.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2905
3.373.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2905
3.373.4 Maple [F]	2907
3.373.5 Fracas [F]	2907
3.373.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2907
3.373.7 Maxima [F]	2908
3.373.8 Giac [F]	2908
3.373.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2908

3.373.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(d-ex)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{e(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})n(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)} + \frac{e(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}+ae)n(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-e*x+d)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/4*e*n*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*
hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(e*(-a)
)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d
*c^(1/2))+1/4*e*n*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(
e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(a*e+d*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/
c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.373.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{2ac(d-ex)}{a+cx^2} - \frac{(\sqrt{-acden-a\sqrt{ce^2n}}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} + \frac{(\sqrt{-acden+a\sqrt{ce^2n}}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} \right)}{4ac(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + n)*((-2*a*c*(d - e*x))/(a + c*x^2) - ((Sqrt[-a]*c*d*e*n - a*Sqrt[c]*e^2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + ((Sqrt[-a]*c*d*e*n + a*Sqrt[c]*e^2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n))))/(4*a*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.373.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {593, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{593}$$

$$\frac{e \int \frac{n(d-ex)(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d-ex)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{2(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{en \int \frac{(d-ex)(d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{(d-ex)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{2(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{657}$$

$$\frac{en \int \left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ad + \frac{ae}{\sqrt{c}}})(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{cx}})} + \frac{(\sqrt{-ad - \frac{ae}{\sqrt{c}}})(d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{-a}})} \right) dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{(d - ex)(d + ex)^{n+1}}{2(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{en \left(\frac{(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + d)(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd+ae})(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c}(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae+\sqrt{cd}})} \right)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{(d - ex)(d + ex)^{n+1}}{2(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*n*((d + (Sqrt[-a]*e)/Sqrt[c])*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + ((Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d + a*e)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*a*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.373.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.373.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.373.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*x/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)`

3.373.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.373.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.373.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n x}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*x/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.373.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(d+ex)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

3.374 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.374.1 Optimal result	2909
3.374.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2910
3.374.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2910
3.374.4 Maple [F]	2912
3.374.5 Fracas [F]	2912
3.374.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2912
3.374.7 Maxima [F]	2913
3.374.8 Giac [F]	2913
3.374.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2913

3.374.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2+ae^2(1-n)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den)(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2+ae^2(1-n)-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den)(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

output

```
1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*
hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(c*d^2+
a*e^2*(1-n)-d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(-a)^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(e*(-
a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/4*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(
1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(c*d^2+a*e^2*(1-n)+d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2
))/(-a)^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))
```

3.374.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{2(ae+cdx)}{a+cx^2} + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2(-1+n)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}en) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+n,2+n,\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} + \frac{(-cd^2+ae^2(-1+n)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}en) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+n,2+n,\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}})(1+n)} \right)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{((d+ex)^{(1+n)}*((2*(ae+cd*x))/(a+cx^2) + ((c*d^2 - ae^2*(-1+n) + \sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*d*e*n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\sqrt{c}*(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e)])/(\sqrt{-a}*(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e)*(1+n)) + ((-c*d^2) + ae^2*(-1+n) + \sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*d*e*n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\sqrt{c}*(d+ex))/(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e)])/(\sqrt{-a}*(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e)*(1+n))))}{4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)}$$
3.374.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {496, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^n(cd^2-cenxd+ae^2(1-n))}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)(cx^2+a)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^n(cd^2-cenxd+ae^2(1-n))}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(\sqrt{-a}(cd^2+ae^2(1-n))+a\sqrt{cde}) (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}(cd^2+ae^2(1-n))-a\sqrt{cde}) (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx + \frac{2a(ae^2+cd^2)(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2(1-n)+cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} - \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde}+ae^2(1-n)+cd^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} = \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1}(ae+cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (((c*d^2 + a*e^2*(1 - n) + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2*(1 - n) - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.374.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^2)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x^2)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

3.374. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.374.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.374.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)`

3.374.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.374.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.374.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.374.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

$$3.375 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

3.375.1 Optimal result	2914
3.375.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2915
3.375.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2916
3.375.4 Maple [F]	2917
3.375.5 Fracas [F]	2918
3.375.6 Sympy [F]	2918
3.375.7 Maxima [F]	2918
3.375.8 Giac [F]	2919
3.375.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2919

3.375.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 489

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 &= \frac{c(d-ex)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2a^2(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})n(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2a^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}+ae)n(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4a^2(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)} \\
 &- \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{a^2d(1+n)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.375. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{2}c(-ex+d)(ex+d)^{(1+n)}/a/(ae^2+cd^2)/(cx^2+a)-(ex+d)^{(1+n)}\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+ex/d)/a^2/d/(1+n)+1/2*(ex+d)^{(1+n)}\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (ex+d)*c^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)}))*c^{(1/2)}/a^2/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})+1/2*(ex+d)^{(1+n)}\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (ex+d)*c^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)}))*c^{(1/2)}/a^2/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})+1/4*en*(ex+d)^{(1+n)}\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (ex+d)*c^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)}))*c^{(1/2)}*(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})/(-a)^{(3/2)}/(ae^2+cd^2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})-1/4*en*(ex+d)^{(1+n)}\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (ex+d)*c^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)}))*c^{(1/2)}*(ae+d*(-a)^{(1/2)})*c^{(1/2)}/a^2/(ae^2+cd^2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})$

3.375.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(\frac{2ac(d-ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} - \frac{4 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{d+ex}{d}\right)}{d+dn} + \frac{2\sqrt{c} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output $((d+ex)^{(1+n)}*((2*a*c*(d-ex))/((c*d^2+a*e^2)*(a+c*x^2)) - (4*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (d+ex)/d])/(d+d*n) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d+ex))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d-\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d-\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1+n)) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d+ex))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d+\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d+\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1+n)) + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*n*((\text{Sqrt}[-a]*c*d^2-2*a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e+(-a)^{(3/2)}*e^2)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d+ex))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d-\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)] + (-\text{Sqrt}[-a]*c*d^2-2*a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e+\text{Sqrt}[-a]*a*e^2)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+n, 2+n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d+ex))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d+\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])))/((c*d^2+a*e^2)^2*(1+n)))/(4*a^2)$

3.375.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{cx(d+ex)^n}{a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(d+ex)^n}{a^2x} - \frac{cx(d+ex)^n}{a(a+cx^2)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{cen}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd+ae})(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4a^2(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2a^2(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})} + \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{2a^2(n+1)(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{ex}{d}+1\right)}{a^2d(n+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{cen\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}+d\right)(d+ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{4(-a)^{3/2}(n+1)(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{c(d-ex)(d+ex)^{n+1}}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output $(c*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^{(1 + n)})/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)^{(1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(2*a^2*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (c*e*(d + (\text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)/\text{Sqrt}[c])*n*(d + e*x)^{(1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(4*(-a)^{(3/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n)) + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)^{(1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(2*a^2*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + a*e)*n*(d + e*x)^{(1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)])/(4*a^2*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n)) - ((d + e*x)^{(1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a^2*d*(1 + n))$

3.375.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 $\text{Int}[(e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

3.375.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{x(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input $\text{int}((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)$

output $\text{int}((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)$

3.375.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c^2*x^5 + 2*a*c*x^3 + a^2*x), x)`

3.375.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/x/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**n/(x*(a + c*x**2)**2), x)`

3.375.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)^2*x), x)`

3.375.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)^2*x), x)`

3.375.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^n/(x*(a + c*x^2)^2), x)`

3.376 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.376.1 Optimal result	2920
3.376.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2921
3.376.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2922
3.376.4 Maple [F]	2923
3.376.5 Fracas [F]	2924
3.376.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	2924
3.376.7 Maxima [F]	2924
3.376.8 Giac [F]	2925
3.376.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2925

3.376.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 513

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{c(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{1+n}}{2a^2(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$-\frac{c(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

$$-\frac{c(cd^2+ae^2(1-n)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den)(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

$$+\frac{c(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{2(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)}$$

$$+\frac{c(cd^2+ae^2(1-n)-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}den)(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{4(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)}$$

$$+\frac{e(d+ex)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{a^2d^2(1+n)}$$

output
$$-1/2*c*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+e*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*\text{hypergeom}([2, 1+n], [2+n], 1+e*x/d)/a^2/d^2/(1+n)-1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(-a)^(5/2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))+1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))/(-a)^(5/2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))+1/4*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(c*d^2+a*e^2*(1-n)-d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))-1/4*c*(e*x+d)^(1+n)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+n], [2+n], (e*x+d)*c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2)))*(c*d^2+a*e^2*(1-n)+d*e*n*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(1+n)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))$$

3.376.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{4}(d+ex)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{2c(ae+cdx)}{a^2(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{2c \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{(-a)^{5/2}(-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} + \frac{2c \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(1+n)} + \frac{ac \left(\frac{(cd^2-ae^2(-1+n)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}en) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2(-1+n)-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}en) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{(-a)^{7/2}(cd^2+ae^2)(1+n)} + \frac{4e \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{a^2d^2(1+n)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output $((d + ex)^{(1 + n)} * ((-2 * c * (a * e + c * d * x)) / (a^2 * (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * (a + c * x^2)) + (2 * c * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d - \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e)]) / ((-a)^{(5/2)} * (-\text{Sqrt}[c] * d) + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e) * (1 + n)) + (2 * c * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e)]) / ((-a)^{(5/2)} * (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e) * (1 + n)) + (a * c * ((c * d^2 - a * e^2 * (-1 + n) + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * d * e * n) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d - \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e)]) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d - \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e) - ((c * d^2 - a * e^2 * (-1 + n) - \text{Sqrt}[-a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * d * e * n) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (\text{Sqrt}[c] * (d + ex)) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e)]) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * d + \text{Sqrt}[-a] * e))) / ((-a)^{(7/2)} * (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * (1 + n)) + (4 * e * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e * x) / d]) / (a^2 * d^2 * (1 + n))) / 4$

3.376.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^n}{x^2 (a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 615

$$\int \left(-\frac{c(d + ex)^n}{a^2 (a + cx^2)} + \frac{(d + ex)^n}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{c(d + ex)^n}{a (a + cx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^{n+1} (ae + cdx)}{2a^2 (a + cx^2) (ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(d + ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)}{a^2 d^2 (n + 1)} -$$

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^{n+1} (\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{cd} en + ae^2 (1 - n) + cd^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{4(-a)^{5/2} (n + 1) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}) (ae^2 + cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^{n+1} (-\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{cd} en + ae^2 (1 - n) + cd^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{4(-a)^{5/2} (n + 1) (\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}) (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(d + ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2(-a)^{5/2} (n + 1) (\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae})} +$$

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-ae}} \right)}{2(-a)^{5/2} (n + 1) (\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd})}$$

3.376. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(c*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(a^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) - (c*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*(-a)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) - (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2*(1 - n) + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(4*(-a)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n)) + (c*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(2*(-a)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(1 + n)) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2*(1 - n) - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*n)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)]/(4*(-a)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + n)) + (e*(d + e*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (e*x)/d])/(a^2*d^2*(1 + n))`

3.376.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.376.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^n}{x^2(c x^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.376.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n/(c^2*x^6 + 2*a*c*x^4 + a^2*x^2), x)`

3.376.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**n/x**2/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.376.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)^2*x^2), x)`

3.376.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n/((c*x^2 + a)^2*x^2), x)`

3.376.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^n}{x^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^2),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^n/(x^2*(a + c*x^2)^2), x)`

3.377 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

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3.377.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 399

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{cd(2+m)(cd^2(12+7m+m^2)+2ae^2(20+m^2+9n+n^2+m(9+2n)))(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{e^4g(2+m+n)(3+m+n)(4+m+n)(5+m+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(cd^2(12+7m+m^2)+2ae^2(20+m^2+9n+n^2+m(9+2n)))(gx)^{2+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{e^3g^2(3+m+n)(4+m+n)(5+m+n)}$$

$$- \frac{c^2d(4+m)(gx)^{3+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{e^2g^3(4+m+n)(5+m+n)} + \frac{c^2(gx)^{4+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{eg^4(5+m+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2e^4(2+m+n)(3+m+n)(4+m+n)(5+m+n)+cd^2(1+m)(2+m)(cd^2(12+7m+m^2)+2ae^2(20+m^2+9n+n^2+m(9+2n))))(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n}{e^4g(1+m)(2+m+n)}$$

```
output -c*d*(2+m)*(c*d^2*(m^2+7*m+12)+2*a*e^2*(20+m^2+9*n+n^2+m*(9+2*n)))*(g*x)^(
1+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e^4/g/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/(4+m+n)/(5+m+n)+c*(c*d^2*(m^2+7*m
+12)+2*a*e^2*(20+m^2+9*n+n^2+m*(9+2*n)))*(g*x)^(2+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e^3/g^2
/(3+m+n)/(4+m+n)/(5+m+n)-c^2*d*(4+m)*(g*x)^(3+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e^2/g^3/(4+
m+n)/(5+m+n)+c^2*(g*x)^(4+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e/g^4/(5+m+n)+(a^2*e^4*(2+m+n)*
(3+m+n)*(4+m+n)*(5+m+n)+c*d^2*(1+m)*(2+m)*(c*d^2*(m^2+7*m+12)+2*a*e^2*(20+
m^2+9*n+n^2+m*(9+2*n))))*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*hypergeom([-n, 1+m], [2+m], -
e*x/d)/e^4/g/(1+m)/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/(4+m+n)/(5+m+n)/((1+e*x/d)^n)
```

3.377.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (d + ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \left(c^2 d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -4 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) - 4c^2 d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -3 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + 6c^2 d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + 2a c d^2 e^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) - 4c^2 d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) - 4a c d^2 e^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + c^2 d^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + 2a c d^2 e^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right) + a^2 e^4 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)\right)}{e^{4n} (1 + m) \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^n}$$

```
input Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

```
output (x*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(c^2*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -4 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] - 4*c^2*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -3 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] + 6*c^2*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] - 4*c^2*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] + c^2*d^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d] + a^2*e^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d])/ (e^4*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n)
```

3.377.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {521, 2125, 27, 521, 27, 90, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (gx)^m (d + ex)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{521}$$

$$\frac{\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (-c^2 d(m + 4)x^3 g^4 + 2ace(m + n + 5)x^2 g^4 + a^2 e(m + n + 5)g^4) dx}{\frac{eg^4(m + n + 5)}{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d + ex)^{n+1}} + \frac{eg^4(m + n + 5)}{eg^4(m + n + 5)}} +$$

$$\downarrow \text{2125}$$

$$\frac{\int g^7 (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (a^2(m+n+4)(m+n+5)e^2+c(c(m^2+7m+12)d^2+2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20)))x^2 dx}{eg^3(m+n+4)} - \frac{c^2 dg(m+4)(gx)^{m+3}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{e(m+n+4)}$$

$$\frac{eg^4(m+n+5)}{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}} \\ \frac{eg^4(m+n+5)}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{g^4 \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (a^2(m+n+4)(m+n+5)e^2+c(c(m^2+7m+12)d^2+2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20)))x^2 dx}{e(m+n+4)} - \frac{c^2 dg(m+4)(gx)^{m+3}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{e(m+n+4)}$$

$$\frac{eg^4(m+n+5)}{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}} \\ \frac{eg^4(m+n+5)}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 521

$$g^4 \left(\frac{\int g^2 (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (a^2 e^3 (m+n+3)(m+n+4)(m+n+5) - cd(m+2)(c(m^2+7m+12)d^2+2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20)))x dx}{eg^2(m+n+3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2}(d+ex)^{n+1}(2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20))}{e(m+n+4)} \right)$$

$e(m+n+4)$

$$eg^4(m+n+5)$$

$$\frac{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 27

$$g^4 \left(\frac{\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (a^2 e^3 (m+n+3)(m+n+4)(m+n+5) - cd(m+2)(c(m^2+7m+12)d^2+2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20)))x dx}{e(m+n+3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2}(d+ex)^{n+1}(2ae^2(m^2+(2n+9)m+n^2+9n+20))}{e(m+n+4)} \right)$$

$e(m+n+4)$

$$eg^4(m+n+5)$$

$$\frac{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 90

$$g^4 \left(\frac{\left(a^2 e^4 (m+n+3)(m+n+4)(m+n+5) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)(2ae^2(m^2+m(2n+9)+n^2+9n+20)+cd^2(m^2+7m+12))}{m+n+2} \right) \int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n dx}{e} - \frac{cd(m+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n}{e(m+n+3)} \right)$$

$e(m+n+4)$

$$\frac{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 76

3.377. $\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^n (a+cx)^2 dx$

$$g^4 \left(\frac{(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \left(a^2 e^4 (m+n+3)(m+n+4)(m+n+5) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)(2ae^2(m^2+m(2n+9)+n^2+9n+20)+cd^2(m^2+7m+12))}{m+n+2} \right)}{e^{m+n+3}} \right) f(gx)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^n dx$$

$$\frac{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

↓ 74

$$g^4 \left(\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \left(a^2 e^4 (m+n+3)(m+n+4)(m+n+5) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)(2ae^2(m^2+m(2n+9)+n^2+9n+20)+cd^2(m^2+7m+12))}{m+n+2} \right)}{e^{m+n+3}} \right) \text{Hypergeometric}$$

$$\frac{c^2(gx)^{m+4}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg^4(m+n+5)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(c^2*(g*x)^(4 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g^4*(5 + m + n)) + (-((c^2*d*g*(4 + m)*(g*x)^(3 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*(4 + m + n))) + (g^4*((c*(c*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + 2*a*e^2*(20 + m^2 + 9*n + n^2 + m*(9 + 2*n)))*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g^2*(3 + m + n)) + (-((c*d*(2 + m)*(c*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + 2*a*e^2*(20 + m^2 + 9*n + n^2 + m*(9 + 2*n)))*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g*(2 + m + n))) + ((a^2*e^4*(3 + m + n)*(4 + m + n)*(5 + m + n) + (c*d^2*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(c*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + 2*a*e^2*(20 + m^2 + 9*n + n^2 + m*(9 + 2*n)))))/(2 + m + n))*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d)]/(e*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n))/(e*(3 + m + n)))/(e*(4 + m + n)))/(e*g^4*(5 + m + n))`

3.377.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 74 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m+1)/(b*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`
- rule 76 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n+1)*((e + f*x)^(p+1)/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)))/(d*f*(n+p+2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n+p+2, 0]`
- rule 521 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p*(e*x)^(m+2*p)*((c + d*x)^(n+1)/(d*e^(2*p)*(m+n+2*p+1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*e^(2*p)*(m+n+2*p+1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[d*(m+n+2*p+1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p - b^p*(e*x)^(2*p)) - b^p*(e*c)*(m+2*p)*(e*x)^(2*p-1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m+n+2*p+1, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 2125 `Int[(P_x)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[P_x, x], k = Coeff[P_x, x, Expon[P_x, x]]}, Simp[k*(a + b*x)^(m+q)*((c + d*x)^(n+1)/(d*b^q*(m+n+q+1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*b^q*(m+n+q+1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[d*b^q*(m+n+q+1)*P_x - d*k*(m+n+q+1)*(a + b*x)^q - k*(b*c - a*d)*(m+q)*(a + b*x)^(q-1), x], x], x] /; NeQ[m+n+q+1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && PolyQ[P_x, x]`

3.377.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^n (cx^2 + a)^2 dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

3.377.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^2 (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2)*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.377.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 d^n g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma(m+1) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -n, m+1 \\ m+2 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(m+2)} \\ + \frac{2acd^n g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma(m+3) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -n, m+3 \\ m+4 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(m+4)} \\ + \frac{c^2 d^n g^m x^{m+5} \Gamma(m+5) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -n, m+5 \\ m+6 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{exe^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(m+6)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**n*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `a**2*d**n*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)*hyper((-n, m + 1), (m + 2,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(m + 2) + 2*a*c*d**n*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m + 3)*hyper((-n, m + 3), (m + 4,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(m + 4) + c**2*d**n*g**m*x**(m + 5)*gamma(m + 5)*hyper((-n, m + 5), (m + 6,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(m + 6)`

3.377.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^2 (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^2*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.377.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^2 (ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^2*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.377.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^2 (d + ex)^n dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^n,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^n, x)`

3.377. $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

3.378 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx$

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3.378.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = -\frac{cd(2+m)(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{e^2g(2+m+n)(3+m+n)} + \frac{c(gx)^{2+m}(d+ex)^{1+n}}{eg^2(3+m+n)} + \frac{(cd^2(1+m)(2+m) + ae^2(2+m+n)(3+m+n))(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}}{e^2g(1+m)(2+m+n)(3+m+n)}$$

output

```
-c*d*(2+m)*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e^2/g/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)+c*(g*x)^(2+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+n)/e/g^2/(3+m+n)+(c*d^2*(1+m)*(2+m)+a*e^2*(2+m+n)*(3+m+n))*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*hypergeom([-n, 1+m], [2+m], -e*x/d)/e^2/g/(1+m)/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/((1+e*x/d)^n)
```

3.378.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (d + ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} (cd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1+m, -2-n, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}) - 2cd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1+m, -2-n, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}))}{e^2(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output $(x*(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(c*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d)] - 2*c*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d)] + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d)])/(e^2*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n)$

3.378.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {521, 27, 90, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^2) (gx)^m (d + ex)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 521 \\
 & \frac{\int g^2 (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (ae(m + n + 3) - cd(m + 2)x) dx}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2} (d + ex)^{n+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (ae(m + n + 3) - cd(m + 2)x) dx}{e(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2} (d + ex)^{n+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{\left(ae(m + n + 3) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)}{e(m+n+2)} \right) \int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n dx - \frac{cd(m+2)(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg(m+n+2)}}{\frac{e(m + n + 3)}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2} (d + ex)^{n+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 76 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^{-n} \left(ae(m + n + 3) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)}{e(m+n+2)} \right) \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1 \right)^n dx - \frac{cd(m+2)(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg(m+n+2)}}{\frac{e(m + n + 3)}{eg^2(m + n + 3)} + \frac{c(gx)^{m+2} (d + ex)^{n+1}}{eg^2(m + n + 3)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 74
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \left(ae(m+n+3) + \frac{cd^2(m+1)(m+2)}{e(m+n+2)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(m+1, -n, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{g(m+1)} - \frac{cd(m+2)(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^{n+1}}{eg(m+n+2)} + \frac{e(m+n+3)}{c(gx)^{m+2}(d+ex)^{n+1}} - \frac{eg^2(m+n+3)}{eg^2(m+n+3)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n*(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `(c*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g^2*(3 + m + n)) + (-((c*d*(2 + m)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g*(2 + m + n))) + (((c*d^2*(1 + m)*(2 + m))/(e*(2 + m + n)) + a*e*(3 + m + n))*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -(e*x)/d]))/(g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n)/(e*(3 + m + n))`

3.378.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)]) && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)]) && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

```
rule 521 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._),
x_Symbol] := Simp[b^p*(e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*e^(2*p)*(m + n
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(c +
d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[d*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p - b^p*(e*x)^(
2*p)) - b^p*(e*c)*(m + 2*p)*(e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !I
ntegerQ[n]
```

3.378.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^n (cx^2 + a) dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a), x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a), x)
```

3.378.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + a)(ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)
```

3.378.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{ad^n g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma(m+1) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -n, m+1 \\ m+2 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ex e^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(m+2)} \\ + \frac{cd^n g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma(m+3) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -n, m+3 \\ m+4 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ex e^{i\pi}}{d}\right)}{\Gamma(m+4)}$$

3.378. $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**n*(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `a*d**n*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)*hyper((-n, m + 1), (m + 2,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(m + 2) + c*d**n*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m + 3)*hyper((-n, m + 3), (m + 4,), e*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/d)/gamma(m + 4)`

3.378.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + a)(ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.378.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + a)(ex + d)^n (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.378.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^n (a + cx^2) dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a) (d + ex)^n dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^n,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^n, x)`

3.379 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$

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 3.379.2 Mathematica [F] 2938
 3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2939
 3.379.4 Maple [F] 2940
 3.379.5 Fricas [F] 2940
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 3.379.7 Maxima [F] 2941
 3.379.8 Giac [F] 2941
 3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2941

3.379.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2ag(1+m)} + \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2ag(1+m)}$$

output `1/2*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,-n,1,2+m,-e*x/d,-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/a/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)+1/2*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,1,-n,2+m,x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x/d)/a/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)`

3.379.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 615

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{2a(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{cx})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2ag(m+1)} + \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2ag(m+1)}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 1, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), -((Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a])])/(2*a*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n) + ((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 1, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a]])/(2*a*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n)`

3.379.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.379.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (ex + d)^n}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x)`

3.379.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n (gx)^m}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.379.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{a + cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.379.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n (gx)^m}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.379.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^n (gx)^m}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.380 $\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

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 3.380.8 Giac [F] 2945
 3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2946

3.380.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(1+m)} + \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(1+m)} + \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 2, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(1+m)} + \frac{(gx)^{1+m}(d+ex)^n \left(1 + \frac{ex}{d}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 2, 2+m, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/4*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,-n,1,2+m,-e*x/d,-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/a^2/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)+1/4*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,1,-n,2+m,x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x/d)/a^2/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)+1/4*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,-n,2,2+m,-e*x/d,-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/a^2/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)+1/4*(g*x)^(1+m)*(e*x+d)^n*AppellF1(1+m,2,-n,2+m,x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2),-e*x/d)/a^2/g/(1+m)/((1+e*x/d)^n)
```

3.380.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x]`

3.380.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\ & \int \left(-\frac{c(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{2a(-ac-c^2x^2)} - \frac{c(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{4a(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}-cx)^2} - \frac{c(gx)^m(d+ex)^n}{4a(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}+cx)^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 2, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, -\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{(gx)^{m+1}(d+ex)^n \left(\frac{ex}{d} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 2, m+2, -\frac{ex}{d}, \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4a^2g(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

```
output ((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 1, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), -((Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a])]/(4*a^2*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n) + ((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 1, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a]])/(4*a^2*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n) + ((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 2, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), -((Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a])]/(4*a^2*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n) + ((g*x)^(1 + m)*(d + e*x)^n*AppellF1[1 + m, -n, 2, 2 + m, -((e*x)/d), (Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[-a]])/(4*a^2*g*(1 + m)*(1 + (e*x)/d)^n)
```

3.380.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 615 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.380.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (ex + d)^n}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

3.380.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n (gx)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2 + a^2), x)
```

3.380.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**n/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.380.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n (gx)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`**3.380.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d + ex)^n}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^n (gx)^m}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^n/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^n*(g*x)^m/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (d+ex)^n}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `int(((g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^n)/(a + c*x^2)^2, x)`

3.381 $\int x^5(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.381.1 Optimal result	2947
3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2947
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3.381.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int x^5(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^2d(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^3(1 + p)} - \frac{ad(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^3(3 + p)} + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)-a*d*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)+1/7*e*x^7*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([7/2, -p], [9/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^5(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{14}(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{7d(a + bx^2)(2a^2 - 2ab(1 + p)x^2 + b^2(2 + 3p + p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)} + 2ex^7 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*((7*d*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (2*e*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/14$

3.381.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^5(bx^2 + a)^p dx + e \int x^6(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx^2 + e \int x^6(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + e \int x^6(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x^6 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p+1)} - \frac{2a(a+bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p+2)} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p+3)} \right) + \\ & \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*((a^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p)) - (2*a*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (a + b*x^2)^(3 + p)/(b^3*(3 + p)))/2 + (e*x^7*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(7*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.381.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 542 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)
  ]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.381.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d) (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^5*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.381.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5 (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (bx^2 + a)^p x^5 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x^6 + d*x^5)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.381.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 921 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 12.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 950, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p e x^7 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{7} + d \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^6}{6} \\ \frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{3a^2}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \\ -\frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{x^4}{4b} \\ \frac{2a^3(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} - \frac{2a^2 b p x^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p^2 x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*e*x**7*hyper((7/2, -p), (9/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/7 + d*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) + b**2*x**4/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) + a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + x**4/(4*b), Eq(p, -1)), (2*a**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + b**3*p**2*x**6*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3), Eq(p, 0)))
```

3.381.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^6, x) + 1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^3*x^6 + (p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*b*p*x^2 + 2*a^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*d/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*b^3)`

3.381.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

3.381.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.382 $\int x^4(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.382.1 Optimal result	2953
3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2953
3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2954
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3.382.5 Fracas [F]	2956
3.382.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2956
3.382.7 Maxima [F]	2958
3.382.8 Giac [F]	2958
3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2958

3.382.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^2e(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^3(1 + p)} - \frac{ae(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^3(3 + p)} + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)-a*e*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)+1/5*d*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^4(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{10}(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{5e(a + bx^2) (2a^2 - 2ab(1 + p)x^2 + b^2(2 + 3p + p^2) x^4)}{b^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)} + 2dx^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*((5*e*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (2*d*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/10$

3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx + e \int x^5(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + d \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{a^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p+1)} - \frac{2a(a+bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p+2)} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p+3)} \right) + \\ & \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*((a^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p)) - (2*a*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (a + b*x^2)^(3 + p)/(b^3*(3 + p)))/2 + (d*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.382.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 542 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
  Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)
  ]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.382.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.382.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^4(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x^4 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x^5 + d*x^4)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.382.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 921 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 8.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 950, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p dx^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{5}$$

$$+ e \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^6}{6} \\ \frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{3a^2}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \\ - \frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{x^4}{4b} \\ \frac{2a^3(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} - \frac{2a^2 b p x^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p^2 x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \dots \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*d*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + e*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) + b**2*x**4/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) + a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + x**4/(4*b), Eq(p, -1)), (2*a**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + b**3*p**2*x**6*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3), Eq(p, 0)))
```

3.382.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.382.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.383 $\int x^3(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx$

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3.383.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int x^3(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{ad(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1 + p)} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2(2 + p)} + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

```
output -1/2*a*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)+1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)+1/5*e*x
^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.383.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{10}(a + bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{5d(a + bx^2)(a - b(1 + p)x^2)}{b^2(1 + p)(2 + p)} + 2ex^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output ((a + b*x^2)^p*((-5*d*(a + b*x^2)*(a - b*(1 + p)*x^2))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (2*e*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/10
```

3.383.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p dx + e \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p dx^2 + e \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + e \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + e(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(d*(-((a*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/(b^2*(1 + p)))) + (a + b*x^2)^{(2 + p)}/(b^2*(2 + p)))/2 + (e*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/((5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.383.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, x} && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x)^m*((a) + (b)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c*(x))^m*((a) + (b)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{m+1}/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c*(x))^m*((a) + (b)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 542 $\text{Int}[(x)^m*((c) + (d)*(x))*((a) + (b)*(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[x^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ SumQ[u]

3.383.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.383.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^3(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x^4 + d*x^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.383.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int x^3(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p ex^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{5} + d \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + d*Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))`

3.383.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x) + 1/2*(b^2*(p + 1)*x^4 + a*b*p*x^2 - a^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*d/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2)`

3.383.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3, x)`

3.383.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.384 $\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.384.1 Optimal result	2965
3.384.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2965
3.384.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2966
3.384.4 Maple [F]	2968
3.384.5 Fricas [F]	2968
3.384.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2968
3.384.7 Maxima [F]	2969
3.384.8 Giac [F]	2969
3.384.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2970

3.384.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{ae(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1+p)} + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2(2+p)} + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output $-1/2*a*e*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}/b^2/(p+1)+1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^{(2+p)}/b^2/(2+p)+1/3*d*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*\text{hypergeom}([3/2, -p], [5/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)$

3.384.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{6}(a + bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{3e(a + bx^2)(a - b(1+p)x^2)}{b^2(1+p)(2+p)} + 2dx^3\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)\right)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]$

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*((-3*e*(a + b*x^2)*(a - b*(1 + p)*x^2))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (2*d*x^3*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/6$

3.384.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {542, 243, 53, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p dx + e \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & d \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + \\
 & \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(e^{-((a+(b*x^2)^{(1+p)})/(b^2*(1+p))) + (a+b*x^2)^{(2+p)}/(b^2*(2+p))})/2 + (d*x^3*(a+b*x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, -(b*x^2/a)])/(3*(1+(b*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.384.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, x} && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x + a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} * (a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * ((c*x)^{m+1} / (c*(m+1))) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m * (a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 542 $\text{Int}[(x + a + b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[x^m * (a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \text{Int}[x^{m+1} * (a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ SumQ[u]

3.384.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.384.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x^3 + d*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.384.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p dx^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3} + e \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + e*Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))`

3.384.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

3.384.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

3.384.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.385 $\int x(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.385.1 Optimal result	2971
3.385.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2971
3.385.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2972
3.385.4 Maple [F]	2973
3.385.5 Fracas [F]	2973
3.385.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2974
3.385.7 Maxima [F]	2974
3.385.8 Giac [F]	2975
3.385.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2975

3.385.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1 + p)} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

```
output 1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+1/3*e*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.385.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{6}(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{3d(a + bx^2)}{b(1 + p)} + 2ex^3 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output ((a + b*x^2)^p*((3*d*(a + b*x^2))/(b*(1 + p)) + (2*e*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/6
```

3.385.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {542, 241, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int x(bx^2 + a)^p dx + e \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & e \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(1 + p)) + (e*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometri
c2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.385.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.385.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.385.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d*x)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.385.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p e x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \mid \frac{5}{2}\right)}{3} + d \left(\begin{array}{ll} \left\{ \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right. & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \left\{ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right. & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \left\{ \frac{\log(a+bx^2)}{2b} \right. & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \text{ otherwise}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `a**p*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + d*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1))/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True))`**3.385.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e*integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(p + 1)*d/(b*(p + 1))`

3.385.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x, x)`

3.385.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d + ex) dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.386 $\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.386.1 Optimal result	2976
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3.386.7 Maxima [F]	2979
3.386.8 Giac [F]	2979
3.386.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2979

3.386.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1 + p)} + dx(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

```
output 1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+d*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.386.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(bex^2 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p + ae \left(-1 + \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p \right) + 2bd(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)}{2b(1 + p)}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output ((a + b*x^2)^p*(b*e*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + a*e*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + 2*b*d*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(2*b*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)
```

3.386.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & d \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 237 \\
 & dx(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(1 + p)) + (d*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p`

3.386.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`


```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.386.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.386.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.386.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p dx {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right) + e \left(\left(\frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right. \right. \left. \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \text{ for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(a + bx^2)}{2b} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + e*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1))/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True))`

3.386.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.386.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d) (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.386.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{e (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} + \frac{dx (bx^2 + a)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x),x)`

output `(e*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*b*(p + 1)) + (d*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^p`

3.387 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$

3.387.1 Optimal result 2980
 3.387.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 2980
 3.387.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 2981
 3.387.4 Maple [F] 2983
 3.387.5 Fracas [F] 2983
 3.387.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) 2983
 3.387.7 Maxima [F] 2984
 3.387.8 Giac [F] 2984
 3.387.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 2984

3.387.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

```
output e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/(p+1)
```

3.387.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p - (d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a*(1 + p))`

3.387.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {542, 238, 237, 243, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx + e \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx + e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx + ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2a(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p - (d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a*(1 + p))`

3.387.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.387.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

3.387.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.387.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x} dx = a^p e x {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) - \frac{b^p d x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{-p, -p}{1-p} \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p/x,x)`

output `a**p*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) - b**p*d*x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.387.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.387.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.387.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x, x)`

3.388 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

3.388.1 Optimal result	2985
3.388.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2985
3.388.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2986
3.388.4 Maple [F]	2988
3.388.5 Fracas [F]	2988
3.388.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2988
3.388.7 Maxima [F]	2989
3.388.8 Giac [F]	2989
3.388.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2989

3.388.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

output `-d*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*x^2/a)/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/(p+1)`

3.388.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output $-\left(\frac{d(a + bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(bx^2)/a]}{x(1 + (bx^2)/a)^p}\right) - \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + (bx^2)/a]}{2a(1+p)}$

3.388.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx + e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx - \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2a(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^2} dx - e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2a(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)} \frac{x}{2a(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2, x]`

output `-((d*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a*(1 + p))`

3.388.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.388.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)`

3.388.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.388.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^p d {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{x} - \frac{b^p e x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**2,x)`

output `-a**p*d*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x - b**p*e*x**
(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.388.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.388.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.388.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^2, x)`

3.389 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

3.389.1 Optimal result	2990
3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2990
3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2991
3.389.4 Maple [F]	2993
3.389.5 Fracas [F]	2993
3.389.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2993
3.389.7 Maxima [F]	2994
3.389.8 Giac [F]	2994
3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2994

3.389.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{e(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} + \frac{bd(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a^2(1+p)}$$

output

```
-e*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*x^2/a)/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*b*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a^2/(p+1)
```

3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2}(a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{2e\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} + \frac{bd(a+bx^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+p)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((-2*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (b*d*(a + b*x^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a^2*(1 + p)))/2`

3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx + e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^4} dx^2 + e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx + \frac{bd(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & \frac{e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^2} dx +}{2a^2(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bd(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2a^2(p + 1)} - \frac{e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `-((e*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + (b*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a^2*(1 + p))`

3.389.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 542 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.389.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)`

3.389.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.389.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^p e_2 F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{x} - \frac{b^p dx^{2p-2} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-a**p*e*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x - b**p*d*x**
(2*p - 2)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x
**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p))`

3.389.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.389.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)(bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x))/x^3, x)`

3.390 $\int x^5(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.390.1 Optimal result	2995
3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2996
3.390.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2996
3.390.4 Maple [F]	2999
3.390.5 Fracas [F]	2999
3.390.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2999
3.390.7 Maxima [F]	3000
3.390.8 Giac [F]	3001
3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3001

3.390.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int x^5(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^2(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^4(1 + p)} - \frac{a(2bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^4(2 + p)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^4(3 + p)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{4+p}}{2b^4(4 + p)} + \frac{2}{7}dex^7(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

```
output 1/2*a^2*(-a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^4/(p+1)-1/2*a*(-3*a*e^2+2*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^4/(2+p)+1/2*(-3*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^4/(3+p)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(4+p)/b^4/(4+p)+2/7*d*e*x^7*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([7/2, -p], [9/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{14}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{7d^2(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{7e^2(a+bx^2)(-6a^3+6a^2b(1+p)x^2-3ab^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4+b^3(6+11p+6p^2+p^3)x^6)}{b^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

$$\left. + 4dex^7 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((7*d^2*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (7*e^2*(a + b*x^2)*(-6*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*x^2 - 3*a*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4 + b^3*(6 + 11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)*x^6))/(b^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)) + (4*d*e*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/14`**3.390.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^6(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^6(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 279 \\
& \int x^5 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^6 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& \int x^5 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + \\
& \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\
& \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \left(-\frac{a^2 (ae^2 - bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{a(3ae^2 - 2bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^{p+3}}{b^3} \right. \\
& \left. \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right) dx \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a^2 (bd^2 - ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^4 (p+1)} - \frac{a(2bd^2 - 3ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^4 (p+2)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^4 (p+3)} + \frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+4}}{b^4 (p+4)} \right) \\
& \left. \frac{2}{7} dex^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right) dx
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((a^2*(b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^4*(1 + p)) - (a*(2*b*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^4*(2 + p)) + ((b*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^4*(3 + p)) + (e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(4 + p))/(b^4*(4 + p)))/2 + (2*d*e*x^7*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(7*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.390.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.390.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.390.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5 (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^7 + 2*d*e*x^6 + d^2*x^5)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.390.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 923 vs. $2(163) = 326$.

Time = 17.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2883, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.34

$$\int x^5 (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

```

output 2***p*d*e*x**7*hyper((7/2, -p), (9/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/7 + d**
2*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b
**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b
**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 +
4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2
+ 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x
**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4
) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5
x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b
**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**
2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**
3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2)
- 2*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) + b**2*x**4/(2*
a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) + a
**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + x**4/(4*b), Eq(p, -1))
, (2*a**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**
3) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3
*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p
**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 1
2*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + b**3*p**2*x**6*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*...

```

3.390.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

```

input integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")

```

```

output 1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^3*x^6 + (p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*b*p*x^2 + 2*a^3
)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*d^2/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*b^3) + integrate((e^2*x^7 +
2*d*e*x^6)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)

```

3.390.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.391 $\int x^4(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.391.1 Optimal result	3002
3.391.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3003
3.391.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3003
3.391.4 Maple [F]	3006
3.391.5 Fracas [F]	3006
3.391.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3006
3.391.7 Maxima [F]	3008
3.391.8 Giac [F]	3008
3.391.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3008

3.391.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int x^4(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 de(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{e^2 x^5(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(7 + 2p)} - \frac{2ade(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{de(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{b^3(3 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{(5ae^2 - bd^2(7 + 2p)) x^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{5b(7 + 2p)}$$

```
output a^2*d*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)+e^2*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(7+2*p)-2*a*d*
e*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+d*e*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)-1/5*(5*a*e^2-b*d
^2*(7+2*p))*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p],[7/2],-b*x^2/a)/b/(7+2*p)/
((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.391.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{35}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{35de(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right.$$

$$\left. + 7d^2x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + 5e^2x^7 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((35*d*e*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (7*d^2*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (5*e^2*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/35`**3.391.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^5(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^5(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{243}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + de \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{a^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{a^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \left(d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{e^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{a^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{e^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& de \int \left(\frac{a^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& de \left(\frac{a^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p + 1)} - \frac{2a (a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p + 2)} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p + 3)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} x^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(e^{2x^5}(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)})/(b(7 + 2p)) + d * e * ((a^2(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)})/(b^3(1+p)) - (2a(a + bx^2)^{(2+p)})/(b^3(2+p)) + (a + bx^2)^{(3+p)})/(b^3(3+p)) + ((d^2 - (5ae^2)/(7b + 2bp)) * x^5(a + bx^2)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(bx^2/a)])/(5(1 + (bx^2/a))^p)$

3.391.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 53 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + bx)^m * (c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} * (a + bx)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * ((cx)^{(m+1)})/(c(m+1)) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((a + bx^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(cx)^m * (1 + b(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 363 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)]^{(p_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d * (ex)^{(m+1)} * ((a + bx^2)^{(p+1}) / (b * e * (m + 2p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a * d * (m + 1) - b * c * (m + 2p + 3)) / (b * (m + 2p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(ex)^m * (a + bx^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2p + 3, 0]$

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.391.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.391.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^4 (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p x^4 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^2*x^6 + 2*d*e*x^5 + d^2*x^4)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.391.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 925 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 16.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p d^2 x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{5} + \frac{a^p e^2 x^7 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{7}$$

$$+ 2de \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^6}{6} \\ \frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{3a^2}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{4a^2 b^3 + 8ab^4 x^2 + 4b^5 x^4} \\ - \frac{2a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a^2}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} - \frac{2abx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{2ab^3 + 2b^4 x^2} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{x^4}{4b} \\ \frac{2a^3(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} - \frac{2a^2 b p x^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p^2 x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \frac{ab^2 p x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^3 p^3 + 12b^3 p^2 + 22b^3 p + 12b^3} + \dots \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*d**2*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + a**p
*e**2*x**7*hyper((7/2, -p), (9/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/7 + 2*d*e*Pi
ecwise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3
+ 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 +
8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b
**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4
*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2
+ 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) +
2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4
) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5
x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) -
2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**3 +
2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2
*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) + b**2*x**4/(2*a*b
**3 + 2*b**4*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) + a**2*1
og(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + x**4/(4*b), Eq(p, -1)), (2
*a**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) -
2*a**2*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p +
12*b**3) + a*b**2*p**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 +
22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12...
```

3.391.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.391.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.391.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.392 $\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.392.1 Optimal result	3009
3.392.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3009
3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3010
3.392.4 Maple [F]	3012
3.392.5 Fracas [F]	3012
3.392.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3013
3.392.7 Maxima [F]	3014
3.392.8 Giac [F]	3014
3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3014

3.392.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{a(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 2ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^3(3 + p)} + \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

output

```
-1/2*a*(-a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)+1/2*(-2*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)+2/5*d*e*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.392.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{10}(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{5d^2(a + bx^2)(-a + b(1 + p)x^2)}{b^2(1 + p)(2 + p)} + \frac{5e^2(a + bx^2)(2a^2 - 2ab(1 + p)x^2 + b^2(2 + 3p + p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)} + 4dex^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*((5*d^2*(a + b*x^2)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*x^2))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (5*e^2*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (4*d*e*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/10$

3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(d + ex)^2(a + bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int x^3(bx^2 + a)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int x^3(bx^2 + a)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^4(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\ & \int x^3(bx^2 + a)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\ & \int x^3(bx^2 + a)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p(d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{5}dex^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 86 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{a(ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(bd^2 - 2ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \\ & \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{a(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p+1)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 2ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p+2)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p+3)} \right) + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{5} dex^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(-((a*(b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p))) + ((b*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^3*(3 + p)))/2 + (2*d*e*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.392.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.392.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.392.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e2*x + 2*d*e*x + d2)*x3*(b*x2 + a)p, x)`

3.392.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 9.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1294, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.68

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `2*a**p*d*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + d**2*Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True)) + e**2*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**...`

3.392.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b^2*(p+1)*x^4+a*b*p*x^2-a^2)*(b*x^2+a)^p*d^2/((p^2+3*p+2)*b^2)+integrate((e^2*x^5+2*d*e*x^4)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.392.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p*x^3,x)`

3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^2)^p*(d+e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*x^2)^p*(d+e*x)^2,x)`

3.393 $\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.393.1 Optimal result	3015
3.393.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3016
3.393.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3016
3.393.4 Maple [F]	3019
3.393.5 Fracas [F]	3019
3.393.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3019
3.393.7 Maxima [F]	3020
3.393.8 Giac [F]	3021
3.393.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3021

3.393.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{ade(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b^2(1 + p)} + \frac{e^2x^3(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 2p)} + \frac{de(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{b^2(2 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{(3ae^2 - bd^2(5 + 2p)) x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{3b(5 + 2p)}$$

```
output -a*d*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)+e^2*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(5+2*p)+d*e*(b*
x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)-1/3*(3*a*e^2-b*d^2*(5+2*p))*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*hyperge
om([3/2, -p], [5/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/(5+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.393.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{15}(a+bx^2)^p \left(5d^2x^3 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{3e \left(-\frac{5d(a+bx^2)(a-b(1+p)x^2)}{b^2} + e(2+3p+p^2)x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)}{(1+p)(2+p)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((5*d^2*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (3*e*((-5*d*(a + b*x^2)*(a - b*(1 + p)*x^2))/b^2 + (e*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/((1 + p)*(2 + p)))/15`**3.393.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^3(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d^2+e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + de \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 53 \\
& \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx + de \int \left(\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 363 \\
& \left(d^2 - \frac{3ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + de \int \left(\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \downarrow 279 \\
& (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{3ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \\
& de \int \left(\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + \frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& de \int \left(\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{3ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& de \left(\frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2(p + 2)} - \frac{a(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2(p + 1)} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{3ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`


```
output (e^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(5 + 2*p)) + d*e*(-((a*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)))/(b^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*x^2)^(2 + p)/(b^2*(2 + p)) + ((d^2 - (3*a*e^2)/(5*b + 2*b*p))*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)
```

3.393.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^(m - 1)/2*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 278 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 279 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 363 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3)), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.393.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.393.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.393.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 8.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3} + \frac{a^p e^2 x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{5}$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + a**p*e**2*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + 2*d*e*Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))`

3.393.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

3.393.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

3.393.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.394 $\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.394.1 Optimal result	3022
3.394.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3022
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3.394.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int x(d+ex)^2 (a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(bd^2 - ae^2)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1+p)} + \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2(2+p)} + \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output `1/2*(-a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)+2/3*d*e*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)`

3.394.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3b^2x^2 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p (d^2(2 + p) + e^2(1 + p)x^2) - 3a^2e^2 \left(-1 + \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p\right) + 3ab(e^2x^2 + d^2)\right)}{6b^2(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a})^{p+1}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*(3*b^2*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(d^2*(2 + p) + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2) - 3*a^2*e^2*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + 3*a*b*(e^2*p*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + d^2*(2 + p)*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + 4*b^2*d*e*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])) / (6*b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.394.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 353, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \int 2dex^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + 2de \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\ & \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\ & \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2) dx^2 + \\ & \quad \frac{2}{3}dex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \left(\frac{(bd^2 - ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} + \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) dx^2 +$$

$$\frac{2}{3} dex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2}{3} dex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p)) + (e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^2*(2 + p))/2 + (2*d*e*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.394.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 353 Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[
  {a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
  {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
  n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.394.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.394.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p x dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```


3.394.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^p d e x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3} + d^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \frac{\log(a+bx^2)}{2b} \end{array} \right. \text{for } b=0 \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \end{array} \right. \text{for } b=0 \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } p = -2 \\ \text{for } p = -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

```
output 2*a**p*d*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + d**
2*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p
+ 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True)) + e**2*Piecewise(
(a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) +
a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**
2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x +
sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/
(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2
*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**
2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b
**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6
*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))
```

3.394.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(p + 1)*d^2/(b*(p + 1)) + integrate((e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.394.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x, x)`

3.394.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.395 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

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3.395.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{de(2+p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(1+p)(3+2p)} + \frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3+2p)} - \frac{(ae^2 - bd^2(3+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{b(3+2p)}$$

```
output d*e*(2+p)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+e*(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(3+2
*p)-(a*e^2-b*d^2*(3+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a
)/b/(3+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.395.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3bd^2(1+p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + e\left(3d\left(bx^2\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p + a\left(\right)\right)\right)}{3b(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*(3*b*d^2*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] + e*(3*d*(b*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + a*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + b*e*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])))/(3*b*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.395.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int -((-b(2p+3)d^2 - 2be(p+2)xd + ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^p) dx}{b(2p+3)} + \frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{\int (-b(2p+3)d^2 - 2be(p+2)xd + ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(ae^2 - bd^2(2p+3)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx - \frac{de(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & \frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2 - bd^2(2p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx - \frac{de(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 237
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2 - bd^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{de(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p)) - (-((d*e*(2 + p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)) + ((a*e^2 - b*d^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(b*(3 + 2*p))`

3.395.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

3.395.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.395.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.395.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p d^2 x {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right) + \frac{a^p e^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left(\begin{matrix} \frac{3}{2}, -p \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{3}$$

$$+ 2de \left(\begin{matrix} \left(\frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right) & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \left(\frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right) & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \left(\frac{\log(a + bx^2)}{2b} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p*e**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + 2*d*e*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True)))/(2*b), True))`

3.395.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.395.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.395.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.396 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$

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 3.396.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3033
 3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3034
 3.396.4 Maple [F] 3036
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 3.396.7 Maxima [F] 3038
 3.396.8 Giac [F] 3038
 3.396.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3038

3.396.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1+p)} + 2dex(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

```
output 1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+2*d*e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/(p+1)
```

3.396.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}(a+bx^2)^p \left(4dex \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \frac{(a+bx^2) \left(ae^2 - bd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)}{ab(1+p)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((4*d*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + ((a + b*x^2)*(a*e^2 - b*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a]))/(a*b*(1 + p)))/2`

3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {543, 27, 238, 237, 354, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\
 & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx + \int 2de(bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx + 2de \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx + 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x} dx + \\
 & 2dex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
 & 2dex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

3.396. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(d^2 \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} \right) + \\
 & 2dex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a(p+1)} \right) + \\
 & 2dex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(2*d*e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + ((e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + p)) - (d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*(1 + p)))/2`

3.396.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.396.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

3.396.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.396.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = 2a^p d e x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) - \frac{b^p d^2 x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-p, -p}{1-p} \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

$$+ e^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right. \\ \left. \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a+bx^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \right) \\ \left. \frac{}{2b} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/x,x)`

output `2*a**p*d*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) - b**p*d**2*x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + e**2*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True))`

3.396.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.396.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.396.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x, x)`

3.397 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

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 3.397.4 Maple [F] 3043
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 3.397.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3044

3.397.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{ax} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a} - \frac{de(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a(1+p)}$$

output

```
-d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/x+(a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/a/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-d*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/(p+1)
```

3.397.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(ad^2(1 + p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + ex\left(-ae(1 + p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + d(a + bx^2)\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right]\right)}{a(1 + p)x\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d^2*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + e*x*(-(a*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + d*(a + b*x^2)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a]))/(a*(1 + p)*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.397.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {543, 27, 243, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{2de(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx + 2de \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx + de \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \end{aligned}$$

3.397. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx - \frac{de(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
& \frac{\frac{(ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{a} - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax}}{de(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
& \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax}}{de(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax}}{de(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-((d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(a*x)) + ((a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(a*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (d*e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*(1 + p))`

3.397.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.397.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)`

3.397.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.397.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^p d^2 {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{x} + a^p e^2 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) - \frac{b^p d e x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**2,x)`

output `-a**p*d**2*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x + a**p*e**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) - b**p*d*e*x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/gamma(1 - p)`

3.397. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

3.397.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.397.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.397.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^2, x)`

3.398 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

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3.398.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2ax^2} - \frac{2de(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} - \frac{(ae^2 + bd^2p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a^2(1+p)}$$

```
output -1/2*d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/x^2-2*d*e*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b*x^2/a)/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*(b*d^2*p+a*e^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a^2/(p+1)
```

3.398.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{4de \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(a+bx^2) \left(ae^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - bd^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)}{a^2(1+p)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((-4*d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - ((a + b*x^2)*(a*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a] - b*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a]))/(a^2*(1 + p)))/2`**3.398.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {543, 27, 279, 278, 354, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^2+e^2x^2)}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{2de(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^2+e^2x^2)}{x^3} dx + 2de \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

3.398. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx + 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^3} dx - \frac{2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + e^2 x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 - 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + bd^2p) \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 - d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) - 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (ae^2 + bd^2p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{a^2(p + 1)} - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) - 2de(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*d*e*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (-((d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(a*x^2)) - ((a*e^2 + b*d^2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a^2*(1 + p)))/2`

3.398.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
1] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
{k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

3.398.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)`

3.398.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.398.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2a^p d e {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{x} - \frac{b^p d^2 x^{2p-2} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-p \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)} - \frac{b^p e^2 x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-2*a**p*d*e*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x - b**p*d**2*x**(2*p - 2)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)) - b**p*e**2*x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.398.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.398.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2(bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.398.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2)/x^3, x)`

3.399 $\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.399.1 Optimal result	3052
3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3053
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3.399.7 Maxima [F]	3058
3.399.8 Giac [F]	3058
3.399.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3058

3.399.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int x^5(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 d(bd^2 - 3ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^4(1 + p)} + \frac{e^3 x^7 (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(9 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{ad(2bd^2 - 9ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^4(2 + p)} + \frac{d(bd^2 - 9ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^4(3 + p)} + \frac{3de^2 (a + bx^2)^{4+p}}{2b^4(4 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{e(7ae^2 - 3bd^2(9 + 2p)) x^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{7b(9 + 2p)}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*d*(-3*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^4/(p+1)+e^3*x^7*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(9+2*p)-1/2*a*d*(-9*a*e^2+2*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^4/(2+p)+1/2*d*(-9*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^4/(3+p)+3/2*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(4+p)/b^4/(4+p)-1/7*e*(7*a*e^2-3*b*d^2*(9+2*p))*x^7*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([7/2, -p], [9/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/(9+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{126}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{63d^3(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{189de^2(a+bx^2)(-6a^3+6a^2b(1+p)x^2-3ab^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4+b^3(6+11p+6p^2+p^3)x^6)}{b^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

$$+ 54d^2ex^7 \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

$$\left. + 14e^3x^9 \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{2}, -p, \frac{11}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((63*d^3*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (189*d*e^2*(a + b*x^2)*(-6*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*x^2 - 3*a*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4 + b^3*(6 + 11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)*x^6))/(b^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)) + (54*d^2*e*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (14*e^3*x^9*Hypergeometric2F1[9/2, -p, 11/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/126`

3.399.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d^3+3e^2x^2d) dx + \int x^6(bx^2+a)^p(x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 354 \\
& \int x^6 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int dx^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \int x^6 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx + \frac{1}{2} d \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(-\frac{a^2(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{a(9ae^2 - 2bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{(bd^2 - 9ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad \int x^6 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx \\
& \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(-\frac{a^2(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{a(9ae^2 - 2bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{(bd^2 - 9ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad e \left(3d^2 - \frac{7ae^2}{2bp + 9b} \right) \int x^6 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{e^3 x^7 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 9)} \\
& \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(-\frac{a^2(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{a(9ae^2 - 2bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{(bd^2 - 9ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad e (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{7ae^2}{2bp + 9b} \right) \int x^6 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{e^3 x^7 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 9)} \\
& \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(-\frac{a^2(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{a(9ae^2 - 2bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{(bd^2 - 9ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{1}{7} e x^7 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{7ae^2}{2bp + 9b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x^7 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 9)} \\
& \downarrow 2009
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{a^2(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} - \frac{a(2bd^2 - 9ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 9ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} + \frac{3e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)} \right) + \frac{1}{7}ex^7(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{7ae^2}{2bp + 9b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \frac{e^3x^7(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 9)}$$

input `Int[x^5*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e^3*x^7*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(9 + 2*p)) + (d*((a^2*(b*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^4*(1 + p)) - (a*(2*b*d^2 - 9*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^4*(2 + p)) + ((b*d^2 - 9*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^4*(3 + p)) + (3*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(4 + p))/(b^4*(4 + p)))/2 + (e*(3*d^2 - (7*a*e^2)/(9*b + 2*b*p))*x^7*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(7*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.399.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x]
  && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 363 Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
  && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
  && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.399.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.399.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^8 + 3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^6 + d^3*x^5)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.399.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 923 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 31.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2919, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.82

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `3*a**p*d**2*e*x**7*hyper((7/2, -p), (9/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/7 + a**p*e**3*x**9*hyper((9/2, -p), (11/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/9 + d**3*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a*b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) + b**2*x**4/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) + a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + x**4/(4*b), Eq(p, -1)), (2*a**3*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 + 12*b**3*p**2 + 22*b**3*p + 12*b**3) + a*b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**3*p**3 ...`

3.399.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^3*x^6 + (p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*b*p*x^2 + 2*a^3)*
(b*x^2 + a)^p*d^3/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*b^3) + integrate((e^3*x^8 +
3*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*d^2*e*x^6)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.399.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^5 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^5, x)`

3.399.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.400 $\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.400.1 Optimal result	3059
3.400.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3060
3.400.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3060
3.400.4 Maple [F]	3063
3.400.5 Fracas [F]	3064
3.400.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3064
3.400.7 Maxima [F]	3065
3.400.8 Giac [F]	3065
3.400.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3065

3.400.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int x^4(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2e(3bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^4(1 + p)} + \frac{3de^2x^5(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(7 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{3ae(2bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^4(2 + p)} + \frac{3e(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^4(3 + p)} + \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^{4+p}}{2b^4(4 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{d(15ae^2 - bd^2(7 + 2p))x^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{5b(7 + 2p)}$$

```
output 1/2*a^2*e*(-a*e^2+3*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^4/(p+1)+3*d*e^2*x^5*(b*x^2+a)
^(p+1)/b/(7+2*p)-3/2*a*e*(-a*e^2+2*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^4/(2+p)+3/2*e*
(-a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^4/(3+p)+1/2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(4+p)/b^4/(4+p)
-1/5*d*(15*a*e^2-b*d^2*(7+2*p))*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p], [7/2],
-b*x^2/a)/b/(7+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.400.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{70}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{105d^2e(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{35e^3(a+bx^2)(-6a^3+6a^2b(1+p)x^2-3ab^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4+b^3(6+11p+6p^2+p^3)x^6)}{b^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

$$+ 14d^3x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

$$\left. + 30de^2x^7 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

```
output ((a + b*x^2)^p*((105*d^2*e*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2
+ 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (35*e^3*(a + b*x^2)*(-
6*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*x^2 - 3*a*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4 + b^3*(6 + 11*p
+ 6*p^2 + p^3)*x^6))/(b^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)) + (14*d^3*x^5*H
ypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (30*d*e^
2*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/7
0
```

3.400.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d^3+3e^2x^2d) dx + \int x^5(bx^2+a)^p(x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int ex^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx + \frac{1}{2} e \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \downarrow \text{86} \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{a^2 (ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a (ae^2 - 2bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3(bd^2 - ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{363} \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{a^2 (ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a (ae^2 - 2bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3(bd^2 - ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad d \left(d^2 - \frac{15ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{3de^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{a^2 (ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a (ae^2 - 2bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3(bd^2 - ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{15ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{3de^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{a^2 (ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a (ae^2 - 2bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3(bd^2 - ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^3} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} dx^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{15ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3de^2 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{a^2(3bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} - \frac{3a(2bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} + \frac{3(bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)} \right) + \frac{1}{5}dx^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{15ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \frac{3de^2x^5(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)}$$

input `Int[x^4*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(3*d*e^2*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(7 + 2*p)) + (e*((a^2*(3*b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^4*(1 + p)) - (3*a*(2*b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^4*(2 + p)) + (3*(b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^4*(3 + p)) + (e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(4 + p))/(b^4*(4 + p)))/2 + (d*(d^2 - (15*a*e^2)/(7*b + 2*b*p))*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2/a)])/(5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.400.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 363 Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.400.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```


3.400.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.400.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4, x)`

3.400.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.401 $\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.401.1 Optimal result	3066
3.401.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3067
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3.401.8 Giac [F]	3072
3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3072

3.401.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int x^3(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{ad(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{e^3x^5(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(7 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{3de^2(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^3(3 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{e(5ae^2 - 3bd^2(7 + 2p))x^5(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{5b(7 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*d*(-3*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)+e^3*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(7+2*p)+1/2*d*(-6*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+3/2*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)-1/5*e*(5*a*e^2-3*b*d^2*(7+2*p))*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([5/2, -p],[7/2],-b*x^2/a)/b/(7+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.401.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{70}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{35d^3(a+bx^2)(-a+b(1+p)x^2)}{b^2(1+p)(2+p)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{105de^2(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right. \\ \left. + 42d^2ex^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 10e^3x^7 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{7}{2}, -p, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((35*d^3*(a + b*x^2)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*x^2))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (105*d*e^2*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (42*d^2*e*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (10*e^3*x^7*Hypergeometric2F1[7/2, -p, 9/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/70`**3.401.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx \\ \downarrow \text{543} \\ \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p(d^3+3e^2x^2d) dx + \int x^4(bx^2+a)^p(x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx \\ \downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int dx^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx + \frac{1}{2} d \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{a(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{a(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad e \left(3d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{e^3 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{a(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \int x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{e^3 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \left(\frac{a(3ae^2 - bd^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} e x^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(-\frac{a(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p + 1)} + \frac{(bd^2 - 6ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p + 2)} + \frac{3e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p + 3)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{5} e x^5 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{2bp + 7b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x^5 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 7)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e^3*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(7 + 2*p)) + (d*(-((a*(b*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p))) + ((b*d^2 - 6*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (3*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^3*(3 + p))))/2 + (e*(3*d^2 - (5*a*e^2)/(7*b + 2*b*p))*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/((5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.401.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 363 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))),
x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(
m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
{k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.401.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.401.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^3 (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p x^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^4 + d^3*x^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.401.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1329, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

```
output 3*a**p*d**2*e*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 +
a**p*e**3*x**7*hyper((7/2, -p), (9/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/7 + d**3
*Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b
**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 +
2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x
**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - s
qrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -
1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2
*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x
**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b
**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True)) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq
(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5
*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5
*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*lo
g(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2
*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x
**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt
(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x +
sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a
**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(...
```

3.401.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*(b^2*(p + 1)*x^4 + a*b*p*x^2 - a^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p*d^3/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)
*b^2) + integrate((e^3*x^6 + 3*d*e^2*x^5 + 3*d^2*e*x^4)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.401.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3, x)`

3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.402 $\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.402.1 Optimal result	3073
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3.402.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{ae(3bd^2 - ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^3(1 + p)} + \frac{3de^2x^3(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(5 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{e(3bd^2 - 2ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^3(2 + p)} + \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^{3+p}}{2b^3(3 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{d(9ae^2 - bd^2(5 + 2p))x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{3b(5 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*a*e*(-a*e^2+3*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^3/(p+1)+3*d*e^2*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(5+2*p)+1/2*e*(-2*a*e^2+3*b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^3/(2+p)+1/2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3+p)/b^3/(3+p)-1/3*d*(9*a*e^2-b*d^2*(5+2*p))*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p], [5/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/(5+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```


3.402.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{1}{30}(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{45d^2e(a+bx^2)(-a+b(1+p)x^2)}{b^2(1+p)(2+p)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{15e^3(a+bx^2)(2a^2-2ab(1+p)x^2+b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^4)}{b^3(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \right. \\ \left. + 10d^3x^3 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 18de^2x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((45*d^2*e*(a + b*x^2)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*x^2))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)) + (15*e^3*(a + b*x^2)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^2 + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^4))/(b^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)) + (10*d^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (18*d*e^2*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/30`**3.402.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 86, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx \\ \downarrow \text{543} \\ \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d^3+3e^2x^2d) dx + \int x^3(bx^2+a)^p(x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx \\ \downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int ex^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx + \frac{1}{2} e \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (3d^2 + e^2 x^2) dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 86 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{a(ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(3bd^2 - 2ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 363 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{a(ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(3bd^2 - 2ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad d \left(d^2 - \frac{9ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{3de^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 279 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{a(ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(3bd^2 - 2ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{9ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{3de^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 278 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \int \left(\frac{a(ae^2 - 3bd^2) (bx^2 + a)^p}{b^2} + \frac{(3bd^2 - 2ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{e^2 (bx^2 + a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^2 + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{9ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3de^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(-\frac{a(3bd^2 - ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^3(p + 1)} + \frac{(3bd^2 - 2ae^2) (a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^3(p + 2)} + \frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+3}}{b^3(p + 3)} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3} dx^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{9ae^2}{2bp + 5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{3de^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 5)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(3*d*e^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(5 + 2*p)) + (e*(-((a*(3*b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p))) + ((3*b*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3 + p))/(b^3*(3 + p))))/2 + (d*(d^2 - (9*a*e^2)/(5*b + 2*b*p))*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.402.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 363 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))),
x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^(
m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
{k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.402.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.402.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.402.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 923 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 11.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1329, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.33

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

```
output a**p*d**3*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + 3*a*
*p*d**e**2*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + 3*d*
**2*e**Piecewise((a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 +
2*b**3*x**2) + a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b*
**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) +
b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x
- sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(
p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*
x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a +
b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(
2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((a**p*x**6/6, Eq
(b, 0)), (2*a**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*
*x**4) + 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*
*x**4) + 3*a**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2*lo
g(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x**2
*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 4*a*b*x
**2/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x - sqrt
(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4) + 2*b**2*x**4*log(x +
sqrt(-a/b))/(4*a**2*b**3 + 8*a*b**4*x**2 + 4*b**5*x**4), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a
**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3 + 2*b**4*x**2) - 2*a**2*log(x + sqrt(...
```

3.402.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p x^2 dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)
```

3.402.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2, x)`

3.402.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x^2(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.403 $\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

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3.403.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1+p)} + \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(5+2p)} + \frac{3de^2(a + bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2(2+p)}$$

$$- \frac{e(ae^2 - bd^2(5+2p))x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{b(5+2p)}$$

```
output 1/2*d*(-3*a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)+e^3*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b
/(5+2*p)+3/2*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)-e*(a*e^2-b*d^2*(5+2*p))*x^3*(
b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([3/2, -p],[5/2],-b*x^2/a)/b/(5+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.403.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(5d \left(b^2x^2 \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p (d^2(2+p) + 3e^2(1+p)x^2) - 3a^2e^2 \left(-1 + \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p\right) + ab\right)}{b(5+2p)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*(5*d*(b^2*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(d^2*(2 + p) + 3*e^2*(1 + p)*x^2) - 3*a^2*e^2*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + a*b*(3*e^2*p*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + d^2*(2 + p)*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))) + 10*b^2*d^2*e*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] + 2*b^2*e^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^5*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -p, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(10*b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.403.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {543, 353, 27, 53, 363, 279, 278, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int x(bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2x^2d) dx + \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\ & \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int d(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \frac{1}{2}d \int (bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2x^2) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \int x^2(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2e^3 + 3d^2e) dx + \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3e \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+5b} \right) \int x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) dx^2 + \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& 3e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+5b} \right) \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) dx^2 + \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \int \left(\frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(bx^2 + a)^p}{b} + \frac{3e^2(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{b} \right) dx^2 + \\
& ex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{(bd^2 - 3ae^2)(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} + \frac{3e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} \right) + \\
& ex^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+5)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e^3*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(5 + 2*p)) + (d*((b*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p)) + (3*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(2 + p))/(b^2*(2 + p)))/2 + (e*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/(5*b + 2*b*p))*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p`

3.403.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 363 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.403.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.403.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.403.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = a^p d^2 e x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right) + \frac{a^p e^3 x^5 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{5} + d^3 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(a+bx^2)}{2b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 3de^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} & \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

```
output
a**p*d**2*e*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p
*e**3*x**5*hyper((5/2, -p), (7/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/5 + d**3*Pie
cewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1),
Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True)) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((
a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) +
a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2
) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + s
qrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(
2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*
(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2
)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b
**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*
b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))
```

3.403.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(p + 1)*d^3/(b*(p + 1)) + integrate((e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.403.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p*x, x)`

3.403.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int x(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.404 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

3.404.1 Optimal result	3087
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3.404.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3092

3.404.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{e(ae^2 - 3bd^2(2 + p)) (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1 + p)(2 + p)} + \frac{3de^2x(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3 + 2p)} + \frac{e^3x^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(2 + p)} - \frac{d(3ae^2 - bd^2(3 + 2p)) x(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{b(3 + 2p)}$$

```
output -1/2*e*(a*e^2-3*b*d^2*(2+p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)/(2+p)+3*d*e^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(3+2*p)+1/2*e^3*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(2+p)-d*(3*a*e^2-b*d^2*(3+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/(3+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.404.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(2b^2d^3(2 + 3p + p^2) x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + e\left(b^2x^2\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*(2*b^2*d^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] + e*(b^2*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(3*d^2*(2 + p) + e^2*(1 + p)*x^2) - a^2*e^2*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + a*b*(e^2*p*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + 3*d^2*(2 + p)*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + 2*b^2*d*e*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])))/(2*b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p$

3.404.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int -2(d + ex) (-b(p + 2)d^2 - be(p + 3)xd + ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{2b(p + 2)} + \frac{e(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} - \frac{\int (d + ex) (-b(p + 2)d^2 - be(p + 3)xd + ae^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{b(p + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{e(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} - \frac{\frac{d(p+2)(3ae^2 - bd^2(2p+3)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{2p+3} + \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2 - bd^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{de^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{b(p + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & \frac{e(d + ex)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} - \frac{\frac{d(p+2)(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (3ae^2 - bd^2(2p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{2p+3} + \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2 - bd^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{de^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{b(p + 2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.404. $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 237 \\ \frac{e(d+ex)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)} - \\ \frac{d(p+2)x(a+bx^2)^p\left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p}(3ae^2-bd^2(2p+3))\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},-p,\frac{3}{2},-\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2-bd^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{de^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^p}{2p+3} \\ \hline b(p+2) \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(2 + p)) - ((e*(a*e^2 - b*d^2*(5 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(1 + p)) - (d*e^2*(3 + p)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (d*(2 + p)*(3*a*e^2 - b*d^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/((3 + 2*p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/(b*(2 + p))`

3.404.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`


```
rule 676 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.404.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.404.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

3.404.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p d^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right) + a^p d e^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right) + 3d^2 e \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(a+bx^2)}{2b} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-a/b})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4 (a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

```
output a**p*d**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p*d*e*
*2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + 3*d**2*e*Piec
ewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1),
Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True)) + e**3*Piecewise((a**p
x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log
(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b
*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-
a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**
2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a +
b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/
(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p*
*2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*
p + 4*b**2), True))
```

3.404.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.404.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

3.404.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.405 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$

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3.405.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{3de^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1+p)} + \frac{e^3x(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3+2p)}$$

$$- \frac{e(ae^2-3bd^2(3+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{b(3+2p)}$$

$$- \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

```
output 3/2*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+e^3*x*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(3+2*p)-e*(a*e^2
-3*b*d^2*(3+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/(3+2
*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x
^2/a)/a/(p+1)
```

3.405.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(18abd^2e(1+p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - 3bd^3(a+bx^2) \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)\right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*(18*a*b*d^2*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] - 3*b*d^3*(a + b*x^2)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a] + a*e^2*(9*d*(a + b*x^2)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + 2*b*e*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])))/(6*a*b*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`**3.405.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 299, 238, 237, 354, 27, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{543}$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx + \int (bx^2+a)^p (x^2e^3+3d^2e) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{299}$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x} dx + e \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+3b} \right) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx + \frac{e^3x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{238}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx + e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp + 3b}\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x} dx + \\
& \quad ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
& \quad ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^2 + 3e^2 x^2)}{x^2} dx^2 + \\
& \quad ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(d^2 \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{3e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p + 1)} \right) + \\
& \quad ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \\
& \quad \frac{e^3 x (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p + 3)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75}
\end{aligned}$$

$$ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(3d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{2bp+3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{3e^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)}\right) + \frac{e^3x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x,x]`

output `(e^3*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p)) + (e*(3*d^2 - (a*e^2)/(3*b + 2*b*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (d*((3*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + p)) - (d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*(1 + p)))/2`

3.405.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x *((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2 *p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x , x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ [(m - 1)/2]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}](a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

3.405.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x)`

3.405.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.405.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = 3a^p d^2 e x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right) + \frac{a^p e^3 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3} - \frac{b^p d^3 x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \mid \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} + 3de^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \log(a+bx^2) \end{array} \right. \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } b=0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/x,x)`

output `3*a**p*d**2*e*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p
e**3*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 - b**p*d**3
x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/
(2*gamma(1 - p)) + 3*d*e**2*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(
((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True)))/(2*b
, True))`

3.405.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.405.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x, x)`

3.405.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x, x)`

3.406 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

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3.406.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{e^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1+p)} - \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{ax} + \frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a} - \frac{3d^2e(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

```
output 1/2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)-d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/x+d*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/a/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-3/2*d^2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/(p+1)
```

3.406.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(-2abd^3(1+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + ex \left(6abde(1+p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + 6abde(1+p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + (a+bx^2) \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p (ae^2 - 3bd^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}])\right)}{(2abx(1+p)x(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a})^p)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*(-2*a*b*d^3*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + e*x*(6*a*b*d*e*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + (a + b*x^2)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(a*e^2 - 3*b*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])))/(2*a*b*(1 + p)*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`**3.406.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 90, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 543$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx + \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (x^2e^3+3d^2e)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 354$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{e(bx^2+a)^p (3d^2+e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (3d^2+e^2x^2)}{x^2} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

3.406. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} e \left(3d^2 \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (d^3 + 3e^2 x^2 d)}{x^2} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{3d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a(p+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{d(3ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{a} - \frac{d^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{3d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a(p+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 238 \\
& \frac{d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (3ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx}{a} - \frac{d^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{3d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a(p+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 237 \\
& - \frac{d^3 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} + \\
& \frac{dx (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (3ae^2 + bd^2(2p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{a} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{3d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a(p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^2,x]`

output `-((d^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(a*x)) + (d*(3*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(a*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (e*((e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + p)) - (3*d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*(1 + p))))/2`

3.406.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 543 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
    {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
    n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
  && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

3.406.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x)
```

3.406.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)
```

3.406.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^p d^3 {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{x} + 3a^p d e^2 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right) - \frac{3b^p d^2 e x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \left| \frac{a e^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right.\right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)} + e^3 \left(\begin{array}{ll} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \log(a+bx^2) \end{array} \right. & \begin{array}{l} \text{for } b=0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**2,x)`

output `-a**p*d**3*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x + 3*a**p*d*e**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) - 3*b**p*d**2*e*x**(2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p)) + e**3*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True))`

3.406.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.406.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^2, x)`

3.406.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^2, x)`

3.407 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

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3.407.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2ax^2} - \frac{3d^2e(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{ax}$$

$$+ \frac{e(ae^2+3bd^2(1+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a}$$

$$- \frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a^2(1+p)}$$

```
output -1/2*d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/x^2-3*d^2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/x+e*(a*e^2+3*b*d^2*(1+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/a/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d*(b*d^2*p+3*a*e^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a^2/(p+1)
```

3.407.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(6a^2 d^2 e(1+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + x \left(-2a^2 e^3(1+p)x \operatorname{Hy}\right.\right.}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*x^2)^p*(6*a^2*d^2*e*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + x*(-2*a^2*e^3*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) + d*(a + b*x^2)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(3*a*e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a] - b*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])))/(a^2*(1 + p)*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.407.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {543, 354, 27, 87, 75, 359, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^3+3e^2x^2d)}{x^3} dx + \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (x^2e^3+3d^2e)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (x^2e^3+3d^2e)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{d(bx^2+a)^p (d^2+3e^2x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (x^2e^3+3d^2e)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (d^2+3e^2x^2)}{x^4} dx^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.407. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} d \left(\frac{(3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2}{a} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p (x^2 e^3 + 3d^2 e)}{x^2} dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a^2 (p + 1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \frac{e(ae^2 + 3bd^2(2p + 1)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{a} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a^2 (p + 1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} \\
& \quad \downarrow 359 \\
& \frac{e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (ae^2 + 3bd^2(2p + 1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx}{a} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a^2 (p + 1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} \\
& \quad \downarrow 238 \\
& \frac{e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (ae^2 + 3bd^2(2p + 1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx}{a} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a^2 (p + 1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{3d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax} \\
& \quad \downarrow 237 \\
& \frac{1}{2} d \left(- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (3ae^2 + bd^2 p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{a^2 (p + 1)} - \frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (ae^2 + 3bd^2(2p + 1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{a} - \\
& \quad \frac{3d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{ax}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/x^3,x]`

```
output (-3*d^2*e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(a*x) + (e*(a*e^2 + 3*b*d^2*(1 + 2*p))*x*(a
+ b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(a*(1 + (b*x^2)
/a)^p) + (d*(-((d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(a*x^2)) - ((3*a*e^2 + b*d^2*p)*(
a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a^2
*(1 + p))))/2
```

3.407.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 75 Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x
)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 +
d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p
_)), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 237 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-
p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 238 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)
^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 354 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 359 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 543 Int[(x._)^(m._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol]
:= Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k),
{k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(
n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])
```

3.407.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x)
```

3.407.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)
```

3.407.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3a^p d^2 e {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{x} + a^p e^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) - \frac{b^p d^3 x^{2p-2} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-p \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(2-p)} - \frac{3b^p d e^2 x^{2p} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \left| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^2} \right. \right)}{2\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/x**3,x)`

output `-3*a**p*d**2*e*hyper((-1/2, -p), (1/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/x + a**p*e**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) - b**p*d**3*x** (2*p - 2)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(2 - p)) - 3*b**p*d*e**2*x** (2*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**2))/(2*gamma(1 - p))`

3.407.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 (bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.407.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3(bx^2+a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p/x^3, x)`

3.407.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p(d+ex)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3)/x^3, x)`

3.408 $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

3.408.1 Optimal result	3114
3.408.2 Mathematica [F]	3114
3.408.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3115
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3.408.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(bd^2 - ae^2)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2e^3(1+p)} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2e(2+p)} + \frac{x^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d} - \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e^3(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)}$$

output $1/2*(-a*e^2+b*d^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/e^3/(p+1)+1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/e/(2+p)+1/5*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}(5/2, 1, -p, 7/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/d/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d^4*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)$

3.408.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

3.408.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {621, 354, 99, 395, 394, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{621} \\
 & d \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x^5(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & d \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\
 & d \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(ae^2-bd^2)(bx^2+a)^p}{be^4} + \frac{d^4(bx^2+a)^p}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{be^2} \right) dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(ae^2-bd^2)(bx^2+a)^p}{be^4} + \frac{d^4(bx^2+a)^p}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{be^2} \right) dx^2 - \\
 & \quad d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \int \left(\frac{(ae^2-bd^2)(bx^2+a)^p}{be^4} + \frac{d^4(bx^2+a)^p}{e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{p+1}}{be^2} \right) dx^2 - \\
 & \quad \frac{x^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{x^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{5d} - \\
 & \frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{(bd^2-ae^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b^2e^4(p+1)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+2}}{b^2e^2(p+2)} + \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2} \right)}{e^4(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, 1, 7/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2] / (5*d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(-((b*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)) / (b^2*e^4*(1 + p))) - (a + b*x^2)^(2 + p) / (b^2*e^2*(2 + p)) + (d^4*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2)) / (b*d^2 + a*e^2)]) / (e^4*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)))) / 2`

3.408.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 621 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.408.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.408.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`

3.408.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.408.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`

3.408.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d), x)`

3.408.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^4(bx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.409 $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

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 3.409.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3119
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 3.409.8 Giac [F] 3123
 3.409.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3124

3.409.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2be^2(1+p)} - \frac{ex^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2} + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e^2(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)}$$

```
output -1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e^2/(p+1)-1/5*e*x^5*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(5/2,1,-p,7/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)
```

3.409.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = (a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{3d^3 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p,-p,-p,1-2p,\frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex},\frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{p} + \frac{e\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} (6bd^2(1+p))}{6e} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p * ((-3*d^3 * \text{AppellF1}[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] * e)/(d + e*x), (d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] * e)/(d + e*x]]) / (p * ((e * (-\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * ((e * (\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p) + (e * (6*b*d^2 * (1 + p) * x * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] + e * (-3*d * (b*x^2 * (1 + (b*x^2)/a))^p + a * (-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + 2*b*e * (1 + p) * x^3 * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])) / (b * (1 + p) * (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) / (6*e^4)$

3.409.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {621, 354, 90, 78, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{621} \\
 & d \int \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2 - e \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2}{e^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) - e \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) - \\
 & \quad e \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.409. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) -$$

$$e(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^4 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 394

$$\frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) -$$

$$\frac{ex^5(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{5d^2}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-1/5*(e*x^5*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, 1, 7/2, -(b*x^2)/a], (e^2*x^2)/d^2)]/(d^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*(-((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)/(b*e^2*(1 + p))) + (d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/2`

3.409.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`


```
rule 394 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 395 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 621 Int[((x._)^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._))/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x]
```

3.409.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.409.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.409.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)`output `Timed out`**3.409.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)`**3.409.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d), x)`

3.409.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.410 $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

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3.410.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2be(1+p)} + \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)}$$

```
output 1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e/(p+1)+1/3*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,1,-p,5/2,e^
2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1
, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)
```

3.410.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(ae^2p + be^2px^2 - ae^2p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} + bd^2(1+p) \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\dots\right)}{2be^3}$$

3.410. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*(a*e^{2*p} + b*e^{2*p}*x^2 - (a*e^{2*p})/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + (b*d^2*(1 + p)*\text{AppellF1}[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/((e*(-\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(e*(\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x)/(d + e*x))^p - (2*b*d*e*p*(1 + p)*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(2*b*e^{3*p}(1 + p))$

3.410.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {621, 354, 90, 78, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{621} \\ & d \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x^3(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & d \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & d \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2}{e^2} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\ & d \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - \\ & \frac{1}{2}e \left(\frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{d^2 (a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
& \frac{x^3 (a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{d^2 (a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^2(p+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 1, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2]) / (3*d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(-((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)/(b*e^2*(1 + p)))) + (d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]) / (e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))) / 2`

3.410.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 394 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 395 Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 621 Int[((x._)^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._))/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x]
```

3.410.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.410.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.410.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)`output `Timed out`**3.410.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)`**3.410.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d), x)`

3.410.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.411 $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

3.411.1 Optimal result	3131
3.411.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3131
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3.411.5 Fracas [F]	3134
3.411.6 Sympy [F]	3134
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3.411.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3135

3.411.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```
-x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/e/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],-b*x^2/a)/e/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)
```

3.411.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{d \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{p} + 2ex \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hyp} \right)}{2e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*(-((d*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)) + (2*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(2*e^2)`

3.411.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {621, 353, 78, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{621} \\
 & d \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2 - e \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - e \int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \\
 & e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^2}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-1/3*(e*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 1, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a], (e^2*x^2)/d^2)]/(d^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))`

3.411.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*(e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 621 Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m,
p}, x]
```

3.411.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.411.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.411.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Integral(x*(a + b*x**2)**p/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.411.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)`

3.411.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d), x)`

3.411.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.412 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

3.412.1 Optimal result	3136
3.412.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3136
3.412.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3137
3.412.4 Maple [F]	3139
3.412.5 Fracas [F]	3139
3.412.6 Sympy [F]	3139
3.412.7 Maxima [F]	3140
3.412.8 Giac [F]	3140
3.412.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3140

3.412.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2 + ae^2)(1 + p)}$$

```
output x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d/((1+b*x^2/a)^p
)-1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^
2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)
```

3.412.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{e\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{2ep}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x]
```

3.412. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$

output $((a + b*x^2)^p * \text{AppellF1}[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]) / (2*e*p*((e*(-\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p * ((e*(\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)$

3.412.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \\
 & \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x), x]$

3.412. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$


```
output (x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/
d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p,
2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))
```

3.412.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 333 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 334 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 353 Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 504 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c I
nt[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c
^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]
```

3.412.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)`

3.412.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

3.412.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(d + e*x), x)`

3.412.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

3.412.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d), x)`

3.412.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x), x)`

3.413 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)} dx$

3.413.1 Optimal result	3141
3.413.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3142
3.413.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3142
3.413.4 Maple [F]	3145
3.413.5 Fracas [F]	3145
3.413.6 Sympy [F]	3145
3.413.7 Maxima [F]	3146
3.413.8 Giac [F]	3146
3.413.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3146

3.413.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d(bd^2 + ae^2)(1 + p)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2ad(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],1+b*x^2/a)/a/d/(p+1)
```

3.413.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(- \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{d - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d + ex}, \frac{d + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d + ex} \right) + (1 \right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*(-(AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/(((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)) + Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))]/(1 + a/(b*x^2))^p)/(2*d*p)`**3.413.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {621, 334, 333, 354, 97, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{621}$$

$$d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{334}$$

$$d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - e(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{333}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx^2 - \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{97} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{e^2 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} + \frac{\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx^2}{d^2} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{e^2 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
& \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-((e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/d^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*((e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(d^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)) - ((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*d^2*(1 + p)))/2`

3.413.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`
- rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 621 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x]`

3.413.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

3.413.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x^2 + d*x), x)`

3.413.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.413.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.413.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.413.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.414 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

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3.414.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dx} - \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{2d^2 (bd^2 + ae^2) (1 + p)} + \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2ad^2(1 + p)}$$

output $-(b*x^2+a)^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-1/2,1,-p,1/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)+1/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, p+1],[2+p],1+b*x^2/a)/a/d^2/(p+1)$

3.414.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{e^{\left(\frac{e\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p}} \left(\frac{e\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{p} - \frac{2d\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{a}{bx^2}\right)}{x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{2d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((e*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p) - (2*d*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))])/(p*(1 + a/(b*x^2))^p))/(2*d^2)`

3.414.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {621, 354, 97, 75, 78, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{621}$$

$$d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{97}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} + \frac{\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2} dx^2}{d^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2 \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 78 \\
& d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 395 \\
& d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 394 \\
& - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{dx} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} e \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2(p + 1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, 1, 1/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/
(d*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*((e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[
1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(d^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*
(1 + p)) - ((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*
x^2)/a])/(a*d^2*(1 + p))))/2`

3.414.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} / (d \cdot (n+1) \cdot (-d/(b \cdot c))^m) \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m, n+1, n+2, 1 + d \cdot (x/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, m, n, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b \cdot c), 0])$
- rule 78 $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b^{n+1} \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (a + b \cdot x) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 97 $\text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / ((a + b \cdot x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (a + b \cdot x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (c + d \cdot x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x], x^2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 394 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot c^q \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} / (e \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/2, (-b) \cdot (x^2/a), (-d) \cdot (x^2/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$
- rule 395 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

```
rule 621 Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m,
p}, x]
```

3.414.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(ex + d)} dx$$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.414.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x^3 + d*x^2), x)
```

3.414.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x**2/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.414.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.414.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.414.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.415 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

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3.415.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2adx^2} + \frac{e(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2x} + \frac{e^4(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d^3(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)} - \frac{(ae^2+bd^2p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2a^2d^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/a/d/x^2+e*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,1,-p,1/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^2/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*e^4*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)-1/2*(b*d^2*p+a*e^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],1+b*x^2/a)/a^2/d^3/(p+1)
```


3.415.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{e^2 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{p} + \frac{2de \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeom}}{p} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^2)^p*(-((e^2*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)) + (2*d*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + ((d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))])/((-1 + p)*x^2) + (e^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))])/p)/(1 + a/(b*x^2))^p)/(2*d^3)
```

3.415.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {621, 354, 114, 25, 174, 75, 78, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{621}$$

$$d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx - e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{354}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^4(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx^2 - e \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{114}$$

3.415. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{(bx^2+a)^p (bpd^2+ae^2-be^2px^2)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx^2}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2} \right) - e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (bpd^2+ae^2-be^2px^2)}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx^2}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2} \right) - e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{174} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2} dx^2 + \frac{ae^4 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2}}{ad^2} \right) - e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\frac{ae^4 \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2}{d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\frac{ae^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}d \left(\frac{\frac{ae^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ad^2x^2} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad e(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{394}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{\frac{1}{2}d} + \left(\frac{ae^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d^2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \left(\frac{ae^2}{d^2} + bp\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(e*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, 1, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/ (d^2*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*(-((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)/(a*d^2*x^2)) + ((a*e ^4*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(d^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)) - (((a*e^2)/d^2 + b*p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*(1 + p)))/(a*d^2))/2`

3.415.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b *c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 174 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))]/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 621 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x]`

3.415.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3(ex + d)} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x)`

3.415.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x^4 + d*x^3), x)`

3.415.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.415.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.415.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.415.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.416 $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.416.1 Optimal result 3160
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 3.416.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3167

3.416.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 392

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{d(4+3p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{be^3(1+p)(3+2p)} - \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{be^3(3+2p)} - \frac{2d^2(2ae^2+bd^2(2+p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e^4(bd^2+ae^2)} - \frac{(a^2e^4-2abd^2e^2(4+3p)-2b^2d^4(6+7p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}\right)}{be^4(bd^2+ae^2)(3+2p)} + \frac{d^3(2ae^2+bd^2(2+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)}$$

```
output -d*(4+3*p)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e^3/(p+1)/(3+2*p)-d^4*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^3/(a*
e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e^3/(3+2*p)-2*d^2*(2*a*e^2+b*
d^2*(2+p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e^4/(
a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d^2*e^2*(4+3*p)-2*b^2*d^4*(2*p
^2+7*p+6))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/b/e^4/(a*e^2+
b*d^2)/(3+2*p)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+d^3*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(2+p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*h
ypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(
p+1)
```

3.416.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x]`

3.416.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {603, 2185, 2185, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{603} \\ & - \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^3}{e^2} - \frac{(2b(p+1)d^2+ae^2)xd^2}{e^3} + \left(\frac{bd^2}{e^2} + a \right) x^2 d - \frac{(bd^2+ae^2)x^3}{e} \right)}{d+ex} dx - \frac{d^4(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\ & - \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p (2bde(bd^2+ae^2)(3p+4)x^2 + (a^2e^4 - 4b^2d^4(p+1)^2)x + ade(2b(p+2)d^2+ae^2))}{d+ex} dx - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\ & - \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \int \frac{2be^2(p+1)(ade(2b(p+2)d^2+ae^2) + (-2b^2(2p^2+7p+6)d^4 - 2abe^2(3p+4)d^2+a^2e^4)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{2be^2(p+1)} dx + \frac{d(3p+4)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\ & - \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e^3(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \int \frac{2be^2(p+1)(ade(2b(p+2)d^2+ae^2) + (-2b^2(2p^2+7p+6)d^4 - 2abe^2(3p+4)d^2+a^2e^4)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{2be^2(p+1)} dx + \frac{d(3p+4)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} \end{aligned}$$

3.416. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ade(2b(p+2)d^2+ae^2)+(-2b^2(2p^2+7p+6)d^4-2abe^2(3p+4)d^2+a^2e^4)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx + \frac{d(3p+4)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2e^4-2abd^2e^2(3p+4)-2b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} + \frac{d(3p+4)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 238

$$\frac{\frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (a^2e^4-2abd^2e^2(3p+4)-2b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{e} + \frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} + \frac{d(3p+4)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 237

$$\frac{\frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (a^2e^4-2abd^2e^2(3p+4)-2b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{be^3(2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 504

$$\frac{\frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx\right)}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (a^2e^4-2abd^2e^2(3p+4)-2b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{be^3(2p+3)} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 334

3.416. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2 e^4 - 2abd^2 e^2(3p+4) - 2b^2 d^4(2p^2 + 7p + 6))}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2 + bd^2$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2 e^4 - 2abd^2 e^2)}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2 + bd^2$$

↓ 353

$$\frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e} + \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2 e^4 - 2abd^2 e^2)}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2 + bd^2$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2 e^4 - 2abd^2 e^2(3p+4) - 2b^2 d^4(2p^2 + 7p + 6)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} + \frac{2bd^3(2p+3)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+2)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p}}{e} \right)}{be^3(2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

input Int[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]

```
output -((d^4*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^3*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (((b*d^2
+ a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*e^3*(3 + 2*p))) + ((d*(b*d^2 +
a*e^2)*(4 + 3*p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p) + ((a^2*e^4 - 2*a*b*d^2*e^2*
(4 + 3*p) - 2*b^2*d^4*(6 + 7*p + 2*p^2))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1
[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (2*b*d^3*(3 + 2*p)*(
2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(2 + p))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*
x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hy
pergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(2*(b
*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(b*e^3*(3 + 2*p))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)
```

3.416.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 237 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-
p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
&& GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 238 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)
^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 333 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

- rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`
- rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.416.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.416.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.416.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.416.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.416.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.416.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4 (bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.417 $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.417.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2be^2(1+p)} + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e^2(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(3+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)} - \frac{d(2ae^2+bd^2(3+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)} - \frac{d^2(3ae^2+bd^2(3+2p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e^2(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)}$$

output `1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e^2/(p+1)+d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)+d*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(3+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-d*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(3+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d^2*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(3+2*p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)`

3.417.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{2d^3 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((-2*d^3*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/((-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)) + (3*d^2*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p) + e*((e*(a + b*x^2 - a/(1 + (b*x^2)/a))^p)/(b + b*p) - (4*d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/(2*e^4)`

3.417.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {603, 25, 2185, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 603

$$\frac{d^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{2b(p+1)d^2}{e^2} + a \right) xd + \frac{(bd^2+ae^2)x^2}{e} \right)}{d+ex} dx$$

↓ 25

3.417. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{2b(p+1)d^2}{e^2} + a \right) x d + \frac{(bd^2+ae^2)x^2}{e} \right)}{ae^2 + bd^2} dx + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2bd(p+1)(ade - (b(2p+3)d^2 + 2ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{2be^2(p+1)} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^2(p+1)} + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{(ade - (b(2p+3)d^2 + 2ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^2(p+1)} + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} - \frac{(2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^2(p+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx}{e} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^2(p+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \frac{d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{e} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^2(p+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{e} \right) + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 334

$$d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{e} \right) + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 333

$$d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{e} \right) + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 353

$$d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2 \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(2p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{e} \right) + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

3.417. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$d \left(\frac{d(3ae^2 + bd^2)^{2p+3} \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right) - e^{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2} \right) \right)}{e^{2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)}} \right) \frac{x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

```
input Int[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output (d^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*e^2*(1 + p)) + (d*(-((2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*(3*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(3 + 2*p))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a], (e^2*x^2)/d^2))/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p)))/e)/e^2/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)
```

3.417.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 237 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

3.417. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.417.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.417.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```

3.417.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.417.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^2, x)`**3.417.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.417.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

$$3.418 \quad \int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

3.418.1 Optimal result	3177
3.418.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3178
3.418.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3178
3.418.4 Maple [F]	3182
3.418.5 Fracas [F]	3182
3.418.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3182
3.418.7 Maxima [F]	3183
3.418.8 Giac [F]	3183
3.418.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3183

3.418.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 281

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} \\ & \quad - \frac{2(ae^2+bd^2(1+p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e^2(bd^2+ae^2)} \\ & \quad + \frac{(ae^2+2bd^2(1+p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e^2(bd^2+ae^2)} \\ & \quad + \frac{d(ae^2+bd^2(1+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$-d^2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)-2*(a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+(a*e^2+2*b*d^2*(p+1))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+d*(a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)$$

$$3.418. \quad \int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

3.418.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{d^2 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} - \frac{d \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

e^3

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((d^2*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/((-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)) - (d*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p) + (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(1 + (b*x^2)/a))/e^3`

3.418.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {603, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 603

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(ade - (2b(p+1)d^2 + ae^2)x)(bx^2 + a)^p}{e(d+ex)} dx}{ae^2 + bd^2} - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(ade - (2b(p+1)d^2 + ae^2)x)(bx^2 + a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

3.418. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \mathbf{719} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{238} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - (a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{237} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{504} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{334} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \downarrow \mathbf{333} \\
 & \frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.418. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 353

$$\frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2 \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1))}{e(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{2d(ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+2bd^2(p+1))}{e(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{e(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((d^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (-(((a*e^2 + 2*b*d^2*(1 + p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + (2*d*(a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + p))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(e*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))`

3.418.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^(n+1)*(a + b*x)^(m+1)/(b^(n+1)*(m+1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

3.418. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.418.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.418.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.418.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.418.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.418.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.418.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.419 $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.419.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{de(bd^2+ae^2)}$$

$$- \frac{bd(1+2p)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(bd^2+ae^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)}$$

```
output d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^
p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/d/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/
a)^p)-b*d*(1+2*p)*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e/(a*e
^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*(a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hyperg
eom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)
```

3.419.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}+x})}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}+x})}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a+bx^2)^p \left(-2dp \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}e}}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}e}}{d+ex}\right)\right)}{2e^2p(-1+2p)(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```
output ((a + b*x^2)^p*(-2*d*p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]] + (-1 + 2*p)*(d + e*x)*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]]))/(2*e^2*p*(-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x))
```

3.419.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules used = {594, 25, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 594$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} - \int \frac{(ae-bd(2p+1)x)(bx^2+a)^p dx}{d+ex} \frac{1}{ae^2+bd^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ae-bd(2p+1)x)(bx^2+a)^p dx}{d+ex}}{ae^2+bd^2} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

3.419. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{bd(2p+1) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e}}{ae^2 + bd^2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{bd(2p+1)(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{e}}{ae^2 + bd^2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{ae^2 + bd^2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{e} + \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{e} + \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e}}{e} + \frac{ae^2 + bd^2}{e} \\
 & \quad \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.419. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx^2 \right)}{e} - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{(ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} \right)}{e} - \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (-((b*d*(1 + 2*p)*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + ((a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + 2*p))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2)]/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)`

3.419.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

3.419. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 594 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.419.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.419.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.419.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.419.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.419.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.419.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.420 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.420.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{e^2 x(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bd^2 + ae^2)(d^2 - e^2 x^2)} - \frac{2bpx(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{bd^2 + ae^2} + \frac{b(1 + 2p)x(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{bd^2 + ae^2} - \frac{bde(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{(bd^2 + ae^2)^2(1 + p)}$$

output

```
e^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)-2*b*p*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+b*(1+2*p)*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-b*d*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)
```

3.420.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{e(-1 + 2p)(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/(e*(-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x))`**3.420.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{505}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} - \frac{2dex(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{e^2x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(e^2x^2 - d^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2} +$$

$$\frac{e^2x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^4} -$$

$$\frac{bde(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^2}$$

3.420. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((d^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (e^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^4*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (b*d*e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/((b*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(1 + p))`

3.420.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.420.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.420.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.420.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.420.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.420.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.420.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.421 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.421.7 Maxima [F]	3200
3.421.8 Giac [F]	3200
3.421.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3200

3.421.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 368

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{e^3x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d^2(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)}$$

$$- \frac{(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2ad^2(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)}$$

output
$$-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^3/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^3/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/3*e^3*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^5/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],1+b*x^2/a)/a/d^2/(p+1)+b*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)$$

3.421.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$(a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{2d \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{-\left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{2d^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output
$$\left((a+b*x^2)^p * \left((-2*d*AppellF1[1-2*p, -p, -p, 2-2*p, (d-Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d+e*x), (d+Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d+e*x]]) / ((-1+2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)]+x))/(d+e*x))^p * (d+e*x)) + (-AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1-2*p, (d-Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d+e*x), (d+Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d+e*x]]) / (((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)]+x))/(d+e*x))^p * ((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)]+x))/(d+e*x))^p) + Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1-p, -(a/(b*x^2))] / (1+a/(b*x^2))^p / p \right) / (2*d^2) \right)$$

3.421.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.421. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{622} \\
& \int \left(-\frac{2de(a+bx^2)^p}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{e^2x(a+bx^2)^p}{(e^2x^2-d^2)^2} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2ex(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} + \\
& \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} (ae^2 + bd^2(1-p)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d^2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^2} + \\
& \frac{be^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2(bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \\
& \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{2ad^2(p+1)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2), x]`

output `(e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)) - (2*e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (e^2*(a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 - p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*d^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(1 + p)) - ((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a*d^2*(1 + p)) + (b*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(1 + p))`

3.421.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 622 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.421.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

3.421.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^2*x^3 + 2*d*e*x^2 + d^2*x), x)`

3.421.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(x*(d + e*x)**2), x)`

3.421.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.421.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x), x)`

3.421.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.422 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.422.1 Optimal result	3201
3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3202
3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3203
3.422.4 Maple [F]	3204
3.422.5 Fracas [F]	3204
3.422.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3204
3.422.7 Maxima [F]	3205
3.422.8 Giac [F]	3205
3.422.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3205

3.422.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 421

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{2e^2x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{e^2x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{e^4x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^6} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{d^2x} - \frac{e^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d^3(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)} + \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{ad^3(1+p)} - \frac{be^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)}$$

output $2e^{2x}(bx^2+a)^p \text{AppellF1}(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^{2x^2}/d^2, -bx^2/a)/d^4 / ((1+bx^2/a)^p) + e^{2x}(bx^2+a)^p \text{AppellF1}(1/2, 2, -p, 3/2, e^{2x^2}/d^2, -bx^2/a)/d^4 / ((1+bx^2/a)^p) + 1/3 e^{4x^3}(bx^2+a)^p \text{AppellF1}(3/2, 2, -p, 5/2, e^{2x^2}/d^2, -bx^2/a)/d^6 / ((1+bx^2/a)^p) - (bx^2+a)^p \text{hypergeom}([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -bx^2/a)/d^2/x / ((1+bx^2/a)^p) - e^{3x}(bx^2+a)^{(p+1)} \text{hypergeom}([1, p+1], [2+p], e^{2x}(bx^2+a)/(ae^{2x}+bd^2))/d^3 / (ae^{2x}+bd^2) / (p+1) + e^{(p+1)x}(bx^2+a)^{(p+1)} \text{hypergeom}([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+bx^2/a)/a/d^3 / (p+1) - b e^{3x}(bx^2+a)^{(p+1)} \text{hypergeom}([2, p+1], [2+p], e^{2x}(bx^2+a)/(ae^{2x}+bd^2))/d / (ae^{2x}+bd^2)^2 / (p+1)$

3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{de \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{e \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2), x]`

output $((a+bx^2)^p * ((d * e * \text{AppellF1}[1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, (d - \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) * e] / (d + e*x), (d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) * e] / (d + e*x)) / ((-1 + 2p) * ((e * (-\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) + x) / (d + e*x))^p * (d + e*x)) + (e * \text{AppellF1}[-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, (d - \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) * e] / (d + e*x), (d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) * e] / (d + e*x)) / (p * ((e * (-\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)]) + x) / (d + e*x))^p * ((e * (\text{Sqrt}[-(a/b)] + x) / (d + e*x))^p) - (d * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) / (x * (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1-p, -(a/(b*x^2))]) / (p * (1 + a/(b*x^2))^p))) / d^3$

3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{622} \\
 & \int \left(-\frac{2de(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(e^2x^2 - d^2)^2} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2x} + \\
 & \frac{e^2x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} + \\
 & \frac{e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)}{ad^3(p + 1)} - \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{d(d^2 - e^2x^2)(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \\
 & \frac{e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (ae^2 + bd^2(1 - p)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{d^3(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2),x]`

output `-((e^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(d*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2))) - ((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, 2, 1/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (e^2*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e^3*(a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 - p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2])/(d^3*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^(1 + p)) + (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(a*d^3*(1 + p))`

3.422.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 622 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.422.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2 (ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.422.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^2*x^4 + 2*d*e*x^3 + d^2*x^2), x)
```

3.422.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.422. $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.422.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.422.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^2*x^2), x)`

3.422.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.423 $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.423.1 Optimal result	3206
3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3207
3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3207
3.423.4 Maple [F]	3213
3.423.5 Fracas [F]	3213
3.423.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3214
3.423.7 Maxima [F]	3214
3.423.8 Giac [F]	3214
3.423.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3215

3.423.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 449

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2be^3(1+p)} - \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2e^3(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{d^3(4ae^2+bd^2(3+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(4+3p)+b^2d^4(6+7p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e^4(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{d(3a^2e^4+2abd^2e^2(5+4p)+b^2d^4(6+7p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e^4(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(4+3p)+b^2d^4(6+7p+2p^2))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2}{bd}\right)}{2e^3(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/e^3/(p+1)-1/2*d^4*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(
(e*x+d)^2+d^3*(4*a*e^2+b*d^2*(3+p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(e
*x+d)+d*(6*a^2*e^4+3*a*b*d^2*e^2*(4+3*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+7*p+6))*x*(b*x^2+a
)^p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e^4/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*
x^2/a)^p)-d*(3*a^2*e^4+2*a*b*d^2*e^2*(5+4*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+7*p+6))*x*(b*x
^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e^4/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/
a)^p)-1/2*d^2*(6*a^2*e^4+3*a*b*d^2*e^2*(4+3*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+7*p+6))*(b*x
^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^3/(a*e
^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)
```

3.423. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{ae^2}{b+bp} + \frac{e^2x^2}{1+p} - \frac{8d^3 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{d^4 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((a*e^2)/(b + b*p) + (e^2*x^2)/(1 + p) - (8*d^3*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]))/((-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)) + (d^4*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]))/((-1 + p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)^2) + (6*d^2*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]))/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p) - (6*d*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(2*e^5)`

3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.650$, Rules used = {603, 27, 2182, 2185, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 603

$$-\frac{\int \frac{2(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^3}{e^2} - \frac{(b(p+1)d^2+ae^2)xd^2}{e^3} + \left(\frac{bd^2}{e^2} + a \right) x^2 d - \left(\frac{bd^2}{e} + ae \right) x^3 \right)}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(ae^2 + bd^2)} - \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

3.423. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^3}{e^2} - \frac{(b(p+1)d^2+ae^2)x d^2}{e^3} + \left(\frac{bd^2}{e^2} + a \right) x^2 d - \frac{(bd^2+ae^2)x^3}{e} \right)}{(d+ex)^2} dx - \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(a \left(\frac{b(p+2)d^2}{e^2} + 3a \right) d^2 - \frac{(b^2(2p^2+7p+5)d^4+8abe^2(p+1)d^2+2a^2e^4)x d}{e^3} + \frac{(bd^2+ae^2)^2 x^2}{e^2} \right)}{\frac{d+ex}{ae^2+bd^2}} dx - \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(4ae^2+bd^2(p+3))}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2182} \\ & \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2185} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{2bd(p+1)(ade(b(p+2)d^2+3ae^2) - (b^2(2p^2+7p+6)d^4+2abe^2(4p+5)d^2+3a^2e^4)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{e(d+ex)} dx + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^3(p+1)}}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(4ae^2+bd^2(p+3))}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{\frac{ade(b(p+2)d^2+3ae^2) - (b^2(2p^2+7p+6)d^4+2abe^2(4p+5)d^2+3a^2e^4)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{e^3} dx + \frac{(ae^2+bd^2)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2be^3(p+1)}}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(4ae^2+bd^2(p+3))}{e^3(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{719} \\ & \frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{238} \\ & \int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

3.423. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(3p+4)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^P}{d+ex} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^P \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-P} (3a^2e^4+2abd^2e^2(4p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^P dx}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

237

$$d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(3p+4)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^P}{d+ex} dx - x(a+bx^2)^P \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-P} (3a^2e^4+2abd^2e^2(4p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

504

$$d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(3p+4)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^P}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^P}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - x(a+bx^2)^P \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-P} (3a^2e^4+2abd^2e^2(4p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6))}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

334

$$d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4+3abd^2e^2(3p+4)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^P \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-P} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^P}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^P}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - x(a+bx^2)^P \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-P} (3a^2e^4+2abd^2e^2(4p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+7p+6))}{e} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

333

3.423. $\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4 + 3abd^2e^2(3p+4) + b^2d^4(2p^2 + 7p+6))}{e} \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e^3} - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \right)}{ae^2 + bd^2} ae^2$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 353

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4 + 3abd^2e^2(3p+4) + b^2d^4(2p^2 + 7p+6))}{e} \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e^3} - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \right)}{ae^2 + bd^2} ae^2$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{d \left(\frac{d(6a^2e^4 + 3abd^2e^2(3p+4) + b^2d^4(2p^2 + 7p+6))}{e} \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} \right)}{e^3} - x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \right)}{ae^2 + bd^2} ae^2$$

$$\frac{d^4(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^3(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

```
output -1/2*(d^4*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^3*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((d^3
*(4*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^3*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d +
e*x))) - (((b*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*e^3*(1 + p)) + (d*(
-(((3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*b*d^2*e^2*(5 + 4*p) + b^2*d^4*(6 + 7*p + 2*p^2))*x*(a
+ b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/
a)^p)) + (d*(6*a^2*e^4 + 3*a*b*d^2*e^2*(4 + 3*p) + b^2*d^4*(6 + 7*p + 2*p^
2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^
2]))/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1
+ p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p
))))/e)/e^3)/(b*d^2 + a*e^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)
```

3.423.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 237 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-
p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p]
] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 238 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)
^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 333 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

- rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`
- rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`
- rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2182 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.423.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

3.423.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^4}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)
```

3.423.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**3.423.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p x^4}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^3, x)`**3.423.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p x^4}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^4/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.423.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4(bx^2+a)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`output `int((x^4*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.424 $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.424.1 Optimal result	3216
3.424.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3217
3.424.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3217
3.424.4 Maple [F]	3222
3.424.5 Fracas [F]	3222
3.424.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3222
3.424.7 Maxima [F]	3223
3.424.8 Giac [F]	3223
3.424.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3223

3.424.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 416

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2e^2(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{d^2(3ae^2+bd^2(2+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e^2(bd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6+7p)+b^2d^4(3+5p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x}{d^2}\right)}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5+6p)+b^2d^4(3+5p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x}{d^2}\right)}{e^3(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6+7p)+b^2d^4(3+5p+2p^2))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e^2(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
1/2*d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-d^2*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(2+p))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-(3*a^2*e^4+a*b*d^2*e^2*(6+7*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+5*p+3))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+(a^2*e^4+a*b*d^2*e^2*(5+6*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+5*p+3))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*d*(3*a^2*e^4+a*b*d^2*e^2*(6+7*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+5*p+3))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)
```

3.424.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} - \frac{d^3 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*((6*d^2*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/((-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)) - (d^3*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)])/((-1 + p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*d*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/(p*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p) + (2*e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p))/(2*e^4)`

3.424.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {603, 27, 2182, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 603

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \int \frac{2(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{b(p+1)d^2}{e^2} + a \right) xd + \left(\frac{bd^2}{e} + ae \right) x^2 \right)}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

3.424. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p \left(\frac{ad^2}{e} - \left(\frac{b(p+1)d^2}{e^2} + a \right) xd + \left(\frac{bd^2}{e} + ae \right) x^2 \right)}{(d+ex)^2} dx + \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\left(ade^2 \left(\frac{b(p+1)d^2}{e} + 2ae \right) - (b^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^4 + abe^2(6p+5)d^2 + a^2e^4) x \right) (bx^2+a)^p}{e^2(d+ex)}}{ae^2+bd^2} dx - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2182} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\left(ade(b(p+1)d^2+2ae^2) - (b^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^4 + abe^2(6p+5)d^2 + a^2e^4) x \right) (bx^2+a)^p}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} dx - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\left(ade(b(p+1)d^2+2ae^2) - (b^2(2p^2+5p+3)d^4 + abe^2(6p+5)d^2 + a^2e^4) x \right) (bx^2+a)^p}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} dx - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & - \frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e}}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & - \frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx}{e}}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & - \frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{e}}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(3ae^2+bd^2(p+2))}{e^2(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.424. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

↓ 504

$$\frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3))}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2+bd^2$$

↓ 334

$$\frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3))}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2+bd^2$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3))}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2+bd^2$$

↓ 353

$$\frac{d(3a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(7p+6)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right)}{e} - \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} (a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(6p+5)+b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3))}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \quad ae^2+bd^2$$

↓ 78

3.424. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{d(3a^2e^4 + abd^2e^2(7p+6) + b^2d^4(2p^2+5p+3)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right) e^{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{e^{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2+bd^2)} \right)}{e^2(ae^2+bd^2)} = \frac{d^3(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e^2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(d^3*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (-((d^2*(3*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - (((a^2*e^4 + a*b*d^2*e^2*(5 + 6*p) + b^2*d^4*(3 + 5*p + 2*p^2))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + (d*(3*a^2*e^4 + a*b*d^2*e^2*(6 + 7*p) + b^2*d^4*(3 + 5*p + 2*p^2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(e^2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)`

3.424.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2182 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
 With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq,
 d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*
 d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m +
 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b
 *e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq,
 x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.424.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.424.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.424.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.424. $\int \frac{x^3(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.424.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.424.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^3}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^3/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.424.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3 (bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.425 $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.425.1 Optimal result 3224
 3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3225
 3.425.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3225
 3.425.4 Maple [F] 3230
 3.425.5 Fracas [F] 3230
 3.425.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3230
 3.425.7 Maxima [F] 3231
 3.425.8 Giac [F] 3231
 3.425.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3231

3.425.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 396

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2e(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{d(2ae^2+bd^2(1+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{e(bd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(2+5p)+b^2d^4(1+3p+2p^2))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{de^2(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{bd(1+2p)(2ae^2+bd^2(1+p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e^2(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(2+5p)+b^2d^4(1+3p+2p^2))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2e(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*d^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2+d*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))
*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+(a^2*e^4+a*b*d^2*e^2*(2+5*p)+b^
2*d^4*(2*p^2+3*p+1))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^
2/a)/d/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-b*d*(1+2*p)*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+
1))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/e^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(
(1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*(a^2*e^4+a*b*d^2*e^2*(2+5*p)+b^2*d^4*(2*p^2+3*p+1))*(b*
x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/e/(a*e^
2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)
```

3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{e\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x\right)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a+bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{4d \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2-2p, -p, -p, 3-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{(-1+p)(d+ex)^2}\right)$$

$$2e^3$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p * ((-4*d*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]) / ((-1 + 2*p)*(d + e*x)) + (d^2*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]) / ((-1 + p)*(d + e*x)^2) + AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)] / p) / (2*e^3*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)$

3.425.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.550$, Rules used = {603, 27, 688, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 603$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{2(ade-(b(p+1)d^2+ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{e(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(ade-(b(p+1)d^2+ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

3.425. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ae(bpd^2+ae^2)-bd(2p+1)(b(p+1)d^2+2ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{ae^2+bd^2} dx - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5p+2)+b^2d^4(2p^2+3p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - bd(2p+1)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5p+2)+b^2d^4(2p^2+3p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - bd(2p+1)(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5p+2)+b^2d^4(2p^2+3p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5p+2)+b^2d^4(2p^2+3p+1)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \right) - bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{(a^2e^4+abd^2e^2(5p+2)+b^2d^4(2p^2+3p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx - bd(2p+1)(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(2ae^2+bd^2(p+1))}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \frac{e(ae^2+bd^2)}{d^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}} \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}{e(ae^2+bd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.425. $\int \frac{x^2(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{(a^2 e^4 + a b d^2 e^2 (5p+2) + b^2 d^4 (2p^2 + 3p+1)) \left(\frac{d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)} \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2 + bd^2)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

↓ 333

$$\frac{(a^2 e^4 + a b d^2 e^2 (5p+2) + b^2 d^4 (2p^2 + 3p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)} \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2 + bd^2)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

↓ 353

$$\frac{(a^2 e^4 + a b d^2 e^2 (5p+2) + b^2 d^4 (2p^2 + 3p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)} \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2 + bd^2)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{(a^2 e^4 + a b d^2 e^2 (5p+2) + b^2 d^4 (2p^2 + 3p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{e(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)} \right)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)} \frac{bd(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (2ae^2 + bd^2)}{e (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

$$\frac{d^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2e(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output
$$-1/2*(d^2*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/(e*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - (-((d*(2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)})/((b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) - ((b*d*(1 + 2*p)*(2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + ((a^2*e^4 + a*b*d^2*e^2*(2 + 5*p) + b^2*d^4*(1 + 3*p + 2*p^2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))$$

3.425.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F, (b_)*(G_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 78
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}/(b^{(n + 1)}*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 237
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 238
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 333
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.425.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.425.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.425.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.425.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.425.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.425.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2 (bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.426 $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.426.1 Optimal result 3232
 3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3233
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 3.426.8 Giac [F] 3239
 3.426.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3239

3.426.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{2(bd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2+bd^2p)(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{bp(3ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{e(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{b(1+2p)(ae^2+bd^2p)x(a+bx^2)^p\left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e(bd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bdp(3ae^2+bd^2(1+2p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-(b*d^2*p+a*e^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(p
+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-b*p*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*App
ellF1(1/2, 1, -p, 3/2, e^2*x^2/d^2, -b*x^2/a)/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+
b*(1+2*p)*(b*d^2*p+a*e^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a
)/e/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*b*d*p*(3*a*e^2+b*d^2*(1+2*p))*(b*x
^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b
*d^2)^3/(p+1)
```

3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}+x})}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}+x})}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a+bx^2)^p \left(2(-1+p)(d+ex) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}+x}}{d+ex}\right)\right)}{2e^2(-1+p)(-1+2p)(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $((a + bx^2)^p(2(-1 + p)(d + ex) \operatorname{AppellF1}[1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, (d - \sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex)}, (d + \sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex]) + d(1 - 2p) \operatorname{AppellF1}[2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, (d - \sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex), (d + \sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex)])/(2e^2(-1 + p)(-1 + 2p)((e(-\sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex)) + x))/(d + ex))^p((e(\sqrt{-(a/b)]*e)/(d + ex)) + x)/(d + ex))^p(d + ex)^2$

3.426.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$, Rules used = {594, 27, 688, 25, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 594$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2(ae-bdpx)(bx^2+a)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ae-bdpx)(bx^2+a)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{ae^2+bd^2} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{b(ae(1-p)+(2p+1)(bpd^2+ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{b(ae(1-p)+(2p+1)(bpd^2+ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(ae(1-p)+(2p+1)(bpd^2+ae^2)x)(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ae^2+bd^2p) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} \right)}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} \right)}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d+ex} dx}{e} \right)}{ae^2+bd^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ae^2+bd^2p)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+bd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.426. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(d \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx\right)}{e} \right) \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{ae^2+bd^2}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 334

$$b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(d(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx\right)}{e} \right) \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{ae^2+bd^2}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 333

$$b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{d}\right)}{e} \right) \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{ae^2+bd^2}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 353

$$b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} - \frac{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1)) \left(\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{d}\right)}{e} \right) \frac{ae^2+bd^2}{ae^2+bd^2}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2+bd^2)}$$

↓ 78

3.426. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$b \left(\frac{(2p+1)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (ae^2+bd^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{e} \right)^{dp(3ae^2+bd^2(2p+1))} \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{d}$$

$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+bd^2)}$$

```
input Int[(x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

```
output (d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (-(((a*e^2 + b*d^2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x))) + (b*(((1 + 2*p)*(a*e^2 + b*d^2*p)*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(e*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (d*p*(3*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + 2*p))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a], (e^2*x^2)/d^2)]/(d*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)]/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(1 + p))))/e)/(b*d^2 + a*e^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)
```

3.426.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 237 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

3.426. $\int \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2) ^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 594 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.426.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.426.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.426.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.426.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.426.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*x/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.426.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.427 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.427.1 Optimal result 3240
 3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3241
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 3.427.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3244

3.427.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{4 (bd^2 + ae^2) (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{x (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{be(2ae^2 + bd^2(1 + p)) (a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{4 (bd^2 + ae^2)^3 (1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2 d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2 (bd^2 + ae^2)^3 (1 + p)}$$

```
output -1/4*d^2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2+x*(b*x^2+a)^p*Ap
pellF1(1/2,3,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^3/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+e^2*x^3*(b*x
^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,3,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^5/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/
4*b*e*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(
b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)-3/2*b^2*d^2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)
)*hypergeom([3, p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p
+1)
```

3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{d+ex}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}\right)}{2e(-1 + p)(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x]`output `((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/(2*e*(-1 + p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)^2)`**3.427.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{505}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{3de^2x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} - \frac{3d^2ex(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} + \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(e^2x^2 - d^2)^3} + \frac{d^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{e^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5} +$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3} -$$

$$\frac{3b^2 d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2 (bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3} +$$

$$\frac{be(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2ae^2 + bd^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{e^2 (bx^2+a)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{4(p+1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3}$$

$$\frac{d^2 e (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(d^2*e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2) + (x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 3, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((d^3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (e^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 3, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((d^5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (b*e*(2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(4*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(1 + p)) - (3*b^2*d^2*e*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(1 + p))`

3.427.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.427.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.427.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.427.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.427.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.427.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.427.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

$$3.428 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.428.1 Optimal result	3246
3.428.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3247
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3.428.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3251

3.428.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 700

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{de^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{4(bd^2 + ae^2)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} - \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} \\
&- \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} \\
&- \frac{ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4} \\
&- \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^6} \\
&- \frac{e^3x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6} \\
&+ \frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d^3(bd^2 + ae^2)(1 + p)} \\
&- \frac{(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2ad^3(1 + p)} \\
&+ \frac{be^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d(bd^2 + ae^2)^2(1 + p)} \\
&- \frac{be^2(2ae^2 + bd^2(1 + p))(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{4d(bd^2 + ae^2)^3(1 + p)} \\
&+ \frac{3b^2de^2(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2 + ae^2)^3(1 + p)}
\end{aligned}$$

output $1/4*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^4/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^4/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-e*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,3,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^4/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/3*e^3*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^6/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-e^3*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,3,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^6/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+1/2*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^3/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^2/a)/a/d^3/(p+1)+b*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)-1/4*b*e^2*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)+3/2*b^2*d*e^2*(b*x^2+a)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)$

3.428.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(-\frac{2d \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{d - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} e}{d + ex}, \frac{d + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} e}{d + ex} \right)}{(-1 + 2p)(d + ex)} - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d + ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1 + 2p)(d + ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output $((a + b*x^2)^p*((-2*d*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/((-1 + 2*p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)) - (d^2*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/((-1 + p)*((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(d + e*x)^2) + (-AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x)]/(((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p*(e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(d + e*x))^p)) + Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))]/(1 + a/(b*x^2))^p)/p)/(2*d^3)$

3.428.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 622

$$\int \left(-\frac{3d^2 e(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} + \frac{3de^2 x(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} + \frac{e^3 x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(e^2 x^2 - d^2)^3} + \frac{d^3(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2a^2 e^4 + 2abd^2 e^2(2 - p) + b^2 d^4(p^2 - 3p + 2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right) - \frac{4d^3(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3}{e^3 x^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) - \frac{3d^6}{3ex(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right) + \frac{3b^2 de^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2}\right) - \frac{2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right) + \frac{2ad^3(p + 1)}{e^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2ae^2 + bd^2(3 - p))} + \frac{de^2(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2 (ae^2 + bd^2)}}{d^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3), x]`

```
output (d*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(4*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2) + (e^2*(
2*a*e^2 + b*d^2*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(4*d*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d^2
- e^2*x^2)) - (3*e*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 3, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a),
(e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (e^3*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1
[3/2, -p, 3, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(3*d^6*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)
+ (e^2*(2*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*b*d^2*e^2*(2 - p) + b^2*d^4*(2 - 3*p + p^2))*(a +
b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*d^2
+ a*e^2)])/(4*d^3*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(1 + p)) - ((a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hyper
geometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^2)/a])/(2*a*d^3*(1 + p)) + (3*b^2*d
*e^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, (e^2*(a + b*x^
2))/(b*d^2 + a*e^2)])/(2*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(1 + p))
```

3.428.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 622 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbo
l] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2
- d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.428.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```


3.428.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^3*x^4 + 3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3*d^2*e*x^2 + d^3*x), x)`

3.428.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(x*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.428.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x), x)`

3.428.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x), x)`

3.428.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

$$3.429 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.429.1 Optimal result	3253
3.429.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3254
3.429.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3255
3.429.4 Maple [F]	3256
3.429.5 Fricas [F]	3257
3.429.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3257
3.429.7 Maxima [F]	3257
3.429.8 Giac [F]	3258
3.429.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3258

3.429.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 754

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^3} dx \\
&= -\frac{e^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p}}{4(bd^2+ae^2)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} \\
&+ \frac{3e^2x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5} \\
&+ \frac{2e^2x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5} \\
&+ \frac{e^2x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5} \\
&+ \frac{2e^4x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{3d^7} \\
&+ \frac{e^4x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^7} \\
&- \frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{d^3x} \\
&- \frac{3e^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2d^4(bd^2+ae^2)(1+p)} \\
&+ \frac{3e(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2ad^4(1+p)} \\
&- \frac{2be^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{d^2(bd^2+ae^2)^2(1+p)} \\
&+ \frac{be^3(2ae^2+bd^2(1+p))(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{4d^2(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)} \\
&- \frac{3b^2e^3(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{e^2(a+bx^2)}{bd^2+ae^2}\right)}{2(bd^2+ae^2)^3(1+p)}
\end{aligned}$$

output
$$-1/4*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2+3*e^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^5/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+2*e^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^5/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+e^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,3,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^5/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+2/3*e^4*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^7/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+e^4*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,3,-p,5/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-b*x^2/a)/d^7/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-1/2,-p],[1/2],-b*x^2/a)/d^3/x/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-3/2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^4/(a*e^2+b*d^2)/(p+1)+3/2*e*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],1+b*x^2/a)/a/d^4/(p+1)-2*b*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^2/(p+1)+1/4*b*e^3*(2*a*e^2+b*d^2*(p+1))*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/d^2/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)-3/2*b^2*e^3*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([3,p+1],[2+p],e^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+b*d^2))/(a*e^2+b*d^2)^3/(p+1)$$

3.429.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{4de \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{d-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex}, \frac{d+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}e}{d+ex} \right)}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} + \frac{d^2 e \left(\frac{e(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + x)}{d+ex} \right)^{-p}}{(-1+2p)(d+ex)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + b*x^2)^p * ((4*d*e*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]]) / ((-1 + 2*p) * ((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * (e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * (d + e*x)) + \\ & (d^2*e*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]]) / ((-1 + p) * ((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * ((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * (d + e*x)^2) + (3*e*AppellF1[\\ & -2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (d - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x), (d + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*e)/(d + e*x]]) / (p * ((e*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p * ((e*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x)) / (d + e*x))^p) - (2*d*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b*x^2)/a]) / \\ & (x*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (3*e*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(a/(b*x^2))]) / (p*(1 + a/(b*x^2))^p)) / (2*d^4) \end{aligned}$$

3.429.
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{x^2(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.429.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{622} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{3de^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} - \frac{3d^2e(a + bx^2)^p}{x(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} + \frac{e^3x(a + bx^2)^p}{(e^2x^2 - d^2)^3} + \frac{d^3(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2a^2e^4 + 2abd^2e^2(2 - p) + b^2d^4(p^2 - 3p + 2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2} \right)}{4d^4(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{3e^2x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^5} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^3x} \\
 & \quad + \frac{b^2e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(3, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{e^2(bx^2 + a)}{bd^2 + ae^2} \right)}{2(p + 1)(ae^2 + bd^2)^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{3e(a + bx^2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{2ad^4(p + 1)} \\
 & \quad - \frac{3e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2ae^2 + bd^2(3 - p))}{4d^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)(ae^2 + bd^2)^2} - \frac{3e^3(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{4(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2(ae^2 + bd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3), x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3e^3(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)}) / (4(bd^2 + ae^2)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2) - (3e^3(2ae^2 + bd^2(3-p))(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)}) / (4d^2(bd^2 + ae^2)^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)) \\ & - ((a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[-1/2, -p, 3, 1/2, -(bx^2)/a, (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / (d^3x(1 + (bx^2)/a)^p) + (3e^2x(a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, 3, 3/2, -(bx^2)/a, (e^2x^2)/d^2]) / (d^5(1 + (bx^2)/a)^p) \\ & - (3e^3(2a^2e^4 + 2ab^2d^2e^2(2-p) + b^2d^4(2-3p+p^2))(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, (e^2(a + bx^2))/(bd^2 + ae^2)]) / (4d^4(bd^2 + ae^2)^3(1+p)) + (3e(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + (bx^2)/a]) / (2ad^4(1+p)) - (b^2e^3(a + bx^2)^{(1+p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, 1+p, 2+p, (e^2(a + bx^2))/(bd^2 + ae^2)]) / (2(bd^2 + ae^2)^3(1+p)) \end{aligned}$$

3.429.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 622
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} * ((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)} * ((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[x^m(a + bx^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2x^2) - d(x/(c^2 - d^2x^2)))^{(-n)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

3.429.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((bx^2+a)^p/x^2/(ex+d)^3,x)$$

output
$$\text{int}((bx^2+a)^p/x^2/(ex+d)^3,x)$$

3.429.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(e^3*x^5 + 3*d*e^2*x^4 + 3*d^2*e*x^3 + d^3*x^2), x)`

3.429.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/x**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.429.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^2), x)`

3.429.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/x^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/((e*x + d)^3*x^2), x)`

3.429.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{x^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(x^2*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.430 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.430.1 Optimal result	3259
3.430.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3260
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3.430.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3264
3.430.7 Maxima [F]	3265
3.430.8 Giac [F]	3265
3.430.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3265

3.430.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{3de^2(gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{cg(3 + m + 2p)} + \frac{e^3(gx)^{2+m} (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{cg^2(4 + m + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{d(3ae^2(1 + m) - cd^2(3 + m + 2p)) (gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}\right)}{cg(1 + m)(3 + m + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{e(ae^2(2 + m) - 3cd^2(4 + m + 2p)) (gx)^{2+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}\right)}{cg^2(2 + m)(4 + m + 2p)}$$

```
output 3*d*e^2*(g*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/c/g/(3+m+2*p)+e^3*(g*x)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/c/g^2/(4+m+2*p)-d*(3*a*e^2*(1+m)-c*d^2*(3+m+2*p))*(g*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/c/g/(1+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)-e*(a*e^2*(2+m)-3*c*d^2*(4+m+2*p))*(g*x)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/c/g^2/(2+m)/(4+m+2*p)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.430.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (gx)^m (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= x(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right)}{1+m} \right.$$

$$\left. + ex \left(\frac{3d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right)}{2+m} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + ex \left(\frac{3d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3+m}{2}, -p, \frac{5+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right)}{3+m} + \frac{ex \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{4+m}{2}, -p, \frac{6+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a} \right)}{4+m} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`output `(x*(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*((d^3*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(1 + m) + e*x*((3*d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(2 + m) + e*x*((3*d*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, -p, (5 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(3 + m) + (e*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(4 + m)/2, -p, (6 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(4 + m)))))/(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p`**3.430.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$, Rules used = {559, 2340, 25, 27, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{559}$$

$$\frac{\int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (c(m + 2p + 4)d^3 + 3ce^2(m + 2p + 4)x^2d - e(ae^2(m + 2) - 3cd^2(m + 2p + 4))x) dx}{c(m + 2p + 4)} + \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

↓ 2340

$$\frac{\int -c(gx)^m (d(m+2p+4)(3ae^2(m+1)-cd^2(m+2p+3))+e(m+2p+3)(ae^2(m+2)-3cd^2(m+2p+4))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{c(m+2p+3)} + \frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(m + 2p + 4)}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)} \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \frac{\int c(gx)^m (d(m+2p+4)(3ae^2(m+1)-cd^2(m+2p+3))+e(m+2p+3)(ae^2(m+2)-3cd^2(m+2p+4))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{c(m+2p+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(m + 2p + 4)}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)} \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \frac{\int (gx)^m (d(m+2p+4)(3ae^2(m+1)-cd^2(m+2p+3))+e(m+2p+3)(ae^2(m+2)-3cd^2(m+2p+4))x)(cx^2+a)^p dx}{m+2p+3}$$

$$\frac{c(m + 2p + 4)}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)} \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

↓ 557

$$\frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \frac{d(m+2p+4)(3ae^2(m+1)-cd^2(m+2p+3)) \int (gx)^m (cx^2+a)^p dx + \frac{e(m+2p+3)(ae^2(m+2)-3cd^2(m+2p+4))}{g} \int (gx)^m (cx^2+a)^p dx}{m+2p+3}$$

$$\frac{c(m + 2p + 4)}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)} \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \frac{d(m+2p+4)(a+cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (3ae^2(m+1)-cd^2(m+2p+3)) \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{e(m+2p+3)(a+c)}{m+2p+3} \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{c(m + 2p + 4)}$$

$$\frac{c(m + 2p + 4)}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)} \frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m + 2p + 4)}$$

3.430. $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx$

↓ 278

$$\frac{3de^2(m+2p+4)(gx)^{m+1}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{g(m+2p+3)} - \frac{e^{(m+2p+3)}(gx)^{m+2}(a+cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2(m+2) - 3cd^2(m+2p+4)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, -p, \frac{m+4}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g^2(m+2)}$$

$$\frac{e^3(gx)^{m+2}(a+cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg^2(m+2p+4)} \qquad c(m+2p+4)$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e^3*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*g^2*(4 + m + 2*p)) + ((3*d*e^2*(4 + m + 2*p)*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(g*(3 + m + 2*p)) - ((d*(4 + m + 2*p)*(3*a*e^2*(1 + m) - c*d^2*(3 + m + 2*p))*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -(c*x^2)/a])/(g*(1 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p) + (e*(3 + m + 2*p)*(a*e^2*(2 + m) - 3*c*d^2*(4 + m + 2*p))*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, -(c*x^2)/a])/(g^2*(2 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p))/(3 + m + 2*p))/(c*(4 + m + 2*p))`

3.430.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

3.430.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^3 (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.430.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.430.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 113.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p d^3 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{3a^p d^2 e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} + \frac{3a^p d e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)} + \frac{a^p e^3 g^m x^{m+4} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 2 \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 3\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d**3*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + 3*a**p*d**2*e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2)) + 3*a**p*d*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2)) + a**p*e**3*g**m*x**(m + 4)*gamma(m/2 + 2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 2), (m/2 + 3,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3))`

3.430.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.430.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.430.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.431 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.431.1 Optimal result	3266
3.431.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3266
3.431.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3267
3.431.4 Maple [F]	3269
3.431.5 Fracas [F]	3269
3.431.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3270
3.431.7 Maxima [F]	3270
3.431.8 Giac [F]	3271
3.431.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3271

3.431.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{e^2 (gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^{1+p}}{cg(3 + m + 2p)} - \frac{(ae^2(1 + m) - cd^2(3 + m + 2p)) (gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{cg(1 + m)(3 + m + 2p)} + \frac{2de(gx)^{2+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g^2(2 + m)}$$

```
output e^2*(g*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+a)^(p+1)/c/g/(3+m+2*p)-(a*e^2*(1+m)-c*d^2*(3+m+2*p)
)*(g*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/
c/g/(1+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)+2*d*e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeo
m([-p, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/g^2/(2+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.431.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(d^2(6 + 5m + m^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right) + e(1 + m)\right)}{(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)] + e*(1 + m)*x*(2*d*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)] + e*(2 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(3 + m)/2, -p, (5 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]))/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.431.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {559, 25, 557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{559} \\
 & \frac{\int -(gx)^m (-c(m + 2p + 3)d^2 - 2ce(m + 2p + 3)xd + ae^2(m + 1)) (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{\frac{c(m + 2p + 3)}{e^2(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}} + \frac{cg(m + 2p + 3)}{e^2(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int (gx)^m (-c(m + 2p + 3)d^2 - 2ce(m + 2p + 3)xd + ae^2(m + 1)) (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{c(m + 2p + 3)} - \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{557} \\
 & \frac{e^2(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg(m + 2p + 3)} - \\
 & \frac{(ae^2(m + 1) - cd^2(m + 2p + 3)) \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx - \frac{2cde(m + 2p + 3) \int (gx)^{m+1} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{g}}{c(m + 2p + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e^2(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg(m + 2p + 3)} - \frac{(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2(m + 1) - cd^2(m + 2p + 3)) \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx - \frac{2cde(m+2p+3)(a+cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p}}{g}}{c(m + 2p + 3)}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{e^2(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^{p+1}}{cg(m + 2p + 3)} - \frac{(gx)^{m+1} (a+cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ae^2(m+1) - cd^2(m+2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{2cde(m+2p+3)(gx)^{m+2} (a+cx^2)^p}{g}}{g(m+1)} - \frac{2cde(m+2p+3)(gx)^{m+2} (a+cx^2)^p}{c(m + 2p + 3)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(e^2*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*g*(3 + m + 2*p)) - (((a*e^2*(1 + m) - c*d^2*(3 + m + 2*p))*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)])/(g*(1 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p) - (2*c*d*e*(3 + m + 2*p)*(g*x)^(2 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)])/(g^2*(2 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p)/(c*(3 + m + 2*p))`

3.431.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 557 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[d/e Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 559 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*x^n - a*d^n*(m + n - 1)*x^(n - 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && !IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.431.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex + d)^2 (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.431.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.431.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 70.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p d^2 g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{a^p d e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)} + \frac{a^p e^2 g^m x^{m+3} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d**2*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + a**p*d*e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/gamma(m/2 + 2) + a**p*e**2*g**m*x**(m + 3)*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 3/2), (m/2 + 5/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 5/2))`

3.431.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.431.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.431.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.432 $\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.432.1 Optimal result	3272
3.432.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3272
3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3273
3.432.4 Maple [F]	3274
3.432.5 Fracas [F]	3275
3.432.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3275
3.432.7 Maxima [F]	3276
3.432.8 Giac [F]	3276
3.432.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3276

3.432.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d(gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g(1+m)} + \frac{e(gx)^{2+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g^2(2+m)}$$

```
output d*(g*x)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/
g/(1+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)+e*(g*x)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/2*m],
[2+1/2*m],-c*x^2/a)/g^2/(2+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.432.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(d(2+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right) + e(1+m)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)\right)}{(1+m)(2+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)] + e*(1 + m)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[(2 + m)/2, -p, (4 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)])/((1 + m)*(2 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {557, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{557}$$

$$d \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{e \int (gx)^{m+1} (cx^2 + a)^p dx}{g}$$

$$\downarrow \text{279}$$

$$\frac{d(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + e(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^{m+1} \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{g}$$

$$\downarrow \text{278}$$

$$\frac{d(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g(m+1)} + \frac{e(gx)^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2}{2}, -p, \frac{m+4}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g^2(m+2)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(d*(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m)/2, -p, (3+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(g*(1+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) + (e*(g*x)^{(2+m)}*(a+c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(2+m)/2, -p, (4+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(g^2*(2+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.432.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*(c*x)^{m+1}/(c*(m+1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*(a+b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1+b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 557 $\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/e \text{Int}[(e*x)^{m+1}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]

3.432.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (ex+d)(cx^2+a)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.432.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.432.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{a^p d g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)} + \frac{a^p e g^m x^{m+2} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{2} + 1 \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*d*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2)) + a**p*e*g**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m/2 + 1)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1), (m/2 + 2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 2))`

3.432.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.432.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (ex + d)(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.432.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x), x)`

3.433 $\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$

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3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3278
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3.433.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3279
3.433.7 Maxima [F]	3280
3.433.8 Giac [F]	3280
3.433.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3280

3.433.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(gx)^{1+m} (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g(1+m)}$$

output $(g*x)^{(1+m)}*(c*x^2+a)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, 1/2+1/2*m], [3/2+1/2*m], -c*x^2/a)/g/(1+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)$

3.433.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output $(x*(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/2, -p, 1 + (1+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)])/((1+m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p)$

3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 279$$

$$(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (gx)^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{g(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/2, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a)]/(g*(1 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p)`

3.433.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

3.433.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.433.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.433.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{\alpha^p g^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*g**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/2 + 1/2)*hyper((-p, m/2 + 1/2), (m/2 + 3/2,), c*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/2 + 3/2))`

3.433.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.433.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m, x)`

3.433.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x)`

3.434
$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p}{d+ex} dx$$

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 3.434.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3282
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 3.434.7 Maxima [F] 3284
 3.434.8 Giac [F] 3285
 3.434.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3285

3.434.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d(1+m)} - \frac{ex^2(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(2+m)}$$

output `x*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m,1,-p,3/2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d/(1+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)-e*x^2*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+1/2*m,1,-p,2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^2/(2+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)`

3.434.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x]`

3.434.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {623, 621, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{623} \\
 & x^{-m}(gx)^m \int \frac{x^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{621} \\
 & x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(d \int \frac{x^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - e \int \frac{x^{m+1} (cx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(d(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^m \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx - e(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{m+1} \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(\frac{x^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d(m+1)} - \frac{ex^{m+2} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{d^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((g*x)^m*((x^(1 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, -p, 1, (3 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d*(1 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p) - (e*x^(2 + m)*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(2 + m)/2, -p, 1, (4 + m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(2 + m)*(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p))/x^m`

3.434.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 394 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2
, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int
egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 395 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^
FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,
1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 621 Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[c Int[x^m*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] - Simp[d Int[
x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m,
p}, x]
```

```
rule 623 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

3.434.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.434.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.434.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.434.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.434.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d), x)`

3.434.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.435 $\int \frac{(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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 3.435.2 Mathematica [F] 3287
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 3.435.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3290

3.435.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^2(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{2ex^2(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(2+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2x^3(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3+m}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(3+m)}$$

```
output x*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m,2,-p,3/2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^2/(1+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)-2*e*x^2*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+1/2*m,2,-p,2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^3/(2+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)+e^2*x^3*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2+1/2*m,2,-p,5/2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^4/(3+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.435.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x]`

3.435.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {623, 622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{623} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \int \frac{x^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{622} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \int \left(\frac{d^2 (cx^2 + a)^p x^m}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} - \frac{2de (cx^2 + a)^p x^{m+1}}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{e^2 (cx^2 + a)^p x^{m+2}}{(e^2 x^2 - d^2)^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(\frac{x^{m+1} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{m+1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)}{d^2 (m+1)} + \frac{e^2 x^{m+3} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1 \right)}{d^2 (m+1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

3.435. $\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

```
output ((g*x)^m*((x^(1+m)*(a+c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(1+m)/2, -p, 2, (3+m)/2, -
((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^2*(1+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) - (2*e*x^(2+m)
*(a+c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(2+m)/2, -p, 2, (4+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2
*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*(2+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) + (e^2*x^(3+m)*(a+c*x^2)^p
*AppellF1[(3+m)/2, -p, 2, (5+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*
(3+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p))/x^m
```

3.435.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 622 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a+b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2-d^2*x^2)-d*(x/(c^2-d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 623 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(c+d*x)^n*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.435.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.435.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.435.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.435.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.435.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.435.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.436 $\int \frac{(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

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3.436.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{x(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^3(1+m)} - \frac{3ex^2(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2+m}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{4+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^4(2+m)} + \frac{3e^2x^3(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3+m}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^5(3+m)} - \frac{e^3x^4(gx)^m (a+cx^2)^p \left(1+\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4+m}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{6+m}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6(4+m)}$$

output

```
x*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m,3,-p,3/2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^3/(1+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)-3*e*x^2*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+1/2*m,3,-p,2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^4/(2+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)+3*e^2*x^3*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2+1/2*m,3,-p,5/2+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^5/(3+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)-e^3*x^4*(g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(2+1/2*m,3,-p,3+1/2*m,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/d^6/(4+m)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.436.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `Integrate[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x]`

3.436.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {623, 622, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{623} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \int \frac{x^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{622} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \int \left(\frac{d^3 (cx^2 + a)^p x^m}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} - \frac{3d^2 e (cx^2 + a)^p x^{m+1}}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} + \frac{3de^2 (cx^2 + a)^p x^{m+2}}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} + \frac{e^3 (cx^2 + a)^p x^{m+3}}{(e^2 x^2 - d^2)^3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(-\frac{e^3 x^{m+4} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+4}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{m+6}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)}{d^6 (m+4)} + \frac{3e^2 x^{m+3} (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a}\right)}{\dots} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

```
output ((g*x)^m*((x^(1+m)*(a+c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(1+m)/2, -p, 3, (3+m)/2, -
((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^3*(1+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) - (3*e*x^(2+m)
*(a+c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(2+m)/2, -p, 3, (4+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2
*x^2)/d^2])/(d^4*(2+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) + (3*e^2*x^(3+m)*(a+c*x^2)
^p*AppellF1[(3+m)/2, -p, 3, (5+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^
5*(3+m)*(1+(c*x^2)/a)^p) - (e^3*x^(4+m)*(a+c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[(4+m)
/2, -p, 3, (6+m)/2, -((c*x^2)/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/(d^6*(4+m)*(1+(c
*x^2)/a)^p))/x^m
```

3.436.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 622 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
1] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2
- d^2*x^2)))]^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 623 Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.436.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

3.436.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.436.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.436.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.436.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + a)^p (gx)^m}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(g*x)^m/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.436.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(gx)^m (a + cx^2)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((g*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.437 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

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 3.437.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3297
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 3.437.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3303

3.437.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 345

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{a}{cd} - \frac{7d}{e^2} \right) x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e}$$

$$- \frac{(105c^3d^6 - 25ac^2d^4e^2 - 17a^2cd^2e^4 - 15a^3e^6 - 2cde(35c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4)x) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{192c^3d^3e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(35c^3d^6 + 15ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + 5a^3e^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{128c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a^3*e^6+9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+35*c^3*d^6)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(9/2)+1/24*(a/c/d-7*d/e^2)*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/4*x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e-1/192*(105*c^3*d^6-25*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-17*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*a^3*e^6-2*c*d*e*(-5*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4
```

3.437.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-15a^3e^6 + a^2cde^4(-17d + 10ex) + ac^2d^2e^2(-25d^2 + 12dex - 8e^2x^2)) \right)}{192c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

192

input `Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-15*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(-17*d + 10*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(-25*d^2 + 12*d*e*x - 8*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*d^3 - 70*d^2*e*x + 56*d*e^2*x^2 - 48*e^3*x^3))) + (3*Sqrt[c*d]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(35*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c*d]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[(c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)])))/(192*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(9/2))`

3.437.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1215}$$

$$\int \frac{x^3(ae + cdx)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1236}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{cdx^2(6ade + (7cd^2 - ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cde} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2(6ade + (7cd^2 - ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 1236 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{x(4ade(7cd^2 - ae^2) + (35c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 5a^2e^4)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3cde} + \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^2\left(\frac{7d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{8e} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^2\left(\frac{7d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{8e} - \frac{\int \frac{x(4ade(7cd^2 - ae^2) + (35c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 5a^2e^4)x)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6cde} \\
 & \downarrow 1225 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^2\left(\frac{7d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{8e} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8c^2d^2e^2} - (-1) \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^2\left(\frac{7d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{8e} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^2\left(\frac{7d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{8e} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + 15ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}\right)}{8c^5/2d^5/2e^5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.437. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

input `Int[(x^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*e) - (((((7*d)/e - (a*e)/(c*d))*x^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/3 - (-1/4*((105*c^3*d^6 - 25*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 17*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6 - 2*c*d*e*(35*c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(35*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(8*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2)))/(6*c*d*e))/(8*e)`

3.437.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 1236 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

3.437.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 954 vs. 2(315) = 630.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 955, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

method	result
default	$\frac{x \left(a d e + \left(e^2 a + c d^2 \right) x + c d e x^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4 c d e} - \frac{5 \left(e^2 a + c d^2 \right) \left(a d e + \left(e^2 a + c d^2 \right) x + c d e x^2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 c d e} - \frac{\left(e^2 a + c d^2 \right) \left(\frac{\left(2 c d e x + e^2 a + c d^2 \right) \sqrt{a d e + \left(e^2 a + c d^2 \right) x + c d e x^2}}{4 c d e} \right)}{8 c d e}$

```
input int(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE  
RBOSE)
```

3.437. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}{d + e x} dx$

output

```

1/e*(1/4*x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e-5/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
/c/d/e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2
+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(
1/2))-1/4*a/c*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/
2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c
*d*e)^(1/2))+d^2/e^3*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e
^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-d/e^2*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d
/e-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((
1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-d^3/e^4*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))
^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1
/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))

```

3.437.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(35c^4d^8 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 - 5a^4e^8)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4\right)}{3(35c^4d^8 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 - 5a^4e^8)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}(2cdex + cd^2)}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acd^2e)x + cd^2e^2)}\right)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.437. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

output `[-1/768*(3*(35*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 105*c^4*d^7*e + 25*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 17*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 6*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^5), -1/384*(3*(35*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e))/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 105*c^4*d^7*e + 25*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 17*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 - 8*(7*c^4*d^5*e^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 6*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^5)]`

3.437.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.437.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.437.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4x \left(\frac{6x}{e} - \frac{7c^3d^4e^2 - ac^2d^2e^4}{c^3d^3e^4} \right) + \frac{35c^3d^5e - 6ac^2d^3e^3 - 5a^2cde^5}{c^3d^3e^4} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(35c^4d^8 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 4a^3cd^2e^6 - 5a^4e^8) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2} \right) \right| \right)}{128 \sqrt{cdec^3d^3e^4}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*x*(6*x/e - (7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)/(c^3*d^3*e^4)) + (35*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^4))*x - (105*c^3*d^6 - 25*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 17*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^4) - 1/128*(35*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*e^4)`

3.437.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.437. $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.438 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.438.1 Optimal result 3304
 3.438.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3305
 3.438.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3305
 3.438.4 Maple [B] (verified) 3308
 3.438.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3308
 3.438.6 Sympy [F] 3309
 3.438.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 3309
 3.438.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 3310
 3.438.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3310

3.438.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{3e} + \frac{((5cd^2 - 3ae^2)(3cd^2 + ae^2) - 2cde(5cd^2 - ae^2)x) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{24c^2d^2e^3}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(5c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*
e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(7/2)+1/3*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)/e+1/24*((-3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-2*c*d*e*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*
x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3
```

3.438.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} (-3a^2 e^4 + 2acde^2(-2d + ex) + c^2 d^2 (15d^2 - 10dex + 8e^2 x^2)) \right) - \frac{3\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2}}{24c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*d^2 - 10*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - (3*Sqrt[c*d]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c*d]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])]) / (Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[(c*d*(d + e*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)])) / (24*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2))`**3.438.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1215}$$

$$\int \frac{x^2(ae + cdx)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1236}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{cdx(4ade + (5cd^2 - ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3cde} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

3.438. $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{x(4ade + (5cd^2 - ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1225 \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{((5cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) - 2cdex(5cd^2 - ae^2)) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{((5cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) - 2cdex(5cd^2 - ae^2)) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3e} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{5/2}} - \frac{((5cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) - 2cdex(5cd^2 - ae^2)) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4c^2d^2e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*e) - (-1/4*(((5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d*e*(5*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(8*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2)))/(6*e)`

3.438.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1225 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1236 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

3.438.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 511 vs. 2(225) = 450.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

method	result
default	$\frac{(ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3cde} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x+e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}}{4cde} + \frac{(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde x}{\sqrt{cde}}\right)}{8cde\sqrt{cde}} \right)}{e^{2cde}}$

```
input int(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c
/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*
d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2
))) -d/e^2*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d
^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)
^(1/2))+d^2/e^3*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-
c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)
^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))
```

3.438.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(5c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cde x^2 + a}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/96*(3*(5*c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*d
*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e
) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 15*c^3*d^5*e - 4
*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 2*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4), 1/48*(3*(5*c^3*d^6
- 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-
c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(8
*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 15*c^3*d^5*e - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 2*(5*c
^3*d^4*e^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
))/(c^3*d^3*e^4)]
```

3.438.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.438.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.438.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2x \left(\frac{4x}{e} - \frac{5c^2d^3e - acde^3}{c^2d^2e^3} \right) + \frac{15c^2d^4 - 4acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4}{c^2d^2e^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(5c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{16\sqrt{cdec^2d^2e^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*x*(4*x/e - (5*c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^3)) + (15*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2*e^3)) + 1/16*(5*c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

3.438.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.439 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.439.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{a}{cd} + \frac{3d}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2cde(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(3cd^2+ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)+1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)-1/4*(a/c/d+3*d/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.439.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae^2 + cd(-3d + 2ex)) + \frac{(-6c^2d^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 2a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\left(\sqrt{d-\frac{ae^2}{cd}}-\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e^2 + c*d*(-3*d + 2*e*x)) + ((-6*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 2*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x])]))/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2))`

3.439.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1215, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1215}$$

$$\int \frac{x(ae + cdx)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1225}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{3cd^4}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(-ae^2 + 3cd^2 - 2cdex)}{4cde^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \left(\frac{a^2 e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{3cd^4}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{4d}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} (-ae^2 + 3cd^2 - 2cde x)} \\
 & \frac{4cde^2}{4cde^2} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{a^2 e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{3cd^4}{e^2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{8\sqrt{cd^3/2}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} (-ae^2 + 3cd^2 - 2cde x)}{4cde^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d + e*x), x]`

output `-1/4*((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*e^2) - ((2*a*d^2 - (3*c*d^4)/e^2 + (a^2*e^2)/c)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])`

3.439.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`


```
rule 1225 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.439.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cde x + e^2 a + c d^2) \sqrt{ade + (e^2 a + c d^2) x + cde x^2}}{4cde} + \frac{(4ac d^2 e^2 - (e^2 a + c d^2)^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} e^2 a + \frac{1}{2} c d^2 + cde x}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade + (e^2 a + c d^2) x + cde x^2}\right)}{8cde \sqrt{cde}} - \frac{d \sqrt{cde}}{e}$

```
input int(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERB OSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-d/e^2*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))
```

3.439.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{x \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 4\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\right)}{(3c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (2cde x + cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{-cde}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acde^3)x)}\right)} - 2(2c^2d^2e^2x - 3cd^2e) \right] / 8c^2d^2e^3$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*((3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x - 3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^3), -1/8*((3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x - 3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^3)]`

3.439.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.439.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.439. $\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.439.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(\frac{2x}{e} - \frac{3cd^2 - ae^2}{cde^2} \right) - \frac{(3c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cde}cde^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

```
output 1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*x/e - (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)
/(c*d*e^2)) - 1/8*(3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a
*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x +
a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e^2)
```

3.439.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.440 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.440.1 Optimal result	3317
3.440.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3317
3.440.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3318
3.440.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3319
3.440.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3320
3.440.6 Sympy [F]	3320
3.440.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	3321
3.440.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3321
3.440.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3322

3.440.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e`

3.440.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(\sqrt{e} + \frac{(-cd^2+ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x), x]`

3.440. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(\text{Sqrt}[e] + ((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]))/e^{(3/2)}$

3.440.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.081$, Rules used = {1131, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1131$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d - \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d + e*x), x]$

output $\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/e - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*e^{(3/2)})$

3.440.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.440.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)} + \frac{(e^2a-cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{e^2a}{2}-\frac{c}{2}\frac{d^2}{e}+cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}\right)}{2\sqrt{cde}}}{e}$	131

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))`

3.440. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.440.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{cde} \sqrt{cde + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} cde - (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cde}\right)}{4cde^2}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x))/(c*d*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*c*d*e + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)))/(c*d*e^2)]
```

3.440.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.440.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor
```

3.440.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade \right) \right| \right)}{2\sqrt{cdee}} + \frac{\sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}{e}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*e) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)/e
```


3.440.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.441
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

3.441.1 Optimal result	3323
3.441.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	3323
3.441.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3324
3.441.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3326
3.441.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3327
3.441.6 Sympy [F]	3328
3.441.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	3329
3.441.8 Giac [F(-2)]	3329
3.441.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3329

3.441.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
```

3.441.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 476 vs. 2(168) = 336.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(-\left(-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}\right)\sqrt{-2cd^2+ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2-ae^2}}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-((-Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])
)*Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-2
*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt
[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x]))] +
(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])*Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqr
t[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 -
a*e^2]]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[d - (a
e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x]))] + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sq
rt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x
))]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])]`

3.441.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1215, 1268, 140, 27, 66, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{ae + cdx}{x\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1268} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cdx} \int \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{x\sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{140} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cdx} \left(cd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx + \int \frac{ae}{x\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\left(cd\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}dx+ae\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}dx\right)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\left(ae\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}dx+2cd\int\frac{1}{cd-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{d+ex}}d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 104

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\left(2cd\int\frac{1}{cd-\frac{e(ae+cdx)}{d+ex}}d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}+2ae\int\frac{1}{\frac{ae(d+ex)}{ae+cdx}-d}d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/Sqrt[e] - (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[d]))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]`

3.441.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 140 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*d^(m + n)*f^p Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)/(c + d*x)^m, x], x] + Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*((e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x)^m)*ExpandToSum[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(-p - 1) - (b*d^(-p - 1)*f^p)/(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || SumSimplerQ[m, -1] || !(GtQ[n, 0] || SumSimplerQ[n, -1]))`

rule 221 `Int[(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1268 `Int[(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.441.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 307 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2 + \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x\right)}{2\sqrt{cde}}}{d} - \frac{ade \ln\left(\frac{2ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+2\sqrt{ade}\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{ade}}$

3.441. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2}{x(d+ex)} dx$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)`

3.441.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 947, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log \left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + 4(2cde^2x + cd^2e + ae^3) \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} + 8(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ae}{d}} \log \left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ad^2e + (cd^3 + a^2e^4))}{x^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}}}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ae}{d}} \log \left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ad^2e + (cd^3 + a^2e^4))}{x^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} \log \left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. + 4(2cde^2x + cd^2e + ae^3) \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{\frac{cd}{e}} + 8(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \left. - \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2cdex + cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{-\frac{cd}{e}}}{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + acd^2e + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)x)} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \left. + \sqrt{-\frac{ae}{d}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{-\frac{ae}{d}}}{2(acde^2x^2 + a^2de^2 + (acd^2e + a^2e^3)x)} \right) \right) \right]$$

3.441. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 1/2*sqrt(a*e/d)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2), -sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + 1/2*sqrt(a*e/d)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2), sqrt(-a*e/d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*e/d)/(a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2 + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x)) + 1/2*sqrt(c*d/e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x), -sqrt(-c*d/e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) + sqrt(-a*e/d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*e/d)/(a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2 + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)...`

3.441.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.441.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.441.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m operator + Error:
Bad Argument Value
```

3.441.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.441. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

$$3.442 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

3.442.1 Optimal result	3330
3.442.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	3330
3.442.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3331
3.442.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3333
3.442.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3334
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3.442.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3336

3.442.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{dx} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/a^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x
```

3.442.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 841 vs. 2(137) = 274.

Time = 9.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 841, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\dots}$$

3.442. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(a^2*e^4*Sqrt[d + e*x] + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(2*d*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] + 2*e*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)])*x - 4*d*Sqrt[d + e*x] - 3*e*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + c^2*(d^2*e^2*x^2*(-4*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] + Sqrt[d + e*x]) + d^3*e*x*(-12*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] + 8*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + d^4*(-8*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] + 8*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(a^2*d*e^4*x - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2*x*(4*d + 3*e*x - 2*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)]*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + c^2*d^3*x*(8*d^2 + 8*d*e*x + e^2*x^2 - 8*d*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)]*Sqrt[d + e*x] - 4*e*Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x]))])/(Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]*(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(Sqrt[d - (a*e^2)/(c*d)] - Sqrt[d + e*x]))])/(Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[-2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 - a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]`

3.442.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1215, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1215$$

$$\int \frac{ae + cdx}{x^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1228$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{dx}$$

3.442. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1154 \\
 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{dx} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{dx}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d*x)) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e])`

3.442.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int((((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 1228 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

3.442.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 707 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{(ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ade x} + \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \left(\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2} + \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde x}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{cde}} \right)}{2ade}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
a/d/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e
^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*
e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+2*c/a*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*
x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^
2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2
)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-e/d^2*((a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+
c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1
/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+e/d^2*((c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^
2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))
/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2
))
```

$$3.442. \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

3.442.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}ade + (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{adex} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{4ad^2ex}\right)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}ade - (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{-adex} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x)}\right)}{2ad^2ex} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*a*d*e + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2))/(a*d^2*e*x), -1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*a*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)))/(a*d^2*e*x)]`

3.442.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.442.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.442.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ade}} - \frac{\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)cd^2 + \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)ae^2 + 2\sqrt{cdex}}{\left(ade - \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)^2\right)d}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*d) - ((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*c*d^2 + (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*d*e)/((a*d*e - (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2)*d)`

3.442.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.443
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

3.443.1 Optimal result	3337
3.443.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3337
3.443.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3338
3.443.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3340
3.443.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3341
3.443.6 Sympy [F]	3342
3.443.7 Maxima [F]	3342
3.443.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3343
3.443.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3343

3.443.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 202

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2dx^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d^2}\right)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4x} \\ & \quad + \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output $1/8*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^{1/2}/d^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2})/a^{3/2}/d^{5/2}/e^{3/2}-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}/d/x^2-1/4*(c/a/e-3*e/d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}/x$

3.443.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-cd^2x+ae(-2d+3ex))}{x^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.443.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-(c*d^2*x) + a*e*(-2*d + 3*e*x)))/x^2 + ((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(4*a^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2))`

3.443.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\
 & \int \frac{ae + cdx}{x^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{ae(cd^2 - 2cexd - 3ae^2)}{2x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 2cexd - 3ae^2}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2dx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1228} \\
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^4}{a} - 3ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2de} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{4d}{2dx^2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.443. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^4}{a} - 3ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{x}}{de} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{x}}$$

$$\frac{4d}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \frac{1}{2dx^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left(\frac{c^2d^4}{a} - 3ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{x}}$$

$$\frac{4d}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \frac{1}{2dx^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d*x^2) + (-(((c*d)/(a*e) - (3*e)/d)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/x + (((c^2*d^4)/a + 2*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a*e^4)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(4*d)`

3.443.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.443.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1352 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1353, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.70

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1353

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{d}(-\frac{1}{2}a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x))+2*c/a*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}))+1/2*c/a*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x)))+e^2/d^3*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x))-e/d^2*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*e)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*...$

3.443.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4)\sqrt{adex^2} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 - 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)}{x^2}\right)}{16a^2d^3e^2x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4)\sqrt{-adex^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{-ade}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x)}\right)}{8a^2d^3e^2x^2} \right] + 2(2a^2d^2e^2 + \dots)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[-1/16*((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^2*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e - 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^2*d^3*e^2*x^2), -1/8*((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e - 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^2*d^3*e^2*x^2)]`

3.443.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(x**3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.443.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.443.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 505 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ade}ad^2e}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade\right)ac^2d^5e + 10\left(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde}x^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade\right)a^2cd^3e^3}{4\sqrt{-ade}ad^2e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a*d^2*e) + 1/4*((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a*c^2*d^5*e + 10*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 5*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^3*d*e^5 + 8*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^3*d^2*e^4 + (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^2*e^4 + 8*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a*c*d^3*e)/((a*d*e - (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2)^2*a*d^2*e)`

3.443.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.444 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

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 3.444.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3345
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3.444.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3dx^3} - \frac{(\frac{c}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d^2})\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24a^2d^3e^2x}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{16a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2)/d/x^3-1/12*(c/a/e-5*e/d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2
+1/24*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x
```

3.444.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3c^2d^4x^2 - 2acd^2ex(d - 2ex) + a^2e^2(-8d^2 + 10dex - 15e^2x^2))}{x^3} - \frac{3(c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6)d}{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}} \right)}{24a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*c^2*d^4*x^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*x*(d - 2*e*x) + a^2*e^2*(-8*d^2 + 10*d*e*x - 15*e^2*x^2)))/x^3 - (3*(c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(24*a^(5/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))`

3.444.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{ae + cdx}{x^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1237

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{ae(cd^2 - 4cexd - 5ae^2)}{2x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3ade} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 4cexd - 5ae^2}{x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3dx^3}$$

↓ 1237

$$\frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + 3ae^2) + 2cde(cd^2 - 5ae^2)x}{2x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{6d}{3dx^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + 3ae^2) + 2cde(cd^2 - 5ae^2)x}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{6d}{3dx^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2ade} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{ade x} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{6d}{3dx^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{4ade} \int \frac{1}{\frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d - \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{ade x}$$

$$\frac{6d}{3dx^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{ade x} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{6d}{3dx^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

3.444. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d*x^3) + (-1/2*(((c*d)/(a*e) - (5*e)/d)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/x^2 - (-((3*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(2*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(4*a*d*e)/(6*d)`

3.444.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 1237 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*
x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)
*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[
(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

3.444.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2058 vs. 2(256) = 512.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2059, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.20

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2059

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/3/a/d/e/x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/a/d/e*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+2*c/a*(1
/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1
/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/
(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+1/2
*c/a*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e
^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e
)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x)))+e^2/d^3*(-1/a/d/e/x
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*((a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+
c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1
/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+2*c/a*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/
c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2...
```

$$3.444. \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

3.444.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 558, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6)\sqrt{adex^3} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 + 4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{x^2}\right)}{\right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(8*a^3*d^3*e^3 - (3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 - 15*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c*d^4*e^2 - 5*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^3), 1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(8*a^3*d^3*e^3 - (3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 - 15*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*c*d^4*e^2 - 5*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^3)]`

3.444.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.444.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.444.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 912 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 912, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-ade}a^2d^3e^2}$$

$$- \frac{3\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^2c^3d^8e^2 + 51\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^3c^2}{-}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^2*d^3*e^2) - 1/24*(3*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 51*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 105*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 + 33*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*d^2*e^8 + 16*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 + 48*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^5*d^3*e^7 + 8*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a*c^3*d^7*e + 72*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 24*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 40*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*d*e^7 + 48*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 144*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 3*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*c^3*d^6 - 3*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*a^3*e^6)/((a*d*e - (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2)^3...`

3.444.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.445
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

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3.445.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 389

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4dx^4} - \frac{(\frac{c}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d^2})\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(5c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-35a^2e^4)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{96a^2d^3e^2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(15c^3d^6+17ac^2d^4e^2+25a^2cd^2e^4-105a^3e^6)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{192a^3d^4e^3x}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5c^3d^6+9ac^2d^4e^2+15a^2cd^2e^4+35a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}d^{9/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(35*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(7/2)-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x^4-1/24*(c/a/e-7*e/d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^3+1/96*(-35*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^2-1/192*(-105*a^3*e^6+25*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+17*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+15*c^3*d^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/d^4/e^3/x
```

3.445.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-15c^3d^6x^3 + ac^2d^4ex^2(10d - 17ex) + a^2cd^2e^2x(-8d^2 + 12dex - 25e^2x^2) + a^3e^3(-48d^3 + 56d^2ex - 70de^2x^2))}{x^4} \right)}{192a^{7/2}d^{9/2}e^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-15*c^3*d^6*x^3 + a*c^2*d^4*e*x^2*(10*d - 17*e*x) + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x*(-8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x - 25*e^2*x^2) + a^3*e^3*(-48*d^3 + 56*d^2*e*x - 70*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3)))/x^4 + (3*(5*c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*e^8)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(192*a^(7/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(7/2))`

3.445.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1215$$

$$\int \frac{ae + cdx}{x^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1237$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{ae(cd^2 - 6cexd - 7ae^2)}{2x^4 \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4dx^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.445. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 6cexd - 7ae^2}{x^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8d} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4dx^4}$$

↓ 1237

$$\frac{\int \frac{5c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 + 4ce(cd^2 - 7ae^2)xd - 35a^2e^4}{2x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3x^3}$$

$$\frac{8d}{4dx^4} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{5c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 + 4ce(cd^2 - 7ae^2)xd - 35a^2e^4}{x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3x^3}$$

$$\frac{8d}{4dx^4} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1237

$$\frac{\int \frac{15c^3d^6 + 17ac^2e^2d^4 + 25a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(5c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 35a^2e^4)xd - 105a^3e^6}{2ax^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 35ae^4 + 6cd^2e^2\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2dex^2} - \left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{8d}{4dx^4} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{15c^3d^6 + 17ac^2e^2d^4 + 25a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(5c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 35a^2e^4)xd - 105a^3e^6}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 35ae^4 + 6cd^2e^2\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2dex^2} - \left(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{8d}{4dx^4} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(35a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6)}{2ade} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{(-105a^3e^6 + 25a^2cd^2e^4 + 17ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)}{ade} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

$$\frac{8d}{4dx^4} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1154

3.445. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(35a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{\frac{ade}{4ade} - \frac{(-105a^3e^6 + 25a^2cd^2e^4 + 17ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)}{6ade}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{4dx^4} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8d \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(35a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}\right)}{\frac{2a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}{4ade} - \frac{(-105a^3e^6 + 25a^2cd^2e^4 + 17ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)}{6ade}} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{4dx^4} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8d
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]
```

```
output -1/4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(d*x^4) + (-1/3*(((c*d)/(a*e) - (7*e)/d)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/x^3 - (-1/2*((5*c^2*d^4)/a + 6*c*d^2*e^2 - 35*a*e^4)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d*e*x^2) - (-(((15*c^3*d^6 + 17*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 25*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(5*c^3*d^6 + 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(2*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(4*a*d*e)/(6*a*d*e)/(8*d)
```

3.445.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

3.445. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.445.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3470 vs. $2(355) = 710$.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3471, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3471

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE RBOSE)`

$$3.445. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

```
output 1/d*(-1/4/a/d/e/x^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-5/8*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/a/d/e*(-1/3/a/d/e/x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/
4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+
1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+2*
c/a*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d
*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)
))+1/2*c/a*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((
1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2)))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*
(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))))-1/4*c/a*(-1/2
/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e
*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d
/e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*
a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*...
```

3.445.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 702, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(5c^4d^8 + 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 20a^3cd^2e^6 - 35a^4e^8)\sqrt{adex^4} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^2 - 4\sqrt{adex^4}}{\dots}\right)}{3(5c^4d^8 + 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 20a^3cd^2e^6 - 35a^4e^8)\sqrt{-adex^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}(2ade + \dots)}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3 + \dots))}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fracas")
```

output `[-1/768*(3*(5*c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^4*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2 + 4*(48*a^4*d^4*e^4 + (15*a*c^3*d^7*e + 17*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 25*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 105*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 35*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(a^3*c*d^5*e^3 - 7*a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^4*d^5*e^4*x^4), -1/384*(3*(5*c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^4*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(48*a^4*d^4*e^4 + (15*a*c^3*d^7*e + 17*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 25*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 105*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 35*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(a^3*c*d^5*e^3 - 7*a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^4*d^5*e^4*x^4)]`

3.445.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.445.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(ex + d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

3.445.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1483 vs. $2(355) = 710$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1483, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/64*(5*c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6
- 35*a^4*e^8)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x
+ a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^3*d^4*e^3) + 1/192*(15*(sqrt(c*d*e)
)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^3 + 396*
(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^4*c^3*d^9*
e^5 + 1170*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a
^5*c^2*d^7*e^7 + 1212*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x
+ a*d*e))*a^6*c*d^5*e^9 + 279*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x +
a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*d^3*e^11 + 128*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^5*c^2*d^8*e^6 + 256*sqrt
(c*d*e)*a^6*c*d^6*e^8 + 384*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^7*d^4*e^10 + 73*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x
- sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 + 980*(s
qrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^3*c^3*d^8*
e^4 + 2238*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3
*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 292*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x
+ a*d*e))^3*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 511*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x
+ a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*d^2*e^10 + 384*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 1792*sqrt(c*
d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^4*c
^2*d^7*e^5 + 2432*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x +
a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^5*c*d^5*e^7 - 55*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 ...
```

3.445.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`

3.445. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.446
$$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

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3.446.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 449

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(21c^4d^8 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 8a^3cd^2e^6 - 7a^4e^8)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}}{512c^4d^4e^5} + \frac{1}{20} \left(\frac{a}{cd} - \frac{3d}{e^2} \right) x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2} + \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{(105c^3d^6 - 21ac^2d^4e^2 - 33a^2cd^2e^4 - 35a^3e^6 - 6cde(21c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{960c^3d^3e^4} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(21c^3d^6+21ac^2d^4e^2+15a^2cd^2e^4+7a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{1024c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{11/2}}$$

output

```
1/20*(a/c/d-3*d/e^2)*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/6*x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e-1/960*(105*c^3*d^6-21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-35*a^3*e^6-6*c*d*e*(-7*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+21*c^2*d^4)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4-1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(7*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+21*c^3*d^6)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(11/2)+1/512*(-7*a^4*e^8-8*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+21*c^4*d^8)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e^5
```


3.446.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105a^5e^{10} + 5a^4cde^8(11d + 14ex) + 2a^3c^2d^2e^6(27d^2 - 16dex - 28e^2x^2) + 6a^2c^3d^3e^4(13d^3 - 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + 8e^3x^3) + ac^4d^4e^2(-525d^4 + 336d^3ex - 264d^2e^2x^2 + 224de^3x^3 + 1664e^4x^4) + c^5d^5(315d^5 - 210d^4ex + 168d^3e^2x^2 - 144d^2e^3x^3 + 128de^4x^4 + 1280e^5x^5)) - (15(c^2d^2 - ae^2)^3(21c^3d^6 + 21ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^4 + 7a^3e^6) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}{\sqrt{ae + cdx}}]) \right)}{7680c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-105*a^5*e^10 + 5*a^4*c*d*e^8*(11*d + 14*e*x) + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(27*d^2 - 16*d*e*x - 28*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(13*d^3 - 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^3*x^3) + a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(-525*d^4 + 336*d^3*e*x - 264*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 224*d*e^3*x^3 + 1664*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(315*d^5 - 210*d^4*e*x + 168*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 144*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 128*d*e^4*x^4 + 1280*e^5*x^5)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(21*c^3*d^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 7*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(7680*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(11/2))`

3.446.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.225$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int x^3(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{3}{2}cdx^2(2ade + (3cd^2 - ae^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{6cde} + \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} \end{aligned}$$

3.446. $\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\int x^2(2ade + (3cd^2 - ae^2)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{4e} \\
 & \downarrow 1236 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x(4ade(3cd^2 - ae^2) + (21c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 7a^2e^4)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{5cde} + \frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4e} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} - \int x(4ade(3cd^2 - ae^2) + (21c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 7a^2e^4)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{10cde}}{4e} \\
 & \downarrow 1225 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} - \frac{5(-7a^4e^8 - 8a^3cd^2e^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 21c^4d^8) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{16c^2d^2e^2} - (-35a^3e^6)}{16c^2d^2e^2}}{4e} \\
 & \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} - \frac{5(-7a^4e^8 - 8a^3cd^2e^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 21c^4d^8) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex}}{4cde} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^2}}{16c^2d^2e^2}}{16c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} - \frac{5(-7a^4e^8 - 8a^3cd^2e^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 21c^4d^8) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex}}{4cde} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^2}}{16c^2d^2e^2}}{16c^2d^2e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.446. $\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6e} - \frac{5(-7a^4e^8 - 8a^3cd^2e^6 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 21c^4d^8)}{16c^2d^2e^2} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex}}{4cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^2\left(\frac{3d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} - \frac{\dots}{16c^2d^2e^2}$$

```
input Int[(x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output (x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*e) - (((3*d)/e - (a*e)/(c*d))*x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/5 - (-1/24*((105*c^3*d^6 - 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 35*a^3*e^6 - 6*c*d*e*(21*c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (5*(21*c^4*d^8 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 7*a^4*e^8)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(10*c*d*e)/(4*e)
```

3.446.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

3.446. $\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1236 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

3.446.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1425 vs. $2(415) = 830$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1426, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1426

input `int(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

3.446.
$$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{6} x (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{5/2} / c d e - \frac{7}{12} (a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{5} (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{5/2} / c d e - \frac{1}{2} (a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{8} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{4} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \ln \left(\frac{(1/2 e^2 a + 1/2 c d^2 + c d e x) / (c d e)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2}}{(c d e)^{1/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{6} a / c \left(\frac{1}{8} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{4} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \ln \left(\frac{(1/2 e^2 a + 1/2 c d^2 + c d e x) / (c d e)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2}}{(c d e)^{1/2}} \right) + d^2 / e^3 \left(\frac{1}{8} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{4} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \ln \left(\frac{(1/2 e^2 a + 1/2 c d^2 + c d e x) / (c d e)^{1/2} + (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2}}{(c d e)^{1/2}} \right) - d / e^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{5/2} / c d e - \frac{1}{2} (a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{8} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{4} (2 c d e x + a e^2 + c d^2) / c d e (a d e + (a e^2 + c d^2) x + c d e x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4 a c d^2 e^2 - (a e^2 + c d^2)^2) / c d e \right) \dots$

3.446.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2)^{3/2}}{d + e x} dx = \left[- \frac{15 (21 c^6 d^{12} - 42 a c^5 d^{10} e^2 + 15 a^2 c^4 d^8 e^4 + 4 a^3 c^3 d^6 e^6 + 3 a^4 c^2 d^4 e^8 + 3 a^5 c d^2 e^{10} + 3 a^6 e^{12})}{(c d e)^{3/2} (d + e x)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/30720*(15*(21*c^6*d^12 - 42*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 + 315*c^6*d^11*e - 525*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 78*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 54*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 55*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(c^6*d^7*e^5 + 13*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 - 16*(9*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 14*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(21*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 33*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 7*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 - 2*(105*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 168*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 18*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + 16*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 35*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^6), 1/15360*(15*(21*c^6*d^12 - 42*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 6*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 + 315*c^6*d^11*e - 525*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 78*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 54*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 55*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(c^6*d^7*e^5 + 13*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 - 16*(9*c^6*d^8*e^4 - 14*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(21*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 33*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 7*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*...

```

3.446.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.446.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.447
$$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

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3.447.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 352

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(7c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128c^3d^3e^4}$$

$$+\frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e}$$

$$+\frac{(35c^2d^4-12acd^2e^2-15a^2e^4-6cde(7cd^2-3ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{240c^2d^2e^3}$$

$$+\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(7c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{256c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/5*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e+1/240*(35*c^2*d^4-12*a*c
*d^2*e^2-15*a^2*e^4-6*c*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3+1/256*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^
2+7*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(9/2)-1/128*(-a
e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a
d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4
```

3.447.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(45a^4e^8 - 30a^3cde^6(d + ex) - \dots \right)}{d + ex}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(45*a^4*e^8 - 30*a^3*c*d*e^6*(d + e*x) - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x - 4*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(95*d^3 - 61*d^2*e*x + 48*d*e^2*x^2 + 264*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-105*d^4 + 70*d^3*e*x - 56*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 48*d*e^3*x^3 + 384*e^4*x^4)) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(1920*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(9/2))`**3.447.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int x^2(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\ & \int -\frac{1}{2}cdx \frac{(4ade + (7cd^2 - 3ae^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{5cde} + \\ & \quad \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.447. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{\int x(4ade + (7cd^2 - 3ae^2)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{10e}$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{16c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-15a^2e^4 - 6cdex(7cd^2 - 3ae^2) - 12acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2d^2e^2}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-15a^2e^4 - 6cdex(7cd^2 - 3ae^2) - 12acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2d^2e^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} dx}{8cde} - d \frac{cd^2 + 2cdex + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-15a^2e^4 - 6cdex(7cd^2 - 3ae^2) - 12acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2d^2e^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5e} - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{16c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-15a^2e^4 - 6cdex(7cd^2 - 3ae^2) - 12acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2d^2e^2}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

3.447. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```
output (x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*e) - (-1/24*((35*c^
2*d^4 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4 - 6*c*d*e*(7*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*
e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^
2)*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*S
qrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2
*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c^2
*d^2*e^2))/(10*e)
```

3.447.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(
(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1225 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(- (b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 1236 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

3.447.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 796 vs. 2(322) = 644.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$\frac{(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5cde} - \frac{(e^2a + cd^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2)(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a + cd^2)^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2)(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} \right)}{e} \right)}{e}$

```
input int(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

$$3.447. \int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

output

```

1/e*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/e-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c
/d/e*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d
^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))) -d/e^2*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e
^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^
2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/
2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))) +d^2/e^3*(1/3*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e
))^3/2+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e
*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*ln((1/2*
e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2
)*(x+d/e)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)))

```

3.447.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 846, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7c^5d^{10} - 15ac^4d^8e^2 + 6a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 2a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 3a^4cd^2e^8 - 3a^5e^{10})\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2 + acd)}\right)}{15(7c^5d^{10} - 15ac^4d^8e^2 + 6a^2c^3d^6e^4 + 2a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 3a^4cd^2e^8 - 3a^5e^{10})\sqrt{-cde}} \right]$$

input

```

integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output `[-1/7680*(15*(7*c^5*d^10 - 15*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 3*a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 105*c^5*d^9*e + 190*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 36*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 30*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 45*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(c^5*d^6*e^4 + 11*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 12*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 61*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 9*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^5), -1/3840*(15*(7*c^5*d^10 - 15*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 3*a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(384*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 - 105*c^5*d^9*e + 190*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 - 36*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 30*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + 45*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 48*(c^5*d^6*e^4 + 11*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^5*d^7*e^3 - 12*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 61*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 9*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^5)]`

3.447.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.447.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.447. $\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.448 $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.448.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5cd^2+3ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64c^2d^2e^3} - \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{3a}{cd} + \frac{5d}{e^2} \right) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4cde(d+ex)} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(5cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/24*(3*a/c/d+5*d/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)-1/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(7/2)+1/64*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3
```

3.448.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-9a^3e^6 + 3a^2cde^4(3d + 2ex) + \dots \right)}{192c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-9*a^3*e^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*(3*d + 2*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^2*(-31*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 72*e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(15*d^3 - 10*d^2*e*x + 8*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3)) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(192*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2))`**3.448.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.132$, Rules used = {1215, 1225, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int x(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1225} \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{3a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{5cd^4}{e^2}\right) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + adedx}}{(-3ae^2 + 5cd^2 - 6cdex) \frac{16d}{24cde^2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \end{aligned}$$

3.448. $\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\left(\frac{3a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{5cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{16d}{(-3ae^2 + 5cd^2 - 6cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \frac{16d}{24cde^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$\left(\frac{3a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{5cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}} dx}{4cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{16d}{(-3ae^2 + 5cd^2 - 6cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \frac{16d}{24cde^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\left(\frac{3a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{5cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16d}{(-3ae^2 + 5cd^2 - 6cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \frac{16d}{24cde^2}$$

input `Int[(x*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-1/24*((5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2 - 6*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(c*d*e^2) - ((2*a*d^2 - (5*c*d^4)/e^2 + (3*a^2*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*d)`

3.448. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.448.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 1087 $\text{Int}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b + 2*c*x) * \{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p / (2*c*(2*p + 1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c) / (2*c*(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

rule 1215 $\text{Int}[\{(f_)+ (g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}*\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)} / \{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]

rule 1225 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+ (e_)*(x_)\}*\{(f_)+ (g_)*(x_)\}*\{(a_)+ (b_)*(x_)+ (c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)} / (2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3)) / (2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

3.448.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cde x + e^2 a + c d^2)(ade + (e^2 a + c d^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4ac d^2 e^2 - (e^2 a + c d^2)^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2 a + c d^2) \sqrt{ade + (e^2 a + c d^2)x + cde x^2}}{4cde} + \frac{(4ac d^2 e^2 - (e^2 a + c d^2)^2)}{16cde} \right)}{e}$

```
input int(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-d/e^2*(1/3*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))
```

3.448.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 676, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5c^4d^8 - 12ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 4a^3cd^2e^6 - 3a^4e^8)\sqrt{cde}}{e} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.448. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

output `[-1/768*(3*(5*c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e - 31*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 9*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4), 1/384*(3*(5*c^4*d^8 - 12*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*e - 31*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 9*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^6*e^2 - 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4)]`

3.448.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1093, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

```

output a*e*Piecewise((( -a*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e/
3 - (a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*
Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*
d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)
**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 -
c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), Tru
e)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/3 - (a**2/6 +
c*d**2/6)*(3*a**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*
e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a**
2 + c*d**2))**2/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a**2 + c*d**2))**2/5)/(a**2 +
c*d**2)**2, Ne(a**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, True)) + c*d*Pie
cewise((( -a*(a*d*e/4 - (a**2/8 + c*d**2/8)*(5*a**2/2 + 5*c*d**2/2)/(3*
c*d*e))/(2*c) - (a**2 + c*d**2)*(-2*a*(a**2/8 + c*d**2/8)/(3*c) - (3*a
**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)*(a*d*e/4 - (a**2/8 + c*d**2/8)*(5*a**2/2 + 5*c*d
**2/2)/(3*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a**2 + c*d**2 + 2
*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a**2 + c*d**2)))/s
qrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a**2
- c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x
- (-a**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))**2), True)) + sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*
(a**2 + c*d**2))*(x**3/4 + x**2*(a**2/8 + c*d**2/8)/(3*c*d*e) + x*(...

```

3.448.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```

input integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
maxima")

```

```

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```

3.448. $\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.448.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(6cdx + \frac{c^4d^5e^2 + 9ac^3d^4e}{c^3d^3e^3} \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(5c^4d^8 - 12ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 4a^3cd^2e^6 - 3a^4e^8) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{128\sqrt{cdec^2d^2e^3}} \right)$$

```
input integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

```
output 1/192*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(6*c*d*x + (c^4*d^
5*e^2 + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e^4)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x - (5*c^4*d^6*e - 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^
3 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^3))*x + (15*c^4*d^7 - 31*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 +
9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^3*c*d*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^3)) + 1/128*(5*c^4*d^8 - 12
*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*log(abs(
-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x +
a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^3)
```

3.448.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)
```


3.449
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

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3.449.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{a}{cd} - \frac{d}{e^2} \right) (cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2} + \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output `1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/e+1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)+1/8*(a/c/d-d/e^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.449.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3a^2e^4 + 2acde^2(4d + 7ex) + c^2d^2) \right)}{24c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*(4*d + 7*e*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*d^2 + 2*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(24*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2))`

3.449.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.108$, Rules used = {1131, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1131} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1087} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{4cde} - \frac{d \sqrt{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.449. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right)}{2e}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*e)`

3.449.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1131 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.449. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.449.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
default	$\frac{(cde(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(e^2a-cd^2) \left(\frac{(2cde(x+\frac{d}{e})+e^2a-cd^2)\sqrt{cde(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}{4cde} - (e^2a-cd^2)^2 \ln\left(\frac{e^2a-cd^2}{2} - \frac{cde}{2}\sqrt{\dots}\right) \right)}{e^2}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/3*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))
```

3.449.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[-\frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + \dots\right)}{48c^2d^2e^3} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(c*d
*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e
) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*
a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^3), -1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 -
3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt
(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-
c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(8
*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^5*e + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 2*(c^3*
d^4*e^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
/(c^2*d^2*e^3)]
```

3.449.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = ae \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{4cde} \right) \sqrt{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \left(\frac{ade}{2} - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{4} \right) \\ \frac{2(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{3/2}}{3(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\ x\sqrt{ade} \end{array} \right.$$

$$+ cd \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(-\frac{a\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{6}\right)}{2c} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)\left(\frac{ade}{3} - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{6}\right)\left(\frac{3ae^2 + 3cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{2cde} \right) \left(\frac{\log(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x + 2\sqrt{cde}\sqrt{ade + cdex^2 + x(ae^2 + cd^2)})}{\sqrt{cde}} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right) \log\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)}{\sqrt{cde}\left(x - \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{2cde}\right)^2} \right) \\ 2\left(\frac{-ade(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{(ade + x(ae^2 + cd^2))^{5/2}}{5}\right) \\ \frac{x^2\sqrt{ade}}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d), x)
```

3.449. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```

output a*e*Piecewise(((x/2 + (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x*
**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)) + (a*d*e/2 - (a*e**2/4 + c*d**2/4)*(a*e**2 + c*d
**2)/(2*c*d*e))*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)
*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (
a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*lo
g(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*
c*d*e)**2), True)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2
)/(3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x*sqrt(a*d*e), True)) +
c*d*Piecewise((-a*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*d*e
/3 - (a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(2*c*d*e))
*Piecewise((log(a*e**2 + c*d**2 + 2*c*d*e*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*sqrt(a*d*e + c
*d*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)))/sqrt(c*d*e), Ne(a*d*e - (a*e**2 + c*d**2
)**2/(4*c*d*e), 0)), ((x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))*log(x - (-a*e**2
- c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e))/sqrt(c*d*e*(x - (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*c*d*e)**2), Tr
ue)) + (x**2/3 + x*(a*e**2/6 + c*d**2/6)/(2*c*d*e) + (a*d*e/3 - (a*e**2/6
+ c*d**2/6)*(3*a*e**2/2 + 3*c*d**2/2)/(2*c*d*e))/(c*d*e))*sqrt(a*d*e + c*d
*e*x**2 + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)), Ne(c*d*e, 0)), (2*(-a*d*e*(a*d*e + x*(a*e
**2 + c*d**2))**(3/2)/3 + (a*d*e + x*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))**(5/2)/5)/(a*e**2 +
c*d**2)**2, Ne(a*e**2 + c*d**2, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a*d*e)/2, True))

```

3.449.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```

input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="ma
xima")

```

```

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e

```

3.449.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4cdx + \frac{c^3d^4e + 7ac^2d^2e^3}{c^2d^2e^2} \right) x \right. \\ \left. (c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right) \right) \\ \frac{1}{16\sqrt{cdecde^2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*c*d*x + (c^3*d^4*e + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*x - (3*c^3*d^5 - 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(c^2*d^2*e^2)) - 1/16*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e^2)`

3.449.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.450
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

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3.450.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 + 5ae^2 + 2cdex) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4e} - \frac{(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}} - a^{3/2}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/8*(-3*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-a^(3/2)*e^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)+1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e
```

3.450.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

3.450.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex} (5ae^2 + cd(d + 2ex)) + (-c^2 d^4) + 6ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4 \right) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex}} \right) - 8a^{3/2} \sqrt{c} d e^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex}} \right)}{4 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} e^{3/2} \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a*e^2 + c*d*(d + 2*e*x)) + (-c^2*d^4) + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])] - 8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.450.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{(ae + cd)x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1231} \\ & \frac{(5ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde)x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \frac{\int \frac{cd(8a^2de^3 - (c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4)x)}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cde} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{8a^2de^3 - (c^2d^4 - 6ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8e} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} (5ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde)}{4e} \end{aligned}$$

$$3.450. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\frac{8a^2de^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - (-3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{\frac{8e}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2(5ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}}} +$$

↓ 1092

$$8a^2de^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - 2(-3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2(5ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}}{4e}$$

↓ 219

$$8a^2de^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{(-3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2(5ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}}{4e}$$

↓ 1154

$$-16a^2de^3 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} - \frac{(-3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2(5ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}}{4e}$$

↓ 219

$$-8a^{3/2}\sqrt{de}^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - \frac{(-3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2(5ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}}{4e}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

$$3.450. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

```
output ((c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]
)/(4*e) + (-(((c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2
+ 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x +
c*d*e*x^2]]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])) - 8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2)*ArcTa
nh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*e)
```

3.450.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/
(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1231 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.450.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 606 vs. 2(213) = 426.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
default	$\frac{(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(e^2a + cd^2)}{2} \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2) \sqrt{ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2}}{4cde} + \frac{(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a + cd^2)^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cde x}{\sqrt{cde}}\right)}{8cde\sqrt{cde}} \right)$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

$$3.450. \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

output

```

1/d*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2
*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4
*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*
e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*
c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d
*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(1/3*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a
*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c
*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2
)^2/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d
/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))

```

3.450.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1327, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.29

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
fracas")

```

output `[1/16*(8*sqrt(a*d*e)*a*c*d*e^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^2), 1/8*(4*sqrt(a*d*e)*a*c*d*e^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x + c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^2), 1/16*(16*sqrt(-a*d*e)*a*c*d*e^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^...`

3.450.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.450.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

3.450.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m operator + Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.450.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.450. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

3.451
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

3.451.1 Optimal result 3401
 3.451.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3402
 3.451.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3402
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 3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 3408
 3.451.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3409

3.451.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = -\frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cd^2 + 3ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}(3cd^2 + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

```
output 1/2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-(-c*d*x+a*e)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x
```


3.451.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} (ae - cd) \sqrt{ae + cd} \sqrt{d + ex} - \sqrt{cd} (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{ae + cd}} \right) + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{(ae + cd)(d + ex)} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{(ae + cd)(d + ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`output `-((Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e - c*d*x)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x] - Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]) + Sqrt[a]*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.451.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1230, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1215}$$

$$\int \frac{(ae + cd)x \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1230}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{ae(3cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(ae - cd)}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

3.451. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{ae(3cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(cd(3ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + ae(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(ae(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 2cd(3ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(ae(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(3ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(3ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - 2ae(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} \frac{d}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(3ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

$$3.451. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

output
$$-\left(\frac{(a e - c d x) \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}{x} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} (c d^2 + 3 a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{c d^2 + a e^2 + 2 c d e x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{e} (3 c d^2 + a e^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2 a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x}{2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{e} \sqrt{a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{d}}\right)\right) / 2$$

3.451.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\operatorname{Int}[-(F x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x]$

rule 219 $\operatorname{Int}[\left((a) + (b) (x)^2\right)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{1}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x / \operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])}{\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]}\right]\right], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1092 $\operatorname{Int}[1 / \sqrt{(a) + (b) (x) + (c) (x)^2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (4 c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2 c x) / \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1154 $\operatorname{Int}[1 / \left(\left(d) + (e) (x)\right) \sqrt{(a) + (b) (x) + (c) (x)^2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (4 c d^2 - 4 b d e + 4 a e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2 a e - b d - (2 c d - b e) x) / \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1215 $\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(\left(f) + (g) (x)\right)^{n} \left(\left(a) + (b) (x) + (c) (x)^2\right)^{p}\right) / \left(\left(d) + (e) (x)\right), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{(a/d + c(x/e))(f + g x)^n (a + b x + c x^2)^{p-1}}{d + e x}, x\right] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c d^2 - b d e + a e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0]$

```
rule 1230 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) -
d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m
+ 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x,
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -
1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ
[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.451.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1299 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1300, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.42

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1300

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
a/d/e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*
(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*
(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*
d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*(
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/
2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c
*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2
)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+4*c/a*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^
2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2
-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2
*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^
(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)))-e/d^2*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)
+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*
a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
)/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a...

```

3.451.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1221, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output `[1/4*((c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d/e)*x*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + (3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a*e/d)*x*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x - a*e))/x, -1/4*(2*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) - (3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a*e/d)*x*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x - a*e))/x, 1/4*(2*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-a*e/d)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*e/d)/(a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2 + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x)) + (c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d/e)*x*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x - a*e))/x, -1/2*((c*d...`

3.451.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(x**2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.451.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}cd$$

$$+ \frac{(3acd^2e + a^2e^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ade}}$$

$$- \frac{(c^2d^3 + 3acde^2) \log\left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right) \right|\right)}{2\sqrt{cde}}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)acd^2e + \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^2e^3 + 2\sqrt{cde}}{ade - \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*c*d + (3*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*
arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt
(-a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e) - 1/2*(c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^
2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a
d*e))))/sqrt(c*d*e) - ((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x
+ a*d*e))*a*c*d^2*e + (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x
+ a*d*e))*a^2*e^3 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*d*e^2)/(a*d*e - (sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sq
rt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2)`

3.451. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.451.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.452
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

3.452.1 Optimal result 3410
 3.452.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3411
 3.452.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3411
 3.452.4 Maple [B] (verified) 3414
 3.452.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3415
 3.452.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3416
 3.452.7 Maxima [F] 3417
 3.452.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 3417
 3.452.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3418

3.452.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(2ade + (5cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

$$+ c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right) - \frac{(3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ad^3}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/a^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*e^(1/2)-1/4*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x^2
```

3.452.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(5cd^2x + ae(2d + ex)) - 8\sqrt{ac^3/2}d^3ex^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+}}\right) \right)}{4\sqrt{ad^3/2}\sqrt{ex^2}\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*c*d^2*x + a*e*(2*d + e*x)) - 8*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]) + (3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]*x^2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.452.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1229, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1229} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{ae(3c^2d^4 + 8c^2exd^3 + 6ace^2d^2 - a^2e^4)}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(x(ae^2 + 5cd^2) + 2ade)}{4dx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.452. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3c^2d^4+8c^2exd^3+6ace^2d^2-a^2e^4}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8d} - \frac{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + 8c^2d^3e\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8d}}{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + 16c^2d^3e\int \frac{1}{4cde-\frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d}{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + 8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - 2(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)\int \frac{1}{4cde-\frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d}{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - \frac{(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{(x(ae^2+5cd^2)+2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4dx^2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x]`

$$3.452. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

```
output -1/4*((2*a*d*e + (5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d
*e*x^2])/(d*x^2) + (8*c^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c
*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*
x^2])) - ((3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*
d*e*x^2]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(8*d)
```

3.452.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(
(d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1229 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.452.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2437 vs. $2(218) = 436$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2438, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2438

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+3/2*(a*e^2+c
*d^2)/a/d/e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2
)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*
x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a
*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^
2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e
)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+4*c/a*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*
x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d
^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln
((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+3/2*c/a*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((
1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/
2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(...

```

3.452.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1375, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output `[1/16*(8*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c*d^3*e*x^2*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - (3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^2*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(2*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (5*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*d^2*e*x^2), -1/16*(16*sqrt(-c*d*e)*a*c*d^3*e*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + (3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^2*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (5*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*d^2*e*x^2), 1/8*(4*sqrt(c*d*e)*a*c*d^3*e*x^2*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + (3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/...`

3.452.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.452.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.452.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 626 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 e \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{\sqrt{cde}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}} \right)}{4\sqrt{-aded}}$$

$$- \frac{3 \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) ac^2d^5e - 2 \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) a^2cd^3e^3}{-}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-c^2d^2e \log(\text{abs}(-c^2d^2 - a^2e^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade}))) / \sqrt{cde} + 1/4(3c^2d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 - a^2e^4) \arctan(-(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade}) / \sqrt{-ade}) / (\sqrt{-ade}d) - 1/4(3(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2 ac^2d^5e - 2(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2 a^2cd^3e^3 - (\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2 a^3d^5e + 8\sqrt{cde}a^2cd^4e^2 - 5(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^3 c^2d^4 - 10(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^3 a^2cd^2e^2 - (\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^3 a^2e^4 - 16\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2 ac^2d^3e - 8\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2 a^2d^3e^3) / ((ade - (\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + cd^2x + a^2ex + ade})^2)^2d)$$

3.452.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.453
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

3.453.1 Optimal result 3419
 3.453.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3420
 3.453.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3420
 3.453.4 Maple [B] (verified) 3423
 3.453.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3424
 3.453.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3424
 3.453.7 Maxima [F] 3425
 3.453.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 3425
 3.453.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3426

3.453.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{c}{ae} - \frac{e}{d^2}\right) (2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8x^2}$$

$$-\frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^3+1/16*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*a
rctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(3/2)-1/8*(c/a/e-e/d^2)*(2*a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.453.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3c^2d^4x^2 + 2acd^2ex(7d+4ex))}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 x} \right)}{24a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`output `((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*c^2*d^4*x^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e*x*(7*d + 4*e*x) + a^2*e^2*(8*d^2 + 2*d*e*x - 3*e^2*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*x^3) - (3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(24*a^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2))`**3.453.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1215, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1228} \\ & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2d} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3dx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \end{aligned}$$

3.453. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
& \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3dx^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{8a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot 3dx^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*x^3) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*d)`

3.453. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

3.453.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

3.453.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

3.453.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4329 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4330, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4330

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/d*(-1/3/a/d/e/x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d \\ & ^2)/a/d/e*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/4*(a*e \\ & ^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+3/2*(a \\ & *e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+ \\ & c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2 \\ &)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+ \\ & c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1 \\ & /2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\ln((\\ & 1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^ \\ & 2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2* \\ & (a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))+4*c/a*(1/8*(2* \\ & c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4 \\ & *a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a \\ & d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c \\ & /d/e*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x \\ & +c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))))+3/2*c/a*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c \\ & d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e \\ & +(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/ \\ & e*\ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c \\ & d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)... \end{aligned}$$

3.453.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$$

3.453.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 558, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \left[-\frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{adex^3} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)}\right)}{48a^2d^3e^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6)\sqrt{-adex^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{-ade}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x)}\right)}{48a^2d^3e^3} \right] + 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x)} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-adex^3}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2 + (acd^3e + a^2de^3)x)} \right)$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(a*d
*e)*x^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*s
qrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*s
qrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(8*a^3*d^3*e^3 + (3*a*c
^2*d^5*e + 8*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + a^3*d
^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^2*d^3*e^2*x^3),
-1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-a*
d*e)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3
*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(8*a^3*d^3*e^3 + (3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 8*a^2*c*d^3*e^3
- 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(7*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 +
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^2*d^3*e^2*x^3)]
```

3.453.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.453. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

3.453.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.453.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1005 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c^3d^6 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-ade}ad^2e}$$

$$+ \frac{3\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^2c^3d^8e^2 - 9\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^3c^2d^6e^4}{8\sqrt{-ade}ad^2e}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/8*(c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*\arctan(-(\sqrt{(c*d*e)*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}})/\sqrt{-a*d*e})/(\sqrt{-a*d*e}*a*d^2*e) + 1/24*(3*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 9*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 - 39*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - 3*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})*a^5*d^2*e^8 - 16*\sqrt{c*d*e}*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 - 8*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a*c^3*d^7*e - 72*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 72*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 8*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^4*d*e^7 - 48*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^2*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 48*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^2*a^4*d^2*e^6 - 3*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^5*c^3*d^6 - 39*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 9*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^5*a^3*e^6 - 48*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^4*a*c^2*d^5*e - 96*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*...$$

3.453.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.454
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$$

3.454.1 Optimal result 3427
 3.454.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3428
 3.454.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3428
 3.454.4 Maple [B] (verified) 3431
 3.454.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3431
 3.454.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3432
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 3.454.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3434

3.454.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(3cd^2+5ae^2)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{64a^2d^3e^2x^2} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} - \frac{(\frac{3c}{ae}-\frac{5e}{d^2})(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{24x^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(3cd^2+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4-1/24*(3*c/a/e-5*e/d^2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^3-1/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^
2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)+1/64*(-a*e
^2+c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^2
```

3.454.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-9c^3d^6x^3+3ac^2d^4ex^2(2d+3ex)+a^2cd^2e^2x(7d+3ex))}{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}} \right)}{x^5(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-9*c^3*d^6*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e*x^2*(2*d + 3*e*x) + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x*(72*d^2 + 20*d*e*x - 31*e^2*x^2) + a^3*e^3*(48*d^3 + 8*d^2*e*x - 10*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3)))/x^4) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))) / (192*a^(5/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))`**3.454.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{ae(3cd^2-2cexd-5ae^2)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{2x^4} dx}{4ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2-2cexd-5ae^2)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{x^4} dx}{8d} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

3.454. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1228 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3e^2d^4}{a} - 5ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx - \left(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x^3}}{2de} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{8d}{4dx^4} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \downarrow 1152 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3e^2d^4}{a} - 5ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \left(-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{2de} - \left(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{5e}{d}\right) \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3e^2d^4}{a} - 5ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2 d \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{4ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{2de} - \frac{8d}{4dx^4} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{3e^2d^4}{a} - 5ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{2de} - \frac{8d}{4dx^4} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dx^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]
```

3.454. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

```
output -1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*x^4) + (-1/3*(((3*c*d)/(a*e) - (5*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/x^3 - ((3*c^2*d^4)/a + 2*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a*e^4)*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x]/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*d*e))/(8*d)
```

3.454.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1152 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int((((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.454.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.454.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7420 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7421, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.16

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	7421

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.454.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \left[-\frac{3(3c^4d^8 - 4ac^3d^6e^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 12a^3cd^2e^6 - 5a^4e^8)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{x^5(d + ex)} \right]$$

3.454. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/768*(3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^4*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(48*a^4*d^4*e^4 - (9*a*c^3*d^7*e - 9*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 31*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 15*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 10*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^3*c*d^5*e^3 + a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^4), 1/384*(3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^4*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(48*a^4*d^4*e^4 - (9*a*c^3*d^7*e - 9*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 31*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 15*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 10*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 - 5*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(9*a^3*c*d^5*e^3 + a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^4)]`

3.454.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.454.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.454. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

3.454.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1618 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1618, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*(3*c^4*d^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^2*d^3*e^2) - 1/192*(9*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^3 - 12*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^5 - 402*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^7 - 348*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c*d^5*e^9 - 15*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*d^3*e^11 - 128*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^6*c*d^6*e^8 - 33*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 724*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 - 1854*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 - 900*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 73*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*d^2*e^10 - 768*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^5 - 1024*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^5*c*d^5*e^7 - 384*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^6*d^3*e^9 - 33*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*a*c^4*d^9*e - 596*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*...`

3.454.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.455
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

3.455.1 Optimal result	3435
3.455.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3436
3.455.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3436
3.455.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3440
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3.455.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3443

3.455.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 395

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7a^2e^4)(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{128a^3d^4e^3x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{(\frac{3c}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d^2})(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{40x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(15c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 - 35a^2e^4)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{240a^2d^3e^2x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{256a^{7/2}d^{9/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^5-1/40*(3*c/a/e-7*e/d^2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4+1/240*(-35*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*
e^2+15*c^2*d^4)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^3+1/
256*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(7*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*
d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(7/2)-1/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(7*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*
d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/d^4/e^3/x^2
```

3.455.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

3.455.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(45c^4d^8x^4 - 30ac^3d^6ex^3(d+ex) + 6a^2c^2d^4e^2x^2}{\dots} \right)}{x^6(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(45*c^4*d^8*x^4 - 30*a*c^3*d^6*e*x^3*(d + e*x) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^2*(4*d^2 + 3*d*e*x - 6*e^2*x^2) + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*x*(264*d^3 + 48*d^2*e*x - 61*d*e^2*x^2 + 95*e^3*x^3) + a^4*e^4*(384*d^4 + 48*d^3*e*x - 56*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 70*d*e^3*x^3 - 105*e^4*x^4)))/x^5) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(1920*a^(7/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(7/2))`**3.455.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.225$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1237

$$\int -\frac{ae(3cd^2 - 4cexd - 7ae^2)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^5} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 27

3.455. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(3cd^2 - 4cexd - 7ae^2) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & - \int \frac{(15c^2d^4 + 12ace^2d^2 + 2ce(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)xd - 35a^2e^4) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^4} dx - \frac{(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{10d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \int \frac{(15c^2d^4 + 12ace^2d^2 + 2ce(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)xd - 35a^2e^4) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{10d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1228} \\
 & - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{2ade} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(\frac{15c^2d^4}{a} - 35ae^4 + 12cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3dex^3} - \frac{(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{10d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \\
 & - \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{2ade} \left(- \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right) - \frac{(\frac{15c^2d^4}{a} - 35ae^4 + 12cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3dex^3} - \frac{(\frac{3cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{10d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.455. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{4ade} - d\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{4adex^2} \\
 & \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx - \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{2ade} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \quad 10d \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{5(cd^2 - ae^2)(7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{8a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \arctanh\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}\right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4ade x^2} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{5dx^5} \quad 10d
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]
```

```
output -1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*x^5) + (-1/4*(((3*c*d)/(a*e) - (7*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/x^4 - (-1/3*(((15*c^2*d^4)/a + 12*c*d^2*e^2 - 35*a*e^4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*e*x^3) - (5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(2*a*d*e))/(8*a*d*e))/(10*d)
```

3.455. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

3.455.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1152 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1228 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 1237 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*
x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)
*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[
(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

3.455.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10574 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10575, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.77

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	10575

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.455.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 872, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \left[-\frac{15(3c^5d^{10} - 3ac^4d^8e^2 - 2a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 6a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 15a^4cd^2e^8 - 15(3c^5d^{10} - 3ac^4d^8e^2 - 2a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 6a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 15a^4cd^2e^8 - 7a^5e^{10})\sqrt{-adex^5} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2)}\right)}{2(acd^2e^2x^2)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fracas")
```

3.455. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$

output `[-1/7680*(15*(3*c^5*d^10 - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 7*a^5*e^10)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^5*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(384*a^5*d^5*e^5 + (45*a*c^4*d^9*e - 30*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^3 - 36*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 190*a^4*c*d^3*e^7 - 105*a^5*d*e^9)*x^4 - 2*(15*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 9*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 61*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - 35*a^5*d^2*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(3*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 12*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 - 7*a^5*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 48*(11*a^4*c*d^6*e^4 + a^5*d^4*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^4*d^5*e^4*x^5), -1/3840*(15*(3*c^5*d^10 - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 7*a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^5*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(384*a^5*d^5*e^5 + (45*a*c^4*d^9*e - 30*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^3 - 36*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 190*a^4*c*d^3*e^7 - 105*a^5*d*e^9)*x^4 - 2*(15*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 - 9*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 61*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - 35*a^5*d^2*e^8)*x^3 + 8*(3*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 12*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 - 7*a^5*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 48*(11*a^4*c*d^6*e^4 + a^5*d^4*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^4*d^5*e^4*x^5)]`

3.455.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**6/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.455.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.455. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^6), x)`

3.455.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2352 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2352, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/128*(3*c^5*d^10 - 3*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - 7*a^5*e^10)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^3*d^4*e^3) + 1/1920*(45*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^4*c^5*d^14*e^4 - 45*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*c^4*d^12*e^6 - 3870*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c^3*d^10*e^8 - 7770*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*c^2*d^8*e^10 - 3615*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^8*c*d^6*e^12 - 105*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^9*d^4*e^14 - 768*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^7*c^2*d^9*e^9 - 1280*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^8*c*d^7*e^11 - 210*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^3*c^5*d^13*e^3 - 7470*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*c^4*d^11*e^5 - 34420*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^5*c^3*d^9*e^7 - 41820*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*c^2*d^7*e^9 - 12570*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^7*c*d^5*e^11 - 790*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^8*d^3*e^13 - 7680*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^5*c^3*d^10*e^6 - 23040*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + ...`

3.455.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.456
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$$

3.456.1 Optimal result 3444
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3.456.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 498

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(7c^4d^8+8ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4-21a^4e^8)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)}{512a^4d^5e^4x^2} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6} - \frac{(\frac{c}{ae}-\frac{3e}{d^2})(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{20x^5} + \frac{(7c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-21a^2e^4)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{160a^2d^3e^2x^4} - \frac{(35c^3d^6+33ac^2d^4e^2+21a^2cd^2e^4-105a^3e^6)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{960a^3d^4e^3x^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(7c^3d^6+15ac^2d^4e^2+21a^2cd^2e^4+21a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{1024a^{9/2}d^{11/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^6-1/20*(c/a/e-3*e/d^2)*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^5+1/160*(-21*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2
+7*c^2*d^4)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^4-1/960*
(-105*a^3*e^6+21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+33*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+35*c^3*d^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/a^3/d^4/e^3/x^3-1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(21*a^3*
e^6+21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*c^3*d^6)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
2))/a^(9/2)/d^(11/2)/e^(9/2)+1/512*(-21*a^4*e^8+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+8*a*c^3*
d^6*e^2+7*c^4*d^8)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/d^5/e^4/x^2
```

3.456.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$$

3.456.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105c^5d^{10}x^5 + 5ac^4d^8ex^4(14d+11ex) - 2a^2c^3d^6e^2x^3(28d^2 + 16d*ex - 27e^2x^2) + 6a^3c^2d^4e^3x^2(8d^3 + 4d^2*ex - 6d*e^2x^2 + 13e^3x^3) + a^4c*d^2*e^4*x*(1664*d^4 + 224*d^3*ex - 264*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 336*d*e^3*x^3 - 525*e^4*x^4) + a^5*e^5*(1280*d^5 + 128*d^4*ex - 144*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 168*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 210*d*e^4*x^4 + 315*e^5*x^5))}{x^6} - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(7*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 21*a^3*e^6)*\text{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}] \right)}{(7680*a^{(9/2)}*d^{(11/2)}*e^{(9/2)})}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-105*c^5*d^10*x^5 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e*x^4*(14*d + 11*e*x) - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2*x^3*(28*d^2 + 16*d*e*x - 27*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^2*(8*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x - 6*d*e^2*x^2 + 13*e^3*x^3) + a^4*c*d^2*e^4*x*(1664*d^4 + 224*d^3*e*x - 264*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 336*d*e^3*x^3 - 525*e^4*x^4) + a^5*e^5*(1280*d^5 + 128*d^4*e*x - 144*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 168*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 210*d*e^4*x^4 + 315*e^5*x^5)))/x^6) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(7*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 21*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(7680*a^(9/2)*d^(11/2)*e^(9/2))`

3.456.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.275$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\ & \int \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{3ae(cd^2-2cexd-3ae^2)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{2x^6} dx}{6ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

3.456. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(cd^2 - 2cexd - 3ae^2) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^6} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1237 \\
 & - \int \frac{(7c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 + 4ce(cd^2 - 3ae^2)xd - 21a^2e^4) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^5} dx - \frac{(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6dx^6}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \int \frac{(7c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 + 4ce(cd^2 - 3ae^2)xd - 21a^2e^4) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{10ade} dx - \frac{(\frac{cd}{ae} - \frac{3e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6dx^6}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1237 \\
 & - \int \frac{(35c^3d^6 + 33ace^2e^2d^4 + 21a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(7c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 21a^2e^4)xd - 105a^3e^6) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^4} dx - \frac{(\frac{7c^2d^4}{a} - 21ae^4 + 6cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dex^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6dx^6}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \int \frac{(35c^3d^6 + 33ace^2e^2d^4 + 21a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(7c^2d^4 + 6ace^2d^2 - 21a^2e^4)xd - 105a^3e^6) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{8ade} dx - \frac{(\frac{7c^2d^4}{a} - 21ae^4 + 6cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4dex^4} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6dx^6}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1228 \\
 & - \frac{5(-21a^4e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 8ac^3d^6e^2 + 7c^4d^8) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx - (-105a^3e^6 + 21a^2cd^2e^4 + 33ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2ade} \\
 & \quad \frac{4d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{6dx^6}{6dx^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1152 \\
 & \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

3.456. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

$$5(-21a^4e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 8ac^3d^6e^2 + 7c^4d^8) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)$$

2ade 8ade 10ade

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6}$$

↓ 1154

$$5(-21a^4e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 8ac^3d^6e^2 + 7c^4d^8) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)$$

2ade 8ade

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(-105a^3e^6 + 21a^2cd^2e^4 + 33ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3adex^3} - \frac{5(-21a^4e^8 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 8ac^3d^6e^2 + 7c^4d^8) \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}\right)}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{8ade}$$

10ade

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{6dx^6}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]`

```
output -1/6*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*x^6) + (-1/5*(((c*d)
/(a*e) - (3*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/x^5 - (-1
/4*(((7*c^2*d^4)/a + 6*c*d^2*e^2 - 21*a*e^4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x +
c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*e*x^4) - (-1/3*(((35*c^3*d^6 + 33*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a
^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))
/(a*d*e*x^3) - (5*(7*c^4*d^8 + 8*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 21*a^
4*e^8)*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x]/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c
*d*e*x^2])))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))))/(2*a*d*e))/(8*a*d*e))/(10*a*d*e
)/(4*d)
```

3.456.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1152 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a
*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
&& GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(
(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

3.456.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$$

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.456.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 16882 vs. $2(460) = 920$.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16883, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.90

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	16883

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.456.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 37.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1072, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7c^6d^{12} - 6ac^5d^{10}e^2 - 3a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 4a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^4c^2d^4e^8)}{\dots} \right]$$

3.456. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/30720*(15*(7*c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 42*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 21*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^6*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(1280*a^6*d^6*e^6 - (105*a*c^5*d^11*e - 55*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 - 54*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 - 78*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 525*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 - 315*a^6*d*e^11)*x^5 + 2*(35*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 16*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 - 18*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 168*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 105*a^6*d^2*e^10)*x^4 - 8*(7*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^3 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 33*a^5*c*d^5*e^7 - 21*a^6*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 16*(3*a^4*c^2*d^8*e^4 + 14*a^5*c*d^6*e^6 - 9*a^6*d^4*e^8)*x^2 + 128*(13*a^5*c*d^7*e^5 + a^6*d^5*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^5*d^6*e^5*x^6), 1/15360*(15*(7*c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 42*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 21*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(1280*a^6*d^6*e^6 - (105*a*c^5*d^11*e - 55*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 - 54*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 - 78*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 525*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 - 315*a^6*d*e^11)*x^5 + 2*(35*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 16*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 - 18*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 168*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 105*a^6*d^2*e^10)*x^4 - 8*(7*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^3 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 33*...`

3.456.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/x**7/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.456.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex+d)x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*x^7), x)`

3.456.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3251 vs. $2(460) = 920$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3251, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/512*(7*c^6*d^12 - 6*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e
^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 42*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 21*a^6*e^12)*arctan(-(sqrt(c
*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt
(-a*d*e)*a^4*d^5*e^4) - 1/7680*(105*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d
^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*c^6*d^17*e^5 - 90*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*
x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c^5*d^15*e^7 - 15405*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x
- sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*c^4*d^13*e^9 - 46140*(s
qrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^8*c^3*d^11*e
^11 - 46305*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*
a^9*c^2*d^9*e^13 - 14730*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2
*x + a*d*e))*a^10*c*d^7*e^15 - 315*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2
*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^11*d^5*e^17 - 3072*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^8*c^3*d^12*e^10
- 6144*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^9*c^2*d^10*e^12 - 5120*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^10*c*d^8*e^14 -
595*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*c^
6*d^16*e^4 - 30210*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a
*d*e))^3*a^5*c^5*d^14*e^6 - 199425*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2
*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*c^4*d^12*e^8 - 419500*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c
*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^7*c^3*d^10*e^10 - 305925*(sqrt(
c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^8*c^2*d^8*e^12
- 65010*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^...

```

3.456.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.457 \quad \int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.457.1 Optimal result	3453
3.457.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3454
3.457.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3455
3.457.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3458
3.457.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3459
3.457.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3460
3.457.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	3461
3.457.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3461
3.457.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3462

3.457.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 574

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(33c^3d^6+45ac^2d^4e^2+35a^2cd^2e^4+15a^3e^6)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{16384c^5d^5e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(33c^3d^6+45ac^2d^4e^2+35a^2cd^2e^4+15a^3e^6)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)}{2048c^4d^4e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{112} \left(\frac{5a}{cd} - \frac{11d}{e^2} \right) x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2} + \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e}$$

$$\frac{(231c^3d^6-15ac^2d^4e^2-95a^2cd^2e^4-105a^3e^6-10cde(33c^2d^4-10acd^2e^2-15a^2e^4)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)}{4480c^3d^3e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^5(33c^3d^6+45ac^2d^4e^2+35a^2cd^2e^4+15a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{32768c^{11/2}d^{11/2}e^{13/2}}$$

$$3.457. \quad \int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

output $1/2048*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(15*a^3*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+33*c^3*d^6)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/c^4/d^4/e^5+1/112*(5*a/c/d-11*d/e^2)*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}+1/8*x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/e-1/4480*(231*c^3*d^6-15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-95*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-105*a^3*e^6-10*c*d*e*(-15*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+33*c^2*d^4)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/c^3/d^3/e^4+3/32768*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(15*a^3*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+33*c^3*d^6)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)})/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(11/2)}/d^{(11/2)}/e^{(13/2)}-3/16384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(15*a^3*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+33*c^3*d^6)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^5/e^6$

3.457.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(1575a^7e^{14} - 525a^6cde^{12}(7d + \dots) \right)}{d + ex}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(1575*a^7*e^{14} - 525*a^6*c*d*e^{12}*(7*d + 2*e*x) + 35*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^{10}*(29*d^2 + 68*d*e*x + 24*e^2*x^2) + 5*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8*(185*d^3 - 110*d^2*e*x - 376*d*e^2*x^2 - 144*e^3*x^3) + 5*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6*(265*d^4 - 120*d^3*e*x + 80*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 320*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4) + a^2*c^5*d^5*e^4*(-11193*d^5 + 7034*d^4*e*x - 5488*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 4640*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 137600*d*e^4*x^4 + 103680*e^5*x^5) + a*c^6*d^6*e^2*(11445*d^6 - 7476*d^5*e*x + 5928*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 5056*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 4480*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 212480*d*e^5*x^5 + 168960*e^6*x^6) + c^7*d^7*(-3465*d^7 + 2310*d^6*e*x - 1848*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 1584*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 1408*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 1280*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 87040*d*e^6*x^6 + 71680*e^7*x^7)) + (105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(33*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^3*e^6)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]))/(573440*c^{(11/2)}*d^{(11/2)}*e^{(13/2)})$

3.457. $\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

3.457.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\
 & \int x^3(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\
 & \int -\frac{1}{2}cdx^2(6ade + (11cd^2 - 5ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{8cde}{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\int x^2(6ade + (11cd^2 - 5ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{16e} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{1236} \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}x(4ade(11cd^2 - 5ae^2) + 3(33c^2d^4 - 10ace^2d^2 - 15a^2e^4)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{7cde} + \frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade)}{16e} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade)^{5/2} - \frac{\int x(4ade(11cd^2 - 5ae^2) + 3(33c^2d^4 - 10ace^2d^2 - 15a^2e^4)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{14cde}}{16e} \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{1225}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.457. $\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(15a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 33c^3d^6)}{8e^2d^2e^2} \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{16e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(15a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 33c^3d^6)}{8e^2d^2e^2} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) + ade)}{8cde} \right)}{16e}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(15a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 33c^3d^6)}{8e^2d^2e^2} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) + ade)}{8cde} \right)}{16e}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} - \frac{\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(15a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 33c^3d^6)}{8e^2d^2e^2} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex) + ade)}{8cde} \right)}{16e}$$

↓ 219

3.457. $\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8e} -$$

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2)(15a^3e^6 + 35a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 33c^3d^6) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde)x(x(ae^2 + cde^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8cde} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x^2\left(\frac{11d}{e} - \frac{5ae}{cd}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} -$$

input `Int[(x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*e) - (((11*d)/e - (5*a*e)/(c*d))*x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/7 - (-1/20*((231*c^3*d^6 - 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 95*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 105*a^3*e^6 - 10*c*d*e*(33*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(33*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^3*e^6)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(8*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(14*c*d*e))/(16*e)`

3.457.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

$$3.457. \int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

rule 1087 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x) * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int((((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1225 `Int(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1236 `Int(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

3.457.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1894 vs. $2(536) = 1072$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1895, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1895

3.457.
$$\int \frac{x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `1/e*(1/8*x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/e-9/16*(a*e^2+c*d^2
) /c/d/e*(1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/e-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2
) /c/d/e*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2
+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2
-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2
*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))))-1/8*a/c*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/
d/e*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2
) /c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))))+d^2/e^3*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+
a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2
*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1
/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1
/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*...`

3.457.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1524, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")`

output `[1/2293760*(105*(33*c^8*d^16 - 120*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 140*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 40*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 - 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 8*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 20*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 40*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 15*a^8*e^16)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(71680*c^8*d^8*e^8*x^7 - 3465*c^8*d^15*e + 11445*a*c^7*d^13*e^3 - 11193*a^2*c^6*d^11*e^5 + 1325*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^7 + 925*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^9 + 1015*a^5*c^3*d^5*e^11 - 3675*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^13 + 1575*a^7*c*d*e^15 + 5120*(17*c^8*d^9*e^7 + 33*a*c^7*d^7*e^9)*x^6 + 1280*(c^8*d^10*e^6 + 166*a*c^7*d^8*e^8 + 81*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^10)*x^5 - 128*(11*c^8*d^11*e^5 - 35*a*c^7*d^9*e^7 - 1075*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^9 - 5*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^11)*x^4 + 16*(99*c^8*d^12*e^4 - 316*a*c^7*d^10*e^6 + 290*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^8 + 100*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^10 - 45*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^12)*x^3 - 8*(231*c^8*d^13*e^3 - 741*a*c^7*d^11*e^5 + 686*a^2*c^6*d^9*e^7 - 50*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^9 + 235*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^11 - 105*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^13)*x^2 + 2*(1155*c^8*d^14*e^2 - 3738*a*c^7*d^12*e^4 + 3517*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^6 - 300*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^8 - 275*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^10 + 1190*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^12 - 525*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^14)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)]/(c^6*d^6*e^7), -1/1146880*(105*(33*c^8*d^16 - 120*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 140*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 40*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 - 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 8*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 20*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 40*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 15*a^8*e^16)*sqrt(-c*d*e...`

3.457.6 Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.457.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.457.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{573440} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10 \left(4 \left(14 c^3 d^{16} - 120 ac^7 d^{14} e^2 + 140 a^2 c^6 d^{12} e^4 - 40 a^3 c^5 d^{10} e^6 - 10 a^4 c^4 d^8 e^8 - 8 a^5 c^3 d^6 e^{10} - 20 a^6 c^2 d^4 e^{12} + 40 a^7 c d^2 e^{14} - 14 a^8 e^{16} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} + 32768 \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} d^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{573440}\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*(4*(14*c^2*d^2*e*x + (17*c^9*d^10*e^7 + 33*a*c^8*d^8*e^9)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (c^9*d^11*e^6 + 166*a*c^8*d^9*e^8 + 81*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^10)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (11*c^9*d^12*e^5 - 35*a*c^8*d^10*e^7 - 1075*a^2*c^7*d^8*e^9 - 5*a^3*c^6*d^6*e^11)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (99*c^9*d^13*e^4 - 316*a*c^8*d^11*e^6 + 290*a^2*c^7*d^9*e^8 + 100*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^10 - 45*a^4*c^5*d^5*e^12)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (231*c^9*d^14*e^3 - 741*a*c^8*d^12*e^5 + 686*a^2*c^7*d^10*e^7 - 50*a^3*c^6*d^8*e^9 + 235*a^4*c^5*d^6*e^11 - 105*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^13)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x + (1155*c^9*d^15*e^2 - 3738*a*c^8*d^13*e^4 + 3517*a^2*c^7*d^11*e^6 - 300*a^3*c^6*d^9*e^8 - 275*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^10 + 1190*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^12 - 525*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^14)/(c^7*d^7*e^7))*x - (3465*c^9*d^16*e - 11445*a*c^8*d^14*e^3 + 11193*a^2*c^7*d^12*e^5 - 1325*a^3*c^6*d^10*e^7 - 925*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^9 - 1015*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^11 + 3675*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^13 - 1575*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^15)/(c^7*d^7*e^7)) - \frac{3}{32768}*(33*c^8*d^16 - 120*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 140*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 - 40*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 - 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 - 8*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 20*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 40*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 15*a^8*e^16)*\log(\text{abs}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*\sqrt{c*d*e})*(\sqrt{c*d*e})*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})))/(\sqrt{c*d*e}*c^5*d^5*e^6)$

3.457.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^3(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.458
$$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.458.1 Optimal result 3463
 3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3464
 3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3464
 3.458.4 Maple [B] (verified) 3468
 3.458.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3468
 3.458.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3469
 3.458.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 3470
 3.458.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 3470
 3.458.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3471

3.458.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 452

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(9c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}}{1024c^4d^4e^5} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(9c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{384c^3d^3e^4} + \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} + \frac{(63c^2d^4-20acd^2e^2-35a^2e^4-10cde(9cd^2-5ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{840c^2d^2e^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(9c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2048c^{9/2}d^{9/2}e^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4+1/7*x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e+1/840*(63*c^2*d^4-20*a*c*d^2*e^2-35*a^2*e^4-10*c*d*e*(-5*a*e^2+9*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3-1/2048*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(11/2)+1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+9*c^2*d^4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e^5
```

3.458.
$$\int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-525a^6e^{12} + 350a^5cde^{10}}{\right)}{d + ex}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-525*a^6*e^12 + 350*a^5*c*d*e^10*(4*d + e*x) - 35*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*(15*d^2 + 26*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) - 60*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^6*(10*d^3 - 5*d^2*e*x - 12*d*e^2*x^2 - 4*e^3*x^3) + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^4*(3689*d^4 - 2332*d^3*e*x + 1824*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 33520*d*e^3*x^3 + 23680*e^4*x^4) + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*(-1680*d^5 + 1099*d^4*e*x - 872*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 744*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 24320*d*e^4*x^4 + 18560*e^5*x^5) + 3*c^6*d^6*(315*d^6 - 210*d^5*e*x + 168*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 144*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 128*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6400*d*e^5*x^5 + 5120*e^6*x^6)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) - (105*(9*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/((a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(107520*c^(9/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(11/2))`

3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1236, 27, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int x^2(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1236

3.458. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}cdx(4ade + (9cd^2 - 5ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{7cde} + \\
 & \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \\
 & \frac{\int x(4ade + (9cd^2 - 5ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{14e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1225 \\
 & \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 9c^2d^4) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-35a^2e^4 - 10cdex(9cd^2 - 5ae^2) - 20acd^2e^2 + 63c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade)^{5/2}}{60c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 9c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{16cde} \right)}{24c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-35a^2e^4 - 10cdex(9cd^2 - 5ae^2) - 20acd^2e^2 + 63c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade)^{5/2}}{60c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1087 \\
 & \frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 9c^2d^4) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} \right)}{16cde} \right)}{24c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-35a^2e^4 - 10cdex(9cd^2 - 5ae^2) - 20acd^2e^2 + 63c^2d^4)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade)^{5/2}}{60c^2d^2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092
 \end{aligned}$$

3.458. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 9c^2d^4)}{8cde} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} \right)$$

$$24c^2d^2e^2$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{x^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7e} - \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 9c^2d^4)}{8cde} \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{4cde} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} \right)$$

$$24c^2d^2e^2$$

input `Int[(x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*e) - (-1/60*((63*c^2*d^4 - 20*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 35*a^2*e^4 - 10*c*d*e*(9*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(9*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*c^2*d^2*e^2)/(14*e)`

3.458.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1087 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1225 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1236 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

$$3.458. \int \frac{x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.458.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1079 vs. $2(418) = 836$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1080, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1080

input `int(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{7} (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{7/2} / c/d/e - \frac{1}{2} (a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * \frac{1}{12} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{5}{24} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \frac{1}{8} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \frac{1}{4} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \ln\left(\frac{1/2*e^2*a + 1/2*c*d^2 + c*d*e*x}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}} + \frac{(a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}}\right) \right) - d/e^2 * \left(\frac{1}{12} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{5}{24} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \frac{1}{8} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \frac{1}{4} (2*c*d*e*x + a*e^2 + c*d^2) / c/d/e * (a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (4*a*c*d^2*e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2) / c/d/e * \ln\left(\frac{1/2*e^2*a + 1/2*c*d^2 + c*d*e*x}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}} + \frac{(a*d*e + (a*e^2 + c*d^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}}\right) \right) + d^2/e^3 * \left(\frac{1}{5} (c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2 + (a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{5/2} + \frac{1}{2} (a*e^2 - c*d^2) * \frac{1}{8} (2*c*d*e*(x+d/e) + e^2*a - c*d^2) / c/d/e * (c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2 + (a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{16} (a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2 / c/d/e * \frac{1}{4} (2*c*d*e*(x+d/e) + e^2*a - c*d^2) / c/d/e * (c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2 + (a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{1/2} - \frac{1}{8} (a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2 / c/d/e * \ln\left(\frac{1/2*e^2*a - 1/2*c*d^2 + c*d*e*(x+d/e)}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}} + \frac{(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2 + (a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{1/2}}{(c*d*e)^{1/2}}\right) \right)$$

3.458.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

3.458. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

input `integrate(x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/430080*(105*(9*c^7*d^14 - 35*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 9*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 15*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - 5*a^7*e^14)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(15360*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^6 + 945*c^7*d^13*e - 3360*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 3689*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 600*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^7 - 525*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 1400*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11 - 525*a^6*c*d*e^13 + 1280*(15*c^7*d^8*e^6 + 29*a*c^6*d^6*e^8)*x^5 + 128*(3*c^7*d^9*e^5 + 380*a*c^6*d^7*e^7 + 185*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^9)*x^4 - 16*(27*c^7*d^10*e^4 - 93*a*c^6*d^8*e^6 - 2095*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^8 - 15*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^10)*x^3 + 8*(63*c^7*d^11*e^3 - 218*a*c^6*d^9*e^5 + 228*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^7 + 90*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^9 - 35*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^11)*x^2 - 2*(315*c^7*d^12*e^2 - 1099*a*c^6*d^10*e^4 + 1166*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^6 - 150*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^8 + 455*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^10 - 175*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^12)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^5*d^5*e^6), 1/215040*(105*(9*c^7*d^14 - 35*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 9*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 15*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - 5*a^7*e^14)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(15360*c^7*d^7*e^7*x^6 + 945*c^7*d^13*e - 3360*a*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 3689*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 600*a...`

3.458.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.458. $\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

output $1/107520*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*(12*c^2*d^2*e*x + (15*c^8*d^9*e^6 + 29*a*c^7*d^7*e^8)/(c^6*d^6*e^6)))*x + (3*c^8*d^10*e^5 + 380*a*c^7*d^8*e^7 + 185*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^9)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x - (27*c^8*d^11*e^4 - 93*a*c^7*d^9*e^6 - 2095*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^8 - 15*a^3*c^5*d^5*e^10)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x + (63*c^8*d^12*e^3 - 218*a*c^7*d^10*e^5 + 228*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^7 + 90*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^9 - 35*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^11)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x - (315*c^8*d^13*e^2 - 1099*a*c^7*d^11*e^4 + 1166*a^2*c^6*d^9*e^6 - 150*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^8 + 455*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^10 - 175*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^12)/(c^6*d^6*e^6))*x + (945*c^8*d^14*e - 3360*a*c^7*d^12*e^3 + 3689*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^5 - 600*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 525*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 1400*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^11 - 525*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^13)/(c^6*d^6*e^6)) + 1/2048*(9*c^7*d^14 - 35*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 9*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 15*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - 5*a^7*e^14)*\text{log}(\text{abs}(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e)*(\text{sqrt}(c*d*e)*x - \text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))))/(\text{sqrt}(c*d*e)*c^4*d^4*e^5)$

3.458.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x^2(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.459 $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.459.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 381

$$\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(7cd^2+5ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2+2cde x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{512c^3d^3e^4}$$

$$+\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(7cd^2+5ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2+2cde x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{192c^2d^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}\left(\frac{5a}{cd}+\frac{7d}{e^2}\right)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}+\frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{6cde(d+ex)}$$

$$+\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(7cd^2+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{1024c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3-1/60*(5*a/c/d+7*d/e^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)+1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(5*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(9/2)-1/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(5*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4
```

3.459.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(75a^5e^{10} - 5a^4cde^8(49d+1}}{\right)}{d + ex}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(75*a^5*e^10 - 5*a^4*c*d*e^8*(49*d + 10*e*x) + 10*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*(15*d^2 + 16*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) - 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4*(91*d^3 - 58*d^2*e*x - 56*d*e^2*x^2 - 360*e^3*x^3) + a*c^4*d^4*e^2*(415*d^4 - 272*d^3*e*x + 216*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4448*d*e^3*x^3 + 3200*e^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-105*d^5 + 70*d^4*e*x - 56*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 48*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1664*d*e^4*x^4 + 1280*e^5*x^5)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) + (15*(7*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(7680*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(9/2))
```

3.459.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1215, 1225, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int x(ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{7cd^4}{e^2}\right) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{24d} - \frac{(-5ae^2 + 7cd^2 - 10cde)x + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{60cde^2}$$

3.459. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{7cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+adedx}}{16cde}\right)}{\frac{24d}{(-5ae^2 + 7cd^2 - 10cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot 60cde^2}$$

↓ 1087

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{7cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde}\right)}{16cde}\right)}{\frac{24d}{(-5ae^2 + 7cd^2 - 10cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot 60cde^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{7cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4cde}\right)}{16cde}\right)}{\frac{24d}{(-5ae^2 + 7cd^2 - 10cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \cdot 60cde^2}$$

↓ 219

3.459. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5a^2e^2}{c} + 2ad^2 - \frac{7cd^4}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{8cde} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{4cde}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{24d}\right)}{(-5ae^2 + 7cd^2 - 10cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} 60cde^2}$$

```
input Int[(x*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x),x]
```

```
output -1/60*((7*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2 - 10*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(c*d*e^2) - ((2*a*d^2 - (7*c*d^4)/e^2 + (5*a^2*e^2)/c)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(24*d)
```

3.459.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

3.459. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.459.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$\frac{(2cde x + e^2 a + c d^2)(ade + (e^2 a + c d^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12cde} + \frac{5(4ac d^2 e^2 - (e^2 a + c d^2)^2)}{(2cde x + e^2 a + c d^2)(ade + (e^2 a + c d^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3(4ac d^2 e^2)}{8cde}$

input `int(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.459. \int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{1}{12} (2cd^2e^2 + a^2e^2 + cd^2) / cd / e (ad^2e + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e^2x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{5}{24} (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / cd / e (1/8 (2cd^2e^2 + a^2e^2 + cd^2) / cd / e (ad^2e + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e^2x^2)^{3/2} + 3/16 (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / cd / e (1/4 (2cd^2e^2 + a^2e^2 + cd^2) / cd / e (ad^2e + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e^2x^2)^{1/2} + 1/8 (4a^2cd^2e^2 - (ae^2 + cd^2)^2) / cd / e \ln((1/2e^2a + 1/2cd^2 + cd^2e^2x) / (cd^2e)^{1/2} + (ad^2e + (ae^2 + cd^2)x + cd^2e^2x^2)^{1/2}) / (cd^2e)^{1/2}) \right) - d/e^2 (1/5 (cd^2e(x+d/e)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x+d/e))^{5/2} + 1/2 (ae^2 - cd^2) (1/8 (2cd^2e(x+d/e) + e^2a - cd^2) / cd / e (cd^2e(x+d/e)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x+d/e))^{3/2} - 3/16 (ae^2 - cd^2)^2 / cd / e (1/4 (2cd^2e(x+d/e) + e^2a - cd^2) / cd / e (cd^2e(x+d/e)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x+d/e))^{1/2} - 1/8 (ae^2 - cd^2)^2 / cd / e \ln((1/2e^2a - 1/2cd^2 + cd^2e^2(x+d/e)) / (cd^2e)^{1/2} + (cd^2e(x+d/e)^2 + (ae^2 - cd^2)(x+d/e))^{1/2}) / (cd^2e)^{1/2}) \right)$

3.459.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1046, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7c^6d^{12} - 30ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 45a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 18a^5cd^2e^{10} - 5a^6e^{12})\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{-cde}}\right)}{15(7c^6d^{12} - 30ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 45a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 18a^5cd^2e^{10} - 5a^6e^{12})\sqrt{-cde}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(ad^2e+(ae^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/30720*(15*(7*c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 18*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 5*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 - 105*c^6*d^11*e + 415*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 546*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 150*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 245*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 75*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(13*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 25*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 278*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 135*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 27*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 423*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^6*d^10*e^2 - 136*a*c^5*d^8*e^4 + 174*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + 80*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 25*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e^5), -1/15360*(15*(7*c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 18*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 5*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(1280*c^6*d^6*e^6*x^5 - 105*c^6*d^11*e + 415*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 - 546*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 150*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 245*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 75*a^5*c*d*e^11 + 128*(13*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 25*a*c^5*d^5*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 278*a*c^5*d^6*e^6 + 135*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^3 - 8*(7*c^6*d^9*e^3 - 27*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 - 423*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^...

```

3.459.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.459.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.459.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{7680} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8 \left(10c^2d^2ex + \frac{13}{7680} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{(7c^6d^{12} - 30ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 45a^2c^4d^8e^4 - 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 15a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 18a^5cd^2e^{10} - 5a^6e^{12}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 \right| \right)}{1024 \sqrt{cdec^3d^3e^4}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7680*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*(10*c^2*d^2*e*x + (13*c^7*d^8*e^5 + 25*a*c^6*d^6*e^7)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (3*c^7*d^9*e^4 + 278*a*c^6*d^7*e^6 + 135*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^8)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x - (7*c^7*d^10*e^3 - 27*a*c^6*d^8*e^5 - 423*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^7 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^9)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x + (35*c^7*d^11*e^2 - 136*a*c^6*d^9*e^4 + 174*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^6 + 80*a^3*c^4*d^5*e^8 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^10)/(c^5*d^5*e^5))*x - (105*c^7*d^12*e - 415*a*c^6*d^10*e^3 + 546*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^5 - 150*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^7 + 245*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^9 - 75*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^11)/(c^5*d^5*e^5) - 1/1024*(7*c^6*d^12 - 30*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 45*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 18*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 5*a^6*e^12)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^3*d^3*e^4)`

3.459. $\int \frac{x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.459.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{x(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.460 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.460.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128c^2d^2e^3} + \frac{1}{16}\left(\frac{a}{cd}-\frac{d}{e^2}\right)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2} + \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{256c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

```
output 1/16*(a/c/d-d/e^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/e-3/256*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(7/2)+3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3
```


3.460.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-15a^4e^8 + 10a^3cde^6(7d+ex) + 2a^2c^2d^2e^4(64d^2 + 233d*ex + 124e^2x^2) + 2ac^3d^3e^2(-35d^3 + 23d^2*ex + 256d*e^2x^2 + 168e^3x^3) + c^4d^4(15d^4 - 10d^3*ex + 8d^2*e^2x^2 + 176d*e^3x^3 + 128e^4x^4))}{(ae + cd*x)*(d + ex)} - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5 * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[d + ex])]/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]))}{(ae + cd*x)^{(3/2)*(d + ex)^{(3/2)}}} \right)}{(640*c^{(5/2)*d^{(5/2)*e^{(7/2)}}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x),x]`output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-15*a^4*e^8 + 10*a^3*c*d*e^6*(7*d + e*x) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*(64*d^2 + 233*d*e*x + 124*e^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*(-35*d^3 + 23*d^2*e*x + 256*d*e^2*x^2 + 168*e^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(15*d^4 - 10*d^3*e*x + 8*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 176*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*e^4*x^4)))/((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) - (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(640*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2))`**3.460.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.135$, Rules used = {1131, 1087, 1087, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1131}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1087}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} dx}{16cde} \right)}{2e}$$

3.460. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1087 \\ \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \\ (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \end{array}$$

$2e$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1092 \\ \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \\ (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \end{array}$$

$2e$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 219 \\ \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5e} - \\ (cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4cde} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16cde} \right)}{16cde} \right) \end{array}$$

$2e$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x]`

3.460. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$

```
output (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(((
c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/
(8*c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d*e) - ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(
c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*c*d*e))/(2*e
)
```

3.460.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1087 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*c*(2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*c*(2*
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1131 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x
] - Simp[p*((2*c*d - b*e)/(e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LeQ[-2, m, 0] || EqQ[m + p + 1, 0]) && Ne
Q[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.460.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{(cde(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e}))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(e^2a-cd^2) \left(\frac{(2cde(x+\frac{d}{e})+e^2a-cd^2)(cde(x+\frac{d}{e}))^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} - \frac{3(e^2a-cd^2)^2 \left(\frac{2cde(x+\frac{d}{e})+e^2a-cd^2}{8cde} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/5*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^5/2+1/2*(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(
1/8*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+
d/e))^3/2-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/
c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^1/2-1/8*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/
d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+
(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^1/2)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)))
```

3.460.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - a^5d^0e^{10})}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output `[1/2560*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(128*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^9*e - 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(11*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4), 1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(128*c^5*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^9*e - 70*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^9 + 16*(11*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^7*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^3*e^4)]`

3.460.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.460.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.460. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.460.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1}{640} \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade} \left(2 \left(4 \left(2 \left(8c^2 d^2 ex + \frac{11c^6 d^7 e^4}{c^6} \right) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3(c^5 d^{10} - 5ac^4 d^8 e^2 + 10a^2 c^3 d^6 e^4 - 10a^3 c^2 d^4 e^6 + 5a^4 cd^2 e^8 - a^5 e^{10}) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cde} x - \sqrt{cde} \right) \right| \right)}{256 \sqrt{cde} c^2 d^2 e^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/640*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*(4*(2*(8*c^2*d^2*e*x + (11*c^6*d^7*e^4 + 21*a*c^5*d^5*e^6)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (c^6*d^8*e^3 + 64*a*c^5*d^6*e^5 + 31*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^7)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x - (5*c^6*d^9*e^2 - 2*3*a*c^5*d^7*e^4 - 233*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^6 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^4))*x + (15*c^6*d^10*e - 70*a*c^5*d^8*e^3 + 128*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 70*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^7 - 15*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^9)/(c^4*d^4*e^4)) + 3/256*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

3.460.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.460. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.461
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

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3.461.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3c^3d^6 - 11ac^2d^4e^2 - 83a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6 + 2cde(cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex}}{64cde^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3cd^2 + 11ae^2 + 6cdex)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e}$$

$$+ \frac{(3c^4d^8 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 + 90a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 60a^3cd^2e^6 - 5a^4e^8) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{128c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

$$- a^{5/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)$$

output

```
1/24*(6*c*d*e*x+11*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/
e-a^(5/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(
1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/128*(-5*a^4*e^8+6
0*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+3*c^4*d^8)*arctanh(1/2
*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)-1/64*(3*c^3*d^6-11*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-8
3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-5*a^3*e^6+2*c*d*e*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e^2
```

3.461.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$$

3.461.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(15a^3e^6 + a^2cde) \right)}{x(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]
)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d*e^4*(337*d + 118*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e^
2*(57*d^2 + 244*d*e*x + 136*e^2*x^2) + c^3*(-9*d^6 + 6*d^5*e*x + 72*d^4*e^
2*x^2 + 48*d^3*e^3*x^3)) - 384*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2)*d^3*e^5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sq
rt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])] + 3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^
3*d^6*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*ArcTanh[(Sq
rt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(192*c^(3/2)*d
^(3/2)*e^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

3.461.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} - \int \frac{cd(16a^2de^3 - (cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x} dx$$

8cde

3.461. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(16a^2de^3 - (cd^2 - 5ae^2)(3cd^2 + ae^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x} dx + \\ & \frac{16e}{24e} \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{128a^3cd^3e^5 + (3c^4d^8 - 20ac^3e^2d^6 + 90a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 60a^3ce^6d^2 - 5a^4e^8)x}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cde} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(-5a^3e^6 - 83a^2cd^2e^4 - 11ac^2d^4e^2 + 2cdex^2)}{4cde} \\ & \frac{16e}{24e} \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{128a^3cd^3e^5 + (3c^4d^8 - 20ac^3e^2d^6 + 90a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 60a^3ce^6d^2 - 5a^4e^8)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} - \frac{(-5a^3e^6 - 83a^2cd^2e^4 - 11ac^2d^4e^2 + 2cdex^2)(cd^2 - 5ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 3c^3d^6}{4cde} \\ & \frac{16e}{24e} \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \\ & \downarrow 1269 \\ & \frac{128a^3cd^3e^5 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + (-5a^4e^8 + 60a^3cd^2e^6 + 90a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 + 3c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} - \frac{(-5a^3e^6 - 83a^2cd^2e^4 - 11ac^2d^4e^2 + 2cdex^2)(cd^2 - 5ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 3c^3d^6}{16e} \\ & \frac{16e}{24e} \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \\ & \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{128a^3cd^3e^5 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 2(-5a^4e^8 + 60a^3cd^2e^6 + 90a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 20ac^3d^6e^2 + 3c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8cde} - \frac{(-5a^3e^6 - 83a^2cd^2e^4 - 11ac^2d^4e^2 + 2cdex^2)(cd^2 - 5ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 3c^3d^6}{16e} \\ & \frac{16e}{24e} \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \\ & \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

3.461. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{128a^3cd^3e^5 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{(-5a^4e^8+60a^3cd^2e^6+90a^2c^2d^4e^4-20ac^3d^6e^2+3c^4d^8) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8cde} \\
 & \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \qquad 16e \\
 & \qquad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{(-5a^4e^8+60a^3cd^2e^6+90a^2c^2d^4e^4-20ac^3d^6e^2+3c^4d^8) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - 256a^3cd^3e^5 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8cde} \\
 & \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \qquad 16e \\
 & \qquad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{(-5a^4e^8+60a^3cd^2e^6+90a^2c^2d^4e^4-20ac^3d^6e^2+3c^4d^8) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - 128a^{5/2}cd^{5/2}e^{9/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{8cde} \\
 & \frac{(11ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 6cdex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24e} \qquad 16e
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `((3*c*d^2 + 11*a*e^2 + 6*c*d*e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(24*e) + (-1/4*((3*c^3*d^6 - 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 83*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6 + 2*c*d*e*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*e) + (((3*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) - 128*a^(5/2)*c*d^(5/2)*e^(9/2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(8*c*d*e))/(16*e)`

3.461. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

3.461.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1231 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.461.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 996 vs. $2(352) = 704$.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 997, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$\frac{(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(e^2a + cd^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2)(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a + cd^2)^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2)(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \frac{3(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a + cd^2)^2) \left(\frac{(2cde x + e^2a + cd^2)(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8cde} + \dots \right)}{8cde} \right)}{8cde} \right)}{8cde}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/8*(2
*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(
4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/
c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e
ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2
)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2))/x))))-1/d*(1/5*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e
^2-c*d^2)*(1/8*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2
-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(3/2)-3/16*(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e
^2*a-c*d^2)/c/d/e*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)-1/8*(a*e^2-
c*d^2)^2/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a-1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*(x+d/e))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(c*d*e
*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)))

```

3.461.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 30.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1873, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="
fracas")

```

output `[1/768*(384*sqrt(a*d*e)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x) * (2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 9*c^4*d^7*e + 57*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 337*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(9*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 122*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e^3), 1/384*(192*sqrt(a*d*e)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 3*(3*c^4*d^8 - 20*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 5*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e))/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 2*(48*c^4*d^4*e^4*x^3 - 9*c^4*d^7*e + 57*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 337*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7 + 8*(9*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 122*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + ...`

3.461.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.461.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

3.461.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m operator + Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.461.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x(d + ex)} dx$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.461. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x(d+ex)} dx$

3.462 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.462.1 Optimal result 3497
 3.462.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3498
 3.462.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3498
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 3.462.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 3505
 3.462.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3506

3.462.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 352

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(c^2d^4+28acd^2e^2+19a^2e^4+2cde(cd^2+7ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{8e} - \frac{(3ae-cdx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3x} - \frac{(c^3d^6-15ac^2d^4e^2-45a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{2}a^{3/2}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}(5cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/3*(-c*d*x+3*a*e)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x-1/16*(-5*a^3
*e^6-45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*
e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))
/e^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-1/2*a^(3/2)*e^(3/2)*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2
*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)+1/8*(c^2*d^4+28*a*c*d^2*e^2+19*a^2*e^4+2*c*d*e*(
7*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e
```

3.462. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

3.462.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(3a^2e^3(-8d + 11e^2x) + 2ac^2d^2e^2x^2) - 24a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}d^3e^3(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)x \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right] - 3(c^3d^6 - 15ac^2d^4e^2 - 45a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6)x \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right] \right)}{24\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}x\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(3*a^2*e^3*(-8*d + 11*e*x) + 2*a*c*d*e^2*x*(34*d + 13*e*x) + c^2*d^2*x*(3*d^2 + 14*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) - 24*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*d*e^3*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])] - 3*(c^3*d^6 - 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*x*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(24*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2)*x*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.462.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1230, 25, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 1230

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(ae(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 7ae^2)x)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x} dx - \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 25

3.462. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(ae(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 7ae^2)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x} dx - \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \downarrow 1231$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(19a^2e^4 + 2cdex(7ae^2 + cd^2) + 28acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4e} - \int -\frac{cd(8a^2de^3(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - (c^3d^6 - 15ac^2e^2d^4 - 45a^2ce^4d^2 - 5a^3e^6)x)}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{8a^2de^3(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) - (c^3d^6 - 15ac^2e^2d^4 - 45a^2ce^4d^2 - 5a^3e^6)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(19a^2e^4 + 2cdex(7ae^2 + cd^2) + 28acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{4e} \right) \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \downarrow 1269$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8a^2de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - (-5a^3e^6 - 45a^2cd^2e^4 - 15ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8e} \right) \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8a^2de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - 2(-5a^3e^6 - 45a^2cd^2e^4 - 15ac^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8e} \right) \frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x} \downarrow 219$$

3.462. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8a^2de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{(-5a^3e^6-45a^2cd^2e^4-15ac^2d^4e^2+c^3d^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-16a^2de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} - \frac{(-5a^3e^6-45a^2cd^2e^4-15ac^2d^4e^2+c^3d^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}}{8e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(19a^2e^4 + 2cdex(7ae^2 + cd^2) + 28acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{4e} + \frac{-8a^{3/2}\sqrt{de}^{5/2}(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{8e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(3ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3x}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x]`

```
output -1/3*((3*a*e - c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/x + (
((c^2*d^4 + 28*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 19*a^2*e^4 + 2*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2)*x)*Sqr
t[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*e) + (-(((c^3*d^6 - 15*a*c^2*
d^4*e^2 - 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x
)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
)/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])) - 8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[d]*e^(5/2)*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^
2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a
*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(8*e))/2
```

3.462.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1215 Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(
(d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 1230 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1231 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.462.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2075 vs. 2(308) = 616.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2076, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2076

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

$$3.462. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx$$

output

```

1/d*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)+5/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
a/d/e*(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/8*
(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16
*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*
d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/
e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*
d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((
2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2))/x))))+6*c/a*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/8*(2*c*
d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a
*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d
/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*...

```

3.462.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1717, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output

```

[-1/96*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*sqrt
(c*d*e)*x*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sq
rt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt
(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 24*(5*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e
^5)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)
*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(8*c^3*d^3*e^
3*x^3 - 24*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + (3*c
^3*d^5*e + 68*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^2*x), 1/48*(3*(c^3*d^6 - 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 45*
a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*
e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e
^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 12*(5*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 +
3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^
2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 2*(
8*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 24*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*(7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 13*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)
*x^2 + (3*c^3*d^5*e + 68*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^
2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c*d*e^2*x), 1/96*(48*(5*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3
*a^2*c*d*e^5)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2...

```

3.462.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**2/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.462.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.462.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \left(2 \left(4c^2d^2ex + \frac{7c^4d^5e^2 + 13ac^3d^4e^2}{c^2d^2e^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(5a^2cd^3e^2 + 3a^3de^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ade}} \right) \\ + \frac{(c^3d^6 - 15ac^2d^4e^2 - 45a^2cd^2e^4 - 5a^3e^6) \log\left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}) \right|\right)}{16\sqrt{cdee}} \\ - \frac{\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^2cd^3e^2 + \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)a^3de^4 + 2\sqrt{cdex}}{ade - \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{24}\sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e} \left(2(4 c^2 d^2 e x + (7 c^4 d^5 e^2 + 13 a c^3 d^3 e^4)/(c^2 d^2 e^2)) x + (3 c^4 d^6 e + 68 a c^3 d^4 e^3 + 33 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5)/(c^2 d^2 e^2) \right) + (5 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + 3 a^3 d e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{c d e} x - \sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e}}{\sqrt{-a d e}}\right) / \sqrt{-a d e} + \frac{1}{16} (c^3 d^6 - 15 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 45 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 5 a^3 e^6) \log\left(\frac{\text{abs}(-c d^2 - a e^2 - 2 \sqrt{c d e}) (\sqrt{c d e} x - \sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e})}{(\sqrt{c d e}) e} - \left(\frac{\sqrt{c d e} x - \sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e}}{a^2 c d^3 e^2 + (\sqrt{c d e} x - \sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e}) a^3 d e^4 + 2 \sqrt{c d e} a^3 d^2 e^3}\right) / (a d e - (\sqrt{c d e} x - \sqrt{c d e x^2 + c d^2 x + a e^2 x + a d e}))^2\right)$

3.462.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + e x)} dx = \int \frac{(c d e x^2 + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + a d e)^{5/2}}{x^2 (d + e x)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.463
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

3.463.1 Optimal result 3507
 3.463.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3508
 3.463.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3508
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 3.463.7 Maxima [F] 3514
 3.463.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 3514
 3.463.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3515

3.463.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(ae(3cd^2+ae^2)-cd(cd^2+3ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{4x}$$

$$-\frac{(ae-cdx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}$$

$$+\frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$$

$$-\frac{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}(5c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^2+3/8*(5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-3/8*(a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*e^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-3/4*(a*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/x
```

3.463.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$$

3.463.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(-9acdex(d - ex)) \right)}{x^3(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-9*a*c*d*e*x*(d - e*x) + c^2*d^2*x^2*(5*d + 2*e*x) - a^2*e^2*(2*d + 5*e*x)) - 3*Sqrt[a]*e*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])] + 3*Sqrt[c]*d*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(4*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*x^2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.463.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1230, 27, 1230, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 1230

$$-\frac{3}{8} \int -\frac{2(ae(3cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2} dx -$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 27

3.463. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(ae(3cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2}$$

↓ 1230

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{ae(5c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 + a^2e^4) + cd(c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(a)}{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{ae(5c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 + a^2e^4) + cd(c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{(ae(ae^2 + 3cd^2) - cdx(3ae^2 + cd^2))}{x} \right)$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(cd(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + ae(a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(ae(a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 2cd(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4cx\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(ae(a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2x\sqrt{cd}} \right) - \frac{(ae - cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)$$

↓ 1154

3.463. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx$

$$\frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - 2ae(a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{(ae - cd x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) \right) \downarrow \text{219} \\ \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}(a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{(ae - cd x)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/x^2 + (3*(-(((a*e*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2) - c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/x) + ((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/Sqrt[e] - (Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/Sqrt[d])/2)/4`

3.463.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1230 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.463.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3892 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3893, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3893

3.463.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)+3/4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)+5/2*(a*e^2+c
d^2)/a/d/e(1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
(1/8(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2
)+3/16*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/
c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*(1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
)
/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+a*d*e*((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2
)
+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-a*d*e/(a*d*e)^(1/2
)
*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2))/x))))+6*c/a*(1/12*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+5/24*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/8
*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+3/1
6*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/c/d/e*(1/4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e
*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)...`

3.463.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1569, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fracas")`

output `[1/16*(3*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(c*d/e)*x^2*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*(2*c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 3*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*e/d)*x^2*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 - 2*a^2*d*e^2 + (5*c^2*d^3 + 9*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 - (9*a*c*d^2*e + 5*a^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/x^2, -1/16*(6*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-c*d/e)*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d/e)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)) - 3*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*e/d)*x^2*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d^2*e + (c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*e/d) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(2*c^2*d^2*e*x^3 - 2*a^2*d*e^2 + (5*c^2*d^3 + 9*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 - (9*a*c*d^2*e + 5*a^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/x^2, 1/16*(6*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a*e/d)*x^2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*e/d)/(a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d*e^2 + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x)) + 3...`

3.463.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**3/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.463.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.463.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 746 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d+ex)} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(2c^2d^2ex + \frac{5c^3d^4e + 9ac^2d^2e^3}{cde} \right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}$$

$$+ \frac{3(5ac^2d^4e + 10a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5) \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}} \right)}{4\sqrt{-ade}}$$

$$- \frac{3(c^3d^5 + 10ac^2d^3e^2 + 5a^2cde^4) \log \left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cde}}$$

$$- \frac{7 \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) a^2c^2d^5e^2 + 6 \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} \right) a^3cd^3e^4}{8\sqrt{cde}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}(2c^2d^2ex + (5c^3d^4e + 9a^2c^2d^2e^3)/(cde))\sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade} + \frac{3}{4}(5a^2c^2d^4e + 10a^2c^2d^2e^3 + a^3e^5)\arctan\left(\frac{-(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})/\sqrt{-ade}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right) - \frac{3}{8}(c^3d^5 + 10a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 5a^2c^2d^2e^4)\log\left(\frac{\text{abs}(-cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}))}{\sqrt{cde}}\right) - \frac{1}{4}(7(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})a^2c^2d^5e^2 + 6(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})a^3cd^3e^4 + 3(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})a^4de^6 + 16\sqrt{cde}a^3cd^4e^3 + 8\sqrt{cde}a^4d^2e^5 - 9(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})^3a^2cd^4e - 18(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})^3a^2cd^2e^3 - 5(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})^3a^3e^5 - 24\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})^2a^2cd^3e^2 - 16\sqrt{cde}(\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade})^2a^3de^4)/(ade - (\sqrt{cde}x - \sqrt{cdeex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + ade}))^2)^2$

3.463.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^3(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.464 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

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3.464.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 371

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(5c^2d^4+12acd^2e^2-a^2e^4-2cde(7cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{8dx}$$

$$-\frac{(4ade+3(3cd^2+ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{12dx^3}$$

$$+\frac{1}{2}c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}(3cd^2+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)-\frac{(5c^3d^6+45ac^2d^4e^2+15c^2d^2e^4+15acd^2e^2+a^3e^6)}{12d^2x^3}$$

```
output -1/12*(4*a*d*e+3*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)
/d/x^3-1/16*(-a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*arctan
h(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/a^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(5*a*e^
2+3*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*
d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*e^(1/2)-1/8*(5*c^2*d^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^
2-a^2*e^4-2*c*d*e*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/
2)/d/x
```

3.464.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(3c^2d^3x^2(11d - 8ex) + 2acd^2ex(13d + 34ex) + a^2e^2(8d^2 + 15ae^2)) + 3(5c^3d^6 + 45a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^4 - a^3e^6)x^3\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right] - 24\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}d^3e(3cd^2 + 5ae^2)x^3\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right]\right)}{12dx^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`output `-1/24*(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(3*c^2*d^3*x^2*(11*d - 8*e*x) + 2*a*c*d^2*e*x*(13*d + 34*e*x) + a^2*e^2*(8*d^2 + 14*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)) + 3*(5*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*x^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])] - 24*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*d^3*e*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*x^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]*x^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.464.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1229, 27, 1230, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 1229

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{ae(5c^2d^4 + 12ace^2d^2 + 2ce(7cd^2 + ae^2)xd - a^2e^4)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^2} dx}{4ade} - \frac{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12dx^3}$$

3.464. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

$$\int \frac{(5c^2d^4 + 12ace^2d^2 + 2ce(7cd^2 + ae^2)xd - a^2e^4)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{5c^3d^6 + 45ac^2e^2d^4 + 8c^2e(3cd^2 + 5ae^2)xd^3 + 15a^2ce^4d^2 - a^3e^6}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(-a^2e^4 - 2cdex(ae^2 + 7cd^2) + 12acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{x}$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{5c^3d^6 + 45ac^2e^2d^4 + 8c^2e(3cd^2 + 5ae^2)xd^3 + 15a^2ce^4d^2 - a^3e^6}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{(-a^2e^4 - 2cdex(ae^2 + 7cd^2) + 12acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x}$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((-a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 8c^2d^3e(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((-a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 16c^2d^3e(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((-a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + 8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{8d}{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{12dx^3}{12dx^3}$$

3.464. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - 2(-a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12dx^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(8c^{3/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{e}(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right) - \frac{(-a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+45ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(3x(ae^2 + 3cd^2) + 4ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12dx^3}$$

8d

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^4*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/12*((4*a*d*e + 3*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*x^3) + (-(((5*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 - 2*c*d*e*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/x) + (8*c^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[e]*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]) - ((5*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/(2)/(8*d)`

3.464.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

3.464. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx$

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1229 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 1230 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(b*d + 2*a*e + 2*a*e*m + 2*b*d*p) - f*b*e*(m + 2*p + 2) + (g*(2*c*d + b*e + b*e*m + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !LtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.464.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6849 vs. $2(327) = 654$.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6850, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6850

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.464.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1741, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x,algorithm
="fricas")
```

3.464. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx$

output `[1/96*(24*(3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*e)*x^3*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 3*(5*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(24*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 8*a^3*d^3*e^3 - (33*a*c^2*d^5*e + 68*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(13*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*d^2*e*x^3), -1/96*(48*(3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^3)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*x^3*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 3*(5*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^3*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(24*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 8*a^3*d^3*e^3 - (33*a*c^2*d^5*e + 68*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^3*d*e^5)*x^2 - 2*(13*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*d^2*e*x^3), 1/48*(3*(5*c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^3*arc...`

3.464.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**4/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.464.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^4), x)`

3.464.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1195 vs. $2(327) = 654$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^4(d+ex)} dx &= \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + aded} c^2 d^2 e \\ &\frac{(3c^3d^4e + 5ac^2d^2e^3) \log\left(\left| -cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cde}\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + aded}\right)\right|\right)}{2\sqrt{cde}} \\ &+ \frac{(5c^3d^6 + 45ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + aded}}{\sqrt{-ade}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-aded}} \\ &\frac{15\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + aded}\right)a^2c^3d^8e^2 + 39\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2 + cd^2x + ae^2x + aded}\right)a^3c^2d^7e^2}{8\sqrt{-aded}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

3.465 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

3.465.1 Optimal result 3525
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3.465.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 404

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(2ade(5cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)+(5c^3d^6+83ac^2d^4e^2+11a^2cd^2e^4-3a^3e^6)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64ad^2ex^2}$$

$$-\frac{(6ade+(11cd^2+3ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4}$$

$$+c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)+\frac{(5c^4d^8-60ac^3d^6e^2-90a^2c^2d^4e^4+20a^3c^2d^2e^6)}{24d^2e^2}$$

output

```
-1/24*(6*a*d*e+(3*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^4+1/128*(-3*a^4*e^8+20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+5*c^4*d^8)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(3/2)+c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))-1/64*(2*a*d*e*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-3*a^3*e^6+11*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+83*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a/d^2/e/x^2
```

3.465.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}(15c^3d^6x^3 + a \right.$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*c^3*d^6*x^3 + a*c^2*d^4*e*x^2*(118*d + 337*e*x) + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x*(136*d^2 + 244*d*e*x + 57*e^2*x^2) + 3*a^3*e^3*(16*d^3 + 24*d^2*e*x + 2*d*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3))) + 3*(5*c^4*d^8 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*x^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])] + 384*a^(3/2)*c^(5/2)*d^5*e^3*x^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])]))/(192*a^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*x^4*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.465.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1229, 27, 1229, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 1229

$$\int \frac{-\frac{ae(16c^2exd^3 + (5cd^2 - ae^2)(cd^2 + 3ae^2))\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{2x^3} dx}{\frac{8ade}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{24dx^4}{}}$$

3.465. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(16c^2exd^3 + (5cd^2 - ae^2)(cd^2 + 3ae^2))\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx \\ & \frac{16d}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{24dx^4}{24dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{5c^4d^8 - 60ac^3e^2d^6 - 128ac^3e^3xd^5 - 90a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 20a^3ce^6d^2 - 3a^4e^8}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \\ & \frac{16d}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{24dx^4}{24dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{5c^4d^8 - 60ac^3e^2d^6 - 128ac^3e^3xd^5 - 90a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 20a^3ce^6d^2 - 3a^4e^8}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \\ & \frac{16d}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{24dx^4}{24dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-3a^4e^8 + 20a^3cd^2e^6 - 90a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 60ac^3d^6e^2 + 5c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - 128ac^3d^5e^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx \\ & \frac{16d}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{24dx^4}{24dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-3a^4e^8 + 20a^3cd^2e^6 - 90a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 60ac^3d^6e^2 + 5c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - 256ac^3d^5e^3 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 +}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} \\ & \frac{16d}{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{24dx^4}{24dx^4} \end{aligned}$$

3.465. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{(-3a^4e^8+20a^3cd^2e^6-90a^2c^2d^4e^4-60ac^3d^6e^2+5c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - 128ac^{5/2}d^{9/2}e^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}\right)}{8ade}$$

16d

$$\frac{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{-2(-3a^4e^8+20a^3cd^2e^6-90a^2c^2d^4e^4-60ac^3d^6e^2+5c^4d^8) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d - 128ac^{5/2}d^{9/2}e^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}\right)}{8ade}$$

$$\frac{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(x(-3a^3e^6+11a^2cd^2e^4+83ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6)+2ade(5cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd^2))}{4adex^2}$$

$(-3a^4e^8+20a^3cd^2e^6-90a^2c^2d^4e^4-60ac^3d^6e^2+5c^4d^8)$

16d

$$\frac{(x(3ae^2 + 11cd^2) + 6ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24dx^4}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/24*((6*a*d*e + (11*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*x^4) + (-1/4*((2*a*d*e*(5*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + (5*c^3*d^6 + 83*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^3*e^6)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) - (-128*a*c^(5/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]) - ((5*c^4*d^8 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/(8*a*d*e))/(16*d)`

3.465. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx$

3.465.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1229 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) - d*p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2) + p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) + b^2*e*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + p + 2)) + b*(a*e^2*g*(m + 1) - c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))] - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - e*(2*a*e*g*(m + 1) - b*(d*g*(m - 2*p) + e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`


```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.465.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11684 vs. $2(362) = 724$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11685, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.92

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	11685

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.465.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1917, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [1/768*(384*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3*x^4*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) -
3*(5*c^4*d^8 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 -
3*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^4*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(48
*a^4*d^4*e^4 + (15*a*c^3*d^7*e + 337*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 57*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 -
9*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(59*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 122*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^4*d^2*e
^6)*x^2 + 8*(17*a^3*c*d^5*e^3 + 9*a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^2*d^3*e^2*x^4), -1/768*(768*sqrt(-c*d*e)*a^2*c^2*d
^5*e^3*x^4*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e
*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3
*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 3*(5*c^4*d^8 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4
+ 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^4*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2
*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d
*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(48*a^4*d^4*e^4 + (15*a*c^3*d^7*e + 337*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3
+ 57*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 9*a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(59*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 122*a^3*c
*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(17*a^3*c*d^5*e^3 + 9*a^4*d^3*e^5)*x)*...
```

3.465.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**5/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.465.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^5), x)`

3.465.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1750 vs. $2(362) = 724$.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1750, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c^3*d^3*e^2*log(abs(-c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)))/sqrt(c*d*e) - 1/64*(5*c^4*d^8 - 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 3*a^4*e^8)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a*d^2*e) + 1/192*(15*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^3 - 180*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^5 + 114*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^7 + 60*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c*d^5*e^9 - 9*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*d^3*e^11 - 512*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^5*c^2*d^8*e^6 - 55*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 + 660*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 1374*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 548*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 + 33*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*d^2*e^10 + 2048*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 768*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^2*a^5*c*d^5*e^7 + 73*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^5*a*c^4*d^9*...`

3.465.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^5(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^5*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.466
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

3.466.1 Optimal result 3534
 3.466.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3535
 3.466.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3535
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 3.466.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3541

3.466.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 289

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{128a^2d^3e^2x^2} - \frac{(\frac{c}{ae}-\frac{e}{d^2})(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{16x^4} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{256a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/16*(c/a/e-e/d^2)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/x^4-1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/d/x^5-3/256*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)+3/128*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^2
```

3.466.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

3.466.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(d+ex)^3 (15a^4e^4 - 15d^4e^4)}{640a^5d^7e^5} \right)}{640a^5d^7e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]`output `((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(-(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(d + e*x)^3*(15*a^4*e^4 - (15*d^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^4)/(d + e*x)^4 + (70*a*d^3*e*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(d + e*x)^3 + (128*a^2*d^2*e^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 - (70*a^3*d*e^3*(a*e + c*d*x))/(d + e*x)))/((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5*x^5*(a*e + c*d*x))) + (15*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(640*a^5*(5/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2))`**3.466.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1215, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{2d} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 1152

3.466. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx}{16ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8adex^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 1152

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(-\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{16ade} - (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 1154

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4adex^2} \right)}{16ade} - (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{5dx^5}$$

↓ 219

$$(cd^2 - ae^2) \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \left(\frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{8a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4ade x^2}}{16ade} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{5dx^5} \quad 2d$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^5) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(-1/8*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(a*d*e*x^4) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*a*d*e))/(2*d)`

3.466.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.466. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_. + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

3.466.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19538 vs. $2(259) = 518$.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19539, normalized size of antiderivative = 67.61

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	19539

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.466.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

3.466.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 872, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^5d^{10} - 5ac^4d^8e^2 + 10a^2c^3d^6e^4 - 10a^3c^2d^4e^6 + 5a^4cd^2e^8 - \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2560*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*
d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^5*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 +
(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d
^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e +
a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(128*a^5*d^5*e^5 - (15*a*c^4*d^9*e - 70*a^2*c^3*d^7
*e^3 - 128*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^4*c*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^5*d*e^9)*x^4 + 2*(5*a
^2*c^3*d^8*e^2 + 233*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 23*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^5*d^2*e^8)*x
^3 + 8*(31*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 64*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 + a^5*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 16*(21*
a^4*c*d^6*e^4 + 11*a^5*d^4*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*x))/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^5), 1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c
^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*sqrt(-a*d*e)
*x^5*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e +
a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(128*a^5*d^5*e^5 - (15*a*c^4*d^9*e - 70*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^
3 - 128*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^5 + 70*a^4*c*d^3*e^7 - 15*a^5*d*e^9)*x^4 + 2*(5*a^2*
c^3*d^8*e^2 + 233*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^4 + 23*a^4*c*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^5*d^2*e^8)*x^3
+ 8*(31*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^3 + 64*a^4*c*d^5*e^5 + a^5*d^3*e^7)*x^2 + 16*(21*a^4
*c*d^6*e^4 + 11*a^5*d^4*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
))/(a^3*d^4*e^3*x^5)]
```

3.466.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**6/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.466. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx$

3.466.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^6), x)`

3.466.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2449 vs. $2(259) = 518$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2449, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.47

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 3/128*(c^5*d^10 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 \\ & + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 - a^5*e^10)*\arctan(-(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + \\ & c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))/\sqrt{-a*d*e}))/(\sqrt{-a*d*e}*a^2*d^3*e^2) - 1/6 \\ & 40*(15*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))*a^4*c \\ & ^5*d^14*e^4 - 75*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d \\ & *e}))*a^5*c^4*d^12*e^6 + 150*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a* \\ & e^2*x + a*d*e}))*a^6*c^3*d^10*e^8 + 1130*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + \\ & c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))*a^7*c^2*d^8*e^10 + 75*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c* \\ & d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))*a^8*c*d^6*e^12 - 15*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \\ & \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}))*a^9*d^4*e^14 + 256*\sqrt{c*d* \\ & e})*a^7*c^2*d^9*e^9 - 70*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2* \\ & x + a*d*e})^3*a^3*c^5*d^13*e^3 + 350*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d \\ & ^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^4*c^4*d^11*e^5 + 5700*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c \\ & *d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^5*c^3*d^9*e^7 + 7100*(\sqrt{c*d* \\ & e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^6*c^2*d^7*e^9 + 22 \\ & 10*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^3*a^7*c*d \\ & ^5*e^11 + 70*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e}) \\ & ^3*a^8*d^3*e^13 + 2560*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2 \\ & *x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^2*a^6*c^2*d^8*e^8 + 2560*\sqrt{c*d*e}*(\sqrt{c*d*e}*x \\ & - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e})^2*a^7*c*d^6*e^10 + 128*... \end{aligned}$$

3.466.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^6(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^6*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.467
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$$

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3.467.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 386

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(5cd^2+7ae^2)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{512a^3d^4e^3x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5cd^2+7ae^2)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{192a^2d^3e^2x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6} - \frac{(\frac{5c}{ae}-\frac{7e}{d^2})(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{60x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(5cd^2+7ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{1024a^{7/2}d^{9/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/192*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(7*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^4-1/6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/d/x^6-1/60*(5*c/a/e-7*e/d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(5/2)/x^5+1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(7*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^(9/2)/e^(7/2)-1/512*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(7*a*e^2+5*c*d
^2)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^3/
d^4/e^3/x^2
```

3.467.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(75c^5d^{10}x^5 - 5ac^4d^8ex^4(1}}{x^7(d+ex)} \right)}{x^7(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]`

```
output ((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(75*c^5*d^10*x^5 - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e*x^4*(10*d + 49*e*x) + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2*x^3*(4*d^2 + 16*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^2*(360*d^3 + 564*d^2*e*x + 58*d*e^2*x^2 - 91*e^3*x^3) + a^4*c*d^2*e^4*x*(3200*d^4 + 4448*d^3*e*x + 216*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 272*d*e^3*x^3 + 415*e^4*x^4) + a^5*e^5*(1280*d^5 + 1664*d^4*e*x + 48*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 56*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 70*d*e^4*x^4 - 105*e^5*x^5)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*x^6*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)) - (15*(5*c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(7680*a^(7/2)*d^(9/2)*e^(7/2))
```

3.467.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 1237

$$\int \frac{ae(5cd^2 - 2cexd - 7ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{6ade} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}$$

3.467. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(5cd^2 - 2cexd - 7ae^2)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{12d}{6dx^6} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1228} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 7ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \left(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{2de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 7ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx}{16ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{8ade x^4} \right)}{2de} - \left(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{7e}{d}\right) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1152} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 7ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2\right) \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4ade x^2} \right)}{16ade} - (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{12d}{6dx^6} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.467. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

$$\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 7ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2 \right) \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{16ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4ade x^2}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}$$

219

$$\left(\frac{5c^2d^4}{a} - 7ae^4 + 2cd^2e^2 \right) \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \right)}{8a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4ade x^2}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{6dx^6}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/6*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^6) + (-1/5*(((5*c*d)/(a*e) - (7*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/x^5 - (((5*c^2*d^4)/a + 2*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a*e^4)*(-1/8*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(a*d*e*x^4) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]]))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*a*d*e))/(2*d*e))/(12*d)`

3.467. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx$

3.467.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1152 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1215 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_ + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 1228 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 1237 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*
x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)
*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[
(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1
] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

3.467.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32290 vs. $2(352) = 704$.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32291, normalized size of antiderivative = 83.66

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	32291

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.467.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1072, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \left[-\frac{15(5c^6d^{12} - 18ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 + 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 45a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 30a^5cd^2e^{10} - 7a^6e^{12})\sqrt{-adex^6} \arctan\left(\frac{cex + d}{\sqrt{-adex^6}}\right)}{15(5c^6d^{12} - 18ac^5d^{10}e^2 + 15a^2c^4d^8e^4 + 20a^3c^3d^6e^6 - 45a^4c^2d^4e^8 + 30a^5cd^2e^{10} - 7a^6e^{12})} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fracas")
```

3.467. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$

output

```

[-1/30720*(15*(5*c^6*d^12 - 18*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 45*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^6*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(1280*a^6*d^6*e^6 + (75*a*c^5*d^11*e - 245*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 150*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 - 546*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 415*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^6*d*e^11)*x^5 - 2*(25*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 80*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 - 174*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 136*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 35*a^6*d^2*e^10)*x^4 + 8*(5*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 423*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^5 + 27*a^5*c*d^5*e^7 - 7*a^6*d^3*e^9)*x^3 + 16*(135*a^4*c^2*d^8*e^4 + 278*a^5*c*d^6*e^6 + 3*a^6*d^4*e^8)*x^2 + 128*(25*a^5*c*d^7*e^5 + 13*a^6*d^5*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^4*d^5*e^4*x^6), -1/15360*(15*(5*c^6*d^12 - 18*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 45*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^6*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(1280*a^6*d^6*e^6 + (75*a*c^5*d^11*e - 245*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 150*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 - 546*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7 + 415*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 - 105*a^6*d*e^11)*x^5 - 2*(25*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 - 80*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 - 174*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6 + 136*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 35*a^6*d^2*e^10)*x^4 + 8*(5*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^3 + 423*a^4...

```

3.467.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**7/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.467.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^7), x)`

3.467.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3388 vs. $2(352) = 704$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3388, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/512*(5*c^6*d^12 - 18*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 - 45*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 30*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^3*d^4*e^3) + 1/7680*(75*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^5*c^6*d^17*e^5 - 270*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c^5*d^15*e^7 + 225*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*c^4*d^13*e^9 + 15660*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^8*c^3*d^11*e^11 + 14685*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^9*c^2*d^9*e^13 + 450*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^10*c*d^7*e^15 - 105*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^11*d^5*e^17 + 3072*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^9*c^2*d^10*e^12 - 425*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^4*c^6*d^16*e^4 + 1530*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^5*c^5*d^14*e^6 + 75525*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*c^4*d^12*e^8 + 203100*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^7*c^3*d^10*e^10 + 142065*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^8*c^2*d^8*e^12 + 28170*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^9*c*d^6*e^14 + 595*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x ...
```

3.467.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^7(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^7*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.468
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$$

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3.468.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 500

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(5c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+9a^2e^4)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{1024a^4d^5e^4x^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)(5c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+9a^2e^4)(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{384a^3d^4e^3x^4} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} - \frac{(\frac{5c}{ae}-\frac{9e}{d^2})(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{84x^6} + \frac{(35c^2d^4+20acd^2e^2-63a^2e^4)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{840a^2d^3e^2x^5} - \frac{(cd^2-ae^2)^5(5c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+9a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{2048a^{9/2}d^{11/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/384*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(9*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/a^3/d^4/e^3/x^4-1/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/d/x^7-1/84*(5*c/a/e-9*e/d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^6+1/840*(-63*a^2*e^4+20*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^5-1/2048*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5*(9*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/d^(11/2)/e^(9/2)+1/1024*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(9*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^4/d^5/e^4/x^2
```

3.468.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$$

3.468.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx = \frac{(-cd^2 + ae^2)^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-525c^6d^{12}x^6 + 350ac^5d^{11}x^5 + \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x]`

output

```
((-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-525*c^6*d^12*x^6 + 350*a*c^5*d^10*e*x^5*(d + 4*e*x) - 35*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^2*x^4*(8*d^2 + 26*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 60*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3*x^3*(4*d^3 + 12*d^2*e*x + 5*d*e^2*x^2 - 10*e^3*x^3) + a^4*c^2*d^4*e^4*x^2*(23680*d^4 + 33520*d^3*e*x + 1824*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2332*d*e^3*x^3 + 3689*e^4*x^4) + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^5*x*(18560*d^5 + 24320*d^4*e*x + 744*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 872*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1099*d*e^4*x^4 - 1680*e^5*x^5) + 3*a^6*e^6*(5120*d^6 + 6400*d^5*e*x + 128*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 144*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 168*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 210*d*e^5*x^5 + 315*e^6*x^6)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*x^7*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x) + (105*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 9*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(107520*a^(9/2)*d^(11/2)*e^(9/2))
```

3.468.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 1215

$$\int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 1237

3.468. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{ae(5cd^2 - 4cexd - 9ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{2x^7} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(5cd^2 - 4cexd - 9ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1237 \\
 & \int \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 20ace^2d^2 + 2ce(5cd^2 - 9ae^2)xd - 63a^2e^4)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{2x^6} dx - \frac{(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{9e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \frac{14d}{7dx^7} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(35c^2d^4 + 20ace^2d^2 + 2ce(5cd^2 - 9ae^2)xd - 63a^2e^4)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx - \frac{(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{9e}{d})(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \frac{14d}{7dx^7} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1228 \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(9a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{2ade} \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(35c^2d^4 - 63ae^4 + 20cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5dex^5} - \left(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{9e}{d}\right) \\
 & \quad \frac{14d}{7dx^7} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1152 \\
 & \frac{7(cd^2 - ae^2)(9a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{2ade} \left(-\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}{16ade} \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8ade^4} \right) - \left(\frac{35c}{ae} - \frac{9e}{d}\right) \\
 & \quad \frac{14d}{7dx^7} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7dx^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1152
 \end{aligned}$$

3.468. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/7*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^7) + (-1/6*(((5*c*d)/(a*e) - (9*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/x^6 - (-1/5*(((35*c^2*d^4)/a + 20*c*d^2*e^2 - 63*a*e^4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d*e*x^5) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(5*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 9*a^2*e^4)*(-1/8*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(a*d*e*x^4) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*a*d*e))/(2*a*d*e))/(12*a*d*e))/(14*d)`

3.468.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.468.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45105 vs. $2(462) = 924$.

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45106, normalized size of antiderivative = 90.21

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	45106

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.468.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx$$

3.468.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 78.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1300, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/430080*(105*(5*c^7*d^14 - 15*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 9*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 5*a
^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 45*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 35*a^6*c*d^2*e
^12 - 9*a^7*e^14)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^7*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^
2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) +
4*(15360*a^7*d^7*e^7 - (525*a*c^6*d^13*e - 1400*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^3 + 525*a^
3*c^4*d^9*e^5 + 600*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^7 - 3689*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^9 + 3360*a^6*c*d^
3*e^11 - 945*a^7*d*e^13)*x^6 + 2*(175*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^2 - 455*a^3*c^4*d^10*
e^4 + 150*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^6 - 1166*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^8 + 1099*a^6*c*d^4*e^10 - 3
15*a^7*d^2*e^12)*x^5 - 8*(35*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^3 - 90*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^5 - 228*a
^5*c^2*d^7*e^7 + 218*a^6*c*d^5*e^9 - 63*a^7*d^3*e^11)*x^4 + 16*(15*a^4*c^3
*d^10*e^4 + 2095*a^5*c^2*d^8*e^6 + 93*a^6*c*d^6*e^8 - 27*a^7*d^4*e^10)*x^3
+ 128*(185*a^5*c^2*d^9*e^5 + 380*a^6*c*d^7*e^7 + 3*a^7*d^5*e^9)*x^2 + 128
0*(29*a^6*c*d^8*e^6 + 15*a^7*d^6*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x))/(a^5*d^6*e^5*x^7), 1/215040*(105*(5*c^7*d^14 - 15*a*c^6*d^12*e
^2 + 9*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 45*a^5*
c^2*d^4*e^10 + 35*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - 9*a^7*e^14)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*x^7*arctan(1/2
*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x))
- 2*(15360*a^7*d^7*e^7 - (525*a*c^6*d^13*e - 1400*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^3 + 5...
```

3.468.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**8/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.468. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$

3.468.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^8), x)`

3.468.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4452 vs. $2(462) = 924$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4452, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^8/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/1024*(5*c^7*d^14 - 15*a*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 9*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 15*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8 - 45*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 35*a^6*c*d^2*e^12 - 9*a^7*e^14)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^4*d^5*e^4) - 1/107520*(525*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^6*c^7*d^20*e^6 - 1575*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*c^6*d^18*e^8 + 945*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^8*c^5*d^16*e^10 + 215565*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^9*c^4*d^14*e^12 + 431655*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^10*c^3*d^12*e^14 + 210315*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^11*c^2*d^10*e^16 + 3675*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^12*c*d^8*e^18 - 945*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^13*d^6*e^20 + 30720*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^10*c^3*d^13*e^13 + 43008*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^11*c^2*d^11*e^15 - 3500*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^5*c^7*d^19*e^5 + 10500*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*c^6*d^17*e^7 + 1068900*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^7*c^5*d^15*e^9 + 4655700*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^8*c^4*d^13*e^11 + 6225660*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*...`

3.468.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^8(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^8*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.469
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$$

3.469.1 Optimal result	3560
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3.469.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 628

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (15c^3d^6 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 33a^3e^6) (2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{16384a^5d^6e^5x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) (15c^3d^6 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 33a^3e^6) (2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2048a^4d^5e^4x^4}$$

$$- \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} - \frac{(\frac{5c}{ae} - \frac{11e}{d^2}) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{112x^7}$$

$$+ \frac{(15c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 - 33a^2e^4) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{448a^2d^3e^2x^6}$$

$$- \frac{(105c^3d^6 + 95ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 - 231a^3e^6) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4480a^3d^4e^3x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^5 (15c^3d^6 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 33a^3e^6) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{32768a^{11/2}d^{13/2}e^{11/2}}$$

3.469.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{2048}(-a^2e^2+cd^2)(33a^3e^6+45a^2cd^2e^4+35a^2c^2d^4e^2+15c^3d^6)(2ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x)(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{3/2}/a^4/d^5/e^4/x^4-1/8(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{5/2}/d/x^8-1/112(5c/a/e-11e/d^2)(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{5/2}/x^7+1/448(-33a^2e^4+10a^2cd^2e^2+15c^2d^4)(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{5/2}/a^2/d^3/e^2/x^6-1/4480(-231a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+95a^2c^2d^4e^2+105c^3d^6)(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{5/2}/a^3/d^4/e^3/x^5+3/32768(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^5(33a^3e^6+45a^2cd^2e^4+35a^2c^2d^4e^2+15c^3d^6)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2(2ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x)/a^{1/2}/d^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{1/2})/a^{11/2}/d^{13/2}/e^{11/2}-3/16384(-a^2e^2+cd^2)^3(33a^3e^6+45a^2cd^2e^4+35a^2c^2d^4e^2+15c^3d^6)(2ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x)(ad^2e+(a^2e^2+cd^2)x+cd^2e^2x^2)^{1/2}/a^5/d^6/e^5/x^2$

3.469.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cd^2)(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(1575c^7d^{14}x^7 - 525ac^6d^{12}ex^6(2d+7ex) + 35a^2c^5d^{10}e^2x^5(24d^2 + 68d^2ex + 29e^2x^2) - 5a^3c^4d^8e^3x^4(144d^3 + 376d^2ex + 110d^2e^2x^2 - 185e^3x^3) + 5a^4c^3d^6e^4x^3(128d^4 + 320d^3ex + 80d^2e^2x^2 - 120d^2e^3x^3 + 265e^4x^4) + a^5c^2d^4e^5x^2(103680d^5 + 137600d^4ex + 4640d^3e^2x^2 - 5488d^2e^3x^3 + 7034d^2e^4x^4 - 11193e^5x^5) + a^6c^2d^2e^6x(168960d^6 + 212480d^5ex + 4480d^4e^2x^2 - 5056d^3e^3x^3 + 5928d^2e^4x^4 - 7476d^2e^5x^5 + 11445e^6x^6) + a^7e^7(71680d^7 + 87040d^6ex + 1280d^5e^2x^2 - 1408d^4e^3x^3 + 1584d^3e^4x^4 - 1848d^2e^5x^5 + 2310d^2e^6x^6 - 3465e^7x^7)}{573440a^{11/2}d^{13/2}e^{11/2}} \right)}{573440a^{11/2}d^{13/2}e^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x]`

output $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2e + cd^2)x](d + ex)) * (-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[e] * (1575c^7d^{14}x^7 - 525a^2c^6d^{12}e^2x^6(2d + 7ex) + 35a^2c^5d^{10}e^2x^5(24d^2 + 68d^2ex + 29e^2x^2) - 5a^3c^4d^8e^3x^4(144d^3 + 376d^2ex + 110d^2e^2x^2 - 185e^3x^3) + 5a^4c^3d^6e^4x^3(128d^4 + 320d^3ex + 80d^2e^2x^2 - 120d^2e^3x^3 + 265e^4x^4) + a^5c^2d^4e^5x^2(103680d^5 + 137600d^4ex + 4640d^3e^2x^2 - 5488d^2e^3x^3 + 7034d^2e^4x^4 - 11193e^5x^5) + a^6c^2d^2e^6x(168960d^6 + 212480d^5ex + 4480d^4e^2x^2 - 5056d^3e^3x^3 + 5928d^2e^4x^4 - 7476d^2e^5x^5 + 11445e^6x^6) + a^7e^7(71680d^7 + 87040d^6ex + 1280d^5e^2x^2 - 1408d^4e^3x^3 + 1584d^3e^4x^4 - 1848d^2e^5x^5 + 2310d^2e^6x^6 - 3465e^7x^7)))/x^8 + (105(c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^5(15c^3d^6 + 35a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 33a^3e^6) * \operatorname{ArcTan}h[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2e + cd^2])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[e] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + ex])]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[a^2e + cd^2] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + ex])) / (573440a^{11/2}d^{13/2}e^{11/2})$

$$3.469. \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$$

3.469.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 608, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {1215, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1152, 1152, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1215} \\
 & \int \frac{(ae + cdx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{ae(5cd^2 - 6cexd - 11ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{2x^8} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5cd^2 - 6cexd - 11ae^2)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx}{16d} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(3(15c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 - 33a^2e^4) + 4cde(5cd^2 - 11ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{2x^7} dx}{7ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{11e}{d}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{16d}{8dx^8} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(3(15c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 - 33a^2e^4) + 4cde(5cd^2 - 11ae^2)x)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx}{14ade} - \frac{\left(\frac{5cd}{ae} - \frac{11e}{d}\right)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1237} \\
 & \frac{16d}{8dx^8} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.469. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(105c^3d^6+95ac^2e^2d^4+15a^2ce^4d^2+2ce(15c^2d^4+10ace^2d^2-33a^2e^4)xd-231a^3e^6)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{2x^6} dx - \frac{(\frac{15c^2d^4}{a}-33ae^4+10cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2dex^6}}{14ade} = \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \quad 16d$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(105c^3d^6+95ac^2e^2d^4+15a^2ce^4d^2+2ce(15c^2d^4+10ace^2d^2-33a^2e^4)xd-231a^3e^6)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{4ade} dx - \frac{(\frac{15c^2d^4}{a}-33ae^4+10cd^2e^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2dex^6}}{14ade} = \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \quad 16d$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{7(cd^2-ae^2)(33a^3e^6+45a^2cd^2e^4+35ac^2d^4e^2+15c^3d^6) \int \frac{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(-231a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+95ac^2d^4e^2+105c^3d^6)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5ade x^5}}{4ade} = \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8} \quad 16d$$

↓ 1152

$$7(cd^2-ae^2)(33a^3e^6+45a^2cd^2e^4+35ac^2d^4e^2+15c^3d^6) \left(\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{x^3} dx}{16ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8ade x^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

↓ 1152

3.469. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2)(33a^3e^6 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8ade} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4ader^2} \right) - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{16ade} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2ade}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

↓ 1154

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2)(33a^3e^6 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \left(\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4ade} \right) - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{16ade} - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2ade}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

↓ 219

$$7(cd^2 - ae^2)(33a^3e^6 + 45a^2cd^2e^4 + 35ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \left(\frac{\hspace{15em}}{\hspace{15em}} \right) - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{\hspace{15em}} - \frac{(-231a^3e^6 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 95ac^2d^4e^2 + 105c^3d^6)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5adex^5}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{8dx^8}$$

3.469. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x]`

output `-1/8*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*x^8) + (-1/7*((5*c*d)/(a*e) - (11*e)/d)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^7 - (-1/2*((15*c^2*d^4)/a + 10*c*d^2*e^2 - 33*a*e^4)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d*e*x^6) - (-1/5*((105*c^3*d^6 + 95*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 231*a^3*e^6)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(a*d*e*x^5) - (7*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(15*c^3*d^6 + 35*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 33*a^3*e^6)*(-1/8*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(a*d*e*x^4) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(-1/4*((2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(16*a*d*e))/(2*a*d*e)/(4*a*d*e)/(14*a*d*e))/(16*d)`

3.469.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1152 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(d*b - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[p*((b^2 - 4*a*c)/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)*)Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

3.469.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$$

rule 1215 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a/d + c*(x/e))*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

3.469.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70735 vs. $2(586) = 1172$.

Time = 3.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70736, normalized size of antiderivative = 112.64

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	70736

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.469.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx$$

3.469.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 176.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1550, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2293760*(105*(15*c^8*d^16 - 40*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 + 8
*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 + 40*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 140*a^6*c^2
*d^4*e^12 + 120*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 33*a^8*e^16)*sqrt(a*d*e)*x^8*log((8*a^2*d
^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*
e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*
d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(71680*a^8*d^8*e^8 + (1575*a*c^7*d^15*e - 3
675*a^2*c^6*d^13*e^3 + 1015*a^3*c^5*d^11*e^5 + 925*a^4*c^4*d^9*e^7 + 1325*
a^5*c^3*d^7*e^9 - 11193*a^6*c^2*d^5*e^11 + 11445*a^7*c*d^3*e^13 - 3465*a^8
*d*e^15)*x^7 - 2*(525*a^2*c^6*d^14*e^2 - 1190*a^3*c^5*d^12*e^4 + 275*a^4*c
^4*d^10*e^6 + 300*a^5*c^3*d^8*e^8 - 3517*a^6*c^2*d^6*e^10 + 3738*a^7*c*d^4
*e^12 - 1155*a^8*d^2*e^14)*x^6 + 8*(105*a^3*c^5*d^13*e^3 - 235*a^4*c^4*d^1
1*e^5 + 50*a^5*c^3*d^9*e^7 - 686*a^6*c^2*d^7*e^9 + 741*a^7*c*d^5*e^11 - 23
1*a^8*d^3*e^13)*x^5 - 16*(45*a^4*c^4*d^12*e^4 - 100*a^5*c^3*d^10*e^6 - 290
*a^6*c^2*d^8*e^8 + 316*a^7*c*d^6*e^10 - 99*a^8*d^4*e^12)*x^4 + 128*(5*a^5*
c^3*d^11*e^5 + 1075*a^6*c^2*d^9*e^7 + 35*a^7*c*d^7*e^9 - 11*a^8*d^5*e^11)*
x^3 + 1280*(81*a^6*c^2*d^10*e^6 + 166*a^7*c*d^8*e^8 + a^8*d^6*e^10)*x^2 +
5120*(33*a^7*c*d^9*e^7 + 17*a^8*d^7*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^6*d^7*e^6*x^8), -1/1146880*(105*(15*c^8*d^16 - 40*a*c^7*
d^14*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 + 8*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 +
40*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 140*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 120*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 33*a...
```

3.469.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/x**9/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.469. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$

3.469.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex+d)x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)*x^9), x)`

3.469.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5681 vs. $2(586) = 1172$.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5681, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.05

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d+ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/x^9/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3/16384*(15*c^8*d^16 - 40*a*c^7*d^14*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^6*d^12*e^4 + 8*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^6 + 10*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^8 + 40*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^10 - 140*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 120*a^7*c*d^2*e^14 - 33*a^8*e^16)*arctan(-(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))/sqrt(-a*d*e))/(sqrt(-a*d*e)*a^5*d^6*e^5) + 1/573440*(1575*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^7*c^8*d^23*e^7 - 4200*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^8*c^7*d^21*e^9 + 2100*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^9*c^6*d^19*e^11 + 1147720*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^10*c^5*d^17*e^13 + 3441690*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^11*c^4*d^15*e^15 + 3444840*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^12*c^3*d^13*e^17 + 1132180*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^13*c^2*d^11*e^19 + 12600*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^14*c*d^9*e^21 - 3465*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*a^15*d^7*e^23 + 163840*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^11*c^4*d^16*e^14 + 327680*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^12*c^3*d^14*e^16 + 229376*sqrt(c*d*e)*a^13*c^2*d^12*e^18 - 12075*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^6*c^8*d^22*e^6 + 32200*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^7*c^7*d^20*e^8 + 5718300*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))^3*a^8*c...
```

3.469.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{x^9(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(x^9*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.470 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

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3.470.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 271

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx \\ &= -\frac{3(3cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{4c^2d^2e^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{e^3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{2cde^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{3(5c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 3/8*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/
c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d
^(5/2)/e^(7/2)-3/4*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
/c^2/d^2/e^3-2*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)/(e*x+d)+1/2*(e*x+d)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e^3
```

3.470.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3a^3e^5(d+ex)+a^2cde^3(4d^2+5dex+e^2x^2))+c^3d^4x(-15d^2-5dex+2e^2x^2)-ac^2d^2e(15d^3+cd^2+ade^2)+c^2d^3e^2x^2}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*a^3*e^5*(d + e*x) + a^2*c*d*e^3*(4*d^2 + 5*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + c^3*d^4*x*(-15*d^2 - 5*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2) - a*c^2*d^2*e*(15*d^3 + d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*e^3*x^3)) + 3*(5*c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])]/(4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.470.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1213, 25, 2192, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1213$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{d^2-exd+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2-exd+e^2x^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e^3} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{e^3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 2192$$

3.470. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{e(2d(2cd^2 - ae^2) - e(7cd^2 + 3ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde} + \frac{ex\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2d(2cd^2 - ae^2) - e(7cd^2 + 3ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{ex\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1160

$$\frac{3(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cd} - \left(\frac{3ae^2}{cd} + 7d\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd}$$

$$\frac{e^3}{4cd} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1092

$$3(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \left(\frac{3ae^2}{cd} + 7d\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd}$$

$$\frac{e^3}{4cd} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$3(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right) - \left(\frac{3ae^2}{cd} + 7d\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} + \frac{ex\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd}$$

$$\frac{e^3}{2c^3/2d^3/2\sqrt{e}} - \frac{2d^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

```
output (-2*d^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*
(d + e*x)) + ((e*x*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d) +
(-(7*d + (3*a*e^2)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) +
(3*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*
x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]
])/2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))/(4*c*d)/e^3
```

3.470.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1160 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b
*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x]
&& NeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 1213 Int[(x_)^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(-d)^(n*e^(2*m - n + 3))*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]
/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m - n + 2) Int[Expan
dToSum[((-d)^(n*(-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - e^n*x^n*((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m
- 1))/(d + e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}
, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m
+ p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 2192 Int[(Pq_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x +
c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b
*e*(q + p)*x^(q - 1) - c*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.470.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 513 vs. 2(243) = 486.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}}{2cde} - \frac{3(e^2a+cd^2)}{4cde} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}}{cde} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde x}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}\right)}{2cde\sqrt{cde}} \right)$

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/2*x/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
/c/d/e*(1/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-1/2*a/c*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x
)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+d^
2/e^3*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-d/e^2*(1/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c
*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+2*d^3/
e^4/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e)^(1/2)
```

$$3.470. \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

3.470.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 758, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5c^3d^7 - 3ac^2d^5e^2 - a^2cd^3e^4 - a^3de^6 + (5c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^3 - a^2cd^2e^5 - a^3e^7)x)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 4\sqrt{cde}x + a^2d^2 + a^2e^2\right) + 8(c^2d^3e + acd^2e^3)x - 4(15c^3d^6e - 4ac^2d^4e^3 - 3a^2cd^2e^5 - 5 - 2(c^3d^4e^3 - ac^2d^2e^5)x^2 + (5c^3d^5e^2 - 2ac^2d^3e^4 - 3a^2cd^2e^6)x)\sqrt{cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde}x}{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2 + a^2e^2}\right)}{3(5c^3d^7 - 3ac^2d^5e^2 - a^2cd^3e^4 - a^3de^6 + (5c^3d^6e - 3ac^2d^4e^3 - a^2cd^2e^5 - a^3e^7)x)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde}x}{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2 + a^2e^2}\right)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output [1/16*(3*(5*c^3*d^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (5*c^3
*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c
^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a
*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*
d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(15*c^3*d^6*e - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^
5 - 2*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + (5*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4
- 3*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^6
*e^4 - a*c^3*d^4*e^6 + (c^4*d^5*e^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x), -1/8*(3*(5*c^3*d^
7 - 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 - a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - a^3*d*e^6 + (5*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a*c^2*d
^4*e^3 - a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^
2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c
^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(15*c^3*d^6
*e - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 2*(c^3*d^4*e^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x
^2 + (5*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 +
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^4*d^6*e^4 - a*c^3*d^4*e^6 + (c^4*d^5*e^5 -
a*c^3*d^3*e^7)*x)]
```

3.470.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.470.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.470.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{cdex^2+cd^2x+ae^2x+ade} \left(\frac{2x}{cde^2} - \frac{7cd^2e^5+3ae^7}{c^2d^2e^8} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{\left(\left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2+cd^2x+ae^2x+ade} \right) e + \sqrt{cded} \right) e^3}{2d^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{3(5c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4) \log \left(\left| cd^2+ae^2+2\sqrt{cde} \left(\sqrt{cdex} - \sqrt{cdex^2+cd^2x+ae^2x+ade} \right) \right| \right)}{8\sqrt{cdec^2d^2e^3}} \end{aligned}$$

3.470. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)*(2*x/(c*d*e^2) - (7*c*d^2*e^5 + 3*a*e^7)/(c^2*d^2*e^8)) - 2*d^3/(((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*e + sqrt(c*d*e)*d)*e^3) - 3/8*(5*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c^2*d^2*e^3)`

3.470.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.471 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.471.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3583

3.471.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 195

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cde^2} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e^2(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)} \\ & \quad - \frac{(3cd^2+ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$-1/2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)})/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^{(3/2)}/d^{(3/2)}/e^{(5/2)}+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/d/e^2+2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)$$

3.471.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-a^2e^3(d+ex)+c^2d^3x(3d+ex)+acde(3d^2-e^2x^2))-(3c^2d^4-2acd^2e^2-a^2e^4)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}} \end{aligned}$$

3.471.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-(a^2*e^3*(d + e*x)) + c^2*d^3*x*(3*d + e*x) + a*c*d*e*(3*d^2 - e^2*x^2)) - (3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.471.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1213, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1213} \\
 & \frac{2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \int \frac{\frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{ae^2}{cd}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092} \\
 & \frac{2d^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{e^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{ae^2}{cd}+3d\right) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd}}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.471. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2d^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e^2(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\left(\frac{ae^2}{cd} + 3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd}$$

$$e^2$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*d^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (- (Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(c*d)) + ((3*d + (a*e^2)/(c*d))*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/e^2`

3.471.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1213 `Int[(x_)^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(-d)^(n*e^(2*m - n + 3))*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m - n + 2) Int[ExpandToSum[(-d)^(n*(-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - e^(n*x)^(n*(-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m - 1))/(d + e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`

3.471.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2}{cde} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}\right)}{e} - \frac{d \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a+\frac{1}{2}cd^2+cde}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{cde}}$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `1/e*(1/c/d/e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d
/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-d/e^2*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*
d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2)-2*d^2/e^
3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.471.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 586, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3c^2d^5 - 2acd^3e^2 - a^2de^4 + (3c^2d^4e - 2acd^2e^3 - a^2e^5)x)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^5\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")`

```
output [1/4*((3*c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4 + (3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^5*e^3 - a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x), 1/2*((3*c^2*d^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - a^2*d*e^4 + (3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d*e)/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(c^3*d^5*e^3 - a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x)]
```

3.471.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.471.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e
```

3.471. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.471.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{2d^2} + \frac{\left(\left(\sqrt{cde} - \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade}\right)e + \sqrt{cde}\right)e^2}{(3cd^2 + ae^2) \log\left(\left|cd^2 + ae^2 + 2\sqrt{cde}\left(\sqrt{cde} - \sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade}\right)\right|\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + cd^2 x + ae^2 x + ade}}{cde^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*d^2/(((sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))*e + sqrt(c*d*e)*d)*e^2) + 1/2*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log(abs(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*sqrt(c*d*e)*(sqrt(c*d*e)*x - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e))))/(sqrt(c*d*e)*c*d*e^2) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + c*d^2*x + a*e^2*x + a*d*e)/(c*d*e^2)`

3.471.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.472
$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.472.1 Optimal result 3584
 3.472.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3584
 3.472.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3585
 3.472.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3586
 3.472.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3587
 3.472.6 Sympy [F] 3588
 3.472.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 3588
 3.472.8 Giac [F(-2)] 3588
 3.472.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3589

3.472.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}}$$

output `arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-2*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)`

3.472.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output $(2*(-((d^{3/2})\sqrt{e}*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) + (\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})*\sqrt{d + e*x}*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{d + e*x})])/Sqrt[c]))/(\sqrt{d}*e^{3/2}*\sqrt{(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)})]$

3.472.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1213, 25, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1213

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e} - \frac{2d\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{e} - \frac{2d\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{e} - \frac{2d\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2+cd^2+2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

input `Int[x/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`


```
output (-2*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d +
e*x)) + ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2))
```

3.472.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1213 Int[(x_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(-d)^n*e^(2*m - n + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]
/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m - n + 2) Int[Expan
dToSum[(-d)^n*(-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1) - e^n*x^n*((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m
- 1)]/(d + e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}
, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m
+ p, -3/2]
```

3.472.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}e^2a + \frac{1}{2}cd^2 + cde x}{\sqrt{cde}} + \sqrt{ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2}\right)}{e\sqrt{cde}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{cde\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + (e^2a - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e^2(e^2a - cd^2)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}$	131

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERB
OSE)
```

output $\frac{1}{e} \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 * e^2 * a + 1/2 * c * d^2 + c * d * e * x) / (c * d * e)^{(1/2)} + (a * d * e + (a * e^2 + c * d^2) * x + c * d * e * x^2)^{(1/2)}}{(c * d * e)^{(1/2)} + 2 * d / e^2 / (a * e^2 - c * d^2) / (x + d / e) * (c * d * e * (x + d / e)^2 + (a * e^2 - c * d^2) * (x + d / e))^{(1/2)}}\right)$

3.472.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}cd^2e - (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{cde} \log\left(\frac{8c^2d^2e^2x^2 + c^2d^4 + 6acde x + a^2d^2}{2(c^2d^4e^2 - acd^2e^4 + c^2d^3e^3 - acde^5)x}\right)}{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}cd^2e + (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{-cde} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{2(c^2d^2e^2x^2+acd^2e^4)}\right)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[-1/2*(4*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*c*d^2*e - (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e}*\log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\sqrt{c*d*e} + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x))/(c^2*d^4*e^2 - a*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 - a*c*d*e^5)*x), -(2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*c*d^2*e + (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*\sqrt{-c*d*e}*\arctan(1/2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\sqrt{-c*d*e}/(c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)))/(c^2*d^4*e^2 - a*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 - a*c*d*e^5)*x)]$

3.472.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.472.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.472.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,5]%%},0}:[1,0,%%{-1, [1,1,1]%%}]%%}, [2,2]%%}+%%{`

3.472.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(x/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.473
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.473.1 Optimal result 3590
 3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3590
 3.473.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3591
 3.473.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3591
 3.473.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3592
 3.473.6 Sympy [F] 3592
 3.473.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 3593
 3.473.8 Giac [F(-2)] 3593
 3.473.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 3593

3.473.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

output `2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)`

3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(ae+cdx)}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.473.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1123}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1123

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))`

3.473.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1123 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.473.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{(e^2 a-c d^2)(e x+d)}$	50
gosper	$-\frac{2(c d x+a e)}{(e^2 a-c d^2)\sqrt{c d e x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}$	51
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{c d e\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(e^2 a-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{e(e^2 a-c d^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	65

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(1/2)`

3.473.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{cd^3-ade^2+(cd^2e-ae^3)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)`

3.473.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.473.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

3.473.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1, [0,0,1]%%}, [2]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-2, [0,1,0]%%},0]: [1,0,%%{-1`

3.473.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{(ae^2-cd^2)(d+ex)}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x))`

$$3.474 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.474.1 Optimal result	3595
3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3595
3.474.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3596
3.474.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3598
3.474.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3598
3.474.6 Sympy [F]	3599
3.474.7 Maxima [F]	3599
3.474.8 Giac [F(-2)]	3600
3.474.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3600

3.474.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{d(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `-arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/a^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-2*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{d}e^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^{3/2}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

3.474. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output $(2*(-((\text{Sqrt}[d]*e^{(3/2)}*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)) - (\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]))/(d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])$

3.474.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1214, 25, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1214

$$-\int -\frac{1}{dx\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{1}{dx\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{d} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2\int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{d} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^3/2}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/(x*(d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]$

output
$$\frac{(-2e\sqrt{ad^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2}}{(d(c^2d^2 - ae^2)(d + ex)) - \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(2ad^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ad^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2}}\right]}{(\sqrt{a}d^{3/2}\sqrt{e})}$$

3.474.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c^2d^2 - 4b^2d^2e + 4a^2e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2ae - bd - (2cd - be)x)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1214 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(n_*)}*((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*) + (c_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(-d)^n e^{2m-n+3}(\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})/((-2cd + be)^{(m+2})(d + ex)), x] - \text{Simp}[e^{2m+2} \text{Int}[\text{ExpandToSum}[(d)^n(-2cd + be)^{-m-1}]/(e^n x^n) - ((-c)d + be + ce^2)^{-m-1}]/(d + ex), x]/(\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}/x^n), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2d^2 - b^2d^2e + a^2e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, -3/2]$

3.474.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+2\sqrt{ade}\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}}{x}\right)}{d\sqrt{ade}} + \frac{2\sqrt{cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}}{d(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$	136

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `-1/d/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x)+2/d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^
2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)`

3.474.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}ade^2 - (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{ade} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2+(c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+a^2d^2e^2+2cd^2e^2+ade^2)x}{2(acd^5e - a^2d^3e^3 + (acd^4e^2 - a^2d^2e^4)x}\right)}{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}ade^2 - (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{-ade} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{2(acd^2e^2x^2+a^2d^2e^2)}\right)}{acd^5e - a^2d^3e^3 + (acd^4e^2 - a^2d^2e^4)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="fracas")`

output `[-1/2*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*a*d*e^2 - (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2))/(a*c*d^5*e - a^2*d^3*e^3 + (a*c*d^4*e^2 - a^2*d^2*e^4)*x), -(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*a*d*e^2 - (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)))/(a*c*d^5*e - a^2*d^3*e^3 + (a*c*d^4*e^2 - a^2*d^2*e^4)*x)]`

3.474.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.474.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c dex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(ex + d)x} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.474.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%}{1,[0,1,5]%%},[2,2]%%}+%%{%%}{-2,[1,3,3]%%},[2,1]%%
%}+%%{%%
```

3.474.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.475 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.475.1 Optimal result 3601
 3.475.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3602
 3.475.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3602
 3.475.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3605
 3.475.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3605
 3.475.6 Sympy [F] 3606
 3.475.7 Maxima [F] 3606
 3.475.8 Giac [F(-2)] 3607
 3.475.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3607

3.475.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{d(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2-3ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)x}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

```
output 1/2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/
e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(3/2)-2
*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-
(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c
*d^2)/x
```


3.475.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-c^2d^3x(d+ex)+a^2e^3(d+3ex)-acde(d^2-3e^2x^2))+(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4)x\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)x\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`output `(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(-(c^2*d^3*x*(d + e*x)) + a^2*e^3*(d + 3*e*x) - a*c*d*e*(d^2 - 3*e^2*x^2)) + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*x*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(a^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.475.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1214, 25, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1214}$$

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} - \int \frac{d-ex}{d^2x^2\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\int \frac{d-ex}{d^2x^2\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{d-ex}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1228 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{cd^2}{ae} + 3e \right) \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{aex}}{d^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{ae} + 3e \right) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{aex}}{d^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\left(\frac{cd^2}{ae} + 3e \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{aex}}{d^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^2(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*e^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (-Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(a*e*x)) + (((c*d^2)/(a*e) + 3*e)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])/d^2`

3.475.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1214 `Int[(x_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(-d)^(n+1)*e^(2*m-n+3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m+2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m+2) Int[ExpandToSum[(((d)^(n+1)*(-2*c*d + b*e)^(m+1))/(e^n*x^n) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(m+1))/(d + e*x), x]/(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + p, -3/2]`
- rule 1228 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m+1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

output `[1/4*(sqrt(a*d*e)*((c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + (c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(a*c*d^4*e - a^2*d^2*e^3 + (a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((a^2*c*d^5*e^3 - a^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + (a^2*c*d^6*e^2 - a^3*d^4*e^4)*x), -1/2*(sqrt(-a*d*e)*((c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*e^5)*x^2 + (c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x) + 2*(a*c*d^4*e - a^2*d^2*e^3 + (a*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*d*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((a^2*c*d^5*e^3 - a^3*d^3*e^5)*x^2 + (a^2*c*d^6*e^2 - a^3*d^4*e^4)*x)]`

3.475.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.475.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(ex + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(e*x + d)*x^2), x)`

3.475.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,0,1]%%},[6,0]%%}+%%{%%{[%%{-2,[0,1,0]%%},0]:
[1,0,%%{
```

3.475.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.476
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.476.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 329

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{d(cd^2-ae^2)x^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} \\ & \quad - \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)x^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{(3cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4a^2d^3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)x} \\ & \quad - \frac{3(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output -3/8*(5*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2
)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)-2*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2
)^(1/2)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x^2+1/4*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x
```

3.476.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(3c^3d^5x^2(d+ex)+a^3e^4(2d^2-5dex-15e^2x^2)+ac^2d^3ex(d^2+5dex+4e^2x^2)-a^2cde^2(2d^3-4d^2ex+e^3x^2))}{4a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`output `(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(3*c^3*d^5*x^2*(d + e*x) + a^3*e^4*(2*d^2 - 5*d*e*x - 15*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*d^3*e*x*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c*d*e^2*(2*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3)) - 3*(c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*x^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])]/(4*a^(5/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2)*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`**3.476.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1214, 25, 2181, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1214}$$

$$-\int -\frac{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^3} - \frac{ex}{d^2} + \frac{1}{d}}{x^3\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^3} - \frac{ex}{d^2} + \frac{1}{d}}{x^3\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{d^3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2181}$$

3.476. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{7ae^2}{d} + 2\left(c - \frac{2ae^2}{d^2}\right)xe + 3cd}{2x^2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{2ade}{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2ad^2ex^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{7ae^2}{d} + 2\left(c - \frac{2ae^2}{d^2}\right)xe + 3cd}{x^2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2ad^2ex^2} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1228 \\
& - \frac{3\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{a} + \frac{5ae^4}{d^2} + 2ce^2\right) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\left(\frac{3c}{ae} + \frac{7e}{d^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x} \\
& \quad - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2ad^2ex^2} - \frac{4ade}{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
& - \frac{3\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{a} + \frac{5ae^4}{d^2} + 2ce^2\right) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{e} - \frac{\left(\frac{3c}{ae} + \frac{7e}{d^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x} \\
& \quad - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2ad^2ex^2} - \frac{4ade}{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& - \frac{3\left(\frac{c^2d^2}{a} + \frac{5ae^4}{d^2} + 2ce^2\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{de}^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{3c}{ae} + \frac{7e}{d^2}\right)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{x} \\
& \quad - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2ad^2ex^2} - \frac{4ade}{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{d^3(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

```
output -1/2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(a*d^2*e*x^2) - (2*e^3*Sq
rt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(d^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x))
- (-(((3*c)/(a*e) + (7*e)/d^2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^
2])/x) + (3*((c^2*d^2)/a + 2*c*e^2 + (5*a*e^4)/d^2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
+ c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*e^(3/2))/(4*a*d*e)
```

3.476.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1214 Int[(x_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(-d)^n*e^(2*m - n + 3)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]
/((-2*c*d + b*e)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x))), x] - Simp[e^(2*m + 2) Int[ExpandToS
um[(((d)^n*(-2*c*d + b*e)^(-m - 1))/(e^n*x^n) - ((-c)*d + b*e + c*e*x)^(-m
- 1))/(d + e*x), x]/(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] &&
EqQ[m + p, -3/2]
```

```
rule 1228 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 2181 Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[(e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Qx + c*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + p + 2) - c*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

3.476.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2}{2ade x^2} - \frac{3(e^2a+cd^2)}{4ade} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}}{ade x} + \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+2\sqrt{ade}\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x}}{x}\right)}{2ade\sqrt{ade}} \right)}{d}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

output $1/d*(-1/2/a/d/e/x^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}-3/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x))+1/2*c/a/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x))-e^2/d^3/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x)-e/d^2*(-1/a/d/e/x*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e/(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/x))+2*e^2/d^3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)*(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}$

3.476.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3((c^3d^6e+ac^2d^4e^3+3a^2cd^2e^5-5a^3e^7)x^3+(c^3d^7+ac^2d^5e^2+3a^2cd^3e^4-5a^3de^6)x^2)\sqrt{ade} \log\left(\frac{8a^2d^2e^2}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorith
hm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(3*((c^3*d^6*e + a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^3*d^7 + a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(a*d*e) *log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d *e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d *e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(2*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^3*d^3*e ^4 - (3*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 15*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2 - (3*a*c^2*d^6 *e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e^3 - 5*a^3*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((a^3*c*d^6*e^4 - a^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + (a^3*c*d^7*e^3 - a^4*d^5* e^5)*x^2), 1/8*(3*((c^3*d^6*e + a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^3*e^7)*x^3 + (c^3*d^7 + a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2)*sq rt(-a*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)/(a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (a*c*d ^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)) - 2*(2*a^2*c*d^5*e^2 - 2*a^3*d^3*e^4 - (3*a*c^2*d^5* e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 15*a^3*d*e^6)*x^2 - (3*a*c^2*d^6*e + 2*a^2*c*d^4*e ^3 - 5*a^3*d^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((a^3* c*d^6*e^4 - a^4*d^4*e^6)*x^3 + (a^3*c*d^7*e^3 - a^4*d^5*e^5)*x^2)]`

3.476.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.476.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(ex + d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit hm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(e*x + d)*x^3), x)`

3.476.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%{1,[0,3,9]%%},[2,4]%%}+%%{%%{-4,[1,5,7]%%},[2,3]%%
%}+%%{%%
```

3.476.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

$$3.477 \quad \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.477.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 515

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dx^4(ae(cd^2-ae^2)+cd(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2x^2(ade(cd^2-ae^2)(7c^2d^4-12acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4)+(cd^2-ae^2)(7c^3d^6-11ac^2d^4e^2-a^2cd^2e^4-3a^3e^6)x)}{3cde^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{(105c^4d^8-190ac^3d^6e^2+36a^2c^2d^4e^4+30a^3cd^2e^6-45a^4e^8-2cde(35c^3d^6-61ac^2d^4e^2+9a^2cd^2e^4-15a^3e^6)x)}{12c^3d^3e^4(cd^2-ae^2)^3} + \frac{5(7c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}d^{7/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*d*x^4*(a*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+5/8*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d
^4)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(9/2)-2/3*x^2*(a*d*e*(-a
e^2+c*d^2)*(-3*a^2*e^4-12*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*c^2*d^4)+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-3*a^3*e
6-a^2*c*d^2*e^4-11*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*c^3*d^6)*x)/c/d/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/12*(105*c^4*d^8-190*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+
36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+30*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-45*a^4*e^8-2*c*d*e*(-15*a^3*e^6+9*a^2*
c*d^2*e^4-61*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+35*c^3*d^6)*x)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2
)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

3.477. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.477.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-45a^5e^9(d+ex)^2+15a^4cde^7(2d-ex)(d+ex)^2+6a^3c^2d^2e^5)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-45*a^5*e^9*(d + e*x)^2 + 15*a^4*c*d*e^7*(2*d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5*(d + e*x)^2*(6*d^2 + 2*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + c^5*d^8*x*(105*d^3 + 140*d^2*e*x + 21*d*e^2*x^2 - 6*e^3*x^3) - 2*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3*(95*d^4 + 111*d^3*e*x - 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 9*d*e^3*x^3 + 9*e^4*x^4) + a*c^4*d^6*e*(105*d^4 - 50*d^3*e*x - 237*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 48*d*e^3*x^3 + 18*e^4*x^4)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3 + 15*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(12*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(9/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.477.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1244, 27, 1233, 27, 1225, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1244

$$-\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2 x^3 (8ade+(7cd^2-3ae^2)x)}{2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^4}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^3 (8ade+(7cd^2-3ae^2)x)}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^4}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

3.477. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 1233

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{x(4ade(7c^2d^4 - 12ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4) + (35c^3d^6 - 61ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 15a^3e^6)x) dx}{2\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2x^2(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 12acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^2c^2d^4e^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2dx^4}{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{x(4ade(7c^2d^4 - 12ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4) + (35c^3d^6 - 61ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 15a^3e^6)x) dx}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{2x^2(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 12acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^2c^2d^4e^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

$$\frac{2dx^4}{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1225

$$\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-45a^4e^8 + 30a^3cd^2e^6 + 36a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 2cde x(-15a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 61ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6 - 61ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 15a^3e^6))}{4c^2d^2e^2}$$

$$\frac{2dx^4}{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{4c^2d^2e^2} - \frac{(-45a^4e^8 + 30a^3cd^2e^6 + 36a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 2cde x(-15a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 61ac^2d^4e^2 + 35c^3d^6 - 61ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 15a^3e^6))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{2dx^4}{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 219

3.477. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{5/2}} - \frac{(-45a^4e^8 + 30a^3cd^2e^6 + 36a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 2cdex(-15a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + 3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{2dx^4}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[x^5/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*d*x^4)/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((-2*x^2*(a*d*e*(7*c^2*d^4 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4) + (7*c^3*d^6 - 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^3*e^6)*x))/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (-1/4*((105*c^4*d^8 - 190*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 30*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 45*a^4*e^8 - 2*c*d*e*(35*c^3*d^6 - 61*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6)*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c^2*d^2*e^2) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(8*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(5/2)))/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.477.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

```
rule 1225 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 1233 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (d + e*x)^(m - 1))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((2*a*c*(e*f + d*g) - b*(c*d*f + a*e*g) - (2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*x)/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] - Simp[1/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[2*c^2*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + b*e*g*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 2)) - c*(2*a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) + b*d*(d*g*(2*p + 3) - e*f*(m - 2*p - 4))] + e*(b^2*e*g*(m + p + 1) + 2*c^2*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - c*(2*a*e*g*m + b*(e*f + d*g)*(m + 2*p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && ((EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f, g]) | !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

```
rule 1244 Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (e*f - d*g))*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x))), x] + Simp[1/(p*e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(f + g*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[b*e*g*((-e)*f + d*g + e*f*n - d*g*n - e*f*p) + c*(d^2*g^2*(n - 1) - d*e*f*g*n + e^2*f^2*(2*p + 1)) - e*g*(b*e*g*p - c*(e*f*n - d*g*n + 2*e*f*p))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.477.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1922 vs. $2(485) = 970$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1923, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1923

```
input int(x^5/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

$$3.477. \quad \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output

```

1/e*(1/2*x^3/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-5/4*(a*e^2+c*d^
2)/c/d/e*(x^2/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/c/d/e*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)/c/d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d
*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-2*a/c*(-
1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d
*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))-3/2*a/c*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2
)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2
)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2
)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d
^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)
^(1/2))+2*d^4/e^5*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)
/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+d^2/e^3*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*
c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/
e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x...

```

3.477.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1053 vs. $2(485) = 970$.

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2120, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="fracas")

```

output `[1/48*(15*(7*a*c^5*d^12*e - 15*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^5 + 2*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^7 + 3*a^5*c*d^4*e^9 - 3*a^6*d^2*e^11 + (7*c^6*d^11*e^2 - 15*a*c^5*d^9*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^6 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^8 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^10 - 3*a^5*c*d*e^12)*x^3 + (14*c^6*d^12*e - 23*a*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 8*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^11 - 3*a^6*e^13)*x^2 + (7*c^6*d^13 - a*c^5*d^11*e^2 - 24*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^4 + 14*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^6 + 7*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^8 + 3*a^5*c*d^3*e^10 - 6*a^6*d*e^12)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(105*a*c^5*d^11*e^2 - 190*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^4 + 36*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^6 + 30*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^8 - 45*a^5*c*d^3*e^10 - 6*(c^6*d^9*e^4 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^6 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^8 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^10)*x^4 + 3*(7*c^6*d^10*e^3 - 16*a*c^5*d^8*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^7 + 8*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^9 - 5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^11)*x^3 + (140*c^6*d^11*e^2 - 237*a*c^5*d^9*e^4 + 12*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^6 + 66*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^8 - 45*a^5*c*d*e^12)*x^2 + (105*c^6*d^12*e - 50*a*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 222*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 84*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 45*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 90*a^5*c*d^2*e^11)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*c^7*d^12*e^6 - 3*a^2*c^6*d^10*e^8 + 3*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^10 - a^4*c^4*d^6*e^12 + (c^8*d^11*e^7 - 3*a*c^7*d^9*e^9 + 3*a^2*c^6*d^7*e^11 - a^3*c^5*d^5*e^13)*x^3 + (2*c^8*d^12*e^6 - 5*a*c^7*d^10*e^8 + 3*a^2*c^6*d^8*e^...`

3.477.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.477.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.477.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^5/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

```
output integrate(x^5/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x
)
```

3.477.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^5/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int(x^5/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.477. $\int \frac{x^5}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.478
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.478.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 438

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2dx^3(ae(cd^2-ae^2)+cd(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2x(ade(cd^2-ae^2)(5c^2d^4-10acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4)+(cd^2-ae^2)(5c^3d^6-9ac^2d^4e^2-a^2cd^2e^4-3a^3e^6)x)}{3cde^2(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(15c^3d^6-31ac^2d^4e^2+9a^2cd^2e^4-9a^3e^6)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{(5cd^2+3ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cdex}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2}e^{7/2}}$$

```
output -2/3*d*x^3*(a*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-1/2*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2
*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(7/2)-2/3*x*(a*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-3*a^2*e
^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-3*a^3*e^6-a^2*c*d^2*e^4-9*a
c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x)/c/d/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+
c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/3*(-9*a^3*e^6+9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-31*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+15*c^3*d
^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

3.478.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-9a^4e^7(d+ex)^2+3a^3cde^5(3d-ex)(d+ex)^2+c^4d^7x(15d^2+20d+e^2x))}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-9*a^4*e^7*(d + e*x)^2 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^5*(3*d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 + c^4*d^7*x*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + a*c^3*d^5*e*(15*d^3 - 11*d^2*e*x - 39*d*e^2*x^2 - 9*e^3*x^3) + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*(-31*d^3 - 33*d^2*e*x + 9*d*e^2*x^2 + 9*e^3*x^3)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3 - 3*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]/(3*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(7/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))
```

3.478.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1244, 27, 1233, 27, 1160, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1244

$$-\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2 x^2 (6ade + (5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x)}{2(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3 (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^3}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^2 (6ade + (5cd^2 - 3ae^2)x)}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e (cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^3}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1233

3.478. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$2 \int \frac{2ade(5c^2d^4 - 10ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4) + (15c^3d^6 - 31ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 9a^3e^6)x}{2\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{2x(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{27}$$

$$\int \frac{2ade(5c^2d^4 - 10ace^2d^2 - 3a^2e^4) + (15c^3d^6 - 31ac^2e^2d^4 + 9a^2ce^4d^2 - 9a^3e^6)x}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{2x(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{1160}$$

$$\frac{(-9a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 31ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cde} - \frac{2x(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2))}{cde}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{1092}$$

$$\frac{(-9a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 31ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{cde}}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2x(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2))}{cde}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{219}$$

$$\frac{(-9a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - 31ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cde} - \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} - \frac{2x(ade(-3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4) + x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2))}{cde}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2dx^3} \frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{219}$$

3.478. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[x^4/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*d*x^3)/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((-2*x*(a*d*e*(5*c^2*d^4 - 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4) + (5*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^3*e^6)*x))/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (((15*c^3*d^6 - 31*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 9*a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*e) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2))/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.478.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 1233 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m - 1))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((2*a*c*(e*f + d*g) - b*(c*d*f + a*e*g) - (2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*x)/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] - Simp[1/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[2*c^2*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + b*e*g*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 2)) - c*(2*a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) + b*d*(d*g*(2*p + 3) - e*f*(m - 2*p - 4)) + e*(b^2*e*g*(m + p + 1) + 2*c^2*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - c*(2*a*e*g*m + b*(e*f + d*g)*(m + 2*p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && ((EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f, g]) | !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

```
rule 1244 Int((((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x)), x] + Simp[1/(p*e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(f + g*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[b*e*g*((-e)*f + d*g + e*f*n - d*g*n - e*f*p) + c*(d^2*g^2*(n - 1) - d*e*f*g*n + e^2*f^2*(2*p + 1)) - e*g*(b*e*g*p - c*(e*f*n - d*g*n + 2*e*f*p))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.478.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1111 vs. $2(408) = 816$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1112

```
input int(x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE  
RBOSE)
```

output

```

1/e*(x^2/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c
/d/e*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c
/d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e
*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(
1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))-2*a/c*(-1/c/d
/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+
a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*
x^2)^(1/2))+d^2/e^3*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*
e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))-2*d^3/e^4*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/
(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-d/
e^2*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/
d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*
(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1
/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+d^4/e^5*(-2/3/
(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+8/3*c*
d*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-
c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))

```

3.478.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 884 vs. $2(408) = 816$.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1782, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output

```
[1/12*(3*(5*a*c^4*d^10*e - 12*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^5 + 4*a^4*c*d^4*e^7 - 3*a^5*d^2*e^9 + (5*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 12*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^10)*x^3 + (10*c^5*d^10*e - 19*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 14*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - 3*a^5*e^11)*x^2 + (5*c^5*d^11 - 2*a*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 16*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^3*e^8 - 6*a^5*d*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) + 4*(15*a*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 31*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 9*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^6 - 9*a^4*c*d^3*e^8 + 3*(c^5*d^8*e^3 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^7 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^9)*x^3 + (20*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 39*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 9*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 9*a^4*c*d*e^10)*x^2 + (15*c^5*d^10*e - 11*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 3*3*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 18*a^4*c*d^2*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*c^6*d^11*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^7 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^9 - a^4*c^3*d^5*e^11 + (c^7*d^10*e^6 - 3*a*c^6*d^8*e^8 + 3*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^10 - a^3*c^4*d^4*e^12)*x^3 + (2*c^7*d^11*e^5 - 5*a*c^6*d^9*e^7 + 3*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^9 + a^3*c^4*d^5*e^11 - a^4*c^3*d^3*e^13)*x^2 + (c^7*d^12*e^4 - a*c^6*d^10*e^6 - 3*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^10 - 2*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^12)*x), 1/6*(3*(5*a*c^4*d^10*e - 12*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^5 + 4*a^4*c*d^4*e^7 - 3*a^5*d^2*e^9 + (5*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 12*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 12*a*c^4*d^7...]
```

3.478.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.478.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.478.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

```
output integrate(x^4/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x
)
```

3.478.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int(x^4/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.478. $\int \frac{x^4}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.479 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.479.1 Optimal result	3632
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3.479.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2dx^2(ae(cd^2-ae^2)+cd(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{2(ade(cd^2-3ae^2)(3cd^2+ae^2)+(3c^3d^6-7ac^2d^4e^2-a^2cd^2e^4-3a^3e^6)x)}{3cde^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2+2cde x}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*d*x^2*(a*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+c*d*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/e^(5/2)-2/3*(a*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+(-3*a^3*e^6-a^2*c*d^2*e^4-7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*c^3*d^6)*x)/c/d/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)$$

3.479.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-3a^3e^5(d+ex)^2+c^3d^6x(3d+4ex)-a^2cd^3e^3(8d+9ex)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3} \right)}{3c^{3/2}d^{3/2}e}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`output `(2*(-((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-3*a^3*e^5*(d + e*x)^2 + c^3*d^6*x*(3*d + 4*e*x) - a^2*c*d^3*e^3*(8*d + 9*e*x) + a*c^2*d^4*e*(3*d^2 - 4*d*e*x - 9*e^2*x^2)))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3) + 3*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(5/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`**3.479.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1244, 27, 1224, 1092, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1244 \\ & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2 x(4ade+3(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e^3(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^2}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x(4ade+3(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2dx^2}{3e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1224 \end{aligned}$$

3.479. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{3\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{2(x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6) + ade(cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}}{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot 2dx^2}$$

$$\frac{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2dx^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$6\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \int \frac{1}{4cde - \frac{(cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} - \frac{2(x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6) + ade(cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot 2dx^2}{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{ae}{cd}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cexd}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{2(x(-3a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 7ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6) + ade(cd^2 - 3ae^2)(ae^2 + 3cd^2))}{cde(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3e(cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot 2dx^2}{3e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*d*x^2)/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + ((-2*(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2) + (3*c^3*d^6 - 7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^3*e^6)*x))/(c*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*(d/e - (a*e)/(c*d))*ArcTanh[(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]))/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.479.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1224 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2*a*c*(e*f + d*g) - b*(c*d*f + a*e*g) - (b^2*e*g - b*c*(e*f + d*g) + 2*c*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(c*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NeQ[a, 0] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])`
- rule 1244 `Int[(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x))), x] + Simp[1/(p*e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(f + g*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[b*e*g*((-e)*f + d*g + e*f*n - d*g*n - e*f*p) + c*(d^2*g^2*(n - 1) - d*e*f*g*n + e^2*f^2*(2*p + 1)) - e*g*(b*e*g*p - c*(e*f*n - d*g*n + 2*e*f*p))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.479.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 638 vs. 2(273) = 546.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
default	$\frac{x}{cde\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2)\left(-\frac{1}{cde\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2)(2cde x+e^2a+cd^2)}{cde(4ac d^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{e}$

```
input int(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(-x/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/
d/e*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*
(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))+1/c/d/e*ln((1/2*e^2*a+1/2*c*d^2+c*d*e*x)/(c*d*e)^(1
/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e)^(1/2))+2*d^2/e^3*(2*c
*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-d/e^2*(-1/c/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-
(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))-d^3/e^4*(-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+
d/e)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+8/3*c*d*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)
^3*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(
1/2))
```

3.479.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs. 2(273) = 546.

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1466, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="fracas")
```

output `[1/6*(3*(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e)*log(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e) + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x) - 4*(3*a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 - 3*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 + (4*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^2 + (3*c^4*d^8*e - 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 9*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 6*a^3*c*d^2*e^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*c^5*d^10*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^8 - a^4*c^2*d^4*e^10 + (c^6*d^9*e^5 - 3*a*c^5*d^7*e^7 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^9 - a^3*c^3*d^3*e^11)*x^3 + (2*c^6*d^10*e^4 - 5*a*c^5*d^8*e^6 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^8 + a^3*c^3*d^4*e^10 - a^4*c^2*d^2*e^12)*x^2 + (c^6*d^11*e^3 - a*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^9 - 2*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^11)*x), -1/3*(3*(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*e*x + ...`

3.479.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.479.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.479.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

```
output integrate(x^3/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x
)
```

3.479.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int(x^3/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.479. $\int \frac{x^3}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.480
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.480.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{8ae(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `2/3*x^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*a*e*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.480.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae+cdx)^3 \left(d^2 - \frac{6ade(d+ex)}{ae+cdx} - \frac{3a^2e^2(d+ex)^2}{(ae+cdx)^2} \right)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d+e*x)*(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*e+c*d*x)^3*(d^2-(6*a*d*e*(d+e*x))/(a*e+c*d*x)-(3*a^2*e^2*(d+e*x)^2)/(a*e+c*d*x^2)))/(3*(c*d^2-a*e^2)^3*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^(3/2))`

3.480.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.480.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {1243, 1158}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1243

$$\frac{2x^2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{4ae \int \frac{x}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 1158

$$\frac{2x^2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{8ae(x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*x^2)/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (8*a*e*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.480.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1158 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1243 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2*c*d - b*e)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(e*p*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(d + e*x))), x] + Simp[n*((a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) - c*f*(b*d - 2*a*e))/(d*e*p*(b^2 - 4*a*c))] Int[(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.480.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3a^2e^4x^2+6acd^2e^2x^2-c^2d^4x^2+12a^2de^3x+4acd^3ex+8a^2d^2e^2)}{3(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{2(3a^2e^4x^2+6acd^2e^2x^2-c^2d^4x^2+12a^2de^3x+4acd^3ex+8a^2d^2e^2)\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2(e^2a-cd^2)(cdx+ae)}$
default	$\frac{1}{cde\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2)(2cdex+e^2a+cd^2)}{cde(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{2d(2cdex+e^2a+cd^2)}{e^2(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cdex^2}}$

input `int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{3}*(c*d*x+a*e)*(3*a^2*e^4*x^2+6*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2-c^2*d^4*x^2+12*a^2*d*e^3*x+4*a*c*d^3*e*x+8*a^2*d^2*e^2)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)$$

3.480.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(8a^2d^2e^2 - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4)x^2 + 4(acd^3d^8e - 3a^2c^2d^6e^3 + 3a^3cd^4e^5 - a^4d^2e^7 + (c^4d^7e^2 - 3ac^3d^5e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^6 - a^3cde^8)x^3 + (2c^4d^8e - 5$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(8*a^2*d^2*e^2 - (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(a*c*d^3*e + 3*a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)`

3.480.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.480.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

3.480.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.480.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1071, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4cd^3\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}}{3(a^3de^7+xa^3e^8-3a^2cd^3e^5-3xa^2cd^2e^6+3a^2d^5e^3)} \\
& - \frac{2d^2\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}}{3a^2d^2e^5+6a^2de^6x+3a^2e^7x^2-6acd^4e^3-12acd^3e^4x-6acd^2e^5x^2+3c^2d^6e+6c^2d^5e^2x+3c^2d^4e^3} \\
& - \frac{4ade^2\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}}{3(a^3de^7+xa^3e^8-3a^2cd^3e^5-3xa^2cd^2e^6+3a^2d^5e^3+3xa^2cd^4e^4-c^3d^7e-xc^3d^6e^2)} \\
& + \frac{2c^4d^7x}{\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& + \frac{22a^3cd^2e^5}{3\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& - \frac{28a^2c^2d^4e^3}{3\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& + \frac{2ac^3d^6e}{\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& + \frac{10a^2c^2d^3e^4x}{3\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& + \frac{2a^3cde^6x}{\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)} \\
& - \frac{22a^3d^5e^2x}{3\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}(a^4cde^9-4a^3c^2d^3e^7+6a^2c^3d^5e^5-4ac^4d^7e^3+c^5d^9e)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (4*c*d^3*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (3*(a^3*d*e^7 - c^3*d^7*e + a^3*e^8*x + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - c^3*d^6*e^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*x - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*x)) - (2*d^2*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (3*c^2*d^6*e + 3*a^2*d^2*e^5 + 3*a^2*e^7*x^2 + 6*c^2*d^5*e^2*x + 3*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^2 - 6*a*c*d^4*e^3 + 6*a^2*d*e^6*x - 12*a*c*d^3*e^4*x - 6*a*c*d^2*e^5*x^2) - (4*a*d*e^2*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (3*(a^3*d*e^7 - c^3*d^7*e + a^3*e^8*x + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - c^3*d^6*e^2*x + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*x - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*x)) + (2*c^4*d^7*x) / ((a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)) + (22*a^3*c*d^2*e^5) / (3*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)) - (28*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3) / (3*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)) + (2*a*c^3*d^6*e) / ((a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)) + (10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x) / (3*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a^4*c*d*e^9)) + (2*a^3*c*d*e^6*x) / ((a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(c^5*d^9*e - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5 - ...
\end{aligned}$$

3.481 $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.481.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2(cd^2+3ae^2)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `-2/3*d/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.481.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^3x(3d+2ex)+a^2e^3(2d+3ex)+2acde(3d^2+5dex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((d+e*x)*(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(2*(c^2*d^3*x*(3*d + 2*e*x) + a^2*e^3*(2*d + 3*e*x) + 2*a*c*d*e*(3*d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])$

3.481.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$, Rules used = {1220, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1220

$$-\frac{(3ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)2d} -$$

$$\frac{3e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} -$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{2(3ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} -$$

$$\frac{3e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[x/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]$

output $(-2*d)/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (2*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])$

3.481.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1220 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && !IGtQ[m + p + 1, 0]) || (LtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]) || EqQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]) && NeQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

3.481.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(6acd^3e^3x^2+2c^2d^3e^2x^2+3a^2e^4x+10acd^2e^2x+3c^2d^4x+2de^3a^2+6acd^3e)}{3(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(6acd^3e^3x^2+2c^2d^3e^2x^2+3a^2e^4x+10acd^2e^2x+3c^2d^4x+2de^3a^2+6acd^3e)\sqrt{cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2(e^2a-cd^2)(cdx+ae)}$
default	$\frac{4cdex+2e^2a+2cd^2}{e(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{d\left(-\frac{2}{3(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)\sqrt{cde\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+(e^2a-cd^2)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}} + \frac{8cde}{3(e^2a-cd^2)^3}\sqrt{\dots}\right)}{e^2}$

```
input int(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(c*d*x+a*e)*(6*a*c*d*e^3*x^2+2*c^2*d^3*e*x^2+3*a^2*e^4*x+10*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+3*c^2*d^4*x+2*a^2*d*e^3+6*a*c*d^3*e)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)
```

3.481. $\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.481.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. $2(130) = 260$.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(6acd^3e - 3a^2c^2d^6e^3 + 3a^3cd^4e^5 - a^4d^2e^7 + (c^4d^7e^2 - 3a^4d^2e^8)x)}{3(ac^3d^8e - 3a^2c^2d^6e^3 + 3a^3cd^4e^5 - a^4d^2e^7 + (c^4d^7e^2 - 3a^4d^2e^8)x)}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(6*a*c*d^3*e + 2*a^2*d*e^3 + 2*(c^2*d^3*e + 3*a*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)`

3.481.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.481.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

3.481.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.481.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{x}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4a^2de^3\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}+6a^2e^4x\sqrt{c}}{-3a^4d^2e^7-6a^4de^8x}$$

input `int(x/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output $(4*a^2*d*e^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 6*a^2*e^4*x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 6*c^2*d^4*x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 4*c^2*d^3*e*x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 12*a*c*d^3*e*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2*x*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)} + 12*a*c*d*e^3*x^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)})/(3*c^4*d^9*x - 3*a^4*d^2*e^7 - 3*a^4*e^9*x^2 + 9*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 + 6*c^4*d^8*e*x^2 - 9*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*c^4*d^7*e^2*x^3 + 3*a*c^3*d^8*e - 6*a^4*d*e^8*x + 9*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5*x^2 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6*x^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^7*e^2*x + 15*a^3*c*d^3*e^6*x - 3*a^3*c*d*e^8*x^3 - 9*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4*x - 15*a*c^3*d^6*e^3*x^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^7*x^2 - 9*a*c^3*d^5*e^4*x^3)$

3.482
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.482.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{8cd(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `2/3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*c*d*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.482.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2e^4 - 4acde^2(3d+2ex) - 2c^2d^2(3d^2+12dex+8e^2x^2)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*a^2*e^4 - 4*a*c*d*e^2*(3*d + 2*e*x) - 2*c^2*d^2*(3*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x])]`

3.482.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$, Rules used = {1129, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1129

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{2}{3(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{8cd(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `2/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.482.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1088 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

```
rule 1129 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] + Simp[c*(Simplify[m + 2*p + 2]/((m + p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 2], 0]
```

3.482.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-8c^2d^2e^2x^2-4acd e^3x-12c^2d^3ex+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)}{3(a^3e^6-3a^2cd^2e^4+3ac^2d^4e^2-c^3d^6)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	138
default	$-\frac{2}{3(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})\sqrt{cde(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}} + \frac{8cde(2cde(x+\frac{d}{e})+e^2a-cd^2)}{3(e^2a-cd^2)^3\sqrt{cde(x+\frac{d}{e})^2+(e^2a-cd^2)(x+\frac{d}{e})}}$	146
trager	$-\frac{2(-8c^2d^2e^2x^2-4acd e^3x-12c^2d^3ex+a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{3(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ex+d)^2(e^2a-cd^2)(cdx+ae)}$	146

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e^3*x-12*c^2*d^3*e*x+a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)/(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)
```

3.482.
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.482.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see 'assume?' for mor

3.482.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.482.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}(-a^2 e^4+6acd^2 e^2+3(ae+cdx)(ae^2-cd^2))}{3(ae+cdx)(ae^2-cd^2)}$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `(2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 8*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*c^2*d^3*e*x + 4*a*c*d*e^3*x))/(3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2)`

3.482. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.483
$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.483.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3c^3d^6+ac^2d^4e^2+7a^2cd^2e^4-3a^3e^6+cde(3cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)x)}{3ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^{5/2}e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)
)-arctanh(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^(5/2)/e^(3/2)+2/3*(3*c^3*d^6+a*c^
2*d^4*e^2+7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a^3*e^6+c*d*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)
*x)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```


3.483.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-3c^3d^5(d+ex)^2+a^3e^6(4d+3ex)-ac^2d^3e^3x(9d+8ex))}{(-cd^2+ae^2)^3} \right)}{3a^{3/2}d^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`output `(2*((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-3*c^3*d^5*(d + e*x)^2 + a^3*e^6*(4*d + 3*e*x) - a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x*(9*d + 8*e*x) + a^2*c*d*e^4*(-9*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(-(c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3 - 3*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*a^(3/2)*d^(5/2)*e^(3/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`**3.483.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1246, 27, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1246

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{e(3(cd^2-ae^2)-4cde x)}{2x(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3de(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)-4cde x}{x(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1235

$$3.483. \quad \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\frac{2(-3a^3e^6+7a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+cdex(3cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd^2)+3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\int\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)^3}{2x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}dx}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 27}$$

$$\frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)\int\frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}dx}{ade} + \frac{2(-3a^3e^6+7a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+cdex(3cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd^2)+3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 1154}$$

$$\frac{2(-3a^3e^6+7a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+cdex(3cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd^2)+3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{6(cd^2-ae^2)\int\frac{1}{4ade-\frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{ade}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 219}$$

$$\frac{2(-3a^3e^6+7a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+cdex(3cd^2-ae^2)(3ae^2+cd^2)+3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{3(cd^2-ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2+cd^2)+2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(3*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^3*e^6 + c*d*e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x))/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.483. $\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.483.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1235 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 1246 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*((c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*(b*e*g*(n + p + 1) + c*e*f*(2*p + 1) - c*d*g*(n + 2*p + 1) + c*e*g*(n + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]`

3.483.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{ade\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2)(2cde x+e^2a+cd^2)}{ade(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+2\sqrt{ade}\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}}{x}\right)}{ade\sqrt{ade}}$

input `int(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/a/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(
2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)
*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/a/d/e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(
a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))-1/d*(-2/3/(a*e^2
-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2)+8/3*c*d*e/(a
*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2
)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))`

3.483.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 5.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1476, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) + 4*(3*a*c^3*d^8*e + 9*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^4*d^2*e^7 + (3*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^7)*x^2 + (6*a*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 3*a^4*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a^3*c^3*d^11*e^3 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^9*e^5 + 3*a^5*c*d^7*e^7 - a^6*d^5*e^9 + (a^2*c^4*d^10*e^4 - 3*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^8 - a^5*c*d^4*e^10)*x^3 + (2*a^2*c^4*d^11*e^3 - 5*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^5 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^7 + a^5*c*d^5*e^9 - a^6*d^3*e^11)*x^2 + (a^2*c^4*d^12*e^2 - a^3*c^3*d^10*e^4 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^8*e^6 + 5*a^5*c*d^6*e^8 - 2*a^6*d^4*e^10)*x), 1/3*(3*(a*c^3*d^8*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^4*e^5 - a^4*d^2*e^7 + (c^4*d^7*e^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^6 - a^3*c*d*e^8)*x^3 + (2*c^4*d^8*e - 5*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + a^3*c*d^2*e^7 - a^4*e^9)*x^2 + (c^4*d^9 - a*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 5*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 - 2*a^4*d*e^8)*x)*sqrt(-a*d*e)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*...`

3.483.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.483.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.483.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x), x)`

3.483.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.484 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.484.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)x(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3c^3d^6+ac^2d^4e^2+9a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6+cde(3c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2-5a^2e^4)x)}{3ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)^3x\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(9c^3d^6-9ac^2d^4e^2+31a^2cd^2e^4-15a^3e^6)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3a^2d^3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}$$

$$+ \frac{(3cd^2+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d^{7/2}e^{5/2}}$$

output $-2/3*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^(7/2)/e^(5/2)+2/3*(3*c^3*d^6+a*c^2*d^4*e^2+9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-5*a^3*e^6+c*d*e*(-5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(-15*a^3*e^6+31*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+9*c^3*d^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x$

3.484.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-9c^4d^7x(d+ex)^2-3ac^3d^5e(d-3ex)(d+ex)^2+a^4e^7(3$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-9*c^4*d^7*x*(d + e*x)^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^5*e*(d - 3*e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 + a^4*e^7*(3*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*(9*d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x - 33*d*e^2*x^2 - 31*e^3*x^3) - a^3*c*d*e^5*(9*d^3 + 39*d^2*e*x + 11*d*e^2*x^2 - 15*e^3*x^3)))/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*x)) + 3*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*a^(5/2)*d^(7/2)*e^(5/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.484.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$, Rules used = {1246, 27, 1235, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1246

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{e(3cd^2-6cexd-5ae^2)}{2x^2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3de(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3dx(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cd^2-6cexd-5ae^2}{x^2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3dx(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1235

3.484. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{9c^3d^6 - 9ac^2e^2d^4 + 31a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(3c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 - 5a^2e^4)xd - 15a^3e^6}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e(ae + cdx)} \frac{3dx(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

27

$$\int \frac{9c^3d^6 - 9ac^2e^2d^4 + 31a^2ce^4d^2 + 2ce(3c^2d^4 + 10ace^2d^2 - 5a^2e^4)xd - 15a^3e^6}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e(ae + cdx)} \frac{3dx(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

1228

$$\frac{3(5ae^2 + 3cd^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{(-15a^3e^6 + 31a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 9c^3d^6) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{ade} + \frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e(ae + cdx)} \frac{3dx(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

1154

$$\frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{ade} - \frac{(-15a^3e^6 + 31a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 9c^3d^6) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{ade} + \frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e(ae + cdx)} \frac{3dx(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

219

$$\frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^3(5ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + 2ade}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^{3/2}e^{3/2}} + \frac{2(-5a^3e^6 + cde(-5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

$$\frac{3d(cd^2 - ae^2)}{2e(ae + cdx)} \frac{3dx(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

3.484. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2) + ((2*(3*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6 + c*d*e*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4)*x))/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (-(((9*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 31*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 15*a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x)) + (3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2)))/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.484.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 1235 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1246 Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*((c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*(b*e*g*(n + p + 1) + c*e*f*(2*p + 1) - c*d*g*(n + 2*p + 1) + c*e*g*(n + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]
```

3.484.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 716, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
default	$-\frac{1}{ade\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} - \frac{3(e^2a+cd^2)}{ade\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} \left(\frac{1}{ade\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} - \frac{(e^2a+cd^2)(2cde+e^2a+cd^2)}{ade(4acd^2e^2-(e^2a+cd^2)^2)\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde}x^2} \right) + \frac{2ade}{d}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN VERBOSE)
```

3.484. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
output 1/d*(-1/a/d/e/x/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/
a/d/e*(1/a/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e
*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/a/d/e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2
*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))-4*c/a*(2*c*d*e
*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*e*x^2)^(1/2))-e/d^2*(1/a/d/e/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-(a*e
^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/a/d/e/(a*d*e)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/x))
+e/d^2*(-2/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(x+d/e)/(c*d*e*(x+d/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))
^(1/2)+8/3*c*d*e/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*(2*c*d*e*(x+d/e)+e^2*a-c*d^2)/(c*d*e*(x+d
/e)^2+(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(x+d/e))^(1/2))
```

3.484.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 896 vs. $2(364) = 728$.

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1812, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```

output `[1/12*(3*((3*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 12*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 5*a^4*c*d*e^10)*x^4 + (6*c^5*d^10*e - 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 16*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 18*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - 5*a^5*e^11)*x^3 + (3*c^5*d^11 + 2*a*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 14*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 19*a^4*c*d^3*e^8 - 10*a^5*d*e^10)*x^2 + (3*a*c^4*d^10*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^3 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^5 + 12*a^4*c*d^4*e^7 - 5*a^5*d^2*e^9)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(3*a^2*c^3*d^9*e^2 - 9*a^3*c^2*d^7*e^4 + 9*a^4*c*d^5*e^6 - 3*a^5*d^3*e^8 + (9*a*c^4*d^8*e^3 - 9*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 31*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 - 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^9)*x^3 + (18*a*c^4*d^9*e^2 - 15*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^4 + 33*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^6 + 11*a^4*c*d^3*e^8 - 15*a^5*d*e^10)*x^2 + (9*a*c^4*d^10*e - 3*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^3 - 9*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^5 + 39*a^4*c*d^4*e^7 - 20*a^5*d^2*e^9)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/((a^3*c^4*d^11*e^5 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^7 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^9 - a^6*c*d^5*e^11)*x^4 + (2*a^3*c^4*d^12*e^4 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^10*e^6 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^8*e^8 + a^6*c*d^6*e^10 - a^7*d^4*e^12)*x^3 + (a^3*c^4*d^13*e^3 - a^4*c^3*d^11*e^5 - 3*a^5*c^2*d^9*e^7 + 5*a^6*c*d^7*e^9 - 2*a^7*d^5*e^11)*x^2 + (a^4*c^3*d^12*e^4 - 3*a^5*c^2*d^10*e^6 + 3*a^6*c*d^8*e^8 - a^7*d^6*e^10)*x), -1/6*(3*((3*c^5*d^9*e^2 - 4*a*c^4*d^7*e^4 - 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^6 + 12*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - 5*a^4*c*d*e^10)*x^4 ...`

3.484.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.484.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2),
x)`

3.484.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^2),
x)`

3.484.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.485
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.485.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 522

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)x^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3c^3d^6+ac^2d^4e^2+11a^2cd^2e^4-7a^3e^6+cde(3c^2d^4+12acd^2e^2-7a^2e^4)x)}{3ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)^3x^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(15c^3d^6-9ac^2d^4e^2+61a^2cd^2e^4-35a^3e^6)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{6a^2d^3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(45c^4d^8-30ac^3d^6e^2-36a^2c^2d^4e^4+190a^3cd^2e^6-105a^4e^8)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12a^3d^4e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}$$

$$- \frac{5(3c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}d^{9/2}e^{7/2}}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2} \\ & -5/8*(7*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^{1/2}/d^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}) \\ & /a^{7/2}/d^{9/2}/e^{7/2}+2/3*(3*c^3*d^6+a*c^2*d^4*e^2+11*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-7*a^3*e^6+c*d*e*(-7*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x^2 \\ & /a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}-1/6*(-35*a^3*e^6+61*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+15*c^3*d^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} \\ & /a^2/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x^2+1/12*(-105*a^4*e^8+190*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-30*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+45*c^4*d^8)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} \\ & /a^3/d^4/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x \end{aligned}$$

3.485.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(ae+cdx)(-45c^5d^9x^2(d+ex)^2-15ac^4d^7ex(d-2ex)(d+ex)^2+6a^2c^3d^5e^2x^2)}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-45*c^5*d^9*x^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 15*a*c^4*d^7*e*x*(d - 2*e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)^2*(d^2 \\ & + 2*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + a^5*e^8*(-6*d^3 + 21*d^2*e*x + 140*d*e^2*x^2 + 105*e^3*x^3) - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4*(9*d^4 - 9*d^3*e*x - 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 111*d \\ & *e^3*x^3 + 95*e^4*x^4) + a^4*c*d*e^6*(18*d^4 - 48*d^3*e*x - 237*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 50*d*e^3*x^3 + 105*e^4*x^4)))/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)^3*x^2) - 15*(3*c^2*d^4 \\ & + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*(a*e + c*d*x)^{3/2}*(d + e*x)^{3/2}*\operatorname{ArcTan} \\ & h[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])]/(12*a^{7/2})*d^{9/2}*e^{7/2}*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{45c^4d^8 - 30ac^3e^2d^6 - 36a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 190a^3ce^6d^2 + 2ce(15c^3d^6 - 9ac^2e^2d^4 + 61a^2ce^4d^2 - 35a^3e^6)x d - 105a^4e^8}{2x^2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{2ade}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} - \frac{(-35a^3e^6 + 61a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{2adex^2}$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{45c^4d^8 - 30ac^3e^2d^6 - 36a^2c^2e^4d^4 + 190a^3ce^6d^2 + 2ce(15c^3d^6 - 9ac^2e^2d^4 + 61a^2ce^4d^2 - 35a^3e^6)x d - 105a^4e^8}{x^2\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{4ade}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} - \frac{(-35a^3e^6 + 61a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{2adex^2}$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1228

$$\frac{15(7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{\frac{2ade}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} - \frac{(-105a^4e^8 + 190a^3cd^2e^6 - 36a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 30ac^3d^6e^2 + 45c^4d^8)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{4adex}$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{15(cd^2 - ae^2)^3 (7a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^2}{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} d \frac{2ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}}{\frac{ade}{ade(cd^2 - ae^2)^2}} - \frac{(-105a^4e^8 + 190a^3cd^2e^6 - 36a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 30ac^3d^6e^2)\sqrt{cd^2 - ae^2}}{4adex}$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^2 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(-7a^3e^6 + cde(-7a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 11a^2cd^2e^4 + ac^2d^4e^2 + 3c^3d^6)}{adex^2(cd^2 - ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde}} + \frac{(-35a^3e^6 + 61a^2cd^2e^4 - 9ac^2d^4e^2 + 15c^3d^6)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde}}{2adex^2}$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cd)}{3dx^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2) + ((2*(3*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 7*a^3*e^6 + c*d*e*(3*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4)*x))/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*x^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (-1/2*((15*c^3*d^6 - 9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 61*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 35*a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(a*d*e*x^2) - (-(((45*c^4*d^8 - 30*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 36*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 190*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 105*a^4*e^8)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(a*d*e*x)) + (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(2*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(3/2))/(4*a*d*e)/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.485.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1235 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1237 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1246 `Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*((c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*(b*e*g*(n + p + 1) + c*e*f*(2*p + 1) - c*d*g*(n + 2*p + 1) + c*e*g*(n + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]`

3.485.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1353 vs. $2(488) = 976$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1354, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1354

input `int(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{d} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{a/d/e/x^2}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{5}{4} \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e)^{1/2}} \ln \left(\frac{2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{1/2}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{4*c/a}{(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)} \frac{(4*a*c*d^2*e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2)}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{c/a}{(1/a/d/e)} \frac{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e)^{1/2}} \ln \left(\frac{2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{1/2}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{x} \right) \right) + e^2/d^3 \left(\frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e)^{1/2}} \ln \left(\frac{2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{1/2}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{e/d^2}{(-1/a/d/e)} \frac{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(1/a/d/e)} \frac{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/d/e}{(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1/a/d/e}{(a*d*e)^{1/2}} \ln \left(\frac{2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+2*(a*d*e)^{1/2}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{4*c/a}{(2*c*...}$$

3.485.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1071 vs. $2(488) = 976$.

Time = 28.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2162, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(15*((3*c^6*d^11*e^2 - 3*a*c^5*d^9*e^4 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^6 - 6*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^8 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^10 - 7*a^5*c*d*e^12)*x^5 + (6*c^6*d^12*e - 3*a*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 7*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 14*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 24*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9 + a^5*c*d^2*e^11 - 7*a^6*e^13)*x^4 + (3*c^6*d^13 + 3*a*c^5*d^11*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^8 + 23*a^5*c*d^3*e^10 - 14*a^6*d*e^12)*x^3 + (3*a*c^5*d^12*e - 3*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^3 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^5 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^7 + 15*a^5*c*d^4*e^9 - 7*a^6*d^2*e^11)*x^2)*sqrt(a*d*e)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(6*a^3*c^3*d^10*e^3 - 18*a^4*c^2*d^8*e^5 + 18*a^5*c*d^6*e^7 - 6*a^6*d^4*e^9 - (45*a*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 30*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 36*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 190*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 105*a^5*c*d^2*e^11)*x^4 - (90*a*c^5*d^11*e^2 - 45*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^4 - 84*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^6 + 222*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^8 + 50*a^5*c*d^3*e^10 - 105*a^6*d*e^12)*x^3 - (45*a*c^5*d^12*e - 66*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^5 - 12*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^7 + 237*a^5*c*d^4*e^9 - 140*a^6*d^2*e^11)*x^2 - 3*(5*a^2*c^4*d^11*e^2 - 8*a^3*c^3*d^9*e^4 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^7*e^6 + 16*a^5*c*d^5*e^8 - 7*a^6*d^3*e^10)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/((a^4*c^4*d^12*e^6 - 3*a^5*c^3*d^10*e^8 + 3*a^6*c^2*d^8*e^10 - a^7*c*d^6*e^12)*x^5 + (2*a^4*c^4*d^13*e^5 - 5*a^5*c^3*d^11*e^7 + 3*a^6*c^2*d^9*e^9 + a^7*c*d^7*e^11 - a^8*d^5*e^13)*x^4 + (a^4...`

3.485.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.485.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3),
x)`

3.485.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^3),
x)`

3.485.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.486 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.486.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 664

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)x^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3c^3d^6+ac^2d^4e^2+13a^2cd^2e^4-9a^3e^6+cde(3c^2d^4+14acd^2e^2-9a^2e^4)x)}{3ad^2e(cd^2-ae^2)^3x^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(7c^3d^6-3ac^2d^4e^2+33a^2cd^2e^4-21a^3e^6)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3a^2d^3e^2(cd^2-ae^2)^3x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(35c^4d^8-16ac^3d^6e^2-18a^2c^2d^4e^4+168a^3cd^2e^6-105a^4e^8)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12a^3d^4e^3(cd^2-ae^2)^3x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(105c^5d^{10}-55ac^4d^8e^2-54a^2c^3d^6e^4-78a^3c^2d^4e^6+525a^4cd^2e^8-315a^5e^{10})\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24a^4d^5e^4(cd^2-ae^2)^3x}$$

$$+ \frac{5(7c^3d^6+15ac^2d^4e^2+21a^2cd^2e^4+21a^3e^6)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}\right)}{16a^{9/2}d^{11/2}e^{9/2}}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*e*(c*d*x+a*e)/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/x^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{3/2} \\ & +5/16*(21*a^3*e^6+21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*c^3*d^6)*\arctan \\ & h(1/2*(2*a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^{1/2}/d^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2})/a^{9/2}/d^{11/2}/e^{9/2} \\ & +2/3*(3*c^3*d^6+a*c^2*d^4*e^2+13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-9*a^3*e^6+c*d*e*(-9*a^2*e^4+14*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x)/a/d^2/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} \\ & -1/3*(-21*a^3*e^6+33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*c^3*d^6)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}/a^2/d^3/e^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x^3 \\ & +1/12*(-105*a^4*e^8+168*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-16*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+35*c^4*d^8)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}/a^3/d^4/e^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x^2 \\ & -1/24*(-315*a^5*e^10+525*a^4*c*d^2*e^8-78*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6-54*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4-55*a*c^4*d^8*e^2+105*c^5*d^10)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2}/a^4/d^5/e^4/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/x \end{aligned}$$

3.486.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}(-105c^6d^{11}x^3(d+ex)^2-5ac^5d^9ex^2(7d-11ex)(d+ex)^2+a^2c^4d^7e^2)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*(-105*c^6*d^{11}*x^3*(d + e*x)^2 - 5*a*c^5*d^9*e*x \\ & ^2*(7*d - 11*e*x)*(d + e*x)^2 + a^2*c^4*d^7*e^2*x*(d + e*x)^2*(14*d^2 + 23 \\ & *d*e*x + 54*e^2*x^2) - 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^3*(d + e*x)^2*(4*d^3 + 4*d^2*e*x - \\ & 9*d*e^2*x^2 - 39*e^3*x^3) + a^6*e^9*(8*d^4 - 18*d^3*e*x + 63*d^2*e^2*x^2 + \\ & 420*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4*x^4) + a^4*c^2*d^3*e^5*(24*d^5 - 12*d^4*e*x + 62* \\ & d^3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 636*d*e^4*x^4 - 525*e^5*x^5) - a^5*c*d*e^7*(\\ & 24*d^5 - 40*d^4*e*x + 135*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 651*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 105*d*e^4*x^4 - \\ & 315*e^5*x^5)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*x^3*(d + e*x)) + 15*(7*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2 \\ & *d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 21*a^3*e^6)*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] \\ & *\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])]/(24 \\ & *a^{9/2}*d^{11/2}*e^{9/2}*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]) \end{aligned}$$

3.486.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.275$, Rules used = {1246, 27, 1235, 27, 1237, 27, 1237, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1246 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{e(3(cd^2-3ae^2)-10cdex)}{2x^4(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3de(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3dx^3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3(cd^2-3ae^2)-10cdex}{x^4(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3d(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(ae+cdx)}{3dx^3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1235 \\
 & \frac{2(-9a^3e^6+cdex(-9a^2e^4+14acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)+13a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+3c^3d^6)}{adex^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{3(7c^3d^6-3ac^2e^2d^4+33a^2ce^4d^2+2ce(3c^2d^4+14ace^2d^2-9a^2e^4))xd}{2x^4\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{3dx^3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{7c^3d^6-3ac^2e^2d^4+33a^2ce^4d^2+2ce(3c^2d^4+14ace^2d^2-9a^2e^4))xd-21a^3e^6}{x^4\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{ade(cd^2-ae^2)^2} + \frac{2(-9a^3e^6+cdex(-9a^2e^4+14acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)+13a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+}{adex^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{2e(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{3d(cd^2-ae^2)}{3dx^3(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1237
 \end{aligned}$$

3.486. $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{35c^4 d^8 - 16ac^3 e^2 d^6 - 18a^2 c^2 e^4 d^4 + 168a^3 ce^6 d^2 + 4ce(7c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 33a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 21a^3 e^6)xd - 105a^4 e^8}{2x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3ade} - \frac{(-21a^3 e^6 + 33a^2 cd^2 e^4 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 7c^3 d^6)}{3ade x^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

27

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{35c^4 d^8 - 16ac^3 e^2 d^6 - 18a^2 c^2 e^4 d^4 + 168a^3 ce^6 d^2 + 4ce(7c^3 d^6 - 3ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 33a^2 ce^4 d^2 - 21a^3 e^6)xd - 105a^4 e^8}{x^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6ade} - \frac{(-21a^3 e^6 + 33a^2 cd^2 e^4 - 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 7c^3 d^6)}{3ade x^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

1237

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{105c^5 d^{10} - 55ac^4 e^2 d^8 - 54a^2 c^3 e^4 d^6 - 78a^3 c^2 e^6 d^4 + 525a^4 ce^8 d^2 + 2ce(35c^4 d^8 - 16ac^3 e^2 d^6 - 18a^2 c^2 e^4 d^4 + 168a^3 ce^6 d^2 - 105a^4 e^8)xd - 315a^5 e^{10}}{2x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{(-105c^5 d^{10} + 55ac^4 e^2 d^8 - 54a^2 c^3 e^4 d^6 + 78a^3 c^2 e^6 d^4 - 525a^4 ce^8 d^2 + 315a^5 e^{10})}{6ade} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

27

$$3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{105c^5 d^{10} - 55ac^4 e^2 d^8 - 54a^2 c^3 e^4 d^6 - 78a^3 c^2 e^6 d^4 + 525a^4 ce^8 d^2 + 2ce(35c^4 d^8 - 16ac^3 e^2 d^6 - 18a^2 c^2 e^4 d^4 + 168a^3 ce^6 d^2 - 105a^4 e^8)xd - 315a^5 e^{10}}{x^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4ade} - \frac{(-105c^5 d^{10} + 55ac^4 e^2 d^8 - 54a^2 c^3 e^4 d^6 + 78a^3 c^2 e^6 d^4 - 525a^4 ce^8 d^2 + 315a^5 e^{10})}{6ade} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

1228

3.486. $\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3 \left(\frac{15(21a^3e^6+21a^2cd^2e^4+15ac^2d^4e^2+7c^3d^6)(cd^2-ae^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2ade} - \frac{(-315a^5e^{10}+525a^4cd^2e^8-78a^3c^2d^4e^6-54a^2c^3d^6e^4-55ade^2)}{4ade} - \frac{ade^2}{6ade} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1154

$$3 \left(\frac{15(cd^2-ae^2)^3(21a^3e^6+21a^2cd^2e^4+15ac^2d^4e^2+7c^3d^6) \int \frac{1}{4ade - \frac{(2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^2}{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} d \frac{2ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}}{ade} - \frac{(-315a^5e^{10}+525a^4cd^2e^8-78a^3c^2d^4e^6-54a^2c^3d^6e^4-55ade^2)}{4ade} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(-9a^3e^6+cdex(-9a^2e^4+14acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)+13a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+3c^3d^6)}{adex^3(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + 3 \left(\frac{(-21a^3e^6+33a^2cd^2e^4-3ac^2d^4e^2+7c^3d^6)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3adex^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(ae + cdx)}{3dx^3 (cd^2 - ae^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

```
output (-2*e*(a*e + c*d*x))/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x +
c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(3*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 9
*a^3*e^6 + c*d*e*(3*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 9*a^2*e^4)*x))/(a*d*e*(c*d^
2 - a*e^2)^2*x^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*(-1/3*(
(7*c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 21*a^3*e^6)*Sqrt[a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^3) - (-1/2*((35*c^4*d^8 - 16*a*c
^3*d^6*e^2 - 18*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 168*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 105*a^4*e^8)*Sqrt[a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x^2) - (-(((105*c^5*d^10 - 55
*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 54*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 - 78*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 525*a^4*c*d^2*e
^8 - 315*a^5*e^10)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(a*d*e*x))
+ (15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(7*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 21*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
+ 21*a^3*e^6)*ArcTanh[(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[e]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])])/(2*a^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*e^(
3/2)))/(4*a*d*e)/(6*a*d*e))/(a*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(3*d*(c*d^2 - a*e
^2))
```

3.486.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1228 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e
*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x
] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 1235 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1237 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f - f*b*e + a*e*g)*(m + 1) + b*(d*g - e*f)*(p + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1246 Int[(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*((c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*(b*e*g*(n + p + 1) + c*e*f*(2*p + 1) - c*d*g*(n + 2*p + 1) + c*e*g*(n + 2*p + 2)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]
```

3.486.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2408 vs. $2(626) = 1252$.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2409, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2409

```
input int(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

$$3.486. \quad \int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output

```
[1/96*(15*((7*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 6*a*c^6*d^11*e^4 - 3*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 4*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 15*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 42*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 21*a^6*c*d*e^14)*x^6 + (14*c^7*d^14*e - 5*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 - 12*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 11*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 34*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 69*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 21*a^7*e^15)*x^5 + (7*c^7*d^15 + 8*a*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 15*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 23*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 12*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 63*a^6*c*d^3*e^12 - 42*a^7*d*e^14)*x^4 + (7*a*c^6*d^14*e - 6*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 - 3*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^5 - 4*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 15*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 42*a^6*c*d^4*e^11 - 21*a^7*d^2*e^13)*x^3)*sqrt(a*d*e)*log((8*a^2*d^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(a*d*e) + 8*(a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x)/x^2) - 4*(8*a^4*c^3*d^11*e^4 - 24*a^5*c^2*d^9*e^6 + 24*a^6*c*d^7*e^8 - 8*a^7*d^5*e^10 + (105*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 - 55*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 - 54*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 78*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 525*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - 315*a^6*c*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + (210*a*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 75*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 - 131*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 174*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 + 636*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 105*a^6*c*d^3*e^12 - 315*a^7*d*e^14)*x^4 + (105*a*c^6*d^14*e + 15*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 - 114*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^5 - 106*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 3*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 651*a^6*c*d^4*e^11 - 420*a^7*d^2*e^13)*x^3 + (35*a^2*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 51*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^4 + 6*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 62*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 135*a^6*c*d^5*e^10 - 63*a^7*d^3*e^12)*x^2 - 2*(7*a^3*c^4*d^12*e^3 - 1...
```

3.486.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.486.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^4),
x)`

3.486.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}(ex+d)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorith
hm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*x^4),
x)`

3.486.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4(d+ex)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.487 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.487.1 Optimal result	3691
3.487.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3691
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3.487.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 259

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{5(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8(ade(cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+3ae^2)+(c^3d^6+a^2cd^2e^4-2a^3e^6)x)}{15e(cd^2-ae^2)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{8(c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+5a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)}{15e(cd^2-ae^2)^5\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output 2/5*x^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-8/1
5*(a*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-2*a^3*e^6+a^2*c*d^2*e^4+c^3*d^6)
*x)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+8/15*(5*a^2
*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.487.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^4d^6x^2(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)+a^4e^6(8d^2+20dex+15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2))}{15e(cd^2-ae^2)^5\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(2*(c^4*d^6*x^2*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) + a^4*e^6*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*(20*d^3 + 53*d^2*e*x + 45*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3) + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*x*(15*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x + 53*d*e^2*x^2 + 20*e^3*x^3) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*(20*d^4 + 110*d^3*e*x + 189*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 110*d*e^3*x^3 + 20*e^4*x^4))/(15*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^5*(d + e*x)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))$

3.487.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1244, 27, 1159, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d + ex)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1244

$$-\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2(2ade - (cd^2 + 5ae^2)x)}{2(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5e^3(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx}{5e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2ade - (cd^2 + 5ae^2)x}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5e(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx}{5e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1159

$$-\frac{4(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(x(5a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) + 4ade(3ae^2 + cd^2))}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1088

$$\frac{5e(cd^2 - ae^2) \int \frac{2dx}{5e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}}{5e(d + ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

3.487. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{8(5a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)(ae^2+cd^2+2cdex)}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^4\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2(x(5a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)+4ade(3ae^2+cd^2))}{3(cd^2-ae^2)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{5e(cd^2-ae^2)}{2dx}}$$

$$\frac{1}{5e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*d*x)/(5*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((-2*(4*a*d*e*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2) + (c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (8*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(5*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.487.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1088 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 1159 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

3.487.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 820 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 16.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\dots}{15(a^2c^5d^{13}e^2 - 5a^3c^4d^{11}e^4 + 10a^4c^3d^9e^6 - 10a^5c^2d^7e^8 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(40*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 80*a^3*c*d^4*e^4 + 8*a^4*d^2*e^6 + 8*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 10*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(5*c^4*d^7*e + 53*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 55*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(5*c^4*d^8 + 60*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 5*a^4*e^8)*x^2 + 4*(15*a*c^3*d^7*e + 55*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 53*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 + 5*a^4*d*e^7)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^5*d^13*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^4*d^11*e^4 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^5*c^2*d^7*e^8 + 5*a^6*c*d^5*e^10 - a^7*d^3*e^12 + (c^7*d^12*e^3 - 5*a*c^6*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^7 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^9 + 5*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^11 - a^5*c^2*d^2*e^13)*x^5 + (3*c^7*d^13*e^2 - 13*a*c^6*d^11*e^4 + 20*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^6 - 10*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^8 - 5*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^10 + 7*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^12 - 2*a^6*c*d*e^14)*x^4 + (3*c^7*d^14*e - 9*a*c^6*d^12*e^3 + a^2*c^5*d^10*e^5 + 25*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^7 - 35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^9 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^11 - a^6*c*d^2*e^13 - a^7*e^15)*x^3 + (c^7*d^15 + a*c^6*d^13*e^2 - 17*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^4 + 35*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^6 - 25*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^8 - a^5*c^2*d^5*e^10 + 9*a^6*c*d^3*e^12 - 3*a^7*d*e^14)*x^2 + (2*a*c^6*d^14*e - 7*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^3 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^5 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^7 - 20*a^5*c^2*d^6*e^9 + 13*a^6*c*d^4*e^11 - 3*a^7*d^2*e^13)*x)`

3.487.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.487. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.487.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm
="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

3.487.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm
="giac")
```

```
output integrate(x^2/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(e*x + d)), x
)
```

3.487.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3099, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{(6ae^2 - 10cd^2)}{(15(ae^2 - cd^2)^4)} - \frac{4cd^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^4} \right) \cdot \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x)^{1/2}}{(d + ex)} - \left(\frac{d(e^2ae^3 - 2cd^2e)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} - \frac{4cd^2e^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \right) / e + \frac{e(2cd^3 + 2ade^2)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(3ae^3 - 3cd^2e)} \cdot \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x)^{1/2}}{(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\frac{12c^3d^3e^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)} - \frac{4c^3d^3e^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)} \right) \cdot (ae^2 + cd^2)}{(cde) - (6c^2d^2e(ae^2 + cd^2)) / (5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)) + (8ac^3d^4e^3) / (5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)) - (2c^2d^2e(46a^2e^4 + 4c^2d^4 + 66ac^2d^2e^2)) / (15(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5))} + \frac{a \left(\frac{12c^3d^3e^2}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^2(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)} - \frac{4c^3d^3e^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)} \right)}{c} - \frac{cd(ae^2 + cd^2)(46a^2e^4 + 4c^2d^4 + 66ac^2d^2e^2)}{(15(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5))} / ((ae + cdx)(d + ex)) + \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x)^{1/2} \cdot \left(\frac{4c^4d^4e^3(ae^2 + cd^2)}{15(ae^2 - cd^2)^3(c^3d^5e - 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)} \right)}{(d + ex)}
\end{aligned}$$

3.487. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x)^{5/2}} dx$

3.488
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.488.1 Optimal result 3698
 3.488.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3699
 3.488.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3699
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 3.488.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 3703
 3.488.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 3704
 3.488.8 Giac [F] 3704
 3.488.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 3705

3.488.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 341

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{7(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8(2ade(cd^2+2ae^2)+(2c^2d^4+acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)x)}{35e(cd^2-ae^2)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{16(3c^2d^4+14acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)}{105e(cd^2-ae^2)^5(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{128cd(3c^2d^4+14acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4)(cd^2+ae^2+2cdex)}{105(cd^2-ae^2)^7\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output 2/7*x^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)-8/3
5*(2*a*d*e*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)+(3*a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4)*x)/e/(-a*e^2+
c*d^2)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)+16/105*(7*a^2*e^4+14*a*c*
d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^5/(a*d*e+(a*e
2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-128/105*c*d*(7*a^2*e^4+14*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^
4)*(2*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^7/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2)
```

3.488.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-15d^2e^4(ae+cdx)^6+84cd^3e^3(ae+cdx)^5(d+ex)+42ade^5(ae+cdx)^5(d+ex)-$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`output

```
(-2*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-15*d^2*e^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^6 + 84*c*d^3*
e^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^5*(d + e*x) + 42*a*d*e^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^5*(d + e*x) - 210
*c^2*d^4*e^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*(d + e*x)^2 - 280*a*c*d^2*e^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^4
*(d + e*x)^2 - 35*a^2*e^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^4*(d + e*x)^2 + 420*c^3*d^5*e*(a*e
+ c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3 + 1260*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3 +
420*a^2*c*d*e^5*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3 + 105*c^4*d^6*(a*e + c*d*x)^2
*(d + e*x)^4 + 840*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4 + 630*a^2*c^2
*d^2*e^4*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4 - 70*a*c^4*d^5*e*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e
*x)^5 - 140*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^5 + 21*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2
*(d + e*x)^6))/(105*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^7*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*(d + e*x)^4)
```

3.488.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1244, 27, 1159, 1089, 1088}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1244$$

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{e^2(2ade-(3cd^2+7ae^2)x)}{2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{7/2}} dx}{7e^3(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2dx}{7e(d+ex)(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.488. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2ade - (3cd^2 + 7ae^2)x}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{7/2}} dx}{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2dx}{7e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1159} \\
 & - \frac{8(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(x(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 8ade(2ae^2 + cd^2))}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1089} \\
 & - \frac{8(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) \left(-\frac{8cde \int \frac{1}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} - \frac{2(x(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 8ade(2ae^2 + cd^2))}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1088} \\
 & - \frac{2(x(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) + 8ade(2ae^2 + cd^2))}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{8(7a^2e^4 + 14acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4) \left(\frac{16cde(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5(cd^2 - ae^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{2dx}{7e(d+ex)(cd^2 - ae^2)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/((d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(-2*d*x)/(7*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((-2*(8*a*d*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) + (3*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*x))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)) - (8*(3*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)*((-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (16*c*d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*c*d*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(5*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2)/(7*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

3.488. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.488.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 1088 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*((b + 2*c*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`
- rule 1089 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b + 2*c*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[2*c*((2*p + 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[3*p])`
- rule 1159 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Simp[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`
- rule 1244 `Int((((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(p*(2*c*d - b*e)*(d + e*x))), x] + Simp[1/(p*e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)) Int[(f + g*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[b*e*g*((-e)*f + d*g + e*f*n - d*g*n - e*f*p) + c*(d^2*g^2*(n - 1) - d*e*f*g*n + e^2*f^2*(2*p + 1)) - e*g*(b*e*g*p - c*(e*f*n - d*g*n + 2*e*f*p))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.488.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 662 vs. $2(325) = 650$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

3.488.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-896a^2c^4d^4e^8x^6-1792ac^5d^6e^6x^6-384c^6d^8e^4x^6-2240a^3c^3d^3e^9x^5-7616a^2c^4d^5e^7x^5-7232ac^5d^7e^5x^5-1344c^6d^9e^3x^5-1680a^4c^2d^2e^{10}x^4-11200a^3c^3d^4e^8x^4-20320a^2c^4d^6e^6x^4-11200a^3c^5d^8e^4x^4-1680c^6d^{11}e^2x^4-280a^5c^3d^7e^{11}x^3-6440a^4c^2d^3e^9x^3-21680a^3c^3d^5e^7x^3-24080a^2c^4d^7e^5x^3-8120a^3c^5d^9e^3x^3-840c^6d^{11}e^2x^3+35a^6e^{12}x^2-910a^5c^3d^2e^{10}x^2-9295a^4c^2d^4e^8x^2-20020a^3c^3d^6e^6x^2-13195a^2c^4d^8e^4x^2-2590a^3c^5d^{10}e^2x^2-105c^6d^{12}x^2+28a^6d^7e^{11}x-764a^5c^3d^3e^9x-6440a^4c^2d^5e^7x-8120a^3c^3d^7e^5x-2996a^2c^4d^9e^3x-140a^3c^5d^{11}e^2x+8a^6d^2e^{10}-224a^5c^3d^4e^8-1680a^4c^2d^6e^6-1120a^3c^3d^8e^4-56a^2c^4d^{10}e^2)}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{7/2}} dx$
trager	$\frac{2(-896a^2c^4d^4e^8x^6-1792ac^5d^6e^6x^6-384c^6d^8e^4x^6-2240a^3c^3d^3e^9x^5-7616a^2c^4d^5e^7x^5-7232ac^5d^7e^5x^5-1344c^6d^9e^3x^5-1680a^4c^2d^2e^{10}x^4-11200a^3c^3d^4e^8x^4-20320a^2c^4d^6e^6x^4-11200a^3c^5d^8e^4x^4-1680c^6d^{11}e^2x^4-280a^5c^3d^7e^{11}x^3-6440a^4c^2d^3e^9x^3-21680a^3c^3d^5e^7x^3-24080a^2c^4d^7e^5x^3-8120a^3c^5d^9e^3x^3-840c^6d^{11}e^2x^3+35a^6e^{12}x^2-910a^5c^3d^2e^{10}x^2-9295a^4c^2d^4e^8x^2-20020a^3c^3d^6e^6x^2-13195a^2c^4d^8e^4x^2-2590a^3c^5d^{10}e^2x^2-105c^6d^{12}x^2+28a^6d^7e^{11}x-764a^5c^3d^3e^9x-6440a^4c^2d^5e^7x-8120a^3c^3d^7e^5x-2996a^2c^4d^9e^3x-140a^3c^5d^{11}e^2x+8a^6d^2e^{10}-224a^5c^3d^4e^8-1680a^4c^2d^6e^6-1120a^3c^3d^8e^4-56a^2c^4d^{10}e^2)}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{7/2}}$
default	$\frac{1}{5cde(ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(e^2a+cd^2) \left(\frac{\frac{4}{5}cde^2x + \frac{2}{5}e^2a + \frac{2}{5}cd^2}{(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a+cd^2)^2)(ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{16cde}{(4acd^2e^2 - (e^2a+cd^2)^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{e}$

```
input int(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-896*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8*x^6-1792*a*c^5*d^6*e^6*x^6-384*c^
6*d^8*e^4*x^6-2240*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9*x^5-7616*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7*x^5-7232*a*c^5
*d^7*e^5*x^5-1344*c^6*d^9*e^3*x^5-1680*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10*x^4-11200*a^3*c^3*
d^4*e^8*x^4-20320*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6*x^4-11200*a^3*c^5*d^8*e^4*x^4-1680*c^6*d^1
0*e^2*x^4-280*a^5*c^3*d^7*e^11*x^3-6440*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9*x^3-21680*a^3*c^3*d^5*
e^7*x^3-24080*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5*x^3-8120*a^3*c^5*d^9*e^3*x^3-840*c^6*d^11*e*x^
3+35*a^6*e^12*x^2-910*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^10*x^2-9295*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8*x^2-20020*a^
3*c^3*d^6*e^6*x^2-13195*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4*x^2-2590*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^2*x^2-105*c^
6*d^12*x^2+28*a^6*d^7*e^11*x-764*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^9*x-6440*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7*x-8120
*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5*x-2996*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3*x-140*a^3*c^5*d^11*e*x+8*a^6*d^2*e^1
0-224*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^8-1680*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6-1120*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4-56*a^2*c^4*d
^10*e^2)/(a^7*e^14-7*a^6*c*d^2*e^12+21*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^10-35*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^8
+35*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^6-21*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^4+7*a^3*c^6*d^12*e^2-c^7*d^14)/(c*d*e*
x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(7/2)
```

3.488.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.488.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1540 vs. $2(325) = 650$.

Time = 115.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1540, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm
="fricas")
```

```
output -2/105*(56*a^2*c^4*d^10*e^2 + 1120*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^4 + 1680*a^4*c^2*d^6*e^6
+ 224*a^5*c*d^4*e^8 - 8*a^6*d^2*e^10 + 128*(3*c^6*d^8*e^4 + 14*a*c^5*d^6*e
^6 + 7*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^8)*x^6 + 64*(21*c^6*d^9*e^3 + 113*a*c^5*d^7*e^5 + 119
*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7 + 35*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9)*x^5 + 80*(21*c^6*d^10*e^2 + 140*a*c
^5*d^8*e^4 + 254*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6 + 140*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8 + 21*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^
10)*x^4 + 40*(21*c^6*d^11*e + 203*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 602*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 + 54
2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 + 161*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 + 7*a^5*c*d*e^11)*x^3 + 5*(21*c^6*
d^12 + 518*a*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 2639*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 4004*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6 +
1859*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 182*a^5*c*d^2*e^10 - 7*a^6*e^12)*x^2 + 4*(35*a*c^5*
d^11*e + 749*a^2*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2030*a^3*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 1610*a^4*c^2*d^5*e^7
+ 191*a^5*c*d^3*e^9 - 7*a^6*d*e^11)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^7*d^18*e^3 - 7*a^4*c^6*d^16*e^5 + 21*a^5*c^5*d^14*e^7 - 3
5*a^6*c^4*d^12*e^9 + 35*a^7*c^3*d^10*e^11 - 21*a^8*c^2*d^8*e^13 + 7*a^9*c*
d^6*e^15 - a^10*d^4*e^17 + (c^10*d^17*e^4 - 7*a*c^9*d^15*e^6 + 21*a^2*c^8*
d^13*e^8 - 35*a^3*c^7*d^11*e^10 + 35*a^4*c^6*d^9*e^12 - 21*a^5*c^5*d^7*e^1
4 + 7*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^16 - a^7*c^3*d^3*e^18)*x^7 + (4*c^10*d^18*e^3 - 25*a*c
^9*d^16*e^5 + 63*a^2*c^8*d^14*e^7 - 77*a^3*c^7*d^12*e^9 + 35*a^4*c^6*d^10*
e^11 + 21*a^5*c^5*d^8*e^13 - 35*a^6*c^4*d^6*e^15 + 17*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^17 - 3
*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^19)*x^6 + 3*(2*c^10*d^19*e^2 - 10*a*c^9*d^17*e^4 + 15*a^2*c
^8*d^15*e^6 + 7*a^3*c^7*d^13*e^8 - 49*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^10 + 63*a^5*c^5*d^...
```

3.488.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(x**2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(7/2),x)
```

3.488. $\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

output Timed out

3.488.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e^2-c*d^2)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor

3.488.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{7/2}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(e*x+d)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(7/2)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.488.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11469, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d+ex)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input int(x^2/((d + e*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)),x)
```

```
output ((6*c^3*d^5 + 36*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 10*a^2*c*d*e^4)/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6) -
x*((16*c^2*d^2*e)/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^5) - (8*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))
/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6)) + (8*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6))/(x*
(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2) + (x*((a*((64*c^5*d^5*e^4*(a*e^
2 + c*d^2)))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*
e^5)) - (64*c^5*d^5*e^4*(5*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d
^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)))/c - ((a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(((a*e^2 + c
*d^2)*((64*c^5*d^5*e^4*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e
- 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) - (64*c^5*d^5*e^4*(5*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(
105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)))/((c*d*
e) - (32*c^4*d^4*e^3*(7*c^2*d^4 - 9*a^2*e^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105*(a*e^2
- c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) - (128*a*c^5*d^6*
e^5)/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) +
(32*c^4*d^4*e^3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)
^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)))/((c*d*e) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2
*(60*c^4*d^7 - 204*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 - 156*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 44*a^3*c*d*e^6))/
(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) - (16*
c^3*d^3*e^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(7*c^2*d^4 - 9*a^2*e^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(105
*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*(c^3*d^5*e - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)) - (a*((a
*e^2 + c*d^2)*((64*c^5*d^5*e^4*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(105*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^6*...
```


3.489 $\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

3.489.1 Optimal result	3706
3.489.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3706
3.489.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3707
3.489.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3709
3.489.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3709
3.489.6 Sympy [F]	3710
3.489.7 Maxima [F]	3710
3.489.8 Giac [F]	3710
3.489.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3711

3.489.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{6}{55} x \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{11} x^4 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \frac{4 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} (1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{55 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

```
output 6/55*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/11*x^4*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-4/55*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.489.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(x \sqrt{1+x} (3 - 3x + 3x^2 + 5x^3 - 5x^4 + 5x^5) + \sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} (3i + \sqrt{3}) (1+x) \sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}+(-3i+\sqrt{3})x}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{55 \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output `(2*(x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(3 - 3*x + 3*x^2 + 5*x^3 - 5*x^4 + 5*x^5) + Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] + (-3*I + Sqrt[3])*x)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (3*I + Sqrt[3])*x)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])))/(55*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.489.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x^3 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{811} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{11} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{11} \sqrt{x^3+1} x^4 \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{11} \left(\frac{2}{5} x \sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2}{11} \sqrt{x^3+1} x^4 \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{11} \left(\frac{2}{5} x \sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5^4 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{11} \sqrt{x^3+1} x^4}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x^4*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/11 + (3*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 - (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/11))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

3.489.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 811 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.489.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^4\sqrt{x^3+1}}{11} + \frac{6x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{55} - \frac{12\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x(5x^3+3)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{55} - \frac{12\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{55\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(5x^7 + 3i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)}{55(x^3+1)}$

input `int(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/11*x^4*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+6/55*x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-12/55*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))`

3.489.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{55} (5x^4 + 3x)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1} - \frac{12}{55} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/55*(5*x^4 + 3*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 12/55*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

3.489.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

3.489.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3, x)`

3.489.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3, x)`

3.489.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`

3.490 $\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

3.490.1 Optimal result	3712
3.490.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3712
3.490.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3713
3.490.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3713
3.490.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	3714
3.490.6 Sympy [F]	3714
3.490.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3714
3.490.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3715
3.490.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3715

3.490.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}$$

output `2/9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

3.490.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))/9`

3.490.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$\frac{2}{9}(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))/9`

3.490.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.490.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(1+x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9}$	18
default	$\frac{2(x^3+1)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{9}$	23
risch	$\frac{2(x^3+1)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{9}$	23
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	53

input `int(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

3.490.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (x^3 + 1) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.490.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

3.490.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{9} (x^3 + 1) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*(x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.490.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 67 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2}{315} ((5(7x-23)(x+1) + 258)(x+1) - 213) \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - 3x} \sqrt{x+1} \\ & \quad + \frac{2}{105} (3(5x-12)(x+1) + 71) \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - 3x} \sqrt{x+1} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*((5*(7*x - 23)*(x + 1) + 258)*(x + 1) - 213)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2/105*(3*(5*x - 12)*(x + 1) + 71)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.490.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2(x^3+1) \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{9}$$

input `int(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(x^3 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/9`

3.491 $\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

3.491.1 Optimal result	3716
3.491.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3717
3.491.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3717
3.491.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3720
3.491.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	3720
3.491.6 Sympy [F]	3721
3.491.7 Maxima [F]	3721
3.491.8 Giac [F]	3721
3.491.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3722

3.491.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{7}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{6\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{7(1+\sqrt{3}+x)}$$

$$- \frac{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

```
output 2/7*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+6/7*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x+3
^(1/2))+2/7*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(
1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+
1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-3/7*3^(1/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(
1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/
2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)
```

3.491.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(4x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} (1-x+x^2) - 3\sqrt{2}(-3i+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right) \right)}{14 \sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*(4*x^2*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*(1-x+x^2)-3*Sqrt[2]*(-3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(I+Sqrt[3]-(2*I)*x)/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-I+Sqrt[3]+(2*I)*x)/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3]))+3*Sqrt[2]*(-I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(I+Sqrt[3]-(2*I)*x)/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-I+Sqrt[3]+(2*I)*x)/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])))/(14*Sqrt[((-1)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.491.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1210$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x\sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 811$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-(1-\sqrt{3})\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}-\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/7+(3*((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)-(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])-(2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/7)/Sqrt[1+x^3]`

3.491.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 811 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`
- rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.491.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{7} + \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \frac{6\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{7x^3+7} \left(3i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)+2x^5+9\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right)$

```
input int(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/7*x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
+6/7*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2
*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/2
+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3
^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

3.491.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2 - \frac{6}{7}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))$$

```
input integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/7*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2 - 6/7*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierst
rassPInverse(0, -4, x))
```

3.491.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

3.491.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x, x)`

3.491.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x, x)`

3.491.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`

3.492 $\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx$

3.492.1 Optimal result	3723
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3.492.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

```
output 2/5*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/5*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3
^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1
/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/
2)
```

3.492.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = 2x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2) + \frac{i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2) + (I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSin h[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(5*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.492.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1151, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1151} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \sqrt{x^3+1} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{748} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

3.492.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

3.492.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5} + \frac{6 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(3i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{5(x^3+1)}$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^{(1/2)}/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(2/5*x*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}+6/5*(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})$

3.492.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x + \frac{6}{5} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x + 6/5*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

3.492.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1), x)`

3.492.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1), x)`

3.492.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1), x)`

3.492.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2), x)`

3.493 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx$

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3.493.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x^3}}$$

output $2/3*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}-2/3*\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2}))* (1+x)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}$

3.493.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 15.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x,x]`

output $(2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2] - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2]])/3$

3.493.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 60, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2\sqrt{x^3+1} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(2*Sqrt[1 + x^3] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^3]]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3])`

3.493.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.493.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(-\sqrt{x^3+1}+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	43
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	51

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-2/3*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(-(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2}))/((x^3+1)^{(1/2)})$$
3.493.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`output
$$2/3*\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)+1)+1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1)$$
3.493.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x, x)`

3.493.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x, x)`

3.493.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x, x)`

3.493.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x, x)`

3.494 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$

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 3.494.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3739

3.494.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}$$

$$- \frac{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
-(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x+3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))
+3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*
2^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(
1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-3/2*3^(1/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x
+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x
+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.494.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{3\sqrt{1+\frac{2i(1+x)}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\left(-\frac{(-3i+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1+x}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)^{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}\right) + (-i+\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x) + (3*Sqrt[1 + ((2*I)*(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 - ((2*I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * (-((-3*I + Sqrt[3]) * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 + x] * EllipticE[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) / Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]) + ((-I + Sqrt[3]) * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[1 + x] * EllipticF[I * ArcSinh[Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) / Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]) / (2 * Sqrt[2] * Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])] * Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2])`

3.494.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx \xrightarrow{1210} \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 809 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 832 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - (1-\sqrt{3})\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 759 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 2416 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-(Sqrt[1 + x^3])/x) + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/2))/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

3.494.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 809 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`
- rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.494.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) E \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) E \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(3i \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) \sqrt{3} x + 9 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{2x(x^3+1)}$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))`

3.494.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)) + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(3*x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)) + sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x`

3.494. $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx$

3.494.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x**2, x)`

3.494.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^2, x)`

3.494.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^2, x)`

3.494.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^2, x)`

3.495 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$

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3.495.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{2x^2} + \frac{3^{3/4}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^2+1/2*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.495.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(-\frac{2(1-x+x^2)}{x^2} - \frac{3i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{-i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

3.495. $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*((-2*(1 - x + x^2))/x^2 - ((3*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])))/Sqrt[((-1)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])))/(4*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.495.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{809} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/x^3,x]`

output $(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(-1/2\sqrt{1+x^3}/x^2 + (3^{3/4})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)\sqrt{(1-x+x^2)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3}+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)], -7-4\sqrt{3}])/(2\sqrt{(1+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}\sqrt{1+x^3}))/\sqrt{1+x^3}$

3.495.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^3}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{r = \text{Numer}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]], s = \text{Denom}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]]\}, \text{Simp}[2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(s+r*x)(\sqrt{(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2})/(3^{1/4}*r*\sqrt{a+b*x^3}*\sqrt{s*((s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2}))]\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)], -7-4\sqrt{3}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a]$

rule 809 $\text{Int}[(c_+)(x_+)^{(m_+)}((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}((a+b*x^n)^p/(c*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+n)}(a+b*x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[(m+n*p+n+1)/n, 0] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_+ + (e_+)(x_+)^{(m_+)})((f_+) + (g_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)})((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+) + (c_+)(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}((a+b*x+c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*d+c*e*x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(f+g*x)^n*(a*d+c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d+a*e, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d+b*e, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, p]$

3.495.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2x^2} + \frac{3\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(3i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x^2 - 9\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{4(x^3+1)x^2}$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)+3/2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))`

3.495.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3x^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) - \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x) - sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x^2`

3.495.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)/x**3, x)`

3.495.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^3, x)`

3.495.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/x^3, x)`

3.495.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^3,x)`output `int(((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))/x^3, x)`

3.496 $\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.496.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{54}{935}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{18}{187}x^4\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{17}x^4\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{36 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{935 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

```
output 54/935*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+18/187*x^4*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
)+2/17*x^4*(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-36/935*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*
EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*
6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x
+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.496.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(x\sqrt{1+x}(27-27x+27x^2+100x^3-100x^4+100x^5+55x^6-55x^7+55x^8) - \frac{9i\sqrt{6}(1+x)\sqrt{-3-x^2}}{935\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \right)}{935\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(x*Sqrt[1+x]*(27-27*x+27*x^2+100*x^3-100*x^4+100*x^5+55*x^6-55*x^7+55*x^8)-((9*I)*Sqrt[6]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]+(-3*I+Sqrt[3])*x]/((-3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x)))*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(3*I+Sqrt[3])*x)/((3*I+Sqrt[3])*(1+x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]))/(935*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.496.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 811, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}$$

↓ 811

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\int x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}dx + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{811} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4\right) + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{2}{5}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right) + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^4\right) + \frac{2}{17}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^4\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{17}\left(\frac{3}{11}\left(\frac{2}{5}x\sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{11}\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]*((2*x^4*(1+x^3)^(3/2))/17 + (9*((2*x^4*Sqrt[1+x^3])/11 + (3*((2*x*Sqrt[1+x^3])/5 - (4*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/11))/17))/Sqrt[1+x^3]`

3.496.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 811 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I` `GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.496.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x(55x^6+100x^3+27)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{935} - \frac{108\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{935\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^7\sqrt{x^3+1}}{17}+\frac{40x^4\sqrt{x^3+1}}{187}+\frac{54x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{935}-\frac{108\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{935\sqrt{x^3+1}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)}}{x^3+1}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(55x^{10}+155x^7+27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)-81\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}{935(x^3+1)}$

input `int(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{2}{935}x(55x^6+100x^3+27)(1+x)^{1/2}(x^2-x+1)^{1/2}-108/935(3/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)})*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)}))^{1/2}*((x-1/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)}))^{1/2}*((x-1/2+1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2+1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)}))^{1/2}/(x^3+1)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)}))^{1/2},((-3/2+1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I^*3^{(1/2)}))^{1/2})*((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^{1/2}/(1+x)^{1/2}/(x^2-x+1)^{1/2}$

3.496.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{935}(55x^7+100x^4+27x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{108}{935}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{2}{935}(55x^7+100x^4+27x)*\text{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\text{sqrt}(x+1)-108/935*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)$

3.496.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(x+1)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

3.496.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

3.496.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

3.496.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

3.497 $\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.497.1 Optimal result	3752
3.497.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3752
3.497.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3753
3.497.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3753
3.497.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3754
3.497.6 Sympy [F]	3754
3.497.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3754
3.497.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3755
3.497.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3755

3.497.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}$$

output `2/15*(1+x)^(5/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(5/2)`

3.497.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2))/15`

3.497.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$\frac{2}{15}(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2))/15`

3.497.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.497.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(1+x)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}}{15}$	18
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^6+2x^3+1)}{15}$	28
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^6+2x^3+1)}{15}$	28
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^6\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15} + \frac{4x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{15}\right)}{x^3+1}$	72

input `int(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(1+x)^(5/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(5/2)`

3.497.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(x^6+2x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.497.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

3.497.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{15}(x^6+2x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.497. $\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.497.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{45045} (((7(3(11(13x-80)(x+1)+3165)(x+1)-16442)(x+1)+121227)(x+1)-80187)(x+1)+34077)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x}\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{2}{45045} ((5(7(9(11x-57)(x+1)+1601)(x+1)-15837)(x+1)+65172)(x+1)-34077)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x}\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{2}{315} ((5(7x-23)(x+1)+258)(x+1)-213)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x}\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{2}{105} (3(5x-12)(x+1)+71)\sqrt{(x+1)^2-3x}\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/45045*(((7*(3*(11*(13*x - 80)*(x + 1) + 3165)*(x + 1) - 16442)*(x + 1) + 121227)*(x + 1) - 80187)*(x + 1) + 34077)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2/45045*((5*(7*(9*(11*x - 57)*(x + 1) + 1601)*(x + 1) - 15837)*(x + 1) + 65172)*(x + 1) - 34077)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2/315*((5*(7*x - 23)*(x + 1) + 258)*(x + 1) - 213)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2/105*(3*(5*x - 12)*(x + 1) + 71)*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.497.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x^2+2x+1)}{15}$$

input `int(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(2*x + x^2 + 1))/15`

3.498 $\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.498.1 Optimal result	3756
3.498.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3757
3.498.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3757
3.498.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3760
3.498.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3760
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3.498.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{18}{91}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{54\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{91(1+\sqrt{3}+x)} + \frac{2}{13}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{91\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)} + \frac{18\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{91\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
18/91*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/13*x^2*(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+54/91*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))+18/91*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-27/91*3^(1/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.498.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(4x^2(1-x+x^2)(16+7x^3) - \frac{27\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}((-3i+\sqrt{3})E(i\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}})})\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}) - \sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}}} \right)}{182\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*(4*x^2*(1-x+x^2)*(16+7*x^3)-(27*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-I+Sqrt[3]+(2*I)*x)/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*((-3*I+Sqrt[3])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]),(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]-(-I+Sqrt[3])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]),(3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])]))/Sqrt[((-I)*(1+x))/(I+Sqrt[3]-2*I*x)])/(182*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.498.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1210, 811, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int x(x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{811} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{13} \int x\sqrt{x^3+1} dx + \frac{2}{13} (x^3+1)^{3/2} x^2 \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \end{aligned}$$

3.498. $\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 811 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right)+\frac{2}{13}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 832 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-(1-\sqrt{3})\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right)+\frac{2}{13}(x^3+1)^{3/2}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 759 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right)\right)+\frac{2}{7}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 2416 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{13}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}-\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]*((2*x^2*(1+x^3)^(3/2))/13+(9*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/7+(3*((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)-(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]])*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3])-(2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]])*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/7)/13))/Sqrt[1+x^3]`

3.498.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 811 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && I GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`
- rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.498.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{2x^2(7x^3+16)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{91} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{91\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{32x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{91} + \frac{54\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{91\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)$
default	$\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(14x^8+27i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)+46x^5-162\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}$

input `int(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/91*x^2*(7*x^3+16)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+54/91*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))* \\ & ((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)* \\ & ((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2) \\ & *((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2 \\ & +1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF \\ & (((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2) \\ &)))^(1/2))*((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$
3.498.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{91}(7x^5+16x^2)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{54}{91}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$2/91*(7*x^5+16*x^2)*\text{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\text{sqrt}(x+1)-54/91*\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))$$

3.498. $\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.498.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

3.498.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x, x)`

3.498.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x, x)`

3.498.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

3.499 $\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

3.499.1 Optimal result	3763
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3.499.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3764
3.499.4 Maple [F(-1)]	3765
3.499.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3766
3.499.6 Sympy [F]	3766
3.499.7 Maxima [F]	3766
3.499.8 Giac [F]	3767
3.499.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3767

3.499.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{18}{55}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{11}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) + \frac{18 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} (1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{55 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

```
output 18/55*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/11*x*(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+18/55*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)
```

3.499.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2)(14+5x^3) + \frac{9i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{3}{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{55\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2)*(14 + 5*x^3) + ((9*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(55*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.499.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1151, 748, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1151} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int (x^3+1)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{748} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{11} \int \sqrt{x^3+1} dx + \frac{2}{11} x (x^3+1)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{748} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{11} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} x \right) + \frac{2}{11} x (x^3+1)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{11} \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} (x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} x \right) + \frac{2}{11} x (x^3+1)^{3/2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2),x]`

3.499. $\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx$

```
output (Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*((2*x*(1 + x^3)^(3/2))/11 + (9*((2*x*Sqrt[1
+ x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 +
Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7
- 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/11))/S
qrt[1 + x^3]
```

3.499.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 748 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p
+ 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominat
or[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])
```

```
rule 759 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

```
rule 1151 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

3.499.4 Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

```
input int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x)
```

3.499.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{55} (5x^4 + 14x) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} \sqrt{x + 1} + \frac{54}{55} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/55*(5*x^4 + 14*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 54/55*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

3.499.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2), x)`

3.499.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

3.499.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

3.499.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2), x)`

3.500 $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.500.1 Optimal result	3768
3.500.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3768
3.500.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3769
3.500.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3771
3.500.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3771
3.500.6 Sympy [F]	3771
3.500.7 Maxima [F]	3772
3.500.8 Giac [F]	3772
3.500.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3772

3.500.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{2}{9}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3) - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x^3}}$$

output `2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)`

3.500.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{9} \left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(4+x^3) - 3\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `(2*(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(4 + x^3) - 3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]]))/9`

3.500. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.500.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 60, 60, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x^3} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3}(x^3+1)^{3/2} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3}(x^3+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{3}(x^3+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(-2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right) + \frac{2}{3}(x^3+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{x^3+1} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2] \cdot (2 \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3] + (2 \cdot (1 + x^3)^{(3/2)})/3 - 2 \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3]])) / (3 \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3])$

3.500.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x)^n / (b \cdot (m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n \cdot ((b \cdot c - a \cdot d) / (b \cdot (m + n + 1))) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n-1}], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$ && $\text{GtQ}[n, 0]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0]$ && $!(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \mid\mid (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0])))$ && $!\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$ && $\text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p \cdot (m + 1) - 1)} \cdot (c - a \cdot (d/b) + d \cdot (x^{p/b})^n), x], x, (a + b \cdot x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$ && $\text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0]$ && $\text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0]$ && $\text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]]$ && $\text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 220 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.) \cdot (x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2])^{-1}) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x$ && $\text{NegQ}[a/b]$ && $(\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m \cdot ((a_) + (b_.) \cdot (x_)^n)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^m] \cdot ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^n) \cdot ((a_) + (b_.) \cdot (x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^p], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a \cdot d + c \cdot e \cdot x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \cdot \text{Int}[(f + g \cdot x)^n \cdot (a \cdot d + c \cdot e \cdot x^3)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[b \cdot d + a \cdot e, 0]$ && $\text{EqQ}[c \cdot d + b \cdot e, 0]$ && $\text{EqQ}[m, p]$

3.500.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(-x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}+3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)-4\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{9\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	57
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9}+\frac{8\sqrt{x^3+1}}{9}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{x^3+1}$	70

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-2/9*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(-x^3*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}+3*\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2)}))-4*(x^3+1)^{(1/2))/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}$$
3.500.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{9}(x^3+4)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{3}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$2/9*(x^3+4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)+1)+1/3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(x^2-x+1)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x+1)-1)$$
3.500.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x,x)`output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x, x)`

3.500.
$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

3.500.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.500.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.500.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2} (x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x, x)`

3.501 $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.501.1 Optimal result 3773
 3.501.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3774
 3.501.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3774
 3.501.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3777
 3.501.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 3778
 3.501.6 Sympy [F] 3778
 3.501.7 Maxima [F] 3778
 3.501.8 Giac [F] 3779
 3.501.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3779

3.501.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{9}{7}x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} + \frac{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{7(1+\sqrt{3+x})} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)}{x} - \frac{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3+x})^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3+x}}{1+\sqrt{3+x}}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{14\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3+x})^2}}(1+x^3)} + \frac{9\sqrt{2}3^{3/4}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3+x})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3+x}}{1+\sqrt{3+x}}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3+x})^2}}(1+x^3)}$$

output

```
9/7*x^2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/x+
27/7*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x+3^(1/2))+9/7*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*Ell
ipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*
((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)-27
/14*3^(1/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*
I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(
1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)
```

3.501. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.501.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\frac{4(1-x+x^2)(-7+2x^3)}{x} - \frac{27\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)\right)}{28\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*((4*(1 - x + x^2)*(-7 + 2*x^3))/x - (27*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]) - (-I + Sqrt[3])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]))/Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)))/(28*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.501.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 811, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{809} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{2} \int x\sqrt{x^3+1} dx - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \end{aligned}$$

3.501. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 811 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\int\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right)-\frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 832 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-(1-\sqrt{3})\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right)-\frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 759 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(\int\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}dx-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}\right)\right)+\frac{2}{7}\sqrt{x^3+1}x^2\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
& \downarrow 2416 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\frac{9}{2}\left(\frac{3}{7}\left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}\sqrt{x^3+1}}}-\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-(1 + x^3)^(3/2)/x) + (9*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/7 + (3*((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]])*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/7))/2)/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

3.501. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.501.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 809 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 811 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

```
rule 2416 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]], Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3])*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

3.501.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(2x^3-7)}{7x} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{7}+\frac{27\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{7\sqrt{x^3+1}}\right)}{x^3+1}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(27i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\sqrt{3}x+4x^6-162\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}}{14x}$

```
input int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/7*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2*x^3-7)/x+27/7*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))*((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
```

3.501. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.501.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(2x^3-7)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - 27x \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \operatorname{weierstrassP}(x, -4, 1))}{7x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*((2*x^3 - 7)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 27*x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/x`

3.501.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

3.501.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.501.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}(x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.501.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^2, x)`

3.502
$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

3.502.1 Optimal result	3780
3.502.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3780
3.502.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3781
3.502.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3783
3.502.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3783
3.502.6 Sympy [F]	3784
3.502.7 Maxima [F]	3784
3.502.8 Giac [F]	3784
3.502.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3785

3.502.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{9}{10}x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)}{2x^2} + \frac{9 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-x+x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{10 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} (1+x^3)}$$

```
output 9/10*x*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-1/2*(x^3+1)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
/x^2+9/10*3^(3/4)*(1+x)^(3/2)*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1
/2)+2*I)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)
)^2)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)
```

3.502.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\frac{2(1-x+x^2)(-5+4x^3)}{x^2} - \frac{27i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{i+\sqrt{3}-2ix}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}+2ix}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i(1+x)}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\right)\right) \right)}{20\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

3.502.
$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*((2*(1 - x + x^2)*(-5 + 4*x^3))/x^2 - ((27*I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*x)/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*x)/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3]))/Sqrt[((-I)*(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]))/(20*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.502.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 809, 748, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \int \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{809} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{4} \int \sqrt{x^3+1} dx - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{748} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{3}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} x \right) - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(\frac{9}{4} \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^3+1} x \right) - \frac{(x^3+1)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.502. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

input `Int[((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]*(-1/2*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)/x^2 + (9*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 + (2*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/4)/Sqrt[1 + x^3]`

3.502.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 748 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Simp[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 809 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.502. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.502.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(4x^3-5)}{10x^2} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{10\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{x^3+1}\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} + \frac{27\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{10\sqrt{x^3+1}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(27i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\right)F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}},\sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\sqrt{3}x^2-81\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}}{20(x^3+1)x^2}$

input `int((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(4*x^3-5)/x^2+27/10*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.502.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{27x^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x) + (4x^3-5)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{10x^2}$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*(27*x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x) + (4*x^3 - 5)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x^2`

3.502. $\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

3.502.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(3/2)*(x**2-x+1)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

3.502.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.502.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(3/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

3.502.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`output `int(((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2))/x^3, x)`

3.503 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.503.1 Optimal result	3786
3.503.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3787
3.503.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3787
3.503.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3789
3.503.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3789
3.503.6 Sympy [F]	3790
3.503.7 Maxima [F]	3790
3.503.8 Giac [F]	3790
3.503.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3791

3.503.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2x(1+x^3)}{5\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output $2/5*x*(x^3+1)/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}-4/15*\operatorname{EllipticF}((1+x-3^{(1/2)})/(1+x+3^{(1/2)}), I*3^{(1/2)}+2*I)*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*6^{(1/2)}+1/2*2^{(1/2)})*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}*3^{(3/4)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}/((1+x)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}$

3.503.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6x\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2) - \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{15\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(6*x*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2) - ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(15*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.503.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 843, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{843}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{5} x \sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{759}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{5} x \sqrt{x^3+1} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^3/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/5 - (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.503.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.503.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{5} - \frac{4\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{5} - \frac{4\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{5\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{5(x^3+1)}$

input `int(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/5*x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-4/5*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))`

3.503.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x - \frac{4}{5} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x - 4/5*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

3.503.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.503.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.503.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.503.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.504 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.504.1 Optimal result 3792
 3.504.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3792
 3.504.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3793
 3.504.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3793
 3.504.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3794
 3.504.6 Sympy [F] 3794
 3.504.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 3794
 3.504.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 3795
 3.504.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 3795

3.504.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

output `2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.504.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/3`

3.504.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}$$

input `Int[x^2/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])/3`

3.504.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.504.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3}$	18
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.504.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)`

3.504.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.504.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2(x^3+1)}{3\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(x^3 + 1)/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))`

3.504.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - 3x}\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*sqrt((x + 1)^2 - 3*x)*sqrt(x + 1)`**3.504.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*(x^3 + 1)^(1/2))/3`

3.505 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.505.1 Optimal result	3796
3.505.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3797
3.505.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3797
3.505.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3799
3.505.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3800
3.505.6 Sympy [F]	3800
3.505.7 Maxima [F]	3801
3.505.8 Giac [F]	3801
3.505.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3801

3.505.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 253

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(1+x^3)}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2*(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/3*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-3^(1/4)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.505.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i+\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{1+x}}$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `((1 + x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x]))/(6*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.505.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {1210, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]) - (2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.505.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(s+r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2])/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a+b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1-Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)/((1+Sqrt[3])*s+r*x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.505.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(-3+i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\left(iE\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\sqrt{3}-iF\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3-i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)\right)}{2x^3+2}$

input `int(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))*((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)$

3.505.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -2 \text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))`

3.505.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.505.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.505.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.505.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.506 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.506.1 Optimal result	3802
3.506.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3802
3.506.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3803
3.506.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3804
3.506.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3805
3.506.6 Sympy [F]	3805
3.506.7 Maxima [F]	3805
3.506.8 Giac [F]	3806
3.506.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3806

3.506.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.506.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \frac{i(1+x) \sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{4i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[2/3 - (4*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/(Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.506.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1151, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1151}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{759}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.506.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 759 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

```
rule 1151 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

3.506.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(3-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}{x^3+1} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right)$	137
elliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}$	145

```
input int(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (3-I*3^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2*(1+x)/(-3+I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
((I*3^(1/2)-2*x+1)/(I*3^(1/2)+3))^(1/2)*((I*3^(1/2)+2*x-1)/(-3+I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*EllipticF((-2*(1+x)/(-3+I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), (-(-3+I*3^(1/2))/(I*3^(1/
2)+3))^(1/2))/(x^3+1)
```

3.506.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = 2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)`

3.506.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.506.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.506.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.506.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.507 \quad \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

3.507.1 Optimal result	3807
3.507.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3807
3.507.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3808
3.507.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3809
3.507.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3810
3.507.6 Sympy [F]	3810
3.507.7 Maxima [F]	3810
3.507.8 Giac [F]	3811
3.507.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3811

3.507.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))*(x^3+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.507.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[3-3*(1+x)+(1+x)^2]])/3`

3.507.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1}}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & -\frac{2\sqrt{x^3+1} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^3]])/(3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.507.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.507.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	33
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	40

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)`

3.507.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1\right) + \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1/3*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 1)`**3.507.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`**3.507.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x), x)`

3.507.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x), x)`

3.507.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.508 $\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.508.1 Optimal result 3812
 3.508.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3813
 3.508.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3813
 3.508.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3816
 3.508.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 3816
 3.508.6 Sympy [F] 3817
 3.508.7 Maxima [F] 3817
 3.508.8 Giac [F] 3817
 3.508.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3818

3.508.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1+x^3}{x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{1+x^3}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output (-x^3-1)/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(
x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+1/3*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(
1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2
)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-1/2*3^(1/4)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3
^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1
+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.508.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{x} + \frac{(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}} E \left(\operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right) \right) \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3}) \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right)}{12 \sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])/x) + ((1+x)^(3/2)*((12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1-I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1+x]], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I+Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I+Sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))/(3*I+Sqrt[3]])*Sqrt[(-3*I+Sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))/(-3*I+Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1+x]], (3*I+Sqrt[3])/(3*I-Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1+x]))/(12*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I+Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.508.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

↓ 1210

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 847 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 832 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 759 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2416 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*sqrt[1 + x]*sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(sqrt[1 + x^3]*(-(sqrt[1 + x^3])/x) + ((2*sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*sqrt[2 - sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)]^2*sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - sqrt[3])*sqrt[2 + sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + sqrt[3] + x)]^2*sqrt[1 + x^3]))/2)/(sqrt[1 + x]*sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.508.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(- (1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`
- rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.508.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{x} + \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2x(x^3+1)} \left(i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x - 6\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)$

input `int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^{(1/2)}/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}+(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})+(1/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})) \end{aligned}$$

3.508.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{x\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)) + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(x*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)) + sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))/x`

3.508.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.508.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2), x)`

3.508.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2), x)`

3.508.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.509 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$

3.509.1 Optimal result 3819
 3.509.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3820
 3.509.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3820
 3.509.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3822
 3.509.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 3822
 3.509.6 Sympy [F] 3823
 3.509.7 Maxima [F] 3823
 3.509.8 Giac [F] 3823
 3.509.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3824

3.509.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1-x^3}{2x^2 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `1/2*(-x^3-1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-1/6*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)`

3.509.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{6\sqrt{1+x}(1-x+x^2)}{x^2} - \frac{i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{12\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `((-6*Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 - x + x^2))/x^2 - (I*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(12*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.509.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x^3+1}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{847}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{759}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x^2 - (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.509.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)]^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)]^2))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.509.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{2\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x^2 - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{-3}} \right)}{4(x^3+1)x^2}$

input `int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^{(1/2)}/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)} - 1/2*(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{(1/2)})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})$

3.509.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{x^2\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/2*(x^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x) + \text{sqrt}(x^2 - x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1))/x^2$

3.509.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x**2 - x + 1)), x)`

3.509.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3), x)`

3.509.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^3), x)`

3.509.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.510 $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.510.1 Optimal result 3825
 3.510.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3825
 3.510.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3826
 3.510.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3828
 3.510.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 3828
 3.510.6 Sympy [F] 3829
 3.510.7 Maxima [F] 3829
 3.510.8 Giac [F] 3829
 3.510.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3830

3.510.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output -2/3*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+4/9*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)
```

3.510.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6x}{\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-6*x)/Sqrt[1 + x] + ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(9*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.510.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1210, 817, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1210}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{817}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{759}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right) - \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(\sqrt{1+x^3} * ((-2*x)/(3*\sqrt{1+x^3})) + (4*\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}*(1+x)*\sqrt{(1-x+x^2)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3}+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}]) / (3*3^{1/4}*\sqrt{(1+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \sqrt{1+x^3}))) / (\sqrt{1+x} * \sqrt{1-x+x^2})$

3.510.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_+) + (b_+)*(x_+)^3}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numer}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]], s = \text{Denom}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]]\}, \text{Simp}[2*\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}*(s+r*x)*(\sqrt{(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2} / (3^{1/4}*r*\sqrt{a+b*x^3}*\sqrt{s*((s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2})) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \& \& \text{PosQ}[a]$

rule 817 $\text{Int}[(c_+)*(x_+)^{(m_+)}*((a_+) + (b_+)*(x_+)^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a+b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(b*n*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*n*(p+1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \& \& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \& \& \text{GtQ}[m+1, n] \& \& ! \text{ILtQ}[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/n, 0] \& \& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_+ + (e_+)*(x_+)^{(m_+)})*((f_+ + (g_+)*(x_+)^{(n_+)})*((a_+) + (b_+)*(x_+) + (c_+)*(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((a+b*x+c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*d+c*e*x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(f+g*x)^n*(a*d+c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \& \& \text{EqQ}[b*d+a*e, 0] \& \& \text{EqQ}[c*d+b*e, 0] \& \& \text{EqQ}[m, p]$

3.510.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) - 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{3(x^3+1)}$

input `int(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+4/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))`

3.510.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x - 2(x^3+1)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x - 2*(x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^3 + 1)`

3.510.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.510.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.510.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.510.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.511 $\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.511.1 Optimal result 3831
 3.511.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3831
 3.511.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3832
 3.511.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3832
 3.511.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3833
 3.511.6 Sympy [F] 3833
 3.511.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 3833
 3.511.8 Giac [F] 3834
 3.511.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 3834

3.511.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `-2/3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.511.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-2/(3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.511.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-2/(3*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.511.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.511.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	18
risch	$-\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	18
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$	25
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x^3+1}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.511.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/(x^3 + 1)`

3.511.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.511.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3/(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1))`

3.511. $\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.511.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.511.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `-2/(3*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(1/2))`

3.512 $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.512.1 Optimal result	3835
3.512.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3836
3.512.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3836
3.512.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3839
3.512.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3839
3.512.6 Sympy [F]	3840
3.512.7 Maxima [F]	3840
3.512.8 Giac [F]	3840
3.512.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3841

3.512.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2(1+x^3)}{3\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/
(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/9*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2
^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/
2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)+1/3*3^(1/4)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+
3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(
1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.512.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i+\sqrt{3})}{18\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*x^2)/(3*sqrt[1 + x]*sqrt[1 - x + x^2]) - ((1 + x)^(3/2)*((12*sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 + (3*sqrt[2]*(1 - I*sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I + sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + sqrt[3]])*sqrt[(-3*I + sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + sqrt[3])] * EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + sqrt[3])/(3*I - sqrt[3])])/sqrt[1 + x] + (I*sqrt[2]*(3*I + sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I + sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))/(3*I + sqrt[3]])*sqrt[(-3*I + sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + sqrt[3])] * EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + sqrt[3])/(3*I - sqrt[3])])/sqrt[1 + x]))/(18*sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.512.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1210

3.512. $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left((1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((2*x^2)/(3*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+((-2*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)+(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3]))+(2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)],-7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)^2]*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/3)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.512.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & PosQ[a]`
- rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[-(1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`
- rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

3.512.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{3(x^3+1)} \left(i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) + 3\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{-3}} \right)$

input `int(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{((1+x)(x^2-x+1))^{1/2}}{(1+x)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{1/2}} \frac{2/3}{(x^3+1)^{1/2}} x^2 - \frac{2/3 * (3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}) * ((1+x)/(3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}))^{1/2} * ((x - 1/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2})^{1/2}) / (-3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2})^{1/2} * ((x - 1/2 + 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2})^{1/2}) / (-3/2 + 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2})^{1/2}}{(x^3+1)^{1/2}} * ((-3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}) * EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}))^{1/2}, ((-3/2 + 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}) / (-3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}))^{1/2})) + (1/2 + 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}) * EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}))^{1/2}, ((-3/2 + 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}) / (-3/2 - 1/2 * I * 3^{1/2}))^{1/2}))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

3.512.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x^2 + (x^3+1)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0,-4,\text{weierstrassPI}(x)))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x^2 + (x^3 + 1)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^3 + 1)`

3.512.
$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.512.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.512.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.512.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.512.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(x/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.513 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.513.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.513.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2} \left(-\frac{2}{9\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{2(1+x)^{3/2}}{9(3-3(1+x)+(1+x)^2)} \right) + \dots$$

3.513. $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2]*(-2/(9*Sqrt[1 + x]) + (2*(1 + x)^(3/2))/(9*(3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2))) + ((I/3)*Sqrt[2/3]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 - 6/((3 - I*Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*Sqrt[1 - 6/((3 + I*Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-6/(3 - I*Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3 - I*Sqrt[3])/(3 + I*Sqrt[3])])/(Sqrt[-(3 - I*Sqrt[3])^(-1)]*Sqrt[3 - 3*(1 + x) + (1 + x)^2])`

3.513.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {1151, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1151} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

```
output (Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqr
t[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1
+ Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] +
x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])
```

3.513.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 749 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p +
1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^
n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (Inte
gerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])
```

```
rule 759 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

```
rule 1151 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c
*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] &&
IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

3.513.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$\frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{x^3+1} \sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(i\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{-3}} \right)}{3(x^3+1)}$

```
input int(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+2/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

3.513.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2} (1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}x + (x^3+1)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))}{3(x^3+1)}$$

```
input integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*x + (x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^3 + 1)
```

3.513.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.513.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.513.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.513.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.514 $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.514.1 Optimal result	3848
3.514.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3848
3.514.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3849
3.514.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3851
3.514.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3851
3.514.6 Sympy [F]	3852
3.514.7 Maxima [F]	3852
3.514.8 Giac [F]	3852
3.514.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3853

3.514.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output $2/3/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}-2/3*\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2))}*(x^3+1)^{(1/2)}/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}$

3.514.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+x} - (1+x)^2\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}}}\right)\right)}{3(1+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + x] - (1 + x)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + x)^2]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[1/((1 + x)^{3/2}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + x)^2])])/(3*(1 + x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2])$

3.514.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 61, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} - 2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/Sqrt[1+x^3]-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1+x^3]]))/(3*Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.514.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.514.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)\sqrt{x^3+1}-1\right)}{3(x^3+1)}$	43
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}\left(\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	51
risch	$\frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{x^3+1}\right)\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	58

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-2/3*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}*(\operatorname{arctanh}((x^3+1)^{(1/2}))*((x^3+1)^{(1/2)}-1)/(x^3+1)$$
3.514.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+1) - (x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}-1) - 2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{3(x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/3*((x^3+1)*\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}*\sqrt{x+1}+1) - (x^3+1)*\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}*\sqrt{x+1}-1) - 2*\sqrt{x^2-x+1}*\sqrt{x+1})/(x^3+1)$$

3.514.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.514.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x), x)`

3.514.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x), x)`

3.514.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.515 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.515.1 Optimal result	3854
3.515.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3855
3.515.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3855
3.515.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3858
3.515.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3859
3.515.6 Sympy [F]	3859
3.515.7 Maxima [F]	3859
3.515.8 Giac [F]	3860
3.515.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3860

3.515.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{5(1+x^3)}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5(1+x^3)}{3\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 2/3/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-5/3*(x^3+1)/x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)
)+5/3*(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+5/9*EllipticF((1+x
-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x
+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)-5
/6*3^(1/4)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2
)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1
/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.515.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3+5x^3}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-\frac{6i}{1+x}}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+\frac{6i}{1+x}}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\middle|\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right) + i\sqrt{2}(3i+\sqrt{3}) \right)}{36\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*(3 + 5*x^3)/(x*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2]) + (5*(1 + x)^(3/2)*((12 *Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 + (3*Sqrt[2]*(1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*(3*I + Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[(3*I + Sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[(-3*I + Sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(-3*I + Sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[1 + x]))/(36*Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.515.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1210

3.515. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + 3x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + 3x\sqrt{x^3+1}}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*(2/(3*x*Sqrt[1+x^3])) + (5*(-(Sqrt[1+x^3]/x) + ((2*Sqrt[1+x^3])/(1+Sqrt[3]+x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2-Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]) - (2*(1-Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2*Sqrt[1+x^3]))/2))/3))/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.515. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.515.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`
- rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[-(1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`
- rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 1210 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`


```
rule 2416 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]], Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3])*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

3.515.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} - \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{5\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
risch	$-\frac{5x^3+3}{3x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} + \frac{5\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(5i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x + 15\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{6(x^3+1)}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-2/3/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2+5/3*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))+(1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

3.515. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.515.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(5x^3+3)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 5(x^4+x)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))}{3(x^4+x)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*((5*x^3 + 3)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 5*(x^4 + x)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^4 + x)`

3.515.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.515.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

3.515.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

3.515.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.516 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.516.1 Optimal result	3861
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3.516.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{7(1+x^3)}{6x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{6\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
2/3/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-7/6*(x^3+1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-7/18*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)
```

3.516.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6(3+7x^3)}{x^2\sqrt{1+x}} - \frac{7i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{3i}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}}}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}\right)\right)}{36\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

3.516. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-6*(3 + 7*x^3))/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + x]) - ((7*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(36*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.516.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2^4\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

3.516. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output $(\sqrt{1+x^3}*(2/(3*x^2*\sqrt{1+x^3}) + (7*(-1/2*\sqrt{1+x^3}/x^2 - (\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}*(1+x)*\sqrt{(1-x+x^2)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3}+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}]])/(2*3^{1/4}*\sqrt{(1+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}*\sqrt{1+x^3}))/3))/(\sqrt{1+x}*\sqrt{1-x+x^2})$

3.516.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1210 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]`

3.516.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{7\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{6\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{7x^3+3}{6x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} - \frac{7\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{6\sqrt{x^3+1}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1} \left(7i\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) \sqrt{3}x^2 - 21\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{12(x^3+1)x^2}$

input `int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)-2/3*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-7/6*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))`

3.516.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(7x^3+3)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 7(x^5+x^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x)}{6(x^5+x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*((7*x^3 + 3)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 7*(x^5 + x^2)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^5 + x^2)`

3.516.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(3/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(x + 1)**(3/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.516.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

3.516.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)*(x + 1)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

3.516.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(3/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.517 $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.517.1 Optimal result 3867
 3.517.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3868
 3.517.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3868
 3.517.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3870
 3.517.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) 3870
 3.517.6 Sympy [F] 3871
 3.517.7 Maxima [F] 3871
 3.517.8 Giac [F] 3871
 3.517.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3872

3.517.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4x}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)}{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)} + \frac{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
4/27*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/9*x/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+4/81*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.517.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6x(-1+2x^3)}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} + \frac{2i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)}{81\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((6*x*(-1 + 2*x^3))/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)) + ((2*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(81*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.517.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1210, 817, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x^3}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{9} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

3.517. $\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1+x^3]*((-2*x)/(9*(1+x^3)^(3/2)) + (2*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1+x^3]) + (2*Sqrt[2+Sqrt[3]]*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1-Sqrt[3]+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x)], -7-4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1+x)/(1+Sqrt[3]+x]^2)*Sqrt[1+x^3])))/9)/(Sqrt[1+x]*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.517.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

```
rule 1210 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_ + (b_.)*(x_ + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

3.517.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{4\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{2} \left(i\sqrt{3} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} - 3F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \right)$

```
input int(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+ 4/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+4/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

3.517.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((2x^4-x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 2(x^6+2x^3+1)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(x^3+1))}{27(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `2/27*((2*x^4 - x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 2*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

3.517.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.517.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.517.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.517.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(x^3/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.518 $\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.518.1 Optimal result	3873
3.518.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3873
3.518.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3874
3.518.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3874
3.518.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3875
3.518.6 Sympy [F]	3875
3.518.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3875
3.518.8 Giac [F]	3876
3.518.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3876

3.518.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/9/(1+x)^(3/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(3/2)`

3.518.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-2/(9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))`

3.518.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1208

$$-\frac{2}{9(x+1)^{3/2}(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-2/(9*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(3/2))`

3.518.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1208 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(2*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*e*g*(m + p + 2) + 2*c*(d*g*(p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)), 0] && EqQ[e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(m + 1) + (2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(p + 1), 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

3.518.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2}{9(1+x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	18
default	$-\frac{2}{9(x^3+1)\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	25
elliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)}}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	39

input `int(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-2/9(1+x)^{3/2}/(x^2-x+1)^{3/2}$

3.518.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}{9(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-2/9*\text{sqrt}(x^2 - x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1)/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)$

3.518.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.518.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{9(x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-2/9/((x^3 + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x^2 - x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1))$

3.518. $\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.518.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.518.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{18\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2} - 18x\sqrt{x+1}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}}{(x+1)(81x(x^2-x+1)^4 - 162(x^2-x+1)^4 + 81(x^2-x+1)^5)}$$

input `int(x^2/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `(18*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2) - 18*x*(x + 1)^(1/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2))/((x + 1)*(81*x*(x^2 - x + 1)^4 - 162*(x^2 - x + 1)^4 + 81*(x^2 - x + 1)^5))`

3.519 $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.519.1 Optimal result 3877
 3.519.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3878
 3.519.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3878
 3.519.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3881
 3.519.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 3882
 3.519.6 Sympy [F] 3882
 3.519.7 Maxima [F] 3882
 3.519.8 Giac [F] 3883
 3.519.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3883

3.519.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{10x^2}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2x^2}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{10(1+x^3)}{27\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{9 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 10/27*x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*x^2/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-10/27*x*(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-10/81*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)+5/27*3^(1/4)*EllipticE((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.519.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2(8+5x^3)}{27(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} + 5(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right), \frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}\right) + i\sqrt{2}(3i-\sqrt{3}) \right) - 162\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*x^2*(8 + 5*x^3))/(27*(1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*(1 + x)^(3/2)*((12*sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*(1 - x + x^2))/(1 + x)^2 + (3*sqrt[2]*(1 - I*sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I + sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*sqrt[(-3*I + sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + sqrt[3])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + sqrt[3])/(3*I - sqrt[3])])]/sqrt[1 + x] + (I*sqrt[2]*(3*I + sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I + sqrt[3] - (6*I)/(1 + x))]/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*sqrt[(-3*I + sqrt[3] + (6*I)/(1 + x))/(-3*I + sqrt[3])]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + sqrt[3])/(3*I - sqrt[3])])]/sqrt[1 + x]))/(162*sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + sqrt[3])]*sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.519.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1210

3.519. $\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \int \frac{x}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left((1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} - \int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{5}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2} \sqrt{x^3+1}}} \right) + \frac{2x^2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(\sqrt{1+x^3} * ((2*x^2)/(9*(1+x^3)^{(3/2)}) + (5*((2*x^2)/(3*\sqrt{1+x^3})) + ((-2*\sqrt{1+x^3})/(1+\sqrt{3}+x) + (3^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}})*(1+x)*\sqrt{(1-x+x^2)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3}+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}]])/(\sqrt{(1+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \sqrt{1+x^3}) + (2*(1-\sqrt{3})*\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}*(1+x)*\sqrt{(1-x+x^2)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1-\sqrt{3}+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}]])/(3^{(1/4)}*\sqrt{(1+x)/(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2} * \sqrt{1+x^3}))/3)/9)/(\sqrt{1+x}*\sqrt{1-x+x^2})$

3.519.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3}, x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numer}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]], s = \text{Denom}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]]\}, \text{Simp}[2*\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}*(s+r*x)*(\sqrt{(s^2-r*s*x+r^2*x^2)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2}/(3^{(1/4)}*r*\sqrt{a+b*x^3}*\sqrt{s*((s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)^2})) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}(((1-\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)/((1+\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)], -7-4*\sqrt{3}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \& \text{PosQ}[a]$

rule 819 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-(c*x)^{(m+1}))*((a+b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(a*c*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x\} \& \& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \& \& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 832 $\text{Int}[(x_)/\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^3}, x_Symbol] := \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numer}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]], s = \text{Denom}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]]\}, \text{Simp}[(-(1-\sqrt{3}))* (s/r) \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a+b*x^3}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/r \text{Int}[(1-\sqrt{3})*s+r*x)/\sqrt{a+b*x^3}, x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \& \text{PosQ}[a]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)*((f_)+(g_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}*((a+b*x+c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(a*d+c*e*x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(f+g*x)^n*(a*d+c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \& \& \text{EqQ}[b*d+a*e, 0] \& \& \text{EqQ}[c*d+b*e, 0] \& \& \text{EqQ}[m, p]$

```
rule 2416 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]], Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

3.519.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{10x^2}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{10 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) E \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{5i\sqrt{3} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} + 15 F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

```
input int(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9*x^2/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+10/27/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*x^2-10/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))+((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```


3.519.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((5x^5+8x^2)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+5(x^6+2x^3+1)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)))/(x^6+2x^3+1)}{27(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/27*((5*x^5 + 8*x^2)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 5*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x)))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

3.519.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.519.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.519.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.519.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.520 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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3.520.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{14x}{27\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2x}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} + \frac{14\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output

```
14/27*x/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9*x/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+14/81*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.520.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{6x(10+7x^3)}{(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} + \frac{7i(1+x)\sqrt{1+\frac{6i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{6-\frac{36i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}}{81\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((6*x*(10 + 7*x^3))/((1 + x)^(3/2)*(1 - x + x^2)) + ((7*I)*(1 + x)*Sqrt[1 + (6*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[6 - (36*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])])/Sqrt[(-I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(81*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.520.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1151, 749, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1151} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \int \frac{1}{(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

3.520. $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{7}{9} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*((2*x)/(9*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)) + (7*((2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/9)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.520.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 1151 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - p)*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && IGtQ[m - p + 1, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

3.520.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{14x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{14 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$
default	$-\frac{7i\sqrt{3} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} - 21 F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \right) x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}{\dots}$

input `int(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+14/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)+14/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))`

3.520.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((7x^4+10x)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1}+7(x^6+2x^3+1)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0,-4,x))}{27(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/27*((7*x^4 + 10*x)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 7*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`

3.520.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.520.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.520.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.520.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.521 $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.521.1 Optimal result 3890
 3.521.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3890
 3.521.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3891
 3.521.4 Maple [A] (verified) 3893
 3.521.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 3893
 3.521.6 Sympy [F] 3893
 3.521.7 Maxima [F] 3894
 3.521.8 Giac [F] 3894
 3.521.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 3894

3.521.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2}{9\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{2\sqrt{1+x^3}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+x^3})}{3\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output `2/3/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2))*(x^3+1)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)`

3.521.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(4+3x^3)}{3(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)} - 2(1+x)\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{(1+x)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+x)^2}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((2*(4+3*x^3))/(3*(1+x)^(3/2)*(1-x+x^2))-2*(1+x)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+x)^2]*ArcTanh[1/((1+x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(1-x+x^2)/(1+x)^2]])/(3*Sqrt[1-x+x^2])`

3.521.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1210, 798, 61, 61, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx^3}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx^3 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(2 \int \frac{1}{x^6-1} d\sqrt{x^3+1} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{220} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(-2\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{2}{3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3] * (2 / (3 * (1 + x^3)^{3/2})) + 2 / \text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3] - 2 * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^3]]) / (3 * \text{Sqrt}[1 + x] * \text{Sqrt}[1 - x + x^2])$

3.521.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 220 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] * \text{Rt}[b, 2])^{-1}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1) * (a + b*x)^p, x}, x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 1210 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^{(m_)} * ((f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^{(n_)}) * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} * ((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (a*d + c*e*x^3)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^n * (a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*d + a*e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d + b*e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, p]$

3.521.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(\frac{2}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1})}{3} \right)}{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$	60
default	$-\frac{2(3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \sqrt{x^3+1} x^3 - 3x^3 + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{x^3+1}) \sqrt{x^3+1} - 4)}{9(x^3+1)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{1+x}}$	69

input `int(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(2/9/(x^3+1)^(3/2)+2/3/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh((x^3+1)^(1/2)))`**3.521.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3x^3+4)\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - 3(x^6+2x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} + 1) + 3(x^6+2x^3+1)\log(\sqrt{x^2-x+1}\sqrt{x+1} - 1)}{9(x^6+2x^3+1)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/9*(2*(3*x^3 + 4)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 3*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 3*(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)*log(sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 1))/(x^6 + 2*x^3 + 1)`**3.521.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2), x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.521. $\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.521.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x), x)`

3.521.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x), x)`

3.521.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.522 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.522.1 Optimal result	3895
3.522.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3896
3.522.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3897
3.522.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3899
3.522.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	3900
3.522.6 Sympy [F]	3900
3.522.7 Maxima [F]	3901
3.522.8 Giac [F]	3901
3.522.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3901

3.522.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 349

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{22}{27x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{2}{9x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{55(1+x^3)}{27x\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{55(1+x^3)}{27\sqrt{1+x}(1+\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} - \frac{55\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{18 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{55\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

output $22/27/x/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}+2/9/x/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}-55/27*(x^3+1)/x/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}+55/27*(x^3+1)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})/(1+x)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}+55/81*EllipticF((1+x-3^{(1/2)})/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})), I*3^{(1/2)}+2*I)*2^{(1/2)}*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}*3^{(3/4)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}/((1+x)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}-55/54*3^{(1/4)}*EllipticE((1+x-3^{(1/2)})/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})), I*3^{(1/2)}+2*I)*(1+x)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*6^{(1/2)}-1/2*2^{(1/2)})*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}/(x^2-x+1)^{(1/2)}/((1+x)/(1+x+3^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}$

3.522.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{27+88x^3+55x^6}{27x(1+x)^{3/2}(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{55(1+x)^{3/2} \left(\frac{12\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}(1-x+x^2)}{(1+x)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(1-i\sqrt{3})\sqrt{\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}-6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{\frac{-3i+\sqrt{3}+6i}{-3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{6i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\middle|\frac{3i+\sqrt{3}}{3i-\sqrt{3}}}\right) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(3i-\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{1+x}} \right)}{324\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(1+x)^(5/2)*(1-x+x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output $-1/27*(27+88*x^3+55*x^6)/(x*(1+x)^{(3/2)}*(1-x+x^2)^{(3/2)})+(55*(1+x)^{(3/2)}*((12*sqrt((-1)/(3*I+sqrt[3]))*(1-x+x^2))/(1+x)^2+(3*sqrt[2]*(1-I*sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I+sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))]/(3*I+sqrt[3]))*sqrt[(-3*I+sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))]/(-3*I+sqrt[3]))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+sqrt[3])/(3*I-sqrt[3])])/sqrt[1+x]+(I*sqrt[2]*(3*I+sqrt[3])*sqrt[(3*I+sqrt[3]-(6*I)/(1+x))]/(3*I+sqrt[3]))*sqrt[(-3*I+sqrt[3]+(6*I)/(1+x))]/(-3*I+sqrt[3]))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I+sqrt[3])]/sqrt[1+x]],(3*I+sqrt[3])/(3*I-sqrt[3])])/sqrt[1+x]))/(324*sqrt((-1)/(3*I+sqrt[3]))*sqrt[1-x+x^2])$

3.522.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \int \frac{1}{x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - (1-\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) + \frac{2}{3x\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\int \frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{x^3+1}} dx - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{11}{9} \left(\frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x-\sqrt{3}+1}{x+\sqrt{3}+1}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x^2-x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x+\sqrt{3}+1)^2}}}\right) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*(2/(9*x*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)) + (11*(2/(3*x*Sqrt[1 + x^3])) + (5*(-(Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x) + ((2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*Sqrt[1 + x^3]) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]^2)*Sqrt[1 + x^3]))/2))/3))/9)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.522.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[-(1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

```
rule 847 Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 1210 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

```
rule 2416 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]], Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

3.522.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{x} - \frac{2x^2}{9(x^3+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{28x^2}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} + \frac{55\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \left(\left(-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) E\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} \right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{1+x} \sqrt{x^2-x+1}}{55i\sqrt{3} F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} + 165 F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.522. $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output $((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^{1/2}/(1+x)^{1/2}/(x^2-x+1)^{1/2}*(-1/x*(x^3+1)^{1/2}-2/9*x^2/(x^3+1)^{3/2}-28/27/(x^3+1)^{1/2}*x^2+55/27*(3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2})*((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^{1/2})/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(x^3+1)^{1/2}*((-3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2})*EllipticE(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{1/2})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2}))+1/2+1/2*I*3^{1/2})*EllipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-3/2+1/2*I*3^{1/2})/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^{1/2}))^{1/2}))^{1/2}))$

3.522.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(55x^6 + 88x^3 + 27)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1} + 55(x^7 + 2x^4 + x)\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x))}{27(x^7 + 2x^4 + x)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/27*((55*x^6 + 88*x^3 + 27)*\text{sqrt}(x^2 - x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x + 1) + 55*(x^7 + 2*x^4 + x)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -4, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)))/(x^7 + 2*x^4 + x)$

3.522.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.522.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

3.522.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

3.522.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.523 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.523.1 Optimal result 3902
 3.523.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 3903
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 3.523.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) 3906
 3.523.6 Sympy [F] 3906
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 3.523.8 Giac [F] 3907
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3.523.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{26}{27x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}} + \frac{91(1+x^3)}{9x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}(1+x^3)} - \frac{54x^2\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}{91\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{\frac{1-x+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+x}{1+\sqrt{3}+x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)} - \frac{54\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{(1+\sqrt{3}+x)^2}}\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}$$

```
output 26/27/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)+2/9/x^2/(x^3+1)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-91/54*(x^3+1)/x^2/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)-91/162*EllipticF((1+x-3^(1/2))/(1+x+3^(1/2)), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*((x^2-x+1)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)/((1+x)/(1+x+3^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.523.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{6(27+130x^3+91x^6)}{x^2(1+x)^{3/2}} - \frac{91i(1+x)(1-x+x^2)\sqrt{6+\frac{36i}{(-3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}}\sqrt{1-\frac{6i}{(3i+\sqrt{3})(1+x)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsinh\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i}{3i+\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1-x+x^2}}\right)\right)}{324(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}}{324(1-x+x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((-6*(27 + 130*x^3 + 91*x^6))/(x^2*(1 + x)^(3/2)) - ((91*I)*(1 + x)*(1 - x + x^2)*Sqrt[6 + (36*I)/((-3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))]*Sqrt[1 - (6*I)/((3*I + Sqrt[3])*(1 + x))])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(-6*I)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[1 + x]], (3*I + Sqrt[3])/(3*I - Sqrt[3])]/Sqrt[(-1)/(3*I + Sqrt[3])])/(324*(1 - x + x^2)^(3/2))`

3.523.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1210, 819, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1210} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{x^3+1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \int \frac{1}{x^3(x^3+1)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2}{9x^2(x^3+1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \end{aligned}$$

3.523. $\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} dx + \frac{2}{3x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2 (x^3 + 1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x + 1} \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}}$$

↓ 847

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2 (x^3 + 1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x + 1} \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 1} \left(\frac{13}{9} \left(\frac{7}{3} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}(x + 1) \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{(x + \sqrt{3} + 1)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{x - \sqrt{3} + 1}{x + \sqrt{3} + 1}\right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2^4 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{x + 1}{(x + \sqrt{3} + 1)^2}} \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 1}} \right) + \frac{2}{9x^2 (x^3 + 1)^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{x + 1} \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(1 + x)^(5/2)*(1 - x + x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 + x^3]*(2/(9*x^2*(1 + x^3)^(3/2)) + (13*(2/(3*x^2*Sqrt[1 + x^3])) + (7*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + x^3]/x^2 - (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(1 + x)*Sqrt[(1 - x + x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(1 - Sqrt[3] + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)]], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]))/(2*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 + Sqrt[3] + x)^2]*Sqrt[1 + x^3])))/3)/9)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x + x^2])`

3.523.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

```
rule 847 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 1210 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(a*d + c*e*x^3)^FracPart[p]) Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d + c*e*x^3)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d + a*e, 0] && EqQ[c*d + b*e, 0] && EqQ[m, p]
```

3.523.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{x^3+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{2x}{9(x^3+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{32x}{27\sqrt{x^3+1}} - \frac{91\left(\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}\right)}{54\sqrt{x^3+1}} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{2}}}\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{91i\sqrt{3} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^5 \sqrt{\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}-2x+1}{i\sqrt{3}+3}} \sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{3}+2x-1}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}} - 273 F\left(\sqrt{\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-3+i\sqrt{3}}{i\sqrt{3}+3}}\right) x^5 \sqrt{\frac{2(1+x)}{-3+i\sqrt{3}}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{x^2-x+1}}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((1+x)*(x^2-x+1))^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(1/2)*(-1/2/x^2*(x^3+1)^(1/2)
)-2/9*x/(x^3+1)^(3/2)-32/27*x/(x^3+1)^(1/2)-91/54*(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))*((1+
x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(x^3+1)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(((1+x)/(3/2-1/2*I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2), ((-3/2+1/2*I*3^(1/2))/(-3/2-1/2*
I*3^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```


3.523.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(91x^6 + 130x^3 + 27)\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}\sqrt{x + 1} + 91(x^8 + 2x^5 + x^2)\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4, x)}{54(x^8 + 2x^5 + x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/54*((91*x^6 + 130*x^3 + 27)*sqrt(x^2 - x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 91*(x^8 + 2*x^5 + x^2)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4, x))/(x^8 + 2*x^5 + x^2)`

3.523.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(1+x)**(5/2)/(x**2-x+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(x + 1)**(5/2)*(x**2 - x + 1)**(5/2)), x)`

3.523.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

3.523.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}(x+1)^{5/2}x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(1+x)^(5/2)/(x^2-x+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)*(x + 1)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

3.523.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+x)^{5/2}(1-x+x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(x+1)^{5/2}(x^2-x+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(x + 1)^(5/2)*(x^2 - x + 1)^(5/2)), x)`

3.524 $\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx$

3.524.1 Optimal result 3908
 3.524.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 3908
 3.524.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 3909
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3.524.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{21}{736(1-x)^2} - \frac{97}{4416(1-x)} + \frac{39+44x}{276(1-x)^2(3+5x+4x^2)} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{5+8x}{\sqrt{23}}\right)}{52992\sqrt{23}} + \frac{11 \log(1-x)}{2304} - \frac{11 \log(3+5x+4x^2)}{4608}$$

```
output -21/736/(1-x)^2-97/4416/(1-x)+1/276*(39+44*x)/(1-x)^2/(4*x^2+5*x+3)+11/230
4*ln(1-x)-11/4608*ln(4*x^2+5*x+3)+6023/1218816*arctan(1/23*(5+8*x)*23^(1/2
))*23^(1/2)
```

3.524.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{25392}{(-1+x)^2} + \frac{59248}{-1+x} + \frac{184(975+2204x)}{3+5x+4x^2} + 36138\sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{5+8x}{\sqrt{23}}\right) + 34914 \log(1-x) - 17457 \log(3+5x+4x^2)}{7312896}$$

input `Integrate[x/((-1 + x)^3*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(-25392/(-1 + x)^2 + 59248/(-1 + x) + (184*(975 + 2204*x))/(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2) + 36138*sqrt[23]*ArcTan[(5 + 8*x)/sqrt[23]] + 34914*Log[1 - x] - 17457*Log[3 + 5*x + 4*x^2])/7312896`

3.524.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(x-1)^3 (4x^2+5x+3)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1235} \\
 & \frac{1}{276} \int -\frac{3(44x+19)}{(1-x)^3 (4x^2+5x+3)} dx + \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2 (4x^2+5x+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2 (4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{1}{92} \int \frac{44x+19}{(1-x)^3 (4x^2+5x+3)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1200} \\
 & \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2 (4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{1}{92} \int \left(\frac{1012x-2379}{576(4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{253}{576(x-1)} + \frac{97}{48(x-1)^2} - \frac{21}{4(x-1)^3} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{92} \left(\frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{8x+5}{\sqrt{23}}\right)}{576\sqrt{23}} - \frac{253 \log(4x^2+5x+3)}{1152} - \frac{97}{48(1-x)} - \frac{21}{8(1-x)^2} + \frac{253}{576} \log(1-x) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{44x+39}{276(1-x)^2 (4x^2+5x+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((-1 + x)^3*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)^2),x]`

```
output (39 + 44*x)/(276*(1 - x)^2*(3 + 5*x + 4*x^2)) + (-21/(8*(1 - x)^2) - 97/(4
8*(1 - x)) + (6023*ArcTan[(5 + 8*x)/Sqrt[23]])/(576*Sqrt[23]) + (253*Log[1
- x])/576 - (253*Log[3 + 5*x + 4*x^2])/1152)/92
```

3.524.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 1200 Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)]/((a_) + (b_)*
(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*
x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && In
tegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 1235 Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m
+ 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.524.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$-\frac{1}{288(-1+x)^2} + \frac{7}{864(-1+x)} + \frac{11 \ln(-1+x)}{2304} - \frac{-\frac{2204x}{23} - \frac{975}{23}}{6912(x^2 + \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{3}{4})} - \frac{11 \ln(4x^2+5x+3)}{4608} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{(5+8x)\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)\sqrt{23}}{1218816}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{97}{1104}x^3 - \frac{407}{4416}x^2 - \frac{5}{184}x - \frac{15}{1472}}{(-1+x)^2(4x^2+5x+3)} - \frac{11 \ln(64x^2+80x+48)}{4608} + \frac{6023 \arctan\left(\frac{(5+8x)\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)\sqrt{23}}{1218816} + \frac{11 \ln(-1+x)}{2304}$

input `int(x/(-1+x)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/288/(-1+x)^2+7/864/(-1+x)+11/2304*\ln(-1+x)-1/6912*(-2204/23*x-975/23)/(x^2+5/4*x+3/4)-11/4608*\ln(4*x^2+5*x+3)+6023/1218816*\arctan(1/23*(5+8*x)*23^(1/2))*23^(1/2)$$
3.524.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{214176 x^3 + 12046 \sqrt{23}(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3) \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23} \sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) - 224664 x^2 - 5819(4x^4 - 2437632(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3))}{2437632(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3)}$$

input `integrate(x/(-1+x)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/2437632*(214176*x^3 + 12046*\sqrt{23}*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\arctan(1/23*\sqrt{23}*(8*x + 5)) - 224664*x^2 - 5819*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11638*(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)*\log(x - 1) - 66240*x - 24840)/(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3)$$

3.524.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{17664x^4 - 13248x^3 - 13248x^2 - 4416x + 13248} + \frac{11 \log(x-1)}{2304} - \frac{11 \log\left(x^2 + \frac{5x}{4} + \frac{3}{4}\right)}{4608} + \frac{6023\sqrt{23} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{8\sqrt{23}x}{23} + \frac{5\sqrt{23}}{23}\right)}{1218816}$$

input `integrate(x/(-1+x)**3/(4*x**2+5*x+3)**2,x)`output `(388*x**3 - 407*x**2 - 120*x - 45)/(17664*x**4 - 13248*x**3 - 13248*x**2 - 4416*x + 13248) + 11*log(x - 1)/2304 - 11*log(x**2 + 5*x/4 + 3/4)/4608 + 6023*sqrt(23)*atan(8*sqrt(23)*x/23 + 5*sqrt(23)/23)/1218816`**3.524.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6023}{1218816} \sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23} \sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) + \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{4416(4x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3)} - \frac{11}{4608} \log(4x^2 + 5x + 3) + \frac{11}{2304} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate(x/(-1+x)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `6023/1218816*sqrt(23)*arctan(1/23*sqrt(23)*(8*x + 5)) + 1/4416*(388*x^3 - 407*x^2 - 120*x - 45)/(4*x^4 - 3*x^3 - 3*x^2 - x + 3) - 11/4608*log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11/2304*log(x - 1)`

3.524.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6023}{1218816} \sqrt{23} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{23} \sqrt{23}(8x+5)\right) + \frac{388x^3 - 407x^2 - 120x - 45}{4416(4x^2 + 5x + 3)(x-1)^2} - \frac{11}{4608} \log(4x^2 + 5x + 3) + \frac{11}{2304} \log(|x-1|)$$

input `integrate(x/(-1+x)^3/(4*x^2+5*x+3)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `6023/1218816*sqrt(23)*arctan(1/23*sqrt(23)*(8*x + 5)) + 1/4416*(388*x^3 - 407*x^2 - 120*x - 45)/((4*x^2 + 5*x + 3)*(x - 1)^2) - 11/4608*log(4*x^2 + 5*x + 3) + 11/2304*log(abs(x - 1))`**3.524.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x}{(-1+x)^3(3+5x+4x^2)^2} dx = \frac{11 \ln(x-1)}{2304} + \frac{-\frac{97x^3}{4416} + \frac{407x^2}{17664} + \frac{5x}{736} + \frac{15}{5888}}{-x^4 + \frac{3x^3}{4} + \frac{3x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{4} - \frac{3}{4}} - \ln\left(x + \frac{5}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{23}1i}{8}\right) \left(\frac{11}{4608} + \frac{\sqrt{23}6023i}{2437632}\right) + \ln\left(x + \frac{5}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{23}1i}{8}\right) \left(-\frac{11}{4608} + \frac{\sqrt{23}6023i}{2437632}\right)$$

input `int(x/((x - 1)^3*(5*x + 4*x^2 + 3)^2),x)`output `(11*log(x - 1))/2304 + ((5*x)/736 + (407*x^2)/17664 - (97*x^3)/4416 + 15/5888)/(x/4 + (3*x^2)/4 + (3*x^3)/4 - x^4 - 3/4) - log(x - (23^(1/2)*1i)/8 + 5/8)*((23^(1/2)*6023i)/2437632 + 11/4608) + log(x + (23^(1/2)*1i)/8 + 5/8)*((23^(1/2)*6023i)/2437632 - 11/4608)`

3.525 $\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.525.1 Optimal result	3914
3.525.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	3915
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3.525.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 490

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2b(b^2-2ac)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4} + \frac{2(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3e^3} - \frac{2(2cd+be)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7ce^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^3cd-2abc^2d-b^4e+3ab^2ce-a^2c^2e-\frac{b^4cd-4ab^2c^2d+2a^2c^3d-b^5e+5ab^3ce-5a^2bc^2e}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(b^3cd-2abc^2d-b^4e+3ab^2ce-a^2c^2e+\frac{b^4cd-4ab^2c^2d+2a^2c^3d-b^5e+5ab^3ce-5a^2bc^2e}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

output $\frac{2}{3}(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+c^2e(-a^2e+b^2d))(e^2x+d)^{3/2}/c^3/e^3-2/5(b^2e+2c^2d)(e^2x+d)^{5/2}/c^2/e^3+2/7(e^2x+d)^{7/2}/c/e^3-2b^2(-2a^2c+b^2)(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/c^4+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2}c^{1/2}(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/(2c^2d-e(b-(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}(b^3c^2d-2a^2b^2c^2d-b^4e+3a^2b^2c^2e-a^2c^2e+(5a^2b^2c^2e-2a^2c^3d-5a^2b^3c^2e+4a^2b^2c^2d+b^5e-b^4c^2d)/(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2})/c^{9/2}/(2c^2d-e(b-(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2}c^{1/2}(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/(2c^2d-e(b+(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}(b^3c^2d-2a^2b^2c^2d-b^4e+3a^2b^2c^2e-a^2c^2e+(-5a^2b^2c^2e+2a^2c^3d+5a^2b^3c^2e-4a^2b^2c^2d-b^5e+b^4c^2d)/(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2})/c^{9/2}/(2c^2d-e(b+(-4a^2c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}$

3.525.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-105b^3e^3 - 7c^2e(d+ex)(-2bd+5ae+3bex) + c^3(8d^3 - 4d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + 15e^3x^3) + 35bce^2)}{105c^4e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(ib^5e - b^3c(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + abc^2(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + ab^2c(4icd - 3\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) + b^4(-c^{9/2}\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2} + 2ac}\sqrt{-2cd} + (b - i$$

$$+ \frac{(-ib^5e + abc^2(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} - 5iae) + b^3c(-\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + 5iae) + ab^2c(-4icd - 3\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) - c^{9/2}\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2} + 2ac}\sqrt{-2cd} + (b + i$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{d + ex}*(-105*b^3*e^3 - 7*c^2*e*(d + ex)*(-2*b*d + 5*a*e + 3*b*e*x) + c^3*(8*d^3 - 4*d^2*e*x + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^3*x^3) + 35*b*c*e^2*(6*a*e + b*(d + ex)))/(105*c^4*e^3) + ((I*b^5*e - b^3*c*(\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*d + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b*c^2*(2*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*d + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b^2*c*((4*I)*c*d - 3*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e) + b^4*((-I)*c*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e) + a^2*c^2*((-2*I)*c*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d + ex}]/\sqrt{-2*c*d + b*e - I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e}]/(c^{(9/2)}*\sqrt{-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c}*\sqrt{-2*c*d + (b - I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*e}) + (((-I)*b^5*e + a*b*c^2*(2*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*d - (5*I)*a*e) + b^3*c*(-(\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*d) + (5*I)*a*e) + a*b^2*c*((-4*I)*c*d - 3*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e) + b^4*(I*c*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e) + a^2*c^2*((2*I)*c*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2})*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d + ex}]/\sqrt{-2*c*d + b*e + I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e}]/(c^{(9/2)}*\sqrt{-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c}*\sqrt{-2*c*d + (b + I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*e})$

3.525.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 7.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d + ex}}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^3}{ce^2} - \frac{(2cd+be)(d+ex)^2}{c^2e^2} + \frac{(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)}{c^3e^2} - \frac{b(b^2-2ac)e}{c^4} + \frac{b(b^2-2ac)(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - (-eb^4+cdb^3+3aceb^2 - c^4e(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + d)}{c^4e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{5a^2bc^2e+2a^2c^3d+5ab^3ce-4ab^2c^2d+b^5(-e)+b^4cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - a^2c^2e+3ab^2ce-2abc^2d+b^4(-e)+b^3cd \right) \text{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) + \frac{e \left(-5a^2}{\sqrt{2c^9/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2c^9/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) dx$$

input `Int[(x^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(-((b*(b^2 - 2*a*c))*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^4) + ((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 + c*e*(b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^3*e^2) - ((2*c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^2*e^2) + (d + e*x)^(7/2)/(7*c*e^2) + (e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e - (b^4*c*d - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e + 5*a*b^3*c*e - 5*a^2*b*c^2*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e + (b^4*c*d - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c^3*d - b^5*e + 5*a*b^3*c*e - 5*a^2*b*c^2*e)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(9/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

3.525.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.525.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

3.525.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5507 vs. $2(436) = 872$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5507, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.24

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Too large to include

3.525.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.525.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^4}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^4/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.525.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1200 vs. $2(436) = 872$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^5 + 2*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e - (3*b^5*c^3 - 14*a*b^3*c^4 + 12*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^2*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25 + sqrt(-4*(c^8*d^2*e^24 - b*c^7*d*e^25 + a*c^7*e^26)*c^8*e^24 + (2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25)^2))/(c^8*e^24)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^7*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^6*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^6*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d - (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^5 + 2*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e - (3*b^5*c^3 - 14*a*b^3*c^4 + 12*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^2*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^8*d*e^24 - b*c^7*e^25 - sqrt(-4*(c^8*d...`

3.525.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13879, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.32

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

3.526 $\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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3.526.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3929

3.526.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 326

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(b^2-ac)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3} - \frac{2(cd+be)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^3-3abc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2-ac))\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3-3abc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b^2-ac))\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/e^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/e^2+2*(-a*c+b^2)*
(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3+1/2*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(b^3-3*a*b*c-(-a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(2*c
*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(7/2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-1/2*
arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/
2))*(b^3-3*a*b*c+(-a*c+b^2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(7/2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
```

3.526.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(15b^2e^2+c^2(-2d^2+dex+3e^2x^2)-5ce(3ae+b(d+ex)))}{e^2} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}(-b^4e+ac^2(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae))+b^2c(-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+4ae)+b^3(cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b^2-4ac)d})}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b^2-4ac)d}} + C$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(15*b^2*e^2 + c^2*(-2*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) - 5*c*e*(3*a*e + b*(d + e*x))))/e^2 - (15*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(-(b^4*e) + a*c^2*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*c*(-(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d) + 4*a*e) + b^3*(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) - a*b*c*(3*c*d + 2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (15*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(b^4*e + a*c^2*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - b^2*c*(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e) + a*b*c*(3*c*d - 2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b^3*(-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/(15*c^(7/2))$$
3.526.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^2}{ce} - \frac{(cd+be)(d+ex)}{c^2e} + \frac{(b^2-ac)e}{c^3} - \frac{(b^2-ac)(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - (-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)(d+ex)}{c^3e \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

e
↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{2a^2c^2e+4ab^2ce-3abc^2d+b^4(-e)+b^3cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 2abce-ac^2d+b^3(-e)+b^2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} - \frac{e \left(\frac{-2a^2c^2e+4ab^2ce-3abc^2d}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)$$

e

input `Int[(x^3*sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*((b^2 - a*c)*e*sqrt[d + e*x])/c^3 - ((c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^2*e) + (d + e*x)^(5/2)/(5*c*e) - (e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e - (b^3*c*d - 3*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 4*a*b^2*c*e - 2*a^2*c^2*e)/sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e + (b^3*c*d - 3*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 4*a*b^2*c*e - 2*a^2*c^2*e)/sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

3.526.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)]/((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && Integer Q[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.526.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\left(\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}b^3+abc \right) e^{-\frac{cd(ac-b^2)}{2}} \right) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + e \left((a^2c^2-2ab^2c+\frac{1}{2}b^4) e + \frac{3db \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{3} \right) c}{2} \right) \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+ \dots \right)} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2(-3c^2x^2e^2+5bce^2x-c^2dex+15ace^2-15b^2e^2+5bcde+2c^2d^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^2c^3} + \frac{\left(2a^2c^2e^2-4ab^2ce^2+3abc^2de+b^4e^2-b^3cd \right)}{8e^2}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ace^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{\left(2a^2c^2e^2-4ab^2ce^2+3abc^2de+b^4e^2-b^3cd \right)}{8e^2}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2}{5} + \frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + ace^2\sqrt{ex+d} - b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{\left(2a^2c^2e^2-4ab^2ce^2+3abc^2de+b^4e^2-b^3cd \right)}{8e^2}$

input `int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}) * \\ & c)^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)} * ((((-1/2*b^3+ \\ & a*b*c)*e-1/2*c*d*(a*c-b^2))*(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}+e*((a^2*c^2-2*a*b \\ & ^2*c+1/2*b^4)*e+3/2*d*b*(a*c-1/3*b^2)*c))^2^{(1/2)} * ((b*e-2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a*c \\ & -1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)} * e^2 * \operatorname{arctanh}(c*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)} * 2^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c \\ & d+(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)}) + ((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b \\ & ^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)} * (((1/2*b^3-a*b*c)*e+1/2*c*d*(a*c-b^2))*(-4e^{2*(a*c-1 \\ & /4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}+e*((a^2*c^2-2*a*b^2*c+1/2*b^4)*e+3/2*d*b*(a*c-1/3*b^2)*c))^ \\ & 2^{(1/2)} * e^2 * \operatorname{arctan}(c*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)} * 2^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b \\ & ^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)}) + ((-1/5*c^2*x^2+(1/3*b*x+a)*c-b^2)*e^2+1/3*d*(-1/5*c*x \\ & +b)*c*e+2/15*c^2*d^2)*(-4e^{2*(a*c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)} * ((b*e-2*c*d+(-4e^{2*(a* \\ & c-1/4*b^2)})^{(1/2)}) * c)^{(1/2)} * (e*x+d)^{(1/2)})) / c^3/e^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.526.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4245 vs. $2(273) = 546$.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4245, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.02

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{1}{30} \cdot (15 \sqrt{2}) \cdot c^3 e^2 \sqrt{((b^6 c - 6 a b^4 c^2 + 9 a^2 b^2 c^3 - 2 a^3 c^4) d - (b^7 - 7 a b^5 c + 14 a^2 b^3 c^2 - 7 a^3 b c^3) e + (b^2 c^7 - 4 a c^8) \sqrt{((b^{10} c^2 - 8 a b^8 c^3 + 22 a^2 b^6 c^4 - 24 a^3 b^4 c^5 + 9 a^4 b^2 c^6) d^2 - 2 (b^{11} c - 9 a b^9 c^2 + 29 a^2 b^7 c^3 - 40 a^3 b^5 c^4 + 22 a^4 b^3 c^5 - 3 a^5 b c^6) d e + (b^{12} - 10 a b^{10} c + 37 a^2 b^8 c^2 - 62 a^3 b^6 c^3 + 46 a^4 b^4 c^4 - 12 a^5 b^2 c^5 + a^6 c^6) e^2)) / (b^2 c^{14} - 4 a c^{15}))} / (b^2 c^7 - 4 a c^8) \cdot \log(\sqrt{2} \cdot ((b^9 c - 9 a b^7 c^2 + 27 a^2 b^5 c^3 - 31 a^3 b^3 c^4 + 12 a^4 b c^5) d - (b^{10} - 10 a b^8 c + 35 a^2 b^6 c^2 - 51 a^3 b^4 c^3 + 29 a^4 b^2 c^4 - 4 a^5 c^5) e - (b^5 c^7 - 7 a b^3 c^8 + 12 a^2 b c^9) \sqrt{((b^{10} c^2 - 8 a b^8 c^3 + 22 a^2 b^6 c^4 - 24 a^3 b^4 c^5 + 9 a^4 b^2 c^6) d^2 - 2 (b^{11} c - 9 a b^9 c^2 + 29 a^2 b^7 c^3 - 40 a^3 b^5 c^4 + 22 a^4 b^3 c^5 - 3 a^5 b c^6) d e + (b^{12} - 10 a b^{10} c + 37 a^2 b^8 c^2 - 62 a^3 b^6 c^3 + 46 a^4 b^4 c^4 - 12 a^5 b^2 c^5 + a^6 c^6) e^2)) / (b^2 c^{14} - 4 a c^{15}))} \cdot \sqrt{((b^6 c - 6 a b^4 c^2 + 9 a^2 b^2 c^3 - 2 a^3 c^4) d - (b^7 - 7 a b^5 c + 14 a^2 b^3 c^2 - 7 a^3 b c^3) e + (b^2 c^7 - 4 a c^8) \sqrt{((b^{10} c^2 - 8 a b^8 c^3 + 22 a^2 b^6 c^4 - 24 a^3 b^4 c^5 + 9 a^4 b^2 c^6) d^2 - 2 (b^{11} c - 9 a b^9 c^2 + 29 a^2 b^7 c^3 - 40 a^3 b^5 c^4 + 22 a^4 b^3 c^5 - 3 a^5 b c^6) d e + (b^{12} - 10 a b^{10} c + 37 a^2 b^8 c^2 - 62 a^3 b^6 c^3 + 46 a^4 b^4 c^4 - 12 a^5 b^2 c^5 + a^6 c^6) e^2)) / (b^2 c^{14} - 4 a c^{15}))} / (b^2 c^7 - 4 a c^8 \dots$

3.526.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.526.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^3}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.526.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1074 vs. 2(273) = 546.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1074, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*((b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^3*c^2 - a*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^4*c^3 - 11*a*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13 + sqrt(-4*(c^6*d^2*e^12 - b*c^5*d*e^13 + a*c^5*e^14))*c^6*e^12 + (2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13)^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c^6*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^5*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^5*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*((b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (b^3*c^2 - a*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^4*c^3 - 11*a*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*c^5)*d*e^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13 - sqrt(-4*(c^6*d^2*e^12 - b*c^5*d*e^13 + a*c^5*e^14))*c^6*e^12 + (2*c^6*d*e^12 - b*c^5*e^13)^2))/((sq...`

3.526.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11143, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.18

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

```
output atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^6*e^4 + a*b^4*c^4*e^4 - b^5*c^4*d*e^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^5*
e^4 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^2*e^2 + b^4*c^5*d^2*e^2 + 5*a*b^3*c^5*d*e^3 - 4*a^2*b*c^
6*d*e^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*e^2))/c^5 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(b^9*e - 8*a^4*
c^5*d - b^6*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^8*c*d - 33*a^2*b^4*c^3*d + 38*a
^3*b^2*c^4*d + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e + a^3*c^3*e*(-(4*a*c -
b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 11*a*b^7*c*e + 10*a*b^6*c^2*d + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e + b^5*c*d*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 4*a*b^3*c
^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6
*a^2*b^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^
2*c^8)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^7*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^8*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^8*e^3 + 8*a*c^9*d*
e^2))/c^5)*(-(b^9*e - 8*a^4*c^5*d - b^6*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^8*c
*d - 33*a^2*b^4*c^3*d + 38*a^3*b^2*c^4*d + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e - 63*a^3*b^3*c
^3*e + a^3*c^3*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 11*a*b^7*c*e + 10*a*b^6*c^2*d
+ 28*a^4*b*c^4*e + b^5*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e*(-(4*a*c
- b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 4*a*b^3*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d*
(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(1
6*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^2*c^8)))^(1/2) - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(b^8*e^4 +
2*a^4*c^4*e^4 + 20*a^2*b^4*c^2*e^4 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^5*d^2*e
^2 + b^6*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*b^6*c*e^4 - 2*b^7*c*d*e^3 + 9*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*e
^2 + 14*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^3 + 14*a^3*b*c^4*d*e^3 - 6*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 28...
```


3.527 $\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.527.1 Optimal result	3930
3.527.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3931
3.527.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3931
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3.527.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3934
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3.527.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3935
3.527.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3936

3.527.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(bcd - b^2e + ace - \frac{b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(bcd - b^2e + ace + \frac{b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/e-2*b*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+a*c*e+(-3*a*b*c*e+2*a*c^2*d+b^3*e-b^2*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+a*c*e+(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.527.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3be+c(d+ex))}{e} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}(-b^3e+bc(-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+3ae)+b^2(cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace})-ac(2cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace}))}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ace}}}\right)}{3c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-3*b*e + c*(d + e*x)))/e + (3*Sqrt[2]*(-(b^3*e) + b*c*(-(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d) + 3*a*e) + b^2*(c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) - a*c*(2*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (3*Sqrt[2]*(b^3*e - b*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 3*a*e) + a*c*(2*c*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b^2*(-(c*d) + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/(3*c^(5/2))`

3.527.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{be}{c^2} + \frac{d+ex}{c} + \frac{b(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-(-eb^2+cdb+ace)(d+ex)}{c^2 \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right) e \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{3abce-2ac^2d+b^3(-e)+b^2cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + ace+b^2(-e)+bcd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} + \frac{e \left(\frac{3abce-2ac^2d+b^3(-e)+b^2cd}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + ace+b^2(-e)+bcd \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) e$$

input `Int[(x^2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(-((b*e*sqrt[d + e*x])/c^2) + (d + e*x)^(3/2)/(3*c) + (e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e - (b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e)/sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*c^(5/2)*sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e + (b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e)/sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*c^(5/2)*sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

3.527.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.527.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-xce+3be-cd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3ec^2} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{(-3ce^2ba+2ac^2de+b^3e^2-b^2cde+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{1}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} ce \left(\left((ac-b^2)e+bcd \right) \sqrt{4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + (-3abc+b^3)e^2+d(2ac^2-b^2c)e \right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)}}{\sqrt{4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + be\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{8e \left(\frac{(-3ce^2ba+2ac^2de+b^3e^2-b^2cde-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{1}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + be\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{8e \left(\frac{(-3ce^2ba+2ac^2de+b^3e^2-b^2cde-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}b^2e)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{1}$

input `int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{3}(-cex+3be-cd)(ex+d)^{1/2}/e/c^2-8/c*(-1/8*(-3c^2e^2b^2a+2ac^2d^2e+b^3e^2-b^2c^2d^2e+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})a^2ce-(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})b^2e+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2}b^2cd/c/(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((-be+2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2}\operatorname{arctanh}(c(ex+d)^{1/2}/((-be+2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})+1/8(3c^2e^2b^2a-2ac^2d^2e-b^3e^2+b^2c^2d^2e+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})a^2ce-(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})b^2e+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2}b^2cd/c/(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((be-2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2}\operatorname{arctan}(c(ex+d)^{1/2}/((be-2cd+(-e^2(4ac-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2}))$$

3.527.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2966 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2966, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.39

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/6*(3*sqrt(2)*c^2*e*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 5*
a*b^3*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^
3 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*
c^4)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^
2)/(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^6*c - 6*a*
b^4*c^2 + 8*a^2*b^2*c^3)*d - (b^7 - 7*a*b^5*c + 13*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c
^3)*e - (b^4*c^5 - 6*a*b^2*c^6 + 8*a^2*c^7)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^3 +
4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^4
)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^2)/
(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 -
5*a*b^3*c + 5*a^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4
*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3
*b*c^4)*d*e + (b^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)
*e^2)/(b^2*c^10 - 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)) - 4*((a^2*b^3*c - 2*a^3
*b*c^2)*d - (a^2*b^4 - 3*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - 3*sqrt(2
)*c^2*e*sqrt(((b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^3)*d - (b^5 - 5*a*b^3*c + 5*a
^2*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6)*sqrt(((b^6*c^2 - 4*a*b^4*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^2
*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^7*c - 5*a*b^5*c^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^4)*d*e + (b
^8 - 6*a*b^6*c + 11*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^4)*e^2)/(b^2*c^10
- 4*a*c^11)))/(b^2*c^5 - 4*a*c^6))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^6*c - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + ...
```

3.527.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.527.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+dx^2}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.527.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 897 vs. 2(270) = 540.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 897, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e} ((b^3c - 4abc^2)d - (b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)e) c^2 e^2 - 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} bc^3 d^2 \right.$$

$$\left. \left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e} ((b^3c - 4abc^2)d - (b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)e) c^2 e^2 + 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} bc^3 d^2 \right. \right.$$

+

$$+ \frac{2 \left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 e^2 - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} b c e^3 \right)}{3 c^3 e^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2
)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^
3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^2)*sqr
t(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^4
- 2*a*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^3*c^3 - 8*a*b*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)
*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)
*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5 + sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2*e^4 - b*c
^3*d*e^5 + a*c^3*e^6)*c^4*e^4 + (2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5)^2))/(c^4*e^4)))/
((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c))*c)*e)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e)*c^2*e^2
+ 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b
^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*
abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*c^5)*d^2*e - (3*b^3*c^3 - 8*a*b*c^4)*d*e
^2 + (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d*e^4 - b*c^3*e^5
- sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2*e^4 - b*c^3*d*e^5 + a*c^3*e^6)*c^4*e^4 + (2*c^4*d*e^4 -
b*c^3*e^5)^2))/(c^4*e^4)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3
/2)*c^2*e^2 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*b*c*e^3)/(c^3*e^3)

```

3.527.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8171, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.86

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output $(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c*e) - \text{atan}(\frac{(8*(a*b^3*c^3*e^4 - 4*a^2*b*c^4*e^4 - b^4*c^3*d*e^3 + b^3*c^4*d^2*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^5*d^2*e^2 + 4*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^3)/c^3 - (8*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - b^6*c*d - 18*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e + a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 9*a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e - b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 3*a*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)})/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6)))^{(1/2)}*(b^3*c^5*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^6*e^3 + 8*a*c^7*d*e^2)/c^3*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - b^6*c*d - 18*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e + a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 9*a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e - b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 3*a*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)})/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6)))^{(1/2)} - (8*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(b^6*e^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*e^4 + 9*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + b^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 6*a*b^4*c*e^4 - 2*b^5*c*d*e^3 + 10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^3 - 10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e^3 - 4*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^2))/c^3*(-(b^7*e + 8*a^3*c^4*d + b^4*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - b^6*c*d - 18*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e + a^2*c^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 9*a*b^5*c*e + 8*a*b^4*c^2*d - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e - b^3*c*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b*c^2*d*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 3*a*b^2*c*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)})/(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - ...$

3.528 $\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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3.528.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(bcd - b^2e + 2ace - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd - be)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd - be)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e-(-b*e+c*d)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e+(-b*e+c*d)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.528.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(-ibcd - c\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} + ib^2e - 2iace + b\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) - (ibcd - c\sqrt{-b^2+4acd} - ib^2e + 2iace) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x] - (((-1)*b*c*d - c*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + I*b^2*e - (2*I)*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - ((I*b*c*d - c*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - I*b^2*e + (2*I)*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/c^(3/2)`

3.528.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {1196, 25, 1197, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1196$$

$$\int \frac{ae - (cd-be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \int \frac{ae-(cd-be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1197} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{cd^2-bed+ae^2-(cd-be)(d+ex)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1480} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}((b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e^{-2cd})+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}((b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e^{-2cd})+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)} - \frac{(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd-be)+2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*(-(((b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d - b*e))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*sqrt[2*c*d - (b - sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) + ((b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d - b*e))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[d + e*x])/sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[c]*sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*sqrt[2*c*d - (b + sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/c`

3.528.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1196 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d - b*e*g + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1197 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

3.528.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + bcde + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ac e^2 + b^2 e^2 - bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(-2ac e^2 + b^2 e^2 - bcde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + bcde + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*a*c*e^2-b^2*e^2+b*c*d*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b
*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2
*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((
-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-(-2*a*c*e^2+b^2*e^2-b*c*d*e
+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b
^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

3.528.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1721 vs. 2(241) = 482.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1721, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.00

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```

output 1/2*(sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 -
4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c +
a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3
*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4
)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2
)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e
+ (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4
- 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) + 4
*(a*b*c*d - (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2
*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*
(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^
7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d - (b^4 - 5*a
*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c
- a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*s
qrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b
^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b
^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) + 4*(a*b*c*d - (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e)
*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(2)*c*sqrt(((b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e
- (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 -
2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^2)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*1...

```

3.528.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)
```

```
output Integral(x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.528.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.528.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 758 vs. 2(241) = 482.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 758, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e}((b^2c - 4ac^2)d - (b^3 - 4abc)e)c^2e^2 - 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3}d^2 - \sqrt{b^2 - 4$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e}((b^2c - 4ac^2)d - (b^3 - 4abc)e)c^2e^2 + 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3}d^2 - \sqrt{b^2 - 4$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)/c + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*
 ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c
 ^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-
 4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^4*d^2*e
 - (3*b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d +
 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-
 (2*c^2*d - b*c*e + sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2))*c^2 + (2*c^2*d -
 b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e
 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e)*c^2*e^2
 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^3*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2
 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c
)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^4*d^2*e - (3*b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b
 *c^3)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt
 (1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e - sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e +
 a*c*e^2))*c^2 + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - s
 qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e))`

3.528.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5664, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.74

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

3.529 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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3.529.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

```
output -arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
```

3.529.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{(-2icd + (ib + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd + be - i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cd + (b - i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e}} + \frac{(2icd + (-ib + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd + be + i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cd + (b + i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac})e}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2 + 4ac}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(((((-2*I)*c*d + (I*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e] + (((2*I)*c*d + ((-I)*b + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])`

3.529.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {1148, 1450, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1148}$$

$$2e \int \frac{d+ex}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1450}$$

$$2e \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e - 2cd \right) + c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e + 2cd \right) + c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2e \left(- \frac{\left(\frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{2cd - be}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `2*e*(-(((1 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])) - (((1 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))`

3.529.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1148 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2]/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e Subst[Int[x^2/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1450 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^m)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 2]`

3.529.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} - \frac{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}}{\sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$8ec \left(\frac{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} - \frac{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}}{\sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)$
default	$8ec \left(\frac{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} - \frac{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}}{\sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{\left(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \right) c}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*2^(1/2)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))/(b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-(-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

3.529.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 715 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be+(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{2}(b^2c-4ac^2) \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}} \sqrt{\frac{2cd-be-(b^2c-4ac^2)\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{b^2c^2-4ac^3}}}{b^2c-4ac^2}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output -1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(-sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2))*log(-sqrt(2)*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))*sqrt((2*c*d - b*e - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt(e^2/(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)))/(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)) + 2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e)
```

3.529.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.529.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)
```

3.529.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 445 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}(b^2-4ac)e^3-(4c^2d^2e-4bcde^2+b^2e^3)\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{4(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}c^2d^2-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcde+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ace^2)|c|} - \frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}(b^2-4ac)e^3-(4c^2d^2e-4bcde^2+b^2e^3)\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{4(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}c^2d^2-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcde+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ace^2)|c|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3 - (4*c^2*d^2*e - 4*b*c*d*e^2 + b^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c*d - b*e + sqrt((2*c*d - b*e)^2 - 4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c))/c))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3 - (4*c^2*d^2*e - 4*b*c*d*e^2 + b^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c*d - b*e - sqrt((2*c*d - b*e)^2 - 4*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c))/c))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e))`

3.530 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.530.1 Optimal result	3955
3.530.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3956
3.530.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3956
3.530.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3958
3.530.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3959
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3.530.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3960
3.530.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3961

3.530.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))*d^(1/2)/a+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b*d-2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b*d-2*a*e-d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.530.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(bd+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-bd+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} + 2\sqrt{d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(-(b*d) + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + 2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a)`

3.530.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax} + \frac{e(cd^2-bed-c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{a(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ce} (d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae+bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} - \frac{\sqrt{ce} (-d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae+bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} - \frac{\sqrt{dea}}{e} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-((Sqrt[d]*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

3.530.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.530.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-2e^2 a + bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})d}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right) - \frac{(2e^2 a - bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})d}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \frac{1}{ae^2}$
default	$2e^2 \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-2e^2 a + bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})d}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \right) - \frac{(2e^2 a - bde - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})d}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)}\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})c}} \frac{1}{ae^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})})} c c \left(e^2 a - \frac{bde}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})} d}{2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})})c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})})} c c \left(e^2 a - \frac{bde}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})} d}{2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2(ac - \frac{b^2}{4})})c}} \right) \frac{1}{ae^2}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*e^2*(4/a/e^2*c*(1/8*(-2*e^2*a+b*d*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/8*(2*e^2*a-b*d*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-d^(1/2)/a/e^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)))
```

3.530. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.530.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1220 vs. $2(225) = 450$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2446, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*(sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt(
(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c))
*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b
*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*sqrt(-(a*b*
e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*
e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a*c*e)*sqrt(e
*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*
sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^
3*c))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e + (a^2*b^3 - 4
*a^3*b*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*sqrt(
-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e
+ a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a*c*e)*
sqrt(e*x + d)) + sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2 - 4*a
^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e - (a^2*b^
3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))*
sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b
*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)) - 4*(b*c*d - a*
c*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*a*sqrt(-(a*b*e - (b^2 - 2*a*c)*d - (a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c)*sqrt((b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)))/(...
```

3.530.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

3.530.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

3.530.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 719 vs. 2(225) = 450.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{a\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e(b^2 - 4ac)a^2de^2 - 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}acd^2 - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}abde + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}ad^2) \right)$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e(b^2 - 4ac)a^2de^2 + 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}acd^2 - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}abde + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}ad^2) \right)$$

+

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*d*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(
b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*d*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*a*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-
4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c*d^2*
e + 2*a^3*b*e^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b
*e + sqrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*
c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*d*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c
*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*
d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c*d^2*e + 2*
a^3*b*e^3 - (a^2*b^2 + 4*a^3*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e - s
qrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*c)))/((
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))

```

3.530.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10894, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \operatorname{atan}\left(\left(\left(b^4d + 8a^2c^2d - ab^3e + a e(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - b d(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - 6ab^2cd + 4a^2bce\right) / \left(2(a^2b^4 + 16a^4c^2 - 8a^3b^2c)\right) \\
& \left(\left(b^4d + 8a^2c^2d - ab^3e + a e(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - b d(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - 6ab^2cd + 4a^2bce \\
& \left(2(a^2b^4 + 16a^4c^2 - 8a^3b^2c)\right) \left(d + ex\right)^{1/2} \left(\left(b^4d + 8a^2c^2d - ab^3e + a e(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - b d(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} \\
& - 6ab^2cd + 4a^2bce\right) / \left(2(a^2b^4 + 16a^4c^2 - 8a^3b^2c)\right) \\
& \left(512a^5c^4e^{10} + 32a^3b^4c^2e^{10} - 256a^4b^2c^3e^{10} + 768a^4c^5d^2e^8 + 64a^2b^4c^3d^2e^8 - 448a^3b^2c^4d^2e^8 - 896a^4b^3c^4d^2e^9 - 64a^2b^5c^2d^2e^9 + 480a^3b^3c^3d^2e^9\right) \\
& - 384a^4c^4d^2e^{10} - 384a^3c^5d^3e^8 + 96a^2b^2c^4d^3e^8 - 96a^2b^3c^3d^2e^9 + 384a^3b^3c^4d^2e^9 + 96a^3b^2c^3d^2e^{10} \\
& - (d + ex)^{1/2} \left(128a^3b^3c^3e^{11} + 192a^3c^4d^2e^{10} - 32a^2b^3c^2e^{11} + 576a^2c^5d^3e^8 + 64b^4c^3d^3e^8 - 64b^5c^2d^2e^9 + 64a^2b^4c^2d^2e^{10} - 384a^2b^2c^4d^3e^8 + 384a^2b^3c^3d^2e^9 - 576a^2b^3c^4d^2e^9 - 288a^2b^2c^3d^2e^{10}\right) \\
& \left(\left(b^4d + 8a^2c^2d - ab^3e + a e(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - b d(-4ac - b^2)^3\right)^{1/2} - 6ab^2cd + 4a^2bce\right) / \left(2(a^2b^4 + 16a^4c^2 - 8a^3b^2c)\right) \\
& \left(96a^5c^4d^2e^8 + 96a^2c^4d^2e^{10} - 32b^2c^4d^4e^8 + 32b^4c^2d^2e^{10} + 64a^2b^3c^4d^3e^9 - 32a^2b^3c^2d^2e^{11} + 160a^2b^3c^3d^2e^{11} - \dots\right)
\end{aligned}$$

3.531 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.531.1 Optimal result	3963
3.531.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3964
3.531.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3964
3.531.4 Maple [A] (verified)	3966
3.531.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3967
3.531.6 Sympy [F]	3968
3.531.7 Maxima [F]	3969
3.531.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3969
3.531.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3970

3.531.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 368

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{ax} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2(bd-ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{d}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d-2acd-abe+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d-b(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d+ae)-a(2cd-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output

```
e*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a/d^(1/2)+2*(-a*e+b*d)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a^2/d^(1/2)-(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/x-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^2*d-2*a*c*d-a*b*e+(-a*e+b*d)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(b^2*d-2*a*c*d-a*b*e-(-a*e+b*d)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.531.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d-2acd+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d-abe-a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-b^2d+2acd+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d+abe-a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((-(a*Sqrt[d + e*x])/x) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*b*e - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*(-(b^2*d) + 2*a*c*d + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*b*e - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((2*b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[d])/a^2`

3.531.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1199}$$

$$2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax^2} - \frac{bd-ae}{a^2x} - \frac{e(b(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-c(bd-ae)(d+ex))}{a^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)-abe-2acd+b^2d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(bd-ae)-abe-2acd+b^2d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \right) e$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output $(2*(-1/2*(e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(a*x) + (e^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(2*a*\text{Sqrt}[d]) + (e*(b*d - a*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[d]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b*d - a*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*(b^2*d - 2*a*c*d - a*b*e - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(b*d - a*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))))/e$

3.531.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n)/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && Integer Q[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.531.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left(\frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{ex+d}}{2x} - \frac{(ae-2bd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}}{a^2e^3} + \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-abe^2-2acde+b^2de-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ae+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}bd)\sqrt{2}}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{4c} \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left(\frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{ex+d}}{2x} - \frac{(ae-2bd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}}{a^2e^3} + \frac{4c \left(\frac{(-abe^2-2acde+b^2de-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ae+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}bd)\sqrt{2}}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{4c} \right)$
risch	$e \left(\frac{(-ae+2bd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ae\sqrt{d}} + \frac{8c \left(\frac{(abe^2+2acde-b^2de+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ae-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}bd)\sqrt{2}}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}} \right)}{8c} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax}$
pseudoelliptic	$2\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2(ac-\frac{b^2}{4})})}c\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{(\sqrt{d}ea-bd^{\frac{3}{2}})\sqrt{-4e^2(ac-\frac{b^2}{4})}}{2} + ((ac-\frac{b^2}{2})d^{\frac{3}{2}}+\frac{b\sqrt{d}ea}{2})e \right) xc \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d}ea-bd^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-4e^2(ac-\frac{b^2}{4})}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*e^3*(1/a^2/e^3*(-1/2*a*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/x-1/2*(a*e-2*b*d)/d^(1/2)*arctanh((
e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)))+4/a^2/e^3*c*(-1/8*(-a*b*e^2-2*a*c*d*e+b^2*d*e-(-e^2
*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*b*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*
x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/8*(a
*b*e^2+2*a*c*d*e-b^2*d*e-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2)*b*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^
2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b
2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

3.531.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2427 vs. 2(298) = 596.

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4860, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `[1/2*(sqrt(2)*a^2*d*x*sqrt(((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 2*a^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 3*a^2*b*c)*e + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*sqrt(((b^6 - 4*a*b^4*c + 4*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3*c + 2*a^3*b*c^2)*d*e + (a^2*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a^8*b^2 - 4*a^9*c)))/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c))*log(sqrt(2)*((b^6 - 6*a*b^4*c + 8*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^5 - 5*a^2*b^3*c + 4*a^3*b*c^2)*e - (a^4*b^4 - 6*a^5*b^2*c + 8*a^6*c^2)*sqrt(((b^6 - 4*a*b^4*c + 4*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3*c + 2*a^3*b*c^2)*d*e + (a^2*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a^8*b^2 - 4*a^9*c)))*sqrt(((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 2*a^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 3*a^2*b*c)*e + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*sqrt(((b^6 - 4*a*b^4*c + 4*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3*c + 2*a^3*b*c^2)*d*e + (a^2*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a^8*b^2 - 4*a^9*c)))/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)) + 4*((b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*d - (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*e)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - sqrt(2)*a^2*d*x*sqrt(((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 2*a^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 3*a^2*b*c)*e + (a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c)*sqrt(((b^6 - 4*a*b^4*c + 4*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3*c + 2*a^3*b*c^2)*d*e + (a^2*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a^8*b^2 - 4*a^9*c)))/(a^4*b^2 - 4*a^5*c))*log(-sqrt(2)*((b^6 - 6*a*b^4*c + 8*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^5 - 5*a^2*b^3*c + 4*a^3*b*c^2)*e - (a^4*b^4 - 6*a^5*b^2*c + 8*a^6*c^2)*sqrt(((b^6 - 4*a*b^4*c + 4*a^2*b^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^5 - 3*a^2*b^3*c + 2*a^3*b*c^2)*d*e + (a^2*b^4 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^4*c^2)*e^2)/(a^8*b^2 - 4*a^9*c)))*sqrt(((b^4 - 4*a*b^2*c + 2*a^2*c^2)*d - (...`

3.531.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**2*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.531.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

3.531.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 776 vs. 2(298) = 596.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(2bd-ae) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4acc})}e((b^3-4abc)d-(ab^2-4a^2c)e)e^2-2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcd^2-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ae^2)\right)}{a^2\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4acc})}e((b^3-4abc)d-(ab^2-4a^2c)e)e^2+2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}bcd^2-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ae^2)\right)}{a^2\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(2*b*d - a*e)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a^2*sqrt(-d)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-
4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d - (a*b^2 - 4
*a^2*c)*e)*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^2*d*e
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)
*e)*abs(e) + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c
^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/
sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2)*a^2
*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)) - 1
/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d -
(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e)*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
)*b^2*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(e) + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)
*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt
(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^
3*e^2)*a^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2
*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*a
bs(e)) - sqrt(e*x + d)/(a*x)

```

3.531.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19887, normalized size of antiderivative = 54.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output $(\operatorname{atan}(\frac{((a e - 2 b d) * ((8 * (d + e x)^{(1/2)}) * (6 a^4 c^5 e^{12} + 4 a^2 c^7 d^4 e^8 + 6 a^3 c^6 d^2 e^{10} + 4 b^4 c^5 d^4 e^8 + 21 a^2 b^2 c^5 d^2 e^{10} - 18 a^3 b c^5 d e^{11} - 8 a b^2 c^6 d^4 e^8 - 12 a b^3 c^5 d^3 e^9))}{a^4} - ((a e - 2 b d) * ((8 * (16 a^5 b c^4 e^{12} + 20 a^5 c^5 d e^{11} + a^3 b^5 c^2 e^{12} - 8 a^4 b^3 c^3 e^{12} + 20 a^4 c^6 d^3 e^9 + 40 a^2 b^3 c^5 d^4 e^8 - 20 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^3 e^9 - 27 a^2 b^5 c^3 d^2 e^{10} - 20 a^3 b^2 c^5 d^3 e^9 + 84 a^3 b^3 c^4 d^2 e^{10} - 8 a b^5 c^4 d^4 e^8 + 6 a b^6 c^3 d^3 e^9 + 2 a b^7 c^2 d^2 e^{10} - 3 a^2 b^6 c^2 d e^{11} - 32 a^3 b c^6 d^4 e^8 + 28 a^3 b^4 c^3 d e^{11} - 36 a^4 b c^5 d^2 e^{10} - 68 a^4 b^2 c^4 d e^{11}))/a^4} - ((a e - 2 b d) * ((8 * (d + e x)^{(1/2)}) * (60 a^6 b c^4 e^{11} + 16 a^6 c^5 d e^{10} + 5 a^4 b^5 c^2 e^{11} - 35 a^5 b^3 c^3 e^{11} + 40 a^5 c^6 d^3 e^8 - 8 a^2 b^6 c^3 d^3 e^8 + 8 a^2 b^7 c^2 d^2 e^9 + 56 a^3 b^4 c^4 d^3 e^8 - 52 a^3 b^5 c^3 d^2 e^9 - 108 a^4 b^2 c^5 d^3 e^8 + 68 a^4 b^3 c^4 d^2 e^9 - 12 a^3 b^6 c^2 d e^{10} + 87 a^4 b^4 c^3 d e^{10} + 56 a^5 b c^5 d^2 e^9 - 162 a^5 b^2 c^4 d e^{10}))/a^4} - (((8 * (32 a^8 c^4 e^{11} + 2 a^6 b^4 c^2 e^{11} - 16 a^7 b^2 c^3 e^{11} + 32 a^7 c^5 d^2 e^9 + 8 a^5 b^3 c^4 d^3 e^8 - 6 a^5 b^4 c^3 d^2 e^9 + 16 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^2 e^9 - 64 a^7 b c^4 d e^{10} - 2 a^5 b^5 c^2 d e^{10} - 32 a^6 b c^5 d^3 e^8 + 24 a^6 b^3 c^3 d e^{10}))/a^4} - (4 * (a e - 2 b d) * (d + e x)^{(1/2)}) * (64 a^9 c^4 e^{10} + 4 a^7 b^4 c^2 e^{10} - 32 a^8 b^2 c^3 e^{10} + 96 a^8 c^5 d^2 e^8 + 8 a^6 b^4 c^3 d^2 e^8 - 56 a^7 b^2 c^4 d^2 e^8 - 112 \dots$

3.532 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.532.1 Optimal result	3972
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3.532.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 531

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ax^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4adx}$$

$$+ \frac{(bd-ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^2dx} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4ad^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{e(bd-ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2d^{3/2}} - \frac{2(b^2d-acd-abe) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{d}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d-ac(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae)+b^2(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-ae)-ab(3cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d-b^2(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae)+ac(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae)-ab(3cd-\sqrt{b^2-4ace})) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/4*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a/d^{(3/2)}-e*(-a*e+b*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a^2/d^{(3/2)}-2*(-a*b*e-a*c*d+b^2*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a^3/d^{(1/2)}-1/2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/x^2+3/4*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/d/x+ \\ & (-a*e+b*d)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a^2/d/x+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d-a*c*(-2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})+b^2*(-a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})-a*b*(3*c*d+e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}- \\ & \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d-b^2*(a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})+a*c*(2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})-a*b*(3*c*d-e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.532.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{d+ex}(4bdx-a(2d+ex))}{dx^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-b^3d+ac(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d-2ae))+b^2(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}d+ae)+ab(3cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(4*b*d*x - a*(2*d + e*x)))/(d*x^2) + (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]* \\ & (-b^3*d) + a*c*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*(-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d \\ &) + a*e) + a*b*(3*c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt} \\ & [d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\operatorname{S} \\ & \operatorname{qrt}[-2*c*d + (b - \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(b^3*d - b^2 \\ & *(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e) + a*c*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) + a*b*(-3 \\ & *c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[- \\ & 2*c*d + (b + \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b + \\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((-8*b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a*(8*c*d^2 + a*e^2))* \\ & \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]])/d^{(3/2)})/(4*a^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.532.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d}{ax^3} + \frac{db^2 - aeb - acd}{a^3x} + \frac{e((b^2 - ac)(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - c(db^2 - aeb - acd)(d + ex))}{a^3(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))} - \frac{bd - ae}{a^2x^2} \right) d\sqrt{d + ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)(-abe - acd + b^2d)}{a^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(b^2(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - ae) - ab(e\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + 3cd) - ac(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac} - 2ae) + b^3d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cd-e}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-1/4*(e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*x^2) + (3*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(8*a*d*x) + (e*(b*d - a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a^2*d*x) - (3*e^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(8*a*d^(3/2)) - (e^2*(b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(2*a^2*d^(3/2)) - (e*(b^2*d - a*c*d - a*b*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(a^3*Sqrt[d]) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d - a*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e) + b^2*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d - b^2*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e) + a*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

3.532.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.532.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

3.532. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

method	result
risch	$e^{-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(aex-4bdx+2ad)}{4da^2x^2}} \left(\frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8cd^2a-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ea\sqrt{d}} - \frac{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)}{32dc} \right)$
derivativdivides	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8d} + \left(\frac{1}{2}abde + \frac{1}{8}e^2a^2\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2x^2} - \frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8cd^2a-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)}{4c}$
default	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8d} + \left(\frac{1}{2}abde + \frac{1}{8}e^2a^2\right)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2x^2} - \frac{(e^2a^2+4abde+8cd^2a-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{(-2a^2ce^2+ab^2e^2+3abcde)}{4c}$
pseudoelliptic	$-8 \left(\frac{\left(-ad^{\frac{3}{2}}be-d^{\frac{5}{2}}(ac-b^2)\right)\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4}\right)}}{2} + \left(ae\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2}\right)d^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3bd^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{3}\right)}{2} \right) e \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4}\right)} \right)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*x-4*b*d*x+2*a*d)/d/a^2/x^2-1/4/a^2/d*e*(-1/e*(a^2*
e^2+4*a*b*d*e+8*a*c*d^2-8*b^2*d^2)/a/d^(1/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
)-32*d/a/e*c*(-1/8*(-2*a^2*c*e^2+a*b^2*e^2+3*a*b*c*d*e-b^3*d*e+(-e^2*(4*a*
c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*b*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*d-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)
)*b^2*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(
1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-
b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/8*(2*a^2*c*e^2-a*b^2*e^2-3*a*b*c*d*e+b^3*d*e+(-e^
2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*b*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*a*c*d-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2)
)^(1/2)*b^2*d)/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-
b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*
a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

3.532.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3710 vs. 2(450) = 900.

Time = 104.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7425, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Too large to include
```

3.532.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(x**3*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```


3.532.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

3.532.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1043 vs. 2(450) = 900.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1043, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e}((b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)d - (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)e)a^2e^2 - 2((ab^2c - a^2c^2)\sqrt{d+ex}) \right)$$

—

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})e}((b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)d - (ab^3 - 4a^2bc)e)a^2e^2 + 2((ab^2c - a^2c^2)\sqrt{d+ex}) \right)$$

+

$$+ \frac{(8b^2d^2 - 8acd^2 - 4abde - a^2e^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{4a^3\sqrt{-dd}}$$

$$+ \frac{4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bde - 4\sqrt{ex+d}bd^2e - (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ae^2 - \sqrt{ex+d}ade^2}{4a^2de^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c +
4*a^2*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*e)*a^2*e^2 - 2*((a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sq
rt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2 - (a*b^3 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 -
a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - (a^2*b^4 - a^3*
b^2*c - 4*a^4*c^2)*d*e^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 2*a^4*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b
*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^
3*c*d - a^3*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e + a^4*e^2))*a^3*c + (2*a^3
*c*d - a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4
*a*c)*a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(
sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2
*c^2)*d - (a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*e)*a^2*e^2 + 2*((a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*d^2 - (a*b^3 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 - a^3*c
)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*
abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^2*e - (a^2*b^4 - a^3*b^2*c
- 4*a^4*c^2)*d*e^2 + (a^3*b^3 - 2*a^4*b*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + s
qrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^3*c*d
- a^3*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e + a^4*e^2))*a^3*c + (2*a^3*c*d -
a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(8*b...
```

3.532.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33838, normalized size of antiderivative = 63.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output $\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\begin{aligned} &(((((128a^{12}c^4d^5e^{12} + 768a^{10}c^6d^5e^8 + 896a^{11}c^5d^3e^{10} \\ &+ 128a^8b^4c^4d^5e^8 - 96a^8b^5c^3d^4e^9 - 32a^8b^6c^2d^3e^{10} \\ &- 704a^9b^2c^5d^5e^8 + 448a^9b^3c^4d^4e^9 + 392a^9b^4c^3d^3e^{10} \\ &+ 24a^9b^5c^2d^2e^{11} - 1280a^{10}b^2c^4d^3e^{10} - 192a^{10}b^3c^3d^2e^{11} \\ &- 256a^{10}b^4c^2d^2e^9 + 8a^{10}b^4c^2d^2e^{12} + 384a^{11}b^3c^3d^2e^{11} \\ &- 64a^{11}b^2c^3d^2e^{12}))/((2a^8d^2) - ((d + ex)^{1/2} * ((b^8d + 8a^4c^4d - b^5d * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - ab^7e + 33a^2b^4c^2d - 38a^3b^2c^3d - 25a^3b^3c^2e + a^3c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 10ab^6cd + ab^4e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + 9a^2b^5c^2e + 20a^4b^3c^3e + 4ab^3cd * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 3a^2b^2c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2}) / (2(a^6b^4 + 16a^8c^2 - 8a^7b^2c))^{1/2} * (1536a^{12}c^5d^4e^8 + 1024a^{13}c^4d^2e^{10} + 128a^{10}b^4c^3d^4e^8 - 128a^{10}b^5c^2d^3e^9 - 896a^{11}b^2c^4d^4e^8 + 960a^{11}b^3c^3d^3e^9 + 64a^{11}b^4c^2d^2e^{10} - 512a^{12}b^2c^3d^2e^{10} - 1792a^{12}b^3c^4d^3e^9) / (2a^8d^2) * ((b^8d + 8a^4c^4d - b^5d * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - ab^7e + 33a^2b^4c^2d - 38a^3b^2c^3d - 25a^3b^3c^2e + a^3c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 10ab^6cd + ab^4e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + 9a^2b^5c^2e + 20a^4b^3c^3e + 4ab^3cd * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 3a^2b^2c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} / \dots \end{aligned}}{2(a^6b^4 + 16a^8c^2 - 8a^7b^2c))^{1/2} * (1536a^{12}c^5d^4e^8 + 1024a^{13}c^4d^2e^{10} + 128a^{10}b^4c^3d^4e^8 - 128a^{10}b^5c^2d^3e^9 - 896a^{11}b^2c^4d^4e^8 + 960a^{11}b^3c^3d^3e^9 + 64a^{11}b^4c^2d^2e^{10} - 512a^{12}b^2c^3d^2e^{10} - 1792a^{12}b^3c^4d^3e^9) / (2a^8d^2) * ((b^8d + 8a^4c^4d - b^5d * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - ab^7e + 33a^2b^4c^2d - 38a^3b^2c^3d - 25a^3b^3c^2e + a^3c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 10ab^6cd + ab^4e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + 9a^2b^5c^2e + 20a^4b^3c^3e + 4ab^3cd * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 3a^2b^2c^2e * (-4ac - b^2)^3)^{1/2} / \dots$

3.533 $\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

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3.533.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 650

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(b^3cd - 2abc^2d - b^4e + 3ab^2ce - a^2c^2e)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^5}$$

$$- \frac{2b(b^2 - 2ac)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^4} + \frac{2(c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 + ce(bd - ae))(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{2(2cd + be)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7c^2e^3} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9ce^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((bcd - b^2e + ace)(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce) + \frac{2b^5cde - 10ab^3c^2de + 10a^2bc^3de - b^6e^2 + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - 6ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c^{11/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((bcd - b^2e + ace)(b^2cd - 2ac^2d - b^3e + 3abce) - \frac{2b^5cde - 10ab^3c^2de + 10a^2bc^3de - b^6e^2 + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - 6ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)}{c^{11/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*b*(-2*a*c+b^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^4+2/5*(c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2+c*e*(-a*e+b*d)) \\ & *(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c^3/e^3-2/7*(b*e+2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/c^2/e^3+2/9*(e*x+d)^(\\ & 9/2)/c/e^3-2*(-a^2*c^2*e+3*a*b^2*c*e-2*a*b*c^2*d-b^4*e+b^3*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1 \\ & /2)/c^5+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/ \\ & 2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*((a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d) \\ & + (2*b^5*c*d*e-10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e+10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e-b^6*e^2+a*b^2*c^2*(-9*a* \\ & e^2+4*c*d^2)-b^4*c*(-6*a*e^2+c*d^2)-2*a^2*c^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)})/c^{(11/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^(1/2)*c^ \\ & (1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*((a*c* \\ & e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(3*a*b*c*e-2*a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)+(-2*b^5*c*d*e+10*a*b^3* \\ & c^2*d*e-10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e+b^6*e^2-a*b^2*c^2*(-9*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)+b^4*c*(-6*a* \\ & e^2+c*d^2)+2*a^2*c^3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^{(11/2)}/(2*c*d-e \\ & *(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.533.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 901, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(315b^4e^4 - 105b^2ce^3(4bd + 9ae + bex) - 9c^3e(d+ex)^2(-2bd + 7ae + 5bex) + ib^6e^2 + b^5e(-2icd + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ace})) + ib^4c(cd^2 + 2i\sqrt{-b^2 + 4acde} - 6ae^2) + ab^2c^2(-4icd^2 + 6\sqrt{-b^2 + 4acde})}{(-ib^6e^2 + b^5e(2icd + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4ace})) + b^4c(-icd^2 - 2\sqrt{-b^2 + 4acde} + 6iae^2) + ab^2c^2(4icd^2 + 6\sqrt{-b^2 + 4acde})}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

```
output (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(315*b^4*e^4 - 105*b^2*c*e^3*(4*b*d + 9*a*e + b*e*x) - 9*
c^3*e*(d + e*x)^2*(-2*b*d + 7*a*e + 5*b*e*x) + c^4*(d + e*x)^2*(8*d^2 - 20
*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 21*c^2*e^2*(15*a^2*e^2 + 3*b^2*(d + e*x)^2 + 10*a*b
*e*(4*d + e*x)))/(315*c^5*e^3) - ((I*b^6*e^2 + b^5*e*((-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-
b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + I*b^4*c*(c*d^2 + (2*I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e - 6*a*e^2)
+ a*b^2*c^2*((-4*I)*c*d^2 + 6*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e + (9*I)*a*e^2) + a*b
*c^2*(3*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 - 2*c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (5*I)*a*e
)) + b^3*c*(-4*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (10*
I)*a*e)) - (2*I)*a^2*c^3*(-(c*d^2) + e*((-I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e))
)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 +
4*a*c]*e]]/(c^(11/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^
2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - (((-I)*b^6*e^2 + b^5*e*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e
) + b^4*c*((-I)*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e + (6*I)*a*e^2) + a*b^2*c^
2*((4*I)*c*d^2 + 6*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d*e - (9*I)*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*a*Sq
rt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 - 2*c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (5*I)*a*e)) + b^3*c*(
-4*a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (10*I)*a*e)) + (
2*I)*a^2*c^3*(-(c*d^2) + e*(I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2
]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(c^
(11/2)*Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e])
```

3.533.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 659, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^4}{ce^2} - \frac{(2cd+be)(d+ex)^3}{c^2e^2} + \frac{(c^2d^2+b^2e^2+ce(bd-ae))(d+ex)^2}{c^3e^2} - \frac{b(b^2-2ac)e(d+ex)}{c^4} - \frac{e(-eb^4+cdb^3+3aceb^2-2ac^2db-a^2c^2e)}{c^5} \right) dx + e$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(\frac{10a^2bc^3de - 2a^2c^3(cd^2 - ae^2) - b^4c(cd^2 - 6ae^2) - 10ab^3c^2de + ab^2c^2(4cd^2 - 9ae^2) + b^6(-e^2) + 2b^5cde}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + (ace + b^2(-e) + bcd)(3abce - 2ac^2d + b^3(-e) + b^2) \right)}{\sqrt{2c^{11/2}} \sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(-((e*(b^3*c*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d - b^4*e + 3*a*b^2*c*e - a^2*c^2*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^5) - (b*(b^2 - 2*a*c)*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c^4) + ((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 + c*e*(b*d - a*e))*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*c^3*e^2) - ((2*c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*c^2*e^2) + (d + e*x)^(9/2)/(9*c*e^2) + (e*((b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e)*(b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e) + (2*b^5*c*d*e - 10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e + 10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e - b^6*e^2 + a*b^2*c^2*(4*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2) - b^4*c*(c*d^2 - 6*a*e^2) - 2*a^2*c^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(11/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*((b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e)*(b^2*c*d - 2*a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 3*a*b*c*e) - (2*b^5*c*d*e - 10*a*b^3*c^2*d*e + 10*a^2*b*c^3*d*e - b^6*e^2 + a*b^2*c^2*(4*c*d^2 - 9*a*e^2) - b^4*c*(c*d^2 - 6*a*e^2) - 2*a^2*c^3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(11/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

3.533.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.533.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\frac{3 \left((ac-b^2)e+bcd \right) \left(abc-\frac{1}{3}b^3 \right) e^{-\frac{2d \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2} \right) c}{3}} \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}}{2} + e \left(\left(-\frac{9}{2}a^2b^2c^2+3ab^4c+a^3c^3-\frac{1}{2}b^6 \right) e^2+5db(a^2c^2-a \right. \right.$
derivativides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$2 * \left(\left(\frac{3}{2} * \left((a*c-b^2) * e + b*c*d \right) * \left((a*b*c-1/3*b^3) * e^{-2/3*d*(a*c-1/2*b^2)*c} * (-4 * e^2 * (a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2} + e * \left((-9/2*a^2*b^2*c^2+3*a*b^4*c+a^3*c^3-1/2*b^6) * e^2+5*d*b*(a^2*c^2-a*b^2*c+1/5*b^4) * c * e^{-d^2*(a^2*c^2-2*a*b^2*c+1/2*b^4) * c^2} \right) \right)^{1/2} * \left((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c \right)^{1/2} * e^3 * \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c*(e*x+d)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2}}{(-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c} \right)^{1/2} \right) + \left(2^{1/2} * e^3 * \left(-3/2 * \left((a*c-b^2) * e + b*c*d \right) * \left((a*b*c-1/3*b^3) * e^{-2/3*d*(a*c-1/2*b^2)*c} * (-4 * e^2 * (a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2} + e * \left((-9/2*a^2*b^2*c^2+3*a*b^4*c+a^3*c^3-1/2*b^6) * e^2+5*d*b*(a^2*c^2-a*b^2*c+1/5*b^4) * c * e^{-d^2*(a^2*c^2-2*a*b^2*c+1/2*b^4) * c^2} \right) \right) * \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{c*(e*x+d)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2}}{(b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c} \right) + (-4 * e^2 * (a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2} * \left((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2 * (a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c \right)^{1/2} * \left((1/9*c^4*x^4-1/5*(5/7*b*x+a) * x^2*c^3+(2/3 * a*b*x+1/5*b^2*x^2+a^2) * c^2+(-1/3*b^3*x-3*b^2*a) * c+b^4) * e^4+8/3*d*(5/84*c^3*x^3-3/20*(4/7*b*x+a) * x*c^2+b*(3/20*b*x+a) * c-1/2*b^3) * c * e^{-3-1/5*d^2*(-1/2 * 1*c^2*x^2+(1/7*b*x+a) * c-b^2) * c^2 * e^2+2/35*d^3*(-2/9*c*x+b) * c^3 * e+8/315*c^4 * d^4) * (e*x+d)^{1/2} \right) * \left((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c \right)^{1/2} \right) / \left((-4 * e^2 * (a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2} / \left((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{1/2}) * c \right)^{1/2} \right) * e^3 / c^5$$

3.533.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14340 vs. $2(592) = 1184$.

Time = 17.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14340, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.06

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.533.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.533.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^4/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.533.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1612 vs. 2(592) = 1184.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1612, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c^2 - 6*a*b^3*c^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^6*c - 7*a*b^4*c^2 + 13*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^3*c^4)*d*e + (b^7 - 8*a*b^5*c + 19*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 12*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^3*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^4*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^4 + a^2*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^3 + a^3*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^4*c^5 - 4*a*b^2*c^6 + 2*a^2*c^7)*d^3*e - (5*b^5*c^4 - 24*a*b^3*c^5 + 22*a^2*b*c^6)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^6*c^3 - 11*a*b^4*c^4 + 14*a^2*b^2*c^5 - 2*a^3*c^6)*d*e^3 - (b^7*c^2 - 6*a*b^5*c^3 + 9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^3*b*c^5)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^10*d*e^30 - b*c^9*e^31 + sqrt(-4*(c^10*d^2*e^30 - b*c^9*d*e^31 + a*c^9*e^32))*c^10*e^30 + (2*c^10*d*e^30 - b*c^9*e^31)^2))/(c^10*e^30)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^8*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^7*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^7*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^5*c^2 - 6*a*b^3*c^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^6*c - 7*a*b^4*c^2 + 13*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 4*a^3*c^4)*d*e + (b^7 - 8*a*b^5*c + 19*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 12*a^3*b*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^3*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^4*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^4 + a^2*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (...`

3.533.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31485, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.44

$$\int \frac{x^4(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output $(d + ex)^{1/2} * ((2*d^4)/(c*e^3) - ((a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4) * ((12*d^2)/(c*e^3) - (2*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c^2*e^6) + (((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6)) * (b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3) + ((b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3) * ((8*d^3)/(c*e^3) - (((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6)) * (a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c*e^3) + ((b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3) * ((12*d^2)/(c*e^3) - (2*(a*e^5 + c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4))/(c^2*e^6) + (((8*d)/(c*e^3) + (2*(b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c^2*e^6)) * (b*e^4 - 2*c*d*e^3))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3)))/(c*e^3)) - \operatorname{atan}((((8*(4*a^4*c^9*e^5 - a*b^6*c^6*e^5 + b^7*c^6*d*e^4 + 7*a^2*b^4*c^7*e^5 - 13*a^3*b^2*c^8*e^5 + 4*a^3*c^10*d^2*e^3 + b^5*c^8*d^3*e^2 - 2*b^6*c^7*d^2*e^3 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^9*d^2*e^3 - 6*a*b^5*c^7*d*e^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^9*d*e^4 - 6*a*b^3*c^9*d^3*e^2 + 13*a*b^4*c^8*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c^10*d^3*e^2 + 7*a^2*b^3*c^8*d*e^4))/c^9 - (8*(d + ex)^{1/2} * (- (b^{13}*e^3 + 8*a^5*c^8*d^3 - b^{10}*c^3*d^3 - b^{10}*e^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + 12*a*b^8*c^4*d^3 + 44*a^6*b*c^6*e^3 - 24*a^6*c^7*d*e^2 + 3*b^{11}*c^2*d^2*e - 52*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^3 + 96*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 66*a^4*b^2*c^7*d^3 + 88*a^2*b^9*c^2*e^3 - 253*a^3*b^7*c^3*e^3 + 363*a^4*b^5*c^4*e^3 - 231*a^5*b^3*c^5*e^3 + a^5*c^5*e^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + b^7*c^3*d^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 15*a*b^{11}*c*e^3 - 3*b^{12}*c*d*e^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 28*a^2*b^6*c^2*e^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} + 35*a^3*b^4*c^3*e^3 * (- (4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{1/2} - 15*a^4*b^2*c^4*e^3 * (- (4*a*c...$

3.534 $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.534.1 Optimal result	3989
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3.534.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 581

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(b^2cd - ac^2d - b^3e + 2abce) \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4} + \frac{2(b^2-ac)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^3} - \frac{2(cd+be)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5c^2e^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2b^3cde - 4abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2) - \frac{2b^4cde - 8ab^2c^2de + 4a^2c^3de - b^5e^2 - b^3c(cd^2 - 5ae^2) + \dots}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c^{9/2} \sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2b^3cde - 4abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 3ae^2) + ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2) + \frac{2b^4cde - 8ab^2c^2de + 4a^2c^3de - b^5e^2 - b^3c(cd^2 - 5ae^2) + \dots}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c^{9/2} \sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} e}$$

output $\frac{2}{3}(-ac+b^2)(e*x+d)^{3/2}/c^3-2/5*(b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^{5/2}/c^2/e^2+2/7*(e*x+d)^{7/2}/c/e^2+2*(2*a*b*c*e-a*c^2*d-b^3*e+b^2*c*d)*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/c^4+a$
 $\operatorname{rctanh}(2^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2})$
 $*2^{1/2}*(2*b^3*c*d*e-4*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*c^2$
 $*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+(-2*b^4*c*d*e+8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e-4*a^2*c^3*d*e+b^5*e^2+b^3*c$
 $(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)-a*b*c^2*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})/c^{9/2}/($
 $2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}$
 $)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2})*2^{1/2}*(2*b^3*c*d*e-4*a*b*c^2*d$
 $*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)+(2*b^4*c*d*e-8*a*b$
 $^2*c^2*d*e+4*a^2*c^3*d*e-b^5*e^2-b^3*c*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*b*c^2*(-5*a*e^2+3$
 $*c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})/c^{9/2}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}$
 $)$

3.534.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(105b^3e^3+3c^3(2d-5ex)(d+ex)^2-35bce^2(4bd+6ae+box)+7c^2e(3b(d+ex)^2+5ae(4d+e$$

$$+ \frac{(ib^5e^2+b^4e(-2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace})+ib^3c(cd^2+e(2i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}-5ae))+ac^2(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}-cd($$

$$+ \frac{(-ib^5e^2+b^4e(2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}))+ac^2(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2}+cd(-\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}+4iae))+abc^2(3icd^2+$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output $(-2\sqrt{d+ex}*(105b^3e^3+3c^3(2d-5ex)(d+ex)^2-35bce^2(4bd+6ae+be^2x)+7c^2e(3b(d+ex)^2+5ae(4d+ex))))/(105c^4e^2)+((Ib^5e^2+b^4e((-2I)*cd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})*e)+Ib^3c*(cd^2+e((2I)*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})*d-5ae))+ac^2*(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e^2-cd*(\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d+(4I)*ae))+ab*c^2*((-3I)*cd^2+e(4\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d+(5I)*ae))+b^2*c*(-3a*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e^2+cd*(\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d+(8I)*ae))*ArcTan[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{-2cd+be-I*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e}]/(c^{9/2}*\sqrt{-1/2*b^2+2ac}*\sqrt{-2cd+(b-I*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})*e})+(((I)*b^5e^2+b^4e((2I)*cd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})*e)+ac^2*(a\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e^2+cd*(-(\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d)+(4I)*ae))+ab*c^2*((3I)*cd^2+e(4\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d-(5I)*ae))+b^3*c*((I)*cd^2+e*(-2*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d+(5I)*ae))+b^2*c*(-3a*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e^2+cd*(\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*d-(8I)*ae))*ArcTan[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d+ex})/\sqrt{-2cd+be+I*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}*e}]/(c^{9/2}*\sqrt{-1/2*b^2+2ac}*\sqrt{-2cd+(b+I*\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})*e})$

3.534.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 8.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^3}{ce} - \frac{(cd+be)(d+ex)^2}{c^2e} + \frac{(b^2-ac)e(d+ex)}{c^3} + \frac{e(-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)}{c^4} - \frac{(-eb^3+cdb^2+2aceb-ac^2d)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)+(-e^2b^3+cd^3+2ace^2d)}{c^4e\left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2}-2cd\right)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left(-\frac{4a^2c^3de-b^3c(cd^2-5ae^2)-8ab^2c^2de+abc^2(3cd^2-5ae^2)+b^5(-e^2)+2b^4cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - b^2c(cd^2-3ae^2)-4abc^2de+ac^2(cd^2-ae^2)+b^4(-e^2)+2b^3cde \right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{9/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) \text{arc}$$

3.534. $\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

input `Int[(x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*((e*(b^2*c*d - a*c^2*d - b^3*e + 2*a*b*c*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/c^4 + ((b^2 - a*c)*e*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c^3) - ((c*d + b*e)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*c^2*e) \\ & + (d + e*x)^{(7/2)}/(7*c*e) + (e*(2*b^3*c*d*e - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) - (2*b^4*c*d*e - 8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*e - b^5*e^2 - b^3*c*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])* \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(9/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*(2*b^3*c*d*e - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2) + a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2) + (2*b^4*c*d*e - 8*a*b^2*c^2*d*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d*e - b^5*e^2 - b^3*c*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) + a*b*c^2*(3*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])* \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(9/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))))/e \end{aligned}$$

3.534.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.534.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 680, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\left(\left((a^2c^2-3ab^2c+b^4)e^2+2d(2ba^2c-b^3c)e-c^2d^2(ac-b^2)\right)\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4}\right)}-5\left(b(a^2c^2-ab^2c+\frac{1}{5}b^4)e^2-\frac{4d(a^2c^2-2ab^2c+b^4)}{5}\right)\right)$
risch	$\frac{2(15c^3e^3x^3-21c^2e^3bx^2+24c^3de^2x^2-35a^2c^2e^3x+35b^2ce^3x-42bc^2de^2x+3c^3d^2ex+210ce^3ba-140a^2c^2de^2-105b^3e^3+105c^3d^2)}{105e^2c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}c^3-\frac{bc^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{b^2ce^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2abc e^3\sqrt{ex+d}-ac^2de^2\sqrt{ex+d}-b^3e^3\sqrt{ex+d}+b^4\right)}{e^4}$
default	$\frac{2\left(\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}c^3-\frac{bc^2e(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{b^2ce^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2abc e^3\sqrt{ex+d}-ac^2de^2\sqrt{ex+d}-b^3e^3\sqrt{ex+d}+b^4\right)}{c^4}$

```
input int(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output $\frac{1}{(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}}{((a^2c^2-3ab^2c+b^4)e^{2+2d}(2ab^2c-b^3c)e^{-c^2d^2(a-c-b^2)}(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2}-5(b^2(a^2c^2-ab^2c+1/5b^4)e^{-4/5d}(a^2c^2-2ab^2c+1/2b^4)ce^{-3/5d^2b(a-c-1/3b^2)c^2})e)^{1/2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}e^{2\operatorname{arctanh}(c(e^x+d)^{1/2})^2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}+(((a^2c^2-3ab^2c+b^4)e^{2+2d}(2ab^2c-b^3c)e^{-c^2d^2(a-c-b^2)}(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})+5(b^2(a^2c^2-ab^2c+1/5b^4)e^{-4/5d}(a^2c^2-2ab^2c+1/2b^4)ce^{-3/5d^2b(a-c-1/3b^2)c^2})e)^{1/2}e^{2\operatorname{arctan}(c(e^x+d)^{1/2})^2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}+4(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2}((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2}e^{2\operatorname{arctan}(c(e^x+d)^{1/2})^2}((1/14c^3x^3-1/6(3/5bx+a)xc^2+b(1/6bx+a)c-1/2b^3)e^{-3-2/3d(-6/35c^2x^2+(3/10bx+a)c-b^2)ce^{-1/10d^2(-1/7cx+b)c^2e^{-1/35c^3d^3}})((b^2e^{-2cd}+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2})^2)^{1/2})/e^{2/c^4}}$

3.534.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11459 vs. $2(527) = 1054$.

Time = 7.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11459, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Too large to include

3.534.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.534.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.534.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1397 vs. 2(527) = 1054.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4*c^2 - 5*a*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d*e + (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*((b^2*c^4 - a*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^4*c^2 - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^4*c^4 - 19*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*a^2*c^6)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^5*c^3 - 9*a*b^3*c^4 + 7*a^2*b*c^5)*d*e^3 - (b^6*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^2*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^8*d*e^16 - b*c^7*e^17 + sqrt(-4*(c^8*d^2*e^16 - b*c^7*d*e^17 + a*c^7*e^18))*c^8*e^16 + (2*c^8*d*e^16 - b*c^7*e^17)^2))/(c^8*e^16)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c^7*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^6*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^6*e^2)*c^2*abs(e) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4*c^2 - 5*a*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^2 - 2*(b^5*c - 6*a*b^3*c^2 + 8*a^2*b*c^3)*d*e + (b^6 - 7*a*b^4*c + 13*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*c^3)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*((b^2*c^4 - a*c^5)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e + (b^4*c^2 - a*b^2*c^3 - a^2*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b*c^6)*d^3*e - ...`

3.534.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25497, normalized size of antiderivative = 43.88

$$\int \frac{x^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^8*d*e^4 - 8*a^3*b*c^7*e^5 - a*b^5*c^5*e^5 + b^6*c^5*d*e^4 + 6*a^2*b^3*c^6*e^5 + 4*a^2*c^9*d^3*e^2 + b^4*c^7*d^3*e^2 - 2*b^5*c^6*d^2*e^3 - 5*a*b^4*c^6*d*e^4 - 5*a*b^2*c^8*d^3*e^2 + 11*a*b^3*c^7*d^2*e^3 - 12*a^2*b*c^8*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^7*d*e^4)))/c^7 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/2))*(-(b^11*e^3 - 8*a^4*c^7*d^3 - b^8*c^3*d^3 + b^8*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 10*a*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 36*a^5*b*c^5*e^3 + 24*a^5*c^6*d*e^2 + 3*b^9*c^2*d^2*e - 33*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^3 + 38*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 63*a^2*b^7*c^2*e^3 - 138*a^3*b^5*c^3*e^3 + 129*a^4*b^3*c^4*e^3 + a^4*c^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - b^5*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 13*a*b^9*c*e^3 - 3*b^10*c*d*e^2 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 7*a*b^6*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 33*a*b^7*c^3*d^2*e + 36*a*b^8*c^2*d*e^2 + 84*a^4*b*c^6*d^2*e - 3*b^7*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 4*a*b^3*c^4*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^2*e - 156*a^2*b^6*c^3*d*e^2 - 189*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^2*e + 288*a^3*b^4*c^4*d*e^2 - 198*a^4*b^2*c^5*d*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^5*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*b^6*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 18*a*b^5*c^2*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^3*b*c^4*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 18*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 30*a^2*b^3*c^3*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^11 + b^4*c^9 - 8*a*b^2*c^10)))^(1/2)...`

3.535 $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.535.1 Optimal result	3997
3.535.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3998
3.535.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3998
3.535.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4000
3.535.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4001
3.535.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4001
3.535.7 Maxima [F]	4002
3.535.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4002
3.535.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4003

3.535.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{2(bcd - b^2e + ace)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3} - \frac{2b(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd - be)(bcd - b^2e + 2ace) + \frac{2b^3cde - 6abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 2ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd - be)(bcd - b^2e + 2ace) - \frac{2b^3cde - 6abc^2de - b^4e^2 - b^2c(cd^2 - 4ae^2) + 2ac^2(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}\right)}{c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e}$$

output

```
-2/3*b*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2+2/5*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/e-2*(a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*((-b*e+c*d)*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)+(2*b^3*c*d*e-6*a*b*c^2*d*e-b^4*e^2-b^2*c*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)+2*a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*((-b*e+c*d)*(2*a*c*e-b^2*e+b*c*d)+(-2*b^3*c*d*e+6*a*b*c^2*d*e+b^4*e^2+b^2*c*(-4*a*e^2+c*d^2)-2*a*c^2*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.535.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(15b^2e^2+3c^2(d+ex)^2-5ce(4bd+3ae+be))}{e} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}(-b^4e^2+b^3e(2cd+\sqrt{b^2-4ace}))+bc(-2a\sqrt{b^2-4ace})}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*b^2*e^2 + 3*c^2*(d + e*x)^2 - 5*c*e*(4*b*d + 3*a*e + b*e*x)))/e - (15*Sqrt[2]*(-(b^4*e^2) + b^3*e*(2*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + b*c*(-2*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 6*a*e)) - b^2*c*(c*d^2 + 2*e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 + e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (15*Sqrt[2]*(b^4*e^2 + b^3*e*(-2*c*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e) + 2*a*c^2*(-(c*d^2) + e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e)) + b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 2*e*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e)) + b*c*(-2*a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 6*a*e)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/(15*c^(7/2))`

3.535.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^2}{c} - \frac{be(d+ex)}{c^2} - \frac{e(-eb^2+cdb+ace)}{c^3} + \frac{(-eb^2+cdb+ace)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-(cd-be)(-eb^2+cdb+2ace)(d+ex)}{c^3 e \left(\frac{c(d+ex)^2}{e^2} - \frac{(2cd-be)(d+ex)}{e^2} + a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

3.535. $\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{e \left((cd-be)(2ace+b^2(-e)+bcd) + \frac{-b^2c(cd^2-4ae^2)-6abc^2de+2ac^2(cd^2-ae^2)+b^4(-e^2)+2b^3cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) + \frac{e \left((cd- \right)}{\sqrt{2c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2c^{7/2}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(-((e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + a*c*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c^3) - (b*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(3*c^2) + (d + e*x)^(5/2)/(5*c) + (e*((c*d - b*e)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) + (2*b^3*c*d*e - 6*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + (e*((c*d - b*e)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - (2*b^3*c*d*e - 6*a*b*c^2*d*e - b^4*e^2 - b^2*c*(c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2) + 2*a*c^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

3.535.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.535.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c e \left(\left(\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2} \right) e+\frac{bcd}{2} \right) (be-cd) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}+e \left(a^2c^2-2ab^2c+\frac{1}{2}b^4 \right) e^2+\right.$
risch	$-\frac{2(-3c^2x^2e^2+5bce^2x-6c^2dex+15ace^2-15b^2e^2+20bcde-3c^2d^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15ec^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^3-4ab^2ce^3+6abc^2de^2-2ac^3d^2e+b^4)}{8e}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}c^2+\frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+ace^2\sqrt{ex+d}-b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d}+bcde\sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^3-4ab^2ce^3+6abc^2de^2-2ac^3d^2e+b^4)}{8e}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}c^2+\frac{bce(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+ace^2\sqrt{ex+d}-b^2e^2\sqrt{ex+d}+bcde\sqrt{ex+d}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{(2a^2c^2e^3-4ab^2ce^3+6abc^2de^2-2ac^3d^2e+b^4)}{8e}$

```
input int(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2} * (2^{1/2} * ((b^2e-2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} * e * (((a-c-1/2b^2)e+1/2b^2cd) * (b^2e-cd) * (-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2} \\ & + e * ((a^2c^2-2ab^2c+1/2b^4)e^2+d*(3abc^2-b^3c)e-d^2 * (a-c-1/2b^2)c^2) * \operatorname{arctanh}(c(e^2x+d)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2} / ((-b^2e+2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} \\ & + ((-b^2e+2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} * (2^{1/2} * e * ((a-c-1/2b^2)e+1/2b^2cd) * (b^2e-cd) * (-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2} \\ & + e * ((a^2c^2-2ab^2c+1/2b^4)e^2+d*(3abc^2-b^3c)e-d^2 * (a-c-1/2b^2)c^2) * \operatorname{arctan}(c(e^2x+d)^{1/2} * 2^{1/2} / ((b^2e-2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} \\ & + (-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)})^{1/2} * ((-1/5c^2x^2+(1/3bx+a)c-b^2)e^2+4/3d*(-3/10cx+b) * ce-1/5c^2d^2) * ((b^2e-2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} * (e^2x+d)^{1/2} \\ & / ((b^2e-2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} / ((-b^2e+2cd+(-4e^{2(a-c-1/4b^2)}))^{1/2}) * c)^{1/2} / e/c^3 \end{aligned}$$

3.535.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8530 vs. $2(391) = 782$.

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8530, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.34

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.535.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.535.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.535.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1195 vs. 2(391) = 782.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d*e + (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d^3 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^3*c^2*d*e^2 - (2*b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e - (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^5 - 2*a*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^3*c^4 - 14*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^4*c^3 - 7*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*c^5)*d*e^3 - (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^6*d*e^6 - b*c^5*e^7 + sqrt(-4*(c^6*d^2*e^6 - b*c^5*d*e^7 + a*c^5*e^8)*c^6*e^6 + (2*c^6*d*e^6 - b*c^5*e^7)^2))/(c^6*e^6)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^6*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^5*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^5*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^4*c - 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^3)*d*e + (b^5 - 6*a*b^3*c + 8*a^2*b*c^2)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d^3 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b^3*c^2*d*e^2 - (2*b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e - (a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*(b^2*c^5 - 2*a*c^6)*d^3*e - (5*b^3*c^4 - 14*a*b*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^4*c^3 - 7*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*c^5)*d*e^3 - (b^5*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^4)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arc...`

3.535.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19465, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.14

$$\int \frac{x^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output

```
atan((((8*(4*a^3*c^6*e^5 + a*b^4*c^4*e^5 - b^5*c^4*d*e^4 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^5*
e^5 + 4*a^2*c^7*d^2*e^3 - b^3*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 2*b^4*c^5*d^2*e^3 + 4*a*b*c^7*
d^3*e^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^5*d*e^4 - 9*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*e^3)))/c^5 - (8*(d + e*x)^(1/
2)*(-(b^9*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^6*d^3 - b^6*c^3*d^3 - b^6*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) + 8*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e^3 - 24*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*b^7*c^2*d
^2*e - 18*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e^3 - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e^3 + a^3*
c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^3*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) -
11*a*b^7*c*e^3 - 3*b^8*c*d*e^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2
) - 2*a*b*c^4*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 5*a*b^4*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2
)^3)^(1/2) - 27*a*b^5*c^3*d^2*e + 30*a*b^6*c^2*d*e^2 - 60*a^3*b*c^5*d^2*e +
3*b^5*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 75*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2*e - 99*a^2*b^
4*c^3*d*e^2 + 114*a^3*b^2*c^4*d*e^2 - 3*a^2*c^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(
1/2) - 3*b^4*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a
*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b
*c^3*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(16*a^2*c^9 + b^4*c^7 - 8*a*b^2*c^
8)))^(1/2)*(b^3*c^7*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^8*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^8*e^3 + 8*a*c^9*d*e^2)
)/c^5)*(-(b^9*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^6*d^3 - b^6*c^3*d^3 - b^6*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) + 8*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 28*a^4*b*c^4*e^3 - 24*a^4*c^5*d*e^2 + 3*b^7*c
^2*d^2*e - 18*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 42*a^2*b^5*c^2*e^3 - 63*a^3*b^3*c^3*e^3 +
a^3*c^3*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + b^3*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(...
```

3.536 $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.536.1 Optimal result	4004
3.536.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4005
3.536.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4005
3.536.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4007
3.536.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4009
3.536.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4009
3.536.7 Maxima [F]	4009
3.536.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4010
3.536.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4011

3.536.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 453

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(cd-be)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^3e^2 - b^2e(2cd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}) + c(a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}^2 - cd(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 4ae)) + bc(cd^2 + e(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 4ace)))}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(b^3e^2 - b^2e(2cd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}) + bc(cd^2 - e(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + 3ae)) - c(a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}^2 - cd(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 4ae)))}{c^{5/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c+2*(-b*e+c*d)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2+atanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b^3*e^2-b^
2*e*(2*c*d+e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))+c*(a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-c*d*(-4*a*e+d
*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))+b*c*(c*d^2+e*(-3*a*e+2*d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/c^(5/
2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-atanh(2^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(
b^3*e^2-b^2*e*(2*c*d-e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))-c*(a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-c*d
*(4*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))+b*c*(c*d^2-e*(3*a*e+2*d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/c^(5/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.536.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(4cd-3be+ce) + \frac{3(ib^3e^2+b^2e(-2icd+\sqrt{-b^2+4ace})+ibc(cd^2+e(2i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd-3ae})))}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ac}}}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*c*d - 3*b*e + c*e*x) + (3*(I*b^3*e^2 + b^2*e*(-2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + I*b*c*(c*d^2 + e*((2*I)*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - 3*a*e)) + c*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (3*((-I)*b^3*e^2 + b^2*e*((2*I)*c*d + Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e) + b*c*((-I)*c*d^2 + e*(-2*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (3*I)*a*e)) + c*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (4*I)*a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]]/(Sqrt[-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]))/(3*c^(5/2))
```

3.536.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {1196, 25, 1196, 1197, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1196

$$\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-(cd-be)x)}{cx^2+bx+a} dx}{c} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

↓ 25

3.536. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-(cd-be)x)}{cx^2+bx+a} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1196 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{ae(2cd-be)-(c^2d^2+b^2e^2-ce(2bd+ae))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd-be)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1197 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2\int \frac{(cd-be)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-(c^2d^2+b^2e^2-ce(2bd+ae))(d+ex)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd-be)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2\right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)e-2cd\right)+c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2\right)\right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right) + \left(-\frac{-bc(cd^2-3ae^2)-4ac^2de+b^3(-e^2)+2b^2cde}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - ce(ae+2bd)+b^2e^2+c^2d^2\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c) - ((-2*(c*d - b*e)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/c + (2*(((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - c*e*(2*b*d + a*e) + (2*b^2*c*d*e - 4*a*c^2*d*e - b^3*e^2 - b*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - c*e*(2*b*d + a*e) - (2*b^2*c*d*e - 4*a*c^2*d*e - b^3*e^2 - b*c*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c*d - (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/c)/c$

3.536.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1196 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d - b*e*g + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] & & GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1197 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

3.536.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} c \left(\left((ac-b^2)e^2+2bcde-c^2d^2 \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + (-3abc+b^3)e^3+2d(2ac^2-b^2c^2) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2(-xce+3be-4cd)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2} - \frac{8 \left(\begin{array}{l} (-3ce^3ba+4ac^2de^2+b^3e^3-2b^2cde^2+bc^2d^2e+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace^2-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \\ 8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \end{array} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + be\sqrt{ex+d} - cd\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{(-3ce^3ba+4ac^2de^2+b^3e^3-2b^2cde^2+bc^2d^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace^2+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + be\sqrt{ex+d} - cd\sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{(-3ce^3ba+4ac^2de^2+b^3e^3-2b^2cde^2+bc^2d^2e-\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}ace^2+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})}{c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)}}$

```
input int(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-2^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(((a*c-b^2)*e^2+2*b*c*d*e-c^2*d^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(-3*a*b*c+b^3)*e^3+2*d*(2*a*c^2-b^2*c)*e^2+b*c^2*d^2*e)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(((a*c-b^2)*e^2+2*b*c*d*e-c^2*d^2)*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)+(-3*a*b*c+b^3)*e^3+2*d*(-2*a*c^2+b^2*c)*e^2-b*c^2*d^2*e)*2^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+2*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((-1/3*c*x+b)*e-4/3*c*d)*((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/c^2
```

3.536. $\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.536.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5572 vs. $2(392) = 784$.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5572, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.30

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Too large to include

3.536.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.536.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.536.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 986 vs. $2(392) = 784$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2 \left((ex+d)^{3/2} c^2 + 3 \sqrt{ex+d} c^2 d - 3 \sqrt{ex+dbce} \right)}{3c^3}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e((b^2c^2 - 4ac^3)d^2 - 2(b^3c - 4abc^2)de + (b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)e^2)c^2e^2 - \right.$$

$$\left. \left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e((b^2c^2 - 4ac^3)d^2 - 2(b^3c - 4abc^2)de + (b^4 - 5ab^2c + 4a^2c^2)e^2)c^2e^2 - \right. \right.$$

input `integrate(x*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2 + 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*b*c*e)/
c^3 + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c^2 - 4*
a*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^2
)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^3 - 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2*e
- sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^3 + (b^2*c^2 + a*c^3)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e
^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*
c^5*d^3*e - (5*b^2*c^4 - 8*a*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b*c^4)*d*e^
3 - (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e + sqrt(
-4*(c^4*d^2 - b*c^3*d*e + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4 + (2*c^4*d - b*c^3*e)^2))/c^4))/((
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^4*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*a*c^4*e^2)*c^2*abs(e) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*c)*e)*((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e + (b^4 - 5*a*
b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^3 - 2*sqrt(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c^2*e^3 + (b^2*c^2 + a*c^3)
)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)
*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*b*c^5*d^3*e - (5*b^2*c^4 - 8*a*c^5)*d^2*e^2 + 2*(2*b^3
*c^3 - 5*a*b*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^4*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(
b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c
^4*d - b*c^3*e - sqrt(-4*(c^4*d^2 - b*c^3*d*e + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4 + (2*c^4...
```

3.536.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13841, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.55

$$\int \frac{x(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*c) - ((2*d)/c + (2*(b*e - 2*c*d))/c^2)*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} \\ & - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(8*(a*b^3*c^3*e^5 - 4*a^2*b*c^4*e^5 + 4*a*c^6*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^2*c^5*d*e^4 - b^4*c^3*d*e^4 - b^2*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 2*b^3*c^4*d^2*e^3 - 8*a*b*c^5*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^4))/c^3 - (8*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(-(b^7*e^3 - 8*a^2*c^5*d^3 - b^4*c^3*d^3 + b^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 6*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e^3 - b*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 24*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + 3*b^5*c^2*d^2*e + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^3 + a^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 9*a*b^5*c*e^3 - 3*b^6*c*d*e^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 21*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e + 24*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^2 + 36*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 3*b^3*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 54*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 6*a*b*c^2*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)})}{(2*(16*a^2*c^7 + b^4*c^5 - 8*a*b^2*c^6))^{(1/2)}*(b^3*c^5*e^3 - 2*b^2*c^6*d*e^2 - 4*a*b*c^6*e^3 + 8*a*c^7*d*e^2))/c^3}*(-(b^7*e^3 - 8*a^2*c^5*d^3 - b^4*c^3*d^3 + b^4*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 6*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 20*a^3*b*c^3*e^3 - b*c^3*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} + 24*a^3*c^4*d*e^2 + 3*b^5*c^2*d^2*e + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2*e^3 + a^2*c^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 9*a*b^5*c*e^3 - 3*b^6*c*d*e^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 21*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*e + 24*a*b^4*c^2*d*e^2 + 36*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 3*b^3*c*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^{(1/2)} - 54*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d^2*... \end{aligned}$$

3.537 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.537.1 Optimal result	4012
3.537.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4013
3.537.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4013
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3.537.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4017
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3.537.7 Maxima [F]	4018
3.537.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4018
3.537.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4019

3.537.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2d^2 + b(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e^2 - 2ce(bd - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2d^2 + b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e^2 - 2ce(bd + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

output

```
2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+b*e^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))-2*c*e*(b*d+a*e-d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2+b*e^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))-2*c*e*(b*d+a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.537.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(-2ic^2d^2 - b(ib+\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e^2 + 2ce(ibd+\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+iae})) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{b^2}{2}+2ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}}{c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output $(2\sqrt{c}*e*\sqrt{d + e*x} + (((-2*I)*c^2*d^2 - b*(I*b + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}))*e^2 + 2*c*e*(I*b*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*d + I*a*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d + e*x})/\sqrt{-2*c*d + b*e - I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e}]) / (\sqrt{-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c}*\sqrt{-2*c*d + (b - I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*e}) + (((2*I)*c^2*d^2 - b*((-I)*b + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}))*e^2 + 2*c*e*((-I)*b*d + \sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*d - I*a*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d + e*x})/\sqrt{-2*c*d + b*e + I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c}*e}]) / (\sqrt{-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c}*\sqrt{-2*c*d + (b + I*\sqrt{-b^2 + 4*a*c})*e}))/c^{(3/2)}$

3.537.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1146, 1197, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1146 \\ & \int \frac{cd^2 - ae^2 + e(2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1197 \\ & \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex))}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex))}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e \int \frac{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & \frac{2e \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-2ce(ae+bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \left((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e - 2cd \right) + c(d+ex)} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-2ce(ae+bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right)}{c} \right)}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 & \frac{2e \left(\frac{\left(\frac{-2ce(ae+bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - e}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e}(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} + \frac{\left(\frac{-2ce(ae+bd) + b^2e^2 + 2c^2d^2}{e\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - be + 2cd \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{2cd - e}(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2cd - e}(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)} \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*e*((2*c*d - b*e + (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) + ((2*c*d - b*e - (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/c`

3.537.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1146 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((d + e*x)^(m - 1)/(c*(m - 1))), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(Simp[c*d^2 - a*e^2 + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x], x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`
- rule 1197 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

3.537.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e \left(\frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2 d^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}}{c}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2 d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$
default	$2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2 d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2e\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - 8e \left(\frac{(-2ac e^2 + b^2 e^2 - 2bcde + 2c^2 d^2 + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{e}{c} \left(2 \sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{(2ac e^2 - b^2 e^2 + 2bcde - 2c^2 d^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} be + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} cd) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctan} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)$$

3.537.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2770 vs. $2(272) = 544$.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2770, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(2)*c*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(sqrt(2)*(3*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^4 - (2*(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*d - (b^3*c^3 - 4*a*b*c^4)*e)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)) - 4*(3*c^3*d^4*e - 6*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^2*e^3 - (b^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*e^4 + (a*b^2 - a^2*c)*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(2)*c*sqrt((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + 3*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (b^3 - 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*sqrt((9*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 18*b*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*(5*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*c^3)*d^2*e^4 - 6*(b^3*c - a*b*c^2)*d*e^5 + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c + a^2*c^2)*e^6)/(b^2*c^6 - 4*a*c^7)))/(b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4))*log(-sqrt(2)*(3*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 3*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*e^4 - (2*(b^2*c^4 - 4*a*c^5)*d - (b^3*c^3 - 4*...
```

3.537.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.537.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.537.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. $2(272) = 544$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+de}}{c}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e(2(b^2c - 4ac^2)de - (b^3 - 4abc)e^2)c^2e^2 - 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3d^2e} - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3d^2e}) \right)$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e(2(b^2c - 4ac^2)de - (b^3 - 4abc)e^2)c^2e^2 + 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3d^2e} - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc^3d^2e}) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e^2 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (4*c^5*d^3*e - 6*b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 4*(b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e + sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*(2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^3*d^2*e - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^2*d*e^2 + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (4*c^5*d^3*e - 6*b*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 4*(b^2*c^3 - a*c^4)*d*e^3 - (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*c^2*d - b*c*e - sqrt(-4*(c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*c^2 + (2*c^2*d - b*c*e)^2))/c^2))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c^4*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c^3*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^3*e^2)*c^2*abs(e))`

3.537.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8334, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

3.538 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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3.538.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 340

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2d^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd} - 4ae) - b(cd^2 + ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a\sqrt{b^2-4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd} + 4ae) + b(cd^2 + ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output

```
-2*d^(3/2)*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))/a-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-b*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-c*d*(-4*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-c*d*(4*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/a/c^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.538.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2+cd}(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) + \sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2+cd}(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd-4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2+cd}(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd-4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right) + \sqrt{2}(-a\sqrt{-b^2+4ace^2+cd}(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+4iae})-ib(cd^2+ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+be-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ace}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b+i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[2]*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e) - I*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (Sqrt[2]*(-(a*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (4*I)*a*e) + I*b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[-2*c*d + b*e + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + I*Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + 2*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a)`

3.538.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax} + \frac{e(d(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - (cd^2 - ae^2)(d + ex))}{a(cd^2 - bed + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2 - (2cd - be)(d + ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d + ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

3.538. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{e(-cd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ae)+ae^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-b(ae^2+cd^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} - \frac{e(-cd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+4ae)+ae^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b(ae^2+cd^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right) e$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-((d^(3/2)*e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/a) - (e*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 4*a*e) - b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (e*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e) + b*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e])))/e`

3.538.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.538.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^2 \left(\frac{4c \left((abe^3 - 4acd e^2 + bc d^2 e + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} a e^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} c d^2) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})}c} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})}c} \right)}{2e^2}$
default	$2e^2 \left(\frac{4c \left((abe^3 - 4acd e^2 + bc d^2 e + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} a e^2 - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} c d^2) \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})}c} \right)}{8c\sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)} \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac - b^2)})}c} \right)}{2e^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\sqrt{2} \left((e^2 a - c d^2) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} - ab e^3 + 4acd e^2 - bc d^2 e \right) \sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)})} c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(be-2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)})}c} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*e^2*(4/a/e^2*c*(1/8*(a*b*e^3-4*a*c*d*e^2+b*c*d^2*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*a*e^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/8*(-a*b*e^3+4*a*c*d*e^2-b*c*d^2*e+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*a*e^2-(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2*(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-d^(3/2)/a/e^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)/d^(1/2))`

3.538. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.538.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2581 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5167, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.538.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.538.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

3.538.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 833 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{a\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e((b^2c-4ac^2)d^2-(ab^2-4a^2c)e^2)a^2e^2-2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ac^2d^3-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ac^2d^3)\right)$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d+2(bc+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e((b^2c-4ac^2)d^2-(ab^2-4a^2c)e^2)a^2e^2+2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ac^2d^3-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}ac^2d^3)\right)$$

$$+$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2
*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2 - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)
*e^2)*a^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*d^3 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c*d
^2*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c)*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*e + 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^3 - a^3*b^
2*e^4 - (a^2*b^2*c + 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2
- 4*a*c)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e +
sqrt(-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*c)))
/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*c*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*c)*e)*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2 - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*
a^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*c^2*d^3 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*c*d^2*e +
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) - (2*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*e + 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^3 - a^3*b^2*e^4
- (a^2*b^2*c + 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*c)*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a*c*d - a*b*e - sqrt(
-4*(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*a*c + (2*a*c*d - a*b*e)^2))/(a*c)))/((sqr
t(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*c*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*a^3*c*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))
```

3.538. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.538.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20897, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

```
output atan((((b^4*c*d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)
^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c
- 8*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*((((b^4*c*d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a
^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a
^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d
^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*
(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*((b^4*c*
d^3 - a^2*b^3*e^3 + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3 + a^2*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a
*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^3*c^2*d*e^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*e^3 + b*c*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^
3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 12*a^2
*b*c^2*d^2*e + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2)/(2*(16*a^4*c^3 + a^2*b^4*c - 8*a^3*b^2*c
^2)))^(1/2)*(512*a^5*c^4*e^10 + 32*a^3*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 256*a^4*b^2*c^3*e^10
+ 768*a^4*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 64*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 448*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^8
- 896*a^4*b*c^4*d*e^9 - 64*a^2*b^5*c^2*d*e^9 + 480*a^3*b^3*c^3*d*e^9) - 38
4*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^8 - 384*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^10 + 96*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4*e^8 - 128*a^
2*b^3*c^3*d^3*e^9 + 32*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 32*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^10 + 12
8*a^4*b*c^3*d*e^11 + 512*a^3*b*c^4*d^3*e^9 - 32*a^3*b^3*c^2*d*e^11) + (d +
e*x)^(1/2)*(32*a^3*b^3*c*e^13 - 128*a^4*b*c^2*e^13 + 704*a^4*c^3*d*e^11...
```

3.539 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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3.539.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 403

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ax} + \frac{\sqrt{d}e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a} + \frac{2\sqrt{d}(bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d^2 + bd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2ae) - 2a(cd^2 + e(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-ae))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^2d^2 - bd(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+2ae) - 2a(cd^2 - e(\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}$$

output $e*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*d^{(1/2)}/a+2*(-2*a*e+b*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})*d^{(1/2)}/a^2-d*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/x-\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^2*d^2+b*d*(-2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})-2*a*(c*d^2+e*(-a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^2*d^2-b*d*(2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})-2*a*(c*d^2-e*(a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))))/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}$

3.539.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{ad\sqrt{d+ex}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(-ib^2d^2+bd(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+2iae})-2ia(-cd^2+e(-i\sqrt{-b^2+4acd+ae})))}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-2cd+(b-i\sqrt{-b^2+4ac})e}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\dots}{\sqrt{-2c}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output $(-((a*d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/x) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*((-1)*b^2*d^2 + b*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (2*I)*a*e) - (2*I)*a*(-(c*d^2) + e*((-1)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e))))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(I*b^2*d^2 + b*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (2*I)*a*e) + (2*I)*a*(-(c*d^2) + e*(I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e))))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*(2*b*d - 3*a*e)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]]/a^2$

3.539.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax^2} - \frac{(bd-2ae)d}{a^2x} - \frac{e((bd-ae)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-cd(bd-2ae)(d+ex))}{a^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ce}(-2a(e(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-ae)+cd^2)+bd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2ae)+b^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{\sqrt{2a^2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-bd(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2ae)+2a^2)}{\sqrt{2a^2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output $(2*(-1/2*(d*e*\sqrt{d+e*x})/(a*x) + (\sqrt{d}*e^2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{d+e*x}/\sqrt{d}])/\sqrt{d}))/2a + (\sqrt{d}*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{d+e*x}/\sqrt{d}])/a^2 - (\sqrt{c}*e*(b^2*d^2 + b*d*(\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*d - 2*a*e) - 2*a*(c*d^2 + e*(\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*d - a*e)))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d+e*x})/\sqrt{2*c*d - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})*e}])/(2*\sqrt{2}*a^2*\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*\sqrt{2*c*d - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})*e}) + (\sqrt{c}*e*(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*d^2 + 2*a*e*(\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*d + a*e) - b*d*(\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*d + 2*a*e))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d+e*x})/\sqrt{2*c*d - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})*e}])/(2*\sqrt{2}*a^2*\sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}*\sqrt{2*c*d - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c})*e}))/e$

3.539.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.539.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

3.539. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((2a^2e^3 - 2abd e^2 - 2ac d^2 e + b^2 d^2 e - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left(\frac{4c \left((2a^2e^3 - 2abd e^2 - 2ac d^2 e + b^2 d^2 e - 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade + \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$
risch	$e \frac{\sqrt{d}(3ae-2bd) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{ea} + \frac{8c \left((-2a^2e^3 + 2abd e^2 + 2ac d^2 e - b^2 d^2 e + 2\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} ade - \sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} b d^2) \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{8\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)} \sqrt{(-be+2cd+\sqrt{-e^2(4ac-b^2)})c}} \right)}{2e^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\sqrt{ex+d}}{ax} - 2 \left(\left(\left(-d^{\frac{3}{2}} ea + \frac{bd^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} \right) \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} + e \left((-ac + \frac{b^2}{2}) d^{\frac{5}{2}} + ae(\sqrt{d}ea - bd^{\frac{3}{2}}) \right) \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\left(be - 2cd + \sqrt{-4e^2 \left(ac - \frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right)} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.539. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

output $2e^3(4/a^2/e^3c(-1/8(2a^2e^3-2a*b*d*e^2-2a*c*d^2e+b^2*d^2e-2(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})a*d*e+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})b*d^2)/(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})\arctan h(c*(e*x+d)^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})+1/8(-2a^2e^3+2a*b*d*e^2+2a*c*d^2e-b^2*d^2e-2(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})a*d*e+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})b*d^2)/(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})\arctan(c*(e*x+d)^{1/2})2^{1/2}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-e^2(4a*c-b^2))^{1/2})c)^{1/2})) - d/a^2/e^3(1/2a*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/x+1/2(3a*e-2*b*d)/d^{1/2})\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2}/d^{1/2}))$

3.539.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4324 vs. 2(344) = 688.

Time = 24.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8653, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.539.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.539.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

3.539.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 890 vs. $2(344) = 688$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ex+dd}}{ax} - \frac{(2bd^2 - 3ade) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc - \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e((b^3 - 4abc)d^2 - 2(ab^2 - 4a^2c)de)e^2 - 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acbcd^3} + 2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}d^2) \right)$$

$$\left(\sqrt{-4c^2d + 2(bc + \sqrt{b^2 - 4acc})} e((b^3 - 4abc)d^2 - 2(ab^2 - 4a^2c)de)e^2 + 2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acbcd^3} + 2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}d^2) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-sqrt(e*x + d)*d/(a*x) - (2*b*d^2 - 3*a*d*e)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d)
)/(a^2*sqrt(-d)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*
(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
b*c*d^3 + 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^3 - (b^2
+ a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)
)*e)*abs(e) + (2*a^2*b*e^4 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^3 + 2*a*b*c
)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 -
4*a*c))*e)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e
+ sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2))*a^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e
^2)))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c
+ sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e)
*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*b*c*d^3 + 2*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b*d*e^2 - sqrt
(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*e^3 - (b^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^2*e)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d
+ 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e)*abs(e) + (2*a^2*b*e^4 - 2*(b^2*c - 2*a
*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4
*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d
)/sqrt(-(2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e - sqrt(-4*(a^2*c*d^2 - a^2*b*d*e + a^3*e^2))*
a^2*c + (2*a^2*c*d - a^2*b*e)^2)))/(a^2*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*c*d^2 -
sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^2*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*e^2)*abs(c)*abs(e)...

```

3.539.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29890, normalized size of antiderivative = 74.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output $(d^{1/2}) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(d^{1/2}) \left((8(d+ex)^{1/2}) (4a^6c^3e^{16} + 4a^2c^7d^8e^8 - 2a^3c^6d^6e^{10} + 132a^4c^5d^4e^{12} - 2a^5c^4d^2e^{14} + 4b^4c^5d^8e^8 + 129a^2b^2c^5d^6e^{10} - 32a^2b^3c^4d^5e^{11} + 8a^2b^4c^3d^4e^{12} + 88a^3b^2c^4d^4e^{12} - 28a^3b^3c^3d^3e^{13} + 33a^4b^2c^3d^2e^{14} - 16a^5b^2c^3d^2e^{15} - 8a^2b^2c^6d^8e^8 - 28a^2b^3c^5d^7e^9 + 8a^2b^4c^6d^7e^9 - 228a^3b^3c^5d^5e^{11} - 60a^4b^3c^4d^3e^{13}) \right)}{a^4} - (d^{1/2}) \left((8(56a^4c^6d^6e^9 - 44a^5c^5d^4e^{11} - 100a^6c^4d^2e^{13} + 40a^2b^3c^5d^7e^8 - 39a^2b^5c^3d^5e^{10} - 11a^2b^6c^2d^4e^{11} - 108a^3b^2c^5d^6e^9 + 96a^3b^3c^4d^5e^{10} + 111a^3b^4c^3d^4e^{11} + 22a^3b^5c^2d^3e^{12} - 237a^4b^2c^4d^4e^{11} - 161a^4b^3c^3d^3e^{12} - 19a^4b^4c^2d^2e^{13} + 111a^5b^2c^3d^2e^{13} - 28a^6b^2c^3d^2e^{14} - 8a^2b^5c^4d^7e^8 + 6a^2b^6c^3d^6e^9 + 2a^2b^7c^2d^5e^{10} - 32a^3b^2c^6d^7e^8 + 92a^4b^2c^5d^5e^{10} + 252a^5b^2c^4d^3e^{12} + 6a^5b^3c^2d^2e^{14}) \right)}{a^4} + (d^{1/2}) \left((8(d+ex)^{1/2}) (16a^7b^3c^3e^{13} + 88a^7c^4d^4e^{12} - 4a^6b^3c^2e^{13} - 40a^5c^6d^5e^8 + 184a^6c^5d^3e^{10} + 8a^2b^6c^3d^5e^8 - 8a^2b^7c^2d^4e^9 - 56a^3b^4c^4d^5e^8 + 36a^3b^5c^3d^4e^9 + 28a^3b^6c^2d^3e^{10} + 108a^4b^2c^5d^5e^8 + 36a^4b^3c^4d^4e^9 - 179a^4b^4c^3d^3e^{10} - 33a^4b^5c^2d^2e^{11} + 234a^5b^2c^4d^3e^{10} + 215a^5b^3c^3d^2e^{11} - 224a^5b^2c^5d^4e^9 + 16a^5b^4 \dots \right)$

3.540 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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3.540.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 607

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ax^2} + \frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ax} + \frac{(bd-2ae)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a^2x}$$

$$-\frac{3e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{d}} - \frac{e(bd-2ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{d}}$$

$$-\frac{2(b^2d^2 - 2abde - a(cd^2 - ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{d}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d^2 + b^2d(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 2ae) + a(a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 4ae)) - ab(3cd^2 + e(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} - 4ae)))}{a^3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(b^3d^2 - b^2d(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + 2ae) - ab(3cd^2 - e(2\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + ae)) - a(a\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace^2} - cd(\sqrt{b^2 - 4acd} + 4ae)))}{a^3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}$$

3.540. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

output
$$-3/4*e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a/d^{(1/2)}-e*(-2*a*e+b*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a^2/d^{(1/2)}-2*(b^2*d^2-2*a*b*d*e-a*(-a*e^2+c*d^2))*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)})/a^3/d^{(1/2)}-1/2*d*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/x^2+3/4*e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/x+(-2*a*e+b*d)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a^2/x+\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d^2+b^2*d*(-2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+a*(a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-c*d*(-4*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-a*b*(3*c*d^2+e*(-a*e+2*d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}-\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(b^3*d^2-b^2*d*(2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-a*(a*e^2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-c*d*(4*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-a*b*(3*c*d^2-e*(a*e+2*d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}$$

3.540.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d+ex}(-2ad+4bdx-5aex)}{x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(ib^3d^2-b^2d(\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}+2iae))+ab(-3icd^2+e(2\sqrt{-b^2+4acd}+iae))}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}\sqrt{-}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output
$$((a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(-2*a*d + 4*b*d*x - 5*a*e*x))/x^2 + (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(I*b^3*d^2 - b^2*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (2*I)*a*e) + a*b*((-3*I)*c*d^2 + e*(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + I*a*e)) + a*(-(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2) + c*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + (4*I)*a*e)))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) - (4*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(I*b^3*d^2 + b^2*d*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d - (2*I)*a*e) + a*(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e^2 + c*d*(-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d) + (4*I)*a*e)) + I*a*b*(-3*c*d^2 + e*((2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*d + a*e)))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + b*e + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*e])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-2*c*d + (b + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-b^2 + 4*a*c])*e]) + ((-8*b^2*d^2 + 12*a*b*d*e + a*(8*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d])/ (4*a^3)$$

3.540.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

3.540.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 626, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1199, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1199

$$\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{d^2}{ax^3} - \frac{(bd-2ae)d}{a^2x^2} + \frac{b^2d^2-2abed-a(cd^2-ae^2)}{a^3x} + \frac{e((db^2-aeb-acd)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-c(b^2d^2-2abed-a(cd^2-ae^2))(d+ex))}{a^3(cd^2-bed+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2-(2cd-be)(d+ex))} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)(-2abde-a(cd^2-ae^2)+b^2d^2)}{a^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}\left(-ab\left(e(2d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-ae)+3cd^2\right)+a\left(ae^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-cd\left(d\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-4ae\right)\right)+b^2d\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b+ \sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-1/4*(d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*x^2) + (3*e^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(8*a*x) + (e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a^2*x) - (3*e^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(8*a*Sqrt[d]) - (e^2*(b*d - 2*a*e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(2*a^2*Sqrt[d]) - (e*(b^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*d*e - a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[d]])/(a^3*Sqrt[d]) + (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d^2 + b^2*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 4*a*c)*d - 2*a*e) + a*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 4*a*e)) - a*b*(3*c*d^2 + e*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]) - (Sqrt[c]*e*(b^3*d^2 - b^2*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 2*a*e) - a*b*(3*c*d^2 - e*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e)) - a*(a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e^2 - c*d*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + 4*a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]])/(Sqrt[2]*a^3*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]))/e`

3.540. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.540.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1199 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q/e Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)*(((e*f - d*g)/e + g*(x^q/e))^n/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*(x^q/e^2) + c*(x^(2*q)/e^2))], x], x, (d + e*x)^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n] && FractionQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.540.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

3.540. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\left(be-2cd+\sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)} \right) c x^2 c} \left(\frac{\left(-a d^{\frac{3}{2}} b e+\frac{(-ac+b^2)d^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2}+\frac{e^2 a^2 \sqrt{d}}{2} \right) \sqrt{-4e^2\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{4} \right)}}{2} + e \left(ae\left(ac-\frac{b^2}{2} \right) d^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(5aex-4bdx+2ad)}{4a^2x^2} + e \left(\frac{(-3e^2a^2+12abde+8cd^2a-8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ae\sqrt{d}} + \frac{32c \left(a^2b e^3+4a^2cd e^2-2ab^2 \right)}{\dots} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(5ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} + \left(\frac{1}{2}ab d^2 e - \frac{3}{8}d a^2 e^2\right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2x^2} + \frac{(3e^2a^2-12abde-8cd^2a+8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}} \right) + \dots$
default	$2e^4 \left(\frac{\frac{ae(5ae-4bd)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} + \left(\frac{1}{2}ab d^2 e - \frac{3}{8}d a^2 e^2\right) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2x^2} + \frac{(3e^2a^2-12abde-8cd^2a+8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}} \right) + \dots$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.540. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2/(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}) \\ &)*c)^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}*(-8 \\ & *2^{(1/2)}*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}*x^2*c*(1/2*(-a \\ & *d^{(3/2)}*b*e+1/2*(-a*c+b^2)*d^{(5/2)}+1/2*e^2*a^2*d^{(1/2)})*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4* \\ & b^2))^{(1/2)}+e*(a*e*(a*c-1/2*b^2)*d^{(3/2)}+1/4*b*((-3*a*c+b^2)*d^{(5/2)}+e^2*a \\ & ^2*d^{(1/2)}))) * \operatorname{arctanh}(c*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/((-b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/ \\ & 4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)})+(-8*2^{(1/2)}*(1/2*(a*d^{(3/2)}*b*e+1/2*d^{(5/2)}*(a*c- \\ & b^2)-1/2*e^2*a^2*d^{(1/2)}))*(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}+e*(a*e*(a*c-1/2*b^2 \\ &)*d^{(3/2)}+1/4*b*((-3*a*c+b^2)*d^{(5/2)}+e^2*a^2*d^{(1/2)}))) * x^2*c*\operatorname{arctan}(c*(e \\ & *x+d)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}/((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)})+(- \\ & 4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)}*((b*e-2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1 \\ & /2)}*(3/2*(e^2*a^2+4*(-b*d*e-2/3*c*d^2)*a+8/3*b^2*d^2)*x^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}) \\ &)+((-2*b*x+a)*d^{(3/2)}+5/2*a*d^{(1/2)}*e*x)*a*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}))*((\\ & -b*e+2*c*d+(-4*e^2*(a*c-1/4*b^2))^{(1/2)})*c)^{(1/2)}/x^2/a^3 \end{aligned}$$

3.540.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7205 vs. $2(523) = 1046$.

Time = 213.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14417, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.540.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/x**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.540. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.540.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2+bx+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^3), x)`

3.540.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1129 vs. 2(523) = 1046.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/x^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*c*d^2 - 12*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-d))/(a^3*sqrt(-d)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*e^2)*a^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b^3*d^2*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*b*e^3 - (a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*a^2*b^2 - a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) + (a^4*b^2*e^4 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a^2*b^4 + a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^3*b^3 - a^4*b*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(2*a^3*c*d - a^3*b*e + sqrt(-4*(a^3*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d*e + a^4*e^2))*a^3*c + (2*a^3*c*d - a^3*b*e)^2))/(a^3*c)))/((sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^4*b*d*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^5*e^2)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*((b^4 - 5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*c^2)*d^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*d*e + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*e^2)*a^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a*b^3*d^2*e + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*a^3*b*e^3 - (a*b^2*c - a^2*c^2)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d^3 - (2*a^2*b^2 - a^3*c)*sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*e^2)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e)*abs(a)*abs(e) + (a^4*b^2*e^4 - 2*(a^2*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a^2*b^4 + a^3*b^2*c - 8*a^4*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^3*b^3 - a^4*b*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-4*c^2*d + 2*(b*c + sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c))*c)*e))*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sq...`

3.540.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 18.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44649, normalized size of antiderivative = 73.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{x^3(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output

```

(((3*a*d*e^2 - 4*b*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(4*a^2) - ((5*a*e^2 - 4*b*d*e)*
(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*a^2))/((d + e*x)^2 - 2*d*(d + e*x) + d^2) + atan((((
(192*a^11*b^2*c^3*e^12 - 24*a^10*b^4*c^2*e^12 - 384*a^12*c^4*e^12 + 768*a^
10*c^6*d^4*e^8 + 384*a^11*c^5*d^2*e^10 + 128*a^8*b^4*c^4*d^4*e^8 - 96*a^8*
b^5*c^3*d^3*e^9 - 32*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^2*e^10 - 704*a^9*b^2*c^5*d^4*e^8 + 320*
a^9*b^3*c^4*d^3*e^9 + 488*a^9*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^10 - 1536*a^10*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^1
0 + 1408*a^11*b*c^4*d*e^11 + 56*a^9*b^5*c^2*d*e^11 + 256*a^10*b*c^5*d^3*e^
9 - 576*a^10*b^3*c^3*d*e^11)/(2*a^8) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2))*((b^8*d^3 - a^3*b^
5*e^3 + 8*a^4*c^4*d^3 + b^5*d^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 7*a^4*b^3*c*e^3
- 12*a^5*b*c^2*e^3 + a^4*c*e^3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b^6*d*e^2
- 24*a^5*c^3*d*e^2 + 33*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 38*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*b^2*e^
3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*b^6*c*d^3 - 3*a*b^7*d^2*e - 4*a*b^3*c*d^
3*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*b^4*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 27*a
^2*b^5*c*d^2*e - 24*a^3*b^4*c*d*e^2 + 60*a^4*b*c^3*d^2*e + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^3
*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*b^3*d*e^2*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 75*
a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2*e + 54*a^4*b^2*c^2*d*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)
^3)^(1/2) + 9*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*e*(-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2) - 6*a^3*b*c*d*e^2*(
-(4*a*c - b^2)^3)^(1/2))/(2*(a^6*b^4 + 16*a^8*c^2 - 8*a^7*b^2*c)))^(1/2)*(
1024*a^13*c^4*e^10 + 64*a^11*b^4*c^2*e^10 - 512*a^12*b^2*c^3*e^10 + 1536*a
^12*c^5*d^2*e^8 + 128*a^10*b^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 896*a^11*b^2*c^4*d^2*e^8 - ...

```

3.541 $\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.541.1 Optimal result	4045
3.541.2 Mathematica [F]	4045
3.541.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4046
3.541.4 Maple [F]	4047
3.541.5 Fracas [F]	4047
3.541.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4047
3.541.7 Maxima [F]	4048
3.541.8 Giac [F]	4048
3.541.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4048

3.541.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2cx^{1+m}(e+fx)^n \left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{fx}{e}, -\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})(1+m)} - \frac{2cx^{1+m}(e+fx)^n \left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -\frac{fx}{e}, -\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})(1+m)}$$

output `2*c*x^(1+m)*(f*x+e)^n*AppellF1(1+m,1,-n,2+m,-2*c*x/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -f*x/e)/(1+m)/((1+f*x/e)^n)/(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-2*c*x^(1+m)*(f*x+e)^n*AppellF1(1+m,1,-n,2+m,-2*c*x/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)), -f*x/e)/(1+m)/((1+f*x/e)^n)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))`

3.541.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(x^m*(e+f*x)^n)/(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[(x^m*(e+f*x)^n)/(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]`

3.541.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1205, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1205

$$\int \left(\frac{2cx^m(e+fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} - \frac{2cx^m(e+fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2cx^{m+1}(e+fx)^n \left(\frac{fx}{e}+1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{fx}{e}, -\frac{2cx}{b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} - \frac{2cx^{m+1}(e+fx)^n \left(\frac{fx}{e}+1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -n, 1, m+2, -\frac{fx}{e}, -\frac{2cx}{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}$$

input `Int[(x^m*(e+f*x)^n)/(a+b*x+c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*c*x^(1+m)*(e+f*x)^n*AppellF1[1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -((f*x)/e), (-2*c*x)/(b-Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(b-Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]))*(1+m)*(1+(f*x)/e)^n - (2*c*x^(1+m)*(e+f*x)^n*AppellF1[1+m, -n, 1, 2+m, -((f*x)/e), (-2*c*x)/(b+Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c])])/(Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]*(b+Sqrt[b^2-4*a*c]))*(1+m)*(1+(f*x)/e)^n`

3.541.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1205 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.541.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m (fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x^m*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.541.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m (e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n x^m}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n*x^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.541.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m (e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(f*x+e)**n/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.541. $\int \frac{x^m (e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.541.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^m}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.541.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^m}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^m/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.541.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m(e+fx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x^m*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^m*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.542 $\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.542.1 Optimal result	4049
3.542.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4050
3.542.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4050
3.542.4 Maple [F]	4052
3.542.5 Fracas [F]	4052
3.542.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	4052
3.542.7 Maxima [F]	4053
3.542.8 Giac [F]	4053
3.542.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4053

3.542.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = -\frac{(ce+bf)(e+fx)^{1+n}}{c^2f^2(1+n)} + \frac{(e+fx)^{2+n}}{cf^2(2+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a - \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a - \frac{b^2}{c} - \frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

output

```
-(b*f+c*e)*(f*x+e)^(1+n)/c^2/f^2/(1+n)+(f*x+e)^(2+n)/c/f^2/(2+n)+(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(a-b^2/c+b*(-3*a*c+b^2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))+(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(a-b^2/c-b*(-3*a*c+b^2)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```


3.542.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$(e+fx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{(b^3-3abc-b^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+ac\sqrt{b^2-4ac}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+n,2+n,\frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{2ce+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f} + \frac{-((b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f-...}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((e + f*x)^(1 + n)*(((b^3 - 3*a*b*c - b^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + a*c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)])/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f) + (-((b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f - 2*c*(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e + 2*a*f))*(b*f*(2 + n) + c*(e - f*(1 + n)*x)))) + (b^3 - 3*a*b*c + b^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - a*c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f^2*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(f^2*(-2*c*e + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(2 + n)))/(c^2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + n))`

3.542.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(-\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b^2}{c^2}\right) (e+fx)^n}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{\left(\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c^2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b^2}{c^2}\right) (e+fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{(-bf - ce)(e+fx)^n}{c^2 f} + \frac{(e+fx)^{n+1}}{cf} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\left(\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + a - \frac{b^2}{c}\right) (e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(n+1) \left(2ce - f(b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{b(b^2-3ac)}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + a - \frac{b^2}{c}\right) (e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(n+1) \left(2ce - f(\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{(bf+ce)(e+fx)^{n+1}}{c^2 f^2 (n+1)} + \frac{(e+fx)^{n+2}}{c f^2 (n+2)}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `-(((c*e + b*f)*(e + f*x)^(1 + n))/(c^2*f^2*(1 + n))) + (e + f*x)^(2 + n)/(c*f^2*(2 + n)) + ((a - b^2/c + (b*(b^2 - 3*a*c)))/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(c*(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) + ((a - b^2/c - (b*(b^2 - 3*a*c)))/(c*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(c*(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))`

3.542.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.542.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x^3*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.542.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n x^3}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.542.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(f*x+e)**n/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.542.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.542.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^3}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^3/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.542.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3(e+fx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^3*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.543 $\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.543.1 Optimal result	4054
3.543.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4055
3.543.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4055
3.543.4 Maple [F]	4056
3.543.5 Fracas [F]	4057
3.543.6 Sympy [F]	4057
3.543.7 Maxima [F]	4057
3.543.8 Giac [F]	4058
3.543.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4058

3.543.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(e+fx)^{1+n}}{cf(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{c(2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

```
output (f*x+e)^(1+n)/c/f/(1+n)+(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)
/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(b+(2*a*c-b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(1
+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))+(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n
], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))/c/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```

3.543.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(e+fx)^{1+n} \left(2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ce^2+f(-be+af)) + f(-b^2e+2ace+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e+abf-a\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e) \right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(-2*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*(2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*e^2 + f*(-(b*e) + a*f)) + f*(-(b^2*e) + 2*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e + a*b*f - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*f)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)] + f*(b^2*e - 2*a*c*e + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e - a*b*f - a*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*f)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*f*(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(-2*c*e + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))`

3.543.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b}{c} \right) (e+fx)^n}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{\left(-\frac{b^2-2ac}{c\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{b}{c} \right) (e+fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac} + b + 2cx} + \frac{(e+fx)^n}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\left(b - \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) (e + fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{c(n+1) \left(2ce - f \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + b\right) (e + fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{c(n+1) \left(2ce - f \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)\right)} + \frac{(e + fx)^{n+1}}{cf(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e + f*x)^(1 + n)/(c*f*(1 + n)) + ((b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(c*(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) + ((b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(c*(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))`

3.543.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.543.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x^2*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.543.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.543.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(f*x+e)**n/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(e + f*x)**n/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.543.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.543.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x^2}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x^2/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.543.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(e+fx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.544 $\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.544.1 Optimal result	4059
3.544.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4060
3.544.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4060
3.544.4 Maple [F]	4061
3.544.5 Fricas [F]	4062
3.544.6 Sympy [F]	4062
3.544.7 Maxima [F]	4062
3.544.8 Giac [F]	4063
3.544.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4063

3.544.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{(2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) f) (1 + n)}$$

$$-\frac{\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{(2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) f) (1 + n)}$$

output

```
-(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
-(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```

3.544.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(e+fx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{\left(1-\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+n,2+n,\frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{2ce+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f} - \frac{\left(1+\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+n,2+n,\frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f} \right)}{1+n}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`output `((e + f*x)^(1 + n)*(-(((1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)) - ((1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)))/(1 + n)`**3.544.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(1-\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)(e+fx)^n}{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} + \frac{\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+1\right)(e+fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) (e + fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{(n + 1) \left(2ce - f(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} + 1\right) (e + fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{(n + 1) \left(2ce - f(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)\right)}$$

input `Int[(x*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `-(((1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)])/((2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))) - ((1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)])/((2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))`

3.544.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.544.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int(x*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int(x*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.544.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.544.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(f*x+e)**n/(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Integral(x*(e + f*x)**n/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.544.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.544.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx+e)^n x}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n*x/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.544.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{x(e+fx)^n}{cx^2+bx+a} dx$$

input `int((x*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((x*(e + f*x)^n)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.545 $\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

3.545.1 Optimal result	4064
3.545.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4065
3.545.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4065
3.545.4 Maple [F]	4066
3.545.5 Fracas [F]	4067
3.545.6 Sympy [F]	4067
3.545.7 Maxima [F]	4067
3.545.8 Giac [F]	4068
3.545.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4068

3.545.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2c(e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

output

```
-2*c*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+
2*c*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/(1+n)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```

3.545.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c(e + fx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} + \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(e + f*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*c*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*(-(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)) + Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)))/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(1 + n))`

3.545.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1150, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1150}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2c(e + fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx)} - \frac{2c(e + fx)^n}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2c(e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{(n+1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2ce - f(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)\right)}$$

$$\frac{2c(e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{(n+1)\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2ce - f(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\right)}$$

input `Int[(e + f*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*c*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) + (2*c*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n))`

3.545.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1150 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)/((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.545.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

output `int((f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a), x)`

3.545.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.545.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)**n/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((e + f*x)**n/(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.545.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.545.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.545.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e + f*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

output `int((e + f*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.546 $\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.546.1 Optimal result	4069
3.546.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4070
3.546.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4070
3.546.4 Maple [F]	4072
3.546.5 Fricas [F]	4072
3.546.6 Sympy [F]	4072
3.546.7 Maxima [F]	4073
3.546.8 Giac [F]	4073
3.546.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4073

3.546.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c\left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a(2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{c\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a(2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$- \frac{(e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{ae(1+n)}$$

output

```
-(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+f*x/e)/a/e/(1+n)+c*(f*x+e)^(1+n)
*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1
+b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))+c*(f*x+e)^(
(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)))*(1-b/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```

3.546.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$(e + fx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{c \left(1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} + \frac{c \left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f}\right)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{a(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(e + f*x)^n/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

```
output ((e + f*x)^(1 + n)*((c*(1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 +
n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/(2*c*e +
(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f) + (c*(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2
F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/
(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f) - Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1
+ (f*x)/e]/e))/(a*(1 + n))
```

3.546.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1200}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(-b - cx)(e + fx)^n}{a(a + bx + cx^2)} + \frac{(e + fx)^n}{ax} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + 1\right) (e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a(n+1)\left(2ce-f\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{c\left(1 - \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a(n+1)\left(2ce-f\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b\right)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{(e+fx)^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{ae(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(e + f*x)^n/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(c*(1 + b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(a*(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) + (c*(1 - b/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)]/(a*(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) - ((e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(a*e*(1 + n))`

3.546.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.546.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{x(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((f*x+e)^n/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((f*x+e)^n/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.546.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n/(c*x^3 + b*x^2 + a*x), x)`

3.546.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)**n/x/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((e + f*x)**n/(x*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.546.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

3.546.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x), x)`

3.546.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((e + f*x)^n/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((e + f*x)^n/(x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

3.547 $\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.547.1 Optimal result 4074
 3.547.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4075
 3.547.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4075
 3.547.4 Maple [F] 4077
 3.547.5 Fricas [F] 4077
 3.547.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 4077
 3.547.7 Maxima [F] 4078
 3.547.8 Giac [F] 4078
 3.547.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4078

3.547.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int \frac{(e+fx)^n}{x^2(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c\left(b + \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a^2(2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$- \frac{c\left(b - \frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a^2(2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f)(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{b(e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{a^2e(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{f(e+fx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, 1+\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{ae^2(1+n)}$$

```
output b*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 1+f*x/e)/a^2/e/(1+n)+f*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([2, 1+n], [2+n], 1+f*x/e)/a/e^2/(1+n)-c*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(b+(-2*a*c+b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a^2/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))-c*(f*x+e)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], 2*c*(f*x+e)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(b+(2*a*c-b^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/a^2/(1+n)/(2*c*e-f*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
```

3.547.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(e + fx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{c \left(b + \frac{b^2 - 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} \right)}{2ce + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} - \frac{c \left(b + \frac{-b^2 + 2ac}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} \right)}{2ce - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})f} \right)}{a^2(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(e + f*x)^n/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((e + f*x)^(1 + n)*(-((c*(b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/(2*c*e + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)) - (c*(b + (-b^2 + 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f]])/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f) + (b*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (f*x)/e])/e + (a*f*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (f*x)/e])/e^2))/(a^2*(1 + n))`

3.547.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1200}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(-ac + b^2 + bcx)(e + fx)^n}{a^2(a + bx + cx^2)} - \frac{b(e + fx)^n}{a^2x} + \frac{(e + fx)^n}{ax^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c\left(\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}+b\right)(e+fx)^{n+1}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,n+1,n+2,\frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a^2(n+1)\left(2ce-f\left(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\right)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{c\left(b-\frac{b^2-2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)(e+fx)^{n+1}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,n+1,n+2,\frac{2c(e+fx)}{2ce-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})f}\right)}{a^2(n+1)\left(2ce-f\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b\right)\right)} +$$

$$\frac{b(e+fx)^{n+1}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,n+1,n+2,\frac{fx}{e}+1\right)}{a^2e(n+1)} +$$

$$\frac{f(e+fx)^{n+1}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2,n+1,n+2,\frac{fx}{e}+1\right)}{ae^2(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(e + f*x)^n/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `--((c*(b + (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f])/(a^2*(2*c*e - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) - (c*(b - (b^2 - 2*a*c)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (2*c*(e + f*x))/(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f])/(a^2*(2*c*e - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*f)*(1 + n)) + (b*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(a^2*e*(1 + n)) + (f*(e + f*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(a*e^2*(1 + n))`

3.547.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.547.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{x^2(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((f*x+e)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

output `int((f*x+e)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)`

3.547.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((f*x + e)^n/(c*x^4 + b*x^3 + a*x^2), x)`

3.547.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)**n/x**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.547.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

3.547.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(fx + e)^n}{(cx^2 + bx + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x+e)^n/x^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x + e)^n/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*x^2), x)`

3.547.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(e + fx)^n}{x^2(cx^2 + bx + a)} dx$$

input `int((e + f*x)^n/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((e + f*x)^n/(x^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

3.548 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

3.548.1 Optimal result 4079
 3.548.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4079
 3.548.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4080
 3.548.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4081
 3.548.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 4082
 3.548.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 4082
 3.548.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4083
 3.548.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4083
 3.548.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4084

3.548.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2(7e^2f^2+16defg+8d^2g^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{d(2e^2f^2+7defg+4d^2g^2)x^2}{e}$$

$$- \frac{1}{3}(ef+dg)(ef+7dg)x^3 - \frac{1}{2}eg(ef+2dg)x^4$$

$$- \frac{1}{5}e^2g^2x^5 - \frac{8d^3(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-d^2*(8*d^2*g^2+16*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2-d*(4*d^2*g^2+7*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*x^2/e-1/3*(d*g+e*f)*(7*d*g+e*f)*x^3-1/2*e*g*(2*d*g+e*f)*x^4-1/5*e^2*g^2*x^5-8*d^3*(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3
```

3.548.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{x(240d^4g^2+120d^3eg(4f+gx)+70d^2e^2(3f^2+3fgx+g^2x^2)+10de^3x(6f^2+8fgx+3g^2x^2)+e^4x^2(12f^2+12fgx+5g^2x^2))}{30e^2}$$

$$- \frac{8d^3(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/30*(x*(240*d^4*g^2 + 120*d^3*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + 70*d^2*e^2*(3*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 10*d*e^3*x*(6*f^2 + 8*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + e^4*x^2*(10*f^2 + 15*f*g*x + 6*g^2*x^2)))/e^2 - (8*d^3*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.548.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d-ex} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(-\frac{8d^3(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)} - \frac{2dx(4d^2g^2+7defg+2e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{d^2(8d^2g^2+16defg+7e^2f^2)}{e^2} - 2egx^3(2dg+ef) + x^2(-\dots) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8d^3(dg+ef)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{dx^2(4d^2g^2+7defg+2e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{d^2x(8d^2g^2+16defg+7e^2f^2)}{e^2} - \frac{1}{2}egx^4(2dg+ef) - \frac{1}{3}x^3(dg+ef)(7dg+ef) - \frac{1}{5}e^2g^2x^5$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-((d^2*(7*e^2*f^2 + 16*d*e*f*g + 8*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2) - (d*(2*e^2*f^2 + 7*d*e*f*g + 4*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/e - ((e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 7*d*g)*x^3)/3 - (e*g*(e*f + 2*d*g)*x^4)/2 - (e^2*g^2*x^5)/5 - (8*d^3*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.548.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.548.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
norman	$\left(-\frac{7}{3}d^2g^2 - \frac{8}{3}defg - \frac{1}{3}e^2f^2\right)x^3 - \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5} - \frac{d(4d^2g^2+7defg+2e^2f^2)x^2}{e} - \frac{d^2(8d^2g^2+16defg+7e^2f^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{eg}{e^2}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{5}g^2e^4x^5+d e^3g^2x^4+\frac{1}{2}e^4fgx^4+\frac{7}{3}d^2e^2g^2x^3+\frac{8}{3}d e^3fgx^3+\frac{1}{3}e^4f^2x^3+4d^3e g^2x^2+7d^2e^2fgx^2+2d e^3f^2x^2+8d^4g^2x+16d^3efg}{e^2}$
risch	$-\frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5} - edg^2x^4 - \frac{e^2fgx^4}{2} - \frac{7d^2g^2x^3}{3} - \frac{8edfgx^3}{3} - \frac{e^2f^2x^3}{3} - \frac{4d^3g^2x^2}{e} - 7d^2fgx^2 - 2edf^2x^2 - \frac{8}{30e^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6g^2e^5x^5+30x^4de^4g^2+15x^4e^5fg+70x^3d^2e^3g^2+80x^3de^4fg+10x^3e^5f^2+120x^2d^3e^2g^2+210x^2d^2e^3fg+60x^2de^4f^2+240\ln(e)}{30e^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-7/3*d^2*g^2-8/3*d*e*f*g-1/3*e^2*f^2)*x^3-1/5*e^2*g^2*x^5-d*(4*d^2*g^2+7*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*x^2/e-d^2*(8*d^2*g^2+16*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2-1/2*e*g*(2*d*g+e*f)*x^4-8*d^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)
```

3.548. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

3.548.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{6e^5g^2x^5 + 15(e^5fg + 2de^4g^2)x^4 + 10(e^5f^2 + 8de^4fg + 7d^2e^3g^2)x^3 + 30(2de^4f^2 + 7d^2e^3fg + 4d^3e^2g^2)x^2 + 30(7d^2e^3f^2 + 16d^3e^2fg + 8d^4e^2g^2)x + 240(d^3e^2f^2 + 2d^4e^2fg + d^5g^2)\log(ex-d)}{30e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/30*(6*e^5*g^2*x^5 + 15*(e^5*f*g + 2*d*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 10*(e^5*f^2 + 8*d*e^4*f*g + 7*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 30*(2*d*e^4*f^2 + 7*d^2*e^3*f*g + 4*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 30*(7*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 16*d^3*e^2*f*g + 8*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x + 240*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^2*f*g + d^5*g^2)*log(e*x - d))/e^3`**3.548.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{8d^3(dg+ef)^2 \log(-d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5} - x^4 \left(deg^2 + \frac{e^2fg}{2} \right) - x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{7d^2g^2}{3} + \frac{8defg}{3} + \frac{e^2f^2}{3} \right) - x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{4d^3g^2}{e} + 7d^2fg + 2def^2 \right) - x \left(\frac{8d^4g^2}{e^2} + \frac{16d^3fg}{e} + 7d^2f^2 \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`output `-8*d**3*(d*g + e*f)**2*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 - e**2*g**2*x**5/5 - x**4*(d*e*g**2 + e**2*f*g/2) - x**3*(7*d**2*g**2/3 + 8*d*e*f*g/3 + e**2*f**2/3) - x**2*(4*d**3*g**2/e + 7*d**2*f*g + 2*d*e*f**2) - x*(8*d**4*g**2/e**2 + 16*d**3*f*g/e + 7*d**2*f**2)`

3.548.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{6e^4g^2x^5 + 15(e^4fg + 2de^3g^2)x^4 + 10(e^4f^2 + 8de^3fg + 7d^2e^2g^2)x^3 + 30(2de^3f^2 + 7d^2e^2fg + 4d^3eg^2)x^2 + 30(7d^2e^2f^2 + 16d^3e^2fg + 8d^4e^2g^2)x + 8(d^3e^2f^2 + 2d^4efg + d^5g^2)\log(ex-d)}{30e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/30*(6*e^4*g^2*x^5 + 15*(e^4*f*g + 2*d*e^3*g^2)*x^4 + 10*(e^4*f^2 + 8*d*e^3*f*g + 7*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 30*(2*d*e^3*f^2 + 7*d^2*e^2*f*g + 4*d^3*e*g^2)*x^2 + 30*(7*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 16*d^3*e*f*g + 8*d^4*g^2)*x)/e^2 - 8*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.548.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{8(d^3e^2f^2 + 2d^4efg + d^5g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{6e^7g^2x^5 + 15e^7fgx^4 + 30de^6g^2x^4 + 10e^7f^2x^3 + 80de^6fgx^3 + 70d^2e^5g^2x^3 + 60de^6f^2x^2 + 210d^2e^5fgx^2 + 120d^3e^4g^2x^2 + 210d^2e^5f^2x + 480d^3e^4f*gx + 240d^4e^3g^2x)/e^5$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 1/30*(6*e^7*g^2*x^5 + 15*e^7*f*g*x^4 + 30*d*e^6*g^2*x^4 + 10*e^7*f^2*x^3 + 80*d*e^6*f*g*x^3 + 70*d^2*e^5*g^2*x^3 + 60*d*e^6*f^2*x^2 + 210*d^2*e^5*f*g*x^2 + 120*d^3*e^4*g^2*x^2 + 210*d^2*e^5*f^2*x + 480*d^3*e^4*f*gx + 240*d^4*e^3*g^2*x)/e^5`

3.548.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\
&= -x^2 \left(\frac{d^3g^2+6d^2efg+3de^2f^2}{2e} + \frac{d \left(\frac{3d^2eg^2+6de^2fg+e^3f^2}{e} + \frac{d(eg(3dg+2ef)+deg^2)}{e} \right)}{2e} \right) \\
&\quad - x^3 \left(\frac{3d^2eg^2+6de^2fg+e^3f^2}{3e} + \frac{d(eg(3dg+2ef)+deg^2)}{3e} \right) \\
&\quad - x^4 \left(\frac{eg(3dg+2ef)}{4} + \frac{deg^2}{4} \right) \\
&\quad - x \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d^3g^2+6d^2efg+3de^2f^2}{e} + \frac{d \left(\frac{3d^2eg^2+6de^2fg+e^3f^2}{e} + \frac{d(eg(3dg+2ef)+deg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{d^2f(2dg+3ef)}{e} \right) - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(8d^5g^2+16d^4efg+8d^3e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x)`

```

output - x^2*((d^3*g^2 + 3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g)/(2*e) + (d*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*
e*g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g)/e + (d*(e*g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f) + d*e*g^2))/e))/(2*e)) -
x^3*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*e*g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g)/(3*e) + (d*(e*g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f)
+ d*e*g^2))/(3*e)) - x^4*((e*g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f))/4 + (d*e*g^2)/4) - x*((d*
((d^3*g^2 + 3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g)/e + (d*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*e*g^2 + 6*
d*e^2*f*g)/e + (d*(e*g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f) + d*e*g^2))/e))/e) + (d^2*f*(2*d
*g + 3*e*f))/e) - (log(e*x - d)*(8*d^5*g^2 + 8*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 16*d^4*e*f*g)
)/e^3 - (e^2*g^2*x^5)/5

```

3.549 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

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3.549.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d(ef+2dg)(3ef+2dg)x}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f^2+6defg+4d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} - \frac{1}{3}g(2ef+3dg)x^3 - \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4 - \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `-d*(2*d*g+e*f)*(2*d*g+3*e*f)*x/e^2-1/2*(4*d^2*g^2+6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x^2/e-1/3*g*(3*d*g+2*e*f)*x^3-1/4*e*g^2*x^4-4*d^2*(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.549.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{ex(48d^3g^2+24d^2eg(4f+gx)+12de^2(3f^2+3fgx+g^2x^2)+e^3x(6f^2+8fgx+3g^2x^2))+48d^2(ef+dg)^2 \text{Log}[d-ex]}{12e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/12*(e*x*(48*d^3*g^2+24*d^2*e*g*(4*f+g*x)+12*d*e^2*(3*f^2+3*f*g*x+g^2*x^2))+e^3*x*(6*f^2+8*f*g*x+3*g^2*x^2))+48*d^2*(e*f+d*g)^2*Log[d-e*x])/e^3`

3.549.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d-ex} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(-\frac{x(4d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{4d^2(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)} + \frac{d(-2dg-3ef)(2dg+ef)}{e^2} - gx^2(3dg+2ef) - eg^2x^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4d^2(dg+ef)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{x^2(4d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)}{2e} - \frac{dx(2dg+ef)(2dg+3ef)}{e^2} - \frac{1}{3}gx^3(3dg+2ef) - \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-((d*(e*f + 2*d*g)*(3*e*f + 2*d*g)*x)/e^2) - ((e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 4*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) - (g*(2*e*f + 3*d*g)*x^3)/3 - (e*g^2*x^4)/4 - (4*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.549.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

3.549. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.549.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
norman	$-\frac{e g^2 x^4}{4} - \frac{g(3dg+2ef)x^3}{3} - \frac{(4d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)x^2}{2e} - \frac{d(4d^2g^2+8defg+3e^2f^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{4d^2(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex-d)}{e^3}$
risch	$-\frac{e g^2 x^4}{4} - x^3 d g^2 - \frac{2e x^3 f g}{3} - \frac{2x^2 g^2 d^2}{e} - 3x^2 f g d - \frac{e x^2 f^2}{2} - \frac{4d^3 g^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{8d^2 f g x}{e} - 3d f^2 x - \frac{4d^4 \ln(-ex-d)}{e^3}$
default	$-\frac{g^2 e^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{((2dg+ef)e^2g+eg(deg+e^2f))x^3}{3} + \frac{((2dg+ef)(deg+e^2f)+eg(2d^2g+3def))x^2}{e^2} + (2dg+ef)(2d^2g+3def)x - \frac{4d^2(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex-d)}{e^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3g^2e^4x^4+12x^3de^3g^2+8x^3e^4fg+24x^2d^2e^2g^2+36x^2de^3fg+6x^2e^4f^2+48\ln(ex-d)d^4g^2+96\ln(ex-d)d^3efg+48\ln(ex-d)d^2e^2f^2}{12e^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*e*g^2*x^4-1/3*g*(3*d*g+2*e*f)*x^3-1/2*(4*d^2*g^2+6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x^2/e-d*(4*d^2*g^2+8*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^2*x-4*d^2*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*\ln(-e*x+d)$$

3.549.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{3e^4g^2x^4 + 4(2e^4fg + 3de^3g^2)x^3 + 6(e^4f^2 + 6de^3fg + 4d^2e^2g^2)x^2 + 12(3de^3f^2 + 8d^2e^2fg + 4d^3eg^2)}{12e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-1/12*(3*e^4*g^2*x^4 + 4*(2*e^4*f*g + 3*d*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(e^4*f^2 + 6*d*e^3*f*g + 4*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 12*(3*d*e^3*f^2 + 8*d^2*e^2*f*g + 4*d^3*e*g^2)*x + 48*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/e^3$$

3.549.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{4d^2(dg+ef)^2 \log(-d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{eg^2x^4}{4} - x^3 \left(dg^2 + \frac{2efg}{3} \right) - x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2d^2g^2}{e} + 3dfg + \frac{ef^2}{2} \right) - x \left(\frac{4d^3g^2}{e^2} + \frac{8d^2fg}{e} + 3df^2 \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output
$$-4*d**2*(d*g + e*f)**2*\log(-d + e*x)/e**3 - e*g**2*x**4/4 - x**3*(d*g**2 + 2*e*f*g/3) - x**2*(2*d**2*g**2/e + 3*d*f*g + e*f**2/2) - x*(4*d**3*g**2/e**2 + 8*d**2*f*g/e + 3*d*f**2)$$

3.549.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = \frac{3e^3g^2x^4 + 4(2e^3fg + 3de^2g^2)x^3 + 6(e^3f^2 + 6de^2fg + 4d^2eg^2)x^2 + 12(3de^2f^2 + 8d^2efg + 4d^3g^2)x + 4(d^2e^2f^2 + 2d^3efg + d^4g^2) \log(ex-d)}{12e^2 e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/12*(3*e^3*g^2*x^4 + 4*(2*e^3*f*g + 3*d*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(e^3*f^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g + 4*d^2*e*g^2)*x^2 + 12*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^2*e*f*g + 4*d^3*g^2)*x)/e^2 - 4*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/e^3$$

3.549.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{4(d^2e^2f^2+2d^3efg+d^4g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{3e^5g^2x^4+8e^5fgx^3+12de^4g^2x^3+6e^5f^2x^2+36de^4fgx^2+24d^2e^3g^2x^2+36de^4f^2x+96d^2e^3fgx+48d^3e^2g^2x}{12e^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-4*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 1/12*(3*e^5*g^2*x^4 + 8*e^5*f*g*x^3 + 12*d*e^4*g^2*x^3 + 6*e^5*f^2*x^2 + 36*d*e^4*f*g*x^2 + 24*d^2*e^3*g^2*x^2 + 36*d*e^4*f^2*x + 96*d^2*e^3*f*g*x + 48*d^3*e^2*g^2*x)/e^4`**3.549.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -x^3 \left(\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{3} + \frac{dg^2}{3} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{d^2g^2+4defg+e^2f^2}{2e} + \frac{d(2g(dg+ef)+dg^2)}{2e} \right) - x \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d^2g^2+4defg+e^2f^2}{e} + \frac{d(2g(dg+ef)+dg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{2df(dg+ef)}{e} \right) - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(4d^4g^2+8d^3efg+4d^2e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{eg^2x^4}{4}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x)`output `- x^3*((2*g*(d*g + e*f))/3 + (d*g^2)/3) - x^2*((d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g)/(2*e) + (d*(2*g*(d*g + e*f) + d*g^2))/(2*e)) - x*((d*((d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g)/e) + (d*(2*g*(d*g + e*f) + d*g^2))/e))/e + (2*d*f*(d*g + e*f))/e - (log(e*x - d)*(4*d^4*g^2 + 4*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^3*e*f*g))/e^3 - (e*g^2*x^4)/4`

3.549. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

3.550 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

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3.550.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{2dg(ef+dg)x}{e^2} - \frac{d(f+gx)^2}{e} - \frac{(f+gx)^3}{3g} - \frac{2d(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `-2*d*g*(d*g+e*f)*x/e^2-d*(g*x+f)^2/e-1/3*(g*x+f)^3/g-2*d*(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.550.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{ex(6d^2g^2+3deg(4f+gx)+e^2(3f^2+3fgx+g^2x^2))+6d(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{3e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/3*(e*x*(6*d^2*g^2 + 3*d*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + e^2*(3*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)) + 6*d*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.550.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{639} \\ & \int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d-ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \int \left(-\frac{2d(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)} - \frac{2dg(dg+ef)}{e^2} - \frac{2dg(f+gx)}{e} - (f+gx)^2 \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{2d(dg+ef)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{2dgx(dg+ef)}{e^2} - \frac{d(f+gx)^2}{e} - \frac{(f+gx)^3}{3g} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `(-2*d*g*(e*f + d*g)*x)/e^2 - (d*(f + g*x)^2)/e - (f + g*x)^3/(3*g) - (2*d*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.550.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.550.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
norman	$-\frac{g^2 x^3}{3} - \frac{(2d^2 g^2 + 4defg + e^2 f^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{g(dg + ef)x^2}{e} - \frac{2d(d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \ln(-ex + d)}{e^3}$
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}g^2 x^3 e^2 + de g^2 x^2 + e^2 fg x^2 + 2d^2 g^2 x + 4defgx + e^2 f^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{2d(d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \ln(-ex + d)}{e^3}$
risch	$-\frac{g^2 x^3}{3} - \frac{dg^2 x^2}{e} - fg x^2 - \frac{2d^2 g^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{4dfgx}{e} - f^2 x - \frac{2d^3 \ln(-ex + d)g^2}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2 \ln(-ex + d)fg}{e^2} - \frac{2d \ln(-ex + d)}{e}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{g^2 x^3 e^3 + 3x^2 d e^2 g^2 + 3x^2 e^3 fg + 6 \ln(ex - d)d^3 g^2 + 12 \ln(ex - d)d^2 efg + 6 \ln(ex - d)d e^2 f^2 + 6x d^2 e g^2 + 12xd e^2 fg + 3x e^3 f^2}{3e^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*g^2*x^3-(2*d^2*g^2+4*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^2*x-1/e*g*(d*g+e*f)*x^2-2*d*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)
```

3.550.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{e^3 g^2 x^3 + 3(e^3 fg + de^2 g^2)x^2 + 3(e^3 f^2 + 4de^2 fg + 2d^2 eg^2)x + 6(de^2 f^2 + 2d^2 efg + d^3 g^2) \log(ex - d)}{3e^3}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output
$$\frac{-1/3*(e^3*g^2*x^3 + 3*(e^3*f*g + d*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(e^3*f^2 + 4*d*e^2*f*g + 2*d^2*e*g^2)*x + 6*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*\log(e*x - d))/e^3$$

3.550.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{2d(dg+ef)^2 \log(-d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{g^2x^3}{3} - x^2 \left(\frac{dg^2}{e} + fg \right) - x \left(\frac{2d^2g^2}{e^2} + \frac{4dfg}{e} + f^2 \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output
$$-2*d*(d*g + e*f)**2*\log(-d + e*x)/e**3 - g**2*x**3/3 - x**2*(d*g**2/e + f*g) - x*(2*d**2*g**2/e**2 + 4*d*f*g/e + f**2)$$

3.550.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{e^2g^2x^3 + 3(e^2fg + deg^2)x^2 + 3(e^2f^2 + 4defg + 2d^2g^2)x}{3e^2} - \frac{2(de^2f^2 + 2d^2efg + d^3g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/3*(e^2*g^2*x^3 + 3*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 - 2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/e^3$$

3.550.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(de^2f^2 + 2d^2efg + d^3g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{e^3}$$

$$-\frac{e^3g^2x^3 + 3e^3fgx^2 + 3de^2g^2x^2 + 3e^3f^2x + 12de^2fgx + 6d^2eg^2x}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 1/3*(e^3*g^2*x^3 + 3*e^3*f*g*x^2 + 3*d*e^2*g^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*f^2*x + 12*d*e^2*f*g*x + 6*d^2*e*g^2*x)/e^3`**3.550.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -x^2 \left(\frac{dg^2 + 2efg}{2e} + \frac{dg^2}{2e} \right)$$

$$- x \left(\frac{ef^2 + 2dgf}{e} + \frac{d \left(\frac{dg^2 + 2efg}{e} + \frac{dg^2}{e} \right)}{e} \right) - \frac{g^2x^3}{3}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ex-d)(2d^3g^2 + 4d^2efg + 2de^2f^2)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x)`output `- x^2*((d*g^2 + 2*e*f*g)/(2*e) + (d*g^2)/(2*e)) - x*((e*f^2 + 2*d*f*g)/e + (d*((d*g^2 + 2*e*f*g)/e + (d*g^2)/e))/e - (g^2*x^3)/3 - (log(e*x - d)*(2*d^3*g^2 + 2*d*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^2*e*f*g))/e^3`

3.551 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

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3.551.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4099

3.551.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{g(ef+dg)x}{e^2} - \frac{(f+gx)^2}{2e} - \frac{(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `-g*(d*g+e*f)*x/e^2-1/2*(g*x+f)^2/e-(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.551.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{egx(4ef+2dg+egx)+2(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{2e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(e*g*x*(4*e*f + 2*d*g + e*g*x) + 2*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.551.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {639, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d-ex} dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(d-ex)} - \frac{g(dg+ef)}{e^2} - \frac{g(f+gx)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(dg+ef)^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{gx(dg+ef)}{e^2} - \frac{(f+gx)^2}{2e}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `-((g*(e*f + d*g)*x)/e^2) - (f + g*x)^2/(2*e) - ((e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.551.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.551.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{g(\frac{1}{2}egx^2+dgx+2efx)}{e^2} + \frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$	59
norman	$-\frac{g^2x^2}{2e} - \frac{g(dg+2ef)x}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$	61
risch	$-\frac{g^2x^2}{2e} - \frac{g^2dx}{e^2} - \frac{2gfx}{e} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)d^2g^2}{e^3} - \frac{2\ln(-ex+d)dfg}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{e}$	79
parallelrisch	$-\frac{g^2x^2e^2+2\ln(ex-d)d^2g^2+4\ln(ex-d)defg+2\ln(ex-d)e^2f^2+2xdeg^2+4xe^2fg}{2e^3}$	79

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{g}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e g x^2 + d g x + 2 e f x \right) + \frac{(-d^2 g^2 - 2 d e f g - e^2 f^2) \ln(-e x + d)}{e^3}$

3.551.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{e^2 g^2 x^2 + 2(2e^2 fg + deg^2)x + 2(e^2 f^2 + 2defg + d^2 g^2) \log(ex - d)}{2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-\frac{1}{2} \left(e^2 g^2 x^2 + 2(2e^2 fg + d e g^2) x + 2(e^2 f^2 + 2d e f g + d^2 g^2) \log(e x - d) \right) / e^3$

3.551.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -x \left(\frac{dg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2fg}{e} \right) - \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} - \frac{(dg+ef)^2 \log(-d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`output `-x*(d*g**2/e**2 + 2*f*g/e) - g**2*x**2/(2*e) - (d*g + e*f)**2*log(-d + e*x)/e**3`**3.551.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{eg^2x^2 + 2(2efg+dg^2)x}{2e^2} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(e*g^2*x^2 + 2*(2*e*f*g + d*g^2)*x)/e^2 - (e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.551.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{eg^2x^2 + 4efgx + 2dg^2x}{2e^2} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(e*g^2*x^2 + 4*e*f*g*x + 2*d*g^2*x)/e^2 - (e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3`

3.551.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx = -x \left(\frac{dg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2fg}{e} \right) - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{g^2x^2}{2e}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x)`output `- x*((d*g^2)/e^2 + (2*f*g)/e) - (log(e*x - d)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/e^3 - (g^2*x^2)/(2*e)`

3.552 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$

3.552.1 Optimal result	4100
3.552.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4100
3.552.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4101
3.552.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4102
3.552.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4102
3.552.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4103
3.552.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4103
3.552.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4104
3.552.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4104

3.552.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx = -\frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{(ef + dg)^2 \log(d - ex)}{2de^3} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2 \log(d + ex)}{2de^3}$$

output `-g^2*x/e^2-1/2*(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/d/e^3+1/2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*ln(e*x+d)/d/e^3`

3.552.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2x^2} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 + d^2g^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) - deg(gx + f \log(d^2 - e^2x^2))}{de^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `((e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d] - d*e*g*(g*x + f*Log[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(d*e^3)`

3.552.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \frac{\left(-\frac{d^2 g^2}{e^2} + \frac{d(ef+dg)^2}{2e^2(d-ex)} + \frac{d(ef-dg)^2}{2e^2(d+ex)}\right) dx}{d^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{d^2 g^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{d(dg+ef)^2 \log(d-ex)}{2e^3} + \frac{d(ef-dg)^2 \log(d+ex)}{2e^3}}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x]`

output `((-(d^2*g^2*x)/e^2) - (d*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/(2*e^3) + (d*(e*f - d*g)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(2*e^3))/d^2`

3.552.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.552.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{2e^3d} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{2de^3}$	82
default	$-\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{2de^3} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{2e^3d}$	84
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(ex-d)d^2g^2+2\ln(ex-d)defg+\ln(ex-d)e^2f^2-\ln(ex+d)d^2g^2+2\ln(ex+d)defg-\ln(ex+d)e^2f^2+2xdeg^2}{2de^3}$	102
risch	$-\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{d\ln(-ex-d)g^2}{2e^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex-d)fg}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(-ex-d)f^2}{2ed} - \frac{d\ln(ex-d)g^2}{2e^3} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)fg}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)f^2}{2ed}$	116

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-g^2x/e^2+1/2/e^3*(d^2g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d*\ln(e*x+d)-1/2*(d^2g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d/e^3*\ln(-e*x+d)$$
3.552.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2deg^2x - (e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2)\log(ex+d) + (e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{2de^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output
$$-1/2*(2*d*e*g^2*x - (e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x + d) + (e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x - d))/(d*e^3)$$

3.552.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{g^2 x}{e^2} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{2d^2 fg + \frac{d(dg-ef)^2}{e}}{d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2}\right)}{2de^3} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{2d^2 fg - \frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e}}{d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2}\right)}{2de^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output `-g**2*x/e**2 + (d*g - e*f)**2*log(x + (2*d**2*f*g + d*(d*g - e*f)**2/e)/(d**2*g**2 + e**2*f**2))/(2*d*e**3) - (d*g + e*f)**2*log(x + (2*d**2*f*g - d*(d*g + e*f)**2/e)/(d**2*g**2 + e**2*f**2))/(2*d*e**3)`

3.552.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{g^2 x}{e^2} + \frac{(e^2 f^2 - 2defg + d^2 g^2) \log(ex + d)}{2de^3} - \frac{(e^2 f^2 + 2defg + d^2 g^2) \log(ex - d)}{2de^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-g^2*x/e^2 + 1/2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d*e^3) - 1/2*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d*e^3)`

3.552.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{g^2 x}{e^2} + \frac{(e^2 f^2 - 2 defg + d^2 g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{2 de^3} - \frac{(e^2 f^2 + 2 defg + d^2 g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{2 de^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-g^2*x/e^2 + 1/2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d*e^3) - 1/2*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d*e^3)`**3.552.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex) (d^2 g^2 - 2 defg + e^2 f^2)}{2 de^3} - \frac{g^2 x}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(d - ex) (d^2 g^2 + 2 defg + e^2 f^2)}{2 de^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2),x)`output `(log(d + e*x)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g))/(2*d*e^3) - (g^2*x)/e^2 - (log(d - e*x)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(2*d*e^3)`

3.553 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

3.553.1 Optimal result	4105
3.553.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4105
3.553.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4106
3.553.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4107
3.553.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4107
3.553.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4108
3.553.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4108
3.553.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4109
3.553.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4109

3.553.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(ef-dg)^2}{2de^3(d+ex)} - \frac{(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex)}{4d^2e^3} + \frac{(ef-dg)(ef+3dg) \log(d+ex)}{4d^2e^3}$$

output `-1/2*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(e*x+d)-1/4*(d*g+e*f)^2*ln(-e*x+d)/d^2/e^3+1/4*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)*ln(e*x+d)/d^2/e^3`

3.553.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-(ef+dg)^2(d+ex) \log(d-ex) + (ef-dg)(2d(-ef+dg) + (ef+3dg)(d+ex) \log(d+ex))}{4d^2e^3(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(-((e*f + d*g)^2*(d + e*x)*Log[d - e*x]) + (e*f - d*g)*(2*d*(-(e*f) + d*g) + (e*f + 3*d*g)*(d + e*x)*Log[d + e*x]))/(4*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x))`

3.553.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{4d^2e^2(d - ex)} + \frac{(ef - dg)(3dg + ef)}{4d^2e^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{2de^2(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(3dg + ef)(ef - dg) \log(d + ex)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log(d - ex)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{2de^3(d + ex)}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(e*f - d*g)^2/(d*e^3*(d + e*x)) - ((e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x])/(4*d^2*e^3) + ((e*f - d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g)*Log[d + e*x])/(4*d^2*e^3)`

3.553.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

3.553. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.553.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$\frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{4d^2e^3} + \frac{(-3d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2}{2e^3d(ex+d)}$
norman	$\frac{-d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2}{2de^3(ex+d)} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(3d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{4d^2e^3}$
risch	$-\frac{dg^2}{2e^3(ex+d)} + \frac{fg}{e^2(ex+d)} - \frac{f^2}{2ed(ex+d)} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)g^2}{4e^3} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)fg}{2de^2} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)f^2}{4d^2e} - \frac{3\ln(-ex-d)g^2}{4e^3} + \frac{\ln(-ex-d)}{2de^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(ex-d)x d^2e g^2+2\ln(ex-d)xd e^2fg+\ln(ex-d)x e^3f^2+3\ln(ex+d)x d^2e g^2-2\ln(ex+d)xd e^2fg-\ln(ex+d)x e^3f^2+\ln(ex-d)}{4d^2e^3}$

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{4}*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3*\ln(-e*x+d)+\frac{1}{4}*(-3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3*\ln(e*x+d)-\frac{1}{2}/e^3*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d/(e*x+d)$

3.553.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2de^2f^2 - 4d^2efg + 2d^3g^2 - (de^2f^2 + 2d^2efg - 3d^3g^2 + (e^3f^2 + 2de^2fg - 3d^2eg^2)x) \log(ex+d) + (e^3f^2 + 2de^2fg - 3d^2eg^2)x \log(-ex-d)}{4(d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/4*(2*d*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^2*e*f*g + 2*d^3*g^2 - (d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g - 3*d^3*g^2 + (e^3*f^2 + 2*d*e^2*f*g - 3*d^2*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) + (d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2 + (e^3*f^2 + 2*d*e^2*f*g + d^2*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d)/(d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)$

3.553. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

3.553.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2}{2d^2e^3 + 2de^4x} - \frac{(dg - ef)(3dg + ef) \log\left(x + \frac{-2d^3g^2 + d(dg - ef)(3dg + ef)}{d^2eg^2 - 2de^2fg - e^3f^2}\right)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{-2d^3g^2 + d(dg + ef)^2}{d^2eg^2 - 2de^2fg - e^3f^2}\right)}{4d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2), x)`

output `-(d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 2*d*e**4*x) - (d*g - e*f)*(3*d*g + e*f)*log(x + (-2*d**3*g**2 + d*(d*g - e*f)*(3*d*g + e*f))/(d**2*e*g**2 - 2*d*e**2*f*g - e**3*f**2))/(4*d**2*e**3) - (d*g + e*f)**2*log(x + (-2*d**3*g**2 + d*(d*g + e*f)**2)/(d**2*e*g**2 - 2*d*e**2*f*g - e**3*f**2))/(4*d**2*e**3)`

3.553.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2}{2(de^4x + d^2e^3)} + \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg - 3d^2g^2) \log(ex + d)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex - d)}{4d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) + 1/4*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d^2*e^3) - 1/4*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d^2*e^3)`

3.553.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg - 3d^2g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{de^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^3g^2}{2(ex + d)d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^2*e^3) - 1/4*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^2*e^3) - 1/2*(d*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)/((e*x + d)*d^2*e^3)`**3.553.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex) (-3d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{\ln(d - ex) (d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2}{2de^3(d + ex)}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(log(d + e*x)*(e^2*f^2 - 3*d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(4*d^2*e^3) - (log(d - e*x)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(4*d^2*e^3) - (d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g)/(2*d*e^3*(d + e*x))`

3.554 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

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3.554.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(ef - dg)^2}{4de^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)(ef + 3dg)}{4d^2e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{(ef + dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{4d^3e^3}$$

output `-1/4*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/4*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/4*(d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^3/e^3`

3.554.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2d(-ef+dg)(2d^2g+e^2fx+de(2f+3gx))}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(ef + dg)^2 \log(d - ex) + (ef + dg)^2 \log(d + ex)}{8d^3e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output `((2*d*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(2*d^2*g + e^2*f*x + d*e*(2*f + 3*g*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 - (e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x] + (e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(8*d^3*e^3)`

3.554. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

3.554.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{4d^2 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} + \frac{(ef - dg)(3dg + ef)}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{2de^2 (d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)^2}{4d^3 e^3} - \frac{(3dg + ef)(ef - dg)}{4d^2 e^3 (d + ex)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{4de^3 (d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/4*(e*f - d*g)^2/(d*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - ((e*f - d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g))/(4*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((e*f + d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(4*d^3*e^3)`

3.554.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))]`

3.554. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.554.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2}{2d e^3} + \frac{(3d^2 g^2 - 2defg - e^2 f^2)x}{4d^2 e^2}}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \ln(-ex+d)}{8e^3 d^3} + \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \ln(ex+d)}{8e^3 d^3}$
default	$\frac{(-d^2 g^2 - 2defg - e^2 f^2) \ln(-ex+d)}{8e^3 d^3} - \frac{-3d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2}{4d^2 e^3 (ex+d)} - \frac{d^2 g^2 - 2defg + e^2 f^2}{4e^3 d (ex+d)^2} + \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \ln(ex+d)}{8e^3 d^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2}{2d e^3} + \frac{(3d^2 g^2 - 2defg - e^2 f^2)x}{4d^2 e^2}}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)g^2}{8e^3 d} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)fg}{4e^2 d^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{8e d^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)g^2}{8e^3 d} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)fg}{4e^2 d^2} -$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{4d^2 e^2 f^2 - 4d^4 g^2 - \ln(ex+d)d^2 e^2 f^2 + \ln(ex-d)x^2 e^4 f^2 - \ln(ex+d)x^2 e^4 f^2 + \ln(ex-d)d^2 e^2 f^2 - 6x d^3 e g^2 + 2x d e^3 f^2 + 2 \ln(ex-d)}{}$

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2)}{d e^3} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{(3d^2 g^2 - 2d e f g - e^2 f^2)}{d^2 e^2} \frac{x}{(e x + d)^2} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{e^3 d^3} \ln(-e x + d) + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{e^3 d^3} \ln(e x + d)$$

3.554.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(81) = 162$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{4d^2 e^2 f^2 - 4d^4 g^2 + 2(de^3 f^2 + 2d^2 e^2 fg - 3d^3 e g^2)x - (d^2 e^2 f^2 + 2d^3 e fg + d^4 g^2 + (e^4 f^2 + 2de^3 fg + d^5 g^2)) \ln(-ex+d) + (d^2 e^2 f^2 + 2d^3 e fg + d^4 g^2 + (e^4 f^2 + 2de^3 fg + d^5 g^2)) \ln(ex+d)}{4d^2 e^2 f^2 - 4d^4 g^2 + 2(de^3 f^2 + 2d^2 e^2 fg - 3d^3 e g^2)x - (d^2 e^2 f^2 + 2d^3 e fg + d^4 g^2 + (e^4 f^2 + 2de^3 fg + d^5 g^2)) \ln(-ex+d) + (d^2 e^2 f^2 + 2d^3 e fg + d^4 g^2 + (e^4 f^2 + 2de^3 fg + d^5 g^2)) \ln(ex+d)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(4*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^4*g^2 + 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^2*f*g - 3*d^3*e*g \\ & \quad ^2)*x - (d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2 + (e^4*f^2 + 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^ \\ & \quad 2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^2*f*g + d^3*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) \\ & \quad + (d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2 + (e^4*f^2 + 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2 \\ & \quad *g^2)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^2*f*g + d^3*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d))/(d^ \\ & \quad 3*e^5*x^2 + 2*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.554.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx &= -\frac{-2d^3g^2 + 2de^2f^2 + x(-3d^2eg^2 + 2de^2fg + e^3f^2)}{4d^4e^3 + 8d^3e^4x + 4d^2e^5x^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{(dg+ef)^2 \log\left(-\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{8d^3e^3} \\ &\quad + \frac{(dg+ef)^2 \log\left(\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{8d^3e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -(-2*d**3*g**2 + 2*d*e**2*f**2 + x*(-3*d**2*e*g**2 + 2*d*e**2*f*g + e**3*f \\ & \quad **2))/(4*d**4*e**3 + 8*d**3*e**4*x + 4*d**2*e**5*x**2) - (d*g + e*f)**2*lo \\ & \quad g(-d*(d*g + e*f)**2/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 2*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**3*e \\ & \quad **3) + (d*g + e*f)**2*log(d*(d*g + e*f)**2/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 2*d*e*f*g + e** \\ & \quad 2*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**3*e**3) \end{aligned}$$

3.554.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx &= -\frac{2de^2f^2 - 2d^3g^2 + (e^3f^2 + 2de^2fg - 3d^2eg^2)x}{4(d^2e^5x^2 + 2d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)} \\ &\quad + \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex+d)}{8d^3e^3} \\ &\quad - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex-d)}{8d^3e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/4*(2*d*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^3*g^2 + (e^3*f^2 + 2*d*e^2*f*g - 3*d^2*e*g^2)*x)/(d^2*e^5*x^2 + 2*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3) + 1/8*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x + d)/(d^3*e^3) - 1/8*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/(d^3*e^3)$$

3.554.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx = -\frac{(e^2 f^2 + 2 d e f g + d^2 g^2) \log\left(\left| -\frac{2d}{ex+d} + 1 \right| \right)}{8 d^3 e^3} - \frac{\frac{e^5 f^2}{ex+d} + \frac{de^5 f^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{2de^4 fg}{ex+d} - \frac{2d^2 e^4 fg}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{3d^2 e^3 g^2}{ex+d} + \frac{d^3 e^3 g^2}{(ex+d)^2}}{4 d^2 e^6}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/8*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(-2*d/(e*x + d) + 1))/(d^3*e^3) - 1/4*(e^5*f^2/(e*x + d) + d*e^5*f^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 2*d*e^4*f*g/(e*x + d) - 2*d^2*e^4*f*g/(e*x + d)^2 - 3*d^2*e^3*g^2/(e*x + d) + d^3*e^3*g^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(d^2*e^6)$$

3.554.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2}{2 d e^3} - \frac{x(-3 d^2 g^2 + 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{4 d^2 e^2}}{d^2 + 2 d e x + e^2 x^2} + \frac{\text{atanh}\left(\frac{e x}{d}\right) (d g + e f)^2}{4 d^3 e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output
$$((d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2)/(2*d*e^3) - (x*(e^2*f^2 - 3*d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(4*d^2*e^2))/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x) + (\text{atanh}((e*x)/d)*(d*g + e*f)^2)/(4*d^3*e^3)$$

3.555 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

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3.555.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(ef - dg)^2}{6de^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ef - dg)(ef + 3dg)}{8d^2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ef + dg)^2}{8d^3e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{(ef + dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8d^4e^3}$$

output `-1/6*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/8*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/8*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/8*(d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^4/e^3`

3.555.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\frac{8d^3(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{6d^2(-e^2f^2-2defg+3d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{6d(ef+dg)^2}{d+ex} - 3(ef + dg)^2 \log(d - ex) + 3(ef + dg)^2 \log(d + ex)}{48d^4e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output $((-8*d^3*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^3 + (6*d^2*(-(e^2*f^2) - 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (6*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d + e*x) - 3*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x] + 3*(e*f + d*g)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(48*d^4*e^3)$

3.555.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3 e^2 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ef - dg)(3dg + ef)}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{2de^2 (d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)^2}{8d^4 e^3} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3 e^3 (d + ex)} - \frac{(3dg + ef)(ef - dg)}{8d^2 e^3 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{6de^3 (d + ex)^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]$

output $-1/6*(e*f - d*g)^2/(d*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - ((e*f - d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g))/(8*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (e*f + d*g)^2/(8*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((e*f + d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(8*d^4*e^3)$

3.555.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.555.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2)x^3}{12d^4} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-7e^2f^2)x}{8d^2e^2} - \frac{(3d^2g^2-2defg-9e^2f^2)x^2}{8d^3e}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{16e^3d^4}$
default	$\frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} - \frac{-3d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{8d^2e^3(ex+d)^2} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2}{6e^3d(ex+d)^3} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{16e^3d^4}$
risch	$\frac{-(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)x^2}{8d^3e} + \frac{(d^2g^2-6defg-3e^2f^2)x}{8d^2e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2}{12de^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)g^2}{16e^3d^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)fg}{8e^2d^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{16ed^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6\ln(ex+d)d^4efg+3\ln(ex-d)x^3d^2e^3g^2-18\ln(ex+d)xd^3e^2fg+18\ln(ex-d)xd^3e^2fg+18\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^3fg-18\ln(ex+d)xd^2e^3fg}{16e^3d^4}$

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-1/12*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-5*e^2*f^2)/d^4*x^3-1/8*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-7*e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^2*x-1/8*(3*d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-9*e^2*f^2)/d^3/e*x^2)/(e*x+d)^3-1/16*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4*\ln(-e*x+d)+1/16*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4*\ln(e*x+d)}$$

3.555.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 400 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{-20 d^3 e^2 f^2 + 8 d^4 e f g - 4 d^5 g^2 + 6 (d e^4 f^2 + 2 d^2 e^3 f g + d^3 e^2 g^2) x^2 + 6 (3 d^2 e^3 f^2 + 6 d^3 e^2 f g - d^4 e g^2) x - 3 (d^3 e^2 f^2 + 2 d^4 e f g + d^5 g^2) \log(e x + d) + 3 (d^3 e^2 f^2 + 2 d^4 e f g + d^5 g^2) \log(e x - d)}{16 d^4 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/48*(20*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^4*e*f*g - 4*d^5*g^2 + 6*(d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g + d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 6*(3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 6*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x - 3*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2 + (e^5*f^2 + 2*d*e^4*f*g + d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 3*(d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g + d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) + 3*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2 + (e^5*f^2 + 2*d*e^4*f*g + d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 3*(d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g + d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^4*e^6*x^3 + 3*d^5*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^6*e^4*x + d^7*e^3)
```

3.555.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. $2(99) = 198$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{-2d^4 g^2 + 4d^3 e f g + 10d^2 e^2 f^2 + x^2 \cdot (3d^2 e^2 g^2 + 6d e^3 f g + 3e^4 f^2) + x(-3d^3 e g^2 + 18d^2 e^2 f g + 9d e^3 f^2)}{24d^6 e^3 + 72d^5 e^4 x + 72d^4 e^5 x^2 + 24d^3 e^6 x^3}$$

$$- \frac{(d g + e f)^2 \log\left(-\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4 e^3} + \frac{(d g + e f)^2 \log\left(\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output
$$\frac{-(-2d^4g^2 + 4d^3efg + 10d^2e^2f^2 + x^2(3d^2e^2g^2 + 6de^3fg + 3e^4f^2)) + x(-3d^3e^2g^2 + 18d^2e^2fg + 9de^3f^2)}{(24d^6e^3 + 72d^5e^4x + 72d^4e^5x^2 + 24d^3e^6x^3) - (dg + ef)^2 \log(-d(dg + ef)^2 / (e(d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2))) + x} / (16d^4e^3) + \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log(d(dg + ef)^2 / (e(d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2))) + x}{(16d^4e^3)}$$

3.555.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{10d^2e^2f^2 + 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 + 3(e^4f^2 + 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(3de^3f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg - d^3eg^2)x}{24(d^3e^6x^3 + 3d^4e^5x^2 + 3d^5e^4x + d^6e^3)} + \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex + d)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex - d)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-1/24*(10d^2e^2f^2 + 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 + 3*(e^4f^2 + 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)*x^2 + 3*(3d^2e^3f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg - d^3eg^2)*x)}{(d^3e^6x^3 + 3d^4e^5x^2 + 3d^5e^4x + d^6e^3) + 1/16*(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2)*\log(e*x + d)/(d^4e^3) - 1/16*(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/(d^4e^3)}$$

3.555.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{10d^3e^2f^2 + 4d^4efg - 2d^5g^2 + 3(de^4f^2 + 2d^2e^3fg + d^3e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(3d^2e^3f^2 + 6d^3e^2fg - d^4eg^2)x}{24(ex + d)^3d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{16}(e^2f^2 + 2d*efg + d^2g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/(d^4e^3) - \frac{1}{16}(e^2f^2 + 2d*efg + d^2g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x - d))/(d^4e^3) - \frac{1}{24}(10d^3e^2f^2 + 4d^4*efg - 2d^5g^2 + 3*(d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g + d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 6*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*d^4e^3)$

3.555.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)^2}{8d^4e^3}$$

$$- \frac{-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2}{12de^3} + \frac{x(-d^2g^2 + 6defg + 3e^2f^2)}{8d^2e^2} + \frac{x^2(d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2)}{8d^3e}$$

$$d^3 + 3d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output $(\operatorname{atanh}((e*x)/d)*(d*g + e*f)^2)/(8*d^4*e^3) - ((5*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(12*d*e^3) + (x*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^2*e^2) + (x^2*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^3*e))/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)$

3.556 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$

3.556.1 Optimal result 4121
 3.556.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4121
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3.556.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{(ef-dg)^2}{8de^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(ef-dg)(ef+3dg)}{12d^2e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{16d^3e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{16d^4e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(ef+dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16d^5e^3}$$

output `-1/8*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/12*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/16*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/16*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^4/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/16*(d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^5/e^3`

3.556.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{12d^4(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{8d^3(e^2f^2+2defg-3d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{6d^2(ef+dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6d(ef+dg)^2}{d+ex} + 3(ef+dg)^2 \log(d-ex) - 3(ef+dg)^2 \log(d+ex)}{96d^5e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/96*((12*d^4*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^4 + (8*d^3*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (6*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (6*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d + e*x) + 3*(e*f + d*g)^2*\text{Log}[d - e*x] - 3*(e*f + d*g)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(d^5*e^3)}$$

3.556.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 639 \\ & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)(d + ex)^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 99 \\ & \int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4 e^2 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3 e^2 (d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ef - dg)(3dg + ef)}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^4} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{2de^2 (d + ex)^5} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)^2}{16d^5 e^3} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4 e^3 (d + ex)} - \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^3 e^3 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(3dg + ef)(ef - dg)}{12d^2 e^3 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{8de^3 (d + ex)^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/8*(e*f - d*g)^2/(d*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - ((e*f - d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g))/(12*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - (e*f + d*g)^2/(16*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (e*f + d*g)^2/(16*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((e*f + d*g)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(e*x)/d])/(16*d^5*e^3)}$$

3.556.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.556.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
norman	$\frac{(3d^2g^2-26defg-61e^2f^2)x^3}{48d^4} - \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-7e^2f^2)x^2}{4ed^3} + \frac{e^2(dfg+2ef^2)x^4}{6d^5} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-15e^2f^2)x}{16d^2e^2} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(x+d)}{32e^3d^5}$
default	$\frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{32e^3d^5} - \frac{-3d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{12d^2e^3(ex+d)^3} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2}{8e^3d(ex+d)^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{32e^3d^5}$
risch	$\frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)x^3}{16d^4} - \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)x^2}{4d^3e} - \frac{(3d^2g^2+38defg+19e^2f^2)x}{48d^2e^2} - \frac{f(dg+2ef)}{6e^2d} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)g^2}{32e^3d^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)fg}{16e^2d^4}$
parallelrisch	$-12\ln(ex+d)x d^3e^3f^2+6\ln(ex-d)d^5efg-6\ln(ex+d)d^5efg+3\ln(ex-d)x^4d^2e^4g^2-3\ln(ex+d)x^4d^2e^4g^2+12\ln(ex-d)x^3d^3$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/48*(3*d^2*g^2-26*d*e*f*g-61*e^2*f^2)/d^4*x^3-1/4/e*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-7*e^2*f^2)/d^3*x^2+1/6*e^2*(d*f*g+2*e*f^2)/d^5*x^4-1/16*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-15*e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^2*x)/(e*x+d)^4-1/32*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^5*ln(-e*x+d)+1/32*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^5*ln(e*x+d)
```

3.556.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)} dx$$

3.556.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 511 vs. $2(129) = 258$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx = \frac{32d^4 e^2 f^2 + 16d^5 efg + 6(de^5 f^2 + 2d^2 e^4 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x^3 + 24(d^2 e^4 f^2 + 2d^3 e^3 fg + d^4 e^2 g^2)x^2 + 2(19d^3 e^3 f^2 + 38d^4 e^2 fg + 3d^5 e^2 g^2)x - 3(d^4 e^2 f^2 + 2d^5 efg + d^6 g^2) + (e^6 f^2 + 2d^5 efg + d^2 e^4 g^2)x^4 + 4(d^5 e^2 f^2 + 2d^2 e^4 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x^3 + 6(d^2 e^4 f^2 + 2d^3 e^3 fg + d^4 e^2 g^2)x^2 + 4(d^3 e^3 f^2 + 2d^4 e^2 fg + d^5 e^2 g^2)x \log(ex + d) + 3(d^4 e^2 f^2 + 2d^5 efg + d^6 g^2 + (e^6 f^2 + 2d^5 efg + d^2 e^4 g^2)x^4 + 4(d^5 e^2 f^2 + 2d^2 e^4 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x^3 + 6(d^2 e^4 f^2 + 2d^3 e^3 fg + d^4 e^2 g^2)x^2 + 4(d^3 e^3 f^2 + 2d^4 e^2 fg + d^5 e^2 g^2)x) \log(ex - d)}{(d^5 e^7 x^4 + 4d^6 e^6 x^3 + 6d^7 e^5 x^2 + 4d^8 e^4 x + d^9 e^3)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/96*(32*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 16*d^5*e*f*g + 6*(d*e^5*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^4*f*g + d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 24*(d^2*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g + d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(19*d^3*e^3*f^2 + 38*d^4*e^2*f*g + 3*d^5*e^2*g^2)*x - 3*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^6*g^2 + (e^6*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 4*(d^5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^4*f*g + d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(d^2*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g + d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^2*f*g + d^5*e^2*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) + 3*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^6*g^2 + (e^6*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 4*(d^5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^4*f*g + d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(d^2*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g + d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^2*f*g + d^5*e^2*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^5*e^7*x^4 + 4*d^6*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^7*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^8*e^4*x + d^9*e^3)`

3.556.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx = \frac{8d^4 fg + 16d^3 e f^2 + x^3 \cdot (3d^2 e^2 g^2 + 6d e^3 fg + 3e^4 f^2) + x^2 \cdot (12d^3 e g^2 + 24d^2 e^2 fg + 12d e^3 f^2) + x(3d^4 g^2 + 48d^8 e^2 + 192d^7 e^3 x + 288d^6 e^4 x^2 + 192d^5 e^5 x^3 + 48d^4 e^6 x^4)}{32d^5 e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log\left(-\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{32d^5 e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2 \log\left(\frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{32d^5 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -(8d^4fg + 16d^3e^2f^2 + x^3(3d^2e^2g^2 + 6de^3fg + 3e^4f^2)) + x^2(12d^3e^2g^2 + 24d^2e^2fg + 12de^3f^2) + x \\ & * (3d^4g^2 + 38d^3e^2fg + 19d^2e^2f^2) / (48d^8e^2 + 192d^7e^3x + 288d^6e^4x^2 + 192d^5e^5x^3 + 48d^4e^6x^4) - \\ & (dg + ef)^2 \log(-d(dg + ef)^2 / (e(d^2g^2 + 2de^2fg + e^2f^2))) + x / (32d^5e^3) + (dg + ef)^2 \log(d(dg + ef)^2 / (e(d^2g^2 + 2de^2fg + e^2f^2))) + x / (32d^5e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.556.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{16d^3ef^2 + 8d^4fg + 3(e^4f^2 + 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)x^3 + 12(de^3f^2 + 2d^2e^2fg + d^3eg^2)x^2 + (19d^2e^2f^2 + 38d^3e^2fg + 3d^4g^2)x}{48(d^4e^6x^4 + 4d^5e^5x^3 + 6d^6e^4x^2 + 4d^7e^3x + d^8e^2)} + \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex + d)}{32d^5e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex - d)}{32d^5e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48*(16d^3e^2f^2 + 8d^4fg + 3*(e^4f^2 + 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)* \\ & x^3 + 12*(de^3f^2 + 2d^2e^2fg + d^3eg^2)*x^2 + (19d^2e^2f^2 + 3 \\ & 8d^3e^2fg + 3d^4g^2)*x) / (d^4e^6x^4 + 4d^5e^5x^3 + 6d^6e^4x^2 + \\ & 4d^7e^3x + d^8e^2) + 1/32*(e^2f^2 + 2de^2fg + d^2g^2)*\log(ex + d) \\ &) / (d^5e^3) - 1/32*(e^2f^2 + 2de^2fg + d^2g^2)*\log(ex - d) / (d^5e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.556.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2x^2)} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{32d^5e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{32d^5e^3} - \frac{16d^4e^2f^2 + 8d^5efg + 3(de^5f^2 + 2d^2e^4fg + d^3e^3g^2)x^3 + 12(d^2e^4f^2 + 2d^3e^3fg + d^4e^2g^2)x^2 + (19d^3e^3f^2 + 38d^4e^2fg + 3d^5g^2)x}{48(ex + d)^4d^5e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{32}(e^2f^2 + 2d*ef*g + d^2g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/(d^5e^3) - \frac{1}{32}(e^2f^2 + 2d*ef*g + d^2g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x - d))/(d^5e^3) - \frac{1}{48}(16d^4e^2f^2 + 8d^5e*ef*g + 3*(d*e^5f^2 + 2*d^2e^4*f*g + d^3e^3g^2)*x^3 + 12*(d^2e^4f^2 + 2*d^3e^3*f*g + d^4e^2g^2)*x^2 + (19*d^3e^3f^2 + 38*d^4e^2f*g + 3*d^5e*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)^4*d^5e^3$

3.556.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)^2}{16 d^5 e^3} - \frac{x^3 (d^2 g^2 + 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{16 d^4} + \frac{2 e f^2 + d g f}{6 d e^2} + \frac{x (3 d^2 g^2 + 38 d e f g + 19 e^2 f^2)}{48 d^2 e^2} + \frac{x^2 (d^2 g^2 + 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{4 d^3 e}$$

$$d^4 + 4 d^3 e x + 6 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4 d e^3 x^3 + e^4 x^4$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

output $(\operatorname{atanh}((e*x)/d)*(d*g + e*f)^2)/(16*d^5*e^3) - ((x^3*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*ef*g))/(16*d^4) + (2*ef^2 + d*f*g)/(6*d*e^2) + (x*(3*d^2*g^2 + 19*e^2*f^2 + 38*d*ef*g))/(48*d^2*e^2) + (x^2*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*ef*g))/(4*d^3*e))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)$

$$3.557 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

3.557.1 Optimal result	4127
3.557.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4128
3.557.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4128
3.557.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4130
3.557.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	4130
3.557.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4131
3.557.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4132
3.557.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4132
3.557.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4133

3.557.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 218

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = & \frac{d^3(49e^2f^2+160defg+112d^2g^2)x}{e^2} \\ & + \frac{d^2(23e^2f^2+98defg+80d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} \\ & + \frac{1}{3}d(7e^2f^2+46defg+49d^2g^2)x^3 \\ & + \frac{1}{4}e(e^2f^2+14defg+23d^2g^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e^2g(2ef+7dg)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}e^3g^2x^6 \\ & + \frac{32d^5(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{16d^4(ef+dg)(5ef+9dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} \end{aligned}$$

output $d^3*(112*d^2*g^2+160*d*e*f*g+49*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2+1/2*d^2*(80*d^2*g^2+98*d*e*f*g+23*e^2*f^2)*x^2/e+1/3*d*(49*d^2*g^2+46*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2)*x^3+1/4*e*(23*d^2*g^2+14*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x^4+1/5*e^2*g*(7*d*g+2*e*f)*x^5+1/6*e^3*g^2*x^6+32*d^5*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+16*d^4*(d*g+e*f)*(9*d*g+5*e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3$

3.557.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^3(49e^2f^2 + 160defg + 112d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{d^2(23e^2f^2 + 98defg + 80d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} + \frac{1}{3}d(7e^2f^2 + 46defg + 49d^2g^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}e(e^2f^2 + 14defg + 23d^2g^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e^2g(2ef + 7dg)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}e^3g^2x^6 - \frac{32d^5(ef + dg)^2}{e^3(-d+ex)} + \frac{16d^4(5e^2f^2 + 14defg + 9d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^7*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`output `(d^3*(49*e^2*f^2 + 160*d*e*f*g + 112*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (d^2*(23*e^2*f^2 + 98*d*e*f*g + 80*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) + (d*(7*e^2*f^2 + 46*d*e*f*g + 49*d^2*g^2)*x^3)/3 + (e*(e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 23*d^2*g^2)*x^4)/4 + (e^2*g*(2*e*f + 7*d*g)*x^5)/5 + (e^3*g^2*x^6)/6 - (32*d^5*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) + (16*d^4*(5*e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 9*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`**3.557.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{32d^5(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{16d^4(-9dg-5ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)} + ex^3(23d^2g^2+14defg+e^2f^2) + dx^2(49d^2g^2+46defg+7e^2f^2) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{32d^5(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{16d^4(dg+ef)(9dg+5ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(23d^2g^2+14defg+e^2f^2) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(49d^2g^2+46defg+7e^2f^2) + \frac{d^2x^2(80d^2g^2+98defg+23e^2f^2)}{2e} + \frac{d^3x(112d^2g^2+160defg+49e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{1}{5}e^2gx^5(7dg+2ef) + \frac{1}{6}e^3g^2x^6$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^7*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(d^3*(49*e^2*f^2 + 160*d*e*f*g + 112*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (d^2*(23*e^2*f^2 + 98*d*e*f*g + 80*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) + (d*(7*e^2*f^2 + 46*d*e*f*g + 49*d^2*g^2)*x^3)/3 + (e*(e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 23*d^2*g^2)*x^4)/4 + (e^2*g*(2*e*f + 7*d*g)*x^5)/5 + (e^3*g^2*x^6)/6 + (32*d^5*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + (16*d^4*(e*f + d*g)*(5*e*f + 9*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.557.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.557.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{6}g^2e^5x^6 + \frac{7}{5}x^5de^4g^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5e^5fg + \frac{23}{4}x^4d^2e^3g^2 + \frac{7}{2}x^4de^4fg + \frac{1}{4}x^4e^5f^2 + \frac{49}{3}x^3d^3e^2g^2 + \frac{46}{3}x^3d^2e^3fg + \frac{7}{3}x^3de^4f^2 + 40x^2d^4eg^2 + 4d^5efg + d^6e^2f^2}{e^2}$
risch	$\frac{e^3g^2x^6}{6} + \frac{7e^2x^5dg^2}{5} + \frac{2e^3x^5fg}{5} + \frac{23ex^4d^2g^2}{4} + \frac{7e^2x^4dfg}{2} + \frac{e^3x^4f^2}{4} + \frac{49x^3d^3g^2}{3} + \frac{46ex^3d^2fg}{3} + \frac{7e^2x^3df^2}{3} + \frac{4d^5efg}{3} + \frac{d^6e^2f^2}{3}$
norman	$(-\frac{287}{3}g^2d^5 - \frac{434}{3}fgd^4e - \frac{140}{3}f^2d^3e^2)x^3 + (-\frac{67}{12}g^2d^2e^3 - \frac{7}{2}fgde^4 - \frac{1}{4}f^2e^5)x^6 + (-\frac{224}{15}g^2d^3e^2 - \frac{224}{15}fgd^2e^3 - \frac{7}{3}f^2de^4)x^5 + (-\frac{137}{4}d^5efg - \frac{d^6e^2f^2}{4})x^2$
parallelrisch	$-4860d^5e^2f^2 + 8640\ln(ex-d)xd^6eg^2 + 4800\ln(ex-d)xd^4e^3f^2 - 13440\ln(ex-d)d^6efg - 8640d^7g^2 + 2250x^2d^3e^4f^2 + 1420x^3d^4efg + 1420x^3d^4e^2f^2$

input `int((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{6}g^2e^5x^6 + \frac{7}{5}x^5de^4g^2 + \frac{2}{5}x^5e^5fg + \frac{23}{4}x^4d^2e^3g^2 + \frac{7}{2}x^4de^4fg + \frac{1}{4}x^4e^5f^2 + \frac{49}{3}x^3d^3e^2g^2 + \frac{46}{3}x^3d^2e^3fg + \frac{7}{3}x^3de^4f^2 + 40x^2d^4eg^2 + 4d^5efg + d^6e^2f^2 \right) / (-e^2x^2 + d^2)^2$

3.557.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10e^7g^2x^7 - 1920d^5e^2f^2 - 3840d^6efg - 1920d^7g^2 + 2(12e^7fg + 37de^6g^2)x^6 + 3(5e^7f^2 + 62de^6fg + 8d^5efg + d^6e^2f^2)x^3 + (12e^7fg + 37de^6g^2)x^2 + 3(5e^7f^2 + 62de^6fg + 8d^5efg + d^6e^2f^2)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output 1/60*(10*e^7*g^2*x^7 - 1920*d^5*e^2*f^2 - 3840*d^6*e*f*g - 1920*d^7*g^2 +
2*(12*e^7*f*g + 37*d*e^6*g^2)*x^6 + 3*(5*e^7*f^2 + 62*d*e^6*f*g + 87*d^2*e
^5*g^2)*x^5 + 5*(25*d*e^6*f^2 + 142*d^2*e^5*f*g + 127*d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 1
0*(55*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 202*d^3*e^4*f*g + 142*d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 90*(25*d^3*e^
4*f^2 + 74*d^4*e^3*f*g + 48*d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 60*(49*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 160*d^
5*e^2*f*g + 112*d^6*e*g^2)*x - 960*(5*d^5*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^6*e*f*g + 9*d^7*g
^2 - (5*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 14*d^5*e^2*f*g + 9*d^6*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d)/(e^4*
x - d*e^3)
```

3.557.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{16d^4(dg+ef)(9dg+5ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3} + \frac{e^3g^2x^6}{6} + x^5$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{7de^2g^2}{5} + \frac{2e^3fg}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{23d^2eg^2}{4} + \frac{7de^2fg}{2} + \frac{e^3f^2}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{49d^3g^2}{3} + \frac{46d^2efg}{3} + \frac{7de^2f^2}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{40d^4g^2}{e} + 49d^3fg + \frac{23d^2ef^2}{2} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{112d^5g^2}{e^2} + \frac{160d^4fg}{e} + 49d^3f^2 \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-32d^7g^2 - 64d^6efg - 32d^5e^2f^2}{-de^3 + e^4x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**7*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)
```

```
output 16*d**4*(d*g + e*f)*(9*d*g + 5*e*f)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 + e**3*g**2*x**6/6
+ x**5*(7*d*e**2*g**2/5 + 2*e**3*f*g/5) + x**4*(23*d**2*e*g**2/4 + 7*d*e**
2*f*g/2 + e**3*f**2/4) + x**3*(49*d**3*g**2/3 + 46*d**2*e*f*g/3 + 7*d*e**2
*f**2/3) + x**2*(40*d**4*g**2/e + 49*d**3*f*g + 23*d**2*e*f**2/2) + x*(112
*d**5*g**2/e**2 + 160*d**4*f*g/e + 49*d**3*f**2) + (-32*d**7*g**2 - 64*d**
6*e*f*g - 32*d**5*e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x)
```

3.557.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{32(d^5e^2f^2+2d^6efg+d^7g^2)}{e^4x-de^3} + \frac{10e^5g^2x^6+12(2e^5fg+7de^4g^2)x^5+15(e^5f^2+14de^4fg+23d^2e^3g^2)x^4+20(7de^4f^2+46d^2e^3fg+49d^3e^2g^2)x^3+30(23d^2e^3f^2+98d^3e^2fg+80d^4e^2g^2)x^2+60(49d^3e^2f^2+160d^4efg+112d^5g^2)x}{60e^2} + \frac{16(5d^4e^2f^2+14d^5efg+9d^6g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-32*(d^5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^6*e*f*g + d^7*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 1/60*(10*e^5*g^2*x^6 + 12*(2*e^5*f*g + 7*d*e^4*g^2)*x^5 + 15*(e^5*f^2 + 14*d*e^4*f*g + 23*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^4 + 20*(7*d*e^4*f^2 + 46*d^2*e^3*f*g + 49*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 30*(23*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 98*d^3*e^2*f*g + 80*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 60*(49*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 160*d^4*e*f*g + 112*d^5*g^2)*x)/e^2 + 16*(5*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^5*e*f*g + 9*d^6*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.557.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{16(5d^4e^2f^2+14d^5efg+9d^6g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{32(d^5e^2f^2+2d^6efg+d^7g^2)}{(ex-d)e^3} + \frac{10e^{15}g^2x^6+24e^{15}fgx^5+84de^{14}g^2x^5+15e^{15}f^2x^4+210de^{14}fgx^4+345d^2e^{13}g^2x^4+140de^{14}f^2x^3+920d^2e^{13}fgx^3+980d^3e^{12}g^2x^3+690d^2e^{13}f^2x^2+2940d^3e^{12}f^2gx^2+2400d^4e^{11}g^2x^2+2940d^3e^{12}f^2gx+9600d^4e^{11}fgx+6720d^5e^{10}g^2x)/e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `16*(5*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^5*e*f*g + 9*d^6*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 32*(d^5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^6*e*f*g + d^7*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3) + 1/60*(10*e^15*g^2*x^6 + 24*e^15*f*g*x^5 + 84*d*e^14*g^2*x^5 + 15*e^15*f^2*x^4 + 210*d*e^14*f*g*x^4 + 345*d^2*e^13*g^2*x^4 + 140*d*e^14*f^2*x^3 + 920*d^2*e^13*f*g*x^3 + 980*d^3*e^12*g^2*x^3 + 690*d^2*e^13*f^2*x^2 + 2940*d^3*e^12*f^2*g*x^2 + 2400*d^4*e^11*g^2*x^2 + 2940*d^3*e^12*f^2*g*x + 9600*d^4*e^11*f*g*x + 6720*d^5*e^10*g^2*x)/e^12`

3.557.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1029, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= x^5 \left(\frac{e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f)}{5} + \frac{2 d e^2 g^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{3} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{2 d \left(\frac{10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g + e^5 f^2}{e^2} - d^2 e g^2 + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)}{3 e}$$

$$\left. - \frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{3 e^2} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g + e^5 f^2}{4 e^2} - \frac{d^2 e g^2}{4} + \frac{d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{2 e} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{5 d^2 (d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + 2 e^2 f^2)}{2 e} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g + e^5 f^2}{e^2} - d^2 e g^2 + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)}{2 e^2} \right)$$

$$+ d \left(5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + e^2 f^2) + \frac{2 d \left(\frac{10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g + e^5 f^2}{e^2} - d^2 e g^2 + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(\frac{d^5 g^2 + 10 d^4 e f g + 10 d^3 e^2 f^2}{e^2} \right)$$

3.557. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

$$d^2 \left(5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + e^2 f^2) + \frac{2 d \left(\frac{10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g + e^5 f^2}{e^2} - d^2 e g^2 + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right)$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^7)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`

output $x^5 \left(\frac{e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f)}{5} + \frac{2 d e^2 g^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g)}{3} + \frac{2 d (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g)}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / (3 e) - \left(\frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{3 e^2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g}{4 e^2} - \frac{d^2 e g^2}{4} + \frac{d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{2 e} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5 d^2 (d^2 g^2 + 2 e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g)}{2 e} - \frac{d^2 (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g)}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / (2 e^2) + \left(\frac{d (5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g) + 2 d (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g))}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / e - \left(\frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e^2} \right) / e + x \left(\frac{d^5 g^2 + 10 d^3 e^2 f^2 + 10 d^4 e f g}{e^2} - \frac{d^2 (5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g) + 2 d (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g))}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \left(\frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / e - \frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e^2} \right) / e^2 + \left(\frac{2 d (5 d^2 (d^2 g^2 + 2 e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g) + 2 d (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g))}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / e - \left(\frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e^2} \right) / e + \left(\frac{2 d (5 d (2 d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2 + 4 d e f g) + 2 d (e^5 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^3 g^2 + 10 d e^4 f g))}{e^2 - d^2 e g^2} + \frac{2 d (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e} \right) / e - \left(\frac{d^2 (e^2 g (5 d g + 2 e f) + 2 d e^2 g^2)}{e^2} \right) / e + (\log(e x - d) \dots$

3.558 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.558.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^2(17e^2f^2+64defg+48d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{d(3e^2f^2+17defg+16d^2g^2)x^2}{e} + \frac{1}{3}(e^2f^2+12defg+17d^2g^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}eg(ef+3dg)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e^2g^2x^5 + \frac{16d^4(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{32d^3(ef+dg)(ef+2dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `d^2*(48*d^2*g^2+64*d*e*f*g+17*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2+d*(16*d^2*g^2+17*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*x^2/e+1/3*(17*d^2*g^2+12*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x^3+1/2*e*g*(3*d*g+e*f)*x^4+1/5*e^2*g^2*x^5+16*d^4*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+32*d^3*(d*g+e*f)*(2*d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.558.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^2(17e^2f^2+64defg+48d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{d(3e^2f^2+17defg+16d^2g^2)x^2}{e} + \frac{1}{3}(e^2f^2+12defg+17d^2g^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}eg(ef+3dg)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e^2g^2x^5 - \frac{16d^4(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(-d+ex)} + \frac{32d^3(e^2f^2+3defg+2d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^6*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`output $(d^2*(17*e^2*f^2 + 64*d*e*f*g + 48*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (d*(3*e^2*f^2 + 17*d*e*f*g + 16*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/e + ((e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g + 17*d^2*g^2)*x^3)/3 + (e*g*(e*f + 3*d*g)*x^4)/2 + (e^2*g^2*x^5)/5 - (16*d^4*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) + (32*d^3*(e^2*f^2 + 3*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x])/e^3$ **3.558.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{16d^4(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{32d^3(-2dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)} + x^2(17d^2g^2+12defg+e^2f^2) + \frac{2dx(16d^2g^2+17defg+3e^2f^2)}{e} \right)$$

3.558. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{16d^4(dg + ef)^2}{e^3(d - ex)} + \frac{32d^3(dg + ef)(2dg + ef) \log(d - ex)}{e^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(17d^2g^2 + 12defg + e^2f^2) + \frac{dx^2(16d^2g^2 + 17defg + 3e^2f^2)}{e} + \frac{d^2x(48d^2g^2 + 64defg + 17e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{1}{2}egx^4(3dg + ef) + \frac{1}{5}e^2g^2x^5$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^6*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(d^2*(17*e^2*f^2 + 64*d*e*f*g + 48*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (d*(3*e^2*f^2 + 17*d*e*f*g + 16*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/e + ((e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g + 17*d^2*g^2)*x^3)/3 + (e*g*(e*f + 3*d*g)*x^4)/2 + (e^2*g^2*x^5)/5 + (16*d^4*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + (32*d^3*(e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 2*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.558.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.558.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{5}g^2e^4x^5 + \frac{3}{2}de^3g^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2}e^4fgx^4 + \frac{17}{3}d^2e^2g^2x^3 + 4de^3fgx^3 + \frac{1}{3}e^4f^2x^3 + 16d^3e^2g^2x^2 + 17d^2e^2fgx^2 + 3de^3f^2x^2 + 48d^4g^2x + 64d^3e^2}{e^2}$
risch	$\frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5} + \frac{3edg^2x^4}{2} + \frac{e^2fgx^4}{2} + \frac{17d^2g^2x^3}{3} + 4edfgx^3 + \frac{e^2f^2x^3}{3} + \frac{16d^3g^2x^2}{e} + 17d^2fgx^2 + 3edf^2x^2 +$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{127}{3}d^4g^2 - 60fge d^3 - \frac{50}{3}d^2e^2f^2)x^3 + (-\frac{82}{15}d^2g^2e^2 - 4dfge^3 - \frac{1}{3}f^2e^4)x^5 + (-\frac{29}{2}g^2ed^3 - \frac{33}{2}e^2fgd^2 - 3e^3f^2d)x^4 + \frac{d^2(32g^2d^5 + 48d^4g^2 + 32d^3e^2f^2)}{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6g^2e^6x^6 + 39x^5de^5g^2 + 15x^5e^6fg + 125x^4d^2e^4g^2 + 105de^5fgx^4 + 10e^6f^2x^4 + 310d^3e^3g^2x^3 + 390d^2e^4fgx^3 + 80de^5f^2x^3 + 1920d^4e^2g^2x^2 + 17d^3e^2fgx^2 + 3de^3f^2x^2 + 48d^4g^2x + 64d^3e^2}{e^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{5}g^2e^4x^5 + \frac{3}{2}de^3g^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2}e^4fgx^4 + \frac{17}{3}d^2e^2g^2x^3 + 4de^3fgx^3 + \frac{1}{3}e^4f^2x^3 + 16d^3e^2g^2x^2 + 17d^2e^2fgx^2 + 3de^3f^2x^2 + 48d^4g^2x + 64d^3e^2 \right) / e^2 + \ln(-e*x+d) + \frac{16d^4(d^2g^2 + 2de^2fg + e^2f^2)}{e^3(-e*x+d)}$

3.558.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6e^6g^2x^6 - 480d^4e^2f^2 - 960d^5efg - 480d^6g^2 + 3(5e^6fg + 13de^5g^2)x^5 + 5(2e^6f^2 + 21de^5fg + 25d^2e^4g^2)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{30} \left(6e^6g^2x^6 - 480d^4e^2f^2 - 960d^5efg - 480d^6g^2 + 3(5e^6fg + 13de^5g^2)x^5 + 5(2e^6f^2 + 21de^5fg + 25d^2e^4g^2)x^4 + 10(8d^3e^5f^2 + 39d^2e^4fg + 31d^3e^3g^2)x^3 + 30(14d^2e^4f^2 + 47d^3e^3fg + 32d^4e^2g^2)x^2 - 30(17d^3e^3f^2 + 64d^4e^2fg + 48d^5efg^2)x - 960(d^4e^2f^2 + 3d^5efg + 2d^6g^2) \right) / (e^4x^2 - d^2) \cdot \log(e*x - d)$

3.558.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{32d^3(dg+ef)(2dg+ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3} + \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5} + x^4$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{3deg^2}{2} + \frac{e^2fg}{2}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{17d^2g^2}{3} + 4defg + \frac{e^2f^2}{3}\right) + x^2$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{16d^3g^2}{e} + 17d^2fg + 3def^2\right) + x \left(\frac{48d^4g^2}{e^2} + \frac{64d^3fg}{e} + 17d^2f^2\right)$$

$$+ \frac{-16d^6g^2 - 32d^5efg - 16d^4e^2f^2}{-de^3 + e^4x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`output `32*d**3*(d*g + e*f)*(2*d*g + e*f)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 + e**2*g**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(3*d*e*g**2/2 + e**2*f*g/2) + x**3*(17*d**2*g**2/3 + 4*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2/3) + x**2*(16*d**3*g**2/e + 17*d**2*f*g + 3*d*e*f**2) + x*(48*d**4*g**2/e**2 + 64*d**3*f*g/e + 17*d**2*f**2) + (-16*d**6*g**2 - 32*d**5*e*f*g - 16*d**4*e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x)`**3.558.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{16(d^4e^2f^2 + 2d^5efg + d^6g^2)}{e^4x - de^3}$$

$$+ \frac{6e^4g^2x^5 + 15(e^4fg + 3de^3g^2)x^4 + 10(e^4f^2 + 12de^3fg + 17d^2e^2g^2)x^3 + 30(3de^3f^2 + 17d^2e^2fg + 16d^3e^2g^2)x^2 + 30e^2(17d^2e^2f^2 + 64d^3e^2fg + 48d^4e^2g^2)x + 32(d^3e^2f^2 + 3d^4efg + 2d^5g^2)\log(ex-d)}{30e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{32(d^3e^2f^2 + 3d^4efg + 2d^5g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-16*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^6*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 1/30*(6*e^4*g^2*x^5 + 15*(e^4*f*g + 3*d*e^3*g^2)*x^4 + 10*(e^4*f^2 + 12*d*e^3*f*g + 17*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 30*(3*d*e^3*f^2 + 17*d^2*e^2*f*g + 16*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 30*(17*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 64*d^3*e^2*f*g + 48*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + 32*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 3*d^4*e*f*g + 2*d^5*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`

3.558.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{32(d^3e^2f^2 + 3d^4efg + 2d^5g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{16(d^4e^2f^2 + 2d^5efg + d^6g^2)}{(ex-d)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{6e^{12}g^2x^5 + 15e^{12}fgx^4 + 45de^{11}g^2x^4 + 10e^{12}f^2x^3 + 120de^{11}fgx^3 + 170d^2e^{10}g^2x^3 + 90de^{11}f^2x^2 + 510d^3e^9g^2x^2 + 510d^2e^{10}f^2x + 1920d^3e^9fgx + 1440d^4e^8g^2x}{30e^{10}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `32*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 3*d^4*e*f*g + 2*d^5*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 16*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^5*e*f*g + d^6*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3) + 1/30*(6*e^12*g^2*x^5 + 15*e^12*f*g*x^4 + 45*d*e^11*g^2*x^4 + 10*e^12*f^2*x^3 + 120*d*e^11*f*g*x^3 + 170*d^2*e^10*g^2*x^3 + 90*d*e^11*f^2*x^2 + 510*d^2*e^10*f*g*x^2 + 480*d^3*e^9*g^2*x^2 + 510*d^2*e^10*f^2*x + 1920*d^3*e^9*f*g*x + 1440*d^4*e^8*g^2*x)/e^10`

3.558.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx \\
&= x^2 \left(\frac{2d(d^2g^2+3defg+e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{d^2(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{2e^2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{d \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2+8de^3fg+e^4f^2}{e^2} - d^2g^2 + \frac{2d(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) \\
&\quad + x^4 \left(\frac{eg(2dg+ef)}{2} + \frac{deg^2}{2} \right) + x \left(\frac{d^4g^2+8d^3efg+6d^2e^2f^2}{e^2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{d^2 \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2+8de^3fg+e^4f^2}{e^2} - d^2g^2 + \frac{2d(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{e} \right)}{e^2} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{2d \left(\frac{4d(d^2g^2+3defg+e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{d^2(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2+8de^3fg+e^4f^2}{e^2} - d^2g^2 + \frac{2d(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \\
&\quad + x^3 \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2+8de^3fg+e^4f^2}{3e^2} - \frac{d^2g^2}{3} + \frac{2d(2eg(2dg+ef)+2deg^2)}{3e} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{\ln(ex-d)(64d^5g^2+96d^4efg+32d^3e^2f^2)}{e^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{16(d^6g^2+2d^5efg+d^4e^2f^2)}{e(d^2-e^3x)} + \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^6)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& x^2 \left(\frac{2d(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 + 3d*ef*g)}{e} - \frac{d^2(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2)}{2e^2} + \frac{d((e^4f^2 + 6d^2e^2g^2 + 8d*e^3f*g)/e^2 - d^2g^2 + (2d*(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2))/e)}{e} \right. \\
& + x^4 \left(\frac{e*g*(2d*g + e*f)}{2} + \frac{d*e*g^2}{2} + x \left(\frac{d^4g^2 + 6d^2e^2f^2 + 8d^3e*f*g}{e^2} - \frac{d^2((e^4f^2 + 6d^2e^2g^2 + 8d*e^3f*g)/e^2 - d^2g^2 + (2d*(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2))/e)}{e^2} \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{2d*((4d*(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 + 3d*e*f*g))/e - (d^2(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2))/e^2 + (2d*((e^4f^2 + 6d^2e^2g^2 + 8d*e^3f*g)/e^2 - d^2g^2 + (2d*(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2))/e))}{e} \\
& \left. \left. + x^3 \left(\frac{e^4f^2 + 6d^2e^2g^2 + 8d*e^3f*g}{3e^2} - \frac{d^2g^2}{3} + \frac{2d*(2e*g*(2d*g + e*f) + 2d*e*g^2)}{3e} \right) + \log(e*x - d) \right) \right) \\
& \frac{(64d^5g^2 + 32d^3e^2f^2 + 96d^4e*f*g)}{e^3} + \frac{16*(d^6g^2 + d^4e^2f^2 + 2d^5e*f*g)}{(e*(d*e^2 - e^3*x))} + \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$3.559 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

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3.559.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d(5e^2f^2+24defg+20d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{(e^2f^2+10defg+12d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} \\ + \frac{1}{3}g(2ef+5dg)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4 + \frac{8d^3(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} \\ + \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)(3ef+7dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `d*(20*d^2*g^2+24*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2+1/2*(12*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x^2/e+1/3*g*(5*d*g+2*e*f)*x^3+1/4*e*g^2*x^4+8*d^3*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+4*d^2*(d*g+e*f)*(7*d*g+3*e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.559.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d(5e^2f^2+24defg+20d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{(e^2f^2+10defg+12d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} \\ + \frac{1}{3}g(2ef+5dg)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4 - \frac{8d^3(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(-d+ex)} \\ + \frac{4d^2(3e^2f^2+10defg+7d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^5*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(d*(5*e^2*f^2 + 24*d*e*f*g + 20*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + ((e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 12*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) + (g*(2*e*f + 5*d*g)*x^3)/3 + (e*g^2*x^4)/4 - (8*d^3*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) + (4*d^2*(3*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 7*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.559.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 639$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\int \left(\frac{8d^3(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{x(12d^2g^2+10defg+e^2f^2)}{e} + \frac{d(20d^2g^2+24defg+5e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{4d^2(-7dg-3ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{8d^3(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{4d^2(dg+ef)(7dg+3ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} + \frac{x^2(12d^2g^2+10defg+e^2f^2)}{2e} + \frac{dx(20d^2g^2+24defg+5e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{1}{3}gx^3(5dg+2ef) + \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^5*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(d*(5*e^2*f^2 + 24*d*e*f*g + 20*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + ((e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 12*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) + (g*(2*e*f + 5*d*g)*x^3)/3 + (e*g^2*x^4)/4 + (8*d^3*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + (4*d^2*(e*f + d*g)*(3*e*f + 7*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.559. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.559.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.559.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}g^2e^3x^4 + \frac{5}{3}x^3de^2g^2 + \frac{2}{3}x^3e^3fg + 6x^2d^2eg^2 + 5x^2de^2fg + \frac{1}{2}x^2e^3f^2 + 20d^3g^2x + 24d^2efgx + 5de^2f^2x}{e^2} + \frac{4d^2(7d^2g^2 + 10defg + 3e^3f^2)}{e^3}$
risch	$\frac{eg^2x^4}{4} + \frac{5x^3dg^2}{3} + \frac{2ex^3fg}{3} + \frac{6x^2g^2d^2}{e} + 5x^2fgd + \frac{ex^2f^2}{2} + \frac{20d^3g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{24d^2fgx}{e} + 5df^2x + \frac{28d^4 \ln(-ex)}{e^3}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{55}{3}d^3g^2 - \frac{70}{3}d^2efg - 5de^2f^2)x^3 + (-\frac{23}{4}d^2g^2e - 5dfge^2 - \frac{1}{2}f^2e^3)x^4 + \frac{d^3(28d^2g^2 + 40defg + 13e^2f^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{d^2(28d^4g^2 + 42fge^3 + 17d^2e^3f^2)}{2e^3}}{-e^2x^2 + d^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3g^2e^5x^5 + 17x^4de^4g^2 + 8x^4e^5fg + 52x^3d^2e^3g^2 + 52x^3de^4fg + 6x^3e^5f^2 + 336 \ln(ex-d)x d^4e^2g^2 + 480 \ln(ex-d)x d^3e^2fg + 144 \ln(ex-d)x d^2e^3f^2}{e^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^2*(1/4*g^2*e^3*x^4+5/3*x^3*d*e^2*g^2+2/3*x^3*e^3*f*g+6*x^2*d^2*e*g^2+5*x^2*d*e^2*f*g+1/2*x^2*e^3*f^2+20*d^3*g^2*x+24*d^2*e*f*g*x+5*d*e^2*f^2*x)+4*d^2/e^3*(7*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)+8*d^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)`

3.559. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.559.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{3e^5g^2x^5 - 96d^3e^2f^2 - 192d^4efg - 96d^5g^2 + (8e^5fg + 17de^4g^2)x^4 + 2(3e^5f^2 + 26de^4fg + 26d^2e^3g^2)x^3 + 6(9d^3e^4f^2 + 38d^2e^3fg + 28d^3e^2g^2)x^2 - 12(5d^2e^3f^2 + 24d^3e^2fg + 20d^4e^2g^2)x - 48(3d^3e^2f^2 + 10d^4efg + 7d^5g^2 - (3d^2e^3f^2 + 10d^3e^2fg + 7d^4e^2g^2)x) \log(ex-d)}{(e^4x-d)e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*e^5*g^2*x^5 - 96*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 192*d^4*e*f*g - 96*d^5*g^2 + (8*e^5*f*g + 17*d*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 2*(3*e^5*f^2 + 26*d*e^4*f*g + 26*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(9*d*e^4*f^2 + 38*d^2*e^3*f*g + 28*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 12*(5*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 24*d^3*e^2*f*g + 20*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x - 48*(3*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^4*e*f*g + 7*d^5*g^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^2*f*g + 7*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(e^4*x - d*e^3)`**3.559.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4d^2(dg+ef)(7dg+3ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3} + \frac{eg^2x^4}{4} + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{5dg^2}{3} + \frac{2efg}{3}\right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{6d^2g^2}{e} + 5dfg + \frac{ef^2}{2}\right) + x \left(\frac{20d^3g^2}{e^2} + \frac{24d^2fg}{e} + 5df^2\right) + \frac{-8d^5g^2 - 16d^4efg - 8d^3e^2f^2}{-de^3 + e^4x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`output `4*d**2*(d*g + e*f)*(7*d*g + 3*e*f)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 + e*g**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(5*d*g**2/3 + 2*e*f*g/3) + x**2*(6*d**2*g**2/e + 5*d*f*g + e*f**2/2) + x*(20*d**3*g**2/e**2 + 24*d**2*f*g/e + 5*d*f**2) + (-8*d**5*g**2 - 16*d**4*e*f*g - 8*d**3*e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x)`

3.559.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{8(d^3e^2f^2+2d^4efg+d^5g^2)}{e^4x-de^3} + \frac{3e^3g^2x^4+4(2e^3fg+5de^2g^2)x^3+6(e^3f^2+10de^2fg+12d^2eg^2)x^2+12(5de^2f^2+24d^2efg+20d^3g^2)x+4(3d^2e^2f^2+10d^3efg+7d^4g^2)\log(ex-d)}{12e^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-8*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 1/12*(3*e^3*g^2*x^4 + 4*(2*e^3*f*g + 5*d*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(e^3*f^2 + 10*d*e^2*f*g + 12*d^2*e*g^2)*x^2 + 12*(5*d*e^2*f^2 + 24*d^2*e*f*g + 20*d^3*g^2)*x)/e^2 + 4*(3*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^3*e*f*g + 7*d^4*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.559.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4(3d^2e^2f^2+10d^3efg+7d^4g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{8(d^3e^2f^2+2d^4efg+d^5g^2)}{(ex-d)e^3} + \frac{3e^9g^2x^4+8e^9fgx^3+20de^8g^2x^3+6e^9f^2x^2+60de^8fgx^2+72d^2e^7g^2x^2+60de^8f^2x+288d^2e^7fgx}{12e^8}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*(3*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^3*e*f*g + 7*d^4*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 8*(d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g + d^5*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3) + 1/12*(3*e^9*g^2*x^4 + 8*e^9*f*g*x^3 + 20*d*e^8*g^2*x^3 + 6*e^9*f^2*x^2 + 60*d*e^8*f*g*x^2 + 72*d^2*e^7*g^2*x^2 + 60*d*e^8*f^2*x + 288*d^2*e^7*f*g*x + 240*d^3*e^6*g^2*x)/e^8`

3.559.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{d^3 g^2 + 6d^2 e f g + 3d e^2 f^2}{e^2} - \frac{d^2 (g(3dg+2ef) + 2dg^2)}{e^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2d \left(\frac{3d^2 e g^2 + 6d e^2 f g + e^3 f^2}{e^2} - \frac{d^2 g^2}{e} + \frac{2d(g(3dg+2ef)+2dg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) \\ + x^2 \left(\frac{3d^2 e g^2 + 6d e^2 f g + e^3 f^2}{2e^2} - \frac{d^2 g^2}{2e} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{d(g(3dg+2ef) + 2dg^2)}{e} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{g(3dg+2ef)}{3} + \frac{2dg^2}{3} \right) \\ + \frac{\ln(ex-d)(28d^4 g^2 + 40d^3 e f g + 12d^2 e^2 f^2)}{e^3} \\ + \frac{8(d^5 g^2 + 2d^4 e f g + d^3 e^2 f^2)}{e(d e^2 - e^3 x)} + \frac{e g^2 x^4}{4}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^5)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`

```
output x*((d^3*g^2 + 3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g)/e^2 - (d^2*(g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f) + 2
*d*g^2))/e^2 + (2*d*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*e*g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g)/e^2 - (d^2*g^2)
/e + (2*d*(g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f) + 2*d*g^2))/e))/e + x^2*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*e*
g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g)/(2*e^2) - (d^2*g^2)/(2*e) + (d*(g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f) + 2*d
*g^2))/e) + x^3*((g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f))/3 + (2*d*g^2)/3) + (log(e*x - d)*(28*
d^4*g^2 + 12*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 40*d^3*e*f*g))/e^3 + (8*(d^5*g^2 + d^3*e^2*f^2
+ 2*d^4*e*f*g))/(e*(d*e^2 - e^3*x)) + (e*g^2*x^4)/4
```

3.560 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.560.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2+8defg+8d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{g(ef+2dg)x^2}{e} + \frac{g^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{4d(ef+dg)(ef+3dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `(8*d^2*g^2+8*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x/e^2+g*(2*d*g+e*f)*x^2/e+1/3*g^2*x^3+4*d^2*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+4*d*(d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.560.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2+8defg+8d^2g^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{g(ef+2dg)x^2}{e} + \frac{g^2x^3}{3} - \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(-d+ex)} + \frac{4d(e^2f^2+4defg+3d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g + 8*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (g*(e*f + 2*d*g)*x^2)/e + (g^2*x^3)/3 - (4*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) + (4*d*(e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.560.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{8d^2g^2 + 8defg + e^2f^2}{e^2} + \frac{4d^2(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{4d(-3dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)} + \frac{2gx(2dg+ef)}{e} + g^2x^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4d^2(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{x(8d^2g^2 + 8defg + e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{4d(dg+ef)(3dg+ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} + \frac{gx^2(2dg+ef)}{e} + \frac{g^2x^3}{3}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g + 8*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (g*(e*f + 2*d*g)*x^2)/e + (g^2*x^3)/3 + (4*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + (4*d*(e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.560.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

3.560. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.560.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}g^2x^3e^2+2de g^2x^2+e^2fg x^2+8d^2g^2x+8defgx+e^2f^2x}{e^2} + \frac{4d(3d^2g^2+4defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} + \frac{4d^2(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3(-ex+d)}$
risch	$\frac{g^2x^3}{3} + \frac{2dg^2x^2}{e} + fg x^2 + \frac{8d^2g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{8dfgx}{e} + f^2x + \frac{12d^3\ln(-ex+d)g^2}{e^3} + \frac{16d^2\ln(-ex+d)fg}{e^2} + \frac{4d\ln(-ex+d)}{e}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{23}{3}d^2g^2-8defg-e^2f^2)x^3 + \frac{d^2(6d^3g^2+9d^2efg+4de^2f^2)}{e^3} + \frac{d^2(12d^2g^2+16defg+5e^2f^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{e^2g^2x^5}{3} - eg(2dg+ef)x^4}{-e^2x^2+d^2} + \frac{4d(3d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{g^2e^4x^4+5x^3de^3g^2+3x^3e^4fg+36\ln(ex-d)x d^3e g^2+48\ln(ex-d)x d^2e^2fg+12\ln(ex-d)xd e^3f^2+18x^2d^2e^2g^2+21x^2de^3fg+3d^3e^2f^2}{3e^3(ex-d)}$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e^2*(1/3*g^2*x^3*e^2+2*d*e*g^2*x^2+e^2*f*g*x^2+8*d^2*g^2*x+8*d*e*f*g*x+e^2*f^2*x)+4*d/e^3*(3*d^2*g^2+4*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)+4*d^2*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)`

3.560.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^4g^2x^4 - 12d^2e^2f^2 - 24d^3efg - 12d^4g^2 + (3e^4fg + 5de^3g^2)x^3 + 3(e^4f^2 + 7de^3fg + 6d^2e^2g^2)x^2 - 3(d^2e^2fg + e^2d^2f^2 + 2d^2efg + e^2d^2f^2)x + 3d^3e^2f^2}{3(e^4x^2 + d^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.560. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output $\frac{1}{3}(e^4 g^2 x^4 - 12 d^2 e^2 f^2 - 24 d^3 e f g - 12 d^4 g^2 + (3 e^4 f g + 5 d e^3 g^2) x^3 + 3(e^4 f^2 + 7 d e^3 f g + 6 d^2 e^2 g^2) x^2 - 3(d e^3 f^2 + 8 d^2 e^2 f g + 8 d^3 e g^2) x - 12(d^2 e^2 f^2 + 4 d^3 e f g + 3 d^4 g^2 - (d e^3 f^2 + 4 d^2 e^2 f g + 3 d^3 e g^2) x) \log(e x - d)) / (e^4 x - d e^3)$

3.560.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4d(dg+ef)(3dg+ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3} + \frac{g^2x^3}{3} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2dg^2}{e} + fg \right) + x \left(\frac{8d^2g^2}{e^2} + \frac{8dfg}{e} + f^2 \right) + \frac{-4d^4g^2 - 8d^3efg - 4d^2e^2f^2}{-de^3 + e^4x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output $4*d*(d*g + e*f)*(3*d*g + e*f)*\log(-d + e*x)/e**3 + g**2*x**3/3 + x**2*(2*d*g**2/e + f*g) + x*(8*d**2*g**2/e**2 + 8*d*f*g/e + f**2) + (-4*d**4*g**2 - 8*d**3*e*f*g - 4*d**2*e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x)$

3.560.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{4(d^2e^2f^2 + 2d^3efg + d^4g^2)}{e^4x - de^3} + \frac{e^2g^2x^3 + 3(e^2fg + 2deg^2)x^2 + 3(e^2f^2 + 8defg + 8d^2g^2)x}{3e^2} + \frac{4(de^2f^2 + 4d^2efg + 3d^3g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-4*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 1/3*(e^2*g^2*x^3 + 3*(e^2*f*g + 2*d*e*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g + 8*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 + 4*(d*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^2*e*f*g + 3*d^3*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/e^3$

3.560. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.560.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(de^2f^2 + 4d^2efg + 3d^3g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{4(d^2e^2f^2 + 2d^3efg + d^4g^2)}{(ex-d)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^6g^2x^3 + 3e^6fgx^2 + 6de^5g^2x^2 + 3e^6f^2x + 24de^5fgx + 24d^2e^4g^2x}{3e^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*(d*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^2*e*f*g + 3*d^3*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 4*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3) + 1/3*(e^6*g^2*x^3 + 3*e^6*f*g*x^2 + 6*d*e^5*g^2*x^2 + 3*e^6*f^2*x + 24*d*e^5*f*g*x + 24*d^2*e^4*g^2*x)/e^6`**3.560.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{g(dg+ef)}{e} + \frac{dg^2}{e} \right) + x \left(\frac{d^2g^2 + 4defg + e^2f^2}{e^2} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{2d \left(\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e} + \frac{2dg^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2g^2}{e^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{g^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4(d^4g^2 + 2d^3efg + d^2e^2f^2)}{e(d^2 - e^3x)}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(ex-d)(12d^3g^2 + 16d^2efg + 4de^2f^2)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `x^2*((g*(d*g + e*f))/e + (d*g^2)/e) + x*((d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g)/e^2 + (2*d*((2*g*(d*g + e*f))/e + (2*d*g^2)/e))/e - (d^2*g^2)/e^2) + (g^2*x^3)/3 + (4*(d^4*g^2 + d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^3*e*f*g))/(e*(d*e^2 - e^3*x)) + (1*log(e*x - d)*(12*d^3*g^2 + 4*d*e^2*f^2 + 16*d^2*e*f*g))/e^3`

3.560. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.561 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.561.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{g(2ef+3dg)x}{e^2} + \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{2d(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{(ef+dg)(ef+5dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `g*(3*d*g+2*e*f)*x/e^2+1/2*g^2*x^2/e+2*d*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+(d*g+e*f)*(5*d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.561.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2eg(2ef+3dg)x + e^2g^2x^2 + \frac{4d(ef+dg)^2}{d-ex} + 2(e^2f^2 + 6defg + 5d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{2e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(2*e*g*(2*e*f + 3*d*g)*x + e^2*g^2*x^2 + (4*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x) + 2*(e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 5*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/(2*e^3)`

3.561. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.561.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{639} \\ & \int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \int \left(\frac{(-5dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)} + \frac{2d(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{g(3dg+2ef)}{e^2} + \frac{g^2x}{e} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{2d(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{(5dg+ef)(dg+ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} + \frac{gx(3dg+2ef)}{e^2} + \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(g*(2*e*f + 3*d*g)*x)/e^2 + (g^2*x^2)/(2*e) + (2*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + ((e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 5*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.561.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.561.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{g(\frac{1}{2}egx^2+3dgx+2efx)}{e^2} + \frac{(5d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} + \frac{2d(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3(-ex+d)}$
risch	$\frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{3g^2dx}{e^2} + \frac{2gfx}{e} + \frac{5\ln(-ex+d)d^2g^2}{e^3} + \frac{6\ln(-ex+d)dfg}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{e} + \frac{2d^3g^2}{e^3(-ex+d)} + \frac{4d^2fg}{e^2(-ex+d)} + \frac{d(5d^2g^2+6defg+2e^2f^2)x}{e^2} + \frac{d^2(5d^2g^2+8defg+4e^2f^2)}{-e^2x^2+d^2} - \frac{eg^2x^4}{2} - g(3dg+2ef)x^3 + \frac{(5d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$
norman	
parallelrisc	$\frac{g^2x^3e^3+10\ln(ex-d)x d^2e g^2+12\ln(ex-d)x d e^2 f g+2\ln(ex-d)x e^3 f^2+5x^2 d e^2 g^2+4x^2 e^3 f g-10\ln(ex-d)d^3 g^2-12\ln(ex-d)d^2 e f g}{2e^3(ex-d)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output g/e^2*(1/2*e*g*x^2+3*d*g*x+2*e*f*x)+1/e^3*(5*d^2*g^2+6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)+2*d*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)
```

3.561.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3g^2x^3 - 4de^2f^2 - 8d^2efg - 4d^3g^2 + (4e^3fg + 5de^2g^2)x^2 - 2(2de^2fg + 3d^2eg^2)x - 2(de^2f^2 + 6d^2efg)}{2(e^4x - de^3)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.561. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output $1/2*(e^3*g^2*x^3 - 4*d*e^2*f^2 - 8*d^2*e*f*g - 4*d^3*g^2 + (4*e^3*f*g + 5*d*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(2*d*e^2*f*g + 3*d^2*e*g^2)*x - 2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g + 5*d^3*g^2 - (e^3*f^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g + 5*d^2*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d))/(e^4*x - d*e^3)$

3.561.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{3dg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2fg}{e} \right) + \frac{-2d^3g^2 - 4d^2efg - 2de^2f^2}{-de^3 + e^4x} + \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{(dg+ef)(5dg+ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output $x*(3*d*g**2/e**2 + 2*f*g/e) + (-2*d**3*g**2 - 4*d**2*e*f*g - 2*d*e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x) + g**2*x**2/(2*e) + (d*g + e*f)*(5*d*g + e*f)*\log(-d + e*x)/e**3$

3.561.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2(de^2f^2 + 2d^2efg + d^3g^2)}{e^4x - de^3} + \frac{eg^2x^2 + 2(2efg + 3dg^2)x}{2e^2} + \frac{(e^2f^2 + 6defg + 5d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 1/2*(e*g^2*x^2 + 2*(2*e*f*g + 3*d*g^2)*x)/e^2 + (e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 5*d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/e^3$

3.561.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2+6defg+5d^2g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} + \frac{e^3g^2x^2+4e^3fgx+6de^2g^2x}{2e^4} - \frac{2(de^2f^2+2d^2efg+d^3g^2)}{(ex-d)e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 5*d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 + 1/2*(e^3*g^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*f*g*x + 6*d*e^2*g^2*x)/e^4 - 2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3)`**3.561.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{dg^2+2efg}{e^2} + \frac{2dg^2}{e^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(ex-d)(5d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3} + \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{2(d^3g^2+2d^2efg+de^2f^2)}{e(de^2-e^3x)}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `x*((d*g^2 + 2*e*f*g)/e^2 + (2*d*g^2)/e^2) + (log(e*x - d)*(5*d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/e^3 + (g^2*x^2)/(2*e) + (2*(d^3*g^2 + d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g))/(e*(d*e^2 - e^3*x))`

3.562 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.562.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{2g(ef+dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `g^2*x/e^2+(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+2*g*(d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.562.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{eg^2x + \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{d-ex} + 2g(ef+dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(e*g^2*x + (e*f + d*g)^2/(d - e*x) + 2*g*(e*f + d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.562.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{639} \\ & \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \int \left(\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e^2(ex-d)} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^2} + \frac{g^2}{e^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{2g(dg+ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} + \frac{g^2x}{e^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(g^2*x)/e^2 + (e*f + d*g)^2/(e^3*(d - e*x)) + (2*g*(e*f + d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.562.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^(m)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.562.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{2g(dg+ef)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} + \frac{d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{e^3(-ex+d)}$	63
risch	$\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2\ln(-ex+d)d}{e^3} + \frac{2g\ln(-ex+d)f}{e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2}{e^3(-ex+d)} + \frac{2dfg}{e^2(-ex+d)} + \frac{f^2}{e(-ex+d)}$	89
norman	$\frac{d(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(2d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)x}{-e^2x^2+d^2} - g^2x^3 + \frac{2g(dg+ef)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$	99
parallelrisch	$\frac{2\ln(ex-d)xdeg^2+2\ln(ex-d)xe^2fg+g^2x^2e^2-2\ln(ex-d)d^2g^2-2\ln(ex-d)defg-2d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{e^3(ex-d)}$	109

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `g^2*x/e^2+2*g*(d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3+(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)`

3.562.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2g^2x^2 - deg^2x - e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2 - 2(defg + d^2g^2 - (e^2fg + deg^2)x) \log(ex-d)}{e^4x - de^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(e^2*g^2*x^2 - d*e*g^2*x - e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2 - 2*(d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 - (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(e^4*x - d*e^3)`

3.562.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{-de^3+e^4x} + \frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{2g(dg+ef)\log(-d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`output `(-d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g - e**2*f**2)/(-d*e**3 + e**4*x) + g**2*x/e**2 + 2*g*(d*g + e*f)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3`**3.562.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{e^2f^2+2defg+d^2g^2}{e^4x-de^3} + \frac{2(efg+dg^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `g^2*x/e^2 - (e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(e^4*x - d*e^3) + 2*(e*f*g + d*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.562.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{2(efg+dg^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{e^2f^2+2defg+d^2g^2}{(ex-d)e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `g^2*x/e^2 + 2*(e*f*g + d*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - (e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/((e*x - d)*e^3)`

3.562.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{e(d e^2-e^3x)} + \frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(ex-d)(2dg^2+2efg)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(e*(d*e^2 - e^3*x)) + (g^2*x)/e^2 + (log(e*x - d)*(2*d*g^2 + 2*e*f*g))/e^3`

3.563 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.563.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4168
3.563.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4168

3.563.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{2de^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-3dg)(ef+dg)\log(d-ex)}{4d^2e^3} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2\log(d+ex)}{4d^2e^3}$$

output $1/2*(d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/4*(-3*d*g+e*f)*(d*g+e*f)*\ln(-e*x+d)/d^2/e^3+1/4*(-d*g+e*f)^2*\ln(e*x+d)/d^2/e^3$

3.563.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2d(ef+dg)^2 + (-e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2)(d-ex)\log(d-ex) + (ef-dg)^2(d-ex)\log(d+ex)}{4d^2e^3(d-ex)}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\frac{(d+e*x)*(f+g*x)^2}{(d^2-e^2*x^2)^2},x]$

output $(2*d*(e*f+d*g)^2 + (-e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2)*(d-e*x)*\text{Log}[d-e*x] + (e*f-d*g)^2*(d-e*x)*\text{Log}[d+e*x])/(4*d^2*e^3*(d-e*x))$

3.563. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.563.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^2(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg-ef)^2}{4d^2e^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(ef-3dg)(dg+ef)}{4d^2e^2(d-ex)} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{2de^2(d-ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ef-dg)^2 \log(d+ex)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(ef-3dg)(dg+ef) \log(d-ex)}{4d^2e^3} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{2de^3(d-ex)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(e*f + d*g)^2/(2*d*e^3*(d - e*x)) - ((e*f - 3*d*g)*(e*f + d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/ (4*d^2*e^3) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*Log[d + e*x])/ (4*d^2*e^3)`

3.563.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.563.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2}{2d e^3 (-e x + d)} + \frac{(3d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g - e^2 f^2) \ln(-e x + d)}{4d^2 e^3} + \frac{(d^2 g^2 - 2d e f g + e^2 f^2) \ln(e x + d)}{4d^2 e^3}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^2 g^2 - 2d e f g - e^2 f^2}{2e^3} + \frac{(d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g + e^2 f^2)x}{2d e^2}}{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} + \frac{(d^2 g^2 - 2d e f g + e^2 f^2) \ln(e x + d)}{4d^2 e^3} + \frac{(3d^2 g^2 + 2d e f g - e^2 f^2) \ln(-e x + d)}{4d^2 e^3}$
risch	$\frac{d g^2}{2e^3 (-e x + d)} + \frac{f g}{e^2 (-e x + d)} + \frac{f^2}{2d e (-e x + d)} + \frac{\ln(-e x - d) g^2}{4e^3} - \frac{\ln(-e x - d) f g}{2d e^2} + \frac{\ln(-e x - d) f^2}{4d^2 e} + \frac{3 \ln(e x - d) g^2}{4e^3} + \frac{\ln(e x - d) f g}{2d e^2} + \frac{\ln(e x - d) f^2}{4d^2 e}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3 \ln(e x - d) x d^2 e g^2 + 2 \ln(e x - d) x d e^2 f g - \ln(e x - d) x e^3 f^2 + \ln(e x + d) x d^2 e g^2 - 2 \ln(e x + d) x d e^2 f g + \ln(e x + d) x e^3 f^2 - 3 \ln(e x - d) x d^2 e g^2 + 2 \ln(e x - d) x d e^2 f g - \ln(e x - d) x e^3 f^2}{4d^2 e^3 (e x^2 - d^2)}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d/e^3/(-e*x+d)+1/4*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)+1/4*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3*ln(e*x+d)`

3.563.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2de^2f^2 + 4d^2efg + 2d^3g^2 + (de^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 - 2de^2fg + d^2eg^2)x) \log(ex+d) - (de^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 - 2de^2fg + d^2eg^2)x) \log(ex-d)}{4(d^2e^4x - d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*d*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^2*e*f*g + 2*d^3*g^2 + (d*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2 - (e^3*f^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*g + d^2*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) - (d*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^2*e*f*g - 3*d^3*g^2 - (e^3*f^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*g - 3*d^2*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^2*e^4*x - d^3*e^3)`

3.563. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.563.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-d^2g^2 - 2defg - e^2f^2}{-2d^2e^3 + 2de^4x} + \frac{(dg-ef)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{2d^3g^2 - d(dg-ef)^2}{d^2eg^2 + 2de^2fg - e^3f^2}\right)}{4d^2e^3} \\ + \frac{(dg+ef)(3dg-ef) \log\left(x + \frac{2d^3g^2 - d(dg+ef)(3dg-ef)}{d^2eg^2 + 2de^2fg - e^3f^2}\right)}{4d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output `(-d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g - e**2*f**2)/(-2*d**2*e**3 + 2*d*e**4*x) + (d*g - e*f)**2*log(x + (2*d**3*g**2 - d*(d*g - e*f)**2)/(d**2*e*g**2 + 2*d*e**2*f*g - e**3*f**2))/(4*d**2*e**3) + (d*g + e*f)*(3*d*g - e*f)*log(x + (2*d**3*g**2 - d*(d*g + e*f)*(3*d*g - e*f))/(d**2*e*g**2 + 2*d*e**2*f*g - e**3*f**2))/(4*d**2*e**3)`

3.563.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2}{2(de^4x - d^2e^3)} + \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex+d)}{4d^2e^3} \\ - \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg - 3d^2g^2) \log(ex-d)}{4d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(d*e^4*x - d^2*e^3) + 1/4*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d^2*e^3) - 1/4*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d^2*e^3)`

3.563.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex+d|)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg - 3d^2g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{4d^2e^3} - \frac{de^2f^2 + 2d^2efg + d^3g^2}{2(ex-d)d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^2*e^3) - 1/4*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^2*e^3) - 1/2*(d*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)/((e*x - d)*d^2*e^3)`**3.563.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2}{2de^3(d-ex)} + \frac{\ln(d+ex)(d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2)}{4d^2e^3} + \frac{\ln(d-ex)(3d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2)}{4d^2e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(2*d*e^3*(d - e*x)) + (log(d + e*x)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g))/(4*d^2*e^3) + (log(d - e*x)*(3*d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(4*d^2*e^3)`

3.564 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.564.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(d^2g+e^2fx)(f+gx)}{2d^2e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} + \frac{(ef-dg)(ef+dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2d^3e^3}$$

output $1/2*(e^2*f*x+d^2*g)*(g*x+f)/d^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)+1/2*(-d*g+e*f)*(d*g+e*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(e*x/d)/d^3/e^3$

3.564.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2d^2fg-e^2f^2x-d^2g^2x}{2d^2e^2(-d^2+e^2x^2)} - \frac{(-e^2f^2+d^2g^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{2d^3e^3}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(f+g*x)^2/(d^2-e^2*x^2)^2,x]$

output $(-2*d^2*f*g-e^2*f^2*x-d^2*g^2*x)/(2*d^2*e^2*(-d^2+e^2*x^2))-((-e^2*f^2+d^2*g^2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(e*x)/d])/(2*d^3*e^3)$

3.564.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(f^2 - \frac{d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)d^2}{2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} + \frac{(ef + dg)^2d^2}{4e^2(d - ex)^2} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2d^2}{4e^2(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{darctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)\left(f^2 - \frac{d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)}{2e} - \frac{d^2(ef - dg)^2}{4e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{d^2(dg + ef)^2}{4e^3(d - ex)}$$

↓

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(4*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (d^2*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(4*e^3*(d + e*x)) + (d*(f^2 - (d^2*g^2)/e^2)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(2*e))/d^4`

3.564.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.564.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
norman	$\frac{fg}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2)x}{-e^2x^2 + d^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{4e^3d^3} - \frac{(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{4e^3d^3}$
risch	$\frac{fg}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2)x}{-e^2x^2 + d^2} + \frac{\ln(ex-d)g^2}{4e^3d} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)f^2}{4e^3d} - \frac{\ln(-ex-d)g^2}{4e^3d} + \frac{\ln(-ex-d)f^2}{4e^3d}$
default	$\frac{(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{4e^3d^3} + \frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2}{4d^2e^3(-ex+d)} + \frac{(-d^2g^2 + e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{4e^3d^3} - \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2}{4d^2e^3(ex+d)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^2g^2 - \ln(ex-d)x^2e^4f^2 - \ln(ex+d)x^2d^2e^2g^2 + \ln(ex+d)x^2e^4f^2 - \ln(ex-d)d^4g^2 + \ln(ex-d)d^2e^2f^2 + \ln(ex+d)d^4g^2}{4d^3e^3(e^2x^2 - d^2)}$

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $(f*g/e^2 + 1/2*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^2*x)/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2) + 1/4/e^3*(d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2)/d^3*\ln(-e*x+d) - 1/4/e^3*(d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2)/d^3*\ln(e*x+d)$ **3.564.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4d^3efg + 2(de^3f^2 + d^3eg^2)x + (d^2e^2f^2 - d^4g^2 - (e^4f^2 - d^2e^2g^2)x^2)\log(ex + d) - (d^2e^2f^2 - d^4g^2 - (e^4f^2 - d^2e^2g^2)x^2)\log(ex - d)}{4(d^3e^5x^2 - d^5e^3)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`output $-1/4*(4*d^3*e*f*g + 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + d^3*e*g^2)*x + (d^2*e^2*f^2 - d^4*g^2 - (e^4*f^2 - d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2)*\log(e*x + d) - (d^2*e^2*f^2 - d^4*g^2 - (e^4*f^2 - d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2)*\log(e*x - d))/(d^3*e^5*x^2 - d^5*e^3)$

3.564.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2d^2 fg + x(-d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2)}{-2d^4 e^2 + 2d^2 e^4 x^2} + \frac{(dg - ef)(dg + ef) \log\left(-\frac{d(dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e(d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{4d^3 e^3} - \frac{(dg - ef)(dg + ef) \log\left(\frac{d(dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e(d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{4d^3 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output `(-2*d**2*f*g + x*(-d**2*g**2 - e**2*f**2))/(-2*d**4*e**2 + 2*d**2*e**4*x**2) + (d*g - e*f)*(d*g + e*f)*log(-d*(d*g - e*f)*(d*g + e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 - e**2*f**2)) + x)/(4*d**3*e**3) - (d*g - e*f)*(d*g + e*f)*log(d*(d*g - e*f)*(d*g + e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 - e**2*f**2)) + x)/(4*d**3*e**3)`

3.564.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2d^2 fg + (e^2 f^2 + d^2 g^2)x}{2(d^2 e^4 x^2 - d^4 e^2)} + \frac{(e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2) \log(ex + d)}{4d^3 e^3} - \frac{(e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2) \log(ex - d)}{4d^3 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*d^2*f*g + (e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2)*x)/(d^2*e^4*x^2 - d^4*e^2) + 1/4*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d^3*e^3) - 1/4*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d^3*e^3)`

3.564.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^2 f^2 x + d^2 g^2 x + 2 d^2 f g}{2 (e^2 x^2 - d^2) d^2 e^2} + \frac{(e^3 f^2 - d^2 e g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{4 d^3 e^4} - \frac{(e^3 f^2 - d^2 e g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{4 d^3 e^4}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(e^2*f^2*x + d^2*g^2*x + 2*d^2*f*g)/((e^2*x^2 - d^2)*d^2*e^2) + 1/4*(e^3*f^2 - d^2*e*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^3*e^4) - 1/4*(e^3*f^2 - d^2*e*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^3*e^4)`**3.564.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{f g}{e^2} + \frac{x(d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2)}{2 d^2 e^2}}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4 e x \left(\frac{d^2 g^2}{4} - \frac{e^2 f^2}{4}\right)}{d(d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2)}\right) \left(\frac{d^2 g^2}{4} - \frac{e^2 f^2}{4}\right)}{d^3 e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `((f*g)/e^2 + (x*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2))/(2*d^2*e^2))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2) - (2*atanh((4*e*x*((d^2*g^2)/4 - (e^2*f^2)/4))/(d*(d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2)))*((d^2*g^2)/4 - (e^2*f^2)/4))/(d^3*e^3)`

3.565 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.565.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ef + dg)^2}{8d^3e^3(d - ex)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{8d^2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{4d^3e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{(3ef - dg)(ef + dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8d^4e^3}$$

output `1/8*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/8*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/8*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(d*g+e*f)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^4/e^3`

3.565.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2d(ef+dg)^2}{d-ex} - \frac{2d^2(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{4d(-e^2f^2+d^2g^2)}{d+ex} + (-3e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2)\log(d - ex) + (3e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output $((2*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x) - (2*d^2*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (4*d*(-(e^2*f^2) + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x) + (-3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + (3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(16*d^4*e^3)$

3.565.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^2(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3e^2(d - ex)^2} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{4d^2e^2(d + ex)^3} + \frac{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{4d^3e^2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{8d^3e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{8d^4e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{8d^3e^3(d - ex)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{8d^2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{4d^3e^3(d + ex)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2), x]$

output $(e*f + d*g)^2/(8*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(8*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(4*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((3*e*f - d*g)*(e*f + d*g)*\text{ArcTanh}[(e*x)/d])/(8*d^4*e^3)$

3.565.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.565.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$\frac{(d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2) \ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} + \frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2}{8e^3d^3(-ex+d)} - \frac{-d^2g^2 + e^2f^2}{4e^3d^3(ex+d)} + \frac{(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2) \ln(ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} - \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2}{8d^2e^3}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2}{4de^3} - \frac{(-3d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2)x}{8e^2d^2} + \frac{(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)x^2}{8d^3e}}{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2) \ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} - \frac{(d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2)}{8d^2e^3}$
risch	$-\frac{(d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2)x^2}{8e^3d^3} + \frac{(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)x}{8d^2e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2}{4de^3} + \frac{\ln(ex-d)g^2}{16e^3d^2} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)fg}{8e^2d^3} - \frac{3 \ln(ex-d)f^2}{16e^4d^4} - \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2}{8d^2e^3}$
parallelrisch	$-2 \ln(ex+d)d^4efg + \ln(ex-d)x^3d^2e^3g^2 - 2 \ln(ex+d)xd^3e^2fg + 2 \ln(ex-d)xd^3e^2fg - 2 \ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^3fg + 2 \ln(ex+d)x^2d^2e^3fg - \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg - 3e^2f^2}{8d^2e^3}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16/e^3*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-3*e^2*f^2)/d^4*ln(-e*x+d)+1/8*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(-e*x+d)-1/4*(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(e*x+d)+1/16*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4*ln(e*x+d)-1/8*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^2
```

3.565. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.565.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4d^3e^2f^2 - 8d^4efg - 4d^5g^2 - 2(3de^4f^2 + 2d^2e^3fg - d^3e^2g^2)x^2 - 2(3d^2e^3f^2 + 2d^3e^2fg + 3d^4eg^2)x - (3d^3e^2f^2 - 8d^4efg - 4d^5g^2 - 2(3d^2e^4f^2 + 2d^3e^3fg + 3d^4e^2g^2)x^2 - 2(3d^3e^2f^2 + 2d^4e^3fg + 3d^5e^2g^2)x^3 - (3d^4e^3f^2 + 2d^5e^4fg - d^6e^5g^2)x^4 - (3d^5e^4f^2 + 2d^6e^5fg - d^7e^6g^2)x^5 - (3d^6e^5f^2 + 2d^7e^6fg - d^8e^7g^2)x^6 - (3d^7e^6f^2 + 2d^8e^7fg - d^9e^8g^2)x^7 - (3d^8e^7f^2 + 2d^9e^8fg - d^{10}e^9g^2)x^8 - (3d^9e^8f^2 + 2d^{10}e^9fg - d^{11}e^{10}g^2)x^9 - (3d^{10}e^9f^2 + 2d^{11}e^{10}fg - d^{12}e^{11}g^2)x^{10} - (3d^{11}e^{10}f^2 + 2d^{12}e^{11}fg - d^{13}e^{12}g^2)x^{11} - (3d^{12}e^{11}f^2 + 2d^{13}e^{12}fg - d^{14}e^{13}g^2)x^{12}}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/16*(4*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 8*d^4*e*f*g - 4*d^5*g^2 - 2*(3*d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 3*d^4*e*g^2)*x - (3*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g - d^5*g^2 - (3*e^5*f^2 + 2*d*e^4*f*g - d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) + (3*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^4*e*f*g - d^5*g^2 - (3*e^5*f^2 + 2*d*e^4*f*g - d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^4*e^6*x^3 + d^5*e^5*x^2 - d^6*e^4*x - d^7*e^3)
```

3.565.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2d^4g^2 - 4d^3efg + 2d^2e^2f^2 + x^2(d^2e^2g^2 - 2de^3fg - 3e^4f^2) + x(-3d^3eg^2 - 2d^2e^2fg - 3de^3f^2) - 8d^6e^3 - 8d^5e^4x + 8d^4e^5x^2 + 8d^3e^6x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) \log\left(-\frac{d(dg-3ef)(dg+ef)}{e(d^2g^2-2defg-3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4e^3}$$

$$- \frac{(dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) \log\left(\frac{d(dg-3ef)(dg+ef)}{e(d^2g^2-2defg-3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4e^3}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)
```

$$3.565. \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

output $(-2d^{4}g^{2} - 4d^{3}efg + 2d^{2}e^{2}f^{2} + x^{2}(d^{2}e^{2}g^{2} - 2d^{3}efg - 3e^{4}f^{2})) + x(-3d^{3}e^{2}g^{2} - 2d^{2}e^{2}fg - 3d^{3}efg - 3e^{4}f^{2}) / (-8d^{6}e^{3} - 8d^{5}e^{4}x + 8d^{4}e^{5}x^{2} + 8d^{3}e^{6}x^{3}) + (dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) \log(-d(dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) / (e(d^{2}g^{2} - 2d^{3}efg - 3e^{4}f^{2}) + x)) / (16d^{4}e^{3}) - (dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) \log(d(dg - 3ef)(dg + ef) / (e(d^{2}g^{2} - 2d^{3}efg - 3e^{4}f^{2}) + x)) / (16d^{4}e^{3})$

3.565.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2d^2e^2f^2 - 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 - (3e^4f^2 + 2de^3fg - d^2e^2g^2)x^2 - (3de^3f^2 + 2d^2e^2fg + 3d^3eg^2)x}{8(d^3e^6x^3 + d^4e^5x^2 - d^5e^4x - d^6e^3)} + \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(ex+d)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(ex-d)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/8*(2d^2e^2f^2 - 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 - (3e^4f^2 + 2d^3efg - d^2e^2g^2)*x^2 - (3d^3e^4f^2 + 2d^2e^3fg + 3d^3e^2g^2)*x) / (d^3e^6x^3 + d^4e^5x^2 - d^5e^4x - d^6e^3) + 1/16*(3e^2f^2 + 2d^3efg - d^2g^2) \log(e*x + d) / (d^4e^3) - 1/16*(3e^2f^2 + 2d^3efg - d^2g^2) \log(e*x - d) / (d^4e^3)$

3.565.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(|ex+d|)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{16d^4e^3} + \frac{2d^3e^2f^2 - 4d^4efg - 2d^5g^2 - (3de^4f^2 + 2d^2e^3fg - d^3e^2g^2)x^2 - (3d^2e^3f^2 + 2d^3e^2fg + 3d^4eg^2)x}{8(ex+d)^2(ex-d)d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^4*e^3) - 1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^4*e^3) + 1/8*(2*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^4*e*f*g - 2*d^5*g^2 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 3*d^4*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*(e*x - d)*d^4*e^3)`

3.565.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2}{4de^3} + \frac{x(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)}{8d^2e^2} + \frac{x^2(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)}{8d^3e}}{d^3 + d^2ex - de^2x^2 - e^3x^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex(dg+ef)(dg-3ef)}{d(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)}\right)(dg+ef)(dg-3ef)}{8d^4e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `((d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(4*d*e^3) + (x*(3*d^2*g^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^2*e^2) + (x^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^3*e))/(d^3 - e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 + d^2*e*x) + (atanh((e*x*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g - 3*e*f))/(d*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)))*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g - 3*e*f))/(8*d^4*e^3)`

3.566 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.566.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ef + dg)^2}{16d^4e^3(d - ex)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{12d^2e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{8d^3e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(3ef - dg)(ef + dg)}{16d^4e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{f(ef + dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{4d^5e^2}$$

output `1/16*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^4/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/12*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^3+1/8*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/16*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(d*g+e*f)/d^4/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/4*f*(d*g+e*f)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^5/e^2`

3.566.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2d(2d^5g^2 + 3e^5f^2x^3 + d^3e^2f(-4f + gx) + 3de^4fx^2(2f + gx) + 2d^4eg(f + 2gx) + d^2e^3fx(f + 6gx)) + 3e^2d^5}{24d^5e^3(d - ex)(d + ex)}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

3.566. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output $(2*d*(2*d^5*g^2 + 3*e^5*f^2*x^3 + d^3*e^2*f*(-4*f + g*x) + 3*d*e^4*f*x^2*(2*f + g*x) + 2*d^4*e*g*(f + 2*g*x) + d^2*e^3*f*x*(f + 6*g*x)) + 3*e*f*(e*f + d*g)*(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x)^3*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + 3*e*f*(e*f + d*g)*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(24*d^5*e^3*(d - e*x)*(d + e*x)^3)$

3.566.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^2 (d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4 e^2 (d - ex)^2} + \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{16d^4 e^2 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^4} + \frac{f(dg + ef)}{4d^4 e (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} + \frac{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}{4d^3 e^2 (d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{farctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)}{4d^5 e^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4 e^3 (d - ex)} - \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{16d^4 e^3 (d + ex)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{12d^2 e^3 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}{8d^3 e^3 (d + ex)^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]$

output $(e*f + d*g)^2/(16*d^4*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(12*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(8*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - ((3*e*f - d*g)*(e*f + d*g))/(16*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)) + (f*(e*f + d*g)*\text{ArcTanh}[(e*x)/d])/(4*d^5*e^2)$

3.566.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.566.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{dfg-3ef^2}{8de^2} - \frac{(-d^2g^2-defg-e^2f^2)x^3}{3d^4} + \frac{f(dg+ef)x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{e(-4d^2g^2-defg-e^2f^2)x^4}{24d^5}}{(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)} - \frac{f(dg+ef)\ln(-ex+d)}{8d^5e^2} + \frac{f(dg+ef)\ln(ex+d)}{8d^5e^2}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{ef(dg+ef)x^3}{4d^4} + \frac{f(dg+ef)x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{(4d^2g^2+defg+e^2f^2)x}{12d^2e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2+defg-2e^2f^2}{6de^3}}{(ex+d)^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)} - \frac{f\ln(-ex+d)g}{8d^4e^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{8e d^5} + \frac{f\ln(ex+d)g}{8d^4e^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{16e^3d^4(-ex+d)} - \frac{f(dg+ef)\ln(-ex+d)}{8d^5e^2} - \frac{-d^2g^2+e^2f^2}{8e^3d^3(ex+d)^2} - \frac{-d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2}{16e^3d^4(ex+d)} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2}{12d^2e^3(ex+d)^3} + \frac{f(dg+ef)\ln(ex+d)}{8d^4e^2}$
parallelrisch	$-3\ln(ex-d)x^4e^5f^2-3\ln(ex+d)x^4e^5f^2-3\ln(ex-d)d^5fg-3\ln(ex-d)d^4ef^2+3\ln(ex+d)d^5fg+3\ln(ex+d)d^4ef^2+18f^2d^3e^2$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

output (1/8*(d*f*g-3*e*f^2)/d/e^2-1/3*(-d^2*g^2-d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/d^4*x^3+1/2/d^3*f*(d*g+e*f)*x^2-1/24*e*(-4*d^2*g^2-d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/d^5*x^4)/(e*x+d)^3/(-e*x+d)-1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2*ln(-e*x+d)+1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2*ln(e*x+d)
```

3.566.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

3.566.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8d^4 e^2 f^2 - 4d^5 efg - 4d^6 g^2 - 6(de^5 f^2 + d^2 e^4 fg)x^3 - 12(d^2 e^4 f^2 + d^3 e^3 fg)x^2 - 2(d^3 e^3 f^2 + d^4 e^2 fg + 4d^5 efg)x - 2d^6 e^2 f^2 - 2d^7 efg - 2d^8 g^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(8*d^4*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^5*e*f*g - 4*d^6*g^2 - 6*(d*e^5*f^2 + d^2*e^4*f*g)*x^3 - 12*(d^2*e^4*f^2 + d^3*e^3*f*g)*x^2 - 2*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + d^4*e^2*f*g + 4*d^5*e*g^2)*x - 3*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + d^5*e*f*g - (e^6*f^2 + d*e^5*f*g)*x^4 - 2*(d*e^5*f^2 + d^2*e^4*f*g)*x^3 + 2*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + d^4*e^2*f*g)*x)*log(e*x + d) + 3*(d^4*e^2*f^2 + d^5*e*f*g - (e^6*f^2 + d*e^5*f*g)*x^4 - 2*(d*e^5*f^2 + d^2*e^4*f*g)*x^3 + 2*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + d^4*e^2*f*g)*x)*log(e*x - d)/(d^5*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^6*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^8*e^4*x - d^9*e^3)`

3.566.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2d^5 g^2 - 2d^4 efg + 4d^3 e^2 f^2 + x^3(-3de^4 fg - 3e^5 f^2) + x^2(-6d^2 e^3 fg - 6de^4 f^2) + x(-4d^4 eg^2 - d^3 e^2 fg - 12d^8 e^3 - 24d^7 e^4 x + 24d^5 e^6 x^3 + 12d^4 e^7 x^4)}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{f(dg + ef) \log\left(-\frac{df(dg+ef)}{e(dfg+ef^2)} + x\right)}{8d^5 e^2} + \frac{f(dg + ef) \log\left(\frac{df(dg+ef)}{e(dfg+ef^2)} + x\right)}{8d^5 e^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output `(-2*d**5*g**2 - 2*d**4*e*f*g + 4*d**3*e**2*f**2 + x**3*(-3*d*e**4*f*g - 3*e**5*f**2) + x**2*(-6*d**2*e**3*f*g - 6*d*e**4*f**2) + x*(-4*d**4*e*g**2 - d**3*e**2*f*g - d**2*e**3*f**2))/(-12*d**8*e**3 - 24*d**7*e**4*x + 24*d**5*e**6*x**3 + 12*d**4*e**7*x**4) - f*(d*g + e*f)*log(-d*f*(d*g + e*f)/(e*(d*f*g + e*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**5*e**2) + f*(d*g + e*f)*log(d*f*(d*g + e*f)/(e*(d*f*g + e*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**5*e**2)`

3.566. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

3.566.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4d^3 e^2 f^2 - 2d^4 efg - 2d^5 g^2 - 3(e^5 f^2 + de^4 fg)x^3 - 6(de^4 f^2 + d^2 e^3 fg)x^2 - (d^2 e^3 f^2 + d^3 e^2 fg + 4d^4 eg^2)}{12(d^4 e^7 x^4 + 2d^5 e^6 x^3 - 2d^7 e^4 x - d^8 e^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef^2 + dfg) \log(ex + d)}{8d^5 e^2} - \frac{(ef^2 + dfg) \log(ex - d)}{8d^5 e^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(4*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^4*e*f*g - 2*d^5*g^2 - 3*(e^5*f^2 + d*e^4*f*g)*x^3 - 6*(d*e^4*f^2 + d^2*e^3*f*g)*x^2 - (d^2*e^3*f^2 + d^3*e^2*f*g + 4*d^4*e*g^2)*x)/(d^4*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^5*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^7*e^4*x - d^8*e^3) + 1/8*(e*f^2 + d*f*g)*log(e*x + d)/(d^5*e^2) - 1/8*(e*f^2 + d*f*g)*log(e*x - d)/(d^5*e^2)`**3.566.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ef^2 + dfg) \log\left(\left|-\frac{2d}{ex+d} + 1\right|\right)}{8d^5 e^2} + \frac{e^2 f^2 + 2defg + d^2 g^2}{32d^5 e^3 \left(\frac{-2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{9d^2 e^5 f^2}{ex+d} + \frac{6d^3 e^5 f^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{4d^4 e^5 f^2}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{6d^3 e^4 fg}{ex+d} - \frac{8d^5 e^4 fg}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3d^4 e^3 g^2}{ex+d} - \frac{6d^5 e^3 g^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{4d^6 e^3 g^2}{(ex+d)^3}}{48d^6 e^6}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*(e*f^2 + d*f*g)*log(abs(-2*d/(e*x + d) + 1))/(d^5*e^2) + 1/32*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(d^5*e^3*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)) - 1/48*(9*d^2*e^5*f^2/(e*x + d) + 6*d^3*e^5*f^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 4*d^4*e^5*f^2/(e*x + d)^3 + 6*d^3*e^4*f*g/(e*x + d) - 8*d^5*e^4*f*g/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*d^4*e^3*g^2/(e*x + d) - 6*d^5*e^3*g^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 4*d^6*e^3*g^2/(e*x + d)^3)/(d^6*e^6)`

3.566.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d^2 g^2 + d e f g - 2 e^2 f^2}{6 d e^3} + \frac{f x^2 (d g + e f)}{2 d^3} + \frac{x (4 d^2 g^2 + d e f g + e^2 f^2)}{12 d^2 e^2} + \frac{e f x^3 (d g + e f)}{4 d^4}}{d^4 + 2 d^3 e x - 2 d e^3 x^3 - e^4 x^4} + \frac{f \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{e x}{d}\right) (d g + e f)}{4 d^5 e^2}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `((d^2*g^2 - 2*e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g)/(6*d*e^3) + (f*x^2*(d*g + e*f))/(2*d^3) + (x*(4*d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g))/(12*d^2*e^2) + (e*f*x^3*(d*g + e*f))/(4*d^4))/(d^4 - e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + 2*d^3*e*x) + (f*atanh((e*x)/d)*(d*g + e*f))/(4*d^5*e^2)`

3.567 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.567.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{32d^5e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{16d^2e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{12d^3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

$$- \frac{(3ef-dg)(ef+dg)}{32d^4e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{f(ef+dg)}{8d^5e^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef+dg)(5ef+dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{32d^6e^3}$$

```
output 1/32*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^5/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/16*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^4+1/12
*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/32*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(d*g+e*f)/d^4/e^3/(
e*x+d)^2-1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(e*x+d)+1/32*(d*g+e*f)*(d*g+5*e*f)*arctan
h(e*x/d)/d^6/e^3
```

3.567.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6d(ef+dg)^2}{d-ex} - \frac{12d^4(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{16d^3(-e^2f^2+d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{6d^2(-3e^2f^2-2defg+d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{24def(ef+dg)}{d+ex} - \frac{3(5e^2f^2+6defg+d^2g^2)}{192d^6e^3}$$

3.567. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((6*d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x) - (12*d^4*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^4 + (16*d^3*(-(e^2*f^2) + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (6*d^2*(-3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^2 - (24*d*e*f*(e*f + d*g))/(d + e*x) - 3*(5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + 3*(5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(192*d^6*e^3)}$$

3.567.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^2 (d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{32d^5 e^2 (d - ex)^2} + \frac{f(dg + ef)}{8d^5 e (d + ex)^2} + \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{16d^4 e^2 (d + ex)^3} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^5} + \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{32d^5 e^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)} + \frac{e^2 f^2}{4d^3 e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{32d^6 e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{32d^5 e^3 (d - ex)} - \frac{f(dg + ef)}{8d^5 e^2 (d + ex)} - \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{32d^4 e^3 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{16d^2 e^3 (d + ex)^4} - \frac{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}{12d^3 e^3 (d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output $(e*f + d*g)^2/(32*d^5*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(16*d^2*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(12*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - ((3*e*f - d*g)*(e*f + d*g))/(32*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (f*(e*f + d*g))/(8*d^5*e^2*(d + e*x)) + ((e*f + d*g)*(5*e*f + d*g)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(32*d^6*e^3)$

3.567.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 639 $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m+p}*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ SumQ[u]

3.567.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{(-d^2g^2 - 6defg - 5e^2f^2) \ln(-ex+d)}{64e^3d^6} + \frac{d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2}{32e^3d^5(-ex+d)} + \frac{(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2) \ln(ex+d)}{64e^3d^6} - \frac{-d^2g^2 + e^2f^2}{12e^3d^3(ex+d)^3} - \frac{-d^2g^2 + e^2f^2}{32e^3d^3(ex+d)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(25d^2g^2 + 54defg - 19e^2f^2)x^3}{96d^4} - \frac{(3d^2g^2 - 14defg - 33e^2f^2)x^2}{32e d^3} + \frac{3e(3d^2g^2 + 2defg - 9e^2f^2)x^4}{32d^5} + \frac{e^2(d^2g^2 - 4e^2f^2)x^5}{12d^6} - \frac{(d^2g^2 + 6defg - 27e^2f^2)x^6}{32d^2e^2} - \frac{(ex+d)^4(-ex+d)}{(ex+d)^4(-ex+d)}$
risch	$\frac{e(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)x^4}{32d^5} + \frac{3(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)x^3}{32d^4} + \frac{7(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)x^2}{96d^3e} + \frac{(7d^2g^2 - 6defg - 5e^2f^2)x}{32d^2e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2 - 4e^2f^2}{12de^3} - \ln\left(\frac{(ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)}{(ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)}\right)$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{15 \ln(ex+d)x^5e^7f^2 + 15 \ln(ex-d)x^5e^7f^2 + 162x d^4e^3f^2 + 54 \ln(ex+d)x d^5e^2fg + 3 \ln(ex-d)x^5d^2e^5g^2 - 3 \ln(ex+d)x^5d^2e^5g^2}{(ex+d)^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)}$

input $\text{int}((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

3.567. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output $\frac{1}{64}(-d^2g^2-6d*efg-5e^2f^2)/e^3/d^6*\ln(-e*x+d)+1/32*(d^2*g^2+2*d*ef*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^5/(-e*x+d)+1/64/e^3*(d^2*g^2+6*d*ef*g+5*e^2*f^2)/d^6*\ln(e*x+d)-1/12*(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/32*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*ef*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4/(e*x+d)^2-1/16*(d^2*g^2-2*d*ef*g+e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(e*x+d)$

3.567.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 648 vs. $2(167) = 334$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{64d^5e^2f^2 - 16d^7g^2 - 6(5de^6f^2 + 6d^2e^5fg + d^3e^4g^2)x^4 - 18(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 - 14(5d^3e^4f^2 + 6d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + 6(5d^4e^3f^2 + 6d^5e^2fg - 7d^6eg^2)x - 3(5d^5e^2f^2 + 6d^6efg + d^7g^2 - (5e^7f^2 + 6d^6efg + d^2e^5g^2))x^5 - 3(5d^6ef^2 + 6d^2e^5fg + d^3e^4g^2)x^4 - 2(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 + 2(5d^3e^4f^2 + 6d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(5d^4e^3f^2 + 6d^5e^2fg + d^6eg^2)x}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} \log(e*x + d) + 3(5d^5e^2f^2 + 6d^6efg + d^7g^2 - (5e^7f^2 + 6d^6efg + d^2e^5g^2))x^5 - 3(5d^6ef^2 + 6d^2e^5fg + d^3e^4g^2)x^4 - 2(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 + 2(5d^3e^4f^2 + 6d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(5d^4e^3f^2 + 6d^5e^2fg + d^6eg^2)x \log(e*x - d) / (d^6e^8x^5 + 3d^7e^7x^4 + 2d^8e^6x^3 - 2d^9e^5x^2 - 3d^10e^4x - d^11e^3)$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{1}{192}(64*d^5*e^2*f^2 - 16*d^7*g^2 - 6*(5*d^5*e^6*f^2 + 6*d^2*e^5*f*g + d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 18*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 6*d^3*e^4*f*g + d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 14*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 6*d^4*e^3*f*g + d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 6*(5*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 6*d^5*e^2*f*g - 7*d^6*e*g^2)*x - 3*(5*d^5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^6*e*f*g + d^7*g^2 - (5*e^7*f^2 + 6*d^6*e*f*g + d^2*e^5*g^2))*x^5 - 3*(5*d^6*e*f^2 + 6*d^2*e^5*f*g + d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 6*d^3*e^4*f*g + d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 2*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 6*d^4*e^3*f*g + d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 6*d^5*e^2*f*g + d^6*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) + 3*(5*d^5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^6*e*f*g + d^7*g^2 - (5*e^7*f^2 + 6*d^6*e*f*g + d^2*e^5*g^2))*x^5 - 3*(5*d^6*e*f^2 + 6*d^2*e^5*f*g + d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 6*d^3*e^4*f*g + d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 2*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 6*d^4*e^3*f*g + d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 6*d^5*e^2*f*g + d^6*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d)/(d^6*e^8*x^5 + 3*d^7*e^7*x^4 + 2*d^8*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^9*e^5*x^2 - 3*d^10*e^4*x - d^11*e^3)$

3.567.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 376 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8d^6 g^2 + 32d^4 e^2 f^2 + x^4(-3d^2 e^4 g^2 - 18de^5 fg - 15e^6 f^2) + x^3(-9d^3 e^3 g^2 - 54d^2 e^4 fg - 45de^5 f^2) + x^2(-7d^4 e^4 g^2 - 42d^3 e^5 fg - 35d^2 e^6 f^2) + x(-21d^5 e^5 g^2 + 18d^4 e^6 fg + 15d^3 e^7 f^2)}{-96d^{10} e^3 - 288d^9 e^4 x - 192d^8 e^5 x^2 + 192d^7 e^6 x^3 + 288d^6 e^7 x^4 + 96d^5 e^8 x^5} - \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef) \log\left(-\frac{d(dg+ef)(dg+5ef)}{e(d^2 g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{64d^6 e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef) \log\left(\frac{d(dg+ef)(dg+5ef)}{e(d^2 g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2 f^2)} + x\right)}{64d^6 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output `(-8*d**6*g**2 + 32*d**4*e**2*f**2 + x**4*(-3*d**2*e**4*g**2 - 18*d*e**5*f*g - 15*e**6*f**2) + x**3*(-9*d**3*e**3*g**2 - 54*d**2*e**4*f*g - 45*d*e**5*f**2) + x**2*(-7*d**4*e**4*g**2 - 42*d**3*e**3*f*g - 35*d**2*e**4*f**2) + x*(-21*d**5*e**5*g**2 + 18*d**4*e**2*f*g + 15*d**3*e**3*f**2))/(-96*d**10*e**3 - 288*d**9*e**4*x - 192*d**8*e**5*x**2 + 192*d**7*e**6*x**3 + 288*d**6*e**7*x**4 + 96*d**5*e**8*x**5) - (d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f)*log(-d*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 5*e**2*f**2)) + x)/(64*d**6*e**3) + (d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f)*log(d*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 6*d*e*f*g + 5*e**2*f**2)) + x)/(64*d**6*e**3)`

3.567.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{32d^4 e^2 f^2 - 8d^6 g^2 - 3(5e^6 f^2 + 6de^5 fg + d^2 e^4 g^2)x^4 - 9(5de^5 f^2 + 6d^2 e^4 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x^3 - 7(5d^2 e^4 f^2 + 6de^5 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x^2 - 7(5d^2 e^4 f^2 + 6de^5 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)x - 7(5d^2 e^4 f^2 + 6de^5 fg + d^3 e^3 g^2)}{96(d^5 e^8 x^5 + 3d^6 e^7 x^4 + 2d^7 e^6 x^3 - 2d^8 e^5 x^2 - 3d^9 e^4 x + 3d^{10} e^3)} + \frac{(5e^2 f^2 + 6defg + d^2 g^2) \log(ex + d)}{64d^6 e^3} - \frac{(5e^2 f^2 + 6defg + d^2 g^2) \log(ex - d)}{64d^6 e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.567. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output
$$\frac{1}{96}(32d^4e^2f^2 - 8d^6g^2 - 3(5e^6f^2 + 6d^2e^5fg + d^2e^4g^2)x^4 - 9(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^2e^4fg + d^3e^3g^2)x^3 - 7(5d^2e^4f^2 + 6d^3e^3fg + d^4e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(5d^3e^3f^2 + 6d^4e^2fg - 7d^5e^2g^2)x)/(d^5e^8x^5 + 3d^6e^7x^4 + 2d^7e^6x^3 - 2d^8e^5x^2 - 3d^9e^4x - d^{10}e^3) + \frac{1}{64}(5e^2f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(ex + d)/(d^6e^3) - \frac{1}{64}(5e^2f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(ex - d)/(d^6e^3)$$

3.567.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5e^2f^2 + 6defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{64d^6e^3} - \frac{(5e^2f^2 + 6defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{64d^6e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{32d^5e^2f^2 - 8d^7g^2 - 3(5de^6f^2 + 6d^2e^5fg + d^3e^4g^2)x^4 - 9(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 - 7(5d^3e^4f^2 + 6d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(5d^4e^3f^2 + 6d^5e^2fg - 7d^6e^2g^2)x}{96(ex + d)^4(ex - d)d^6e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{64}(5e^2f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(\text{abs}(ex + d))/(d^6e^3) - \frac{1}{64}(5e^2f^2 + 6d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(\text{abs}(ex - d))/(d^6e^3) + \frac{1}{96}(32d^5e^2f^2 - 8d^7g^2 - 3(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^4 - 9(5d^2e^5f^2 + 6d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 - 7(5d^3e^4f^2 + 6d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + 3(5d^4e^3f^2 + 6d^5e^2fg - 7d^6e^2g^2)x)/((ex + d)^4(ex - d)d^6e^3)$$

3.567.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d^2g^2 - 4e^2f^2}{12de^3} + \frac{3x^3(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)}{32d^4} + \frac{ex^4(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)}{32d^5} - \frac{x(-7d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)}{32d^2e^2} + \frac{7x^2(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)}{96d^3e}}{d^5 + 3d^4ex + 2d^3e^2x^2 - 2d^2e^3x^3 - 3de^4x^4 - e^5x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{atanh}\left(\frac{ex(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{d(d^2g^2 + 6defg + 5e^2f^2)}\right) (dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{32d^6e^3}$$

3.567.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output `((d^2*g^2 - 4*e^2*f^2)/(12*d*e^3) + (3*x^3*(d^2*g^2 + 5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(32*d^4) + (e*x^4*(d^2*g^2 + 5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(32*d^5) - (x*(5*e^2*f^2 - 7*d^2*g^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(32*d^2*e^2) + (7*x^2*(d^2*g^2 + 5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(96*d^3*e))/(d^5 - e^5*x^5 - 3*d*e^4*x^4 + 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*e*x) + (atanh((e*x*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f))/(d*(d^2*g^2 + 5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g)))*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 5*e*f))/(32*d^6*e^3)`

3.568 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

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3.568.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{64d^6e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{20d^2e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{16d^3e^3(d+ex)^4}$$

$$- \frac{(3ef-dg)(ef+dg)}{48d^4e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{f(ef+dg)}{16d^5e^2(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(ef+dg)(5ef+dg)}{64d^6e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(ef+dg)(3ef+dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{32d^7e^3}$$

output

```
1/64*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^6/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/20*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^5+1/16
*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/48*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(d*g+e*f)/d^4/e^3/(
e*x+d)^3-1/16*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-1/64*(d*g+e*f)*(d*g+5*e*f)/d^6
/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/32*(d*g+e*f)*(d*g+3*e*f)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^7/e^3
```

3.568.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15d(ef+dg)^2}{d-ex} - \frac{48d^5(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^5} + \frac{60d^4(-e^2f^2+d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{20d^3(-3e^2f^2-2defg+d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^3} - \frac{60d^2ef(ef+dg)}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{15d(5e^2f^2+6defg+d^2g^2)}{d+ex}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{960d^7e^3}$$

3.568. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{15d*(ef + d*g)^2}{(d - e*x)} - \frac{48*d^5*(ef - d*g)^2}{(d + e*x)^5} + (60*d^4*(-(e^2*f^2) + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^4 + (20*d^3*(-3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^3 - \frac{60*d^2*e*f*(ef + d*g)}{(d + e*x)^2} - \frac{15*d*(5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)}{(d + e*x)} - 15*(3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + 15*(3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x] \right) / (960*d^7*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.568.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 639 \\ & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^2 (d + ex)^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 99 \\ & \int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)^2}{64d^6 e^2 (d - ex)^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{64d^6 e^2 (d + ex)^2} + \frac{f(dg + ef)}{8d^5 e (d + ex)^3} + \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{16d^4 e^2 (d + ex)^4} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{4d^2 e^2 (d + ex)^6} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{32d^6 e^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg + ef)(dg + 3ef)}{32d^7 e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{64d^6 e^3 (d - ex)} - \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{64d^6 e^3 (d + ex)} - \frac{f(dg + ef)}{16d^5 e^2 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(3ef - dg)(dg + ef)}{48d^4 e^3 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{20d^2 e^3 (d + ex)^5} - \frac{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}{16d^3 e^3 (d + ex)^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2),x]`

3.568. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$

output $\frac{1}{64}(-d^2g^2-4d*ef*g-3e^2f^2)/e^3/d^7*\ln(-e*x+d)+1/64*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^6/(-e*x+d)+1/64/e^3*(d^2*g^2+4*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/d^7*\ln(e*x+d)-1/64/e^3*(d^2*g^2+6*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2)/d^6/(e*x+d)-1/16*(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/48*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4/(e*x+d)^3-1/20*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^3/(e*x+d)^5-1/16*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(e*x+d)^2$

3.568.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 693 vs. $2(197) = 394$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{288d^6e^2f^2 + 64d^7efg - 32d^8g^2 - 30(3de^7f^2 + 4d^2e^6fg + d^3e^5g^2)x^5 - 120(3d^2e^6f^2 + 4d^3e^5fg + d^4e^4g^2)}{...}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $\frac{1}{960}(288*d^6*e^2*f^2 + 64*d^7*e*f*g - 32*d^8*g^2 - 30*(3*d*e^7*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^6*f*g + d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 - 120*(3*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*f*g + d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 160*(3*d^3*e^5*f^2 + 4*d^4*e^4*f*g + d^5*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 40*(3*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 4*d^5*e^3*f*g + d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(141*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 188*d^6*e^2*f*g - 49*d^7*e*g^2)*x - 15*(3*d^6*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^7*e*f*g + d^8*g^2 - (3*e^8*f^2 + 4*d*e^7*f*g + d^2*e^6*g^2)*x^6 - 4*(3*d*e^7*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^6*f*g + d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 - 5*(3*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*f*g + d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 5*(3*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 4*d^5*e^3*f*g + d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(3*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 4*d^6*e^2*f*g + d^7*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) + 15*(3*d^6*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^7*e*f*g + d^8*g^2 - (3*e^8*f^2 + 4*d*e^7*f*g + d^2*e^6*g^2)*x^6 - 4*(3*d*e^7*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^6*f*g + d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 - 5*(3*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 4*d^3*e^5*f*g + d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 5*(3*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 4*d^5*e^3*f*g + d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(3*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 4*d^6*e^2*f*g + d^7*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d))/(d^7*e^9*x^6 + 4*d^8*e^8*x^5 + 5*d^9*e^7*x^4 - 5*d^11*e^5*x^2 - 4*d^12*e^4*x - d^13*e^3)$

3.568.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. $2(192) = 384$.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16d^7g^2 + 32d^6efg + 144d^5e^2f^2 + x^5(-15d^2e^5g^2 - 60de^6fg - 45e^7f^2) + x^4(-60d^3e^4g^2 - 240d^2e^5fg - 180d^3e^5f^2) + x^3(-80d^4e^3g^2 - 320d^3e^4fg - 240d^2e^5f^2) + x^2(-20d^5e^2g^2 - 80d^4e^3fg - 60d^3e^4f^2) + x(-49d^6e^2g^2 + 188d^5e^3fg + 141d^4e^4f^2)}{-480d^{12}e^3 - 1920d^{11}e^4x - 2400d^{10}e^5x^2 + 2400d^8e^7x^4 + 1920d^7e^8x^5 + 480d^6e^9x^6} - \frac{(dg+ef)(dg+3ef) \log\left(-\frac{d(dg+ef)(dg+3ef)}{e(d^2g^2+4defg+3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{64d^7e^3} + \frac{(dg+ef)(dg+3ef) \log\left(\frac{d(dg+ef)(dg+3ef)}{e(d^2g^2+4defg+3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{64d^7e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**2,x)`

output `(-16*d**7*g**2 + 32*d**6*e*f*g + 144*d**5*e**2*f**2 + x**5*(-15*d**2*e**5*g**2 - 60*d**6*e**6*f*g - 45*e**7*f**2) + x**4*(-60*d**3*e**4*g**2 - 240*d**2*e**5*f*g - 180*d**6*f**2) + x**3*(-80*d**4*e**3*g**2 - 320*d**3*e**4*f*g - 240*d**2*e**5*f**2) + x**2*(-20*d**5*e**2*g**2 - 80*d**4*e**3*f*g - 60*d**3*e**4*f**2) + x*(-49*d**6*e*g**2 + 188*d**5*e**2*f*g + 141*d**4*e**3*f**2))/(-480*d**12*e**3 - 1920*d**11*e**4*x - 2400*d**10*e**5*x**2 + 2400*d**8*e**7*x**4 + 1920*d**7*e**8*x**5 + 480*d**6*e**9*x**6) - (d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f)*log(-d*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 4*d*e*f*g + 3*e**2*f**2))) + x)/(64*d**7*e**3) + (d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f)*log(d*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f)/(e*(d**2*g**2 + 4*d*e*f*g + 3*e**2*f**2))) + x)/(64*d**7*e**3)`

3.568.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{144d^5e^2f^2 + 32d^6efg - 16d^7g^2 - 15(3e^7f^2 + 4de^6fg + d^2e^5g^2)x^5 - 60(3de^6f^2 + 4d^2e^5fg + d^3e^4g^2)x^4 + 480(d^6e^9x^6 + 4d^7e^8x^5 + (3e^2f^2 + 4defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex+d) - (3e^2f^2 + 4defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex-d))}{64d^7e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{480}(144d^5e^2f^2 + 32d^6e^2fg - 16d^7g^2 - 15(3e^7f^2 + 4d^6e^2fg + d^2e^5g^2)x^5 - 60(3d^2e^6f^2 + 4d^3e^5fg + d^4e^4g^2)x^4 - 80(3d^2e^5f^2 + 4d^3e^4fg + d^4e^3g^2)x^3 - 20(3d^3e^4f^2 + 4d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^2 + (141d^4e^3f^2 + 188d^5e^2fg - 49d^6e^2g^2)x)/(d^6e^9x^6 + 4d^7e^8x^5 + 5d^8e^7x^4 - 5d^{10}e^5x^2 - 4d^{11}e^4x - d^{12}e^3) + \frac{1}{64}(3e^2f^2 + 4d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(e^2x + d)/(d^7e^3) - \frac{1}{64}(3e^2f^2 + 4d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(e^2x - d)/(d^7e^3)$$

3.568.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 4defg + d^2g^2)\log(|ex + d|)}{64d^7e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 + 4defg + d^2g^2)\log(|ex - d|)}{64d^7e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{144d^6e^2f^2 + 32d^7e^2fg - 16d^8g^2 - 15(3de^7f^2 + 4d^2e^6fg + d^3e^5g^2)x^5 - 60(3d^2e^6f^2 + 4d^3e^5fg + d^4e^4g^2)x^4 - 80(3d^3e^4f^2 + 4d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^3 - 20(3d^4e^3f^2 + 4d^5e^2fg - 49d^6e^2g^2)x}{((e^2x + d)^5(e^2x - d)d^7e^3)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{64}(3e^2f^2 + 4d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(\text{abs}(e^2x + d))/(d^7e^3) - \frac{1}{64}(3e^2f^2 + 4d^2e^2fg + d^2g^2)\log(\text{abs}(e^2x - d))/(d^7e^3) + \frac{1}{480}(144d^6e^2f^2 + 32d^7e^2fg - 16d^8g^2 - 15(3d^2e^6f^2 + 4d^3e^5fg + d^4e^4g^2)x^4 - 80(3d^3e^4f^2 + 4d^4e^3fg + d^5e^2g^2)x^3 - 20(3d^4e^3f^2 + 4d^5e^2fg - 49d^6e^2g^2)x)/((e^2x + d)^5(e^2x - d)d^7e^3)$$

3.568.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^4 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 (d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + 3 e^2 f^2)}{6 d^4} - \frac{-d^2 g^2 + 2 d e f g + 9 e^2 f^2}{30 d e^3} + \frac{e x^4 (d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + 3 e^2 f^2)}{8 d^5} - \frac{x (-49 d^2 g^2 + 188 d e f g + 141 e^2 f^2)}{480 d^2 e^2} + \frac{x^2 (d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + 3 e^2 f^2)}{d^6 + 4 d^5 e x + 5 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 5 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 4 d e^5 x^5 - e^6 x^6}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{e x (d g + e f) (d g + 3 e f)}{d (d^2 g^2 + 4 d e f g + 3 e^2 f^2)}\right) (d g + e f) (d g + 3 e f)}{32 d^7 e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^4),x)`

```
output ((x^3*(d^2*g^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g))/(6*d^4) - (9*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 +
2*d*e*f*g)/(30*d*e^3) + (e*x^4*(d^2*g^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^5)
- (x*(141*e^2*f^2 - 49*d^2*g^2 + 188*d*e*f*g))/(480*d^2*e^2) + (x^2*(d^2*g
^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g))/(24*d^3*e) + (e^2*x^5*(d^2*g^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 +
4*d*e*f*g))/(32*d^6))/(d^6 - e^6*x^6 - 4*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 5*d^2
*e^4*x^4 + 4*d^5*e*x) + (atanh((e*x*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f))/(d*(d^2*g^2
+ 3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g)))*(d*g + e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f))/(32*d^7*e^3)
```

3.569 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.569.1 Optimal result 4200
 3.569.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4201
 3.569.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4201
 3.569.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4203
 3.569.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 4203
 3.569.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 4204
 3.569.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4205
 3.569.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4205
 3.569.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4206

3.569.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d(7e^2f^2+48defg+56d^2g^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{(ef+2dg)(ef+12dg)x^2}{2e} - \frac{1}{3}g(2ef+7dg)x^3 - \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4 + \frac{8d^4(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{32d^3(ef+dg)(ef+2dg)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{8d^2(3e^2f^2+14defg+13d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-d*(56*d^2*g^2+48*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2)*x/e^2-1/2*(2*d*g+e*f)*(12*d*g+e*f)*x^2/e-1/3*g*(7*d*g+2*e*f)*x^3-1/4*e*g^2*x^4+8*d^4*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2-32*d^3*(d*g+e*f)*(2*d*g+e*f)/e^3/(-e*x+d)-8*d^2*(13*d^2*g^2+14*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3
```

3.569.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d(7e^2f^2+48defg+56d^2g^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f^2+14defg+24d^2g^2)x^2}{2e} - \frac{1}{3}g(2ef+7dg)x^3 - \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4 + \frac{8d^4(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{32d^3(e^2f^2+3defg+2d^2g^2)}{e^3(-d+ex)} - \frac{8d^2(3e^2f^2+14defg+13d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^7*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`output `-((d*(7*e^2*f^2 + 48*d*e*f*g + 56*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2) - ((e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 24*d^2*g^2)*x^2)/(2*e) - (g*(2*e*f + 7*d*g)*x^3)/3 - (e*g^2*x^4)/4 + (8*d^4*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + (32*d^3*(e^2*f^2 + 3*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2))/(e^3*(-d + e*x)) - (8*d^2*(3*e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`**3.569.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(-\frac{16d^4(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^3} + \frac{32d^3(-2dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)^2} - \frac{8d^2(13d^2g^2+14defg+3e^2f^2)}{e^2(ex-d)} - \frac{d(56d^2g^2+48defg+7e^2f^2)}{e^2} \right) dx$$

3.569. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8d^4(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{32d^3(dg+ef)(2dg+ef)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{dx(56d^2g^2+48defg+7e^2f^2)}{e^2} - \frac{8d^2(13d^2g^2+14defg+3e^2f^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{1}{3}gx^3(7dg+2ef) - \frac{x^2(2dg+ef)(12dg+ef)}{2e} - \frac{1}{4}eg^2x^4$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^7*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-((d*(7*e^2*f^2 + 48*d*e*f*g + 56*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2) - ((e*f + 2*d*g)*(e*f + 12*d*g)*x^2)/(2*e) - (g*(2*e*f + 7*d*g)*x^3)/3 - (e*g^2*x^4)/4 + (8*d^4*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)^2) - (32*d^3*(e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 2*d*g))/(e^3*(d - e*x)) - (8*d^2*(3*e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.569.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.569.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{4}g^2e^3x^4 + \frac{7}{3}x^3de^2g^2 + \frac{2}{3}x^3e^3fg + 12x^2d^2eg^2 + 7x^2de^2fg + \frac{1}{2}x^2e^3f^2 + 56d^3g^2x + 48d^2efgx + 7de^2f^2x}{e^2} - \frac{8d^2(13d^2g^2 + 14de^2f^2)}{e^2}$
risch	$-\frac{eg^2x^4}{4} - \frac{7x^3dg^2}{3} - \frac{2ex^3fg}{3} - \frac{12x^2g^2d^2}{e} - 7x^2fgd - \frac{ex^2f^2}{2} - \frac{56d^3g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{48d^2fgx}{e} - 7df^2x + \frac{(64g^2d^5 - 13d^2g^2 + 14de^2f^2)x^3 + (-\frac{23}{2}g^2d^2e^3 - 7fgde^4 - \frac{1}{2}f^2e^5)x^6 + (-\frac{154}{3}g^2d^3e^2 - \frac{140}{3}fgd^2e^3 - 7f^2de^4)x^5 - \frac{d^4(319g^2d^5 - 13d^2g^2 + 14de^2f^2)}{(-e^2x^2)}}{(-e^2x^2)}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{521}{3}g^2d^5 + \frac{574}{3}fgd^4e + 46f^2d^3e^2)x^3 + (-\frac{23}{2}g^2d^2e^3 - 7fgde^4 - \frac{1}{2}f^2e^5)x^6 + (-\frac{154}{3}g^2d^3e^2 - \frac{140}{3}fgd^2e^3 - 7f^2de^4)x^5 - \frac{d^4(319g^2d^5 - 13d^2g^2 + 14de^2f^2)}{(-e^2x^2)}}{(-e^2x^2)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1344 \ln(ex-d)d^5efg + 1248 \ln(ex-d)x^2d^4e^2g^2 + 288 \ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^4f^2 - 2496 \ln(ex-d)xd^5eg^2 - 576 \ln(ex-d)xd^3e^3f^2 + 6e^6f^2x^4}{e^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/e^2*(1/4*g^2*e^3*x^4+7/3*x^3*d*e^2*g^2+2/3*x^3*e^3*f*g+12*x^2*d^2*e*g^2 \\ & +7*x^2*d*e^2*f*g+1/2*x^2*e^3*f^2+56*d^3*g^2*x+48*d^2*e*f*g*x+7*d*e^2*f^2*x \\ &)-8*d^2*(13*d^2*g^2+14*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*\ln(-e*x+d)/e^3-32*d^3/e^3*(2*d^2 \\ & *g^2+3*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/(-e*x+d)+8*d^4*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e \\ & *x+d)^2 \end{aligned}$$
3.569.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3e^6g^2x^6 + 288d^4e^2f^2 + 960d^5efg + 672d^6g^2 + 2(4e^6fg + 11de^5g^2)x^5 + (6e^6f^2 + 68de^5fg + 91d^2e^4)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/12*(3*e^6*g^2*x^6 + 288*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 960*d^5*e*f*g + 672*d^6*g^2 + 2*(4*e^6*f*g + 11*d*e^5*g^2))*x^5 + (6*e^6*f^2 + 68*d*e^5*f*g + 91*d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 4*(18*d*e^5*f^2 + 104*d^2*e^4*f*g + 103*d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 6*(27*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 178*d^3*e^3*f*g + 200*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 12*(25*d^3*e^3*f^2 + 48*d^4*e^2*f*g + 8*d^5*e*g^2)*x + 96*(3*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^5*e*f*g + 13*d^6*g^2 + (3*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 14*d^3*e^3*f*g + 13*d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(3*d^3*e^3*f^2 + 14*d^4*e^2*f*g + 13*d^5*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)$$

3.569.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8d^2 \cdot (13d^2g^2 + 14defg + 3e^2f^2) \log(-d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{eg^2x^4}{4} - x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{7dg^2}{3} + \frac{2efg}{3} \right)$$

$$- x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{12d^2g^2}{e} + 7dfg + \frac{ef^2}{2} \right) - x \left(\frac{56d^3g^2}{e^2} + \frac{48d^2fg}{e} + 7df^2 \right)$$

$$- \frac{56d^6g^2 + 80d^5efg + 24d^4e^2f^2 + x(-64d^5eg^2 - 96d^4e^2fg - 32d^3e^3f^2)}{d^2e^3 - 2de^4x + e^5x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**7*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output
$$-8*d**2*(13*d**2*g**2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 3*e**2*f**2)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 - e*g**2*x**4/4 - x**3*(7*d*g**2/3 + 2*e*f*g/3) - x**2*(12*d**2*g**2/e + 7*d*f*g + e*f**2/2) - x*(56*d**3*g**2/e**2 + 48*d**2*f*g/e + 7*d*f**2) - (56*d**6*g**2 + 80*d**5*e*f*g + 24*d**4*e**2*f**2 + x*(-64*d**5*e*g**2 - 96*d**4*e**2*f*g - 32*d**3*e**3*f**2))/(d**2*e**3 - 2*d*e**4*x + e**5*x**2)$$

3.569.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8(3d^4e^2f^2 + 10d^5efg + 7d^6g^2 - 4(d^3e^3f^2 + 3d^4e^2fg + 2d^5eg^2)x)}{e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{3e^3g^2x^4 + 4(2e^3fg + 7de^2g^2)x^3 + 6(e^3f^2 + 14de^2fg + 24d^2eg^2)x^2 + 12(7de^2f^2 + 48d^2efg + 56d^3g^2)x}{12e^2}$$

$$-\frac{8(3d^2e^2f^2 + 14d^3efg + 13d^4g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-8*(3*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^5*e*f*g + 7*d^6*g^2 - 4*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + 3*d^4*e^2*f*g + 2*d^5*e*g^2)*x)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 1/12*(3*e^3*g^2*x^4 + 4*(2*e^3*f*g + 7*d*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + 6*(e^3*f^2 + 14*d*e^2*f*g + 24*d^2*e*g^2)*x^2 + 12*(7*d*e^2*f^2 + 48*d^2*e*f*g + 56*d^3*g^2)*x)/e^2 - 8*(3*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^3*e*f*g + 13*d^4*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.569.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{8(3d^2e^2f^2 + 14d^3efg + 13d^4g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3}$$

$$-\frac{8(3d^4e^2f^2 + 10d^5efg + 7d^6g^2 - 4(d^3e^3f^2 + 3d^4e^2fg + 2d^5eg^2)x)}{(ex-d)^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{3e^{13}g^2x^4 + 8e^{13}fgx^3 + 28de^{12}g^2x^3 + 6e^{13}f^2x^2 + 84de^{12}fgx^2 + 144d^2e^{11}g^2x^2 + 84de^{12}f^2x + 576d^2e^{11}g^2}{12e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8*(3*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 14*d^3*e*f*g + 13*d^4*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 8*(3*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^5*e*f*g + 7*d^6*g^2 - 4*(d^3*e^3*f^2 + 3*d^4*e^2*f*g + 2*d^5*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x - d)^2*e^3) - 1/12*(3*e^13*g^2*x^4 + 8*e^13*f*g*x^3 + 28*d*e^12*g^2*x^3 + 6*e^13*f^2*x^2 + 84*d*e^12*f*g*x^2 + 144*d^2*e^11*g^2*x^2 + 84*d*e^12*f^2*x + 576*d^2*e^11*f*g*x + 672*d^3*e^10*g^2*x)/e^12`

3.569. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.569.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^7(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(64d^5g^2 + 96d^4efg + 32d^3e^2f^2) - \frac{8(7d^6g^2 + 10d^5efg + 3d^4e^2f^2)}{e}}{d^2e^2 - 2de^3x + e^4x^2}$$

$$- x^2 \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2 + 8de^3fg + e^4f^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3d^2g^2}{2e} + \frac{3d(2g(2dg+ef) + 3dg^2)}{2e} \right) - x \left(\frac{d^3g^2}{e^2} - \frac{3d^2(2g(2dg+ef) + 3dg^2)}{e^2} + \frac{4d(d^2g^2 + 3defg + e^2f^2)}{e^2} + \frac{3d \left(\frac{6d^2e^2g^2 + 8de^3fg + e^4f^2}{e^3} - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e} + \frac{3d(2g(2dg+ef) + 3dg^2)}{e} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$- x^3 \left(\frac{2g(2dg+ef)}{3} + dg^2 \right) - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(104d^4g^2 + 112d^3efg + 24d^2e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{eg^2x^4}{4}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^7)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(x*(64*d^5*g^2 + 32*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 96*d^4*e*f*g) - (8*(7*d^6*g^2 + 3*d^4*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^5*e*f*g))/e)/(d^2*e^2 + e^4*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x) - x^2*((e^4*f^2 + 6*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 8*d*e^3*f*g)/(2*e^3) - (3*d^2*g^2)/(2*e) + (3*d*(2*g*(2*d*g + e*f) + 3*d*g^2))/(2*e)) - x*((d^3*g^2)/e^2 - (3*d^2*(2*g*(2*d*g + e*f) + 3*d*g^2))/e^2 + (4*d*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 3*d*e*f*g))/e^2 + (3*d*((e^4*f^2 + 6*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 8*d*e^3*f*g)/e^3 - (3*d^2*g^2)/e + (3*d*(2*g*(2*d*g + e*f) + 3*d*g^2))/e))/e) - x^3*((2*g*(2*d*g + e*f))/3 + d*g^2) - (log(e*x - d)*(104*d^4*g^2 + 24*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 112*d^3*e*f*g))/e^3 - (e*g^2*x^4)/4
```

3.570 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.570.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(e^2f^2+12defg+18d^2g^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{g(ef+3dg)x^2}{e} - \frac{g^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4d^3(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)(3ef+7dg)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{2d(3e^2f^2+18defg+19d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

```
output - (18*d^2*g^2+12*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*x/e^2-g*(3*d*g+e*f)*x^2/e-1/3*g^2*x^3+4*d^3*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2-4*d^2*(d*g+e*f)*(7*d*g+3*e*f)/e^3/(-e*x+d)-2*d*(19*d^2*g^2+18*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3
```

3.570.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(e^2f^2+12defg+18d^2g^2)x}{e^2} - \frac{g(ef+3dg)x^2}{e} - \frac{g^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4d^3(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{4d^2(3e^2f^2+10defg+7d^2g^2)}{e^3(-d+ex)} - \frac{2d(3e^2f^2+18defg+19d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^6*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$-\left(\frac{(e^2 f^2 + 12 d e f g + 18 d^2 g^2) x}{e^2} - \frac{g(e f + 3 d g) x^2}{e} - \frac{g^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4 d^3 (e f + d g)^2}{e^3 (d - e x)^2} + \frac{4 d^2 (3 e^2 f^2 + 10 d e f g + 7 d^2 g^2)}{e^3 (-d + e x)} - \frac{2 d (3 e^2 f^2 + 18 d e f g + 19 d^2 g^2) \text{Log}[d - e x]}{e^3}\right)$$

3.570.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^6 (f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 639 \\ & \int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 99 \\ & \int \left(-\frac{8d^3 (dg + ef)^2}{e^2 (ex - d)^3} - \frac{2d(19d^2 g^2 + 18defg + 3e^2 f^2)}{e^2 (ex - d)} + \frac{-18d^2 g^2 - 12defg - e^2 f^2}{e^2} + \frac{4d^2 (-7dg - 3ef)(dg + ef)}{e^2 (d - ex)^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{4d^3 (dg + ef)^2}{e^3 (d - ex)^2} - \frac{4d^2 (dg + ef)(7dg + 3ef)}{e^3 (d - ex)} - \frac{x(18d^2 g^2 + 12defg + e^2 f^2)}{e^2} - \frac{2d(19d^2 g^2 + 18defg + 3e^2 f^2) \log(d - ex)}{e^3} - \frac{gx^2(3dg + ef)}{e} - \frac{g^2 x^3}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^6*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output
$$-\left(\frac{(e^2 f^2 + 12 d e f g + 18 d^2 g^2) x}{e^2} - \frac{g(e f + 3 d g) x^2}{e} - \frac{g^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4 d^3 (e f + d g)^2}{e^3 (d - e x)^2} - \frac{4 d^2 (e f + d g) (3 e f + 7 d g)}{e^3 (d - e x)} - \frac{2 d (3 e^2 f^2 + 18 d e f g + 19 d^2 g^2) \text{Log}[d - e x]}{e^3}\right)$$

3.570. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6 (f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.570.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.570.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}g^2x^3e^2+3de^2g^2x^2+e^2fgx^2+18d^2g^2x+12defgx+e^2f^2x}{e^2} - \frac{2d(19d^2g^2+18defg+3e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2(7d^2g^2+10d}{e^3(-ex+d)}$
risch	$-\frac{g^2x^3}{3} - \frac{3dg^2x^2}{e} - fgx^2 - \frac{18d^2g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{12dfgx}{e} - f^2x - \frac{(-28d^4g^2-40fge^2d^3-12d^2e^2f^2)x + \frac{8d^3(3d^2g^2+4defg+e^2f^2)}{e}}{e^2(-ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{191}{3}d^4g^2+64fge^2d^3+14d^2e^2f^2)x^3 + (-\frac{52}{3}d^2g^2e^2-12dfge^3-f^2e^4)x^5 + \frac{d^2(41g^2e^2d^3+51e^2fgd^2+16e^3f^2d)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{d^4(30g^2e^2d^3+34e^2f^2d)}{e^4}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-g^2e^5x^5+7x^4de^4g^2+3x^4e^5fg+114\ln(ex-d)x^2d^3e^2g^2+108\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^3fg+18\ln(ex-d)x^2de^4f^2+37x^3d^2e^3g^2+30x^3d$

```
input int((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/e^2*(1/3*g^2*x^3*e^2+3*d*e*g^2*x^2+e^2*f*g*x^2+18*d^2*g^2*x+12*d*e*f*g*x+e^2*f^2*x)-2*d*(19*d^2*g^2+18*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3-4*d^2/e^3*(7*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/(-e*x+d)+4*d^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2
```

3.570.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

3.570.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{e^5g^2x^5 + 24d^3e^2f^2 + 96d^4efg + 72d^5g^2 + (3e^5fg + 7de^4g^2)x^4 + (3e^5f^2 + 30de^4fg + 37d^2e^3g^2)x^3 -$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(e^5*g^2*x^5 + 24*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 96*d^4*e*f*g + 72*d^5*g^2 + (3*e^5*f*g + 7*d*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + (3*e^5*f^2 + 30*d*e^4*f*g + 37*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 3*(2*d*e^4*f^2 + 23*d^2*e^3*f*g + 33*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 3*(11*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 28*d^3*e^2*f*g + 10*d^4*e*g^2)*x + 6*(3*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 18*d^4*e*f*g + 19*d^5*g^2 + (3*d*e^4*f^2 + 18*d^2*e^3*f*g + 19*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 18*d^3*e^2*f*g + 19*d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`**3.570.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d(19d^2g^2 + 18defg + 3e^2f^2) \log(-d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{g^2x^3}{3}$$

$$- x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3dg^2}{e} + fg \right) - x \left(\frac{18d^2g^2}{e^2} + \frac{12dfg}{e} + f^2 \right)$$

$$- \frac{24d^5g^2 + 32d^4efg + 8d^3e^2f^2 + x(-28d^4eg^2 - 40d^3e^2fg - 12d^2e^3f^2)}{d^2e^3 - 2de^4x + e^5x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`output `-2*d*(19*d**2*g**2 + 18*d*e*f*g + 3*e**2*f**2)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3 - g**2*x**3/3 - x**2*(3*d*g**2/e + f*g) - x*(18*d**2*g**2/e**2 + 12*d*f*g/e + f**2) - (24*d**5*g**2 + 32*d**4*e*f*g + 8*d**3*e**2*f**2 + x*(-28*d**4*e*g**2 - 40*d**3*e**2*f*g - 12*d**2*e**3*f**2))/(d**2*e**3 - 2*d*e**4*x + e**5*x**2)`

3.570.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

3.570.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(2d^3e^2f^2+8d^4efg+6d^5g^2-(3d^2e^3f^2+10d^3e^2fg+7d^4eg^2)x)}{e^5x^2-2de^4x+d^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{e^2g^2x^3+3(e^2fg+3deg^2)x^2+3(e^2f^2+12defg+18d^2g^2)x}{3e^2}$$

$$-\frac{2(3de^2f^2+18d^2efg+19d^3g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4*(2*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^4*e*f*g + 6*d^5*g^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^2*f*g + 7*d^4*e*g^2)*x)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 1/3*(e^2*g^2*x^3 + 3*(e^2*f*g + 3*d*e*g^2)*x^2 + 3*(e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g + 18*d^2*g^2)*x)/e^2 - 2*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 18*d^2*e*f*g + 19*d^3*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.570.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(3de^2f^2+18d^2efg+19d^3g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3}$$

$$-\frac{4(2d^3e^2f^2+8d^4efg+6d^5g^2-(3d^2e^3f^2+10d^3e^2fg+7d^4eg^2)x)}{(ex-d)^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{e^9g^2x^3+3e^9fgx^2+9de^8g^2x^2+3e^9f^2x+36de^8fgx+54d^2e^7g^2x}{3e^9}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 18*d^2*e*f*g + 19*d^3*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 4*(2*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^4*e*f*g + 6*d^5*g^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^2*f*g + 7*d^4*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x - d)^2*e^3) - 1/3*(e^9*g^2*x^3 + 3*e^9*f*g*x^2 + 9*d*e^8*g^2*x^2 + 3*e^9*f^2*x + 36*d*e^8*f*g*x + 54*d^2*e^7*g^2*x)/e^9`

3.570.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

3.570.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x(28d^4g^2 + 40d^3efg + 12d^2e^2f^2) - \frac{8(3d^5g^2 + 4d^4efg + d^3e^2f^2)}{e}}{d^2e^2 - 2de^3x + e^4x^2} - x \left(\frac{3d^2eg^2 + 6de^2fg + e^3f^2}{e^3} + \frac{3d \left(\frac{g(3dg+2ef)}{e} + \frac{3dg^2}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{g(3dg+2ef)}{2e} + \frac{3dg^2}{2e} \right) - \frac{g^2x^3}{3} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(38d^3g^2 + 36d^2efg + 6de^2f^2)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^6)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`

```
output (x*(28*d^4*g^2 + 12*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 40*d^3*e*f*g) - (8*(3*d^5*g^2 + d^3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^4*e*f*g))/e)/(d^2*e^2 + e^4*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x) - x*((e^3*f^2 + 3*d^2*e*g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g)/e^3 + (3*d*((g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f))/e + (3*d*g^2)/e))/e - (3*d^2*g^2)/e^2) - x^2*((g*(3*d*g + 2*e*f))/(2*e) + (3*d*g^2)/(2*e)) - (g^2*x^3)/3 - (log(e*x - d)*(38*d^3*g^2 + 6*d*e^2*f^2 + 36*d^2*e*f*g))/e^3
```

3.571 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.571.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{g(2ef+5dg)x}{e^2} - \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{2d^2(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{4d(ef+dg)(ef+3dg)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(e^2f^2+10defg+13d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

```
output -g*(5*d*g+2*e*f)*x/e^2-1/2*g^2*x^2/e+2*d^2*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2-4*d*(d*g+e*f)*(3*d*g+e*f)/e^3/(-e*x+d)-(13*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3
```

3.571.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2eg(2ef+5dg)x + e^2g^2x^2 - \frac{4d^2(ef+dg)^2}{(d-ex)^2} + \frac{8d(e^2f^2+4defg+3d^2g^2)}{d-ex} + 2(e^2f^2+10defg+13d^2g^2)\log(d-ex)}{2e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^5*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(2*e*g*(2*e*f + 5*d*g)*x + e^2*g^2*x^2 - (4*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x)^2 + (8*d*(e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))/(d - e*x) + 2*(e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.571.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5 (f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{-13d^2 g^2 - 10defg - e^2 f^2}{e^2 (ex - d)} - \frac{4d^2 (dg + ef)^2}{e^2 (ex - d)^3} + \frac{4d(-3dg - ef)(dg + ef)}{e^2 (d - ex)^2} - \frac{g(5dg + 2ef)}{e^2} - \frac{g^2 x}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2d^2 (dg + ef)^2}{e^3 (d - ex)^2} - \frac{(13d^2 g^2 + 10defg + e^2 f^2) \log(d - ex)}{e^3} - \frac{4d(3dg + ef)(dg + ef)}{e^3 (d - ex)} - \frac{gx(5dg + 2ef)}{e^2} - \frac{g^2 x^2}{2e}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^5*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-((g*(2*e*f + 5*d*g)*x)/e^2) - (g^2*x^2)/(2*e) + (2*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)^2) - (4*d*(e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 3*d*g))/(e^3*(d - e*x)) - ((e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.571.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 639 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.571.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$-\frac{g(\frac{1}{2}egx^2+5dgx+2efx)}{e^2} + \frac{(-13d^2g^2-10defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{4d(3d^2g^2+4defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3(-ex+d)} + \frac{2d^2(d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3(-ex+d)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{g^2x^2}{2e} - \frac{5g^2dx}{e^2} - \frac{2gfx}{e} + \frac{(12d^3g^2+16d^2efg+4de^2f^2)x - \frac{2d^2(5d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)}{e}}{e^2(-ex+d)^2} - \frac{13\ln(-ex+d)d^2g^2}{e^3} - \frac{10\ln(-ex+d)d^2g^2}{e^3}$
norman	$\frac{(22d^3g^2+20d^2efg+4de^2f^2)x^3 - \frac{d^4(11d^2g^2e+12dfge^2+2f^2e^3)}{e^4} - \frac{e^3g^2x^6}{2} + \frac{d^2(31d^2g^2e+40dfge^2+12f^2e^3)x^2}{2e^2} - e^2g(5dg+2ef)x^5}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-g^2e^4x^4+26\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^2g^2+20\ln(ex-d)x^2de^3fg+2\ln(ex-d)x^2e^4f^2+8x^3de^3g^2+4x^3e^4fg-52\ln(ex-d)xd^3eg^2-40\ln(ex-d)xd^3efg$

```
input int((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -g/e^2*(1/2*e*g*x^2+5*d*g*x+2*e*f*x)+(-13*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)-4*d/e^3*(3*d^2*g^2+4*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/(-e*x+d)+2*d^2*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2
```

3.571. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.571.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^4g^2x^4 + 4d^2e^2f^2 + 24d^3efg + 20d^4g^2 + 4(e^4fg + 2de^3g^2)x^3 - (8de^3fg + 19d^2e^2g^2)x^2 - 2(4de^3f^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(e^4*g^2*x^4 + 4*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 24*d^3*e*f*g + 20*d^4*g^2 + 4*(e^4*f*g + 2*d*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (8*d*e^3*f*g + 19*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(4*d*e^3*f^2 + 14*d^2*e^2*f*g + 7*d^3*e*g^2)*x + 2*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^3*e*f*g + 13*d^4*g^2 + (e^4*f^2 + 10*d*e^3*f*g + 13*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^2*e^2*f*g + 13*d^3*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`

3.571.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -x \left(\frac{5dg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2fg}{e} \right) - \frac{10d^4g^2 + 12d^3efg + 2d^2e^2f^2 + x(-12d^3eg^2 - 16d^2e^2fg - 4de^3f^2)}{d^2e^3 - 2de^4x + e^5x^2} - \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} - \frac{(13d^2g^2 + 10defg + e^2f^2) \log(-d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output `-x*(5*d*g**2/e**2 + 2*f*g/e) - (10*d**4*g**2 + 12*d**3*e*f*g + 2*d**2*e**2*f**2 + x*(-12*d**3*e*g**2 - 16*d**2*e**2*f*g - 4*d*e**3*f**2))/(d**2*e**3 - 2*d*e**4*x + e**5*x**2) - g**2*x**2/(2*e) - (13*d**2*g**2 + 10*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2)*log(-d + e*x)/e**3`

3.571.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(d^2e^2f^2+6d^3efg+5d^4g^2-2(de^3f^2+4d^2e^2fg+3d^3eg^2)x)}{e^5x^2-2de^4x+d^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{eg^2x^2+2(2efg+5dg^2)x}{2e^2} - \frac{(e^2f^2+10defg+13d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^3*e*f*g + 5*d^4*g^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^2*f*g + 3*d^3*e*g^2)*x)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - 1/2*(e*g^2*x^2 + 2*(2*e*f*g + 5*d*g^2)*x)/e^2 - (e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.571.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(e^2f^2+10defg+13d^2g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3}$$

$$-\frac{2(d^2e^2f^2+6d^3efg+5d^4g^2-2(de^3f^2+4d^2e^2fg+3d^3eg^2)x)}{(ex-d)^2e^3}$$

$$-\frac{e^5g^2x^2+4e^5fgx+10de^4g^2x}{2e^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - 2*(d^2*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^3*e*f*g + 5*d^4*g^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^2*f*g + 3*d^3*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x - d)^2*e^3) - 1/2*(e^5*g^2*x^2 + 4*e^5*f*g*x + 10*d*e^4*g^2*x)/e^6`

3.571.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2(5d^4g^2+6d^3efg+d^2e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{x(12d^3g^2+16d^2efg+4de^2f^2)}{d^2e^2-2de^3x+e^4x^2}$$

$$- x \left(\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e^2} + \frac{3dg^2}{e^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{\ln(ex-d)(13d^2g^2+10defg+e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{g^2x^2}{2e}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^5)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `- ((2*(5*d^4*g^2 + d^2*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^3*e*f*g))/e - x*(12*d^3*g^2 + 4*d*e^2*f^2 + 16*d^2*e*f*g))/(d^2*e^2 + e^4*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x) - x*((2*g*(d*g + e*f))/e^2 + (3*d*g^2)/e^2) - (log(e*x - d)*(13*d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/e^3 - (g^2*x^2)/(2*e)`

3.572 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.572.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{g^2x}{e^2} + \frac{d(ef+dg)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{(ef+dg)(ef+5dg)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{2g(ef+2dg)\log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `-g^2*x/e^2+d*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2-(d*g+e*f)*(5*d*g+e*f)/e^3/(-e*x+d)-2*g*(2*d*g+e*f)*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.572.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-4d^3g^2 + 4d^2eg(-f+gx) + 2de^2gx(3f+gx) + e^3x(f^2-g^2x^2) - 2g(ef+2dg)(d-ex)^2\log(d-ex)}{e^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(-4*d^3*g^2 + 4*d^2*e*g*(-f + g*x) + 2*d*e^2*g*x*(3*f + g*x) + e^3*x*(f^2 - g^2*x^2) - 2*g*(e*f + 2*d*g)*(d - e*x)^2*Log[d - e*x])/(e^3*(d - e*x)^2)`

3.572. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.572.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{2g(2dg+ef)}{e^2(ex-d)} + \frac{(-5dg-ef)(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)^2} - \frac{2d(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(ex-d)^3} - \frac{g^2}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(dg+ef)(5dg+ef)}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{d(dg+ef)^2}{e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{2g(2dg+ef)\log(d-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{g^2x}{e^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^4*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-((g^2*x)/e^2) + (d*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d - e*x)^2) - ((e*f + d*g)*(e*f + 5*d*g))/(e^3*(d - e*x)) - (2*g*(e*f + 2*d*g)*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.572.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.572.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
risch	$-\frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{(-5d^2g^2 - 6defg - e^2f^2)x + \frac{4d^2g(dg+ef)}{e}}{e^2(-ex+d)^2} - \frac{4g^2 \ln(-ex+d)d}{e^3} - \frac{2g \ln(-ex+d)f}{e^2}$
default	$-\frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{2g(2dg+ef) \ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} + \frac{-5d^2g^2 - 6defg - e^2f^2}{e^3(-ex+d)} + \frac{d(d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2)}{e^3(-ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(7d^2g^2 + 6defg + e^2f^2)x^3 - \frac{d^4(4deg^2 + 4e^2fg)}{e^4} - e^2g^2x^5 + \frac{2d(3d^2g^2e + 4dfge^2 + f^2e^3)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{d^2(4d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2)x}{e^2}}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^2} - \frac{2g(2dg+ef)}{e^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4 \ln(ex-d)x^2 d e^2 g^2 + 2 \ln(ex-d)x^2 e^3 fg + g^2 x^3 e^3 - 8 \ln(ex-d)x d^2 e g^2 - 4 \ln(ex-d) x d e^2 fg + 4 \ln(ex-d) d^3 g^2 + 2 \ln(ex-d) d^2 e^3}{e^3(ex-d)^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-g^2*x/e^2-((-5*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)*x+4*d^2*g*(d*g+e*f)/e)/e^2/(-e*x+d)^2-4*g^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3-d-2*g*ln(-e*x+d)/e^2*f`

3.572.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-e^3g^2x^3 - 2de^2g^2x^2 + 4d^2efg + 4d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 + 6de^2fg + 4d^2eg^2)x + 2(d^2efg + 2d^3g^2 + (e^3fg + 2d^2e^3))}{e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $-(e^3 g^2 x^3 - 2 d e^2 g^2 x^2 + 4 d^2 e f g + 4 d^3 g^2 - (e^3 f^2 + 6 d e^2 f g + 4 d^2 e g^2) x + 2 (d^2 e f g + 2 d^3 g^2 + (e^3 f g + 2 d e^2 g^2) x^2 - 2 (d e^2 f g + 2 d^2 e g^2) x) \log(e x - d)) / (e^5 x^2 - 2 d e^4 x + d^2 e^3)$

3.572.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{4d^3g^2 + 4d^2efg + x(-5d^2eg^2 - 6de^2fg - e^3f^2)}{d^2e^3 - 2de^4x + e^5x^2} - \frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{2g(2dg + ef) \log(-d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output $-(4 d^3 g^2 + 4 d^2 e f g + x(-5 d^2 e g^2 - 6 d e^2 f g - e^3 f^2)) / (d^2 e^3 - 2 d e^4 x + e^5 x^2) - g^2 x / e^2 - 2 g (2 d g + e f) \log(-d + e x) / e^3$

3.572.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{4d^2efg + 4d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 + 6de^2fg + 5d^2eg^2)x}{e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3} - \frac{2(efg + 2dg^2) \log(ex - d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-g^2x/e^2 - (4d^2efg + 4d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 + 6de^2fg + 5d^2eg^2)x) / (e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3) - 2(efg + 2dg^2) \log(ex - d) / e^3$

3.572.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{2(efg+2dg^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} - \frac{4d^2efg+4d^3g^2-(e^3f^2+6de^2fg+5d^2eg^2)x}{(ex-d)^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-g^2*x/e^2 - 2*(e*f*g + 2*d*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 - (4*d^2*e*f*g + 4*d^3*g^2 - (e^3*f^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g + 5*d^2*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x - d)^2*e^3)`**3.572.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{4(d^3g^2+ef d^2g)}{e} - x(5d^2g^2+6defg+e^2f^2)}{d^2e^2-2de^3x+e^4x^2} - \frac{g^2x}{e^2} - \frac{\ln(ex-d)(4dg^2+2efg)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^4)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `- ((4*(d^3*g^2 + d^2*e*f*g))/e - x*(5*d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g))/(d^2 *e^2 + e^4*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x) - (g^2*x)/e^2 - (log(e*x - d)*(4*d*g^2 + 2*e*f *g))/e^3`

3.573 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.573.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{2e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{2g(ef+dg)}{e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{g^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

output `1/2*(d*g+e*f)^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2-2*g*(d*g+e*f)/e^3/(-e*x+d)-g^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.573.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{(ef+dg)(-3dg+e(f+4gx))}{(d-ex)^2} - 2g^2 \log(d-ex)}{2e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((e*f + d*g)*(-3*d*g + e*(f + 4*g*x)))/(d - e*x)^2 - 2*g^2*Log[d - e*x]/(2*e^3)`

3.573.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(-\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{e^2(d-ex)^3} + \frac{g^2}{e^2(d-ex)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{2e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{g^2 \log(d-ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(e*f + d*g)^2/(2*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) - (2*g*(e*f + d*g))/(e^3*(d - e*x)) - (g^2*Log[d - e*x])/e^3`

3.573.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.573.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\frac{2g(dg+ef)x}{e^2} - \frac{3d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2}{2e^3}}{(-ex+d)^2} - \frac{g^2 \ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$	69
default	$-\frac{g^2 \ln(-ex+d)}{e^3} - \frac{2g(dg+ef)}{e^3(-ex+d)} - \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{2e^3(-ex+d)^2}$	74
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(ex-d)x^2e^2g^2-4 \ln(ex-d)xde g^2+2 \ln(ex-d)d^2g^2-4xde g^2-4xe^2fg+3d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2}{2e^3(ex-d)^2}$	105
norman	$\frac{(2dg^2+2fge)x^3 - \frac{d^2(3d^2g^2e+2dfge^2-f^2e^3)}{2e^4} + \frac{(5d^2g^2e+6dfge^2+f^2e^3)x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{d(d^2g^2-e^2f^2)x}{e^2}}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^2} - \frac{g^2 \ln(-ex+d)}{e^3}$	139

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(2*g*(d*g+e*f)*x/e^2-1/2*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/e^3)/(-e*x+d)^2-g^2*ln(-e*x+d)/e^3`

3.573.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2f^2 - 2defg - 3d^2g^2 + 4(e^2fg + deg^2)x - 2(e^2g^2x^2 - 2deg^2x + d^2g^2) \log(ex-d)}{2(e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2 + 4*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x - 2*(e^2*g^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*g^2*x + d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d))/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`

3.573. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.573.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2 + x(-4deg^2 - 4e^2fg)}{2d^2e^3 - 4de^4x + 2e^5x^2} - \frac{g^2 \log(-d+ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`output `-(3*d**2*g**2 + 2*d*e*f*g - e**2*f**2 + x*(-4*d*e*g**2 - 4*e**2*f*g))/(2*d**2*e**3 - 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2) - g**2*log(-d + e*x)/e**3`**3.573.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^2f^2 - 2defg - 3d^2g^2 + 4(e^2fg + deg^2)x}{2(e^5x^2 - 2de^4x + d^2e^3)} - \frac{g^2 \log(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2 + 4*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)/(e^5*x^2 - 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) - g^2*log(e*x - d)/e^3`**3.573.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{g^2 \log(|ex-d|)}{e^3} + \frac{4(efg + dg^2)x + \frac{e^2f^2 - 2defg - 3d^2g^2}{e}}{2(ex-d)^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-g^2*log(abs(e*x - d))/e^3 + 1/2*(4*(e*f*g + d*g^2)*x + (e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 3*d^2*g^2)/e)/((e*x - d)^2*e^2)`

3.573.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{3d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2}{2e^3} - \frac{2gx(dg+ef)}{e^2}}{d^2-2dex+e^2x^2} - \frac{g^2 \ln(ex-d)}{e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `- ((3*d^2*g^2 - e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(2*e^3) - (2*g*x*(d*g + e*f))/e^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x) - (g^2*log(e*x - d))/e^3`

3.574 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.574.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{4de^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(ef-3dg)(ef+dg)}{4d^2e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{4d^3e^3}$$

output `1/4*(d*g+e*f)^2/d/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2+1/4*(-3*d*g+e*f)*(d*g+e*f)/d^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)+1/4*(-d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^3/e^3`

3.574.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{2d(ef+dg)(2d^2g+e^2fx-de(2f+3gx))}{(d-ex)^2} - (ef-dg)^2 \log(d-ex) + (ef-dg)^2 \log(d+ex)}{8d^3e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*d*(e*f + d*g)*(2*d^2*g + e^2*f*x - d*e*(2*f + 3*g*x)))/(d - e*x)^2 - (e*f - d*g)^2*Log[d - e*x] + (e*f - d*g)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(8*d^3*e^3)`

3.574.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg-ef)^2}{4d^2e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} + \frac{(ef-3dg)(dg+ef)}{4d^2e^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{2de^2(d-ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(ef-dg)^2}{4d^3e^3} + \frac{(ef-3dg)(dg+ef)}{4d^2e^3(d-ex)} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{4de^3(d-ex)^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(e*f + d*g)^2/(4*d*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + ((e*f - 3*d*g)*(e*f + d*g))/(4*d^2*e^3*(d - e*x)) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(4*d^3*e^3)`

3.574.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))]`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))]`

3.574. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.574.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
default	$\frac{-3d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2}{4e^3d^2(-ex+d)} - \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{4de^3(-ex+d)^2} + \frac{(-d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{8e^3d^3} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{8e^3d^3}$
risch	$\frac{(3d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2)x - \frac{d^2g^2-e^2f^2}{2de^3}}{(-ex+d)^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)g^2}{8e^3d} + \frac{\ln(-ex+d)fg}{4e^2d^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex+d)f^2}{8ed^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)g^2}{8e^3d} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)fg}{4e^2d^2} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)f^2}{8ed^3}$
norman	$\frac{d(-d^2g^2e+f^2e^3)}{2e^4} - \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-3e^2f^2)x}{4e^2} + \frac{(3d^2g^2+2defg-e^2f^2)x^3}{4d^2} - \frac{(-de^2g^2-e^2fg)x^2}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{8e^3d^3}$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{4d^2e^2f^2+4d^4g^2-\ln(ex+d)d^2e^2f^2+\ln(ex-d)x^2e^4f^2-\ln(ex+d)x^2e^4f^2+\ln(ex-d)d^2e^2f^2-6xd^3eg^2+2xd^3e^3f^2-2\ln(ex-d)}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(-3*d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^2/(-e*x+d)-\frac{1}{4}*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/d/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2+\frac{1}{8}*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3*\ln(-e*x+d)+\frac{1}{8}*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3*\ln(e*x+d)$$

3.574.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4d^2e^2f^2-4d^4g^2-2(de^3f^2-2d^2e^2fg-3d^3eg^2)x+(d^2e^2f^2-2d^3efg+d^4g^2+(e^4f^2-2de^3fg+d^2e^2g^2))\ln(-ex+d)+2d^2e^2fg-2d^3eg^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $1/8*(4*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^4*g^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^2*f*g - 3*d^3*e*g^2)*x + (d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2 + (e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^2*f*g + d^3*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) - (d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^3*e*f*g + d^4*g^2 + (e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(d*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^2*f*g + d^3*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d))/(d^3*e^5*x^2 - 2*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3)$

3.574.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2d^3g^2 - 2de^2f^2 + x(-3d^2eg^2 - 2de^2fg + e^3f^2)}{4d^4e^3 - 8d^3e^4x + 4d^2e^5x^2} - \frac{(dg - ef)^2 \log\left(-\frac{d(dg-ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{8d^3e^3} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2 \log\left(\frac{d(dg-ef)^2}{e(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{8d^3e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output $-(2*d**3*g**2 - 2*d*e**2*f**2 + x*(-3*d**2*e*g**2 - 2*d*e**2*f*g + e**3*f**2))/(4*d**4*e**3 - 8*d**3*e**4*x + 4*d**2*e**5*x**2) - (d*g - e*f)**2*\log(-d*(d*g - e*f)**2/(e*(d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**3*e**3) + (d*g - e*f)**2*\log(d*(d*g - e*f)**2/(e*(d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g + e**2*f**2)) + x)/(8*d**3*e**3)$

3.574.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2de^2f^2 - 2d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 - 2de^2fg - 3d^2eg^2)x}{4(d^2e^5x^2 - 2d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)} + \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex + d)}{8d^3e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(ex - d)}{8d^3e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{4} \cdot (2d^2e^2f^2 - 2d^3g^2 - (e^3f^2 - 2d^2efg - 3d^2e^2fg^2)x) / (d^2e^5x^2 - 2d^3e^4x + d^4e^3) + \frac{1}{8} \cdot (e^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^2g^2) \cdot \log(ex + d) / (d^3e^3) - \frac{1}{8} \cdot (e^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^2g^2) \cdot \log(ex - d) / (d^3e^3)$

3.574.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex+d|)}{8d^3e^3} - \frac{(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \log(|ex-d|)}{8d^3e^3} + \frac{2d^2e^2f^2 - 2d^4g^2 - (de^3f^2 - 2d^2e^2fg - 3d^3eg^2)x}{4(ex-d)^2d^3e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{8} \cdot (e^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^2g^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(ex + d)) / (d^3e^3) - \frac{1}{8} \cdot (e^2f^2 - 2d^2efg + d^2g^2) \cdot \log(\text{abs}(ex - d)) / (d^3e^3) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (2d^2e^2f^2 - 2d^4g^2 - (de^3f^2 - 2d^2e^2fg - 3d^3eg^2)x) / ((ex - d)^2 \cdot d^3e^3)$

3.574.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\text{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (dg - ef)^2}{4d^3e^3} - \frac{\frac{d^2g^2 - e^2f^2}{2de^3} - \frac{x(3d^2g^2 + 2defg - e^2f^2)}{4d^2e^2}}{d^2 - 2dex + e^2x^2}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output $(\text{atanh}(ex/d) \cdot (dg - ef)^2) / (4d^3e^3) - ((d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / (2d^2e^3) - (x \cdot (3d^2g^2 - e^2f^2 + 2d^2efg)) / (4d^2e^2)) / (d^2 + e^2x^2 - 2dex)$

3.575 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.575.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{8d^2e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{4d^3e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{8d^3e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(ef-dg)(3ef+dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8d^4e^3}$$

output `1/8*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^2/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2+1/4*(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/8*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/8*(-d*g+e*f)*(d*g+3*e*f)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^4/e^3`

3.575.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2d^2(ef+dg)^2}{(d-ex)^2} + \frac{4de^2f^2-4d^3g^2}{d-ex} - \frac{2d(ef-dg)^2}{d+ex} + (-3e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2)\log(d-ex) + (3e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2)\log(d+ex)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $((2*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x)^2 + (4*d*e^2*f^2 - 4*d^3*g^2)/(d - e*x) - (2*d*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x) + (-3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + (3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(16*d^4*e^3)$

3.575.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d-ex)^3(d+ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg-ef)^2}{8d^3e^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{4d^2e^2(d-ex)^3} + \frac{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{4d^3e^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(ef-dg)(dg+3ef)}{8d^3e^2(d^2-e^2x^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(dg+3ef)(ef-dg)}{8d^4e^3} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{8d^3e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(dg+ef)^2}{8d^2e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{4d^3e^3(d-ex)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(e*f + d*g)^2/(8*d^2*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(4*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(8*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((e*f - d*g)*(3*e*f + d*g)*\text{ArcTanh}[e*x/d])/(8*d^4*e^3)$

3.575.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.575.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$\frac{-d^2g^2+e^2f^2}{4d^3e^3(-ex+d)} - \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{8e^3d^2(-ex+d)^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} + \frac{(-d^2g^2-2defg+3e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} - \frac{d^2}{4e^3}$
norman	$\frac{-d^2g^2e+2dfge^2+f^2e^3}{4e^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)x^3}{8d^3} + \frac{g^2x^2}{2e} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg+5e^2f^2)x}{8de^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16e^3d^4} - \frac{d^2}{4e^3}$
risch	$\frac{(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)x^2}{8d^3e} + \frac{(3d^2g^2-2defg+3e^2f^2)x}{8e^2d^2} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{4de^3} - \frac{\ln(-ex-d)g^2}{16e^3d^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex-d)fg}{8e^2d^3} + \frac{3\ln(-ex-d)f^2}{16e^4}$
parallelrisch	$-2\ln(ex+d)d^4efg+\ln(ex-d)x^3d^2e^3g^2+2\ln(ex+d)xd^3e^2fg-2\ln(ex-d)xd^3e^2fg-2\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^3fg+2\ln(ex+d)x^2d^2e^3fg$

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/8*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^2/(-e*x+d)^2+1/16/e^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-3*e^2*f^2)/d^4*\ln(-e*x+d)+1/16*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4*\ln(e*x+d)-1/8*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(e*x+d)$$

3.575. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.575.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4d^3e^2f^2 + 8d^4efg - 4d^5g^2 - 2(3de^4f^2 - 2d^2e^3fg - d^3e^2g^2)x^2 + 2(3d^2e^3f^2 - 2d^3e^2fg + 3d^4eg^2)x + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(4*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 8*d^4*e*f*g - 4*d^5*g^2 - 2*(3*d*e^4*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 3*d^4*e*g^2)*x + (3*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^4*e*f*g - d^5*g^2 + (3*e^5*f^2 - 2*d*e^4*f*g - d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) - (3*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d^4*e*f*g - d^5*g^2 + (3*e^5*f^2 - 2*d*e^4*f*g - d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^3*e^2*f*g - d^4*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^4*e^6*x^3 - d^5*e^5*x^2 - d^6*e^4*x + d^7*e^3)`

3.575.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2d^4g^2 - 4d^3efg - 2d^2e^2f^2 + x^2(-d^2e^2g^2 - 2de^3fg + 3e^4f^2) + x(-3d^3eg^2 + 2d^2e^2fg - 3de^3f^2)}{8d^6e^3 - 8d^5e^4x - 8d^4e^5x^2 + 8d^3e^6x^3} + \frac{(dg - ef)(dg + 3ef) \log\left(-\frac{d(dg-ef)(dg+3ef)}{e(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(dg - ef)(dg + 3ef) \log\left(\frac{d(dg-ef)(dg+3ef)}{e(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)} + x\right)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

3.575. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

output
$$\frac{-(2d^4g^2 - 4d^3efg - 2d^2e^2f^2 + x^2(-d^2e^2g^2 - 2de^3fg + 3e^4f^2)) + x(-3d^3e^2g^2 + 2d^2e^2fg - 3de^3f^2)}{(8d^6e^3 - 8d^5e^4x - 8d^4e^5x^2 + 8d^3e^6x^3) + (dg - ef)(dg + 3ef)\log(-d(dg - ef)(dg + 3ef)/(e(d^2g^2 + 2de^2fg - 3e^2f^2)) + x)/(16d^4e^3) - (dg - ef)(dg + 3ef)\log(d(dg - ef)(dg + 3ef)/(e(d^2g^2 + 2de^2fg - 3e^2f^2)) + x)/(16d^4e^3)}$$

3.575.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2d^2e^2f^2 + 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 - (3e^4f^2 - 2de^3fg - d^2e^2g^2)x^2 + (3de^3f^2 - 2d^2e^2fg + 3d^3eg^2)x}{8(d^3e^6x^3 - d^4e^5x^2 - d^5e^4x + d^6e^3)} + \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2)\log(ex+d)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{16d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8} \frac{(2d^2e^2f^2 + 4d^3efg - 2d^4g^2 - (3e^4f^2 - 2de^3fg - d^2e^2g^2)x^2 + (3d^3e^6x^3 - d^4e^5x^2 - d^5e^4x + d^6e^3)x)}{d^3e^6x^3 - d^4e^5x^2 - d^5e^4x + d^6e^3} + \frac{1}{16} \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2de^2fg - d^2g^2)\log(ex+d)}{d^4e^3} - \frac{1}{16} \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2de^2fg - d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{d^4e^3}$$

3.575.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2)\log(|ex+d|)}{16d^4e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 - 2defg - d^2g^2)\log(|ex-d|)}{16d^4e^3} + \frac{2d^3e^2f^2 + 4d^4efg - 2d^5g^2 - (3de^4f^2 - 2d^2e^3fg - d^3e^2g^2)x^2 + (3d^2e^3f^2 - 2d^3e^2fg + 3d^4eg^2)x}{8(ex+d)(ex-d)^2d^4e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^4*e^3) - 1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^4*e^3) + 1/8*(2*d^3*e^2*f^2 + 4*d^4*e*f*g - 2*d^5*g^2 - (3*d*e^4*f^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g - d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (3*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 3*d^4*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x + d)*(e*x - d)^2*d^4*e^3)`

3.575.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-d^2g^2+2defg+e^2f^2}{4de^3} + \frac{x(3d^2g^2-2defg+3e^2f^2)}{8d^2e^2} + \frac{x^2(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)}{8d^3e} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex(dg-ef)(dg+3ef)}{d(d^2g^2+2defg-3e^2f^2)}\right)(dg-ef)(dg+3ef)}{8d^4e^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output `((e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(4*d*e^3) + (x*(3*d^2*g^2 + 3*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^2*e^2) + (x^2*(d^2*g^2 - 3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(8*d^3*e))/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 - d*e^2*x^2 - d^2*e*x) - (atanh((e*x*(d*g - e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f))/(d*(d^2*g^2 - 3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)))*(d*g - e*f)*(d*g + 3*e*f))/(8*d^4*e^3)`

3.576 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.576.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(d^2g + e^2fx)(f + gx)}{4d^2e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2} + \frac{2d^2fg + (3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)x}{8d^4e^2(d^2 - e^2x^2)} + \frac{(3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8d^5e^3}$$

output `1/4*(e^2*f*x+d^2*g)*(g*x+f)/d^2/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2+1/8*(2*d^2*f*g+(-d^2*g^2+3*e^2*f^2)*x)/d^4/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)+1/8*(-d^2*g^2+3*e^2*f^2)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^5/e^3`

3.576.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3de^5f^2x^3 + d^5eg(4f + gx) + d^3e^3x(5f^2 + g^2x^2) + (3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{8d^5e^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output $(-3*d*e^5*f^2*x^3 + d^5*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + d^3*e^3*x*(5*f^2 + g^2*x^2) + (3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(8*d^5*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^2)$

3.576.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef+dg)^2d^3}{8e^2(d-ex)^3} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2d^3}{8e^2(d+ex)^3} + \frac{\left(3f^2 - \frac{d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)d^2}{8(d^2-e^2x^2)} + \frac{(3ef-dg)(ef+dg)d^2}{16e^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(ef-dg)(3ef+dg)d^2}{16e^2(d+ex)^2} \right) dx$$

d^6

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)}{8e^3} + \frac{d^3(dg+ef)^2}{16e^3(d-ex)^2} - \frac{d^3(ef-dg)^2}{16e^3(d+ex)^2} + \frac{d^2(3ef-dg)(dg+ef)}{16e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{d^2(ef-dg)(dg+3ef)}{16e^3(d+ex)}}{d^6}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3, x]$

output $((d^3*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(16*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + (d^2*(3*e*f - d*g)*(e*f + d*g))/(16*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (d^3*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(16*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (d^2*(e*f - d*g)*(3*e*f + d*g))/(16*e^3*(d + e*x)) + (d*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(8*e^3))/d^6$

3.576.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 477 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.576.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{fg}{2e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)x^3}{8d^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2 + 5e^2f^2)x}{8d^2e^2}}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16d^5e^3} - \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{16d^5e^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{fg}{2e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)x^3}{8d^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2 + 5e^2f^2)x}{8d^2e^2}}{(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^2} - \frac{\ln(-ex-d)g^2}{16d^3e^3} + \frac{3\ln(-ex-d)f^2}{16d^5e} + \frac{\ln(ex-d)g^2}{16d^3e^3} - \frac{3\ln(ex-d)f^2}{16d^5e}$
default	$\frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{16d^5e^3} - \frac{-d^2g^2 - 2defg - e^2f^2}{16e^3d^3(-ex+d)^2} + \frac{-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2}{16e^3d^4(-ex+d)} + \frac{(-d^2g^2 + 3e^2f^2)\ln(ex+d)}{16e^3d^5} - \frac{-d^2g^2 - 2defg - e^2f^2}{16e^3d^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(ex-d)x^4d^2e^5g^2 - 3\ln(ex-d)x^4e^7f^2 - \ln(ex+d)x^4d^2e^5g^2 + 3\ln(ex+d)x^4e^7f^2 - 2\ln(ex-d)x^2d^4e^3g^2 + 6\ln(ex-d)x^2d^2e^5f^2}{16d^5e^3}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (1/2*f*g/e^2+1/8/d^4*(d^2*g^2-3*e^2*f^2)*x^3+1/8*(d^2*g^2+5*e^2*f^2)/d^2/e
^2*x)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^2+1/16*(d^2*g^2-3*e^2*f^2)/d^5/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)-1/16*(d
^2*g^2-3*e^2*f^2)/d^5/e^3*ln(e*x+d)
```

3.576.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 252 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8d^5efg - 2(3de^5f^2 - d^3e^3g^2)x^3 + 2(5d^3e^3f^2 + d^5eg^2)x + (3d^4e^2f^2 - d^6g^2 + (3e^6f^2 - d^2e^4g^2)x^4 - 2(3d^2e^2fg - d^4e^2g^2)x^2 + d^6f^2)}{16(d^5e^7x^4 - d^3e^5x^2 + d^5e^3 - d^3e^3x^2 + d^5e^5x^4)}$$

3.576. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(8*d^5*e*f*g - 2*(3*d*e^5*f^2 - d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + 2*(5*d^3*e^3*f^2 + d^5*e*g^2)*x + (3*d^4*e^2*f^2 - d^6*g^2 + (3*e^6*f^2 - d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(3*d^2*e^4*f^2 - d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2)*log(e*x + d) - (3*d^4*e^2*f^2 - d^6*g^2 + (3*e^6*f^2 - d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(3*d^2*e^4*f^2 - d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d^5*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^7*e^5*x^2 + d^9*e^3)`

3.576.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{-4d^4fg + x^3(-d^2e^2g^2 + 3e^4f^2) + x(-d^4g^2 - 5d^2e^2f^2)}{8d^8e^2 - 16d^6e^4x^2 + 8d^4e^6x^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)\log(-\frac{d}{e} + x)}{16d^5e^3} - \frac{(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)\log(\frac{d}{e} + x)}{16d^5e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output `-(-4*d**4*f*g + x**3*(-d**2*e**2*g**2 + 3*e**4*f**2) + x*(-d**4*g**2 - 5*d**2*e**2*f**2))/(8*d**8*e**2 - 16*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 8*d**4*e**6*x**4) + (d**2*g**2 - 3*e**2*f**2)*log(-d/e + x)/(16*d**5*e**3) - (d**2*g**2 - 3*e**2*f**2)*log(d/e + x)/(16*d**5*e**3)`

3.576.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4d^4fg - (3e^4f^2 - d^2e^2g^2)x^3 + (5d^2e^2f^2 + d^4g^2)x}{8(d^4e^6x^4 - 2d^6e^4x^2 + d^8e^2)} + \frac{(3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)\log(ex+d)}{16d^5e^3} - \frac{(3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)\log(ex-d)}{16d^5e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*d^4*f*g - (3*e^4*f^2 - d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + (5*d^2*e^2*f^2 + d^4*g^2)*x)/(d^4*e^6*x^4 - 2*d^6*e^4*x^2 + d^8*e^2) + 1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*log(e*x + d)/(d^5*e^3) - 1/16*(3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*log(e*x - d)/(d^5*e^3)`

3.576. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.576.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3e^4f^2x^3 - d^2e^2g^2x^3 - 5d^2e^2f^2x - d^4g^2x - 4d^4fg}{8(e^2x^2 - d^2)^2d^4e^2} + \frac{(3e^3f^2 - d^2eg^2)\log(|ex + d|)}{16d^5e^4} - \frac{(3e^3f^2 - d^2eg^2)\log(|ex - d|)}{16d^5e^4}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*(3*e^4*f^2*x^3 - d^2*e^2*g^2*x^3 - 5*d^2*e^2*f^2*x - d^4*g^2*x - 4*d^4*f*g)/((e^2*x^2 - d^2)^2*d^4*e^2) + 1/16*(3*e^3*f^2 - d^2*e*g^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(d^5*e^4) - 1/16*(3*e^3*f^2 - d^2*e*g^2)*log(abs(e*x - d))/(d^5*e^4)`**3.576.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^3(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)}{8d^4} + \frac{fg}{2e^2} + \frac{x(d^2g^2 + 5e^2f^2)}{8d^2e^2} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(d^2g^2 - 3e^2f^2)}{8d^5e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `((x^3*(d^2*g^2 - 3*e^2*f^2))/(8*d^4) + (f*g)/(2*e^2) + (x*(d^2*g^2 + 5*e^2*f^2))/(8*d^2*e^2))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 - 2*d^2*e^2*x^2) - (atanh((e*x)/d)*(d^2*g^2 - 3*e^2*f^2))/(8*d^5*e^3)`

3.577 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.577.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{32d^4e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{f(ef+dg)}{8d^5e^2(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{24d^3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(ef-dg)(3ef+dg)}{32d^4e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{16d^5e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(5e^2f^2+2defg-d^2g^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{16d^6e^3}$$

```
output 1/32*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^4/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2+1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(-e*x+d)-1/24*
(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/32*(-d*g+e*f)*(d*g+3*e*f)/d^4/e^3/(e*x+d)
^2+1/16*(d^2*g^2-3*e^2*f^2)/d^5/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/16*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+5*e^2
*f^2)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^6/e^3
```

3.577.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3d^2(ef+dg)^2}{(d-ex)^2} + \frac{12def(ef+dg)}{d-ex} - \frac{4d^3(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3d^2(-3e^2f^2+2defg+d^2g^2)}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6d(-3e^2f^2+d^2g^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{3(-5e^2f^2-2defg+d^2g^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{96d^6e^3}$$

3.577. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output $((3*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x)^2 + (12*d*e*f*(e*f + d*g))/(d - e*x) - (4*d^3*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^3 + (3*d^2*(-3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (6*d*(-3*e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x) + 3*(-5*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + 3*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(96*d^6*e^3)$

3.577.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 639

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^3(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left(\frac{f(dg + ef)}{8d^5e(d - ex)^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{16d^4e^2(d - ex)^3} + \frac{(ef - dg)(dg + 3ef)}{16d^4e^2(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{8d^3e^2(d + ex)^4} + \frac{d^2g^2 - 2defg - 5e^2f^2}{16d^5e^2(e^2x^2 - d^2)} + \frac{3e^2}{16d^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2)}{16d^6e^3} + \frac{f(dg + ef)}{8d^5e^2(d - ex)} - \frac{(dg + 3ef)(ef - dg)}{32d^4e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{32d^4e^3(d - ex)^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{24d^3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{16d^5e^3(d + ex)}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output $(e*f + d*g)^2/(32*d^4*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + (f*(e*f + d*g))/(8*d^5*e^2*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(24*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - ((e*f - d*g)*(3*e*f + d*g))/(32*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(16*d^5*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(16*d^6*e^3)$

3.577.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 639 $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{m+p}*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ SumQ[u]

3.577.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{32e^3d^4(-ex+d)^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{32d^6e^3} + \frac{f(dg+ef)}{8d^5e^2(-ex+d)} - \frac{d^2g^2+3e^2f^2}{16e^3d^5(ex+d)} - \frac{d^2g^2-2defg+3e^2f^2}{32e^3d^4(ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(11d^2g^2+26defg-31e^2f^2)x^3}{48d^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2+14defg+3e^2f^2)x^2}{16e d^3} - \frac{e(d^2g^2+22defg+7e^2f^2)x^4}{48d^5} - \frac{e^2(d^2g^2+4defg-2e^2f^2)x^5}{12d^6} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+3e^2f^2)x^6}{16d^2e^3}$
risch	$\frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2)e x^4}{16d^5} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2)x^3}{16d^4} - \frac{5(d^2g^2-2defg-5e^2f^2)x^2}{48d^3e} + \frac{(7d^2g^2+10defg+25e^2f^2)x}{48d^2e^2} + \frac{d^2g^2+4defg-2e^2f^2}{12d e^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{15 \ln(ex+d)x^5e^7f^2 - 15 \ln(ex-d)x^5e^7f^2 + 66x d^4e^3f^2 + 6 \ln(ex+d)x d^5e^2fg + 3 \ln(ex-d)x^5d^2e^5g^2 - 3 \ln(ex+d)x^5d^2e^5g^2 + 3 \ln(ex-d)x^5d^2e^5g^2}{(ex+d)^3(-ex+d)^2}$

input $\text{int}((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

3.577. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/32*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^4/(-e*x+d)^2+1/32*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e* \\ & f*g-5*e^2*f^2)/d^6/e^3*\ln(-e*x+d)+1/8*f*(d*g+e*f)/d^5/e^2/(-e*x+d)-1/16*(- \\ & d^2*g^2+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^5/(e*x+d)-1/32*(-d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3 \\ & /d^4/(e*x+d)^2+1/32*(-d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^6*\ln(e*x+d)-1/24* \\ & (d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^3 \end{aligned}$$

3.577.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 662 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 662, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{16d^5e^2f^2 - 32d^6efg - 8d^7g^2 + 6(5de^6f^2 + 2d^2e^5fg - d^3e^4g^2)x^4 + 6(5d^2e^5f^2 + 2d^3e^4fg - d^4e^3g^2)x^3}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/96*(16*d^5*e^2*f^2 - 32*d^6*e*f*g - 8*d^7*g^2 + 6*(5*d*e^6*f^2 + 2*d^2* \\ & e^5*f*g - d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 6*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^4*f*g - d^4*e^3*g^ \\ & 2)*x^3 - 10*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^3*f*g - d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(25*d^4* \\ & e^3*f^2 + 10*d^5*e^2*f*g + 7*d^6*e*g^2)*x - 3*(5*d^5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d^6*e*f*g \\ & - d^7*g^2 + (5*e^7*f^2 + 2*d*e^6*f*g - d^2*e^5*g^2)*x^5 + (5*d*e^6*f^2 + \\ & 2*d^2*e^5*f*g - d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^4*f*g - d^4* \\ & e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 2*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^3*f*g - d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (5*d^ \\ & 4*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^5*e^2*f*g - d^6*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x + d) + 3*(5*d^5*e^2*f^2 \\ & + 2*d^6*e*f*g - d^7*g^2 + (5*e^7*f^2 + 2*d*e^6*f*g - d^2*e^5*g^2)*x^5 + (5 \\ & *d*e^6*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^5*f*g - d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(5*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 2*d^3*e \\ & ^4*f*g - d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 2*(5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^3*f*g - d^5*e^2*g^2 \\ &)*x^2 + (5*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 2*d^5*e^2*f*g - d^6*e*g^2)*x)*\log(e*x - d))/(d^6* \\ & e^8*x^5 + d^7*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^8*e^6*x^3 - 2*d^9*e^5*x^2 + d^10*e^4*x + d^11* \\ & e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.577.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{-4d^6g^2 - 16d^5efg + 8d^4e^2f^2 + x^4(-3d^2e^4g^2 + 6de^5fg + 15e^6f^2) + x^3(-3d^3e^3g^2 + 6d^2e^4fg + 15de^5f^2) - 48d^{10}e^3 + 48d^9e^4x - 96d^8e^5x^2 - 96d^7e^6x^3 + (d^2g^2 - 2defg - 5e^2f^2) \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right) - (d^2g^2 - 2defg - 5e^2f^2) \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{32d^6e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`output `-(-4*d**6*g**2 - 16*d**5*e*f*g + 8*d**4*e**2*f**2 + x**4*(-3*d**2*e**4*g**2 + 6*d*e**5*f*g + 15*e**6*f**2) + x**3*(-3*d**3*e**3*g**2 + 6*d**2*e**4*f*g + 15*d*e**5*f**2) + x**2*(5*d**4*e**2*g**2 - 10*d**3*e**3*f*g - 25*d**2*e**4*f**2) + x*(-7*d**5*e*g**2 - 10*d**4*e**2*f*g - 25*d**3*e**3*f**2))/(48*d**10*e**3 + 48*d**9*e**4*x - 96*d**8*e**5*x**2 - 96*d**7*e**6*x**3 + 48*d**6*e**7*x**4 + 48*d**5*e**8*x**5) + (d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 5*e**2*f**2)*log(-d/e + x)/(32*d**6*e**3) - (d**2*g**2 - 2*d*e*f*g - 5*e**2*f**2)*log(d/e + x)/(32*d**6*e**3)`**3.577.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{8d^4e^2f^2 - 16d^5efg - 4d^6g^2 + 3(5e^6f^2 + 2de^5fg - d^2e^4g^2)x^4 + 3(5de^5f^2 + 2d^2e^4fg - d^3e^3g^2)x^3 - 48(d^5e^8x^5 + d^6e^7x^4 - 2d^7e^6x^3 - 2d^8e^5x^2) + (5e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(ex + d) - (5e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(ex - d)}{32d^6e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48*(8*d^4*e^2*f^2 - 16*d^5*e*f*g - 4*d^6*g^2 + 3*(5*e^6*f^2 + 2*d*e^5*f \\ & *g - d^2*e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*d*e^5*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^4*f*g - d^3*e^3*g^2)*x^3 \\ & - 5*(5*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g - d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (25*d^3*e^3*f^2 + \\ & 10*d^4*e^2*f*g + 7*d^5*e*g^2)*x)/(d^5*e^8*x^5 + d^6*e^7*x^4 - 2*d^7*e^6*x^3 \\ & - 2*d^8*e^5*x^2 + d^9*e^4*x + d^{10}*e^3) + 1/32*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - \\ & d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x + d)/(d^6*e^3) - 1/32*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)* \\ & \log(e*x - d)/(d^6*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.577.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{(5e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{32d^6e^3} - \frac{(5e^2f^2 + 2defg - d^2g^2) \log(|ex - d|)}{32d^6e^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{8d^5e^2f^2 - 16d^6efg - 4d^7g^2 + 3(5de^6f^2 + 2d^2e^5fg - d^3e^4g^2)x^4 + 3(5d^2e^5f^2 + 2d^3e^4fg - d^4e^3g^2)x^3}{48(ex + d)^3(ex - d)^2d^6e^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/32*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/(d^6*e^3) - 1/32* \\ & (5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x - d))/(d^6*e^3) - 1/48*(8*d^5 \\ & *e^2*f^2 - 16*d^6*e*f*g - 4*d^7*g^2 + 3*(5*d*e^6*f^2 + 2*d^2*e^5*f*g - d^3 \\ & *e^4*g^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g - d^4*e^2*g^2)*x^3 - 5*(\\ & 5*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 2*d^4*e^3*f*g - d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (25*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^5 \\ & *e^2*f*g + 7*d^6*e*g^2)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*(e*x - d)^2*d^6*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.577.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx \\ & = \frac{d^2g^2 + 4defg - 2e^2f^2}{12d^3e^3} - \frac{x^3(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2)}{16d^4} - \frac{ex^4(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2)}{16d^5} + \frac{x(7d^2g^2 + 10defg + 25e^2f^2)}{48d^2e^2} + \frac{5x^2(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2)}{48d^2e^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{\text{atanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)(-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2)}{16d^6e^3} \end{aligned}$$

3.577.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `((d^2*g^2 - 2*e^2*f^2 + 4*d*e*f*g)/(12*d*e^3) - (x^3*(5*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(16*d^4) - (e*x^4*(5*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(16*d^5) + (x*(7*d^2*g^2 + 25*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/(48*d^2*e^2) + (5*x^2*(5*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(48*d^3*e))/(d^5 + e^5*x^5 + d*e^4*x^4 - 2*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*x^3 + d^4*e*x) + (atanh((e*x)/d)*(5*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*f*g))/(16*d^6*e^3)`

3.578 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

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3.578.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2}{64d^5e^3(d-ex)^2} + \frac{(ef+dg)(5ef+dg)}{64d^6e^3(d-ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^2}{32d^3e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(ef-dg)(3ef+dg)}{48d^4e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3e^2f^2-d^2g^2}{32d^5e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{5e^2f^2+2defg-d^2g^2}{32d^6e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{(15e^2f^2+10defg-d^2g^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right)}{64d^7e^3}$$

output

```
1/64*(d*g+e*f)^2/d^5/e^3/(-e*x+d)^2+1/64*(d*g+e*f)*(d*g+5*e*f)/d^6/e^3/(-e*x+d)-1/32*(-d*g+e*f)^2/d^3/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/48*(-d*g+e*f)*(d*g+3*e*f)/d^4/e^3/(e*x+d)^3+1/32*(d^2*g^2-3*e^2*f^2)/d^5/e^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/32*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g-5*e^2*f^2)/d^6/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/64*(-d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+15*e^2*f^2)*arctanh(e*x/d)/d^7/e^3
```

3.578.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{6d^2(ef+dg)^2}{(d-ex)^2} + \frac{6d(5e^2 f^2+6defg+d^2 g^2)}{d-ex} - \frac{12d^4(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{8d^3(-3e^2 f^2+2defg+d^2 g^2)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{12d^2(-3e^2 f^2+d^2 g^2)}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{12d(-5e^2 f^2-2defg+d^2 g^2)}{d+ex}}{384d^7 e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output $((6*d^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d - e*x)^2 + (6*d*(5*e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d - e*x) - (12*d^4*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(d + e*x)^4 + (8*d^3*(-3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^3 + (12*d^2*(-3*e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x)^2 + (12*d*(-5*e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))/(d + e*x) + 3*(-15*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d - e*x] + 3*(15*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(384*d^7*e^3)$

3.578.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {639, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 639$$

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d - ex)^3 (d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{64d^6 e^2 (d - ex)^2} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{32d^5 e^2 (d - ex)^3} + \frac{(ef - dg)(dg + 3ef)}{16d^4 e^2 (d + ex)^4} + \frac{(dg - ef)^2}{8d^3 e^2 (d + ex)^5} + \frac{d^2 g^2 - 10defg - 15e^2 f^2}{64d^6 e^2 (e^2 x^2 - d^2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) (-d^2g^2 + 10defg + 15e^2f^2)}{64d^7e^3} + \frac{(dg + ef)(dg + 5ef)}{64d^6e^3(d - ex)} + \frac{(dg + ef)^2}{64d^5e^3(d - ex)^2} - \frac{(dg + 3ef)(ef - dg)}{48d^4e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{32d^3e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{-d^2g^2 + 2defg + 5e^2f^2}{32d^6e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{3e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}{32d^5e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output `(e*f + d*g)^2/(64*d^5*e^3*(d - e*x)^2) + ((e*f + d*g)*(5*e*f + d*g))/(64*d^6*e^3*(d - e*x)) - (e*f - d*g)^2/(32*d^3*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - ((e*f - d*g)*(3*e*f + d*g))/(48*d^4*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)/(32*d^5*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)/(32*d^6*e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((15*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*ArcTanh[(e*x)/d])/(64*d^7*e^3)`

3.578.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 639 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(m + p)*(e + f*x)^n*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.578.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
norman	$\frac{(31d^2g^2+74defg-81e^2f^2)x^3}{96d^4} + \frac{(d^2g^2+22defg+17e^2f^2)x^2}{32e d^3} + \frac{e(11d^2g^2-14defg-69e^2f^2)x^4}{96d^5} - \frac{e^2(29d^2g^2+94defg-51e^2f^2)x^5}{192d^6} - \frac{e^3(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)x^6}{(ex+d)^4(-ex+d)^2}$
default	$\frac{d^2g^2+6defg+5e^2f^2}{64e^3d^6(-ex+d)} - \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-e^2f^2}{64e^3d^5(-ex+d)^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)\ln(-ex+d)}{128d^7e^3} - \frac{-d^2g^2+3e^2f^2}{32e^3d^5(ex+d)^2} - \frac{-d^2g^2-2defg-15e^2f^2}{48e^3d^4(ex+d)^3}$
risch	$\frac{(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)e^2x^5}{64d^6} + \frac{(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)ex^4}{32d^5} - \frac{(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)x^3}{96d^4} - \frac{5(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)x^2}{96d^3e} + \frac{(35d^2g^2+35ddefg+15e^2f^2)x}{96d^2e} - \frac{5(d^2g^2-10defg-15e^2f^2)}{96d^2e^2}$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (1/96*(31*d^2*g^2+74*d*e*f*g-81*e^2*f^2)/d^4*x^3+1/32/e*(d^2*g^2+22*d*e*f*g+17*e^2*f^2)/d^3*x^2+1/96*e*(11*d^2*g^2-14*d*e*f*g-69*e^2*f^2)/d^5*x^4-1/192*e^2*(29*d^2*g^2+94*d*e*f*g-51*e^2*f^2)/d^6*x^5-1/12*e^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-3*e^2*f^2)/d^7*x^6+1/64*(d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+49*e^2*f^2)/d^2/e^2*x)/(e*x+d)^4/(-e*x+d)^2+1/128*(d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g-15*e^2*f^2)/d^7/e^3*ln(-e*x+d)-1/128*(d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g-15*e^2*f^2)/d^7/e^3*ln(e*x+d)
```

3.578.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs. 2(223) = 446.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 793, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{96 d^6 e^2 f^2 - 64 d^7 e f g - 32 d^8 g^2 + 6 (15 d e^7 f^2 + 10 d^2 e^6 f g - d^3 e^5 g^2) x^5 + 12 (15 d^2 e^6 f^2 + 10 d^3 e^5 f g - d^4 e^4 g^2) x^4 + \dots}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^3}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/384*(96*d^6*e^2*f^2 - 64*d^7*e*f*g - 32*d^8*g^2 + 6*(15*d*e^7*f^2 + 10*d^2*e^6*f*g - d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 + 12*(15*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^5*f*g - d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 4*(15*d^3*e^5*f^2 + 10*d^4*e^4*f*g - d^5*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 20*(15*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 10*d^5*e^3*f*g - d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - 2*(51*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 34*d^6*e^2*f*g + 35*d^7*e*g^2)*x - 3*(15*d^6*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^7*e*f*g - d^8*g^2 + (15*e^8*f^2 + 10*d*e^7*f*g - d^2*e^6*g^2)*x^6 + 2*(15*d*e^7*f^2 + 10*d^2*e^6*f*g - d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 - (15*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^5*f*g - d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 4*(15*d^3*e^5*f^2 + 10*d^4*e^4*f*g - d^5*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (15*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 10*d^5*e^3*f*g - d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(15*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^6*e^2*f*g - d^7*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x + d) + 3*(15*d^6*e^2*f^2 + 10*d^7*e*f*g - d^8*g^2 + (15*e^8*f^2 + 10*d*e^7*f*g - d^2*e^6*g^2)*x^6 + 2*(15*d*e^7*f^2 + 10*d^2*e^6*f*g - d^3*e^5*g^2)*x^5 - (15*d^2*e^6*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^5*f*g - d^4*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 4*(15*d^3*e^5*f^2 + 10*d^4*e^4*f*g - d^5*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - (15*d^4*e^4*f^2 + 10*d^5*e^3*f*g - d^6*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(15*d^5*e^3*f^2 + 10*d^6*e^2*f*g - d^7*e*g^2)*x)*log(e*x - d))/(d^7*e^9*x^6 + 2*d^8*e^8*x^5 - d^9*e^7*x^4 - 4*d^10*e^6*x^3 - d^11*e^5*x^2 + 2*d^12*e^4*x + d^13*e^3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.578.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx = \\
& \frac{-16d^7g^2 - 32d^6efg + 48d^5e^2f^2 + x^5(-3d^2e^5g^2 + 30de^6fg + 45e^7f^2) + x^4(-6d^3e^4g^2 + 60d^2e^5fg + 90d^3e^6f^2) + x^3(2d^4e^3g^2 - 20d^3e^4fg - 30d^2e^5f^2) + x^2(10d^5e^2g^2 - 100d^4e^3fg - 150d^3e^4f^2) + x(-35d^6e^2g^2 - 34d^5e^3fg - 51d^4e^4f^2)}{192d^{12}e^3 + 384d^{11}e^4x - 192d^{10}e^5x^2 - 768d^9e^6x^3 - 192d^8e^7x^4 + 384d^7e^8x^5 + 192d^6e^9x^6 + 2d^5e^{10}x^7 + d^4e^{11}x^8 + d^3e^{12}x^9} \\
& + \frac{(d^2g^2 - 10defg - 15e^2f^2) \log\left(-\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{128d^7e^3} - \frac{(d^2g^2 - 10defg - 15e^2f^2) \log\left(\frac{d}{e} + x\right)}{128d^7e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-16*d**7*g**2 - 32*d**6*e*f*g + 48*d**5*e**2*f**2 + x**5*(-3*d**2*e**5*g**2 + 30*d*e**6*f*g + 45*e**7*f**2) + x**4*(-6*d**3*e**4*g**2 + 60*d**2*e**5*f*g + 90*d*e**6*f**2) + x**3*(2*d**4*e**3*g**2 - 20*d**3*e**4*f*g - 30*d**2*e**5*f**2) + x**2*(10*d**5*e**2*g**2 - 100*d**4*e**3*f*g - 150*d**3*e**4*f**2) + x*(-35*d**6*e**2*g**2 - 34*d**5*e**3*f*g - 51*d**4*e**4*f**2))/(192*d**12*e**3 + 384*d**11*e**4*x - 192*d**10*e**5*x**2 - 768*d**9*e**6*x**3 - 192*d**8*e**7*x**4 + 384*d**7*e**8*x**5 + 192*d**6*e**9*x**6) + (d**2*g**2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*e**2*f**2)*log(-d/e + x)/(128*d**7*e**3) - (d**2*g**2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*e**2*f**2)*log(d/e + x)/(128*d**7*e**3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.578. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx$

3.578.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{48d^5e^2f^2 - 32d^6efg - 16d^7g^2 + 3(15e^7f^2 + 10de^6fg - d^2e^5g^2)x^5 + 6(15de^6f^2 + 10d^2e^5fg - d^3e^4g^2)x^4 + 192(d^6e^9x^6 + 2d^7e^8x^5 - (15e^2f^2 + 10defg - d^2g^2)\log(ex+d) - (15e^2f^2 + 10defg - d^2g^2)\log(ex-d))}{128d^7e^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{-1/192*(48*d^5*e^2*f^2 - 32*d^6*e*f*g - 16*d^7*g^2 + 3*(15*e^7*f^2 + 10*d*e^6*f*g - d^2*e^5*g^2)*x^5 + 6*(15*d*e^6*f^2 + 10*d^2*e^5*f*g - d^3*e^4*g^2)*x^4 - 2*(15*d^2*e^5*f^2 + 10*d^3*e^4*f*g - d^4*e^3*g^2)*x^3 - 10*(15*d^3*e^4*f^2 + 10*d^4*e^3*f*g - d^5*e^2*g^2)*x^2 - (51*d^4*e^3*f^2 + 34*d^5*e^2*f*g + 35*d^6*e*g^2)*x)/(d^6*e^9*x^6 + 2*d^7*e^8*x^5 - d^8*e^7*x^4 - 4*d^9*e^6*x^3 - d^10*e^5*x^2 + 2*d^11*e^4*x + d^12*e^3) + 1/128*(15*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x + d)/(d^7*e^3) - 1/128*(15*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\log(e*x - d)/(d^7*e^3)}$$
3.578.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(15e^2f^2 + 10defg - d^2g^2)\log\left(\left|-\frac{2d}{ex+d} + 1\right|\right)}{128d^7e^3} - \frac{11e^2f^2 + 14defg + 3d^2g^2 - \frac{8(3de^3f^2 + 4d^2e^2fg + d^3eg^2)}{(ex+d)e}}{256d^7e^3\left(\frac{2d}{ex+d} - 1\right)^2} - \frac{\frac{15d^6e^{11}f^2}{ex+d} + \frac{9d^7e^{11}f^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{6d^8e^{11}f^2}{(ex+d)^3} + \frac{3d^9e^{11}f^2}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{6d^7e^{10}fg}{ex+d} - \frac{4d^9e^{10}fg}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{6d^{10}e^{10}fg}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{3d^8e^9g^2}{ex+d} - \frac{3d^9e^9g^2}{(ex+d)^2} - \frac{2d^{10}e^9g^2}{(ex+d)^3}}{96d^{12}e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/128*(15*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(-2*d/(e*x + d) + 1))/(d^7*e^3) - 1/256*(11*e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2 - 8*(3*d*e^3*f^2 + 4*d^2*e^2*f*g + d^3*e*g^2)/((e*x + d)*e))/(d^7*e^3*(2*d/(e*x + d) - 1)^2) - 1/96*(15*d^6*e^11*f^2/(e*x + d) + 9*d^7*e^11*f^2/(e*x + d)^2 + 6*d^8*e^11*f^2/(e*x + d)^3 + 3*d^9*e^11*f^2/(e*x + d)^4 + 6*d^7*e^10*f*g/(e*x + d) - 4*d^9*e^10*f*g/(e*x + d)^3 - 6*d^10*e^10*f*g/(e*x + d)^4 - 3*d^8*e^9*g^2/(e*x + d) - 3*d^9*e^9*g^2/(e*x + d)^2 - 2*d^10*e^9*g^2/(e*x + d)^3 + 3*d^11*e^9*g^2/(e*x + d)^4)/(d^12*e^12)$$

3.578.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{d^2 g^2 + 2 d e f g - 3 e^2 f^2}{12 d e^3} + \frac{x^3 (-d^2 g^2 + 10 d e f g + 15 e^2 f^2)}{96 d^4} - \frac{e x^4 (-d^2 g^2 + 10 d e f g + 15 e^2 f^2)}{32 d^5} + \frac{x (35 d^2 g^2 + 34 d e f g + 51 e^2 f^2)}{192 d^2 e^2} + \frac{5 x^2}{d^6 + 2 d^5 e x - d^4 e^2 x^2 - 4 d^3 e^3 x^3 - d^2 e^4 x^4 + 2 d e^5 x^5 + e^6}}{64 d^7 e^3} + \frac{\text{atanh}\left(\frac{e x}{d}\right) (-d^2 g^2 + 10 d e f g + 15 e^2 f^2)}{64 d^7 e^3}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d^2*g^2 - 3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g)/(12*d*e^3) + (x^3*(15*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 \\ & + 10*d*e*f*g))/(96*d^4) - (e*x^4*(15*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/(32 \\ & *d^5) + (x*(35*d^2*g^2 + 51*e^2*f^2 + 34*d*e*f*g))/(192*d^2*e^2) + (5*x^2* \\ & (15*e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/(96*d^3*e) - (e^2*x^5*(15*e^2*f^2 - d \\ & ^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/(64*d^6))/(d^6 + e^6*x^6 + 2*d*e^5*x^5 - d^4*e^2*x^2 \\ & - 4*d^3*e^3*x^3 - d^2*e^4*x^4 + 2*d^5*e*x) + (\text{atanh}((e*x)/d)*(15*e^2*f^2 \\ & - d^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*f*g))/(64*d^7*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.579 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.579.1 Optimal result 4259
 3.579.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4260
 3.579.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4260
 3.579.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4265
 3.579.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4265
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 3.579.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 4268
 3.579.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4269

3.579.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^5(d+ex)^3}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(2ef-23dg)(ef+dg)^4(d+ex)^2}{15d^2e^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef+dg)^3(2e^2f^2-21defg+127d^2g^2)(d+ex)}{15d^3e^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{g^4(5ef+3dg)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5} - \frac{g^3(20e^2f^2+30defg+13d^2g^2)\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^6}$$

output

```
1/5*(d*g+e*f)^5*(e*x+d)^3/d/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-23*d*g+2*e*f)*
(d*g+e*f)^4*(e*x+d)^2/d^2/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-1/2*g^3*(13*d^2*g^2+30*
d*e*f*g+20*e^2*f^2)*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^6+1/15*(d*g+e*f)^3*
(127*d^2*g^2-21*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*(e*x+d)/d^3/e^6/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+g^
4*(3*d*g+5*e*f)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^6+1/2*g^5*x*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^
5
```

3.579.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^5}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}(304d^7g^5 + 4e^7f^5x^2 + 3d^6eg^4(240f - 239gx) - 6de^6f^4x(2f + 5gx) + 2d^2e^5f^3(7f^2 + 45fgx + 70g^2x^2) + \dots)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^5)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `((Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(304*d^7*g^5 + 4*e^7*f^5*x^2 + 3*d^6*e*g^4*(240*f - 239*g*x) - 6*d*e^6*f^4*x*(2*f + 5*g*x) + 2*d^2*e^5*f^3*(7*f^2 + 45*f*g*x + 70*g^2*x^2) + d^5*e^2*g^3*(440*f^2 - 1710*f*g*x + 479*g^2*x^2) + 5*d^4*e^3*g^2*(8*f^3 - 204*f^2*g*x + 234*f*g^2*x^2 - 9*g^3*x^3) - 5*d^3*e^4*g*(6*f^4 + 24*f^3*g*x - 128*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 30*f*g^3*x^3 + 3*g^4*x^4)))/(d^3*(d - e*x)^3) + 30*g^3*(20*e^2*f^2 + 30*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*ArcTan[(e*x)/(Sqrt[d^2] - Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/(30*e^6)`

3.579.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$, Rules used = {691, 25, 2166, 25, 2166, 27, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^5}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 691

$$\frac{(d + ex)^3(dg + ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^4g^5}{e} - \frac{5d(5ef+dg)x^3g^4}{e^2} - \frac{5d(10e^2f^2+5degf+d^2g^2)x^2g^3}{e^3} - \frac{5d(10e^3f^3+10de^2gf^2+5d^2eg^2f+d^3g^3)xg^2}{e^4} + \frac{2e^5f^5-15de^4gf^4-30d^2e^3g^2f^3}{e^5} \right)}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^4g^5}{e} - \frac{5d(5ef+dg)x^3g^4}{e^2} - \frac{5d(10e^2f^2+5degf+d^2g^2)x^2g^3}{e^3} - \frac{5d(10e^3f^3+10de^2gf^2+5d^2eg^2f+d^3g^3)xg^2}{e^4} + \frac{2e^5f^5-15de^4gf^4-30d^2e^3g^2f^3-30d^3e^2g^4}{e^5} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2166

$$\frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)^4}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{15d^2x^3g^5}{e^2} + \frac{15d^2(5ef+2dg)x^2g^4}{e^3} + \frac{15d^2(10e^2f^2+10degf+3d^2g^2)xg^3}{e^4} + \frac{2e^5f^5-15de^4gf^4+70d^2e^3g^2f^3+170d^3e^2g^3f^2+135d^4eg^4f+37d^5g^5}{e^5} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{15d^2x^3g^5}{e^2} + \frac{15d^2(5ef+2dg)x^2g^4}{e^3} + \frac{15d^2(10e^2f^2+10degf+3d^2g^2)xg^3}{e^4} + \frac{2e^5f^5-15de^4gf^4+70d^2e^3g^2f^3+170d^3e^2g^3f^2+135d^4eg^4f+37d^5g^5}{e^5} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 2166

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \int \frac{15 \left(\frac{d^3x^2g^5}{e^3} + \frac{d^3(5ef+3dg)xg^4}{e^4} + \frac{d^3(10e^2f^2+15degf+6d^2g^2)g^3}{e^5} \right)}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)^4}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15 \int \frac{d^3x^2g^5}{e^3} + \frac{d^3(5ef+3dg)xg^4}{e^4} + \frac{d^3(10e^2f^2+15degf+6d^2g^2)g^3}{e^5}}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)^4}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

3.579. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^3g^3(20e^2f^2+30degf+13d^2g^2+2eg(5ef+3dg)x)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d^3g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5}}{3d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^3g^3(20e^2f^2+30degf+13d^2g^2+2eg(5ef+3dg)x)}{e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d^3g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5}}{3d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^3g^3 \int \frac{20e^2f^2+30degf+13d^2g^2+2eg(5ef+3dg)x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{d^3g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5}}{2e^5}}{3d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 455

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d^3g^3 \left((13d^2g^2+30degf+20e^2f^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3dg+5ef)}{e} \right)}{2e^5}}{3d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-23dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 224

3.579. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3g^3 \left(\frac{(13d^2g^2+30defg+20e^2f^2)}{2e^5} \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{2g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3dg+5ef)}{e} \right)}{3d} - \frac{d^3g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)^3(127d^2g^2-21defg+2e^2f^2)}{de^6\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{d^3g^3 \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)(13d^2g^2+30defg+20e^2f^2)}{e} - \frac{2g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3dg+5ef)}{e} \right)}{2e^5} - \frac{d^3g^5x\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2e^5}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^5}{5de^6(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^5)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `((e*f + d*g)^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*d*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (((2*e*f - 2*3*d*g)*(e*f + d*g)^4*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*d*e^6*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (((e*f + d*g)^3*(2*e^2*f^2 - 21*d*e*f*g + 127*d^2*g^2)*(d + e*x))/(d*e^6*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*(-1/2*(d^3*g^5*x*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e^5 + (d^3*g^3*(-2*g*(5*e*f + 3*d*g)*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e + ((20*e^2*f^2 + 30*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e))/(2*e^5))/d)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.579.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

3.579. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 691 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Q + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.579.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 603 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
risch	$\frac{g^4(egx+6dg+10ef)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{2e^6} - \frac{13d^2g^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{20e^2f^2g^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{30defg^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2}x}{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}} +$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*g^4*(e*g*x+6*d*g+10*e*f)/e^6*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)-1/2/e^5*(13*d^2*g^5/ \\ & (e^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+20*e^2*f^2*g^3/(e^2) \\ &)^(1/2)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+30*d*e*f*g^4/(e^2)^(1/2) \\ &)*\arctan((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+20*g^2*(d^3*g^3+3*d^2*e*f*g^2 \\ & +3*d*e^2*f^2*g+e^3*f^3)/e^2/d/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2) \\ & +10*g*(d^4*g^4+4*d^3*e*f*g^3+6*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2+4*d*e^3*f^3*g+e^4*f^4)/e^2* \\ & (1/3/d/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x-d/e)*(- \\ & (x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2))+2*d^5*g^5+10*d^4*e*f*g^4+20*d^3*e^2*f \\ & ^2*g^3+20*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^2+10*d*e^4*f^4*g+2*e^5*f^5)/e^3*(1/5/d/e/(x-d/e)^3 \\ & *(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-2/5*e/d*(1/3/d/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e) \\ & ^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e) \\ & ^2*(1/2)))) \end{aligned}$$

3.579.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 807 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{14d^3e^5f^5 - 30d^4e^4f^4g + 40d^5e^3f^3g^2 + 440d^6e^2f^2g^3 + 720d^7efg^4 + 304d^8g^5 - 2(7e^8f^5 - 15de^7f^4g + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/30*(14*d^3*e^5*f^5 - 30*d^4*e^4*f^4*g + 40*d^5*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 440*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 720*d^7*e*f*g^4 + 304*d^8*g^5 - 2*(7*e^8*f^5 - 15*d*e^7*f^4*g \\ & + 20*d^2*e^6*f^3*g^2 + 220*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^3 + 360*d^4*e^4*f*g^4 + 152*d^5*e^3*g^5)*x^3 + 6*(7*d*e^7*f^5 - 15*d^2*e^6*f^4*g + 20*d^3*e^5*f^3*g^2 + 220 \\ & *d^4*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 360*d^5*e^3*f*g^4 + 152*d^6*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - 6*(7*d^2*e^6*f^5 - 15*d^3*e^5*f^4*g + 20*d^4*e^4*f^3*g^2 + 220*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 360*d \\ & ^6*e^2*f*g^4 + 152*d^7*e*g^5)*x + 30*(20*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 30*d^7*e*f*g^4 + 13*d^8*g^5 - (20*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^3 + 30*d^4*e^4*f*g^4 + 13*d^5*e^3*g^5)*x^3 \\ & + 3*(20*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 30*d^5*e^3*f*g^4 + 13*d^6*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - 3*(20*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 30*d^6*e^2*f*g^4 + 13*d^7*e*g^5)*x)*\arctan(-(d - \sqrt{- \\ & e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(e*x)) - (15*d^3*e^4*g^5*x^4 - 14*d^2*e^5*f^5 + 30*d^3*e^4*f^4*g - 40*d^4*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 440*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 720*d^6*e*f*g^4 - 304*d^7*g^5 \\ & + 15*(10*d^3*e^4*f*g^4 + 3*d^4*e^3*g^5)*x^3 - (4*e^7*f^5 - 30*d*e^6*f^4*g + 140*d^2*e^5*f^3*g^2 + 640*d^3*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 1170*d^4*e^3*f*g^4 + \\ & 479*d^5*e^2*g^5)*x^2 + 3*(4*d*e^6*f^5 - 30*d^2*e^5*f^4*g + 40*d^3*e^4*f^3*g^2 + 340*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 570*d^5*e^2*f*g^4 + 239*d^6*e*g^5)*x)*\sqrt{-e^2*x^2 + d^2})/(d^3*e^9*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^8*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^7*x - d^6*e^6) \end{aligned}$$

3.579.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**5/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*(f + g*x)**5/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.579.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1603 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1603, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*e*g^5*x^7/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 7/30*d^2*e*g^5*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 7/6*d^2*g^5*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e + 1/5*d*f^5*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/5*d^2*f^5/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + d^3*f^4*g/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 4/15*f^5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 14/15*d^4*g^5*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^5) + 1/15*(10*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 15*d*e^2*f*g^4 + 3*d^2*e*g^5)*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) + 8/15*f^5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3) - 49/30*d^2*g^5*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^5) - (5*e^3*f*g^4 + 3*d*e^2*g^5)*x^6/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 7/2*d^2*g^5*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/(sqrt(e^2)*e^5) - 1/3*(10*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 15*d*e^2*f*g^4 + 3*d^2*e*g^5)*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4))/e^2 + 6*(5*e^3*f*g^4 + 3*d*e^2*g^5)*d^2*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + (10*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 30*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 15*d^2*e*f*g^4 + d^3*g^5)*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 5/2*(e^3*f^4*g + 6*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 + 6*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 + d^3*f*g^4)*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 8*(5*e^3*f*g^4 + 3*d*e^2*g^5)*d^4*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) - 4/3*(10*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 30*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 15*d^2*e*f*g^4 + d^3*g^5)*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 1/3*(e^3*f^5 + 15*d*e^2*f^4*g + 30*d^2*e*f^3*g^2...
```

3.579.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 969 vs. $2(247) = 494$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 969, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} \left(\frac{g^5x}{e^5} + \frac{2(5e^{11}fg^4+3de^{10}g^5)}{e^{16}} \right) - \frac{(20e^2f^2g^3+30defg^4+13d^2g^5) \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{2e^5|e|} + \frac{2 \left(7e^5f^5 - 15de^4f^4g + 20d^2e^3f^3g^2 + 220d^3e^2f^2g^3 + 285d^4efg^4 + 107d^5g^5 - \frac{20(d e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^3f^5}{x} \right)}{2e^5|e|} + \dots$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*(g^5*x/e^5 + 2*(5*e^11*f*g^4 + 3*d*e^10*g^5)/e^16) - 1/2*(20*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 30*d*e*f*g^4 + 13*d^2*g^5)*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^5*abs(e)) + 2/15*(7*e^5*f^5 - 15*d*e^4*f^4*g + 20*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 220*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 285*d^4*e*f*g^4 + 107*d^5*g^5 - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3*f^5/x + 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*e^2*f^4*g/x - 100*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*e*f^3*g^2/x - 950*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3*f^2*g^3/x - 1200*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*f*g^4/(e*x) - 445*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^5*g^5/(e^2*x) + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*e*f^5/x^2 - 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*f^4*g/x^2 + 200*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*f^3*g^2/(e*x^2) + 1450*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^3*f^2*g^3/(e^2*x^2) + 1800*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*f*g^4/(e^3*x^2) + 665*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^5*g^5/(e^4*x^2) - 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*f^5/(e*x^3) + 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d*f^4*g/(e^2*x^3) - 750*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^3*f^2*g^3/(e^4*x^3) - 1050*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^4*f*g^4/(e^5*x^3) - 405*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^5*g^5/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*f^5/(e^3*x^4) + 150*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^3*f^2*g^3/(e^6*x^4) + 225*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^4*f*g^4/(e^7*x^4) ...`

3.579.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^5}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^5(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.580 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.580.1 Optimal result 4270
 3.580.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4270
 3.580.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4271
 3.580.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4274
 3.580.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4275
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 3.580.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 4277
 3.580.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4278

3.580.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^4(d+ex)^3}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(ef-9dg)(ef+dg)^3(d+ex)^2}{15d^2e^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ef+dg)^2(e^2f^2-8defg+36d^2g^2)(d+ex)}{15d^3e^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{g^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e^5} - \frac{g^3(4ef+3dg)\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output `1/5*(d*g+e*f)^4*(e*x+d)^3/d/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+2/15*(-9*d*g+e*f)*(d*g+e*f)^3*(e*x+d)^2/d^2/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-g^3*(3*d*g+4*e*f)*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^5+2/15*(d*g+e*f)^2*(36*d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)*(e*x+d)/d^3/e^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+g^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5`

3.580.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(72d^6g^4+2e^6f^4x^2+d^5eg^3(88f-171gx)-6de^5f^3x(f+2gx))+3d}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{g^3(4ef+3dg)\log(-\sqrt{-e^2x}+\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2})}{e^4\sqrt{-e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^4)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\sqrt{d^2 - e^2x^2}*(72*d^6*g^4 + 2*e^6*f^4*x^2 + d^5*e*g^3*(88*f - 171*g*x) - 6*d*e^5*f^3*x*(f + 2*g*x) + 3*d^4*e^2*g^2*(4*f^2 - 68*f*g*x + 39*g^2*x^2) + d^2*e^4*f^2*(7*f^2 + 36*f*g*x + 42*g^2*x^2) - d^3*e^3*g*(12*f^3 + 36*f^2*g*x - 128*f*g^2*x^2 + 15*g^3*x^3)))/(15*d^3*e^5*(d - e*x)^3) + (g^3*(4*e*f + 3*d*g)*\text{Log}[-(\sqrt{-e^2}*x) + \sqrt{d^2 - e^2*x^2}])/(e^4*\sqrt{-e^2})$

3.580.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {691, 25, 2166, 25, 2166, 27, 455, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 691$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^3g^4}{e} - \frac{5d(4ef+dg)x^2g^3}{e^2} - \frac{5d(6e^2f^2+4degf+d^2g^2)xg^2}{e^3} + \frac{2e^4f^4-12de^3gf^3-18d^2e^2g^2f^2-12d^3eg^3f-3d^4g^4}{e^4} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^3g^4}{e} - \frac{5d(4ef+dg)x^2g^3}{e^2} - \frac{5d(6e^2f^2+4degf+d^2g^2)xg^2}{e^3} + \frac{2e^4f^4-12de^3gf^3-18d^2e^2g^2f^2-12d^3eg^3f-3d^4g^4}{e^4} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{5d}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2166$$

3.580. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)\left(\frac{15d^2x^2g^4}{e^2} + \frac{30d^2(2ef+dg)xg^3}{e^3} + 2e^4f^4 - 12de^3gf^3 + 42d^2e^2g^2f^2 + 68d^3eg^3f + 27d^4g^4\right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^5(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)\left(\frac{15d^2x^2g^4}{e^2} + \frac{30d^2(2ef+dg)xg^3}{e^3} + 2e^4f^4 - 12de^3gf^3 + 42d^2e^2g^2f^2 + 68d^3eg^3f + 27d^4g^4\right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^5(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 2166$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)(dg+ef)^2(36d^2g^2-8defg+e^2f^2)}{de^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^3g^3(4ef+3dg+egx)}{e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^5(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)(dg+ef)^2(36d^2g^2-8defg+e^2f^2)}{de^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2g^3 \int \frac{4ef+3dg+egx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^5(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 455$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)(dg+ef)^2(36d^2g^2-8defg+e^2f^2)}{de^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2g^3 \left((3dg+4ef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx - g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \right)}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^5(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \quad \downarrow \quad 224$$

3.580. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2(d+ex)(dg+ef)^2(36d^2g^2-8defg+e^2f^2)}{de^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2g^3}{3d} \left(\frac{(3dg+4ef) \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}} +$$

↓ 216

$$\frac{\frac{2(d+ex)(dg+ef)^2(36d^2g^2-8defg+e^2f^2)}{de^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15d^2g^3}{3d} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)(3dg+4ef)}{\frac{e^2x^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}+1} - \frac{g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{e} \right)}{e^4} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-9dg)(dg+ef)^3}{3de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^4}{5de^5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}} +$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^4)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((e*f + d*g)^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*d*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*(e*f - 9*d*g)*(e*f + d*g)^3*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*d*e^5*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*(e*f + d*g)^2*(e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 36*d^2*g^2)*(d + e*x))/(d*e^5*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^2*g^3*(-((g*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])/e) + ((4*e*f + 3*d*g)*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]]/e))/e^4)/(3*d))/(5*d)`

3.580.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

3.580. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 691 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Q + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.580.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

3.580.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

method	result
risch	$\frac{g^4 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}{e^5} - \frac{(3dg + 4ef)g^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2} x}{\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}\right)}{e \sqrt{e^2}} + \frac{6g^2 (d^2 g^2 + 2defg + e^2 f^2) \sqrt{-(x - \frac{d}{e})^2 e^2 - 2de(x - \frac{d}{e})}}{e^3 d (x - \frac{d}{e})} + \frac{4g (d^3 g^3 + 3d^2 e f g^2 + 3d e^2 f^2)}{e^3 d (x - \frac{d}{e})}$
default	$d^3 f^4 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4 \sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 g^4 \left(-\frac{x^6}{e^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6d^2 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{e^2 (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output g^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/e^5-1/e^3*((3*d*g+4*e*f)*g^3/e/(e^2)^(1/2)*arctan
((e^2)^(1/2)*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))+6*g^2/e^3*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)
/d/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)+4/e^3*g*(d^3*g^3+3*d^2*e*f
*g^2+3*d*e^2*f^2*g+e^3*f^3)*(1/3/d/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/
e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2))+1/e^4*(d^4
*g^4+4*d^3*e*f*g^3+6*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2+4*d*e^3*f^3*g+e^4*f^4)*(1/5/d/e/(x-d/
e)^3*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-2/5*e/d*(1/3/d/e/(x-d/e)^2*(-(x-
d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d/e))^(1/2)-1/3/d^2/(x-d/e)*(-(x-d/e)^2*e^2-2*d*e*(x-d
/e))^(1/2)))
```

3.580.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs. 2(199) = 398.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^4}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7 d^3 e^4 f^4 - 12 d^4 e^3 f^3 g + 12 d^5 e^2 f^2 g^2 + 88 d^6 e f g^3 + 72 d^7 g^4 - (7 e^7 f^4 - 12 d e^6 f^3 g + 12 d^2 e^5 f^2 g^2 + 88 d^3 e^4 f^4 - 12 d^4 e^3 f^3 g + 12 d^5 e^2 f^2 g^2 + 88 d^6 e f g^3 + 72 d^7 g^4)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}}$$

3.580. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(7*d^3*e^4*f^4 - 12*d^4*e^3*f^3*g + 12*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 88*d^6*e*f*g^3 + 72*d^7*g^4 - (7*e^7*f^4 - 12*d*e^6*f^3*g + 12*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2 + 88*d^3*e^4*f*g^3 + 72*d^4*e^3*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(7*d*e^6*f^4 - 12*d^2*e^5*f^3*g + 12*d^3*e^4*f^2*g^2 + 88*d^4*e^3*f*g^3 + 72*d^5*e^2*g^4)*x^2 - 3*(7*d^2*e^5*f^4 - 12*d^3*e^4*f^3*g + 12*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^2 + 88*d^5*e^2*f*g^3 + 72*d^6*e*g^4)*x + 30*(4*d^6*e*f*g^3 + 3*d^7*g^4 - (4*d^3*e^4*f*g^3 + 3*d^4*e^3*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(4*d^4*e^3*f*g^3 + 3*d^5*e^2*g^4)*x^2 - 3*(4*d^5*e^2*f*g^3 + 3*d^6*e*g^4)*x)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) - (15*d^3*e^3*g^4*x^3 - 7*d^2*e^4*f^4 + 12*d^3*e^3*f^3*g - 12*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 88*d^5*e*f*g^3 - 72*d^6*g^4 - (2*e^6*f^4 - 12*d*e^5*f^3*g + 42*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 + 128*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 + 117*d^4*e^2*g^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*d*e^5*f^4 - 12*d^2*e^4*f^3*g + 12*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^2 + 68*d^4*e^2*f*g^3 + 57*d^5*e*g^4)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^8*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^6*x - d^6*e^5)`

3.580.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**4/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*(f + g*x)**4/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.580.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1190 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1190, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -e^4 g^4 x^6 / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} + 6 d^2 g^4 x^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e) - 8 d^4 g^4 x^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^3) + 1/5 d^4 f^4 x / (-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} \\
& + 1/15 (4 e^3 f^3 g^3 + 3 d e^2 g^4) x (15 x^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) - 20 d^2 x^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^4) + 8 d^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^6)) \\
& + 3/5 d^2 f^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e) + 4/5 d^3 f^3 g / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) + 16/5 d^6 g^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^5) + 4/15 f^4 x / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} d) \\
& + 8/15 f^4 x / (\sqrt{-e^2 x^2 + d^2} d^3) - 1/3 (4 e^3 f^3 g^3 + 3 d e^2 g^4) x (3 x^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^2) - 2 d^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^4)) / e^2 \\
& + 3 (2 e^3 f^2 g^2 + 4 d e^2 f g^3 + d^2 e g^4) x^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) + 1/2 (4 e^3 f^3 g + 18 d e^2 f^2 g^2 + 12 d^2 e f g^3 + d^3 g^4) x^3 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) \\
& - 4 (2 e^3 f^2 g^2 + 4 d e^2 f g^3 + d^2 e g^4) d^2 x^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^4) + 1/3 (e^3 f^4 + 12 d e^2 f^3 g + 18 d^2 e f^2 g^2 + 4 d^3 f g^3) x^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) \\
& - 3/10 (4 e^3 f^3 g + 18 d e^2 f^2 g^2 + 12 d^2 e f g^3 + d^3 g^4) d^2 x / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^4) + 3/5 (d e^2 f^4 + 4 d^2 e f^3 g + 2 d^3 f^2 g^2) x / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^2) \\
& + 8/5 (2 e^3 f^2 g^2 + 4 d e^2 f g^3 + d^2 e g^4) d^4 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^6) - 2/15 (e^3 f^4 + 12 d e^2 f^3 g + 18 d^2 e f^2 g^2 + 4 d^3 f g^3) d^2 / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2} e^4) \\
& + 4/15 (4 e^3 f^3 g + 3 d e^2 g^4) d^2 x / ((-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2} e^6) + 1/10 (4 e^3 f^3 g + 18 d e^2 f^2 g^2 + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

3.580.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs. $2(199) = 398$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2} g^4}{e^5} - \frac{(4efg^3+3dg^4) \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^4|e|} \\
&+ 2 \left(7e^4f^4 - 12de^3f^3g + 12d^2e^2f^2g^2 + 88d^3efg^3 + 57d^4g^4 - \frac{20(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)e^2f^4}{x} + \frac{60(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)d^2}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}g^4/e^5 - (4efg^3 + 3d^2g^4)\arcsin(ex/d)\operatorname{sgn}(d)\operatorname{sgn}(e)/(e^4\operatorname{abs}(e)) + 2/15(7e^4f^4 - 12d^2e^3f^3g + 12d^2e^2f^2g^2 + 88d^3efg^3 + 57d^4g^4 - 20(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e))e^2f^4/x + 60(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)d^2ef^3g/x - 60(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)d^2f^2g^2/x - 380(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)d^3f^2g^3/(ex) - 240(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)d^4g^4/(e^2x) + 40(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^2f^4/x^2 - 60(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^2d^2f^2g^2/(e^2x^2) + 580(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^2d^3f^2g^3/(e^3x^2) + 360(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^2d^4g^4/(e^4x^2) - 30(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^3f^4/(e^2x^3) + 60(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^3d^3f^3g/(e^3x^3) - 300(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^3d^3f^2g^3/(e^5x^3) - 210(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^3d^4g^4/(e^6x^3) + 15(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^4f^4/(e^4x^4) + 60(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^4d^3f^2g^3/(e^7x^4) + 45(d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e)^4d^4g^4/(e^8x^4))/(d^3e^4((d^2e + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})\operatorname{abs}(e))/(e^2x) - 1)^5\operatorname{abs}(e))$

3.580.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^4}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^4(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.581 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.581.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^3(d+ex)^3}{5de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(2ef-13dg)(ef+dg)^2(d+ex)^2}{15d^2e^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ef+dg)(2e^2f^2-11defg+32d^2g^2)(d+ex)}{15d^3e^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{g^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output `1/5*(d*g+e*f)^3*(e*x+d)^3/d/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-13*d*g+2*e*f)*(d*g+e*f)^2*(e*x+d)^2/d^2/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)-g^3*arctan(e*x/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/e^4+1/15*(d*g+e*f)*(32*d^2*g^2-11*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*(e*x+d)/d^3/e^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.581.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(22d^4g^2+2e^4f^2x^2-de^3fx(6f+11gx)-d^3eg(16f+51gx)+d^2e^2(7f^2+33fgx+32g^2x^2))}{d^3(d-ex)^3} + \frac{1}{15e^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output $((e*f + d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(22*d^4*g^2 + 2*e^4*f^2*x^2 - d*e^3*f*x*(6*f + 11*g*x) - d^3*e*g*(16*f + 51*g*x) + d^2*e^2*(7*f^2 + 33*f*g*x + 32*g^2*x^2)))/(d^3*(d - e*x)^3) + 30*g^3*\text{ArcTan}[(e*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[d^2] - \text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/(15*e^4)$

3.581.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {691, 25, 2166, 25, 27, 665, 27, 224, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{691} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^2g^3}{e} - \frac{5d(3ef+dg)xg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2e^3f^3-9de^2gf^2-9d^2eg^2f-3d^3g^3}{e^3} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(-\frac{5dx^2g^3}{e} - \frac{5d(3ef+dg)xg^2}{e^2} + \frac{2e^3f^3-9de^2gf^2-9d^2eg^2f-3d^3g^3}{e^3} \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2166} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{2e^3f^3-9de^2gf^2+21d^2eg^2f+17d^3g^3+15d^2eg^3x}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{3d} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{2e^3f^3-9de^2gf^2+21d^2eg^2f+17d^3g^3+15d^2eg^3x}{e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{3d}}{5d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.581. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(2e^3 f^3 - 9de^2 g f^2 + 21d^2 e g^2 f + 17d^3 g^3 + 15d^2 e g^3 x)}{(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 665 \\
& \frac{\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)(32d^2 g^2 - 11defg + 2e^2 f^2)}{de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{15d^2 e g^3}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{e}}{3de^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)(32d^2 g^2 - 11defg + 2e^2 f^2)}{de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - 15d^2 g^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{3de^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3}{5de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)(32d^2 g^2 - 11defg + 2e^2 f^2)}{de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - 15d^2 g^3 \int \frac{1}{\frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} + 1} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{3de^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 216 \\
& \frac{\frac{(d+ex)(dg+ef)(32d^2 g^2 - 11defg + 2e^2 f^2)}{de\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} - \frac{15d^2 g^3 \arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}\right)}{e}}{3de^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ef-13dg)(dg+ef)^2}{3de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^3} \\
& \quad \frac{5d}{5de^4(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((e*f + d*g)^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*d*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (((2*e*f - 13*d*g)*(e*f + d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*d*e^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (((e*f + d*g)*(2*e^2*f^2 - 11*d*e*f*g + 32*d^2*g^2)*(d + e*x))/(d*e*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - (15*d^2*g^3*ArcTan[(e*x)/sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/e)/(3*d*e^3))/(5*d)`

3.581.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 665 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(m - 1))*d^(m - 2)*(e*f + d*g)^n*((d + e*x)/(c*e^(n - 1)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^(n - 2)) Int[ExpandToSum[(2^(m - 1)*d^(m - 1)*(e*f + d*g)^n - e^n*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n)/(d - e*x), x]/Sqrt[a + c*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 691 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Q + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`
- rule 2166 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a*e + b*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Qx + R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && EqQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.581.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 687 vs. $2(169) = 338$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 688, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

method	result
default	$d^3 f^3 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 g^3 \left(\frac{x^5}{5e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{x^3}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^4}}{d^2} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$d^3 f^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{d^4} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} \right) \right) + e^3 g^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x^5}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x^3}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{e^2} \frac{x}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{e^2} \frac{1}{(e^2)^{1/2}} \arctan \left(\frac{(e^2)^{1/2} x}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} \right) \right) \right) + (3 d e^2 g^3 + 3 e^3 f g^2) \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4}{d^2} \frac{1}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x^2}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2}{15} \frac{d^2}{e^4} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{5} (3 d^3 f^2 g + 3 d^2 e f^3) \frac{1}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} + (3 d^2 e g^3 + 9 d e^2 f g^2 + 3 e^3 f^2 g) \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{x^3}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{d^2}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{x}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{d^2}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{d^4} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) + (3 d^3 f g^2 + 9 d^2 e f^2 g + 3 d e^2 f^3) \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{x}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{d^2}{e^2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4}{5} \frac{1}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x}{d^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{d^4} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{1/2}} \right) \right) \right) \right) + (d^3 g^3 + 9 d^2 e f g^2 + 9 d e^2 f^2 g + e^3 f^3) \left(\frac{1}{3} \frac{x^2}{e^2} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{2}{15} \frac{d^2}{e^4} \frac{1}{(-e^2 x^2 + d^2)^{5/2}} \right)$$

3.581.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. $2(169) = 338$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7d^3e^3f^3 - 9d^4e^2f^2g + 6d^5efg^2 + 22d^6g^3 - (7e^6f^3 - 9de^5f^2g + 6d^2e^4fg^2 + 22d^3e^3g^3)x^3 + 3(7de^5f^3 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(7*d^3*e^3*f^3 - 9*d^4*e^2*f^2*g + 6*d^5*e*f*g^2 + 22*d^6*g^3 - (7*e^6*f^3 - 9*d*e^5*f^2*g + 6*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 + 22*d^3*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(7*d*e^5*f^3 - 9*d^2*e^4*f^2*g + 6*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 + 22*d^4*e^2*g^3)*x^2 - 3*(7*d^2*e^4*f^3 - 9*d^3*e^3*f^2*g + 6*d^4*e^2*f*g^2 + 22*d^5*e*g^3)*x - 30*(d^3*e^3*g^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^2*g^3*x^2 + 3*d^5*e*g^3*x - d^6*g^3)*arctan(-(d - sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(e*x)) + (7*d^2*e^3*f^3 - 9*d^3*e^2*f^2*g + 6*d^4*e*f*g^2 + 22*d^5*g^3 + (2*e^5*f^3 - 9*d*e^4*f^2*g + 21*d^2*e^3*f*g^2 + 32*d^3*e^2*g^3)*x^2 - 3*(2*d*e^4*f^3 - 9*d^2*e^3*f^2*g + 6*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 + 17*d^4*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^7*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^5*x - d^6*e^4)`

3.581.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*(f + g*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`

3.581.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 903 vs. $2(169) = 338$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{1}{15} e^3 g^3 x \left(\frac{15x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{20d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{8d^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} \right) - \frac{1}{3} e g^3 x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^2} - \frac{2d^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} \right) + \frac{df^3x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^2f^3}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{3d^3f^2g}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{4f^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{4d^2g^3x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^3} + \frac{8f^3x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3} - \frac{7g^3x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}e^3} + \frac{3(e^3fg^2+de^2g^3)x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{g^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d\sqrt{e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2}e^3} + \frac{3(e^3f^2g+3de^2fg^2+d^2eg^3)x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{4(e^3fg^2+de^2g^3)d^2x^2}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{(e^3f^3+9de^2f^2g+9d^2efg^2+d^3g^3)x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{9(e^3f^2g+3de^2fg^2+d^2eg^3)d^2x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{3(de^2f^3+3d^2ef^2g+d^3fg^2)x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{8(e^3fg^2+de^2g^3)d^4}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^6} - \frac{2(e^3f^3+9de^2f^2g+9d^2efg^2+d^3g^3)d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} + \frac{3(e^3f^2g+3de^2fg^2+d^2eg^3)x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} - \frac{(de^2f^3+3d^2ef^2g+d^3fg^2)x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2e^2} + \frac{3(e^3f^2g+3de^2fg^2+d^2eg^3)x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e^4} - \frac{2(de^2f^3+3d^2ef^2g+d^3fg^2)x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*e^3*g^3*x*(15*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 20*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 8*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6)) - 1/3*e*g^3*x*(3*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^2) - 2*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4)) + 1/5*d*f^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/5*d^2*f^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 3/5*d^3*f^2*g/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 4/15*f^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 4/15*d^2*g^3*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^3) + 8/15*f^3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3) - 7/15*g^3*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*e^3) + 3*(e^3*f*g^2 + d*e^2*g^3)*x^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - g^3*arcsin(e^2*x/(d*sqrt(e^2)))/sqrt(e^2)*e^3) + 3/2*(e^3*f^2*g + 3*d*e^2*f*g^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 4*(e^3*f*g^2 + d*e^2*g^3)*d^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 1/3*(e^3*f^3 + 9*d*e^2*f^2*g + 9*d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3)*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 9/10*(e^3*f^2*g + 3*d*e^2*f*g^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 3/5*(d*e^2*f^3 + 3*d^2*e*f^2*g + d^3*f*g^2)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 8/5*(e^3*f*g^2 + d*e^2*g^3)*d^4/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^6) - 2/15*(e^3*f^3 + 9*d*e^2*f^2*g + 9*d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3)*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 3/10*(e^3*f^2*g + 3*d*e^2*f*g^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 1/5*(d*e^2*f^3 + 3*d^2*e*f^2*g + d^3*f*g^2)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) + 3/5*(e^3*f^2*g + 3*d*e^2*f*g^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^4) - 2/5*(d*e^2*f^3 + 3*d^2*e*f^2*g + d^3*f*g^2)*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*...`

3.581.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{g^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{ex}{d}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(d) \operatorname{sgn}(e)}{e^3|e|} + \frac{2 \left(7e^3f^3 - 9de^2f^2g + 6d^2efg^2 + 22d^3g^3 - \frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)ef^3}{x} + \frac{45(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)df^2g}{x} - \frac{30(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2fg^2}{x} \right)}{e^3|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-g^3*arcsin(e*x/d)*sgn(d)*sgn(e)/(e^3*abs(e)) + 2/15*(7*e^3*f^3 - 9*d*e^2*f^2*g + 6*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 22*d^3*g^3 - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e*f^3/x + 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*f^2*g/x - 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*f*g^2/(e*x) - 95*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3*g^3/(e^2*x) + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*f^3/(e*x^2) - 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*f^2*g/(e^2*x^2) + 60*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*f*g^2/(e^3*x^2) + 145*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^3*g^3/(e^4*x^2) - 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*f^3/(e^3*x^3) + 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d*f^2*g/(e^4*x^3) - 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^3*g^3/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*f^3/(e^5*x^4) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^3*g^3/(e^8*x^4))/(d^3*e^3*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.581.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x)`

3.582
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

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3.582.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)^2(d+ex)^3}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(ef-4dg)(ef+dg)(d+ex)^2}{15d^2e^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2e^2f^2-6defg+7d^2g^2)(d+ex)}{15d^3e^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*(d*g+e*f)^2*(e*x+d)^3/d/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+2/15*(-4*d*g+e*f)*(d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^2/d^2/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/15*(7*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*(e*x+d)/d^3/e^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.582.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^4g^2+2e^4f^2x^2-6d^3eg(f+gx)-6de^3fx(f+gx)+d^2e^2(7f^2+18fgx+7g^2x^2))}{15d^3e^3(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(2*d^4*g^2 + 2*e^4*f^2*x^2 - 6*d^3*e*g*(f + g*x) - 6*d*e^3*f*x*(f + g*x) + d^2*e^2*(7*f^2 + 18*f*g*x + 7*g^2*x^2)))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.582.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$, Rules used = {691, 25, 27, 669, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{691} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^2}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(e \left(2f^2 - \frac{6dgf}{e} - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2} \right) - 5dg^2x \right)}{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(2ef^2 - 6dgf - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e} - 5dg^2x \right)}{e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^2}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \left(2ef^2 - 6dgf - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e} - 5dg^2x \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5de} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^2}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{669} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2ef^2}{d} + \frac{7dg^2}{e} - 6fg \right) \int \frac{d+ex}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-4dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5de} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^2}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{453} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(d+ex) \left(\frac{2ef^2}{d} + \frac{7dg^2}{e} - 6fg \right)}{3de\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)^2(ef-4dg)(dg+ef)}{3de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}}{5de} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)^2}{5de^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^2)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`


```
output ((e*f + d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*d*e^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*(e*f - 4
*d*g)*(e*f + d*g)*(d + e*x)^2)/(3*d*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (((2*e*f^
2)/d - 6*f*g + (7*d*g^2)/e)*(d + e*x))/(3*d*e*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/(5*d*e
)
```

3.582.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*
d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 669 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(
p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g + e*f)*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*
(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(2*c*d*(p + 1))
Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 691 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*
x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a*e + c*d*x, x]}, Simp[(-d)*R*(
d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d/(2*a*(p + 1))
Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*e*(p + 1)*Q +
R*(m + 2*p + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

3.582.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
trager	$\frac{(7x^2d^2e^2g^2-6x^2de^3fg+2x^2e^4f^2-6xd^3e^2g^2+18xd^2e^2fg-6xd^3e^3f^2+2d^4g^2-6fge^3d^3+7d^2e^2f^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}{15d^3e^3(-ex+d)^3}$
gospers	$\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^4(7x^2d^2e^2g^2-6x^2de^3fg+2x^2e^4f^2-6xd^3e^2g^2+18xd^2e^2fg-6xd^3e^3f^2+2d^4g^2-6fge^3d^3+7d^2e^2f^2)}{15d^3e^3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$d^3 f^2 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + g^2 e^3 \left(\frac{x^4}{e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{1}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(7*d^2*e^2*g^2*x^2-6*d*e^3*f*g*x^2+2*e^4*f^2*x^2-6*d^3*e*g^2*x+18*d^2
*e^2*f*g*x-6*d*e^3*f^2*x+2*d^4*g^2-6*d^3*e*f*g+7*d^2*e^2*f^2)/d^3/e^3/(-e
*x+d)^3*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.582.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7d^3e^2f^2-6d^4efg+2d^5g^2-(7e^5f^2-6de^4fg+2d^2e^3g^2)x^3+3(7de^4f^2-6d^2e^3fg+2d^3e^2g^2)x^2-3(7de^4f^2-6d^2e^3fg+2d^3e^2g^2)x-3(7de^4f^2-6d^2e^3fg+2d^3e^2g^2)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output
$$\frac{-1/15(7d^3e^2f^2 - 6d^4e^2fg + 2d^5g^2 - (7e^5f^2 - 6d^4e^2fg + 2d^2e^3g^2)x^3 + 3(7d^4e^2f^2 - 6d^2e^3fg + 2d^3e^2g^2)x^2 - 3(7d^2e^3f^2 - 6d^3e^2fg + 2d^4e^2g^2)x + (7d^2e^2f^2 - 6d^3e^2fg + 2d^4g^2 + (2e^4f^2 - 6d^2e^3fg + 7d^2e^2g^2)x^2 - 6(d^3e^3f^2 - 3d^2e^2fg + d^3e^2g^2)x)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2})/(d^3e^6x^3 - 3d^4e^5x^2 + 3d^5e^4x - d^6e^3)}$$

3.582.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*(f + g*x)**2/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))** (7/2), x)`

3.582.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{eg^2x^4}{(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{4d^2g^2x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} \\ &+ \frac{df^2x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{3d^2f^2}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{2d^3fg}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} \\ &+ \frac{8d^4g^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^3} + \frac{4f^2x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{8f^2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3} \\ &+ \frac{(2e^3fg+3de^2g^2)x^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{(e^3f^2+6de^2fg+3d^2eg^2)x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{3(2e^3fg+3de^2g^2)d^2x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} \\ &+ \frac{(3de^2f^2+6d^2efg+d^3g^2)x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} - \frac{2(e^3f^2+6de^2fg+3d^2eg^2)d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} \\ &+ \frac{(2e^3fg+3de^2g^2)x}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e^4} - \frac{(3de^2f^2+6d^2efg+d^3g^2)x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2e^2} \\ &+ \frac{(2e^3fg+3de^2g^2)x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e^4} - \frac{2(3de^2f^2+6d^2efg+d^3g^2)x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4e^2} \end{aligned}$$

3.582. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e*g^2*x^4/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) - 4/3*d^2*g^2*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/5*d*f^2*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 3/5*d^2*f^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 2/5*d^3*f*g/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 8/15*d^4*g^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^3) + 4/15*f^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 8/15*f^2*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3) + 1/2*(2*e^3*f*g + 3*d*e^2*g^2)*x^3/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) + 1/3*(e^3*f^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g + 3*d^2*e*g^2)*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 3/10*(2*e^3*f*g + 3*d*e^2*g^2)*d^2*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 1/5*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^2) - 2/15*(e^3*f^2 + 6*d*e^2*f*g + 3*d^2*e*g^2)*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e^4) + 1/10*(2*e^3*f*g + 3*d*e^2*g^2)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*e^4) - 1/15*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d^2*e^2) + 1/5*(2*e^3*f*g + 3*d*e^2*g^2)*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e^4) - 2/15*(3*d*e^2*f^2 + 6*d^2*e*f*g + d^3*g^2)*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*e^2)`

3.582.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(7e^2f^2 - 6defg + 2d^2g^2 - \frac{20(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)f^2}{x} + \frac{30(de+\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)dfg}{ex} - 10 \right)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(7*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2 - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))*f^2/x + 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)*d*f*g/(e*x) - 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)*d^2*g^2/(e^2*x) + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^2*f^2/(e^2*x^2) - 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^2*d*f*g/(e^3*x^2) + 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^2*d^2*g^2/(e^4*x^2) - 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^3*f^2/(e^4*x^3) + 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^3*d*f*g/(e^5*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e)^4*f^2/(e^6*x^4)/(d^3*e^2*((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`

3.582. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.582.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(2d^4g^2-6d^3efg-6d^3eg^2x+7d^2e^2f^2+18d^2e^2fgx+7d^2e^2f^2x-6d^2e^2g^2x^2-6d^2e^3f^2x-6d^2e^3fg^2x+18d^2e^2fg^2x-6d^2e^3fg^2x^2)}{15d^3e^3(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`

output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(2*d^4*g^2 + 7*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*e^4*f^2*x^2 - 6*d^3*e*f*g + 7*d^2*e^2*g^2*x^2 - 6*d*e^3*f^2*x - 6*d^3*e*g^2*x + 18*d^2*e^2*f*g*x - 6*d*e^3*f*g*x^2))/(15*d^3*e^3*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.583 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.583.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(ef+dg)(d+ex)^3}{5de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2ef-3dg)(d+ex)}{15de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2ef-3dg)x}{15d^3e\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}$$

output `1/5*(d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^3/d/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+2/15*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)*(e*x+d)/d/e^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/15*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)*x/d^3/e/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.583.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(-3d^3g+2e^3fx^2-3de^2x(2f+gx)+d^2e(7f+9gx))}{15d^3e^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(-3*d^3*g + 2*e^3*f*x^2 - 3*d*e^2*x*(2*f + g*x) + d^2*e*(7*f + 9*g*x)))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.583.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$, Rules used = {669, 457, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 669

$$\frac{(2ef-3dg) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{5de} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)}{5de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 457

$$\frac{(2ef-3dg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{5de} + \frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)}{5de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 208

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(dg+ef)}{5de^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(\frac{x}{3d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{2(d+ex)}{3e(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) (2ef-3dg)}{5de}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x))/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `((e*f + d*g)*(d + e*x)^3)/(5*d*e^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + ((2*e*f - 3*d*g)*((2*(d + e*x))/(3*e*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + x/(3*d^2*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])))/(5*d*e)`

3.583.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

```
rule 457 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(2*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^2*((p + 2)/(b*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 669 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*g + e*f)*(d + e*x)^(m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*d*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(d*g + e*f) + 2*e*f*(p + 1))/(2*c*d*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.583.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
trager	$-\frac{(3de^2gx^2 - 2e^3fx^2 - 9d^2egx + 6de^2fx + 3d^3g - 7d^2ef)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15d^3(-ex+d)^3e^2}$
gosper	$-\frac{(-ex+d)(ex+d)^4(3de^2gx^2 - 2e^3fx^2 - 9d^2egx + 6de^2fx + 3d^3g - 7d^2ef)}{15d^3e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$d^3 f \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 g \left(\frac{x^3}{2e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3d^2 \left(\frac{x}{4e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(3*d*e^2*g*x^2-2*e^3*f*x^2-9*d^2*e*g*x+6*d*e^2*f*x+3*d^3*g-7*d^2*e*f)/d^3/(-e*x+d)^3/e^2*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.583. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.583.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7d^3ef - 3d^4g - (7e^4f - 3de^3g)x^3 + 3(7de^3f - 3d^2e^2g)x^2 - 3(7d^2e^2f - 3d^3eg)x + (7d^2ef - 3d^3g + 15(d^3e^5x^3 - 3d^4e^4x^2 + 3d^5e^3x - d^6e^2))}{15(d^3e^5x^3 - 3d^4e^4x^2 + 3d^5e^3x - d^6e^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(7*d^3*e*f - 3*d^4*g - (7*e^4*f - 3*d*e^3*g)*x^3 + 3*(7*d*e^3*f - 3*d^2*e^2*g)*x^2 - 3*(7*d^2*e^2*f - 3*d^3*e*g)*x + (7*d^2*e*f - 3*d^3*g + (2*e^3*f - 3*d*e^2*g)*x^2 - 3*(2*d*e^2*f - 3*d^2*e*g)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^5*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^3*x - d^6*e^2)`**3.583.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*(f + g*x)/((-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`**3.583.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx &= \frac{egx^3}{2(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{dfx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3d^2gx}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} \\ &+ \frac{3d^2f}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{d^3g}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{4fx}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{gx}{10(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}e} \\ &+ \frac{8fx}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3} + \frac{gx}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^2e} + \frac{(e^3f+3de^2g)x^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{3(de^2f+d^2eg)x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^2} \\ &- \frac{2(e^3f+3de^2g)d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e^4} - \frac{(de^2f+d^2eg)x}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d^2e^2} - \frac{2(de^2f+d^2eg)x}{5\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^4e^2} \end{aligned}$$

3.583. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{2}e*g*x^3/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} + \frac{1}{5}d*f*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)} - \frac{3}{10}d^2*g*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e) + \frac{3}{5}d^2*f/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e) + \frac{1}{5}d^3*g/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^2) + \frac{4}{15}f*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d) + \frac{1}{10}g*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*e) + \frac{8}{15}f*x/(\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3) + \frac{1}{5}g*x/(\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^2*e) + \frac{1}{3}*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g)*x^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^2) + \frac{3}{5}*(d*e^2*f + d^2*e*g)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^2) - \frac{2}{15}*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g)*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(5/2)}*e^4) - \frac{1}{5}*(d*e^2*f + d^2*e*g)*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^{(3/2)}*d^2*e^2) - \frac{2}{5}*(d*e^2*f + d^2*e*g)*x/(\text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^4*e^2)$

3.583.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 276 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(7ef - 3dg - \frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)f}{ex} + \frac{15(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)dg}{e^2x} + \frac{40(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)}{e^3x^2} \right)}{15d^3e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{15}*(7*e*f - 3*d*g - 20*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))*f/(e*x) + 15*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))*d*g/(e^2*x) + 40*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))^2*f/(e^3*x^2) - 15*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))^2*d*g/(e^4*x^2) - 30*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))^3*f/(e^5*x^3) + 15*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))^3*d*g/(e^6*x^3) + 15*(d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))^4*f/(e^7*x^4))/(d^3*e*((d*e + \text{sqrt}(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*\text{abs}(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*\text{abs}(e))$

3.583.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(3gd^3-9gd^2ex-7fd^2e+3gde^2x^2+6fde^2x-2fe^3x^2)}{15d^3e^2(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `-((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(3*d^3*g - 2*e^3*f*x^2 - 7*d^2*e*f + 6*d*e^2*f*x - 9*d^2*e*g*x + 3*d*e^2*g*x^2))/(15*d^3*e^2*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.584 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

3.584.1 Optimal result 4301
 3.584.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4301
 3.584.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4302
 3.584.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4303
 3.584.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 4304
 3.584.6 Sympy [F] 4304
 3.584.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4304
 3.584.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4305
 3.584.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4305

3.584.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^2e(d-ex)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{15d^3e(d-ex)}$$

output $1/5*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d/e/(-e*x+d)^3+2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^2/e/(-e*x+d)^2+2/15*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}/d^3/e/(-e*x+d)$

3.584.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(7d^2-6dex+2e^2x^2)}{15d^3e(d-ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*(7*d^2 - 6*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2))/(15*d^3*e*(d - e*x)^3)$

3.584.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {464, 461, 461, 460}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 464 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(d-ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(d-ex)^2 \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 461 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{(d-ex) \sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d-ex)^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 460 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3d^2e(d-ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{3de(d-ex)^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{5de(d-ex)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(5*d*e*(d - e*x)^3) + (2*(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d*e*(d - e*x)^2) + Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]/(3*d^2*e*(d - e*x)))/(5*d)`

3.584.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 460 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c*n)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 461 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*c*(n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2]/(2*c*(n + p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 2], 0] && (LtQ[n, -1] || GtQ[n + p, 0])`

rule 464 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^2)^(n + p)/(a/c + b*(x/d))^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && RationalQ[p] && (LtQ[0, -n, p] || LtQ[p, -n, 0]) && NeQ[n, 2] && NeQ[n, -1]`

3.584.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
trager	$\frac{(2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15d^3(-ex + d)^3e}$
gospers	$\frac{(-ex + d)(ex + d)^4(2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)}{15d^3e(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$d^3 \left(\frac{x}{5d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{4x}{15d^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8x}{15d^4\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}}{d^2} \right) + e^3 \left(\frac{x^2}{3e^2(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2d^2}{15e^4(-e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) + 3de$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(2*e^2*x^2-6*d*e*x+7*d^2)/d^3/(-e*x+d)^3/e*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)`

3.584.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{7e^3x^3 - 21de^2x^2 + 21d^2ex - 7d^3 - (2e^2x^2 - 6dex + 7d^2)\sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}}{15(d^3e^4x^3 - 3d^4e^3x^2 + 3d^5e^2x - d^6e)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/15*(7*e^3*x^3 - 21*d*e^2*x^2 + 21*d^2*e*x - 7*d^3 - (2*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x + 7*d^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^3*e^4*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^5*e^2*x - d^6*e)`**3.584.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2), x)`**3.584.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{ex^2}{3(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{4dx}{5(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{7d^2}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{5/2}e} + \frac{x}{15(-e^2x^2+d^2)^{3/2}d} + \frac{2x}{15\sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}d^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*e*x^2/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 4/5*d*x/(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2) + 7/15*d^2/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(5/2)*e) + 1/15*x/((-e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(3/2)*d) + 2/15*x/(sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d^3)`

3.584.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{20 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)}{e^2x} - \frac{40 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^2}{e^4x^2} + \frac{30 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^3}{e^6x^3} - \frac{15 (de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|)^4}{e^8x^4} - 7 \right)}{15 d^3 \left(\frac{de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2+d^2}|e|}{e^2x} - 1 \right)^5 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2/(e^4*x^2) + 30*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3/(e^6*x^3) - 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4/(e^8*x^4) - 7)/(d^3 * ((d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5*abs(e))`**3.584.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(7d^2-6dex+2e^2x^2)}{15d^3e(d-ex)^3}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2),x)`output `((d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(7*d^2 + 2*e^2*x^2 - 6*d*e*x))/(15*d^3*e*(d - e*x)^3)`

3.585 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.585.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(e f + d g)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{5d(e f - d g) - e(e f + 11d g)x}{15d(e f + d g)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{15d^3g^2 + e(2e^2f^2 + 9d e f g + 22d^2g^2)x}{15d^3(e f + d g)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{g^3 \arctan\left(\frac{d^2g+e^2fx}{\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{(e f + d g)^3\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}}$$

```
output 4/5*d*(e*x+d)/(d*g+e*f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+1/15*(-5*d*(-d*g+e*f)+e*(11*d
*g+e*f)*x)/d/(d*g+e*f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+g^3*arctan((e^2*f*x+d^2*g)/(
-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/(d*g+e*f)^3/(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^
2)^(1/2)+1/15*(15*d^3*g^2+e*(22*d^2*g^2+9*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*x)/d^3/(d*g+e
*f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.585.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(-e^2f^2+d^2g^2)(d+ex)(32d^4g^2+2e^4f^2x^2+3d^3eg(8f-17gx)+3de^3fx(-2f+3gx)+d^2e^2(7f^2-27fgx+2g^2x^2))}{d^3(d-ex)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} - \frac{15(-ef+dg)(ef+dg)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x]`

output `(((-e^2*f^2) + d^2*g^2)*(d + e*x)*(32*d^4*g^2 + 2*e^4*f^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*e*g*(8*f - 17*g*x) + 3*d*e^3*f*x*(-2*f + 3*g*x) + d^2*e^2*(7*f^2 - 27*f*g*x + 22*g^2*x^2)))/(d^3*(d - e*x)^2*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) - 15*g^3*sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*ArcTan[(d^2*g + e^2*f*x)/(sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/(15*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(e*f + d*g)^4)`

3.585.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {713, 27, 686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}(f+gx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 713 \\ & \int \frac{d^2e^2(d(ef+5dg)-e(5ef-11dg)x)}{(ef+dg)(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{d(ef+5dg)-e(5ef-11dg)x}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 686 \end{aligned}$$

3.585. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{de^2((ef-dg)(2e^2f^2+7degf+15d^2g^2)+2eg(ef-dg)(ef+11dg)x)}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)}{\downarrow 25} \\
 & \int \frac{de^2(ef-dg)(2e^2f^2+7degf+15d^2g^2+2eg(ef+11dg)x)}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)}{\downarrow 27} \\
 & \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{2e^2f^2+7degf+15d^2g^2+2eg(ef+11dg)x}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3d(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} + \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{\downarrow 686} \\
 & \frac{(ef-dg) \left(\frac{(ef-dg)(15d^3g^2+ex(22d^2g^2+9degf+2e^2f^2))}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{15d^3e^2g^3(ef-dg)}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{d^2e^2(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \right)}{3d(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)}{\downarrow 27} \\
 & \frac{(ef-dg) \left(\frac{15d^3(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{e^2f^2-d^2g^2} + \frac{(ef-dg)(15d^3g^2+ex(22d^2g^2+9degf+2e^2f^2))}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \right)}{3d(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)}{\downarrow 488}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.585. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(ef-dg) \left(\frac{(ef-dg)(15d^3g^2+ex(22d^2g^2+9defg+2e^2f^2))}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{15dg^3(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{-e^2f^2+d^2g^2 - \frac{(gd^2+e^2fx)^2}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}} dx}{e^2f^2-d^2g^2} \right)}{3d(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11d+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{(ef-dg) \left(\frac{15dg^3(ef-dg) \arctan\left(\frac{d^2g+e^2fx}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}}\right)}{(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ef-dg)(15d^3g^2+ex(22d^2g^2+9defg+2e^2f^2))}{d^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \right)}{3d(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} - \frac{5d(ef-dg)^2-ex(ef-dg)(11dg+ef)}{3d(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(e^2f^2-d^2g^2)} \\
 & \frac{5(dg+ef)}{4d(d+ex)} \\
 & \frac{4d(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

```
output (4*d*(d + e*x))/(5*(e*f + d*g)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/3*(5*d*(e*f - d*g)^2 - e*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f + 11*d*g)*x)/(d*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((e*f - d*g)*((e*f - d*g)*(15*d^3*g^2 + e*(2*e^2*f^2 + 9*d*e*f*g + 22*d^2*g^2)*x))/(d^2*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (15*d*g^3*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTan[(d^2*g + e^2*f*x)/(sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2))/(5*(e*f + d*g))
```

3.585.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

3.585. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 713 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*S - c*R*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*c*(p + 1)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m + (c*R*(2*p + 3))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

3.585.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1666 vs. 2(223) = 446.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1667, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1667

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.585. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

output $(d^3g^3 - 3d^2efg^2 + 3de^2f^2g - e^3f^3)/g^4 * (1/5 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(5/2)} - e^2fg / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * (2/5 * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(5/2)} - 16/5e^2 / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2) * (2/3 * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} - 16/3e^2 / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2)^2 * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})) + 1 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 * (1/3 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} - e^2fg / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * (2/3 * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} - 16/3e^2 / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2)^2 * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})) + 1 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 * (1 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} - 2e^2fg / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * (-2e^2(x+f/g) + 2e^2f/g) / (-4e^2(d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 - 4e^4f^2/g^2) / (-e^2(x+f/g)^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} - 1 / (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) * g^2 / ((d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((2 * (d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2 + 2e^2f/g(x+f/g) + 2 * ((d^2g^2 - e^2f^2) / g^2)^{(\dots$

3.585.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 854 vs. $2(223) = 446$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1767, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/15*(7*d^3*e^4*f^4 + 24*d^4*e^3*f^3*g + 25*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^6*e*f*g^3 - 32*d^7*g^4 - (7*e^7*f^4 + 24*d*e^6*f^3*g + 25*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^3*e^4*f*g^3 - 32*d^4*e^3*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(7*d*e^6*f^4 + 24*d^2*e^5*f^3*g + 25*d^3*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^4*e^3*f*g^3 - 32*d^5*e^2*g^4)*x^2 + 15*(d^3*e^3*g^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*e^2*g^3*x^2 + 3*d^5*e*g^3*x - d^6*g^3)*sqrt(-e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2)*log((d*e^2*f*g*x + d^3*g^2 - sqrt(-e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2))*(e^2*f*x + d^2*g + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*d*g) - (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(g*x + f)) - 3*(7*d^2*e^5*f^4 + 24*d^3*e^4*f^3*g + 25*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^5*e^2*f*g^3 - 32*d^6*e*g^4)*x + (7*d^2*e^4*f^4 + 24*d^3*e^3*f^3*g + 25*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^5*e*f*g^3 - 32*d^6*g^4 + (2*e^6*f^4 + 9*d*e^5*f^3*g + 20*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 9*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 - 22*d^4*e^2*g^4)*x^2 - 3*(2*d*e^5*f^4 + 9*d^2*e^4*f^3*g + 15*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 9*d^4*e^2*f*g^3 - 17*d^5*e*g^4)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(d^6*e^5*f^5 + 3*d^7*e^4*f^4*g + 2*d^8*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^9*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 3*d^10*e*f*g^4 - d^11*g^5 - (d^3*e^8*f^5 + 3*d^4*e^7*f^4*g + 2*d^5*e^6*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^6*e^5*f^2*g^3 - 3*d^7*e^4*f*g^4 - d^8*e^3*g^5)*x^3 + 3*(d^4*e^7*f^5 + 3*d^5*e^6*f^4*g + 2*d^6*e^5*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^7*e^4*f^2*g^3 - 3*d^8*e^3*f*g^4 - d^9*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - 3*(d^5*e^6*f^5 + 3*d^6*e^5*f^4*g + 2*d^7*e^4*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^8*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 3*d^9*e^2*f*g^4 - d^10*e*g^5)*x), 1/15*(7*d^3*e^4*f^4 + 24*d^4*e^3*f^3*g + 25*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 24*d^6*e*f*g^3 - 32*d^7*g^4 - (7*e^7*f^4 + 24*d*e^6*f^3*g + 25*d^2...`

3.585.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.585.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.585.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 642 vs. 2(223) = 446.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2eg^3 \arctan\left(\frac{dg + \frac{(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)f}{ex}}{\sqrt{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}}\right)}{(e^3f^3|e| + 3de^2f^2g|e| + 3d^2efg^2|e| + d^3g^3|e|)\sqrt{e^2f^2 - d^2g^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(7e^3f^2 + 24de^2fg + 32d^2eg^2 - \frac{20(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)ef^2}{x} - \frac{75(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)dfg}{x} - \frac{115(de + \sqrt{-e^2x^2 + d^2}|e|)d^2g^2}{ex}\right)}{}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*e*g^3*arctan((d*g + (d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*f/(e*x))/sqrt(e
^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2))/((e^3*f^3*abs(e) + 3*d*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*d^2*e*f*g^2
*abs(e) + d^3*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)) + 2/15*(7*e^3*f^2 + 24*
d*e^2*f*g + 32*d^2*e*g^2 - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e*f^2/x
- 75*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*f*g/x - 115*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^
2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^2*g^2/(e*x) + 40*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*
f^2/(e*x^2) + 135*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*f*g/(e^2*x^2) +
185*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^2*g^2/(e^3*x^2) - 30*(d*e + sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*f^2/(e^3*x^3) - 105*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^
2)*abs(e))^3*d*f*g/(e^4*x^3) - 135*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d
^2*g^2/(e^5*x^3) + 15*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*f^2/(e^5*x^4)
+ 45*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d*f*g/(e^6*x^4) + 45*(d*e + sq
rt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^4*d^2*g^2/(e^7*x^4))/((d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e) + 3*d^
4*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e) + d^6*g^3*abs(e))*((d*e + sqrt(-
e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))/(e^2*x) - 1)^5)
```

3.585.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.586
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

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3.586.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4de(d+ex)}{5(ef+dg)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e(5d(ef-3dg)-e(ef+21dg)x)}{15d(ef+dg)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e(45d^3g^2+e(2e^2f^2+14defg+57d^2g^2)x)}{15d^3(ef+dg)^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{g^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(ef-dg)(ef+dg)^4(f+gx)} + \frac{eg^3(4ef-3dg)\arctan\left(\frac{d^2g+e^2fx}{\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)(ef+dg)^4\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}}$$

```
output 4/5*d*e*(e*x+d)/(d*g+e*f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*e*(5*d*(-3*d*g+e*f)-e*(21*d*g+e*f)*x)/d/(d*g+e*f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+e*g^3*(-3*d*g+4*e*f)*arctan((e^2*f*x+d^2*g)/(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)^(1/2)/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)/(d*g+e*f)^4/(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)^(1/2)+1/15*e*(45*d^3*g^2+e*(57*d^2*g^2+14*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*x)/d^3/(d*g+e*f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+g^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(d*g+e*f)^4/(g*x+f)
```

3.586.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(f + gx)^2 (d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(e^2f^2 - d^2g^2)(d+ex)(15d^6g^4 + 2e^6f^3x^2(f+gx) - 9d^5eg^3(8f+13gx) + 6de^5f^2x(-f^2+fgx+2g^2x^2) + d^4e^5f^2x^2 - d^3d^2g^2x^3)}{d^3(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `((e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*(d + e*x)*(15*d^6*g^4 + 2*e^6*f^3*x^2*(f + g*x) - 9*d^5*e*g^3*(8*f + 13*g*x) + 6*d*e^5*f^2*x*(-f^2 + f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2) + d^4*e^2*g^2*(38*f^2 + 164*f*g*x + 171*g^2*x^2) - 3*d^3*e^3*g*(-9*f^3 + 19*f^2*g*x + 47*f*g^2*x^2 + 24*g^3*x^3) + d^2*e^4*f*(7*f^3 - 29*f^2*g*x + 7*f*g^2*x^2 + 43*g^3*x^3)))/(d^3*(d - e*x)^2*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + 15*e*g^3*(4*e*f - 3*d*g)*Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*ArcTan[(d^2*g + e^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])]/(15*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f + d*g)^5)`

3.586.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {713, 2178, 2178, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(d^2 - e^2x^2)^{7/2} (f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 713

$$\int \frac{\frac{16d^3g^2x^2e^4}{(ef+dg)^2} - \frac{d^2(ef-5dg)(5ef+3dg)xe^3}{(ef+dg)^2} + \frac{d^3(e^2f^2+10degf+5d^2g^2)e^2}{(ef+dg)^2}}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{4de(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2}$$

↓ 2178

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\frac{2d^3g^2(ef+21dg)x^2e^6}{(ef+dg)^3} + \frac{d^3g(4e^2f^2+69degf+45d^2g^2)xe^5}{(ef+dg)^3} + \frac{d^3(2e^3f^3+12de^2gf^2+45d^2eg^2f+15d^3g^3)e^4}{(ef+dg)^3}}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \frac{3d^2e^2}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^3(5d(ef-3dg)-ex(21dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4de(d+ex)5d^2e^2}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2178} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{15d^6e^6g^3(4ef+dg+3egx)}{(ef+dg)^4(f+gx)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{de^5(45d^3g^2+ex(57d^2g^2+14degf+2e^2f^2))}{d^2e^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^4}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^3(5d(ef-3dg)-ex(21dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4de(d+ex)5d^2e^2}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{15d^4e^4g^3 \int \frac{4ef+dg+3egx}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{de^5(45d^3g^2+ex(57d^2g^2+14degf+2e^2f^2))}{(dg+ef)^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^4}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^3(5d(ef-3dg)-ex(21dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4de(d+ex)5d^2e^2}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
 & \frac{15d^4e^4g^3 \left(\frac{e(4ef-3dg) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx}{ef-dg} + \frac{g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{de^5(45d^3g^2+ex(57d^2g^2+14degf+2e^2f^2))}{(dg+ef)^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^4}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^3(5d(ef-3dg)-ex(21dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4de(d+ex)5d^2e^2}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{15d^4e^4g^3 \left(\frac{e(4ef-3dg) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{gd^2+e^2fx}{-e^2f^2+d^2g^2-\frac{(gd^2+e^2fx)^2}{d^2-e^2x^2}}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)} - \frac{g\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{de^5(45d^3g^2+ex(57d^2g^2+14degf+2e^2f^2))}{(dg+ef)^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^4}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^3(5d(ef-3dg)-ex(21dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4de(d+ex)5d^2e^2}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.586. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{15d^4 e^4 g^3 \left(\frac{e(4ef-3dg) \arctan\left(\frac{d^2 g + e^2 f x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \sqrt{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}}\right) + \frac{g \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)}}{(ef-dg) \sqrt{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}} \right) + \frac{de^5 (45d^3 g^2 + ex(57d^2 g^2 + 14defg + 2e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (dg+ef)^4}}{(dg+ef)^4} - \frac{de^3 (5d(ef-3dg) - ex(21dg - d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{3/2} (dg+ef))}{3d^2 e^2} - \frac{5d^2 e^2}{4de(d+ex)} - \frac{4de(d+ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (dg+ef)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(4*d*e*(d + e*x))/(5*(e*f + d*g)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/3*(d*e^3*(5*d*(e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(e*f + 21*d*g)*x))/((e*f + d*g)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((d*e^5*(45*d^3*g^2 + e*(2*e^2*f^2 + 14*d*e*f*g + 57*d^2*g^2)*x))/((e*f + d*g)^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (15*d^4*e^4*g^3*((g*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) + (e*(4*e*f - 3*d*g)*ArcTan[(d^2*g + e^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2])])/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2])))/(e*f + d*g)^4/(3*d^2*e^2))/(5*d^2*e^2)`

3.586.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m+1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p+1))/(2*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m+1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 713 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*S - c*R*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*c*(p + 1)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m + (c*R*(2*p + 3))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2178 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*S - b*R*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*b*(p + 1)*Qx)/(d + e*x)^m + (b*R*(2*p + 3))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]
```

3.586.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3288 vs. $2(291) = 582$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3289, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.58

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3289

```
input int((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& e^2/g^3*(1/5/e*g/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+3*d*g*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2) \\
&)+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))) \\
& -2*e*f*(1/5*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)+4/5/d^2*(1/3*x/d^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2) \\
&)+2/3*x/d^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))) +3*e/g^4*(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2) \\
& *(1/5/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*g^2/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2 \\
& *f^2)/g^2)^(5/2)-e^2*f*g/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*(2/5*(-2*e^2*(x+f/g)+2*e^2*f/g) \\
& /(-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2-4*e^4*f^2/g^2)/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x \\
& +f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(5/2)-16/5*e^2/(-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2- \\
& 4*e^4*f^2/g^2)*(2/3*(-2*e^2*(x+f/g)+2*e^2*f/g)/(-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g \\
& ^2-4*e^4*f^2/g^2)/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2) \\
& ^{(3/2)}-16/3*e^2/(-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2-4*e^4*f^2/g^2)^2*(-2*e^2*(x+ \\
& f/g)+2*e^2*f/g)/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(\\
& 1/2)))+1/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*g^2*(1/3/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*g^2/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+ \\
& 2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(3/2)-e^2*f*g/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*(\\
& 2/3*(-2*e^2*(x+f/g)+2*e^2*f/g)/(-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2-4*e^4*f^2/g^2) \\
&)/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(3/2)-16/3*e^2/ \\
& (-4*e^2*(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2-4*e^4*f^2/g^2)^2*(-2*e^2*(x+f/g)+2*e^2*f/g)/ \\
& (-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))+1/(d^2*g^2 \\
& -e^2*f^2)*g^2*(1/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*g^2/(-e^2*(x+f/g)^2+2*e^2*f/g*(x+f/g)+(\\
& d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-2*e^2*f*g/(d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2)*(-2*e^2*(x+f/g)...
\end{aligned}$$

3.586.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1623 vs. $2(290) = 580$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3305, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
[1/15*(7*d^3*e^6*f^7 + 27*d^4*e^5*f^6*g + 31*d^5*e^4*f^5*g^2 - 99*d^6*e^3*f^4*g^3 - 23*d^7*e^2*f^3*g^4 + 72*d^8*e*f^2*g^5 - 15*d^9*f*g^6 - (7*e^9*f^6*g + 27*d*e^8*f^5*g^2 + 31*d^2*e^7*f^4*g^3 - 99*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^4 - 23*d^4*e^5*f^2*g^5 + 72*d^5*e^4*f*g^6 - 15*d^6*e^3*g^7)*x^4 - (7*e^9*f^7 + 6*d*e^8*f^6*g - 50*d^2*e^7*f^5*g^2 - 192*d^3*e^6*f^4*g^3 + 274*d^4*e^5*f^3*g^4 + 141*d^5*e^4*f^2*g^5 - 231*d^6*e^3*f*g^6 + 45*d^7*e^2*g^7)*x^3 + 3*(7*d*e^8*f^7 + 20*d^2*e^7*f^6*g + 4*d^3*e^6*f^5*g^2 - 130*d^4*e^5*f^4*g^3 + 76*d^5*e^4*f^3*g^4 + 95*d^6*e^3*f^2*g^5 - 87*d^7*e^2*f*g^6 + 15*d^8*e*g^7)*x^2 - 15*(4*d^6*e^2*f^3*g^3 - 3*d^7*e*f^2*g^4 - (4*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^4 - 3*d^4*e^4*f*g^5)*x^4 - (4*d^3*e^5*f^3*g^3 - 15*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^4 + 9*d^5*e^3*f*g^5)*x^3 + 3*(4*d^4*e^4*f^3*g^3 - 7*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^4 + 3*d^6*e^2*f*g^5)*x^2 - (12*d^5*e^3*f^3*g^3 - 13*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^4 + 3*d^7*e*f*g^5)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2)*log((d*e^2*f*g*x + d^3*g^2 - sqrt(-e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2)*(e^2*f*x + d^2*g + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))*d*g) - (e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)*sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2))/(g*x + f)) - (21*d^2*e^7*f^7 + 74*d^3*e^6*f^6*g + 66*d^4*e^5*f^5*g^2 - 328*d^5*e^4*f^4*g^3 + 30*d^6*e^3*f^3*g^4 + 239*d^7*e^2*f^2*g^5 - 117*d^8*e*f*g^6 + 15*d^9*g^7)*x + (7*d^2*e^6*f^7 + 27*d^3*e^5*f^6*g + 31*d^4*e^4*f^5*g^2 - 99*d^5*e^3*f^4*g^3 - 23*d^6*e^2*f^3*g^4 + 72*d^7*e*f^2*g^5 - 15*d^8*f*g^6 + (2*e^8*f^6*g + 12*d*e^7*f^5*g^2 + 41*d^2*e^6*f^4*g^3 - 84*d^3*e^5*f^3*g^4 - 43*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^5 + 72*d^5*e^3*f*g^6)*x^3 + (2*e^8*f^7 + ...
```

3.586.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**2/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

3.586.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.586.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^2/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.586.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^2(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^2*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.587 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.587.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 398

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(ef+dg)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{e^2(5d(ef-5dg)-e(ef+31dg)x)}{15d(ef+dg)^4(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e^2(90d^3g^2+e(2e^2f^2+19defg+107d^2g^2)x)}{15d^3(ef+dg)^5\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{g^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2(ef-dg)(ef+dg)^4(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3eg^4(3ef-2dg)\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2(ef-dg)^2(ef+dg)^5(f+gx)} + \frac{e^2g^3(20e^2f^2-30defg+13d^2g^2)\arctan\left(\frac{d^2g+e^2fx}{\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}\right)}{2(ef-dg)^2(ef+dg)^5\sqrt{e^2f^2-d^2g^2}}$$

output

```
4/5*d*e^2*(e*x+d)/(d*g+e*f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(5/2)-1/15*e^2*(5*d*(-5*d*g+e*f)-e*(31*d*g+e*f)*x)/d/(d*g+e*f)^4/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*e^2*g^3*(13*d^2*g^2-30*d*e*f*g+20*e^2*f^2)*arctan((e^2*f*x+d^2*g)/(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)^(1/2))/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(d*g+e*f)^5/(-d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)^(1/2)+1/15*e^2*(90*d^3*g^2+e*(107*d^2*g^2+19*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)*x)/d^3/(d*g+e*f)^5/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)+1/2*g^4*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(d*g+e*f)^4/(g*x+f)^2+3/2*e*g^4*(-2*d*g+3*e*f)*(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(d*g+e*f)^5/(g*x+f)
```

3.587.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2} \left(\frac{6e^2(ef+dg)^2}{d(d-ex)^3} + \frac{2e^2(ef+dg)(2ef+17dg)}{d^2(d-ex)^2} + \frac{2e^2(2e^2f^2+19defg+107d^2g^2)}{d^3(d-ex)} + \frac{1}{e} \right)}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]*((6*e^2*(e*f + d*g)^2)/(d*(d - e*x)^3) + (2*e^2*(e*f + d*g)*(2*e*f + 17*d*g))/(d^2*(d - e*x)^2) + (2*e^2*(2*e^2*f^2 + 19*d*e*f*g + 107*d^2*g^2))/(d^3*(d - e*x)) + (15*g^4*(e*f + d*g))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^2) + (45*e*g^4*(3*e*f - 2*d*g))/((e*f - d*g)^2*(f + g*x))) - ((15*I)*e^2*g^3*(20*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*Log[(4*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f + d*g)^5*(I*d^2*g + I*e^2*f*x + Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2])*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]])/(e^2*g^2*Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]*(20*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*(f + g*x)))]/((e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]))/(30*(e*f + d*g)^5)`

3.587.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {713, 2178, 2178, 27, 2182, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 713

$$\int \frac{\frac{16d^3g^3x^3e^5}{(ef+dg)^3} + \frac{4d^3g^2(12ef+5dg)x^2e^4}{(ef+dg)^3} - \frac{d^2(5e^3f^3-33de^2gf^2-45d^2eg^2f-15d^3g^3)xe^3}{(ef+dg)^3} + \frac{d^3(e^3f^3+15de^2gf^2+15d^2eg^2f+5d^3g^3)e^2}{(ef+dg)^3}}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{5d^2e^2}{4de^2(d+ex)} \frac{1}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^3}$$

3.587. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

↓ 2178

$$\int \frac{2d^3g^3(ef+31dg)x^3e^7}{(ef+dg)^4} + \frac{3d^3g^2(2e^2f^2+57degf+25d^2g^2)x^2e^6}{(ef+dg)^4} + \frac{3d^3g(2e^2f^2+45degf+15d^2g^2)xe^5}{(ef+dg)^3} + \frac{d^3(2e^4f^4+17de^3gf^3+90d^2e^2g^2f^2+60d^3eg^3f+15d^4g^4)e}{(ef+dg)^4} dx}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^3} \quad 5d^2e^2$$

↓ 2178

$$15 \frac{\left(\frac{6d^6g^5x^2e^8}{(ef+dg)^5} + \frac{3d^6g^4(5ef+dg)xe^7}{(ef+dg)^5} + \frac{d^6g^3(10e^2f^2+5degf+d^2g^2)e^6}{(ef+dg)^5} \right) dx}{(f+gx)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{de^6(90d^3g^2+ex(107d^2g^2+19degf+2e^2f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^5}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^4(5d(ef-5dg)-ex(31dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^3} \quad 5d^2e^2$$

↓ 27

$$15 \int \frac{\frac{6d^6g^5x^2e^8}{(ef+dg)^5} + \frac{3d^6g^4(5ef+dg)xe^7}{(ef+dg)^5} + \frac{d^6g^3(10e^2f^2+5degf+d^2g^2)e^6}{(ef+dg)^5}}{(f+gx)^3\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} dx + \frac{de^6(90d^3g^2+ex(107d^2g^2+19degf+2e^2f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^5}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^4(5d(ef-5dg)-ex(31dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^4}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^3} \quad 5d^2e^2$$

↓ 2182

$$15 \left(\frac{\int \frac{d^6e^7g^3(2(10e^2f^2-5degf-3d^2g^2)+eg(11ef-13dg)x) dx}{(ef+dg)^4(f+gx)^2\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}} + \frac{d^6e^6g^4\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)(dg+ef)^4}}{d^2e^2} \right) + \frac{de^6(90d^3g^2+ex(107d^2g^2+19degf+2e^2f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2-e^2x^2}(dg+ef)^5}}{3d^2e^2} - \frac{de^4(5d(ef-5dg)-ex(31dg+ef))}{3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{3/2}(dg+ef)^4}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2-e^2x^2)^{5/2}(dg+ef)^3} \quad 5d^2e^2$$

↓ 27

3.587. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$15 \left(\frac{d^6 e^7 g^3 \int \frac{2(10e^2 f^2 - 5defg - 3d^2 g^2) + eg(11ef - 13dg)x}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx}{2(dg+ef)^4 (e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2)} + \frac{d^6 e^6 g^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2(f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)(dg+ef)^4} \right) + \frac{de^6 (90d^3 g^2 + ex(107d^2 g^2 + 19defg + 2e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (dg+ef)^5} - \frac{de^4 (5d(ef-5d^2) + 5ef^2)}{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (dg+ef)^3}$$

↓ 679

$$15 \left(\frac{d^6 e^7 g^3 \left(\frac{e(13d^2 g^2 - 30defg + 20e^2 f^2)}{ef-dg} \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{3g\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(3ef-2dg)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)} \right)}{2(dg+ef)^4 (e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2)} + \frac{d^6 e^6 g^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2(f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)(dg+ef)^4} \right) + \frac{de^6 (90d^3 g^2 + ex(107d^2 g^2 + 19defg + 2e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (dg+ef)^5} - \frac{de^4 (5d(ef-5d^2) + 5ef^2)}{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (dg+ef)^3}$$

↓ 488

$$15 \left(\frac{d^6 e^7 g^3 \left(\frac{e(13d^2 g^2 - 30defg + 20e^2 f^2)}{ef-dg} \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{3g\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(3ef-2dg)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)} - \frac{(gd^2 + e^2 fx)^2}{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \frac{dgd^2 + e^2 fx}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}} \right)}{2(dg+ef)^4 (e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2)} + \frac{d^6 e^6 g^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2(f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)(dg+ef)^4} \right) + \frac{de^6 (90d^3 g^2 + ex(107d^2 g^2 + 19defg + 2e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} (dg+ef)^5} - \frac{de^4 (5d(ef-5d^2) + 5ef^2)}{3(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (dg+ef)^3}$$

↓ 217

3.587. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3 (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{d^6 e^7 g^3 \left(\frac{e(13d^2 g^2 - 30defg + 20e^2 f^2) \arctan\left(\frac{d^2 g + e^2 f x}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2} \sqrt{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}}\right) + \frac{3g\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}(3ef - 2dg)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)}}{(ef-dg)\sqrt{e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2}} \right) + \frac{d^6 e^6 g^4 \sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}{2(f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)(dg+ef)^4}}{2(dg+ef)^4 (e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2)} + \frac{de^6 (90d^3 g^2 + ex(10d^2 g^2 - e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{d^2 - e^2 x^2}}}{d^2 e^2} + \frac{5d^2 e^2}{3d^2 e^2} + \frac{4de^2(d+ex)}{5(d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{5/2} (dg+ef)^3}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x]
```

```
output (4*d*e^2*(d + e*x))/(5*(e*f + d*g)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(5/2)) + (-1/3*(d*e^4
*(5*d*(e*f - 5*d*g) - e*(e*f + 31*d*g)*x))/((e*f + d*g)^4*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(
(3/2)) + ((d*e^6*(90*d^3*g^2 + e*(2*e^2*f^2 + 19*d*e*f*g + 107*d^2*g^2)*x)
)/((e*f + d*g)^5*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]) + (15*((d^6*e^6*g^4*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x
^2]))/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f + d*g)^4*(f + g*x)^2) + (d^6*e^7*g^3*((3*g*(3*e*f
- 2*d*g)*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) + (e*(20*e^2*f^2 -
30*d*e*f*g + 13*d^2*g^2)*ArcTan[(d^2*g + e^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2]
*Sqrt[d^2 - e^2*x^2]))/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2])))/(2*(e*f +
d*g)^4*(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)))/(d^2*e^2)/(3*d^2*e^2)/(5*d^2*e^2)
```

3.587.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 217 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

3.587. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 713 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*S - c*R*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*c*(p + 1)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m + (c*R*(2*p + 3))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 2178 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*S - b*R*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*b*(p + 1)*Qx)/(d + e*x)^m + (b*R*(2*p + 3))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2182 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

3.587.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6395 vs. $2(370) = 740$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6396, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6396

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.587.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2651 vs. $2(369) = 738$.

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5361, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Too large to include`

3.587.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(-(-d+ex)(d+ex))^{7/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**3/(-e**2*x**2+d**2)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/((-(-d + e*x)*(d + e*x))**(7/2)*(f + g*x)**3), x)`

3.587.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.587.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1401 vs. 2(369) = 738.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1401, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^3/(-e^2*x^2+d^2)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(20*e^5*f^2*g^3 - 30*d*e^4*f*g^4 + 13*d^2*e^3*g^5)*arctan((d*g + (d*e + s
qrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*f/(e*x))/sqrt(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2))/((e^7*f^7*ab
s(e) + 3*d*e^6*f^6*g*abs(e) + d^2*e^5*f^5*g^2*abs(e) - 5*d^3*e^4*f^4*g^3*a
bs(e) - 5*d^4*e^3*f^3*g^4*abs(e) + d^5*e^2*f^2*g^5*abs(e) + 3*d^6*e*f*g^6*
abs(e) + d^7*g^7*abs(e))*sqrt(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2)) - (10*d*e^5*f^4*g^4 - 6*
d^2*e^4*f^3*g^5 - d^3*e^3*f^2*g^6 + 29*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))
*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^5/x - 18*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^3*e*f^2*g^6/
x - 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d^4*f*g^7/x + 10*(d*e + sqrt(-e^
2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d*e*f^4*g^4/x^2 - 6*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs
(e))^2*d^2*f^3*g^5/x^2 + 19*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^3*f^2*
g^6/(e*x^2) - 12*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^4*f*g^7/(e^2*x^2)
- 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*d^5*g^8/(e^3*x^2) + 11*(d*e + s
qrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^2*f^3*g^5/(e^2*x^3) - 6*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x
^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^3*d^3*f^2*g^6/(e^3*x^3) - 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*
abs(e))^3*d^4*f*g^7/(e^4*x^3))/((e^7*f^9*abs(e) + 3*d*e^6*f^8*g*abs(e) + d
^2*e^5*f^7*g^2*abs(e) - 5*d^3*e^4*f^6*g^3*abs(e) - 5*d^4*e^3*f^5*g^4*abs(e
) + d^5*e^2*f^4*g^5*abs(e) + 3*d^6*e*f^3*g^6*abs(e) + d^7*f^2*g^7*abs(e))*
(e*f + 2*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*d*g/(e^2*x) + (d*e + sqrt(-e^
2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))^2*f/(e^3*x^2))^2) + 2/15*(7*e^5*f^2 + 44*d*e^4*f*g +
127*d^2*e^3*g^2 - 20*(d*e + sqrt(-e^2*x^2 + d^2)*abs(e))*e^3*f^2/x - 14...

```

3.587.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^3(d^2-e^2x^2)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^3*(d^2 - e^2*x^2)^(7/2)), x)`

3.588 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$

3.588.1 Optimal result 4332
 3.588.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4332
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3.588.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^2(e f - dg)\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2g} - \frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(3/2)-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^2/g
```

3.588.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2g + ae^2g - cef(d + ex) + cdg(d + ex))}{e^2g(ef - dg)\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)),x]
```

output $(-2*(c*d^2*g + a*e^2*g - c*e*f*(d + e*x) + c*d*g*(d + e*x))/(e^2*g*(e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/g])/\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g])/(g^{(3/2)}*(e*f - d*g)^{(3/2)})$

3.588.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {649, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 649

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2}{(d+ex)(ef - dg + g(d+ex))} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2}$$

↓ 1584

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{(cf^2 + ag^2)e^2}{g(dg - ef)(-ef + dg - g(d+ex))} + \frac{c}{g} - \frac{-cd^2 - ae^2}{(ef - dg)(d+ex)} \right) d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{e^2(ag^2 + cf^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)} + \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}}{g} \right)}{e^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output $(2*(-((c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])) + (c*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/g - (e^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/g])/\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g])/(g^{(3/2)}*(e*f - d*g)^{(3/2)}))/e^2$

3.588.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 649 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]
```

```
rule 1584 Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.588.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d}}{g} - \frac{2e^2(a g^2 + c f^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}}\right)}{(dg-ef)g\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}} + \frac{2(e^2 a + c d^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	111
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d}}{g} - \frac{2e^2(a g^2 + c f^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}}\right)}{(dg-ef)g\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}} - \frac{2(-e^2 a - c d^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	114
default	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d}}{g} - \frac{2e^2(a g^2 + c f^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}}\right)}{(dg-ef)g\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}} - \frac{2(-e^2 a - c d^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	114
risch	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^2 g} - \frac{2\left(\frac{e^2(a g^2 + c f^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}}\right)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)g}} - \frac{(e^2 a + c d^2)g}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{ex+d}}\right)}{g e^2}$	117

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/e^2*(c/g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-e^2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)/g/((d*g-e*f)*g)^(1/2)*arctanh(g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*g)^(1/2))+a*(e^2+c*d^2)/(d*g-e*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))
```

3.588.
$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

3.588.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \frac{\left[(cde^2f^2 + ade^2g^2 + (ce^3f^2 + ae^3g^2)x)\sqrt{-efg + dg^2} \log\left(\frac{egx - ef + 2dg - 2\sqrt{-efg + dg^2}}{gx + f}\right) \right]}{de^4f^2g^2 - 2d^2e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[((c*d*e^2*f^2 + a*d*e^2*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-e*f*g + d*g^2)*log((e*g*x - e*f + 2*d*g - 2*sqrt(-e*f*g + d*g^2))*sqrt(e*x + d))/(g*x + f) + 2*(c*d*e^2*f^2*g - (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 + (2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*g^3 + (c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(d*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + d^3*e^2*g^4 + (e^5*f^2*g^2 - 2*d*e^4*f*g^3 + d^2*e^3*g^4)*x), 2*((c*d*e^2*f^2 + a*d*e^2*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*f*g - d*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(e*f*g - d*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e*g*x + d*g)) + (c*d*e^2*f^2*g - (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 + (2*c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*g^3 + (c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(d*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + d^3*e^2*g^4 + (e^5*f^2*g^2 - 2*d*e^4*f*g^3 + d^2*e^3*g^4)*x)]`

3.588.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}}{eg} + \frac{e(ag^2+cf^2) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\frac{dg-ef}{g}}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{-\frac{dg-ef}{g}}(dg-ef)} + \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{e\sqrt{d+ex}(dg-ef)} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{(ag^2+cf^2) \begin{cases} \frac{x}{f} & \text{for } g = 0 \\ \frac{\log(f+gx)}{g} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}g^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

3.588. $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$

```
output Piecewise((2*(c*sqrt(d + e*x)/(e*g) + e*(a*g**2 + c*f**2)*atan(sqrt(d + e*
x)/sqrt(-(d*g - e*f)/g))/(g**2*sqrt(-(d*g - e*f)/g)*(d*g - e*f)) + (a*e**2
+ c*d**2)/(e*sqrt(d + e*x)*(d*g - e*f)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((-c*f*x/g**2 + c*
x**2/(2*g) + (a*g**2 + c*f**2)*Piecewise((x/f, Eq(g, 0)), (log(f + g*x)/g,
True))/g**2)/d**(3/2), True))
```

3.588.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

3.588.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = -\frac{2(c f^2 + a g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dg}}{\sqrt{efg-dg^2}}\right)}{(efg - dg^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{(e^3 f - de^2 g)\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ex+dc}}{e^2 g}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*g/sqrt(e*f*g - d*g^2))/(e*f*g - d*
g^2)^(3/2) - 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e^3*f - d*e^2*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + 2*sqrt(
e*x + d)*c/(e^2*g)
```

3.588.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2 g} + \frac{2(cgd^2 + age^2)}{e^2 g (dg - ef) \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dg^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex} - ef\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{(dg-ef)^{3/2}}\right) (cf^2 + ag^2) 2i}{g^{3/2} (dg - ef)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `(atan((d*g^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*1i - e*f*g^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*1i)/(d*g - e*f)^(3/2))*(a*g^2 + c*f^2)*2i)/(g^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(e^2*g) + (2*(a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g))/(e^2*g*(d*g - e*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))`

3.589 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.589.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2(ef-dg)^3(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^6} + \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(3aeg^2+cf(5ef-2dg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^6} - \frac{2(ef-dg)(3ae^2g^2+c(10e^2f^2-8defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^6} + \frac{2e(ae^2g^2+c(10e^2f^2-12defg+3d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^6} - \frac{2ce^2(5ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6}$$

```
output 2/3*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+5*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^6-2/5*(-d*
g+e*f)*(3*a*e^2*g^2+c*(d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^6+2/
7*e*(a*e^2*g^2+c*(3*d^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^6-2/9*
c*e^2*(-3*d*g+5*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^6+2/11*c*e^3*(g*x+f)^(11/2)/g^6-2*(-d
*g+e*f)^3*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^6
```

3.589.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(99ag^2(35d^3g^3 + 35d^2eg^2(-2f+gx) + 7de^2g(8f^2 - 4fgx + 3g^2x^2) + e^3(-16f^3 + 8f^2gx - 6fgx^2 + 5g^3x^3)) + c(231d^3g^3(8f^2 - 4f*gx + 3g^2x^2) + 297d^2eg^2(-16f^3 + 8f^2*gx - 6f*gx^2 + 5g^3x^3) + 33d*e^2g*(128f^4 - 64f^3*gx + 48f^2*g^2x^2 - 40f*g^3x^3 + 35g^4x^4) - 5e^3(256f^5 - 128f^4*gx + 96f^3*g^2x^2 - 80f^2*g^3x^3 + 70f*g^4x^4 - 63g^5x^5)))/(3465g^6)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(99*a*g^2*(35*d^3*g^3 + 35*d^2*e*g^2*(-2*f + g*x) + 7*d*e^2*g*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + e^3*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3)) + c*(231*d^3*g^3*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + 297*d^2*e*g^2*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + 33*d*e^2*g*(128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 48*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 40*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4) - 5*e^3(256*f^5 - 128*f^4*g*x + 96*f^3*g^2*x^2 - 80*f^2*g^3*x^3 + 70*f*g^4*x^4 - 63*g^5*x^5)))/(3465*g^6)`**3.589.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 652$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e(f+gx)^{5/2}(ae^2g^2 + c(3d^2g^2 - 12defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(-3ae^2g^2 - c(d^2g^2 - 8defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2e(f+gx)^{7/2}(ae^2g^2+c(3d^2g^2-12defg+10e^2f^2))}{7g^6} - \frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-dg)(3ae^2g^2+c(d^2g^2-8defg+10e^2f^2))}{5g^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ag^2+cf^2)(ef-dg)^3}{g^6} + \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)^2(3aeg^2+cf(5ef-2dg))}{3g^6} - \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}(5ef-3dg)}{9g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(-2*(e*f - d*g)^3*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^6 + (2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*f*(5*e*f - 2*d*g))*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^6) - (2*(e*f - d*g)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^6) + (2*e*(a*e^2*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^6) - (2*c*e^2*(5*e*f - 3*d*g)*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^6) + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(11/2))/(11*g^6)`

3.589.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`


```
output 2/3465*(315*c*e^3*g^5*x^5 - 1280*c*e^3*f^5 + 4224*c*d*e^2*f^4*g - 6930*a*d
^2*e*f*g^4 + 3465*a*d^3*g^5 - 1584*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + 1848*(c*d
^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - 35*(10*c*e^3*f*g^4 - 33*c*d*e^2*g^5)*x^4 + 5*(80
*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 264*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 + 99*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^5)*x^3 - 3*(
160*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 528*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 198*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^4 -
231*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^5)*x^2 + (640*c*e^3*f^4*g - 2112*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^2
+ 3465*a*d^2*e*g^5 + 792*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 924*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d
*e^2)*f*g^4)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^6
```

3.589.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 502 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{ce^3(f+gx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (3cde^2g - 5ce^3f)}{9g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}} (ae^3g^2 + 3cd^2eg^2 - 12cde^2fg + 10ce^3f^2)}{7g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3ade^2g^3 - 3ae^3fg^2 + cd^3g^3 - 9cd^2efg^2 + 18cd^2e^2fg)}{5g^5} \right) \\ \frac{ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + \frac{3cde^2x^5}{5} + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{x^4(ae^3 + 3cd^2e)}{4} + \frac{x^3(3ade^2 + cd^3)}{3}}{\sqrt{f}} \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((2*(c*e**3*(f + g*x)**(11/2)/(11*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(9/2)*(3*c*d
**2*g - 5*c*e**3*f)/(9*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(a*e**3*g**2 + 3*c*d**2*
e*g**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f*g + 10*c*e**3*f**2)/(7*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(3*
a*d*e**2*g**3 - 3*a*e**3*f*g**2 + c*d**3*g**3 - 9*c*d**2*e*f*g**2 + 18*c*d
**2*f**2*g - 10*c*e**3*f**3)/(5*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(3*a*d**2*e*g**
4 - 6*a*d*e**2*f*g**3 + 3*a*e**3*f**2*g**2 - 2*c*d**3*f*g**3 + 9*c*d**2*e*
f**2*g**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f**3*g + 5*c*e**3*f**4)/(3*g**5) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(
a*d**3*g**5 - 3*a*d**2*e*f*g**4 + 3*a*d*e**2*f**2*g**3 - a*e**3*f**3*g**2
+ c*d**3*f**2*g**3 - 3*c*d**2*e*f**3*g**2 + 3*c*d*e**2*f**4*g - c*e**3*f**
5)/g**5)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + 3*c*d*e**2*x**5/5
+ c*e**3*x**6/6 + x**4*(a*e**3 + 3*c*d**2*e)/4 + x**3*(3*a*d*e**2 + c*d**3
)/3)/sqrt(f), True))
```

3.589.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (gx+f)^{\frac{11}{2}} ce^3 - 385 (5ce^3f - 3cde^2g)(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 495 (10ce^3f^2 - 12cde^2fg + (3cd^2e + ae^3)g^2) \right)}{g^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3465*(315*(g*x + f)^(11/2)*c*e^3 - 385*(5*c*e^3*f - 3*c*d*e^2*g)*(g*x + f)^(9/2) + 495*(10*c*e^3*f^2 - 12*c*d*e^2*f*g + (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 693*(10*c*e^3*f^3 - 18*c*d*e^2*f^2*g + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) + 1155*(5*c*e^3*f^4 - 12*c*d*e^2*f^3*g + 3*a*d^2*e*g^4 + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^3)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3465*(c*e^3*f^5 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 3*a*d^2*e*f*g^4 - a*d^3*g^5 + (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - (c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^6`**3.589.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 \sqrt{gx+f} ad^3 + \frac{3465 \left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{gx+ff} \right) ad^2 e}{g} + \frac{231 \left(3 (gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} f + 15 \sqrt{gx+ff^2} \right) cd^3}{g^2} + \frac{693 \left(3 (gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{g^2} \right)}{g^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/3465*(3465*\sqrt{g*x + f})*a*d^3 + 3465*((g*x + f)^{(3/2)} - 3*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f)*a*d^2*e/g + 231*(3*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)} - 10*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f + 15*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^2)*c*d^3/g^2 + 693*(3*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)} - 10*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f + 15*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^2)*a*d*e^2/g^2 + 297*(5*(g*x + f)^{(7/2)} - 21*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)}*f + 35*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f^2 - 35*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^3)*c*d^2*e/g^3 + 99*(5*(g*x + f)^{(7/2)} - 21*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)}*f + 35*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f^2 - 35*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^3)*a*e^3/g^3 + 33*(35*(g*x + f)^{(9/2)} - 180*(g*x + f)^{(7/2)}*f + 378*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)}*f^2 - 420*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f^3 + 315*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^4)*c*d*e^2/g^4 + 5*(63*(g*x + f)^{(11/2)} - 385*(g*x + f)^{(9/2)}*f + 990*(g*x + f)^{(7/2)}*f^2 - 1386*(g*x + f)^{(5/2)}*f^3 + 1155*(g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*f^4 - 693*\sqrt{g*x + f})*f^5)*c*e^3/g^5)/g$

3.589.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \\ &= \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2}(6cd^2e^2g^2 - 24cde^2fg + 20ce^3f^2 + 2ae^3g^2)}{7g^6} \\ &+ \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(cf^2+ag^2)(dg-ef)^3}{g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6} \\ &+ \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg-ef)^2(5cef^2 - 2cdfg + 3aeg^2)}{3g^6} \\ &+ \frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2}(dg-ef)(cd^2g^2 - 8cdefg + 10ce^2f^2 + 3ae^2g^2)}{5g^6} \\ &+ \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}(3dg-5ef)}{9g^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output $((f + g*x)^{(7/2)}*(2*a*e^3*g^2 + 20*c*e^3*f^2 + 6*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 24*c*d*e^2*f*g))/(7*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a*g^2 + c*f^2)*(d*g - e*f)^3)/g^6 + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}*(d*g - e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2 + 5*c*e*f^2 - 2*c*d*f*g))/(3*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}*(d*g - e*f)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 + 10*c*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d*e*f*g))/(5*g^6) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^{(9/2)}*(3*d*g - 5*e*f))/(9*g^6)$

3.590 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.590.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^5} - \frac{4(ef-dg)(aeg^2+cf(2ef-dg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^5} + \frac{2(ae^2g^2+c(6e^2f^2-6defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^5} - \frac{4ce(2ef-dg)(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5}$$

output

```
-4/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*e*g^2+c*f*(-d*g+2*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^5+2/5*(a*e^2*g^2+c*(d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^5-4/7*c*e*(-d*g+2*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^5+2/9*c*e^2*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^5+2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^5
```


3.590.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(21ag^2(15d^2g^2+10deg(-2f+gx))+e^2(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))+c(21d^2g^2(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))}{315g^5}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(21*a*g^2*(15*d^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*g*(-2*f + g*x) + e^2*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + c*(21*d^2*g^2*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + 18*d*e*g*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + e^2*(128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 48*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 40*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4))))/(315*g^5)`**3.590.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ae^2g^2+c(d^2g^2-6defg+6e^2f^2))}{g^4} + \frac{(ag^2+cf^2)(dg-ef)^2}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)(-aeg^2-c)}{g^4} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2}(ae^2g^2+c(d^2g^2-6defg+6e^2f^2))}{5g^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ag^2+cf^2)(ef-dg)^2}{g^5} - \frac{4(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(aeg^2+cf(2ef-dg))}{3g^5} - \frac{4ce(f+gx)^{7/2}(2ef-dg)}{7g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

3.590. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

```
output (2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^5 - (4*(e*f - d*g)*(a*e*
g^2 + c*f*(2*e*f - d*g))*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^5) + (2*(a*e^2*g^2 + c*(6*e
^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^5) - (4*c*e*(2*e*f -
d*g)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^5) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^5)
```

3.590.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x
_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c
*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.590.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} \left(\left(\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{5cx^2}{9} + a \right) e^2}{5} + \frac{2xd \left(\frac{3cx^2}{7} + a \right) e}{3} + d^2 \left(\frac{cx^2}{5} + a \right) \right) g^4 - \frac{4 \left(\left(\frac{2}{21} cx^3 + \frac{1}{5} ax \right) e^2 + d \left(\frac{9cx^2}{35} + a \right) e + \frac{cd^2x}{5} \right) f g^3}{3} - \frac{8f^2}{3}}{g^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(dg-ef)ec-2ce^2f)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)^2c-4(dg-ef)ecf+e^2(ag^2+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(dg-ef)^2cf+2c^2d^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{g^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(dg-ef)ec-2ce^2f)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)^2c-4(dg-ef)ecf+e^2(ag^2+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(dg-ef)^2cf+2c^2d^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{g^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2x^4g^4+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-108cdef g^3x^2+48ce^2f^2g^2x^2+210ade g^4x-128d^2e^2f^2)}{g^5}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2x^4g^4+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-108cdef g^3x^2+48ce^2f^2g^2x^2+210ade g^4x-128d^2e^2f^2)}{g^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2x^4g^4+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-108cdef g^3x^2+48ce^2f^2g^2x^2+210ade g^4x-128d^2e^2f^2)}{g^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((1/5*x^2*(5/9*c*x^2+a)*e^2+2/3*x*d*(3/7*c*x^2+a)*e+d^2*(1
/5*c*x^2+a))*g^4-4/3*((2/21*c*x^3+1/5*a*x)*e^2+d*(9/35*c*x^2+a)*e+1/5*c*d^
2*x)*f*g^3+8/15*f^2*((2/7*c*x^2+a)*e^2+6/7*c*d*e*x+c*d^2)*g^2-32/35*e*c*f^
3*(2/9*e*x+d)*g+128/315*c*e^2*f^4)/g^5
```

3.590.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.590.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35ce^2g^4x^4 + 128ce^2f^4 - 288cdef^3g - 420adefg^3 + 315ad^2g^4 + 168(cd^2 + ae^2)f^2g^2 - 10(4ce^2fg^3 -$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*c*e^2*g^4*x^4 + 128*c*e^2*f^4 - 288*c*d*e*f^3*g - 420*a*d*e*f*g^3 + 315*a*d^2*g^4 + 168*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - 10*(4*c*e^2*f*g^3 - 9*c*d*e*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(16*c*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 36*c*d*e*f*g^3 + 21*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^4)*x^2 - 2*(32*c*e^2*f^3*g - 72*c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - 105*a*d*e*g^4 + 42*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^5`**3.590.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{ce^2(f+gx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (2cdeg - 4ce^2f)}{7g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ae^2g^2 + cd^2g^2 - 6cdefg + 6ce^2f^2)}{5g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (2adeg^3 - 2ae^2fg^2 - 2cd^2fg^2 + 6cdef^2g - 4ce^2f^3)}{3g^4} \right) + \sqrt{f+gx} \cdot \left(\frac{ad^2x + adex^2 + cde^2x^4}{2} + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{x^3(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3} \right)}{g \sqrt{f+gx}} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*e**2*(f + g*x)**(9/2))/(9*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(2*c*d*e*g - 4*c*e**2*f)/(7*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**2*g**2 + c*d**2*g**2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + 6*c*e**2*f**2)/(5*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(2*a*d*e*g**3 - 2*a*e**2*f*g**2 - 2*c*d**2*f*g**2 + 6*c*d*e*f**2*g - 4*c*e**2*f**3)/(3*g**4) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*d**2*g**4 - 2*a*d*e*f*g**3 + a*e**2*f**2*g**2 + c*d**2*f**2*g**2 - 2*c*d*e*f**3*g + c*e**2*f**4)/g**4)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + c*d*e*x**4/2 + c*e**2*x**5/5 + x**3*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/3)/sqrt(f), True))`

3.590. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.590.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35 (gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}} ce^2 - 90 (2ce^2f - cdeg)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (6ce^2f^2 - 6cdefg + (cd^2 + ae^2)g^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 210 (2ce^2f^3 - 3cd^2ef^2g - ad^2efg^3 + (cd^2 + ae^2)fg^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315 (ce^2f^4 - 2cd^2ef^3g - 2ad^2efg^3 + ad^2g^4 + (cd^2 + ae^2)f^2g^2) \sqrt{gx+f} \right)}{g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
2/315*(35*(g*x + f)^(9/2)*c*e^2 - 90*(2*c*e^2*f - c*d*e*g)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)
+ 63*(6*c*e^2*f^2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) -
210*(2*c*e^2*f^3 - 3*c*d*e*f^2*g - a*d*e*g^3 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*(g*x
+ f)^(3/2) + 315*(c*e^2*f^4 - 2*c*d*e*f^3*g - 2*a*d*e*f*g^3 + a*d^2*g^4 +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^5
```

3.590.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{gx+f} ad^2 + \frac{210 \left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{gx+ff} \right) ade}{g} + \frac{21 \left(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff}f^2 \right) cd^2}{g^2} + \frac{21 \left(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff}f^2 \right) cd^2}{g^2} \right)}{g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
2/315*(315*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d^2 + 210*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)
*a*d*e/g + 21*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)
*f^2)*c*d^2/g^2 + 21*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g
*x + f)*f^2)*a*e^2/g^2 + 18*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35
*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*c*d*e/g^3 + (35*(g*x + f)^(9/
2) - 180*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*f + 378*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f^2 - 420*(g*x + f)^(3/2)
*f^3 + 315*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^4)*c*e^2/g^4)/g
```

3.590.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(2cd^2g^2 - 12cdefg + 12ce^2f^2 + 2ae^2g^2)}{5g^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(cf^2 + ag^2)(dg - ef)^2}{g^5} + \frac{4(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg - ef)(2cef^2 - cdfg + aeg^2)}{3g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5} + \frac{4ce(f+gx)^{7/2}(dg - 2ef)}{7g^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(2*a*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*g^2 + 12*c*e^2*f^2 - 12*c*d*e*f*g)/(5*g^5) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*g^2 + c*f^2)*(d*g - e*f)^2)/g^5 + (4*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(a*e*g^2 + 2*c*e*f^2 - c*d*f*g))/(3*g^5) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^5) + (4*c*e*(f + g*x)^(7/2)*(d*g - 2*e*f))/(7*g^5)`

3.591 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.591.1 Optimal result	4351
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3.591.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4352
3.591.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4353
3.591.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	4354
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3.591.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4355
3.591.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4355
3.591.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4356

3.591.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^4} + \frac{2(aeg^2+cf(3ef-2dg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^4} - \frac{2c(3ef-dg)(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4}$$

output $2/3*(a*e*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+3*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^4-2/5*c*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^4+2/7*c*e*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^4-2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^4$

3.591.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(35ag^2(-2ef+3dg+egx)+7cdg(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)-3ce(16f^3-8f^2gx+6fg^2x^2-5g^3x^3))}{105g^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output $(2\sqrt{f + gx}*(35*a*g^2*(-2*ef + 3*d*g + e*gx) + 7*c*d*g*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) - 3*c*e*(16*f^3 - 8*f^2*g*x + 6*f*g^2*x^2 - 5*g^3*x^3)))/(105*g^4)$

3.591.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ag^2 + cf^2)(dg - ef)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(aeg^2 + cf(3ef - 2dg))}{g^3} + \frac{c(f + gx)^{3/2}(dg - 3ef)}{g^3} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^{5/2}}{g^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(ag^2 + cf^2)(ef - dg)}{g^4} + \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}(aeg^2 + cf(3ef - 2dg))}{3g^4} - \frac{2c(f + gx)^{5/2}(3ef - dg)}{5g^4} + \frac{2ce(f + gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output $(-2*(ef - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*\sqrt{f + g*x})/g^4 + (2*(a*e*g^2 + c*f*(3*ef - 2*d*g))*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*g^4) - (2*c*(3*ef - d*g)*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*g^4) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*g^4)$

3.591.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 652 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.591.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} \left(\left(\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{5ex}{7} + d \right) c}{5} + a \left(\frac{ex}{3} + d \right) \right) g^3 - \frac{2f \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{9ex}{14} + d \right) xc}{5} + ae \right) g^2}{3} + \frac{8c \left(\frac{3ex}{7} + d \right) f^2 g}{15} - \frac{16ce f^3}{35} \right)}{g^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105ad g^3 - 70aef g^2 + 56cd f^2 g - 48ce f^3)}{105g^4}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105ad g^3 - 70aef g^2 + 56cd f^2 g - 48ce f^3)}{105g^4}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105ad g^3 - 70aef g^2 + 56cd f^2 g - 48ce f^3)}{105g^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)c-2cef)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(dg-ef)cf+e(a g^2+c f^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{g^4} + 2(dg-ef)(a g^2+c f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)c-2cef)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-2(dg-ef)cf+e(a g^2+c f^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{g^4} + 2(dg-ef)(a g^2+c f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((1/5*x^2*(5/7*e*x+d)*c+a*(1/3*e*x+d))*g^3-2/3*f*(2/5*(9/14*e*x+d)*x*c+a*e)*g^2+8/15*c*(3/7*e*x+d)*f^2*g-16/35*c*e*f^3)/g^4
```

3.591. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.591.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15ceg^3x^3 - 48cef^3 + 56cdf^2g - 70aefg^2 + 105adg^3 - 3(6cef^2g - 7cdg^3)x^2 + (24cef^2g - 28cdfg^2)}{105g^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/105*(15*c*e*g^3*x^3 - 48*c*e*f^3 + 56*c*d*f^2*g - 70*a*e*f*g^2 + 105*a*d*g^3 - 3*(6*c*e*f*g^2 - 7*c*d*g^3)*x^2 + (24*c*e*f^2*g - 28*c*d*f*g^2 + 35*a*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^4`**3.591.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{ce(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(cdg-3cef)}{5g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(aeg^2-2cdfg+3cef^2)}{3g^3} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(adg^3-aefg^2+cdf^2g-cef^3)}{g^3}\right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{adx + \frac{aex^2}{2} + \frac{cdx^3}{3} + \frac{cex^4}{4}}{\sqrt{f}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*e*(f + g*x)**(7/2)/(7*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(c*d*g - 3*c*e*f)/(5*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(a*e*g**2 - 2*c*d*f*g + 3*c*e*f**2)/(3*g**3) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*d*g**3 - a*e*f*g**2 + c*d*f**2*g - c*e*f**3)/g**3)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + c*d*x**3/3 + c*e*x**4/4)/sqrt(f), True))`

3.591.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}ce - 21(3cef - cdg)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(3cef^2 - 2cdfg + aeg^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105(cef^3 - cdg^2) \right)}{105g^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e - 21*(3*c*e*f - c*d*g)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) + 35*(3*c*e*f^2 - 2*c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 105*(c*e*f^3 - c*d*f^2*g + a*e*f*g^2 - a*d*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^4`**3.591.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(105\sqrt{gx+f}ad + \frac{35((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{gx+ff})ae}{g} + \frac{7(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff^2})cd}{g^2} + \frac{3(5(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}f + 35(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f^2 - 35\sqrt{gx+ff^3})c^2e}{g^3} \right)}{105g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(105*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d + 35*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*a*e/g + 7*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c*d/g^2 + 3*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*c*e/g^3)/g`

3.591.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(6cef^2-4cdfg+2aeg^2)}{3g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4} + \frac{2c(f+gx)^{5/2}(dg-3ef)}{5g^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(cf^2+ag^2)(dg-ef)}{g^4}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(2*a*e*g^2 + 6*c*e*f^2 - 4*c*d*f*g))/(3*g^4) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^4) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d*g - 3*e*f))/(5*g^4) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*g^2 + c*f^2)*(d*g - e*f))/g^4`

3.592 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.592.1 Optimal result	4357
3.592.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4357
3.592.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4358
3.592.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4359
3.592.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4359
3.592.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4360
3.592.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4360
3.592.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4360
3.592.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4361

3.592.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^3} - \frac{4cf(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3} + \frac{2c(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3}$$

output `-4/3*c*f*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^3+2/5*c*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^3+2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3`

3.592.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(15ag^2+c(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))}{15g^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(15*a*g^2 + c*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)))/(15*g^3)`

3.592.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left(\frac{ag^2 + cf^2}{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{g^2} - \frac{2cf\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(ag^2 + cf^2)}{g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3} - \frac{4cf(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^3 - (4*c*f*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^3) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^3)`

3.592.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.592.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(3(cx^2+5a)g^2-4cfxg+8cf^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{15g^3}$	40
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2-4cfxg+15ag^2+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	41
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2-4cfxg+15ag^2+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	41
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2-4cfxg+15ag^2+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	41
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4cf(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ag^2\sqrt{gx+f} + 2cf^2\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4cf(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ag^2\sqrt{gx+f} + 2cf^2\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3}$	52

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/15*(3*(c*x^2+5*a)*g^2-4*c*f*x*g+8*c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3`**3.592.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2(3cg^2x^2 - 4cfxg + 8cf^2 + 15ag^2)\sqrt{gx + f}}{15g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*c*g^2*x^2 - 4*c*f*g*x + 8*c*f^2 + 15*a*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^3`

3.592.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \left(f^2\sqrt{f+gx} - 2f\left(\frac{f+gx}{3}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{f+gx}{5}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{g^2}}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{\sqrt{f}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise(((2*a*sqrt(f + g*x) + 2*c*(f**2*sqrt(f + g*x) - 2*f*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/3 + (f + g*x)**(5/2)/5)/g**2)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/sqrt(f), True))`**3.592.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15\sqrt{gx + f}a + \frac{(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff^2})c}{g^2} \right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a + (3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c/g^2)/g`**3.592.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15\sqrt{gx + f}a + \frac{(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff^2})c}{g^2} \right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a + (3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c/g^2)/g`

3.592.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} (3c(f + gx)^2 + 15ag^2 + 15cf^2 - 10cf(f + gx))}{15g^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(3*c*(f + g*x)^2 + 15*a*g^2 + 15*c*f^2 - 10*c*f*(f + g*x)))/(15*g^3)`

3.593 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.593.1 Optimal result	4362
3.593.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4362
3.593.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4363
3.593.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4364
3.593.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4365
3.593.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4365
3.593.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	4366
3.593.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4366
3.593.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4367

3.593.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{2c(ef + dg)\sqrt{f + gx}}{e^2 g^2} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3eg^2} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{ef - dg}}$$

output $2/3*c*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/e/g^2-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)^{(1/2)})/e^{(5/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)^{(1/2)}-2*c*(d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/e^2/g^2$

3.593.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}(-2ef - 3dg + egx)}{3e^2 g^2} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{-ef + dg}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(2*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(-2*e*f - 3*d*g + e*g*x))/(3*e^2*g^2) + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x)]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])/(e^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])$

3.593.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {649, 25, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{649} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1467} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{c(ef+dg)}{e^2} - \frac{c(f+gx)}{e} + \frac{cd^2g^2 + ae^2g^2}{e^2(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} \right) d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{g^2(ae^2 + cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} - \frac{c\sqrt{f+gx}(dg+ef)}{e^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{g^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(2*(-((c*(e*f + d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/e^2) + (c*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(e^(5/2)*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]))/g^2`

3.593.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 649 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`

rule 1467 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.593.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2c(-egx+3dg+2ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}{3g^2e^2} + \frac{2(e^2a+cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	82
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}(-egx+3dg+2ef)}{3} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}}{g^2e^2}$	83
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2c\left(-\frac{e(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + dg\sqrt{gx+f} + ef\sqrt{gx+f}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	96
default	$-\frac{2c\left(-\frac{e(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + dg\sqrt{gx+f} + ef\sqrt{gx+f}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	96

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*c*(-e*g*x+3*d*g+2*e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^2/e^2+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)})$$

3.593.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{e^2f - deg}g^2 \log\left(\frac{egx + 2ef - dg - 2\sqrt{e^2f - deg}\sqrt{gx + f}}{ex + d}\right) - 2(2ce^3f^2 + cde^2fg - 3cd^2eg^2 - (ce^3fg - 3e^4fg^2 - de^3g^3))}{3(e^4fg^2 - de^3g^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{3} * (3 * (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * \sqrt{e^2 * f - d * e * g}) * g^2 * \log\left(\frac{e * g * x + 2 * e * f - d * g - 2 * \sqrt{e^2 * f - d * e * g} * \sqrt{g * x + f}}{e * x + d}\right) - 2 * (2 * c * e^3 * f^2 + c * d * e^2 * f * g - 3 * c * d^2 * e * g^2 - (c * e^3 * f * g - c * d * e^2 * g^2) * x) * \sqrt{g * x + f}}{e^4 * f * g^2 - d * e^3 * g^3}, \frac{2}{3} * (3 * (c * d^2 + a * e^2) * \sqrt{-e^2 * f + d * e * g}) * g^2 * \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2 * f + d * e * g} * \sqrt{g * x + f}}{e * g * x + e * f}\right) - (2 * c * e^3 * f^2 + c * d * e^2 * f * g - 3 * c * d^2 * e * g^2 - (c * e^3 * f * g - c * d * e^2 * g^2) * x) * \sqrt{g * x + f}}{e^4 * f * g^2 - d * e^3 * g^3} \right]$$

3.593.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{c(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3eg} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(-cdg-cef)}{e^2g} + \frac{g(ae^2+cd^2) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{dg-ef}} \right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x}{d} & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{\log(d+ex)}{e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{\frac{-cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{e^2}{\sqrt{f}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

3.593.
$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

```
output Piecewise((2*(c*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/(3*e*g) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(-c*d*g - c*e*f)/
(e**2*g) + g*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)))/(e*
*3*sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((-c*d*x/e**2 + c*x**2/(2*e) + (a*e
**2 + c*d**2)*Piecewise((x/d, Eq(e, 0)), (log(d + e*x)/e, True))/e**2)/sqr
t(f), True))
```

3.593.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.593.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2f+dege^2}} + \frac{2\left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}ce^2g^4 - 3\sqrt{gx+f}ce^2fg^4 - 3\sqrt{gx+f}cdeg^5\right)}{3e^3g^6}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/(sqrt(-e^2*
f + d*e*g)*e^2) + 2/3*((g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e^2*g^4 - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e^2*f
*g^4 - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*e*g^5)/(e^3*g^6)
```

3.593.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right) (cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^{5/2} \sqrt{dg-ef}} - \sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2c(dg^3 - efg^2)}{e^2g^4} + \frac{4cf}{eg^2} \right) + \frac{2c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3eg^2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(2*atan((e^(1/2)*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(d*g - e*f)^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(e^(5/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(1/2)) - (f + g*x)^(1/2)*((2*c*(d*g^3 - e*f*g^2))/(e^2*g^4) + (4*c*f)/(e*g^2)) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*e*g^2)`

3.594 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.594.1 Optimal result	4368
3.594.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4368
3.594.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4369
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3.594.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4372
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3.594.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4373
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3.594.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}}{e^2g} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f + gx}}{(ef - dg)(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2g + cd(4ef - 3dg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}(ef - dg)^{3/2}}$$

output `(a*e^2*g+c*d*(-3*d*g+4*e*f))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(3/2)+2*c*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g-(a+c*d^2/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)`

3.594.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(-ae^2g + c(-3d^2g + 2e^2fx + 2de(f - gx)))}{e^2g(ef - dg)(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2g + cd(4ef - 3dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}(-ef + dg)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(-(\text{a}*e^2*g) + c*(-3*d^2*g + 2*e^2*f*x + 2*d*e*(f - g*x))))/(\text{e}^2*g*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)) + ((\text{a}*e^2*g + c*d*(4*e*f - 3*d*g))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])]/(\text{e}^{(5/2)}*(-(e*f) + d*g)^{(3/2)})$

3.594.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {649, 1471, 25, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{649} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1471} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \int -\frac{2cf^2 + ag^2 - \frac{cd^2 g^2}{e^2} - 2c \left(f - \frac{dg}{e} \right) (f+gx)}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(ef-dg)} \right)}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{2cf^2 + ag^2 - \frac{cd^2 g^2}{e^2} - 2c \left(f - \frac{dg}{e} \right) (f+gx)}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{g \left(ae^2 g + cd(4ef - 3dg) \right) \int \frac{1}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)}{e^2} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{g \left(\frac{ae^2g + cd(4ef - 3dg)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}} \right) + \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)}{e^2} \right)}{2(ef-dg)} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{2(ef-dg)(-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} \right) \Bigg/ g$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(2*(((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((2*c*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/e^2 + (g*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(4*e*f - 3*d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(e^(5/2)*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]))/(2*(e*f - d*g)))/g`

3.594.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 649 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`

```
rule 1471 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

3.594.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
risch	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2g} - \frac{g(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} - \frac{(ae^2g-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2} + \frac{2g\left(\frac{g(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} + \frac{(ae^2g-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2}$
default	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2} + \frac{2g\left(\frac{g(e^2a+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} + \frac{(ae^2g-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{g(ex+d)(ae^2g-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right) + \sqrt{(dg-ef)e}\sqrt{gx+f}((-2cfx+ag)e^2-2cd(-gx+f)e+3cd^2g)}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}g e^2(dg-ef)(ex+d)}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*c*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g-1/e^2*(-g*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(d*g-e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e
*(g*x+f)+d*g-e*f)-(a*e^2*g-3*c*d^2*g+4*c*d*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1
/2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)))
```

3.594.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 263 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 539, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(4cd^2efg - (3cd^3 - ade^2)g^2 + (4cde^2fg - (3cd^2e - ae^3)g^2)x)\sqrt{e^2f - deg} \log\left(\frac{egx + 2ef - dg - 2\sqrt{e^2f - deg}}{ex + d}\right)}{2(de^5f^2g - 2d^2e^4fg^2 + d^3e^3g^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(4cd^2efg - (3cd^3 - ade^2)g^2 + (4cde^2fg - (3cd^2e - ae^3)g^2)x)\sqrt{-e^2f + deg} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-e^2f + deg}\sqrt{gx + f}}{egx + ef}\right)}{de^5f^2g - 2d^2e^4fg^2 + d^3e^3g^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((4*c*d^2*e*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)*g^2 + (4*c*d*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*x + d)) - 2*(2*c*d*e^3*f^2 - (5*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*f*g + (3*c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*g^2 + 2*(c*e^4*f^2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 + d^3*e^3*g^3 + (e^6*f^2*g - 2*d*e^5*f*g^2 + d^2*e^4*g^3)*x), -((4*c*d^2*e*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)*g^2 + (4*c*d*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) - (2*c*d*e^3*f^2 - (5*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*f*g + (3*c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*g^2 + 2*(c*e^4*f^2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 + d^3*e^3*g^3 + (e^6*f^2*g - 2*d*e^5*f*g^2 + d^2*e^4*g^3)*x)]`

3.594.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.594.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.594.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{(4cdef - 3cd^2g + ae^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^3f - de^2g)\sqrt{-e^2f + deg}} - \frac{\sqrt{gx+fc}d^2g + \sqrt{gx+fae^2g}}{(e^3f - de^2g)((gx+f)e - ef + dg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{gx+fc}}{e^2g}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -(4*c*d*e*f - 3*c*d^2*g + a*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*
e*g))/((e^3*f - d*e^2*g)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) - (sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*g +
sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e^2*g)/((e^3*f - d*e^2*g)*((g*x + f)*e - e*f + d*g)) + 2*s
qrt(g*x + f)*c/(e^2*g)
```

3.594.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right) (-3cgd^2 + 4cfde + age^2)}{e^{5/2}(dg - ef)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(cgd^2 + age^2)}{(dg - ef)(e^3(f + gx) - e^3f + de^2g)} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2g}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `(atan((e^(1/2)*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(d*g - e*f)^(1/2))*(a*e^2*g - 3*c*d^2*g + 4*c*d*e*f))/(e^(5/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)) + ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g))/((d*g - e*f)*(e^3*(f + g*x) - e^3*f + d*e^2*g)) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e^2*g)`

3.595 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.595.1 Optimal result	4375
3.595.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4375
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3.595.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(3ae^2g + cd(8ef - 5dg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)} - \frac{(3ae^2g^2 + c(8e^2f^2 - 8defg + 3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}(ef - dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*(3*a*e^2*g^2+c*(3*d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(5/2)-1/2*(a+c*d^2/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-5*d*g+8*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)
```

3.595.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2(-2ef+5dg+3egx)+cd(-3d^2g+8e^2fx+de(6f-5gx)))}{(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(3ae^2g^2+c(8e^2f^2-8defg+3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{(-ef+dg)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `((Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*e^2*(-2*e*f + 5*d*g + 3*e*g*x) + c*d*(-3*d^2*g + 8*e^2*f*x + d*e*(6*f - 5*g*x))))/((e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^2) + ((3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(-(e*f) + d*g)^(5/2))/(4*e^(5/2))`

3.595.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {649, 25, 1471, 25, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 649 \\
 & 2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2c(f + gx)f + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f + gx)f + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1471 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{4cf^2 + 3ag^2 - \frac{cd^2g^2}{e^2} - 4c\left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4(ef - dg)(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{4cf^2 + 3ag^2 - \frac{cd^2g^2}{e^2} - 4c\left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{4(ef - dg)(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(-\frac{(3ae^2g^2 + c(3d^2g^2 - 8defg + 8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{ef-dg-e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2(ef-dg)} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(3ae^2g + cd(8ef-5dg))}{2e^2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{4(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx))} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2 \left(-\frac{(3ae^2g^2 + c(3d^2g^2 - 8defg + 8e^2f^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{2e^{5/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(3ae^2g + cd(8ef-5dg))}{2e^2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2} \right)}{4(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx))} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `2*(-1/4*((a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*g^2*sqrt[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))^2) - ((g*(3*a*e^2*g + c*d*(8*e*f - 5*d*g))*sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(2*e^(5/2)*(e*f - d*g)^(3/2)))/(4*(e*f - d*g))`

3.595.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 649 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`


```
rule 1471 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

3.595.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3\left(\left(a g^2 + \frac{8c f^2}{3}\right) e^2 - \frac{8c d e f g}{3} + c d^2 g^2\right) (e x + d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right) + 5\left(-\frac{2 a\left(-\frac{3 g x}{5} + f\right) e^3}{4} + d\left(\frac{8 c f x}{5} + a g\right) e^2 + \frac{6 c\left(-\frac{5 g x}{6} + f\right) d^2 e}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e} (d g - e f)^2 (e x + d)^2 e^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{g\left(3 a e^2 g - 5 c d^2 g + 8 c d e f\right)(g x + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4 e\left(d^2 g^2 - 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2\right)} + \frac{\left(5 a e^2 g - 3 c d^2 g + 8 c d e f\right) g \sqrt{g x + f}}{4 e^2(d g - e f)}}{(e(g x + f) + d g - e f)^2} + \frac{\left(3 a e^2 g^2 + 3 c d^2 g^2 - 8 c d e f g + 8 c e^2 f^2\right) \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right)}{4\left(d^2 g^2 - 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2\right) e^2 \sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{g\left(3 a e^2 g - 5 c d^2 g + 8 c d e f\right)(g x + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4 e\left(d^2 g^2 - 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2\right)} + \frac{\left(5 a e^2 g - 3 c d^2 g + 8 c d e f\right) g \sqrt{g x + f}}{4 e^2(d g - e f)}}{(e(g x + f) + d g - e f)^2} + \frac{\left(3 a e^2 g^2 + 3 c d^2 g^2 - 8 c d e f g + 8 c e^2 f^2\right) \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right)}{4\left(d^2 g^2 - 2 d e f g + e^2 f^2\right) e^2 \sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 5/4/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)/(d*g-e*f)^2*(3/5*((a*g^2+8/3*c*f^2)*e^2-8/3*c*d*e*
f*g+c*d^2*g^2)*(e*x+d)^2*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2))+(-2/5
*a*(-3/2*g*x+f)*e^3+d*(8/5*c*f*x+a*g)*e^2+6/5*c*(-5/6*g*x+f)*d^2*e-3/5*c*d
^3*g)*((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^2/e^2
```

3.595.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 441 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 896, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\left[(8cd^2e^2f^2 - 8cd^3efg + 3(cd^4 + ad^2e^2)g^2 + (8ce^4f^2 - 8cde^3fg + 3(cd^2e^2 + ae^4)g^2)x^2 + 2(8cde^3f^2 - \dots \right]}{8(d^2e^6f^3 - \dots)}$$

3.595. $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d^3*e*f*g + 3*(c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2)*g^2 + (8*c*e^4*f^2 - 8*c*d*e^3*f*g + 3*(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(8*c*d*e^3*f^2 - 8*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*x + d)) + 2*(2*(3*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*f^2 - (9*c*d^3*e^2 - 7*a*d*e^4)*f*g + (3*c*d^4*e - 5*a*d^2*e^3)*g^2 + (8*c*d*e^4*f^2 - (13*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a*e^5)*f*g + (5*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*d*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d^2*e^6*f^3 - 3*d^3*e^5*f^2*g + 3*d^4*e^4*f*g^2 - d^5*e^3*g^3 + (e^8*f^3 - 3*d*e^7*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e^6*f*g^2 - d^3*e^5*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^7*f^3 - 3*d^2*e^6*f^2*g + 3*d^3*e^5*f*g^2 - d^4*e^4*g^3)*x), 1/4*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d^3*e*f*g + 3*(c*d^4 + a*d^2*e^2)*g^2 + (8*c*e^4*f^2 - 8*c*d*e^3*f*g + 3*(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(8*c*d*e^3*f^2 - 8*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + 3*(c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) + (2*(3*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*f^2 - (9*c*d^3*e^2 - 7*a*d*e^4)*f*g + (3*c*d^4*e - 5*a*d^2*e^3)*g^2 + (8*c*d*e^4*f^2 - (13*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a*e^5)*f*g + (5*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*d*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d^2*e^6*f^3 - 3*d^3*e^5*f^2*g + 3*d^4*e^4*f*g^2 - d^5*e^3*g^3 + (e^8*f^3 - 3*d*e^7*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e^6*f*g^2 - d^3*e^5*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^7*f^3 - 3*d^2*e^6*f^2*g + 3*d^3*e^5*f*g^2 - d^4*e^4*g^3)*x)]`

3.595.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.595.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.595.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{(8ce^2f^2 - 8cdefg + 3cd^2g^2 + 3ae^2g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right) + 8(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^2fg - 8\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^2g - 5(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2eg^2 + 3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}ae^3g^2 + 11\sqrt{gx+f}cd^2efg}{4(e^4f^2 - 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/4*(8*c*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d*e*f*g + 3*c*d^2*g^2 + 3*a*e^2*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(g*
x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2*g^2)*sqrt
(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) + 1/4*(8*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2*f*g - 8*sqrt(g*x + f)*c
*d*e^2*f^2*g - 5*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*g^2 + 3*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^3*g^2
+ 11*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 5*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e^3*f*g^2 - 3*sqrt(g
*x + f)*c*d^3*g^3 + 5*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d*e^2*g^3)/((e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g +
d^2*e^2*g^2)*((g*x + f)*e - e*f + d*g)^2)
```

3.595.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(-3cd^2g^2+8cfdeg+5ae^2g^2)}{4e^2(dg-ef)} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(-5cd^2g^2+8cfdeg+3ae^2g^2)}{4e(dg-ef)^2}}{e^2(f+gx)^2 - (f+gx)(2e^2f - 2deg) + d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 - 2defg} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right)(3cd^2g^2 - 8cdefg + 8ce^2f^2 + 3ae^2g^2)}{4e^{5/2}(dg-ef)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(5*a*e^2*g^2 - 3*c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g)/(4*e^2*(d*g - e*f)) + ((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 - 5*c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g))/(4*e*(d*g - e*f)^2))/(e^2*(f + g*x)^2 - (f + g*x)*(2*e^2*f - 2*d*e*g) + d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g) + (atan((e^(1/2)*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(d*g - e*f)^(1/2)))*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + 3*c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d*e*f*g)/(4*e^(5/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(5/2))`

3.596
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.596.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)^3(cf^2+ag^2)}{g^6\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(3aeg^2+cf(5ef-2dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^6} - \frac{2(ef-dg)(3ae^2g^2+c(10e^2f^2-8defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^6} + \frac{2e(ae^2g^2+c(10e^2f^2-12defg+3d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^6} - \frac{2ce^2(5ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6}$$

```
output -2/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*a*e^2*g^2+c*(d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^6+2/5*e*(a*e^2*g^2+c*(3*d^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^6-2/7*c*e^2*(-3*d*g+5*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^6+2/9*c*e^3*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^6+2*(-d*g+e*f)^3*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^6/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+5*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^6
```

3.596.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(63ag^2(-5d^3g^3 + 15d^2eg^2(2f+gx) + 5de^2g(-8f^2 - 4fgx + g^2x^2) + e^3(16f^3$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*(63*a*g^2*(-5*d^3*g^3 + 15*d^2*e*g^2*(2*f + g*x) + 5*d*e^2*g*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + e^3*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)) + c*(105*d^3*g^3*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 189*d^2*e*g^2*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) + 27*d*e^2*g*(-128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 16*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 8*f*g^3*x^3 + 5*g^4*x^4) + 5*e^3*(256*f^5 + 128*f^4*g*x - 32*f^3*g^2*x^2 + 16*f^2*g^3*x^3 - 10*f*g^4*x^4 + 7*g^5*x^5)))/(315*g^6*Sqrt[f + g*x])
```

3.596.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^3}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{e(f+gx)^{3/2}(ae^2g^2 + c(3d^2g^2 - 12defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^5} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)(-3ae^2g^2 - c(d^2g^2 - 8defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2e(f+gx)^{5/2}(ae^2g^2 + c(3d^2g^2 - 12defg + 10e^2f^2))}{5g^6} - \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(3ae^2g^2 + c(d^2g^2 - 8defg + 10e^2f^2))}{3g^6} + \frac{2(ag^2 + cf^2)(ef-dg)^3}{g^6\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)^2(3aeg^2 + cf(5ef-2dg))}{g^6} - \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}(5ef-3dg)}{7g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6}$$

3.596. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

output $-2*((-1/5*x^3*(5/9*c*x^2+a)*e^{-3-x^2}*d*(3/7*c*x^2+a)*e^{-2-3*(1/5*c*x^2+a)*x*d^2*e+d^3*(-1/3*c*x^2+a)}*g^5-6*f*(-1/15*(25/63*c*x^2+a)*x^2*e^{-2/3*x*(6/35*c*x^2+a)*d*e^2+d^2*(-1/5*c*x^2+a)*e^{-2/9*c*d^3*x}}*g^4+8*f^2*((-2/63*c*x^3-1/5*a*x)*e^3+d*(-6/35*c*x^2+a)*e^{-2-3/5*c*d^2*e*x+1/3*c*d^3})*g^3-16/5*e*((-10/63*c*x^2+a)*e^{-2-12/7*c*d*e*x+3*c*d^2})*f^3*g^2+384/35*e^2*c*(-5/27*e*x+d)*f^4*g-256/63*c*e^3*f^5)/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^6$

3.596.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35ce^3g^5x^5 + 1280ce^3f^5 - 3456cde^2f^4g + 1890ad^2efg^4 - 315ad^3g^5 + 1008e^3f^5)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $2/315*(35*c*e^3*g^5*x^5 + 1280*c*e^3*f^5 - 3456*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 1890*a*d^2*e*f*g^4 - 315*a*d^3*g^5 + 1008*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - 840*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - 5*(10*c*e^3*f*g^4 - 27*c*d*e^2*g^5)*x^4 + (80*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 216*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 + 63*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^5)*x^3 - (160*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 432*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 126*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^4 - 105*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^5)*x^2 + (640*c*e^3*f^4*g - 1728*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 + 945*a*d^2*e*g^5 + 504*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 420*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^4)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^7*x + f*g^6)$

3.596.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{ce^3(f+gx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (3cde^2g - 5ce^3f)}{7g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ae^3g^2 + 3cd^2eg^2 - 12cde^2fg + 10ce^3f^2)}{5g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (3ade^2 + cd^3)}{3g^5}\right) + \frac{ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + \frac{3cde^2x^5}{5} + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{x^4(ae^3 + 3cd^2e)}{4} + \frac{x^3(3ade^2 + cd^3)}{3}}{f^{\frac{3}{2}}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**3*(f + g*x)**(9/2)/(9*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(3*c*d*e**2*g - 5*c*e**3*f)/(7*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(a**3*g**2 + 3*c*d**2*e**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f*g + 10*c*e**3*f**2)/(5*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(3*a*d**2*g**3 - 3*a*e**3*f*g**2 + c*d**3*g**3 - 9*c*d**2*e*f*g**2 + 18*c*d*e**2*f**2*g - 10*c*e**3*f**3)/(3*g**5) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(3*a*d**2*e*g**4 - 6*a*d*e**2*f*g**3 + 3*a*e**3*f**2*g**2 - 2*c*d**3*f*g**3 + 9*c*d**2*e*f**2*g**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f**3*g + 5*c*e**3*f**4)/g**5 - (a*g**2 + c*f**2)*(d*g - e*f)**3/(g**5*sqrt(f + g*x))), Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + 3*c*d*e**2*x**5/5 + c*e**3*x**6/6 + x**4*(a*e**3 + 3*c*d**2*e)/4 + x**3*(3*a*d*e**2 + c*d**3)/3)/f**(3/2), True))`

3.596.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35 (gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}} ce^3 - 45 (5ce^3f - 3cde^2g)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (10ce^3f^2 - 12cde^2fg + (3cd^2e + ae^3)g^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105 (10c^3e^3f^3 - 18c^2de^2f^2g + 3(3c^2d^2e + ae^3)fg^2 - (cd^3 + 3ad^2e)g^3)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315(5c^3e^3f^4 - 12c^2de^2f^3g + 3ad^2e^2g^4 + 3(3c^2d^2e + ae^3)f^2g^2 - 2(cd^3 + 3ad^2e)f^2g^3) \sqrt{gx+f}}{g^5} + 315(c^3e^3f^5 - 3c^2de^2f^4g + 3ad^2e^2fg^4 - ad^3g^5 + (3c^2d^2e + ae^3)f^3g^2 - (cd^3 + 3ad^2e)f^2g^3) / (\sqrt{gx+f}g^5) \right)}{g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*((35*(g*x + f)^(9/2)*c*e^3 - 45*(5*c*e^3*f - 3*c*d*e^2*g)*(g*x + f)^(7/2) + 63*(10*c*e^3*f^2 - 12*c*d*e^2*f*g + (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 105*(10*c*e^3*f^3 - 18*c*d*e^2*f^2*g + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) + 315*(5*c*e^3*f^4 - 12*c*d*e^2*f^3*g + 3*a*d^2*e*g^4 + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^5 + 315*(c*e^3*f^5 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 3*a*d^2*e*f*g^4 - a*d^3*g^5 + (3*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - (c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^5))/g`

3.596.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 465 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 (ce^3 f^5 - 3cde^2 f^4 g + 3cd^2 e f^3 g^2 + ae^3 f^3 g^2 - cd^3 f^2 g^3 - 3ade^2 f^2 g^3 + 3ad^2 e f^2 g^3)}{\sqrt{gx + f} g^6} + \frac{2 \left(35 (gx + f)^{\frac{9}{2}} ce^3 g^{48} - 225 (gx + f)^{\frac{7}{2}} ce^3 f g^{48} + 630 (gx + f)^{\frac{5}{2}} ce^3 f^2 g^{48} - 1050 (gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} ce^3 f^3 g^{48} + 1575 (gx + f)^{\frac{1}{2}} ce^3 f^4 g^{48} - 1575 (gx + f)^{\frac{1}{2}} ce^3 f^5 g^{48} \right)}{g^6}$$

3.596. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$2*(c*e^3*f^5 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 3*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + a*e^3*f^3*g^2 - c*d^3*f^2*g^3 - 3*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 3*a*d^2*e*f*g^4 - a*d^3*g^5)/(\sqrt{g*x + f}) * g^6 + 2/315*(35*(g*x + f)^(9/2)*c*e^3*g^48 - 225*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e^3*f * g^48 + 630*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e^3*f^2*g^48 - 1050*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e^3*f^3 * g^48 + 1575*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*e^3*f^4*g^48 + 135*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*d*e^2*g^49 - 756*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*d*e^2*f*g^49 + 1890*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2*f^2 * g^49 - 3780*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^49 + 189*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*d^2*e * g^50 + 63*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*a*e^3*g^50 - 945*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*f*g^50 - 315*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^3*f*g^50 + 2835*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^50 + 945*\sqrt{g*x + f}*a*e^3*f^2*g^50 + 105*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^3*g^51 + 315*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*d*e^2*g^51 - 630*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d^3*f*g^51 - 1890*\sqrt{(g*x + f)*a*d*e^2*f*g^51 + 945*\sqrt{g*x + f}*a*d^2*e*g^52)/g^54$$

3.596.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(6cd^2e^2g^2 - 24cde^2fg + 20ce^3f^2 + 2ae^3g^2)}{5g^6} - \frac{2cd^3f^2g^3 + 2ad^3g^5 - 6cd^2ef^3g^2 - 6ad^2efg^4 + 6cde^2f^4g + 6ade^2f^2g^3 - 2ce^3f^5 - 2ae^3f^3g^2}{g^6\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)^2(5cef^2 - 2cdfg + 3aeg^2)}{g^6} + \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg-ef)(cd^2g^2 - 8cdefg + 10ce^2f^2 + 3ae^2g^2)}{3g^6} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}(3dg - 5ef)}{7g^6}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(2*a*e^3*g^2 + 20*c*e^3*f^2 + 6*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 24*c*d*e^2*f*g))/((5*g^6) - (2*a*d^3*g^5 - 2*c*e^3*f^5 - 2*a*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 2*c*d^3*f^2 * g^3 - 6*a*d^2*e*f*g^4 + 6*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 6*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 6*c*d^2*e*f^3 * g^2)/(g^6*(f + g*x)^(1/2))) + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2 + 5*c*e*f^2 - 2*c*d*f*g))/g^6 + (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 + 10*c*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d * e*f*g))/(3*g^6) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(7/2)*(3*d*g - 5*e*f))/(7*g^6)$$

3.596. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.597 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.597.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{4(ef-dg)(aeg^2+cf(2ef-dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^5} + \frac{2(ae^2g^2+c(6e^2f^2-6defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^5} - \frac{4ce(2ef-dg)(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5}$$

```
output 2/3*(a*e^2*g^2+c*(d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^5-4/5*c*e*
(-d*g+2*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^5+2/7*c*e^2*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^5-2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*
(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^5/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-4*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*e*g^2+c*f*(-d*g+2*e*f))*(g
*x+f)^(1/2)/g^5
```

3.597.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-70ag^2(3d^2g^2 - 6deg(2f+gx) + e^2(8f^2 + 4fgx - g^2x^2)) + 2c(35d^2g^2(-8f^2 - 4f*gx + g^2x^2) + 42d*eg*(16f^3 + 8*f^2*gx - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) - 3*e^2*(128*f^4 + 64*f^3*gx - 16*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 8*f*g^3*x^3 - 5*g^4*x^4))}{105*g^5*\text{Sqrt}[f+g*x]}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`output `(-70*a*g^2*(3*d^2*g^2 - 6*d*e*g*(2*f + g*x) + e^2*(8*f^2 + 4*f*g*x - g^2*x^2)) + 2*c*(35*d^2*g^2*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 42*d*e*g*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) - 3*e^2*(128*f^4 + 64*f^3*g*x - 16*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 8*f*g^3*x^3 - 5*g^4*x^4)))/(105*g^5*Sqrt[f + g*x])`**3.597.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2g^2 + c(d^2g^2 - 6defg + 6e^2f^2))}{g^4} + \frac{(ag^2 + cf^2)(dg - ef)^2}{g^4(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ef - dg)(-aeg^2 - cf(2ef - dg))}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ae^2g^2 + c(d^2g^2 - 6defg + 6e^2f^2))}{3g^5} - \frac{2(ag^2 + cf^2)(ef - dg)^2}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{4\sqrt{f+gx}(ef - dg)(aeg^2 + cf(2ef - dg))}{g^5} - \frac{4ce(f+gx)^{5/2}(2ef - dg)}{5g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(-2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2))/(g^5*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) - (4*(e*f - d*g)*(a * e*g^2 + c*f*(2*e*f - d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/g^5 + (2*(a*e^2*g^2 + c*(6*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*g^5) - (4*c*e*(2*e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*g^5) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*g^5)$

3.597.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.597.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\left(-\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3c}{7} + a \right) e^2}{3} - 2 \left(\frac{cx^2}{5} + a \right) xde + d^2 \left(-\frac{cx^2}{3} + a \right) \right) g^4 - 4 \left(-\frac{x \left(\frac{6c}{35} + a \right) e^2}{3} + d \left(-\frac{cx^2}{5} + a \right) e - \frac{cd^2x}{3} \right) f g^3 + \dots \right) \sqrt{gx+f} g^5$
risch	$\frac{2(15c^2e^2x^3g^3 + 42cde g^3x^2 - 39c^2e^2f g^2x^2 + 35a^2e^2g^3x + 35c^2d^2g^3x - 126cdef g^2x + 87c^2e^2f^2gx + 210ade g^3 - 175a^2e^2f g^2 - 140a^3e^2)}{105g^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(-15c^2e^2x^4g^4 - 42cde g^4x^3 + 24c^2e^2f g^3x^3 - 35a^2e^2g^4x^2 - 35c^2d^2g^4x^2 + 84cdef g^3x^2 - 48c^2e^2f^2g^2x^2 - 210ade g^4x + 140a^3e^2)}{105g^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-15c^2e^2x^4g^4 - 42cde g^4x^3 + 24c^2e^2f g^3x^3 - 35a^2e^2g^4x^2 - 35c^2d^2g^4x^2 + 84cdef g^3x^2 - 48c^2e^2f^2g^2x^2 - 210ade g^4x + 140a^3e^2)}{105g^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^2e^2(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4cdeg(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8c^2e^2f(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2e^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2cd^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cdefg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4c^2e^2f^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2c^2e^2(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{4cdeg(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8c^2e^2f(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2e^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2cd^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cdefg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4c^2e^2f^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-2/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*((-1/3*x^2*(3/7*c*x^2+a)*e^2-2*(1/5*c*x^2+a)*x*d*e+d^2*(-1/3*c*x^2+a))*g^4-4*((-1/3*x*(6/35*c*x^2+a)*e^2+d*(-1/5*c*x^2+a)*e-1/3*c*d^2*x)*f*g^3+8/3*f^2*((-6/35*c*x^2+a)*e^2-6/5*c*d*e*x+c*d^2)*g^2-32/5*e*(-2/7*e*x+d)*c*f^3*g+128/35*c*e^2*f^4)/g^5$

3.597. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.597.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(15ce^2g^4x^4 - 384ce^2f^4 + 672cdef^3g + 420adefg^3 - 105ad^2g^4 - 280(cd^2 +$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*c*e^2*g^4*x^4 - 384*c*e^2*f^4 + 672*c*d*e*f^3*g + 420*a*d*e*f*g^3 - 105*a*d^2*g^4 - 280*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - 6*(4*c*e^2*f*g^3 - 7*c*d*e*g^4)*x^3 + (48*c*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 84*c*d*e*f*g^3 + 35*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^4)*x^2 - 2*(96*c*e^2*f^3*g - 168*c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - 105*a*d*e*g^4 + 70*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^6*x + f*g^5)`

3.597.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left(\frac{ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \cdot (2cdeg - 4ce^2f)}{5g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ae^2g^2 + cd^2g^2 - 6cdefg + 6ce^2f^2)}{3g^4} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(2adeg^3 - 2ae^2f)}{g} \right)}{\frac{ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{cde^2x^4}{2} + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{x^3(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3}}{f^{3/2}}} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c**2*(f + g*x)**(7/2)/(7*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(2*c*d*e*g - 4*c**2*f)/(5*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(a**2*g**2 + c*d**2*g**2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + 6*c**2*f**2)/(3*g**4) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(2*a*d*e*g**3 - 2*a**2*f*g**2 - 2*c*d**2*f*g**2 + 6*c*d*e*f**2*g - 4*c**2*f**3)/g**4 - (a*g**2 + c*f**2)*(d*g - e*f)**2/(g**4*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + c*d*e*x**4/2 + c**2*x**5/5 + x**3*(a**2 + c*d**2)/3)/f**(3/2), True))`

3.597.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15(gx+f)^{7/2}ce^2 - 42(2ce^2f - cdeg)(gx+f)^{5/2} + 35(6ce^2f^2 - 6cdefg + (cd^2 + ae^2)g^2)(gx+f)^{3/2} - 210(2ce^2f^2 - cdeg)g}{g^4} \right)}{g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*((15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e^2 - 42*(2*c*e^2*f - c*d*e*g)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) + 35*(6*c*e^2*f^2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 210*(2*c*e^2*f^3 - 3*c*d*e*f^2*g - a*d*e*g^3 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^4 - 105*(c*e^2*f^4 - 2*c*d*e*f^3*g - 2*a*d*e*f*g^3 + a*d^2*g^4 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^4))/g`**3.597.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ce^2f^4 - 2cdef^3g + cd^2f^2g^2 + ae^2f^2g^2 - 2adefg^3 + ad^2g^4)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^5} + \frac{2 \left(15(gx+f)^{7/2}ce^2g^{30} - 84(gx+f)^{5/2}ce^2fg^{30} + 210(gx+f)^{3/2}ce^2f^2g^{30} - 420\sqrt{gx+f}ce^2f^3g^{30} + 42(gx+f)^{1/2}ce^2f^4g^{30} - 84(gx+f)^{5/2}cde^2fg^{30} + 210(gx+f)^{3/2}cde^2f^2g^{30} - 420\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^3g^{30} + 42(gx+f)^{1/2}cde^2f^4g^{30} - 35(gx+f)^{7/2}ce^2g^{30} + 35(gx+f)^{5/2}cde^2fg^{30} - 35(gx+f)^{3/2}cde^2f^2g^{30} + 35\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^3g^{30} - 35(gx+f)^{1/2}cde^2f^4g^{30} \right)}{g^{35}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(c*e^2*f^4 - 2*c*d*e*f^3*g + c*d^2*f^2*g^2 + a*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*d*e*f*g^3 + a*d^2*g^4)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^5) + 2/105*(15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e^2*g^30 - 84*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e^2*f*g^30 + 210*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e^2*f^2*g^30 - 420*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e^2*f^3*g^30 + 42*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*d*e*g^31 - 210*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*e*f*g^31 + 630*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*e*f^2*g^31 + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*g^32 + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^2*g^32 - 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*f*g^32 - 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e^2*f*g^32 + 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d*e*g^33)/g^35`

3.597.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(2cd^2g^2 - 12cdefg + 12ce^2f^2 + 2ae^2g^2)}{3g^5} - \frac{2cd^2f^2g^2 + 2ad^2g^4 - 4cdef^3g - 4adefg^3 + 2ce^2f^4 + 2ae^2f^2g^2}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{4\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)(2cef^2 - cdfg + aeg^2)}{g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5} + \frac{4ce(f+gx)^{5/2}(dg-2ef)}{5g^5}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(2*a*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*g^2 + 12*c*e^2*f^2 - 12*c*d*e*f*g)/ (3*g^5) - (2*a*d^2*g^4 + 2*c*e^2*f^4 + 2*a*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a*d*e*f*g^3 - 4*c*d*e*f^3*g)/(g^5*(f + g*x)^(1/2)) + (4*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(a*e*g^2 + 2*c*e*f^2 - c*d*f*g))/g^5 + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^5) + (4*c*e*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d*g - 2*e*f))/(5*g^5)`

3.598 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.598.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2(aeg^2+cf(3ef-2dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^4} - \frac{2c(3ef-dg)(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4}$$

output $-2/3*c*(-d*g+3*e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/g^4+2/5*c*e*(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}/g^4+2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^4/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}+2*(a*e*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+3*e*f))*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^4$

3.598.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{30ag^2(2ef-dg+egx)+10cdg(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2)+6ce(16f^3+8f^2gx-2g^3x^3)}{15g^4\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(30*a*g^2*(2*e*f - d*g + e*g*x) + 10*c*d*g*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 6*c*e*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3))/(15*g^4*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])$

3.598. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.598.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {652, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 652

$$\int \left(\frac{(ag^2 + cf^2)(dg - ef)}{g^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{aeg^2 + cf(3ef - 2dg)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{c\sqrt{f + gx}(dg - 3ef)}{g^3} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^{3/2}}{g^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(ag^2 + cf^2)(ef - dg)}{g^4\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(aeg^2 + cf(3ef - 2dg))}{g^4} - \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}(3ef - dg)}{3g^4} + \frac{2ce(f + gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2))/(g^4*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*(a*e*g^2 + c*f*(3*e*f - 2*d*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^4 - (2*c*(3*e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^4) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^4)`

3.598.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 652 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.598.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((6ex^3+10dx^2)c-30a(-ex+d))g^3+60((-\frac{1}{5}ex^2-\frac{2}{3}dx)c+ae)f^2-80cf^2(-\frac{3ex}{5}+d)g+96cef^3}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(-3ce x^3 g^3-5cd g^3 x^2+6cef g^2 x^2-15ae g^3 x+20cdf g^2 x-24ce f^2 gx+15ad g^3-30aef g^2+40cd f^2 g-48ce f^3)}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(-3ce x^3 g^3-5cd g^3 x^2+6cef g^2 x^2-15ae g^3 x+20cdf g^2 x-24ce f^2 gx+15ad g^3-30aef g^2+40cd f^2 g-48ce f^3)}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(3ce x^2 g^2+5cdx g^2-9cef gx+15ae g^2-25cdf g+33ce f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{15g^4} - \frac{2(ad g^3-ae f g^2+cd f^2 g-ce f^3)}{g^4\sqrt{gx+f}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2cdg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2cef(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2ae g^2\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cdfg\sqrt{gx+f} + 6ce f^2\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ad g^3-ae f g^2+cd f^2 g-ce f^3)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2cdg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2cef(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2ae g^2\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cdfg\sqrt{gx+f} + 6ce f^2\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ad g^3-ae f g^2+cd f^2 g-ce f^3)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^4}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(((6*e*x^3+10*d*x^2)*c-30*a*(-e*x+d))*g^3+60*((-1/5*e*x^2-2/3*d*x)*c+a*e)*f*g^2-80*c*f^2*(-3/5*e*x+d)*g+96*c*e*f^3)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^4`

3.598.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3ceg^3x^3 + 48cef^3 - 40cdf^2g + 30aefg^2 - 15adg^3 - (6cef^2 - 5cdg^3)x^2 + 15(g^5x + fg^4))}{15(g^5x + fg^4)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c*e*g^3*x^3 + 48*c*e*f^3 - 40*c*d*f^2*g + 30*a*e*f*g^2 - 15*a*d*g^3 - (6*c*e*f*g^2 - 5*c*d*g^3)*x^2 + (24*c*e*f^2*g - 20*c*d*f*g^2 + 15*a*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^5*x + f*g^4)`

3.598.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdg-3cef)}{3g^3} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(aeg^2-2cdfg+3cef^2)}{g^3} - \frac{(ag^2+cf^2)(dg-ef)}{g^3\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{adx + \frac{aex^2}{2} + \frac{cdx^3}{3} + \frac{cex^4}{4}}{f^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*e*(f + g*x)**(5/2))/(5*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(c*d*g - 3*c*e*f)/(3*g**3) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*e*g**2 - 2*c*d*f*g + 3*c*e*f**2)/g**3 - (a*g**2 + c*f**2)*(d*g - e*f)/(g**3*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + c*d*x**3/3 + c*e*x**4/4)/f**(3/2), True))`**3.598.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{3(gx+f)^{5/2}ce-5(3cef-cdg)(gx+f)^{3/2}+15(3cef^2-2cdfg+aeg^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3} + \frac{15(cef^3-cdf^2g+aefg^2-adf^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^3}\right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e - 5*(3*c*e*f - c*d*g)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) + 15*(3*c*e*f^2 - 2*c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^3 + 15*(c*e*f^3 - c*d*f^2*g + a*e*f*g^2 - a*d*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^3)/g`

3.598.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cef^3 - cdf^2g + aefg^2 - adg^3)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^4} + \frac{2\left(3(gx+f)^{5/2}ceg^{16} - 15(gx+f)^{3/2}cef^{16} + 45\sqrt{gx+f}cef^2g^{16} + 5(gx+f)^{3/2}cdg^{17} - 30\sqrt{gx+f}cdfg^{17} + 15g^{20}\right)}{15g^{20}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(c*e*f^3 - c*d*f^2*g + a*e*f*g^2 - a*d*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^4) + 2/15*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e*g^16 - 15*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e*f*g^16 + 45*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e*f^2*g^16 + 5*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*g^17 - 30*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*f*g^17 + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e*g^18)/g^20`**3.598.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(6cef^2 - 4cdfg + 2aeg^2)}{g^4} - \frac{-2cef^3 + 2cdf^2g - 2aefg^2 + 2adg^3}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4} + \frac{2c(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg - 3ef)}{3g^4}$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*a*e*g^2 + 6*c*e*f^2 - 4*c*d*f*g))/g^4 - (2*a*d*g^3 - 2*c*e*f^3 - 2*a*e*f*g^2 + 2*c*d*f^2*g)/(g^4*(f + g*x)^(1/2)) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^4) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d*g - 3*e*f))/(3*g^4)`

3.599 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.599.1 Optimal result 4399
 3.599.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4399
 3.599.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4400
 3.599.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4401
 3.599.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 4401
 3.599.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 4402
 3.599.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4402
 3.599.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4402
 3.599.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4403

3.599.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{4cf\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3}$$

output $2/3*c*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/g^3-2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}-4*c*f*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^3$

3.599.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-3ag^2 + c(-8f^2 - 4fgx + g^2x^2))}{3g^3\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2), x]`

output $(2*(-3*a*g^2 + c*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)))/(3*g^3*sqrt[f + g*x])$

3.599.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left(\frac{ag^2 + cf^2}{g^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} - \frac{2cf}{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(ag^2 + cf^2)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3} - \frac{4cf\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2))/(g^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - (4*c*f*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^3 + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^3)`

3.599.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.599.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(c x^2 - 3a)g^2}{3\sqrt{gx+f}} - \frac{8cfxg}{3g^3} - \frac{16cf^2}{3g^3}$	39
gospers	$-\frac{2(-cx^2g^2 + 4cfxg + 3ag^2 + 8cf^2)}{3\sqrt{gx+f}g^3}$	41
trager	$-\frac{2(-cx^2g^2 + 4cfxg + 3ag^2 + 8cf^2)}{3\sqrt{gx+f}g^3}$	41
risch	$-\frac{2c(-gx+5f)\sqrt{gx+f}}{3g^3} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{g^3\sqrt{gx+f}}$	46
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cf\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}$	48
default	$\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cf\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}$	48

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/3*((c*x^2-3*a)*g^2-4*c*f*x*g-8*c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3`**3.599.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cg^2x^2 - 4cfxg - 8cf^2 - 3ag^2)\sqrt{gx + f}}{3(g^4x + fg^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(c*g^2*x^2 - 4*c*f*g*x - 8*c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^4*x + f*g^3)`

3.599.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(-\frac{2cf\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^2} - \frac{ag^2+cf^2}{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{f^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-2*c*f*sqrt(f + g*x)/g**2 + c*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/(3*g**2) - (a*g**2 + c*f**2)/(g**2*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/f**(3/2), True))`**3.599.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(gx+f)^{3/2}c - 6\sqrt{gx+f}cf}{g^2} - \frac{3(cf^2+ag^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^2} \right)}{3g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(((g*x + f)^(3/2)*c - 6*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*f)/g^2 - 3*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^2))/g`**3.599.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{\sqrt{gx + f}g^3} + \frac{2 \left((gx + f)^{3/2}cg^6 - 6\sqrt{gx + f}cfcg^6 \right)}{3g^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^3) + 2/3*((g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*g^6 - 6*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*f*g^6)/g^9`

3.599.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6ag^2 - 2c(f + gx)^2 + 6cf^2 + 12cf(f + gx)}{3g^3\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `-(6*a*g^2 - 2*c*(f + g*x)^2 + 6*c*f^2 + 12*c*f*(f + g*x))/(3*g^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2))`

3.600 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.600.1 Optimal result 4404
 3.600.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4404
 3.600.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4405
 3.600.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4406
 3.600.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4407
 3.600.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 4407
 3.600.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 4408
 3.600.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4408
 3.600.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4409

3.600.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{g^2(ef - dg)\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}}{eg^2} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(3/2)+2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*c*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/g^2`

3.600.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(aeg^2 - cdg(f + gx) + cef(2f + gx))}{eg^2(-ef + dg)\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(-ef + dg)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-2*(a*e*g^2 - c*d*g*(f + g*x) + c*e*f*(2*f + g*x)))/(e*g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) - (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])])/(e^{3/2}*(-(e*f) + d*g)^{3/2})$

3.600.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {649, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 649 \\ & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1584 \\ & \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)g^2}{e(ef - dg)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} - \frac{c}{e} + \frac{cf^2 + ag^2}{(ef - dg)(f + gx)} \right) d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{g^2(ae^2 + cd^2)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} + \frac{ag^2 + cf^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)} + \frac{c\sqrt{f+gx}}{e} \right)}{g^2} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}), x]$

output $(2*((c*f^2 + a*g^2)/((e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) + (c*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/e - ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g])])/(e^{3/2}*(e*f - d*g)^{3/2}))/g^2$

3.600.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

rule 649 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]

rule 1584 Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.600.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{(dg-ef)e\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^2}$	112
default	$\frac{\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{(dg-ef)e\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^2}$	112
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2g^2(e^2a+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{(dg-ef)e\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^2}$	112
risch	$\frac{\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e g^2} - \frac{2\left(\frac{g^2(e^2a+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} + \frac{(ag^2+cf^2)e}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}\right)}{g^2 e}}{g^2 e}$	116

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $2/g^2*(c/e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}-g^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(d*g-e*f)/e/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)}$
 $*\arctan(e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2))}-(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)/(g*x+$
 $f)^{(1/2))$

3.600.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{((cd^2 + ae^2)g^3x + (cd^2 + ae^2)fg^2)\sqrt{e^2f - deg} \log\left(\frac{egx + 2ef - dg + 2\sqrt{e^2f - deg}\sqrt{g}}{ex + d}\right)}{e^4f^3g^2 - 2de^3f^2g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[-(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^3*x + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*\text{sqrt}(e^2*f - d*e*g)*\log$
 $((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g + 2*\text{sqrt}(e^2*f - d*e*g)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f))/(e*x + d)) -$
 $2*(2*c*e^3*f^3 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^2*g - a*d*e^2*g^3 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 +$
 $(c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f))/(e^4*f^3*$
 $g^2 - 2*d*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^2*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d*e^3*f*g^4 + d^2$
 $*e^2*g^5)*x), 2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^3*x + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*\text{sqrt}(-e^2$
 $*f + d*e*g)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) + (2*$
 $c*e^3*f^3 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^2*g - a*d*e^2*g^3 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*f*g^2 + (c*e$
 $^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f))/(e^4*f^3*g^2 -$
 $2*d*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^2*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d*e^3*f*g^4 + d^2*e^2*$
 $g^5)*x)]$

3.600.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{c\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg} - \frac{ag^2+cf^2}{g\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)} - \frac{g(ae^2+cd^2) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{\frac{dg-ef}{e}}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{dg-ef}{e}}(dg-ef)} \right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x}{d} & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{\log(d+ex)}{e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{e^2}}{f^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3.600. $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c*sqrt(f + g*x)/(e*g) - (a*g**2 + c*f**2)/(g*sqrt(f + g*x)*(d*g - e*f)) - g*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*atan(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e))/(e**2*sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)*(d*g - e*f)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((-c*d*x/e**2 + c*x**2/(2*e) + (a*e**2 + c*d**2)*Piecewise((x/d, Eq(e, 0)), (log(d + e*x)/e, True))/e**2)/f**(3/2), True))`

3.600.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.600.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^2f - deg)\sqrt{-e^2f + deg}} + \frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{(efg^2 - dg^3)\sqrt{gx + f}} + \frac{2\sqrt{gx + fc}}{eg^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((-e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) + 2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)/((e*f*g^2 - d*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f)) + 2*sqrt(g*x + f)*c/(e*g^2)`

3.600.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(cd^2+ae^2)(e^2f-d eg)}{\sqrt{e}(2cd^2+2ae^2)(dg-ef)^{3/2}}\right)(cd^2+ae^2)}{e^{3/2}(dg-ef)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg^2} - \frac{2(cef^2+ae g^2)}{eg^2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(2*atan((2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(e^2*f - d*e*g))/(e^(1/2)*(2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(e^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e*g^2) - (2*(a*e*g^2 + c*e*f^2))/(e*g^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f))`

3.601 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.601.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{g(ef - dg)^2\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{f + gx}}{e(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(3ae^2g + cd(4ef - dg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
output (3*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-d*g+4*e*f))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2)))/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(5/2)-2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/g/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)
```

3.601.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-c(2def^2 + 2e^2f^2x + d^2g(f + gx)) - aeg(2dg + e(f + 3gx))}{eg(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{(-3ae^2g + cd(-4ef + dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(-ef + dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output $(-c(2d*ef^2 + 2e^2*f^2*x + d^2*g*(f + g*x)) - a*e*g*(2*d*g + e*(f + 3*g*x)))/(e*g*(ef - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) + ((-3*a*e^2*g + c*d*(-4*e*f + d*g))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(e^(3/2)*(-(e*f) + d*g)^(5/2))$

3.601.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {649, 1582, 25, 27, 359, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 649

$$2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f+gx)f + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

g
↓ 1582

$$2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \int \frac{e(2e(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2) + (ae^2g^2 - c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2))(f+gx))}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)$$

g
↓ 25

$$2 \left(\int \frac{e(2e(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2) + (ae^2g^2 - c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2))(f+gx))}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)$$

g
↓ 27

$$2 \left(\int \frac{2e(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2) + (ae^2g^2 - c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)$$

g
↓ 359

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{g(3ae^2g+cd(4ef-dg)) \int \frac{1}{ef-dg-e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2e(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{2e(ef-dg)^2} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)}{g}$$

\downarrow 221

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{g(3ae^2g+cd(4ef-dg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right) - \frac{2e(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)}{g}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2*sqrt[f + g*x])/((2*e*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((-2*e*(c*f^2 + a*g^2))/sqrt[f + g*x] + (g*(3*a*e^2*g + c*d*(4*e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(sqrt[e]*sqrt[e*f - d*g]))/(2*e*(e*f - d*g)^2))/g`

3.601.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 649 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_ + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]
```

```
rule 1582 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

3.601.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2g \left(\frac{g(e^2 a + c d^2) \sqrt{g x + f}}{2e(e(g x + f) + d g - e f)} + \frac{(3 a e^2 g - c d^2 g + 4 c d e f) \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right)}{2e \sqrt{(d g - e f) e}} \right)}{(d g - e f)^2} - \frac{2(a g^2 + c f^2)}{(d g - e f)^2 \sqrt{g x + f}}$
default	$\frac{2g \left(\frac{g(e^2 a + c d^2) \sqrt{g x + f}}{2e(e(g x + f) + d g - e f)} + \frac{(3 a e^2 g - c d^2 g + 4 c d e f) \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right)}{2e \sqrt{(d g - e f) e}} \right)}{(d g - e f)^2} - \frac{2(a g^2 + c f^2)}{(d g - e f)^2 \sqrt{g x + f}}$
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{g x + f} \left(a e^2 g - \frac{1}{3} c d^2 g + \frac{4}{3} c d e f \right) (e x + d) g \arctan\left(\frac{e \sqrt{g x + f}}{\sqrt{(d g - e f) e}}\right)}{2} + \sqrt{(d g - e f) e} \left(\left(\frac{3}{2} a g^2 x + c f^2 x + \frac{1}{2} a f g \right) e^2 + d(a g^2 + c f^2) \right) \right) / \sqrt{(d g - e f) e \sqrt{g x + f} g (e x + d) (d g - e f)^2 e}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/g*(-g/(d*g-e*f)^2*(1/2*g*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(g*x+f)+d*g-e*f)+1/2*(3*a*e^2*g-c*d^2*g+4*c*d*e*f)/e/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)))-(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2))
```

3.601. $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.601.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.601.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`**3.601.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(4cdef - cd^2g + 3ae^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^3f^2 - 2de^2fg + d^2eg^2)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}} - \frac{2(gx+f)ce^2f^2 - 2ce^2f^3 + 2cdef^2g + (gx+f)cd^2g^2 + 3(gx+f)ae^2g^2 - 2ae^2fg^2 + 2adeg^3}{(e^3f^2g - 2de^2fg^2 + d^2eg^3)\left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}e - \sqrt{gx+fe}f + \sqrt{gx+fd}g\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -(4*c*d*e*f - c*d^2*g + 3*a*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*
e*g))/((e^3*f^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*g + d^2*e*g^2)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) - (2*(g*x
+ f)*c*e^2*f^2 - 2*c*e^2*f^3 + 2*c*d*e*f^2*g + (g*x + f)*c*d^2*g^2 + 3*(g
*x + f)*a*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*e^2*f*g^2 + 2*a*d*e*g^3)/((e^3*f^2*g - 2*d*e^2*f*g
^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*((g*x + f)^(3/2)*e - sqrt(g*x + f)*e*f + sqrt(g*x + f)*d*g
))
```

3.601.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{dg - ef} + \frac{(f + gx)(cd^2g^2 + 2ce^2f^2 + 3ae^2g^2)}{e(dg - ef)^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}(dg^2 - efg) + eg(f + gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(d^2eg^2 - 2de^2fg + e^3f^2)}{\sqrt{e}(dg - ef)^{5/2}}\right)(-cgd^2 + 4cfde + 3age^2)}{e^{3/2}(dg - ef)^{5/2}}$$

```
input int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)
```

```
output - ((2*(a*g^2 + c*f^2))/(d*g - e*f) + ((f + g*x)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 +
2*c*e^2*f^2))/(e*(d*g - e*f)^2))/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g^2 - e*f*g) + e*g*(
f + g*x)^(3/2)) - (atan(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(e^3*f^2 + d^2*e*g^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*
g))/(e^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(5/2)))*(3*a*e^2*g - c*d^2*g + 4*c*d*e*f))/(e^(3/
2)*(d*g - e*f)^(5/2))
```

3.602 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.602.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4423
3.602.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4424

3.602.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2+ag^2)}{(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(7ae^2g+cd(8ef-dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e(ef-dg)^3(d+ex)} - \frac{(15ae^2g^2+c(8e^2f^2+8defg-d^2g^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{4e^{3/2}(ef-dg)^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*(15*a*e^2*g^2+c*(-d^2*g^2+8*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(7/2)+2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(7*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-d*g+8*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(e*x+d)
```

3.602.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}(c(8e^3f^2x^2+d^3g(f+gx))+8de^2fx(3f+gx)+d^2e(14f^2+5fgx-g^2x^2))+ae(8d^2g^2+deg(9f+25gx))+e^2(-)}{(ef-dg)^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} 4e^{3/2}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]
```



```
output ((Sqrt[e]*(c*(8*e^3*f^2*x^2 + d^3*g*(f + g*x) + 8*d*e^2*f*x*(3*f + g*x) +
d^2*e*(14*f^2 + 5*f*g*x - g^2*x^2)) + a*e*(8*d^2*g^2 + d*e*g*(9*f + 25*g*x)
) + e^2*(-2*f^2 + 5*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2))))/((e*f - d*g)^3*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt
[f + g*x]) - ((15*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2))*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[-(e*f) + d*g]]/(-(e*f) + d*g)^(7/2))/(4*e^(3
/2))
```

3.602.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {649, 25, 1582, 25, 27, 361, 25, 359, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 649

$$2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2c(f + gx)f + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

↓ 25

$$-2 \int \frac{cf^2 - 2c(f + gx)f + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

↓ 1582

$$2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{e(4e(ef - dg)(cf^2 + ag^2) + (3ae^2g^2 - c(4e^2f^2 - 8degf + d^2g^2))(f + gx))}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{e(4e(ef - dg)(cf^2 + ag^2) + (3ae^2g^2 - c(4e^2f^2 - 8degf + d^2g^2))(f + gx))}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{4e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(- \frac{\int \frac{4e(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)+(3ae^2g^2-c(4e^2f^2-8degf+d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{4e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 361

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(7ae^2g+cd(8ef-dg))}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{1}{2} \int - \frac{8e(cf^2+ag^2)+\frac{g(7age^2+cd(8ef-dg))(f+gx)}{ef-dg}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{4e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8e(cf^2+ag^2)+\frac{g(7age^2+cd(8ef-dg))(f+gx)}{ef-dg}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(7ae^2g+cd(8ef-dg))}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{4e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 359

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(15ae^2g^2+c(-d^2g^2+8defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{ef-dg-e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{ef-dg} - \frac{8e(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(7ae^2g+cd(8ef-dg))}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)}}{4e(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{4e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)^2} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2 \left(- \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(15ae^2g^2+c(-d^2g^2+8defg+8e^2f^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right) - \frac{8e(ag^2+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)}}{\sqrt{e}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(7ae^2g+cd(8ef-dg))}{2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)}}{4e(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2+cd^2)}{4e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `2*(-1/4*((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g^2*sqrt[f + g*x])/((e*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))^2) - ((g*(7*a*e^2*g + c*d*(8*e*f - d*g))*sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((-8*e*(c*f^2 + a*g^2))/(e*f - d*g)*sqrt[f + g*x]) + ((15*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(sqrt[e]*(e*f - d*g)^(3/2))))/2)/(4*e*(e*f - d*g)^2)`

3.602.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 361 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x^(-m + 2))]/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`
- rule 649 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`

```
rule 1582 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1] && ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

3.602.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}ae^2g^2 - \frac{1}{8}cd^2g^2 + cdefg\right)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{g(9ade^2g^2 - 9ae^3fg + cd^3g^2 + 7cd^2efg - 8cde^2f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{8e}}{(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)^2} + \frac{(dg-ef)^3}{(dg-ef)^3}$
default	$-\frac{2(ag^2+cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}ae^2g^2 - \frac{1}{8}cd^2g^2 + cdefg\right)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{g(9ade^2g^2 - 9ae^3fg + cd^3g^2 + 7cd^2efg - 8cde^2f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{8e}}{(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)^2} + \frac{(dg-ef)^3}{(dg-ef)^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$2\left(\frac{15\sqrt{gx+f}\left(\left(a g^2 + \frac{8c f^2}{15}\right)e^2 + \frac{8cdefg - cd^2g^2}{15}\right)(ex+d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right) + \left(\left(\frac{15ag^2x^2}{8} + \frac{5afgx}{8} - \frac{f^2(-4cx^2+a)}{4}\right)e\right)}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}\sqrt{gx+f}(dg-ef)^3}\right)$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-2/(d*g-e*f)^3*(((7/8*a*e^2*g^2-1/8*c*d^2*g^2+c*d*e*f*g)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)+1/8*g*(9*a*d*e^2*g^2-9*a*e^3*f*g+c*d^3*g^2+7*c*d^2*e*f*g-8*c*d*e^2*f^2)/e*(g*x+f)^(1/2))/(e*(g*x+f)+d*g-e*f)^2+1/8*(15*a*e^2*g^2-c*d^2*g^2+8*c*d*e*f*g+8*c*e^2*f^2)/e/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2))
```

3.602.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 763 vs. $2(192) = 384$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1539, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.19

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/8*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^3 + 8*c*d^3*e*f^2*g - (c*d^4 - 15*a*d^2*e^2)*f*g^2 + (8*c*e^4*f^2*g + 8*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - (c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a*e^4)*g^3)*x^3 + (8*c*e^4*f^3 + 24*c*d*e^3*f^2*g + 15*(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*f*g^2 - 2*(c*d^3*e - 15*a*d*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (16*c*d*e^3*f^3 + 24*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 6*(c*d^3*e + 5*a*d*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^4 - 15*a*d^2*e^2)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*x + d)) + 2*(8*a*d^3*e^2*g^3 - 2*(7*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*f^3 + (13*c*d^3*e^2 - 11*a*d*e^4)*f^2*g + (c*d^4*e + a*d^2*e^3)*f*g^2 - (8*c*e^5*f^3 - 3*(3*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*a*e^5)*f*g^2 + (c*d^3*e^2 - 15*a*d*e^4)*g^3)*x^2 - (24*c*d*e^4*f^3 - (19*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*a*e^5)*f^2*g - 4*(c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a*d*e^4)*f*g^2 - (c*d^4*e + 25*a*d^2*e^3)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(d^2*e^6*f^5 - 4*d^3*e^5*f^4*g + 6*d^4*e^4*f^3*g^2 - 4*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^6*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^8*f^4*g - 4*d*e^7*f^3*g^2 + 6*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^3 - 4*d^3*e^5*f*g^4 + d^4*e^4*g^5)*x^3 + (e^8*f^5 - 2*d*e^7*f^4*g - 2*d^2*e^6*f^3*g^2 + 8*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^3 - 7*d^4*e^4*f*g^4 + 2*d^5*e^3*g^5)*x^2 + (2*d*e^7*f^5 - 7*d^2*e^6*f^4*g + 8*d^3*e^5*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d^5*e^3*f*g^4 + d^6*e^2*g^5)*x), 1/4*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^3 + 8*c*d^3*e*f^2*g - (c*d^4 - 15*a*d^2*e^2)*f*g^2 + (8*c*e^4*f^2*g + 8*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - (c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a*e^4)*g^3)*x^3 + (8*c*e^4*f^3 + 24*c*d*e^3*f^2*g + 15*(c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*f*g^2 - 2*(c*d^3*e - 15*a*d*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (16*c*d*e^3*f^3 + 24*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 6*(c*d^3*e + 5*a*d*e^3)*f...`

3.602.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.602. $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.602.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.602.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(8ce^2f^2 + 8cdefg - cd^2g^2 + 15ae^2g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{4(e^4f^3 - 3de^3f^2g + 3d^2e^2fg^2 - d^3eg^3)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}} + \frac{2(cf^2 + ag^2)}{(e^3f^3 - 3de^2f^2g + 3d^2efg^2 - d^3g^3)\sqrt{gx+f}} + \frac{8(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^2fg - 8\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^2g - (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2eg^2 + 7(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}ae^3g^2 + 7\sqrt{gx+f}cd^2efg^2 - 9\sqrt{gx+f}ae^3fg^2}{4(e^4f^3 - 3de^3f^2g + 3d^2e^2fg^2 - d^3eg^3)((gx+f)e - ef + d^2g)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/4*(8*c*e^2*f^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g - c*d^2*g^2 + 15*a*e^2*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(g*x
+ f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((e^4*f^3 - 3*d*e^3*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e^2*f*g^2
- d^3*e*g^3)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) + 2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)/((e^3*f^3 - 3*d*e^2
*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e*f*g^2 - d^3*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f)) + 1/4*(8*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*
c*d*e^2*f*g - 8*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*e^2*f^2*g - (g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*g^2
+ 7*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^3*g^2 + 7*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 9*sqrt(g*x
+ f)*a*e^3*f*g^2 + sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^3*g^3 + 9*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d*e^2*g^3)
/((e^4*f^3 - 3*d*e^3*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - d^3*e*g^3)*((g*x + f)*e - e
*f + d*g)^2)
```

3.602.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(-d^3 eg^3 + 3d^2 e^2 fg^2 - 3de^3 f^2 g + e^4 f^3)}{\sqrt{e}(dg-ef)^{7/2}}\right) (-cd^2 g^2 + 8cdefg + 8ce^2 f^2)}{4e^{3/2}(dg-ef)^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(cf^2+ag^2)}{dg-ef} + \frac{(f+gx)^2(-cd^2 g^2 + 8cdefg + 8ce^2 f^2 + 15ae^2 g^2)}{4(dg-ef)^3} + \frac{(f+gx)(cd^2 g^2 + 8cdefg + 16ce^2 f^2 + 25ae^2 g^2)}{4e(dg-ef)^2}}{e^2(f+gx)^{5/2} - (f+gx)^{3/2}(2e^2 f - 2deg) + \sqrt{f+gx}(d^2 g^2 - 2defg + e^2 f^2)}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

```
output (atan(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(e^4*f^3 - d^3*e*g^3 + 3*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - 3*d*e^3*f^2*g)))/(e^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(7/2)))*(15*a*e^2*g^2 - c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*e^2*f^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g)/(4*e^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(7/2)) - ((2*(a*g^2 + c*f^2))/(d*g - e*f) + ((f + g*x)^2*(15*a*e^2*g^2 - c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*e^2*f^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g))/(4*(d*g - e*f)^3) + ((f + g*x)*(25*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 + 16*c*e^2*f^2 + 8*c*d*e*f*g))/(4*e*(d*g - e*f)^2))/(e^2*(f + g*x)^(5/2) - (f + g*x)^(3/2)*(2*e^2*f - 2*d*e*g) + (f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g))
```

3.603 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.603.1 Optimal result	4425
3.603.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4425
3.603.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4426
3.603.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4428
3.603.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4428
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3.603.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{c(3ef + 5dg)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} + \frac{(8ae^2g^2 + c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(8*a*e^2*g^2+c*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(5/2)+1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g-1/4*c*(5*d*g+3*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2
```

3.603.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}(-3ef - 3dg + 2egx)}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{(8ae^2g^2 + c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]
```


output $(c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-3ef-3dg+2egx))/(4e^2g^2) + (8ae^2g^2+c(3e^2f^2+2defg+3d^2g^2))\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx})/(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex})]/(4e^{5/2}g^{5/2})$

3.603.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {651, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 651

$$\frac{\int \frac{4age^2-c(3ef+5dg)xe-cd(3ef+dg)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2g}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{4age^2-c(3ef+5dg)xe-cd(3ef+dg)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2g}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{(8ae^2g^2+c(3d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(5dg+3ef)}{g}}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2g}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{(8ae^2g^2+c(3d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{e-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{4e^2g} - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(5dg+3ef)}{g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2g}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(8ae^2g^2+c(3d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2)) \arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right) - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(5dg+3ef)}{g}}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2g}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a+c*x^2)/(\sqrt{d+e*x}*\sqrt{f+g*x}),x]$

```
output (c*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*g) + (-((c*(3*e*f + 5*d*g)*Sqrt[d
+ e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g) + ((8*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d
^2*g^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e
]*g^(3/2)))/(4*e^2*g)
```

3.603.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 651 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(g*e
^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int
[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p))*(a + c*x^
2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1)
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
&& !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```



```
output [1/16*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + (3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*g)*log
(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*s
qrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) + 4*(2*c*e
^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e^2*f*g - 3*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^
3), -1/8*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + (3*c*d^2 + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(-e*g)
*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(
e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) - 2*(2*c*e^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e
^2*f*g - 3*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^3)]
```

3.603.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + c*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)
```

3.603.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

3.603.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex + d)eg} - deg\sqrt{ex + d}\right)\left(\frac{2(ex+d)c}{e^3 g} - \frac{3ce^6 fg + 5cde^5 g^2}{e^8 g^3}\right) - \frac{(3ce^2 f^2 + 2cdefg + 3cd^2 g^2 + 8ae^2 g^2) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{eg}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ege^2 g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ege^2 g^2}}}{4|e|}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(2*(e*x + d)*c/(e^3*g) - (3*c*e^6*f*g + 5*c*d*e^5*g^2)/(e^8*g^3)) - (3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + 3*c*d^2*g^2 + 8*a*e^2*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)))/(sqrt(e*g)*e^2*g^2))*e/abs(e)`**3.603.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 32.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{catanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}\right) (3d^2 g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2 f^2) - 4a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{e(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{-eg}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}\right)}{2e^{5/2} g^{5/2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d}) \left(\frac{3cd^2 eg^2 + cde^2 fg + 3ce^3 f^2}{g^6(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}\right) - (\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3 \left(\frac{11cd^2 g^2 + 25cdefg + 11ce^2 f^2}{g^5(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^3}\right) + (\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^7 \left(\frac{3cd^2 g^2 + cde^2 fg + 3ce^3 f^2}{e^2 g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}\right)}{(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^8 + \frac{e^4}{g^4} - \frac{4e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^6}{g(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^6} - \frac{4e^3(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^8}{g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^8}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (c*\operatorname{atanh}((g^{1/2}*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2}))/e^{1/2}*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})))*(3*d^2*g^2+3*e^2*f^2+2*d*e*f*g)/(2*e^{5/2}*g^{5/2})-(4*a*\operatorname{atan}((e*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2}))/((-e*g)^{1/2}*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2}))))/(-e*g)^{1/2}-(((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2}))*((3*c*e^3*f^2)/2+(3*c*d^2*e*g^2)/2+c*d*e^2*f*g)/(g^6*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2}))-(((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^3*((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2+(11*c*e^2*f^2)/2+25*c*d*e*f*g))/(g^5*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^3)+(((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^7*((3*c*d^2*g^2)/2+(3*c*e^2*f^2)/2+c*d*e*f*g))/(e^2*g^3*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^7)-(((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^5*((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2+(11*c*e^2*f^2)/2+25*c*d*e*f*g))/(e*g^4*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^5)+(d^{1/2}*f^{1/2}*(32*c*d*g+32*c*e*f))*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^4/(g^4*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^4))/(((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^8)/((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^8+e^4/g^4-(4*e*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^6)/(g*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^6)-(4*e^3*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^2)/(g^3*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^2)+(6*e^2*((d+e*x)^{1/2}-d^{1/2})^4)/(g^2*((f+g*x)^{1/2}-f^{1/2})^4)
\end{aligned}$$

$$3.604 \quad \int \frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

3.604.1 Optimal result	4432
3.604.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4432
3.604.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4433
3.604.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4433
3.604.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4434
3.604.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4434
3.604.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4434
3.604.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4435
3.604.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4435

3.604.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \sqrt{-1+x}x\sqrt{1+x}$$

output `x*(-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)`

3.604.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \sqrt{-1+x}x\sqrt{1+x}$$

input `Integrate[(-1 + 2*x^2)/(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[-1 + x]*x*Sqrt[1 + x]`

3.604.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {644}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{2x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

↓ 644

$$\sqrt{x-1}x\sqrt{x+1}$$

input `Int[(-1 + 2*x^2)/(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x]),x]`

output `Sqrt[-1 + x]*x*Sqrt[1 + x]`

3.604.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 644 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((e + f*x)^(n + 1)/(c*e)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] && EqQ[b*c*e - a*d*f*(2*m + 3), 0]`

3.604.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
gospers	$x\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}$	13
default	$x\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}$	13
risch	$x\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}$	13

input `int((2*x^2-1)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)`

3.604. $\int \frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx$

3.604.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}x$$

input `integrate((2*x^2-1)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1)*x`

3.604.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((2*x**2-1)/(-1+x)**(1/2)/(1+x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.604.7 Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}x$$

input `integrate((2*x^2-1)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(x^2 - 1)*x`

3.604.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}x$$

input `integrate((2*x^2-1)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1)*x`**3.604.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-1 + 2x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}} dx = \frac{(x^2 + x) \sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x+1}}$$

input `int((2*x^2 - 1)/((x - 1)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `((x + x^2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(x + 1)^(1/2)`

3.605 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.605.1 Optimal result	4436
3.605.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4437
3.605.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4437
3.605.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4440
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3.605.6 Sympy [F]	4441
3.605.7 Maxima [F]	4441
3.605.8 Giac [F(-2)]	4442
3.605.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4442

3.605.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 411

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(ef+3dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{g}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{a(ae^2g-cd(2ef+dg))}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(ef+2dg))\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{ac\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{a(ae^2g-cd(2ef+dg))}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(ef+2dg))\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{ac\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

output $(3*d*g+e*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(g^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)})*e^{(1/2)}/c/g^{(1/2)}+e*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/c+\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(-g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*(-(c*d^2*f-a*e*(2*d*g+e*f))*(-a)^{(1/2)}+a*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(d*g+2*e*f))/c^{(1/2)})/a/c/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(-g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*((c*d^2*f-a*e*(2*d*g+e*f))*(-a)^{(1/2)}+a*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(d*g+2*e*f))/c^{(1/2)})/a/c/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}$

3.605.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ce} \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{(i\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} (\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))}}\right)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))}}}{a+cx^2}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x] + ((I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + (((-I)*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*(e*f + 3*d*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/Sqrt[g])/c^(3/2)`

3.605.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {658, 90, 66, 221, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

↓ 658

$$\frac{\int \frac{cf d^2 - ae(ef+2dg) - (ae^2g - cd(2ef+dg))x}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx} (cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{e \int \frac{ef+2dg+egx}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{c}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{\int \frac{cfd^2 - ae(ef+2dg) - (ae^2g - cd(2ef+dg))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(3dg + ef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx + \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)}{c}$$

66

$$\frac{\int \frac{cfd^2 - ae(ef+2dg) - (ae^2g - cd(2ef+dg))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{e\left((3dg + ef) \int \frac{1}{e^{-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\sqrt{\frac{d+ex}{f+gx}}} + \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)}{c}$$

221

$$\frac{\int \frac{cfd^2 - ae(ef+2dg) - (ae^2g - cd(2ef+dg))x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{e\left(\frac{(3dg+ef)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}} + \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)}{c}$$

2348

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(ef+2dg)) - \frac{a(cd(2ef+dg) - ae^2g)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\frac{a(cd(2ef+dg) - ae^2g)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(ef+2dg))}{2a(\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{-a})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(\frac{(3dg+ef)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}} + \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)}{c}$$

2009

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a(ae^2g - cd(dg+2ef))}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(2dg+ef))\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{a\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{-ag}}} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-a}(cd^2f - ae(2dg+ef)) + \frac{a(ae^2g - cd(dg+2ef))}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{a\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag} + \sqrt{cf}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(\frac{(3dg+ef)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}} + \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)}{c}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a + c*x^2),x]`

```
output (e*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x] + ((e*f + 3*d*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d +
e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[g]))/c + (((a*(a*e^2*g -
c*d*(2*e*f + d*g))/Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*(c*d^2*f - a*e*(e*f + 2*d*g))*ArcT
anh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a
]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(a*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqr
t[-a]*g]) + (((a*(a*e^2*g - c*d*(2*e*f + d*g))/Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*(c*d^2*
f - a*e*(e*f + 2*d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x
])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(a*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt
[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g])/c
```

3.605.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 658 Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_
)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/c Int[Simp[2*e*f + d*g + e*g*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m
- 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 2), x], x] + Simp[1/c Int[Simp[c*d*f^2 - 2*a*e*f*g -
a*d*g^2 + (c*e*f^2 + 2*c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((f + g*
x)^(n - 2)/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !Intege
rQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2348 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^
n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P
x, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) &&
!(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])
```

3.605.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2384 vs. 2(331) = 662.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2385, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2385

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(3*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*
e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d
*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*(-((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(
1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)*c*d*e*g+(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f
)/c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/
(e*g)^(1/2))*(-((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*(-
a*c)^(1/2)*c*e^2*f-2*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(
1/2)*ln((-2*(a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c
)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2))*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(a*c)^(1/2)*d
*g-(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(a*c)^(1/2)))*a*c*(e*g)^(1/2)*d*e*g-(((
a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(a*c)^(1/2)
*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f
)/c)^(1/2))*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c
*d*f)/(c*x+(a*c)^(1/2)))*a*c*(e*g)^(1/2)*e^2*f+(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(
1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+
2*(-((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2))*((g*x+f)*(e*x+
d))^(1/2)*c-(a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(a*c)^(1/2))
*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*a*e^2*g-(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*
e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((a*c)^(1
/2)*d*g+(a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2))*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*...
```

3.605.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.605.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.605.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{gx+f}}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.605.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.605.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^{3/2}}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a + c*x^2), x)`

3.606 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$

3.606.1 Optimal result	4443
3.606.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4444
3.606.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4444
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3.606.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4447
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3.606.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4449

3.606.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c} + \frac{(cdf - aeg - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef + dg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f - \sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f - \sqrt{-a}g}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef + dg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{-a}g}}$$

```
output 2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*e^(1/2)*g^(1/2)/c+a
rctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)
)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f-a*e*g-(d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/c/(-a
)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-ar
ctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(
1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f-a*e*g+(d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/c/(-a)^(
1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.606.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(i\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{ag}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))}} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(-i\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{ag}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(I*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + 2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/c`

3.606.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {659, 66, 221, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx \xrightarrow{659} \int \frac{cdf-ae g+c(ef+dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx + \frac{eg}{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \xrightarrow{66}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{cdf-ae g+c(ef+dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{2eg \int \frac{1}{e-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cdf-ae g+c(ef+dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2348} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(cdf-ae g)-a\sqrt{c}(ef+dg)}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}(ef+dg)+\sqrt{-a}(cdf-ae g)}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(dg+ef)-ae g+cdf)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cf-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{cf-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(dg+ef)-ae g+cdf)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/c + (((c*d*f - a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f + d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f + d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]))/c`

3.606.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 659 Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_
)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g/c) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1),
x], x] + Simp[1/c Int[Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (c*e*f + c*d*g)*x, x]*(d + e*x
)^(m - 1)*((f + g*x)^(n - 1)/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2348 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^
n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P
x, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) &&
!(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])
```

3.606.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1498 vs. $2(262) = 524$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1499, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1499

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*g)^(1/2)*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1
/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(
((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))
^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))**a
e*g-(e*g)^(1/2)*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)
*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)
)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a
*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))**c*d*f-(e*g)^(1/2)*(-((-a*c)^(1/
2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d
*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((
g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(
-a*c)^(1/2)))**(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(e*g)^(1/2)*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)
)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((
-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(
1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))**(-a*
c)^(1/2)*e*f-(e*g)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((-
a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1
/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))**((-a
*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*a*e*g+(e*g)^(1/2)*ln(
(-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*...
```

3.606.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.606.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.606.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.606.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

3.606.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(a + c*x^2),x)`output `\text{Hanged}`

3.607 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.607.1 Optimal result	4450
3.607.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4450
3.607.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4451
3.607.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4452
3.607.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4453
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3.607.7 Maxima [F]	4455
3.607.8 Giac [F(-1)]	4455
3.607.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4455

3.607.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}}$$

output `arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)`

3.607.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}$$

3.607. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]*f) + Sqrt[-a]*g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]*f) + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[c]*d) + Sqrt[-a]*e] - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c])`

3.607.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {661, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 661

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-af} - \frac{ag}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\frac{ag}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{-af}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f} - \sqrt{-a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f} - \sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d} - \sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d} - \sqrt{-ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag} + \sqrt{c}f} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag} + \sqrt{c}f}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{c}d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{c}d}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e] - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]`

3.607.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 661 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)
^2)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), (d
+ e*x)^(m + 1/2)/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGt
Q[m + 1/2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.607.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1386 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1387, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.78

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1387

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x
+2*(-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e
x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)
))*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*a*c*e^2*f-ln(
(-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*
e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c
)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(
-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*a*e^2*g+ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c
d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)
)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x
+(-a*c)^(1/2)))*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*
c^2*d^2*f-ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+
(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1
/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))*(-a*c)^(1/2)*(((a*c
)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*c*d^2*g-ln((2*(-a*c)^(1
/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*
f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*
c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))*(-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*
f)/c)^(1/2)*a*c*e^2*f-ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(
1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)...

```

3.607.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1921 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 6.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1921, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-1/4*sqrt(-(c*d*f + a*e*g + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2))*log(-(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 + 2*(c*d*e*f - c*d^2*g - (a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-(c*d*f + a*e*g + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)) + 2*(e^2*f*g - d*e*g^2)*x + (2*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f + ((c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)*f + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g)*x)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/x) + 1/4*sqrt(-(c*d*f + a*e*g + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2))*log(-(e^2*f^2 - d^2*g^2 - 2*(c*d*e*f - c*d^2*g - (a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-(c*d*f + a*e*g + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)) + 2*(e^2*f*g - d*e*g^2)*x + (2*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f + ((c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)*f + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g)*x)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/x) - 1/4*sqrt(-(c*d*f + a*e*g - (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*sqrt(-(e^2*f^2 - ...
```

3.607.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((a + c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

3.607.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

3.607.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.607.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.608 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.608.1 Optimal result 4456
 3.608.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4457
 3.608.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4457
 3.608.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4459
 3.608.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4460
 3.608.6 Sympy [F] 4460
 3.608.7 Maxima [F] 4460
 3.608.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4461
 3.608.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4461

3.608.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d-\sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d-\sqrt{-a}e}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-a}g}} - \frac{(cdf+aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d+\sqrt{-a}e}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-a}g}}$$

output

```
-2*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f+a*e*g-(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.608.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{i\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{i\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (I*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (I*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])`

3.608.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {660, 48, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 660

3.608. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{cdf+ae^g-c(ef-dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{e(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 48 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{cdf+ae^g-c(ef-dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2348 \\
& \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(cdf+ae^g)-a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+\sqrt{-a}(cdf+ae^g)}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+ae^g+cdf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}} - \frac{(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+ae^g+cdf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}} \\
& \quad \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{2e\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (((c*d*f + a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - ((c*d*f + a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

3.608.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 660 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_
)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-g)*((e*f - d*g)/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n, x], x] + Simp[1/(c*f^2 + a*g^2) Int[Simp[c*d*f + a*e
g + c(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(a + c*x^2)),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] &
& GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2348 `Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^(
n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P
x, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) &&
!(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])`

3.608.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5382 vs. 2(279) = 558.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5383, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5383

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.608.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5816 vs. $2(279) = 558$.

Time = 35.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5816, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Too large to include

3.608.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.608.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

3.608.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.608.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cx^2+a)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.609 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.609.1 Optimal result	4462
3.609.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4463
3.609.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4464
3.609.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4466
3.609.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4466
3.609.6 Sympy [F]	4467
3.609.7 Maxima [F]	4467
3.609.8 Giac [F(-1)]	4467
3.609.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4468

3.609.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 613

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4eg\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{e(cdf+aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{e(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}cdf+\sqrt{-a}aeg+a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{a(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}+4/3*e*g*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(a* \\ & e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+e*(c*d*f+a*e*g-(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c \\ & ^{(1/2)})*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d* \\ & c^{(1/2)})/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-e*(c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})*(g*x+ \\ & f)^{(1/2)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})/(e* \\ & x+d)^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(-g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(\\ & 1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*c^{(1/2)}*(c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}/(\\ & -g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/ \\ & 2)})^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*c^{(1/2)}*(c*d*f*(-a) \\ &)^{(1/2)}+a*e*g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+a*(-d*g+e*f)*c^{(1/2)})/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*(-a)^{(1/ \\ & 2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.609.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx &= \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^4(f+gx) + cde(-6d^2g + 6e^2fx + de(7f - 5gx)))}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(-ef + dg)(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{i\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd} + i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \\ & + \frac{i\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf} + i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} + i\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(a*e^4*(f + g*x) + c*d*e*(-6*d^2*g + 6*e^2*f*x + d*e*(7*f \\ & - 5*g*x)))/((3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) - (I*\operatorname{Sqr} \\ & t[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*g))]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\operatorname{Sqrt} \\ & [c]*f - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*g))]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e) \\ & ^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) + (I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\operatorname{Sqr} \\ & t[c]*f + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*g))]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[- \\ & ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*g))]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])]/(\operatorname{S} \\ & \operatorname{qrt}[a]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) \end{aligned}$$

3.609.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {660, 55, 48, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{660} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cdf+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{e(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cdf+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{e(ef-dg) \left(-\frac{2g \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3(ef-dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cdf+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{e(ef-dg) \left(\frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2348} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(cdf+aeg)-a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+\sqrt{-a}(cdf+aeg)}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{e(ef-dg) \left(\frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+aeg+cdf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+\sqrt{-a}cdf+\sqrt{-a}aeg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{a(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{ae^2+cd^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{e(ef-dg) \left(\frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

3.609. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

output $(e*(e*f - d*g)*((-2*\sqrt{f + g*x})/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + (4*g*\sqrt{f + g*x})/(3*(e*f - d*g)^2*\sqrt{d + e*x}))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2) + ((e*(c*d*f + a*e*g - \sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*(e*f - d*g))*\sqrt{f + g*x})/(\sqrt{-a}*(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e)*(e*f - d*g)*\sqrt{d + e*x}) - (e*(c*d*f + a*e*g + \sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*(e*f - d*g))*\sqrt{f + g*x})/(\sqrt{-a}*(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e)*(e*f - d*g)*\sqrt{d + e*x}) + (\sqrt{c}*(c*d*f + a*e*g + \sqrt{-a}*\sqrt{c}*(e*f - d*g))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*f - \sqrt{-a}*g})*\sqrt{d + e*x}]/(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e})*\sqrt{f + g*x}))/(\sqrt{-a}*(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{-a}*e)^{(3/2)*\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*f - \sqrt{-a}*g}}) + (\sqrt{c}*(\sqrt{-a}*c*d*f + \sqrt{-a}*a*e*g + a*\sqrt{c}*(e*f - d*g))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*f + \sqrt{-a}*g})*\sqrt{d + e*x}]/(\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e})*\sqrt{f + g*x}))/((a*(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{-a}*e)^{(3/2)*\sqrt{\sqrt{c}*f + \sqrt{-a}*g}}))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)$

3.609.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^{n+1} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^{n+1} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d * (\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m+1]} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 660 $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n / ((a + c*x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-g)*((e*f - d*g)/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m-1} * (f + g*x)^n, x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*f^2 + a*g^2) \ \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[c*d*f + a*e*g + c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x] * (d + e*x)^{m-1} * ((f + g*x)^{n+1} / (a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$


```
rule 2348 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_
)*x_)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^
n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P
x, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) &&
!(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])
```

3.609.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14860 vs. $2(501) = 1002$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14861, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	14861

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.609.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10812 vs. $2(501) = 1002$.

Time = 160.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10812, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Too large to include
```

3.609.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(5/2)), x)`

3.609.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

3.609.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.609.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cx^2+a)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.610 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.610.1 Optimal result 4469
 3.610.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4470
 3.610.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4470
 3.610.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4471
 3.610.5 Fricas [F(-1)] 4472
 3.610.6 Sympy [F] 4473
 3.610.7 Maxima [F] 4473
 3.610.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4473
 3.610.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4474

3.610.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{g}} + \frac{(cd^2 - 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f - \sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d - \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d} - \sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f} - \sqrt{-ag}} - \frac{(cd^2 + 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{-a}g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{-a}e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d} + \sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f} + \sqrt{-ag}}$$

```
output 2*e^(3/2)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/c/g^(1/2)+
arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)
)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(c*d^2-a*e^2-2*d*e*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/c/(-a)^(1
/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctan
h((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)
+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(c*d^2-a*e^2+2*d*e*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/c/(-a)^(1/2)/(e
(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.610.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{(i\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))}} + \frac{(-i\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))}} + c$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + (((-I)*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) + (2*e^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g])/c`

3.610.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {661, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 661

$$\int \left(\frac{-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{c(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{e^2}{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}} + \frac{2e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{g}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c*Sqrt[g]) + ((c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*c*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - ((c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*c*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g])`

3.610.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 661 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), (d + e*x)^(m + 1/2)/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m + 1/2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.610.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2335 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2336, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.93

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2336

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{2}(ex+d)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}(\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$
 $a^2e^2g^2(eg)^{1/2}(-((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+ae^2g-cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}-\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$
 $a^2cd^2g^2(eg)^{1/2}(-((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+ae^2g-cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}+\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$
 $a^2ce^2f^2(eg)^{1/2}(-((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+ae^2g-cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}-2\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$
 $a^2de^2g^2(eg)^{1/2}(-((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+ae^2g-cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}-\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$
 $c^2d^2f^2(eg)^{1/2}(-((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+ae^2g-cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}-2\ln((2(-a)^{1/2}egx+cdgx+cefx+2(((a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef-ae^2g+cd^2f)/c)^{1/2}((gx+f)(ex+d))^{1/2}c+(a)^{1/2}d^2g+(a)^{1/2}ef+2cd^2f)/(cx-(a)^{1/2})))$

3.610.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.610.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/((a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.610.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.610.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.610.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)), x)`

3.611 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.611.1 Optimal result 4475
 3.611.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4476
 3.611.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4476
 3.611.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4477
 3.611.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4478
 3.611.6 Sympy [F] 4479
 3.611.7 Maxima [F] 4480
 3.611.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4480
 3.611.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4480

3.611.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-a}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-a}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-a}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-a}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

```
output arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.611.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 6.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{4}(ef-dg)\text{RootSum} \left[ce^4 f^2 + ae^4 g^2 + 4ce^3 f^2 g \#1^2 \right. \\ \left. - 8cde^2 f g^2 \#1^2 - 4ae^3 g^3 \#1^2 + 6ce^2 f^2 g^2 \#1^4 - 16cdefg^3 \#1^4 + 16cd^2 g^4 \#1^4 + 6ae^2 g^4 \#1^4 \right. \\ \left. + 4cef^2 g^3 \#1^6 - 8cdfg^4 \#1^6 - 4aeg^5 \#1^6 + cf^2 g^4 \#1^8 \right. \\ \left. + ag^6 \#1^8 \&, \frac{-e^3 \log(f+gx) + 2e^3 \log\left(\sqrt{d-\frac{ef}{g}} - \sqrt{d+ex} + \sqrt{f+gx}\#1\right) - e^2 g \log(f+gx)\#1^2 + 2e}{ce^3 f^2 \#1 - 2cde^2 fg \#1 -}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/4*((e*f - d*g)*RootSum[c*e^4*f^2 + a*e^4*g^2 + 4*c*e^3*f^2*g*#1^2 - 8*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*#1^2 - 4*a*e^3*g^3*#1^2 + 6*c*e^2*f^2*g^2*#1^4 - 16*c*d*e*f*g^3*#1^4 + 16*c*d^2*g^4*#1^4 + 6*a*e^2*g^4*#1^4 + 4*c*e*f^2*g^3*#1^6 - 8*c*d*f*g^4*#1^6 - 4*a*e*g^5*#1^6 + c*f^2*g^4*#1^8 + a*g^6*#1^8 & , (-e^3*Log[f + g*x]) + 2*e^3*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]*#1] - e^2*g*Log[f + g*x]*#1^2 + 2*e^2*g*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]*#1]*#1^2 + e*g^2*Log[f + g*x]*#1^4 - 2*e*g^2*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]*#1]*#1^4 + g^3*Log[f + g*x]*#1^6 - 2*g^3*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]*#1]*#1^6)/(c*e^3*f^2*#1 - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g*#1 - a*e^3*g^2*#1 + 3*c*e^2*f^2*g*#1^3 - 8*c*d*e*f*g^2*#1^3 + 8*c*d^2*g^3*#1^3 + 3*a*e^2*g^3*#1^3 + 3*c*e*f^2*g^2*#1^5 - 6*c*d*f*g^3*#1^5 - 3*a*e*g^4*#1^5 + c*f^2*g^3*#1^7 + a*g^5*#1^7) &])`

3.611.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {661, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.611. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-ad} - \frac{ae}{\sqrt{c}}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\frac{ae}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{-ad}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 661

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag} + \sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag} + \sqrt{cf}}}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g])`

3.611.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 661 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), (d + e*x)^(m + 1/2)/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m + 1/2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.611.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1382 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1383, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.76

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1383

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e
*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*(-a*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2
*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d
))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))*
a*e*g^2+((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*(-a*c)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(
1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*
g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))*c*e*f^2+((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*
g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+
c*e*f*x+2*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+
f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)
^(1/2)))*a*c*d*g^2+((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1
/2)*ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(
1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+
(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2)))*c^2*d*f^2+((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g
+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*(-a*c)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e
*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(((a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c
)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*
f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))*a*e*g^2+((-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c
*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*(-a*c)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2...

```

3.611.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1913 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 8.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1913, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.611.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.611.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.611.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.612 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.612.1 Optimal result	4481
3.612.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4481
3.612.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4482
3.612.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4483
3.612.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4484
3.612.6 Sympy [F]	4485
3.612.7 Maxima [F]	4486
3.612.8 Giac [F(-1)]	4486
3.612.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4486

3.612.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

output $\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(-g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(-e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(-g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(-a)^{(1/2)}/(e*(-a)^{(1/2)}+d*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}$

3.612.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}}} + \frac{\sqrt{i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}$$

3.612. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((-1)^(1/4)*(-((Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*ArcTan[(-1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g]) + (Sqrt[I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*ArcTanh[(-1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])`

3.612.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {662, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 662

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g])`

3.612.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 662 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.612.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1414 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1415, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.15

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1415

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/2*c^2*(ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-
a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2
)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2))) *a^2*e^2*g^2*(-((-a*c)^(
1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)+ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+
c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2
))*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*
x-(-a*c)^(1/2))) *a*c*d^2*g^2*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*
d*f)/c)^(1/2)+ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*
g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(
1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2))) *a*c*e^2*f^2*(-((-a
*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)+ln((2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*
g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(
1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c+(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)
/(c*x-(-a*c)^(1/2))) *c^2*d^2*f^2*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*
g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)-ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((-a*c)^(1
/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(
-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+2*c*d*f)/(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))) *a^2*e^2*g^2*
(((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f-a*e*g+c*d*f)/c)^(1/2)-ln((-2*(-a*c)^(1
/2)*e*g*x+c*d*g*x+c*e*f*x+2*(-((-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g+(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*f+a*e*g-c*d
*f)/c)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e*...

```

3.612.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4325 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 15.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4325, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(-(c*d*f - a*e*g + ((a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*f^2 + (a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(-(c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)/((a*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^4)*f^4 + 2*(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)*g^4)))/((a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*f^2 + (a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*g^2))*log((e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 2*(c*d*e*f^2 - a*d*e*g^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f*g - ((a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*f^3 + (a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g + (a^2*c*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)*f*g^2 + (a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2)*g^3)*sqrt(-(c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)/((a*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^4)*f^4 + 2*(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)*g^4)))*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-(c*d*f - a*e*g + ((a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*f^2 + (a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(-(c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)/((a*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^4)*f^4 + 2*(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)*g^4)))/((a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*f^2 + (a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*g^2)) + 2*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x + (2*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f^3 + 2*(a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2)*f*g^2 + ((c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)*f^3 + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g + (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*f*g^2 + (a*c*d^3 + a^2*d*e^2)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)/((a*c^4*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^4)*f^4 + 2*(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)*g^4))`

3.612.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.612.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.612.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.612.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.613 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.613.1 Optimal result	4487
3.613.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4488
3.613.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4488
3.613.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4490
3.613.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4490
3.613.6 Sympy [F]	4490
3.613.7 Maxima [F]	4491
3.613.8 Giac [F(-1)]	4491
3.613.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4491

3.613.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 354

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}}$$

```
output -e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)+e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(e*x+d
)^(1/2)+arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2
))/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(
1/2))^(3/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(
1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c^(1/
2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2
)
```

3.613.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(-ef+dg)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}))}}$$

$$- \frac{i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})(\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}))}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))])*Sqrt[d + e*x])]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]) - (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))])*Sqrt[d + e*x])]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))])`

3.613.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {662, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 662

3.613. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}} \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}} \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})(ef-dg)}} -$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-((e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + (e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g])`

3.613.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 662 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.613.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10976 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10977, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.01

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	10977

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.613.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11846 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 56.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11846, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

3.613.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.613.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{3/2}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.613.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.613.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.614 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.614.1 Optimal result 4492
 3.614.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4493
 3.614.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4494
 3.614.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4497
 3.614.5 Fricas [F(-1)] 4497
 3.614.6 Sympy [F] 4498
 3.614.7 Maxima [F] 4498
 3.614.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4498
 3.614.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4499

3.614.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 625

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{e}(ef-dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cf^2+ag^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{e}(cdf+aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g}(cf^2+ag^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g}(cf^2+ag^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}(cdf+aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}(cf^2+ag^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}(cf^2+ag^2)}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2*(-d*g+e*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(g^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2})*e^{1/2} \\
& / (a*g^2+c*f^2)/g^{1/2}-\operatorname{arctanh}(g^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}) \\
&)*(c*d*f+a*e*g-(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2})*e^{1/2}/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^{1/2} \\
& /c^{1/2}/g^{1/2}+\operatorname{arctanh}(g^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/e^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2})* \\
& (c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2})*e^{1/2}/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^{1/2} \\
& /c^{1/2}/g^{1/2}+2*(-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^{1/2}+ \\
& \operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2}*(-g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(-e*(- \\
& a)^{1/2}+d*c^{1/2})^{1/2})*(c*d*f+a*e*g-(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2})*(-e \\
& *(-a)^{1/2}+d*c^{1/2})^{1/2}/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^{1/2}/c^{1/2}/(-g*(-a)^{1/2} \\
& +f*c^{1/2})^{1/2}-\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{1/2}*(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(\\
& g*x+f)^{1/2}/(e*(-a)^{1/2}+d*c^{1/2})^{1/2})*(c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^{1/2} \\
& *c^{1/2})*(e*(-a)^{1/2}+d*c^{1/2})^{1/2}/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^{1/2}/c^{1/2} \\
& / (g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2})^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$

3.614.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 8.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1049, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{(ef-dg) \left(2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{f+gx} \operatorname{RootSum} \left[ce^4 f^2 + ae^4 g^2 + 4ce^3 f^2 g \#1^2 - \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)), x]`

output

```
((e*f - d*g)*(2*Sqrt[d + e*x] - (Sqrt[f + g*x]*RootSum[c*e^4*f^2 + a*e^4*g^2 + 4*c*e^3*f^2*g**1^2 - 8*c*d*e^2*f*g^2**1^2 - 4*a*e^3*g^3**1^2 + 6*c*e^2*f^2*g^2**1^4 - 16*c*d*e*f*g^3**1^4 + 16*c*d^2*g^4**1^4 + 6*a*e^2*g^4**1^4 + 4*c*e*f^2*g^3**1^6 - 8*c*d*f*g^4**1^6 - 4*a*e*g^5**1^6 + c*f^2*g^4**1^8 + a*g^6**1^8 & , (-c*d*e^3*f*Log[f + g*x]) - a*e^4*g*Log[f + g*x] + 2*c*d*e^3*f*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1] + 2*a*e^4*g*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1] - c*d*e^2*f*g*Log[f + g*x]**1^2 + 2*c*d^2*e*g^2*Log[f + g*x]**1^2 + a*e^3*g^2*Log[f + g*x]**1^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*f*g*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^2 - 4*c*d^2*e*g^2*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^2 - 2*a*e^3*g^2*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^2 + c*d*e*f*g^2*Log[f + g*x]**1^4 - 2*c*d^2*g^3*Log[f + g*x]**1^4 - a*e^2*g^3*Log[f + g*x]**1^4 - 2*c*d*e*f*g^2*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^4 + 4*c*d^2*g^3*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^4 + 2*a*e^2*g^3*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^4 + c*d*f*g^3*Log[f + g*x]**1^6 + a*e*g^4*Log[f + g*x]**1^6 - 2*c*d*f*g^3*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^6 - 2*a*e*g^4*Log[Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[f + g*x]**1]**1^6)/(c*e^3*f^2**1 - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g**1 - a*e^3*g^2**1 + 3*c*e^2*f^2*g**1^3 - 8*c*d*e*f*g^2**1^3 + 8*c*d^2*g...
```

3.614.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {660, 57, 66, 221, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 660$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdf+aeg+c(ef-dg)x)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ag^2+cf^2} - \frac{g(ef-dg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx}{ag^2+cf^2}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdf+aeg+c(ef-dg)x)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ag^2+cf^2} - \frac{g(ef-dg) \left(\frac{e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{g\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{ag^2+cf^2}$$

3.614. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdf+aeg+c(ef-dg)x)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx \quad \xrightarrow{66} \quad \frac{g(ef-dg)}{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{2e \int \frac{1}{e-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{g\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) \\
& \xrightarrow{221} \quad \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cdf+aeg+c(ef-dg)x)}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ag^2+cf^2} \quad \frac{g(ef-dg)}{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{g\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) \\
& \xrightarrow{2348} \quad \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{-a}(cdf+aeg)-a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{(a\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+\sqrt{-a}(cdf+aeg))\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx}{ag^2+cf^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{g(ef-dg)}{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{g\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) \\
& \xrightarrow{2009} \quad \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{e}(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+aeg+cdf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g}} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)+aeg+cdf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}(-\sqrt{-a}}{ag^2+cf^2}}{ag^2+cf^2} \\
& \quad \frac{g(ef-dg)}{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{g\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

```
output -((g*(e*f - d*g)*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(g*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*ArcTan
h[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/g^(3/2)))/(c*f^2 + a*g
^2)) + (-((Sqrt[e]*(c*d*f + a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[
(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g
])) + (Sqrt[e]*(c*d*f + a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqr
t[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g]) +
(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*(c*d*f + a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*
g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d -
Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*
g]) - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*(c*d*f + a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f
- d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c
]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt
[-a]*g]))/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)
```

3.614.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 57 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 660 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_
)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-g)*((e*f - d*g)/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n, x], x] + Simp[1/(c*f^2 + a*g^2) Int[Simp[c*d*f + a*e
*g + c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(a + c*x^2)),
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] &
& GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2348 `Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*
(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^
n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[P
x, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) &&
!(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])`

3.614.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8263 vs. $2(497) = 994$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8264, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.22

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	8264

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.614.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.614.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/((a + c*x**2)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.614.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{(cx^2+a)(gx+f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + a)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.614.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.614.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)), x)`

3.615 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.615.1 Optimal result 4500
 3.615.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4501
 3.615.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4501
 3.615.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4503
 3.615.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4504
 3.615.6 Sympy [F] 4504
 3.615.7 Maxima [F] 4504
 3.615.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4505
 3.615.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4505

3.615.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{(cdf+aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}}(cf^2+ag^2)} - \frac{(cdf+aeg+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}}(cf^2+ag^2)}$$

output

```
-2*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f+a*e*g-(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*(c*d*f+a*e*g+(-d*g+e*f)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2))/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.615.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$+ \frac{i\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag})\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}$$

$$- \frac{i\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag})\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (I*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]) - (I*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])`

3.615.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {660, 48, 2348, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 660

3.615. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{cdf+ae+c(e-f-dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx - \frac{g(e-f-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx}{ag^2+cf^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 48 \\
& \int \frac{cdf+ae+c(e-f-dg)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+a)} dx - \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ag^2+cf^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2348 \\
& \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}(cdf+ae)-a\sqrt{c}(e-f-dg)}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}(e-f-dg)+\sqrt{-a}(cdf+ae)}{2a(\sqrt{cx}+\sqrt{-a})\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right) dx - \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ag^2+cf^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(e-f-dg)+ae+cdf)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-ag}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(e-f-dg)+ae+cdf)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}} \\
& \quad \frac{ag^2+cf^2}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
& \quad \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ag^2+cf^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (((c*d*f + a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]) - ((c*d*f + a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]))/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)`

3.615.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 660 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-g)*((e*f - d*g)/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n, x], x] + Simp[1/(c*f^2 + a*g^2) Int[Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g + c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2348 `Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])`

3.615.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5382 vs. $2(279) = 558$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5383, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5383

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.615.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5844 vs. $2(279) = 558$.

Time = 46.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5844, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Too large to include

3.615.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/((a + c*x**2)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.615.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + a)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.615.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.615.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)), x)`

3.616 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.616.1 Optimal result 4506
 3.616.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4507
 3.616.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4507
 3.616.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4509
 3.616.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4509
 3.616.6 Sympy [F] 4509
 3.616.7 Maxima [F] 4510
 3.616.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4510
 3.616.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4510

3.616.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 354

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag})(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}(\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2))*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.616.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))}(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))}(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*g^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/2)) + (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/2))`

3.616.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {662, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 662

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cf-\sqrt{-ag}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{-ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd}}(\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf})^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})(ef-dg)} - \frac{g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{-ag}+\sqrt{cf})(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(g*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - (g*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*(Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g)^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*(Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g)^(3/2))`

3.616.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 662 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.616.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10976 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10977, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.01

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	10977

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.616.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 12028 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 90.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12028, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

3.616.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.616.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.616.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.616.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.617 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

3.617.1 Optimal result 4511
 3.617.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4512
 3.617.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4513
 3.617.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4514
 3.617.5 Fricas [F(-1)] 4515
 3.617.6 Sympy [F] 4515
 3.617.7 Maxima [F] 4515
 3.617.8 Giac [F(-1)] 4516
 3.617.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4516

3.617.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 549

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{g(2\sqrt{-aeg}-\sqrt{c}(ef+dg))\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$+ \frac{g(2\sqrt{-aeg}+\sqrt{c}(ef+dg))\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag})(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{-ag})^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae}}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}(\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag})^{3/2}}$$

output `c*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(3/2)-c*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))^(3/2)-e/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+e/(-d*g+e*f)/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+g*(2*e*g*(-a)^(1/2)-(d*g+e*f)*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(-e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(-g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+g*(2*e*g*(-a)^(1/2)+(d*g+e*f)*c^(1/2))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(-a)^(1/2)/(e*(-a)^(1/2)+d*c^(1/2))/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)`

3.617.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(c(d^3g^3 + d^2eg^3x + e^3f^2(f+gx)) + ae^2g^2(dg + e(f+2gx)))}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 + ag^2)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$- \frac{ic\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd} + i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}+i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}))}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag})^2}$$

$$+ \frac{ic\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf} + i\sqrt{ag}))} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-((\sqrt{cd}-i\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cf}+i\sqrt{ag}))}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd} + i\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(\sqrt{cf} + i\sqrt{ag})^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*(c*(d^3*g^3 + d^2*e*g^3*x + e^3*f^2*(f + g*x)) + a*e^2*g^2*(d*g + e*(f + 2*g*x))))}{((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) - (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)^2) + (I*c*\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)^2)}$$

3.617.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {662, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 662

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{cx})(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{cx})(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\text{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-a}g}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}d-\sqrt{-a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})^{3/2}(\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-a}g)^{3/2}} - \frac{\text{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}g+\sqrt{c}f}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}e+\sqrt{c}d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}(\sqrt{-a}g+\sqrt{c}f)^{3/2}} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(ef-dg)}{e} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})(ef-dg)}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(2aeg-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(dg+ef))} +$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})(\sqrt{-a}g+\sqrt{c}f)(ef-dg)^2}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(dg+ef)+2aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{c}f-\sqrt{-a}g)(ef-dg)^2}{e}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]$

3.617. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$


```
output -(e/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f +
g*x])) + e/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqr
rt[f + g*x]) + (g*(2*a*e*g - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[d + e*x])/
(a*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[f
+ g*x]) + (g*(2*a*e*g + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*(S
qrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x
]) + (c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d - Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)
*(Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[-a]*g)^(3/2)) - (c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g
]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[-a]*
(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[-a]*g)^(3/2))
```

3.617.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 662 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_
)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + c*x^
2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Inte
gerQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.617.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 30647 vs. $2(433) = 866$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30648, normalized size of antiderivative = 55.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	30648

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.617.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.617.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.617.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.617.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.617.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.618 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx$

3.618.1 Optimal result	4517
3.618.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4517
3.618.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4518
3.618.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4519
3.618.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4520
3.618.6 Sympy [F]	4520
3.618.7 Maxima [F]	4521
3.618.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4521
3.618.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4522

3.618.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2}(1-i)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(1+i)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right)$$

output `-1/2*(1-I)^(3/2)*arctanh((1-I)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2))-1/2*(1+I)^(3/2)*arctanh((1+I)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2))`

3.618.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\operatorname{RootSum}\left[16 + 32\#1 + 16\#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\log(-2x + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x} + \#1)\#1^2}{8 + 8\#1 + \#1^3} \&\right]$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]/(Sqrt[1+x]*(1+x^2)),x]`

output `-RootSum[16 + 32*#1 + 16*#1^2 + #1^4 & , (Log[-2*x + 2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[1+x] + #1]*#1^2)/(8 + 8*#1 + #1^3) &]`

3.618.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {613, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

↓ 613

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(x+i)\sqrt{x+1}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(i-x)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

↓ 104

$$\int \frac{1}{\frac{(1-i)x}{x+1} + i} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}} - \int \frac{1}{i - \frac{(1+i)x}{x+1}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}}$$

↓ 221

$$-\frac{1}{2}(1-i)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(1+i)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}}\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]/(Sqrt[1+x]*(1+x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*((1 - I)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 - I]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[1 + x]]) - ((1 + I)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 + I]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[1 + x]])/2`

3.618.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 613 Int[Sqrt[(e_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e/(2*b) Int[1/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(Rt[-a/b, 2] + x)), x]
, x] - Simp[e/(2*b) Int[1/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(Rt[-a/b, 2] - x)), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

3.618.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(45) = 90$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{(1+x)x}{(\sqrt{2}-1+x)^2}} (\sqrt{2}-1+x) \left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\frac{(3\sqrt{2}-4)x(4+3\sqrt{2})(1+x)}{(\sqrt{2}-1+x)^2}} (3+2\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2}+1-x)(3\sqrt{2}-4)(\sqrt{2}-1+x)}}{4(1+x)x}} \right) \sqrt{1+x} \right)$

```
input int(x^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/x^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)*((1+x)*x/(2^(1/2)-1+x)^2)^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)-1+x)*((-2
+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(1/4*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*((3*2^(1/2)-4)*x*(4+3*2^(
1/2))*(1+x)/(2^(1/2)-1+x)^2)^(1/2)*(3+2*2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)+1-x)*(3*2^(1/2)
-4)*(2^(1/2)-1+x)/(1+x)/x)*(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-2*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2
)*arctan(1/4*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*((3*2^(1/2)-4)*x*(4+3*2^(1/2))*(1+x)/(2^(
1/2)-1+x)^2)^(1/2)*(3+2*2^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)+1-x)*(3*2^(1/2)-4)*(2^(1/2)-1+x
)/(1+x)/x)*(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)+4*arctanh(2^(1/2)*((1+x)*x/(2^(1/2)-1+x)^2)^(
1/2)/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-6*arctanh(2^(1/2)*((1+x)*x/(2^(1/2)-1+x)^2
)^(1/2)/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(3*2^(1/2)-4)/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.618.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{i-1} \log \left((i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{i-1} + 2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x} - 2x - 2i \right) \\ - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{i-1} \log \left(-(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{i-1} + 2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x} - 2x - 2i \right) \\ + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-i-1} \log \left(-(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-i-1} + 2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x} - 2x + 2i \right) \\ - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-i-1} \log \left((i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-i-1} + 2 \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x} - 2x + 2i \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(I - 1)*log((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(I - 1) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x) - 2*x - 2*I) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(I - 1)*log(-(I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(I - 1) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x) - 2*x - 2*I) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-I - 1)*log(-(I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-I - 1) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x) - 2*x + 2*I) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-I - 1)*log((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-I - 1) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x) - 2*x + 2*I)`

3.618.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)/(x**2+1)/(1+x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)/(sqrt(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

3.618.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x)/((x^2 + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

3.618.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 375 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{x+1}+1}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} \left(\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \right) \arctan \left(-\frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} - 2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{x+1}+1}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{8} \left(\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \right) \log \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{x+1}+1} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{x+1}} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{8} \left(\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \right) \log \left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{x+1}+1} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{1}{x+1} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \arctan \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + 2\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \arctan \left(-\frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} - 2\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \log \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+1} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \log \left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+1} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2) + sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2))*arctan(2*(1/2)^(3/4)*((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 2*sqrt(-1/(x + 1) + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/4*(sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2) + sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2))*arctan(-2*(1/2)^(3/4)*((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) - 2*sqrt(-1/(x + 1) + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) - 1/8*(sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2) - sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2))*log((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(-1/(x + 1) + 1) + sqrt(1/2) - 1/(x + 1) + 1) + 1/8*(sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2) - sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2))*log(-(1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(-1/(x + 1) + 1) + sqrt(1/2) - 1/(x + 1) + 1) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan(2*(1/2)^(3/4)*((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 2)/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan(-2*(1/2)^(3/4)*((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) - 2)/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) - 1/8*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*log((1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + sqrt(1/2) + 1) + 1/8*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*log(-(1/2)^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + sqrt(1/2) + 1)`

3.618.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1610, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```

- atan(((((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*((2845
4158336*x^(1/2))/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) + ((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(
1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*((112742891520*x^(1/2))/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) - ((53
1502202880*x)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - 241591910400))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)
^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/
2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)) - (12079595520*x)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 + 68451041280
))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)) + (1355599052
8*x)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 + 9529458688) + (3556769792*x^(1/2))/((x + 1)^(
1/2) - 1))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*1i -
(((((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*((13555990528*x
)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - ((28454158336*x^(1/2))/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) + ((-
2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*((112742891520*x^(
1/2))/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) + ((531502202880*x)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - 2415
91910400))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)))*((- 2
^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)) + (12079595520*x)/((x
+ 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - 68451041280))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)
/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)) + 9529458688) - (3556769792*x^(1/2))/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1
))*((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*1i)/(((((- 2^(
1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))*((28454158336*x^(1/2))
/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) + ((- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)

```

3.619 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x)^4} dx$

3.619.1 Optimal result 4524
 3.619.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4524
 3.619.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4525
 3.619.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4527
 3.619.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4528
 3.619.6 Sympy [F] 4528
 3.619.7 Maxima [F] 4528
 3.619.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 4529
 3.619.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4529

3.619.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = \frac{(f + g)^2(1 + x)^4}{5(1 - x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{(f - 9g)(f + g)(1 + x)^3}{15(1 - x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g^2(1 + x)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} - g^2 \arcsin(x)$$

output `1/5*(f+g)^2*(1+x)^4/(-x^2+1)^(5/2)+1/15*(f-9*g)*(f+g)*(1+x)^3/(-x^2+1)^(3/2)-g^2*arcsin(x)+2*g^2*(1+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.619.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}(f^2(-4 - 3x + x^2) - 2fg(-1 + 3x + 4x^2) - 3g^2(8 - 19x + 13x^2))}{15(-1 + x)^3} + 2g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{1 + x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(1 - x)^4,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]*(f^2*(-4 - 3*x + x^2) - 2*f*g*(-1 + 3*x + 4*x^2) - 3*g^2*(8 - 19*x + 13*x^2)))/(15*(-1 + x)^3) + 2*g^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]/(1 + x)]$

3.619.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {717, 100, 25, 87, 57, 39, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}(f+gx)^2}{(1-x)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 717 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}(f+gx)^2}{(1-x)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{\sqrt{x+1}(f^2-8gf-4g^2-5g^2x)}{(1-x)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}(f^2-8gf-4g^2-5g^2x)}{(1-x)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(5g^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{(1-x)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f-9g)(f+g)}{3(1-x)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(5g^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{1-x}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}} dx \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f-9g)(f+g)}{3(1-x)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 39 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left(5g^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{1-x}} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f-9g)(f+g)}{3(1-x)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 223
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(5g^2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{1-x}} - \arcsin(x) \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f-9g)(f+g)}{3(1-x)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{(x+1)^{3/2}(f+g)^2}{5(1-x)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - x^2])/(1 - x)^4,x]`

output `((f + g)^2*(1 + x)^(3/2))/(5*(1 - x)^(5/2)) + (((f - 9*g)*(f + g)*(1 + x)^(3/2))/(3*(1 - x)^(3/2)) + 5*g^2*((2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[1 - x] - ArcSin[x]))/5`

3.619.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 39 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0]))`

rule 57 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

```
rule 100 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(
p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^(2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^(2*(d
*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^(2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(
n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(
p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x
, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n
+ p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 717 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p,
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && GtQ[a
, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]
```

3.619.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(1+x)(f^2x^2-8x^2fg-39g^2x^2-3f^2x-6fgx+57g^2x-4f^2+2fg-24g^2)}{15(-1+x)^2\sqrt{-x^2+1}} - g^2 \arcsin(x)$
trager	$\frac{(f^2x^2-8x^2fg-39g^2x^2-3f^2x-6fgx+57g^2x-4f^2+2fg-24g^2)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{15(-1+x)^3} + g^2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1) \ln(-\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1))$
default	$g^2 \left(\frac{(-(-1+x)^2+2-2x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-1+x)^2} + \sqrt{-(-1+x)^2+2-2x} - \arcsin(x) \right) + \frac{2g(f+g)(-(-1+x)^2+2-2x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(-1+x)^3} + (f^2$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(1+x)*(f^2*x^2-8*f*g*x^2-39*g^2*x^2-3*f^2*x-6*f*g*x+57*g^2*x-4*f^2+2
*f*g-24*g^2)/(-1+x)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)-g^2*arcsin(x)
```

3.619.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2f^2 - fg + 12g^2)x^3 - 6(2f^2 - fg + 12g^2)x^2 - 4f^2 + 2fg - 24g^2 + 6(2f^2 - fg + 12g^2)x + 30(g^2$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(2*(2*f^2 - f*g + 12*g^2)*x^3 - 6*(2*f^2 - f*g + 12*g^2)*x^2 - 4*f^2 + 2*f*g - 24*g^2 + 6*(2*f^2 - f*g + 12*g^2)*x + 30*(g^2*x^3 - 3*g^2*x^2 + 3*g^2*x - g^2)*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) + ((f^2 - 8*f*g - 39*g^2)*x^2 - 4*f^2 + 2*f*g - 24*g^2 - 3*(f^2 + 2*f*g - 19*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1))/(x^3 - 3*x^2 + 3*x - 1)`

3.619.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(x - 1)(x + 1)}(f + gx)^2}{(x - 1)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(-x**2+1)**(1/2)/(1-x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1))*(f + g*x)**2/(x - 1)**4, x)`

3.619.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2 \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}{(x - 1)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)/(x - 1)^4, x)`

3.619. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x)^4} dx$

3.619.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = -g^2 \arcsin(x) + \frac{2 \left(4f^2 - 2fg + 24g^2 + \frac{5f^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} - \frac{10fg(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} + \frac{105g^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)}{x} + \frac{25f^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^2}{x^2} + \frac{10fg(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{x^3} - \frac{165g^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^3}{x^3} + \frac{30f^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4}{x^4} - \frac{15fg^2(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1)^4}{x^4} \right)}{(1-x)^5}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-g^2*arcsin(x) + 2/15*(4*f^2 - 2*f*g + 24*g^2 + 5*f^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x - 10*f*g*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 105*g^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 25*f^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 10*f*g*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 165*g^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2 + 15*f^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 - 30*f*g*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 + 75*g^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^3/x^3 + 15*f^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4/x^4 + 15*g^2*(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^4/x^4)/((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x + 1)^5`

3.619.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{(1 - x)^4} dx = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left(\frac{\frac{f^2}{3} + 2fg + \frac{5g^2}{3}}{x - 1} - \frac{\frac{f^2}{3} + 2fg + \frac{5g^2}{3}}{(x - 1)^2} \right) - \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left(\frac{\frac{2f^2}{5} + \frac{4fg}{5} + \frac{2g^2}{5}}{(x - 1)^3} + \frac{\frac{4f^2}{15} + \frac{8fg}{15} + \frac{4g^2}{15}}{x - 1} - \frac{\frac{4f^2}{15} + \frac{8fg}{15} + \frac{4g^2}{15}}{(x - 1)^2} \right) - g^2 \arcsin(x) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2} (4g^2 + 2fg)}{x - 1}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(1 - x^2)^(1/2))/(x - 1)^4,x)`

output $(1 - x^2)^{1/2} * ((2*f*g + f^2/3 + (5*g^2)/3)/(x - 1) - (2*f*g + f^2/3 + (5*g^2)/3)/(x - 1)^2) - (1 - x^2)^{1/2} * (((4*f*g)/5 + (2*f^2)/5 + (2*g^2)/5)/(x - 1)^3 + ((8*f*g)/15 + (4*f^2)/15 + (4*g^2)/15)/(x - 1) - ((8*f*g)/15 + (4*f^2)/15 + (4*g^2)/15)/(x - 1)^2) - g^2 * \text{asin}(x) - ((1 - x^2)^{1/2} * (2*f*g + 4*g^2))/(x - 1)$

$$3.620 \quad \int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx$$

3.620.1 Optimal result	4531
3.620.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4531
3.620.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4532
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3.620.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4535

3.620.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{d} - \frac{(ac-2d)\arcsin(ax)}{d^2} + \frac{(ac-d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{d+a^2cx}{\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}}$$

output $-(a*c-2*d)*\arcsin(a*x)/d^2+(a*c-d)^2*\arctan((a^2*c*x+d)/(\sqrt{a^2*c^2-d^2})^{1/2})/(-\sqrt{a^2*x^2+1})^{1/2})/d^2/(\sqrt{a^2*c^2-d^2})^{1/2}-(-\sqrt{a^2*x^2+1})^{1/2}/d$

3.620.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx = \frac{-d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + (-2ac+4d)\arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{2(ac-d)\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2c^2}}{c+dx-c\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}}\right)}{ac+d}}{d^2}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(1 - a^2*x^2)^{(3/2)} / ((1 - a*x)^2*(c + d*x)), x]$

output $(-(d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]) + (-2*a*c + 4*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*x)/(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])]) - (2*(a*c - d)*\text{Sqrt}[a^2*c^2 - d^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[a^2*c^2 - d^2]*x)/(c + d*x - c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])]) / (a*c + d) / d^2$

$$3.620. \quad \int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx$$

3.620.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {708, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 708

$$\int \left(-\frac{a(ac - 2d)}{d^2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} + \frac{(d - ac)^2}{d^2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(c + dx)} + \frac{a^2x}{d\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ac - d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a^2cx + d}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}\sqrt{a^2c^2 - d^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a^2c^2 - d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{d} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)(ac - 2d)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/((1 - a*x)^2*(c + d*x)),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/d) - ((a*c - 2*d)*ArcSin[a*x])/d^2 + ((a*c - d)^2*ArcTan[(d + a^2*c*x)/(Sqrt[a^2*c^2 - d^2]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])]/(d^2*Sqrt[a^2*c^2 - d^2]))`

3.620.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 708 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^2], (d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.620.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2x^2-1}{d\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} - \frac{a(ac-2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a^2}} - \frac{(-a^2c^2+2acd-d^2) \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(a^2c^2-d^2)}{d^2} + \frac{2a^2c(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{-a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{-a^2(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 + \frac{2a^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2} - 3a \left(\frac{\left(-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - a \left(-\frac{(-2a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)-2a)\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}}{4a^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\sqrt{-a^2\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)^2-2a\left(x-\frac{1}{a}\right)}\right)}{2} \right) \right)$

```
input int((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/(-a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^2*x^2-1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/d*(a*(a*c-2*d)/d/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-(-a^2*c^2+2*a*c*d-d^2)/d^2/(-a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2+2*a^2*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*(-a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(-a^2*(x+c/d)^2+2*a^2*c/d*(x+c/d)-(a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

3.620.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2(c + dx)} dx = \left[-\frac{(ac - d)\sqrt{-\frac{ac-d}{ac+d}} \log\left(\frac{a^2cdx+d^2-(a^2c^2-d^2)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-(acd+d^2+(a^3c^2+a^2cd)x+\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{dx+c}\right)}{d^2} \right]$$

3.620. $\int \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1-ax)^2(c+dx)} dx$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/(-a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(-(a*c - d)*sqrt(-(a*c - d)/(a*c + d))*log((a^2*c*d*x + d^2 - (a^2*c^2 - d^2)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - (a*c*d + d^2 + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*c*d + d^2))*sqrt(-(a*c - d)/(a*c + d)))/(d*x + c)) - 2*(a*c - 2*d)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*d/d^2, (2*(a*c - d)*sqrt((a*c - d)/(a*c + d))*arctan((d*x - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*c + c)*sqrt((a*c - d)/(a*c + d))/((a*c - d)*x)) + 2*(a*c - 2*d)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*d/d^2]`

3.620.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{-(ax - 1)(ax + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)(ax - 1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a**2*x**2+1)**(3/2)/(-a*x+1)**2/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((-a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1)**(3/2)/((c + d*x)*(a*x - 1)**2), x)`

3.620.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ax - 1)^2(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/(-a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)/((a*x - 1)^2*(d*x + c)), x)`

3.620.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2 (c + dx)} dx = - \left(\frac{(ax - 1) \sqrt{-\frac{2}{ax-1}} - 1 \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ax-1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(a)}{ad} - \frac{2 \left(ac \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ax-1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(a) - 2 d \operatorname{sgn}\left(\frac{1}{ax-1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(a) \right) \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{2}{ax-1}}\right)}{ad^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/(-a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-((a*x - 1)*sqrt(-2/(a*x - 1) - 1)*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a)/(a*d) - 2*(a*c*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a) - 2*d*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a))*arctan(sqrt(-2/(a*x - 1) - 1))/(a*d^2) + 2*(a^2*c^2*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a) - 2*a*c*d*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a) + d^2*sgn(1/(a*x - 1))*sgn(a))*arctan((a*c*sqrt(-2/(a*x - 1) - 1) + d*sqrt(-2/(a*x - 1) - 1))/sqrt(a^2*c^2 - d^2))/(sqrt(a^2*c^2 - d^2)*a*d^2))*abs(a)`

3.620.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2 (c + dx)} dx = - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x \sqrt{-a^2}) \left(2 a \sqrt{-a^2} - \frac{a^2 c \sqrt{-a^2}}{d} \right)}{a^2 d} - \frac{\left(\ln \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{a^2 c^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} + \frac{a^2 c x}{d} + 1 \right) - \ln(c + dx) \right) (a^2 c^2 - 2 a c d + d^2)}{d^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{a^2 c^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `int((1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)/((a*x - 1)^2*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `- (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d - (asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(2*a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - (a^2*c*(-a^2)^(1/2))/d))/(a^2*d) - ((log((1 - (a^2*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2) + (a^2*c*x)/d + 1) - log(c + d*x))*(d^2 + a^2*c^2 - 2*a*c*d))/(d^3*(1 - (a^2*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))`

3.620. $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}}{(1 - ax)^2 (c + dx)} dx$

3.621 $\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$

3.621.1 Optimal result 4536
 3.621.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4536
 3.621.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4537
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 3.621.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 4540
 3.621.6 Sympy [F] 4540
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 3.621.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4541
 3.621.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4542

3.621.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{d} - \frac{(ac-2d)\arcsin(ax)}{d^2} + \frac{(ac-d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{d+a^2cx}{\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}}$$

output $-(a*c-2*d)*\arcsin(a*x)/d^2+(a*c-d)^2*\arctan((a^2*c*x+d)/(\sqrt{a^2*c^2-d^2})^{(1/2)})/(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d^2/(\sqrt{a^2*c^2-d^2})^{(1/2)}-(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d$

3.621.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + (-2ac+4d)\arctan\left(\frac{ax}{-1+\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right) - \frac{2(ac-d)\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}x}{c+dx-c\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}\right)}{ac+d}}{d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + a*x)^2/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output $(- (d \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) + (-2ac + 4d) \operatorname{ArcTan}[(ax)/(-1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2})]) - (2(ac - d) \sqrt{a^2 c^2 - d^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{a^2 c^2 - d^2} x)/(c + dx - c \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}]]) / (ac + d) / d^2$

3.621.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {716, 25, 27, 719, 223, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ax + 1)^2}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 716 \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{a^2 d (d - a(ac - 2d)x)}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{a^2 d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a^2 d (d - a(ac - 2d)x)}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{a^2 d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d - a(ac - 2d)x}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{(ac - d)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{a(ac - 2d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 223 \\
 & \frac{(ac - d)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)(ac - 2d)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & - \frac{(ac - d)^2 \int \frac{1}{-a^2 c^2 + d^2 - \frac{(cxa^2 + d)^2}{1 - a^2 x^2}} d \frac{cxa^2 + d}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}}{d} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)(ac - 2d)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.621. $\int \frac{(1 + ax)^2}{(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{(ac-d)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a^2cx+d}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}}\right) - \frac{\arcsin(ax)(ac-2d)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{d}}{d} \quad \downarrow \quad 217$$

input `Int[(1 + a*x)^2/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/d) + (-(((a*c - 2*d)*ArcSin[a*x])/d) + ((a*c - d)^2*ArcTan[(d + a^2*c*x)/(Sqrt[a^2*c^2 - d^2]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/(d*Sqrt[a^2*c^2 - d^2]))/d`

3.621.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 716 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)
^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/
(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) I
nt[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^
n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(a*e^2*(m +
n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - 2*c*d*e*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n
+ 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 719 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p
._), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.621.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2x^2-1}{d\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}} - \frac{a(ac-2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a^2}} - \frac{(-a^2c^2+2acd-d^2) \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(a^2c^2-d^2)}{d^2} + \frac{2a^2c(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{-a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{-a^2(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 + \frac{2a^2c^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a\left(-\frac{2d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{ac \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}x}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{(a^2c^2-2acd+d^2) \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(a^2c^2-d^2)}{d^2} + \frac{2a^2c(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{-a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{-a^2(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 + \frac{2a^2c^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^3\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2-d^2}{d^2}}}$

```
input int((a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^2*x^2-1)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/d*(a*(a*c-2*d)/d/(a^2)^(1/2)*arctan((
a^2)^(1/2)*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-(-a^2*c^2+2*a*c*d-d^2)/d^2/(-a^2*c^2-d^2
)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2+2*a^2*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*(-a^2*c^2-d^2)/
d^2)^(1/2)*(-a^2*(x+c/d)^2+2*a^2*c/d*(x+c/d)-(a^2*c^2-d^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+
c/d))
```

$$3.621. \int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

3.621.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ac-d)\sqrt{-\frac{ac-d}{ac+d}} \log\left(\frac{a^2cdx+d^2-(a^2c^2-d^2)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-(acd+d^2+(a^3c^2+a^2cd)x+\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(acd+d^2))\sqrt{-\frac{ac-d}{ac+d}}}{dx+c}\right) - 2(ac-d)\sqrt{-\frac{ac-d}{ac+d}}}{d^2}$$

```
input integrate((a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-(a*c - d)*sqrt(-(a*c - d)/(a*c + d))*log((a^2*c*d*x + d^2 - (a^2*c^2 - d^2)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - (a*c*d + d^2 + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*c*d + d^2))*sqrt(-(a*c - d)/(a*c + d)))/(d*x + c)) - 2*(a*c - 2*d)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*d/d^2, (2*(a*c - d)*sqrt((a*c - d)/(a*c + d))*arctan((d*x - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*c + c)*sqrt((a*c - d)/(a*c + d))/((a*c - d)*x)) + 2*(a*c - 2*d)*arctan((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/(a*x)) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*d/d^2]
```

3.621.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ax+1)^2}{\sqrt{-(ax-1)(ax+1)}(c+dx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a*x+1)**2/(d*x+c)/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a*x + 1)**2/(sqrt(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))*(c + d*x)), x)
```

3.621.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d-a*c>0)', see `assume?` for more details)

3.621.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(a^2c-2ad)\arcsin(ax)\operatorname{sgn}(a)}{d^2|a|} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{d} - \frac{2(a^3c^2-2a^2cd+ad^2)\arctan\left(\frac{d+\frac{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)c}{ax}}{\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2c^2-d^2}d^2|a|}$$

input `integrate((a*x+1)^2/(d*x+c)/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(a^2*c - 2*a*d)*arcsin(a*x)*sgn(a)/(d^2*abs(a)) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/d - 2*(a^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*c*d + a*d^2)*arctan((d + (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*c/(a*x))/sqrt(a^2*c^2 - d^2))/(sqrt(a^2*c^2 - d^2)*d^2*abs(a))`

3.621.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(1+ax)^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(x\sqrt{-a^2}) \left(2a\sqrt{-a^2} - \frac{a^2c\sqrt{-a^2}}{d}\right)}{a^2d}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\ln\left(\sqrt{1-\frac{a^2c^2}{d^2}}\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + \frac{a^2cx}{d} + 1\right) - \ln(c+dx)\right) (a^2c^2 - 2acd + d^2)}{d^3\sqrt{1-\frac{a^2c^2}{d^2}}}$$

input `int((a*x + 1)^2/((1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)),x)`output `- (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/d - (asinh(x*(-a^2)^(1/2))*(2*a*(-a^2)^(1/2) - (a^2*c*(-a^2)^(1/2))/d))/(a^2*d) - ((log((1 - (a^2*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2) + (a^2*c*x)/d + 1) - log(c + d*x))*(d^2 + a^2*c^2 - 2*a*c*d))/(d^3*(1 - (a^2*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))`

3.622 $\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$

3.622.1 Optimal result	4543
3.622.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4544
3.622.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	4545
3.622.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4551
3.622.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4552
3.622.6 Sympy [F]	4553
3.622.7 Maxima [F]	4553
3.622.8 Giac [F]	4554
3.622.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4554

3.622.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 851

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(150a^2e^4g^4 - 6ace^2g^2(2e^2f^2 - 33defg + 165d^2g^2) + c^2(187e^4f^4 - 732de^3f^3g + 1098d^2e^2f^2g^2 - 798d^3g^3))}{3465c^2eg^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d + ex)^4 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{11e}$$

$$- \frac{2(2ae^2g^2(74ef - 231dg) - c(233e^3f^3 - 843de^2f^2g + 1107d^2efg^2 - 567d^3g^3)) (f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{3465cg^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96defg + 81d^2g^2)) (f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{693cg^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^2(ef - 3dg)(f + gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{99g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(3a^2e^2g^4(26ef + 231dg) - c^2f^2(64e^3f^3 - 264de^2f^2g + 396d^2efg^2 - 231d^3g^3) - 9acg^2(6e^3f^3 - 3e^2fg^2 + 3d^2g^3))}{3465c^{3/2}g^5 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 + ag^2)(75a^2e^3g^4 - 3aceg^2(2e^2f^2 - 33defg + 165d^2g^2) - c^2f(64e^3f^3 - 264de^2f^2g + 396d^2efg^2 - 231d^3g^3))}{3465c^{5/2}g^5 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a}}$$

```
output -2/3465*(2*a*e^2*g^2*(-231*d*g+74*e*f)-c*(-567*d^3*g^3+1107*d^2*e*f*g^2-84
3*d*e^2*f^2*g+233*e^3*f^3))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/g^4+2/693*e*(1
8*a*e^2*g^2-c*(81*d^2*g^2-96*d*e*f*g+29*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(
1/2)/c/g^4+2/99*e^2*(-3*d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g^4-2/3465
*(150*a^2*e^4*g^4-6*a*c*e^2*g^2*(165*d^2*g^2-33*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)+c^2*(31
5*d^4*g^4-798*d^3*e*f*g^3+1098*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-732*d*e^3*f^3+187*e^4*f^4
))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e/g^4+2/11*(e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c
*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e+4/3465*(3*a^2*e^2*g^4*(231*d*g+26*e*f)-c^2*f^2*(-231*d^3*g
^3+396*d^2*e*f*g^2-264*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*e^3*f^3)-9*a*c*g^2*(77*d^3*g^3+88*d^
2*e*f*g^2-33*d*e^2*f^2*g+6*e^3*f^3))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*
x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/g^5/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/
(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-4/3465*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(75*a^2*e^3*g^4-3*a*c
*e*g^2*(165*d^2*g^2-33*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)-c^2*f*(-231*d^3*g^3+396*d^2*e*f*
g^2-264*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*e^3*f^3))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^
2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/g^5/(g
*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.622.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 30.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1045, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2(a+cx^2)(-150a^2e^3g^4+2aceg^2(495d^2g^2+33deg(4f+7gx))+e^2(-23f^2+16fgx+45g^2x^2))+c^2(231d^3g^3(f+3gx)+99d^2eg^2(-4f^2+c^2g^4))}{c^2g^4} \right)$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(a + c*x^2)*(-150*a^2*e^3*g^4 + 2*a*c*e*g^2*(495*d^2*g^2 + 33*d*e*g*(4*f + 7*g*x) + e^2*(-23*f^2 + 16*f*g*x + 45*g^2*x^2)) + c^2*(231*d^3*g^3*(f + 3*g*x) + 99*d^2*e*g^2*(-4*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2) + 33*d*e^2*g*(8*f^3 - 6*f^2*g*x + 5*f*g^2*x^2 + 35*g^3*x^3) + e^3*(-64*f^4 + 48*f^3*g*x - 40*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 35*f*g^3*x^3 + 315*g^4*x^4))))/(c^2*g^4) - (4*(f + g*x)*((g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^4*(26*e*f + 231*d*g) - 9*a*c*g^2*(6*e^3*f^3 - 33*d*e^2*f^2*g + 88*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 77*d^3*g^3) + c^2*f^2*(-64*e^3*f^3 + 264*d*e^2*f^2*g - 396*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 231*d^3*g^3))*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2 + (Sqrt[c]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(3*a^2*e^2*g^4*(26*e*f + 231*d*g) - 9*a*c*g^2*(6*e^3*f^3 - 33*d*e^2*f^2*g + 88*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 77*d^3*g^3) + c^2*f^2*(-64*e^3*f^3 + 264*d*e^2*f^2*g - 396*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 231*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))]/(f + g*x))*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/Sqrt[f + g*x] + (Sqrt[a]*g*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*((-75*I)*a^2*e^3*g^4 - 3*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]*e^2*g^3*(e*f + 231*d*g) + (3*I)*a*c*e*g^2*(2*e^2*f^2 - 33*d*e*f*g + 165*d^2*g^2) + I*c^2*f*(64*e^3*f^3 - 264*d*e^2*f^2*g + 396*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 231*d^3*g^3) + 3*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)*g*(16*e^3*f^3 - 66*d*e^2*f^2*g + 99*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 231*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))]/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - ...
```

3.622.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.536$, Rules used = {722, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 25, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 722

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (c(ef-3dg)x^2 - 2(cdf-ae g)x + a(3ef-dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{11e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^4 \sqrt{f + gx}}{11e}$$

↓ 2185

$$2 \int \frac{-ce^2g^4(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))x^4 - ceg^3(2ae^2g^2(10ef + 33dg) - 3c(11e^3f^3 - 33de^2gf^2 + 9d^2eg^2f + 27d^3g^3))x^3 + 3cg^2(ae^2(7e^2f^2 - 48degf - 27d^3g^3))x^2 + ce^2g^2(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)x + ce^2g^2(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))}{9g^4} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \int \frac{-ce^2g^4(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))x^4 - ceg^3(2ae^2g^2(10ef + 33dg) - 3c(11e^3f^3 - 33de^2gf^2 + 9d^2eg^2f + 27d^3g^3))x^3 + 3cg^2(ae^2(7e^2f^2 - 48degf - 27d^3g^3))x^2 + ce^2g^2(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)x + ce^2g^2(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))}{9g^4} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \int \frac{c^2e(2ae^2g^2(74ef - 231dg) - c(233e^3f^3 - 843de^2gf^2 + 1107d^2eg^2f - 567d^3g^3))x^3g^7 + c(90a^2e^4g^4 + 2ace^2(100e^2f^2 - 264degf + 81d^2g^2))x^2 + ce^2g^2(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)x + ce^2g^2(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))}{9g^4} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \int \frac{c^2e(2ae^2g^2(74ef - 231dg) - c(233e^3f^3 - 843de^2gf^2 + 1107d^2eg^2f - 567d^3g^3))x^3g^7 + c(90a^2e^4g^4 + 2ace^2(100e^2f^2 - 264degf + 81d^2g^2))x^2 + ce^2g^2(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)x + ce^2g^2(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))}{9g^4} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \int \frac{3(c^2(150a^2e^4g^4 - 6ace^2(2e^2f^2 - 33degf + 165d^2g^2))g^2 + c^2(187e^4f^4 - 732de^3gf^3 + 1098d^2e^2g^2f^2 - 798d^3eg^3f + 315d^4g^4))x^3 + c^2e(2ae^2g^2(74ef - 231dg) - c(233e^3f^3 - 843de^2gf^2 + 1107d^2eg^2f - 567d^3g^3))x^2 + ce^2g^2(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)x + ce^2g^2(18ae^2g^2 - c(29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2))}{9g^4} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{c^2(150a^2e^4g^4-6ace^2(2e^2f^2-33degf+165d^2g^2)g^2+c^2(187e^4f^4-732de^3gf^3+1098d^2e^2g^2f^2-798d^3eg^3f+315d^4g^4))}{3 \int}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 2185$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{c^2eg^{10}(ag(75a^2e^3g^4-9ace(e^2f^2+66degf+55d^2g^2)g^2-c^2f(16e^3f^3-66de^2gf^2+99d^2eg^2f-924d^3g^3))-c(3a^2eg^8\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(150a^2e^4g^4-6ace^2g^2(165d^2g^2-33degf+2e^2f^2))+c^2(315d^4g^4-798d^3efg^3+1098d^2e^2f^2g^2-798d^3eg^3f+315d^4g^4))}{3 \int}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{c^2eg^{10}(ag(75a^2e^3g^4-9ace(e^2f^2+66degf+55d^2g^2)g^2-c^2f(16e^3f^3-66de^2gf^2+99d^2eg^2f-924d^3g^3))-c(3a^2eg^8\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(150a^2e^4g^4-6ace^2g^2(165d^2g^2-33degf+2e^2f^2))+c^2(315d^4g^4-798d^3efg^3+1098d^2e^2f^2g^2-798d^3eg^3f+315d^4g^4))}{3 \int}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{c^2eg^{10}(ag(75a^2e^3g^4-9ace(e^2f^2+66degf+55d^2g^2)g^2-c^2f(16e^3f^3-66de^2gf^2+99d^2eg^2f-924d^3g^3))-c(3a^2eg^8\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(150a^2e^4g^4-6ace^2g^2(165d^2g^2-33degf+2e^2f^2))+c^2(315d^4g^4-798d^3efg^3+1098d^2e^2f^2g^2-798d^3eg^3f+315d^4g^4))}{3 \int}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e} \downarrow 599$$

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{3\left(\frac{4}{3}ceg^6f - \frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(75a^2e^3g^4-3ace(2e^2f^2-33degf+165d^2g^2)g^2-c^2f(64e^3f^3-264de^2gf^2+396d^2eg^2f-231d^3g^3))}{11e}\right)}{11e}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2e^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(ef-3dg)}{9g^4} - \frac{3\left(\frac{2}{3}cg^8\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(150a^2e^4g^4-6ace^2g^2(165d^2g^2-33degf+2e^2f^2))+c^2(315d^4g^4-798d^3efg^3+1098d^2e^2f^2g^2-731d^3eg^3)\right)}{11e}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{11e}$$

↓ 1511

$$\frac{2e^3(ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{9g^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^4}{11e} + \frac{\frac{2}{5}ce(2ae^2g^2(74ef-231dg)-c(233e^3f^3-843de^2gf^2+1107d^2eg^2f-567d^3g^3))(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}g^5 + \frac{2}{3}c(150a^2e^4g^4 - \dots)}{11e}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^4}{11e}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2e^3(ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{9g^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^4}{11e} + \frac{\frac{2}{5}ce(2ae^2g^2(74ef-231dg)-c(233e^3f^3-843de^2gf^2+1107d^2eg^2f-567d^3g^3))(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}g^5 + \frac{2}{3}c(150a^2e^4g^4 - \dots)}{11e}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^4}{11e}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^4}{11e} +$$

$$\frac{2e^3(ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{7/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{9g^4} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}ce(2ae^2g^2(74ef-231dg)-c(233e^3f^3-843de^2gf^2+1107d^2eg^2f-567d^3g^3))(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}g^5 + \frac{2}{3}c(150a^2e^4g^4 -$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2], x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^4*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(11*e) + ((2*e^3*(e*f - 3*d*g)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(9*g^4) - ((-2*e^2*g*(18*a*e^2*g^2 - c*(29*e^2*f^2 - 96*d*e*f*g + 81*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/7 + ((2*c*e*g^5*(2*a*e^2*g^2*(74*e*f - 231*d*g) - c*(233*e^3*f^3 - 843*d*e^2*f^2*g + 1107*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 567*d^3*g^3))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/5 + (3*((2*c*g^8*(150*a^2*e^4*g^4 - 6*a*c*e^2*g^2*(2*e^2*f^2 - 33*d*e*f*g + 165*d^2*g^2) + c^2*(187*e^4*f^4 - 732*d*e^3*f^3*g + 1098*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 798*d^3*e*f*g^3 + 315*d^4*g^4))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/3 + (4*c*e*g^6*(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^4*(26*e*f + 231*d*g) - c^2*f^2*(64*e^3*f^3 - 264*d*e^2*f^2*g + 396*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 231*d^3*g^3) - 9*a*c*g^2*(6*e^3*f^3 - 33*d*e^2*f^2*g + 88*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 77*d^3*g^3)))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])) - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(75*a^2*e^3*g^4 - 3*a*c*e*g^2*(2*e^2*f^2 - 33*d*e*f*g + 165*d^2*g^2...`

3.622.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 722 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[3*a*e*f - a*d*g - 2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x + (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.622.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1823 vs. $2(761) = 1522$.

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1824, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1824
risch	Expression too large to display	2571
default	Expression too large to display	6457

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/11*e^{3*x^4}*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/9*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c/g*x^3*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/c/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/5*(3*a*e^{2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g+3*c*d^2*e*f-7/9*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c*a-6/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/g*f)/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/3*(3*a*d^2*e*g+3*a*d*e^{2*f+c*d^3*f-2/3*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c/g*f*a-5/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/c*a-4/5*(3*a*e^{2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g+3*c*d^2*e*f-7/9*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c*a-6/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/g*f)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(a*d^3*f-2/5*(3*a*e^{2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g+3*c*d^2*e*f-7/9*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c*a-6/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/g*f)/c/g*f*a-1/3*(3*a*d^2*e*g+3*a*d*e^{2*f+c*d^3*f-2/3*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c/g*f*a-5/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/c*a-4/5*(3*a*e^{2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g+3*c*d^2*e*f-7/9*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/c*a-6/7*(2/11*a*e^{3*g+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^{2*f-8/9}}*(3*c*d*e^{2*g+1/11*f*c*e^3})/g*f)/g*f)/c*a)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-...$

3.622.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(2(64c^3e^3f^6 - 264c^3de^2f^5g + 6(66c^3d^2e + 17ac^2e^3)f^4g^2 - 33(7c^3d^3 + 15ac^2de^2)f^3g^3 + 3(363ac^2$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
-2/10395*(2*(64*c^3*e^3*f^6 - 264*c^3*d*e^2*f^5*g + 6*(66*c^3*d^2*e + 17*a
*c^2*e^3)*f^4*g^2 - 33*(7*c^3*d^3 + 15*a*c^2*d*e^2)*f^3*g^3 + 3*(363*a*c^2
*d^2*e - 17*a^2*c*e^3)*f^2*g^4 - 99*(21*a*c^2*d^3 - 11*a^2*c*d*e^2)*f*g^5
+ 45*(33*a^2*c*d^2*e - 5*a^3*e^3)*g^6)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(
c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x +
f)/g) + 6*(64*c^3*e^3*f^5*g - 264*c^3*d*e^2*f^4*g^2 + 18*(22*c^3*d^2*e + 3
*a*c^2*e^3)*f^3*g^3 - 33*(7*c^3*d^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^2)*f^2*g^4 + 6*(132*a*c^
2*d^2*e - 13*a^2*c*e^3)*f*g^5 + 693*(a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*g^6)*sqrt(c*
g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2
)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3
+ 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) - 3*(315*c^3*e^3*g^6*x^4 - 64*c
^3*e^3*f^4*g^2 + 264*c^3*d*e^2*f^3*g^3 - 2*(198*c^3*d^2*e + 23*a*c^2*e^3)*
f^2*g^4 + 33*(7*c^3*d^3 + 8*a*c^2*d*e^2)*f*g^5 + 30*(33*a*c^2*d^2*e - 5*a^
2*c*e^3)*g^6 + 35*(c^3*e^3*f*g^5 + 33*c^3*d*e^2*g^6)*x^3 - 5*(8*c^3*e^3*f^
2*g^4 - 33*c^3*d*e^2*f*g^5 - 9*(33*c^3*d^2*e + 2*a*c^2*e^3)*g^6)*x^2 + (48
*c^3*e^3*f^3*g^3 - 198*c^3*d*e^2*f^2*g^4 + (297*c^3*d^2*e + 32*a*c^2*e^3)*
f*g^5 + 231*(3*c^3*d^3 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2)*g^6)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x +
f))/(c^3*g^6)
```

3.622.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.622.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^3 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.622.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^3 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.622.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.623 $\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$

3.623.1 Optimal result	4555
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3.623.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 635

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx \\
 = & -\frac{2(6ae^2g^2(ef - 10dg) - c(19e^3f^3 - 57de^2f^2g + 63d^2efg^2 - 35d^3g^3)) \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{315ceg^3} \\
 & + \frac{2(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{9e} \\
 & + \frac{4(7ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2)) (f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{315cg^3} \\
 & + \frac{2e(ef - 3dg)(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{63g^3} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(21a^2e^2g^4 + 3acg^2(3e^2f^2 - 16defg - 21d^2g^2) + c^2f^2(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}}{315c^{3/2}g^4 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{a + cx^2}} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 + ag^2)(3aeg^2(ef - 10dg) + cf(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}}{315c^{3/2}g^4 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output $\frac{4}{315}(7ae^2g^2 - c(21d^2g^2 - 24d*efg + 8e^2f^2))(gx+f)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/c/g^3 + 2/63e*(-3d*g+ef)(gx+f)^{5/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/g^3 - 2/315(6ae^2g^2(-10d*g+ef) - c(-35d^3g^3 + 63d^2*efg^2 - 57d*e^2f^2*g + 19e^3f^3))(gx+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/c/e/g^3 + 2/9*(e*x+d)^3(g*x+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/e + 4/315(21a^2e^2g^4 + 3a*c*g^2*(-21d^2g^2 - 16d*efg + 3e^2f^2) + c^2f^2(21d^2g^2 - 24d*efg + 8e^2f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2}, (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}(1+c*x^2/a)^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/g^4/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/((gx+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2} - 4/315(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(3a*e*g^2(-10d*g+ef)+c*f*(21d^2g^2-24d*efg+8e^2f^2))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2}, (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}(1+c*x^2/a)^{1/2}*((gx+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/g^4/(gx+f)^{1/2}/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}$

3.623.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 809, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2(a+cx^2)(2aeg^2(4ef+30dg+7egx)+c(21d^2g^2(f+3gx)+6deg(-4f^2+3fgx+15g^2x^2))+e^2(8f^3-6f^2gx+5fg^2x^2+35g^3x^3))}{cg^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output $(\sqrt{f + gx} * ((2 * (a + cx^2) * (2 * a * e * g^2 * (4 * e * f + 30 * d * g + 7 * e * g * x) + c * (21 * d^2 * g^2 * (f + 3 * g * x) + 6 * d * e * g * (-4 * f^2 + 3 * f * g * x + 15 * g^2 * x^2) + e^2 * (8 * f^3 - 6 * f^2 * g * x + 5 * f * g^2 * x^2 + 35 * g^3 * x^3)))) / (c * g^3) - (4 * (g^2 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}) / \sqrt{c}) * (21 * a^2 * e^2 * g^4 + c^2 * f^2 * (8 * e^2 * f^2 - 24 * d * e * f * g + 21 * d^2 * g^2) - 3 * a * c * g^2 * (-3 * e^2 * f^2 + 16 * d * e * f * g + 21 * d^2 * g^2)) * (a + cx^2) - I * \sqrt{c} * (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g) * (21 * a^2 * e^2 * g^4 + c^2 * f^2 * (8 * e^2 * f^2 - 24 * d * e * f * g + 21 * d^2 * g^2) - 3 * a * c * g^2 * (-3 * e^2 * f^2 + 16 * d * e * f * g + 21 * d^2 * g^2)) * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)} * \sqrt{-((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - gx) / (f + gx)}) * (f + gx)^{(3/2)} * \text{EllipticE}[I * \text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}] / \sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c} * f - I * \sqrt{a} * g) / (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)] + \sqrt{a} * \sqrt{c} * g * (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g) * ((21 * I) * a^{(3/2)} * e^2 * g^3 - 3 * a * \sqrt{c} * e * g^2 * (e * f - 10 * d * g) + c^{(3/2)} * f * (-8 * e^2 * f^2 + 24 * d * e * f * g - 21 * d^2 * g^2) - (3 * I) * \sqrt{a} * c * g * (-2 * e^2 * f^2 + 6 * d * e * f * g + 21 * d^2 * g^2)) * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)} * \sqrt{-((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - gx) / (f + gx)}) * (f + gx)^{(3/2)} * \text{EllipticF}[I * \text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}] / \sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c} * f - I * \sqrt{a} * g) / (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)))] / (c^2 * g^5 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}} * (f + gx)))) / (315 * \sqrt{a + cx^2})$

3.623.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1041, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.393$, Rules used = {722, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 599, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 722

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (c(ef-3dg)x^2 - 2(cdf-aeg)x + a(3ef-dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{9e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 2185

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{-2ceg^3(7ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2g^2))x^3 - cg^2(4ae^2g^2(4ef + 9dg) - c(11e^3f^3 - 33de^2gf^2 + 21d^2eg^2f + 21d^3g^3))x^2 + 2cfg(ae^2(5ef - 36dg)g^2 + c(e^3f^3 - 2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}))}{7cg^4}}{9e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}}{9e}$$

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \int \frac{-2ceg^3(7ae^2g^2-c(8e^2f^2-24degf+21d^2g^2))x^3-cg^2(4ae^2g^2(4ef+9dg)-c(11e^3f^3-33de^2gf^2+21d^2eg^2f+21d^3g^3))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

9e

↓ 2185

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \int \frac{3c^2(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))x^2g^5+ac(42ae^3fg^2-c(23e^3f^3-69de^2gf^2+231d^2eg^2f+21d^3g^3))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \int \frac{3c^2(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))x^2g^5+ac(42ae^3fg^2-c(23e^3f^3-69de^2gf^2+231d^2eg^2f+21d^3g^3))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 2185

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \int \frac{3c^2eg^6(2ag(3aeg^2(3ef+5dg)-cf(e^2f^2-3degf+42d^2g^2)))+(21a^2e^2g^4+3ac(3e^2f^2-16degf-21d^2g^2))g^2+c^2f^2(8e^2f^2-24degf+21d^2g^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \int \frac{2ceg^4 \int \frac{2ag(3aeg^2(3ef+5dg)-cf(e^2f^2-3degf+42d^2g^2))+(21a^2e^2g^4+3ac(3e^2f^2-16degf-21d^2g^2))g^2+c^2f^2(8e^2f^2-24degf+21d^2g^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{5cg^3}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 599

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{2cg^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(-35d^3g^3+63d^2efg^2-57de^2f^2g+19e^3f^3))-4ceg^2\int\frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(3ae(ef-10dg)+c^2f^2)}{7g^3}dx}{7g^3}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 1511

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{2cg^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(-35d^3g^3+63d^2efg^2-57de^2f^2g+19e^3f^3))-4ceg^2\int\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(21a^2e^2g^4+3c^2f^2)}{7g^3}dx}{7g^3}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9e}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^3}{9e} +$$

$$\frac{2e^2(ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g^3} - \frac{2cg^4(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}-4ceg^2\int\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(21a^2e^2g^4+3c^2f^2)}{7g^3}dx}{7g^3}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^3}{9e} +$$

$$2cg^4(6ae^2g^2(ef-10dg)-c(19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}-4ceg^2$$

$$\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(21a^2e^2g^4+3a$$

$$\frac{2e^2(ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(9*e) + ((2*e^2*(e*f - 3*d*g)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(7*g^3) - ((-4*e*g*(7*a*e^2*g^2 - c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/5 + (2*c*g^4*(6*a*e^2*g^2*(e*f - 10*d*g) - c*(19*e^3*f^3 - 57*d*e^2*f^2*g + 63*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 35*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] - 4*c*e*g^2*((Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(21*a^2*e^2*g^4 + 3*a*c*g^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 16*d*e*f*g - 21*d^2*g^2) + c^2*f^2*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/Sqrt[c] - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(21*a^2*e^2*g^4 + 3*a*c*g^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 16*d*e*f*g - 21*d^2*g^2) + c^2*f^2*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2) - Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(3*a*e*g^2*(e*f - 10*d*g) + c*f*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2)))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a...`

3.623.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 722 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[3*a*e*f - a*d*g - 2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x + (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`


```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.623.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1141 vs. $2(551) = 1102$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1142
risch	Expression too large to display	1677
default	Expression too large to display	4352

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/9*e^{2*x^3}*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/7*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})/c/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/5*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/3*(2*a*d*e*g+1/3*a*e^{2*f+c*d^2*f-4/5*f/g*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})-5/7*a/c*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(a*d^2*f-2/5*f*a/c/g*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})-1/3*a/c*(2*a*d*e*g+1/3*a*e^{2*f+c*d^2*f-4/5*f/g*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})-5/7*a/c*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f}))*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+2*(a*d^2*g+2*a*d*e*f-4/7*f*a/c/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})-3/5*a/c*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})-2/3*f/g*(2*a*d*e*g+1/3*a*e^{2*f+c*d^2*f-4/5*f/g*(2/9*a*e^{2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-6/7*f/g*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f})})-5/7*a/c*(2*c*d*e*g+1/9*c*e^{2*f}))*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE...$

3.623.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2(8c^2e^2f^5 - 24c^2def^4g - 66acdef^2g^3 - 90a^2deg^5 + 3(7c^2d^2 + 5ace^2)f^3g^2 + 3(63acd^2 - 11a^2e^2)f \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/945*(2*(8*c^2*e^2*f^5 - 24*c^2*d*e*f^4*g - 66*a*c*d*e*f^2*g^3 - 90*a^2*d*e*g^5 + 3*(7*c^2*d^2 + 5*a*c*e^2)*f^3*g^2 + 3*(63*a*c*d^2 - 11*a^2*e^2)*f*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(8*c^2*e^2*f^4*g - 24*c^2*d*e*f^3*g^2 - 48*a*c*d*e*f*g^4 + 3*(7*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*c*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - 21*(3*a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) + 3*(35*c^2*e^2*g^5*x^3 + 8*c^2*e^2*f^3*g^2 - 24*c^2*d*e*f^2*g^3 + 60*a*c*d*e*g^5 + (21*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*c*e^2)*f*g^4 + 5*(c^2*e^2*f*g^4 + 18*c^2*d*e*g^5)*x^2 - (6*c^2*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 18*c^2*d*e*f*g^4 - 7*(9*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^2*g^5)`

3.623.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a + cx^2} (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.623.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^2 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.623.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (ex + d)^2 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.623.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a} (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.624 $\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$

3.624.1 Optimal result	4566
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3.624.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4574

3.624.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 434

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(5aeg^2 + cf(4ef - 7dg) - 3cg(ef + 7dg)x)\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{105cg^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2e\sqrt{f + gx}(a + cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2(4ef - 7dg) + ag^2(8ef + 21dg))\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf - ag}}\right)}{105\sqrt{cg^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 + ag^2)(5aeg^2 + cf(4ef - 7dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf - ag}}\right)}{105c^{3/2}g^3\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}$$

output $\frac{2}{7}e(c^2x+a)^{3/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}/c-2/105(5ae^2g^2+cf(-7dg+4ef)-3c^2g(7dg+ef)x)(gx+f)^{1/2}(c^2x+a)^{1/2}/c/g^2-4/105(c^2f^2(-7dg+4ef)+ag^2(21dg+8ef))\text{EllipticE}(1/2(1-xc^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2}))^{1/2}2^{1/2}, (-2ag/(-ag+f(-a)^{1/2}c^{1/2}))^{1/2})(-a)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}(1+c^2x/a)^{1/2}/g^3/c^{1/2}/(c^2x+a)^{1/2}/((gx+f)c^{1/2}/(g(-a)^{1/2}+fc^{1/2}))^{1/2}+4/105(ag^2+cf^2)(5ae^2g^2+cf(-7dg+4ef))\text{EllipticF}(1/2(1-xc^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2}))^{1/2}2^{1/2}, (-2ag/(-ag+f(-a)^{1/2}c^{1/2}))^{1/2})(-a)^{1/2}(1+c^2x/a)^{1/2}((gx+f)c^{1/2}/(g(-a)^{1/2}+fc^{1/2}))^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/g^3/(gx+f)^{1/2}/(c^2x+a)^{1/2}$

3.624.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2(a+cx^2)(10aeg^2+7cdg(f+3gx)+ce(-4f^2+3fgx+15g^2x^2))}{cg^2} + \frac{4 \left(g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} (cf^2(4ef-7dg)+ag^2(8ef+21dg))(a+cx^2) \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*((2*(a + c*x^2)*(10*a*e*g^2 + 7*c*d*g*(f + 3*g*x) + c*e*(-4*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)))/(c*g^2) + (4*(g^2*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]/\text{Sqrt}[c])*(c*f^2*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) + a*g^2*(8*e*f + 21*d*g))*(a + c*x^2) + I*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)*(c*f^2*(-4*e*f + 7*d*g) - a*g^2*(8*e*f + 21*d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^{3/2}*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)] + \text{Sqrt}[a]*g*(I*\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - \text{Sqrt}[a]*g)*((5*I)*a*e*g^2 + I*c*f*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) + 3*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*g*(e*f + 7*d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^{3/2}*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)))/(c*g^4*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(f + g*x)))/(105*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])$

3.624.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$, Rules used = {687, 27, 682, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(7cdf-aeg+c(ef+7dg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{7c} + \frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(7cdf-aeg+c(ef+7dg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{7c} + \frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{682} \\
 & \frac{4 \int -\frac{c(ag(5aeg^2+cf(ef-28dg))-c(c(4ef-7dg)f^2+ag^2(8ef+21dg))x)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{15cg^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5aeg^2-3cgx(7dg+ef)+cf(4ef-7dg))}{15g^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{ag(5aeg^2+cf(ef-28dg))-c(c(4ef-7dg)f^2+ag^2(8ef+21dg))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{15g^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5aeg^2-3cgx(7dg+ef)+cf(4ef-7dg))}{15g^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
 & \frac{4 \int -\frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(5aeg^2+cf(4ef-7dg))-c(c(4ef-7dg)f^2+ag^2(8ef+21dg))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{15g^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5aeg^2-3cgx(7dg+ef)+cf(4ef-7dg))}{15g^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 25

$$4 \int \frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(5aeg^2+cf(4ef-7dg))-c(c(4ef-7dg)f^2+ag^2(8ef+21dg))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5aeg^2-3cgx(7dg+ef))+cf(4ef-7dg)}{15g^2}$$

$$\frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

↓ 1511

$$4 \left(-\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(5aeg^2+cf(4ef-7dg))-\sqrt{c}(ag^2(21dg+8ef)+cf^2(4ef-7dg)) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

$$\frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

↓ 1416

$$4 \left(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(ag^2(21dg+8ef)+cf^2(4ef-7dg)) \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}-\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}}{(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right)}}}{15g^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

↓ 1509

$$4 \left(\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right)}}}{2 \left(\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(5aeg^2+cf(4ef-7dg))-\sqrt{c}(ag^2(21dg+8ef)+cf^2(4ef-7dg)) \right) \text{EllipticF}} \right)$$

$$2 \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}$$

$$\frac{2e(a+cx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) + ((-2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(5*a*e*g^2 + c*f*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) - 3*c*g*(e*f + 7*d*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(15*g^2) + (4*(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(c*f^2*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) + a*g^2*(8*e*f + 21*d*g)))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2))] - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(5*a*e*g^2 + c*f*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) - Sqrt[c]*(c*f^2*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) + a*g^2*(8*e*f + 21*d*g)))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/(15*g^4)/(7*c)`

3.624.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

- rule 682 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || ! RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 687 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.624.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs. $2(362) = 724$.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2ex^2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{7} + \frac{2(cdg+\frac{1}{7}cef)x\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5cg} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2aeg}{7}+cdf-\frac{4f(cdg+\frac{1}{7}cef)}{5g}\right)\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/7*e*x^2*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/5*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f)/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(2/7*a*e*g+c*d*f-4/5*f/g*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f))/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d*f-2/5*a/c*f/g*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f)-1/3*a/c*(2/7*a*e*g+c*d*f-4/5*f/g*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f)))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(a*d*g+3/7*a*e*f-3/5*a/c*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f)-2/3*f/g*(2/7*a*e*g+c*d*f-4/5*f/g*(c*d*g+1/7*c*e*f)))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))`

3.624.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx =$$

$$2 \left(2(4c^2ef^4 - 7c^2df^3g + 11acef^2g^2 - 63acdfg^3 + 15a^2eg^4)\sqrt{cg}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8}{3cg}\right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(2*(4*c^2*e*f^4 - 7*c^2*d*f^3*g + 11*a*c*e*f^2*g^2 - 63*a*c*d*f*g^3 + 15*a^2*e*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(4*c^2*e*f^3*g - 7*c^2*d*f^2*g^2 + 8*a*c*e*f*g^3 + 21*a*c*d*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) - 3*(15*c^2*e*g^4*x^2 - 4*c^2*e*f^2*g^2 + 7*c^2*d*f*g^3 + 10*a*c*e*g^4 + 3*(c^2*e*f*g^3 + 7*c^2*d*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^2*g^4)`

3.624.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex) \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.624.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)\sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.624.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)\sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.624.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}(d + ex) dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x), x)`

3.625 $\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$

3.625.1 Optimal result	4575
3.625.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4576
3.625.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4576
3.625.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4581
3.625.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	4583
3.625.6 Sympy [F]	4583
3.625.7 Maxima [F]	4583
3.625.8 Giac [F]	4584
3.625.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4584

3.625.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = -\frac{4f\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{15g} + \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{5g}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 - 3ag^2)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf - ag}}\right)}{15\sqrt{cg^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf} + \sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{-a}f(cf^2 + ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf} + \sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf - ag}}\right)}{15\sqrt{cg^2}\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}$$

```
output 2/5*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g-4/15*f*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g
+4/15*(-3*a*g^2+c*f^2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+
c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g^2/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+
f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-4/15*f*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))
)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(
1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/g^2/c^(1
/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.625.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2(f+3gx)(a+cx^2)}{g} - \frac{4 \left(g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{a}g}{\sqrt{c}}} (cf^2 - 3ag^2)(a+cx^2) + \sqrt{c}(-ic^{3/2}f^3 + \sqrt{ac}f^2g + 3ia\sqrt{c}fg^2 - 3a^{3/2}g^3) \sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{f+gx}} \right)}{g} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(f + 3*g*x)*(a + c*x^2))/g - (4*(g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)*(a + c*x^2) + Sqrt[c]*((-I)*c^(3/2)*f^3 + Sqrt[a]*c*f^2*g + (3*I)*a*Sqrt[c]*f*g^2 - 3*a^(3/2)*g^3)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*g*(c*f^2 + (4*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*f*g - 3*a*g^2)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/((c*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)))/(15*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.625.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {493, 687, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + cx^2} \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 493

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(ag-cfx)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{c(4afg-(cf^2-3ag^2)x)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3c} - \frac{2}{3}f\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4afg-(cf^2-3ag^2)x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2}{3}f\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 599 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{f(cf^2+ag^2)-(cf^2-3ag^2)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g^2} - \frac{2}{3}f\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{f(cf^2+ag^2)-(cf^2-3ag^2)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g^2} - \frac{2}{3}f\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1511 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(-\sqrt{cf}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}-3ag^2+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(cf^2-3ag^2)\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{3g^2} \right)}{5g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{\left((ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(-\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} - 3ag^2 + cf^2 \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2c^{3/4} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}$$

$3g^2$

$5g$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(f + gx)^{3/2}}{5g}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4}(-\sqrt{c}f\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}-3ag^2+cf^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5g}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

```
output (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(5*g) + (2*((-2*f*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a
+ c*x^2])/3 - (2*(-(((c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-((Sqrt[f + g
*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/(
(a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^
2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (
c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^
2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c
^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2
+ a*g^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(
f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c]) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2 - S
qrt[c]*f*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2
])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a
+ (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*Elliptic
F[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f
)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g
*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(3*g^2)))/(5*g)
```

3.625.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 493 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n +
2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!Rationa
lQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n
, p, x]
```

```
rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 687 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.625.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 601 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(3gx+f)\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{15g} + \frac{2 \left(8afg \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \right) + 2(3ag) \right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5} + \frac{2f\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{15g} + \frac{16fa \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{15\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(3*g*x+f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g+2/15/g*(8*a*f*g*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(3*a*g^2-c*f^2)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.625.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2 (cf^3 + 9afg^2) \sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cf^2 - 3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8(cf^3 + 9afg^2)}{27cg^3}, \frac{3gx+f}{3g} \right) + 6(cf^2g - 3ag^3) \sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4}{3} \frac{cf^2 - 3ag^2}{cg^2}, \frac{-8(cf^3 + 9afg^2)}{27cg^3}, \frac{3gx+f}{3g} \right) \right)}{c^2g^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/45*(2*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(c*f^2*g - 3*a*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) + 3*(3*c*g^3*x + c*f*g^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c*g^3)`

3.625.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a + cx^2} \sqrt{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.625.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.625.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + a} \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.625.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.626 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.626.1 Optimal result	4585
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3.626.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 683

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef-3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3e^2g\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf}(ef-3dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3e^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(2ae^2g-3cd(ef-dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^3\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $2/3*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/e-2/3*(-3*d*g+e*f)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}/e^2/g/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}-2/3*(2*a*e^2*g-3*c*d*(-d*g+e*f))*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^3/c^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+2/3*f*(-3*d*g+e*f)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^2/g/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-d*g+e*f)*\text{EllipticPi}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},2*e/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)}),2^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^3/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.626.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$(f+gx)^{3/2} \left(2ce^2f\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} - 6cdeg\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{2ce^2f^3\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} - \frac{6cdf^2g\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{2ae^2fg^2\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2})/(3e) + ((f + gx)^{3/2}(2ce^2f\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} - 6cde^2g\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + (2ce^2f^3\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx)^2 - (6cde^2f^2g\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx)^2 + (2ae^2f^2g^2\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx)^2 - (6ad^2e^2g^3\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx)^2 - (4ce^2f^2g^2\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx) + (12cde^2fg\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}})/(f + gx) + (2\sqrt{c}e((-I)\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)(ef - 3dg)\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} - (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} + (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\text{EllipticE}[I\text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}}]/\sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g))/\sqrt{f + gx} + (2e(3\sqrt{c}d - I\sqrt{a}e)g((-I)\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} - (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} + (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\text{EllipticF}[I\text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}}]/\sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g))/\sqrt{f + gx} + ((6I)c^2d^2g^2\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} - (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\sqrt{1 - f/(f + gx)} + (I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}(f + gx)))\text{EllipticPi}[(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg))/(e(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g)), I\text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}}]/\sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g))/\sqrt{f + gx} + ((6...$

3.626.3 Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 722

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(ef - 3dg)x^2 - 2(cdf - aeg)x + a(3ef - dg)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{3e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{3e}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{e^2} + \int \frac{\frac{3cgd^2}{e^2} - \frac{3cfd}{e} + 2ag + \left(cf - \frac{3cdg}{e}\right)x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{3e} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{3e}$$

↓ 599

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2 - c\left(f^2 - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right) + c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2 - c\left(f^2 - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right) + c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2 - c\left(f^2 - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right) + c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2 - c\left(f^2 - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right) + c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2-2ag^2-\frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2}-c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2-c\left(f^2-\frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right)+c\left(f-\frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} \\
 & \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2ag^2 - c\left(f^2 - \frac{3d^2g^2}{e^2}\right) + c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - 2ag^2 - \frac{3cd^2g^2}{e^2} - c\left(f - \frac{3dg}{e}\right)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} + \frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3e}{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.626.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`


```
rule 722 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] + Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[3*a*e*f - a*d*g - 2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x + (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c + d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.626.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 922, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3e} + \frac{2\left(\frac{ae^2g+cd^2g-cdef-ag}{e^3}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{f}{g}}\right) \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/3/e*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*((a*e^2*g+c*d^2*g-c*d*e*f)/e^3-1/3/e*a*g)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+2*(-(d*g-e*f)/e^2*c-2/3/e*c*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})-2*(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e^4*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})$

3.626.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.626.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.626. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.626.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{ex+d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d), x)`

3.626.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{ex+d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d), x)`

3.626.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

$$3.627 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

3.627.1 Optimal result	4597
3.627.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4598
3.627.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4599
3.627.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4606
3.627.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4607
3.627.6 Sympy [F]	4607
3.627.7 Maxima [F]	4608
3.627.8 Giac [F]	4608
3.627.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4608

3.627.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 650

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}f\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(2ef-3dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^3\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $-(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/e/(e*x+d)-3*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}/e^2/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+3*f*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^2/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-(-3*d*g+2*e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^3/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},2*e/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^3/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.627.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1331, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f+gx} \left(-\frac{e^2(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} - \frac{-3ce^2f^3\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+3cdef^2g\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}-3ae^2fg^2\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+3adeg^3\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+6ce^2f^2\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{e^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(-((e^2*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)) - (-3*c*e^2*f^3*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]] + 3*c*d*e*f^2*g*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]] - 3*a*e^2*f*g^2*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]] + 3*a*d*e*g^3*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]] + 6*c*e^2*f^2*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(f + g*x) - 6*c*d*e*f*g*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(f + g*x) - 3*c*e^2*f*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + 3*c*d*e*g*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + 3*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*((-I)*\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + \text{Sqrt}[a]*g)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)] + e*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)*(\text{Sqrt}[a]*e*g - I*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(2*e*f - 3*d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)] + (2*I)*c*d*e*f*g*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticPi}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)), I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)] - (3*I)*c*d^2*g^2*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c] - g*x)/(f + g...$

3.627.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1547 vs. $2(650) = 1300$.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1547, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {721, 2349, 599, 27, 729, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 721$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cgx^2 + 2cfx + ag}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow 2349$$

3.627. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
 & \frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef+3dg-3e(f+gx))}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+3dg-3e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g}}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{729} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int - \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+3dg-3e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g}}{\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+3dg-3e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g} - 2 \left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1511}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.627. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$-2 \left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \left(e \left(f - \frac{3\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + 3dg \right) \int \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c}{g^2}}}{2e}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2c \left(\frac{3e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \left(e \left(f - \frac{3\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + 3dg \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}}} \right) \frac{1}{e^2g}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1509

$$-2 \left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \left(\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right)}} \right)}{2c}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e(d+ex)}$$

3.627. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

↓ 1540

$$2\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(cef^2+cdg)}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(cef^2+cdg)}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 2222

3.627. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$2\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})}{\left(\frac{e+\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}\right)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{e(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```

output -((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x))) + ((-2*c*((3*e*Sqrt[c*f^2
+ a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 +
(c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*
f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f
^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^
2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2
))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 +
(Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c
*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c] + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/
4)*(3*d*g + e*(f - (3*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/Sqrt[c]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*
x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (
c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2
+ a*g^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^
(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f
^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(e^2*g) + 2*(a*g
- (c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g))/e^2)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*
(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g
^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/
((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*Ellip
ticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqr...

```

3.627.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 721 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(
x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/
(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*e*(m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(Sqrt[f +
g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*g + 2*c*f*x + 3*c*g*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]

```

- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;`
`NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d
*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c
+ d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n
] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.627.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 895, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{e(ex+d)} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{c(2dg-ef)}{e^3} + \frac{cdg}{2e^3}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{-ac}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \right.$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-1/e*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)+2*(-c*(2*d*g-e*f)/e^3+1/2*c*d/e^3*g)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+3*c/e^2*g*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})))+1/e^4*(a*e^2*g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})$

3.627.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Timed out

3.627.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.627. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.627.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.627.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.627.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

$$3.628 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.628.1 Optimal result	4610
3.628.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4611
3.628.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4612
3.628.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4623
3.628.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4624
3.628.6 Sympy [F]	4625
3.628.7 Maxima [F]	4625
3.628.8 Giac [F]	4625
3.628.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4626

3.628.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1205

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4e(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)(d+ex)} \\
& \quad - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e^2(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
& \quad - \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{2e^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf}(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e^2(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdg}(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e^3(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad - \frac{c(ef - 3dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}} + e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^3\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}} + e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
& \quad + \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}} + e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{4e^3\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}} + e\right)(cd^2 + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^2-1/4*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*
e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)-1/4
*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g
*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-3/2*g*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x
*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1
/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f
*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/4*f*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*
d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(
-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((
g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f
)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/4*d*g*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*Ellip
ticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)
*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g
*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(
c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-c*(-3*d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2),2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)
+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/e^3/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)...

```

3.628.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2526, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output $(\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2} (-2 + ((ae^{2g} + cd(-2ef + 3dg))(d + ex)) / ((c^2d^2 + ae^2)(-ef + dg)))) / (4e(d + ex)^2) + (-2c^2de^3f^4 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + 5c^2d^2e^2f^3g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} - 3a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + 5a^2c^2d^2e^2f^3g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + a^2e^4f^3g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} - 3a^2c^2d^3e^4g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} - a^2d^3e^3g^4 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} + 4c^2d^2e^3f^3 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx) - 10c^2d^2e^2f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx) - 2a^2c^2e^4f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx) + 6c^2d^3e^3f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx) + 2a^2c^2d^3e^3f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx) - 2c^2d^2e^3f^2 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx)^2 + 5c^2d^2e^2f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx)^2 + a^2c^2e^4f^2g \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx)^2 - 3c^2d^3e^2g^2 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx)^2 - a^2c^2d^3e^3g^2 \sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}} (f + gx)^2 + I\sqrt{c}e(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g)(-ef + dg)(ae^{2g} + cd(-2ef + 3dg)) \sqrt{(g(I\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{c} + x)} / (f + gx) \sqrt{-((I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c} - gx)/(f + gx))} (f + gx)^{3/2} \text{EllipticE}[I\text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I\sqrt{a}g)/\sqrt{c}}]$

3.628.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2763 vs. 2(1205) = 2410.

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2763, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$, Rules used = {721, 2349, 734, 2349, 27, 510, 599, 25, 27, 729, 25, 1416, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2} \sqrt{f + gx}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 721

$$\int \frac{3cgx^2 + 2cfx + ag}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2} \sqrt{f + gx}}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 2349

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}}{(d + ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}}{4e}$$

↓ 734

$$\frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2 e^2 + age^2 - 2cdgxe - 2cd(ef-dg)}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4e}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{2c(ef-3dg)}{4e}}{4e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{2c(ef-3dg)}{4e}}{4e}$$

↓ 510

$$\frac{\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \frac{2c(ef-3dg)}{4e}}{4e}$$

↓ 599

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(- \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

4e

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(- \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

4e

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(- \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

4e

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 729

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(- \frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int - \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 25

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1416

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1511

$$\left(ag - \frac{cd(2ef-3dg)}{e^2} \right) \left(\frac{2c \left(e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right)}{g} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1416

$$3c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \sqrt{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \quad 4c(ef - \dots)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1509

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$3c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \quad 4c(ef -$$

$$e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1540

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{3c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right)^2}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \right) + \frac{4c(e f - \dots)}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 1416

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{3c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) + \dots$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 2222

3.628. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

4c(e f -

$$\frac{3c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right)^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

$$3.628. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

```

output -1/2*(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + ((3*c^(3/4)*(c*f^2
+ a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*
f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)
*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(
1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 +
a*g^2])/2)]/(e^2*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*
x)^2)/g^2]) + (4*c*(e*f - 3*d*g)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[
c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 +
a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^
2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*El
lipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqr
t[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(
2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^
2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) - e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*
g^2])*((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^
2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 -
(2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])]/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*
e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/(e*f - d*g))*(1
+ (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*
(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*...

```

3.628.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)
]], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

rule 721 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*e*(m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*g + 2*c*f*x + 3*c*g*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 734 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 1) - a*e^2*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*c*e*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 1540 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c + d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.628.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1161
default	Expression too large to display	19181

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-1/2/e*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(a*e^2*g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/e/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)+2*(c*g/e^3-1/8*c*g*(3*a*d*e^2*g-2*a*e^3*f+5*c*d^3*g-4*c*d^2*e*f)/e^3/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f))*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})-1/4*c/e^2*g*(a*e^2*g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}))+1/4*(a^2*e^4*g^2-6*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2+12*a*c*d*e^3*f*g-4*a*c*e^4*f^2-3*c^2*d^4*g^2+4*c^2*d^3*e*f*g)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e^4*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(-f/g+d/e)*Ellipt...$

3.628.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.628.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.628.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.628.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.628.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.629 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.629.1 Optimal result 4627
 3.629.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4628
 3.629.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) 4629
 3.629.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4635
 3.629.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 4636
 3.629.6 Sympy [F] 4637
 3.629.7 Maxima [F] 4637
 3.629.8 Giac [F] 4638
 3.629.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4638

3.629.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 666

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(9ae^2g^2(2ef-5dg) + c(76e^3f^3 - 204de^2f^2g + 168d^2efg^2 - 35d^3g^3)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{315cg^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{9g}$$

$$+ \frac{4e(7ae^2g^2 + c(64e^2f^2 - 111defg + 42d^2g^2)) (f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{315cg^4}$$

$$- \frac{4e^2(4ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{63g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(21a^2e^3g^4 - 3aceg^2(10e^2f^2 - 39defg + 63d^2g^2) - c^2f(64e^3f^3 - 216de^2f^2g + 252d^2efg^2 - 105d^3g^3))}{315c^{3/2}g^5 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 + ag^2)(9ae^2g^2(2ef-5dg) - c(64e^3f^3 - 216de^2f^2g + 252d^2efg^2 - 105d^3g^3)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}}{315c^{3/2}g^5 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

3.629. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $\frac{4}{315}e(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-11d*ef*g+64e^2f^2))(gx+f)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/c/g^4-4/63e^2(-3d*g+4*ef)(gx+f)^{5/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/g^4-4/315(9ae^2g^2(-5d*g+2*ef)+c(-35d^3g^3+168d^2*ef*g^2-204*d*e^2f^2g+76e^3f^3))(gx+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/g^4+2/9(e*x+d)^3(g*x+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/g+4/315(21a^2e^3g^4-3a*c*eg^2(63d^2g^2-39d*ef*g+10e^2f^2)-c^2f(-105d^3g^3+252d^2*ef*g^2-216d*e^2*f^2g+64e^3f^3))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2},(-2a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}(1+cx^2/a)^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/g^5/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/((gx+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}-4/315(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(9ae^2g^2(-5d*g+2*ef)-c(-105d^3g^3+252d^2*ef*g^2-216d*e^2*f^2g+64e^3f^3))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{1/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2},(-2a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}(1+cx^2/a)^{1/2}*((gx+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/g^5/(gx+f)^{1/2}/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}$

3.629.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 872, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \left(2(a+cx^2)(2ae^2g^2(-11ef+45dg+7egx)+c(105d^3g^3+63d^2eg^2(-4f+3gx)+27de^2g(8f^2-6fgx+5g^2x^2))+e^3(-64f^3+48f^2gx-40fg^2+3g^3)) \right)}{cg^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(a + c*x^2)*(2*a*e^2*g^2*(-11*e*f + 45*d*g + 7*e*g*x) +
c*(105*d^3*g^3 + 63*d^2*e*g^2*(-4*f + 3*g*x) + 27*d*e^2*g*(8*f^2 - 6*f*g*
x + 5*g^2*x^2) + e^3*(-64*f^3 + 48*f^2*g*x - 40*f*g^2*x^2 + 35*g^3*x^3))))
/(c*g^4) + (4*(f + g*x)*((g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(-21*a^2*e^
3*g^4 + 3*a*c*e*g^2*(10*e^2*f^2 - 39*d*e*f*g + 63*d^2*g^2) + c^2*f*(64*e^3
*f^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3))*(a + c*x^2))/(f +
g*x)^2 + (I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(21*a^2*e^3*g^4 - 3*a*c*e*g
^2*(10*e^2*f^2 - 39*d*e*f*g + 63*d^2*g^2) + c^2*f*(-64*e^3*f^3 + 216*d*e^2
*f^2*g - 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x)
)/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*EllipticE[I*
ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sq
rt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/Sqrt[f + g*x] + (Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*g*(S
qrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*((-21*I)*a^(3/2)*e^3*g^3 + 9*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2*g^2*(2*
e*f - 5*d*g) + (3*I)*Sqrt[a]*c*e*g*(16*e^2*f^2 - 54*d*e*f*g + 63*d^2*g^2)
+ c^(3/2)*(-64*e^3*f^3 + 216*d*e^2*f^2*g - 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3)
)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[
c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]
/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/Sqr
t[f + g*x]))/(c^2*g^6*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]])))/(315*Sqrt[a + c*
x^2])
```

3.629.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1085, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {723, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 599, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{723}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}}{9g} - \int \frac{2(d+ex)^2(c(4ef-3dg)x^2+(cdf-aeg)x+a(3ef-4dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}}{9g} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(d+ex)^2(c(4ef-3dg)x^2+(cdf-aeg)x+a(3ef-4dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{9g}$$

3.629. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2185 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\
 2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{ceg^3(7ae^2g^2+c(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2))x^3-cg^2(ae^2g^2(ef-27dg)-c(44e^3f^3-33de^2gf^2-42d^2eg^2f+21d^3g^3))x^2+cg(ae(40e^2f^2-72defg+63d^2f^2-21d^3g^3))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{7cg^4} \right)
 \end{array}$$

9g

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\
 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\int \frac{ceg^3(7ae^2g^2+c(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2))x^3-cg^2(ae^2g^2(ef-27dg)-c(44e^3f^3-33de^2gf^2-42d^2eg^2f+21d^3g^3))x^2+cg(ae(40e^2f^2-72defg+63d^2f^2-21d^3g^3))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{7cg^4} \right)
 \end{array}$$

9g

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2185 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\
 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{3c^2(9ae^2(2ef-5dg)g^2+c(76e^3f^3-204de^2gf^2+168d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))x^2g^5+ac(21afg^2e^3+c(92e^3f^3-258de^2fg^2-21d^3g^3))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{7cg^4} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\
 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2)) - \int \frac{3c^2(9ae^2(2ef-5dg)g^2+c(76e^3f^3-204de^2gf^2+168d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))x^2g^5+ac(21afg^2e^3+c(92e^3f^3-258de^2fg^2-21d^3g^3))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{7cg^4} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2185 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\
 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2)) - \int \frac{3c^2g^6(ag(3ae^2(ef+15dg)g^2+c(16e^3f^3-204de^2fg^2-21d^3g^3))x^2+ac(21afg^2e^3+c(92e^3f^3-258de^2fg^2-21d^3g^3)))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}}{7cg^4} \right)
 \end{array}$$

3.629. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\ 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2))}{7g^3} - \frac{cg^4 \int \frac{ag(3ae^2(ef+15dg)g^2+c(16e^3f^3-5}}{7g^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 599 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\ 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2))}{7g^3} - \frac{2cg^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(9ae^2g^2(2ef-5dg)+}}{7g^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1511 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{9g} - \\ 2 \left(\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(4ef-3dg)}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(7ae^2g^2+c(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2))}{7g^3} - \frac{2cg^4\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(9ae^2g^2(2ef-5dg)+}}{7g^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

\downarrow 1416

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{9g} - \frac{2e^2(4ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg(7ae^2g^2+c(64e^2f^2-111degf+42d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2cg^4(9ae^2(2ef-5dg)g^2+c(76e^3f^3-204d^2efg+11d^2e^2g^2))}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{9g}$$

$$2cg^4(9ae^2(2ef-5dg)g^2+c(76e^3f^3-204d$$

2

$$\frac{2e^2(4ef-3dg)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5}eg(7ae^2g^2+c(64e^2f^2-111degf+42d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g^3}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

$$3.629. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$


```

output (2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(9*g) - (2*((2*e^2*(4*e*f -
3*d*g)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(7*g^3) - ((2*e*g*(7*a*e^2*g^2 + c
*(64*e^2*f^2 - 111*d*e*f*g + 42*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])
/5 - (2*c*g^4*(9*a*e^2*g^2*(2*e*f - 5*d*g) + c*(76*e^3*f^3 - 204*d*e^2*f^2
*g + 168*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 35*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2] - 2*c*g^
2*((Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(21*a^2*e^3*g^4 - 3*a*c*e*g^2*(10*e^2*f^2 - 39*d*e
*f*g + 63*d^2*g^2) - c^2*f*(64*e^3*f^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2
- 105*d^3*g^3))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x)
)/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/
Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/S
qrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f
+ g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*
g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)
], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2
- (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c] - ((c*f^2 + a*g
^2)^(3/4)*(21*a^2*e^3*g^4 - 3*a*c*e*g^2*(10*e^2*f^2 - 39*d*e*f*g + 63*d^2*
g^2) - c^2*f*(64*e^3*f^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3
) - Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(9*a*e^2*g^2*(2*e*f - 5*d*g) - c*(64*e^3*f
^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3)))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f +
g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g...

```

3.629.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 723 Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f_) + (g
_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(g
*(2*m + 3))), x] - Simp[1/(g*(2*m + 3)) Int(((d + e*x)^(m - 1)/(Sqrt[f +
g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*a*(e*f*m - d*g*(m + 1)) + (2*c*d*f - 2*a*e*g)
*x - (2*c*(d*g*m - e*f*(m + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 0]

```

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^m)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.629.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1156
risch	Expression too large to display	1937
default	Expression too large to display	5079

3.629.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/9*e^3/g*x^3*(c*
g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/c/g*x^2*(c*g*
x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e-6/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e
^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^
3-2/3*e^3/g*f*a-5/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/c*a-4/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e
-6/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/g*f)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(
1/2)+2*(a*d^3-2/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e-6/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/
c/g*f*a-1/3*(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^3-2/3*e^3/g*f*a-5/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/c
*a-4/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e-6/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/g*f)/c*a)*(
f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/
c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))
^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1
/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(3*a*
d^2*e-4/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/c/g*f*a-3/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e-6/7*(
3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/c*a-2/3*(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^3-2/3*e^3/g*f*a-5/7*(
3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e^3/g*c*f)/c*a-4/5*(2/9*a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e-6/7*(3*c*d*e^2-8/9*e
^3/g*c*f)/g*f)/g*f)/g*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c
))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)
/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-
(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+...
```

3.629.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 578, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(2(64c^2e^3f^5 - 216c^2de^2f^4g + 6(42c^2d^2e + 13ace^3)f^3g^2 - 3(35c^2d^3 + 93acde^2)f^2g^3 + 6(63acd^2e \right.$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/945*(2*(64*c^2*e^3*f^5 - 216*c^2*d*e^2*f^4*g + 6*(42*c^2*d^2*e + 13*a*c
*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3 + 93*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 + 6*(63*a*c*d^2*e -
2*a^2*e^3)*f*g^4 - 45*(7*a*c*d^3 - 3*a^2*d*e^2)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrass
PInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3),
1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(64*c^2*e^3*f^4*g - 216*c^2*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 + 6*(42*
c^2*d^2*e + 5*a*c*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 3*(35*c^2*d^3 + 39*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g^4 + 21*
(9*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^
2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*
f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)
/g)) - 3*(35*c^2*e^3*g^5*x^3 - 64*c^2*e^3*f^3*g^2 + 216*c^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^3
- 2*(126*c^2*d^2*e + 11*a*c*e^3)*f*g^4 + 15*(7*c^2*d^3 + 6*a*c*d*e^2)*g^5
- 5*(8*c^2*e^3*f*g^4 - 27*c^2*d*e^2*g^5)*x^2 + (48*c^2*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 162*c
^2*d*e^2*f*g^4 + 7*(27*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt
(g*x + f))/(c^2*g^6)
```

3.629.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**3/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.629.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.629.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.629.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.630 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.630.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 508

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{4(5ae^2g^2 + c(21e^2f^2 - 34defg + 10d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{105cg^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{7g} - \frac{4e(3ef - 2dg)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{35g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(aeg^2(13ef - 42dg) + cf(24e^2f^2 - 56defg + 35d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{105\sqrt{c}g^4 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2 + ag^2)(5ae^2g^2 - c(24e^2f^2 - 56defg + 35d^2g^2)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{105c^{3/2}g^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output
$$-4/35*e*(-2*d*g+3*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g^3+4/105*(5*a*e^2*g^2+c*(10*d^2*g^2-34*d*e*f*g+21*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/g^3+2/7*(e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g+4/105*(a*e*g^2*(-42*d*g+13*e*f)+c*f*(35*d^2*g^2-56*d*e*f*g+24*e^2*f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g^4/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+4/105*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*(5*a*e^2*g^2-c*(35*d^2*g^2-56*d*e*f*g+24*e^2*f^2))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/g^4/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)$$

3.630.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2(a+cx^2)(10ae^2g^2+c(35d^2g^2+14deg(-4f+3gx))+3e^2(8f^2-6fgx+5g^2x^2))}{cg^3} - 4 \left(g^2 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} (aeg^2(13ef-42dg)+cf(24e^2 \right)} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(a + c*x^2)*(10*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(35*d^2*g^2 + 14*d*e*g*(-
4*f + 3*g*x) + 3*e^2*(8*f^2 - 6*f*g*x + 5*g^2*x^2))))/(c*g^3) - (4*(g^2*Sq
rt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(a*e*g^2*(13*e*f - 42*d*g) + c*f*(24*e^2*f^
2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2))*(a + c*x^2) - I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[
a]*g)*(a*e*g^2*(13*e*f - 42*d*g) + c*f*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g
^2))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/S
qrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I
*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f
+ I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + Sqrt[a]*g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(5*a*e^2*g^2 + (6*I
)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*g*(3*e*f - 7*d*g) + c*(-24*e^2*f^2 + 56*d*e*f*g - 35*d^
2*g^2))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g
)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f -
(I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]
*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/(c*g^5*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)))/
(105*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])
```

3.630.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 878, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.393$, Rules used = {723, 27, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 723

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2\sqrt{f + gx}}{7g} - \int \frac{2(d+ex)(c(3ef-2dg)x^2+(cdf-aeg)x+a(2ef-3dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2\sqrt{f + gx}}{7g} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(d+ex)(c(3ef-2dg)x^2+(cdf-aeg)x+a(2ef-3dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{7g}$$

↓ 2185

3.630. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7g} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(5ae^2g^2+c(21e^2f^2-34degf+10d^2g^2))x^2g^2+ac(9e^2f^2-16degf+15d^2g^2)g^2-c(aeg^2(ef-14dg)-cf(6e^2f^2-4degf-5d^2g^2))xg}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{5cg^3} \right) + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{5cg^3}$$

$7g$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{\int \frac{c(5ae^2g^2+c(21e^2f^2-34degf+10d^2g^2))x^2g^2+ac(9e^2f^2-16degf+15d^2g^2)g^2-c(aeg^2(ef-14dg)-cf(6e^2f^2-4degf-5d^2g^2))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{5cg^3} \right)$$

$7g$

↓ 2185

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{cg^3(ag(5ae^2g^2-c(6e^2f^2-14degf+35d^2g^2))+c(ae(13ef-42dg)g^2+cf(24e^2f^2-56degf+35d^2g^2))x)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3cg^2} + \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$7g$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}g\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5ae^2g^2+c(10d^2g^2-34degf+21e^2f^2)) - \frac{1}{3}g \int \frac{ag(5ae^2g^2-c(6e^2f^2-14degf+35d^2g^2))+c(ae(13ef-42dg)g^2+cf(24e^2f^2-56degf+35d^2g^2))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{5cg^3} \right)$$

$7g$

↓ 599

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(5ae^2g^2-c(24e^2f^2-56degf+35d^2g^2))+c(ae(13ef-42dg)g^2+cf(24e^2f^2-56degf+35d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} dx}{3g} \right)$$

$7g$

↓ 25

3.630. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7g} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}g\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(5ae^2g^2+c(10d^2g^2-34defg+21e^2f^2)) - 2 \int \frac{(cf^2+ag^2)(5ae^2g^2-c(24e^2f^2-56defg+35d^2f^2))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}}} dx}{5cg^3} \right) - \frac{\quad}{7g}$$

1511

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7g} - \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{c\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}(aeg^2(13ef-42dg)+cf(35d^2g^2-56defg+24e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{\quad} \right)$$

1416

$$2 \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(3ef-2dg)}{5g^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7g} - \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{c\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}(aeg^2(13ef-42dg)+cf(35d^2g^2-56defg+24e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{\quad} \right)$$

1509

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{7g} - \frac{2e(3ef-2dg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{5g^2} - \frac{2}{3}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(5ae^2g^2+c(21e^2f^2-34degf+10d^2g^2))+ \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(ae(13ef-42dg)g^2+cf(24e^2f^2-56d^2efg+35d^2g^2)) + \frac{2}{3}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(5ae^2g^2+c(21e^2f^2-34degf+10d^2g^2))+ \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(ae(13ef-42dg)g^2+cf(24e^2f^2-56d^2efg+35d^2g^2))$$

```
input Int[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]
```

```
output (2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(7*g) - (2*((2*e*(3*e*f - 2*d*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(5*g^2) - ((2*g*(5*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(21*e^2*f^2 - 34*d*e*f*g + 10*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/3 + (2*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(a*e*g^2*(13*e*f - 42*d*g) + c*f*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2)))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(5*a*e^2*g^2 - c*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2)) + Sqrt[c]*(a*e*g^2*(13*e*f - 42*d*g) + c*f*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2)))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(3*g)/(5*c*g^3))/(7*g)
```

3.630.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 723 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(g*(2*m + 3))), x] - Simp[1/(g*(2*m + 3)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 1))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*a*(e*f*m - d*g*(m + 1)) + (2*c*d*f - 2*a*e*g)*x - (2*c*(d*g*m - e*f*(m + 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.630.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 848, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2e^2x^2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{7g} + \frac{2\left(2cde - \frac{6e^2cf}{7g}\right)x\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5cg} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2e^2a}{7} + cd^2 - \frac{4\left(2cde - \frac{6e^2cf}{7g}\right)f}{5g}\right)\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.630. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+a)^{1/2}*(2/7*e^2/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/3*(2/7*e^2*a+c*d^2-4/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/g*f)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2*(a*d^2-2/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/c/g*f*a-1/3*(2/7*e^2*a+c*d^2-4/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/g*f)/c*a)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2})+2*(2*a*d*e-4/7*e^2/g*f*a-3/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/c*a-2/3*(2/7*e^2*a+c*d^2-4/5*(2*c*d*e-6/7*e^2/g*c*f)/g*f)/g*f*(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2})+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}))$

3.630.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2(24c^2e^2f^4 - 56c^2def^3g - 84acdefg^3 + (35c^2d^2 + 31ace^2)f^2g^2 + 15(7acd^2 - a^2e^2)g^4) \sqrt{cg} \text{weierstrass} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/315*(2*(24*c^2*e^2*f^4 - 56*c^2*d*e*f^3*g - 84*a*c*d*e*f*g^3 + (35*c^2*d^2 + 31*a*c*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + 15*(7*a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*g^4)*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(24*c^2*e^2*f^3*g - 56*c^2*d*e*f^2*g^2 - 42*a*c*d*e*g^4 + (35*c^2*d^2 + 13*a*c*e^2)*f*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) + 3*(15*c^2*e^2*g^4*x^2 + 24*c^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 56*c^2*d*e*f*g^3 + 5*(7*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*g^4 - 6*(3*c^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 7*c^2*d*e*g^4)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + a)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(c^2*g^5)$

3.630.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} (d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.630.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a} (ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.630.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.630.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.631 $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.631.1 Optimal result 4650
 3.631.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4651
 3.631.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) 4651
 3.631.4 Maple [B] (verified) 4655
 3.631.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 4657
 3.631.6 Sympy [F] 4657
 3.631.7 Maxima [F] 4658
 3.631.8 Giac [F] 4658
 3.631.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4658

3.631.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 364

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(4ef-5dg-3egx)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{15g^2}$$

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{-a}(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid-\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{15\sqrt{cg^3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{4\sqrt{-a}(4ef-5dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{15\sqrt{cg^3}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(-3*e*g*x-5*d*g+4*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g^2-4/15*(3*a*e
*g^2+c*f*(-5*d*g+4*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1
/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(
1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g^3/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2
)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+4/15*(-5*d*g+4*e*f)*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c
^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2
))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))
^(1/2)/g^3/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.631.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2(-4ef+5dg+3egx)(a+cx^2)}{g^2} + \frac{4 \left(g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} (3aeg^2 + cf(4ef-5dg))(a+cx^2) - \sqrt{c}(i\sqrt{cf} - \sqrt{ag})(3aeg^2 + cf(4ef-5dg)) \right) \sqrt{g}}{g^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(-4*e*f + 5*d*g + 3*e*g*x)*(a + c*x^2))/g^2 + (4*(g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*f*(4*e*f - 5*d*g))*(a + c*x^2) - Sqrt[c]*(I*Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[a]*g)*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*f*(4*e*f - 5*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x])/Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x]))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*((3*I)*Sqrt[a]*e*g + Sqrt[c]*(-4*e*f + 5*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x])*Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x]))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/(c*g^4*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)))/(15*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.631.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {682, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.631. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 682 \\
 & \frac{4 \int -\frac{c(ag(ef-5dg)-(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))x)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{15cg^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{ag(ef-5dg)-(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{15g^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2} \\
 & \downarrow 599 \\
 & \frac{4 \int -\frac{(4ef-5dg)(cf^2+ag^2)-(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{15g^4} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{(4ef-5dg)(cf^2+ag^2)-(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{15g^4} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1511 \\
 & 4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(4ef-5dg)+3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg))}{15g^4} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1416
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \left(\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{2c^{3/4} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \left(-\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} (4ef-5dg) + 3aeg^2 + cf(4ef-5dg) \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{ag^2+cf^2}}} \right) \right)}{15g^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2}$$

↓ 1509

$$4 \left(\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{2c^{3/4} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \left(-\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} (4ef-5dg) + 3aeg^2 + cf(4ef-5dg) \right) \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{ag^2+cf^2}}} \right) \right)}{15g^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-5dg+4ef-3egx)}{15g^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output $(-2\sqrt{f+gx}(4ef-5dg-3egx)\sqrt{a+cx^2})/(15g^2) + 4*((\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg)))-((\sqrt{f+gx})\sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2-(2cf(f+gx))/g^2+(c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/((a+(cf^2)/g^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})) + ((cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\sqrt{(a+(cf^2)/g^2-(2cf(f+gx))/g^2+(c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/((a+(cf^2)/g^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})^2)]*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4}\sqrt{f+gx})/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2]/(c^{1/4}\sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2-(2cf(f+gx))/g^2+(c(f+gx)^2)/g^2})]/\sqrt{c} + ((cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}(3aeg^2+cf(4ef-5dg)-\sqrt{c}(4ef-5dg)\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\sqrt{(a+(cf^2)/g^2-(2cf(f+gx))/g^2+(c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/((a+(cf^2)/g^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})^2)]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4}\sqrt{f+gx})/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2]/(2c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2-(2cf(f+gx))/g^2+(c(f+gx)^2)/g^2})]/(15g^4)$

3.631.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 599 $\text{Int}(((A_.) + (B_.)(x_))/(\sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)}*\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2}), x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/\sqrt{(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)}, x], x, \sqrt{c + d*x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 682 $\text{Int}(((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_.) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(c*ef*(m+2*p+2) - g*c*d*(2*p+1) + g*c*e*(m+2*p+1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m+2*p+1)*(m+2*p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m+2*p+1)*(m+2*p+2))) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m+2*p+2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+1) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+1)))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])]$

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.631.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 677 vs. $2(298) = 596$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2ex\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5g} + \frac{2\left(cd-\frac{4cfe}{5g}\right)\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(ad-\frac{2fae}{5g}-\frac{a\left(cd-\frac{4cfe}{5g}\right)}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2(3egx+5dg-4ef)\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{15g^2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \left(10adg^2\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*e/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(c*d-4/5*c*f/g*e)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d-2/5*f*a/g*e-1/3*a/c*(c*d-4/5*c*f/g*e))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(2/5*a*e-2/3*f/g*(c*d-4/5*c*f/g*e))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))
```

3.631. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.631.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2(4cef^3 - 5cdf^2g + 6aefg^2 - 15adg^3) \sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8(cf^3+9afg^2)}{27cg^3}, \frac{3gx+f}{3g} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/45*(2*(4*c*e*f^3 - 5*c*d*f^2*g + 6*a*e*f*g^2 - 15*a*d*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(4*c*e*f^2*g - 5*c*d*f*g^2 + 3*a*e*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) - 3*(3*c*e*g^3*x - 4*c*e*f*g^2 + 5*c*d*g^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c*g^4)`

3.631.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.631.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.631.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.631.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.632 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.632.1 Optimal result	4659
3.632.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4660
3.632.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4660
3.632.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4663
3.632.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4665
3.632.6 Sympy [F]	4665
3.632.7 Maxima [F]	4665
3.632.8 Giac [F]	4666
3.632.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4666

3.632.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3g} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3g^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a}(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3\sqrt{cg^2}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g+4/3*f*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-4/3*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/g^2/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.632.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(g^2(a + cx^2) - \frac{2 \left(fg^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}(a + cx^2)} + \sqrt{cf}(-i\sqrt{cf} + \sqrt{ag}) \sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{f + gx}} \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}} - gx}}{f + gx}} (f + gx)^{3/2} E \left(\operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x)}{f + gx}} \right) \right)}{3g^3\sqrt{a - \dots}} \right)}{3g^3\sqrt{a - \dots}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(g^2*(a + c*x^2) - (2*(f*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(a + c*x^2) + Sqrt[c]*f*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x))]/(f + g*x))*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)) - Sqrt[a]*g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x))*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/((Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)))/(3*g^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.632.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {493, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 493

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{ag-cfx}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3g} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} - \frac{4 \int -\frac{cf^2-c(f+gx)f+ag^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{cf^2-c(f+gx)f+ag^2}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1511} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} - \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \sqrt{cf}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+a}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{3g^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1416} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} - \\
 & \frac{4 \left((ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+ \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. 2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}} \right) \right)}{3g^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1509} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g} - \\
 & \frac{4 \left((ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4}(\sqrt{cf}-\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+ \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. 2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}} \right) \right)}{3g^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.632. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*g) - (4*(-(Sqrt[c]*f*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c]*f - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])))/(3*g^3)`

3.632.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 493 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.632.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3g} + \frac{2ag\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right) - \frac{2cf\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3g} + \frac{4a\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{3\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right) \right)$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}\left(2\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\right)a^3+2\sqrt{-ac}\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/g+2/3/g*(2*a*g*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+cf*x^2+a*g*x+af)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))-2*c*f*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+cf*x^2+a*g*x+af)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.632.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(6 \sqrt{c} g c f g \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3}, \dots \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(6*sqrt(c*g)*c*f*g*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) + 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*g^2 + 2*(c*f^2 + 3*a*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g))/(c*g^3)`

3.632.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.632.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.632.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.632.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.633 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.633.1 Optimal result	4667
3.633.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4668
3.633.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4669
3.633.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4676
3.633.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4677
3.633.6 Sympy [F]	4677
3.633.7 Maxima [F]	4678
3.633.8 Giac [F]	4678
3.633.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4678

3.633.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 473

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{eg\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ef+dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $-2*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}, (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}/e/g/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2*(d*g+e*f)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}, (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/e^2/g/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*\text{EllipticPi}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}, 2*e/(e+d*c^{(1/2)/(-a)^{(1/2)}), 2^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/e^2/(e+d*c^{(1/2)/(-a)^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.633.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1096, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(-ce^2 f^3 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + cde f^2 g \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} - ae^2 f g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + adeg^3 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + 2ce^2 f^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output

```
(-2*(-(c*e^2*f^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]) + c*d*e*f^2*g*Sqrt[-f -
(I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - a*e^2*f*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + a
*d*e*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 2*c*e^2*f^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[
a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) - 2*c*d*e*f*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f
+ g*x) - c*e^2*f*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + c*d*e*g*S
qrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + Sqrt[c]*e*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f +
Sqrt[a]*g)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sq
rt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I
*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*S
qrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + e*(I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*g*(Sqrt
[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(
((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcS
inh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a
]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - I*c*d^2*g^2*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c]
+ x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*
x)^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)), I
*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*S
qrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - I*a*e^2*g^2*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sq
rt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f
+ g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]...
```

3.633.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1496 vs. $2(473) = 946$.

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1496, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {724, 27, 599, 25, 729, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 724

$$\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{c(d-ex)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
& \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int -\frac{ef+dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{729} \\
& 2\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int -\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \\
& \quad \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -2\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \\
& \quad \frac{2c \int \frac{ef+dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1511} \\
& 2c \left(- \left(\left(e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + dg \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right) - \frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1416} \\
& 2\left(a + \frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{{}^4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(e\left(f-\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}\right)+dg\right)}{2{}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}} \right)$$

$$2\left(a+\frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \frac{e^2g^2}{}$$

↓ 1509

$$2c \left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(e\left(f-\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)+dg\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{{}^4\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2{}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}} \right)$$

$$2\left(a+\frac{cd^2}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

↓ 1540

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)^2} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \right) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))}$$

↓ 1416

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)^2} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \right) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))}$$

↓ 2222

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2-2c(f+gx)f+c(f+gx)^2+a}{g^2}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{cd^2}{e^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \right) \left(\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} \right)}{\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`


```

output (2*c*(-((e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2
*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[
c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c
]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x)
)/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/S
qrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2
+ a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a
+ (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c])
- ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d*g + e*(f - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/Sqrt[c]))*(1 +
(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f
+ g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f +
g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/
(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(2*c^(1/
4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/
(e^2*g^2) + 2*(a + (c*d^2)/e^2)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c
]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a
*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2
])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*Ell
ipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt
[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]]/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2*g + c*d...

```

3.633.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 724 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)
]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/e^2 Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*
Sqrt[a + c*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[1/e^2 Int[(c*d - c*e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sq
rt[a + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]

```

- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;`
`NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

3.633.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 832 vs. 2(386) = 772.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2cd \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \right)}{e^2 \sqrt{cgx^3 + cf x^2 + agx + fa}} + \frac{2c \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{e^2 \sqrt{cgx^3 + cf x^2 + agx + fa}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2*c*d/e^2*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})+2*c/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})$

3.633.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.633.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.633.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.633.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.633.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.634 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.634.1 Optimal result	4679
3.634.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4680
3.634.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4681
3.634.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4688
3.634.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	4689
3.634.6 Sympy [F]	4689
3.634.7 Maxima [F]	4690
3.634.8 Giac [F]	4690
3.634.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4690

3.634.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 694

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}f\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(2ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(ae^2g+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $-(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)-\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}/e/(-d*g+e*f)/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+f*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-(-d*g+2*e*f)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+(a*e^2*g+c*d*(-d*g+2*e*f))*\text{EllipticPi}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},2*e/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(e+d*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.634.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{a+cx^2}{d+ex} - \frac{ce^2 f^3 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}-cde f^2 g \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+ae^2 f g^2 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}-adeg^3 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}-2ce^2 f^2 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}(f+gx)+2cde}{(d+ex)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x) - (c*e^2*f^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)
/Sqrt[c]] - c*d*e*f^2*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + a*e^2*f*g^2*Sqr
t[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - a*d*e*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]
- 2*c*e^2*f^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) + 2*c*d*e*f*g*Sq
rt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) + c*e^2*f*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)
/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 - c*d*e*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)
^2 + I*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt
[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*
x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/
Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + e*(
Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(Sqrt[a]*e*g + I*Sqrt[c]*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[(g*(
(I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/
(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sq
rt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)
] - (2*I)*c*d*e*f*g*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((
(I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[
c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt
[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*S
qrt[a]*g)] + I*c*d^2*g^2*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqr
t[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticP...
```

3.634.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1559 vs. $2(694) = 1388$.

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1559, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.464$, Rules used = {725, 25, 2349, 599, 27, 729, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 725$$

$$\int -\frac{-cgx^2-2cfx+ag}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2 - 2cfx + ag}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2349} \\
& \frac{\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-\frac{2cf}{e} + \frac{cdg}{e^2} - \frac{cgx}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
& \frac{\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg+e(f+gx))}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg+e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{729} \\
& \frac{2 \left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg+e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{-2 \left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg+e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2 g}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1511}
\end{aligned}$$

3.634. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$-2\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - 2c \left[\left(dg - e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + f \right) \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}}{\sqrt{c}} \right]$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2c \left[\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \left(dg - e \left(\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + f \right) \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right]$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1509

$$-2\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - 2c \left[\frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right]$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

3.634. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

↓ 1540

$$2\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(cef^2+...)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(cef^2+...)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 2222

3.634. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$2\left(ag + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})}{\left(\frac{e+\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}\right)}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x))) - ((-2*c*(-(e*
Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g
*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x
))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x)
)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*
(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 +
a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1
/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/
g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/Sqrt[c] - ((c*f^2 +
a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d*g - e*(f + Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/Sqrt[c]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f
+ g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^
2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[
c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*
g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a +
(c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2))/((e^2*g) + 2
*(a*g + (c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))/e^2)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[
c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 +
a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^
2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*El
lipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (...

```

3.634.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 725 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)), x] - Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*(c*f)*x + c*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c._) + (d._)*(x_)]*((e._) + (f._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[(((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[(((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d
*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c
+ d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n
] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.634.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 921, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{(dg-ef)(ex+d)} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c}{e^2} - \frac{cdg}{2e^2(dg-ef)}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(1/(d*g-e*f)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)+2*(c/e^2-1/2*c*d/e^2*g/(d*g-e*f))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))-c*g/(d*g-e*f)/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))+(a*e^2*g-c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/e^3/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))
```

3.634.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.634.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(a + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)
```

3.634. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.634.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)^2\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.634.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)^2\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.634.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

$$3.635 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.635.1 Optimal result	4692
3.635.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4693
3.635.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4694
3.635.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4705
3.635.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4706
3.635.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	4707
3.635.7 Maxima [F]	4707
3.635.8 Giac [F]	4707
3.635.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4708

3.635.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1241

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \\
&= -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(3ae^2g+cd(2ef+dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(3ae^2g+cd(2ef+dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{2e^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf}(3ae^2g+cd(2ef+dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdg}(3ae^2g+cd(2ef+dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e^2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{c(ef+dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg))(3ae^2g+cd(2ef+dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{4e^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d
*(d*g+2*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e
*x+d)+1/4*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d*(d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(c*x^2+a
)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+1/2*g*EllipticF(1
/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)
^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/4*f
*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d*(d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),
(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+
c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c
*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/4*d*g*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d*(d
*g+2*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-
a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g
*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)
^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-c*(d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-
a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)
)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-
a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*...

```

3.635.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 28.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output

```
(c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*a*c*e^2*f^3 - (2*c^2*d*e*f^4)/g + (c^2*d^3*f^2*g)/e + a*c
*d*e*f^2*g + a*c*d^2*f*g^2 - 3*a^2*e^2*f*g^2 + (a*c*d^3*g^3)/e + 3*a^2*d*e
*g^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*f^2*(f + g*x) + 6*a*c*e^2*f^2*(f + g*x) + (4*c^2*d*e*f^3*
(f + g*x))/g - (2*c^2*d^3*f*g*(f + g*x))/e - 6*a*c*d*e*f*g*(f + g*x) + c^2
*d^2*f*(f + g*x)^2 - 3*a*c*e^2*f*(f + g*x)^2 - (2*c^2*d*e*f^2*(f + g*x)^2)
/g + (c^2*d^3*g*(f + g*x)^2)/e + 3*a*c*d*e*g*(f + g*x)^2 - ((e*f - d*g)*(f
+ g*x)*(a + c*x^2)*(a*e^2*(2*e*f - 5*d*g - 3*e*g*x) - c*d*(3*d^2*g + 2*e^
2*f*x + d*e*g*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 + (Sqrt[c]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(-(
e*f) + d*g)*(3*a*e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] +
x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)
^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]]
, (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/(e*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*
Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]) + ((I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g
)*(-3*a*e^2*g - (6*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - d*g) + c*d*(-4*e*f + d*g))*
Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]
- g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt
[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*S
qrt[a]*g)]/(e*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]) + ((4*I)*a*c*e^2*f^2*Sqrt
[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] -
g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(S...
```

3.635.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2774 vs. $2(1241) = 2482$.

Time = 5.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2774, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.679$, Rules used = {725, 25, 2349, 734, 2349, 27, 510, 599, 25, 27, 729, 25, 1416, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 725

$$\frac{\int -\frac{cgx^2-2cfx+3ag}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 25

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cgx^2 - 2cfx + 3ag}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{cdg}{e^2} + \frac{cgx}{e}}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 734

$$\frac{\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2e^2 + age^2 - 2cdgxe - 2cd(ef-dg)}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{-\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{cdg}{e^2} + \frac{cgx}{e}}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - \frac{2c(dg+2ef)}{4(ef-dg)}}{4(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - \frac{2c(dg+2ef)}{4(ef-dg)}}{4(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 510

$$\frac{\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - \frac{2c(dg+2ef)}{4(ef-dg)}}{4(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 599

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

25

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

27

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

729

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(-\frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

25

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1511

$$\left(3ag + \frac{cd(dg+2ef)}{e^2}\right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} - \left(dg - e\left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \right) \frac{4c(e f + g x)}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} + \dots$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1509

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{e^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) + \dots$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 1540

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \sqrt{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \quad 4c(ef + \dots)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 1416

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{e^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right)^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + a}}{2(e f - d g)(d + e x)^2}$$

↓ 2222

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

4c(ef+

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

3.635. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

```

output -1/2*(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((c^(3/4)
*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[
(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f
^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*Arc
Tan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x))/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[
c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(e^2*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c
*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) - (4*c*(e*f + d*g)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 -
Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*
f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)
^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^
2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x))/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1
+ (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2*g +
c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f +
g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) - e*Sqrt[c*f^
2 + a*g^2])*((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*ArcTanh[(Sqr
t[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/
g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])]/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^
2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/(e*f - d*g
))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (
2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sq...

```

3.635.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)
]], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

- rule 725 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)), x] - Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*(c*f)*x + c*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 734 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_))/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 1) - a*e^2*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*c*e*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2222 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]`

rule 2349 `Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c + d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

3.635.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1196
default	Expression too large to display	19170

input `int((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(1/2/(d*g-e*f))*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(a*d*e^2*g+2*a*e^3*f-c*d^3*g+4*c*d^2*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/e^2*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})-1/4*c*g*(3*a*e^2*g+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)})))+1/4*(3*a^2*e^4*g^2+6*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2-4*a*c*d*e^3*f*g+4*a*c*e^4*f^2-c^2*d^4*g^2+4*c^2*d^3*e*f*g)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e^3/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c})/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)/c}))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*...$

3.635.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.635.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.635.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`**3.635.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ex+d)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)/((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.635.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.636 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.636.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4710
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3.636.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 531

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e(25ae^2g^2 + c(7e^2f^2 + 12defg - 90d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{105c^2g^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{7c} + \frac{2e^2(ef + 11dg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{35cg^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(ae^2g^2(19ef + 189dg) - c(8e^3f^3 - 42de^2f^2g + 105d^2efg^2 + 105d^3g^3)) \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)\right)}{105c^{3/2}g^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-ae}(cf^2 + ag^2)(25ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 42defg + 105d^2g^2)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)\right)}{105c^{5/2}g^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$


```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(a + c*x^2)*(-25*a*e^3*g^2 + c*e*(105*d^2*g^2 + 21*d*e*
g*(f + 3*g*x) + e^2*(-4*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2))))/(c^2*g^2) - (2*(g^2
*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(a*e^2*g^2*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) - c*(8*e^3
*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3))*(a + c*x^2) - Sqrt
[c]*(I*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2*f*g^2*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) - a^(3/2)*e^2*g^3*(19*e*f +
189*d*g) - I*c^(3/2)*f*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105
*d^3*g^3) + Sqrt[a]*c*g*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 10
5*d^3*g^3))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[
a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[
-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqr
t[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*((105*I)*c^(3/2)*d^3*
g^2 + 25*a^(3/2)*e^3*g^2 + (3*I)*a*Sqrt[c]*e^2*g*(2*e*f - 63*d*g) + Sqrt[a
]*c*e*(-8*e^2*f^2 + 42*d*e*f*g - 105*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c
] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g
*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*
x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))]/(c^2*g^4*Sqrt[
-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)))/(105*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])
```

3.636.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.393$, Rules used = {735, 25, 2185, 27, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{735} \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} - \int \frac{(d+ex)(7cfd^2+ce(ef+11dg)x^2-ae(4ef+dg)-(5ae^2g-cd(12ef+7dg))x)}{7c\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)(7cfd^2+ce(ef+11dg)x^2-ae(4ef+dg)-(5ae^2g-cd(12ef+7dg))x)}{7c\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{7c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2185}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.636. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2 \int \frac{-ce(25ae^2g^2+c(7e^2f^2+12degf-90d^2g^2))x^2g^2+c(35cd^3fg-ae(3e^2f^2+53degf+5d^2g^2))g^2-c(ae^2(23ef+63dg)g^2+c(2e^3f^3+22de^2gf^2-95d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

7c
↓ 27

$$\int \frac{-ce(25ae^2g^2+c(7e^2f^2+12degf-90d^2g^2))x^2g^2+c(35cd^3fg-ae(3e^2f^2+53degf+5d^2g^2))g^2-c(ae^2(23ef+63dg)g^2+c(2e^3f^3+22de^2gf^2-95d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

7c
↓ 2185

$$2 \int \frac{cg^3(g(105c^2fgd^3+25a^2e^3g^2-ace(2e^2f^2+147degf+105d^2g^2))-c(ae^2g^2(19ef+189dg)-c(8e^3f^3-42de^2gf^2+105d^2eg^2f+105d^3g^3))x)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2}{3}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

7c
↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{3}g \int \frac{g(105c^2fgd^3+25a^2e^3g^2-ace(2e^2f^2+147degf+105d^2g^2))-c(ae^2g^2(19ef+189dg)-c(8e^3f^3-42de^2gf^2+105d^2eg^2f+105d^3g^3))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2}{3}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

7c
↓ 599

$$2 \int \frac{e(cf^2+ag^2)(25ae^2g^2-c(8e^2f^2-42degf+105d^2g^2))-c(ae^2g^2(19ef+189dg)-c(8e^3f^3-42de^2gf^2+105d^2eg^2f+105d^3g^3))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} dx - \frac{2}{3}eg\sqrt{a+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{7c}$$

7c
↓ 25

3.636. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$


```

output (2*e*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(7*c) + ((2*e^2*(e*f + 11*
d*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(5*g^2) + ((-2*e*g*(25*a*e^2*g^2 + c
*(7*e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g - 90*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/3 -
(2*(-(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(a*e^2*g^2*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) - c*(8*e^
3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]
*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a
+ (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 +
a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f
^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*
(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1
/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a
*g^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f +
g*x)^2)/g^2])) - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(25*a*e^2
*g^2 - c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 42*d*e*f*g + 105*d^2*g^2)) - Sqrt[c]*(a*e^2*g^2*(19*
e*f + 189*d*g) - c*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3
*g^3)))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^
2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (
Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sq
rt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])
/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + ...

```

3.636.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

- rule 735 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)]/Sqrt[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*e*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1)) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)))*x - c*e*(e*f + d*g*(4*m - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2 + (c_.)*(x_.)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2 + (c_.)*(x_.)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2 + (c_.)*(x_.)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.636.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2e^3x^2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{7c} + \frac{2(3de^2g+\frac{1}{7}e^3f)x\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5cg} + \frac{2\left(3d^2eg+3d^2f-\frac{4f(3de^2g+\frac{1}{7}e^3f)}{5g}-\frac{5ga}{7c}\right)}{3cg} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/7*e^3/c*x^2*(c*
g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+1/7*e^3*f)/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+c*
f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-4/5*f/g*(3*d*e^2*g+1/7*e^3
*f)-5/7/c*g*a*e^3)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d^3*f-2/5*a/c*
f/g*(3*d*e^2*g+1/7*e^3*f)-1/3/c*a*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-4/5*f/g*(3*d*e^2*g+
1/7*e^3*f)-5/7/c*g*a*e^3))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)
/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/
2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a
*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(d^3*g+3*d^2*e*f-4/7*a/c*f*e^3-3/5/c*a*(3*d*e^2*g+1
/7*e^3*f)-2/3*f/g*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-4/5*f/g*(3*d*e^2*g+1/7*e^3*f)-5/7/c
*g*a*e^3))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-
a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*
c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c
)*EllipticE((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-
f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(
1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))
```

3.636. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.636.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left((8c^2e^3f^4 - 42c^2de^2f^3g + (105c^2d^2e - 13ace^3)f^2g^2 - 42(5c^2d^3 - 6acde^2)fg^3 + 15(21acd^2e - 5a$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*((8*c^2*e^3*f^4 - 42*c^2*d*e^2*f^3*g + (105*c^2*d^2*e - 13*a*c*e^3)*f^2*g^2 - 42*(5*c^2*d^3 - 6*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g^3 + 15*(21*a*c*d^2*e - 5*a^2*e^3)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 3*(8*c^2*e^3*f^3*g - 42*c^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^2 + (105*c^2*d^2*e - 19*a*c*e^3)*f*g^3 + 21*(5*c^2*d^3 - 9*a*c*d*e^2)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) - 3*(15*c^2*e^3*g^4*x^2 - 4*c^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 + 21*c^2*d*e^2*f*g^3 + 5*(21*c^2*d^2*e - 5*a*c*e^3)*g^4 + 3*(c^2*e^3*f*g^3 + 21*c^2*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^3*g^4)`

3.636.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.636.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.636.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.636.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.637 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.637.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 410

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e(ef+7dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{15cg} + \frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{5c}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(9ae^2g^2 + c(2e^2f^2 - 10defg - 15d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{15c^{3/2}g^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}(ef-5dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{15c^{3/2}g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/15*e*(7*d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/g+2/5*e*(e*x+d)*(g*x+f)
^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c+2/15*(9*a*e^2*g^2+c*(-15*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+2*e^2
*f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+
f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/c
^(3/2)/g^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2
)-4/15*e*(-5*d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c
*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/g^2
/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.637.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2e(a+cx^2)(10dg+e(f+3gx))}{cg} + \frac{(f+gx) \left(\frac{2g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} (-9ae^2g^2 + c(-2e^2f^2 + 10defg + 15d^2g^2))(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}(-i\sqrt{cf} + \sqrt{ag})(-9a}{(f+gx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*e*(a + c*x^2)*(10*d*g + e*(f + 3*g*x)))/(c*g) + ((f + g*x)*((2*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(-9*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(-2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2 + (2*Sqrt[c]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(-9*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(-2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))/Sqrt[f + g*x] + (2*Sqrt[c]*g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*((15*I)*c*d^2*g - (9*I)*a*e^2*g + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - 5*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))/Sqrt[f + g*x]))/(15*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.637.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$, Rules used = {735, 25, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{735} \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c} - \int \frac{5cfd^2+ce(ef+7dg)x^2-ae(2ef+dg)-(3ae^2g-cd(8ef+5dg))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{5cfd^2+ce(ef+7dg)x^2-ae(2ef+dg)-(3ae^2g-cd(8ef+5dg))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2185} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(g(15cd^2f-ae(7ef+10dg))-(9ae^2g^2+c(2e^2f^2-10degf-15d^2g^2)))x}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3cg^2} + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(7dg+ef)}{3g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{g(15cd^2f-ae(7ef+10dg))-(9ae^2g^2+c(2e^2f^2-10degf-15d^2g^2))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3g} + \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(7dg+ef)}{3g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(7dg+ef)}{3g} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2e(ef-5dg)(cf^2+ag^2)-(9ae^2g^2+c(2e^2f^2-10degf-15d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3g^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.637. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{2e(e f-5 d g)\left(c f^2+a g^2\right)-\left(9 a e^2 g^2+c\left(2 e^2 f^2-10 d e g f-15 d^2 g^2\right)\right)(f+g x)}{\sqrt{\frac{c f^2}{g^2}-\frac{2 c(f+g x) f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+g x)^2}{g^2}+a}} d \sqrt{f+g x}}{3 g^3}+\frac{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2} \sqrt{f+g x}(7 d g+e f)}{3 g}+ \\
 & \qquad \frac{5 c}{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2}(d+e x) \sqrt{f+g x}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1511} \\
 & \frac{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2} \sqrt{f+g x}(7 d g+e f)}{3 g}-\frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{a g^2+c f^2}\left(-2 \sqrt{c e} \sqrt{a g^2+c f^2}(e f-5 d g)+9 a e^2 g^2+c\left(-15 d^2 g^2-10 d e f g+2 e^2 f^2\right)\right) f-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{c f^2}{g^2}-\frac{2 c(f+g x) f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+g x)^2}{g^2}+a}} d \sqrt{f+g x}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3 g^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{5 c}{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2}(d+e x) \sqrt{f+g x}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1416} \\
 & \frac{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2} \sqrt{f+g x}(7 d g+e f)}{3 g}-\frac{2\left(\left(a g^2+c f^2\right)^{3 / 4}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+g x)}{\sqrt{a g^2+c f^2}}+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{c f^2}{g^2}-\frac{2 c f(f+g x)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+g x)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{c f^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+g x)}{\sqrt{a g^2+c f^2}}+1\right)^2}\left(-2 \sqrt{c e} \sqrt{a g^2+c f^2}(e f-5 d g)+9 a e^2 g^2+c\left(-15 d^2 g^2-10 d e f g+2 e^2 f^2\right)\right)}{2 c^{3 / 4} \sqrt{a+\frac{c f^2}{g^2}-\frac{2 c f(f+g x)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+g x)^2}{g^2}}}\right)}{3 g} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{5 c}{2 e \sqrt{a+c x^2}(d+e x) \sqrt{f+g x}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1509}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.637. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(7dg+ef)}{3g} - \frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}}}{2} \left(-2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(ef-5dg)+9ae^2g^2+c(-15d^2g^2-2c^{3/4}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5c}$$

```
input Int(((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + c*x^2], x)
```

```
output (2*e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(5*c) + ((2*e*(e*f + 7*d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*g) - (2*(-((Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(9*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*d^2*g^2))*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c] + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*(9*a*e^2*g^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - 5*d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2] + c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*d^2*g^2))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(3*g^3))/(5*c)
```

3.637.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 735 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*e*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1)) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)))*x - c*e*(e*f + d*g*(4*m - 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2185 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)
^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Si
mp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[
b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x
)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p
)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d
, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] &&
True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p +
1/2, 0]))
```

3.637.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 699 vs. 2(338) = 676.

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 700, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2e^2x\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5c} + \frac{2(2deg+\frac{1}{5}e^2f)\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(d^2f-\frac{2e^2fa}{5c}-\frac{(2deg+\frac{1}{5}e^2f)a}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\right)}{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.637. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/5*e^{2/c*x}*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2/3*(2*d*e*g+1/5*e^{2*f}/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(d^2*f-2/5*e^{2/c*f*a}-1/3*(2*d*e*g+1/5*e^{2*f}/c*a)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+2*(d^2*g+2*d*e*f-3/5*e^{2/c*a*g}-2/3*(2*d*e*g+1/5*e^{2*f}/g*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}))$

3.637.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2(c e^2 f^3 - 5 c d e f^2 g - 15 a d e g^3 + 3(5 c d^2 - 2 a e^2) f g^2) \sqrt{c g} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3} \right) \right)}{}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $2/45*(2*(c*e^2*f^3 - 5*c*d*e*f^2*g - 15*a*d*e*g^3 + 3*(5*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 3*(2*c*e^2*f^2*g - 10*c*d*e*f*g^2 - 3*(5*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 3*(3*c*e^2*g^3*x + c*e^2*f*g^2 + 10*c*d*e*g^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^2*g^3)$

3.637.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.637.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.637.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.637.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.638 $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.638.1 Optimal result	4729
3.638.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4730
3.638.3 Rubi [B] (verified)	4730
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3.638.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 331

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3c} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(ef+3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a}e(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c-2/3*(3*d*g+e*f)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c
^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2
))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((
g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+2/3*e*(a*g^2+c*f^2)*Ellipti
cF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2
)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/g/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```


3.638.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(e(a + cx^2) + \frac{(ef+3dg)(a+cx^2)}{f+gx} + \frac{ic\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}(ef+3dg)\sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}+x)}}{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}-gx}}\sqrt{f+gx}E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)\right)}{g^2} \right)}{3c\sqrt{a -}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(e*(a + c*x^2) + ((e*f + 3*d*g)*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x) + (I*c*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f + 3*d*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))])*Sqrt[f + g*x]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))/g^2 + (I*(3*Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))])*Sqrt[f + g*x]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g))/(g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]])))/(3*c*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.638.3 Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs. 2(331) = 662.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {687, 27, 599, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 687

3.638. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (2*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f + 3*d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f + 3*d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])))/(3*c*g^2)`

3.638.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.638.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 601 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}{3c} \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3c} + \frac{2\left(df-\frac{eag}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \right)$
risch	$\frac{2e\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3c} - \frac{2aeg\left(\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} - 6cdf\left(\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{\frac{-ac}{c}}\right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/3/c*e*(c*g*x^3+
c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d*f-1/3/c*e*a*g)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)
/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1
/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*
x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(
1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(d*g+1/3*e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c
)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1
/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*
f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*
c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-
a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(
1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))
```

3.638. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.638.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}ceg^2 - (cef^2 - 6cdfg + 3aeg^2)\sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8(cf^3+9afg^2)}{27cg^3} \right) \right)}{c^2g^2}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/9*(3*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e*g^2 - (c*e*f^2 - 6*c*d*f*g + 3*a*
e*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*
(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) - 3*(c*e*f*g + 3*c*d*g^2)*
sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*
a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27
*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)))/(c^2*g^2)
```

3.638.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + c*x**2), x)
```

3.638.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)
```

3.638. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.638.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.638.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.639 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.639.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.639.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i(\sqrt{cf} + i\sqrt{ag}) \sqrt{\frac{g(\sqrt{a+i\sqrt{cx}})}{-i\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{ag}}}} \sqrt{f+gx} \left(E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}} \right) \mid \frac{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}{\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}} \right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{g(i\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})}} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{cg} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{g(i\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})}} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `((2*I)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*(Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[c]*x))/((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/((Sqrt[c]*g*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(g*(I*Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x))])*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.639.3 Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {507, 1459, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{507} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{f+gx}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1459} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1416}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/4} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}$$

g

↓ 1509

$$2 \left(\frac{(ag^2+cf^2)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}}}{2c^{3/4} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/Sqrt[a + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(-((Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (cf^2)/g^2 - (2*cf*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (cf^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2]))) + ((cf^2 + ag^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])*Sqrt[(a + (cf^2)/g^2 - (2*cf*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (cf^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(cf^2 + ag^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (cf^2)/g^2 - (2*cf*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/Sqrt[c]) + ((cf^2 + ag^2)^(3/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])*Sqrt[(a + (cf^2)/g^2 - (2*cf*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (cf^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(cf^2 + ag^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[cf^2 + ag^2])/2])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[a + (cf^2)/g^2 - (2*cf*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/g`

3.639.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 507 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1459 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.639.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 395 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(cf-g\sqrt{-ac})\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\left(\sqrt{-ac}F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}},\sqrt{\frac{-g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\right)g-\sqrt{-ac}\right)}{g(cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \left(\frac{2f\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right)}{2g\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}} \right) + \dots$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c*f-g*(-a*c)^(1/2))*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*((c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticE((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*g+f*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*c-EllipticE((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*c*f)/g/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)/c^2
```

3.639.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(2\sqrt{c}g\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8(cf^3+9afg^2)}{27cg^3}, \frac{3gx+f}{3g}\right) - 3\sqrt{c}g\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, \dots\right)\right)}{3cg}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `2/3*(2*sqrt(c*g)*f*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) - 3*sqrt(c*g)*g*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)))/(c*g)`

3.639.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + c*x**2), x)`

3.639.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.639.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + a), x)`

3.639.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.640 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.640.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*g*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), 2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)), 2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.640.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{g(\sqrt{a+i\sqrt{cx}})}{-i\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{ag}}}}\sqrt{f+gx}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}}\right), \frac{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}{\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}}\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e\left(f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{ef-dg}, \text{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{g(i\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})}}\right)\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{g(i\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{cx})}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[(g*(Sqrt[a] + I*Sqrt[c]*x))/((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - EllipticPi[(e*(f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]))/(e*f - d*g), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g))]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))]/(e*Sqrt[(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/(g*(I*Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x))])*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.640.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1112 vs. 2(319) = 638.

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {736, 510, 729, 25, 1416, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 736

$$\frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{g \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e}$$

↓ 510

3.640. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e}$$

↓ 729

$$\frac{2(ef - dg) \int -\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e} +$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e}$$

↓ 25

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

$$\frac{2(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e} -$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2 + cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{2(ef - dg) \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{e}$$

↓ 1540

$$2(ef - dg) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2} \left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2} \right) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(ae^2g + cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}(ef-dg) + e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2})}{g(ae^2g + cd(2ef-dg))} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2 + cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{e}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{ce} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}{e}$$

↓ 1416

3.640. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2(ef - dg) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(ae^2g+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{{}^4\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{{}^4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{g}}$$

$$\frac{{}^4\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}{g}$$

↓ 2222

$$\frac{{}^4\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{g}}$$

$$\frac{{}^4\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}{g}$$

$$2(ef - dg) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \left(\frac{\left(e+\frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{e}-\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{e}\right)} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} - \frac{g}{g} \right)$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]
```

```

output ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[
(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)/((a + (c*f
^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*Arc
Tan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[
c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g
^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (2*(e*f - d*g)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g
^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqr
t[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f +
g*x)^2)/g^2)/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g
^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)],
(1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2
*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c
*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) - e*Sqrt[
c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*ArcTanh[
(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + (c*f
^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])))/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[
c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/(e*f -
d*g))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2
- (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (S
qrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d...

```

3.640.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2
)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 729 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 +
a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 736 Int[Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2
]), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]), x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]

```

$$3.640. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2222 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]`

3.640.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\left(fF\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}},\sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\right)c-\sqrt{-ac}F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\right)\right)}{ec(cx^3+cx^2+ax+f)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}\left(\frac{2g\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{f-\sqrt{-ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{-ac}}}}{e\sqrt{cx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{f-\sqrt{-ac}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{-ac}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\right)}{2(dg-ef)\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.640. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

output `2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*((c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*(f*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*c-(-a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*g-EllipticPi((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2), (g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)*e/c/(d*g-e*f), (-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*c*f+EllipticPi((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2), (g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)*e/c/(d*g-e*f), (-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*(-a*c)^(1/2)*g/e/c/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)`

3.640.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.640.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.640.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.640.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.640.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.641 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.641.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 698

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}f\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}g\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{e(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(ae^2g+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output -e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)-EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*
c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/
2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^
2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+f*EllipticF(1/
2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(
1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d*g*Ell
ipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/
(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1
/2)-(a*e^2*g+c*d*(-d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^2^(1/
2)*2^(1/2),2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2
)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^
(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^
2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.641.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f+gx} \left(-\frac{e^2(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} - \frac{-ce^2f^3\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+cdef^2g\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}-ae^2fg^2\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+adeg^3\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}+2ce^2f^2\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}(f+g}}{\dots} \right)$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]
```



```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-(e^2*(a + c*x^2))/(d + e*x)) - ((c*e^2*f^3*Sqrt[-f - (I
*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]) + c*d*e*f^2*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - a*e
^2*f*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + a*d*e*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]
*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 2*c*e^2*f^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) - 2*
c*d*e*f*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) - c*e^2*f*Sqrt[-f - (
I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + c*d*e*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c
]]*(f + g*x)^2 + Sqrt[c]*e*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqr
t[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] -
g*x)/(f + g*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]
*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt
[a]*g)] + e*(I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*g*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*
((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)
/(f + g*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/S
qrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g
)] - (2*I)*c*d*e*f*g*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(
((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt
[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqr
t[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*
Sqrt[a]*g)] + I*c*d^2*g^2*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sq
rt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Elliptic...
```

3.641.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1567 vs. 2(698) = 1396.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1567, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.464$, Rules used = {737, 25, 2349, 599, 27, 729, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 737

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{cegx^2+2cdgx+2cdf+aeg}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

3.641. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cegx^2+2cdgx+2cdf+aeg}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{cxg + \frac{cdg}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 599

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{e\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 729

$$\frac{2\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int -\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-2\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1511

3.641. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$-2 \left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \left(e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right)$$

eg

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1509

$$-2 \left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e} \right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c \left(e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2} \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

3.641. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1540

$$2\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(cef^2+...)}{...} \right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(cef^2+...)}{...} \right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 2222

3.641. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2\left(aeg + \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})}{\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}}\right)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

```

output -((e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((-2*c*
((e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f
+ g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f +
g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f +
g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 +
(c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f
^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2
)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f
^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c] - ((c*f^
2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d*g - e*(f - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/Sqrt[c]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]
*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))
/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sq
rt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 +
a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[
a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(e*g) +
2*(a*e*g + (c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))/e)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt
[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 +
a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g
^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*E
llipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + ...

```

3.641.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 729 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)
^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 +
a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

rule 737 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[t[(((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g) + 2*c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d
*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c
+ d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n
] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.641.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 922, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{e\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{(e^2a+cd^2)(ex+d)} + \frac{cdg\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\sqrt{-ac}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\sqrt{-ac}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{-ac}}}}{(e^2a+cd^2)e\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\sqrt{-ac}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\sqrt{-ac}}}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)+c*d*g/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e*(f/g-(-a*c
)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-
(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c
*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(
1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+c*g/(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1
/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)
/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*Ellipti
cE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c
)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))
^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))+(a*e^2*g-c*d^
2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/e^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c
)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a
c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)
/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),(-f/g+(-a*c)^(
1/2)/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))
```

3.641.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.641.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2), x)
```

3.641. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.641.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.641.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.641.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

$$3.642 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

3.642.1 Optimal result	4765
3.642.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4766
3.642.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4767
3.642.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4778
3.642.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4779
3.642.6 Sympy [F]	4780
3.642.7 Maxima [F]	4780
3.642.8 Giac [F]	4780
3.642.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4781

3.642.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1246

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx \\
&= -\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{e(ae^2g+cd(6ef-5dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)(d+ex)} \\
&\quad - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2g+cd(6ef-5dg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{2e(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf}(ae^2g+cd(6ef-5dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdg}(ae^2g+cd(6ef-5dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4e(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{c(ef-3dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{(ae^2g+cd(6ef-5dg))(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{4e\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-1/4*e*(a*e^2*
g+c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+
e*f)/(e*x+d)-1/4*(a*e^2*g+c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-
a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(
c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+1/2*g*Elli
pticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2
)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(
g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/
2)+1/4*f*(a*e^2*g+c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2
))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/4*d*g*(a*e^2*g+c
*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-
2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(
1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-
d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+c*(-3*d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*
c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*
(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(
1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^...

```

3.642.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2450, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

```
output (-11*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^3 + a*c*e^4*f^3 + (6*c^2*d*e^3*f^4)/g + 5*c^2*d^3*e*f^2
*g + 5*a*c*d*e^3*f^2*g - 11*a*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*e^4*f*g^2 + 5*a*c*d^3*
e*g^3 - a^2*d*e^3*g^3 + 22*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*(f + g*x) - 2*a*c*e^4*f^2*(f +
g*x) - (12*c^2*d*e^3*f^3*(f + g*x))/g - 10*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*(f + g*x) + 2*a*c
*d*e^3*f*g*(f + g*x) - 11*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*(f + g*x)^2 + a*c*e^4*f*(f + g*x)^
2 + (6*c^2*d*e^3*f^2*(f + g*x)^2)/g + 5*c^2*d^3*e*g*(f + g*x)^2 - a*c*d*e^
3*g*(f + g*x)^2 - (e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)*(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*(e*f - d*g) + (a*e^2*g + c*d*(6*e*f - 5*d*g))*(d + e*x)))/(d + e*x)^2 +
(Sqrt[c]*e*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(6*e*f
- 5*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]
*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f
- (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[
c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/(g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]) + (e*(I*Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(a*e^2*g + (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]
*e*(e*f - d*g) + c*d*(-4*e*f + 5*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/
(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2
)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sq
rt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)
/Sqrt[c]] + ((8*I)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f +
g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)...
```

3.642.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2782 vs. 2(1246) = 2492.

Time = 5.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2782, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {737, 25, 2349, 734, 2349, 25, 27, 510, 599, 25, 27, 729, 25, 1416, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 737

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{cegx^2-2c(ef-2dg)x+4cdf+aeg}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

3.642. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-cegx^2 - 2c(ef - 2dg)x + 4cdf + aeg}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-2cf + \frac{5cdg}{e} - cgx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 734

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2 e^2 + age^2 - 2cdgxe - 2cd(ef-dg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{-2cf + \frac{5cdg}{e} - cgx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 2349

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - 2c(f - \dots)}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - 2c(f - \dots)}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - 2c(f - \dots)}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 510

3.642. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg-cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) - 2c(f - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)})$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

599

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) - 2c(f - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)})$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

25

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) - 2c(f - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)})$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

27

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) - 2c(f - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)})$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

729

3.642. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(\frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g} \right) - \frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g} \right) - \frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1416

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g} \right) - \frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef-3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx)) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} dx}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1511

$$\left(aeg + \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e} \right) \left[\frac{2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1-\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} - \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right)}{g} \right]$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} + 4c \left(f \right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{e^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) + 4c(f$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1540

3.642. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) - 4c(f$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1416

3.642. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) - 4c(f$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 2222

$$3.642. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{e \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) - 4c(f$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

$$3.642. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

```

output -1/2*(e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (-
(c^(3/4)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2
])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((
a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*Ellipti
cF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*
f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(e*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^
2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])) - 4*c*(f - (3*d*g)/e)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 +
a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x
))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c
*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2
+ a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(
1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*
(a*e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2
+ (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) - e
*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Ar
cTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a
+ (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])))/(2*Sqrt[e]
*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/
(e*f - d*g))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^
2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2...

```

3.642.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)
]], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 734 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 1) - a*e^2*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*c*e*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`
- rule 737 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g) + 2*c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;`
`NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`


```
rule 1540 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c + d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.642.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1224
default	Expression too large to display	20359

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-1/2*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*e*(a*e^2*g-5*c*d^2*g+6*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(3*a*d*e^2*g-2*a*e^3*f-3*c*d^3*g+4*c*d^2*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})-1/4*c*g*(a*e^2*g-5*c*d^2*g+6*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})))+1/4*(a^2*e^4*g^2+10*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2-12*a*c*d*e^3*f*g+4*a*c*e^4*f^2-3*c^2*d^4*g^2+12*c^2*d^3*e*f*g-8*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^2*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}$

3.642.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.642.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**3), x)`

3.642.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.642.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.642.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

$$3.643 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

3.643.1 Optimal result	4782
3.643.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4783
3.643.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4784
3.643.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4787
3.643.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4788
3.643.6 Sympy [F]	4788
3.643.7 Maxima [F]	4788
3.643.8 Giac [F]	4789
3.643.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4789

3.643.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 600

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3ce} - \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}(7ef-3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{a\sqrt{cx}}{(-a)^{3/2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2ag}{-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf+ag}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}(ae^2g^2+c(-2e^2f^2+6defg-3d^2g^2))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{a\sqrt{cx}}{(-a)^{3/2}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf+ag}\right)}{3c^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{g(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{-\frac{g(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{cx})}{\sqrt{cf-\sqrt{-ag}}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e\left(f+\frac{\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{ef-dg}, \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{c}{cf+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}}}\sqrt{f+gx}\right), \frac{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}}}{\sqrt{cf-\sqrt{-a}}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{\frac{c}{cf+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

3.643. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

output $\frac{2}{3}g^2(gx+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/c/e-2/3g(-3d*g+7*e*f)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1+a*x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{3/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2},2^{1/2}*(a*g/(a*g-f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}*(gx+f)^{1/2}*(1+cx^2/a)^{1/2}/e^2/c^{1/2}/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/((g*x+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}+2/3g*(a*e^2*g^2+c*(-3*d^2*g^2+6*d*e*f*g-2*e^2*f^2))*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1+a*x*c^{1/2}/(-a)^{3/2})^{1/2}*2^{1/2},2^{1/2}*(a*g/(a*g-f*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(-a)^{1/2}*(1+cx^2/a)^{1/2}*((g*x+f)*c^{1/2}/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/c^{3/2}/e^3/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}-2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*\text{EllipticPi}((g*x+f)^{1/2}*(c/(c*f+g*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2},e*(f+g*(-a)^{1/2}/c^{1/2})/(-d*g+e*f),((g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2})/(-g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2})*(g*((-a)^{1/2}-x*c^{1/2})/(g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}*(-g*((-a)^{1/2}+x*c^{1/2})/(-g*(-a)^{1/2}+f*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}/e^3/(cx^2+a)^{1/2}/(c/(c*f+g*(-a)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}))^{1/2}$

3.643.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1440, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}}{3ce} + \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}}{+} \left(7ce^2 f \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} - 3cdeg \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{7ce^2 f^3 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} - \frac{3cdef^2 g \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{7ae^2 fg^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{(f+gx)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\frac{e^3g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)}(ef-dg)^{5/2}+\frac{e^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}ce^3\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}e+\sqrt{c}}{4\sqrt{ce}(ef-dg)}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}ce^3g(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

$$\frac{2(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{c^{3/4}e^2\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

$$\frac{(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\frac{2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}}$$

$$\frac{8f(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{3c^{3/4}e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(cf^2-4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}f+ag^2\right)\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\frac{2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3ce}+\frac{3c^{5/4}e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`


```

output (2*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*c*e) + (8*f*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqr
t[a + c*x^2])/(3*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqr
t[c*f^2 + a*g^2])) + (2*g^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(S
qrt[c]*e^2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2
])) - ((e*f - d*g)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt
[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(e^(5/2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]) - (8*
f*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*Sqrt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt
[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^
2 + a*g^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/
4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(3*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[a + c*x^2
]) - (2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4)*Sqrt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 +
a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f
+ g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(
c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/(c^(3/4)*
e^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[(g^2*(a +
c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)
]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4
)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g
^2])/2])/(c^(1/4)*e^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + ((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/4
)*Sqrt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt...

```

3.643.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 740 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^
2]), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]), (f
+ g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n + 1/2]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

3.643.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 948, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(\frac{2g^2\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3ec} + \frac{2\left(\frac{g(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)}{e^3} - \frac{g^3a}{3ec}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/3/e*g^2/c*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(g*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)/e^3-1/3/e*g^3/c*a)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(-g^2/e^2*(d*g-3*e*f)-2/3/e*g^2*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))-2*(d^3*g^3-3*d^2*e*f*g^2+3*d*e^2*f^2*g-e^3*f^3)/e^4*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)))
```

3.643. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.643.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.643.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**(5/2)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.643.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(5/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.643.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(5/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.643.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a} (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(5/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(5/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.644
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

3.644.1 Optimal result	4790
3.644.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4791
3.644.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4792
3.644.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4795
3.644.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4796
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3.644.8 Giac [F]	4797
3.644.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4797

3.644.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 469

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-ag}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{-ag}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$-\frac{2(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{e^2\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $-2*g*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/e/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-2*g*(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), 2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)), 2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/e^2/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)$

3.644.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 927, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf}-i\sqrt{ag}}}}{\sqrt{ce}} \left(\frac{2i\sqrt{a}fg\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{a}g}{i\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right) - \frac{i\sqrt{ad}g^2\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{i\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{a}g}{i\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/(\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)} * (((2I)\sqrt{a}fg * \sqrt{1+(cx^2)/a} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(I\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{a}g)/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)))/(\sqrt{c}e) - (I\sqrt{a}d * g^2\sqrt{1+(cx^2)/a} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(I\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{a}g)/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)))/(\sqrt{c}e^2) + (g\sqrt{t}[(g(\sqrt{a} + I\sqrt{c}x))/((-I)\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)] * (I\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c}x) * ((\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/(\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)}]]], (\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g)] - I\sqrt{a}g * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/(\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)}]]], (\sqrt{c}f - I\sqrt{a}g)/(\sqrt{c}f + I\sqrt{a}g))) / (c * e * \sqrt{(g(\sqrt{a} - I\sqrt{c}x))/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)}) - (\sqrt{a}f^2\sqrt{1+(cx^2)/a} * \text{EllipticPi}[(2\sqrt{a}e)/(I\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e), \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(I\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{a}g)/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)))/ (I\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e) + (2\sqrt{a}d * f * g * \sqrt{1+(cx^2)/a} * \text{EllipticPi}[(2\sqrt{a}e)/(I\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e), \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(I\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{a}g)/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)))/ (I\sqrt{c}d * e + \sqrt{a}e^2) - (\sqrt{a}d^2 * g^2 * \sqrt{1+(cx^2)/a} * \text{EllipticPi}[(2\sqrt{a}e)/(I\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e), \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1-(I\sqrt{c}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{a}g)/(I\sqrt{c}f + \sqrt{a}g)))/ (e^2 * (I\sqrt{c}d + \sqrt{a}e))) / (\sqrt{f+gx} * \sqrt{a+cx^2})$

3.644.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1299 vs. $2(469) = 938$.

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {740, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)} dx$$

↓ 740

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef-dg)^2}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{g(ef-dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}}{e\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.644. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ag^2}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)} - \frac{(ef-dg)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)}{e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \\
& 2(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right) \\
& \frac{c^{3/4}e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right) \\
& \frac{c^{3/4}e\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{(ef-dg)\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right) \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce^2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{\sqrt[4]{c}(ef-dg)^2\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right) \\
& \frac{e^2(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+ag}}{(ef-dg)\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{4\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right) \\
& \frac{2\sqrt[4]{ce^2}(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+ag}}{2\sqrt[4]{ce^2}(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+ag}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2})/(\sqrt{c}e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})) - ((ef-dg)^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx})/(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{a+cx^2})])/((e^{3/2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) - (2(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^2})*(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4})\sqrt{f+gx}/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2])/((c^{3/4}e\sqrt{a+cx^2}) + ((ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^2})*(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4})\sqrt{f+gx}/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2])/((c^{1/4}e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}) + ((cf^2+ag^2)^{3/4}\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^2})*(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4})\sqrt{f+gx}/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2])/((c^{3/4}e\sqrt{a+cx^2}) + (c^{1/4}(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^2})*(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4})\sqrt{f+gx}/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)...$

3.644.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 740 $\text{Int}[(f + g x)^n / ((d + e x) \sqrt{a + c x^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[1/(\sqrt{f + g x} \sqrt{a + c x^2}), (f + g x)^{n + 1/2} / (d + e x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n + 1/2]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{SumQ}[u]$

3.644.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.644.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**(3/2)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.644.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.644.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.644.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a} (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(3/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(3/2)/((a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.645 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.645.1 Optimal result 4798
 3.645.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4799
 3.645.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) 4800
 3.645.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4805
 3.645.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 4806
 3.645.6 Sympy [F] 4806
 3.645.7 Maxima [F] 4807
 3.645.8 Giac [F] 4807
 3.645.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4807

3.645.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 457

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8e^2(ef-3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{15cg^2} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{5cg}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-ae}(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30defg + 45d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{15c^{3/2}g^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(ae^2g^2(7ef-15dg) - c(8e^3f^3 - 30de^2f^2g + 45d^2efg^2 - 15d^3g^3))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticE}}{15c^{3/2}g^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

3.645. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned}
 & -8/15e^2(-3d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/c/g^2+2/5e^2*(e*x+d) \\
 & *(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/c/g+2/15e*(9*a*e^2*g^2-c*(45*d^2*g^2-30*d* \\
 & e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},(-2 \\
 & *a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(-a)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2 \\
 & /a)^{(1/2)}/c^{(3/2)}/g^3/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}-2/15*(a*e^2*g^2*(-15*d*g+7*e*f)-c*(-15*d^3*g^3+45*d^2*e*f*g^2 \\
 & -30*d*e^2*f^2*g+8*e^3*f^3))*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-x*c^{(1/2)}/(-a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2 \\
 & ^{(1/2)},(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(-a)^{(1/2)}*(1+c*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*((g*x+f)*c^{(1/2)}/(g*(-a)^{(1/2)}+f*c^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/c^{(3/2)}/g^3/(g*x+f) \\
 & ^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.645.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2e^2(-4ef+15dg+3egx)(a+cx^2)}{cg^2} + \frac{2(f+gx) \left(\frac{eg^2 \sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} (-9ae^2g^2+c(8e^2f^2-30defg+45d^2g^2))(a+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ce}(-i\sqrt{cf}+\sqrt{ag})}{(f+gx)^2} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*((2*e^2*(-4*e*f + 15*d*g + 3*e*g*x)*(a + c*x^2))/(c*g^2) + (2*(f + g*x)*((e*g^2*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]*(-9*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2)))*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*e*((-I)*\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + \text{Sqrt}[a]*g)*(-9*a*e^2*g^2 + c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c]) + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]) - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x] + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*g*((15*I)*c^(3/2)*d^3*g^2 + 9*a^(3/2)*e^3*g^2 - I*a*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e^2*g*(2*e*f + 15*d*g) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*c*e*(-8*e^2*f^2 + 30*d*e*f*g - 45*d^2*g^2))*\text{Sqrt}[(g*((I*\text{Sqrt}[a])/ \text{Sqrt}[c]) + x))/(f + g*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]) - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*f + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]))/(c^2*g^4*\text{Sqrt}[-f - (I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*g)/\text{Sqrt}[c]])))/(15*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^2])$

3.645.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 831, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$, Rules used = {728, 25, 2185, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 728

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{5cg} - \int \frac{5cgd^3 - 4ce^2(ef - 3dg)x^2 - ae^2(2ef + dg) - e(3age^2 + cd(2ef - 15dg))x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{5cg}$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{5cgd^3 - 4ce^2(ef - 3dg)x^2 - ae^2(2ef + dg) - e(3age^2 + cd(2ef - 15dg))x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{5cg}$$

↓ 2185

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{cg(g(15cd^3g - ae^2(2ef + 15dg)) - e(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30degf + 45d^2g^2)))x}{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}(ef - 3dg)}{3g}}{5cg} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{5cg}$$

3.645. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{g(15cd^3g - ae^2(2ef + 15dg)) - e(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30degf + 45d^2g^2))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-3dg)}{3g} \\
 & \frac{5cg}{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2 \int - \frac{ae^2(7ef-15dg)g^2 - c(8e^3f^3 - 30de^2gf^2 + 45d^2eg^2f - 15d^3g^3) - e(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30degf + 45d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \\
 & - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-3dg)}{3g} \\
 & \frac{5cg}{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \\
 & \downarrow 599 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{ae^2(7ef-15dg)g^2 - c(8e^3f^3 - 30de^2gf^2 + 45d^2eg^2f - 15d^3g^3) - e(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30degf + 45d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \\
 & - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-3dg)}{3g} \\
 & \frac{5cg}{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{ae^2(7ef-15dg)g^2 - c(8e^3f^3 - 30de^2gf^2 + 45d^2eg^2f - 15d^3g^3) - e(9ae^2g^2 - c(8e^2f^2 - 30degf + 45d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \\
 & - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-3dg)}{3g} \\
 & \frac{5cg}{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \\
 & \downarrow 1511 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{(-e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(9ae^2g^2 - c(45d^2g^2 - 30degf + 8e^2f^2)) + a\sqrt{ce^2g^2(7ef-15dg)} - c^{3/2}(-15d^3g^3 + 45d^2efg^2 - 30de^2f^2g + 8e^3f^3))}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \\
 & - \frac{8e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-3dg)}{3g} \\
 & \frac{5cg}{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \\
 & \downarrow 1416
 \end{aligned}$$

3.645. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2 \left[\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(9ae^2g^2-c(45d^2g^2-30defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} \sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)}} \right]$$

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{5cg}$$

↓ 1509

$$\frac{2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{5cg} +$$

$$2 \left[\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(9ae^2g^2-c(8e^2f^2-30defg+45d^2g^2)) \left(\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1 \right)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right]$$

$$\frac{8(ef-3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{3g}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2e^{2(d+ex)}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2})/(5cg) + ((-8e^{2d}(ef - 3d^2g)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2})/(3g) - (2(-((e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) * (9ae^{2g^2} - c(8e^{2f^2} - 30d^2efg + 45d^2g^2)) * (-((\sqrt{f+gx}) * \sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2 - (2cf(f+gx))/g^2 + (c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/((a + (cf^2)/g^2) * (1 + (\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})))) + ((cf^2 + ag^2)^{1/4} * (1 + (\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) * \sqrt{(a+(cf^2)/g^2 - (2cf(f+gx))/g^2 + (c(f+gx)^2)/g^2})/((a+(cf^2)/g^2) * (1 + (\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})^2)) * \text{EllipticE}[2 * \text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4} * \sqrt{f+gx})/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1 + (\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2]) / (c^{1/4} * \sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2 - (2cf(f+gx))/g^2 + (c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/\sqrt{c}) - ((cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4} * (a\sqrt{c} * e^{2g^2} * (7ef - 15d^2g) - c^{3/2} * (8e^{3f^3} - 30d^2e^{2f^2}g + 45d^2e^2fg^2 - 15d^3g^3) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} * (9ae^{2g^2} - c(8e^{2f^2} - 30d^2efg + 45d^2g^2))) * (1 + (\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}) * \sqrt{(a+(cf^2)/g^2 - (2cf(f+gx))/g^2 + (c(f+gx)^2)/g^2})/((a+(cf^2)/g^2) * (1 + (\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})^2)) * \text{EllipticF}[2 * \text{ArcTan}[(c^{1/4} * \sqrt{f+gx})/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1 + (\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2]) / (2c^{3/4} * \sqrt{a+(cf^2)/g^2 - (2cf(f+gx))/g^2 + (c(f+gx)^2)/g^2}))/((3g^3)/(5cg)$

3.645.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 599 $\text{Int}[(A_ + (B_)*(x_))/(\sqrt{(c_ + (d_)*(x_))} * \sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/\sqrt{(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)}], x], x, \sqrt{c + d*x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 728 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(a*e*g*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2185 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - b*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - 2*b*d*e*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && !(EqQ[d, 0] && True) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.645.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}} \left(\frac{2e^3 x \sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{5cg} + \frac{2\left(3de^2 - \frac{4fe^3}{5g}\right) \sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(d^3 - \frac{2fae^3}{5cg} - \frac{a\left(3de^2 - \frac{4fe^3}{5g}\right)}{3c}\right) \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\dots} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*e^3/c/g*x*(c*
g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*d*e^2-4/5*f/g*e^3)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*
x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d^3-2/5*f*a/c/g*e^3-1/3*a/c*(3*d*e^2-4/5*f/g*e^3))
*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)
)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c
))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(3*
d^2*e-3/5*e^3/c*a-2/3*f/g*(3*d*e^2-4/5*f/g*e^3))*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+
f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)
)^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+
a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)
)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)
/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)
)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))
```

3.645. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.645.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((8ce^3f^3 - 30cde^2f^2g + 3(15cd^2e - ae^3)fg^2 - 45(cd^3 - ade^2)g^3) \sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cf^2 - 3a}{3cg^2} \right. \right. \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/45*((8*c*e^3*f^3 - 30*c*d*e^2*f^2*g + 3*(15*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*f*g^2 - 45*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 3*(8*c*e^3*f^2*g - 30*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + 9*(5*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) - 3*(3*c*e^3*g^3*x - 4*c*e^3*f*g^2 + 15*c*d*e^2*g^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c^2*g^4)`

3.645.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.645.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.645.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.645.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.646 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.646.1 Optimal result	4808
3.646.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4809
3.646.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	4809
3.646.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4813
3.646.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	4814
3.646.6 Sympy [F]	4814
3.646.7 Maxima [F]	4815
3.646.8 Giac [F]	4815
3.646.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4815

3.646.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 356

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3cg} + \frac{4\sqrt{-ae}(ef-3dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3\sqrt{cg^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a}((3cd^2-ae^2)g^2+2cef(ef-3dg))\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3c^{3/2}g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*e^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/g+4/3*e*(-3*d*g+e*f)*EllipticE(1/2
*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g^2/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)
^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)-2/3*((-a*e^2+3*c*d
^2)*g^2+2*c*e*f*(-3*d*g+e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)
)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/g^2/(g*x+
f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.646.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= 2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(e^2 g^2 (a + cx^2) - \frac{2eg^2(ef - 3dg)(a + cx^2)}{f + gx} - 2ice\sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}(ef - 3dg)\sqrt{\frac{g\left(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x\right)}{f + gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag} - gx}{\sqrt{c}}}\sqrt{f + gx} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(e^2*g^2*(a + c*x^2) - (2*e*g^2*(e*f - 3*d*g)*(a + c*x^2))/(f + g*x) - (2*I)*c*e*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f - 3*d*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + (g*((3*I)*c*d^2*g - I*a*e^2*g + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - 3*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]])/(3*c*g^3*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.646.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 697, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {728, 25, 2004, 599, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 728

3.646. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} - \frac{\int -\frac{-2ce^2(ef-3dg)x^2 - e(age^2+cd(2ef-9dg))x + d(3cd^2-ae^2)g}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{-2ce^2(ef-3dg)x^2 - e(age^2+cd(2ef-9dg))x + d(3cd^2-ae^2)g}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3cg} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2004 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2-ae^2)g - 2ce(ef-3dg)x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{3cg} + \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 599 \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} - \frac{2\int \frac{ae^2g^2 - c(2e^2f^2 - 6defg + 3d^2g^2) + 2ce(ef-3dg)(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1511 \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2\left(\left(2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(ef-3dg) + ae^2g^2 - c(3d^2g^2 - 6defg + 2e^2f^2)\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \right)}{3cg^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1416 \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}+1\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{2}} \left(2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}(ef-3dg) + ae^2g^2 - c(3d^2g^2 - 6defg + 2e^2f^2)\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}\right)}{3cg^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1509
 \end{aligned}$$

3.646. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2 \frac{\frac{2e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3cg} - \sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1\right)^2}}{2\sqrt{ce\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}(ef-3dg)+ae^2g^2-c(3d^2g^2-6defg+2e^2f^2)}}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2\right)$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^2/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (2*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*c*g) - (2*(-2*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - 3*d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)]/(a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2*g^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - 3*d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2] - c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(3*c*g^3)
```

3.646.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 599 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 728 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(a*e*g*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1509 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 1511 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /; NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2004 `Int[(u_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(q_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

3.646.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 613 vs. 2(290) = 580.

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 614, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2e^2 \sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{3c}\right) \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$
risch	$\frac{2ae^2g\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} - 6cd^2g\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2/3*e^2/c/g*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d^2-1/3*a*e^2/c)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2*(2*d*e-2/3*e^2*f/g)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))))
```

3.646. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.646.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{cx^2+a} \sqrt{gx+f} ce^2 g^2 + (2ce^2 f^2 - 6cdefg + 3(3cd^2 - ae^2)g^2) \sqrt{cg} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(cf^2 - 3ag^2)}{3cg^2} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(3*sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e^2*g^2 + (2*c*e^2*f^2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + 3*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g) + 6*(c*e^2*f*g - 3*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)))/(c^2*g^3)`

3.646.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.646.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.646.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.646.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.647 $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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3.647.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-a}e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*e*EllipticE(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/g/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)+2*(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/g/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.647.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(-eg^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}(a + cx^2)} + i\sqrt{ce}(\sqrt{c}f + i\sqrt{ag}) \sqrt{\frac{g\left(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x\right)}{f + gx}} \sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag} - gx}{\sqrt{c}}(f + gx)} \right)^{3/2} E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\frac{g\left(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}} + x\right)}{f + gx} \right) \right)$$

cg^2

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*(-(e*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(a + c*x^2)) + I*Sqrt[c]*e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c]) + x)/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + Sqrt[c]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*g*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c]) + x)/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/(c*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.647.3 Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 614 vs. 2(288) = 576.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 614, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {599, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 599

$$2 \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

↓ 1511

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)$$

↓ 1416

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2^4 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1509

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{4\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{4\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*((e*\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))^2)]*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4))], (1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f)/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(c^(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/\text{Sqrt}[c] - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d*g - e*(f - \text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c]))*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))^2)]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(c^(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4))], (1 + (\text{Sqrt}[c]*f)/\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(2*c^(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/g^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.647.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 599
$$\text{Int}[(A + (B*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c + (d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1416
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x)^2 + (c*x)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$$

rule 1509
$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x)^2 + (c*x)^4], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$$

```
rule 1511 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;
NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

3.647.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 519 vs. 2(232) = 464.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
default	$2 \left(F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}} \right) a e g^2 + F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}} \right) c d f g - \sqrt{-ac} F \left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}} \right) d \right)$
elliptic	$\frac{2d \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \right) + \frac{2e \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*a*e*g^2+EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*c*d*f*g-(-a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*d*g^2+(-a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*e*f*g-EllipticE((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*a*e*g^2-EllipticE((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2),(-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*c*e*f^2)*((c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*(-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/c/g^2/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)
```

3.647. $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.647.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{cge} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \frac{(3 g x + f)}{g} \right) + (e f - 3 d g) \sqrt{c g} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c f^2 - 3 a g^2)}{3 c g^2}, -\frac{8(c f^3 + 9 a f g^2)}{27 c g^3} \right), \frac{1}{3} \frac{(3 g x + f)}{g} \right)}{3 c g^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*sqrt(c*g)*e*g*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)) + (e*f - 3*d*g)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g))/(c*g^2)`

3.647.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.647.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.647.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{\sqrt{cx^2 + a}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.647.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.648 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

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 3.648.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 4823
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3.648.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output -2*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

3.648.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}+x)}{f+gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}-gx}{\sqrt{c}}}\sqrt{f+gx} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right), \frac{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}{\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}}\right)}{g\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)]/(g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.648.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {510, 1416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{510}$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1416}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{ag^2 + cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}f}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{cg} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]/(c^(1/4)*g*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])`

3.648.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2
)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 1416 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c)
)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

3.648.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cf-g\sqrt{-ac})F\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})g}{g\sqrt{-ac}+cf}}\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-ac}-cf}}\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{cg(cx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa)}$	200
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right)$	242

```
input int(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(c*f-g*(-a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticF((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2), (
-(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*((c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(
g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1
/2)*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/
c/g/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)
```


3.648.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cg}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(cf^2-3ag^2)}{3cg^2}, -\frac{8(cf^3+9afg^2)}{27cg^3}, \frac{3gx+f}{3g}\right)}{cg}$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c*f^2 - 3*a*g^2)/(c*g^2), -8/27*(c*f^3 + 9*a*f*g^2)/(c*g^3), 1/3*(3*g*x + f)/g)/(c*g)`

3.648.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.648.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.648.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.648.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.649 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

3.649.1 Optimal result	4828
3.649.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4828
3.649.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4829
3.649.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4832
3.649.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4833
3.649.6 Sympy [F]	4833
3.649.7 Maxima [F]	4833
3.649.8 Giac [F]	4834
3.649.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4834

3.649.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{c}f+\sqrt{-ag}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output `-2*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), 2*e/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)), 2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

3.649.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{g\left(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}+x\right)}{f+gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}-gx}{\sqrt{c}}}\left(f+gx\right)\left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right), \frac{\sqrt{cf-i\sqrt{ag}}}{\sqrt{cf+i\sqrt{ag}}}\right)-\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}e}{e\sqrt{cf}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-f-\frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

3.649. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] - EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/(Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.649.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 867 vs. 2(167) = 334.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {729, 25, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 729 \\
 & 2 \int -\frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1540 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} + 1}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g(ae^2g + cd(2ef - dg))} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(-\sqrt{c} \dots)}{\dots} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1416
 \end{aligned}$$

3.649. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx) + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}}}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f + gx} - \sqrt{c} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} \right) \right) \\ \frac{1}{g(ae^2g + cd(2ef - dg))}$$

↓ 2222

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}) \left(\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef - dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef - dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}\sqrt{ef - dg}} - \sqrt{c} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}} \right) \right) \\ \frac{1}{g(ae^2g + cd(2ef - dg))}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

```

output 2*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g
^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 -
(2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqr
t[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[
f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2]
)/(g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/
g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^
2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) - e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*
g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt
[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f +
g*x)^2)/g^2])))/(2*Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[
c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/(e*f - d*g))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^
2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2
)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2
)]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g) + e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2/(4*Sqrt[c]*e*
(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]), 2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2
+ a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2)]/(4*c^(1/4)*(c*f
^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g
*x)^2)/g^2]))/(g*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g)))

```

3.649.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 729 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_
^2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 +
a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 1416 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c)
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

```

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2222 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]`

3.649.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$\frac{2(c f - g \sqrt{-a c}) \Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{(g x + f) c}{g \sqrt{-a c} - c f}}, \frac{(g \sqrt{-a c} - c f) e}{c(d g - e f)}, \sqrt{\frac{-g \sqrt{-a c} - c f}{g \sqrt{-a c} + c f}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{(c x + \sqrt{-a c}) g}{g \sqrt{-a c} - c f}} \sqrt{\frac{(-c x + \sqrt{-a c}) g}{g \sqrt{-a c} + c f}} \sqrt{-\frac{(g x + f) c}{g \sqrt{-a c} - c f}} \sqrt{c x^2 + a} \sqrt{g x + f}}{c(d g - e f)(c g x^3 + c f x^2 + a g x + f a)}$
elliptic	$\frac{2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(c x^2 + a)} \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}} \Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}}, \frac{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{d}{e}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-a c}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{g x + f} \sqrt{c x^2 + a} e \sqrt{c g x^3 + c f x^2 + a g x + f a} \left(-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{d}{e}\right)}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(c*f-g*(-a*c)^(1/2))*EllipticPi((-g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2), (g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)*e/c/(d*g-e*f), (-g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2))*((c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*((-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f))^(1/2)*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f))^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/c/(d*g-e*f)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)`

3.649.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.649.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.649.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.649.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.649.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.650 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.650.1 Optimal result	4835
3.650.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4836
3.650.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4837
3.650.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4844
3.650.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	4845
3.650.6 Sympy [F]	4845
3.650.7 Maxima [F]	4846
3.650.8 Giac [F]	4846
3.650.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4846

3.650.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 746

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{ce} \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{cef} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{cdg} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output $-e^{2x} (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (e x + d) - e \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - x c^{1/2} / (-a)^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, (-2 a g / (-a g + f (-a)^{1/2}) c^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} (-a)^{1/2} c^{1/2} (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (c x^2 + a)^{1/2} / ((g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} / (g (-a)^{1/2} + f c^{1/2}))^{1/2} + e f \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - x c^{1/2} / (-a)^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, (-2 a g / (-a g + f (-a)^{1/2}) c^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} (-a)^{1/2} c^{1/2} (1 + c x^2 / a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} - d g \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - x c^{1/2} / (-a)^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, (-2 a g / (-a g + f (-a)^{1/2}) c^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} (-a)^{1/2} c^{1/2} (1 + c x^2 / a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} - d g \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - x c^{1/2} / (-a)^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, (-2 a g / (-a g + f (-a)^{1/2}) c^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2} (-a)^{1/2} c^{1/2} (1 + c x^2 / a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} + (a e^{2x} g - c d^2 (-3 d g + 2 e f)) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{1}{2} (1 - x c^{1/2} / (-a)^{1/2})^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, 2 e / (e + d c^{1/2}) / (-a)^{1/2} \right)^{1/2}, 2^{1/2} (g (-a)^{1/2} / (g (-a)^{1/2} + f c^{1/2}))^{1/2} (1 + c x^2 / a)^{1/2} / (a e^{2x} + c d^2) / (-d g + e f) / (e + d c^{1/2}) / (-a)^{1/2} / (g^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}$

3.650.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{f + gx} \left(-\frac{2e^2(a+cx^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{2 \left(-ce^2 f^3 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + c d e f^2 g \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} - a e^2 f g^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + a d e g^3 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} + 2 c e^2 f^2 \sqrt{-f - \frac{i\sqrt{ag}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(\sqrt{f + gx} * ((-2 * e^{2 * (a + cx^2)}) / (d + ex) + (2 * (-c * e^{2 * f^3 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}})) + c * d * e * f^2 * g * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}} - a * e^{2 * f * g^2 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}} + a * d * e * g^3 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}} + 2 * c * e^{2 * f^2 * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}} * (f + gx) - 2 * c * d * e * f * g * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}} * (f + gx) - c * e^{2 * f * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}} * (f + gx)^2 + c * d * e * g * \sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}} * (f + gx)^2 + \sqrt{c} * e * ((-I) * \sqrt{c} * f + \sqrt{a} * g) * (-e * f) + d * g) * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)}) * \sqrt{-(((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - g * x) / (f + gx))} * (f + gx)^{(3/2)} * \text{EllipticE}[I * \text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}] / \sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c} * f - I * \sqrt{a} * g) / (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)] + (\sqrt{c} * d - I * \sqrt{a} * e) * g * (\sqrt{a} * e * g + I * \sqrt{c} * (e * f - 2 * d * g)) * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)}) * \sqrt{-(((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - g * x) / (f + gx))} * (f + gx)^{(3/2)} * \text{EllipticF}[I * \text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}] / \sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c} * f - I * \sqrt{a} * g) / (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)] - (2 * I) * c * d * e * f * g * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)}) * \sqrt{-(((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - g * x) / (f + gx))} * (f + gx)^{(3/2)} * \text{EllipticPi}[(\sqrt{c} * (e * f - d * g)) / (e * (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)), I * \text{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-f - (I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c}}] / \sqrt{f + gx}], (\sqrt{c} * f - I * \sqrt{a} * g) / (\sqrt{c} * f + I * \sqrt{a} * g)] + (3 * I) * c * d^2 * g^2 * \sqrt{(g * ((I * \sqrt{a}) / \sqrt{c} + x)) / (f + gx)}) * \sqrt{-(((I * \sqrt{a} * g) / \sqrt{c} - g * x) / (f + gx))} * (f + \dots$

3.650.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1586 vs. $2(746) = 1492$.

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1586, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.464$, Rules used = {734, 2349, 599, 25, 27, 729, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 734

$$-\frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2e^2 + age^2 - 2cdgxe - 2cd(ef - dg)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + a}} dx}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 2349

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg-cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{599} \\
& \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int -\frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{729} \\
& \frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int -\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}}}{g}}{\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \frac{1}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1511

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg))$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{4\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{g}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1509

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e^{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} \\ 2c \end{array} \right\} \frac{\left(\sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}{\left(a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{a+\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2cf(f+gx)}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right)}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1540

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e^{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \\ 2c \end{array} \right\} \frac{\left(\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right)}$$

↓ 1416

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)} - \\
 & \left(\begin{array}{l} e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \\ 2c \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2 - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right) \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \\ \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\frac{cf}{g^2}}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

2222

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)} - \\
 & \left(\begin{array}{l} e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \\ 2c \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2 - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1\right)^2}} E \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} \right) \right) \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \\ \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{\frac{cf}{g^2}}}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)) - ((2*c*((e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(-(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2)))/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))) + ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))^2)*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/Sqrt[c] - ((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d*g - e*(f - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]/Sqrt[c]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/g + 2*(a*e^2*g - c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g))*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)...`

3.650.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 599 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 734 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 1) - a*e^2*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*c*e*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;`
`NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d
*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c
+ d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n
] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.650.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)}}{(a^2gd - a^3f + cd^3g - cd^2ef)(ex+d)} - \frac{cdg\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}, \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right)}{(a^2gd - a^3f + cd^3g - cd^2ef)\sqrt{cx^2+fx+ga}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+a)^{1/2}*(e^2/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f))*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}/(e*x+d)-c*d*g/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2})-c*e*g/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2})+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}))+(a*e^2*g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}*((x+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{1/2}/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2},(-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^{1/2}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{1/2}/c))^{1/2}))$

3.650.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.650.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2} (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.650. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.650.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.650.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.650.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.651} \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

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3.651.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1257

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx \\
&= \frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3e^2(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)} \\
&+ \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ce}(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cef}(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&- \frac{3\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cdg}(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg)) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{4(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{c(ef-3dg) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{3(ae^2g-cd(2ef-3dg))^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}} \sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{4\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*e^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2+
3/4*e^2*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)+3/4*e*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticE
(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/
2)))^(1/2)+1/2*g*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*
a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/
2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*
f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)-3/4*e*f*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*Elli
pticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2
)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(
g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/
(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+3/4*d*g*(a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*(1-x*c^(
1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(
1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)+c
*(-3*d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*e/(e
+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/
2))*((1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/...

```

3.651.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2491, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`


```
output (-15*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^3 - 3*a*c*e^4*f^3 + (6*c^2*d*e^3*f^4)/g + 9*c^2*d^3*e*f
^2*g + 9*a*c*d*e^3*f^2*g - 15*a*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - 3*a^2*e^4*f*g^2 + 9*a*c*
d^3*e*g^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^3*g^3 + 30*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*(f + g*x) + 6*a*c*e^4*f^2
*(f + g*x) - (12*c^2*d*e^3*f^3*(f + g*x))/g - 18*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*(f + g*x) -
6*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*(f + g*x) - 15*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*(f + g*x)^2 - 3*a*c*e^4*f*(f
+ g*x)^2 + (6*c^2*d*e^3*f^2*(f + g*x)^2)/g + 9*c^2*d^3*e*g*(f + g*x)^2 +
3*a*c*d*e^3*g*(f + g*x)^2 - (e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)*(a + c*x^2)*(2*(c*d
^2 + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g) - 3*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(-2*e*f + 3*d*g))*(d + e*x)))/(
d + e*x)^2 + (3*sqrt[c]*e*((-1)*sqrt[c]*f + sqrt[a]*g)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(a*e
^2*g + c*d*(-2*e*f + 3*d*g))*sqrt[(g*((1*sqrt[a])/sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]
*sqrt[-(((1*sqrt[a]*g)/sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Elliptic
E[1*ArcSinh[sqrt[-f - (1*sqrt[a]*g)/sqrt[c]]/sqrt[f + g*x]], (sqrt[c]*f -
1*sqrt[a]*g)/(sqrt[c]*f + 1*sqrt[a]*g)]/(g*sqrt[-f - (1*sqrt[a]*g)/sqrt[c
]]) + ((sqrt[c]*d - 1*sqrt[a]*e)*(3*a^(3/2)*e^3*g^2 + (3*1)*a*sqrt[c]*e^2*
g*(e*f - 2*d*g) - sqrt[a]*c*e*(2*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) - 1*c^(3/2
)*d*(4*e^2*f^2 - 9*d*e*f*g + 8*d^2*g^2))*sqrt[(g*((1*sqrt[a])/sqrt[c] + x
))/(f + g*x)]*sqrt[-(((1*sqrt[a]*g)/sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)^(3
/2)*EllipticF[1*ArcSinh[sqrt[-f - (1*sqrt[a]*g)/sqrt[c]]/sqrt[f + g*x]], (
sqrt[c]*f - 1*sqrt[a]*g)/(sqrt[c]*f + 1*sqrt[a]*g)]/sqrt[-f - (1*sqrt[a]*
g)/sqrt[c]] + ((8*1)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*sqrt[(g*((1*sqrt[a])/sqrt[c] + x))...
```

3.651.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2800 vs. 2(1257) = 2514.

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2800, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.643$, Rules used = {734, 2349, 734, 2349, 27, 510, 599, 25, 27, 729, 25, 1416, 1511, 1416, 1509, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 734

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cgx^2e^2+3age^2+2c(ef-2dg)xe-4cd(ef-dg)}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(d + ex)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 2349

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{2cef-5cdg+cegx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 734$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2e^2+age^2-2cdgxe-2cd(ef-dg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{2cef-5cdg+cegx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 2349$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{2cef-5cdg+cegx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 27$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{2cef-5cdg+cegx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 510$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(-\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \int \frac{-cdg - cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} \right) + \int \frac{2cef-5cdg+cegx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 599$$

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2}{(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 25

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2 \int \frac{cg(ef-dg-e(f+gx))}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^2}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 729

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2c \int \frac{ef-dg-e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g}}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 25

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef - dg - e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{ef - dg - e(f+gx)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - 2(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1511

$$3(ae^2g - cd(2ef - 3dg)) \left(\frac{2c \left(\frac{e\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2} \int \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 + ag^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{c}} - \left(dg - e \left(f - \frac{\sqrt{ag^2 + cf^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \right)}{g} \right) \frac{1}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)(ef - dg)}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{a + cx^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}} - 4c(ef -$$

↓ 1509

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) - 4c(ef$$

↓ 1540

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} + 4c(ef - dg)$$

↓ 1416

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4} \sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2} + a \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + a}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}} + 1 \right) \right) + 4c(ef - dg)(d+ex)^2$$

↓ 2222

3.651. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae^2}}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{c^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}{\left(\frac{cf^2}{g^2}+a\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2}-\frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2}+\frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2}+a}}+4c(ef$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

$$3.651. \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

```

output -1/2*(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d +
e*x)^2) - ((c^(3/4)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c
*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x
)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])
^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1
+ (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f +
g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2] + 4*c*(e*f - 3*d*g)*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e
f^2 + a*e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f
+ g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2
+ (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c
*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g
^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((g*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(
1/4)*(a*e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x
))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g
) - e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2
])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sq
rt[a + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(2*Sq
rt[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + a
g^2]/(e*f - d*g))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*Sqrt[(a +
(c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])/((a + (c*f^2...

```

3.651.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 510 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[2/d Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2
)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 599 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/d^2 Subst[Int[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a
*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

- rule 729 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 734 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 1) - a*e^2*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*c*e*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`
- rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1509 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x] /;`
`EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1511 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(e + d*q)/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[e/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;`
`NeQ[e + d*q, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`
- rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

```
rule 2222 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 +
(c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(A
rcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[
b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a +
b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*Ell
ipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] &&
EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

```
rule 2349 Int[(Px_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, c + d*x, x]*(c + d
*x)^(m + 1)*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, c
+ d*x, x] Int[(c + d*x)^m*(e + f*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n
] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.651.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1192
default	Expression too large to display	20366

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*e^2/(a*d*e^2* \\ & g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+3 \\ & /4*e^2*(a*e^2*g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f) \\ & ^2*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(a*d*e^2*g+2*a*e^3*f+ \\ & 7*c*d^3*g-4*c*d^2*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2*(f/g-(-a*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g- \\ & (-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c* \\ & g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}, \\ & ((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)})-3/4*c*e*g*(a*e^2* \\ & g+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2*(f/g-(-a*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g- \\ & (-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c* \\ & g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(\\ & f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}, ((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}) \\ & +(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}, ((-f/g \\ & +(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}))+1/4*(3*a^2*e^4*g^2+6*a*c*d \\ & ^2*e^2*g^2+4*a*c*d*e^3*f*g-4*a*c*e^4*f^2+15*c^2*d^4*g^2-20*c^2*d^3*e*f*g+8 \\ & *c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2/e*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c) \\ & *((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*... \end{aligned}$$

3.651.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.651.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.651.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.651.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.651.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+a} (d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.652 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.652.1 Optimal result	4865
3.652.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4866
3.652.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4866
3.652.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4869
3.652.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	4870
3.652.6 Sympy [F]	4870
3.652.7 Maxima [F]	4870
3.652.8 Giac [F]	4871
3.652.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4871

3.652.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 387

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{-ag}}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-ag}}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*g^2*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*g*EllipticE
(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*a*g/(-a*g+f*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)))^(1/2))*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f
)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))
^(1/2)-2*e*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2*e/(e+d*
c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)),2^(1/2)*(g*(-a)^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)
*(1+c*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*c^(1/2)/(g*(-a)^(1/2)+f*c^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-d*g+
e*f)/(e+d*c^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```


3.652.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c}}+x)}{f+gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{i\sqrt{a}g-gx}{\sqrt{c}}(f+gx)}}{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-gx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x))]*(f + g*x)*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + (I*Sqrt[a]*e*g + Sqrt[c]*(-2*e*f + d*g))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)] + e*(Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*Sqrt[a]*g)))/((Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.652.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1176 vs. 2(387) = 774.

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {740, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx \xrightarrow{740} \int \left(\frac{e}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)} - \frac{g}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+ag^2}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ag^2}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)} - \\
& \frac{e^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{(ef-dg)^{4\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{(ef-dg)^{4\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\sqrt{cx^2+a}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\right)}{(ef-dg)(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+ag}} \\
& \frac{e\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}e+)}{4\sqrt{ce}(ef-dg)}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}(ef-dg)^2(age^2+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{cx^2+ag}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2g^2\sqrt{a+cx^2})/((ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}) - (2\sqrt{c}g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2})/((ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/2}(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})) - (e^{3/2}\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}d^2+ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}]/(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{a+cx^2})) / ((\sqrt{c}d^2+ae^2)(ef-dg)^{3/2}) + (2c^{1/4}\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))}/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^{2/2})(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\text{EllipticE}[2\text{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}\sqrt{f+gx}]/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2] / ((ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}\sqrt{a+cx^2}) - (c^{1/4}\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))}/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^{2/2})(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\text{EllipticF}[2\text{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}\sqrt{f+gx}]/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2] / ((ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}\sqrt{a+cx^2}) + (c^{1/4}e(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))}/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^{2/2})(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+gx))/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})\text{EllipticF}[2\text{ArcTan}[c^{1/4}\sqrt{f+gx}]/(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}], (1+(\sqrt{c}f)/\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2})/2] / (g(ef-dg)(ae^2g+cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{a+cx^2}) - (e(cf^2+ag^2)^{1/4}(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}))^2\sqrt{(g^2(a+cx^2))}/((cf^2+ag^2)(1+(\sqrt{c}(f+...$

3.652.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 740 $\text{Int}[(f_.) + (g_.)(x_)^n]/((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))\sqrt{(a_.) + (c_.)(x_)^2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[1/(\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}), (f+gx)^{n+1/2}/(d+ex), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n+1/2]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

3.652.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 928 vs. $2(324) = 648$.

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 929, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{2(cgx^2+ag)g}{(ag^2+cf^2)(dg-ef)\sqrt{(x+\frac{f}{g})(cgx^2+ag)}} + \frac{2cgf\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{(ag^2+cf^2)(dg-ef)\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+agx+fa}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}}}\right) \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*g*x^2+a*g)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)*g/(d*g-e*f)/((x+f/g)*(c*g*x^2+a*g))^(1/2)+2/(a*g^2+c*f^2)*c*g*f/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+2/(a*g^2+c*f^2)*c*g^2/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))-2/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)*((x+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2),(-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^(1/2)/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^(1/2)/c))^(1/2))`

3.652. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.652.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.652.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.652.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.652.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.652.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.653 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

3.653.1 Optimal result	4872
3.653.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4873
3.653.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4874
3.653.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4876
3.653.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	4877
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3.653.7 Maxima [F]	4878
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3.653.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 818

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx &= \frac{2g^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}} \\ &+ \frac{8cfg^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2eg^2\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} \\ &+ \frac{8\sqrt{-a}c^{3/2}fg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{ceg}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cg}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2ag}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cf-ag}}\right)}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2e^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}}\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e},\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{-a}g}{\sqrt{cf+\sqrt{-a}g}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-a}}+e\right)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$3.653. \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$


```
output (2*(g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f - d*g)*(a + c*x^2)*(a*g^2*(4
*e*f - d*g + 3*e*g*x) + c*f*(-(d*g*(5*f + 4*g*x)) + e*f*(8*f + 7*g*x))) -
(f + g*x)*(7*c^2*e^2*f^5*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - 11*c^2*d*e*f^4
*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 4*c^2*d^2*f^3*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[
a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 10*a*c*e^2*f^3*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - 14*
a*c*d*e*f^2*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 4*a*c*d^2*f*g^4*Sqrt[-f
- (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] + 3*a^2*e^2*f*g^4*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c
]] - 3*a^2*d*e*g^5*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]] - 14*c^2*e^2*f^4*Sqrt[
-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) + 22*c^2*d*e*f^3*g*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt
[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) - 8*c^2*d^2*f^2*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt
[c]]*(f + g*x) - 6*a*c*e^2*f^2*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g
*x) + 6*a*c*d*e*f*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x) + 7*c^2*e
^2*f^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 - 11*c^2*d*e*f^2*g*Sqr
t[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + 4*c^2*d^2*f*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*S
qrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 + 3*a*c*e^2*f*g^2*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/S
qrt[c]]*(f + g*x)^2 - 3*a*c*d*e*g^3*Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(f +
g*x)^2 + Sqrt[c]*((-I)*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*f
*(7*e*f - 4*d*g))*Sqrt[(g*((I*Sqrt[a])/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x))*Sqrt[-((I
*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh
[Sqrt[-f - (I*Sqrt[a]*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a...
```

3.653.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1795 vs. 2(818) = 1636.

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1795, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {740, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 740

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{eg}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(f + gx)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g}{\sqrt{a + cx^2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(ef - dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.653. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)e^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(ef-dg)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\left(\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)-e\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}e+\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}{4\sqrt{c}e(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}\right)} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)E\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)e}{\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)e}{\frac{(ef-dg)^2\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{2g^2\sqrt{cx^2+ae}}-\frac{2\sqrt{cg^2}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+ae}}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+ag^2)^{3/2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}+} \\
& \frac{8c^{5/4}f\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)E\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cf}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\right)}{\frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{5/4}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{c^{3/4}\left(cf^2-4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}f+ag^2\right)}\sqrt{\frac{g^2(cx^2+a)}{(cf^2+ag^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}\right)\right)} \\
& \frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{7/4}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}+\frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}}{8c^{3/2}fg^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}}-\frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^{5/2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}}+1\right)}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2+ag^2)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

```

output (2*g^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) +
(8*c*f*g^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]
) + (2*e*g^2*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]
) - (8*c^(3/2)*f*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2
+ a*g^2)^(5/2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])) - (2*Sqrt[c]
*e*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(3/2)
*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])) - (e^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c
*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])])/(
Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^(5/2)) + (8*c^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2
))]/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2))*(1 +
(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt
[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2
]/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(5/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]) + (2*c^(1/4)*e*Sq
rt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2
+ a*g^2])^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])*EllipticE[2*Ar
cTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt
[c*f^2 + a*g^2])/2])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])
- (c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[(g^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g
*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2])^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]
)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)], (1...

```

3.653.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 740 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^
2]), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]), (f
+ g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && Inte
gerQ[n + 1/2]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

3.653.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1079, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1079
default	Expression too large to display	9415

3.653.
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/3/(a*g^2+c*f^2) \\ &)/(d*g-e*f)*(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(x+f/g)^2+2/3*(c*g*x^2+a*g)/ \\ & (a*g^2+c*f^2)^2*g*(3*a*e*g^2-4*c*d*f*g+7*c*e*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)^2/((x+f/g)*(c* \\ & g*x^2+a*g))^{(1/2)}+2*(-1/3*c*g/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)-1/3*c*f*g*(3*a*e*g^2 \\ & -4*c*d*f*g+7*c*e*f^2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^2/(d*g-e*f)^2)*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((\\ & x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/ \\ & c))^{(1/2)}*((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2 \\ & +a*g*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(- \\ & a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}-2/3*g^2*c*(3*a*e*g^2-4*c*d*f* \\ & g+7*c*e*f^2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^2/(d*g-e*f)^2*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/ \\ & g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}* \\ & ((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a* \\ & f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*EllipticE((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}, \\ & ((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c*E \\ & llipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g \\ & -(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}))+2*e/(d*g-e*f)^2*(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)*((x+f/g)/(f \\ & /g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)} \\ & *((x+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+a* \\ & *f)^{(1/2)}/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi((x+f/g)/(f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c))^{(1/2)},(-f/g \\ & +(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)/(-f/g-(-a*c)^{(1/2)}/c)... \end{aligned}$$

3.653.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.653.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(5/2)), x)`

3.653.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.653.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.653.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+a}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.654 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx$

3.654.1 Optimal result	4880
3.654.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	4880
3.654.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4881
3.654.4 Maple [B] (verified)	4884
3.654.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	4885
3.654.6 Sympy [F]	4885
3.654.7 Maxima [F]	4885
3.654.8 Giac [F]	4886
3.654.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4886

3.654.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{-c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{-cf+g}}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{2e}{\sqrt{-cd+e}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{-cx}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2g}{\sqrt{-cf+g}}\right)}{(\sqrt{-cd+e})\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

```
output -2*EllipticPi(1/2*(1-x*(-c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), 2*e/(e+d*(-c)^(1/2)), 2^(1/2)*(g/(g+f*(-c)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((g*x+f)*(-c)^(1/2)/(g+f*(-c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(e+d*(-c)^(1/2))/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.654.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{g(\frac{i}{\sqrt{c}}+x)}{f+gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{ig}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{gx}{f+gx}}(f+gx)\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-\frac{ig}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right), \frac{\sqrt{cf-ig}}{\sqrt{cf+ig}}\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{e(\sqrt{cf+ig})}, i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-f-\frac{ig}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-f-\frac{ig}{\sqrt{c}}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{1+cx^2}}$$

3.654. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[(g*(I/Sqrt[c] + x))/(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[-((I*g)/Sqrt[c] - g*x)/(f + g*x)])*(f + g*x)*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*g)] - EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/(e*(Sqrt[c]*f + I*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-f - (I*g)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], (Sqrt[c]*f - I*g)/(Sqrt[c]*f + I*g)))/(Sqrt[-f - (I*g)/Sqrt[c]]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[1 + c*x^2])`

3.654.3 Rubi [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 826, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.51, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {729, 25, 1540, 1416, 2222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + 1}(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 729 \\
 & 2 \int -\frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1540 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2} \left(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2} \right) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx) + 1}{\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2}}}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g(cd(2ef - dg) + e^2g)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{f + gx})}{g} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1416
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2}) \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)+1}{\sqrt{cf^2+g^2}}}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + 1}} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+g^2}}\right)}{g(cd(2ef - dg) + e^2g)} \right)$$

↓ 2222

$$2 \left(\frac{e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2}(\sqrt{c}(ef - dg) - e\sqrt{cf^2 + g^2}) \left(\frac{\left(e + \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cf^2+g^2}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+e^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg}\sqrt{\frac{cf^2}{g^2} - \frac{2c(f+gx)f}{g^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^2}{g^2} + 1}} \right)}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{cd^2+e^2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} - \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{e} \right)}{g(ge^2 + \dots)} \right)}{g(ge^2 + \dots)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[1 + c*x^2]),x]`

```

output 2*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*(c*e*f^2 + e*g^2 - Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2])
*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*
f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((1 + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(
f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x]
)/(c*f^2 + g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2])/2]/(g*(c*f^2
+ g^2)^(1/4)*(e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[1 + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f
+ g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]*(Sqrt[c]*(e*f -
d*g) - e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]))*((e + (Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2
])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c*d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]*Sqrt
[1 + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2])]/(2*Sqrt
[e]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e^2]*Sqrt[e*f - d*g]) - ((Sqrt[c]/e - Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]/(
e*f - d*g))*(1 + (Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2])*Sqrt[(1 + (c*f^2)/
g^2 - (2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]/((1 + (c*f^2)/g^2)*(1 +
(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]))*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g
) + e*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2])^2/(4*Sqrt[c]*e*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g^2]), 2*
ArcTan[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*f^2 + g^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[c]*f)/Sqrt
[c*f^2 + g^2])/2]/(4*c^(1/4)*(c*f^2 + g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + (c*f^2)/g^2 - (
2*c*f*(f + g*x))/g^2 + (c*(f + g*x)^2)/g^2]))/(g*(e^2*g + c*d*(2*e*f - d*
g))))

```

3.654.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 729 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_
^2)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/((d*e - c*f + f*x^2)*Sqrt[(b*c^2 +
a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

```

rule 1416 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c
/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/
(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c)
)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

```

rule 1540 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2222 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[b - c*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2])), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b/(4*a*q^2)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[-b + c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]`

3.654.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(g+f\sqrt{-c})\Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{(gx+f)\sqrt{-c}}{g+f\sqrt{-c}}}, -\frac{(g+f\sqrt{-c})e}{\sqrt{-c}(dg-ef)}, \sqrt{\frac{g+f\sqrt{-c}}{f\sqrt{-c}-g}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{(x\sqrt{-c}-1)g}{g+f\sqrt{-c}}}\sqrt{-\frac{(x\sqrt{-c}+1)g}{f\sqrt{-c}-g}}\sqrt{\frac{(gx+f)\sqrt{-c}}{g+f\sqrt{-c}}}\sqrt{cx^2+1}\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{-c}(dg-ef)(cgx^3+cfx^2+gx+f)}$	215
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+1)}\left(\frac{f}{g} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}}\Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}}, -\frac{f}{g} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+1}e\sqrt{cgx^3+cfx^2+gx+f}\left(-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{d}{e}\right)}$	240

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+1)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(g+f*(-c)^(1/2))/(-c)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(((g*x+f)*(-c)^(1/2)/(g+f*(-c)^(1/2)))^(1/2), -(g+f*(-c)^(1/2))*e/(-c)^(1/2)/(d*g-e*f), ((g+f*(-c)^(1/2))/(f*(-c)^(1/2)-g))^(1/2))*(-(x*(-c)^(1/2)-1)*g/(g+f*(-c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-(x*(-c)^(1/2)+1)*g/(f*(-c)^(1/2)-g))^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(-c)^(1/2)/(g+f*(-c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(d*g-e*f)/(c*g*x^3+c*f*x^2+g*x+f)`

3.654.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.654.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(c*x**2 + 1)), x)`**3.654.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+1}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.654.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+1}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.654.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{1+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+1}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(c*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(c*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.655 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

3.655.1 Optimal result	4887
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3.655.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4888
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3.655.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4892

3.655.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 454

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{cf^2+ag^2}(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{(ef-dg)^2(a+cx^2)}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)^2}} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(d+ex)}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{2(cdf+ae^2)(f+gx)}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(f+gx)^2}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)^2}}{\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2+ag^2}(d+ex)}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2(cdf+ae^2)(f+gx)}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(f+gx)^2}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+cx^2}}$$

```
output -(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/4)*(e*x+d)*(cos(2*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/4)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/cos(2*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/4)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)))*EllipticF(sin(2*arctan((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/4)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))),1/2*(2+2*(a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+(g*x+f)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/2))*((-d*g+e*f)^2*(c*x^2+a)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*((1-2*(a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)^2)/(1+(g*x+f)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/4)/(-d*g+e*f)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(1-2*(a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*g^2+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))
```

3.655.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}(i\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx}) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{\frac{d - \frac{i\sqrt{ae}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{i\sqrt{cdx}}{\sqrt{a}} + ex}{d+ex}} \sqrt{\frac{(i\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})(f+gx)}{(i\sqrt{cf} + \sqrt{ag})(d+ex)}}}{(\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{\frac{(ef-dg)(i\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag})(d+ex)}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{(ef-dg)(i\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cf} - i\sqrt{ag})(d+ex)}}}\right), -\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(I*Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[(d - (I*Sqrt[a]*e)/Sqrt[c] + (I*Sqrt[c]*d*x)/Sqrt[a] + e*x)/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[((I*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*(f + g*x))/((I*Sqrt[c]*f + Sqrt[a]*g)*(d + e*x))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)*(I*Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(d + e*x))]], -(((I*Sqrt[c]*d*f)/Sqrt[a] - e*f + d*g + (I*Sqrt[a]*e*g)/Sqrt[c])/(2*e*f - 2*d*g)))/((Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)*(I*Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*f - I*Sqrt[a]*g)*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2])`

3.655.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {732, 1416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 732$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{(a+cx^2)(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2+cf^2)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(f+gx)^2}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2(cdf+ae^2)(f+gx)}{(cf^2+ag^2)(d+ex)} + 1}} d\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}(ef-dg)}$$

3.655. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt[4]{ag^2+cf^2} \sqrt{\frac{(a+cx^2)(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2+cf^2)}} \left(\frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{(f+gx)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2+cf^2)} - \frac{2(f+gx)(aeg+cdf)}{(d+ex)(ag^2+cf^2)} + 1}{\left(\frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right)^2}}}{\sqrt{a+cx^2} \sqrt[4]{ae^2+cd^2} (ef-dg) \sqrt{\frac{(f+gx)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2+cf^2)} - \frac{2(f+gx)(aeg+cdf)}{(d+ex)(ag^2+cf^2)}}}} \text{EllipticF} \left(2 \arcsin \left(\frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{ag^2+cf^2}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)^2*(a + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(d + e*x)))*Sqrt[(1 - (2*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(f + g*x))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(f + g*x)^2)/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^2)))/(1 + (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]*(d + e*x)))^2)*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])], (1 + (c*d*f + a*e*g)/(Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + a*g^2]))/2)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^(1/4)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(f + g*x))/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(f + g*x)^2)/((c*f^2 + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^2)])]`

3.655.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 732 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)*(Sqrt[(d*e - c*f)^2*((a + b*x^2)/(b*e^2 + a*f^2)*(c + d*x)^2))]/((d*e - c*f)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[Simp[1 - (2*b*c*e + 2*a*d*f)*(x^2/(b*e^2 + a*f^2)) + (b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(x^4/(b*e^2 + a*f^2))], x]], x], x, Sqrt[e + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Free Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 1416 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

3.655.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2(c e^2 f x^2 - \sqrt{-ac} e^2 g x^2 + 2c d e f x - 2\sqrt{-ac} d e g x + c d^2 f - \sqrt{-ac} d^2 g) F\left(\sqrt{\frac{(e\sqrt{-ac}-cd)(gx+f)}{(g\sqrt{-ac}-cf)(ex+d)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(e\sqrt{-ac}+cd)(g\sqrt{-ac}-cf)}{(g\sqrt{-ac}+cf)(e\sqrt{-ac}-cd)}}, \sqrt{\frac{(dg-ef)}{(g\sqrt{-ac}-cd)}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)(ex+d)(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})(cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{c}} (-e\sqrt{-ac}+cd)(dg-ef)\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)(cx^2+a)}}$
elliptic	$2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)(cx^2+a)} \left(-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}} \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g}\right)\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}} \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g}\right)\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}, \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g}\right)\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}, \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g}\right)\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}}\right) \sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cx^2+a} \left(\frac{d}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g}\right) \sqrt{ceg \left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right) \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) \left(x - \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right) \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-ac}}{c}\right)}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(c*e^2*f*x^2-(-a*c)^(1/2)*e^2*g*x^2+2*c*d*e*f*x-2*(-a*c)^(1/2)*d*e*g*x+c*d^2*f-(-a*c)^(1/2)*d^2*g)*EllipticF(((e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)*(g*x+f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(e*x+d))^(1/2),((e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)*(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f)/(e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d))^(1/2))*((d*g-e*f)*(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(e*x+d))^(1/2)*((d*g-e*f)*(-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*f)/(e*x+d))^(1/2)*((e*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*d)*(g*x+f)/(g*(-a*c)^(1/2)-c*f)/(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-1/c*(g*x+f)*(e*x+d)*(-c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2))*(c*x+(-a*c)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-e*(-a*c)^(1/2)+c*d)/(d*g-e*f)/((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a))^(1/2)`

3.655.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*e*g*x^4 + (c*e*f + c*d*g)*x^3 + a*d*f + (c*d*f + a*e*g)*x^2 + (a*e*f + a*d*g)*x), x)`

3.655.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.655.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.655.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.655.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+a}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.656 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx$

3.656.1 Optimal result	4893
3.656.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	4893
3.656.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4894
3.656.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4895
3.656.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	4896
3.656.6 Sympy [F]	4896
3.656.7 Maxima [F]	4896
3.656.8 Giac [F]	4897
3.656.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4897

3.656.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), 2)}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}$$

output `EllipticF(x,2^(1/2))*(-2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)`

3.656.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 34.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+x)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} \sqrt{\frac{1-2x^2}{(-1+x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}+\frac{1}{-1+x}}}{2^{3/4}}\right), 4(-4+3\sqrt{2})\right)}{\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*(-1 + x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(1 + x)/(1 - x)]*Sqrt[(1 - 2*x^2)/(-1 + x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2] + (-1 + x)^(-1)]]/2^(3/4)], 4*(-4 + 3*Sqrt[2])))/(Sqrt[3 + 2*Sqrt[2]]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])`

3.656.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {648, 323, 323, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{648} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{323} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{323} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-2x^2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(x), 2)}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[x], 2])/(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])`

3.656.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 323 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[1 + (
d/c)*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 648 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[m]*((e + f*x)^FracPart[m]/(c
*e + d*f*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[(c*e + d*f*x^2)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] &&
!(EqQ[p, 2] && LtQ[m, -1])
```

3.656.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2x^2-1}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{-2x^2+1}F(x,\sqrt{2})}{2x^4-3x^2+1}$	58
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(2x^2-1)(x^2-1)}\sqrt{-x^2+1}\sqrt{-2x^2+1}F(x,\sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{2x^2-1}\sqrt{2x^4-3x^2+1}}$	73

```
input int(1/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)*(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)/(2*x^4-3*x^2+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x,2^(1/2))
```

3.656.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = F(\arcsin(x) | 2)$$

```
input integrate(1/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output elliptic_f(arcsin(x), 2)
```

3.656.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2x^2-1}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(-1+x)**(1/2)/(1+x)**(1/2)/(2*x**2-1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/(sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)), x)
```

3.656.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(1/(sqrt(2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1)), x)
```

3.656.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1+x)^(1/2)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1)), x)`

3.656.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

3.657 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.657.1 Optimal result 4898
 3.657.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4899
 3.657.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4899
 3.657.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4901
 3.657.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 4902
 3.657.6 Sympy [F] 4902
 3.657.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4903
 3.657.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 4903
 3.657.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4904

3.657.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{16(cdf - aeg)^2 (2ae^2g - cd(3ef - dg)) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35c^4d^4e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{16g(cdf - aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35c^3d^3e}$$

$$+ \frac{12(cdf - aeg)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-16/35*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+12/35*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^2*
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/7*(g*x+f)^
3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+16/35*g*(-a*e*
g+c*d*f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e
```

3.657.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-16a^3e^3g^3+8a^2cde^2g^2(7f+gx)-2ac^2d^2eg(35f^2+14fgx+3g^2x^2)+c^3d^3(35f^3+35f^2gx+21fg^2x^2+5g^3x^3))}{35c^4d^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(7*f + g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(35*f^2 + 14*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(35*f^3 + 35*f^2*g*x + 21*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3)))/(35*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.657.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{c dex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{c dex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

3.657. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1221 \\
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{2(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{2(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d + ex}} + \\
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 7cd
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(5*c*d))/(7*c*d)
```

3.657.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.657.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-5g^3x^3c^3d^3+6ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-21c^3d^3fg^2x^2-8a^2cde^2g^3x+28ac^2d^2efg^2x-35c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-56a^2cd^2efg^2+7a^3e^3g^3)}{35\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-5g^3x^3c^3d^3+6ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-21c^3d^3fg^2x^2-8a^2cde^2g^3x+28ac^2d^2efg^2x-35c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-56a^2cde^2fg^2+7a^3e^3g^3)}{35c^4d^4\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+a de}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.657.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

output
$$\frac{-2/35/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)*(-5*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+6*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-21*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+28*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-35*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-56*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+70*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-35*c^3*d^3*f^3)/c^4/d^4}$$

3.657.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5c^3d^3g^3x^3 + 35c^3d^3f^3 - 70ac^2d^2ef^2g + 56a^2cde^2fg^2 - 16a^3e^3g^3 + 3(7c^3d^3fg^2 - 2ac^2d^2eg^3)x^2 + (35c^4d^4ex + c^4d^5))}{35(c^4d^4ex + c^4d^5)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2/35*(5*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 + 35*c^3*d^3*f^3 - 70*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 56*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 - 16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*(7*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^3*f^2*g - 28*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)}$$

3.657.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**3/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.657.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}f^3}{cd} + \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2-acdex-2a^2e^2)f^2g}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3c^3d^3x^3-ac^2d^2ex^2+4a^2cde^2x+8a^3e^3)fg^2}{5\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5c^4d^4x^4-ac^3d^3ex^3+2a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2-8a^3cde^3x-16a^4e^4)g^3}{35\sqrt{cdx+aec^4d^4}}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^3/(c*d) + 2*(c^2*d^2*x^2 - a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2*e^2)*f^
2*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 2/5*(3*c^3*d^3*x^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 4
*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 8*a^3*e^3)*f*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 2/35*(5*c^
4*d^4*x^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 16
*a^4*e^4)*g^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)
```

3.657.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 613 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 613, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= 2e \left(\frac{35(c^3d^3f^3-3ac^2d^2ef^2g+3a^2cde^2fg^2-a^3e^3g^3)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{c^4d^4e} - \frac{35\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^3e^3f^3-35\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^4e^2f^2g-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^5e^2fg-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^6e^2g^2-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^7e^2g^3}{35\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^4e^2f^2g-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^5e^2fg-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^6e^2g^2-70\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^3d^7e^2g^3} \right)$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output $\frac{2}{35}e(35(c^3d^3f^3 - 3ac^2d^2ef^2g + 3a^2cde^2f^2g^2 - a^3e^3g^3)\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3})/(c^4d^4e) - (35\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})c^3d^3e^3f^3 - 35\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})c^3d^4e^2f^2g - 70\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})ac^2d^2e^4f^2g + 21\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})c^3d^5ef^2g^2 + 28\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})ac^2d^3e^3f^2g^2 + 56\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})a^2cde^5f^2g^2 - 5\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})c^3d^6g^3 - 6\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})ac^2d^4e^2g^3 - 8\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})a^2c^2d^2e^4g^3 - 16\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})a^3e^6g^3)/(c^4d^4e^4) + (35((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2})c^2d^2e^4f^2g - 70((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2})acde^5f^2g + 35((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2})a^2e^6g^3 + 21((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{5/2})cde^2f^2g^2 - 21((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{5/2})a^3g^3 + 5((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{7/2})g^3)/(c^4d^4e^7))/abs(e)$

3.657.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(32a^3e^3g^3-112a^2cde^2fg^2+140ac^2d^2ef^2g-70c^3d^3f^3)}{35c^4d^4e} - \frac{2g^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{7cde} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output $-(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} * (((d + e*x)^{1/2} * (32*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 70*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 140*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 112*a^2*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^2)) / (35*c^4*d^4*e) - (2*g^3*x^3*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (7*c*d*e) + (6*g^2*x^2*(2*a*e*g - 7*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (35*c^2*d^2*e) - (2*g*x*(d + e*x)^{1/2} * (8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 35*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 28*a*c*d*e*f*g)) / (35*c^3*d^3*e)) / (x + d/e)$

3.658
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.658.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8(cdf - aeg)(2ae^2g - cd(3ef - dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15c^3d^3e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{8g(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15c^2d^2e}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-8/15*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/5*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8/15*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e
```


3.658.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(8a^2e^2g^2 - 4acdeg(5f+gx) + c^2d^2(15f^2 + 10fgx + 3g^2x^2))}{15c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 10*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)))/(15*c^3*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.658.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1253}$$

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

3.658. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4(cdf-aeg)\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}\left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd}-\frac{dg}{e}+3f\right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cde}\right)}{5cd}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e))/(5*c*d)`

3.658.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

3.658.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(3g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x+10c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-20acdefg+15c^2d^2f^2)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}c^3d^3}$	98
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x+10c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-20acdefg+15c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15c^3d^3\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	116

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+10*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-20*a*c*d*e*f*g+15*c^2*d^2*f^2)/c^3/d^3
```

3.658.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3c^2d^2g^2x^2+15c^2d^2f^2-20acdefg+8a^2e^2g^2+2(5c^2d^2fg-2acdeg^2)x)\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{15(c^3d^3ex+c^3d^4)}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+15*c^2*d^2*f^2-20*a*c*d*e*f*g+8*a^2*e^2*g^2+2*(5*c^2*d^2*f*g-2*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4)
```

3.658.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**2/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.658.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}f^2}{cd} + \frac{4(c^2d^2x^2-acdex-2a^2e^2)fg}{3\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^2} + \frac{2(3c^3d^3x^3-ac^2d^2ex^2+4a^2cde^2x+8a^3e^3)g^2}{15\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^3d^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2/(c*d) + 4/3*(c^2*d^2*x^2 - a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2*e^2)*f*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 2/15*(3*c^3*d^3*x^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 8*a^3*e^3)*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3)`

3.658.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{15(c^2d^2f^2-2acdefg+a^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{15\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^2d^2e^2f^2-10\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^2d^3efg-20\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}acde^3f}{c^3d^3} \right)}{1}$$

3.658. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*e*(15*(c^2*d^2*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g + a^2*e^2*g^2)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*
e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^3*d^3*e) - (15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e^2*
f^2 - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g - 20*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
a*c*d*e^3*f*g + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*g^2 + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4*g^2)/(c^3*d^3*e^3
) + (10*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2*f*g - 10*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3*g^2 + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*g^2)/(c^3*d^3*e^5))/abs(e)`

3.658.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16a^2e^2g^2-40acdefg+30c^2d^2f^2)}{15c^3d^3e} + \frac{2g^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{5cde} - \frac{4gx(2aeg-5cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{15c^2d^2e} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*e
^2*g^2 + 30*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 40*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(15*c^3*d^3*e) + (2*g^2*x^2*(d
+ e*x)^(1/2))/(5*c*d*e) - (4*g*x*(2*a*e*g - 5*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(15*
c^2*d^2*e)))/(x + d/e)`

3.659
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.659.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = -\frac{2(2ae^2g-cd(3ef-dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3cde}$$

output `-2/3*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e`

3.659.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-2aeg+cd(3f+gx))}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

3.659.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(3*f + g*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.659.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cde}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cde}$$

input $\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))/\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]$

output $(2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/ (3*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (2*g*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/ (3*c*d*e)$

3.659.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

3.659.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-cdgx+2aeg-3cdf)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	49
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-cdgx+2aeg-3cdf)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{cde}x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}$	67

```
input int((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g-3*c*d*f)/
c^2/d^2
```

3.659.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cde}x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x(cdgx+3cdf-2aeg)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

3.659. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f - 2*a*e
*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.659.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/
2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.659.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}f}{cd} + \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 - acdex - 2a^2e^2)g}{3\sqrt{cdx+ae}c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f/(c*d) + 2/3*(c^2*d^2*x^2 - a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2*e^2)*g/
(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2)`

3.659.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e \left(\frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}(cdf-ae g)}{c^2 d^2 e} + \frac{((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} g}{c^2 d^2 e^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cde f - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cd^2 g - 2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}ae^2 g}{c^2 d^2 e^2} \right)}{3|e|}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/3*e*(3*sqrt((e*x+d)*c*d*e-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*(c*d*f-a*e*g)/(c^2*d^2*
e)+((e*x+d)*c*d*e-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)^(3/2)*g/(c^2*d^2*e^3)-(3*sqrt(-
c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*c*d*e*f-sqrt(-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*c*d^2*g-2*sqrt(-c*d^2*
e+a*e^3)*a*e^2*g)/(c^2*d^2*e^2))/abs(e)
```

3.659.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= - \frac{\left(\frac{(4aeg-6cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2 d^2 e} - \frac{2gx\sqrt{d+ex}}{3cde} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

```
input int(((f+g*x)*(d+e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x)
```

```
output -((((4*a*e*g-6*c*d*f)*(d+e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e)-(2*g*x*(d+e*x)^(
1/2))/(3*c*d*e))*(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)
```

$$3.660 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.660.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.660.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.660.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.660.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.660.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	32
gosper	$\frac{2(cd x+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}$	50

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURN VERBOSE)`

output $2/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}/c/d$

3.660.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cde x+cd^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")`

output $2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d$
 $^2)$

3.660.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.660.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="maxima")`

output $2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)$

3.660. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.660.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{cde} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}}{cde} \right)}{|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*e*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c*d*e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c*d*e))/abs(e)`

3.660.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cde \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c*d*e*(x + d/e))`

$$3.661 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.661.1 Optimal result	4920
3.661.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4920
3.661.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4921
3.661.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4922
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3.661.6 Sympy [F]	4923
3.661.7 Maxima [F]	4923
3.661.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4923
3.661.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4924

3.661.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-ae}}$$

```
output 2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)
```

3.661.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]]/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]))
```

3.661. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.661.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$, Rules used = {1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2}} dx$$

↓ 1255

$$2e^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g])`

3.661.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.661.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$	77

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d
*f)*g)^(1/2)*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))
```

3.661.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-cdfg+aeg^2} \log\left(-\frac{cdegx^2-cd^2f+2adeg-(cdf-(cd^2+2ae^2)g)x-2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{-cdfg+aeg^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{egx^2+df+(ef+dg)x}\right)}{cdfg-aeg^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}\sqrt{ex+d}}{cdegx^2+adeg+(cd^2+ae^2)gx}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [-sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*
e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(ex + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)
)/(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2), -2*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(ex + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*g*x))/sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)]
```

3.661.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.661.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)), x)`

3.661.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}|e|} - \frac{2e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2*e*\arctan(\sqrt{(e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*g/(\sqrt{(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e})/(\sqrt{(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*abs(e)}) - 2*e*\arctan(\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*g/(\sqrt{(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e})/(\sqrt{(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*abs(e)})$

3.661.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.662 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.662.1 Optimal result	4925
3.662.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4925
3.662.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4926
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3.662.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	4928
3.662.6 Sympy [F]	4929
3.662.7 Maxima [F]	4929
3.662.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4929
3.662.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	4930

3.662.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

output `c*d*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)/g^(1/2)+(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.662.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}(ae+cdx) + cd\sqrt{ae+cdx}(f+gx) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2} \sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

3.662. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

```
output (Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(a*e + c*d*x) + c*d*Sqrt[a*e +
c*d*x]*(f + g*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])
)/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x))
```

3.662.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1255$$

$$\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex} e^2} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]
),x]
```

```
output Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]
*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*
x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)
)
```

3.662.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.662.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)cdgx + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)cdf - \sqrt{cdx+ae} \sqrt{aeg-cdf}g \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cdx+ae} (aeg-cdf)(gx+f) \sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}$	158

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g*x+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f - (c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)`

3.662.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 331 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(cdegx^2 + cd^2f + (cdf + cd^2g)x) \sqrt{-cdfg + aeg^2} \log \left(-\frac{cdegx^2 - cd^2f + 2adeg - (cdf - (cd^2 + 2ae^2)g)x + 2\sqrt{cdegx^2 + ad}}{egx^2 + df + (ef + dg)x} \right)}{2(c^2d^3f^3g - 2acd^2ef^2g^2 + a^2de^2fg^3 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^2 - 2acde^2fg^3 + a^2e^3g^4)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^3g + a^2de^2g^4 + a^2e^3g^4)x + a^2e^3g^4)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(cdegx^2 + cd^2f + (cdf + cd^2g)x) \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cdegx^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} \sqrt{ex + d}}{cdegx^2 + adeg + (cd^2 + ae^2)gx} \right) - \sqrt{cdegx^2 + ad}}{c^2d^3f^3g - 2acd^2ef^2g^2 + a^2de^2fg^3 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^2 - 2acde^2fg^3 + a^2e^3g^4)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^3g + a^2de^2g^4 + a^2e^3g^4)x + a^2e^3g^4} \right]$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*
g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2
)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e
*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 +
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^
3*g - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^3 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d
*e^2*f*g^3 + a^2*e^3*g^4)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^4 + (c^2*d^
3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^3)*x), -((c*d*e*g*x
^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x +
d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) - sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^3*g -
2*a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^3 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f
*g^3 + a^2*e^3*g^4)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^4 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*
a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^3)*x)]
```

3.662.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

3.662.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.662.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 395 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= e^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3cd}}{(cde^2f - ae^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g)(cdf|e| - aeg|e|)} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}(cdf|e| - aeg|e|)e} \right)$$

$$- \frac{cde^2f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - cd^2eg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}cde f^2|e| - \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}cd^2fg|e| - \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}ae^2fg|e| + \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}adeg^2|e|}$$

3.662. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d/((c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + (e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)*(c*d*f*abs(e) - a*e*g*abs(e))) + c*d*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*(c*d*f*abs(e) - a*e*g*abs(e))*e) - (c*d*e^2*f*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - c*d^2*e*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e*f^2*abs(e) - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*f*g*abs(e) - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^2*f*g*abs(e) + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*d*e*g^2*abs(e))`

3.662.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.663
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.663.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}}$$

output `3/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)/g^(1/2)+1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.663.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{g} \sqrt{cdf-aeg} (ae+cdx) (-2aeg+cd(5f+3gx)) + 3c^2 d^2 \sqrt{ae+cdx} (f+gx)^2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right) \right)}{4\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{5/2} \sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} (f+gx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(5*f + 3*g*x)) + 3*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(f + g*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(4*Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^2)`

3.663.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)}$$

3.663. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1255 \\
& 3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{4(cdf-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& 3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.663.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m-1)*(f + g*x)^(n+1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m-n-2)/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n+1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

$$3.663. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.663.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 g^2 x^2 + 6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 f g x + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 f^2 \right)}{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}(aeg-cdf)^2(gx+f)^2\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(3*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)})/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+6*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*f^2-3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*(a*e*g-5*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c*d*f/(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}$$

3.663.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 621 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1283, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2
)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(
c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*
sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(
e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(5*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - 7*a*c*d*
e*f*g^2 + 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^
2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^4*f^5*g - 3*a*c^2*d^3
*e*f^4*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^3 - a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^4 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*
g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - a^3*e^4*g^6)*x^3 + (
2*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^6 + (c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^3
- 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^4 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^4)*
f*g^5)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g - 2*a^3*d*e^3*f*g^5 + (2*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d
^2*e^2)*f^4*g^2 - 3*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^3 + (6*a^2*c*d^2*e
^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^4)*x), -1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c
^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt
(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
*g*x)) - (5*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - 7*a*c*d*e*f*g^2 + 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*f
*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*
x + d))/(c^3*d^4*f^5*g - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^4*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^...

```

3.663.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**
(1/2),x)

```

output

```

Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**3), x)

```

3.663.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x
+ f)^3), x)`

3.663.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 844 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right)}{(c^2d^2ef^2|e| - 2acde^2fg|e| + a^2e^3g^2|e|)\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} + \frac{5\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^3d^3e^2f-5\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}}{(c^2d^2ef^2|e| - 2acde^2fg|e| + a^2e^3g^2|e|)\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3c^2d^2e^3f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) - 6c^2d^3e^2fg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) + 3c^2d^4eg}{4(\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}c^2d^2e^2f^4|e| - 2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}c^2d^3ef^3g|e| - 2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}acde^3f^3g|e| + \sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}a^2e^3g^2|e|)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}(3c^2d^2\arctan(\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}e)/((c^2d^2ef^2\text{abs}(e)-2ac^2d^2efg\text{abs}(e)+a^2e^3g^2\text{abs}(e))\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}e+(5\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3})c^3d^3e^2f-5\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3})ac^2d^2e^3g+3((ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3)^{3/2}c^2d^2g)/((c^2d^2ef^2\text{abs}(e)-2ac^2d^2efg\text{abs}(e)+a^2e^3g^2\text{abs}(e))(cd^2ef-ae^3g+((ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3)g^2))e^3-1/4(3c^2d^2e^3f^2\arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}e)-6c^2d^3e^2fg\arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}e)+3c^2d^4e^2g^2\arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}e)+5\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}cd^2ef-3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}cd^2eg-2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ae^3g)/(\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}c^2d^2e^2f^4\text{abs}(e)-2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}c^2d^3ef^3g\text{abs}(e)-2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ac^2d^3ef^3g\text{abs}(e)+\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}c^2d^4f^2g^2\text{abs}(e)+4\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ac^2d^2e^2f^2g^2\text{abs}(e)+\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^2e^4f^2g^2\text{abs}(e)-2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ac^3ef^3g\text{abs}(e)-2\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^2d^2e^3fg^3\text{abs}(e)+\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^2d^2e^2g^4\text{abs}(e))$

3.663.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.664 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.664.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 280

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{5cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \\ &+ \frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{5c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 5/8*c^3*d^3*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)/g^(1/2)+1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/12*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/8*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.664.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 d^3 \sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{(ae+cdx)(8a^2e^2g^2-2acdeg(13f+5gx)+c^2d^2(33f^2+40fgx+15g^2x^2))}{c^3d^3(cdf-aeg)^3(f+gx)^3} \right) + \frac{15\sqrt{ae+cdx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}}{24\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

output `(c^3*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(((a*e + c*d*x)*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(13*f + 5*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(33*f^2 + 40*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)))/(c^3*d^3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(f + g*x)^3) + (15*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)))/(24*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x])]`

3.664.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

3.664. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)}$$

↓ 1254

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{6(cdf-ae g)}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1255

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae g)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-ae g} + \frac{d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{6(cdf-ae g)}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 218

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae g)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{6(cdf-ae g)}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

3.664. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (5*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))]/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.664.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.664.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+45*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+45*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-40*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+26*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-33*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^3/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.664.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 993 vs. 2(248) = 496.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2027, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fracas")
```

output `[1/48*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(33*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - 59*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + 34*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - 8*a^3*e^3*g^4 + 15*(c^3*d^3*f*g^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4)*x^2 + 10*(4*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^5*f^7*g - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^6*g^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^5*g^3 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^4*g^4 + a^4*d*e^4*f^3*g^5 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^6 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^7 + a^4*e^5*g^8)*x^4 + (3*c^4*d^4*e*f^5*g^3 + a^4*d*e^4*g^8 + (c^4*d^5 - 12*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g^4 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e - 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g^5 + 6*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^6 - (4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^4*e^5)*f*g^7)*x^3 + 3*(c^4*d^4*e*f^6*g^2 + a^4*d*e^4*f*g^7 + (c^4*d^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^5*g^3 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^4*g^4 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^3*g^5 - (4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5)*f^2*g^6)*x^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^7*g + 3*a^4*d*e^4*f^2*g^6 + (3*c^4*d^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^6*g^2 - 6*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^5*g^3 + 2*(9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^4*g^...`

3.664.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**4), x)`

3.664.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x
+ f)^4), x)`

3.664.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1460 vs. $2(248) = 496$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1460, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/24*(15*c^3*d^3*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*
d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(
e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g
^2)*e) + (33*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^5*e^4*f^2 - 66*
sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^4*e^5*f*g + 33*sqrt((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^6*g^2 + 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c
*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g - 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^2 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2
)*c^3*d^3*g^2)/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3
*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e
*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)^3)*e^4 - 1/24*(15*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*arc
tan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 45*c^3*d^4*e^3
*f^2*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 45*c
^3*d^5*e^2*f*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*
e)) - 15*c^3*d^6*e*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*
e*g^2)*e)) + 33*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*
f^2 - 40*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g -
26*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^4*f*g + 15*sqrt(
-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*e*g^2 + 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^3*g^2 + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a...
```

3.664.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

```
input int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)),x)
```

```
output int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)), x)
```


3.665
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.665.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} - \frac{16g(cdf-aeg)(2ae^2g-cd(3ef-dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{5c^4d^4e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{16g^2(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{5c^3d^3e} + \frac{12g(f+gx)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{5c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-2*(g*x+f)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-16/5*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+12/5*g*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+16/5*g^2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e
```

3.665.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(16a^3e^3g^3+8a^2cde^2g^2(-5f+gx)-2ac^2d^2eg(-15f^2+g^2x^2))+c^3d^3(-5f^3+15f^2gx+5fg^2x^2+g^3x^3))}{5c^4d^4\sqrt{(ae+cdx^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(-5*f + g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(-15*f^2 + 10*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-5*f^3 + 15*f^2*g*x + 5*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)))/(5*c^4*d^4*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.665.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1251, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1251$$

$$\frac{6g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{cde^2x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$6g \left(\frac{4(cdf-ae^2g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cde^2x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) - \frac{cd}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

3.665. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 6g \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & 6g \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3)/(c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (6*g*((2*(f + g*x)^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(5*c*d)))/(c*d)`

3.665.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.665. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1251 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.665.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(g^3x^3c^3d^3-2ac^2d^2eg^3x^2+5c^3d^3fg^2x^2+8a^2cde^2g^3x-20ac^2d^2efg^2x+15c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-40a^2cde^2fg^2)}{5\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)c^4d^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(g^3x^3c^3d^3-2ac^2d^2eg^3x^2+5c^3d^3fg^2x^2+8a^2cde^2g^3x-20ac^2d^2efg^2x+15c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-40a^2cde^2fg^2+30ac^2d^2efg)}{5c^4d^4(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.665. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $2/5/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3-2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2+5*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-20*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+15*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-40*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+30*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-5*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(c*d*x+a*e)/c^4/d^4$

3.665.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 - 5c^3 d^3 f^3 + 30ac^2 d^2 e f^2 g - 40a^2 c d e^2 f g^2 + 16a^3 e^3 g^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $2/5*(c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 - 5*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 30*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 40*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + 16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + (5*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 + (15*c^3*d^3*f^2*g - 20*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x^2 + a*c^4*d^5*e + (c^5*d^6 + a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x)$

3.665.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

output Timed out

3.665.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2f^3}{\sqrt{cdx+aecd}} + \frac{6(cdx+2ae)f^2g}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}} + \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2-4acdex-8a^2e^2)fg^2}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}} + \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3-2ac^2d^2ex^2+8a^2cde^2x+16a^3e^3)g^3}{5\sqrt{cdx+aec^4d^4}}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -2*f^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c*d) + 6*(c*d*x + 2*a*e)*f^2*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)
)*c^2*d^2) + 2*(c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x - 8*a^2*e^2)*f*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x +
a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 2/5*(c^3*d^3*x^3 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*x +
16*a^3*e^3)*g^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)
```

3.665.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 513 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3e^2f^3-3ac^2d^2e^3f^2g+3a^2cde^4fg^2-a^3e^5g^3)}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^4d^4|e|}} + \frac{2(5c^3d^3e^3f^3+15c^3d^4e^2f^2g-30ac^2d^2e^4f^2g-5c^3d^5efg^2-20ac^2d^3e^3fg^2+40a^2cde^5fg^2+c^3d^6g^3+2a^3e^6g^3)}{5\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^4d^4|e|}} + \frac{2(15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^18d^18e^24}f^2g-30\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3ac^17d^17e^25}fg^2+15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^4d^4|e|}g^3)}{5\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^4d^4|e|}}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2*(c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2 - a^3*e^5*g^3)/(\text{sqrt}((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^4*\text{abs}(e)) + 2/5*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3 + 15*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g - 30*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 5*c^3*d^5*e*f*g^2 - 20*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 + 40*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + c^3*d^6*g^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^3 + 8*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - 16*a^3*e^6*g^3)/(\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^4*e*\text{abs}(e)) + 2/5*(15*\text{sqrt}((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^18*d^18*e^24*f^2*g - 30*\text{sqrt}((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^17*d^17*e^25*f*g^2 + 15*\text{sqrt}((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^16*d^16*e^26*g^3 + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^17*d^17*e^22*f*g^2 - 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^16*d^16*e^23*g^3 + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^16*d^16*e^20*g^3)/(c^20*d^20*e^24*\text{abs}(e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.665.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(32a^3e^3g^3-80a^2cde^2fg^2+60c^5d^5e)}{5c^5d^5e} \right)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*(((d + e*x)^(1/2))*(32*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 10*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 60*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 80*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(5*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*g^3*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(5*c^2*d^2*e) - (2*g^2*x^2*(2*a*e*g - 5*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(5*c^3*d^3*e) + (2*g*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 20*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(5*c^4*d^4*e))/(a/c + x^2 + (x*(5*c^5*d^6 + 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^2))/(5*c^5*d^5*e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.666
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.666.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{8g(2ae^2g-cd(3ef-dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^3d^3e\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{8g^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2e}$$

output `-2*(g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*g*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8/3*g^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e`

3.666.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-8a^2e^2g^2-4acdeg(-3f+gx)+c^2d^2(-3f^2+6fgx+3g^2x^2))}{3c^3d^3\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x)^2)/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

3.666.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(2\sqrt{d+ex}*(-8a^2e^2g^2 - 4acde*gg*(-3f+gx) + c^2d^2*(-3f^2 + 6f*gx + g^2x^2)))/(3c^3d^3\sqrt{(ae+cdx)*(d+ex)})$

3.666.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1251, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{4g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{4g\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cde}\right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{4g\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}\left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f\right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cde}\right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d+ex)^{(3/2)}*(f+gx)^2]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(-2\sqrt{d+ex}*(f+gx)^2)/(c*d*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}) + (4*g*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}))/((3*c*d*\sqrt{d+ex}) + (2*g*\sqrt{d+ex})*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}))/((3*c*d*e))/(c*d)$

3.666. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.666.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1251 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

3.666.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-g^2x^2c^2d^2+4acde g^2x-6c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-12acdefg+3c^2d^2f^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)c^3d^3}$	108
gosper	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-g^2x^2c^2d^2+4acde g^2x-6c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-12acdefg+3c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c^3d^3(cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	116

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+4*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-6*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-12*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/c^3/d^3
```

3.666.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.666.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2g^2x^2 - 3c^2d^2f^2 + 12acdefg - 8a^2e^2g^2 + 2(3c^2d^2fg - 2ac^2d^2f^2 - 2ac^2d^2g^2))\sqrt{c^4d^4ex^2 + ac^3d^4e + (c^4d^5 + ac^3d^4e + c^4d^5)}}{3(c^4d^4ex^2 + ac^3d^4e + (c^4d^5 + ac^3d^4e + c^4d^5))}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 3*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 12*a*c*d*e*f*g - 8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*
(3*c^2*d^2*f*g - 2*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x^2 + a*c^3*d^4*e + (c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2
)*x)
```

3.666.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**
(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x
)
```

3.666.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2f^2}{\sqrt{cdx+aecd}} + \frac{4(cdx+2ae)fg}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}} + \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2-4acdex-8a^2e^2)g^2}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*f^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c*d) + 4*(c*d*x + 2*a*e)*f*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 2/3*(c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*x - 8*a^2*e^2)*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3)`

3.666.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(c^2d^2e^2f^2-2acde^3fg+a^2e^4g^2)}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^3d^3|e|}} + \frac{2(3c^2d^2e^2f^2+6c^2d^3efg-12acde^3fg-c^2d^4g^2-4acd^2e^2g^2+8a^2e^4g^2)}{3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^3d^3|e|}} + \frac{2\left(6\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^7d^7e^8fg}-6\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3ac^6d^6e^9g^2}+((ex+d)cde-cd^2e\right)}{3c^9d^9e^8|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^3*f*g + a^2*e^4*g^2)/(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*abs(e)) + 2/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 + 6*c^2*d^3*e*f*g - 12*a*c*d*e^3*f*g - c^2*d^4*g^2 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 8*a^2*e^4*g^2)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*abs(e)) + 2/3*(6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^7*d^7*e^8*f*g - 6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^6*d^6*e^9*g^2 + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^6*d^6*e^6*g^2)/(c^9*d^9*e^8*abs(e))`

3.666.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16a^2e^2g^2-24acdefg+6c^2d^2f^2)}{3c^4d^4e} - \frac{2g^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2d^2e} + \frac{4gx(2aeg-3cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^3d^3e} \right)}{\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(3c^4d^5+3ac^3d^3e^2)}{3c^4d^4e}}$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 6*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 24*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(3*c^4*d^4*e) - (2*g^2*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e) + (4*g*x*(2*a*e*g - 3*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^3*d^3*e)))/(a/c + x^2 + (x*(3*c^4*d^5 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^2))/(3*c^4*d^4*e))
```

3.667
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.667.1 Optimal result 4959
 3.667.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4959
 3.667.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4960
 3.667.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4961
 3.667.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 4962
 3.667.6 Sympy [F] 4962
 3.667.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 4962
 3.667.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 4963
 3.667.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 4963

3.667.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$-\frac{2(2ae^2g-cd(ef+dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `-2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(d*g+e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.667.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(2aeg+cd(-f+gx))}{c^2d^2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x))/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

3.667.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(2*a*e*g + c*d*(-f + g*x)))/(c^2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])$

3.667.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1218, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1218

$$-\frac{(2ae^2g - cd(dg + ef)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}(2ae^2g - cd(dg + ef))}{c^2d^2\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}{cd(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]$

output $(-2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*(2*a*e^2*g - c*d*(e*f + d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.667.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^(m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.667.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdgx+2aeg-cdf)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)c^2d^2}$	58
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cdgx+2aeg-cdf)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2d^2(cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	66

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method =_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g-c*d*f)/(c*d*x+a*e)/c^2/d^2`

3.667.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cdgx-cdf+2aeg)\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^3d^3ex^2+ac^2d^3e+(c^3d^4+ac^2d^2e^2)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*g*x - c*d*f + 2*a*e*g)*
sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x^2 + a*c^2*d^3*e + (c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x)`

3.667.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/
2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

3.667.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2f}{\sqrt{cdx+aecd}} + \frac{2(cdx+2ae)g}{\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*f/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c*d) + 2*(c*d*x + 2*a*e)*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*
d^2)`

3.667. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.667.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{c^2d^2|e|} - \frac{2(cde^2f-ae^3g)}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3c^2d^2|e|}} + \frac{2(cde^2f+cd^2eg-2ae^3g)}{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^2d^2|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(c^2*d^2*abs(e)) - 2*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g)/(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*abs(e)) + 2*(c*d*e^2*f + c*d^2*e*g - 2*a*e^3*g)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*abs(e))`

3.667.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{(4aeg-2cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3d^3e} + \frac{2gx\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^2d^2e}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ad}}{\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(c^3d^4 + ac^2d^2e^2)}{c^3d^3e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(((((4*a*e*g - 2*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^3*d^3*e) + (2*g*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)))/(c^2*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(a/c + x^2 + (x*(c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(c^3*d^3*e))`

3.668
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.668.1 Optimal result	4964
3.668.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4964
3.668.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4965
3.668.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4965
3.668.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4966
3.668.6 Sympy [F]	4966
3.668.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4966
3.668.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4967
3.668.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4967

3.668.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output `-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.668.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.668.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[d + e*x])/(c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.668.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.668.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	42
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cd(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-2/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)}/c/d$

3.668.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2 d^2 ex^2+acd^2 e+(c^2 d^3+acde^2)x}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2+a*c*d^2*e+(c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*x)$

3.668.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d+e*x)**(3/2)/((d+e*x)*(a*e+c*d*x))**(3/2),x)`

3.668.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{cdx+ae cd}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-2/(\text{sqrt}(c*d*x+a*e)*c*d)$

3.668. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.668.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^2}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3cd|e|}} + \frac{2e^2}{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3cd|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^2/(sqrt((e*x+d)*c*d*e-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*c*d*abs(e))+2*e^2/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*c*d*abs(e))`

3.668.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{c^2 d^2 e \left(\frac{a}{c} + x^2 + \frac{x(c^2 d^3 + a c d e^2)}{c^2 d^2 e} \right)}$$

input `int((d+e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `-(2*(d+e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*d^2*e*(a/c+x^2+(x*(c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2))/(c^2*d^2*e)))`

3.669
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.669.1 Optimal result 4968
 3.669.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 4968
 3.669.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 4969
 3.669.4 Maple [A] (verified) 4970
 3.669.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 4971
 3.669.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 4971
 3.669.7 Maxima [F] 4972
 3.669.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 4972
 3.669.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 4973

3.669.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{g} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))*g^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.669.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{cdf-aeg} + \sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

3.669.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g] + \text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])$

3.669.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1252, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1252$$

$$-\frac{g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1255$$

$$-\frac{2e^2g \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}e^2} d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{g} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]$

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])]/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))$

3.669. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.669.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*(m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.669.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(g \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}} \right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} - \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$	118

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2))/(a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*((c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)`

3.669.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.669.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{-\frac{g}{cdf-ae g}} \log\left(-\frac{cde g x^2}{acd^2 e f}\right)}{acd^2 e f} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*log(-(
c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*
e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)) - (c*d*e*f
- (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*
x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c*d^2*e*f - a^2*d*e^2*g
+ (c^2*d^2*e*f - a*c*d*e^2*g)*x^2 + ((c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f - (a*c*d^2*e
+ a^2*e^3)*g)*x), -2*((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d
*f - a*e*g))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f -
a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d
^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x +
d))/(a*c*d^2*e*f - a^2*d*e^2*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f - a*c*d*e^2*g)*x^2 + ((c^2*
d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f - (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g)*x)]`

3.669.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/
2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.669.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(
g*x + f)), x)`

3.669.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-2e^2 \left(\frac{g \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} \right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}(cdf|e|-ae^2|e|)e} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3(cdf|e|-ae^2|e|)}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}eg \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} \right) + \sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}e^2 \right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}cdf|e| - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}ae^2|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^2*(g*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g -
a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*(c*d*f*abs(e) - a*e*g*abs(e))*e) +
1/(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(c*d*f*abs(e) - a*e*g*abs(e))))
+ 2*(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d
*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^2)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*f*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*
g - a*e*g^2)*a*e*g*abs(e))`

3.669. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.669.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.670 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.670.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-ae^2)(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} - \frac{3g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cdf-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{g}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{(cdf-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-3*c*d*\arctan(g^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^{(1/2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}}*g^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^{(5/2)}-2*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}-3*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}$$

3.670.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}(ae^2+cd(2f+3gx))+3cd\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(f+gx)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}}\right)\right)}{(cdf-ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)}$$

$$3.670. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(a*e*g + c*d*(2*f + 3*g*x)) + 3*c*d*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(f + g*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]]))/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x))`

3.670.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1252, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1252 \\
 & \frac{3g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-ae g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae g)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{3g \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{cdf-ae g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1255 \\
 & \frac{3g \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae g)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-ae g} + \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{cdf-ae g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{cdf-ae g}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \frac{cdf-ae g}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae g)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.670. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 218 \\
 3g \left(\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{cdf - aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 \hline
 (f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output (-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (3*g*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)
```

3.670.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1252 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]
```

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.670.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(3\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) cdg^2x+3\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) cdfg-3\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} cdgx-\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)^2(gx+f)\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)^2(gx+f)\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=
_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(g
*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g^2*x+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*
arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f*g-3*((a*e*g-c*d
*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g-2*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/
2)*c*d*f)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.670.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.670.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 512 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1067, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(c^2d^2egx^3 + acd^2ef + (c^2d^2ef + (c^2d^3 + acde^2)g)x^2}{2(ac^2d^3ef^3 - 2a^2cd^2e^2f^2g + a^3de^3fg^2 + (c^3d^3ef^2g -$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3 + a*c*d^2*e*f + (c^2*d^2*e*f + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e
^2)*g)*x^2 + (a*c*d^2*e*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a
*e*g))*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e
+ (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)
) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) -
2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*g*x + 2*c*d*f + a*e*g
)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^3*e*f^3 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + a^3*d*e^3*f*g^
2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*c*d*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + (c^3
*d^3*e*f^3 + (c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g - (2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^
3)*f*g^2 + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^3)*x^2 + (a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^4
+ a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3 - (a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g - (a^2*c*d^2*e^
2 - a^3*e^4)*f*g^2)*x), -(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3 + a*c*d^2*e*f + (c^2*d^2*e*f
+ (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g)*x^2 + (a*c*d^2*e*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*f)*x
)*sqrt(g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a
*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)*(3*c*d*g*x + 2*c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^2*d^3*e*f^3 - 2*a^2*c
*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + a^3*d*e^3*f*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^
2 + a^2*c*d*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + (c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2*
g - (2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^3...
```

3.670.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.670.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.670.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 753 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 753, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$- \left(\frac{3cdg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{(c^2d^2ef^2|e| - 2acde^2fg|e| + a^2e^3g^2|e|)\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}} + \frac{2c}{(c^2d^2ef^2|e| - 2acde^2fg|e| + a^2e^3g^2|e|)\left(\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}\right)} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cde^2fg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right) - 3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}}{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^2ef^3|e| - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^3f^2g|e| - 2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^2ef^2g|e|}$$

3.670. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(3*c*d*g*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)))/((c^2*d^2*e*f^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(e) + a^2*e^3*g^2*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 2*a*c*d*e^3*g + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)/((c^2*d^2*e*f^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(e) + a^2*e^3*g^2*abs(e))*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e^2*f - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*g))*e^3 + (3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e^2*f*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e^3*f - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*e^2*g + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^4*g)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*f^2*g*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*abs(e) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^3*f*g^2*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*d*e^2*g^3*abs(e))`

3.670.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.670. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.671
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.671.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$-\frac{5g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{2(cdf-aeg)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} - \frac{15cdg\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{4(cdf-aeg)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$-\frac{15c^2 d^2 \sqrt{g} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

```
output -15/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e
*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))*g^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2
)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-5/2*g*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)-15/4*c*d*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/
(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.671.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.671.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{cdf-aeg} (-2a^2e^2g^2+acdeg(9f+5gx)+c^2d^2(8f^2+25fgx+15g^2x^2)) + 15c^2d^2\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \right)}{4(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(-2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*c*d*e*g*(9*f + 5*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(8*f^2 + 25*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)) + 15*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(f + g*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^2)`

3.671.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1252, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{5g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} (cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1254

3.671. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5g \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \sqrt{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{5g \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \sqrt{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1255 \\
 & \frac{5g \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}} \sqrt{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218
 \end{aligned}$$

3.671. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$5g \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf - aeg)}}{\sqrt{g}(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}} \right)}{4(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \right) - \frac{cdf - aeg}{2\sqrt{d + ex}} \frac{1}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*sqrt(d + e*x))/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (5*g*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x]))])/(sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)`

3.671.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

3.671. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.671.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} c^2 d^2 g^3 x^2 + 30 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} c^2 d^2 f g^2 x - 15 \sqrt{aeg-cdf} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,method=
_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(
1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^3*x^2+30*arctanh
(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*
g^2*x-15*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(
1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2*g-5*((a*e*g-c
*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-25*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+2*((
a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2-9*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-8*
((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^2
/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

$$3.671. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.671.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 910 vs. $2(244) = 488$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1863, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/8*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x^4 + a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2 + (2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g + (c^3*d^
^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*g^2)*x^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2 + a*c^2*d^3*e*g^2 + 2*(c^3*d
^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f*g)*x^2 + (2*a*c^2*d^3*e*f*g + (c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e
^2)*f^2)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e
*g + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*
x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*
x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(15*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 9*a*
c*d*e*f*g - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 5*(5*c^2*d^2*f*g + a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*
x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*c^3*d^4*e*f^5 - 3*a^2*c
^2*d^3*e^2*f^4*g + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^2 - a^4*d*e^4*f^2*g^3 + (c^4*d^4*
e*f^3*g^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^4 - a^3*c*d*e^
4*g^5)*x^4 + (2*c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g + (c^4*d^5 - 5*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - 3*
(a*c^3*d^4*e - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2*g^3 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4
)*f*g^4 - (a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*g^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^5 - a^4*d*e^4*
g^5 + (2*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g - (5*a*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
^3)*f^3*g^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^3 + (a^3*c*d^2*e^3
- 2*a^4*e^5)*f*g^4)*x^2 - (2*a^4*d*e^4*f*g^4 - (c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*
f^5 + (a*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^4*g + 3*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^3*c
*d*e^4)*f^3*g^2 - (5*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5)*f^2*g^3)*x), -1/4*(15*(c^3*d
^3*e*g^2*x^4 + a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2 + (2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g + (c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^...
```

3.671.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.671.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.671.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1390 vs. $2(244) = 488$.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1390, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(15*c^2*d^2*g*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) + 8*c^2*d^2/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)) + (9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g - 9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2 + 7*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2)/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)^2)*e^4 + 1/4*(15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 30*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 8*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2 - 25*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g + 9*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^5*f*g + 15*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^2 - 5*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^6*g^2)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^5*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^4*e*f^4*g*abs(e)...
```

3.671.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.672 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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3.672.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$-\frac{16g^2(2ae^2g-cd(3ef-dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^4d^4e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{16g^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^3d^3e}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-4
*g*(g*x+f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
-16/3*g^2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+16/3*g^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x
+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e
```

3.672.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(-16a^3e^3g^3+24a^2cde^2g^2(f-gx)-6ac^2d^2eg(f^2-6cd^2+ae^2)x+c^3d^3(-f^3-9f^2gx+9f^2g^2x^2+g^3x^3))}{3c^4d^4((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(f - g*x) - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(f^2 - 6*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-f^3 - 9*f^2*g*x + 9*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)))/(3*c^4*d^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.672.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1251, 1251, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{2g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{2g \left(\frac{4g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1221

3.672. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2g \left(\frac{4g \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & 2g \left(\frac{4g \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cde} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{3cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*g*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2)/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (4*g*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(c*d)))/(c*d)`

3.672.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1251 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

3.672.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-g^3x^3c^3d^3+6ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-9c^3d^3fg^2x^2+24a^2cde^2g^3x-36ac^2d^2efg^2x+9c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-24a^2cde^2f^2+6a^3e^3g^3)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2c^4d^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-g^3x^3c^3d^3+6ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-9c^3d^3fg^2x^2+24a^2cde^2g^3x-36ac^2d^2efg^2x+9c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-24a^2cde^2f^2+6a^3e^3g^3)}{3c^4d^4(cdex^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+6*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-9*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+9*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-24*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+c^3*d^3*f^3)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^4/d^4
```

$$3.672. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.672.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3g^3x^3 - c^3d^3f^3 - 6ac^2d^2ef^2g + 24a^2cde^2fg^2 - 16a^3e^3g^3 + 3(c^6d^6ex^3 - \dots)}{3(c^6d^6ex^3 - \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 - c^3*d^3*f^3 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 24*a^2*c*d*e^2*
f*g^2 - 16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*(3*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 - 3*(
3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g - 12*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*
x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^6*d^6*e*x^3 + a^2*c^4*d^
5*e^2 + (c^6*d^7 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^5*d^6*e + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3
)*x)
```

3.672.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**
(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.672.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(3cdx+2ae)f^2g}{(c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}} + \frac{2(3c^2d^2x^2+12acdex+8a^2e^2)fg^2}{(c^4d^4x+ac^3d^3e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3-6ac^2d^2ex^2-24a^2cde^2x-16a^3e^3)g^3}{3(c^5d^5x+ac^4d^4e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}} - \frac{2f^3}{3(c^2d^2x+acde)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

3.672. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx$


```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -2*(3*c*d*x + 2*a*e)*f^2*g/((c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) +
2*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 12*a*c*d*e*x + 8*a^2*e^2)*f*g^2/((c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^
3*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2/3*(c^3*d^3*x^3 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 24*a^2*c*
d*e^2*x - 16*a^3*e^3)*g^3/((c^5*d^5*x + a*c^4*d^4*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) -
2/3*f^3/((c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))
```

3.672.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 524 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(c^3d^3e^3f^3 - 9c^3d^4e^2f^2g + 6ac^2d^2e^4f^2g - 9c^3d^5efg^2 + 36ac^2d^3e^3fg^2 - 24a^2cde^5fg^2 + c^3d^6g^3 + 6ac^2d^5efg^2 + 36a^2c^2d^4e^2fg^2 - 24a^3c^2d^3e^4fg^2 + 16a^4c^3d^2e^5fg^2 + 8a^5c^4d^2e^6fg^2 + 3c^5d^6g^3)}{3(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^5d^6|e|} - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3ac^4d^4e^2|e|})}$$

$$\frac{2(c^3d^3e^4f^3 - 3ac^2d^2e^5f^2g + 3a^2cde^6fg^2 - a^3e^7g^3 + 9((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)c^2d^2e^2f^2g - 18((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}c^4d^4|e|)}{3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}c^4d^4|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{2(9\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^9d^9e^8fg^2} - 9\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^8d^8e^9g^3} + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)c^8d^8e^9g^3)}{3c^{12}d^{12}e^8|e|}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2/3*(c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3 - 9*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 9*c^
3*d^5*e*f*g^2 + 36*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 24*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + c^3*d^6*g^
3 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^3 - 24*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 + 16*a^3*e^6*g^3)/(sqrt(-c*
d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^6*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*abs(e
)) - 2/3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^6*f*g^2 -
a^3*e^7*g^3 + 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g - 18
*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 + 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e
- c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4*g^3)/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)
*c^4*d^4*abs(e)) + 2/3*(9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^9*d^9*
e^8*f*g^2 - 9*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^8*d^8*e^9*g^3 +
((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^8*d^8*e^6*g^3)/(c^12*d^12*e^8*
abs(e))
```

3.672. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.672.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{32a^3e^3g^3}{3} - 16a^2cde^2fg^2 + 4a^2c^2d^2ef^2g + \frac{2c^3d^3f^3}{3} \right)}{c^6d^6e} - \frac{2g^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^3d^3e} + \frac{g^2x^2}{c^2d^2} \right)}{x^3 + \frac{a^2e}{c^2d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2+ae^2)}{c^2d^2} + \frac{x^2(c^6d^7+2ac^5d^5e^2)}{c^6d^6e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*((32*a^3*e^3*g^3)/3 + (2*c^3*d^3*f^3)/3 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 16*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(c^6*d^6*e) - (2*g^3*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^3*d^3*e) + (g^2*x^2*(4*a*e*g - 6*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^4*e) + (2*g*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 12*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(c^5*d^5*e)))/(x^3 + (a^2*e)/(c^2*d) + (a*x*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2) + (x^2*(c^6*d^7 + 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^2))/(c^6*d^6*e))`

3.673
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.673.1 Optimal result	4996
3.673.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	4996
3.673.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	4997
3.673.4 Maple [A] (verified)	4998
3.673.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4999
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3.673.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5001

3.673.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{8g(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} - \frac{8g(2ae^2g-cd(ef+dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3c^3d^3(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-8/3*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*g*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(d*g+e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.673.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(8a^2e^2g^2-4acdeg(f-3gx)-c^2d^2(f^2+6fgx-3g^2))}{3c^3d^3((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

3.673.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*g*(f - 3*g*x) - c^2*d^2*(f^2 + 6*f*g*x - 3*g^2*x^2)))/(3*c^3*d^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)})$

3.673.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1251, 1218, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{4g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1218

$$4g \left(-\frac{(2ae^2g-cd(dg+ef)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2g)}{cd(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$4g \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(2ae^2g-cd(dg+ef))}{c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2g)}{cd(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(f + g*x)^2]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output
$$\frac{-2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{3cd(ad+e+cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} + \frac{4g(-2cdf-ae^2g)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{cd(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ad+e+cd^2+ae^2}x+cdex^2} - \frac{2(2ae^2g-cd(f+dg))\sqrt{ad+e+cd^2+ae^2}x+cdex^2}{c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

3.673.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122
$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d+ex)^m((a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1})}{c(p+1)}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[cd^2-bde+ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+p, 0]$$

rule 1218
$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d+ex)^m((f+g)(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1})}{c(p+1)(2cd-be)}, x] - \text{Simp}[e((m(gcd-be)+e(p+1)(2cf-bg))/(c(p+1)(2cd-be))) \text{Int}[(d+ex)^{m-1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[cd^2-bde+ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 1251
$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d+ex)^m((f+g)(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1})}{c(p+1)}, x] - \text{Simp}[e(gn/(c(p+1))) \text{Int}[(d+ex)^{m-1}(f+g)^{n-1}(a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[cd^2-bde+ae^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m+p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

3.673.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(3g^2x^2c^2d^2+12acde g^2x-6c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-4acdefg-c^2d^2f^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2c^3d^3}$	108
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3g^2x^2c^2d^2+12acde g^2x-6c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-4acdefg-c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{5/2}}{3c^3d^3(cdx^2+ae^2x+c^2dx+ade)^{5/2}}$	116

3.673.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+12*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-6*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-4*a*c*d*e*f*g-c^2*d^2*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^3/d^3
```

3.673.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2g^2x^2 - c^2d^2f^2 - 4acdefg + 8a^2e^2g^2 - 6(c^2d^2fg - 2acde^2g^2))\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{3(c^5d^5ex^3 + a^2c^3d^4e^2 + (c^5d^6 + 2ac^4d^4e^2)x^2 + (2ac^4d^5e + a^2c^3d^3e^3)x)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - c^2*d^2*f^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*f*g + 8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 6*(c^2*d^2*f*g - 2*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x^3 + a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + (c^5*d^6 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x)
```

3.673.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.673.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4(3cdx+2ae)fg}{3(c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}} + \frac{2(3c^2d^2x^2+12acdex+8a^2e^2)g^2}{3(c^4d^4x+ac^3d^3e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}} - \frac{2f^2}{3(c^2d^2x+acde)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/3*(3*c*d*x + 2*a*e)*f*g/((c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) + 2/3*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 12*a*c*d*e*x + 8*a^2*e^2)*g^2/((c^4*d^4*x + a*c^3*d^3*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2/3*f^2/((c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))`

3.673.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2e^3f^2 - 6c^2d^3e^2fg + 4acde^4fg - 3c^2d^4eg^2 + 12acd^2e^3g^2 - 8a^2e^5g^2)}{3(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^4d^5|e|} - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3ac^3d^3e^2|e|})} + \frac{2\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g^2}}{c^3d^3|e|} - \frac{2(c^2d^2e^4f^2 - 2acde^5fg + a^2e^6g^2 + 6((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cde^2fg - 6((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)ae^3)}{3((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^3|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3*(c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 6*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 4*a*c*d*e^4*f*g - 3*c^2*d^4*e \\ & g^2 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^3*g^2 - 8*a^2*e^5*g^2)/(\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3}*c^4*d^5* \\ & \text{abs}(e) - \sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3}*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*\text{abs}(e)) + 2*\sqrt{(e*x + d)*c} \\ & *d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^2/(c^3*d^3*\text{abs}(e)) - 2/3*(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2 - 2*a* \\ & c*d*e^5*f*g + a^2*e^6*g^2 + 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e^2* \\ & f*g - 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^3*g^2)/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - \\ & c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*\text{abs}(e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.673.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)}x+ade \left(\frac{2g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3 e} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-16a^2 e^2 g^2)}{3c} \right)}{x^3 + \frac{a^2 e}{c^2 d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2+ae^2)}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{x^2(3c^5 d^6)}{3}}$$

input
$$\text{int}(((f+g*x)^2*(d+e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((x*(a*e^2+c*d^2)+a*d*e+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*((2*g^2*x^2*(d+e*x)^(1/2) \\ &)/(c^3*d^3*e) - ((d+e*x)^(1/2)*(2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 16*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 8*a*c*d \\ & *e*f*g))/(3*c^5*d^5*e) + (4*g*x*(2*a*e*g - c*d*f)*(d+e*x)^(1/2))/(c^4*d^ \\ & 4*e)))/(x^3 + (a^2*e)/(c^2*d) + (a*x*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2) + (x^2*(\\ & 3*c^5*d^6 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^2))/(3*c^5*d^5*e)) \end{aligned}$$

3.674
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.674.1 Optimal result 5002
 3.674.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5002
 3.674.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5003
 3.674.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5004
 3.674.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5005
 3.674.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 5005
 3.674.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 5005
 3.674.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 5006
 3.674.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5006

3.674.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3cd(cd^2-ae^2)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{2(2ae^2g+cd(ef-3dg))\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output `-2/3*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/c/d/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+2/3*(2*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-3*d*g+e*f))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.674.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(2aeg+cd(f+3gx))}{3c^2d^2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d+e*x)^(5/2)*(f+g*x))/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

3.674.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $(-2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(2*a*e*g + c*d*(f + 3*g*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)})$

3.674.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1218, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1218

$$-\frac{(2ae^2g+cd(ef-3dg)) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{\frac{3cd(cd^2-ae^2)}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2g+cd(ef-3dg))}{3c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}{3cd(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2g+cd(ef-3dg))}{3c^2d^2(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}{3cd(cd^2-ae^2)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(f + g*x)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(3*c*d*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*(2*a*e^2*g + c*d*(e*f - 3*d*g))*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(3*c^2*d^2*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])$

3.674.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1218 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f)*(d + e*x)^(m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))), x] - Simp[e*((m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*(p + 1)*(2*c*d - b*e))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.674.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)(3cdgx+2aeg+cdf)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2c^2d^2}$	58
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3cdgx+2aeg+cdf)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3c^2d^2(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	66

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)*(3*c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g+c*d*f)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^2/d^2}$$

3.674.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(3cdgx+cdf+2aeg)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^4d^4ex^3+a^2c^2d^3e^2+(c^4d^5+2ac^3d^3e^2)x^2+(2ac^3d^4e+a^2c^2d^2e^3)x)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + 2*a*
e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x^3 + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d
^3*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x)
```

3.674.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/
2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.674.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(3cdx+2ae)g}{3(c^3d^3x+ac^2d^2e)\sqrt{cdx+ae}} - \frac{2f}{3(c^2d^2x+acde)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

3.674. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*(3*c*d*x + 2*a*e)*g/((c^3*d^3*x + a*c^2*d^2*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)) - 2
/3*f/((c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))`

3.674.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(cde^3 f - 3cd^2 e^2 g + 2ae^4 g)}{3(\sqrt{-cd^2 e + ae^3 c^3 d^4 |e|} - \sqrt{-cd^2 e + ae^3 ac^2 d^2 e^2 |e|})}$$

$$-\frac{2(cde^4 f - ae^5 g + 3((ex+d)cde - cd^2 e + ae^3)e^2 g)}{3((ex+d)cde - cd^2 e + ae^3)^{3/2} c^2 d^2 |e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(c*d*e^3*f - 3*c*d^2*e^2*g + 2*a*e^4*g)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d
^4*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*abs(e)) - 2/3*(c*d*e^4*f
- a*e^5*g + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e^2*g)/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e
- c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*abs(e))`

3.674.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\left(\frac{4ae^3g}{3} + \frac{2cdf}{3}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^4 d^4 e} + \frac{2gx\sqrt{d+ex}}{c^3 d^3 e}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3 + \frac{a^2 e}{c^2 d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2 + ae^2)}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{x^2(c^4 d^5 + 2ac^3 d^3 e^2)}{c^4 d^4 e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5
/2),x)`

3.674. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output $-\left(\frac{((4ae^2g)/3 + (2cdf)/3)(d + ex)^{1/2}}{c^4d^4e} + \frac{2gx(d + ex)^{1/2}}{c^3d^3e}\right) \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad^2e + cde^2x)^{1/2}}{(x^3 + (a^2e)/(c^2d) + (ax(ae^2 + 2cd^2))/(c^2d^2) + (x^2(c^4d^5 + 2ac^3d^3e^2))/(c^4d^4e))}$

3.675
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.675.1 Optimal result	5008
3.675.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5008
3.675.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5009
3.675.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5009
3.675.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5010
3.675.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5010
3.675.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5011
3.675.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5011
3.675.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5012

3.675.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)`

3.675.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.675.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)`

3.675.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.675.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)^2cd}$	42
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3cd(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	50

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.675. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output $-2/3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c/d}$

3.675.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^3d^3ex^3+a^2cd^2e^2+(c^3d^4+2ac^2d^2e^2)x^2+(2ac^2d^3e+a^2cde^3)x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-2/3*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + (c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)$

3.675.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.675.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3(c^2 d^2 x + acde)\sqrt{cdx+ae}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3/((c^2*d^2*x + a*c*d*e)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e))`

3.675.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e^3}{3(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3c^2d^3|e|}-\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3acde^2|e|})}$$

$$-\frac{2e^4}{3((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)^{3/2}cd|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*e^3/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^3*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d*e^2*abs(e)) - 2/3*e^4/(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d*abs(e))`

3.675.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cd^2x+cde x^2+ade+ae^2x}}{3(a^2cd^2e^2+a^2cde^3x+2ac^2d^3ex+2ac^2d^2e^2x^2+c^3d^4x^2+c^3d^3ex^3)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `-(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a*d*e + a*e^2*x + c*d^2*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(3*(c^3*d^4*x^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e*x + a^2*c*d*e^3*x + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2))`

3.676
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.676.1 Optimal result 5013
 3.676.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5013
 3.676.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5014
 3.676.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5016
 3.676.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) 5016
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 3.676.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5019

3.676.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} + \frac{2g^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+
2*g^(3/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c
*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)+2*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+
c*d*f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.676.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(\sqrt{cdf-aeg}(4aeg-cd(f-3gx))+3g^{3/2})}{3(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}((ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2})}$$

3.676.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(4*a*e*g - c*d*(f - 3*g*x)) + 3*g^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.676.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1252, 1252, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1252$$

$$\frac{g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1252$$

$$g \left(-\frac{g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)$$

$$\frac{cdf - aeg}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1255$$

$$g \left(-\frac{2e^2 g \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d+ex}} e^2 d \sqrt{\frac{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}{d+ex}}}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)$$

$$\frac{cdf - aeg}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

3.676. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & g \left(\frac{2\sqrt{g} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 & \frac{cdf - aeg}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}{
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

```
output (-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (g*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[g]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)
```

3.676.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1252 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.676. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.676.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3\sqrt{cdx+ae} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) cdg^2x + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) aeg^2\sqrt{cdx+ae} - 3\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} cdgx \right)}{3\sqrt{ex+d} (cdx+ae)^2 (aeg-cdf)^2 \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)
)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g^2*x+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((
a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*e*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-3*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
)*c*d*g*x-4*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g+((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*f)/((
e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))
```

3.676.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 486 vs. 2(166) = 332.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(c^2d^2egx^3 + a^2de^2g + (c^2d^3 + 2acde^2)gx^2 + (2c^2d^2efx^2 + a^2de^2f)gx + (c^2d^3e^2 + a^2de^2f))}{3(a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2 - 2a^3cd^2e^3fg + a^4de^4g^2 + (c^4d^4ef^2 - 2c^3d^3efg + a^4de^4g^2))} \right]$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/3*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g + (c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*g*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*g*x - c*d*f + 4*a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f*g + a^4*d*e^4*g^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(a*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g + (a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*g^2)*x^2 + ((2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2 - 2*(2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*f*g + (2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*g^2)*x), 2/3*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g + (c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*g*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*arctan(-sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(3*c*d*g*x - c*d*f + 4*a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f*g + a^4*d*e^4*g^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(a*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g + (a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*g^2)*x^2 + ((2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2 - 2*(2*a^2*c^2*d^3...]`

3.676.6 Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.676. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.676.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(
g*x + f)), x)`

3.676.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs. $2(166) = 332$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} e^3 \left(\frac{3g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right)}{(c^2d^2ef^2|e| - 2acde^2fg|e| + a^2e^3g^2|e|)\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cd^2eg^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) - 3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}\right)}{3\left(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}c^3d^4f^2|e| - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}ac^2d^2e^2f^2|e| - 2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{3}e^3(3g^2\arctan(\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2})/((c^2d^2ef^2\text{abs}(e)-2ac^2d^2efg\text{abs}(e)+a^2e^3g^2\text{abs}(e))\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2})-(cd^2e^2f-ae^3g-3((ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3)g)/((c^2d^2ef^2\text{abs}(e)-2ac^2d^2efg\text{abs}(e)+a^2e^3g^2\text{abs}(e))*((ex+d)cd^2e-cd^2e+ae^3)^{3/2}))$
 $- \frac{2}{3}(3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})cd^2e^2g^2\arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2})-3\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}ae^3g^2\arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})g/\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2})+\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}cd^3f+3\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}cd^2e^2g-4\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ae^4g)/(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}c^3d^4f^2\text{abs}(e)-\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ac^2d^2e^2f^2\text{abs}(e)-2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}ac^2d^3efg\text{abs}(e)+2\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^2cd^3efg\text{abs}(e)+\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^2cd^2e^2g^2\text{abs}(e)-\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3})\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2g^2}a^3e^4g^2\text{abs}(e))$

3.676.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)(cde^2x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

$$3.677 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.677.1 Optimal result	5020
3.677.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5021
3.677.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5021
3.677.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5024
3.677.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5024
3.677.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5025
3.677.7 Maxima [F]	5026
3.677.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5026
3.677.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5027

3.677.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{10g\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cdf-aeg)^2(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{5g^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{5cdg^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+5*c*d*g^(3/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)+10/3*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.677.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} \left(\sqrt{cdf - aeg} (3a^2e^2g^2 + 2acdeg(7f + 10gx) \right)}{3(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(7*f + 10*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-2*f^2 + 10*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)) + 15*c*d*g^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(f + g*x))`

3.677.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1252, 1252, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{5g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cdf - aeg)} - \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3(f + gx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{5g \left(-\frac{3g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{3(cdf - aeg) 2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{3(f + gx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}{3(cdf - aeg) 2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

3.677. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 1254

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1255

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 218

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

3.677. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (5*g*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])) - (3*g*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.677.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.677.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) \sqrt{cdx+ae} c^2 d^2 g^3 x^2 + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) acde g^3 x \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^3*x^2+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g^2*x+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-15*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-20*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-10*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-3*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2-14*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g+2*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.677.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 932 vs. 2(240) = 480.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1907, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/6*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + (c^3*d^3*e*f*g + (c^3*d
^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f*g + (2*a*c
^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*g^2)*x^2 + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^2 + (2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a
^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f +
2*a*d*e*g - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)
*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*
x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(15*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*f^
2 + 14*a*c*d*e*f*g + 3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 10*(c^2*d^2*f*g + 2*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*s
qrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2
*f^4 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^3*g + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - a^5*d*e^5*f*g^3
+ (c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 -
a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^4)*x^4 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^4 + (c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^3*
g - 3*(a*c^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^2*g^2 + (3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^3
*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f*g^3 - (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^4*c*d*e^5)*g^4)*x^3 + ((c^5*d
^6 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^4 - (a*c^4*d^5*e + 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^3*g - 3*(a
^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*e
^5)*f*g^3 - (2*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*g^4)*x^2 - (a^5*d*e^5*g^4 - (2*a*c
^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^4 + (5*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*
f^3*g - 3*(a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*e^5)*f^2*g^2 - (a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - a^5*e
^6)*f*g^3)*x), 1/3*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + (c^3*d^...

```

3.677.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.677. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.677.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2} (gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(
g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.677.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1404 vs. $2(240) = 480$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1404, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/3*(3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g^2/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)) + 15*c*d*g^2*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g - 6*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)/((c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^5*g^3*abs(e))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2))) *e^4 - 1/3*(15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^3*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*e*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^3*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 10*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g - 14*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^5*f*g - 15*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^2 + 20*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^2 - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^6*g^2)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^5*e*f^4*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f...
```

3.677.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)
```

```
output int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)
```

3.678
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.678.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{14g\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cdf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{35g^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{6(cdf-aeg)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{35cdg^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4(cdf-aeg)^4 \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$+ \frac{35c^2 d^2 g^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4(cdf-aeg)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+35/4*c^2*d^2*g^(3/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(9/2)+14/3*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+35/6*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+35/4*c*d*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.678.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.678.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{-6a^3 e^3 g^3 + 3a^2 c d e^2 g^2 (13f+7gx) + 2ac^2 d^2 e g (40f^2 + 119fgx + 70g^2 x^2) + c^3 d^3 (-8f^3 + 56f^2 g x + 175f g^2 x^2 + 105g^3 x^3)}{c^2 d^2 (cdf - aeg)^4} \right)}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(c^2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((-6*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(13*f + 7*g*x) + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(40*f^2 + 119*f*g*x + 70*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-8*f^3 + 56*f^2*g*x + 175*f*g^2*x^2 + 105*g^3*x^3))/(c^2*d^2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*(a*e + c*d*x)*(f + g*x)^2) + (105*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]]/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(9/2)))/(12*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.678.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1252, 1252, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$\frac{7g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cdf - aeg)} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1252

3.678. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 7g \left(\frac{5g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-ae g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}{\phantom{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & 7g \left(\frac{5g \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{cdf-ae g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}{\phantom{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & 7g \left(\frac{5g \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{cdf-ae g} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}{\phantom{3(f + gx)^2 (x (ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1255
 \end{aligned}$$

3.678. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 5g \\ 7g \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)}} \right) \\ 4(cdf-aeg) \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 218

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} 5g \\ 7g \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} 3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)}} \right) \\ 4(cdf-aeg) \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

3.678. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (7*g*((-2*sqrt[d + e*x]))/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (5*g*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.678.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.678.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 659 vs. 2(304) = 608.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 660, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(105 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 g^4 x^3 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 105 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e g^4 x^2 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 210 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e g^4 x^2 \sqrt{cdx+ae} + 210 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e g^4 x^2 \sqrt{cdx+ae} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/12*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(105*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^4*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)+105*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)+210*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)+210*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)+105*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-105*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-105*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)-140*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-175*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-21*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-238*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-56*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+6*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*e^3*g^3-39*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-80*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+8*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^4/(g*x+f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

$$3.678. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.678.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1446 vs. $2(304) = 608$.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2935, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/24*(105*(c^4*d^4*e*g^3*x^5 + a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g + (2*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2
+ (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*g^3)*x^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g + 2*(c^4*d^5 +
2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f*g^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*g^3)*x^3 + (a^2
*c^2*d^3*e^2*g^3 + (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^2*g + 2*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e +
a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g^2)*x^2 + (2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e +
a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g))*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*
d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f -
a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(-g/(c*d*f - a*e*g)) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e
^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(105*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 - 8*c^
3*d^3*f^3 + 80*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 39*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 - 6*a^3*e^3*g^3 +
35*(5*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 + 7*(8*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 34*a*c
^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a
*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2*f^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^5*g + 6
*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4*f^4*g^2 - 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^5*f^3*g^3 + a^6*d*e^6*f^2*g^4 + (
c^6*d^6*e*f^4*g^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*f^3*g^3 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^4 -
4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4*f*g^5 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5*g^6)*x^5 + (2*c^6*d^6*e*f^5*g +
(c^6*d^7 - 6*a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*f^4*g^2 - 4*(a*c^5*d^6*e - a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3)*f^
3*g^3 + 2*(3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4)*f^2*g^4 - 2*(2*a^3*c^3*d
^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5)*f*g^5 + (a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^5*c*d*e^6)*g^6)
*x^4 + (c^6*d^6*e*f^6 + 2*c^6*d^7*f^5*g - 6*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4*f*g^5 - 3*(...
```

3.678.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.678.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.678.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2347 vs. 2(304) = 608.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2347, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(105*c^2*d^2*g^2*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)))/((c^4*d^4*e^3*f^4*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*g*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d*e^6*f*g^3*abs(e) + a^4*e^7*g^4*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 8*(c^3*d^3*e^2*f - a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g - 9*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*g)/((c^4*d^4*e^3*f^4*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*g*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d*e^6*f*g^3*abs(e) + a^4*e^7*g^4*abs(e))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)) + 3*(13*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 - 13*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^3 + 11*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*g^3)/((c^4*d^4*e^3*f^4*abs(e) - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*g*abs(e) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 4*a^3*c*d*e^6*f*g^3*abs(e) + a^4*e^7*g^4*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)^2)*e^5 - 1/12*(105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 210*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^5*e^2*f*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 210*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*f*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6*e*g^4*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g...`

3.678.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

3.678. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.679
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

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3.679.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{128(cdf-ae^2g)^3(2ae^2g-cd(5ef-3dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3465c^5d^5e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{128g(cdf-ae^2g)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{1155c^4d^4e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{32(cdf-ae^2g)^2(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{231c^3d^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16(cdf-ae^2g)(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{99c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-128/3465*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+5*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^5/d^5/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+32/231*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+16/99*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/11*(g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+128/1155*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.679.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.679.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (128a^4e^4g^4 - 64a^3cde^3g^3(11f + 3gx) + 48a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2(33f^2 + 22fgx + 5g^2x^2) - 8a^2c^3d^3e^3g^3(231f^3 + 297f^2gx + 165f^2g^2x^2 + 35g^3x^3) + c^4d^4(1155f^4 + 2772f^3gx + 2970f^2g^2x^2 + 1540f^2g^3x^3 + 315g^4x^4))}{3465c^5d^5(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

```
output (2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(128*a^4*e^4*g^4 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(11*f + 3*g*x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(33*f^2 + 22*f*g*x + 5*g^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(231*f^3 + 297*f^2*g*x + 165*f*g^2*x^2 + 35*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(1155*f^4 + 2772*f^3*g*x + 2970*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 1540*f*g^3*x^3 + 315*g^4*x^4)))/(3465*c^5*d^5*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

3.679.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{3cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{11cd} + \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{3cd} \right)}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\
 & \frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} \right)}{3cd} \right)}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.679. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{8(cdf-ae^g) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cdf-ae^g) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(cdf-ae^g) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd} \right)}{11cd} \right)}{11cd} \right)}{11cd}$$

```
input Int[((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

```
output (2*(f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (8*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(5*f - (3*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(7*c*d)))/(3*c*d))/(11*c*d)
```

3.679.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

3.679.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
default	$\frac{2(cd x + a e)(315 g^4 x^4 c^4 d^4 - 280 a c^3 d^3 e g^4 x^3 + 1540 c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 + 240 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^4 x^2 - 1320 a c^3 d^3 e f g^3 x^2 + 2970 c^4 d^4 f^2 g^2 x^2 - 192 a^3 c d e^3 g^3 x + 1056 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^3 x - 2376 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f^2 g^2 x + 2772 c^4 d^4 f^3 g x + 128 a^4 e^4 g^4 - 704 a^3 c d e^3 f g^3 + 1584 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g^2 - 1848 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f^3 g + 1155 c^4 d^4 f^4)}{c^5 d^5 (e x + d)^{1/2}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cd x + a e)(315 g^4 x^4 c^4 d^4 - 280 a c^3 d^3 e g^4 x^3 + 1540 c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 + 240 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^4 x^2 - 1320 a c^3 d^3 e f g^3 x^2 + 2970 c^4 d^4 f^2 g^2 x^2 - 192 a^3 c d e^3 g^3 x + 1056 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^3 x - 2376 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f^2 g^2 x + 2772 c^4 d^4 f^3 g x + 128 a^4 e^4 g^4 - 704 a^3 c d e^3 f g^3 + 1584 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g^2 - 1848 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f^3 g + 1155 c^4 d^4 f^4)}{c^5 d^5 (e x + d)^{1/2}}$

input `int((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{2}{3465} * (c*d*x+a*e) * (315*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4 - 280*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3 + 1540*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3 + 240*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2 - 1320*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2 + 2970*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 192*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4*x + 1056*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x - 2376*a^3*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x + 2772*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x + 128*a^4*e^4*g^4 - 704*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3 + 1584*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 1848*a^3*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g + 1155*c^4*d^4*f^4) * ((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2) / c^5/d^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$

3.679.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315 c^5 d^5 g^4 x^5 + 1155 a c^4 d^4 e f^4 - 1848 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 f^3 g + 1584 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 g^2 - 704 a^4 c d e^4 f g^3 + 128 a^5 e^5 g^4 + \dots)}{c^5 d^5 (e x + d)^{1/2}}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.679. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

output $2/3465*(315*c^5*d^5*g^4*x^5 + 1155*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 1848*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 1584*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 704*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^3 + 128*a^5*e^5*g^4 + 35*(44*c^5*d^5*f*g^3 + a*c^4*d^4*e*g^4)*x^4 + 10*(297*c^5*d^5*f^2*g^2 + 22*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^3 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^4)*x^3 + 6*(462*c^5*d^5*f^3*g + 99*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^2 - 44*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^3 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^4)*x^2 + (1155*c^5*d^5*f^4 + 924*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g - 792*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 352*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 - 64*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)$

3.679.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}(f + gx)^4}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**4*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**4/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.679.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} f^4}{3cd} + \frac{8(3c^2d^2x^2 + acdex - 2a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + ae}f^3g}{15c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{4(15c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 - 4a^2cde^2x + 8a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + ae}f^2g^2}{35c^3d^3} \\ &+ \frac{8(35c^4d^4x^4 + 5ac^3d^3ex^3 - 6a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 8a^3cde^3x - 16a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + ae}fg^3}{315c^4d^4} \\ &+ \frac{2(315c^5d^5x^5 + 35ac^4d^4ex^4 - 40a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 48a^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 - 64a^4cde^4x + 128a^5e^5)\sqrt{cdx + ae}g^4}{3465c^5d^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.679. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

```
output 2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*f^4/(c*d) + 8/15*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^
2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^3*g/(c^2*d^2) + 4/35*(15*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*
d^2*e*x^2 - 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 8*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2*g^2/(c^3*d^
3) + 8/315*(35*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 5*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8
*a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 16*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g^3/(c^4*d^4) + 2/3465*(3
15*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 35*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 - 40*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 48*a^3*c^2*
d^2*e^3*x^2 - 64*a^4*c*d*e^4*x + 128*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^4/(c^5*d
^5)
```

3.679.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1107 vs. $2(306) = 612$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1107, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/3465*(1155*f^4*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e^
2 + 198*f^2*g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 1
5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 - 4
4*f*g^3*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c
^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) +
(105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*
d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a
e^3)^(7/2)*a*e^3 - 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))/(c^4*d^4*
e^7))*abs(e)/e^2 + g^4*((315*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^10 - 35*sqrt(-c
d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 40*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 -
48*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 64*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4
*c*d^2*e^8 - 128*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^5*e^10)/(c^5*d^5*e^4) + (1155*((
e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^4*e^12 - 2772*((e*x + d)*c*d*e -
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^3*e^9 + 2970*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
^(7/2)*a^2*e^6 - 1540*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2)*a*e^3 + ...
```

3.679.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{2g^4 x^5}{11} + \frac{256a^5 e^5 g^4 - 1408a^4 cde^4 fg^3 + 3168a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 g^2 - 3696a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 f^3 g + 2310a^4 c^4 d^4 e f^4 - 3696a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 f^3 g - 1408a^4 c^4 d^4 e f^4 + 3168a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 g^2}{3465c^5 d^5} \right)}{(d+ex)^{1/2}}$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output ((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*g^4*x^5)/11 + (256*a^5*e^5*g^4 + 2310*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 3696*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g - 1408*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^3 + 3168*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2)/(3465*c^5*d^5) + (x*(2310*c^5*d^5*f^4 - 128*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^4 + 704*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + 1848*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g - 1584*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2))/(3465*c^5*d^5) + (4*g*x^2*(8*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 462*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 99*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 44*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(1155*c^3*d^3) + (4*g^2*x^3*(297*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 4*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 22*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(693*c^2*d^2) + (2*g^3*x^4*(a*e*g + 44*c*d*f))/(99*c*d))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)
```

3.680
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.680.1 Optimal result 5045
 3.680.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5046
 3.680.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5046
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3.680.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{16(cdf-aeg)^2(2ae^2g-cd(5ef-3dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{315c^4d^4e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16g(cdf-aeg)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{105c^3d^3e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{4(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{21c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-16/315*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+5*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4/21*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/9*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+16/105*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.680.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (-16a^3e^3g^3 + 24a^2cde^2g^2(3f + gx) - 6ac^2d^2eg(21f^2 + 18fgx + 5g^2x^2) + c^3d^3)}{315c^4d^4(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(3*f + g*x) - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(21*f^2 + 18*f*g*x + 5*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(10*5*f^3 + 189*f^2*g*x + 135*f*g^2*x^2 + 35*g^3*x^3)))/(315*c^4*d^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.680.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{3cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{3cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

3.680. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1221 \\
 & 2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \\
 & 2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right)}{15cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} \right) \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 3cd
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(5*f - (3*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(7*c*d)))/(3*c*d)`

3.680.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.680.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(-35g^3 x^3 c^3 d^3+30a c^2 d^2 e g^3 x^2-135c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2-24a^2 cd e^2 g^3 x+108a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x-189c^3 d^3 f^2 g x+16a^3 e^3 g^3-72a^2 cd e^2)}{315c^4 d^4 \sqrt{ex+d}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd x+ae)(-35g^3 x^3 c^3 d^3+30a c^2 d^2 e g^3 x^2-135c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2-24a^2 cd e^2 g^3 x+108a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x-189c^3 d^3 f^2 g x+16a^3 e^3 g^3-72a^2 cd e^2)}{315c^4 d^4 \sqrt{ex+d}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,meth od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.680.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

output
$$-2/315*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-35*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+30*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-135*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+108*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-189*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-72*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+126*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-105*c^3*d^3*f^3)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$$

3.680.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4g^3x^4 + 105ac^3d^3ef^3 - 126a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g + 72a^3cde^3fg^2 - 16a^4e^4g^3 + 5(27c^4d^4fg^2 + ac^3d^3eg^3))}{\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*g^3*x^4 + 105*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 126*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 72*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - 16*a^4*e^4*g^3 + 5*(27*c^4*d^4*f*g^2 + a*c^3*d^3*e*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(63*c^4*d^4*f^2*g + 9*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^3)*x^2 + (105*c^4*d^4*f^3 + 63*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 36*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + 8*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)$$

3.680.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**3/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.680.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(cdx+ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} f^3}{3cd} + \frac{2(3c^2 d^2 x^2 + acdex - 2a^2 e^2) \sqrt{cdx+ae} f^2 g}{5c^2 d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(15c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 e x^2 - 4a^2 c d e^2 x + 8a^3 e^3) \sqrt{cdx+ae} f g^2}{35c^3 d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(35c^4 d^4 x^4 + 5ac^3 d^3 e x^3 - 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 8a^3 c d e^3 x - 16a^4 e^4) \sqrt{cdx+ae} g^3}{315c^4 d^4}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*f^3/(c*d) + 2/5*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2
*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2*g/(c^2*d^2) + 2/35*(15*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d
^2*e*x^2 - 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 8*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g^2/(c^3*d^3)
+ 2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 5*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*a^
3*c*d*e^3*x - 16*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^3/(c^4*d^4)
```

3.680.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{105 f^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cde} \right) |e|}{e^2} + \frac{9 f g^2 \left(\frac{15 \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} c^3 d^6 - 3 \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 4 \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3} c^3 d^3 e^2}{c^3 d^3 e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/315*(105*f^3*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e
^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e^2
+ 9*f*g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3
/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e
x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 - g^3*((3
5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2
- 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*
c*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (105*((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*
a*e^3 - 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))/(c^4*d^4*e^7))*abs(e
)/e^2 - 63*f^2*g*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^
3))*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/e^3)/e
```

3.680.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c d e x^2 + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + a d e} \left(\frac{2 g^3 x^4}{9} - \frac{32 a^4 e^4 g^3 - 144 a^3 c d e^3 f g^2 + 252 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g - 210 a c^3 d^3 e f^3}{315 c^4 d^4} + \frac{x(16 a^3 c d e^3}{\sqrt{d + e x}} \right)}{\sqrt{d + e x}}$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(
(1/2),x)
```

```
output ((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*g^3*x^4)/9 - (32*a^4*e^
4*g^3 - 210*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 252*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g - 144*a^3*c*d*e^3*
f*g^2)/(315*c^4*d^4) + (x*(210*c^4*d^4*f^3 + 16*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3 - 72*a^2*c
^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + 126*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g))/(315*c^4*d^4) + (2*g*x^2*(63*c^
2*d^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 9*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(105*c^2*d^2) + (2*g^2*x^3*(a*
e*g + 27*c*d*f))/(63*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)
```

3.681
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.681.1 Optimal result 5052
 3.681.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5053
 3.681.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5053
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3.681.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8(cdf-ae^2g)(2ae^2g-cd(5ef-3dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{105c^3d^3e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8g(cdf-ae^2g)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{35c^2d^2e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-8/105*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+5*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/7*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d
^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+8/35*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.681.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2((ae + cd)(d + ex))^{3/2} (8a^2e^2g^2 - 4acdeg(7f + 3gx) + c^2d^2(35f^2 + 42fgx + 15g^2x^2))}{105c^3d^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*g*(7*f + 3*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(35*f^2 + 42*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2))/(105*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.681.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1253}$$

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} +$$

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

3.681. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right)}{15cd(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(5*f - (3*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)))/(15*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(7*c*d)`

3.681.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

3.681.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(15g^2x^2c^2d^2-12acde g^2x+42c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-28acdefg+35c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{105c^3d^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	106
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(15g^2x^2c^2d^2-12acde g^2x+42c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-28acdefg+35c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{105c^3d^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	116

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/105*(c*d*x+a*e)*(15*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-12*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+42*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-28*a*c*d*e*f*g+35*c^2*d^2*f^2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.681.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15c^3d^3g^2x^3 + 35ac^2d^2ef^2 - 28a^2cde^2fg + 8a^3e^3g^2 + 3(14c^3d^3fg + ac^2d^2eg^2)x^2 + (35c^3d^3f^2 + 14ac^2d^2ef^2 + 14ac^2d^2efg - 4a^2cde^2g^2)x)\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade} + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}{105(c^3d^3ex + c^3d^4)}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/105*(15*c^3*d^3*g^2*x^3 + 35*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 28*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g + 8*a^3*e^3*g^2 + 3*(14*c^3*d^3*f*g + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^2)*x^2 + (35*c^3*d^3*f^2 + 14*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g - 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x + c^3*d^4)
```

3.681.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}(f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**2/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.681.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}} f^2}{3cd} + \frac{4(3c^2d^2x^2 + acdex - 2a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aefg}}{15c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{2(15c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 - 4a^2cde^2x + 8a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aeg^2}}{105c^3d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*f^2/(c*d) + 4/15*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g/(c^2*d^2) + 2/105*(15*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 - 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + 8*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^2/(c^3*d^3)`

3.681.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 476 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{35 f^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} ae^2 + \frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cde} \right)}{e^2} \right) |e|}{e^2} + \frac{g^2 \left(\frac{15 \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} c^3 d^6 - 3 \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 4 \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} a^3 d^3 e^2}{c^3 d^3 e^2} \right)}{c^3 d^3 e^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(35*f^2*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e^2 + g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 - 14*f*g*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/e^3)/e`

3.681.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2g^2 x^3}{7} + \frac{16a^3 e^3 g^2 - 56a^2 cde^2 fg + 70ac^2 d^2 ef^2}{105c^3 d^3} + \frac{x(-8a^2 cde^2 g^2 + 28ac^2 d^2 efg + 70a^3 e^3 g^2 - 56a^2 cde^2 fg + 70ac^2 d^2 ef^2)}{105c^3 d^3} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.681. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*g^2*x^3)/7 + (16*a^3*e^3*g^2 + 70*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 56*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g)/(105*c^3*d^3) + (x*(70*c^3*d^3*f^2 - 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2 + 28*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g))/(105*c^3*d^3) + (2*g*x^2*(a*e*g + 14*c*d*f))/(35*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}$

3.681. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.682
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.682.1 Optimal result 5059
 3.682.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5059
 3.682.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5060
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 3.682.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5061
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 3.682.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 5062
 3.682.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5063
 3.682.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5063

3.682.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(2ae^2g - cd(5ef - 3dg))(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15c^2d^2e(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `-2/15*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-3*d*g+5*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.682.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}(-2aeg+cd(5f+3gx))}{15c^2d^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(5*f + 3*g*x)))/(15*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.682.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{3dg}{e} + 5f \right)}{15cd(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5cde\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `(2*(5*f - (3*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*c*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.682.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

3.682.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cd+ae)(-3cdgx+2aeg-5cdf)\sqrt{(cd+ae)(ex+d)}}{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	57
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd+ae)(-3cdgx+2aeg-5cdf)\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d}}$	67

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-3*c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g-5*c*d*f)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.682.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3c^2d^2gx^2+5acdef-2a^2e^2g+(5c^2d^2f+acdeg)x)\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}}{15(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

3.682. $\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*g*x^2 + 5*a*c*d*e*f - 2*a^2*e^2*g + (5*c^2*d^2*f + a*c*d*e
*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*
e*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.682.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}(f + gx)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/
2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.682.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}}f}{3cd} + \frac{2(3c^2d^2x^2 + acdex - 2a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aeg}}{15c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)*f/(c*d) + 2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d*e*x - 2*a^2*
e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g/(c^2*d^2)`

3.682.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{5f \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cde} \right) |e|}{e^2} - g \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}c^2d^4 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}acd^2e^2 - 2\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}a^2e^4 + 5}{c^2d^2} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*f*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(
c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e^2 - g*(
(3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)))/(c^2*
d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/e^3)/e`

3.682.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2gx^2}{5} - \frac{4a^2e^2g - 10acdef}{15c^2d^2} + \frac{x(10fc^2d^2 + 2aegcd)}{15c^2d^2} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1
/2),x)`

output `((((2*g*x^2)/5 - (4*a^2*e^2*g - 10*a*c*d*e*f)/(15*c^2*d^2) + (x*(10*c^2*d^2
*f + 2*a*c*d*e*g))/(15*c^2*d^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.682. $\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.683
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.683.1 Optimal result 5064
 3.683.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5064
 3.683.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5065
 3.683.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5065
 3.683.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5066
 3.683.6 Sympy [F] 5066
 3.683.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 5066
 3.683.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5067
 3.683.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5067

3.683.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

output `2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(3/2)`

3.683.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/Sqrt[d+e*x],x]`

output `(2*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(d+e*x)^(3/2))`

3.683.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.683.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.683.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(cd+ae)\sqrt{(cd+ae)(ex+d)}}{3cd\sqrt{ex+d}}$	40
gospers	$\frac{2(cd+ae)\sqrt{cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade}}{3cd\sqrt{ex+d}}$	50

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2/3*(c*d*x+a*e)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$

3.683.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(cdx + ae)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x + a*e)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)$

3.683.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.683.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(cdx + ae)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/3*(c*d*x + a*e)^(3/2)/(c*d)$

3.683. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.683.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{cde} \right) |e|}{3e^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e^3`

3.683.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2x}{3} + \frac{2ae}{3cd}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `((2*x)/3 + (2*a*e)/(3*c*d))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.684 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx$

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3.684.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf-ae} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/g^(3/2)+2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.684.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}-\sqrt{cdf-ae} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}}\right)\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d+e*x]*(f+g*x)),x]`

3.684. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx$

output $(2\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x} - \sqrt{c*d*f - a*e*g})*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})/\sqrt{c*d*f - a*e*g}]))/(g^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)})$

3.684.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{g}$$

↓ 1255

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d + ex}} e^2 d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}}{g}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf - aeg} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}/(\sqrt{d + e*x}*(f + g*x)), x]$

output $(2*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(g*\sqrt{d + e*x}) - (2*\sqrt{c*d*f - a*e*g})*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(\sqrt{c*d*f - a*e*g}*\sqrt{d + e*x})]/g^{(3/2)}$

3.684. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx$

3.684.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.684.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) aeg - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) cdf - \sqrt{cdx+ae} \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cdx+ae} g \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$	143

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*e*g-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)`

3.684.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx$$

3.684.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[(ex + d) \sqrt{-\frac{cdf - aeg}{g}} \log \left(-\frac{cdegx^2 - cd^2f + 2adeg - 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + dg} \sqrt{-\frac{cdf - aeg}{g}} - (cdf - (cd^2 + 2ae^2)g)x}{egx^2 + df + (ef + dg)x} \right) \right]}{egx + dg} +$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [((e*x + d)*sqrt(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e
*g - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*g*sqrt(-(
c*d*f - a*e*g)/g) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e
*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d
))/(e*g*x + d*g), 2*((e*x + d)*sqrt((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d
)*sqrt((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)) + s
qrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x + d*g)]
```

3.684.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)**(1/
2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)), x)
```

3.684.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x
+ f)), x)`

3.684.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}}{g} + \frac{cdef \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}g}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}\right) - ae^2g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}g}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}\right) - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}g} - \frac{(cde^2f - ae^3g)}{e^2} \right)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/g + (c*d*e*f*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - a*e^2*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*
f*g - a*e*g^2))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*g) - (c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g)*arctan
(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(s
qrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g))*abs(e)/e^2`

3.684.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.685
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

3.685.1 Optimal result	5074
3.685.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5074
3.685.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5075
3.685.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5076
3.685.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5077
3.685.6 Sympy [F]	5077
3.685.7 Maxima [F]	5078
3.685.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5078
3.685.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5079

3.685.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae}}$$

output `c*d*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)-(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.685.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{g}}{f+gx} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdf-ae}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2), x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-\text{Sqrt}[g]/(f + g*x)) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]))/(g^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.685.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1249, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)}$$

↓ 1255

$$\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}e^2} d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2), x]$

output $-(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]))/(g^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g])$

3.685.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1249 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.685.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)cdgx-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)cdf-\sqrt{cdx+ae}\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}\right)\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}g(gx+f)\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$	151

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g*x-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.685. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex(f+gx)^2}} dx$

3.685.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(cdegx^2 + cd^2f + (cdf + cd^2g)x)\sqrt{-cdfg + aeg^2} \log\left(-\frac{cdegx^2 - cd^2f + 2adeg - (cdf - (cd^2 + 2ae^2)g)x - 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{egx^2 + df + (ef + dg)x}\right)}{2(cd^2f^2g^2 - adefg^3 + (cdfg^3 - ae^2g^4)x^2 + (cdf^2g^2 - adeg^4 + (cd^2 - ae^2)fg^3))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(cdegx^2 + cd^2f + (cdf + cd^2g)x)\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}\sqrt{ex + d}}{cdegx^2 + adeg + (cd^2 + ae^2)gx}\right) + \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{cd^2f^2g^2 - adefg^3 + (cdfg^3 - ae^2g^4)x^2 + (cdf^2g^2 - adeg^4 + (cd^2 - ae^2)fg^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^2*f^2*g^2 - a*d*e*f*g^3 + (c*d*e*f*g^3 - a*e^2*g^4)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - a*d*e*g^4 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f*g^3)*x), -((c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d^2*f^2*g^2 - a*d*e*f*g^3 + (c*d*e*f*g^3 - a*e^2*g^4)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - a*d*e*g^4 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f*g^3)*x]`

3.685.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2), x)`

3.685. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx$

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

3.685.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.685.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}cde^2}{(cde^2f - ae^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)g)} - \frac{cde \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3}g}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}} + \frac{cde^2f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}g}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}\right) - cd^2eg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e} \right)}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e^2/((c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)*g) - c*d*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*g) + (c*d*e^2*f*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - c*d^2*e*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*f*g - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d*g^2))*abs(e)/e^2`

3.685. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.685.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.686
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

3.686.1 Optimal result 5080
 3.686.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5080
 3.686.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5081
 3.686.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5083
 3.686.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5083
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 3.686.7 Maxima [F] 5085
 3.686.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5085
 3.686.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5086

3.686.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.686.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(2aeg+cd(-f+gx))\right)+c^2d^2(f+gx)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{4g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^2}$$

3.686.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(2*a*e*g + c*d*(-f + g*x)) + c^2*d^2*(f + g*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(4*g^(3/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^2)`

3.686.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1249, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2}$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2}$$

↓ 1255

$$cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2g)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-ae^2g} + \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)}$$

$$\frac{4g}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 218

3.686. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx$

$$\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(4*g)`

3.686.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.686.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 g^2 x^2 + 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 f g x + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^2 d^2 f^2 - \sqrt{cdx+ae} \right)}{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}(aeg-cdf)g(gx+f)^2\sqrt{aeg-cdf}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+2*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g+(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/g/(g*x+f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.686.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs. 2(181) = 362.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1056, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(c^2 d^2 e g^2 x^3 + c^2 d^3 f^2 + (2 c^2 d^2 e f g + c^2 d^3 g^2) x^2 + (c^2 d^2 e f^2 + 2 c^2 d^3 f g) x) \sqrt{-cdfg + aeg^2} \log\left(-\frac{cdex^2 - cd^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}\right)}{8(c^2 d^3 f^4 g^2 - 2acd^2 e f^3 g^3 + a^2 d e^2 f^2 g^4 + (c^2 d^2 e f^2 g^4 - 2acde^2 f g^5 + a^2 e^3 g^6) x^3 + (2c^2 d^2 e f^3 g^3 + a^2 d e^2 f^2 g^4)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(c^2 d^2 e g^2 x^3 + c^2 d^3 f^2 + (2 c^2 d^2 e f g + c^2 d^3 g^2) x^2 + (c^2 d^2 e f^2 + 2 c^2 d^3 f g) x) \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}\right)}{4(c^2 d^3 f^4 g^2 - 2acd^2 e f^3 g^3 + a^2 d e^2 f^2 g^4 + (c^2 d^2 e f^2 g^4 - 2acde^2 f g^5 + a^2 e^3 g^6) x^3 + (2c^2 d^2 e f^3 g^3 + a^2 d e^2 f^2 g^4)} \right]$$

3.686. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x) - 2*(c^2*d^2*f^2*g - 3*a*c*d*e*f*g^2 + 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 - (c^2*d^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^4*g^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^4 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^5 + a^2*e^3*g^6)*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g^6 + (c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^4 - 2*(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^5)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^4*g^2 + 2*a^2*d*e^2*f*g^5 + 2*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f^3*g^3 - (4*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^2*g^4)*x), -1/4*((c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + (c^2*d^2*f^2*g - 3*a*c*d*e*f*g^2 + 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 - (c^2*d^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^4*g^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^4 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^5 + a^2*e^3*g^6)*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g^6 + (c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^4 - 2*(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^5)*x^2 + (...`

3.686.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.686.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.686.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 662 vs. $2(181) = 362$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 662, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{c^2 d^2 e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{(cdfg - aeg^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 2c^2 d^3 e^2 fg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + c^2 d^4 e g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} c d e^2 f^3 g - 2\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} c d^2 e f^2 g^2 - \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}(c^2d^2e \arctan(\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3})g / (\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e)) / (cdfg - aeg^2)^{3/2} - (c^2d^2e^3f^2 \arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})g / (\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e)) - 2c^2d^3e^2fg \arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})g / (\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e) + c^2d^4e^2g \arctan(\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3})g / (\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2}e) - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} cd^2e^2f - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} cd^2e^2fg + 2\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} a^3fg / (\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} cd^2e^2f^3g - 2\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} cd^2e^2fg^2 - \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} a^3f^2g^2 + \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} cd^3fg^3 + 2\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} ad^2fg^3 - \sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2} ad^2e^2g^4) - (\sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3})c^3d^3e^4f - \sqrt{(ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3})ac^2d^2e^5g - ((ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}c^2d^2e^2g) / ((cd^2e^2f - a^3fg + ((ex+d)cd^2e - cd^2e + ae^3)g)^2(cdfg - aeg^2)) \cdot \text{abs}(e) / e^2$

3.686.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.687 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} dx$

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3.687.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12g(cdf-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8g(cdf-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8g^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*c^3*d^3*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/12*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/8*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.687.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}\left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-8a^2e^2g^2 - 2acdeg(-7f + gx) + c^2d^2(-3f^2 + 8fgx + 3g^2x^2)) + 3c^3d^3(f + gx)^3\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{cdx - aeg}}\right]\right)}{24g^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(f + gx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^4), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(-7*f + g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*f^2 + 8*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + 3*c^3*d^3*(f + g*x)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(24*g^(3/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^3)`

3.687.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1249, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3}$$

3.687. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1254 \\
 & cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6g}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1255 \\
 & cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)}}{4(cdf-ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6g}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & cd \left(\frac{3cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)}}{4(cdf-ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{6g}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}$$

```

input Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^4
),x]
    
```


output
$$\frac{-1/3\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}/(g*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(f + g*x)^3) + (c*d*(\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2})/(\sqrt{c*d*f - a*e*g}*\sqrt{d + e*x})]))/(\sqrt{g}*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^{(3/2)}))/((4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*g)}$$

3.687.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1249
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_)^n)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*(m/(e*g*(n+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n + p + 2, 0])$$

rule 1254
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_)^n)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)), x] - \text{Simp}[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1255
$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(d_ + (e_)*(x_))/((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2))}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e^2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, \sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}/\sqrt{d + e*x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

3.687.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g \right)}{...}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2-14*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^3/g/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
```

3.687.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 845 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1732, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[-1/48*(3*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(3*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - 17*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + 22*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - 8*a^3*e^3*g^4 - 3*(c^3*d^3*f*g^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4)*x^2 - 2*(4*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^4*f^6*g^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^5*g^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^4*g^4 - a^3*d*e^3*f^3*g^5 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^5 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^7 - a^3*e^4*g^8)*x^4 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^4 - a^3*d*e^3*g^8 + (c^3*d^4 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^5 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^6 + 3*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f*g^7)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g^3 - a^3*d*e^3*f*g^7 + (c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^4 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^5 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^6)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^6*g^2 - 3*a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^6 + 3*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^5*g^3 - 3*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^4*g^4 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^3*g^5)*x), -1/24*(3*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g...`

3.687.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**4/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.687.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^4), x)`

3.687.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1234 vs. $2(245) = 490$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1234, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{3c^3d^3e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{(c^2d^2f^2g-2acdefg^2+a^2e^2g^3)\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}} - \frac{3c^3d^3e^4f^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right) - 9c^3d^4e^3f^2g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right) + 9c^3d^5e^2fg^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^2e^3f^5g-3\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^3e^2f^4g^2-2\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2}c^2d^4e^2fg^3} \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/24*(3*c^3*d^3*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c
*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^2*d^2*f^2*g - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^2 + a^2*e^2*g^3)*sq
r t(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)) - (3*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g
/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 9*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^2*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 9*c^3*d^5*e^2*f*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*c^3*d^6*e*g^3*arctan(s
qrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*s
qrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g + 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*
d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^4*f*g + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a
*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*e*g^2 + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a
*c*d^2*e^3*g^2 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^5*
g^2)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^5*g - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2
)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^4*g^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^4*f^4*g^2 + 3*sq
rt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*e*f^3*g^3 + 6*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^
2*e^3*f^3*g^3 + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^5*f^3*g^3 - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a
*e*g^2)*c^2*d^5*f^2*g^4 - 6*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^4 -
3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*d*e^4*f^2*g^4 + 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a
*c*d^4*e*f*g^5 + 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^5 - sqrt(c*d*f*g
- a*e*g^2)*a^2*d^3*e^2*g^6) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^...

```

3.687.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
1/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
1/2)), x)

```

3.688
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx$$

3.688.1 Optimal result 5095
 3.688.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5096
 3.688.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5096
 3.688.4 Maple [B] (verified) 5100
 3.688.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5100
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 3.688.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5103

3.688.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 347

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} + \frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24g(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{96g(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{5c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64g(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} + \frac{5c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

```
output 5/64*c^4*d^4*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*
g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/24*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/9
6*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+
f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/
(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.688.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4 d^4 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(48a^3 e^3 g^3 + 8a^2 cde^2 g^2(-17f + gx) - 2ac^2 d^2 eg(-59f^2 + 18fgx + 5g^2 x^2) + c^3 d^3(-15f^3 + 73f^2 gx + 55fg^2 x^2))}{c^4 d^4 (cdf - aeg)^3 (f + gx)^4} \right)}{192g^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^5), x]`

output $(c^4 d^4 \text{Sqrt}[(a e + c d x)(d + e x)] * ((\text{Sqrt}[g] * (48 a^3 e^3 g^3 + 8 a^2 c d e^2 g^2 (-17 f + g x) - 2 a c^2 d^2 e g (-59 f^2 + 18 f g x + 5 g^2 x^2) + c^3 d^3 (-15 f^3 + 73 f^2 g x + 55 f g^2 x^2 + 15 g^3 x^3))) / (c^4 d^4 (c d f - a e g)^3 (f + g x)^4) + (15 \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g] * \text{Sqrt}[a e + c d x]) / \text{Sqrt}[c d f - a e g]]) / ((c d f - a e g)^{(7/2)} * \text{Sqrt}[a e + c d x])) / (192 g^{3/2} * \text{Sqrt}[d + e x])$

3.688.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1249, 1254, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1249}$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1254}$$

$$cd \left(\frac{5cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4}$$

↓ 1254

$$cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{6(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{8g}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \frac{1}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4}$$

↓ 1254

$$cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{6(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{8g}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \frac{1}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4}$$

↓ 1255

3.688. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 5cd \\ cd \end{array} \right\} \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}}{d+ex} dx \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \quad 8g$$

↓ 218

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 5cd \\ cd \end{array} \right\} \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \quad 8g$$

3.688. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^5),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^4) + (c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (5*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(8*g)`

3.688.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.688.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. $2(309) = 618$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
default	$\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^4 d^4 g^4 x^4 + 60 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 + 90 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^4 d^4 \right)$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4+60*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3+90*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2+60*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x-15*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^4+10*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-55*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-73*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-48*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*e^3*g^3+136*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-118*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/g/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/(a^2*e^2*g^2-2*a*c*d*e*f*g+c^2*d^2*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
```

3.688.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1284 vs. $2(309) = 618$.

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2610, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

3.688. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx$

output `[1/384*(15*(c^4*d^4*e*g^4*x^5 + c^4*d^5*f^4 + (4*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^3 + c^4*d^5*g^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^2 + 2*c^4*d^5*f*g^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g + 3*c^4*d^5*f^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 + 4*c^4*d^5*f^3*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(15*c^4*d^4*f^4*g - 133*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^2 + 254*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 184*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^4 + 48*a^4*e^4*g^5 - 15*(c^4*d^4*f*g^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e*g^5)*x^3 - 5*(11*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^3 - 13*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - (73*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^2 - 109*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^3 + 44*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^4 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^5*f^8*g^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^7*g^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^6*g^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^5*g^5 + a^4*d*e^4*f^4*g^6 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^6 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^8 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^9 + a^4*e^5*g^10)*x^5 + (4*c^4*d^4*e*f^5*g^5 + a^4*d*e^4*g^10 + (c^4*d^5 - 16*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g^6 - 4*(a*c^3*d^4*e - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g^7 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^8 - 4*(a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5)*f*g^9)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^4*d^4*e*f^6*g^4 + 2*a^4*d*e^4*f*g^9 + 2*(c^4*d^5 - 6*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^5*g^5 - 2*(4*a*c^3*d^4*e - 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^4*g^6 + 12*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^3*g^7 - (8*a^3*c*d^2*e...`

3.688.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**5/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.688.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^5), x)`

3.688.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1955 vs. 2(309) = 618.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1955, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(15*c^4*d^4*e*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*f^3*g - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - a^3*e^3*g^4)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)) - (15*c^4*d^4*e^5*f^4*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 60*c^4*d^5*e^4*f^3*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 90*c^4*d^6*e^3*f^2*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 60*c^4*d^7*e^2*f*g^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 15*c^4*d^8*e*g^4*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3 - 73*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^2*g + 118*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g + 55*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^5*e^2*f*g^2 + 36*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*f*g^2 - 136*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c*d*e^6*f*g^2 - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^6*e*g^3 - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*g^3 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*g^3 + 48*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^3*e^7*g^3)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^7*g - 4*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^6*g^2 - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^6*g^2 + 6*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*...`

3.688.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f + gx)^5 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.689
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.689.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{128(cdf-aeg)^3(2ae^2g-cd(7ef-5dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{15015c^5d^5e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+\frac{128g(cdf-aeg)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3003c^4d^4e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{32(cdf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{429c^3d^3(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+\frac{16(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{143c^2d^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+\frac{2(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-128/15015*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-5*d*g+7*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^5/d^5/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+128/3003*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+32/429*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+16/143*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/13*(g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```

3.689.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.689.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2} (128a^4e^4g^4 - 64a^3cde^3g^3(13f -$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{5/2}*(128*a^4*e^4*g^4 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(13*f + 5*g*x) + 16*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(143*f^2 + 130*f*g*x + 35*g^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(429*f^3 + 715*f^2*g*x + 455*f*g^2*x^2 + 105*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(3003*f^4 + 8580*f^3*g*x + 10010*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 5460*f*g^3*x^3 + 1155*g^4*x^4)))/(15015*c^5*d^5*(d + e*x)^{5/2})$

3.689.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{13cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{13cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

3.689. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 1253

$$8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{9cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd}$$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1221

$$8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right) \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9cd} \right)}{11cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd}$$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \quad 13cd$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + 8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11cd} \right)}{11cd} \right)}{11cd} \right)$$

13cd

input `Int[((f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output $(2*(f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(13*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + (8*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(7*f - (5*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(35*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(7*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})))/(9*c*d)))/(11*c*d)))/(13*c*d)$

3.689.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 $\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(p + 1))\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$

rule 1221 $\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)\}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$

rule 1253 $\text{Int}[\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}*\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}*\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e)*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(f + g*x)^n*\{(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(m - n - 1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n - 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m - n - 1, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] || \text{IntegerQ}[n])$

3.689.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2(1155g^4x^4c^4d^4-840ac^3d^3eg^4x^3+5460c^4d^4fg^3x^3+560a^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x^2-3640ac^3d^3efg^3x^2+10010c^4d^4f^2g^2x^2-320a^3cd^3efg^2x+2080a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3x-5720ac^3d^3e^2f^2g^2x+8580c^4d^4f^3g^2x+128a^4e^4g^4-832a^3c^3d^3efg^3+2288a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-3432ac^3d^3e^2fg+3003c^4d^4f^4)}{(ex+d)^{3/2}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(1155g^4x^4c^4d^4-840ac^3d^3eg^4x^3+5460c^4d^4fg^3x^3+560a^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x^2-3640ac^3d^3efg^3x^2+10010c^4d^4f^2g^2x^2-320a^3cd^3efg^2x+2080a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3x-5720ac^3d^3e^2f^2g^2x+8580c^4d^4f^3g^2x+128a^4e^4g^4-832a^3c^3d^3efg^3+2288a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-3432ac^3d^3e^2fg+3003c^4d^4f^4)}{(ex+d)^{3/2}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15015*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(1155*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4-840*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3+5460*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3+560*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2-3640*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2+10010*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2-320*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4*x+2080*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x-5720*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x+8580*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^2*x+128*a^4*e^4*g^4-832*a^3*c*d^3*e*f*g^3+2288*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-3432*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+3003*c^4*d^4*f^4)/c^5/d^5
```

3.689.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(1155c^6d^6g^4x^6+3003a^2c^4d^4e^2f^4-3432a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3g+2288a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-3432ac^3d^3e^2fg+3003c^4d^4f^4)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output $\frac{2}{15015} \cdot (1155c^6d^6g^4x^6 + 3003a^2c^4d^4e^2f^4 - 3432a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3g + 2288a^4c^2d^2e^4f^2g^2 - 832a^5cde^5f^3g^3 + 128a^6e^6g^4 + 210(26c^6d^6f^3g^3 + 7a^5c^5d^5e^4g^4)x^5 + 35(286c^6d^6f^2g^2 + 208a^5c^5d^5e^3f^3g^3 + a^2c^4d^4e^2g^4)x^4 + 20(429c^6d^6f^3g + 715a^5c^5d^5e^2f^2g^2 + 13a^2c^4d^4e^2f^3g^3 - 2a^3c^3d^3e^3g^4)x^3 + 3(1001c^6d^6f^4 + 4576a^5c^5d^5e^3f^3g + 286a^2c^4d^4e^2f^2g^2 - 104a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3g^3 + 16a^4c^2d^2e^4g^4)x^2 + 2(3003a^5c^5d^5e^4f^4 + 858a^2c^4d^4e^2f^3g - 572a^3c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2 + 208a^4c^2d^2e^4f^3g - 32a^5cde^5g^4)x) \cdot \sqrt{cde^2x + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} / (c^5d^5e^2x + c^5d^6)$

3.689.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{3/2} (f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**4*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**4/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.689.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aef^4}}{5cd} \\ &+ \frac{8(5c^3d^3x^3 + 8ac^2d^2ex^2 + a^2cde^2x - 2a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aef^3g}}{35c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{4(35c^4d^4x^4 + 50ac^3d^3ex^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 4a^3cde^3x + 8a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aef^2g^2}}{105c^3d^3} \\ &+ \frac{8(105c^5d^5x^5 + 140ac^4d^4ex^4 + 5a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 6a^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 8a^4cde^4x - 16a^5e^5)\sqrt{cdx + aefg^3}}{1155c^4d^4} \\ &+ \frac{2(1155c^6d^6x^6 + 1470ac^5d^5ex^5 + 35a^2c^4d^4e^2x^4 - 40a^3c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 48a^4c^2d^2e^4x^2 - 64a^5cde^5x + 128a^6e^6)}{15015c^5d^5} \end{aligned}$$

3.689. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^4/(c*d) + 8/
35*(5*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 2*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*
d*x + a*e)*f^3*g/(c^2*d^2) + 4/105*(35*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 50*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 +
3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^3*x + 8*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2
*g^2/(c^3*d^3) + 8/1155*(105*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 140*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 5*a^2*c^3
*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 8*a^4*c*d*e^4*x - 16*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(
c*d*x + a*e)*f*g^3/(c^4*d^4) + 2/15015*(1155*c^6*d^6*x^6 + 1470*a*c^5*d^5*
e*x^5 + 35*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^4 - 40*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*a^4*c^2*d^2*e
^4*x^2 - 64*a^5*c*d*e^5*x + 128*a^6*e^6)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^4/(c^5*d^5)`

3.689.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2535 vs. $2(306) = 612$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2535, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.54

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/45045*(15015*a*f^4*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e + 1716*c*d*f^3*g*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 + 2574*a*f^2*g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e - 858*c*d*f^2*g^2*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))*a*e^3 - 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))/(c^4*d^4*e^7))*abs(e)/e^2 - 572*a*f*g^3*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^...`

3.689.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{4g^3x^5(7aeg + 26cdf)}{143} + \dots \right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((4*g^3*x^5*(7*a*e*g + 26*c*d*f))/143 + (256*a^6*e^6*g^4 + 6006*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^4 - 6864*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*g - 1664*a^5*c*d*e^5*f*g^3 + 4576*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2)/(15015*c^5*d^5) + (x^2*(6006*c^6*d^6*f^4 + 96*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^4 - 624*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 + 27456*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g + 1716*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2))/(15015*c^5*d^5) + (x*(12012*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^4 - 128*a^5*c*d*e^5*g^4 + 3432*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^3*g + 832*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^3 - 2288*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^2))/(15015*c^5*d^5) + (2*c*d*g^4*x^6)/13 + (8*g*x^3*(429*c^3*d^3*f^3 - 2*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 715*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 13*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(3003*c^2*d^2) + (2*g^2*x^4*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 286*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 208*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(429*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}$

3.689. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.690
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.690.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{16(cdf - aeg)^2 (2ae^2g - cd(7ef - 5dg)) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{1155c^4d^4e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16g(cdf - aeg)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{231c^3d^3e(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4(cdf - aeg)(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{33c^2d^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-16/1155*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-5*d*g+7*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+16/231*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4/33*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/11*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```


3.690.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} (-16a^3e^3g^3 + 8a^2cde^2g^2(11f + 11g))}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(11*f + 5*g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(99*f^2 + 110*f*g*x + 35*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(231*f^3 + 495*f^2*g*x + 385*f*g^2*x^2 + 105*g^3*x^3)))/(1155*c^4*d^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.690.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{9cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1221

3.690. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{11cd}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \\
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right)}{35cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{11cd}{11cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(7*f - (5*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(35*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(9*c*d))/(11*c*d)`

3.690.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.690. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.690.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2(-105g^3x^3c^3d^3+70ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-385c^3d^3fg^2x^2-40a^2cde^2g^3x+220ac^2d^2efg^2x-495c^3d^3f^2gx-495c^3d^3f^2gx-495c^3d^3f^2gx)}{1155\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-105g^3x^3c^3d^3+70ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-385c^3d^3fg^2x^2-40a^2cde^2g^3x+220ac^2d^2efg^2x-495c^3d^3f^2gx+16a^3e^3g^3-88a^2cde^2f^2g^2+198a^2c^2d^2ef^2g-231c^3d^3f^3)}{1155c^4d^4(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,meth od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/1155*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(-105*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+70*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-385*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-40*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+220*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-495*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-88*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+198*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-231*c^3*d^3*f^3)/c^4/d^4
```

$$3.690. \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.690.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aef^3}}{5cd}$$

$$+ \frac{6(5c^3d^3x^3 + 8ac^2d^2ex^2 + a^2cde^2x - 2a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aef^2g}}{35c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(35c^4d^4x^4 + 50ac^3d^3ex^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 4a^3cde^3x + 8a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aefg^2}}{105c^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(105c^5d^5x^5 + 140ac^4d^4ex^4 + 5a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 6a^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 8a^4cde^4x - 16a^5e^5)\sqrt{cdx + aeg^3}}{1155c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^3/(c*d) + 6/35*(5*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 2*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2*g/(c^2*d^2) + 2/105*(35*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 50*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^3*x + 8*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g^2/(c^3*d^3) + 2/1155*(105*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 140*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 8*a^4*c*d*e^4*x - 16*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^3/(c^4*d^4)`

3.690.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1778 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1778, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.61

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3465} \cdot (1155 \cdot a \cdot f^3 \cdot (\sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot c \cdot d^2 - \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a \cdot e^2) / (c \cdot d) + ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{3/2} / (c \cdot d \cdot e)) \cdot \text{abs}(e) / e + 99 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot f^2 \cdot g \cdot ((15 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^6 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^2 - 4 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e^4 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^3 \cdot e^6) / (c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^2) + (35 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{3/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot e^6 - 42 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{5/2}) \cdot a \cdot e^3 + 15 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{7/2}) / (c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^5)) \cdot \text{abs}(e) / e^2 + 99 \cdot a \cdot f \cdot g^2 \cdot ((15 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^6 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^2 - 4 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e^4 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^3 \cdot e^6) / (c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^2) + (35 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{3/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot e^6 - 42 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{5/2}) \cdot a \cdot e^3 + 15 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{7/2}) / (c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^5)) \cdot \text{abs}(e) / e - 33 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot g^2 \cdot ((35 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot c^4 \cdot d^8 - 5 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a \cdot c^3 \cdot d^6 \cdot e^2 - 6 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^4 - 8 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^3 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e^6 - 16 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^4 \cdot e^8) / (c^4 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^3) + (10 \cdot 5 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{3/2}) \cdot a^3 \cdot e^9 - 189 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{5/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot e^6 + 135 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{7/2}) \cdot a \cdot e^3 - 35 \cdot ((e \cdot x + d) \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e - c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3)^{9/2}) / (c^4 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^7)) \cdot \text{abs}(e) / e^2 - 11 \cdot a \cdot g^3 \cdot ((35 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot c^4 \cdot d^8 - 5 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a \cdot c^3 \cdot d^6 \cdot e^2 - 6 \cdot \sqrt{-c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a \cdot e^3}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^4 \cdot e^4 \dots$$

3.690.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2g^2 x^4 (4aeg + 11cdf)}{33} - \dots \right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input
$$\text{int}(((f + g \cdot x)^3 \cdot (x \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) + a \cdot d \cdot e + c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2)^{3/2}) / (d + e \cdot x)^{3/2}, x)$$

output
$$((x \cdot (a \cdot e^2 + c \cdot d^2) + a \cdot d \cdot e + c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot x^2)^{1/2}) \cdot ((2 \cdot g^2 \cdot x^4 \cdot (4 \cdot a \cdot e \cdot g + 11 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot f)) / 33 - (32 \cdot a^5 \cdot e^5 \cdot g^3 - 462 \cdot a^2 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^2 \cdot f^3 + 396 \cdot a^3 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot g - 176 \cdot a^4 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^4 \cdot f \cdot g^2) / (1155 \cdot c^4 \cdot d^4) + (x^2 \cdot (462 \cdot c^5 \cdot d^5 \cdot f^3 - 12 \cdot a^3 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e^3 \cdot g^3 + 66 \cdot a^2 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot e^2 \cdot f \cdot g^2 + 1584 \cdot a \cdot c^4 \cdot d^4 \cdot e \cdot f^2 \cdot g)) / (1155 \cdot c^4 \cdot d^4) + (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g^3 \cdot x^5) / 11 + (2 \cdot g \cdot x^3 \cdot (a^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2 + 99 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 + 110 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g)) / (231 \cdot c \cdot d) + (2 \cdot a \cdot e \cdot x \cdot (8 \cdot a^3 \cdot e^3 \cdot g^3 + 462 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^3 + 99 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f^2 \cdot g - 44 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot f \cdot g^2)) / (1155 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3))) / (d + e \cdot x)^{1/2}$$

3.690.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.691
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.691.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8(cdf-ae^2g)(2ae^2g-cd(7ef-5dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{315c^3d^3e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8g(cdf-ae^2g)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{63c^2d^2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-8/315*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-5*d*g+7*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+8/63*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/9*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```

3.691.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} (8a^2e^2g^2 - 4acdeg(9f + 5gx) - 315c^3d^3(d + ex)^{5/2})}{315c^3d^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*g*(9*f + 5*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(63*f^2 + 90*f*g*x + 35*g^2*x^2)))/(315*c^3*d^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.691.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{9cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{9cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1122

3.691. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(cdf-aeg)\left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}\left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd}-\frac{5dg}{e}+7f\right)}{35cd(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d+ex)^{3/2}}\right)}{9cd}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(7*f - (5*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)))/(35*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2)))/(9*c*d)`

3.691.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

3.691. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.691.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2(35g^2x^2c^2d^2-20acde g^2x+90c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-36acdefg+63c^2d^2f^2)}{315\sqrt{ex+d}c^3d^3}$	108
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(35g^2x^2c^2d^2-20acde g^2x+90c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-36acdefg+63c^2d^2f^2)(cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	116

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/315*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(35*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-20*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+90*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-36*a*c*d*e*f*g+63*c^2*d^2*f^2)/c^3/d^3
```

3.691.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4g^2x^4+63a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2-36a^3cde^3fg+8a^4e^4g^2)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*g^2*x^4+63*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2-36*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g+8*a^4*e^4*g^2+10*(9*c^4*d^4*f*g+5*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^2)*x^3+3*(21*c^4*d^4*f^2+48*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g+a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2+2*(63*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2+9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g-2*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4)
```

3.691. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.691.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}} (f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**2/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.691.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aef^2}}{5cd} \\ &+ \frac{4(5c^3d^3x^3 + 8ac^2d^2ex^2 + a^2cde^2x - 2a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aefg}}{35c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{2(35c^4d^4x^4 + 50ac^3d^3ex^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 4a^3cde^3x + 8a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aeg^2}}{315c^3d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2/(c*d) + 4/35*(5*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 2*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g/(c^2*d^2) + 2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 50*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^3*x + 8*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^2/(c^3*d^3)`

3.691.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1145 vs. $2(182) = 364$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1145, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.72

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/315*(105*a*f^2*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e
+ 6*c*d*f*g*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(
3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((
e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 + 3*a*g
^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d
^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2
*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*
c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e - c*d*g^2*((35*sq
rt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*s
qrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2
*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (105*((e*x + d)*
c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*a*e^3
- 35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))/(c^4*d^4*e^7))*abs(e)/e^2
- 21*c*d*f^2*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + ...
```

3.691.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{4gx^3(5aeg + 9cdf)}{63} + 1 \right)}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

3.691. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((4*g*x^3*(5*a*e*g + 9*c*d*f))/63 + (16*a^4*e^4*g^2 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 72*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g)/(315*c^3*d^3) + (x^2*(126*c^4*d^4*f^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 288*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g))/(315*c^3*d^3) + (2*c*d*g^2*x^4)/9 + (4*a*e*x*(63*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 9*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(315*c^2*d^2)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.691. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.692
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.692.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(2ae^2g - cd(7ef - 5dg))(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35c^2d^2e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2g(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/35*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-5*d*g+7*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/7*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)^(3/2)`

3.692.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2}(-2aeg + cd(7f + 5gx))}{35c^2d^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

3.692.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(7*f + 5*g*x)))/(35*c^2*d^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))$

3.692.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{5dg}{e} + 7f \right)}{35cd(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7cde(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]$

output $(2*(7*f - (5*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))$

3.692.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.692.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2(-5cdgx+2aeg-7cdf)}{35\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	59
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-5cdgx+2aeg-7cdf)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	67

input `int((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method =_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/35*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2*(-5*c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g-7*c*d*f)/c^2/d^2$$

3.692.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^3d^3gx^3 + 7a^2cde^2f - 2a^3e^3g + (7c^3d^3f + 8ac^2d^2eg)}{35c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(5*c^3*d^3*g*x^3 + 7*a^2*c*d*e^2*f - 2*a^3*e^3*g + (7*c^3*d^3*f + 8*a
*c^2*d^2*e*g)*x^2 + (14*a*c^2*d^2*e*f + a^2*c*d*e^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 +
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.692.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdex))^{\frac{3}{2}}(f + gx)}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/
2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.692.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + aef}}{5cd} + \frac{2(5c^3d^3x^3 + 8ac^2d^2ex^2 + a^2cde^2x - 2a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aeg}}{35c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

3.692. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

output $2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*\sqrt{c*d*x + a*e}*f/(c*d) + 2/35*(5*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 2*a^3*e^3)*\sqrt{c*d*x + a*e}*g/(c^2*d^2)$

3.692.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 632 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(35af \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)^{3/2}}{cde} \right) \right) |e}{e}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/105*(35*a*f*((\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c*d^2 - \sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e)*\text{abs}(e)/e + c*d*g*((15*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^3*d^6 - 3*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5)*\text{abs}(e)/e^2 - 7*c*d*f*((3*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^2*d^4 - \sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2)*\text{abs}(e)/e^3 - 7*a*g*((3*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^2*d^4 - \sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2)*\text{abs}(e)/e^2)/e$

3.692.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(x^2 \left(\frac{16aeg}{35} + \frac{2cdf}{5} \right) - \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*(x^2*((16*a*e*g)/35 + (2*c*d*f)/5) - (4*a^3*e^3*g - 14*a^2*c*d*e^2*f)/(35*c^2*d^2) + (2*c*d*g*x^3)/7 + (2*a*e*x*(a*e*g + 14*c*d*f))/(35*c*d))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

$$3.693 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.693.1 Optimal result	5133
3.693.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5133
3.693.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5134
3.693.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5134
3.693.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5135
3.693.6 Sympy [F]	5135
3.693.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5135
3.693.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5136
3.693.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5136

3.693.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}$

3.693.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}}{5cd(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{5/2})/(5*c*d*(d + e*x)^{5/2})$

$$3.693. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.693.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.693.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.693.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2}{5\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	42
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.693. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

output $2/5*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c/d$

3.693.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex + d}}{5(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d}/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)$

3.693.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.693.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdex + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cdx + ae}}{5cd}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*\sqrt{c*d*x + a*e}/(c*d)$

3.693. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.693.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.29

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}}{cde} \right)}{e} \right) |e|}{cd \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}}{e} \right)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*a*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e)/e - c*d*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/e^3)/e`

3.693.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{4ae^2x}{5} + \frac{2cdx^2}{5} + \frac{2a^2e^2}{5cd} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((4*a*e*x)/5 + (2*c*d*x^2)/5 + (2*a^2*e^2)/(5*c*d))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.694
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

3.694.1 Optimal result 5137
 3.694.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5137
 3.694.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5138
 3.694.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5140
 3.694.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5140
 3.694.6 Sympy [F] 5141
 3.694.7 Maxima [F] 5141
 3.694.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5142
 3.694.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5142

3.694.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx = -\frac{2(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{g^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cdf - aeg)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{5/2}}$$

output `2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(5/2)-2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.694.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(4aeg+cd(-3f+gx))+3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{3g^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)), x]`

3.694.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*(4*a*e*g + c*d*(-3*f + g*x)) + 3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]]))/((3*g^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])$

3.694.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} dx}{g}$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - (cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{g} \right)$$

g

↓ 1255

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - (cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d+ex}} e^2 d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}{d+ex}}}{g} \right)$$

g

↓ 218

3.694. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf - aeg} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} \right)}{g}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/g^(3/2)))/g`

3.694.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.694.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a^2 e^2 g^2 - 6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) acdefg + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^2 f^2 - \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} \right)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}g^2\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*
d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-6*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)
^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))
*c^2*d^2*f^2-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-4*(c*d*x+a*
e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*
g)^(1/2)*c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
)
```

3.694.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} dx = \left[-\frac{3(cd^2f - adeg + (cdf - ae^2g)x) \sqrt{-\frac{cdf-ae^2g}{g}} \log\left(-\frac{cdegx^2 - cd^2f}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}\right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x,
algorithm="fracas")
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/3*(3*(c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*\sqrt{-(c*d*f - a*e*g)} \\ & /g)*\log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x})*\sqrt{e*x + d}*g*\sqrt{-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g} - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(c*d*g*x - 3*c*d*f + 4*a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x + d})/(e*g^2*x + d*g^2), \\ & -2/3*(3*(c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*\sqrt{(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g}*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g}/\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}) - \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(c*d*g*x - 3*c*d*f + 4*a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x + d})/(e*g^2*x + d*g^2)] \end{aligned}$$

3.694.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.694.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{3/2}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)), x)`

3.694.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 506 vs. $2(157) = 314$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2f^2|e| - 2acdefg|e| + a^2e^2g^2|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(3c^2d^2e^2f^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 6acde^3fg|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + 3a^2e^4g^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)\right)}{3}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3cde^{10}fg|e|} - 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ae^{11}g^2|e|} - ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e)\right)}{3e^{12}g^3}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c^2*d^2*f^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g*abs(e) + a^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e))*arctan(
sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sq
rt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^2) - 2/3*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 6*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e)*a
rctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 3*a^2*e^4*g^2
*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*
sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e*f*abs(e) - sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*g*abs(e) + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^2*g*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^3*
g^2) - 2/3*(3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*e^10*f*g*abs(e)
- 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^11*g^2*abs(e) - ((e*x + d)
*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*e^8*g^2*abs(e))/(e^12*g^3)`

3.694.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/
2)),x)`

3.694. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.694. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx$

3.695
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

3.695.1 Optimal result 5144
 3.695.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5144
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3.695.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{5/2}}$$

output `-(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)-3*c*d*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/g^(5/2)+3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.695.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(-aeg+cd(3f+2gx))-3cd\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{g^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x)^2),x]`

3.695.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x]*(-a*e*g) + c*d*(3*f + 2*g*x)) - 3*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(f + g*x)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])/\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(g^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x))$

3.695.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1249, 1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(f + gx)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{g} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)}$$

$$\downarrow 1255$$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d + ex}} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}}}{g} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

3.695. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf-aeg} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} \right)}{2g \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

output `-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x))) + (3*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/g^(3/2)))/(2*g)`

3.695.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

3.695. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.695.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)acde g^2 x+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)c^2 d^2 f g x-3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)acde f g+3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)acde f g}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}g^2(gx+f)}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*f)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)`

3.695.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \frac{3(cdegx^2 + cd^2f + (cdf + cd^2g)x)\sqrt{-\frac{cdf-ae^2}{g}} \log\left(-\frac{cdegx^2 - cd^2f}{(d+ex)(f+gx)}\right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2, x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.695.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

output $[1/2*(3*(c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*\sqrt{-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g}*\log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x})*\sqrt{e*x + d})*g*\sqrt{-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g} - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x) + 2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(2*c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f - a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x + d}))/((e*g^3*x^2 + d*f*g^2 + (e*f*g^2 + d*g^3)*x), (3*(c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + (c*d*e*f + c*d^2*g)*x)*\sqrt{(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g}*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d})*\sqrt{((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)/\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}}) + \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(2*c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f - a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x + d}))/((e*g^3*x^2 + d*f*g^2 + (e*f*g^2 + d*g^3)*x)]$

3.695.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output Timed out

3.695.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.695.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 605 vs. $2(158) = 316$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 605, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \frac{3c^2d^2e^2f^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 3c^2d^3efg|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{e^2g^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3cd}|e|}{e^2g^2} - \frac{3(c^2d^2f|e| - acdeg|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^2d^2f|e|} - \sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3acdeg|e|}}{(cde^2f - ae^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)g)g^2}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e*f*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*g*abs(e) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^2*g*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^3*f*g^2 - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d*e^2*g^3) + 2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*abs(e)/(e^2*g^2) - 3*(c^2*d^2*f*abs(e) - a*c*d*e*g*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^2) + (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*f*abs(e) - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d*e*g*abs(e))/((c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)*g^2)`

3.695.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.695. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.695. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.696
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

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3.696.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx = -\frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4g^{5/2}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}$$

output `-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2+3/4*c^2*d^2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)-3/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.696.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{g}(2aeg+cd(3f+5gx))}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{4g^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x)^3),x]`

3.696.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

```
output (Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[g]*(2*a*e*g + c*d*(3*f + 5*g*x)))/
(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c^2*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f -
a*e*g]])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])))/(4*g^(5/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x
])
```

3.696.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1249} \\
 & \frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} dx}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1249} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1255} \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{g} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.696. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx$

$$\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} \right)}{g^{3/2} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} \right)}{4g \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3),x]`

output `-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(-(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))]/(g^(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g])))/(4*g)`

3.696.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.696.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^2 g^2 x^2 + 6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^2 f g x + 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^2 f^2 + \dots \right)}{4\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdx+ae}g^2(gx+f)^2\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+6*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2+5*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*e*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.696.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 840, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} dx = \left[-\frac{3(c^2d^2eg^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + (2c^2d^2efg + c^2d^3g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 + \dots)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/8*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2) \\ &)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*\sqrt{-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2}*\log(- \\ & (c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2* \\ & \sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2}*\sqrt{ \\ & e*x + d})/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - a*c*d*e* \\ & f*g^2 - 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 + 5*(c^2*d^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g^3)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 \\ & + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d})/(c*d^2*f^3*g^3 - a*d*e*f^2*g^4 \\ & + (c*d*e*f*g^5 - a*e^2*g^6)*x^3 + (2*c*d*e*f^2*g^4 - a*d*e*g^6 + (c*d^2 - \\ & 2*a*e^2)*f*g^5)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^3*g^3 - 2*a*d*e*f*g^5 + (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)* \\ & f^2*g^4)*x), -1/4*(3*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + \\ & c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*f*g - a*e* \\ & g^2}*\arctan(\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{c*d*f*g - a*e* \\ & g^2}*\sqrt{e*x + d})/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + (3*c^ \\ & 2*d^2*f^2*g - a*c*d*e*f*g^2 - 2*a^2*e^2*g^3 + 5*(c^2*d^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g \\ & ^3)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d})/(c*d^2*f \\ & ^3*g^3 - a*d*e*f^2*g^4 + (c*d*e*f*g^5 - a*e^2*g^6)*x^3 + (2*c*d*e*f^2*g^4 \\ & - a*d*e*g^6 + (c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*f*g^5)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^3*g^3 - 2*a*d*e*f*g^ \\ & 5 + (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^2*g^4)*x)] \end{aligned}$$

3.696.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output Timed out

3.696.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.696.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx$$

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.696.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 581 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \frac{3c^2d^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^2} - \frac{3c^2d^2e^2f^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 6c^2d^3efg|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + 3c^2d^4g^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{4(\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e^3f^2g^2} - 2\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e})} - \frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^3d^3e^2f|e|} - 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^2d^2e^3g|e|} + 5((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^3d^3e^2f|e| - 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^2d^2e^3g|e|})^2g^2}{4(cde^2f - ae^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^3d^3e^2f|e| - 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^2d^2e^3g|e|})^2g^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/4*c^2*d^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^2) - 1/4*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 6*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 3*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e*f*abs(e) + 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*g*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^2*g*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d^2*f*g^3 + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d^2*e*g^4) - 1/4*(3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*abs(e) - 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g*abs(e) + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*g*abs(e))/((c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)^2*g^2)`

3.696.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^3 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.697 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$

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3.697.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8g^2(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$-\frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8g^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3+1/8
*c^3*d^3*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c
*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)-1/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/8*c^2*d^2*(a*d
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2
)
```

3.697.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(8a^2e^2g^2 - 2acdeg) \right)}{24g^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^4),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(f - 7*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*f^2 - 8*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + 3*c^3*d^3*(f + g*x)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(24*g^(5/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^3)`

3.697.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

3.697. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cd f - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cd f - aeg)}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2g}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1255} \\
 & \left(cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cd f - aeg)}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2g}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \left(cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cd f - aeg)}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2g}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^4),x]
```

3.697. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$

output
$$-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^3) + (c*d*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (c*d*(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])]))/(\text{Sqrt}[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^{(3/2)})))/(4*g)))/(2*g)$$

3.697.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1249
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))^{n_})*((a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n + p + 2, 0])$$

rule 1254
$$\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))^{n_})*((a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)), x] - \text{Simp}[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1255
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(d_ + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_ + (g_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e^2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

3.697.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 9 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^3 d^3 f^2 g \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-14*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/g^2/(g*x+f)^3/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.697.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 696 vs. 2(233) = 466.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1434, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/48*(3*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x) - 2*(3*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 10*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 + 8*a^3*e^3*g^4 - 3*(c^3*d^3*f*g^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(4*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2 - 11*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3 + 7*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^5*g^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^4*g^4 + a^2*d*e^2*f^3*g^5 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^6 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^7 + a^2*e^3*g^8)*x^4 + (3*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^5 + a^2*d*e^2*g^8 + (c^2*d^3 - 6*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^6 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*e^3)*f*g^7)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e*f^4*g^4 + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^7 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^3*g^5 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^2*g^6)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^5*g^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^6 + (3*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^4*g^4 - (6*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^3*g^5)*x), -1/24*(3*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + (3*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 10*a^2*c*d...`

3.697.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.697.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{3/2}(gx + f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^4), x)`

3.697.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1087 vs. 2(233) = 466.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1087, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \frac{c^3 d^3 |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{8(cdfg^2 - aeg^3)\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}} - \frac{3c^3 d^3 e^3 f^3 |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 9c^3 d^4 e^2 f^2 g |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + 9c^3 d^5 e f g^2 |e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{24(\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e})^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} c^5 d^5 e^4 f^2 |e| - 6\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} ac^4 d^4 e^5 f g |e| + 3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} c^5 d^5 e^4 f^2 |e|}{24(cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4, x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*c^3*d^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c*d*f*g^2 - a*e*g^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) -
1/24*(3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*
f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 9*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 9*c^3*d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(
-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*c^3*d^6*g^3*abs(e)*ar
ctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(e) - 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*
c*d*e^4*f^4*g^2 - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^3 - sqrt(c*d*f
*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^5*f^3*g^3 + 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^4
+ 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*d*e^4*f^2*g^4 - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^
4*e*f*g^5 - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*d^2*e^3*f*g^5 + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e
*g^2)*a*d^3*e^2*g^6) - 1/24*(3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5
*d^5*e^4*f^2*abs(e) - 6*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^4*
e^5*f*g*abs(e) + 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^3*...

```

3.697.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^4 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)), x)

```

3.698 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$

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3.698.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 335

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx = -\frac{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8g^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{32g^2(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64g^2(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} + \frac{3c^4d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64g^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4+3/64*c^4*d^4*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)-1/8*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/32*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3/64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.698.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \frac{c^4 d^4 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(-16a^3 e^3 g^3 + 24a^2 cde^2 g^2 (f - gx) - 2ac^2 d^2 eg)}{c^4 d^4 (cdf - a)} \right)}{64g^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^5),x]`

output `(c^4*d^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[g]*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(f - g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(f^2 - 22*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-3*f^3 - 11*f^2*g*x + 11*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*g^3*x^3)))/(c^4*d^4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)*(f + g*x)^4) + (3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)))/(64*g^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.698.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx}{8g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4}$$

↓ 1249

3.698. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1255
 \end{aligned}$$

3.698. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} cd \\ 3cd \end{array} \right) \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{8g}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}$$

↓ 218

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} cd \\ 3cd \end{array} \right) \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}$$

$$\frac{8g}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}$$

3.698. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^5),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^4) + (3*c*d*(-1/3*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*g))/(8*g)`

3.698.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.698.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$$

3.698.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. $2(297) = 594$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 d^4 g^4 x^4 + 12 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 + 18 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/64*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4+12*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3+18*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2+12*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x-3*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^4+2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-11*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+24*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-44*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+11*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+16*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*e^3*g^3-24*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^4/g^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
```

3.698.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1098 vs. $2(297) = 594$.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2238, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^5,x,algorithm="fracas")
```

3.698.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx$$

output

```

[-1/128*(3*(c^4*d^4*e*g^4*x^5 + c^4*d^5*f^4 + (4*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^3 + c^4*d^5
*g^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^2 + 2*c^4*d^5*f*g^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^4*d^4*e
*f^3*g + 3*c^4*d^5*f^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 + 4*c^4*d^5*f^3*g)*x)*sq
r t(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f -
(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sq
rt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2
*(3*c^4*d^4*f^4*g - a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^2 - 26*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 40*
a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^4 - 16*a^4*e^4*g^5 - 3*(c^4*d^4*f*g^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e*g^5)*x
^3 - (11*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^3 - 13*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^5)*x
^2 + (11*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^2 - 55*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^3 + 68*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g
^4 - 24*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sq
rt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^4*f^7*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^6*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^
5*g^5 - a^3*d*e^3*f^4*g^6 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^7 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^8 +
3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^9 - a^3*e^4*g^10)*x^5 + (4*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^6 - a^3*d*e^
3*g^10 + (c^3*d^4 - 12*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^7 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d
*e^3)*f^2*g^8 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*a^3*e^4)*f*g^9)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^3*d^3*e
f^5*g^5 - 2*a^3*d*e^3*f*g^9 + (2*c^3*d^4 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^6 - 3*(2
*a*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^7 + 3*(2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^2*
g^8)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^3*d^3*e*f^6*g^4 - 3*a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^8 + 3*(c^3*d^4 - 2*a
*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^5*g^5 - 3*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^4*g^6 + (9*...

```

3.698.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**5,x)`

output Timed out

3.698.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^5, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^5), x)`

3.698.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1785 vs. 2(297) = 594.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1785, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.33

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^5, x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

3/64*c^4*d^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt
(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^2*d^2*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^3 + a^2*e^2*g^4)
*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 1/64*(3*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 12*c^4*d^5*e^3*f^3*g*abs
(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 18*c^4*
d^6*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e
*g^2)*e)) - 12*c^4*d^7*e*f*g^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqr
t(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 3*c^4*d^8*g^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g
- a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e) + 11*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*
g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*
f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(e) + 11*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt
(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e) - 44*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqr
t(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2*abs(e) + 24*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3
)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2*abs(e) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^6*g^3*abs(e) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^3*abs(e) + 24*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^
3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g^3*abs(e) - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^3*e^6*g^3*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)
*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^6*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e^4*f^5*g^3 - ...

```

3.698.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^5 (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)), x)

```

3.699
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$$

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3.699.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 405

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{40g^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} + \frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{80g^2(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64g^2(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3c^4d^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128g^2(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$- \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} + \frac{3c^5d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{128g^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^5+3/1
28*c^5*d^5*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+
c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)-3/40*c*d*(a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/80*c^2*d^2*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d
)^(1/2)+1/64*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c
*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3/128*c^4*d^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e
*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.699.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \frac{c^5 d^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(128a^4 e^4 g^4 + 16a^3 cde^3 g^3 (-21f + 11gx) + 8a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^2 (31f^2 - 64f*gx + g^2 x^2) - 2a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(5*f^3 - 233*f^2*g*x + 23*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-15*f^4 - 70*f^3*g*x + 128*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 70*f*g^3*x^3 + 15*g^4*x^4))}{(c^5*d^5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(f + g*x)^5) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g])]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2))} \right)}{(640*g^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^6),x]`

output `(c^5*d^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[g]*(128*a^4*e^4*g^4 + 16*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(-21*f + 11*g*x) + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(31*f^2 - 64*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(5*f^3 - 233*f^2*g*x + 23*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-15*f^4 - 70*f^3*g*x + 128*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 70*f*g^3*x^3 + 15*g^4*x^4)))/(c^5*d^5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)*(f + g*x)^5) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g])]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2))))/(640*g^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.699.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1254, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx}{10g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \right)}{10g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{5cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \right)}{10g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
 & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{6(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \right)}{10g} \\
 & \quad \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1254
 \end{aligned}$$

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \\
 3cd \\
 4(cdf-ae g)
 \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \\
 5cd \\
 6(cdf-ae g)
 \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \\
 cd \\
 8g \\
 3cd
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

\downarrow 1255

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)}}{5cd} \right) + \frac{cd}{6(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{8g}{3cd}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

↓ 218

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae g)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)}}{5cd} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{6(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \\
 & \frac{3cd}{8g} \\
 & \frac{10g}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^6),x]`

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^5) + (3*c*d*(-1/4*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^4) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (5*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x])])/(sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^{(3/2)})))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(8*g))/(10*g) \end{aligned}$$

3.699.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2\}^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1249
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c*(m/(e*g*(n+1))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(IntegerQ[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n + p + 2, 0])$$

rule 1254
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)), x] - \text{Simp}[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1255
$$\text{Int}[\text{sqrt}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)]/\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)*\text{sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2]\}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e^2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, \text{sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

3.699.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 944 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 945, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^5 d^5 g^5 x^5 + 75 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^5 d^5 f g^4 x^4 + 150 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^5 d^5 \dots \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/640*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*g^5*x^5+75*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f*g^4*x^4+150*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^2*g^3*x^3+150*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^2*x^2-15*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+75*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^4*g*x+10*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-70*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^5-8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+46*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-128*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-176*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+512*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-466*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+70*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-128*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^4*e^4*g^4+336*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3-248*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^4*d^4*f^4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)...
```

3.699.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1581 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3204, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^6,
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^5*e*g^5*x^6 + c^5*d^6*f^5 + (5*c^5*d^5*e*f*g^4 + c^5*d^6*g^5)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g^3 + c^5*d^6*f*g^4)*x^4 + 10*(c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g^2 + c^5*d^6*f^2*g^3)*x^3 + 5*(c^5*d^5*e*f^4*g + 2*c^5*d^6*f^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^5 + 5*c^5*d^6*f^4*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(15*c^5*d^5*f^5*g - 5*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^2 - 258*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^3 + 584*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^4 - 464*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^5 + 128*a^5*e^5*g^6 - 15*(c^5*d^5*f*g^5 - a*c^4*d^4*e*g^6)*x^4 - 10*(7*c^5*d^5*f^2*g^4 - 8*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^6)*x^3 - 2*(64*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^3 - 87*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^4 + 27*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^6)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^5*f^4*g^2 - 268*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g^3 + 489*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^4 - 344*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^5 + 88*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^5*f^9*g^3 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^8*g^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^7*g^5 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^6*g^6 + a^4*d*e^4*f^5*g^7 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^8 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^9 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^10 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^11 + a^4*e^5*g^12)*x^6 + (5*c^4*d^4*e*f^5*g^7 + a^4*d*e^4*g^12 + (c^4*d^5 - 20*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g^8 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e - 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g^9 + 2*(3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 10*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^10 - (4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 ...
```

3.699.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**6,x)
```

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

output Timed out

3.699.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^6, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^6), x)`

3.699.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2659 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2659, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.57

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^6, x, algorithm="giac")`

```

output 3/128*c^5*d^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt
(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*f^3*g^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 + 3*a^2
*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 - a^3*e^3*g^5)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 1/640*(15*c^5*d
^5*e^5*f^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)
*e)) - 75*c^5*d^6*e^4*f^4*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c
*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 150*c^5*d^7*e^3*f^3*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 150*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*g^3*abs(e)
*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 75*c^5*d^9
*e*f*g^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e
)) - 15*c^5*d^10*g^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g
- a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^4
*e^4*f^4*abs(e) + 70*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^
5*e^3*f^3*g*abs(e) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c
^3*d^3*e^5*f^3*g*abs(e) + 128*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^
2)*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 466*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g -
a*e*g^2)*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^2*abs(e) + 248*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*
d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 70*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3
)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^7*e*f*g^3*abs(e) - 46*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^
3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*g^3*abs(e) + 512*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*g^3*abs(e) - 336*sqr...

```

3.699.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

```

input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^6*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)),x)

```

```

output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^6*(d + e*x)^(
3/2)), x)

```

3.699. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

3.700
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.700.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{128(cdf - aeg)^3 (2ae^2g - cd(9ef - 7dg)) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{45045c^5d^5e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{128g(cdf - aeg)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{6435c^4d^4e(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32(cdf - aeg)^2 (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{715c^3d^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16(cdf - aeg)(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{195c^2d^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-128/45045*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-7*d*g+9*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^5/d^5/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+128/6435*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+32/715*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+16/195*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/15*(g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(7/2)
```

3.700.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.700.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} (128a^4 e^4 g^4 - 64a^3 cde}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(128*a^4*e^4*g^4 - 64*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(15*f + 7*g*x) + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(65*f^2 + 70*f*g*x + 21*g^2*x^2) - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(715*f^3 + 1365*f^2*g*x + 945*f*g^2*x^2 + 231*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(6435*f^4 + 20020*f^3*g*x + 24570*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 13860*f*g^3*x^3 + 3003*g^4*x^4)))/(45045*c^5*d^5*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.700.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{15cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{13cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{15cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

3.700. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 1253

$$8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{13cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd}$$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1221

$$8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right) \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} \right)}{13cd} \right) + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd}$$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \quad 15cd$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^4 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{15cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + 8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{13cd} \right)}{13cd} \right)$$

15cd

input `Int[((f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

3.700. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

output $(2*(f + g*x)^4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(15*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + (8*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(13*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(9*f - (7*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(63*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(9*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})))/(11*c*d)))/(13*c*d)))/(15*c*d)$

3.700.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (c*(p+1)), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$ && $\text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$

rule 1221 $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x) * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g)) / (c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0]$

rule 1253 $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^{p+1} / (c*(m - n - 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[n*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) / (c*e*(m - n - 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^{n-1} * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x$ && $\text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$ && $\text{EqQ}[m + p, 0]$ && $\text{GtQ}[n, 0]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m - n - 1, 0]$ && $(\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[n])$

3.700.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^3(3003g^4x^4c^4d^4-1848ac^3d^3eg^4x^3+13860c^4d^4fg^3x^3+1008a^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x^2-7560ac^3d^3efg^3x^2+24570c^4d^4f^2g^2x^2-448a^3d^3ef^2g^2x+3360a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3x-10920a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^3+3120a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2-5720a^3c^3d^3e^2fg+6435c^4d^4f^4)/c^5d^5}{}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3003g^4x^4c^4d^4-1848ac^3d^3eg^4x^3+13860c^4d^4fg^3x^3+1008a^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x^2-7560ac^3d^3efg^3x^2+24570c^4d^4f^2g^2x^2-448a^3d^3ef^2g^2x+3360a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3x-10920a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^3+3120a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2-5720a^3c^3d^3e^2fg+6435c^4d^4f^4)/c^5d^5}{}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/45045*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(3003*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4-1848*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3+13860*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3+1008*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2-7560*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2+24570*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2-448*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4*x+3360*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x-10920*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x+20020*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x+128*a^4*e^4*g^4-960*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+3120*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-5720*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+6435*c^4*d^4*f^4)/c^5/d^5
```

3.700.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3003c^7d^7g^4x^7+6435a^3c^4d^4e^3f^4-5720a^4c^3d^3e^4f^3g+3360a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3x-10920a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^3+3120a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2-5720a^3c^3d^3e^2fg+6435c^4d^4f^4)/c^5d^5}{}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output $\frac{2}{45045} \cdot (3003c^7d^7g^4x^7 + 6435a^3c^4d^4e^3f^4 - 5720a^4c^3d^3e^4f^3g + 3120a^5c^2d^2e^5f^2g^2 - 960a^6c^2d^2e^6fg^3 + 128a^7e^7g^4 + 231(60c^7d^7fg^3 + 31ac^6d^6e^4g^4)x^6 + 63(390c^7d^7f^2g^2 + 540ac^6d^6e^3fg^3 + 71a^2c^5d^5e^2g^4)x^5 + 35(572c^7d^7f^3g + 1794a^2c^6d^6e^2fg^2 + 636a^2c^5d^5e^2fg^3 + a^3c^4d^4e^3g^4)x^4 + 5(1287c^7d^7f^4 + 10868a^2c^6d^6e^3fg + 8814a^2c^5d^5e^2f^2g^2 + 60a^3c^4d^4e^3fg^3 - 8a^4c^3d^3e^4g^4)x^3 + 3(6435a^2c^6d^6e^4 + 14300a^2c^5d^5e^2f^3g + 390a^3c^4d^4e^3f^2g^2 - 120a^4c^3d^3e^4fg^3 + 16a^5c^2d^2e^5g^4)x^2 + (19305a^2c^5d^5e^2f^4 + 2860a^3c^4d^4e^3f^3g - 1560a^4c^3d^3e^4f^2g^2 + 480a^5c^2d^2e^5fg^3 - 64a^6c^2d^2e^6g^4)x) \cdot \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (c^2d^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} / (c^5d^5e^2x + c^5d^6)$

3.700.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**4*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.700.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aef^4}}{7cd} \\ &+ \frac{8(7c^4d^4x^4 + 19ac^3d^3ex^3 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^3cde^3x - 2a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aef^3g}}{63c^2d^2} \\ &+ \frac{4(63c^5d^5x^5 + 161ac^4d^4ex^4 + 113a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 3a^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 - 4a^4cde^4x + 8a^5e^5)\sqrt{cdx + aef^2g^2}}{231c^3d^3} \\ &+ \frac{8(231c^6d^6x^6 + 567ac^5d^5ex^5 + 371a^2c^4d^4e^2x^4 + 5a^3c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 6a^4c^2d^2e^4x^2 + 8a^5cde^5x - 16a^6e^6)\sqrt{cdx}}{3003c^4d^4} \\ &+ \frac{2(3003c^7d^7x^7 + 7161ac^6d^6ex^6 + 4473a^2c^5d^5e^2x^5 + 35a^3c^4d^4e^3x^4 - 40a^4c^3d^3e^4x^3 + 48a^5c^2d^2e^5x^2 - 64a^6cde^6x + 16a^7e^7)\sqrt{cdx}}{45045c^5d^5} \end{aligned}$$

3.700. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*x + a*e)*f^4/(c*d) + 8/63*(7*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 15*a^2*c^
2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 2*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^3*g/(c^2*d^
2) + 4/231*(63*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 161*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3
+ 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 4*a^4*c*d*e^4*x + 8*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
f^2*g^2/(c^3*d^3) + 8/3003*(231*c^6*d^6*x^6 + 567*a*c^5*d^5*e*x^5 + 371*a^
2*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 8*a^5*
c*d*e^5*x - 16*a^6*e^6)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g^3/(c^4*d^4) + 2/45045*(3003*
c^7*d^7*x^7 + 7161*a*c^6*d^6*e*x^6 + 4473*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2*x^5 + 35*a^3*c^4
*d^4*e^3*x^4 - 40*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 48*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 - 64*a^6*c*
d*e^6*x + 128*a^7*e^7)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^4/(c^5*d^5)
```

3.700.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4287 vs. $2(306) = 612$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4287, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.76

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(15015*a^2*f^4*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs
(e) + 429*c^2*d^2*f^4*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e
^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e
^2 + 3432*a*c*d*f^3*g*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e
^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e
+ 2574*a^2*f^2*g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3
+ 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e) - 5
72*c^2*d^2*f^3*g*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c
*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4...

```

3.700.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\frac{2g^2 x^5 (71a^2 e^2 g^2 + 540ac)}{715}}$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(
5/2),x)

```


output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*g^2*x^5*(71*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 390*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 540*a*c*d*e*f*g))/715 + (256*a^7*e^7*g^4 + 12870*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^3*f^4 - 11440*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*g - 1920*a^6*c*d*e^6*f*g^3 + 6240*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^2*g^2)/(45045*c^5*d^5) + (x^3*(12870*c^7*d^7*f^4 - 80*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^4*g^4 + 600*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^3*f*g^3 + 108680*a*c^6*d^6*e*f^3*g + 88140*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^2))/(45045*c^5*d^5) + (2*c^2*d^2*g^4*x^7)/15 + (2*c*d*g^3*x^6*(31*a*e*g + 60*c*d*f))/195 + (2*g*x^4*(a^3*e^3*g^3 + 572*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 1794*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 636*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(1287*c*d) + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(19305*c^4*d^4*f^4 - 64*a^4*e^4*g^4 + 2860*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g + 480*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3 - 1560*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2))/(45045*c^4*d^4) + (2*a*e*x^2*(16*a^4*e^4*g^4 + 6435*c^4*d^4*f^4 + 14300*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g - 120*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3 + 390*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2))/(15015*c^3*d^3)))/(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}$

3.700. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.701
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.701.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{16(cdf-aeg)^2 (2ae^2g-cd(9ef-7dg)) (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{3003c^4d^4e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16g(cdf-aeg)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{429c^3d^3e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{12(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{143c^2d^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^3 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-16/3003*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-7*d*g+9*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^4/d^4/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+16/429*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+12/143*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/13*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(7/2)
```

3.701.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} (-16a^3 e^3 g^3 + 8a^2 cde^3 + 8a^2 cde^3)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-16*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(13*f + 7*g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(143*f^2 + 182*f*g*x + 63*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(429*f^3 + 1001*f^2*g*x + 819*f*g^2*x^2 + 231*g^3*x^3)))/(3003*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.701.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{13cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right)}{13cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^3 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1221

3.701. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^3(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \\
 & 6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right) + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{13cd}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (2*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(9*f - (7*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2))))/(11*c*d))/(13*c*d)
```

3.701.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

3.701. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.701.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^3(-231g^3x^3c^3d^3+126a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-819c^3d^3fg^2x^2-56a^2cde^2g^3x+364a^2c^2d^2efg^2x-1001c^3d^3f^2g^2x-104a^3e^3g^3-104a^2c^2d^2efg^2+286a^2c^2d^2e^2fg-429c^3d^3f^3)/c^4d^4}{3003\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-231g^3x^3c^3d^3+126a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-819c^3d^3fg^2x^2-56a^2cde^2g^3x+364a^2c^2d^2efg^2x-1001c^3d^3f^2g^2x+16a^3e^3g^3-104a^2c^2d^2efg^2+286a^2c^2d^2e^2fg-429c^3d^3f^3)/c^4d^4}{3003c^4d^4(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3003*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(-231*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+126*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-819*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-56*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+364*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-1001*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+16*a^3*e^3*g^3-104*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+286*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-429*c^3*d^3*f^3)/c^4/d^4
```

$$3.701. \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.701.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(231c^6d^6g^3x^6 + 429a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3 - 286a^4c^2d^2e^4f^2g + 104a^5c^2d^4e^2fg^2 - 16a^6e^6g^3 + 63(13c^6d^6fg^2 + 9a^2c^5d^5eg^3)x^5 + 7(143c^6d^6f^2g + 299a^2c^5d^5efg^2 + 53a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^3)x^4 + (429c^6d^6f^3 + 2717a^2c^5d^5ef^2g + 1469a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^2 + 5a^3c^3d^3e^3fg^3)x^3 + 3(429a^2c^5d^5ef^3 + 715a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^2 + 13a^3c^3d^3e^3fg^2 - 2a^4c^2d^2e^4fg^3)x^2 + (1287a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^3 + 143a^3c^3d^3e^3fg^2 - 52a^4c^2d^2e^4fg^2 + 8a^5c^2d^2e^4fg^2 + 8a^5c^2d^2e^4fg^2)x) \sqrt{c^2d^2 + a^2e^2} \sqrt{ex + d}}{(c^4d^4ex + c^4d^5)}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3003*(231*c^6*d^6*g^3*x^6 + 429*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3 - 286*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^
4*f^2*g + 104*a^5*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 - 16*a^6*e^6*g^3 + 63*(13*c^6*d^6*f*g^2 +
9*a^2*c^5*d^5*e*g^3)*x^5 + 7*(143*c^6*d^6*f^2*g + 299*a^2*c^5*d^5*e*f*g^2 + 53
*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*g^3)*x^4 + (429*c^6*d^6*f^3 + 2717*a^2*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g + 14
69*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^2 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(429*a^2*c^5*d^5*e
*f^3 + 715*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g + 13*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a^4*c^2*d^
2*e^4*g^3)*x^2 + (1287*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^3 + 143*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g - 5
2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 + 8*a^5*c*d*e^5*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (
c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^4*d^4*e*x + c^4*d^5)
```

3.701.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**
(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.701.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aef^3}}{7cd}$$

$$+ \frac{2(7c^4d^4x^4 + 19ac^3d^3ex^3 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^3cde^3x - 2a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aef^2}g}{21c^2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(63c^5d^5x^5 + 161ac^4d^4ex^4 + 113a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 + 3a^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 - 4a^4cde^4x + 8a^5e^5)\sqrt{cdx + aef}g^2}{231c^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(231c^6d^6x^6 + 567ac^5d^5ex^5 + 371a^2c^4d^4e^2x^4 + 5a^3c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 6a^4c^2d^2e^4x^2 + 8a^5cde^5x - 16a^6e^6)\sqrt{cdx}}{3003c^4d^4}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*x + a*e)*f^3/(c*d) + 2/21*(7*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 15*a^2*c^2
*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 2*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2*g/(c^2*d^2
+ 2/231*(63*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 161*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3
+ 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 4*a^4*c*d*e^4*x + 8*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*
f*g^2/(c^3*d^3) + 2/3003*(231*c^6*d^6*x^6 + 567*a*c^5*d^5*e*x^5 + 371*a^2*c
^4*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 5*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 8*a^5*c*c
d*e^5*x - 16*a^6*e^6)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^3/(c^4*d^4)`

3.701.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3058 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3058, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.37

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/45045*(15015*a^2*f^3*((\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - \text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(3/2)}/(c*d*e))*\text{abs}(e) + 429*c^2*d^2*f^3*((15*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(3/2)}*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(5/2)}*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(7/2)})/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*\text{abs}(e)/e^2 + 2574*a*c*d*f^2*g*((15*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(3/2)}*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(5/2)}*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(7/2)})/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*\text{abs}(e)/e + 1287*a^2*f*g^2*((15*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(3/2)}*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(5/2)}*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^{(7/2)})/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*\text{abs}(e) - 429*c^2*d^2*f^2*g*((35*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 6*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*\text{sqrt}(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d...$

3.701.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2gx^4 (53a^2e^2g^2 + 299acd)}{429} \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((2*g*x^4*(53*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 143*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 299*a*c*d*e*f*g))/429 - (32*a^6*e^6*g^3 - 858*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3 + 572*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 208*a^5*c*d*e^5*f*g^2)/(3003*c^4*d^4) + (x^3*(858*c^6*d^6*f^3 + 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^3 + 2938*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^2 + 5434*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g))/(3003*c^4*d^4) + (2*c^2*d^2*g^3*x^6)/13 + (6*c*d*g^2*x^5*(9*a*e*g + 13*c*d*f))/143 + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(8*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 1287*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 143*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 52*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(3003*c^3*d^3) + (2*a*e*x^2*(429*c^3*d^3*f^3 - 2*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 715*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 13*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(1001*c^2*d^2)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)$

3.701. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.702
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.702.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8(cdf-ae^2g)(2ae^2g-cd(9ef-7dg))(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{693c^3d^3e(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8g(cdf-ae^2g)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{99c^2d^2e(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}$$

```
output -8/693*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-7*d*g+9*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*
x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+8/99*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/11*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(7/2)
```

3.702.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(8a^2e^2g^2 - 4acdeg(11f + 7gx) + c^2d^2(99f^2 + 154fgx + 63g^2x^2))}{693c^3d^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*g*(11*f + 7*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(99*f^2 + 154*f*g*x + 63*g^2*x^2)))/(693*c^3*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.702.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{11cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd} + \frac{2(f + gx)^2 (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 1122

3.702. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right)}{63cd(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d+ex)^{5/2}} \right)}{11cd}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(9*f - (7*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))* (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)))/(11*c*d)`

3.702.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

3.702. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.702.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^3(63g^2x^2c^2d^2-28acde g^2x+154c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-44acdefg+99c^2d^2f^2)}{693\sqrt{ex+d}c^3d^3}$	108
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(63g^2x^2c^2d^2-28acde g^2x+154c^2d^2fgx+8a^2e^2g^2-44acdefg+99c^2d^2f^2)(cde x^2+a e^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	116

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/693*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(63*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-28*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+154*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*a^2*e^2*g^2-44*a*c*d*e*f*g+99*c^2*d^2*f^2)/c^3/d^3
```

3.702.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(63c^5d^5g^2x^5+99a^3c^2d^2e^3f^2-44a^4cde^4fg+8a^5e^5g^2)}{(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/693*(63*c^5*d^5*g^2*x^5+99*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2-44*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g+8*a^5*e^5*g^2+7*(22*c^5*d^5*f*g+23*a*c^4*d^4*e*g^2)*x^4+(99*c^5*d^5*f^2+418*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g+113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^3+3*(99*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2+110*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g+a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^2+(297*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2+22*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g-4*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4)
```

3.702.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.702.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.702.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3 d^3 x^3 + 3ac^2 d^2 ex^2 + 3a^2 cde^2 x + a^3 e^3) \sqrt{cdx + aef^2}}{7cd} + \frac{4(7c^4 d^4 x^4 + 19ac^3 d^3 ex^3 + 15a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + a^3 cde^3 x - 2a^4 e^4) \sqrt{cdx + aefg}}{63c^2 d^2} + \frac{2(63c^5 d^5 x^5 + 161ac^4 d^4 ex^4 + 113a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 x^3 + 3a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 - 4a^4 cde^4 x + 8a^5 e^5) \sqrt{cdx + aeg^2}}{693c^3 d^3}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2/(c*d) + 4/63*(7*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 2*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*f*g/(c^2*d^2) + 2/693*(63*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 161*a*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 113*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 4*a^4*c*d*e^4*x + 8*a^5*e^5)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g^2/(c^3*d^3)
```

3.702.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2010 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2010, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.05

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/3465*(1155*a^2*f^2*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^
3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e
) + 33*c^2*d^2*f^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c
*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3
+ 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2
+ 132*a*c*d*f*g*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 1
5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e + 33*
a^2*g^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c
^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2
)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e) - 22*c^2*d^2*f*
g*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6
*e^2 - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (10...
```

3.702.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{16a^5 e^5 g^2 - 88a^4 cde^4 f g + 693c^3 d^3}{693c^3 d^3} \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

3.702. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((16*a^5*e^5*g^2 + 198*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 88*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g)/(693*c^3*d^3) + (x^3*(198*c^5*d^5*f^2 + 226*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^2 + 836*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g))/(693*c^3*d^3) + (2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^5)/11 + (2*c*d*g*x^4*(23*a*e*g + 22*c*d*f))/99 + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(297*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 4*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 22*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(693*c^2*d^2) + (2*a*e*x^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 99*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 110*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(231*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.702. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.703
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.703.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(2ae^2g - cd(9ef - 7dg))(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63c^2d^2e(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2g(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/63*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-7*d*g+9*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c^2/d^2/e/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/9*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/c/d/e/(e*x+d)^(5/2)`

3.703.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(-2aeg + cd(9f + 7gx))}{63c^2d^2\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

3.703.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(9*f + 7*g*x)))/(63*c^2*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.703.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{7dg}{e} + 9f \right)}{63cd(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2g(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9cde(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$

output $(2*(9*f - (7*d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(5/2))$

3.703.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.703.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^3(-7cdgx+2aeg-9cdf)}{63\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2}$	59
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-7cdgx+2aeg-9cdf)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	67

input `int((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method =_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/63*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3*(-7*c*d*g*x+2*a*e*g-9*c*d*f)/c^2/d^2$$

3.703.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7c^4d^4gx^4 + 9a^3cde^3f - 2a^4e^4g + (9c^4d^4f + 19ac^3d^3e^2g)x + 3(9a^3c^3d^3e^2f + 5a^2c^2d^2e^2g)x^2 + (27a^2c^2d^2e^2f + a^3c^3d^3e^3g)x)\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x + a^2d^2 + a^2e^2} + 2(7c^4d^4gx^4 + 9a^3cde^3f - 2a^4e^4g + (9c^4d^4f + 19ac^3d^3e^2g)x)\sqrt{ex + d}}{63c^2d^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/63*(7*c^4*d^4*g*x^4 + 9*a^3*c*d*e^3*f - 2*a^4*e^4*g + (9*c^4*d^4*f + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*g)*x^3 + 3*(9*a^3*c^3*d^3*e*f + 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g)*x^2 + (27*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f + a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x + c^2*d^3)`

3.703.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.703.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + aef}}{7cd} + \frac{2(7c^4d^4x^4 + 19ac^3d^3ex^3 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^3cde^3x - 2a^4e^4)\sqrt{cdx + aeg}}{63c^2d^2}$$

3.703. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*x + a*e)*f/(c*d) + 2/63*(7*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 15*a^2*c^2*
d^2*e^2*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3*x - 2*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*g/(c^2*d^2)`

3.703.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1147 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1147, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.18

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(105*a^2*f*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e) +
3*c^2*d^2*f*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(
3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((
e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 + 6*a*c
*d*g*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*
d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3
) *a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a
^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d
) *c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e - c^2*d^2*g*((35
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8 - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 -
6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c
*d^2*e^6 - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (105*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9 - 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a^2*e^6 + 135*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*a
e^3 - 35((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(9/2))/(c^4*d^4*e^7))*abs(e)
/e^2 - 42*a*c*d*f*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*...`

3.703. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.703.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2c^2 d^2 g x^4}{9} + \frac{2ae x^2 (5ae)}{21} \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*c^2*d^2*g*x^4)/9 + (2*a*e*x^2*(5*a*e*g + 9*c*d*f))/21 + (2*c*d*x^3*(19*a*e*g + 9*c*d*f))/63 - (2*a^3*e^3*(2*a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(63*c^2*d^2) + (2*a^2*e^2*x*(a*e*g + 27*c*d*f))/(63*c*d)))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

$$3.704 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.704.1 Optimal result	5215
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3.704.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

output $2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}/c/d/(e*x+d)^{(7/2)}$

3.704.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cd)x)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(7/2)})/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})$

$$3.704. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.704.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.026$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))`

3.704.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.704.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^3}{7\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	42
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	50

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.704. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

output $2/7*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^3/c/d$

3.704.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{7(cdex + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)$

3.704.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**5/2/(d + e*x)**5/2, x)`

3.704.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2d^2ex^2 + 3a^2cde^2x + a^3e^3)\sqrt{cdx + ae}}{7cd}$$

3.704. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d)`

3.704.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 477 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(35 a^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}cd^2 - \sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3}ae^2}{cd} + \frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2}}{cde} \right) \right) |e| + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(35*a^2*((sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(c*d) + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c*d*e))*abs(e) + c^2*d^2*((15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6 - 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2))/(c^3*d^3*e^5))*abs(e)/e^2 - 14*a*c*d*((3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4)/(c^2*d^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2))/(c^2*d^2*e^2))*abs(e)/e^2)/e`

3.704. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.704.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{6a^2 e^2 x}{7} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 x^3}{7} + \frac{2a^3 e^3}{7cd} + \frac{6a}{7} \right)}{\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((6*a^2*e^2*x)/7 + (2*c^2*d^2*x^3)/7 + (2*a^3*e^3)/(7*c*d) + (6*a*c*d*e*x^2)/7))/(d + e*x)^(1/2)`

3.705
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

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3.705.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} dx = \frac{2(cdf - aeg)^2 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{g^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(cdf - aeg)(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(cdf - aeg)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)+2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.705.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cd}(23a^2e^2g^2 + acdeg(-35f + 11g^2) + acdeg(-35f + 11g^2)) \right)}{15g^{7/2}\sqrt{\dots}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*sqrt[d + e*x]*(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(23*a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*c*d*e*g*(-35*f + 11*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 - 5*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) - 15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(15*g^(7/2)*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.705.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx}{g} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\ & \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx}{g} \right)}{g} \end{aligned}$$

3.705. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\ (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1255 \\ & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\ (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + d + ex)}{g}} dx}{g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \\ (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf - aeg} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)), x]
```

3.705. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} dx$

```
output (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) -
((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(
d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*
d*e*x^2]))/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x
]))/g^(3/2)))/g)/g
```

3.705.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1250 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(
e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(
p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e +
a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n,
0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.705.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}\left(15\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right)a^3e^3g^3-45\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right)a^2cde^2fg^2+45\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right)ac\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.705. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} dx$$

output $-2/15*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)})*a^3*e^3*g^3-45*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+45*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)})/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^3-3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-11*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+5*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-23*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*e^2*g^2+35*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c*d*e*f*g-15*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}/g^3/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{(1/2)}$

3.705.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^2d^3f^2 - 2acd^2efg + a^2de^2g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 - 2acde^2fg + a^2e^3g^2)x)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[1/15*(15*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*\log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))*\operatorname{sqrt}(e*x + d)*g*\operatorname{sqrt}(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 35*a*c*d*e*f*g + 23*a^2*e^2*g^2 - (5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 11*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e*x + d))/(e*g^3*x + d*g^3), 2/15*(15*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(e*x + d)*\operatorname{sqrt}((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)/\operatorname{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)) + (3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 35*a*c*d*e*f*g + 23*a^2*e^2*g^2 - (5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 11*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(e*x + d))/(e*g^3*x + d*g^3)]$

3.705.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.705.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)), x)`

3.705.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 853 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 853, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(c^3d^3f^3|e| - 3ac^2d^2ef^2g|e| + 3a^2cde^2fg^2|e| - a^3e^3g^3|e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(15c^3d^3e^3f^3|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 45ac^2d^2e^4f^2g|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + 45a^2cde^5fg^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^2d^2e^{28}f^2g^2|e|} - 30\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3acde^{29}fg^3|e|} + 15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^2d^2e^{28}f^2g^2|e|}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3}$$

3.705. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c^3*d^3*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*
abs(e) - a^3*e^3*g^3*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3
) *g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^3) + 2/15*(1
5*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a
*e*g^2)*e)) - 45*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 45*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*a^3*e^6*g^3*abs(e)*ar
ctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e) + 35*sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(e) + 11*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e) - 23*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^
2)*e^4*g^3) + 2/15*(15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e^2
8*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 30*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d*e^29*f
*g^3*abs(e) + 15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^30*g^4*abs(
e) - 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d*e^26*f*g^3*abs(e) + 5
*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^27*g^4*abs(e) + 3*((e*x + d
) *c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*e^24*g^4*abs(e))/(e^30*g^5)`

3.705.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/
2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/
2)), x)`

3.705. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)} dx$

3.706
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

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3.706.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5cd(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}-\frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}$$

$$+\frac{5cd(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{7/2}}$$

```
output 5/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-(a*d*e+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)+5*c*d*(-a*e*g+c*d*
f)^(3/2)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*
d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)-5*c*d*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.706.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-3a^2e^2g^2 + 2acdeg(10f + 7gx) + 2acdeg(10f + 7gx) + 2acdeg(10f + 7gx) + 2acdeg(10f + 7gx)) \right)}{3g^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(10*f + 7*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-15*f^2 - 10*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2)) + 15*c*d*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(3*g^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x))`

3.706.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1249, 1250, 1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)}$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx}{g} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)}$$

3.706. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$

↓ 1250

$$5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{g}}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{2g}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}$$

↓ 1255

$$5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} dx}{g} \right)}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{2g}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}$$

↓ 218

$$5cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf-ae g} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}} \right)}{g^{3/2}} \right)}{g} \right)$$

$$\frac{2g}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)} \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)}$$

3.706. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

output `-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x))) + (5*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x])))/g^(3/2)))/g)/(2*g)`

3.706.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.706.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

3.706.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 512 vs. $2(209) = 418$.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{1/2}*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-30*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-30*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2})*c^3*d^3*f^3-2*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-14*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*a^2*e^2*g^2-20*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*a*c*d*e*f*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(c*d*x+a*e)^{1/2}/g^3/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^{1/2}$$

3.706.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 672, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^2d^3f^2 - acd^2efg + (c^2d^2efg - acde^2g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 - a}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x,algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/6*(15*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - a*c*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g - a*c*d*e^2*g^2)*x \\ & \quad + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - a*c*d^2*e*g^2 + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f*g)*x)*\text{sqrt}(- \\ & \quad (c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*\log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e* \\ & \quad x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d))*g*\text{sqrt}(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g) \\ & \quad - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2* \\ & \quad (2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 20*a*c*d*e*f*g - 3*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*(\\ & \quad 5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 7*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2) \\ & \quad *x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d))/(e*g^4*x^2 + d*f*g^3 + (e*f*g^3 + d*g^4)*x), -1/3*(15*(\\ & \quad c^2*d^3*f^2 - a*c*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g - a*c*d*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d \\ & \quad ^2*e*f^2 - a*c*d^2*e*g^2 + (c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f*g)*x)*\text{sqrt}((c*d*f - a*e \\ & \quad *g)/g)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*\text{sqrt}((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)/\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e \\ & \quad + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)) - (2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 20*a*c*d*e* \\ & \quad f*g - 3*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*(5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 7*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 \\ & \quad + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d))/(e*g^4*x^2 + d*f*g^3 + (e*f*g^ \\ & \quad 3 + d*g^4)*x)] \end{aligned}$$

3.706.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output Timed out

3.706.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.706.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

3.706.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.707
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

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3.707.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{15c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} - \frac{15c^2d^2\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4g^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-5/4*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)
-1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^2-15/
4*c^2*d^2*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c
*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/g^(7/2)+15/4*c^2*d^2*(a*d
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.707.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-2a^2e^2g^2 - acdeg(5f + 9gx)) \right)}{4g^{7/2}\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-2*a^2*e^2*g^2 - a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + 9*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 25*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)) - 15*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*(f + g*x)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(4*g^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^2)`

3.707.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1250, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} dx}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

3.707. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx$

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{g} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4g}{2g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 1255

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e^2(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae g)e^2 + \frac{g(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} e^2 d \sqrt{\frac{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}}}{g} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4g}{2g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}$$

↓ 218

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{cdf-ae g} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}}\right)}{g^{3/2}} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)} \right)$$

$$\frac{4g}{2g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^3), x]`

$$3.707. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

output
$$-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(f + g*x)^2) + (5*c*d*(-((a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x))) + (3*c*d*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/g^{(3/2)}))/(2*g))/(4*g)$$

3.707.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1249
$$\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m)((f + (g \cdot x)^n)(a + (b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot x)^m (f + g \cdot x)^{n+1} ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (g^{n+1}))], x] + \text{Simp}[c \cdot m / (e \cdot g^{n+1}) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} (f + g \cdot x)^{n+1} (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n + p + 2, 0])$$

rule 1250
$$\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m)((f + (g \cdot x)^n)(a + (b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e \cdot x)^m (f + g \cdot x)^{n+1} ((a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p / (g^{m-n-1}))], x] - \text{Simp}[m \cdot ((c \cdot e \cdot f + c \cdot d \cdot g - b \cdot e \cdot g) / (e^2 \cdot g^{m-n-1})) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} (f + g \cdot x)^n (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1}], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m - n - 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n + p + 2, 0]) \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[n]$$

rule 1255
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(d + (e \cdot x)^m) / ((f + (g \cdot x)^n) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a + (b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^2])], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \cdot e^2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (c \cdot (e \cdot f + d \cdot g) - b \cdot e \cdot g + e^2 \cdot g \cdot x^2)], x], \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0]$$

3.707.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 515 vs. $2(214) = 428$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) a c^2 d^2 e g^3 x^2 - 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 30 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+30*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-30*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+9*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-25*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+5*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^2/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.707.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx = \left[\frac{15(c^2d^2eg^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + (2c^2d^2efg + c^2d^3g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 + 2c^2d^3fg)x + c^2d^3f^2 + c^2d^3g^2)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3,x,algorithm="fracas")
```

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$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

output `[1/8*(15*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))*g*sqrt(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)/g) - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x)/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x) + 2*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 5*a*c*d*e*f*g - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + (25*c^2*d^2*f*g - 9*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e*g^5*x^3 + d*f^2*g^3 + (2*e*f*g^4 + d*g^5)*x^2 + (e*f^2*g^3 + 2*d*f*g^4)*x), 1/4*(15*(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*c^2*d^3*f*g)*x)*sqrt((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt((c*d*f - a*e*g)/g)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)) + (8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 5*a*c*d*e*f*g - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + (25*c^2*d^2*f*g - 9*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e*g^5*x^3 + d*f^2*g^3 + (2*e*f*g^4 + d*g^5)*x^2 + (e*f^2*g^3 + 2*d*f*g^4)*x)]`

3.707.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.707.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.707. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx$

3.707.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1038 vs. $2(214) = 428$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1038, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^2d^2}|e|}{e^2g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{15c^3d^3e^3f^3|e|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 30c^3d^4e^2f^2g|e|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 15ac^2d^2e^4f^2g|e|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{15(c^3d^3f|e| - ac^2d^2eg|e|)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^4d^4e^2f^2}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{4\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^4d^4e^2f^2}|e| - 14\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^3d^3e^3fg}|e| + 7\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^4d^4e^2f^2}|e|}{4(cde^2f - ae^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^4d^4e^2f^2)^{1/2})}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*abs(e)/(e^2*g^3) + 1/4*(15*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 30*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 15*c^3*d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 30*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) + 25*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e) + 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(e) - 9*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d*e^3*f*g^4 + sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d^2*e^2*g^5) - 15/4*(c^3*d^3*f*abs(e) - a*c^2*d^2*e*g*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^3) + 1/4*(7*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*abs(e) - 14*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g*abs(e) + 7*sqrt...`

3.707.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^3 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.708
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$$

3.708.1 Optimal result 5243
 3.708.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5244
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3.708.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 253

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx = -\frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{8g^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{12g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{5c^3d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8g^{7/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}}$$

```
output -5/12*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)
)^2-1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^3+
5/8*c^3*d^3*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g
+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)-5/8*c^2*d^2*(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.708.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{g}(8a^2e^2g^2 + 2acdeg(5f + 13gx) + c^2d^2(15f^2 + 40fgx + 33g^2x^2))}{(f + gx)^3} + \frac{15c^3d^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdf - aeg}\sqrt{ae + cdx}} \right)}{24g^{7/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^4),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-((Sqrt[g]*(8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + 13*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 40*f*g*x + 33*g^2*x^2)))/(f + g*x)^3) + (15*c^3*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])))/(24*g^(7/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.708.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1249, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \\ & \frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} dx}{6g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \\ & \frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^2} dx}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^2} \right)}{6g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \end{aligned}$$

3.708. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{6g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1255 \\
 & 5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)} dx}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{d+ex}{g}} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{6g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 218 \\
 & 5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} \right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}}{4g} - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{6g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^4), x]`

3.708. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$

```
output -1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f +
g*x)^3) + (5*c*d*(-1/2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(
d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(-(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c
*d*e*x^2]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(g^
(3/2)*Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g])))/(4*g)))/(6*g)
```

3.708.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1249 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)
^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && G
tQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.708.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 45 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^3 \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^4,x, meth
od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.708. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx$$

output
$$-1/24*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+45*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+45*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*\operatorname{arctanh}(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3+33*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+26*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+40*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^3/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)$$

3.708.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 549 vs. $2(221) = 442$.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1140, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.51

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \left[-\frac{15(c^3d^3eg^3x^4 + c^3d^4f^3 + (3c^3d^3efg^2 + c^3d^4g^3)x^3 + 3(c^3d^3ef^2$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^4, x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/48*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(15*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - 8*a^3*e^3*g^4 + 33*(c^3*d^3*f*g^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(20*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3 - 13*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d^2*f^4*g^4 - a*d*e*f^3*g^5 + (c*d*e*f*g^7 - a*e^2*g^8)*x^4 + (3*c*d*e*f^2*g^6 - a*d*e*g^8 + (c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*f*g^7)*x^3 + 3*(c*d*e*f^3*g^5 - a*d*e*f*g^7 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^2*g^6)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^4*g^4 - 3*a*d*e*f^2*g^6 + (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^3*g^5)*x), -1/24*(15*(c^3*d^3*e*g^3*x^4 + c^3*d^4*f^3 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 + c^3*d^4*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g + c^3*d^4*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 3*c^3*d^4*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + (15*c^3*d^3*f^3*g - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - 8*a^3*e^3*g^4 + 33*(c^3*d^3*f*g^3 - a*c^2*d^2*e*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(20*c^3*d^3*f^2*g^2 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3 - 13*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d...

```

3.708.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**4,x)`

output Timed out

3.708.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^4, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^4), x)`

3.708.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 940 vs. 2(221) = 442.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 940, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4} dx = \frac{5c^3d^3|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{8\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}g^3} - \frac{15c^3d^3e^3f^3|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) - 45c^3d^4e^2f^2g|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right) + 45c^3d^5efg^2|e| \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg - aeg^2e}}\right)}{15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3c^5d^5e^4f^2|e|} - 30\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^4d^4e^5fg|e|} + 15\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3ac^4d^4e^5fg|e|}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^4, x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

5/8*c^3*d^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g^3) - 1/24*(15*c^3*d^3*
e^3*f^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)
) - 45*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*
f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 45*c^3*d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^
3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*c^3*d^6*g^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d
^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*s
qrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) + 40*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(e) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*s
qrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) - 33*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sq
rt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(e) + 26*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(e) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e^4*f^3*g^
3 - 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d*e^3*f^2*g^4 + 3*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d^
2*e^2*f*g^5 - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*d^3*e*g^6) - 1/24*(15*sqrt((e*x + d)
*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^5*e^4*f^2*abs(e) - 30*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e
- c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^4*e^5*f*g*abs(e) + 15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c
*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^6*g^2*abs(e) + 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g*abs(e) - 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^2*abs(e) + 33*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + ...

```

3.708.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^4(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
5/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(
5/2)), x)

```

3.709
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$$

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3.709.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx = -\frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{32g^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{5c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{64g^3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{5cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{24g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} + \frac{5c^4d^4\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{64g^{7/2}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -5/24*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)
)^3-1/4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^4+
5/64*c^4*d^4*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*
g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)-5/32*c^2*d^2*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/64*c^3
*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.709.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \frac{c^4 d^4 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(48a^3 e^3 g^3 - 8a^2 cde^2 g^2 (f - 17gx) + 2ac^2 d^2 eg(-c^4 d^4 (cdf - 192g^7))}{c^4 d^4 (cdf - 192g^7)} \right)}{192g^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^5),x]`

output $(c^4 d^4 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} * ((\text{Sqrt}[g] * (48 * a^3 * e^3 * g^3 - 8 * a^2 * c * d * e^2 * g^2 * (f - 17 * g * x) + 2 * a * c^2 * d^2 * e * g * (-5 * f^2 - 18 * f * g * x + 59 * g^2 * x^2) - c^3 * d^3 * (15 * f^3 + 55 * f^2 * g * x + 73 * f * g^2 * x^2 - 15 * g^3 * x^3))) / (c^4 * d^4 * (c * d * f - a * e * g) * (a * e + c * d * x)^2 * (f + g * x)^4) + (15 * \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g] * \text{Sqrt}[a * e + c * d * x]) / \text{Sqrt}[c * d * f - a * e * g]]) / ((c * d * f - a * e * g)^{3/2} * (a * e + c * d * x)^{5/2}))) / (192 * g^{7/2} * (d + e * x)^{5/2}))$

3.709.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1249, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} dx}{8g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4}$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3} \right)}{8g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^4}$$

3.709. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1249 \\
 5cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{8g}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} \left(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2 \right)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 5cd \left(\frac{cd \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)} \right) dx}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{8g}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4} \left(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2 \right)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 1255$$

$$3.709. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cde^2 f \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + g \frac{1}{(cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)} e^2} + d \frac{\sqrt{cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{cdf-ae^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right)$$

5cd

2g

8g

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4}$$

↓ 218

$$\left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{4g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} \right)$$

5cd

2g

$$- \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}$$

8g

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^4}$$

3.709. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^5),x]`

output `-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^4) + (5*c*d*(-1/3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3) + (c*d*(-1/2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (c*d*(sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*sqrt[d + e*x]))]/(sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))))/(4*g))/(2*g))/(8*g)`

3.709.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.709.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdeax^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$$

3.709.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 654 vs. 2(285) = 570.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 d^4 g^4 x^4 + 60 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 + 90 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^4 d^4 \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4+60*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3+90*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2+60*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x-15*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^4-118*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+73*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-136*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+55*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-48*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*e^3*g^3+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/g^3/(g*x+f)^4/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.709.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 910 vs. 2(285) = 570.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1862, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.709. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx$

output `[1/384*(15*(c^4*d^4*e*g^4*x^5 + c^4*d^5*f^4 + (4*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^3 + c^4*d^5*g^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^2 + 2*c^4*d^5*f*g^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g + 3*c^4*d^5*f^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 + 4*c^4*d^5*f^3*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(15*c^4*d^4*f^4*g - 5*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^2 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 56*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^4 + 48*a^4*e^4*g^5 - 15*(c^4*d^4*f*g^4 - a*c^3*d^3*e*g^5)*x^3 + (73*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^3 - 191*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^4 + 118*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^5)*x^2 + (55*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^2 - 19*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^3 - 172*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^4 + 136*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^6*g^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^5*g^5 + a^2*d*e^2*f^4*g^6 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^8 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^9 + a^2*e^3*g^10)*x^5 + (4*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^7 + a^2*d*e^2*g^10 + (c^2*d^3 - 8*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^8 - 2*(a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3)*f*g^9)*x^4 + 2*(3*c^2*d^2*e*f^4*g^6 + 2*a^2*d*e^2*f*g^9 + 2*(c^2*d^3 - 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f^3*g^7 - (4*a*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*e^3)*f^2*g^8)*x^3 + 2*(2*c^2*d^2*e*f^5*g^5 + 3*a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^8 + (3*c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*f^4*g^6 - 2*(3*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^3*g^7)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^6*g^4 + 4*a^2*d*e^2*f^3*g^7 + 2*(2*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f^5*g^5 - (8*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^4*g^6)*x), -1/192*(15*(c^4*d^4*e*g^4*x^5 + c^4*d^5*f^4 + ...`

3.709.6 Sympy [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.709.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^5, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^5), x)`

3.709.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1574 vs. $2(285) = 570$.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1574, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^5, x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 5/64*c^4*d^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt \\ & (c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c*d*f*g^3 - a*e*g^4)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) \\ & - 1/192*(15*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c \\ & *d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 60*c^4*d^5*e^3*f^3*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + \\ & a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 90*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e)*arc \\ & tan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 60*c^4*d^7*e*f \\ & *g^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + \\ & 15*c^4*d^8*g^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e \\ & *g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e^3* \\ & f^3*abs(e) + 55*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3*d^4*e^2 \\ & *f^2*g*abs(e) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^2*d^ \\ & 2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(e) - 73*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^3 \\ & *d^5*e*f*g^2*abs(e) + 36*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a \\ & c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2*abs(e) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2 \\ &)*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2*abs(e) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e \\ & *g^2)*c^3*d^6*g^3*abs(e) + 118*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^ \\ & 2)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^3*abs(e) - 136*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a \\ & *e*g^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g^3*abs(e) + 48*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - \\ & a*e*g^2)*a^3*e^6*g^3*abs(e))/((sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e^5*f^5*g^3 - 4 \\ & *sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*e^4*f^4*g^4 - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*... \end{aligned}$$

3.709.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^5 (d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)$$

output
$$\text{int}((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)$$

3.710
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$$

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3.710.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 393

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx = -\frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{16g^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64g^3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3c^4d^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128g^3(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} + \frac{3c^5d^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{128g^{7/2}(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/8*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)
^4-1/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^5+3
/128*c^5*d^5*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*
g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)-1/16*c^2*d^2*(a
*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/64*c^3
*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/
(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3/128*c^4*d^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-
a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.710.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \frac{c^5 d^5 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(-128a^4 e^4 g^4 + 16a^3 cde^3 g^3(11f - 21gx) - 8a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^2(f^2 - 64fgx + 31g^2x^2) - 2a^2 c^3 d^3 e g(5f^3 + 23f^2gx - 233fg^2x^2 + 5g^3x^3) + c^4 d^4(-15f^4 - 70f^3gx - 128f^2g^2x^2 + 70fg^3x^3 + 15g^4x^4))}{\sqrt{g}(-128a^4 e^4 g^4 + 16a^3 cde^3 g^3(11f - 21gx) - 8a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^2(f^2 - 64fgx + 31g^2x^2) - 2a^2 c^3 d^3 e g(5f^3 + 23f^2gx - 233fg^2x^2 + 5g^3x^3) + c^4 d^4(-15f^4 - 70f^3gx - 128f^2g^2x^2 + 70fg^3x^3 + 15g^4x^4))} \right)}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^6),x]`

output `(c^5*d^5*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[g]*(-128*a^4*e^4*g^4 + 16*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(11*f - 21*g*x) - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(f^2 - 64*f*g*x + 31*g^2*x^2) - 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*g*(5*f^3 + 23*f^2*g*x - 233*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(-15*f^4 - 70*f^3*g*x - 128*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 70*f*g^3*x^3 + 15*g^4*x^4)))/(c^5*d^5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(f + g*x)^5) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]]/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)))/(640*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.710.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1249, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^5} dx}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^4} dx}{8g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^4} \right)}{2g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1249 \\
 cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}}{8g} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} \\
 \hline
 \frac{2g}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1254 \\
 cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4} \\
 \hline
 \frac{2g}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{5/2}
 \end{array}$$

\downarrow 1254

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\left(\frac{cd}{3cd} \left(\frac{cd f \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}$$

$$\frac{cd}{6g}$$

$$\frac{cd}{8g}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

2g

↓ 1255

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2)}} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{6g}$$

$$\frac{cd}{8g}$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^5}$$

↓ 218

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf - aeg)}}{\sqrt{g}(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{cd}{4(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \\
 & \frac{3cd}{6g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} \\
 & \frac{cd}{8g} \\
 & \frac{2g}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^6), x]`

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(f + g*x)^5) + (c*d*(-1/4*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(g*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^4) + (3*c*d*(-1/3*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (c*d*(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[c*d*f - a*e*g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^{(3/2)}))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*g))/(8*g))/(2*g) \end{aligned}$$

3.710.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 1249
$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)*((f + (g*x)^n)*(a + (b*x + c*x^2)^p)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c*(m/(e*g*(n+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n + p] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[n + p + 2, 0])$$

rule 1254
$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x)^m)*((f + (g*x)^n)*(a + (b*x + c*x^2)^p)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)), x] - \text{Simp}[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n+1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

rule 1255
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(d + (e*x)]/(((f + (g*x))*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x + c*x^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*e^2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$$

3.710.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 913 vs. $2(349) = 698$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 914, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^5 d^5 g^5 x^5 + 75 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^5 d^5 f g^4 x^4 + 150 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^5 d^5 f^2 g^3 x^3 + 150 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c^5 d^5 f^3 g^2 x^2 - 15 c^4 d^4 g^4 x^4 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + 75 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) (cdx+ae)^{1/2} - 70 c^4 d^4 f g^3 x^3 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} + 15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) (cdx+ae)^{1/2} \right) c^5 d^5 f^5 + 248 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^4 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} - 466 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f g^3 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} + 128 c^4 d^4 f^2 g^2 x^2 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} + 336 a^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 g^4 x x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} - 512 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^3 x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} + 46 a^3 c^3 d^3 e f^2 g^2 x x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} + 70 c^4 d^4 f^3 g x x (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} + 128 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} a^4 e^4 g^4 - 176 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} a^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 f g^3 + 8 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g^2 + 10 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} a^3 d^3 e f^3 g + 15 (cdx+ae)^{1/2} (aeg-cdf)g^{1/2} c^4 d^4 f^4}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/640*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*g^5*x^5+75*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f*g^4*x^4+150*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^2*g^3*x^3+150*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^2*x^2-15*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+75*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^4*g*x+10*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-70*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^5+248*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-466*a^3*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+128*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+336*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^4*x*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-512*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+46*a^3*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+70*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+128*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^4*e^4*g^4-176*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^3+8*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2+10*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*a^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+15*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*c^4*d^4*f^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)...
```

$$3.710. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$$

3.710.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1354 vs. 2(349) = 698.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2750, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.00

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^6,
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/1280*(15*(c^5*d^5*e*g^5*x^6 + c^5*d^6*f^5 + (5*c^5*d^5*e*f*g^4 + c^5*d^6*g^5)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g^3 + c^5*d^6*f*g^4)*x^4 + 10*(c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g^2 + c^5*d^6*f^2*g^3)*x^3 + 5*(c^5*d^5*e*f^4*g + 2*c^5*d^6*f^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^5 + 5*c^5*d^6*f^4*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(15*c^5*d^5*f^5*g - 5*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^2 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^3 - 184*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^4 + 304*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^5 - 128*a^5*e^5*g^6 - 15*(c^5*d^5*f*g^5 - a*c^4*d^4*e*g^6)*x^4 - 10*(7*c^5*d^5*f^2*g^4 - 8*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^5 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^6)*x^3 + 2*(64*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^3 - 297*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^4 + 357*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^5 - 124*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^6)*x^2 + 2*(35*c^5*d^5*f^4*g^2 - 12*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g^3 - 279*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^4 + 424*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^5 - 168*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^6)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^4*f^8*g^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^7*g^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^6*g^6 - a^3*d*e^3*f^5*g^7 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^9 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^10 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^11 - a^3*e^4*g^12)*x^6 + (5*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^8 - a^3*d*e^3*g^12 + (c^3*d^4 - 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^9 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^10 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^4)*f*g^11)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g^7 - a^3*d*e^3*f*g^11 + (c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^8 - ...
```

3.710.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**6,x)
```

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} dx$

output Timed out

3.710.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^6, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^6), x)`

3.710.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2407 vs. 2(349) = 698.

Time = 2.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2407, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.12

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^6, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/128*c^5*d^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^2*d^2*f^2*g^3 - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^4 + a^2*e^2*g^5)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 1/640*(15*c^5*d^5*e^5*f^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 75*c^5*d^6*e^4*f^4*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 150*c^5*d^7*e^3*f^3*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 150*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*g^3*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 75*c^5*d^9*e*f*g^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*c^5*d^10*g^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^4*abs(e) + 70*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^5*e^3*f^3*g*abs(e) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^3*g*abs(e) - 12*8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e) + 46*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 70*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^4*d^7*e*f*g^3*abs(e) + 466*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*g^3*abs(e) - 512*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*g^3*abs(e) + 176*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f...`

3.710.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^6 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^6*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^6*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.710. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6} dx$

3.711
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$$

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3.711.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 463

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx = -\frac{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{32g^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} + \frac{c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{192g^3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3} + \frac{5c^4d^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{768g^3(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2} + \frac{5c^5d^5\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{512g^3(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} - \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} + \frac{5c^6d^6\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{512g^{7/2}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/12*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)
)^5-1/6*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^6+
5/512*c^6*d^6*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e
*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(7/2)-1/32*c^2*d^2*(
a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/192*c
^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^
3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/768*c^4*d^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/
(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/512*c^5*d^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2
)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.711.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$$

3.711.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \frac{c^6 d^6 ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(256a^5 e^5 g^5 + 640a^4 cde^4 g^4 (-f + gx) + 16a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 g^3 (27f^2 - 106fgx + 27g^2 x^2) + 8a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 g^2 (-f^3 + 159f^2 gx - 159fg^2 x^2 + g^3 x^3) - 2ac^4 d^4 e g (5f^4 + 28f^3 gx - 594f^2 g^2 x^2 + 28fg^3 x^3 + 5g^4 x^4) + c^5 d^5 (-15f^5 - 85f^4 gx - 198f^3 g^2 x^2 + 198f^2 g^3 x^3 + 85fg^4 x^4 + 15g^5 x^5))}{(c^6 d^6 (cdf - aeg)^3 (ae + cdx)^2 (f + gx)^6) + (15 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}]) / ((cdf - aeg)^{7/2} (ae + cdx)^{5/2})} \right)}{(1536g^{7/2} (d + ex)^{5/2})}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^7),x]`

output `(c^6*d^6*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[g]*(256*a^5*e^5*g^5 + 640*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^4*(-f + g*x) + 16*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^3*(27*f^2 - 106*f*g*x + 27*g^2*x^2) + 8*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^2*(-f^3 + 159*f^2*g*x - 159*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*g*(5*f^4 + 28*f^3*g*x - 594*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 28*f*g^3*x^3 + 5*g^4*x^4) + c^5*d^5*(-15*f^5 - 85*f^4*g*x - 198*f^3*g^2*x^2 + 198*f^2*g^3*x^3 + 85*f*g^4*x^4 + 15*g^5*x^5)))/(c^6*d^6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(f + g*x)^6) + (15*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2))))/(1536*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.711.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1249, 1254, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^6} dx}{12g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6}$$

↓ 1249

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx$

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^5} dx}{10g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \right) - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6}$$

↓ 1249

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \right)}{10g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{12g}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6}$$

↓ 1254

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{5cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{8g} - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \right)}{10g} - \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{12g}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6} \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^6}$$

↓ 1254

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 \frac{5cd}{4(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 \frac{cd}{6(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 \frac{3cd}{8g} \\
 \frac{5cd}{10g}
 \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 \frac{3cd}{8g} \\
 \frac{5cd}{10g}
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4} \\
 \frac{5cd}{12g}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{6g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^6}$$

↓ 1254

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx$

$$\left(\frac{5cd}{cd} \left(\frac{3cd}{5cd} \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae g)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae g)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-ae g)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{8g}$$

$$\frac{5cd}{10g}$$

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

↓ 1255

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

	$3cd$	$\left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^g)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\frac{d+ex}{cdf-ae^g}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^g)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+g)}$
	$5cd$	$4(cdf-ae^g)$
	cd	$6(cdf-ae^g)$
	$3cd$	$8g$
	$5cd$	$10g$
<p>3.711.</p>	$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$	

↓ 218

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{4(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 & \frac{5cd}{cd} \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{6(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 & \frac{3cd}{8g} \\
 & \frac{5cd}{10g}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^7),x]`

output `-1/6*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^6) + (5*c*d*(-1/5*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^5) + (3*c*d*(-1/4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^4) + (c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) + (5*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(8*g))/(10*g))/(12*g)`

3.711.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.711.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$$

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.711.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1250 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1251

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^7,x,method=
_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1536*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-1188*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a
*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-15*c^5*d^5*g^5*x^5*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a
*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+90*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2
))*c^6*d^6*f^5*g*x+225*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2
))*c^6*d^6*f^4*g^2*x^2+225*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1
/2))*c^6*d^6*f^2*g^4*x^4+300*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)
^(1/2))*c^6*d^6*f^3*g^3*x^3+90*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*
g)^(1/2))*c^6*d^6*f*g^5*x^5+15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*
g)^(1/2))*c^6*d^6*f^6-256*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^5*e^
5*g^5+15*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*c^5*d^5*f^5+15*arctanh(
g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^6*d^6*g^6*x^6-432*a^3*c^2*d
^2*e^3*g^5*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-640*a^4*c*d*e^4*g
^5*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+10*a*c^4*d^4*e*g^5*x^4*(c*d
*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+640*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a
*e)^(1/2)*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^4-432*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*
a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^3+8*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a^2*c^
3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^2+10*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*a*c^4*d^4*e
*f^4*g-85*c^5*d^5*f*g^4*x^4*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-198*
c^5*d^5*f^2*g^3*x^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+198*c^5*d^5*
f^3*g^2*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+85*c^5*d^5*f^4*g*...
```

$$3.711. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$$

3.711.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1915 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3872, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.36

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^7,
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/3072*(15*(c^6*d^6*e*g^6*x^7 + c^6*d^7*f^6 + (6*c^6*d^6*e*f*g^5 + c^6*d^7*g^6)*x^6 + 3*(5*c^6*d^6*e*f^2*g^4 + 2*c^6*d^7*f*g^5)*x^5 + 5*(4*c^6*d^6*e*f^3*g^3 + 3*c^6*d^7*f^2*g^4)*x^4 + 5*(3*c^6*d^6*e*f^4*g^2 + 4*c^6*d^7*f^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(2*c^6*d^6*e*f^5*g + 5*c^6*d^7*f^4*g^2)*x^2 + (c^6*d^6*e*f^6 + 6*c^6*d^7*f^5*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(15*c^6*d^6*f^6*g - 5*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^5*g^2 - 2*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^4*g^3 - 440*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*g^4 + 1072*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^5 - 896*a^5*c*d*e^5*f*g^6 + 256*a^6*e^6*g^7 - 15*(c^6*d^6*f*g^6 - a*c^5*d^5*e*g^7)*x^5 - 5*(17*c^6*d^6*f^2*g^5 - 19*a*c^5*d^5*e*f*g^6 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*g^7)*x^4 - 2*(99*c^6*d^6*f^3*g^4 - 127*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g^5 + 32*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^7)*x^3 + 6*(33*c^6*d^6*f^4*g^3 - 231*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g^4 + 410*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^5 - 284*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^6 + 72*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^7)*x^2 + (85*c^6*d^6*f^5*g^2 - 29*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^4*g^3 - 1328*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^3*g^4 + 2968*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^5 - 2336*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^6 + 640*a^5*c*d*e^5*g^7)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^5*f^10*g^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^9*g^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^8*g^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^7*g^7 + a^4*d*e^4*f^6*g^8 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^10 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^11 + 6*a^2...
```

3.711.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**7,x)
```

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^7} dx$

output Timed out

3.711.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^7, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^7), x)`

3.711.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3412 vs. $2(413) = 826$.

Time = 7.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3412, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.37

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^7, x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

5/512*c^6*d^6*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt
t(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2
*c*d*e^2*f*g^5 - a^3*e^3*g^6)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - 1/1536*(15*c^6*
d^6*e^6*f^6*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2
)*e)) - 90*c^6*d^7*e^5*f^5*g*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(
c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 225*c^6*d^8*e^4*f^4*g^2*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2
*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 300*c^6*d^9*e^3*f^3*g^3*abs(e
)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 225*c^6*d
^10*e^2*f^2*g^4*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e
*g^2)*e)) - 90*c^6*d^11*e*f*g^5*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sq
rt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 15*c^6*d^12*g^6*abs(e)*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^5*d^5*e^5*f^5*abs(e) + 85*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*
d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^5*d^6*e^4*f^4*g*abs(e) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt
(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^4*d^4*e^6*f^4*g*abs(e) - 198*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3
)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^5*d^7*e^3*f^3*g^2*abs(e) + 56*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^4*d^5*e^5*f^3*g^2*abs(e) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7*f^3*g^2*abs(e) - 198*
sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*g^3*abs(e)
+ 1188*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*c^4*d^6*e^4*f^2...

```

3.711.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^7 (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^7*(d + e*x)^(
5/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^7*(d + e*x)^(
5/2)), x)

```

3.711. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^7} dx$

$$3.712 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.712.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 313

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{5(cdf - aeg)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8c^3 d^3 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(cdf - aeg)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3cd \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(cdf - aeg)^3 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{d+ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{8c^{7/2} d^{7/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
5/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/g^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5/12*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/3*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+5/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.712.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{f+gx}(15a^2e^2g^2 - 10acdeg(4f+gx) + \dots \right)}{24c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{\dots}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + c^2*d^2*(33*f^2 + 26*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)) + (15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]])/Sqrt[g])/Sqrt[g]]/(24*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.712.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{5(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\frac{5(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

3.712. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

↓ 1253

$$5(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{6cd}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 1268

$$5(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{6cd}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 66

$$5(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}} dx}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{6cd}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

↓ 221

$$5(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf - aeg) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{6cd}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}$$

3.712. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d))/(6*c*d)`

3.712.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.712.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^3 e^3 g^3 - 45 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/48*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*
g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*e^
3*g^3-45*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*
g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+45*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*
f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*
f^2*g-15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*
g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-16*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*
x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)+20*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*c*d
*e*g^2*x-52*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-30*((g
*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+80*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e)
)^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-66*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(
1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*g
)^(1/2)
```

3.712.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 841, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{4(8c^3d^3g^3x^2+33c^3d^3f^2g-40ac^2d^2efg^2+15a^2cde^2g^3+2(13c^3$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.712. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output `[1/96*(4*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 + 33*c^3*d^3*f^2*g - 40*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(13*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^4*d^4*e*g*x + c^4*d^5*g), 1/48*(2*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 + 33*c^3*d^3*f^2*g - 40*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(13*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^4*d^4*e*g*x + c^4*d^5*g)]`

3.712.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(5/2)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.712.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.712. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.712.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.713
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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 3.713.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5299

3.713.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{3(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cdf - aeg)^2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
3/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/g^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+3/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.713.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{f+gx}(-3aeg+cd(5f+2gx)) + \frac{3(cdf}{4c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}} \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-3*a*e*g + c*d*(5*f + 2*g*x)) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[g])/(4*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.713.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\ & \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{4cd} \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\ & \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

3.713. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1268 \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4cd}{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4cd}{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{4cd}{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d)`

3.713.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

3.713. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.713.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^2 e^2 g^2 - 6 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{e}}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-6*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2+4*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-6*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*e*g+10*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2))*c*d*f)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*g)^(1/2)`

$$3.713. \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.713.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(2c^2d^2g^2x+5c^2d^2fg-3acdeg^2)\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(4*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x + 5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 3*a*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 3*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^3*d^3*e*g*x + c^3*d^4*g), 1/8*(2*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x + 5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 3*a*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^3*d^3*e*g*x + c^3*d^4*g)]`

3.713.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.713.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.713.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 633 vs. $2(204) = 408$.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = e^{\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg} \left(\frac{2(e^2f+(ex+d)eg)}{cde^2g} \right) \right)}{\dots} \right)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/4*e*((sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*
d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(2*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g
)*abs(e)/(c*d*e^2*g) + 3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*abs(e) - a*c*d*e^3*g*abs(e))/(c^3*
d^3*e^2*g)) - 3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) + a^2*e^4
*g^2*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sq
rt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sq
rt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2))*g/(e^3*abs(g)) + (3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(e)*log(abs(-
sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 6*a*c
*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2
*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + 3*a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*
sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e
^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g
^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(-c
*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g*abs(e))/(s
qrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^4*abs(g))/abs(e)
```

3.713.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2), x)
```

```
output int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x
^2)^(1/2), x)
```

3.714
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.714.1 Optimal result 5300
 3.714.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5301
 3.714.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5301
 3.714.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5303
 3.714.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5303
 3.714.6 Sympy [F] 5304
 3.714.7 Maxima [F] 5304
 3.714.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5305
 3.714.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5305

3.714.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/g^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.714.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{f+gx} + (cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ae+cdx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right) \right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x] + (c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.714.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1253}$$

$$\frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1268}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{66}$$

3.714. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.714.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.714.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) aeg - \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) cdf - \right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} cd\sqrt{cdg}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c
d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*e*g-ln(1
/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*
d*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f-2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/
2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c/d/(c*d*g)^(1/2)
```

3.714.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}cdg - (cd^2f - adeg + (cdf - ae^2g)x)\sqrt{cdg} \log \left(-\frac{8c^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.714. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*g - (c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g*x + c^2*d^3*g), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*g - (c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g*x + c^2*d^3*g)]`

3.714.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.714.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.714.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx =$$

$$e \left(\frac{g \left(\frac{(cde f |e| - ae^2 g |e|) \log \left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}}{\sqrt{cdg}cd} \right| \right) - \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}}{cdeg} \right)}{e^2 |g|} \right)$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e*(g*((c*d*e*f*abs(e) - a*e^2*g*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*abs(e)/(c*d*e*g))/(e^2*abs(g)) - (c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - a*e^3*g^2*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e^3*abs(g)))/abs(e)`

3.714.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.714. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$3.715 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.715.1 Optimal result	5306
3.715.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5306
3.715.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5307
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3.715.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output 2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+
a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/g^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.715.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c
d*e*x^2]), x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])
/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)
*(d + e*x)])
```

3.715. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.715.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1268} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.715.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.715.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdg}\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}}$	102

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}}{(g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e)^{(1/2)}}$$

3.715.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{cdg} \log\left(-\frac{8c^2d^2eg^2x^3+c^2d^3f^2+6acd^2efg+a^2de^2g^2+4\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(2cdgx+cdf+aeg)\sqrt{cdg}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}+8(c^2d^2efg}{ex+d}\right)}{2cdg} - \frac{\sqrt{-cdg} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{-cdg}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}}{2cdegx^2+cd^2f+adeg+(cdf+(2cd^2+ae^2)g)x}\right)}{cdg} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d))/(c*d*g), -sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x))/(c*d*g)]`

3.715.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.715.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.715.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e^3 \left(\frac{g \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}}{\sqrt{cdge|g|}} \right| \right)}{|e|^2} - \frac{g \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{e^2f-deg}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}}{\sqrt{cdge|g|}} \right| \right)}{|e|^2} \right)}{|e|^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*e^3*(g*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*e*abs(g)) - g*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*e*abs(g)))/abs(e)^2`

3.715.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.716 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.716.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output `2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)`

3.716.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.716. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.716.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-aeg)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.716.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.716.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}(aeg-cdf)}$	45
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd+ae)\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{gx+f}(aeg-cdf)\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}$	63

3.716. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$


```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)
```

3.716.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{gx}}{cd^2 f^2 - adefg + (cdefg - ae^2 g^2)x^2 + (cdef^2 - adeg^2 +$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/
(c*d^2*f^2 - a*d*e*f*g + (c*d*e*f*g - a*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^2 - a*d*e*
g^2 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f*g)*x)
```

3.716.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**
2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x
)
```

3.716.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.716.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{cdge^2g}}{cde^2fg|g| - cd^2eg^2|g| - \sqrt{-cd^2eg^2 + ae^3g^2}\sqrt{e^2f - deg}\sqrt{cdg}|g|}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{cdge^2g}}{cde^2fg - ae^3g^2 + (\sqrt{e^2f + (ex+d)eg - deg}\sqrt{cdg} - \sqrt{-cde^2fg + ae^3g^2 + (e^2f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg})}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(c*d*g)*e^2*g/(c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(g) - c*d^2*e*g^2*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*abs(g)) + 4*sqrt(c*d*g)*e^2*g/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)*abs(g))`

3.716.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\left(x\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(cd^2 f - adeg)}{ae^2 g - cdef}\right) (ae^2 g - cdef)}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/((x*(f + g*x)^(1/2) - ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g))/(a*e^2*g - c*d*e*f))* (a*e^2*g - c*d*e*f)`

$$3.717 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.717.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5322

3.717.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

```
output 2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(
e*x+d)^(1/2)+4/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f
)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.717.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-aeg+cd(3f+2gx))}{3(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x +
c*d*e*x^2]), x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-(a*e*g) + c*d*(3*f + 2*g*x)))/(3*(c*d*f
- a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))
```

3.717. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.717.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.717.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.717.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)(-2cdgx+ae-3cdf)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^2}$	61
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdgx+ae-3cdf)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	98

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-2*c*d*g*x+a
*e*g-3*c*d*f)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2
```

3.717.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{3(c^2d^3f^4 - 2acd^2ef^3g + a^2de^2f^2g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^2 - 2acd^2ef^2g^2 - 2acd^2ef^2g^2 - 2acd^2ef^2g^2)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.717.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

output $2/3*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f - a*e*g)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(c^2*d^3*f^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^3*g + a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^3 + a^2*e^3*g^4)*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^4 + (c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^4 + 2*a^2*d*e^2*f*g^3 + 2*(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f^3*g - (4*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^2*g^2)*x)$

3.717.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)} (f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**(5/2)), x)`

3.717.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (gx+f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.717.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 676 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 676, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{8 \left(cde^2 fg - ae^3 g^2 + 3 \left(\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \sqrt{cdg} \right) \right)}{3 \left(cde^2 fg - ae^3 g^2 + \left(\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \sqrt{cdg} \right) \right)}$$

$$- \frac{3 \left(c^2 d^2 e^4 f^3 g |g| - 6 c^2 d^3 e^3 f^2 g^2 |g| + 3 acde^5 f^2 g^2 |g| + 9 c^2 d^4 e^2 f g^3 |g| - 6 acd^2 e^4 f g^3 |g| - 4 c^2 d^5 e g^4 |g| + 3 ac \right)}{3 \left(c^2 d^2 e^4 f^3 g |g| - 6 c^2 d^3 e^3 f^2 g^2 |g| + 3 acde^5 f^2 g^2 |g| + 9 c^2 d^4 e^2 f g^3 |g| - 6 acd^2 e^4 f g^3 |g| - 4 c^2 d^5 e g^4 |g| + 3 ac \right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `8/3*(c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + 3*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e^4*g^2/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)^3*abs(g)) - 2/3*(2*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e^4*f*g - 3*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*e^3*g^2 + sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^5*g^2 - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c*d*e^2*g)/(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^3*g*abs(g) - 6*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^2*abs(g) + 3*a*c*d*e^5*f^2*g^2*abs(g) + 9*c^2*d^4*e^2*f*g^3*abs(g) - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4*f*g^3*abs(g) - 4*c^2*d^5*e*g^4*abs(g) + 3*a*c*d^3*e^3*g^4*abs(g) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e^2*f^2*abs(g) + 7*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*e*f*g*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^3*f*g*abs(g) - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^3*g^2*abs(g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*d*e^2*g^2*abs(g))`

3.717.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2aeg-6cdf}{3eg(aeg-cdf)^2} \sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{4cdx\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e(aeg-cdf)^2} \right) \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{x^2 \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{df\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg} + \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(dg+ef)}{eg}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(((2*a*e*g - 6*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*e*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) - (4*c*d*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2) + (d*f*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e*g) + (x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g + e*f))/(e*g))`

$$3.718 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.718.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)+8/15*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^{(3/2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)+16/15*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}$

3.718.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(3a^2e^2g^2-2acdeg(5f+2gx)+c^2d^2)}{15(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x]/((f+g*x)^{(7/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]),x]$

3.718. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

```
output (2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + 2*g*x)
) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 20*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2))/(15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*Sqrt[d
+ e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))
```

3.718.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{5(cdf-aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1248$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-aeg)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{5(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*
x^2]),x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d
+ e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*
e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*Sqrt[a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*S
qrt[f + g*x])))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g))
```

3.718.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1248 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
&& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.718.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x+20c^2d^2fgx+3a^2e^2g^2-10acdefg+15c^2d^2f^2)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^3}$	111
gospers	$\frac{-2(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x+20c^2d^2fgx+3a^2e^2g^2-10acdefg+15c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cde^2fg^2+3ac^2d^2ef^2g-f^3c^3d^3)\sqrt{cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}$	169

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output
$$\frac{-2/15/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+20*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*a^2*e^2*g^2-10*a*c*d*e*f*g+15*c^2*d^2*f^2)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3$$

3.718.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 572 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{15(c^3d^4f^6 - 3ac^2d^3ef^5g + 3a^2cd^2e^2f^4g^2 - a^3de^3f^3g^3 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{2/15*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*f*g + 3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 4*(5*c^2*d^2*f*g - a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f}/(c^3*d^4*f^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^5*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^4*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*f^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - a^3*e^4*g^6)*x^4 + (3*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^6 + (c^3*d^4 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^3 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^4 + 3*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f*g^5)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g - a^3*d*e^3*f*g^5 + (c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^2 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^3 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^6 - 3*a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^4 + 3*(c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^5*g - 3*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^4*g^2 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^3*g^3)*x$$

3.718.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

3.718.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

output Timed out

3.718.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)), x)`

3.718.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1612 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1612, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 32/15*(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^3 + a^2*e^6*g^4 + 5*(sqrt(e^2
*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 +
(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*c*d*e^2*f*g - 5*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e
*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f
+ (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a*e^3*g^2 + 10*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*
e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x +
d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^4)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^6*g^3/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a
e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2
*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)^5*abs(g)) -
2/15*(8*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*g - 45*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*g^2 +
29*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^7*f*g^2 + 40*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*e^4*g^3 - 35*sqrt
(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^6*g^3 + 3*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*e^8*g^3 - 25*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2
+ a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g + 40*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 +
a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^2*d^3*e^3*g^2 - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a
*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*c*d*e^5*g^2)/(c^3*d^3*e^6*f^5*g*abs(g) - 1
5*c^3*d^4*e^5*f^4*g^2*abs(g) + 10*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^4*g^2*abs(g) + 55*c^3*d^
5*e^4*f^3*g^3*abs(g) - 50*a*c^2*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^3*abs(g) + 5*a^2*c*d*e^8*f^3
*g^3*abs(g) - 85*c^3*d^6*e^3*f^2*g^4*abs(g) + 90*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*f^2*g^4*abs
(g) - 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*f^2*g^4*abs(g) + 60*c^3*d^7*e^2*f*g^5*abs(g) - 70*a
*c^2*d^5*e^4*f*g^5*abs(g) + 15*a^2*c*d^3*e^6*f*g^5*abs(g) - 16*c^3*d^8*...
```

3.718.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6a^2e^2g^2-20acdefg+30c^2d^2f^2)}{15eg^2(aeg-cdf)^3} + \frac{16c^2d^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{15e(aeg-cdf)^3} - \frac{8cdx(aeg-5cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{15eg(aeg-cdf)^3}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{x^3\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{df^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg+2ef)}{eg} + \frac{fx\sqrt{f+gx}(2dg+ef)}{eg^2}}$$

```
input int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output -((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(6*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 30*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 20*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(15
*e*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (16*c^2*d^2*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(15*e*(a*e*g
- c*d*f)^3) - (8*c*d*x*(a*e*g - 5*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(15*e*g*(a*e*g -
c*d*f)^3))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(f + g*x)^(
1/2) + (d*f^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e*g^2) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g + 2*e*
f))/(e*g) + (f*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*d*g + e*f))/(e*g^2))
```

3.718. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$3.719 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.719.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{12cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{32c^3d^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35(cdf-aeg)^4\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output $2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^{(7/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+12/35*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+16/35*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+32/35*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}$

3.719.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-5a^3e^3g^3+3a^2cde^2g^2(7f+2gx))}{35(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-5*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(7*f + 2*g*x) - a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(35*f^2 + 28*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(35*f^3 + 70*f^2*g*x + 56*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(35*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(7/2))`

3.719.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{7\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{7(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{7\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1254

3.719. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{5(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{7(cdf-ae g)}{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-ae g)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1248} \\
 & \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-ae g)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-ae g)} \right)}{5(cdf-ae g)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae g)} \right) \\
 & \frac{7(cdf-ae g)}{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-ae g)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(7/2)) + (6*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.719.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

$$3.719. \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.719.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+8ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-56c^3d^3fg^2x^2-6a^2cd^2e^2g^3x+28a^2c^2d^2efg^2x-70c^3d^3f^2gx+5a^3e^3g^3-21a^2cd^2efg^2+35a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4a^3cd^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)\sqrt{cde}x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+35\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^4}{35(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cd^3efg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4a^3cd^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)\sqrt{cde}x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+35\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+8ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-56c^3d^3fg^2x^2-6a^2cd^2e^2g^3x+28a^2c^2d^2efg^2x-70c^3d^3f^2gx+5a^3e^3g^3-21a^2cd^2efg^2+35a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4a^3cd^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)\sqrt{cde}x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+35\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^4}{35(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cd^3efg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4a^3cd^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)\sqrt{cde}x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+35\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/35/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-16*c^3*d^3
*g^3*x^3+8*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-56*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-6*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+28
*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-70*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+5*a^3*e^3*g^3-21*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2
+35*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-35*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^4
```

3.719.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 953 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 953, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{35(c^4d^5f^8-4ac^3d^4ef^7g+6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^6g^2-4a^3cd^2e^3f^5g^3-4a^4c^2d^2e^4f^4g^4+4a^5cd^2e^5f^3g^5-4a^6c^2d^2e^6f^2g^6+4a^7cd^2e^7f^1g^7-4a^8d^2e^8f^0g^8)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

$$3.719. \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

output $\frac{2}{35}(16c^3d^3g^3x^3 + 35c^3d^3f^3 - 35a^2c^2d^2ef^2g + 21a^2c^2de^2fg^2 - 5a^3e^3g^3 + 8(7c^3d^3fg^2 - ac^2d^2e^2g^3)x^2 + 2(35c^3d^3f^2g - 14a^2c^2d^2efg^2 + 3a^2c^2de^2g^3)x) \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + ade} \sqrt{(cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} / (c^4d^5f^8 - 4a^2c^3d^4e^2fg^2 + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^6g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3f^5g^3 + a^4d^4e^4f^4g^4 + (c^4d^4e^4fg^4 - 4a^2c^3d^3e^2f^3g^5 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^6 - 4a^3c^2de^4fg^7 + a^4e^5g^8)x^5 + (4c^4d^4e^4fg^3 + a^4d^4e^4g^8 + (c^4d^5 - 16a^2c^3d^3e^2)f^4g^4 - 4(a^2c^3d^4e - 6a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^3g^5 + 2(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 8a^3c^2de^4)f^2g^6 - 4(a^3c^2d^2e^3 - a^4e^5)f^2g^7)x^4 + 2(3c^4d^4e^2f^6g^2 + 2a^4d^4e^4fg^7 + 2(c^4d^5 - 6a^2c^3d^3e^2)f^5g^3 - 2(4a^2c^3d^4e - 9a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^4g^4 + 12(a^2c^2d^3e^2 - a^3c^2de^4)f^3g^5 - (8a^3c^2d^2e^3 - 3a^4e^5)f^2g^6)x^3 + 2(2c^4d^4e^2f^7g + 3a^4d^4e^4f^2g^6 + (3c^4d^5 - 8a^2c^3d^3e^2)f^6g^2 - 12(a^2c^3d^4e - a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^5g^3 + 2(9a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 4a^3c^2de^4)f^4g^4 - 2(6a^3c^2d^2e^3 - a^4e^5)f^3g^5)x^2 + (c^4d^4e^2f^8 + 4a^4d^4e^4f^3g^5 + 4(c^4d^5 - a^2c^3d^3e^2)f^7g - 2(8a^2c^3d^4e - 3a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^6g^2 + 4(6a^2c^2d^3e^2 - a^3c^2de^4)f^5g^3 - (16a^3c^2d^2e^3 - a^4e^5)f^4g^4)x)$

3.719.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.719. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.719.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(9/2)), x)`

3.719.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2971 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2971, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

64/35*(c^3*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^8*f*g^5
- a^3*e^9*g^6 + 7*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt
(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*c^2*
d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 14*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sq
rt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a*
c*d*e^5*f*g^3 + 7*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(
-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a^2*e
^6*g^4 + 21*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e
^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^4*c*d*e^2*f*g
- 21*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g
+ a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^4*a*e^3*g^2 + 35*(s
qrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3
*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^6)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*e^8*
g^4/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(
c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c
*d*g))^2)^7*abs(g)) - 2/35*(16*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*e^8*f^3*g - 203*sqrt(c*
d*g)*c^3*d^4*e^7*f^2*g^2 + 155*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^9*f^2*g^2 + 462*sq
rt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^5*e^6*f*g^3 - 518*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^3*e^8*f*g^3 + 104*sq
rt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d*e^10*f*g^3 - 280*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^6*e^5*g^4 + 378*sqrt(c
*d*g)*a*c^2*d^4*e^7*g^4 - 119*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d^2*e^9*g^4 + 5*sqrt(c*...

```

3.719.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (10a^3e^3g^3-42a^2cde^2fg^2+70ac^2d^2ef^2g-70c^3d^3f^3)}{35eg^3(aeg-cdf)^4} - \frac{32c^3d^3x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{35e(aeg-cdf)^4} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{df^3\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg^3} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{f+gx}(dg+3ef)}{eg} + \frac{3fx^2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg+...)}{eg^2}}$$

input

```

int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(1/2)),x)

```

3.719. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(10*a^3* \\
& e^3*g^3 - 70*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 70*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 42*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/ \\
& (35*e*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (32*c^3*d^3*x^3*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(35*e*(a*e* \\
& g - c*d*f)^4) - (4*c*d*x*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 35*c^2*d^2*f^2 - \\
& 14*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(35*e*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (16*c^2*d^2*x^2*(a*e*g - \\
& 7*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(35*e*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4))/x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)} \\
& + (d*f^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)})/(e*g^3) + (x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d*g + 3*e*f))/ \\
& (e*g) + (3*f*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d*g + e*f))/(e*g^2) + (f^2*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(3*d*g + e*f))/(e*g^3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.719.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{9/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

3.720
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.720.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{15g(cdf-ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{4c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{5g(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{2c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{15\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2)^2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

```
output -2*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
+15/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(
g*x+f)^(1/2))*g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/(a*d
*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5/2*g*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+15/4*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(
1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```


3.720.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}(-15a^2e^2g^2-5acdeg(-5f+gx)+c^2d^2) + c^2d^2)}{4c^{7/2}d^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 5*a*c*d*e*g*(-5*f + g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-8*f^2 + 9*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2)) + 15*Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.720.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1251, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1251$$

$$\frac{5g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{5g \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

3.720. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 1253

$$5g \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1268

$$5g \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 66

$$5g \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}} dx}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$5g \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

3.720. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (5*g*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]))]/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*c*d))/(c*d)`

3.720.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1251 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.720.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 637 vs. 2(255) = 510.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x}{\dots}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{8} \cdot (15 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot g^3 \cdot x - 30 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g^2 \cdot x + 15 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot g \cdot x + 15 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a^3 \cdot e^3 \cdot g^3 - 30 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot f \cdot g^2 + 15 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2})) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f^2 \cdot g + 4 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot g^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} - 10 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g^2 \cdot x + 18 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot g \cdot x - 30 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot a^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2 + 50 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g - 16 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 \cdot ((c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e) \cdot (e \cdot x + d))^{1/2} \cdot (g \cdot x + f)^{1/2} / ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} / (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e) / c^3 / d^3 / (e \cdot x + d)^{1/2}$$

3.720.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.720.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 971, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(2c^2d^2g^2x^2 - 8c^2d^2f^2 + 25acdefg - 15a^2e^2g^2 + (9c^2d^2fg - 15a^2e^2g^2))}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(4*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 8*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 25*a*c*d*e*f*g - 15*a^2*e^2*g^2 + (9*c^2*d^2*f*g - 5*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 15*(a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + a^3*d*e^3*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g + a^2*c*d*e^3*g^2)*x^2 + ((c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d))*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x + c^2*d^2*f + a*c*d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(g/(c*d)) + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^4*d^4*e*x^2 + a*c^3*d^4*e + (c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x), 1/8*(2*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 8*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 25*a*c*d*e*f*g - 15*a^2*e^2*g^2 + (9*c^2*d^2*f*g - 5*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + a^3*d*e^3*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g + a^2*c*d*e^3*g^2)*x^2 + ((c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d))*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*sqrt(-g/(c*d))/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^4*d^4*e*x^2 + a*c^3*d^4*e + (c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x)`

3.720.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.720.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.720.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 834 vs. 2(255) = 510.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 834, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \left((e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg) \left(\frac{2(e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)}{cde^4 |g|} \right) \right)}{4 \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)^2}} + \frac{15(c^2 d^2 f^2 g^2 - 2acdefg^3 + a^2 e^2 g^4) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)^2} \right| \right)}{4 \sqrt{cdg} c^3 d^3 |g|} + \frac{15 \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g^2 \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} \right| \right) - 30 \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g^2}{4 \sqrt{cdg} c^3 d^3 |g|}$$

3.720. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*((e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(2*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*g^2/(c*d*e^4*abs(g)) + 5*(c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^2 - a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^3)/(c^5*d^5*e^4*abs(g))) - 15*(c^4*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f*g^3 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*g^4)/(c^5*d^5*e^4*abs(g)))/sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g) - 15/4*(c^2*d^2*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^3 + a^2*e^2*g^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*abs(g)) + 1/4*(15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 30*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^4*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + 8*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 9*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^3 - 25*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^3 - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*g^4 - 5*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^4 + 15*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*e^4*g^4)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*e^2*abs(g))`

3.720.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

3.720. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.721
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.721.1 Optimal result 5345
 3.721.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5346
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 3.721.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5348
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 3.721.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 5350
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 3.721.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5350
 3.721.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5351

3.721.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{3g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

```
output -2*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
+3*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+3*g*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```


3.721.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}(-2cdf+3aeg+cdgx) + 3\sqrt{g}(cdf-ae^2g))}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-2*c*d*f + 3*a*e*g + c*d*g*x) + 3*Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])]))/(c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.721.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1251, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{3g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1253

$$3g \left(\frac{(cdf-ae^2g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) - \frac{cd}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1268

3.721. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\frac{cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{cd}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd-g(ae+cdx)} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\frac{cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{cd}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\frac{cd}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{cd}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*g*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d)`

3.721.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.721. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 1251 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d
+ e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*
((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g -
b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*
x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (Intege
rQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.721.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(3 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)acde g^2 x-3 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)c^2 d^2 f g x+3 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+a}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)\right)}{c^2 d^2 f g x+3 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+a}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.721. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output
$$-1/2*(3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g-2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-6*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*e*g+4*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c*d*f)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$$

3.721.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 725, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cdgx-2cdf+3aeg)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$[1/4*(4*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*(c*d*g*x-2*c*d*f+3*a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x+d}*\sqrt{g*x+f}-3*(a*c*d^2*e*f-a^2*d*e^2*g+(c^2*d^2*e*f-a*c*d*e^2*g)*x^2+((c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*f-(a*c*d^2*e+a^2*e^3)*g)*x)*\sqrt{g/(c*d)}*\log(-8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3+c^2*d^3*f^2+6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g+a^2*d*e^2*g^2+8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g+(c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2-4*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x+c^2*d^2*f+a*c*d*e*g)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x+d}*\sqrt{g*x+f}*\sqrt{g/(c*d)}+(c^2*d^2*e*f^2+2*(4*c^2*d^3+3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g+(8*a*c*d^2*e+a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x+d))/((c^3*d^3*e*x^2+a*c^2*d^3*e+(c^3*d^4+a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x), 1/2*(2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*(c*d*g*x-2*c*d*f+3*a*e*g)*\sqrt{e*x+d}*\sqrt{g*x+f}-3*(a*c*d^2*e*f-a^2*d*e^2*g+(c^2*d^2*e*f-a*c*d*e^2*g)*x^2+((c^2*d^3+a*c*d*e^2)*f-(a*c*d^2*e+a^2*e^3)*g)*x)*\sqrt{-g/(c*d)}*\arctan(2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x+d}*\sqrt{g*x+f}*c*d*\sqrt{-g/(c*d)})/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2+c*d^2*f+a*d*e*g+(c*d*e*f+(2*c*d^2+a*e^2)*g)*x))/((c^3*d^3*e*x^2+a*c^2*d^3*e+(c^3*d^4+a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x)]$$

3.721.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.721.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.721.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.721.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. 2(193) = 386.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \left(\frac{(e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)g^2}{cde^2|g|} - \frac{3(c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^2 - acde^3 g^3)}{c^3 d^3 e^2 |g|} \right)}{\sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}}$$

$$- \frac{3(cdfg^2 - aeg^3) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{cdg}c^2 d^2 |g|}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} cde f g^2 \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} \right| \right) - 3\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} ae^2 g^3 \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2}}$$

3.721. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*((e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*g^2/(c*d*e^2*abs(g)) - 3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e^3*g^3)/(c^3*d^3*e^2*abs(g)))/sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g) - 3*(c*d*f*g^2 - a*e*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*abs(g)) + (3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c*d*e*f*g^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*e^2*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*g^2 + sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g^3 - 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g^3)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e*abs(g))`

3.721.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.722 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.722.1 Optimal result	5352
3.722.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5352
3.722.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5353
3.722.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5354
3.722.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)	5355
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3.722.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5357

3.722.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

```
output 2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*g^(1/2)
*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.722.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x] - Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.722.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1251, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1251

$$\frac{g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{g\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2\sqrt{g} \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

3.722. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$


```
output (-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d
*e*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqr
t[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

3.722.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1251 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(
d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.722.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) cdx + \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) aeg - \dots \right)}{\sqrt{cdg} (cdx+ae) \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} dc \sqrt{ex+d}}$

3.722. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2
*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g*x+ln(1/2*
(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g
)^(1/2))*a*e*g-2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/
(c*d*x+a*e)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/d/c/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.722.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x) \sqrt{\frac{g}{cd}} \log \left(-\frac{8c^2 d^2 e g^2 x^3 + c^2 d^3 f^2 + 6acd^2 e f}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d))*log(-(8*c^2*d^
2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 8*(c^2*d^2*e
*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x + c^2*d^2*f + a*c
*d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x
+ f)*sqrt(g/(c*d)) + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (
8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e +
(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x), -((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-
g/(c*d))*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d
)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*sqrt(-g/(c*d))/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c
*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*
e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a*c*d^2*e + (c^2*d^3
+ a*c*d*e^2)*x)]
```

3.722.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2), x)`

3.722.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2} \sqrt{gx+f}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.722.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 408 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2eg^2 \log(|-\sqrt{e^2f-deg}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2}|) - ae^3g^2 \sqrt{cdg})}{2g^2 \log\left(|-\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}\right|)} - \frac{\sqrt{cdg}cd|g|}{2\sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-degg^2}} + \frac{(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg)cd|g|}{(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg)cd|g|}$$

3.722. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c*d^2*e*g^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - a*e^3*g^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*abs(g) - sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*abs(g)) - 2*g^2*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*abs(g)) + 2*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*g^2/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*c*d*abs(g))`

3.722.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

3.723
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.723.1 Optimal result	5358
3.723.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5358
3.723.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5359
3.723.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5359
3.723.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5360
3.723.6 Sympy [F]	5360
3.723.7 Maxima [F]	5361
3.723.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5361
3.723.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5362

3.723.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cdf-ae g)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output `-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.723.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cdf-ae g)\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.723.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.723.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.723.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{\sqrt{ex+d}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)}$	55
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(aeg-cdf)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

3.723. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e
*g-c*d*f)
```

3.723.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}}{acd^2ef - a^2de^2g + (c^2d^2ef - acde^2g)x^2 + ((c^2d^3 + acde^2)f - (acd^2e + a^2e^3)g)x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)
/(a*c*d^2*e*f - a^2*d*e^2*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f - a*c*d*e^2*g)*x^2 + ((c^2*d^3
+ a*c*d*e^2)*f - (a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g)*x)
```

3.723.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**
2)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x))
, x)
```

3.723. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.723.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{3/2}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.723.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}\sqrt{e}}{(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2}\sqrt{e^2f-deg}}{c^2d^3ef|g|-acde^3f|g|-acd^2e^2g|g|+a^2e^4g|g|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*e*g^2/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(c*d*e*f*abs(g) - a*e^2*g*abs(g))) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)/(c^2*d^3*e*f*abs(g) - a*c*d^2*e^2*g*abs(g) + a^2*e^4*g*abs(g))`

3.723.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2f\sqrt{d+ex}}{cde(aeg-cdf)} + \frac{2gx\sqrt{d+ex}}{cde(aeg-cdf)}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)}}{x^2 \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{a\sqrt{f+gx}}{c} + \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(cd^2+ae^2)}{cde}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `((2*f*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)) + (2*g*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2) + (a*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/c + (x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(c*d*e))`

3.723. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.724 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.724.1 Optimal result	5363
3.724.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5363
3.724.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5364
3.724.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5365
3.724.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5366
3.724.6 Sympy [F]	5366
3.724.7 Maxima [F]	5367
3.724.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5367
3.724.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5368

3.724.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-ae g)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$-\frac{4g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{(cdf-ae g)^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output `-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-4*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)`

3.724.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae g+cd(f+2gx))}{(cdf-ae g)^2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

3.724. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*g + c*d*(f + 2*g*x)))/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.724.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1252, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{2g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$-\frac{4g \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx} (cdf - aeg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (4*g*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.724. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.724.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*(m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

3.724.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(2cdgx+aeg+cdf)}{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)^2}$	70
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(2cdgx+aeg+cdf)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{gx+f}(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	97

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2`

3.724.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2+ade}}{ac^2d^3ef^3 - 2a^2cd^2e^2fg + a^3de^3fg^2 + (c^3d^3ef^2g - 2ac^2d^2e^2fg^2 + a^2cde^3g^3)x^3 + (c^3d^3ef^3 + (c^3d^4 - ac^2e^4)fg^2)x^2 + (c^3d^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^2 - a^3e^4)fg^2 - (a^2c^2d^2e^2 - a^3e^4)fg^2} x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(a*c^2*d^3*e*f^3 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + a^3*d*e^3*f*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*c*d*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + (c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g - (2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^3)*x^2 + (a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3 - (a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g - (a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f*g^2)*x`

3.724.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.724. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.724.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.724.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 793 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 793, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - degcdg^2}}{(c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 |g| - 2acde^3 fg |g| + a^2 e^4 g^2 |g|) \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}} + \frac{1}{(cde^2 f^2 |g| - 2acde^3 fg |g| + a^2 e^4 g^2 |g|) \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} c^3 d^4 f^2 g |g| - \sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} ac^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 g |g| - 2 \sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} ac^2 d^3 e f g^2 |g| + 2 \sqrt{e^2 f - deg} \sqrt{cdg} ac^2 d^3 e f g^2 |g|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g^2/((c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(g) -
2*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(g) + a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(g))*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^
2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) + 2*sqrt(c*d*g)*g^2/((c*d*e^2*
f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(
-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)*(c*d
*f*abs(g) - a*e*g*abs(g))))*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 -
sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^2*d^3*g^3 + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d
*g)*c*d^2*g^2 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g^2)/(sqr
t(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^4*f^2*g*abs(g) - sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sq
rt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a
*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^2*abs(g) + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*
g^2*abs(g) + sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^3*abs(g) - sq
rt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^3*e^4*g^3*abs(g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e
^3*g^2)*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c^3*d^4*f^2*
g*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g*abs(g) + 2
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^2*abs(g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g
^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*
a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^3*abs(g))

```

3.724.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4gx\sqrt{d+ex}}{e(aeg-cdf)^2} + \frac{(2aeg+2cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{cde(aeg-cdf)^2}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2 \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{a\sqrt{f+gx}}{c} + \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(cd^2+ae^2)}{cde}}$$

input

```

int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(3/2)),x)

```

output

```

-(((4*g*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + ((2*a*e*g + 2*c*d*f)*(d
+ e*x)^(1/2))/(c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d
*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2) + (a*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/c + (x*(f + g*x)
^(1/2)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(c*d*e))

```

3.724. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.725 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.725.1 Optimal result	5369
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3.725.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$-\frac{8g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16cdg\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

```
output -2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-8/3*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-16/3*c*d*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.725.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(-a^2e^2g^2+2acdeg(3f+2gx)+c^2d^2(3f^2+12fgx+8g^2x^2))}{3(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

3.725. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-(a^2*e^2*g^2) + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(3*f + 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(3*f^2 + 12*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))`

3.725.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1252, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{4g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} (cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1254

$$-\frac{4g \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg}$$

↓ 1248

$$-\frac{\frac{cdf-aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} (cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$-\frac{4g \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-aeg)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg}$$

↓ 1248

$$-\frac{\frac{cdf-aeg}{2\sqrt{d+ex}}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} (cdf-aeg)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

3.725. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{-2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(c*df - a*eg)*(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a*de + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*ex^2}} - \frac{4*g*((2*\sqrt{a*de + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*ex^2})/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*\sqrt{d+ex}*(f+gx)^{3/2}) + (4*c*d*\sqrt{a*de + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*ex^2})/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*\sqrt{d+ex}*\sqrt{f+gx}))}{(c*d*f - a*e*g)}$$

3.725.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d+ex)^{(m-1)}*(f+gx)^{(n+1)}*((a+bx+cx^2)^{(p+1)})/((n+1)*(c*ef+c*d*g-b*eg))], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m+p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m-n-2, 0]$$

rule 1252
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^2*(d+ex)^{(m-1)}*(f+gx)^{(n+1)}*((a+bx+cx^2)^{(p+1)})/((p+1)*(c*ef+c*d*g-b*eg))], x] + \text{Simp}[e^2*g*((m-n-2)/((p+1)*(c*ef+c*d*g-b*eg)) \text{Int}[(d+ex)^{(m-1)}*(f+gx)^n*(a+bx+cx^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m+p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[n]$$

rule 1254
$$\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)*(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)*(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)+(c_)*(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e^2)*(d+ex)^{(m-1)}*(f+gx)^{(n+1)}*((a+bx+cx^2)^{(p+1)})/((n+1)*(c*ef+c*d*g-b*eg))], x] - \text{Simp}[c*e*((m-n-2)/((n+1)*(c*ef+c*d*g-b*eg)) \text{Int}[(d+ex)^m*(f+gx)^{(n+1)}*(a+bx+cx^2)^p, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[m+p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$$

3.725.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-8g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x-12c^2d^2fgx+a^2e^2g^2-6acdefg-3c^2d^2f^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)^3}$	120
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-8g^2x^2c^2d^2-4acde g^2x-12c^2d^2fgx+a^2e^2g^2-6acdefg-3c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cde^2fg^2+3ac^2d^2ef^2g-f^3c^3d^3)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	168

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(-8*c^2*d^2*g
^2*x^2-4*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-12*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+a^2*e^2*g^2-6*a*c*d*e*f*g-3*c^2*d^
2*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3
```

3.725.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 649 vs. 2(170) = 340.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(ac^3d^4ef^5-3a^2c^2d^3e^2f^4g+3a^3cd^2e^3f^3g^2-a^4de^4f^2g^3+(c^4d^4ef^3g^2-3ac^3d^3e^2f^2g^3+3a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^4-$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.725.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/3*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 6*a*c*d*e*f*g - a^2*e^2*g^2 + 4*(3*c^2*d^2*f*g + a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f}/(a*c^3*d^4*e*f^5 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^4*g + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^2 - a^4*d*e^4*f^2*g^3 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g^2 - 3*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^4 - a^3*c*d*e^4*g^5)*x^4 + (2*c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g + (c^4*d^5 - 5*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - 3*(a*c^3*d^4*e - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2*g^3 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*f*g^4 - (a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*g^5)*x^3 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^5 - a^4*d*e^4*g^5 + (2*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g - (5*a*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^3 + (a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^4*e^5)*f*g^4)*x^2 - (2*a^4*d*e^4*f*g^4 - (c^4*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^5 + (a*c^3*d^4*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^4*g + 3*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^3*g^2 - (5*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5)*f^2*g^3)*x)$$

3.725.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.725.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.725.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.725.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2618 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2618, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -2/3*(3*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c^2*d^2*g^2/((c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(g) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(g) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2*abs(g) - a^3*e^6*g^3*abs(g))*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) + 2*(5*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 10*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f*g^5 + 5*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d*e^6*g^6 + 12*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 12*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a*c*d*e^3*g^4 + 3*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^4*c*d*g^2)/((c^2*d^2*e*f^2*abs(g) - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(g) + a^2*e^3*g^2*abs(g))*(c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)^3))*e^3 + 2/3*(3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^4*d^4*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 9*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^4*d^5*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 21*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^4*d^6*e*f*g^4 - 24*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*c^3*d^4*e^3*f*g^4 + 12*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*f*g^4 - 12*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^4*d^7*g^5 + 15*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*g^5 - 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*g^5 - 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a^3*c*d*e^6*g^5 - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*...
```

3.725.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{8x(aeg+3cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3e(aeg-cdf)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-2a^2e^2g^2+12acdefg+6c^2d^2)}{3cdeg(aeg-cdf)^3}\right)}{x^3\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{af\sqrt{f+gx}}{cg} + \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(cfd^2)}{cd}}$$

3.725. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `((8*x*(a*e*g + 3*c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(6*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 12*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(3*c*d*e*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (16*c*d*g*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) * (x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2) + (a*f*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(c*g) + (x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2*f + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g))/(c*d*e*g) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g + c*d*e*f))/(c*d*e*g))`

3.725.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.726
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.726.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-ae^2g)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

$$-\frac{12g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cdf-ae^2g)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} - \frac{16cdg\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cdf-ae^2g)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{32c^2d^2g\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5(cdf-ae^2g)^4\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output

```
-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-12/5*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-16/5*c*d*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-32/5*c^2*d^2*g*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.726.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a^3e^3g^3 - a^2cde^2g^2(5f+2gx) + ac^2d^2eg(15f^2+20fgx+8g^2x^2) + c^3d^3(5f^3+30f^2gx+40fg^2x^2+16g^3x^3))}{5(cdf-aeg)^4\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[d + e*x]*(a^3*e^3*g^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(5*f + 2*g*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(15*f^2 + 20*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(5*f^3 + 30*f^2*g*x + 40*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))`

3.726.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1252, 1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1252$$

$$\frac{6g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2} (cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

3.726. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6g \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \frac{\quad}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1254 \\
& \frac{6g \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \frac{\quad}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1248 \\
& \frac{6g \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-ae^2)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{5(cdf-ae^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae^2)} \right)}{\frac{cdf-ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}}} \\
& \frac{\quad}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-ae^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (6*g*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[f + g*x])))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)`

3.726.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1248 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1252 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n
+ 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Si
mp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m
- 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && RationalQ[n]
```

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.726.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(16g^3x^3c^3d^3+8ac^2d^2eg^3x^2+40c^3d^3fg^2x^2-2a^2cde^2g^3x+20ac^2d^2efg^2x+30c^3d^3f^2gx+a^3e^3g^3-5a^2cde^2f^2g^2+15acde^2fg^2)}{5\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(cdx+ae)(aeg-cdf)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(16g^3x^3c^3d^3+8ac^2d^2eg^3x^2+40c^3d^3fg^2x^2-2a^2cde^2g^3x+20ac^2d^2efg^2x+30c^3d^3f^2gx+a^3e^3g^3-5a^2cde^2f^2g^2+15acde^2fg^2)}{5(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cde^3fg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4ac^3d^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.726. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/5/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+8*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2+40*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-2*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+20*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+30*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+a^3*e^3*g^3-5*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+15*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+5*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^4$$

3.726.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1062 vs. $2(232) = 464$.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1062, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5(ac^4d^5ef^7 - 4a^2c^3d^4e^2f^6g + 6a^3c^2d^3e^3f^5g^2 - 4a^4cd^2e^4f^4g^3 + a^5de^5f^3g^4 + (c^5d^5ef^4g^3 - 4ac^4d^4e^2f^3g^4$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$-2/5*(16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 + 5*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 5*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + a^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*(5*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(15*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 10*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(a*c^4*d^5*e*f^7 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^6*g + 6*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^5*g^2 - 4*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*f^4*g^3 + a^5*d*e^5*f^3*g^4 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^4*g^3 - 4*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^3*g^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^5 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^6 + a^4*c*d*e^5*g^7)*x^5 + (3*c^5*d^5*e*f^5*g^2 + (c^5*d^6 - 11*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^4*g^3 - 2*(2*a*c^4*d^5*e - 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^3*g^4 + 6*(a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^2*g^5 - (4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*e^5)*f*g^6 + (a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*g^7)*x^4 + (3*c^5*d^5*e*f^6*g + a^5*d*e^5*g^7 + 3*(c^5*d^6 - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^5*g^2 - (11*a*c^4*d^5*e - 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^4*g^3 + 2*(7*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^3*g^4 - 3*(2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^5)*f^2*g^5 - (a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^5*e^6)*f*g^6)*x^3 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^7 + 3*a^5*d*e^5*f*g^6 + (3*c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^6*g - 3*(3*a*c^4*d^5*e + 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^5*g^2 + 2*(3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 7*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^4*g^3 + (6*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 11*a^4*c*d*e^5)*f^3*g^4 - 3*(3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - a^5*e^6)*f^2*g^5)*x^2 + (3*a^5*d*e^5*f^2*g^5 + (c^5*d^6 + a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^7 - (a*c^4*d^5*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^6*g - 6*(a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^5*g^2 + 2*(7*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 2*a^4*c*d*e^5)*f...$$

3.726.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.726.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.726.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)), x)`

3.726.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6137 vs. 2(232) = 464.

Time = 24.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6137, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/5*(5*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c^3*d^3*g^2/((c^4*d^4*e^4*f^4*
abs(g) - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^3*g*abs(g) + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^2*abs(g) -
4*a^3*c*d*e^7*f*g^3*abs(g) + a^4*e^8*g^4*abs(g))*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^
3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) + 2*(11*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^6*d^
6*e^8*f^4*g^6 - 44*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^5*d^5*e^9*f^3*g^7 + 66*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*
c^4*d^4*e^10*f^2*g^8 - 44*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^11*f*g^9 + 11*sqrt(c*d
*g)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^12*g^10 + 50*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d
*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g
- d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*c^5*d^5*e^6*f^3*g^5 - 150*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e
*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f
+ (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a*c^4*d^4*e^7*f^2*g^6 + 150*sqrt(c*d*g)
*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*
e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^8*f*g^7
- 50*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-
c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*a^3*c^
2*d^2*e^9*g^8 + 80*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c
*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*
d*g))^4*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 160*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g
- d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*
e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^4*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f*g^5 + 80*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f...
```

3.726.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{4x\sqrt{d+ex}(-a^2e^2g^2+10acdefg+15c^2d^2f^2)}{5eg(aeg-cdf)^4} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{2a^3e^3g^3}{5} - 2a^2cde^2fg^2 + 6acde^2fg \right)}{cdeg^2(aeg-cdf)} \right)}{x^4\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{af^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{cg^2} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd^2fg+cdef^2+adeg^2+2ae^2fg)}{cdeg^2} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{f+gx}(cgd^2+2cdeg^2)}{cdeg^2}}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((4*x*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(15* \\
& c^2*d^2*f^2 - a^2*e^2*g^2 + 10*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(5*e*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (\\
& (d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*((2*a^3*e^3*g^3)/5 + 2*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - \\
& 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(c*d*e*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (32*c^2*d^2*g*x^3*(\\
& d + e*x)^{(1/2)))/(5*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (16*c*d*x^2*(a*e*g + 5*c*d*f)*(d \\
& + e*x)^{(1/2)))/(5*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4)))/(x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)} + (a*f^2*(f \\
& + g*x)^{(1/2)))/(c*g^2) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e*g^2 + c*d*e*f^2 + 2*a* \\
& e^2*f*g + 2*c*d^2*f*g))/(c*d*e*g^2) + (x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a*e^2*g + c*d^2* \\
& 2*g + 2*c*d*e*f))/(c*d*e*g) + (f*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a*e^2*f + c*d^2*f + 2* \\
& a*d*e*g))/(c*d*e*g^2)
\end{aligned}$$

3.726. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{7/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.727 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.727.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 289

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{10g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{5g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{5g^{3/2}(cdf-ae^2)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{7/2}d^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

```
output -2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)-10/3*g*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5*g^(3/2)*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5*g^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.727.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{f+gx}(15a^2e^2g^2 - 10acdeg(f-2g^2x) + c^2d^2(-2f^2 - 14f*gx + 3g^2*x^2)) + 15g^{3/2}(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(a*e + c*d*x)^{5/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}}] \right)}{(3c^{7/2}*d^{7/2}*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*g*(f - 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-2*f^2 - 14*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + 15*g^(3/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)`

3.727.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1251, 1251, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1251$$

$$\frac{5g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1251$$

$$\frac{5g \left(\frac{3g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{3cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

3.727. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{(cdf-ae) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 1268

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 66

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae) \int \frac{1}{cd-g(ae+cdx)} \frac{d\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 221

$$5g \left(\frac{3g \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

3.727. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (5*g*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(c*d*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (3*g*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d)))/(3*c*d)`

3.727.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1251 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.727.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e g^3 x^2 - 15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 30 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 30 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2}{\dots}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6*(15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+30*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-30*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*e^3*g^3-15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-6*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)-40*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+28*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2+20*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+4*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/c^3/d^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)$$

3.727.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.727.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1055, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(3c^2d^2g^2x^2 - 2c^2d^2f^2 - 10acdefg + 15a^2e^2g^2 - 2(7c^2d^2fg -$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/12*(4*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*f*g + 15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*(7*c^2*d^2*f*g - 10*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g - a^3*d*e^3*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f*g - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f*g - (a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*g^2)*x^2 + ((2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g - (2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d))*log(-8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x + c^2*d^2*f + a*c*d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(g/(c*d)) + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^5*d^5*e*x^3 + a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + (c^5*d^6 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x), 1/6*(2*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*f*g + 15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*(7*c^2*d^2*f*g - 10*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g - a^3*d*e^3*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f*g - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f*g - (a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*g^2)*x^2 + ((2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g - (2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d))*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*sqrt(-g/(c*d)))/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*...
```

3.727.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.727.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}(gx+f)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.727.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1105 vs. 2(245) = 490.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1105, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15 \sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2c^2d^3efg^3} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2f-deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2c^2d^3efg^3} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg} \left((e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg) \left(\frac{3(c^5d^5e^2fg^5-ac^4d^4e^3g^6)(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)}{c^6d^6e^4fg|g|-ac^5d^5e^5g^2|g|} - \frac{20(c^5d^5e^4f^2g^5)}{c^6d^6e^4} \right) - 3(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg) \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2} \right)} - \frac{5(cdfg^3-aeg^4) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{cdg}c^3d^3|g|}$$

3.727. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/3*(15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^4*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*e^4*g^4*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 14*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^3 - 10*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^3 + 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*g^4 - 20*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^4 + 15*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*e^4*g^4)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^4*d^5*e*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*abs(g)) - 1/3*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*((e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(3*(c^5*d^5*e^2*f*g^5 - a*c^4*d^4*e^3*g^6)*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)/(c^6*d^6*e^4*f*g*abs(g) - a*c^5*d^5*e^5*g^2*abs(g)) - 20*(c^5*d^5*e^4*f^2*g^5 - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^5*f*g^6 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^6*g^7)/(c^6*d^6*e^4*f*g*abs(g) - a*c^5*d^5*e^5*g^2*abs(g))) + 15*(c^5*d^5*e^6*f^3*g^5 - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^7*f^2*g^6 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^8*f*g^7 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^9*g^8)/(c^6*d^6*e^4*f*g*abs(g) - a*c^5*d^5*e^5*g^2*abs(g)))/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))
```

3.727.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

```
output int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

3.727. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.728
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.728.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c^2d^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} + \frac{2g^{3/2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/c/d/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)+2*g^(3/2)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
```

3.728.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}(3aeg+cd(f+4gx))-3g^{3/2}(ae+cdx)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\right)}{3c^{5/2}d^{5/2}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

3.728.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(3*a*e*g + c*d*(f + 4*g*x)) - 3*g^(3/2)*(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.728.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1251, 1251, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1251 \\
 & \frac{g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1251 \\
 & \frac{g \left(\frac{g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cd} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1268 \\
 & \frac{g \left(\frac{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66
 \end{aligned}$$

3.728. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$g \left(\frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 221}$$

$$g \left(\frac{2\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{cd}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{3cd(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2) + (g*((-2*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[f + g*x])/(c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) + (2*sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[f + g*x])]))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(c*d)`

3.728.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1251 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e*g*(n/(c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

3.728. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.728.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^2 d^2 g^2 x^2 + 6 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{3\sqrt{cdg}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+6*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-8*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-6*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*e*g-2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c*d*f)/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.728.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 755, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{4\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)}x(4cdgx+cdf+3aeg)\sqrt{ex+d}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.728.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output

```
[-1/6*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*g*x + c*d*f +
3*a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g +
(c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*g*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g*x)*sqrt(g/(c*d))
*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2
+ 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x +
c^2*d^2*f + a*c*d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*
x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(g/(c*d)) + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c
*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^4*d^4*e*x^3 +
a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*
c^2*d^2*e^3)*x), -1/3*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*
d*g*x + c*d*f + 3*a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 3*(c^2*d^2*e*g*x^3
+ a^2*d*e^2*g + (c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*g*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g*
x)*sqrt(-g/(c*d))*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sq
rt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*sqrt(-g/(c*d))/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d
*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x))/(c^4*d^4*e*x^3 + a^2*c^2*d^3*e
^2 + (c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x
)]
```

3.728.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**
2)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

3.728.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}(gx+f)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5
/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

3.728. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.728.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2cd^2}g^3 \log(|-\sqrt{e^2f-deg}\sqrt{cdg}+\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2cd^2}|) + \frac{2\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg}\left(\frac{4(c^3d^3e^2fg^4-ac^2d^2e^3g^5)(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg)}{c^4d^4e^2f|g|-ac^3d^3e^3g|g|} - \frac{3(c^3d^3e^4f^2g^4-2ac^2d^2e^5fg^5+a^2cde^6g^6)}{c^4d^4e^2f|g|-ac^3d^3e^3g|g|}\right)}{3(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg)cdg)\sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg)cdg}} + \frac{2g^3 \log(|-\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg}\sqrt{cdg}+\sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-ddeg)cdg}|)}{\sqrt{cdg}c^2d^2|g|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c*d^2*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*e^2*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*g^2 + 4*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g^3 - 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g^3)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^4*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*abs(g)) + 2/3*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(4*(c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^5)*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)/(c^4*d^4*e^2*f*abs(g) - a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g*abs(g)) - 3*(c^3*d^3*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f*g^5 + a^2*c*d*e^6*g^6)/(c^4*d^4*e^2*f*abs(g) - a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g*abs(g)))/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) - 2*g^3*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*abs(g))`

3.728.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x
^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x
^2)^(5/2), x)`

3.729
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.729.1 Optimal result	5399
3.729.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5399
3.729.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5400
3.729.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5400
3.729.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	5401
3.729.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5401
3.729.7 Maxima [F]	5402
3.729.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5402
3.729.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5403

3.729.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)`

3.729.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d+e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f+g*x])/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f-a*e*g)*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^(3/2))`

3.729.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.729.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))`

3.729.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.729.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{3\sqrt{ex+d} (cdx+ae)^2 (aeg-cdf)}$	55
gosper	$\frac{2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cdx+ae)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3(aeg-cdf)(cde x^2 + a e^2 x + c d^2 x + ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	63

3.729. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/
(a*e*g-c*d*f)
```

3.729.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex+d} (gx+f)^{3/2}}{3(a^2cd^2e^2f - a^3de^3g + (c^3d^3ef - ac^2d^2e^2g)x^3 + ((c^3d^4 + 2ac^2d^2e^2)f - (ac^2d^3e + 2a^2cde^3)g)x^2 + ((2ac^2d^3e + a^2cde^3)f - (2a^2cde^2 + a^3e^4)g)x}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(
3/2)/(a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f - a^3*d*e^3*g + (c^3*d^3*e*f - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g)*x^3
+ ((c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f - (a*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*g)*x^2 +
((2*a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*f - (2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*g)*x)
```

3.729.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**
2)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.729. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.729.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2} \sqrt{gx+f}}{(cde^2x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.729.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(e^2f+(ex+d)eg}{3(c^2d^2e^2f|g|-acde^3g|g|)(cde^2fg-ae^3g^2-(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-2(\sqrt{e^2f-degef}g^2-\sqrt{e^2f-degd}g^3))} \\ - \frac{3(\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2c^2d^3f|g|}-\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2acde^2f|g|}-\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2+ae^3g^2acd^2eg|g|}+\sqrt{-cd^2eg^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2*g^4/((c^2*d^2*e^2*f*abs(g) - a*c*d*e^3*g*abs(g))*(c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g) - 2/3*(sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*e*f*g^2 - sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*d*g^3)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c^2*d^3*f*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c*d*e^2*f*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c*d^2*e*g*abs(g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*e^3*g*abs(g))`

3.729.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2f\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2 d^2 e(aeg-cdf)} + \frac{2gx\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2 d^2 e(aeg-cdf)}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3 + \frac{a^2 e}{c^2 d} + \frac{ax(2cd^2 + ae^2)}{c^2 d^2} + \frac{x^2(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{cde}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `((2*f*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)) + (2*g*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^3 + (a^2*e)/(c^2*d) + (a*x*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2) + (x^2*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(c*d*e))`

$$3.730 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.730.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5405
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3.730.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(cdf-ae g)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{4g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(cdf-ae g)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)} / (-a*e*g+c*d*f) / (a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d$$

$$*e*x^2)^{(3/2)}+4/3*g*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)} / (-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2 / (a*d*e+(a$$

$$*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}$$

3.730.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-3ae g+cd(f-2gx))}{3(cdf-ae g)^2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-3*a*e*g + c*d*(f - 2*g*x)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2))`

3.730.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1252, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$-\frac{2g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cdf-aeg)} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{4g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)^2} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) + (4*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))`

3.730. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.730.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1248 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1252 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n
+ 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Si
mp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m
- 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && RationalQ[n]
```

3.730.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} (2cdgx+3aeg-cdf)}{3\sqrt{ex+d} (cdx+ae)^2 (aeg-cdf)^2}$	72
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (cdx+ae) (2cdgx+3aeg-cdf) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	99

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(2*c*d*g*x+3*a
*e*g-c*d*f)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2
```

3.730.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2/3 \sqrt{c d e x^2 + a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x} (2 c d g x - c d f + 3 a e g) \sqrt{e x + d} \sqrt{g x + f}}{3 (a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 f^2 - 2 a^3 c d^2 e^3 f g + a^4 d e^4 g^2 + (c^4 d^4 e f^2 - 2 a c^3 d^3 e^2 f g + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 f g^2) x^3 + ((c^4 d^5 + 2 a c^3 d^3 e^2) f^2 - 2 (a c^3 d^4 e + 2 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3) f g + (a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + 2 a^3 c d e^4) g^2) x^2 + ((2 a c^3 d^4 e + a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3) f^2 - 2 (2 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^3 c d e^4) f g + (2 a^3 c d^2 e^3 + a^4 e^5) g^2) x)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x - c*d*f + 3*a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f*g + a^4*d*e^4*g^2 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^2 - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^3 + ((c^4*d^5 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(a*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g + (a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^3*c*d*e^4)*g^2)*x^2 + ((2*a*c^3*d^4*e + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2 - 2*(2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*f*g + (2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*g^2)*x)`

3.730.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.730.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2} \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.730.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 552 vs. $2(112) = 224$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 552, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{2(e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)c^2 d^2 g^4}{c^3 d^3 e^2 f^2 |g| - 2ac^2 d^2 e^3 fg|g| + a^2 cde^4 g^2 |g|} - \frac{3(c^2 d^2 e^2 fg^4 - acde^3 g^5)}{c^3 d^3 e^2 f^2 |g| - 2ac^2 d^2 e^3 fg|g| + a^2 cde^4 g^2 |g|} \right) \sqrt{e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg} e^2}{3(cde^2 fg - ae^3 g^2 - (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg) \sqrt{-cde^2 fg + ae^3 g^2 + (e^2 f + (ex+d)eg - deg)cdg}}$$

$$- \frac{2(\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} cde f g^2 + 2\sqrt{e^2 f - deg} e g^2)}{3(\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} c^3 d^4 f^2 |g| - \sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} ac^2 d^2 e^2 f^2 |g| - 2\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} ac^2 d^3 e f g |g| + 2\sqrt{-cd^2 eg^2 + ae^3 g^2} ac^2 d^3 e f g |g|)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-2/3*(2*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c^2*d^2*g^4/(c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*abs(g) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g*abs(g) + a^2*c*d*e^4*g^2*abs(g)) - 3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^4 - a*c*d*e^3*g^5)/(c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*abs(g) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g*abs(g) + a^2*c*d*e^4*g^2*abs(g))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*e^2/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) - 2/3*(sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c*d*e*f*g^2 + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c*d^2*g^3 - 3*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*e^2*g^3)/(sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*c^3*d^4*f^2*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(g) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(g) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*a^3*e^4*g^2*abs(g))$$

3.730.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^3 \sqrt{f + gx} + \frac{a^2 e \sqrt{f + gx}}{c^2 d} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{f + gx} (cd^2 + ae^2)}{cde}} \left(\frac{4g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{3cde(ae^2 - cdf)^2} - \frac{(2cd^2 + ae^2)}{3cde} \right)$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output
$$\frac{((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{1/2} * ((4*g^2*x^2*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (3*c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) - ((2*c*d*f^2 - 6*a*e*f*g)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (3*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (x*(6*a*e*g^2 + 2*c*d*f*g)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}) / (3*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2)) / (x^3*(f + g*x)^{1/2} + (a^2*e*(f + g*x)^{1/2}) / (c^2*d) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^{1/2}*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2)) / (c*d*e) + (a*x*(f + g*x)^{1/2}*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2)) / (c^2*d^2))$$

3.730.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.731
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.731.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-ae g)\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{8g\sqrt{d+ex}}{3(cdf-ae g)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{16g^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3(cdf-ae g)^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/
(g*x+f)^(1/2)+8/3*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+16/3*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.731.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(3a^2e^2g^2+6acdeg(f+2gx)+c^2d^2(-f^2-2+4f*gx+8g^2x^2))}{3(cdf-aeg)^3((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}\sqrt{f}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 6*a*c*d*e*g*(f + 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-f^2 - 2 + 4*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.731.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1252, 1252, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1252

$$\frac{4g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{3(cdf-aeg)} - \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

↓ 1252

$$4g \left(-\frac{2g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{3(cdf-aeg)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{3\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}$$

3.731. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$4g \left(\frac{-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} - \frac{4g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-aeg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)}}{3(cdf-aeg)} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (4*g*((-2*Sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (4*g*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.731.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

3.731.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(8g^2x^2c^2d^2+12acde g^2x+4c^2d^2fgx+3a^2e^2g^2+6acdefg-c^2d^2f^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}(cdx+ae)^2(aeg-cdf)^3}$	121
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2+12acde g^2x+4c^2d^2fgx+3a^2e^2g^2+6acdefg-c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3\sqrt{gx+f}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cde^2fg^2+3ac^2d^2ef^2g-f^3c^3d^3)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	169

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(8*c^2*d^2*g^
2*x^2+12*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+4*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+3*a^2*e^2*g^2+6*a*c*d*e*f*g-c^2*d^2
*f^2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^3
```

3.731.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3(a^2c^3d^4e^2f^4-3a^3c^2d^3e^3f^3g+3a^4cd^2e^4f^2g^2-a^5de^5)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.731.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output
$$\frac{2}{3}(8c^2d^2g^2x^2 - c^2d^2f^2 + 6acd*efg + 3a^2e^2g^2 + 4(c^2d^2f*g + 3acd*eg^2)*x)\sqrt{cd*ex^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}\sqrt{e*x + d}\sqrt{g*x + f}/(a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^4 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^3*g + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - a^5*d*e^5*f*g^3 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^4)*x^4 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^4 + (c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^3*g - 3*(a*c^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^2*g^2 + (3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f*g^3 - (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 2*a^4*c*d*e^5)*g^4)*x^3 + ((c^5*d^6 + 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*f^4 - (a*c^4*d^5*e + 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^3*g - 3*(a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + (5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*e^5)*f*g^3 - (2*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*g^4)*x^2 - (a^5*d*e^5*g^4 - (2*a*c^4*d^5*e + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f^4 + (5*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*f^3*g - 3*(a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c*d*e^5)*f^2*g^2 - (a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - a^5*e^6)*f*g^3)*x)$$

3.731.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.731.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.731.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.731.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1923 vs. 2(170) = 340.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1923, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/3*(6*sqrt(c*d*g)*g^3/((c^2*d^2*e*f^2*abs(g) - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(g) + a^2*e^3*g^2*abs(g))*(c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 + (sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2)) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(5*(c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g^4*abs(g) - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^5*abs(g) + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^6*abs(g))*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)/(c^6*d^6*e^4*f^5*g^2 - 5*a*c^5*d^5*e^5*f^4*g^3 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^6*f^3*g^4 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^7*f^2*g^5 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*f*g^6 - a^5*c*d*e^9*g^7) - 6*(c^5*d^5*e^3*f^3*g^4*abs(g) - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^5*abs(g) + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5*f*g^6*abs(g) - a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6*g^7*abs(g))/(c^6*d^6*e^4*f^5*g^2 - 5*a*c^5*d^5*e^5*f^4*g^3 + 10*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^6*f^3*g^4 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^7*f^2*g^5 + 5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^8*f*g^6 - a^5*c*d*e^9*g^7))/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))*e^3 - 2/3*(sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^3*d^4*e*f*g^3 - 6*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 - 5*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*c^3*d^5*g^4 + 6*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*g^4 - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g - sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g^2 + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 + 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*g^3 - 9*sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(c...
```

3.731.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{16g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}{3e(aeg-cdf)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6a^2 e^2 g^2 + 12acdefg - 2c^2 d^2 f^2)}{3c^2 d^2 e(aeg-cdf)^3} + \frac{8gx(3aeg+cdf)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3cde(aeg-cdf)^3} \right)}{x^3 \sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{a^2 e \sqrt{f+gx}}{c^2 d} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(cd^2+2ae^2)}{cde} + \frac{ax \sqrt{f+gx}(2cd^2+ae^2)}{c^2 d^2}}$$

3.731. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((16*g^2*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(6*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 12*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(3*c^2*d^2*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (8*g*x*(3*a*e*g + c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3))/(x^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2) + (a^2*e*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(c^2*d) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(c*d*e) + (a*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(c^2*d^2))`

3.731.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.732
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.732.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{4g\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cdf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

$$+\frac{16g^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{32cdg^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{3(cdf-aeg)^4\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d
*e*x^2)^(3/2)+4*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+16/3*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+32/3*c*d*g^2*(a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```


3.732.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(-a^3e^3g^3+3a^2cde^2g^2(3f+2gx)+3ac^2d}{3(cdf-aeg)^4((d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2})}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(-(a^3*e^3*g^3) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(3*f + 2*g*x) + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(3*f^2 + 12*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-f^3 + 6*f^2*g*x + 24*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))`

3.732.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1252, 1252, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1252 \\ & - \frac{2g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx}{cdf-aeg} - \\ & \frac{3(f+gx)^{3/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1252 \\ & 2g \left(- \frac{4g \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\ & \frac{cdf-aeg}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ & \frac{3(f+gx)^{3/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.732. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1254 \\
 & 2g \left(\frac{4g \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 & \frac{cdf - aeg}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{3(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2} (cdf-aeg)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 1248 \\
 & 2g \left(\frac{4g \left(\frac{4cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(cdf-aeg)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)} \right)}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 & \frac{cdf - aeg}{cdf - aeg}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*g*((-2*sqrt[d + e*x])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]) - (4*g*((2*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d*sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*sqrt[d + e*x]*sqrt[f + g*x])))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)`

3.732. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.732.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

rule 1252 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] + Simp[e^2*g*((m - n - 2)/((p + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.732.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3-24ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-24c^3d^3fg^2x^2-6a^2cde^2g^3x-36ac^2d^2efg^2x-6c^3d^3f^2gx+a^3e^3g^3-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(cdx+ae)^2(aeg-cdf)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3-24ac^2d^2eg^3x^2-24c^3d^3fg^2x^2-6a^2cde^2g^3x-36ac^2d^2efg^2x-6c^3d^3f^2gx+a^3e^3g^3-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2-9a^2cde^2f^2g^2)}{3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cde^3fg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4ac^3d^3ef^3g+fd^4c^4d^4)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.732. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(-16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3-24*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-24*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-6*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-6*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+a^3*e^3*g^3-9*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-9*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+c^3*d^3*f^3)/(c*d*x+a*e)^2/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^4$$

3.732.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1065 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1065, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3(a^2c^4d^5e^2f^6-4a^3c^3d^4e^3f^5g+6a^4c^2d^3e^4f^4g^2-4a^5c^2d^2e^5f^3g^3+a^6d^6e^6f^2g^4+(c^6d^7-6a^5c^5d^5e^2)f^4g^2-4(a^5c^5d^6e- a^2c^4d^4e^3)f^3g^3+2(3a^2c^4d^5e^2+2a^3c^3d^3e^4)f^2g^4-2(2a^3c^3d^4e^3+3a^4c^2d^2e^5)f^2g^4+(a^4c^2d^3e^4+2a^5c^2d^2e^6)g^6)x^4+(c^6d^6e^6f^6+2c^6d^7f^5g-6a^4c^2d^3e^4f^5g-3(2a^5c^5d^6e+3a^2c^4d^4e^3)f^4g^2+4(a^2c^4d^5e^2+4a^3c^3d^3e^4)f^3g^3+(4a^3c^3d^4e^3-9a^4c^2d^2e^5)f^2g^4+(2a^5c^2d^2e^5+a^6e^7)g^6)x^3-(6a^2c^4d^4e^3f^5g-2a^6e^7f^5g^5-a^6d^6e^6g^6-(c^6d^7+2a^5c^5d^5e^2)f^6+(9a^2c^4d^5e^2-4a^3c^3d^3e^4)f^4g^2-4(4a^3c^3d^4e^3+a^4c^2d^2e^5)f^3g^3+3(3a^4c^2d^3e^4+2a^5c^2d^2e^6)f^2g^4)x^2+(2a^6d^6e^6f^5g+(2a^5c^5d^6e+a^2c^4d^4e^3)f^6-2(3a^2c^4d^5e^2+2a^3c^3d^3e^4)f^5g+2(2a^3c^3d^4e^3+3a^4c^2d^2e^5)f^4g^2+4(a^4c^2d^3e^4-a^5c^2d^2e^6)f^3g^3-...}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/3*(16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3 - c^3*d^3*f^3 + 9*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 9*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*e^3*g^3 + 24*(c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x^2 + 6*(c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2*f^6 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^3*f^5*g + 6*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4*f^4*g^2 - 4*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^3*g^3 + a^6*d^6*e^6*f^2*g^4 + (c^6*d^7*e*f^4*g^2 - 4*a*c^5*d^5*e^2*f^3*g^3 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3*f^2*g^4 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4*f*g^5 + a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5*g^6)*x^5 + (2*c^6*d^6*e*f^5*g + (c^6*d^7 - 6*a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*f^4*g^2 - 4*(a*c^5*d^6*e - a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3)*f^3*g^3 + 2*(3*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4)*f^2*g^4 - 2*(2*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5)*f*g^5 + (a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^6)*g^6)*x^4 + (c^6*d^6*e*f^6 + 2*c^6*d^7*f^5*g - 6*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4*f^5g - 3*(2*a*c^5*d^6e + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4e^3)*f^4g^2 + 4*(a^2*c^4*d^5e^2 + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3e^4)*f^3g^3 + (4*a^3*c^3*d^4e^3 - 9*a^4*c^2*d^2e^5)*f^2g^4 + (2*a^5*c^2*d^2e^5 + a^6e^7)*g^6)*x^3 - (6*a^2*c^4*d^4e^3*f^5g - 2*a^6e^7*f^5g^5 - a^6*d^6e^6*g^6 - (c^6*d^7 + 2*a^5*c^5*d^5e^2)*f^6 + (9*a^2*c^4*d^5e^2 - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3e^4)*f^4g^2 - 4*(4*a^3*c^3*d^4e^3 + a^4*c^2*d^2e^5)*f^3g^3 + 3*(3*a^4*c^2*d^3e^4 + 2*a^5*c^2*d^2e^6)*f^2g^4)*x^2 + (2*a^6*d^6e^6*f^5g + (2*a^5*c^5*d^6e + a^2*c^4*d^4e^3)*f^6 - 2*(3*a^2*c^4*d^5e^2 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^3e^4)*f^5g + 2*(2*a^3*c^3*d^4e^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2e^5)*f^4g^2 + 4*(a^4*c^2*d^3e^4 - a^5*c^2*d^2e^6)*f^3g^3 - ... \end{aligned}$$

3.732.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.732.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.732.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.732.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4668 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4668, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

3.732. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output

```

-2/3*e^4*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*(8*(c^7*d^7*e^2*f^3*g^4*abs(
g) - 3*a*c^6*d^6*e^3*f^2*g^5*abs(g) + 3*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^4*f*g^6*abs(g) - a^3
*c^4*d^4*e^5*g^7*abs(g))*(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)/(c^8*d^8*e^6*f^7*
g^2 - 7*a*c^7*d^7*e^7*f^6*g^3 + 21*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^8*f^5*g^4 - 35*a^3*c^5*d^
5*e^9*f^4*g^5 + 35*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^10*f^3*g^6 - 21*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^11*f^2*g^7
+ 7*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^12*f*g^8 - a^7*c*d*e^13*g^9) - 9*(c^7*d^7*e^4*f^4*g^4*ab
s(g) - 4*a*c^6*d^6*e^5*f^3*g^5*abs(g) + 6*a^2*c^5*d^5*e^6*f^2*g^6*abs(g) -
4*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^7*f*g^7*abs(g) + a^4*c^3*d^3*e^8*g^8*abs(g))/(c^8*d^8*e^6
*f^7*g^2 - 7*a*c^7*d^7*e^7*f^6*g^3 + 21*a^2*c^6*d^6*e^8*f^5*g^4 - 35*a^3*c
^5*d^5*e^9*f^4*g^5 + 35*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^10*f^3*g^6 - 21*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^11*f^2
*g^7 + 7*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^12*f*g^8 - a^7*c*d*e^13*g^9))/((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3
*g^2 - (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^
2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)) - 4*(4*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^3*d^3*e^4
*f^2*g^5 - 8*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f*g^6 + 4*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*c*d*e^6*g
^7 + 9*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt
(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))^2*c^2*
d^2*e^2*f*g^4 - 9*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*
d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d
*g))^2*a*c*d*e^3*g^5 + 3*sqrt(c*d*g)*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*
sqrt(c*d*g) - sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - ...

```

3.732.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{16gx^2(aeg+cdf)\sqrt{d+e}}{e(aeg-cdf)^4} \right)}{x^4\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ga^2e^3+2gac d^2)}{c^2 d^2 e}}$$

input

```

int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^
2)^(5/2)),x)

```

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((16*g*x^2*(a*e*g + c*d*f)*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(2*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 2*c^3*d^3*f^3 - 18*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 18*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (32*c*d*g^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(3*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (4*x*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + c^2*d^2*f^2 + 6*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(c*d*e*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4)))/(x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)} + (x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a^2*e^3*g + c^2*d^3*f + 2*a*c*d*e^2*f + 2*a*c*d^2*e*g))/(c^2*d^2*e*g) + (a*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(a*e^2*f + 2*c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g))/(c^2*d^2*g) + (a^2*e*f*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)})/(c^2*d*g) + (x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(2*a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g + c*d*e*f))/(c*d*e*g))$

3.732. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.733
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

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3.733.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 385

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-aeg)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64c^3 d^3 g \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-aeg)^2 (f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{96c^2 d^2 g \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{\left(\frac{ae}{cd}-\frac{f}{g}\right) (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{24\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-aeg)^4 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{d+ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{64c^{7/2} d^{7/2} g^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-5/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(7/2)/d^(7/2)/g^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-5/96*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/24*(a*e/c/d-f/g)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/4*(g*x+f)^(7/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-5/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.733.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.733.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(15a^3e^3g^3 - 5a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2(11f+2gx) + a^2c^2d^2e^2g(73f^2+36fgx+8g^2x^2) + c^3d^3(15f^3+118f^2gx+136fg^2x^2+48g^3x^3)) - (15(cdf - aeg)^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}]) \right)}{(192c^{7/2}d^{7/2}g^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex})}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(15*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 5*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(11*f + 2*g*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(73*f^2 + 36*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(15*f^3 + 118*f^2*g*x + 136*f*g^2*x^2 + 48*g^3*x^3)) - (15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]))/(192*c^(7/2)*d^(7/2)*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.733.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.146$, Rules used = {1250, 1253, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{8g}$$

↓ 1253

3.733. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{5(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{8g}{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{8g}{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{6cd} \right) \\
 & \frac{8g}{1268}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.733. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{5(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right)}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

8g

66

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{5(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd-g\frac{(ae+cdx)}{f+gx} d\sqrt{ae+cdx}} \sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right)}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

8g

221

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{4g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 (cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{5(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right)}{6cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

8g

3.733. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(4*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*c*d))/(6*c*d))/(8*g)`

3.733.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.733.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. 2(329) = 658.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(-96c^3d^3g^3x^3 \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg} + 15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^4e^4g^4 - 60 \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/384*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(-96*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^4*e^4*g^4-60*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+90*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-60*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^4*f^4-16*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}-272*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+20*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-72*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-236*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^3*e^3*g^3+110*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-146*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/(c*d*g)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

3.733.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.733.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1065, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \left[\frac{4(48c^4d^4g^4x^3 + 15c^4d^4f^3g + 73ac^3d^3ef^2g^2 - 55a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 15a^3c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 15a^3c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 8*(17c^4d^4f^3g^3 + ac^3d^3e^2fg^4)*x^2 + 2*(59c^4d^4f^2g^2 + 18ac^3d^3e^2fg^3 - 5a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^4)*x)*\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2fg^2 + a^2d^2e^2fg^2} + 15*(c^4d^5f^4 - 4ac^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3fg^3 + a^4d^2e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4ac^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3fg^3 + a^4e^5g^4)*x)*\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2fg^2} \log(-8c^2d^2e^2fg^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + 6ac^2d^2efg + a^2d^2e^2fg^2 - 4\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2fg^2 + a^2d^2e^2fg^2} * (2c^2d^2efg + c^2d^3 + ac^2d^2e^2)g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 + 2(4c^2d^3 + 3ac^2d^2e^2)fg + (8ac^2d^2e + a^2e^3)g^2)x)/(ex + d)))/(c^4d^4efg^2x + c^4d^5g^2), 1/384*(2(48c^4d^4g^4x^3 + 15c^4d^4f^3g + 73ac^3d^3ef^2g^2 - 55a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 15a^3c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 8*(17c^4d^4f^3g^3 + ac^3d^3e^2fg^4)*x^2 + 2*(59c^4d^4f^2g^2 + 18ac^3d^3e^2fg^3 - 5a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^4)*x)*\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2fg^2 + a^2d^2e^2fg^2} + 15*(c^4d^5f^4 - 4ac^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3fg^3 + a^4d^2e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4ac^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3fg^3 + a^4e^5g^4)*x)*\sqrt{-c^2d^2e^2fg^2} \arctan(2\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2fg^2 + a^2d^2e^2fg^2})}{(ex + d)^{1/2}}, x, algorithm="fracas")$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/768*(4*(48*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^4*f^3*g + 73*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 - 55*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 8*(17*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^3 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2) + 15*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*d^2*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2) * log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2) * (2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + c^2*d^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^2)g^2)x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)fg + (8*a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)g^2)x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2*x + c^4*d^5*g^2), 1/384*(2*(48*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^4*f^3*g + 73*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 - 55*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 8*(17*c^4*d^4*f^3*g^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^3 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2) + 15*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*d^2*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2) * arctan(2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2))}{(e*x + d)^(1/2)}, x)`

3.733.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.733.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (gx + f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.733.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6752 vs. 2(329) = 658.

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6752, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/192*(48*f^2*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x +
d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*
x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 +
(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g
))*e*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*
x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f +
(e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g
^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d
*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*
g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f
- 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e
*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a
*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)
)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*
e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d)*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*ab
s(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*
g^2))) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)
+ sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2
*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e
*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sq...

```

3.733.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e
*x)^(1/2), x)

```

output

```

int(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e
*x)^(1/2), x)

```


3.734
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

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3.734.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 313

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(cdf-aeg)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8c^2 d^2 g \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{ae}{cd} - \frac{f}{g}\right) (f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{(cdf-aeg)^3 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{d+ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{8c^{5/2} d^{5/2} g^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/g^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/12*(a*e/c/d-f/g)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/3*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.734.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(-3a^2e^2g^2 + 2a^2e^2g^2 + 2a^2cde^2g^2 + 2a^2cde^2g^2 + 2a^2cde^2g^2) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + c^2*d^2*(3*f^2 + 14*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]))/(24*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.734.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1250, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{6g} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{6g} \end{aligned}$$

3.734. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1253 \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\ (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

6g

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1268 \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\ (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

6g

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 66 \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\ (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

6g

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\ (cdf-ae g) & \left(\frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \end{aligned}$$

6g

3.734. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*c*d))/(6*g)`

3.734.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.734.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^3 e^3 g^3 - 9 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+
c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*e^3*
g^3-9*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(
1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+9*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*
((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*
g-3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1
/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3+16*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*
(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)+4*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2
*x+28*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-6*((g*x+f)*(
c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2+16*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)
*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g+6*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c^2
*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(c*d*g)^(1/2
)
```

$$3.734. \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.734.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \left[\frac{4(8c^3d^3g^3x^2 + 3c^3d^3f^2g + 8ac^2d^2efg^2 - 3a^2cde^2g^3 + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/96*(4*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(7*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x + c^3*d^4*g^2), 1/48*(2*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 + 3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(7*c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 3*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x + c^3*d^4*g^2)]
```

3.734.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)
```

3.734. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.734.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (gx + f)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.734.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3056 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3056, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/24*(6*f*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d))*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(-...

```

3.734.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)

```

output

```

int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)

```


3.735
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

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3.735.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{ae}{cd} - \frac{f}{g}\right) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{(cdf - aeg)^2 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{d+ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}g^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/g^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/4*(a*e/c/d-f/g)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.735.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}(aeg+cd(f+2gx)) - (cdf-aeg)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)\right)}{4c^{3/2}d^{3/2}g^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*e*g + c*d*(f + 2*g*x)) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.735.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1250, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg)\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4g}$$

↓ 1253

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\
 (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4g}{1268} \\
 & \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\
 (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4g}{66} \\
 & \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\
 (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4g}{221} \\
 & \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \\
 (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4g}{4g}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])))/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*g)`

3.735.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`
- rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`
- rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.735.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^2 e^2 g^2 - 2 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{8\sqrt{\dots}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*
d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^
2-2*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1
/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(
c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2-4*((g*x+f)*(c*
d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e
))^(1/2)*a*e*g-2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/c/d/g/(c*d*g)^(1/2)
```

3.735.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4(2c^2d^2g^2x+c^2d^2fg+acdeg^2)\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}+(c^2d^3f^2-2acd^2efg)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/16*(4*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x + c^2*d^2*f*g + a*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + (c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x + c^2*d^3*g^2), 1/8*(2*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x + c^2*d^2*f*g + a*c*d*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + (c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x + c^2*d^3*g^2)]`

3.735.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.735.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.735. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.735.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 995 vs. $2(201) = 402$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{(cde^2fg - ae^3g^2) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg}}{\sqrt{cdg}} \right)}{g^2} + \sqrt{-cde^2fg+ae^3g^2+(e^2f+(ex+d)eg-deg)cdg} \right)}{g^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*e*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d))*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*...`

3.735.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.736
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.736.1 Optimal result 5450
 3.736.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5451
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 3.736.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5455
 3.736.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5455

3.736.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output -(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(3/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.736.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}\sqrt{f + gx}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(-cdf + aeg)\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.736.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g}$$

$$\downarrow 1268$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}$$

3.736. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

↓ 221

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.736.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.736.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \sqrt{gx+f} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) aeg - \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) cdf + 2 \right)}{2\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} g \sqrt{cdg}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*c*d
*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2
))*a*e*g-ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*
g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2
))/(g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/g/(c*d*g)^(1/2)
```

3.736.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} cdg - (cd^2 f - adeg + (cdf - ae^2 g)x) \sqrt{cdg} \log \left(-\frac{8e^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*g - (c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c*d*e*g^2*x + c*d^2*g^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*g + (c*d^2*f - a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c*d*e*g^2*x + c*d^2*g^2)]`

3.736.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.736.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.736.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 409 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{(cde f - ae^2 g) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 e^2 f - acde^3 g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg} \right|\right)}{\sqrt{cdgg}} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 e^2 f - acde^3 g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg}}{cdeg} \right) \frac{1}{cd}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output (((c*d*e*f - a*e^2*g)*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c*d*e*g))*abs(c)*abs(d)/(c*d) - (c^2*d^2*e^2*f*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - a*c*d*e^3*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e*g)/e
```

3.736.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

```
output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.736. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.737
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.737.1 Optimal result 5456
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3.737.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)`

3.737.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\left(-\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{g}}\right)\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d+e*x]*(f+g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

3.737.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(2\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(-(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x}) + \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{f + g*x}*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{f + g*x})/(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*e + c*d*x})]))/(g^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)}*\sqrt{f + g*x})$

3.737.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1249, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{cd\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cd^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cd^2} \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cd^2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input $\text{Int}[\sqrt{a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2}/(\sqrt{d + e*x}*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}), x]$


```
output (-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f +
g*x]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[
g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*
e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])
```

3.737.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1249 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)
^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && G
tQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.737.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) cdx + \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) cdf - 2\sqrt{(gx+} \right.}{\sqrt{cdg} \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} g \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{gx+f}}$

$$3.737. \int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d
*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c*d*g*x+ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e
*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c*d*f
-2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*
x+a*e))^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.737.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(egx^2 + df + (ef + dg)x)\sqrt{\frac{cd}{g}} \log\left(-\frac{8c^2d^2eg^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + 6acd^2efg + a^2de}{(egx^2 + df + (ef + dg)x)\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{g}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{-\frac{cd}{g}}}{2cdegx^2 + cd^2f + adeg + (cdf + (2cd^2 + ae^2)g)x}\right)} + 2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{eg^2x^2 + dfg + (efg + dg^2)x}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2*((e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d/g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^
3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*(2*c*d*g^2*x + c*d*f
*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sq
rt(g*x + f)*sqrt(c*d/g) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^
2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*
e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)) - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sq
rt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*g^2*x^2 + d*f*g + (e*f*g + d*g^2)*x), -(e*g
*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e +
(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*g/(2*c*d*e*g*
x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)) + 2*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*g^2*x^
2 + d*f*g + (e*f*g + d*g^2)*x)]
```

3.737. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.737.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdex)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.737.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.737.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 426 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{e^2|c||d| \log\left(|-\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f-acde^3g+((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)cdg}\right)}{\sqrt{cdgg}|e|} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3e^2|c|}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f-acde^3g+((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3)cdg}}$$

3.737. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(e^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g*abs(e)) + sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e^2*abs(c)*abs(d)/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)*g*abs(e)) - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - c^2*d^3*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*e*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e*f*g*abs(e) - sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*g^2*abs(e))*abs(e)/e^2`

3.737.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.738
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.738.1 Optimal result 5462
 3.738.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5462
 3.738.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5463
 3.738.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5463
 3.738.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5464
 3.738.6 Sympy [F] 5464
 3.738.7 Maxima [F] 5465
 3.738.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5465
 3.738.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5466

3.738.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(cdf-ae g)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

output `2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)`

3.738.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3(cdf-ae g)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d+e*x]*(f+g*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*((a*e+c*d*x)*(d+e*x))^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f-a*e*g)*(d+e*x)^(3/2)*(f+g*x)^(3/2))`

3.738.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))`

3.738.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.738.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}}{3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(aeg-cdf)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	53
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}{3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}(aeg-cdf)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	63

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(
e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.738.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(c...)}{3(cd^2f^3 - adef^2g + (cdfg^2 - ae^2g^3)x^3 + (2cdf^2g - adeg^3 + (cd^2...))}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x + a*e)*sqrt(e*x + d
)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*d^2*f^3 - a*d*e*f^2*g + (c*d*e*f*g^2 - a*e^2*g^3)*x^3 +
(2*c*d*e*f^2*g - a*d*e*g^3 + (c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^3 -
2*a*d*e*f*g^2 + (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^2*g)*x)
```

3.738.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cdx)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(e*x+
d)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))/(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(5/2)), x
)
```

3.738.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.738.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg}} \left(\frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{3/2} c^2d^2e^4g|c||d|}{(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)^{3/2} (cde^2fg|e| - ae^3g^2|e|)} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg}}{\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^4*g*abs(c)*abs(d) / ((c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)^(3/2)*(c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(e) - a*e^3*g^2*abs(e))) + (sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d^2*e^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*e^4*abs(c)*abs(d)) / (sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d*e*f^2*abs(e) - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^2*f*g*abs(e) - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d*e*g^2*abs(e) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d*e*g^2*abs(e)))*abs(e)/e^2`

3.738.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{2ae}{3aeg^2 - 3cdfg} + \frac{2cdx}{3aeg^2 - 3cdfg}\right) \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(3cdf^2 - 3aefg)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3aeg^2 - 3cdfg}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(((2*a*e)/(3*a*e*g^2 - 3*c*d*f*g) + (2*c*d*x)/(3*a*e*g^2 - 3*c*d*f*g))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(3*c*d*f^2 - 3*a*e*f*g)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*a*e*g^2 - 3*c*d*f*g))`

3.739
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.739.1 Optimal result	5467
3.739.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5467
3.739.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5468
3.739.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5469
3.739.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5469
3.739.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5470
3.739.7 Maxima [F]	5470
3.739.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5471
3.739.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5471

3.739.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(cdf-ae^2g)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(cdf-ae^2g)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}+4/15*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)/(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}$

3.739.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}(-3aeg+cd(5f+2gx))}{15(cdf-ae^2g)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2}*(-3*a*e*g + c*d*(5*f + 2*g*x)))/(15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^{3/2}*(f + g*x)^{5/2})$

3.739.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.739.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))`

3.739.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.739.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d)(cdx+ae)(-2cdgx+3aeg-5cdf)}{15(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{ex+d}(aeg-cdf)^2}$	70
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdgx+3aeg-5cdf)\sqrt{cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade}}{15(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	99

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/15*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)*
(-2*c*d*g*x+3*a*e*g-5*c*d*f)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2
```

3.739.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{15(c^2d^3f^5 - 2acd^2ef^4g + a^2de^2f^3g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^3 - 2acde^2fg^4 + a^2e^2f^2g^5) \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^(1
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $2/15*(2*c^2*d^2*g*x^2 + 5*a*c*d*e*f - 3*a^2*e^2*g + (5*c^2*d^2*f - a*c*d*e*g)*x)*\text{sqrt}(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(c^2*d^3*f^5 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^4*g + a^2*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 + a^2*e^3*g^5)*x^4 + (3*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + a^2*d*e^2*g^5 + (c^2*d^3 - 6*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - 3*a^2*e^3)*f*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e*f^4*g + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^4 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^2*g^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^5 + 3*a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^4*g - (6*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f^3*g^2)*x)$

3.739.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(7/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.739.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)), x)`

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `((x*(10*c^2*d^2*f - 2*a*c*d*e*g))/(15*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) - (6*a^2*e^2*g - 10*a*c*d*e*f)/(15*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (4*c^2*d^2*x^2)/(15*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + (f^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^2 + (2*f*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g)`

3.740 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$

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3.740.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(cdf-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{8cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{35(cdf-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{105(cdf-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

output `2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)+8/35*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)+16/105*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)`

3.740.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}(15a^2e^2g^2-6acdeg(7f+2gx)+c^2d^2(35f^2+2fg+g^2))}{105(cdf-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d+e*x]*(f+g*x)^(9/2)),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(15*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 6*a*c*d*e*g*(7*f + 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(35*f^2 + 28*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(105*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))$

3.740.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx}{7(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{7(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1248$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{7(cdf - aeg)}$$

input $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(9/2)), x]$

output $(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)}) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)})))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g))$

3.740.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.740.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-12acde g^2x+28c^2d^2fgx+15a^2e^2g^2-42acdefg+35c^2d^2f^2)}{105(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{ex+d}(aeg-cdf)^3}$	119
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-12acde g^2x+28c^2d^2fgx+15a^2e^2g^2-42acdefg+35c^2d^2f^2)\sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade}}{105(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cde^2fg^2+3ac^2d^2ef^2g-f^3c^3d^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}$	169

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.740. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$

3.740.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(9/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.740.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(9/2)), x)`

3.740.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1426 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1426, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/105*((35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 35*sqrt(
-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 28*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^3*e^
5*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 42*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d*e^7*f*g*abs(c)*abs
(d) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(-c*d
^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
^2*c*d^2*e^6*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^8*g^2*abs
(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^6*abs(e) - 3*
sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^5*g*abs(e) - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^
2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^5*g*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f -
c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^5*e*f^4*g^2*abs(e) + 9*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*
g)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^4*g^2*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*
c*d*e^5*f^4*g^2*abs(e) - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^6*f^3*g^3
*abs(e) - 9*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*f^3*g^3*abs(e)
- 9*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*f^3*g^3*abs(e) - sqrt
(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^3*e^6*f^3*g^3*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*
f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^5*e*f^2*g^4*abs(e) + 9*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d
^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^4*abs(e) + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)
*a^3*d*e^5*f^2*g^4*abs(e) - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^4*
e^2*f*g^5*abs(e) - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^3*d^2*e^4*f*g^...

```

3.740.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{30a^3e^3g^2 - 84a^2cde^2fg + 70a^2d^2ef^2}{105g^3(aeg - cdf)^3} + \frac{x(6a^2cde^2g^2 - 28a^2d^2efg + 70c^3d^3f^2)}{105g^3(aeg - cdf)^3} \right) + x^3\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{f^3\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{d + ex}}{g^3} + \frac{3fx^2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{d + ex}}{g} + \frac{3f^2x\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{d + ex}}{g^2}}{g^2}$$

input

```

int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*(d + e*
x)^(1/2)),x)

```

output $-\left(\left(x\left(ae^2 + cd^2\right) + ad*e + cd*ex^2\right)^{1/2} \left(\left(30a^3e^3g^2 + 70ac^2d^2e^2f^2 - 84a^2cd^2e^2f^2g\right) / \left(105g^3\left(ae*g - cd*f\right)^3\right) + \left(x\left(70c^3d^3f^2 + 6a^2cd^2e^2g^2 - 28ac^2d^2e^2f^2g\right) / \left(105g^3\left(ae*g - cd*f\right)^3\right) + \left(16c^3d^3x^3\right) / \left(105g\left(ae*g - cd*f\right)^3\right) - \left(8c^2d^2x^2\left(ae*g - 7cd*f\right) / \left(105g^2\left(ae*g - cd*f\right)^3\right)\right) / \left(x^3\left(f + gx\right)^{1/2}\left(d + ex\right)^{1/2} + \left(f^3\left(f + gx\right)^{1/2}\left(d + ex\right)^{1/2}\right) / g^3 + \left(3f^2x^2\left(f + gx\right)^{1/2}\left(d + ex\right)^{1/2}\right) / g + \left(3f^2x\left(f + gx\right)^{1/2}\left(d + ex\right)^{1/2}\right) / g^2\right)$

3.741
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

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 3.741.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5486

3.741.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{9(cdf-ae g)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{21(cdf-ae g)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{105(cdf-ae g)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{315(cdf-ae g)^4(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)+4/21*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)+16/105*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)+32/315*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)
```

3.741.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{3/2} (-35a^3e^3g^3 + 15a^2cde^2g^2(9f + 2gx) - 3acdf - aeg)}{315(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(11/2)),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{3/2}*(-35*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(9*f + 2*g*x) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(63*f^2 + 36*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(105*f^3 + 126*f^2*g*x + 72*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(315*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*(d + e*x)^{3/2}*(f + g*x)^{9/2})$

3.741.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\ & \frac{2cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx}{3(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\ & \frac{2cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx}{7(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{3(cdf - aeg)} + \\ & \quad \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \end{aligned}$$

3.741. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx}{5(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right) \\
& + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\
& \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{9(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1248} \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{9(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} + \\
& 2cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{7(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{15(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{5(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{7(cdf - aeg)} \right) \\
& \frac{3(cdf - aeg)}{3(cdf - aeg)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(11/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)) + (2*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)))))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(3*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.741.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

$$3.741. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.741.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+24a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-72c^3d^3fg^2x^2-30a^2cde^2g^3x+108a^2d^2efg^2x-126c^3d^3f^2gx+35a^3e^3g^3-135a^2cde^2f^2g^2+189a^2c^2d^2efg^2-105c^3d^3f^3g^3)}{315(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{ex+d}(aeg-cdf)^4}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+24a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-72c^3d^3fg^2x^2-30a^2cde^2g^3x+108a^2d^2efg^2x-126c^3d^3f^2gx+35a^3e^3g^3-135a^2cde^2f^2g^2+189a^2c^2d^2efg^2-105c^3d^3f^3g^3)}{315(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cde^3fg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4ac^3d^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4)}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x
,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/315*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)
*(-16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+24*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-72*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2-30*a^2*c
*d*e^2*g^3*x+108*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-126*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+35*a^3*e^3*g^3-13
5*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+189*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-105*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^4
```

3.741.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1179 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1179, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\dots}{315(c^4d^5f^9 - 4ac^3d^4ef^8g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^7g^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^3f^6g^3 + a^4de^4f^5g^4)}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(e*x+d)^(
1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.741. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{2}{315}(16c^4d^4g^3x^4 + 105a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3 - 189a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g + 135a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3g^2 - 35a^4e^4g^3 + 8(9c^4d^4f^2g^2 - a^3c^3d^3e^3g^3)x^3 + 6(21c^4d^4f^2g - 6a^3c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^2g^3)x^2 + (105c^4d^4f^3 - 63a^3c^3d^3e^3f^2g + 27a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2 - 5a^3c^3d^3e^3g^3)x)\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2x^2 + a^2d^2e^2x}\sqrt{e^2x + d}\sqrt{g^2x + f}/(c^4d^5f^9 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^3f^8g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^7g^2 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^3f^6g^3 + a^4d^4e^4f^5g^4 + (c^4d^4e^3f^4g^5 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g^6 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^7 - 4a^3c^3d^4e^4f^2g^8 + a^4e^5g^9)x^6 + (5c^4d^4e^3f^5g^4 + a^4d^4e^4g^9 + (c^4d^5 - 20a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^4g^5 - 2(2a^3c^3d^4e - 15a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^3g^6 + 2(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 10a^3c^3d^4e)f^2g^7 - (4a^3c^3d^2e^3 - 5a^4e^5)f^2g^8)x^5 + 5(2c^4d^4e^3f^6g^3 + a^4d^4e^4f^2g^8 + (c^4d^5 - 8a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^5g^4 - 4(a^3c^3d^4e - 3a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^4g^5 + 2(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 4a^3c^3d^4e)f^3g^6 - 2(2a^3c^3d^2e^3 - a^4e^5)f^2g^7)x^4 + 10(c^4d^4e^3f^7g^2 + a^4d^4e^4f^2g^7 + (c^4d^5 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^6g^3 - 2(2a^3c^3d^4e - 3a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^5g^4 + 2(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 2a^3c^3d^4e)f^4g^5 - (4a^3c^3d^2e^3 - a^4e^5)f^3g^6)x^3 + 5(c^4d^4e^3f^8g + 2a^4d^4e^4f^3g^6 + 2(c^4d^5 - 2a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^7g^2 - 2(4a^3c^3d^4e - 3a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^6g^3 + 4(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - a^3c^3d^4e)f^5g^4 - (8a^3c^3d^2e^3...$$

3.741.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(11/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.741.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{\sqrt{ex + d}(gx + f)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(11/2)), x)`

3.741.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2280 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2280, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 2/315*((105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^5*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^3*e^7*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 126*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^6*e^4*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 63*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^4*e^6*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 189*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^8*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 72*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^7*e^3*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 36*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^5*e^5*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 27*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^7*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 135*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d*e^9*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8*e^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^4*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^8*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^10*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^8*abs(e) - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^5*e^3*f^7*g*abs(e) - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^7*g*abs(e) + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^6*g^2*abs(e) + 16*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^6*g^2*abs(e) + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^6*g^2*abs(e) - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^7*e*f^5*g^3*abs(e) - 24*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f^5*g^3*abs(e) - 24*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f^5*g^3*abs(e) - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e...
```

3.741.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{x(-10a^3cde^3g^3 + 54a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2 - 126a^2cd^2e^2fg^2 + 315g^4(aeg - cdf))}{315g^4(aeg - cdf)} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{f + gx}}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(11/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)
```

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((x*(210*c^4*d^4*f^3 - 10*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3 + 54*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - 126*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g))/(315*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (70*a^4*e^4*g^3 - 210*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 378*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g - 270*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^2)/(315*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (32*c^4*d^4*x^4)/(315*g*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (4*c^2*d^2*x^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 21*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 6*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(105*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (16*c^3*d^3*x^3*(a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(315*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4)))/(x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (f^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^4 + (4*f*x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g + (4*f^3*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^3 + (6*f^2*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^2)$

3.741. $\int \frac{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$

3.742
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.742.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 382

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64c^2d^2g^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(cdf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{32cdg^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{(cdf-aeg)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8g^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cdf-aeg)^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{64c^{5/2}d^{5/2}g^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+
3/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g
*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/g^(5/2)/(a*d
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+1/32*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a
d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d
*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2
)+3/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2)/c^2/d^2/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.742.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.742.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(-3a^3e^3g^3+a^2cde^2g^3)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(-3*a^3*e^3*g^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(11*f + 2*g*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(11*f^2 + 44*f*g*x + 24*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(-3*f^3 + 2*f^2*g*x + 24*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(a*e + c*d*x) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x)]/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2))/(64*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*g^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.742.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.146$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{8g}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

3.742. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & 3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6g} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad 8g \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & 3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{3(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4cd} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{6g} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad 8g \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & 3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4cd} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad 8g \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1268}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.742. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{4cd} \right)}{6g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

↓ 66

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd-g(ae+cdx)} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{4cd} \right)}{6g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

↓ 221

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{4cd} \right)}{6g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

3.742. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]))]/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*c*d)))/(6*g)))/(8*g)`

3.742.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

$$3.742. \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.742.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. 2(326) = 652.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(32c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg} + 3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^4 e^4 g^4 - 12 \ln \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{1}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/128*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(32*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^4*e^4*g^4-12*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+18*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-12*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^4*f^4+48*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+48*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+4*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+88*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+4*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x-6*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^3*e^3*g^3+22*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+22*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-6*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/g^2/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.742.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.742.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(16c^4d^4g^4x^3 - 3c^4d^4f^3g + 11ac^3d^3ef^2g^2 + 11a^2c^2d^3efg^3 - 3a^3c^2d^2e^2f^2g^3 - 3a^3c^2d^2e^2f^2g^3 + 24(c^4d^4f^3g^3 + a^2c^3d^3ef^2g^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^4)x) \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} + 3(c^4d^5f^4 - 4a^3c^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3f^2g^3 + a^4d^2e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^4f^2g^3 + a^4e^5g^4)x) \sqrt{cdg} \log(-(8c^2d^2e^2g^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + 6a^3c^2d^2efg + a^2d^2e^2g^2 + 4\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x})(2cdg^2x + cdf + aeg) \sqrt{cdg} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} + 8(c^2d^2efg + (c^2d^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^2)g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 + 2(4c^2d^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^2)fg + (8a^2c^2d^2e + a^2e^3)g^2)x)/(ex + d)))/(c^3d^3efg^3x + c^3d^4g^3), 1/128(2(16c^4d^4g^4x^3 - 3c^4d^4f^3g + 11a^3c^3d^3ef^2g^2 + 11a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^3 - 3a^3c^2d^2e^2f^2g^3 + 24(c^4d^4f^3g^3 + a^2c^3d^3ef^2g^2 + a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^4)x) \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} - 3(c^4d^5f^4 - 4a^3c^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^3f^2g^3 + a^4d^2e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3c^2d^2e^4f^2g^3 + a^4e^5g^4)x) \sqrt{-cdg} \arctan(2\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x})}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/256*(4*(16*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 - 3*c^4*d^4*f^3*g + 11*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4 + 24*(c^4*d^4*f^3*g^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 3*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^3 + a^4*d^2*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d^2*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x + c^3*d^4*g^3), 1/128*(2*(16*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 - 3*c^4*d^4*f^3*g + 11*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + 11*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4 + 24*(c^4*d^4*f^3*g^3 + a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^3 + a^4*d^2*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)))]`

3.742.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`

3.742. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

output Timed out

3.742.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

3.742.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8807 vs. $2(326) = 652$.

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8807, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.05

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(48*a*f*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*e*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d))*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sq...`

3.742.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.742. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.743
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.743.1 Optimal result 5497
 3.743.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5498
 3.743.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5498
 3.743.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5501
 3.743.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5502
 3.743.6 Sympy [F] 5502
 3.743.7 Maxima [F] 5503
 3.743.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5503
 3.743.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5504

3.743.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 310

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cdf-ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8cdg^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{(cdf-ae^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(cdf-ae^2)^3\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}d^{3/2}g^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

```
output 1/3*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+
1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*
x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/g^(5/2)/(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g
*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```


3.743.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(3a^2e^2g^2+2acdeg(4f+7g)+ae+cdx)}{ae+cdx} \right)}{24c^{3/2}d^{3/2}g^5}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(4*f + 7*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-3*f^2 + 2*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(a*e + c*d*x) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(3/2))/(24*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*g^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`

3.743.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2g}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

3.743. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4g} \right)}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4g} \right)}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1268} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4g} \right)}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd-g(ae+cdx)} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{4g} \right)}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.743. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx} (cdf - aeg) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f + gx}} \right)}{c^{3/2} d^{3/2} \sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{cd\sqrt{d + ex}} \right)}{4g}}{2g}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*g))/(2*g)`

3.743.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*
((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g -
b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*
x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (Intege
rQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.743.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^3 e^3 g^3 - 9 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/48*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g
+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*e^3
*g^3-9*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)
^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+9*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2
*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2
*g-3*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(
1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-16*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)
*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)-28*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*g
^2*x-4*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-6*((g*x+f)*
(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-16*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2
)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+6*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c^
2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/g^2/(c*d*g)^(1/2)
```

$$3.743. \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.743.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(8c^3d^3g^3x^2 - 3c^3d^3f^2g + 8ac^2d^2efg^2 + 3a^2cde^2g^3 + \dots}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/96*(4*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x + c^2*d^3*g^3), 1/48*(2*(8*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^2 - 3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g + 8*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*(c^3*d^3*f*g^2 + 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c^3*d^4*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x + c^2*d^3*g^3)]
```

3.743.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d+ex)(ae+cdx))^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)
```

3.743. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.743.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

3.743.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3057 vs. 2(262) = 524.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3057, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/24*(6*a*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d))*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sqrt(-...

```

3.743.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)

```

output

```

int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)

```

3.743. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.744
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.744.1 Optimal result 5505
 3.744.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5506
 3.744.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5506
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 3.744.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5511

3.744.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{3(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{4g^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cdf - aeg)^2\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{5/2}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

```
output 1/2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+
3/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*
x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(5/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(a*d*e
+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-3/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```


3.744.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{f + gx}(5aeg + cd(-3f + g^2x)) + 3(cdf - aeg)^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}}\right] \right)}{4\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae + cdx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(5*a*e*g + c*d*(-3*f + 2*g*x)) + 3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.744.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{4g} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2g} \right)}{4g} \end{aligned}$$

3.744. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 1268 \\
\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
\frac{3(cdf-aeg)\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}}dx}{2g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}\right)}{4g} \\
\downarrow 66 \\
\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
\frac{3(cdf-aeg)\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\int\frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}}d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}\right)}{4g} \\
\downarrow 221 \\
\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
\frac{3(cdf-aeg)\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}\right)}{4g}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/(4*g)`

3.744.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

- rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

- rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.744.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}\sqrt{gx+f}\left(3\ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)a^2e^2g^2-6\ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right)\right)}{8\sqrt{\dots}}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.744. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

output $1/8*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2*g^2-6*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e*f*g+3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*f^2+4*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x+10*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*e*g-6*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c*d*f)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/g^2/(c*d*g)^(1/2)$

3.744.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 651, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \left[\frac{4(2c^2d^2g^2x - 3c^2d^2fg + 5acdeg^2)\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/16*(4*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x - 3*c^2*d^2*f*g + 5*a*c*d*e*g^2)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f} + 3*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{c*d*g}*\log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*\sqrt{c*d*g}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f} + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c*d*e*g^3*x + c*d^2*g^3), 1/8*(2*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x - 3*c^2*d^2*f*g + 5*a*c*d*e*g^2)*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f} - 3*(c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g + a^2*e^3*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{-c*d*g}*\arctan(2*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{-c*d*g}*\sqrt{e*x + d}*\sqrt{g*x + f}/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(c*d*e*g^3*x + c*d^2*g^3)]$

3.744. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

3.744.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.744.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{3/2}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.744.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 709 vs. $2(198) = 396$.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = e \left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg} \sqrt{(ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \right)^{2((ex+d)}}$$

3.744. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*e*((sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(2*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(e)/(c*d*e^2*g) - 3*(c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(e) - a*e^3*g^2*abs(e)))/(c*d*e^2*g^3)) - 3*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(e) + a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^2))*abs(c)*abs(d)/(c*d*e^3) + (3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e) - 5*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^2))/abs(e)`

3.744.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.745 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.745.1 Optimal result	5512
3.745.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5513
3.745.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5513
3.745.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5515
3.745.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5516
3.745.6 Sympy [F]	5517
3.745.7 Maxima [F]	5517
3.745.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5517
3.745.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5518

3.745.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3cd\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{g^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{5/2}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-3
*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(
1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+3*c*d*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

$$3.745. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.745.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-2aeg + cd(3f + gx)) - 3\sqrt{c} \right)}{g^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-2*a*e*g + c*d*(3*f + g*x)) - 3*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(g^(5/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.745.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1249, 1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \\ & \frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1250 \\ & \frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g} \right)}{g} \\ & \quad \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \end{aligned}$$

3.745. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1268 \\
& \frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{g} \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}} }{g \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{g} \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} g^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{g} \\
& \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)), x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (3*c*d*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]))/g`

3.745.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

$$3.745. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.745.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
default	$\left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{cdg}}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) acde g^2 x - 3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)\sqrt{cdg}}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^2 d^2 fgx + 3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.745. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{2} \cdot (3 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2})(cdg)^{1/2})) / (cdg)^{1/2} + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g^2 \cdot x - 3 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2})(cdg)^{1/2})) / (cdg)^{1/2} + c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot gx + 3 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2})(cdg)^{1/2})) / (cdg)^{1/2} + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g - 3 \ln(1/2 \cdot (2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2})(cdg)^{1/2})) / (cdg)^{1/2} + c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 + 2 \cdot ((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} \cdot (cdg)^{1/2} \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x - 4 \cdot (cdg)^{1/2} \cdot ((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} \cdot a \cdot e \cdot g + 6 \cdot (cdg)^{1/2} \cdot ((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} \cdot c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot ((cdx+ae) \cdot (ex+d))^{1/2} / ((gx+f)(cdx+ae))^{1/2} / (cdg)^{1/2} / g^2 / (gx+f)^{1/2} / (ex+d)^{1/2}$

3.745.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4 \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (cdgx + 3cdf - 2aeg) \sqrt{ex + d}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $[1/4 \cdot (4 \cdot \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot (cdgx + 3cdf - 2aeg) \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} \cdot \sqrt{gx + f} - 3 \cdot (c^2d^2f^2 - a \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g + (c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g - a \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2) \cdot x^2 + (c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f^2 - a \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g^2 + (c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2) \cdot f \cdot g) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{cd/g} \cdot \log(-8 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot g^2 \cdot x^3 + c^2 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 + 6 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g + a^2 \cdot d \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2 + 4 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g^2 \cdot x + c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot g + a \cdot e \cdot g^2) \cdot \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} \cdot \sqrt{gx + f} \cdot \sqrt{cd/g} + 8 \cdot (c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g + (c^2 \cdot d^3 + a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2) \cdot g^2) \cdot x^2 + (c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f^2 + 2 \cdot (4 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^3 + 3 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e^2) \cdot f \cdot g + (8 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot e + a^2 \cdot e^3) \cdot g^2) \cdot x) / (ex + d)) / (eg^3x^2 + dfg^2 + (efg^2 + dg^3)x), 1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot (cdgx + 3cdf - 2aeg) \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} \cdot \sqrt{gx + f} + 3 \cdot (c^2d^2f^2 - a \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g + (c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g - a \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2) \cdot x^2 + (c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f^2 - a \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g^2 + (c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2) \cdot f \cdot g) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{-cd/g} \cdot \arctan(2 \cdot \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} \cdot \sqrt{gx + f} \cdot \sqrt{-cd/g}) / (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g \cdot x^2 + c \cdot d^2 \cdot f + a \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g + (c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f + (2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \cdot g) \cdot x)) / (eg^3x^2 + dfg^2 + (efg^2 + dg^3)x)]$

3.745. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.745.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{((d + ex)(ae + cdx))^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))**(3/2)/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.745.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{3/2}(gx + f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.745.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 559 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \left(\frac{((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)|c||d|}{e^2g} + \frac{3(cde^2fg|c||d| - c^2d^3eg)}{e^2g^3} \right) + \frac{3(cdf|c||d| - aeg|c||d|) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{cdgg^2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg}cdef|c||d| \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg} \right| \right) - 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg}}{\dots}$$

3.745. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(d)/(e^2*g) + 3*(c*d*e^2*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*e^3*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d))/(e^2*g^3))/sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g) + 3*(c*d*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*e*g*abs(c)*abs(d))*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^2) - (3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*e*g^2)`

3.745.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.746
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.746.1 Optimal result 5519
 3.746.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5520
 3.746.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5520
 3.746.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5522
 3.746.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5523
 3.746.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 5523
 3.746.7 Maxima [F] 5524
 3.746.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5524
 3.746.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5525

3.746.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2cd\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g^2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{5/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)
+2*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+
f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(5/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c
*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(
1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

3.746.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d + ex}(-\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cd}(aeg + cd(3f + 4gx)) + 3c^3)}{3g^{5/2}\sqrt{(ae + cd)(d + ex)(f + gx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*sqrt[d + e*x]*(-sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(a*e*g + c*d*(3*f + 4*g*x)) + 3*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d]*sqrt[f + g*x)]/(sqrt[g]*sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(3*g^(5/2)*sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^(3/2))`

3.746.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.104$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \\ & \frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1249 \\ & \frac{cd \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

3.746. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1268 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{cd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*((-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/(g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/g`

3.746.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

$$3.746. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.746.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^2 d^2 g^2 x^2 + 6 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^2 d^2 f \right)}{3\sqrt{cdg}\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{1/2} * (3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(c*d*g)^{1/2}))/((c*d*g)^{1/2}) * c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 6*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(c*d*g)^{1/2}))/((c*d*g)^{1/2}) * c^2*d^2*f*g*x + 3*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(c*d*g)^{1/2}))/((c*d*g)^{1/2}) * c^2*d^2*f^2 - 8*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2}*(c*d*g)^{1/2} * c*d*g*x - 2*(c*d*g)^{1/2}*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2} * a*e*g - 6*(c*d*g)^{1/2}*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2} * c*d*f}{((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{1/2} / g^2 / (g*x+f)^{3/2} / (e*x+d)^{1/2}}$$

3.746.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.746.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{4\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(4cdgx + 3cdf + aeg)\sqrt{ex + d}}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/6*(4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 3*(c*d*e*g^2*x^3 + c*d^2*f^2 + (2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^2 + 2*c*d^2*f*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d/g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*(2*c*d*g^2*x + c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(c*d/g) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(e*g^4*x^3 + d*f^2*g^2 + (2*e*f*g^3 + d*g^4)*x^2 + (e*f^2*g^2 + 2*d*f*g^3)*x), -1/3*(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(4*c*d*g*x + 3*c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 3*(c*d*e*g^2*x^3 + c*d^2*f^2 + (2*c*d*e*f*g + c*d^2*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^2 + 2*c*d^2*f*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*g/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(e*g^4*x^3 + d*f^2*g^2 + (2*e*f*g^3 + d*g^4)*x^2 + (e*f^2*g^2 + 2*d*f*g^3)*x)]
```

3.746.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.746. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.746.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{3/2}(gx + f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.746.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 686 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2cd|c||d| \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3\sqrt{cdg}} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{cdgg^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg}cdef|c||d| \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3\sqrt{cdg}} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg} \right| \right) - 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg}}{3($$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \left(\frac{4(c^3d^3e^2fg^2|c||d| - ac^2d^2e^3g^3|c||d|)((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)}{cde^2fg^3 - ae^3g^4} + \frac{3(c^4d^4e^4f^2g|c||d| - 2ac^3d^3e^5fg^2|c||d|)}{cde^2fg^3 - ae^3g^4} \right)}{3(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*c*d*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt
(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^2) + 2/3*(3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*
g)*c*d*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqr
t(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d
^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*
d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*
abs(c)*abs(d) - 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)
+ sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2
*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*e*f*g^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e
*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*d*g^3) - 2/3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(4*(c
^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - a*e^3*g^4) + 3*(c^4*d^4*e^4*f
^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6
*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))/(c*d*e^2*f*g^3 - a*e^3*g^4))/(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^
3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)^(3/2)
```

3.746.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*
x)^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*
x)^(3/2)), x)
```

$$3.747 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

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3.747.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5(cdf - aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

output $2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}$

3.747.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cd)x)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5(cdf - aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(3/2)/((d + e*x)^{(3/2)*(f + g*x)^{(7/2))}, x]$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(5/2)})/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}$

$$3.747. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.747.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))`

3.747.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.747.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(cdx+ae)^2}{5\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(aeg-cdf)}$	55
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}(aeg-cdf)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

3.747. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/5*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^2
/(a*e*g-c*d*f)
```

3.747.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2x^2 + 2acdx + a^2e^2)\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{gx + f}}{5(cd^2f^4 - def^3g + (cdfg^3 - ae^2g^4)x^4 + (3cdf^2g^2 - adeg^4 + \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/5*(c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*d^2*f^4 - a*d*e*f^3*g + (c*d*e*
f*g^3 - a*e^2*g^4)*x^4 + (3*c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - a*d*e*g^4 + (c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*
f*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c*d*e*f^3*g - a*d*e*f*g^3 + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^2*g^2)*x^2 +
(c*d*e*f^4 - 3*a*d*e*f^2*g^2 + (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*f^3*g)*x)
```

3.747.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+
f)**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.747. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$

3.747.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)), x)`

3.747.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3c^2d^4}|c||d| - 2\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3acd^2e^2}|c||d| + 5(\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egcde^2f^3} - 2\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egcd^2ef^2g} - \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3ega^3f^2g} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egae^3f^2g} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egae^3f^2g} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egae^3f^2g})}{5(c^5d^5e^4fg^2|c||d| - ac^4d^4e^5g^3|c||d|)((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c^5d^5e^4fg^2|c||d| - ac^4d^4e^5g^3|c||d|)((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5(c^2d^2e^4f^2g^2 - 2acde^5fg^3 + a^2e^6g^4)(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/5*(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^4*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*e^4*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d*e^2*f^3 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^2*e*f^2*g - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*e^3*f^2*g + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^3*f*g^2 + 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d*e^2*f*g^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d^2*e*g^3) + 2/5*(c^5*d^5*e^4*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*c^4*d^4*e^5*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)/((c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^3 + a^2*e^6*g^4)*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)^(5/2))`

3.747. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$

3.747.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2a^2e^2}{5aeg^3 - 5cdfg^2} + \frac{2c^2d^2x^2}{5aeg^3 - 5cdfg^2} + \frac{4acdex}{5aeg^3 - 5cdfg^2}\right) \sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{x^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(5cdf^3 - 5aef^2g)\sqrt{d+ex}}{5aeg^3 - 5cdfg^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(10aefg^2 - 10cdf^2g)\sqrt{d+ex}}{5aeg^3 - 5cdfg^2}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `-(((2*a^2*e^2)/(5*a*e*g^3 - 5*c*d*f*g^2) + (2*c^2*d^2*x^2)/(5*a*e*g^3 - 5*c*d*f*g^2) + (4*a*c*d*e*x)/(5*a*e*g^3 - 5*c*d*f*g^2))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(5*c*d*f^3 - 5*a*e*f^2*g)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(5*a*e*g^3 - 5*c*d*f*g^2) + (x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(10*a*e*f*g^2 - 10*c*d*f^2*g)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(5*a*e*g^3 - 5*c*d*f*g^2))`

3.748
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

3.748.1 Optimal result 5531
 3.748.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5531
 3.748.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5532
 3.748.4 Maple [A] (verified) 5533
 3.748.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5533
 3.748.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 5534
 3.748.7 Maxima [F] 5534
 3.748.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5535
 3.748.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5536

3.748.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(cdf-aeg)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

output $2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)/(g*x+f)^{(7/2)}+4/35*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)/(g*x+f)^{(5/2)}$

3.748.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}(-5aeg+cd(7f+2gx))}{35(cdf-aeg)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)), x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{5/2}*(-5*a*e*g + c*d*(7*f + 2*g*x)))/(35*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^{5/2)*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)}$

3.748.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

3.748.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx}{7(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)), x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))`

3.748.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.748. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.748.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdgx+5aeg-7cdf)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	99
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-2gx^2c^2d^2+3acdegx-7c^2d^2fx+5a^2e^2g-7acdef)(cdx+ae)}{35\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^2}$	100

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/35*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*g*x+5*a*e*g-7*c*d*f)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+
a*d*e)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)/(a^2*e^2*g^2-2*a*c*d*e*f*g+c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)
^(3/2)
```

3.748.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 526 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\dots}{35(c^2d^3f^6 - 2acd^2ef^5g + a^2de^2f^4g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^4 - 2acde^2fg^5 + \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(9
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.748.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

output $\frac{2}{35}(2c^3d^3g^2x^3 + 7a^2c^2d^2ef - 5a^3e^3g + (7c^3d^3f - ac^2d^2eg)x^2 + 2(7a^2c^2d^2ef - 4a^2c^2d^2g)x)\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{gx + f}/(c^2d^3f^6 - 2a^2c^2d^2ef^5g + a^2d^2e^2f^4g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^4 - 2a^2c^2d^2efg^5 + a^2e^3g^6)x^5 + (4c^2d^2ef^3g^3 + a^2d^2e^2g^6 + (c^2d^3 - 8a^2c^2d^2e^2)f^2g^4 - 2(a^2c^2d^2e - 2a^2e^3)f^2g^5)x^4 + 2(3c^2d^2ef^4g^2 + 2a^2d^2e^2f^2g^5 + 2(c^2d^3 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^2)f^3g^3 - (4a^2c^2d^2e - 3a^2e^3)f^2g^4)x^3 + 2(2c^2d^2ef^5g + 3a^2d^2e^2f^2g^4 + (3c^2d^3 - 4a^2c^2d^2e^2)f^4g^2 - 2(3a^2c^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^3g^3)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^6 + 4a^2d^2e^2f^3g^3 + 2(2c^2d^3 - a^2c^2d^2e^2)f^5g - (8a^2c^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^4g^2)x)$

3.748.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.748.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(9/2)), x)`

3.748. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$

3.748.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1001 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.76

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(7\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} - 35(\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egc^2d^2e^3f^5} - 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egc^2d^3e^2f^4g} - 2\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egacde^4f^4g} + 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egacde^4f^4g} + 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egacde^4f^4g}))}{35(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{5/2} \left(\frac{2(c^7d^7e^6fg^4|c||d| - ac^6d^6e^7g^5|c||d|)((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)}{c^3d^3e^6f^3g^3 - 3ac^2d^2e^7f^2g^4 + 3a^2cde^8fg^5 - a^3e^9g^6} + \frac{7(c^8d^8e^8f^2g^3|c||d| - 2ac^7d^7e^9fg^4|c||d|)}{c^3d^3e^6f^3g^3 - 3ac^2d^2e^7f^2g^4 + 3a^2cde^8fg^5 - a^3e^9g^6} \right)}{35(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/35*(7*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^5*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*abs(c)*abs(d) + 7*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6*g*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^5 - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^4*g - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d*e^4*f^4*g + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^4*e*f^3*g^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^2*e^3*f^3*g^2 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*e^5*f^3*g^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^5*f^2*g^3 - 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^4*e*f*g^4 + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^4 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d^3*e^2*g^5) + 2/35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*(2*(c^7*d^7*e^6*f*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*c^6*d^6*e^7*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^3*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^8*f*g^5 - a^3*e^9*g^6) + 7*(c^8*d^8*e^8*f^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^7*d^7*e^9*f*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^6*d^6*e^10*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d))/(c^3*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^8*f*g^5 - a^3*e^9*g^6)...`

3.748. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$

3.748.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2a^2 e^2 (5aeg - 7cdf)}{35g^3 (aeg - cdf)^2} - \frac{4c^3 d^3 x^3}{35g^2 (aeg - cdf)^2} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 x^2 (aeg - 7cdf)}{35g^3 (aeg - cdf)^2} + \frac{4acdex(4aeg - cdf)}{35g^3 (aeg - cdf)^2} \right)}{x^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{f^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g^3} + \frac{3fx^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g} + \frac{3f^2 x \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g^2}}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*e^2*(5*a*e*g - 7*c*d*f))/(35*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) - (4*c^3*d^3*x^3)/(35*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (2*c^2*d^2*x^2*(a*e*g - 7*c*d*f))/(35*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (4*a*c*d*e*x*(4*a*e*g - 7*c*d*f))/(35*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2))/((x^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + (f^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^3 + (3*f*x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g + (3*f^2*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^2))
```

3.749
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

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3.749.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(cdf - aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{8cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{63(cdf - aeg)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{315(cdf - aeg)^3(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

output `2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/((g*x+f)^(9/2))+8/63*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/((g*x+f)^(7/2))+16/315*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/((g*x+f)^(5/2))`

3.749.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2} (35a^2e^2g^2 - 10acdeg(9f + 2gx) + c^2d^2(6f + gx))}{315(cdf - aeg)^3(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(35*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*g*(9*f + 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(63*f^2 + 36*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(315*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2))$

3.749.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx}{9(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx}{7(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{9(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1248$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{9(cdf - aeg)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)), x]$

3.749. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$

```
output (2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d +
e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*
e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)) + (4*c*d
*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d +
e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2))))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g))
```

3.749.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1248 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
&& EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
&& IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.749.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-20acde g^2x+36c^2d^2fgx+35a^2e^2g^2-90acdefg+63c^2d^2f^2)(cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cde^2fg^2+3ac^2d^2ef^2g-f^3c^3d^3)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(8g^2x^3c^3d^3-12ac^2d^2eg^2x^2+36c^3d^3fgx^2+15a^2cde^2g^2x-54ac^2d^2efg+63c^3d^3f^2x+35a^3e^3g^2-90a^2cde^2)}{315\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^3}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2),x
,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.749.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/315*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-20*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+36*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+35*a^2*e^2*g^2-90*a*c*d*e*f*g+63*c^2*d^2*f^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^{(3/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(9/2)}/(a^3*e^3*g^3-3*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}$$

3.749.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 918 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.64

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{315(c^3d^4f^8 - 3ac^2d^3ef^7g + 3a^2cd^2e^2f^6g^2 - a^3de^3f^5g^3 + (c^3d^3ef$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/315*(8*c^4*d^4*g^2*x^4 + 63*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 90*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g + 3 \\ & 5*a^4*e^4*g^2 + 4*(9*c^4*d^4*f*g - a*c^3*d^3*e*g^2)*x^3 + 3*(21*c^4*d^4*f^2 \\ & 2 - 6*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g + a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(63*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2 - \\ & 72*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g + 25*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + \\ & (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c^3*d^4*f^8 - 3*a*c^2*d^3* \\ & e*f^7*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^6*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*f^5*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^5 \\ & - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^6 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^7 - a^3*e^4*g^8)*x^6 + (5*c \\ & ^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^4 - a^3*d*e^3*g^8 + (c^3*d^4 - 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^5 - \\ & 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^6 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^4)*f* \\ & g^7)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g^3 - a^3*d*e^3*f*g^7 + (c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d \\ & ^2*e^2)*f^4*g^4 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^5 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e \\ & ^2 - 2*a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^6)*x^4 + 10*(c^3*d^3*e*f^6*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^6 + \\ & (c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^5*g^3 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^4*g \\ & ^4 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^3*g^5)*x^3 + 5*(c^3*d^3*e*f^7*g - 2*a^3 \\ & *d*e^3*f^3*g^5 + (2*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^6*g^2 - 3*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e \\ & - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^5*g^3 + (6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^4*g^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d \\ & ^3*e*f^8 - 5*a^3*d*e^3*f^4*g^4 + (5*c^3*d^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^7*g - 3*(\\ & 5*a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^6*g^2 + (15*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^5*g^ \\ & 3)*x) \end{aligned}$$

3.749.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

3.749.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.749.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(11/2)), x)`

3.749.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1760 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1760, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.89

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -2/315*(63*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 126*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 63*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*
e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 36*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^7
*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 18*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*
abs(d) + 144*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 90
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d*e^7*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*c^4*d^8*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*
g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*g^2*abs(c)*ab
s(d) - 50*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 35*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^
3*e*g)*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^7 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^4*e^3*f
^6*g - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^5*f^6*g + 6*sqrt(c^
2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^5*e^2*f^5*g^2 + 12*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c
^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*f^5*g^2 + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^
2*c*d*e^6*f^5*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^6*e*f^4*g^3
- 18*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3*f^4*g^3 - 12*sqrt(c^2
*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5*f^4*g^3 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2
*d^3*e*g)*a^3*e^7*f^4*g^3 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^7*f^3*
g^4 + 12*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^5*e^2*f^3*g^4 + 18*sqrt
(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^3*e^4*f^3*g^4 + 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^...
```

3.749.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{70a^4 e^4 g^2 - 180a^3 cde^3 fg + 126a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f^2}{315g^4 (aeg - cdf)^3} + \frac{x^2 (6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 g^2 - 36ac^3 d^3 efg + 126c^4 d^4 e^2 f^2)}{315g^4 (aeg - cdf)^3} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{f^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{d+ex}}{g^4} + \frac{4fx^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{d+ex}}{g} + \dots}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(11/2)*(d + e
*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((70*a^4*e^4*g^2 + 126*a^2 \\
& *c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 180*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g)/(315*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (x^2 \\
& *(126*c^4*d^4*f^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2 - 36*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g))/(315*g^4* \\
& (a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (16*c^4*d^4*x^4)/(315*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) - (8*c^3 \\
& *d^3*x^3*(a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(315*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (4*a*c*d*e*x*(25 \\
& *a^2*e^2*g^2 + 63*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 72*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(315*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^ \\
& 3)))/(x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (f^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x) \\
& ^{(1/2)))/g^4 + (4*f*x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)))/g + (4*f^3*x*(f + \\
& g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)))/g^3 + (6*f^2*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/ \\
& 2)))/g^2)
\end{aligned}$$

3.750
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

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3.750.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{11(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{33(cdf-aeg)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{231(cdf-aeg)^3(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{1155(cdf-aeg)^4(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}$$

```
output 2/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)+4/33*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)+16/231*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)+32/1155*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)
```

3.750.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2}(-105a^3e^3g^3 + 35a^2cde^2g^2(11f+2gx) - 1155(cdf - aeg))}{1155(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(13/2)),x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(-105*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 35*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(11*f + 2*g*x) - 5*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(99*f^2 + 44*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(231*f^3 + 198*f^2*g*x + 88*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3))/(1155*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2))`

3.750.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\ & \frac{6cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx}{11(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \\ & \frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx}{9(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{11(cdf - aeg)} + \\ & \quad \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1254 \end{aligned}$$

3.750. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-ae^g)}}{9(cdf-ae^g)} \right) + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf-ae^g)}}{11(cdf-ae^g)} \right) + \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf-ae^g)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1248} \\
 & \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{11(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf-ae^g)} + \\
 & \left(\frac{6cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{9(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf-ae^g)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{35(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}(cdf-ae^g)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{7(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf-ae^g)} \right)}{9(cdf-ae^g)} \right)}{11(cdf-ae^g)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(13/2)), x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)) + (6*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(35*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)))))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(11*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.750.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

$$3.750. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.750.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+40a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-88c^3d^3fg^2x^2-70a^2cd^2e^2g^3x+220a^2c^2d^2efg^2x-198c^3d^3f^2gx+105a^3e^3g^3-385a^2cd^2e^2fg^2x^2+1155(gx+f)^{\frac{11}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cd^3efg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4ac^3d^3ef^3g+f^4c^4d^4))}{1155\sqrt{cdx+ae}(cx+d)}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(cx+d)}(-16g^3x^4c^4d^4+24a^2c^3d^3eg^3x^3-88c^4d^4fg^2x^3-30a^2c^2d^2e^2g^3x^2+132a^2c^3d^3efg^2x^2-198c^4d^4f^2gx^2+35a^3cd^3e^2fg^2x+1155\sqrt{cx+d}(gax+d))}{1155\sqrt{cdx+ae}(cx+d)}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x
,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/1155*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+40*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-88*c^3*d^3
*f*g^2*x^2-70*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+220*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-198*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*
x+105*a^3*e^3*g^3-385*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+495*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-231*c^3*d^3*
f^3)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(a^4*e^4*g^4-4
*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-4*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+c^4*d^4*f
^4)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

3.750.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1420 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1420, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1
3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.750.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

output

```

2/1155*(16*c^5*d^5*g^3*x^5 + 231*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3 - 495*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3
*f^2*g + 385*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^2 - 105*a^5*e^5*g^3 + 8*(11*c^5*d^5*f*g^2 - a
*c^4*d^4*e*g^3)*x^4 + 2*(99*c^5*d^5*f^2*g - 22*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2 + 3*a^2*c
^3*d^3*e^2*g^3)*x^3 + (231*c^5*d^5*f^3 - 99*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g + 33*a^2*c^3
*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(231*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3 - 396
*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g + 275*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^2 - 70*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^3)*x
)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/
(c^4*d^5*f^10 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^9*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^8*g^2 - 4*a^3*c
d^2*e^3*f^7*g^3 + a^4*d*e^4*f^6*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^6 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2
*f^3*g^7 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^8 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^9 + a^4*e^5*g^10)
*x^7 + (6*c^4*d^4*e*f^5*g^5 + a^4*d*e^4*g^10 + (c^4*d^5 - 24*a*c^3*d^3*e^2
)*f^4*g^6 - 4*(a*c^3*d^4*e - 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g^7 + 6*(a^2*c^2*d^3*e
^2 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^2*g^8 - 2*(2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^4*e^5)*f*g^9)*x^6 +
3*(5*c^4*d^4*e*f^6*g^4 + 2*a^4*d*e^4*f*g^9 + 2*(c^4*d^5 - 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^
2)*f^5*g^5 - 2*(4*a*c^3*d^4*e - 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^4*g^6 + 4*(3*a^2*c^2
*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^3*g^7 - (8*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*a^4*e^5)*f^2*g^8)
*x^5 + 5*(4*c^4*d^4*e*f^7*g^3 + 3*a^4*d*e^4*f^2*g^8 + (3*c^4*d^5 - 16*a*c^
3*d^3*e^2)*f^6*g^4 - 12*(a*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^5*g^5 + 2*(9*a
^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f^4*g^6 - 4*(3*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5)*f^
3*g^7)*x^4 + 5*(3*c^4*d^4*e*f^8*g^2 + 4*a^4*d*e^4*f^3*g^7 + 4*(c^4*d^5 ...

```

3.750.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(13/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.750. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx$

3.750.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^(13/2)), x)`

3.750.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2715 vs. $2(235) = 470$.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2715, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.17

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -2/1155*(231*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^7*e^3*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 462*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^5*e^5*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 231*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^7*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 198*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 99*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^6*e^4*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 792*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 495*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 88*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^9*e*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 44*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^7*e^3*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 33*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 550*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 385*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c*d*e^9*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^10*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 140*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^5*e^10*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^4*e^5*f^9 - 5*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^5*e^4*f^8*g - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^3*d^3*e^6*f^8*g + 10*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^6*e^3*f^7*g^2 + 20*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^3*d^4*e^5*f^7*g^2 + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^7*g^2 - 10*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f...
```

3.750.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{210 a^5 e^5 g^3 - 770 a^4 c d e^4 f g^2 + 990 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 g - 462 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 f^3}{1155 g^5 (a e g - c d f)^4} - \frac{x^2 (-10 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 g^3}{x^5 \sqrt{f + g x} \sqrt{d + e x} + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(13/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((210*a^5*e^5*g^3 - 462*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3 + 990*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g - 770*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g^2)/(1155*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (x^2*(462*c^5*d^5*f^3 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^3 + 66*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 - 198*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g))/(1155*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (32*c^5*d^5*x^5)/(1155*g^2*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (4*c^3*d^3*x^3*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 99*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 22*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(1155*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (16*c^4*d^4*x^4*(a*e*g - 11*c*d*f))/(1155*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (4*a*c*d*e*x*(70*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 231*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 396*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 275*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(1155*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4))/(x^5*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (f^5*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^5 + (5*f*x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g + (5*f^4*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^4 + (10*f^2*x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^2 + (10*f^3*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.750. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$

$$3.751 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.751.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 448

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \\ & \frac{3(cdf-ae^2)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{128c^2d^2g^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & - \frac{(cdf-ae^2)^3(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64cdg^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & + \frac{(cdf-ae^2)^2(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{16g^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ & - \frac{(cdf-ae^2)(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{8g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{3(cdf-ae^2)^5 \sqrt{ae+cdx} \sqrt{d+ex} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{128c^{5/2}d^{5/2}g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$3.751. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/ \\ & g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/5*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2) \\ &)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-3/128*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^5*\operatorname{arctanh}(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2) \\ & /c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/d^ \\ & (5/2)/g^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-1/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^ \\ & 3*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1 \\ & /2)+1/16*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(\\ & (1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-3/128*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2 \\ & +c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

3.751.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2} \left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(-15a^4e^4g^4+10a^3cde) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[g]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(\\ & -15*a^4*e^4*g^4 + 10*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*(7*f + g*x) + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*(\\ & 64*f^2 + 233*f*g*x + 124*g^2*x^2) + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*g*(-35*f^3 + 23*f^2*g*x \\ & + 256*f*g^2*x^2 + 168*g^3*x^3) + c^4*d^4*(15*f^4 - 10*f^3*g*x + 8*f^2*g^2* \\ & x^2 + 176*f*g^3*x^3 + 128*g^4*x^4)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 - (15*(c*d*f - a*e*g) \\ & ^5*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[g]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a*e + c*d*x])])/(\\ & a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)))/(640*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2) \end{aligned}$$

3.751.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1250, 1253, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.751.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{8g} \right)}{2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & (cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{6g} \right)}{8g} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 (cdf - aeg) & \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2}} dx}{4g} \right)}{8g} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

2g

↓ 1253

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 \left(\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \\
 \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(cdf-aeg)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{(cdf-aeg) (f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \\
 \dots
 \end{array}$$

↓ 1268

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 (cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \right. \\
 \left. \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \right. \\
 \left. \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right) \right)
 \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

2g

↓ 66

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 \left(\frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{3(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
 \frac{(cdf-aeg) \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{3/2}}}{\dots} - \dots
 \end{array}$$

2g

↓ 221

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}}{c} \right)}{4g(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right)}{4g(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

2g

```
input Int[((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output ((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x]))]/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*c*d))/(6*g))/(8*g))/(2*g)
```

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.751.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(
e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(
p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e +
a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n,
0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`
- rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*
((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g -
b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*
x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (Intege
rQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`
- rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.751.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.751.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1004 vs. $2(384) = 768$.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1005

```
input int((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1280*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(256*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^4*((g*
x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)+672*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x^3*((g*x+f)*(c*
d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)+352*c^4*d^4*f*g^3*x^3*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(
1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)+15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e
)))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^5*e^5*g^5-75*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a
e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^4*
c*d*e^4*f*g^4+150*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1
/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^3-150*ln(1/2*(2*c*
d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/
2))*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^2+75*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c
*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g-15*ln(1/2
*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*
g)^(1/2))*c^5*d^5*f^5+496*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1
/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)+1024*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(
c*d*g)^(1/2)+16*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1
/2)+20*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4*x+932*((g
*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x+92*((g*x+f)
*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x-20*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x
+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^4*d^4*f^3*g*x-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*
(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^4*e^4*g^4+140*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)...
```

3.751.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1331, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$


```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/2560*(4*(128*c^5*d^5*g^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^5*f^4*g - 70*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g^2 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^4 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^5 + 16*(11*c^5*d^5*f*g^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e*g^5)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^5*f^2*g^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^4 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^3 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^4 - 5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^5*d^6*f^5 - 5*a*c^4*d^5*e*f^4*g + 10*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^3*g^2 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*f*g^4 - a^5*d*e^5*g^5 + (c^5*d^5*e*f^5 - 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^4*g + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^3 + 5*a^4*c*d*e^5*f*g^4 - a^5*e^6*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^3*d^3*e*g^4*x + c^3*d^4*g^4), 1/1280*(2*(128*c^5*d^5*g^5*x^4 + 15*c^5*d^5*f^4*g - 70*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*g^2 + 128*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 70*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^4 - 15*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^5 + 16*(11*c^5*d^5*f*g^4 + 21*a*c^4*d^4*e*g^5)*x^3 + 8*(c^5*d^5*f^2*g^3 + 64*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^4 + 31*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^2 - 23*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^3 - 233*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^4 - 5*a^3*c^2...
```

3.751.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.751.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} (gx + f)^{3/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

3.751.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 18597 vs. $2(384) = 768$.

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18597, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.51

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/1920*(480*a^2*f*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e
x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f +
(e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g
^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d
*e*g))*e*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f +
(e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2
*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e
^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g
- d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d
)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^
2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g -
d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 +
4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*
e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g
- d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d)*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*
g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*
e^3*g^2))) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*
d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt
(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d
^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - ...

```

3.751.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e
*x)^(5/2), x)

```

output

```

int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e
*x)^(5/2), x)

```

3.751. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.752
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.752.1 Optimal result 5565
 3.752.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5566
 3.752.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5566
 3.752.4 Maple [B] (verified) 5570
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 3.752.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5573

3.752.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 376

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-ae^2)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{64cdg^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{5(cdf-ae^2)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{32g^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-ae^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{24g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

$$-\frac{5(cdf-ae^2)^4\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{64c^{3/2}d^{3/2}g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-5/24*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)
/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)
/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-5/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/d^(3/2)
/g^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5/32*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2
*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-
5/64*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)
)/c/d/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.752.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.752.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(15a^3e^3g^3+a^2cde^2g^2(73))}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(15*a^3*e^3*g^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(73*f + 118*g*x) + a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(-55*f^2 + 36*f*g*x + 136*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(15*f^3 - 10*f^2*g*x + 8*f*g^2*x^2 + 48*g^3*x^3)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 - (15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)))/(192*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.752.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.146$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1250, 1253, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1250

$$\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{5(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{8g}$$

↓ 1250

3.752. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2g} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4g} \right)}{2g} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4g} \right)}{2g} \right)}{2g} \right)}{8g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1268}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.752. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)}{2cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2g} \right)}{2g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

↓ 66

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{2g} \right)}{2g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

↓ 221

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{4g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)}{c^{3/2}d^{3/2}\sqrt{g}} \right)}{2g} \right)}{2g} \right) \\
 \hline
 8g
 \end{array}$$

3.752. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(4*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])) + ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*g))/(2*g))/(8*g)`

3.752.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

$$3.752. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.752.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 731 vs. 2(320) = 640.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cdx+ae}(ex+d) \left(-96c^3d^3g^3x^3 \sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg} + 15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^4e^4g^4 - 60 \right)}{...}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/384*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}*(-96*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}+15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^4*e^4*g^4-60*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+90*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-60*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+15*\ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)})*c^4*d^4*f^4-272*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}-16*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}-236*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-72*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+20*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^3*e^3*g^3-146*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+110*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}*(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}*c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/c/d/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)}/g^3/(c*d*g)^{(1/2)}$$

3.752.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.752.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1065, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(48c^4d^4g^4x^3 + 15c^4d^4f^3g - 55ac^3d^3ef^2g^2 + 73a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^3 + 15a^3cd^3ef^2g^2 - 2(5c^4d^4f^2g^2 - 18a^3c^3d^3ef^2g^3 - 59a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^4)x) \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} + 15(c^4d^5f^4 - 4a^3c^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^3fg^3 + a^4d^4e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^4fg^3 + a^4e^5g^4)x) \sqrt{cdg} \log(-(8c^2d^2efg^2x^3 + c^2d^3f^2 + 6a^3cd^2efg + a^2d^2efg^2 - 4\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x})(2cdg^2x + cdf + aeg) \sqrt{cdg} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} + 8(c^2d^2efg + (c^2d^3 + acd^2e^2)g^2)x^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2 + 2(4c^2d^3 + 3acd^2e^2)fg + (8acd^2e + a^2e^3)g^2)x)/(ex + d))}{(c^2d^2efg^4x + c^2d^3g^4)}, \frac{1}{384}(2(48c^4d^4g^4x^3 + 15c^4d^4f^3g - 55a^3c^3d^3ef^2g^2 + 73a^2c^2d^2ef^2fg^3 + 15a^3cd^3ef^2g^2 - 2(5c^4d^4f^2g^2 - 18a^3c^3d^3ef^2g^3 - 59a^2c^2d^2ef^2fg^4)x) \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \sqrt{ex + d} \sqrt{gx + f} + 15(c^4d^5f^4 - 4a^3c^3d^4ef^3g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^2g^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^3fg^3 + a^4d^4e^4g^4 + (c^4d^4ef^4 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^2 - 4a^3cd^2e^4fg^3 + a^4e^5g^4)x) \sqrt{-cdg} \arctan(2\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x})}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/768*(4*(48*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^4*f^3*g - 55*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + 73*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4 + 8*(c^4*d^4*f*g^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 - 18*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3 - 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 15*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*d^4*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^4*f*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(2*c*d*g*x + c*d*f + a*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d^2*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(c^2*d^2*e*f*g^4*x + c^2*d^3*g^4), 1/384*(2*(48*c^4*d^4*g^4*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^4*f^3*g - 55*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + 73*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^4 + 8*(c^4*d^4*f*g^3 + 17*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 - 18*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3 - 59*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 15*(c^4*d^5*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f*g^3 + a^4*d^4*e^4*g^4 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^4*f*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^4)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e...
```

3.752.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)
```

3.752. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

output Timed out

3.752.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} \sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

3.752.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6756 vs. $2(320) = 640$.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6756, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/192*(48*a^2*((4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*e*f*abs(g)/g^2 - 4*((c*d*e^2*f*g - a*e^3*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))*d*abs(g)/g + (sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)*(2*e^2*f + 2*(e*x + d)*e*g - 2*d*e*g - (5*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d^3*e*g - a*c*d*e^3*g)/(c^2*d^2))*sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g) - (3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^3 - a^2*e^6*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d*e^2*f*g + a*e^3*g^2 + (e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d))*abs(g)/(e*g^2))/g - (c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) - 2*a*c*d*e^4*f*g^2*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + a^2*e^5*g^3*abs(g)*log(abs(-sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2))) + sqrt(-c*d^2*e*g^2 + a*e^3*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c*d*e*f*abs(g) - 2*sq...`

3.752.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.752. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.753
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

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3.753.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{5(cdf - aeg)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{8g^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{5(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{12g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{5(cdf - aeg)^3\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-5/12*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)
/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)
/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)-5/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/
c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(7/2)/c^(
1/2)/d^(1/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5/8*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*
(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.753.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.753.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{f+gx}(33a^2e^2g^2 + 2acdeg(-20f + 13gx) + c^2d^2(15f + gx))}{(ae+cdx)^2} \right)}{24g^{7/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(33*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(-20*f + 13*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 - 10*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(a*e + c*d*x)^2 - (15*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2)))/(24*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.753.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1250, 1250, 1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{5(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{6g}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

3.753. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4g} \right)}{6g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1250} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g} \right)}{4g} \right)}{6g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1268} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}} dx}{2g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{4g} \right)}{6g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{5(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}}} dx}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \right)}{4g} \right)}{6g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.753. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{5(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-aeg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-aeg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}\right)}{4g} \right)}{6g} \right)}{6g}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - (5*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*g)))/(6*g)`

3.753.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

$$3.753. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.753.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \sqrt{gx+f} \left(15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a^3 e^3 g^3 - 45 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)} \sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{48} * ((c*d*x+a*e) * (e*x+d))^{(1/2)} * (g*x+f)^{(1/2)} * (15 * \ln(1/2 * (2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)})) / (c*d*g)^{(1/2)}) * a^3 * e^3 * g^3 - 45 * \ln(1/2 * (2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)})) / (c*d*g)^{(1/2)}) * a^2 * c * d * e^2 * f * g^2 + 45 * \ln(1/2 * (2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)})) / (c*d*g)^{(1/2)}) * a * c^2 * d^2 * e * f^2 * g - 15 * \ln(1/2 * (2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)})) / (c*d*g)^{(1/2)}) * c^3 * d^3 * f^3 + 16 * c^2 * d^2 * g^2 * x^2 * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} + 52 * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * a * c * d * e * g^2 * x - 20 * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * c^2 * d^2 * f * g * x + 66 * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * a^2 * e^2 * g^2 - 80 * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * a * c * d * e * f * g + 30 * ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} * (c*d*g)^{(1/2)} * c^2 * d^2 * f^2) / (e*x+d)^{(1/2)} / g^3 / ((g*x+f) * (c*d*x+a*e))^{(1/2)} / (c*d*g)^{(1/2)}$$

3.753.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.753.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.753.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1098 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1098, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*e*((sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(2*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(4*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(e)/(c*d*e^3*g) - 5*(c*d*e^2*f*g^3*abs(e) - a*e^3*g^4*abs(e))/(c*d*e^3*g^5)) + 15*(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^3*abs(e) + a^2*e^6*g^4*abs(e))/(c*d*e^3*g^5)) + 15*(c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g^2*abs(e) - a^3*e^6*g^3*abs(e))*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + (e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^3))*abs(c)*abs(d)/(c*d*e^4) - (15*c^4*d^4*e^4*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 45*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 45*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 15*a^3*c*d*e^7*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e) + 10*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*abs(e) - 40*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*...`

3.753.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.754
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.754.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5583
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 3.754.4 Maple [B] (verified) 5586
 3.754.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 5587
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 3.754.7 Maxima [F] 5588
 3.754.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5588
 3.754.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5589

3.754.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{15cd(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}{4g^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+\frac{5cd\sqrt{f+gx}(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$+\frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{ae+cde x}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cde x}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}}$$

```
output -2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+5
/2*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(
3/2)+15/4*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/
2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(7/2)/
(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-15/4*c*d*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(g*x+f)^(1
/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.754.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cdx}(-8a^2e^2g^2 + acdeg(25f + 9gx)) \right)}{4g^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(-8*a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*c*d*e*g*(25*f + 9*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(-15*f^2 - 5*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2)) + 15*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(4*g^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[f + g*x])`

3.754.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1249, 1250, 1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1249$$

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{g(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}}$$

$$\downarrow 1250$$

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f + gx} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{4g} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{g(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}}$$

3.754. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1250 \\ 5cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2g} \right)}{4g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1268 \\ 5cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{4g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 66 \\ 5cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \int \frac{1}{cd-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}} dx}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{4g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 221 \\ 5cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{3(cdf-ae g) \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{4g} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}} \frac{1}{g(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

3.754. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (5*c*d*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/(4*g))/g`

3.754.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1250 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^m)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(e^2*g*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]`

3.754.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$


```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.754.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs. $2(248) = 496$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x}{\left(15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x - 30 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a c^2 d^2 e f g^2 x + 15 \ln\left(\frac{2cdgx+aeg+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 g^3 x}\right)}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*(15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g
)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-30*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f
+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f
*g^2*x+15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d
*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f
+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a^2*c*d*e^2*f
*g^2-30*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g
)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g+15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f
+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3+4
*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)+18*(c*d*g)^(1/2
)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-10*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d
*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-16*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*
a^2*e^2*g^2+50*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-30*((
g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)
)^(1/2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)
^(1/2)
```

3.754.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.754.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 915, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(2c^2d^2g^2x^2 - 15c^2d^2f^2 + 25acdefg - 8a^2e^2g^2 - (5c^2d^2fg - \dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output [1/16*(4*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 25*a*c*d*e*f*g - 8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - (5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 9*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 15*(c^2*d^3*f^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*e^3*g^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g^3 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d/g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*(2*c*d*g^2*x + c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(c*d/g) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(e*g^4*x^2 + d*f*g^3 + (e*f*g^3 + d*g^4)*x), 1/8*(2*(2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 - 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 25*a*c*d*e*f*g - 8*a^2*e^2*g^2 - (5*c^2*d^2*f*g - 9*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^2*d^3*f^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + a^2*e^3*g^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 + a^2*d*e^2*g^3 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*g/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(e*g^4*x^2 + d*f*g^3 + (e*f*g^3 + d*g^4)*x)]
```

3.754.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.754.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.754.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 894 vs. 2(248) = 496.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 894, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \left(((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3) \left(\frac{2((ex+d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)}{4\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acd}} \right) \right)}{4\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acd}} + \frac{15(c^2d^2f^2|c||d| - 2acdefg|c||d| + a^2e^2g^2|c||d|) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{(ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acd} \right| \right)}{4\sqrt{cdg}g^3} + \frac{15\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg}c^2d^2e^2f^2|c||d| \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{-cd^2e + ae^3} \sqrt{cdg} + \sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3eg} \right| \right) - 30\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - acd}}{4\sqrt{cdg}g^3}$$

3.754. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(2*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(d)/(e^4*g) - 5*(c*d*e^2*f*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*e^3*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d))/(e^4*g^5)) - 15*(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c*d*e^5*f*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*e^6*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d))/(e^4*g^5))/sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g) - 15/4*(c^2*d^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d))*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^3) + 1/4*(15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 30*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 25*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 9*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*...`

3.754.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.754. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.755
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.755.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5c^2d^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{g^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{10cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{5c^{3/2}d^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)\sqrt{ae + cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)
-10/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
-5*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+5*c^2*d^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.755.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(-2a^2e^2g^2 - 2acdeg(5f + 7gx) + c^2d^2(15f^2 + 20fgx + 3g^2x^2))}{(ae + cdx)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} \right)}{3g^{7/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*((Sqrt[g]*(-2*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + 7*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 20*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)))/((a*e + c*d*x)^2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) - (15*c^(3/2)*d^(3/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x)]/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(a*e + c*d*x)^(5/2))/((3*g^(7/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

3.755.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1250, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{5cd \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx}{3g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1249

3.755. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{5cd \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{3g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1250

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{2g} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1268

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 66

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{1}{cd - \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}} dx}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3g}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 221

3.755. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$

$$5cd \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ae+cdx} (cdf-ae g) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} g^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}}{g(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{3g \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{5/2} (f+gx)^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (5*c*d*((-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (3*c*d*((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)]/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - ((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/g))/(3*g)`

3.755.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

$$3.755. \quad \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$


```
rule 1250 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((
a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(
e^2*g*(m - n - 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(
p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e +
a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && !IGtQ[n,
0] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && RationalQ[n]
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.755.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 627 vs. $2(240) = 480$.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

method	result
default	$\left(15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) a c^2 d^2 e g^3 x^2 - 15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^3 d^3 f g^2 x^2 + 30 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx + aeg + cdf + 2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.755.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{6} \cdot (15 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot g^3 \cdot x^2 - 15 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot f \cdot g^2 \cdot x^2 + 30 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g^2 \cdot x - 30 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^2 \cdot g \cdot x + 15 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot e \cdot f^2 \cdot g - 15 \cdot \ln(1/2 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot g \cdot x + a \cdot e \cdot g + c \cdot d \cdot f + 2 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2}) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2}) \cdot c^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot f^3 + 6 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot g^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} - 28 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g^2 \cdot x + 40 \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot g \cdot x - 4 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot a^2 \cdot e^2 \cdot g^2 - 20 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f \cdot g + 30 \cdot ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f^2 \cdot ((c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e) \cdot (e \cdot x + d))^{1/2} / ((g \cdot x + f) \cdot (c \cdot d \cdot x + a \cdot e))^{1/2} / (c \cdot d \cdot g)^{1/2} / g^3 / (g \cdot x + f)^{3/2} / (e \cdot x + d)^{1/2}$

3.755.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(3c^2d^2g^2x^2 + 15c^2d^2f^2 - 10acdefg - 2a^2e^2g^2 + 2(10c^2d^2fg$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
[1/12*(4*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*f*g - 2*a^2*e^2*
g^2 + 2*(10*c^2*d^2*f*g - 7*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^2*d^3*f^3 - a*c*d^2*e*f^
2*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - a*c*d^2
*e*g^3 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e
*f*g^2 + (2*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d/g)*log(-(8*c^2*d^2*e*g
^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*(2*c*d*g^2*x +
c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x +
d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(c*d/g) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*g^
2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a*c*d^2*e +
a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(e*g^5*x^3 + d*f^2*g^3 + (2*e*f*g^4 + d*g^5)
*x^2 + (e*f^2*g^3 + 2*d*f*g^4)*x), 1/6*(2*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*
f^2 - 10*a*c*d*e*f*g - 2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*(10*c^2*d^2*f*g - 7*a*c*d*e*g^2)*
x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)
+ 15*(c^2*d^3*f^3 - a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x
^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - a*c*d^2*e*g^3 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g^2)*x
^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f*g^2 + (2*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g)*x
)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*arctan(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e
*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*g/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g +
(c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(e*g^5*x^3 + d*f^2*g^3 + (2*e*f*g^...
```

3.755.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.755.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.755.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1178 vs. 2(240) = 480.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1178, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -1/3*(15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 20*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 10*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*e^2*f*g^3 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*d*e*g^4) + 1/3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(3*(c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d) - a*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^5 - a*c*d*e^5*g^6) + 20*(c^5*d^5*e^4*f^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e^5*f*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^3*d^3*e^6*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d)))/(c^2*d^2*e^...
```

3.755.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```

```
output int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)
```

$$3.756 \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.756.1 Optimal result	5599
3.756.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5600
3.756.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5600
3.756.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5603
3.756.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5603
3.756.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5604
3.756.7 Maxima [F]	5605
3.756.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5605
3.756.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5606

3.756.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2c^2d^2\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{g^3\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2cd(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^{5/2}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{d+ex}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{7/2}\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/g^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)-2/5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/g/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)+2*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/g^(7/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)-2*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
```

$$3.756. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.756.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ae + cd}\sqrt{d + ex} \left(-\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae + cd}(3a^2e^2g^2 + acdeg(5f + 11gx)) \right)}{15g^{7/2}\sqrt{(ae + cd)(d + ex)(f + gx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*c*d*e*g*(5*f + 11*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(15*f^2 + 35*f*g*x + 23*g^2*x^2)) + 15*c^(5/2)*d^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])])/(15*g^(7/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^(5/2))`

3.756.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1249, 1249, 1249, 1268, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 1249

$$\frac{cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1249

$$cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{5g(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 1249

3.756. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{1268} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{66} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\frac{1}{cd-g(ae+cdx)} d \frac{\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{221} \\
 & cd \left(\frac{cd \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} - \frac{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{3g(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{g}{2(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{5/2}} \\
 & \frac{5g(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{
 \end{aligned}$$

3.756. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*g*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)) + (c*d*((-2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)) + (c*d*((-2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/(g^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])))/g`

3.756.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 1249 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(g*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*(m/(e*g*(n + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n + p] && LeQ[n + p + 2, 0])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.756.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.756.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(15 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 + 45 \ln \left(\frac{2cdgx+ae+cdf+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cdx+ae)}\sqrt{cdg}}{2\sqrt{cdg}} \right) c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3 \right)}{c^3 d^3 g^3 x^3}$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+45*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+45*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+15*ln(1/2*(2*c*d*g*x+a*e*g+c*d*f+2*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)))/(c*d*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*f^3-46*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)-22*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-70*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f*g*x-6*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a^2*e^2*g^2-10*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*a*c*d*e*f*g-30*((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)*(c*d*g)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*f^2)/((g*x+f)*(c*d*x+a*e))^(1/2)/(c*d*g)^(1/2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.756.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 933, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{4(23c^2d^2g^2x^2 + 15c^2d^2f^2 + 5acdefg + 3a^2e^2g^2 + (35c^2d^2fg)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.756. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}} dx$

output

```

[-1/30*(4*(23*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 5*a*c*d*e*f*g + 3*a^2*e^2
*g^2 + (35*c^2*d^2*f*g + 11*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^
2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) - 15*(c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^4 + c^2*d^
3*f^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + c^2*d^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + c^2*d
^3*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d/g)*log(-(8*c
^2*d^2*e*g^2*x^3 + c^2*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f*g + a^2*d*e^2*g^2 + 4*(2*c*
d*g^2*x + c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*s
qrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(c*d/g) + 8*(c^2*d^2*e*f*g + (c^2*d^3 + a*c
*d*e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*(4*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g + (8*a
*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*g^2)*x)/(e*x + d)))/(e*g^6*x^4 + d*f^3*g^3 + (3*e*f*g^
5 + d*g^6)*x^3 + 3*(e*f^2*g^4 + d*f*g^5)*x^2 + (e*f^3*g^3 + 3*d*f^2*g^4)*x
), -1/15*(2*(23*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^2*f^2 + 5*a*c*d*e*f*g + 3*a^2*e
^2*g^2 + (35*c^2*d^2*f*g + 11*a*c*d*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 15*(c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^4 + c^2*
d^3*f^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 + c^2*d^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + c^2
*d^3*f*g^2)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*f^2*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d/g)*arctan
(2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)
*sqrt(-c*d/g)*g/(2*c*d*e*g*x^2 + c*d^2*f + a*d*e*g + (c*d*e*f + (2*c*d^2 +
a*e^2)*g)*x)))/(e*g^6*x^4 + d*f^3*g^3 + (3*e*f*g^5 + d*g^6)*x^3 + 3*(e*f^
2*g^4 + d*f*g^5)*x^2 + (e*f^3*g^3 + 3*d*f^2*g^4)*x)]

```

3.756.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```

integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+
f)**(7/2),x)

```

output

```

Timed out

```

3.756. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx$

3.756.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(7/2)), x)`

3.756.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1224 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1224, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*c^2*d^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*
sqrt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)))/(sqrt(c*d*g)*g^3) + 2/15*(15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*
d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sq
rt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) - 30*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c
^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sq
rt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f -
c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d)*log(abs(-sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sq
rt(c*d*g) + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g))) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sq
rt(c*d*g)*c^2*d^3*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)
*a*c*d*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 23*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*c^2*
d^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 11*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a*c*d^2*e^2*
g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*g)*a^2*e^4*g^2*abs(c
)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 2*s
qrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*d*e*f*g^4 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*
f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*sqrt(c*d*g)*d^2*g^5) - 2/15*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*
e + a*e^3)*(((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*(23*(c^6*d^6*e^4*f^2*g^4*a
bs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^5*d^5*e^5*f*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^4*d^4*e^6*g^6*a
bs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^5 ...
```

3.756.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)^{7/2}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(d + e*
x)^(5/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(d + e*
x)^(5/2)), x)
```

3.757
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

3.757.1 Optimal result	5607
3.757.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5607
3.757.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5608
3.757.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5608
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3.757.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7(cdf - aeg)(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}}$$

output `2/7*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)`

3.757.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{7/2}}{7(cdf - aeg)(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)),x]`

output `(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(7/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))`

3.757.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

3.757.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{7(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))`

3.757.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.757.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cd+ae)(cde^2x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	63
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cd+ae)(ex+d)}(c^2d^2x^2+2acdex+e^2a^2)(cd+ae)}{7\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}(aeg-cdf)}$	78

3.757. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x,
method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/7/(g*x+f)^(7/2)*(c*d*x+a*e)/(a*e*g-c*d*f)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*
d*e)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```

3.757.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{7(cd^2f^5 - adef^4g + (cdfg^4 - ae^2g^5)x^5 + (4cdf^2g^3 - adeg^5 +$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9
/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/7*(c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^3*e^3)*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*d^2*f^5
- a*d*e*f^4*g + (c*d*e*f*g^4 - a*e^2*g^5)*x^5 + (4*c*d*e*f^2*g^3 - a*d*e*
g^5 + (c*d^2 - 4*a*e^2)*f*g^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*c*d*e*f^3*g^2 - 2*a*d*e*f*g^4 +
(2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*f^2*g^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*c*d*e*f^4*g - 3*a*d*e*f^2*g^3 + (3
*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*f^3*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e*f^5 - 4*a*d*e*f^3*g^2 + (4*c*d^2 -
a*e^2)*f^4*g)*x)
```

3.757.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+
f)**(9/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.757. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$

3.757.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(9/2)), x)`

3.757.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7(\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egcde^3f^4} - 3\sqrt{c^2d^2e^2f - c^2d^3egcd^2e^2f^3g} - \sqrt{2(c^8d^8e^6f^2g^3|c||d| - 2ac^7d^7e^7fg^4|c||d| + a^2c^6d^6e^8g^5|c||d|)((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)^{7/2}})}{7(c^3d^3e^6f^3g^3 - 3ac^2d^2e^7f^2g^4 + 3a^2cde^8fg^5 - a^3e^9g^6)(c^2d^2e^2f - acde^3g + ((ex + d)cde - cd^2e + ae^3)cdg)}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6*abs(c)*abs(d) - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*abs(c)*abs(d) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d*e^3*f^4 - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*e^4*f^3*g + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d*e^3*f^2*g^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c*d^4*f*g^3 - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*d^3*e*g^4) + 2/7*(c^8*d^8*e^6*f^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^7*d^7*e^7*f*g^4*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^6*d^6*e^8*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d))*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)/((c^3*d^3*e^6*f^3*g^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^2*g^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^8*f*g^5 - a^3*e^9*g^6)*(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - a*c*d*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c*d*g)^(7/2))`

3.757. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx$

3.757.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2a^3 e^3}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} + \frac{2c^3 d^3 x^3}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} + \frac{6a^2 cde^2 x}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} + \frac{6ac^2 d^2 ex}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} \right)}{x^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(7cdf^4 - 7aef^3g)\sqrt{d+ex}}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(21aefg^3 - 21cdf^2g^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{f+gx}(21cdf^3g - 21aef^2g^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{7aeg^4 - 7cdfg^3}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(9/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*a^3*e^3)/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3) + (2*c^3*d^3*x^3)/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3) + (6*a^2*c*d*e^2*x)/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3) + (6*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2)/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3)))/(x^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(7*c*d*f^4 - 7*a*e*f^3*g)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(21*a*e*f*g^3 - 21*c*d*f^2*g^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3) - (x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(21*c*d*f^3*g - 21*a*e*f^2*g^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(7*a*e*g^4 - 7*c*d*f*g^3))`

3.758
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

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3.758.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(cdf-ae^2g)(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{4cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(cdf-ae^2g)^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}}$$

output $2/9*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^{(7/2)/(g*x+f)^{(9/2)+4/63*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^{(7/2)/(g*x+f)^{(7/2)}$

3.758.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{7/2}(-7aeg+cd(9f+2gx))}{63(cdf-ae^2g)^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)),x]`

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{7/2}*(-7*a*e*g + c*d*(9*f + 2*g*x)))/(63*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^{7/2)*(f + g*x)^{9/2)}$

3.758.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

3.758.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$, Rules used = {1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 1254

$$\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx}{9(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

↓ 1248

$$\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)), x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))`

3.758.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

3.758. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*(m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.758.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-2cdgx+7aeg-9cdf)(cde x^2+ae^2x+cd^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{63(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a^2e^2g^2-2acdefg+c^2d^2f^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	99
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-2c^3d^3gx^3+3ac^2d^2egx^2-9c^3d^3fx^2+12a^2cde^2gx-18ac^2d^2efx+7a^3e^3g-9a^2cde^2f)(cdx+ae)}{63\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^2}$	136

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2),x
,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/63*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-2*c*d*g*x+7*a*e*g-9*c*d*f)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+
a*d*e)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)/(a^2*e^2*g^2-2*a*c*d*e*f*g+c^2*d^2*f^2)/(e*x+d)
^(5/2)
```

3.758.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 639 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{63(c^2d^3f^7 - 2acd^2ef^6g + a^2de^2f^5g^2 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^5 - 2acde^2fg^6 +$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1
1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.758.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

output
$$\frac{2}{63}(2c^4d^4g^2x^4 + 9a^3c^3d^3e^3f - 7a^4e^4g + (9c^4d^4f - ac^3d^3e^2g)x^3 + 3(9a^3c^3d^3e^2f - 5a^2c^2d^2e^2g)x^2 + (27a^2c^2d^2e^2f - 19a^3c^3d^3e^3g)x)\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{gx + f} / (c^2d^3f^7 - 2ac^2d^2e^2f^6g + a^2d^2e^2f^5g^2 + (c^2d^2e^2f^2g^5 - 2ac^2d^2e^2f^2g^6 + a^2e^3g^7)x^6 + (5c^2d^2e^2f^3g^4 + a^2d^2e^2g^7 + (c^2d^3 - 10ac^2d^2e^2)f^2g^5 - (2ac^2d^2e - 5a^2e^3)f^2g^6)x^5 + 5(2c^2d^2e^2f^4g^3 + a^2d^2e^2f^2g^6 + (c^2d^3 - 4ac^2d^2e)f^3g^4 - 2(ac^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^2g^5)x^4 + 10(c^2d^2e^2f^5g^2 + a^2d^2e^2f^2g^5 + (c^2d^3 - 2ac^2d^2e)f^4g^3 - (2ac^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^3g^4)x^3 + 5(c^2d^2e^2f^6g + 2a^2d^2e^2f^3g^4 + 2(c^2d^3 - ac^2d^2e)f^5g^2 - (4ac^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^4g^3)x^2 + (c^2d^2e^2f^7 + 5a^2d^2e^2f^4g^3 + (5c^2d^3 - 2ac^2d^2e)f^6g - (10ac^2d^2e - a^2e^3)f^5g^2)x)$$

3.758.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(11/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.758.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cde^2x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x**2 + a*d*e + (c*d**2 + a*e**2)*x)**(5/2)/((e*x + d)**(5/2)*(g*x + f)**(11/2)), x)`

3.758.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2x^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

3.758.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1275 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1275, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.88

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/63*(9*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^7*e*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - 27*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*abs(c)*abs(d) + 27*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - 9*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d*e^7*f*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 15*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 19*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 7*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8*g*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^6 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^5*g - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d*e^5*f^5*g + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^4*e^2*f^4*g^2 + 8*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^4*g^2 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*e^6*f^4*g^2 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^5*e*f^3*g^3 - 12*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^3*e^3*f^3*g^3 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d*e^5*f^3*g^3 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^2*d^6*f^2*g^4 + 8*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^4 + 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 2*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c*d^5*e*f*g^5 - 4*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^5 + sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*d^4*e^2*g^6) + 2/63*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*(2*(c^10*d^10*e^8*f^2*g^5*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2*a*c^9*d^9*e^9*f*g^6*abs(c)*abs(d) + a^2*c^8*d^8...
```

3.758.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{2a^3e^3(7aeg - 9cdf)}{63g^4(aeg - cdf)^2} - \frac{4c^4d^4x^4}{63g^3(aeg - cdf)^2} + \frac{2c^3d^3x^3(aeg - 9cdf)}{63g^4(aeg - cdf)^2} + \frac{2a^2cde^2x(19aeg - 9cdf)}{63g^4(aeg - cdf)^2} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex} + \frac{f^4 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g^4} + \frac{4fx^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g} + \frac{4f^3x \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{d + ex}}{g^3} + \frac{6f^2}{g^3}}$$

$$3.758. \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(11/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `-((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*a^3*e^3*(7*a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(63*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) - (4*c^4*d^4*x^4)/(63*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (2*c^3*d^3*x^3*(a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(63*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(19*a*e*g - 27*c*d*f))/(63*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2) + (2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(5*a*e*g - 9*c*d*f))/(21*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^2)))/(x^4*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + (f^4*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^4 + (4*f*x^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g + (4*f^3*x*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^3 + (6*f^2*x^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/g^2)`

3.758.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} dx$$

3.759 $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$

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3.759.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(cdf-ae^2g)(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} + \frac{8cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{99(cdf-ae^2g)^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{7/2}}{693(cdf-ae^2g)^3(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}}$$

output `2/11*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)+8/99*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)+16/693*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)`

3.759.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae+cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(63a^2e^2g^2-14acdeg(11f+2gx))}{693(cdf-ae^2g)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d+e*x)^(5/2)*(f+g*x)^(13/2)),x]`

3.759. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(63*a^2*e^2*g^2 - 14*a*c*d*e*g*(11*f + 2*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(99*f^2 + 44*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(693*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(11/2))$

3.759.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx}{11(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{2cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}} dx}{9(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{11(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1248$$

$$\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} +$$

$$\frac{4cd \left(\frac{4cd(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{63(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{9(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{11(cdf - aeg)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(13/2)), x]$

3.759. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx$

output $(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}) / (11*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)*(f + g*x)^{(11/2)}) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}) / (9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)*(f + g*x)^{(9/2)}) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(7/2)}) / (63*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)})) / (11*(c*d*f - a*e*g))$

3.759.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.759.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(8g^2x^2c^2d^2-28acde g^2x+44c^2d^2fgx+63a^2e^2g^2-154acdefg+99c^2d^2f^2)(cde x^2+a e^2x+c d^2x+ade)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{693(gx+f)^{\frac{11}{2}}(a^3e^3g^3-3a^2cd e^2f g^2+3a c^2d^2e f^2g-f^3c^3d^3)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(8c^4d^4g^2x^4-12a c^3d^3e g^2x^3+44c^4d^4fg x^3+15a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2x^2-66a c^3d^3e fg x^2+99c^4d^4f^2x^2+98a^3cd e^3g^2x-66a^2c^2d^2e f^2g^2x-a^3cd e^3g^2x-a^4d^4f^2g^2)}{693\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^{\frac{11}{2}}(aeg-cdf)^3}$

input `int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x ,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.759. \int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/693*(c*d*x+a*e)*(8*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2-28*a*c*d*e*g^2*x+44*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+63*a^2*e^2*g^2-154*a*c*d*e*f*g+99*c^2*d^2*f^2)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)/(a^3*e^3*g^3-3*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-c^3*d^3*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)$$

3.759.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1101 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1101, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{693(c^3d^4f^9 - 3ac^2d^3ef^8g + 3a^2cd^2e^2f^7g^2 - a^3de^3f^6g^3 + (c^3d^3ef$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/693*(8*c^5*d^5*g^2*x^5 + 99*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 154*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g + \\ & 63*a^5*e^5*g^2 + 4*(11*c^5*d^5*f*g - a*c^4*d^4*e*g^2)*x^4 + (99*c^5*d^5*f^2 - 22*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^2)*x^3 + (297*a*c^4*d^4*e*f^2 - \\ & 330*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g + 113*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2)*x^2 + (297*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2 - 418*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g + 161*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c^3*d^4*f^9 - \\ & 3*a*c^2*d^3*e*f^8*g + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^7*g^2 - a^3*d*e^3*f^6*g^3 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^7 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^8 - a^3*e^4*g^9)*x^7 + (6*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^5 - a^3*d*e^3*g^9 + (c^3*d^4 - 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^3*g^6 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^7 + 3*(a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^4)*f*g^8)*x^6 + 3*(5*c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g^4 - 2*a^3*d*e^3*f*g^8 + (2*c^3*d^4 - 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^5 - 3*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e - 5*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^6 + (6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^7)*x^5 + 5*(4*c^3*d^3*e*f^6*g^3 - 3*a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^7 + 3*(c^3*d^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^5*g^4 - 3*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^4*g^5 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*a^3*e^4)*f^3*g^6)*x^4 + 5*(3*c^3*d^3*e*f^7*g^2 - 4*a^3*d*e^3*f^3*g^6 + (4*c^3*d^4 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^6*g^3 - 3*(4*a*c^2*d^3*e - 3*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^5*g^4 + 3*(4*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^4*g^5)*x^3 + 3*(2*c^3*d^3*e*f^8*g - 5*a^3*d*e^3*f^4*g^5 + (5*c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^7*g^2 - 3*(5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^6*g^3 + (15*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^4)*f^5*g^4)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e...$$

3.759.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$$

3.759.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.759.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx + f)^{\frac{13}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(13/2)), x)`

3.759.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2167 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2167, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.94

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/693*(99*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 297*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c^4*d^6*e^4*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 297*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 99*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8*f^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 44*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^5*d^9*e*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 22*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c^4*d^7*e^3*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 330*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 418*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 154*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^4*c*d*e^9*f*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 8*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*c^5*d^10*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 4*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 3*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 113*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 161*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 63*\sqrt{-c*d^2*e + a*e^3})*a^5*e^10*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^8 - 5*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^7*g - 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^7*g + 10*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^5*e^3*f^6*g^2 + 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^3*e^5*f^6*g^2 + 3*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d*e^7*f^6*g^2 - 10*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^3*d^6*e^2*f^5*g^3 - 30*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a*c^2*d^4*e^4*f^5*g^3 - 15*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^2*c*d^2*e^6*f^5*g^3 - sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*a^3*e^8*f^5*g...$

3.759.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 465, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{126 a^5 e^5 g^2 - 308 a^4 c d e^4 f g + 198 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2}{693 g^5 (a e g - c d f)^3} + \frac{x^3 (6 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 g^2 - 44 a c^4 d^4 e f g + 198 c^5 d^5 e^3 f^2)}{693 g^5 (a e g - c d f)^3} \right)}{x^5 \sqrt{f + g x} \sqrt{d + e x} + \frac{f^5 \sqrt{f + g x} \sqrt{d + e x}}{g^5} + \frac{5 f x^4 \sqrt{d + e x}}{g^5}}$$

input `int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(13/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((126*a^5*e^5*g^2 + 198*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2 - 308*a^4*c*d*e^4*f*g)/(693*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (x^3*(198*c^5*d^5*f^2 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^2 - 44*a*c^4*d^4*e*f*g))/(693*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (16*c^5*d^5*x^5)/(693*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) - (8*c^4*d^4*x^4*(a*e*g - 11*c*d*f))/(693*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(161*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 297*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 418*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(693*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3) + (2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(113*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 297*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 330*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(693*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^3)))/(x^5*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (f^5*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^5 + (5*f*x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g + (5*f^4*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^4 + (10*f^2*x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^2 + (10*f^3*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^3)
\end{aligned}$$

3.759. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} dx$

3.760
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx$$

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3.760.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 48, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{13(cdf-aeg)(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}} + \frac{12cd(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{143(cdf-aeg)^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}} + \frac{16c^2d^2(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{429(cdf-aeg)^3(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{32c^3d^3(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{7/2}}{3003(cdf-aeg)^4(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}}$$

```
output 2/13*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2)+12/143*c*d*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(11/2)+16/429*c^2*d^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(9/2)+32/3003*c^3*d^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(7/2)
```


3.760.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cd^2)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cd^2)(d + ex)} (-231a^3e^3g^3 + 63a^2cde^2g^2(13f + gx)^{15/2})}{3003}$$

input `Integrate[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(15/2)),x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-231*a^3*e^3*g^3 + 63*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*(13*f + 2*g*x) - 7*a*c^2*d^2*e*g*(143*f^2 + 52*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2) + c^3*d^3*(429*f^3 + 286*f^2*g*x + 104*f*g^2*x^2 + 16*g^3*x^3)))/(3003*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^4*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^(13/2))`

3.760.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1254, 1254, 1254, 1248}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{6cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}} dx}{13(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

$$\frac{6cd \left(\frac{4cd \int \frac{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}} dx}{11(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{11(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{13(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{7/2}}{13(d + ex)^{7/2}(f + gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1254$$

3.760. $\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 6cd \left(\frac{4cd \left(\frac{(cde^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{9(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{11(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{11(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{13(cdf - aeg)}{13(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)} \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{13(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1248} \\
 & 6cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{11(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{11/2}(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{13(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)}{11(cdf - aeg)} \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{13(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{13/2}(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{4cd \left(\frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{63(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{7/2}(cdf - aeg)^2} + \frac{2(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2)^{7/2}}{9(d+ex)^{7/2}(f+gx)^{9/2}(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{11(cdf - aeg)} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{13(cdf - aeg)}{13(cdf - aeg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^(15/2)), x]`

output `(2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(13*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(13/2)) + (6*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(11*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(11/2)) + (4*c*d*((2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(9/2)) + (4*c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(7/2))/(63*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)))))/(11*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(13*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.760.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1248 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] / ; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[m - n - 2, 0]`

$$3.760. \quad \int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx$$

```
rule 1254 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(
(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] -
Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1
] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.760.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(cdax+ae)(-16g^3x^3c^3d^3+56a^2c^2d^2eg^3x^2-104c^3d^3fg^2x^2-126a^2cd^2e^2g^3x+364ac^2d^2efg^2x-286c^3d^3f^2gx+231a^3e^3g^3-819a^2c^3f^2g^2+1001a^3c^2d^2efg^2-429c^3d^3f^3)x^3+3003(gx+f)^{\frac{13}{2}}(a^4e^4g^4-4a^3cd^3efg^3+6a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g^2-4ac^3d^3ef^3g+f^4c^4)}{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-16c^5d^5g^3x^5+24a^4c^4d^4eg^3x^4-104c^5d^5fg^2x^4-30a^2c^3d^3e^2g^3x^3+156ac^4d^4efg^2x^3-286c^5d^5f^2gx^3+35a^3c^4f^4g^2)} dx$
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-16c^5d^5g^3x^5+24a^4c^4d^4eg^3x^4-104c^5d^5fg^2x^4-30a^2c^3d^3e^2g^3x^3+156ac^4d^4efg^2x^3-286c^5d^5f^2gx^3+35a^3c^4f^4g^2)}{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-16c^5d^5g^3x^5+24a^4c^4d^4eg^3x^4-104c^5d^5fg^2x^4-30a^2c^3d^3e^2g^3x^3+156ac^4d^4efg^2x^3-286c^5d^5f^2gx^3+35a^3c^4f^4g^2)} dx$

```
input int((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(15/2),x
,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3003*(c*d*x+a*e)*(-16*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+56*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-104*c^3*d^
3*f*g^2*x^2-126*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x+364*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x-286*c^3*d^3*f^2*
g*x+231*a^3*e^3*g^3-819*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+1001*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-429*c^3*d
^3*f^3)*(c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(13/2)/(a^4*e^4*g^
4-4*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^3+6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-4*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g+c^4*d^
4*f^4)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)
```

3.760.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1648 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1648, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.17

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1
5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.760.
$$\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx$$

output
$$\frac{2}{3003} \cdot (16c^6d^6g^3x^6 + 429a^3c^3d^3e^3f^3 - 1001a^4c^2d^2e^4f^2g + 819a^5cd^5efg^2 - 231a^6e^6g^3 + 8(13c^6d^6fg^2 - a^5c^5d^5efg^3))x^5 + 2(143c^6d^6f^2g - 26a^5c^5d^5efg^2 + 3a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^3)x^4 + (429c^6d^6f^3 - 143a^5c^5d^5ef^2g + 39a^2c^4d^4e^2fg^2 - 5a^3c^3d^3e^3fg^3)x^3 + (1287a^5c^5d^5ef^3 - 2145a^2c^4d^4e^2f^2g + 1469a^3c^3d^3e^3fg^2 - 371a^4c^2d^2e^4fg^3)x^2 + (1287a^2c^4d^4e^2f^3 - 2717a^3c^3d^3e^3f^2g + 2093a^4c^2d^2e^4fg^2 - 567a^5cd^5efg^3)x) \cdot \sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} \cdot \sqrt{ex + d} \cdot \sqrt{gx + f} / (c^4d^5f^{11} - 4a^3c^3d^4ef^{10}g + 6a^2c^2d^3e^2f^9g^2 - 4a^3c^3d^2e^3f^8g^3 + a^4d^4e^4f^7g^4 + (c^4d^4e^4f^4g^7 - 4a^3c^3d^3e^2f^3g^8 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^3f^2g^9 - 4a^3cd^4efg^{10} + a^4e^5g^{11}))x^8 + (7c^4d^4e^5fg^6 + a^4d^4e^4fg^{11} + (c^4d^5 - 28a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^4g^7 - 2(2a^3c^3d^4e - 21a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^3g^8 + 2(3a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 14a^3cd^4e)f^2g^9 - (4a^3cd^2e^3 - 7a^4e^5)f^1g^{10})x^7 + 7(3c^4d^4e^5fg^5 + a^4d^4e^4fg^{10} + (c^4d^5 - 12a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^5g^6 - 2(2a^3c^3d^4e - 9a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^4g^7 + 6(a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 2a^3cd^4e)f^3g^8 - (4a^3cd^2e^3 - 3a^4e^5)f^2g^9)x^6 + 7(5c^4d^4e^5fg^4 + 3a^4d^4e^4fg^9 + (3c^4d^5 - 20a^3c^3d^3e^2)f^6g^5 - 6(2a^3c^3d^4e - 5a^2c^2d^2e^3)f^5g^6 + 2(9a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 10a...$$

3.760.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(15/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.760.
$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx$$

3.760.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^(15/2)), x)`

3.760.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3241 vs. $2(235) = 470$.

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3241, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.14

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 2/3003*(429*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^9*e^3*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 1287*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^7*e^5*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 1287*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^7*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 429*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^9*f^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 286*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^10*e^2*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 143*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^8*e^4*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 2145*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^6*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) - 2717*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^8*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 1001*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^10*f^2*g*abs(c)*abs(d) + 104*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^11*e*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 52*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^9*e^3*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 39*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 1469*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) + 2093*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 819*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^5*c*d*e^11*f*g^2*abs(c)*abs(d) - 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^12*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 8*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^10*e^2*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 6*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^4*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^6*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 371*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^8*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) - 567*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^5*c*d^2*e^10*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d) + 231*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^6*e^12*g^3*abs(c)*abs(d))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^4*e^6*f^10 - 6*sqrt(c^2*d^2*e^2*f - c^2*d^3*e*g)*c^4*d^5*e^...
```

3.760.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{(ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade} \left(\frac{462 a^6 e^6 g^3 - 1638 a^5 c d e^5 f g^2 + 2002 a^4 c^2 d^2 e^4 f^2 g - 858 a^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 f^3}{3003 g^6 (a e g - c d f)^4} - \frac{x^3 (-10 a^3 c^3 d^3 e^3}{x^6} \right)}{x^6}$$

```
input int((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)^(15/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((462*a^6*e^6*g^3 - 858*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3 + 2002*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g - 1638*a^5*c*d*e^5*f*g^2)/(3003*g^6*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (x^3*(858*c^6*d^6*f^3 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^3 + 78*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^2 - 286*a*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g))/(3003*g^6*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (32*c^6*d^6*x^6)/(3003*g^3*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) - (4*c^4*d^4*x^4*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 143*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 26*a*c*d*e*f*g))/(3003*g^5*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (16*c^5*d^5*x^5*(a*e*g - 13*c*d*f))/(3003*g^4*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x*(567*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 1287*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 2717*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 2093*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(3003*g^6*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4) + (2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2*(371*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 1287*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 2145*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 1469*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2))/(3003*g^6*(a*e*g - c*d*f)^4)))/(x^6*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)} + (f^6*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^6 + (6*f*x^5*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g + (6*f^5*x*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^5 + (15*f^2*x^4*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^2 + (20*f^3*x^3*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^3 + (15*f^4*x^2*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/g^4)
\end{aligned}$$

3.760. $\int \frac{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{15/2}} dx$

3.761
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.761.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2}+n, 2+n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)(1+n)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}}$$

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, -1/2+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)`

3.761.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -n, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)}{3cd((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^n)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

3.761.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $(-2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -n, -1/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d*f + a*e*g)])/(3*c*d*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(3/2)}*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.761.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(f + gx)^n}{(x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{ae + cdx} \int \frac{(f + gx)^n}{(ae + cdx)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)^{-n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{cdf}{cdf - aeg} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf - aeg}\right)^n}{(ae + cdx)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -n, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{3cd(ae + cdx)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(f + g*x)^n/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -n, -1/2, -((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))]/(3*c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])$

3.761. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.761.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.761.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

3.761.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/(c^3*d^3*e*x^4 + a^3*d*e^3 + (c^3*d^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*x), x)`

3.761.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(g*x+f)**n/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.761.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.761. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.761.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.761.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^n (d+ex)^{5/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

3.762
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.762.7 Maxima [F]	5641
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3.762.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5642

3.762.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}+n, 2+n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)}{(cdf-ae g)(1+n)(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1/2+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)`

3.762.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -n, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae g}\right)}{cd\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^n)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

3.762.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(-2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -n, 1/2, (g(ae+cdx))/(-(c*d*f)+ae*g)])/((c*d*\sqrt{(ae+cdx)*(d+ex)}*((c*d*(f+gx))/(c*d*f-ae*g)))^n)$

3.762.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1268$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{(f+gx)^n}{(ae+cdx)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ae+cdx} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)^{-n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{cdf}{cdf-ae g} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf-ae g}\right)^n}{(ae+cdx)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -n, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n/(a*d*e+(c*d^2+ae^2)*x+c*d*ex^2)^{3/2},x]$

output $(-2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -n, 1/2, -(g(ae+cdx))/(c*d*f-ae*g)])/((c*d*((c*d*(f+gx))/(c*d*f-ae*g)))^n \sqrt{a*d*e+(c*d^2+ae^2)*x+c*d*ex^2})$

3.762. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.762.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.762.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

3.762.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/(c^2*d^2*e*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x), x)`

3.762.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**n/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.762.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.762. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.762.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{(cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.762.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^n (d+ex)^{3/2}}{(cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.763 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.763.1 Optimal result	5643
3.763.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5643
3.763.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5644
3.763.4 Maple [F]	5645
3.763.5 Fricas [F]	5645
3.763.6 Sympy [F]	5646
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3.763.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5647

3.763.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2}+n, 2+n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)}{(cdf-ae g)(1+n)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+n],[2+n],c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)`

3.763.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -n, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae g}\right)}{cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^n)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -n, 3/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)])/(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)`

3.763.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1268} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx} \int \frac{(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{80} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n\sqrt{ae+cdx} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{cdf}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf-aeg}\right)^n}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}} dx}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{79} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n(ae+cdx) \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -n, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{cd\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^n)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -n, 3/2, -((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))]/(c*d*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.763. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.763.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.763.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(e^2a+cd^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

3.763.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.763. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.763.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(g*x+f)**n/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**n/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.763.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.763.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.763. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.763.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.764
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

3.764.1 Optimal result	5648
3.764.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5648
3.764.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5649
3.764.4 Maple [F]	5650
3.764.5 Fricas [F]	5650
3.764.6 Sympy [F]	5651
3.764.7 Maxima [F]	5651
3.764.8 Giac [F]	5652
3.764.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5652

3.764.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(f+gx)^{1+n} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2}+n, 2+n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)}{(cdf-ae g)(1+n)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 5/2+n],[2+n],c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.764.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{3/2}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae g}\right)^{-n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -n, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae g}\right)}{3cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f+g*x)^n*Sqrt[a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2])/Sqrt[d+e*x],x]`

3.764.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -n, 5/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)]/(3*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.764.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \int \sqrt{ae + cdx} (f + gx)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \int \sqrt{ae + cdx} \left(\frac{cdf}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf-aeg}\right)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^n (ae + cdx) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdx^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -n, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{3cd\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^n*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x], x]$

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -n, 5/2, -(g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(3*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.764.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.764.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n \sqrt{ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

```
input int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)
```

3.764.5 Fracas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (gx + f)^n}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.764.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{(d + ex)(ae + cd x)}(f + gx)^n}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**n/sqrt(d + e*x), x)`

3.764.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}(gx + f)^n}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.764.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x} (gx + f)^n}{\sqrt{ex + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.764.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.765
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.765.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5653
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3.765.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)(f + gx)^{1+n} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} + n, 2 + n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{(cdf - aeg)(1 + n)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -(c*d*x+a*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeometric([1, 7/2+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

3.765.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{5/2}(f + gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} + n, 2 + n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{5cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output $(2*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(5/2)*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -n, 7/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)]/(5*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.765.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int (ae + cdx)^{3/2} (f + gx)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)^{-n} \int (ae + cdx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{cdf}{cdf - aeg} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf - aeg}\right)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^n (ae + cdx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -n, \frac{7}{2}, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{5cd\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]$

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^2*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -n, 7/2, -((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))]/(5*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.765.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.765.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

3.765.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*x + a*e)*(g*x +
f)^n/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.765.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)**
(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.765.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x +
d)^(3/2), x)`

3.765. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.765.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^(3/2), x)`

3.765.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.766
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.766.8 Giac [F]	5662
3.766.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5662

3.766.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)(f + gx)^{1+n} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{9}{2} + n, 2 + n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{(cdf - aeg)(1 + n)(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)*hypergeometric([1, 9/2+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)`

3.766.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)}(f + gx)^n \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{7cd\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]`

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[7/2, -n, 9/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)]/(7*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.766.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$\frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \int (ae + cdx)^{5/2} (f + gx)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{(f + gx)^n \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \int (ae + cdx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{cdf}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf-aeg}\right)^n dx}{\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{ae + cdx}}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^n (ae + cdx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{7}{2}, -n, \frac{9}{2}, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{7cd\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^n*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$

output $(2*(a*e + c*d*x)^3*(f + g*x)^n*\text{Sqrt}[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[7/2, -n, 9/2, -((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))]/(7*c*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)$

3.766.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.766.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{5/2}}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`

3.766.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(e*x + d), x)`

3.766.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.766.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{5/2} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

3.766. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.766.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^{\frac{5}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^(5/2), x)`

3.766.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(5/2))/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.767 $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

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3.767.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{1+n} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 - m + n, \frac{cdx + d}{cd^2 + ae^2}\right)}{(cdf - aeg)(1 + n)}$$

output

```
-(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 2-m+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1+n)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)
```

3.767.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)^m (d + ex)^m ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{-m} (f + gx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(m, 1 + n, 2 + n, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{g(1 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]
```

output $((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[m, 1 + n, 2 + n, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*(1 + n)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m)$

3.767.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.068$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1268$$

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cdx)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int (ae + cdx)^{-m} (f + gx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \int (f + gx)^n \left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf - aeg} \right)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{n+1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(m, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{cdx}{cdf - aeg} \right)}{g(n + 1)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x]$

output $((-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[m, 1 + n, 2 + n, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*(1 + n)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.767. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

3.767.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.767.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

3.767.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$


```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, alg
orithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m
, x)
```

3.767.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

= Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**n/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),
x)
```

```
output Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck
```

3.767.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, alg
orithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^
m, x)
```

3.767.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.767.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (d + ex)^m}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x)`

3.768 $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

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3.768.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5674

3.768.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 343

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{6(cdf - aeg)^2 (ae^2g + cd(dg(1 - m) - ef(2 - m))) (d + ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^4d^4e(1 - m)(2 - m)(3 - m)(4 - m)}$$

$$+ \frac{6g(cdf - aeg)^2(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^3d^3e(2 - m)(3 - m)(4 - m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cdf - aeg)(d + ex)^{-1+m}(f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^2d^2(3 - m)(4 - m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m}(f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(4 - m)}$$

output

```
-6*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(a*e^2*g+c*d*(d*g*(1-m)-e*f*(2-m)))*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^4/d^4/e/(m^2-7*m+12)/(m^2-3*m+2)+6*g*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^3/d^3/e/(2-m)/(3-m)/(4-m)+3*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^2/d^2/(3-m)/(4-m)+(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c/d/(4-m)
```

3.768.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m} ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m} \left(-\frac{(cdf-ae^2)^3}{-1+m} - \frac{3g(cdf-ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)}{-2+m} + \frac{3g^2(-cdf+ae^2)(ae+cdx)^2}{-3+m} - \frac{g^3(ae+cdx)}{-4+m} \right)}{c^4 d^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 - m)*(-(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3/(-1 + m) - (3*g*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-2 + m) + (3*g^2*(-c*d*f) + a*e*g)*(a*e + c*d*x)^2/(-3 + m) - (g^3*(a*e + c*d*x)^3)/(-4 + m)))/(c^4*d^4)`

3.768.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f+gx)^3 (d+ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1253}$$

$$\frac{3(cdf - aeg) \int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m} dx}{cd(4-m)} + \frac{(f+gx)^3 (d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(4-m)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1253}$$

3.768. $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

$$3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m} dx}{cd(3-m)} + \frac{(f+gx)^2 (d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(3-m)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{cd(4-m)}{(f+gx)^3 (d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}} \frac{cd(4-m)}{cd(4-m)}$$

↓ 1221

$$3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{g(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2-m)} - \frac{(ae^2g + cd(dg(1-m) - ef(2-m))) \int (d+ex)^m (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m} dx}{cde(2-m)} \right)}{cd(3-m)} \right)$$

$$\frac{cd(4-m)}{(f+gx)^3 (d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}} \frac{cd(4-m)}{cd(4-m)}$$

↓ 1122

$$3(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{g(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2-m)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m} (ae^2g + cd(dg(1-m) - ef(2-m)))}{c^2d^2e(1-m)(2-m)} \right)}{cd(3-m)} \right)$$

$$\frac{cd(4-m)}{(f+gx)^3 (d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}} \frac{cd(4-m)}{cd(4-m)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^3)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(4 - m)) + (3*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(3 - m)) + (2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(-(((a*e^2*g + c*d*(d*g*(1 - m) - e*f*(2 - m)))*(d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c^2*d^2*e*(1 - m)*(2 - m)))) + (g*(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*e*(2 - m)))/((c*d*(3 - m)))/((c*d*(4 - m)))`

3.768.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.768.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^m(c^3d^3g^3m^3x^3+3c^3d^3fg^2m^3x^2-6c^3d^3g^3m^2x^3+3ac^2d^2eg^3m^2x^2+3c^3d^3f^2gm^3x-21c^3d^3fg^2m^2x^2+11c^3d^3g^3m^2x-d^4g^3m^3x^4+a^3c^3d^3eg^3m^3x^3+3c^4d^4fg^2m^3x^3-6c^4d^4g^3m^2x^4+3ac^3d^3efg^2m^3x^2-3ac^3d^3eg^3m^2x^3+3c^4d^4f^2gm^3x^2-d^5g^3m^3x^5)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}$
risch	$-\frac{(c^4d^4g^3m^3x^4+a^3c^3d^3eg^3m^3x^3+3c^4d^4fg^2m^3x^3-6c^4d^4g^3m^2x^4+3ac^3d^3efg^2m^3x^2-3ac^3d^3eg^3m^2x^3+3c^4d^4f^2gm^3x^2-d^5g^3m^3x^5)}{(ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.768. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m} dx$

output $-(e*x+d)^m*(c^3*d^3*g^3*m^3*x^3+3*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*m^3*x^2-6*c^3*d^3*g^3*m^2*x^3+3*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*m^2*x^2+3*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*m^3*x-21*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*m^2*x^2+11*c^3*d^3*g^3*m*x^3+6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*m^2*x-9*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*m*x^2+c^3*d^3*f^3*m^3-24*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*m^2*x+42*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*m*x^2-6*c^3*d^3*g^3*x^3+6*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*m*x+3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*m^2-30*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*m*x+6*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-9*c^3*d^3*f^3*m^2+57*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*m*x-24*c^3*d^3*f*g^2*x^2+6*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*m-6*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^3*x-21*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*m+24*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+26*c^3*d^3*f^3*m-36*c^3*d^3*f^2*g*x+6*a^3*e^3*g^3-24*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2+36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-24*c^3*d^3*f^3)*(c*d*x+a*e)/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^m)/c^4/d^4/(m^4-10*m^3+35*m^2-50*m+24)$

3.768.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 705 vs. $2(321) = 642$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(ac^3d^3ef^3m^3 - 24ac^3d^3ef^3 + 36a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g - 24a^3cde^3fg^2 + 6a^4e^4g^3 + (c^4d^4g^3m^3 - 6c^4d^4g^3m^2 + 11c^4d^4g^3m - 6c^4d^4g^3)x^4 - (24c^4d^4f^2g^2 - (3c^4d^4f^2g^2 + a^2c^3d^3efg^3)m^3 + 3*(7c^4d^4f^2g^2 + a^2c^3d^3efg^3)m^2 - 2*(21c^4d^4f^2g^2 + a^2c^3d^3efg^3)m)x^3 - 3*(3a^2c^3d^3ef^3 - a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g)m^2 - 3*(12c^4d^4f^2g - (c^4d^4f^2g + a^2c^3d^3efg^2)m^3 + (8c^4d^4f^2g + 5a^2c^3d^3efg^2 - a^2c^2d^2e^2g^3)m^2 - (19c^4d^4f^2g + 4a^2c^3d^3efg^2 - a^2c^2d^2e^2g^3)m)x^2 + (26a^2c^3d^3ef^3 - 21a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g + 6a^3c^2d^2efg^2)m - (24c^4d^4f^3 - (c^4d^4f^3 + 3a^2c^3d^3ef^2g)m^3 + 3*(3c^4d^4f^3 + 7a^2c^3d^3ef^2g - 2a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2)m^2 - 2*(13c^4d^4f^3 + 18a^2c^3d^3ef^2g - 12a^2c^2d^2e^2fg^2 + 3a^3c^2d^2efg^3)m)x)(e*x + d)^m/((c^4d^4m^4 - 10c^4d^4m^3 + 35c^4d^4m^2 - 50c^4d^4m + 24c^4d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $-(a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*m^3 - 24*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 + 36*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g - 24*a^3*c*d*e^3*f*g^2 + 6*a^4*e^4*g^3 + (c^4*d^4*g^3*m^3 - 6*c^4*d^4*g^3*m^2 + 11*c^4*d^4*g^3*m - 6*c^4*d^4*g^3)*x^4 - (24*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 - (3*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3)*m^3 + 3*(7*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3)*m^2 - 2*(21*c^4*d^4*f^2*g^2 + a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3)*m)x^3 - 3*(3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g)*m^2 - 3*(12*c^4*d^4*f^2*g - (c^4*d^4*f^2*g + a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2)*m^3 + (8*c^4*d^4*f^2*g + 5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^3)*m^2 - (19*c^4*d^4*f^2*g + 4*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^3)*m)x^2 + (26*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f^3 - 21*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2)m - (24*c^4*d^4*f^3 - (c^4*d^4*f^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g)*m^3 + 3*(3*c^4*d^4*f^3 + 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2)*m^2 - 2*(13*c^4*d^4*f^3 + 18*a^2*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g - 12*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^3)*m)x)(e*x + d)^m/((c^4*d^4*m^4 - 10*c^4*d^4*m^3 + 35*c^4*d^4*m^2 - 50*c^4*d^4*m + 24*c^4*d^4)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)$

3.768. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

3.768.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**3/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.768.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= -\frac{(cdx + ae)f^3}{(cdx + ae)^m cd(m - 1)} - \frac{3(c^2d^2(m - 1)x^2 + acdemx + a^2e^2)f^2g}{(m^2 - 3m + 2)(cdx + ae)^m c^2d^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{3((m^2 - 3m + 2)c^3d^3x^3 + (m^2 - m)ac^2d^2ex^2 + 2a^2cde^2mx + 2a^3e^3)fg^2}{(m^3 - 6m^2 + 11m - 6)(cdx + ae)^m c^3d^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{((m^3 - 6m^2 + 11m - 6)c^4d^4x^4 + (m^3 - 3m^2 + 2m)ac^3d^3ex^3 + 3(m^2 - m)a^2c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 6a^3cde^3mx}{(m^4 - 10m^3 + 35m^2 - 50m + 24)(cdx + ae)^m c^4d^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c*d*x + a*e)*f^3/((c*d*x + a*e)^m*c*d*(m - 1)) - 3*(c^2*d^2*(m - 1)*x^2 + a*c*d*e*m*x + a^2*e^2)*f^2*g/((m^2 - 3*m + 2)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^2*d^2) - 3*((m^2 - 3*m + 2)*c^3*d^3*x^3 + (m^2 - m)*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*m*x + 2*a^3*e^3)*f*g^2/((m^3 - 6*m^2 + 11*m - 6)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^3*d^3) - ((m^3 - 6*m^2 + 11*m - 6)*c^4*d^4*x^4 + (m^3 - 3*m^2 + 2*m)*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*(m^2 - m)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*c*d*e^3*m*x + 6*a^4*e^4)*g^3/((m^4 - 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 - 50*m + 24)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^4*d^4)`

3.768.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1926 vs. 2(321) = 642.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1926, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -((e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*g^3*m^3*x^4*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d))
+ 3*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f*g^2*m^3*x^3*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x
+ d)) + (e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^3*m^3*x^3*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log
(e*x + d)) - 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*g^3*m^2*x^4*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*
log(e*x + d)) + 3*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f^2*g*m^3*x^2*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e)
- m*log(e*x + d)) + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2*m^3*x^2*e^(-m*log(c*d
*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) - 21*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f*g^2*m^2*x^3*e^(-m*
log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) - 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^3*m^2*x^3*
e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) + 11*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*g^3*m*x^
4*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) + (e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f^3*m^3*x
*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) + 3*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*
g*m^3*x*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) - 24*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*
f^2*g*m^2*x^2*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) - 15*(e*x + d)^m*a*
c^3*d^3*e*f*g^2*m^2*x^2*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) + 3*(e*x
+ d)^m*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^3*m^2*x^2*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)
) + 42*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f*g^2*m*x^3*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x
+ d)) + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*g^3*m*x^3*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log
(e*x + d)) - 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*g^3*x^4*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(
e*x + d)) + (e*x + d)^m*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*m^3*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log
(e*x + d)) - 9*(e*x + d)^m*c^4*d^4*f^3*m^2*x*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m...
```

3.768.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{g^3 x^4 (d+ex)^m (m^3 - 6m^2 + 11m - 6)}{m^4 - 10m^3 + 35m^2 - 50m + 24} + \frac{x (d+ex)^m (6a^3 c d e^3 g^3 m + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^2 m^2 - 24a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 f g^2 m + 3a c^3 d^3 e f^2 g m^3 - 21 a c^3 d^3 e f^2 g m^3 - 21 a c^3 d^3 e f^2 g m^3)}{c^4 d^4 (m^4 - 10m^3 + 35m^2 - 50m + 24)}$$

3.768. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^3 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`

output `-((g^3*x^4*(d + e*x)^m*(11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 - 6))/(35*m^2 - 50*m - 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(26*c^4*d^4*f^3*m - 24*c^4*d^4*f^3 - 9*c^4*d^4*f^3*m^2 + c^4*d^4*f^3*m^3 + 6*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^3*m - 24*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2*m + 36*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g*m + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2*m^2 - 21*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g*m^2 + 3*a*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g*m^3))/(c^4*d^4*(35*m^2 - 50*m - 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (a*e*(d + e*x)^m*(6*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 24*c^3*d^3*f^3 + 26*c^3*d^3*f^3*m - 9*c^3*d^3*f^3*m^2 + c^3*d^3*f^3*m^3 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g - 24*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 - 21*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*m + 6*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*m + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*m^2))/(c^4*d^4*(35*m^2 - 50*m - 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (3*g*x^2*(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^m*(12*c^2*d^2*f^2 + a^2*e^2*g^2*m - 7*c^2*d^2*f^2*m + c^2*d^2*f^2*m^2 - 4*a*c*d*e*f*g*m + a*c*d*e*f*g*m^2))/(c^2*d^2*(35*m^2 - 50*m - 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (g^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(a*e*g*m - 12*c*d*f + 3*c*d*f*m)*(m^2 - 3*m + 2))/(c*d*(35*m^2 - 50*m - 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m`

3.769 $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

3.769.1 Optimal result	5676
3.769.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5677
3.769.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5677
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3.769.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg)(ae^2g + cd(dg(1 - m) - ef(2 - m)))(d + ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^3d^3e(1 - m)(2 - m)(3 - m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2g(cdf - aeg)(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^2d^2e(2 - m)(3 - m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m} (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(3 - m)}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(a*e^2*g+c*d*(d*g*(1-m)-e*f*(2-m)))*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(a*d*
e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^3/d^3/e/(1-m)/(2-m)/(3-m)+2*g*(-a*e*g
+c*d*f)*(e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^2/d^2/e/(2-m)/
(3-m)+(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c/d
/(3-m)
```

3.769.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m} ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{1-m} (2a^2e^2g^2 + 2acdeg(f(-3 + m) + g(-1 + m)x) + c^2d^2(f^2(6 - 5m) + g^2(3 - 4m + m^2)x + g^2(2 - 3m + m^2)x^2))}{c^3d^3(-3 + m)(-2 + m)(-1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `-(((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 - m)*(2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*c*d*e*g*(f*(-3 + m) + g*(-1 + m)*x) + c^2*d^2*(f^2*(6 - 5*m + m^2) + 2*f*g*(3 - 4*m + m^2)*x + g^2*(2 - 3*m + m^2)*x^2)))/(c^3*d^3*(-3 + m)*(-2 + m)*(-1 + m))`

3.769.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.068$, Rules used = {1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m} dx}{cd(3 - m)} + \frac{(f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(3 - m)}$$

$$\downarrow 1221$$

3.769. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{g(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2-m)} - \frac{(ae^2g+cd(dg(1-m)-ef(2-m))) \int (d+ex)^m (cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)^{-m} dx}{cde(2-m)} \right)}{cd(3-m)}$$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^2(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{1-m}}{cd(3-m)}$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{2(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{g(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2-m)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{1-m} (ae^2g+cd(dg(1-m)-ef(2-m)))}{c^2 d^2 e^{(1-m)(2-m)}} \right)}{cd(3-m)}$$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^2(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2)^{1-m}}{cd(3-m)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(3 - m)) + (2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*(-((a*e^2*g + c*d*(d*g*(1 - m) - e*f*(2 - m)))*(d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c^2*d^2*e*(1 - m)*(2 - m))) + (g*(d + e*x)^m*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*e*(2 - m)))/(c*d*(3 - m))`

3.769.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*
((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g -
b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*
x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*
e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (Inte
rQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

3.769.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(cdx+ae)(c^2d^2g^2m^2x^2+2c^2d^2fgm^2x-3c^2d^2g^2mx^2+2acde g^2mx+c^2d^2f^2m^2-8c^2d^2fgmx+2g^2x^2c^2d^2+2acdefgm-2acd^2e f^2m^2)}{c^3d^3(m^3-6m^2+11m-6)}$
risch	$\frac{(c^3d^3g^2m^2x^3+a c^2d^2e g^2m^2x^2+2c^3d^3fgm^2x^2-3c^3d^3g^2mx^3+2a c^2d^2efgm^2x-a c^2d^2e g^2mx^2+c^3d^3f^2m^2x-8c^3d^3fgm^2x^2)}{c^3d^3(m^3-6m^2+11m-6)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(-x^3(ex+d)^m c^3d^3e g^2m^2+3x^3(ex+d)^m c^3d^3e g^2m-x(ex+d)^m c^3d^3e f^2m^2-6x^2(ex+d)^m c^3d^3efg+5x(ex+d)^m c^3d^3e f^2m-6x^3(ex+d)^m c^3d^3efgm^2)}{c^3d^3(m^3-6m^2+11m-6)}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x, method=_RE
TURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(c*d*x+a*e)*(c^2*d^2*g^2*m^2*x^2+2*c^2*d^2*f*g*m^2*x-3*c^2*d^2*g^2*m*x^2+
2*a*c*d*e*g^2*m*x+c^2*d^2*f^2*m^2-8*c^2*d^2*f*g*m*x+2*c^2*d^2*g^2*x^2+2*a*
c*d*e*f*g*m-2*a*c*d*e*g^2*x-5*c^2*d^2*f^2*m+6*c^2*d^2*f*g*x+2*a^2*e^2*g^2-
6*a*c*d*e*f*g+6*c^2*d^2*f^2)*(e*x+d)^m/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^
m)/c^3/d^3/(m^3-6*m^2+11*m-6)
```

3.769.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(ac^2d^2ef^2m^2 + 6ac^2d^2ef^2 - 6a^2cde^2fg + 2a^3e^3g^2 + (c^3d^3g^2m^2 - 3c^3d^3g^2m + 2c^3d^3g^2)x^3 + (6c^3d^3fgm^2 - 6c^3d^3fgm + 6c^3d^3fg)x^2 + (6c^3d^3efg^2m^2 - 6c^3d^3efg^2m + 6c^3d^3efg^2)x + 6c^3d^3efg^2m - 6c^3d^3efg^2)}{c^3d^3(m^3 - 6m^2 + 11m - 6)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-(a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*m^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 6*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g + 2*a^3*e^3*g^2 + (c^3*d^3*g^2*m^2 - 3*c^3*d^3*g^2*m + 2*c^3*d^3*g^2)*x^3 + (6*c^3*d^3*f*g + (2*c^3*d^3*f*g + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^2)*m^2 - (8*c^3*d^3*f*g + a*c^2*d^2*e*g^2)*m)*x^2 - (5*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g)*m + (6*c^3*d^3*f^2 + (c^3*d^3*f^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g)*m^2 - (5*c^3*d^3*f^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2)*m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/((c^3*d^3*m^3 - 6*c^3*d^3*m^2 + 11*c^3*d^3*m - 6*c^3*d^3)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)$$

3.769.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output Timed out

3.769.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= -\frac{(cdx + ae)f^2}{(cdx + ae)^m cd(m-1)} - \frac{2(c^2d^2(m-1)x^2 + acdemx + a^2e^2)fg}{(m^2 - 3m + 2)(cdx + ae)^m c^2d^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{((m^2 - 3m + 2)c^3d^3x^3 + (m^2 - m)ac^2d^2ex^2 + 2a^2cde^2mx + 2a^3e^3)g^2}{(m^3 - 6m^2 + 11m - 6)(cdx + ae)^m c^3d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.769. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

output $-(c*d*x + a*e)*f^2/((c*d*x + a*e)^m*c*d*(m - 1)) - 2*(c^2*d^2*(m - 1)*x^2 + a*c*d*e*m*x + a^2*e^2)*f*g/((m^2 - 3*m + 2)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^2*d^2) - ((m^2 - 3*m + 2)*c^3*d^3*x^3 + (m^2 - m)*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*m*x + 2*a^3*e^3)*g^2/((m^3 - 6*m^2 + 11*m - 6)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^3*d^3)$

3.769.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 929 vs. 2(232) = 464.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 929, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(ex + d)^m c^3 d^3 g^2 m^2 x^3 e^{(-m \log(cdx+ae) - m \log(ex+d))} + 2 (ex + d)^m c^3 d^3 f g m^2 x^2 e^{(-m \log(cdx+ae) - m \log(ex+d))} + \dots}{}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-\left((e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*g^2*m^2*x^3*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f*g*m^2*x^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + (e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*m^2*x^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 3*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*g^2*m*x^3*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + (e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f^2*m^2*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g*m^2*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 8*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f*g*m*x^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - (e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*g^2*m*x^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*g^2*x^3*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + (e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*m^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 5*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f^2*m*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 6*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g*m*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*m*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f*g*x^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 5*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*m*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g*m*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^3*d^3*f^2*x*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 6*(e*x + d)^m*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} - 6*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a^3*e^3*g^2*e^{(-m*\log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*\log(e*x + d))} + \dots$

3.769. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

3.769.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{g^2 x^3 (d+ex)^m (m^2-3m+2)}{m^3-6m^2+11m-6} + \frac{x(d+ex)^m (2a^2 cde^2 g^2 m+2ac^2 d^2 efgm^2-6ac^2 d^2 efgm+c^3 d^3 f^2 m^2-5c^3 d^3 f^2 m+6c^3 d^3 f^2)}{c^3 d^3 (m^3-6m^2+11m-6)} + \dots$$

$$(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`output `-((g^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(m^2 - 3*m + 2))/(11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 - 6) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(6*c^3*d^3*f^2 - 5*c^3*d^3*f^2*m + c^3*d^3*f^2*m^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2*m + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g*m^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e*f*g*m))/(c^3*d^3*(11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 - 6)) + (a*e*(d + e*x)^m*(2*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 6*c^2*d^2*f^2 - 5*c^2*d^2*f^2*m + c^2*d^2*f^2*m^2 - 6*a*c*d*e*f*g + 2*a*c*d*e*f*g*m))/(c^3*d^3*(11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 - 6)) + (g*x^2*(m - 1)*(d + e*x)^m*(a*e*g*m - 6*c*d*f + 2*c*d*f*m))/(c*d*(11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 - 6)))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m`

3.770 $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

3.770.1 Optimal result	5683
3.770.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5683
3.770.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5684
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3.770.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5686
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3.770.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5687
3.770.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5687

3.770.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 42, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ae^2g + cd(dg(1-m) - ef(2-m))) (d+ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{c^2d^2e(1-m)(2-m)}$$

$$+ \frac{g(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2-m)}$$

output

```
-(a*e^2*g+c*d*(d*g*(1-m)-e*f*(2-m)))*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c^2/d^2/e/(1-m)/(2-m)+g*(e*x+d)^m*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c/d/e/(2-m)
```

3.770.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m}(aeg + cd(f(-2+m) + g(-1+m)x))}{c^2d^2(-2+m)(-1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]
```

output $-\left(\left(d + e*x\right)^{-1 + m} * \left(\left(a*e + c*d*x\right) * \left(d + e*x\right)\right)^{1 - m} * \left(a*e*g + c*d * \left(f * \left(-2 + m\right) + g * \left(-1 + m\right) * x\right)\right) / \left(c^2 * d^2 * \left(-2 + m\right) * \left(-1 + m\right)\right)$

3.770.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$, Rules used = {1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1221}$$

$$\frac{g(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2 - m)} - \frac{(ae^2g + cd(dg(1 - m) - ef(2 - m))) \int (d + ex)^m (cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^{-m} dx}{cde(2 - m)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{g(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cde(2 - m)} - \frac{(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m} (ae^2g + cd(dg(1 - m) - ef(2 - m)))}{c^2d^2e(1 - m)(2 - m)}$$

input $\text{Int}[\left(\left(d + e*x\right)^m * \left(f + g*x\right)\right) / \left(a*d*e + \left(c*d^2 + a*e^2\right)*x + c*d*e*x^2\right)^m, x]$

output $-\left(\left(a*e^2*g + c*d * \left(d*g * \left(1 - m\right) - e*f * \left(2 - m\right)\right)\right) * \left(d + e*x\right)^{-1 + m} * \left(a*d*e + \left(c*d^2 + a*e^2\right)*x + c*d*e*x^2\right)^{1 - m} / \left(c^2 * d^2 * e * \left(1 - m\right) * \left(2 - m\right)\right) + \left(g * \left(d + e*x\right)^m * \left(a*d*e + \left(c*d^2 + a*e^2\right)*x + c*d*e*x^2\right)^{1 - m} / \left(c*d*e * \left(2 - m\right)\right)\right)$

3.770.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.770.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^m(cdgmx+cdfm-cdgx+aeg-2cdf)(cdx+ae)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{-m}}{c^2 d^2 (m^2-3m+2)}$
risch	$-\frac{(g x^2 c^2 d^2 m+a c d e g m x+c^2 d^2 f m x-g x^2 c^2 d^2+a c d e f m-2 c^2 d^2 f x+a^2 e^2 g-2 a c d e f)(c d x+a e)^{-m} e^{\frac{i \pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(c d x+a e)(e x+d)) m}{2}}}{c^2 d^2 (-2+m)(-1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{(x^2(e x+d)^m c^2 d^2 e g m^2-x^2(e x+d)^m c^2 d^2 e g m+x(e x+d)^m a c d e^2 g m^2+x(e x+d)^m c^2 d^2 e f m^2-2 x(e x+d)^m c^2 d^2 e f m+(e x+d)^m c^2 d^2 e f m^2)}{m e c^2 d^2 (-2+m)(-1+m)}$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(e*x+d)^m*(c*d*g*m*x+c*d*f*m-c*d*g*x+a*e*g-2*c*d*f)*(c*d*x+a*e)/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^m)/c^2/d^2/(m^2-3*m+2)`

$$3.770. \quad \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

3.770.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(acdefm - 2acdef + a^2e^2g + (c^2d^2gm - c^2d^2g)x^2 - (2c^2d^2f - (c^2d^2f + acdeg)m)x)(ex + d)^m}{(c^2d^2m^2 - 3c^2d^2m + 2c^2d^2)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algor
ithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(a*c*d*e*f*m - 2*a*c*d*e*f + a^2*e^2*g + (c^2*d^2*g*m - c^2*d^2*g)*x^2 -
(2*c^2*d^2*f - (c^2*d^2*f + a*c*d*e*g)*m)*x)*(e*x + d)^m/((c^2*d^2*m^2 - 3
*c^2*d^2*m + 2*c^2*d^2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)
```

3.770.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.770.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + ae)f}{(cdx + ae)^m cd(m - 1)} - \frac{(c^2d^2(m - 1)x^2 + acdemx + a^2e^2)g}{(m^2 - 3m + 2)(cdx + ae)^m c^2d^2}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algor
ithm="maxima")
```

$$3.770. \quad \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

output $-(c*d*x + a*e)*f/((c*d*x + a*e)^m*c*d*(m - 1)) - (c^2*d^2*(m - 1)*x^2 + a*c*d*e*m*x + a^2*e^2)*g/((m^2 - 3*m + 2)*(c*d*x + a*e)^m*c^2*d^2)$

3.770.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. $2(142) = 284$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{(ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 g m x^2 e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 f m x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m a c d e m x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} - 2 (ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 f x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} - 2 (ex + d)^m a c d e f e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m a^2 e^2 g e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))}}{(c^2 d^2 m^2 - 3 c^2 d^2 m + 2 c^2 d^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorith="giac")`

output $-\left(\frac{(ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 g m x^2 e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 f m x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m a c d e m x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} - 2 (ex + d)^m c^2 d^2 f x e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} - 2 (ex + d)^m a c d e f e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))} + (ex + d)^m a^2 e^2 g e^{(-m \log(cd x + a e) - m \log(ex + d))}}{(c^2 d^2 m^2 - 3 c^2 d^2 m + 2 c^2 d^2)}\right)$

3.770.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{g x^2 (m-1) (d+ex)^m}{m^2-3m+2} + \frac{x (d+ex)^m (a e g m - 2 c d f + c d f m)}{c d (m^2-3m+2)} + \frac{a e (d+ex)^m (a e g - 2 c d f + c d f m)}{c^2 d^2 (m^2-3m+2)}}{(c d e x^2 + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + a d e)^m}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`

3.770. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

output $-\frac{(g*x^2*(m-1)*(d+e*x)^m)/(m^2-3*m+2) + (x*(d+e*x)^m*(a*e*g*m - 2*c*d*f + c*d*f*m))/(c*d*(m^2-3*m+2)) + (a*e*(d+e*x)^m*(a*e*g - 2*c*d*f + c*d*f*m))/(c^2*d^2*(m^2-3*m+2))}{(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m}$

3.771 $\int (d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

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3.771.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(1 - m)}$$

output `(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c/d/(1-m)`

3.771.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = -\frac{(d + ex)^{-1+m}((ae + cdex)(d + ex))^{1-m}}{cd(-1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `-(((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^(1 - m))/(c*d*(-1 + m)))`

3.771.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.027$, Rules used = {1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

↓ 1122

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(1 - m)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(1 - m))`

3.771.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

3.771.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)^m (cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{-m}}{cd(-1+m)}$
parallemrisch	$\frac{(-x(ex+d)^m cde-(ex+d)^m a e^2)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{-m}}{cde(-1+m)}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{x e^m \ln(ex+d)}{-1+m} - \frac{ae e^m \ln(ex+d)}{cd(-1+m)}\right) e^{-m \ln(ade+(e^2 a+c d^2)x+cde x^2)}$
risch	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)(cdx+ae)^{-m} e^{\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)(ex+d))m(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)(ex+d))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)))}{2}(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)(ex+d))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)))}}{cd(-1+m)}$

3.771. $\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d/(-1+m)*(e*x+d)^m/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^m)`

3.771.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + ae)(ex + d)^m}{(cdm - cd)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(c*d*x + a*e)*(e*x + d)^m/((c*d*m - c*d)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m)`

3.771.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.771.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = -\frac{cdx + ae}{(cdx + ae)^m cd(m-1)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -(c*d*x + a*e)/((c*d*x + a*e)^m*c*d*(m - 1))
```

3.771.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ex + d)^m cdx e^{(-m \log(cdx+ae) - m \log(ex+d))} + (ex + d)^m a e e^{(-m \log(cdx+ae) - m \log(ex+d))}}{cdm - cd}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -((e*x + d)^m*c*d*x*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)) + (e*x + d)^m*a*e*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d)))/(c*d*m - c*d)
```

3.771.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ae + cdx)(d + ex)^m}{cd(m-1)(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m}$$

```
input int((d + e*x)^m/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)
```

```
output -((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(c*d*(m - 1)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m)
```

3.771. $\int (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

3.772
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$$

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3.772.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1-m, 2-m, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)(1-m)}$$

output `(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([1, 1-m],[2-m],-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(1-m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)`

3.772.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{-1+m}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1-m, 2-m, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)(-1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]`

3.772.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$$

output $-\left(\left(d + ex\right)^{-1 + m} \left(\left(ae + cd^2\right) \left(d + ex\right)\right)^{1 - m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 - m, 2 - m, \frac{g(ae + cd^2)}{-(cdf) + ae^2g}\right] / \left(\left(cdf - ae^2g\right) \left(-1 + m\right)\right)\right)$

3.772.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1268, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cd^2)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cd^2)^{-m}}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{(d + ex)^m (ae + cd^2) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 - m, 2 - m, -\frac{g(ae + cd^2)}{cdf - ae^2g}\right)}{(1 - m)(cdf - ae^2g)}$$

input $\operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^m / ((f + gx)(ae + cd^2 + a^2e^2)x + cde^2x^2)^m], x]$

output $\left(\left(ae + cd^2\right) \left(d + ex\right)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 - m, 2 - m, -\frac{g(ae + cd^2)}{cdf - ae^2g}\right] / \left(\left(cdf - ae^2g\right) \left(1 - m\right) \left(ae + cd^2 + a^2e^2\right) x + cde^2x^2\right)^m\right)$

3.772. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$

3.772.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.772.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{gx + f} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.772.5 Fracas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f + gx} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algor ithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.772.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.772.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algo
rithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m
, x)`

3.772.8 Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algo
rithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m
, x)`

3.772. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$

3.772.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{f+gx} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x)`

3.773
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

3.773.1 Optimal result	5698
3.773.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5698
3.773.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5699
3.773.4 Maple [F]	5700
3.773.5 Fricas [F]	5700
3.773.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5701
3.773.7 Maxima [F]	5701
3.773.8 Giac [F]	5701
3.773.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5702

3.773.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{cd(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-m, 2-m, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^2(1-m)}$$

output `c*d*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([2, 1-m], [2-m], -g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(1-m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)`

3.773.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{cd(d+ex)^{-1+m}((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-m, 2-m, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)}{(cdf-aeg)^2(-1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x]`

3.773.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

output $-\left((c*d*(d + e*x)^{-1 + m}*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^{(1 - m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 - m, 2 - m, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)]}/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^{-2*(-1 + m)})\right)$

3.773.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1268, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cdex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cdex)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{cd(d + ex)^m (ae + cdex) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 - m, 2 - m, -\frac{g(ae + cdex)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{(1 - m)(cdf - aeg)^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^2*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]$

output $(c*d*(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^m*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 - m, 2 - m, -(g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(1 - m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.773. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.773.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.773.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.773.5 Fracas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^2} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^2 (cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/((g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.773.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)**2/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m), x)`

output `Timed out`

3.773.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^2*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.773.8 Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^2/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^2*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.773. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.773.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^2 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x)`

3.774
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

3.774.1 Optimal result 5703
 3.774.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5703
 3.774.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5704
 3.774.4 Maple [F] 5705
 3.774.5 Fricas [F] 5705
 3.774.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 5706
 3.774.7 Maxima [F] 5706
 3.774.8 Giac [F] 5706
 3.774.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5707

3.774.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 (ae+cdx)(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1-m, 2-m, -\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae}\right)}{(cdf-ae)^3(1-m)}$$

output `c^2*d^2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([3, 1-m],[2-m],-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(1-m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)`

3.774.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 (d+ex)^{-1+m} ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{1-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1-m, 2-m, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae}\right)}{(cdf-ae)^3(-1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^3*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]`

output $-\left((c^2 d^2 (d + e x)^{-1 + m} ((a e + c d x) (d + e x))^{1 - m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, 1 - m, 2 - m, (g (a e + c d x)) / (-(c d f) + a e g)] / ((c d f - a e g)^{3(-1 + m)})\right)$

3.774.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$, Rules used = {1268, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cdx)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cdx)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 (d + ex)^m (ae + cdx) (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 - m, 2 - m, -\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg}\right)}{(1 - m)(cdf - aeg)^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m / ((f + g*x)^3 * (a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x]$

output $(c^2 d^2 (a e + c d x) (d + e x)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, 1 - m, 2 - m, -(g (a e + c d x)) / (c d f - a e g)]) / ((c d f - a e g)^{3(1 - m)} (a d e + (c d^2 + a e^2) x + c d e x^2)^m)$

3.774. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

3.774.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.774.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.774.5 Fracas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^3} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^3 (cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/((g^3*x^3 + 3*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*f^2*g*x + f^3)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.774.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)**3/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),
x)
```

```
output Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck
```

3.774.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, alg
orithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^3*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
^m), x)
```

3.774.8 Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3 (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^3/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, alg
orithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^3*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
^m), x)
```

3.774. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

3.774.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^3 (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x)`

3.775 $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

3.775.1 Optimal result	5708
3.775.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5708
3.775.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5709
3.775.4 Maple [F]	5710
3.775.5 Fracas [F]	5710
3.775.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5711
3.775.7 Maxima [F]	5711
3.775.8 Giac [F]	5712
3.775.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5712

3.775.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)^m (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{5/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, m, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)}{5g}$$

```
output 2/5*(-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))m*(e*x+d)m*(g*x+f)(5/2)*hypergeom([5/2, m], [7/2], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/g/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)m)
```

3.775.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae^2} \right)^m (d + ex)^m ((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{-m} (f + gx)^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, m, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae^2} \right)}{5g}$$

```
input Integrate[((d + e*x)m*(f + g*x)(3/2))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)m, x]
```

output $(2*((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, m, 7/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(5*g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m)$

3.775.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^{3/2} (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cdx)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int (ae + cdx)^{-m} (f + gx)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 80

$$(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \int (f + gx)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf - aeg} \right)^{-m} dx$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^{5/2} (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{5}{2}, m, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)}{5g}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x]$

output $(2*(-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, m, 7/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(5*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.775.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_
) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d
+ e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f
+ g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.775.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

3.775.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*x + f)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)^m, x)`

3.775.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)*
*m),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.775.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)^m, x)`

3.775.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{3/2} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
*x)^m, x)`

3.775.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2} (d + ex)^m}{(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^
m,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^
m, x)`

3.776 $\int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{f+gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

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3.776.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{f+gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)^m (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^{3/2} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, m, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)}{3g}$$

```
output 2/3*(-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))m*(e*x+d)m*(g*x+f)(3/2)*hypergeom([3/2, m], [5/2], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/g/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)m)
```

3.776.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{f+gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae^2} \right)^m (d+ex)^m ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{-m} (f+gx)^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, m, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)}{3g}$$

```
input Integrate[((d + e*x)m*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)m, x]
```


output $(2*((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, m, 5/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(3*g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m)$

3.776.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{-m} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d+ex)^m (ae+cdx)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{-m} \int (ae+cdx)^{-m} \sqrt{f+gxdx}$$

↓ 80

$$(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^m \int \sqrt{f+gx} \left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf-aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf-aeg}\right)^{-m} dx$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, m, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{3g}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x]$

output $(2*(-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, m, 5/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(3*g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.776.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n] Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.776.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m \sqrt{gx + f} (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.776.5 Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{gx + f}(ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)
^m, x)`

3.776.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)*
*m),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.776.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{gx + f} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
)^m, x)`

3.776.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{gx + f} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
)^m, x)`

3.776.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{f + gx} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} (d + ex)^m}{(cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^
m,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^
m, x)`

$$3.777 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

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3.777.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5722

3.777.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)^m (d+ex)^m \sqrt{f+gx} (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)}{g}$$

output

```
2*(-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))~m*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([1/2, m],[3/2],c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)
```

3.777.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+ae^2} \right)^m (d+ex)^m ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{-m} \sqrt{f+gx} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2} \right)}{g}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]
```

$$3.777. \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

output $(2*((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, m, 3/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m)$

3.777.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cdex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cdex)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 80

$$(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdex)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \int \frac{\left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf - aeg} \right)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cdex)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)}{g}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m/(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x]$

output $(2*(-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, m, 3/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.777. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.777.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.777.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.777.5 Fracas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{\sqrt{gx + f}(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

3.777. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/(sqrt(g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x
)^m), x)`

3.777.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)*
*m),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.777.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{gx+f}(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(sqrt(g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)^m), x)`

3.777.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{gx+f}(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(sqrt(g*x + f)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*
x)^m), x)`

3.777.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
, x)`

3.778
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.778.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5723
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3.778.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^m (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{g\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

output `-2*(-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))^m*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([-1/2, m], [1/2], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/g/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)`

3.778.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)^m (d+ex)^m ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{g\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x]`

3.778.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(-2*((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d*f + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, m, 1/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m*Sqrt[f + g*x])$

3.778.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cd x)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cd x)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 80

$$(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cd x)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \int \frac{\left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf - aeg} \right)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cd x)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)}{g\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]$

output $(-2*(-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, m, 1/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.778. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.778.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n] Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.778.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

3.778.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.778. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

output `integral(sqrt(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/((g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.778.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output Timed out

3.778.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^(3/2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.778.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

3.778. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^(3/2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)^m), x)`

3.778.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^{3/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
, x)`

3.779
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

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3.779.4 Maple [F]	5730
3.779.5 Fracas [F]	5730
3.779.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5731
3.779.7 Maxima [F]	5731
3.779.8 Giac [F]	5731
3.779.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5732

3.779.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)^m (d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{3g(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3*(-g*(c*d*x+a*e)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))^m*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([-3/2, m], [-1/2], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))/g/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)`

3.779.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{g(ae+cdx)}{-cdf+aeg}\right)^m (d+ex)^m ((ae+cdx)(d+ex))^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-aeg}\right)}{3g(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m), x]`

3.779.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $(-2*((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-c*d*f) + a*e*g))^m*(d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, m, -1/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(3*g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m*(f + g*x)^(3/2))$

3.779.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d + ex)^m (ae + cd x)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \int \frac{(ae + cd x)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 80

$$(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cd x)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \int \frac{\left(-\frac{cdxg}{cdf - aeg} - \frac{aeg}{cdf - aeg} \right)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} \left(-\frac{g(ae + cd x)}{cdf - aeg} \right)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{3}{2}, m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{cd(f + gx)}{cdf - aeg} \right)}{3g(f + gx)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m),x]$

output $(-2*(-((g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, m, -1/2, (c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)]/(3*g*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)$

3.779. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.779.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 79 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n] Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 1268 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.779.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(gx + f)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)
```

3.779.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{5}{2}} (cde x^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

$$3.779. \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$$

output `integral(sqrt(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/((g^3*x^3 + 3*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*f^2*g*x + f^3)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.779.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output Timed out

3.779.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{5}{2}} (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^(5/2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m), x)`

3.779.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f + gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^{\frac{5}{2}} (cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

3.779. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/((g*x + f)^(5/2)*(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)^m), x)`

3.779.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m}}{(f+gx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^{5/2} (cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m
, x)`

3.780 $\int (ae+cdx)^n(d+ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m}$

3.780.1 Optimal result	5733
3.780.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5733
3.780.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5734
3.780.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5734
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3.780.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 47, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae + cdx)^n(d + ex)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{1-m}}{cd(1 - m + n)}$$

```
output (c*d*x+a*e)^n*(e*x+d)^(-1+m)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1-m)/c/d/(1-m+n)
```

3.780.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n(d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae + cdx)^{1+n}(d + ex)^m((ae + cdx)(d + ex))^{-m}}{cd(1 - m + n)}$$

```
input Integrate[((a*e + c*d*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]
```

```
output ((a*e + c*d*x)^(1 + n)*(d + e*x)^m)/(c*d*(1 - m + n)*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m)
```

3.780.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.021$, Rules used = {1247}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{-m} (ae + cdx)^n dx$$

↓ 1247

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m-1} (x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2)^{1-m} (ae + cdx)^n}{cd(-m + n + 1)}$$

input `Int[((a*e + c*d*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(-1 + m)*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^(1 - m))/(c*d*(1 - m + n))`

3.780.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1247 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && EqQ[c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0]`

3.780.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{(ex+d)^m (cdx+ae)^{1+n} (cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{-m}}{cd(-1+m-n)}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{(x(ex+d)^m (cdx+ae)^n cde m+(ex+d)^m (cdx+ae)^n a e^2 m)(cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade)^{-m}}{m cde(-1+m-n)}$
risc	$-\frac{(cdx+ae)^n (cdx+ae)(cdx+ae)^{-m} e^{\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)(ex+d))m(-\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)(ex+d))+\operatorname{csgn}(i(cdx+ae)))}{2}}}{cd(-1+m-n)}$

3.780. $\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2) x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

input `int((c*d*x+a*e)^n*(e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/c/d/(-1+m-n)*(e*x+d)^m*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1+n)/((c*d*e*x^2+a*e^2*x+c*d^2*x+a*d*e)^m)`

3.780.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + ae)(cdx + ae)^n (ex + d)^m e^{(-m \log(cdx + ae) - m \log(ex + d))}}{cdm - cdn - cd}$$

input `integrate((c*d*x+a*e)^n*(e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(c*d*x + a*e)*(c*d*x + a*e)^n*(e*x + d)^m*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d))/(c*d*m - c*d*n - c*d)`

3.780.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*d*x+a*e)**n*(e*x+d)**m/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.780.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + ae)e^{(-m \log(cdx+ae)+n \log(cdx+ae))}}{cd(m - n - 1)}$$

```
input integrate((c*d*x+a*e)^n*(e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -(c*d*x + a*e)*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) + n*log(c*d*x + a*e))/(c*d*(m - n -
1))
```

3.780.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx =$$

$$\frac{(cdx + ae)^n (ex + d)^m cdxe^{(-m \log(cdx+ae)-m \log(ex+d))} + (cdx + ae)^n (ex + d)^m aee^{(-m \log(cdx+ae)-m \log(ex+d))}}{cdm - cdn - cd}$$

```
input integrate((c*d*x+a*e)^n*(e*x+d)^m/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x,
algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -((c*d*x + a*e)^n*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*x*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x + d
)) + (c*d*x + a*e)^n*(e*x + d)^m*a*e*e^(-m*log(c*d*x + a*e) - m*log(e*x +
d)))/(c*d*m - c*d*n - c*d)
```

3.780.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ae + cdx)^n (d + ex)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae + cdx)^{n+1} (d + ex)^m}{cd(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m (n - m + 1)}$$

input `int(((a*e + c*d*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)^(n + 1)*(d + e*x)^m)/(c*d*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m*(n - m + 1))`

3.781 $\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

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3.781.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5741
3.781.8 Giac [F]	5741
3.781.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5742

3.781.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 73, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(d+ex)^m (-ae^3g - cde^2gx)^m (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} \log(ae + cdx)}{cde^2g}$$

```
output (-e*x+d)^m*(-c*d*e^2*g*x-a*e^3*g)^m*ln(c*d*x+a*e)/c/d/e^2/g/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m)
```

3.781.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(-e^2g(ae + cdx))^m (d+ex)^m ((ae + cdx)(d+ex))^{-m} \log(ae + cdx)}{cde^2g}$$

```
input Integrate[(((d + e*x)^m*(c*d^2*e*g - e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g - c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1 + m))/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]
```

```
output -((((e^2*g*(a*e + c*d*x)))^m*(d + e*x)^m*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d*e^2*g*((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x))^m))
```

3.781.
 $\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$

3.781.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.041$, Rules used = {1268, 37, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{-m} (-eg(ae^2+cd^2)+cd^2eg-cde^2gx)^{m-1} dx$$

↓ 1268

$$(d+ex)^m (ae+cdx)^m (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{-m} \int (ae+cdx)^{-m} (-age^3-cdngx^2)^{m-1} dx$$

↓ 37

$$(d+ex)^m (ae+cdx) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{-m} (-ae^3g-cde^2gx)^{m-1} \int \frac{1}{ae+cdx} dx$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{(d+ex)^m (ae+cdx) (x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2)^{-m} \log(ae+cdx) (-ae^3g-cde^2gx)^{m-1}}{cd}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(c*d^2*e*g - e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g - c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1 + m)]/(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(-(a*e^3*g) - c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1 + m)*Log[a*e + c*d*x])/(c*d*(a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2)^m)`

3.781.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

3.781.

$$\int (d+ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.781.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (cd^2eg - e(e^2a + cd^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2)^{-m} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*d^2*e*g-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*g-c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*d^2*e*g-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*g-c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x)`

3.781.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx \\ &= -\frac{\log(cdx + ae)}{cde^2g \left(-\frac{1}{e^2g}\right)^m} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*d^2*e*g-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*g-c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d*e^2*g*(-1/(e^2*g))^m)`

3.781.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

3.781.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2 eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2 gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

= Timed out

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*d**2*e*g-e*(a*e**2+c*d**2)*g-c*d*e**2*g*x)**(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**m),x)`

output Timed out

3.781.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2 eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2 gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e^{2m-2}(-g)^m \log(cdx + ae)}{cdg}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*d^2*e*g-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*g-c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-e^(2*m - 2)*(-g)^m*log(c*d*x + a*e)/(c*d*g)`

3.781.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2 eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2 gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(-cde^2 gx + cd^2 eg - (cd^2 + ae^2)eg)^{m-1} (ex + d)^m}{(cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x)^m} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*d^2*e*g-e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*g-c*d*e^2*g*x)^(-1+m)/((a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-c*d*e^2*g*x + c*d^2*e*g - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*e*g)^(m - 1)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)^m, x)`

3.781.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2 eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2 gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

3.781.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (cd^2eg - e(cd^2 + ae^2)g - cde^2gx)^{-1+m} (ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2)^{-m} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (cd^2eg - eg(cd^2 + ae^2) - cde^2gx)^{m-1}}{(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)^m} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(c*d^2*e*g - e*g*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) - c*d*e^2*g*x)^(m - 1))/
(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(c*d^2*e*g - e*g*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) - c*d*e^2*g*x)^(m - 1))/
(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^m, x)`

3.782 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.782.1 Optimal result	5743
3.782.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5743
3.782.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5744
3.782.4 Maple [F]	5746
3.782.5 Fracas [F]	5746
3.782.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5746
3.782.7 Maxima [F]	5747
3.782.8 Giac [F]	5747
3.782.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5747

3.782.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e(f+gx)^{1+n}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cdg(3+2n)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2ae^2g(1+n)+cd(ef-dg(3+2n)))(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2}+n, 2+n, \frac{cdx+d}{d+ex}\right)}{cdg(cdf-aeg)(1+n)(3+2n)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

output

```
(2*a*e^2*g*(1+n)+c*d*(e*f-d*g*(3+2*n)))*(c*d*x+a*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeo
m([1, 3/2+n], [2+n], c*d*(g*x+f)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d/g/(-a*e*g
+c*d*f)/(1+n)/(3+2*n)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)+2*e*(g*x+f)^(
1+n)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g/(3+2*n)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.782.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(f+gx)^n \left(cde(f+gx) + (-2ae^2g(1+n) + c^2d^2g) \right)}{c^2d^2g}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^n)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c
*d*e*x^2], x]
```

3.782. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(f + g*x)^n*(c*d*e*(f + g*x) + ((-2*a*e^2*g*(1 + n) + c*d*(-(e*f) + d*g*(3 + 2*n)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -n, 3/2, (g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(-(c*d*f) + a*e*g)])/((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n)/((c^2*d^2*g*(3/2 + n)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.782.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1258, 1268, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1258 \\
 & \frac{2e(f+gx)^{n+1}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(2ae^2g(n+1)+cd(ef-dg(2n+3))) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{cdg(2n+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1268 \\
 & \frac{2e(f+gx)^{n+1}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ae+cdx}(2ae^2g(n+1)+cd(ef-dg(2n+3))) \int \frac{(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}} dx}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 80 \\
 & \frac{2e(f+gx)^{n+1}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n\sqrt{ae+cdx}(2ae^2g(n+1)+cd(ef-dg(2n+3))) \left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2g}\right)^{-n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{cdf}{cdf-ae^2g} + \frac{cdgx}{cdf-ae^2g}\right)^n}{\sqrt{ae+cdx}} dx}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 79
 \end{aligned}$$

3.782. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2e(f+gx)^{n+1}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg(2n+3)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^n(ae+cdx)(2ae^2g(n+1)+cd(ef-dg(2n+3)))\left(\frac{cd(f+gx)}{cdf-ae^2}\right)^{-n}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -n, \frac{3}{2}\right)}{c^2d^2g(2n+3)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^n)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*e*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*g*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*(2*a*e^2*g*(1 + n) + c*d*(e*f - d*g*(3 + 2*n)))*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -n, 3/2, -(g*(a*e + c*d*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g)])/(c^2*d^2*g*(3 + 2*n)*((c*d*(f + g*x))/(c*d*f - a*e*g))^n*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])`

3.782.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 1258 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*g*(n + p + 2))), x] - Simp[(b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(c*g*(n + p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1268 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^FracPart[p]/((d + e*x)^FracPart[p]*(a/d + (c*x)/e)^FracPart[p]) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(f + g*x)^n*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

3.782.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{\sqrt{ade + (e^2a + cd^2)x + cde x^2}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

3.782.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (f + gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^n/(c*d*x + a*e), x)`

3.782.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (f + gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**n/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

3.782. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output Timed out

3.782.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.782.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx+f)^n}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^n/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)^n/sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x), x)`

3.782.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^n (d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

3.782. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.782. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^n}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.783
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.783.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 501

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{128(cdf-ae^2g)^3(10ae^2g+cd(ef-11dg))(2ae^2g-cd(3ef-dg))\sqrt{d+ex}}{3465c^6d^6eg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{128(cdf-ae^2g)^3(10ae^2g+cd(ef-11dg))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3465c^5d^5e}$$

$$- \frac{32(cdf-ae^2g)^2(10ae^2g+cd(ef-11dg))(f+gx)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{1155c^4d^4g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{16(cdf-ae^2g)(10ae^2g+cd(ef-11dg))(f+gx)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{693c^3d^3g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{2(10ae^2g+cd(ef-11dg))(f+gx)^4\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{99c^2d^2g\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(f+gx)^5\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

3.783.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

output $128/3465*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(10*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-11*d*g+e*f))*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^6/d^6/e/g/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-32/1155*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(10*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-11*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^4/d^4/g/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-16/693*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(10*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-11*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^3/g/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-2/99*(10*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-11*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/g/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+2/11*e*(g*x+f)^5*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/d/g/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-128/3465*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3*(10*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-11*d*g+e*f))*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^5/e$

3.783.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-1280a^5e^6g^4+128a^4cde^4g^3(44ef+11dg+11e^2g^2)+128a^3c^2d^2e^3g^2(22d*g*(9f+gx)+e*(297f^2+88f*g*x+15g^2*x^2))+16a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g*(33d*g*(21f^2+6f*g*x+g^2*x^2)+e*(462f^3+297f^2*g*x+132f*g^2*x^2+25g^3*x^3))-2a*c^4*d^4*e*(44d*g*(105f^3+63f^2*g*x+27f*g^2*x^2+5g^3*x^3)+e*(1155f^4+1848f^3*g*x+1782f^2*g^2*x^2+880f*g^3*x^3+175g^4*x^4))+c^5*d^5*(11d*(315f^4+420f^3*g*x+378f^2*g^2*x^2+180f*g^3*x^3+35g^4*x^4)+e*x*(1155f^4+2772f^3*g*x+2970f^2*g^2*x^2+1540f*g^3*x^3+315g^4*x^4))}{(3465*c^6*d^6*\sqrt{d+e*x})}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^4)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-1280*a^5*e^6*g^4 + 128*a^4*c*d*e^4*g^3*(44*e*f + 11*d*g + 5*e*g*x) - 32*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*g^2*(22*d*g*(9*f + g*x) + e*(297*f^2 + 88*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)) + 16*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*g*(33*d*g*(21*f^2 + 6*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + e*(462*f^3 + 297*f^2*g*x + 132*f*g^2*x^2 + 25*g^3*x^3)) - 2*a*c^4*d^4*e*(44*d*g*(105*f^3 + 63*f^2*g*x + 27*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + e*(1155*f^4 + 1848*f^3*g*x + 1782*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 880*f*g^3*x^3 + 175*g^4*x^4)) + c^5*d^5*(11*d*(315*f^4 + 420*f^3*g*x + 378*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 180*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4) + e*x*(1155*f^4 + 2772*f^3*g*x + 2970*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 1540*f*g^3*x^3 + 315*g^4*x^4)))/(3465*c^6*d^6*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.783.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {1258, 1253, 1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1258} \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(f+gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{8(cdf-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{9cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(f+gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{8(cdf-ae^2) \left(\frac{6(cdf-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{9cd} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(f+gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1253}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} \right)}{9cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(f + gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 1221

$$\frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{8(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{9cd} \right)}{7cd} \right)}{9cd} \right)}{9cd} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(f + gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde x^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 1122

3.783. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2e(f+gx)^5 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{11cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{8(cdf-aeg)}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \left(-\frac{10ae^2}{cd} + 11d - \frac{ef}{g} \right)$$

```
input Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^4)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*e*(f + g*x)^5*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((11*c*d*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((11*d - (10*a*e^2)/(c*d) - (e*f)/g)*((2*(f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(9*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (8*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(5*c*d)))/(7*c*d)))/(9*c*d)))/11
```


3.783.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

rule 1258 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*g*(n + p + 2))), x] - Simp[(b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(c*g*(n + p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.783.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 623, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-315e g^4 x^5 c^5 d^5 + 350a c^4 d^4 e^2 g^4 x^4 - 385c^5 d^6 g^4 x^4 - 1540c^5 d^5 e f g^3 x^4 - 400a^2 c^3 d^3 e^3 g^4 x^3 + 440a c^4 d^5 e g^4 x^3 + \dots)}{\dots}$
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-315e g^4 x^5 c^5 d^5 + 350a c^4 d^4 e^2 g^4 x^4 - 385c^5 d^6 g^4 x^4 - 1540c^5 d^5 e f g^3 x^4 - 400a^2 c^3 d^3 e^3 g^4 x^3 + 440a c^4 d^5 e g^4 x^3 + 1760a c^4 d^5 e g^4 x^3 + \dots)}{\dots}$

3.783.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3465/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-315*c^5*d^5*e*g^4*x^5+350*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*g^4*x^4-385*c^5*d^6*g^4*x^4-1540*c^5*d^5*e*f*g^3*x^4-400*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*g^4*x^3+440*a*c^4*d^5*e*g^4*x^3+1760*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f*g^3*x^3-1980*c^5*d^6*f*g^3*x^3-2970*c^5*d^5*e*f^2*g^2*x^3+480*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*g^4*x^2-528*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*g^4*x^2-2112*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f*g^3*x^2+2376*a*c^4*d^5*e*f*g^3*x^2+3564*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2*x^2-4158*c^5*d^6*f^2*g^2*x^2-2772*c^5*d^5*e*f^3*g*x^2-640*a^4*c*d*e^5*g^4*x+704*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*g^4*x+2816*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*g^3*x-3168*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f*g^3*x-4752*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^2*x+5544*a*c^4*d^5*e*f^2*g^2*x+3696*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^3*g*x-4620*c^5*d^6*f^3*g*x-1155*c^5*d^5*e*f^4*x+1280*a^5*e^6*g^4-1408*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*g^4-5632*a^4*c*d*e^5*f*g^3+6336*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^3+9504*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^2-11088*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2-7392*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*g+9240*a*c^4*d^5*e*f^3*g+2310*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^4-3465*c^5*d^6*f^4)/c^6/d^6
```

3.783.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 597, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2(315c^5d^5eg^4x^5 + 1155(3c^5d^6 - 2ac^4d^4e^2)f^4 - 1848(5ac^4d^5e - 4a^2c^3d^3e^3)fg^3x^4 + \dots)}{c^6d^6}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*
f^4/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 8/15*(3*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^2
+ 8*a^3*e^4 + (5*c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 - (5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*
d*e^3)*x)*f^3*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 4/35*(15*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 56*
a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 48*a^4*e^5 + 3*(7*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 - (7*a*c^3*
d^4*e - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 4*(7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x)*
f^2*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4) + 8/315*(35*c^5*d^5*e*x^5 - 144*a^4*c*
d^2*e^4 + 128*a^5*e^6 + 5*(9*c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x^4 - (9*a*c^4*d^5*e
- 8*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 2*(9*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 8*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2
- 8*(9*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^4*c*d*e^5)*x)*f*g^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^5*d^
5) + 2/3465*(315*c^6*d^6*e*x^6 + 1408*a^5*c*d^2*e^5 - 1280*a^6*e^7 + 35*(1
1*c^6*d^7 - a*c^5*d^5*e^2)*x^5 - 5*(11*a*c^5*d^6*e - 10*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3)*x
^4 + 8*(11*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 - 10*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4)*x^3 - 16*(11*a^3*c^3*d^4*
e^3 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 64*(11*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 10*a^5*c*d*e^6)*x
)*g^4/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^6*d^6)
```

3.783.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1789 vs. $2(465) = 930$.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1789, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/3465*e*(3465*(c^5*d^6*f^4 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2*f^4 - 4*a*c^4*d^5*e*f^3*g + 4*
a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^3*g + 6*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*
g^2 - 4*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g^3 + 4*a^4*c*d*e^5*f*g^3 + a^4*c*d^2*e^4*g^4 -
a^5*e^6*g^4)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^6*d^6*e) - 2*(1155
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^6*e^4*f^4 - 1155*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^
4*d^4*e^6*f^4 - 924*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^7*e^3*f^3*g - 2772*sqrt(-
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^5*e^5*f^3*g + 3696*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3
*d^3*e^7*f^3*g + 594*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^8*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 990*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^6*e^4*f^2*g^2 + 3168*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2
*c^3*d^4*e^6*f^2*g^2 - 4752*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8*f^2*g^2
- 220*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^9*e*f*g^3 - 308*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*a*c^4*d^7*e^3*f*g^3 - 528*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^5*f*g^3 -
1760*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^7*f*g^3 + 2816*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*a^4*c*d*e^9*f*g^3 + 35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^5*d^10*g^4 + 45*sqrt
(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^4*d^8*e^2*g^4 + 64*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^3*d
^6*e^4*g^4 + 112*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6*g^4 + 384*sqrt(-c*
d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*c*d^2*e^8*g^4 - 640*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^5*e^10*g^4
)/(c^6*d^6*e^5) + (1155*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^4*d^4*
e^8*f^4 + 4620*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^4*d^5*e^7*f^3*g
- 9240*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^9*f^3*g - ...

```

3.783.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 653, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{11cd} \left(\frac{2g^4x^5\sqrt{d+ex}}{11cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2560a^5e^6g^4-2560a^4e^5g^4-2560a^3e^4g^4-2560a^2e^3g^4-2560ae^2g^4-2560e^2g^4)}{11cd} \right)$$

input

```

int(((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2),x)

```

output
$$\frac{\left((x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ad* e + cd*ex^2)^{1/2} \left((2g^4x^5(d + ex))^{1/2} \right) \right) / (11cd) - \left((d + ex)^{1/2} \left(2560a^5e^6g^4 - 6930c^5d^6f^4 + 4620a^4d^4e^2f^4 - 2816a^4cd^2e^4g^4 - 14784a^2c^3d^3e^3f^3g + 12672a^3c^2d^3e^3f^3g^3 + 18480a^4d^5e^3f^3g - 11264a^4cd^5e^5f^3g^3 - 22176a^2c^3d^4e^2f^2g^2 + 19008a^3c^2d^2e^4f^2g^2 \right) \right) / (3465c^6d^6e) + \left(x(d + ex)^{1/2} \left(2310c^5d^5e^4f^4 + 9240c^5d^6f^3g - 1408a^3c^2d^3e^3g^4 + 1280a^4cd^5e^5g^4 - 7392a^4d^4e^2f^3g - 11088a^4d^5e^2f^2g^2 + 6336a^2c^3d^4e^2f^3g^3 - 5632a^3c^2d^2e^4f^3g^3 + 9504a^2c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2 \right) \right) / (3465c^6d^6e) + \left(x^2(d + ex)^{1/2} \left(8316c^5d^6f^2g^2 + 1056a^2c^3d^4e^2g^4 - 960a^3c^2d^2e^4g^4 + 5544c^5d^5e^3f^3g - 7128a^4d^4e^2f^2g^2 + 4224a^2c^3d^3e^3f^3g^3 - 4752a^4d^5e^3f^3g^3 \right) \right) / (3465c^6d^6e) + \left(4g^2x^3(d + ex)^{1/2} \left(40a^2e^3g^2 + 297c^2d^2e^2f^2 + 198c^2d^3f^3g - 44acd^2e^2g^2 - 176acd^2e^2f^3g \right) \right) / (693c^3d^3e) + \left(2g^3x^4(d + ex)^{1/2} \left(11cd^2g - 10a^2e^2g + 44cd^2ef \right) \right) / (99c^2d^2e) \right) / (x + d/e)$$

3.783.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^4}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

3.784
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.784.1 Optimal result 5760
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 3.784.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5767

3.784.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 412

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{16(cdf - aeg)^2 (8ae^2g + cd(ef - 9dg)) (2ae^2g - cd(3ef - dg)) \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{315c^5d^5eg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{16(cdf - aeg)^2 (8ae^2g + cd(ef - 9dg)) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{315c^4d^4e} - \frac{4(cdf - aeg) (8ae^2g + cd(ef - 9dg)) (f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{105c^3d^3g\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(8ae^2g + cd(ef - 9dg)) (f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{63c^2d^2g\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
16/315*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(8*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-9*d*g+e*f))*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+
3*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^5/d^5/e/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-
4/105*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(8*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-9*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/63*(8*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-9*
d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/g/(e*x
+d)^(1/2)+2/9*e*(g*x+f)^4*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)-16/315*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2*(8*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-9*d*g+e*f))*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e
```

3.784.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.784.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(128a^4e^5g^3 - 16a^3cde^3g^2(27ef+9dg+4egx))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(128*a^4*e^5*g^3 - 16*a^3*c*d*e^3*g^2*(27*e*f + 9*d*g + 4*e*g*x) + 24*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g*(3*d*g*(7*f + g*x) + e*(21*f^2 + 9*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2)) - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*(9*d*g*(35*f^2 + 14*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + e*(105*f^3 + 126*f^2*g*x + 81*f*g^2*x^2 + 20*g^3*x^3)) + c^4*d^4*(9*d*(35*f^3 + 35*f^2*g*x + 21*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + e*x*(105*f^3 + 189*f^2*g*x + 135*f*g^2*x^2 + 35*g^3*x^3)))/(315*c^5*d^5*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.784.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1258, 1253, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde}x^2} dx$$

↓ 1258

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8ae^2}{cd} + 9d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{cde}x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} dx + \frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 1253

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8ae^2}{cd} + 9d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{7cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1253} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8ae^2}{cd} + 9d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd} \right) + 2 \\
 & \qquad \frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1221} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8ae^2}{cd} + 9d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} \right)}{7cd} \right) \\
 & \qquad \frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{1122} \\
 & \frac{1}{9} \left(-\frac{8ae^2}{cd} + 9d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{2e(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{9cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \frac{2(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{7cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

3.784. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^3)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*e*(f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(9*c*d*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((9*d - (8*a*e^2)/(c*d) - (e*f)/g)*((2*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (6*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(5*c*d)))/(7*c*d))/9`

3.784.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 1253 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])`

```
rule 1258 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n
+ 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*g*(n + p + 2))), x] - Simp[(b*e*g*(n + 1
) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(c*g*(n + p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] &&
!LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.784.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(35e^3g^3x^4c^4d^4-40ac^3d^3e^2g^3x^3+45c^4d^5g^3x^3+135c^4d^4efg^2x^3+48a^2c^2d^2e^3g^3x^2-54ac^3d^4eg^3x^2-162ac^3d^3e^2fg^2x^2+189c^4d^5f^2g^2x^2+189c^4d^4eef^2g^2x^2-64a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x+72a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^3x+216a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2x-252a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x-252a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2x+315c^4d^5f^2g^2x+105c^4d^4eef^3x+128a^4e^5g^3-144a^3c^3d^2e^3fg^3-432a^3c^3d^4eefg^2+504a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^2+504a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2-630a^3c^3d^4eef^2g-210a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2+315c^4d^5f^3)/c^5/d^5}$
gosper	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(35e^3g^3x^4c^4d^4-40ac^3d^3e^2g^3x^3+45c^4d^5g^3x^3+135c^4d^4efg^2x^3+48a^2c^2d^2e^3g^3x^2-54ac^3d^4eg^3x^2-162ac^3d^3e^2fg^2x^2+189c^4d^5f^2g^2x^2+189c^4d^4eef^2g^2x^2-64a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x+72a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^3x+216a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2x-252a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x-252a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2x+315c^4d^5f^2g^2x+105c^4d^4eef^3x+128a^4e^5g^3-144a^3c^3d^2e^3fg^3-432a^3c^3d^4eefg^2+504a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^2+504a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2-630a^3c^3d^4eef^2g-210a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2+315c^4d^5f^3)/c^5/d^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,meth
od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/315/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(35*c^4*d^4*e*g^3*x^4-40*a
*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^3*x^3+45*c^4*d^5*g^3*x^3+135*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2*x^3+48*a^2*c^2
*d^2*e^3*g^3*x^2-54*a*c^3*d^4*e*g^3*x^2-162*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f*g^2*x^2+189*c^
4*d^5*f*g^2*x^2+189*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g^2*x^2-64*a^3*c^3*d^4*e*f*g^3*x+72*a^2*c^2*d^
3*e^2*g^3*x+216*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^2*x-252*a^3*c^3*d^4*e*f*g^2*x-252*a^3*c^3
*d^3*e^2*f^2*g*x+315*c^4*d^5*f^2*g*x+105*c^4*d^4*e*f^3*x+128*a^4*e^5*g^3-14
4*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^3*g^3-432*a^3*c^3*d^4*e*f*g^2+504*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2+504*a^
2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g-630*a^3*c^3*d^4*e*f^2*g-210*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3+315*c^4*d^
5*f^3)/c^5/d^5
```

3.784.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(f + gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(35c^4d^4eg^3x^4 + 105(3c^4d^5 - 2ac^3d^3e^2)f^3 - 126(5ac^3d^4e - 4a^2c^2d^3e^2)fg^2 + 189c^4d^5f^2g^2x^2 + 189c^4d^4eef^2g^2x^2 - 64a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x + 72a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^3x + 216a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2x - 252a^3c^3d^4eefg^2x - 252a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2x + 315c^4d^5f^2g^2x + 105c^4d^4eef^3x + 128a^4e^5g^3 - 144a^3c^3d^2e^3fg^3 - 432a^3c^3d^4eefg^2 + 504a^2c^2d^3e^2fg^2 + 504a^2c^2d^2e^3fg^2 - 630a^3c^3d^4eef^2g - 210a^3c^3d^3e^2fg^2 + 315c^4d^5f^3)/c^5/d^5}$$

3.784. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*c^4*d^4*e*g^3*x^4 + 105*(3*c^4*d^5 - 2*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^3 - 126*(5*a*c^3*d^4*e - 4*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2*g + 72*(7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*a^3*c*d*e^4)*f*g^2 - 16*(9*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 8*a^4*e^5)*g^3 + 5*(27*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2 + (9*c^4*d^5 - 8*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(63*c^4*d^4*e*f^2*g + 9*(7*c^4*d^5 - 6*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f*g^2 - 2*(9*a*c^3*d^4*e - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (105*c^4*d^4*e*f^3 + 63*(5*c^4*d^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^2*g - 36*(7*a*c^3*d^4*e - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g^2 + 8*(9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 8*a^3*c*d*e^4)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c^5*d^5*e*x + c^5*d^6)`

3.784.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**3/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.784.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx &= \frac{2(c^2d^2ex^2 + 3acd^2e - 2a^2e^3 + (3c^2d^3 - acde^2)x)f^3}{3\sqrt{cdx + aec^2d^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2(3c^3d^3ex^3 - 10a^2cd^2e^2 + 8a^3e^4 + (5c^3d^4 - ac^2d^2e^2)x^2 - (5ac^2d^3e - 4a^2cde^3)x)f^2g}{5\sqrt{cdx + aec^3d^3}} \\ &+ \frac{2(15c^4d^4ex^4 + 56a^3cd^2e^3 - 48a^4e^5 + 3(7c^4d^5 - ac^3d^3e^2)x^3 - (7ac^3d^4e - 6a^2c^2d^2e^3)x^2 + 4(7a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6a^3c^2d^2e^3)x - 2a^4c^2d^2e^3)f}{35\sqrt{cdx + aec^4d^4}} \\ &+ \frac{2(35c^5d^5ex^5 - 144a^4cd^2e^4 + 128a^5e^6 + 5(9c^5d^6 - ac^4d^4e^2)x^4 - (9ac^4d^5e - 8a^2c^3d^3e^3)x^3 + 2(9a^2c^3d^4e^2 - 8a^3c^2d^2e^3)x - 2a^4c^2d^2e^3)f}{315\sqrt{cdx + aec^5d^5}} \end{aligned}$$

3.784. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*
f^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 2/5*(3*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^2
+ 8*a^3*e^4 + (5*c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 - (5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d
*e^3)*x)*f^2*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 2/35*(15*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 56*a
^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 48*a^4*e^5 + 3*(7*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 - (7*a*c^3*d
^4*e - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 4*(7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x)*f
*g^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4) + 2/315*(35*c^5*d^5*e*x^5 - 144*a^4*c*d^2
*e^4 + 128*a^5*e^6 + 5*(9*c^5*d^6 - a*c^4*d^4*e^2)*x^4 - (9*a*c^4*d^5*e -
8*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^3)*x^3 + 2*(9*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 8*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 8
*(9*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 8*a^4*c*d*e^5)*x)*g^3/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^5*d^5)
```

3.784.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1185 vs. $2(382) = 764$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/315*e*(315*(c^4*d^5*f^3 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3 - 3*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^2*g + 3*a^
2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g + 3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^2 - a^3*
c*d^2*e^3*g^3 + a^4*e^5*g^3)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^5*
d^5*e) - 2*(105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^3*f^3 - 105*sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^3*e^5*f^3 - 63*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^6*e^2*f^2*g
- 189*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^4*e^4*f^2*g + 252*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6*f^2*g + 27*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^7*e*f*g^2 + 45
*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^5*e^3*f*g^2 + 144*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a
^2*c^2*d^3*e^5*f*g^2 - 216*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c*d*e^7*f*g^2 - 5*sq
rt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^8*g^3 - 7*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^6*e^2*
g^3 - 12*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4*g^3 - 40*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a
*e^3)*a^3*c*d^2*e^6*g^3 + 64*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^4*e^8*g^3)/(c^5*d^5*
e^4) + (105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e^6*f^3 + 31
5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^4*e^5*f^2*g - 630*((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^7*f^2*g - 630*((e*x + d)*c
*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^6*f*g^2 + 945*((e*x + d)*c*d*e -
c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d*e^8*f*g^2 + 315*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*g^3 - 420*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3
)^(3/2)*a^3*e^9*g^3 + 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^2*d^
2*e^4*f^2*g + 189*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^2*d^3*e^3...
```

3.784.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(256a^4e^5g^3-288a^3cd^2e^3g^3-864} \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2),x)
```

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(256*a^4*e^5*g^3 + 630*c^4*d^5*f^3 - 420*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3 - 288*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*g^3 + 1008*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*g + 1008*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f*g^2 - 1260*a*c^3*d^4*e*f^2*g - 864*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^2)))/(315*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*g^3*x^4*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/(9*c*d) + (x*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(210*c^4*d^4*e*f^3 + 630*c^4*d^5*f^2*g + 144*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*g^3 - 128*a^3*c*d*e^4*g^3 - 504*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*g + 432*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*f*g^2 - 504*a*c^3*d^4*e*f*g^2))/(315*c^5*d^5*e) + (2*g*x^2*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(16*a^2*e^3*g^2 + 63*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + 63*c^2*d^3*f*g - 18*a*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 54*a*c*d*e^2*f*g))/(105*c^3*d^3*e) + (2*g^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(9*c*d^2*g - 8*a*e^2*g + 27*c*d*e*f))/(63*c^2*d^2*e)))/(x + d/e)$

3.784. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^3}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.785
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.785.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{8(cdf - aeg)(6ae^2g + cd(ef - 7dg))(2ae^2g - cd(3ef - dg))\sqrt{ade}}{105c^4d^4eg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8(cdf - aeg)(6ae^2g + cd(ef - 7dg))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{105c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(6ae^2g + cd(ef - 7dg))(f+gx)^2\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{35c^2d^2g\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2e(f+gx)^3\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{7cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

```
output 8/105*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(6*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-7*d*g+e*f))*(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+3*e
*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^4/d^4/e/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/3
5*(6*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-7*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^2*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/7*e*(g*x+f)^3*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*
e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8/105*(-a*e*g+c*d*f)*(6*a*e^2*g+c*d*(-7*d
*g+e*f))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e
```


3.785.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-48a^3e^4g^2+8a^2cde^2g(14ef+7dg+3egx))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-48*a^3*e^4*g^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^2*g*(14*e*f + 7*d*g + 3*e*g*x) - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*(14*d*g*(5*f + g*x) + e*(35*f^2 + 28*f*g*x + 9*g^2*x^2)) + c^3*d^3*(7*d*(15*f^2 + 10*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + e*x*(35*f^2 + 42*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2)))/(105*c^4*d^4*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.785.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1258, 1253, 1221, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1258$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{6ae^2}{cd} + 7d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \frac{2e(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\downarrow 1253$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{6ae^2}{cd} + 7d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{5cd} + \frac{2(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) + \frac{2e(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{7cdg\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

3.785. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1221 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{6ae^2}{cd} + 7d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 3f \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx + \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade}}{3cde} \right)}{5cd} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \frac{2e(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1122 \\
 & \frac{1}{7} \left(-\frac{6ae^2}{cd} + 7d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) \left(\frac{2e(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{7cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \frac{2(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cd\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4(cdf - aeg) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2} \left(-\frac{2aeg}{cd} \right)}{3cd\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{5cd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]
```

```
output (2*e*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(7*c*d*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + ((7*d - (6*a*e^2)/(c*d) - (e*f)/g)*((2*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*((2*(3*f - (d*g)/e - (2*a*e*g)/(c*d))*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*g*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d*e)))/(5*c*d))/7
```

3.785.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1122 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]
```

3.785. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

```
rule 1221 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1253 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m - n - 1))), x] - Simp[n*((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)/(c*e*(m - n - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m - n - 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || IntegerQ[n])
```

```
rule 1258 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*g*(n + p + 2))), x] - Simp[(b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(c*g*(n + p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

3.785.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-15g^2ex^3c^3d^3+18a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2x^2-21c^3d^4g^2x^2-42c^3d^3efgx^2-24a^2cde^3g^2x+28a^2c^2d^3eg^2x+56a^2c^2d^2e^2fgx-70c^3d^4)}{105\sqrt{ex+d}c^4d^4}$
gosper	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-15g^2ex^3c^3d^3+18a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2x^2-21c^3d^4g^2x^2-42c^3d^3efgx^2-24a^2cde^3g^2x+28a^2c^2d^3eg^2x+56a^2c^2d^2e^2fgx-70c^3d^4)}{105c^4d^4\sqrt{cdex^2+ae^2x+c}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.785. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

output
$$\frac{-2/105/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)*(-15*c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x^3+18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2*x^2-21*c^3*d^4*g^2*x^2-42*c^3*d^3*e*f*g*x^2-24*a^2*c*d*e^3*g^2*x+28*a*c^2*d^3*e*g^2*x+56*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g*x-70*c^3*d^4*f*g*x-35*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*x+48*a^3*e^4*g^2-56*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^2-112*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g+140*a*c^2*d^3*e*f*g+70*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2-105*c^3*d^4*f^2)/c^4/d^4$$

3.785.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2(15c^3d^3eg^2x^3+35(3c^3d^4-2ac^2d^2e^2)f^2-28(5ac^2d^3e-4a^2cde^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2/105*(15*c^3*d^3*e*g^2*x^3+35*(3*c^3*d^4-2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2-28*(5*a*c^2*d^3*e-4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f*g+8*(7*a^2*c*d^2*e^2-6*a^3*e^4)*g^2+3*(14*c^3*d^3*e*f*g+(7*c^3*d^4-6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*g^2)*x^2+(35*c^3*d^3*e*f^2+14*(5*c^3*d^4-4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f*g-4*(7*a*c^2*d^3*e-6*a^2*c*d*e^3)*g^2)*x*\sqrt{c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x}*\sqrt{e*x+d}/(c^4*d^4*e*x+c^4*d^5)$$

3.785.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)**2/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.785.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2ex^2+3acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(3c^2d^3-acde^2)x)f^2}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}} + \frac{4(3c^3d^3ex^3-10a^2cd^2e^2+8a^3e^4+(5c^3d^4-ac^2d^2e^2)x^2-(5ac^2d^3e-4a^2cde^3)x)fg}{15\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}} + \frac{2(15c^4d^4ex^4+56a^3cd^2e^3-48a^4e^5+3(7c^4d^5-ac^3d^3e^2)x^3-(7ac^3d^4e-6a^2c^2d^2e^3)x^2+4(7a^2c^2d^3e^2-6a^3cde^3)x-2a^4e^5)}{105\sqrt{cdx+aec^4d^4}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*f^2/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 4/15*(3*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^3*e^4 + (5*c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 - (5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)*f*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3) + 2/105*(15*c^4*d^4*e*x^4 + 56*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 48*a^4*e^5 + 3*(7*c^4*d^5 - a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 - (7*a*c^3*d^4*e - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3)*x^2 + 4*(7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 6*a^3*c*d*e^3)*x - 2*a^4*e^5)/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^4*d^4)`

3.785.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 704 vs. 2(297) = 594.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{105(c^3d^4f^2-ac^2d^2e^2f^2-2ac^2d^3efg+2a^2cde^3fg+a^2cd^2e^2g^2-a^3e^4g^2)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-ae^2}}{c^4d^4e} \right)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/105*e*(105*(c^3*d^4*f^2 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e*f*g + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g + a^2*c*d^2*e^2*g^2 - a^3*e^4*g^2)*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^4*d^4*e) - 2*(35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^4*e^2*f^2 - 35*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2 - 14*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^5*e*f*g - 42*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g + 56*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d*e^5*f*g + 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^3*d^6*g^2 + 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*g^2 + 16*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*g^2 - 24*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*e^6*g^2)/(c^4*d^4*e^3) + (35*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^4*f^2 + 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e^3*f*g - 140*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^5*f*g - 70*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^4*g^2 + 105*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*e^6*g^2 + 42*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c*d*e^2*f*g + 21*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 63*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*e^3*g^2 + 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(7/2)*g^2)/(c^4*d^4*e^6)/abs(e)$

3.785.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{2g^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{7cd} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(96a^3e^4g^2-112a^2c^3d^4f^2+140a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2-112a^2c^2d^2e^2g^2+280a^2c^2d^3e^3f^2-224a^2c^2d^3e^3f^2g-224a^2c^2d^3e^3f^2g-56a^2c^2d^3e^3g^2+48a^2c^2d^3e^3g^2-112a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g)}{(105c^4d^4e)} + (x(d+ex)^{1/2}(70c^3d^3e^3f^2+140c^3d^4f^2g-56a^2c^2d^3e^3g^2+48a^2c^2d^3e^3g^2-112a^2c^2d^2e^2f^2g)}{(105c^4d^4e)} + (2gx^2(d+ex)^{1/2}(7c^2d^2g-6a^2e^2g+14c^2d^2e^2f)}{(35c^2d^2e)} \right)}{(x+ d/e)}$$

input $\text{int}(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)$

output $((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)*((2*g^2*x^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(7*c*d) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(96*a^3*e^4*g^2 - 210*c^3*d^4*f^2 + 140*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 112*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2 + 280*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^2 - 224*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*f^2*g)/(105*c^4*d^4*e) + (x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(70*c^3*d^3*e^3*f^2 + 140*c^3*d^4*f^2*g - 56*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*g^2 + 48*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*g^2 - 112*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g))/(105*c^4*d^4*e) + (2*g*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(7*c^2*d^2*g - 6*a^2*e^2*g + 14*c^2*d^2*e^2*f))/(35*c^2*d^2*e)))/(x + d/e)$

3.785. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.786
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.786.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 44, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)(4ae^2g-cd(5ef-dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15c^3d^3e\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{2(4ae^2g-cd(5ef-dg))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{15c^2d^2e}$$

$$+ \frac{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{5cde}$$

output

```
2/5*g*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/e-4/15*(-a
*e^2+c*d^2)*(4*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+5*e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)
^(1/2)/c^3/d^3/e/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-2/15*(4*a*e^2*g-c*d*(-d*g+5*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/e
```

3.786.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(8a^2e^3g-2acde(5ef+5dg+2egx))+c^2d^2(5f+5g)}{15c^3d^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(8*a^2*e^3*g - 2*a*c*d*e*(5*e*f + 5*d*g + 2*e*g*x) + c^2*d^2*(5*d*(3*f + g*x) + e*x*(5*f + 3*g*x)))/(15*c^3*d^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.786.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.068$, Rules used = {1221, 1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1221} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{4aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 5f \right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c dex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{5cde} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1128} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \left(-\frac{4aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 5f \right) \left(\frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c dex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{3cd} \right) + \\ & \quad \frac{2g(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+c dex^2}}{5cde} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1122} \end{aligned}$$

3.786. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{4 \left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3cd} \right) \left(-\frac{4aeg}{cd} - \frac{dg}{e} + 5f \right) + \frac{2g(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{5cde}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*g*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(5*c*d*e) + ((5*f - (d*g)/e - (4*a*e*g)/(c*d))*((4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d)))/5`

3.786.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

rule 1221 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[(m*(g*(c*d - b*e) + c*e*f) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))/(c*e*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0]`

3.786.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(3egx^2c^2d^2-4acd^2e^2gx+5c^2d^3gx+5c^2d^2efx+8a^2e^3g-10acd^2eg-10acd^2ef+15d^3fc^2)}{15\sqrt{ex+d}c^3d^3}$	113
gospers	$\frac{2(cdx+ae)(3egx^2c^2d^2-4acd^2e^2gx+5c^2d^3gx+5c^2d^2efx+8a^2e^3g-10acd^2eg-10acd^2ef+15d^3fc^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15c^3d^3\sqrt{cde^2x^2+ae^2x+c^2d^2x+ade}}$	131

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method
=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(3*c^2*d^2*e*g*x^2-4*a*c*d*
e^2*g*x+5*c^2*d^3*g*x+5*c^2*d^2*e*f*x+8*a^2*e^3*g-10*a*c*d^2*e*g-10*a*c*d*
e^2*f+15*c^2*d^3*f)/c^3/d^3
```

3.786.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2egx^2+5(3c^2d^3-2acde^2)f-2(5acd^2e-4a^2e^3)g+(5c^2d^2e^2f+5c^2d^3g-4acd^2ef+8a^2e^3g-10acd^2eg-10acd^2ef+15d^3fc^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15(c^3d^3e^2x^2+c^2d^2e^2x+c^2d^2e^2x+ade)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/15*(3*c^2*d^2*e*g*x^2+5*(3*c^2*d^3-2*a*c*d*e^2)*f-2*(5*a*c*d^2*e-
4*a^2*e^3)*g+(5*c^2*d^2*e*f+(5*c^2*d^3-4*a*c*d*e^2)*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*
e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^3*e*x+c^3*d^4)
```

3.786.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(f + g*x)/sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x)), x)`

3.786.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2ex^2+3acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(3c^2d^3-acde^2)x)f}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}} + \frac{2(3c^3d^3ex^3-10a^2cd^2e^2+8a^3e^4+(5c^3d^4-ac^2d^2e^2)x^2-(5ac^2d^3e-4a^2cde^3)x)g}{15\sqrt{cdx+aec^3d^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)*x)*f/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^2*d^2) + 2/15*(3*c^3*d^3*e*x^3 - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + 8*a^3*e^4 + (5*c^3*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^2 - (5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*x)*g/(sqrt(c*d*x + a*e)*c^3*d^3)`

3.786.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{15(c^2d^3f-acde^2f-acd^2eg+a^2e^3g)\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}}{c^3d^3e} - \frac{2(5\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}c^2d}{c^3d^3e} \right)}{1}$$

3.786. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*e*(15*(c^2*d^3*f - a*c*d*e^2*f - a*c*d^2*e*g + a^2*e^3*g)*sqrt((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^3*d^3*e) - 2*(5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2
*d^3*e*f - 5*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d*e^3*f - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c
^2*d^4*g - 3*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c*d^2*e^2*g + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)*a^2*e^4*g)/(c^3*d^3*e^2) + (5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)
*c*d*e^2*f + 5*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*g - 10*((
e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*e^3*g + 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d
^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*g)/(c^3*d^3*e^4))/abs(e)`

3.786.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(f+gx)}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(16ga^2e^3-20gacd^2e-20facde^2)}{15c^3d^3e} \right)}{x + \frac{d}{e}}$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1
/2),x)`

output `((x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2))*(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*e
^3*g + 30*c^2*d^3*f - 20*a*c*d*e^2*f - 20*a*c*d^2*e*g))/(15*c^3*d^3*e) + (
2*g*x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(5*c*d) + (2*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(5*c*d^2*g - 4*a*e
^2*g + 5*c*d*e*f))/(15*c^2*d^2*e)))/(x + d/e)`

3.787
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.787.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{4(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3cd}$$

output `4/3*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d`

3.787.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}(-2ae^2+cd(3d+ex))}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)]*(-2*a*e^2 + c*d*(3*d + e*x)))/(3*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

3.787.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.787.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$, Rules used = {1128, 1122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1128}$$

$$\frac{2\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cde x^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1122}$$

$$\frac{4\left(d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c}\right) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cd^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde x^2}}{3cd}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2], x]`

output `(4*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d^2 *Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(3*c*d)`

3.787.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1122 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0]`

rule 1128 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[Simplify[m + p]*((2*c*d - b*e)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[Simplify[m + p], 0]`

3.787. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.787.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)}(-cde x+2e^2 a-3c d^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d} c^2 d^2}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{2(cdx+ae)(-cde x+2e^2 a-3c d^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3c^2 d^2 \sqrt{cde x^2+a e^2 x+c d^2 x+ade}}$	69

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURN
VERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(-c*d*e*x+2*a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/
c^2/d^2
```

3.787.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cde x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(cde x+3cd^2-2ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3(c^2d^2ex+c^2d^3)}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorit
hm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/3*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2+a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x)*(c*d*e*x+3*c*d^2-2*a*e
^2)*sqrt(e*x+d)/(c^2*d^2*e*x+c^2*d^3)
```

3.787.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d+e*x)**(3/2)/sqrt((d+e*x)*(a*e+c*d*x)),x)
```

3.787. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$

3.787.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{2(c^2d^2ex^2+3acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(3c^2d^3-acde^2)x)}{3\sqrt{cdx+aec^2d^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(c^2*d^2*e*x^2+3*a*c*d^2*e-2*a^2*e^3+(3*c^2*d^3-a*c*d*e^2)*x)/(sqrt(c*d*x+a*e)*c^2*d^2)`

3.787.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{2e \left(\frac{3\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3}(cd^2-ae^2)}{c^2d^2e} - \frac{2(\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}cd^2-\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}ae^2)}{c^2d^2e} \right)}{3|e|} + \dots$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*e*(3*sqrt((e*x+d)*c*d*e-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*(c*d^2-a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*e)-2*(sqrt(-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*c*d^2-sqrt(-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)*a*e^2)/(c^2*d^2*e)+((e*x+d)*c*d*e-c*d^2*e+a*e^3)^(3/2)/(c^2*d^2*e^2))/abs(e)`

3.787.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2x\sqrt{d+ex}}{3cd} - \frac{(4ae^2-6cd^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{3c^2d^2e} \right) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}$$

3.787. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `((2*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c*d) - ((4*a*e^2 - 6*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(3*c^2*d^2*e))*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(x + d/e)`

3.787. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$3.788 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.788.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(e f - d g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}}$$

output `-2*(-d*g+e*f)*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)+2*e*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/c/d/g/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.788.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}\left(e\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}(ae+cdx)+cd(-ef+dg)\sqrt{ae g}\right)}{cdg^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae g}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]), x]`

3.788. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output $(2\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{g}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}(ae+cdx)+cd(-(ef+d)g)\sqrt{ae+cdx})\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}}]))/(cdg^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}\sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)})$

3.788.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1258, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1258

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{g}$$

↓ 1255

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2e^2(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)e^2}{d+ex}} d \frac{\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{g}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{cdg\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{2(ef-dg) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}}\right)}{g^{3/2}\sqrt{cdf-ae^2g}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d+ex)^{(3/2)} / ((f+gx)\sqrt{a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}), x]$

output $(2e\sqrt{a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}) / (c*d*g*\sqrt{d+e*x}) - (2*(e*f-d*g)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{g}*\sqrt{a*d*e+(c*d^2+a*e^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2}) / (\sqrt{c*d*f-a*e*g}*\sqrt{d+e*x})]) / (g^{3/2}*\sqrt{c*d*f-a*e*g})$

3.788. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.788.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1258 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*g*(n + p + 2))), x] - Simp[(b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(c*g*(n + p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && !LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.788.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c d^2 g - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c d e f - e\sqrt{cdx+ae} \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cdx+ae} d e g \sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}$	153

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*g-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e*f-e*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/d/c/g/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)`

3.788.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx$$

3.788.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 511, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \left[\frac{(cd^2ef - cd^3g + (cde^2f - cd^2eg)x)\sqrt{-cdfg + aeg^2} \log(-}{\right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="fricas")`

output `[((c*d^2*e*f - c*d^3*g + (c*d*e^2*f - c*d^2*e*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(c*d*e*f*g - a*e^2*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f*g^2 - a*c*d^2*e*g^3 + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x), 2*((c*d^2*e*f - c*d^3*g + (c*d*e^2*f - c*d^2*e*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g*x)) + (c*d*e*f*g - a*e^2*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f*g^2 - a*c*d^2*e*g^3 + (c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - a*c*d*e^2*g^3)*x)]`

3.788.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.788.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cde}x^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*
x + f)), x)`

3.788.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3e}}{g|e|} - \frac{(cde^3f-cd^2e^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3e}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}g|e|} \right)}{cd} + \frac{2 \left(cde^2f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right) - cd^2eg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}}\right) - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3}\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e} \right)}{\sqrt{cdfg-aeg^2e}cdg|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,
algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*e/(g*abs(e)) - (c*d*e^3*f - c*d
^2*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g -
a*e*g^2)*e))/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e*g*abs(e)))/(c*d) + 2*(c*d*e^2*f*a
rctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - c*d^2*e*g*ar
ctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e
+ a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*g*abs(e)
)`

3.788. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde}x^2} dx$

3.788.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde x^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.789
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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3.789.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{(ef-dg)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{g(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)} - \frac{(2ae^2g-cd(ef+dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(2*a*e^2*g-c*d*(d*g+e*f))*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(3/2)-(-d*g+e*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```


3.789.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{g}(-ef+dg)(ae+cdx)}{(-cdf+aeg)(f+gx)} + \frac{(-2ae^2g+cd(ef+dg))\sqrt{ae+cdx}}{(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} \right)}{g^{3/2} \sqrt{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-((Sqrt[g]*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(a*e + c*d*x))/((-c*d*f) + a*e*g)*(f + g*x))) + ((-2*a*e^2*g + c*d*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))/ (g^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.789.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1257, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1257} \\ & -\frac{(2ae^2g - cd(dg + ef)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx) \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{\frac{2g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1255} \\ & -\frac{e^2(2ae^2g - cd(dg + ef)) \int \frac{1}{(cdf - aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade)}{d+ex}} e^2 d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2 + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + ade}{d+ex}}}{\frac{g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}} \\ & \quad \frac{g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\ & \quad \frac{g \sqrt{d+ex} (f+gx)(cdf - aeg)}{g \sqrt{d+ex} (f+gx)(cdf - aeg)} \end{aligned}$$

3.789. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(2ae^2g - cd(dg + ef)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{cdf - aeg}}\right)}{g^{3/2}(cdf - aeg)^{3/2} \frac{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)(cdf - aeg)}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x))) - ((2*a*e^2*g - c*d*(e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(g^(3/2)*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2))`

3.789.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1257 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[e*((b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.789.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 336 vs. 2(154) = 308.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) a e^2 g^2 x + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c d^2 g^2 x + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right) c d e f g x - 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{aeg-cdf}g}\right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{cdx+ae}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-2*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*e^2*g^2*x+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*g^2*x+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e*f*g*x-2*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*e^2*f*g+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*f*g+arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e*f^2-(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*d*g+(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)*e*f/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/g/(a*e*g-c*d*f)/(g*x+f)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
```

3.789.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. 2(154) = 308.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 896, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{\left[\begin{aligned} &(cd^2ef^2 + (cd^3 - 2ade^2)fg + (cde^2fg + (cd^2e - 2ae^3)g^2)x^2 + (cde^2f^2 + 2(cd^2e - ae^3)fg + (cd^3 - 2ade^2)fg^2) \right]}{c^2d^3f^3g^2 - 2acd^2ef^2g^3 + a^2de^2fg^4 + (c^2d^2ef^2g^3 - 2ade^2fg^2)} \end{aligned} \right]}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/2*((c*d^2*e*f^2 + (c*d^3 - 2*a*d*e^2)*f*g + (c*d*e^2*f*g + (c*d^2*e -
2*a*e^3)*g^2)*x^2 + (c*d*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*f*g + (c*d^3 - 2*a*
d*e^2)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*
d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*
d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (
e*f + d*g)*x)) + 2*(c*d*e*f^2*g + a*d*e*g^3 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(
c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^3*g^2 - 2
*a*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^4 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*
g^4 + a^2*e^3*g^5)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + a^2*d*e^2*g^5 + (c^2*d^3 - 2
*a*c*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^4)*x), -((c*d^2*e*f^2 +
(c*d^3 - 2*a*d*e^2)*f*g + (c*d*e^2*f*g + (c*d^2*e - 2*a*e^3)*g^2)*x^2 + (c
*d*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*f*g + (c*d^3 - 2*a*d*e^2)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*
d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*arctan(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c
*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*d*e*g*x^2 + a*d*e*g + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*g
*x)) + (c*d*e*f^2*g + a*d*e*g^3 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 +
a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^3*f^3*g^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e*f
^2*g^3 + a^2*d*e^2*f*g^4 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 + a^2*e
^3*g^5)*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + a^2*d*e^2*g^5 + (c^2*d^3 - 2*a*c*d*e^2)*
f^2*g^3 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*f*g^4)*x)]

```

3.789.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**2/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**
(1/2),x)

```

output

```

Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**2), x)

```

3.789.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*
x + f)^2), x)`

3.789.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 469 vs. $2(154) = 308$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{cde^2 f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) + cd^2eg \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) - 2ae^3g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right) - \sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}cdfg|e| - \sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}ae^2|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{e \left(\frac{(c^2d^2e^2f+c^2d^3eg-2acde^3g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}}\right)}{(cdfg|e|-ae^2|e|)\sqrt{cdfg-ae^2e}} - \frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}c^2d^3eg}{(cde^2f-ae^3g+((ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g)g)(cdfg|e|-ae^2|e|)} \right)}{cd}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^2/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

3.789. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

output `-(c*d*e^2*f*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + c*d^2*e*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 2*a*e^3*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*f*g*abs(e) - sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e*g^2*abs(e)) + e*((c^2*d^2*e^2*f + c^2*d^3*e*g - 2*a*c*d*e^3*g)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)))/((c*d*f*g*abs(e) - a*e*g^2*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^2*e^2*f - sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^2*d^3*e*g)/((c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)*(c*d*f*g*abs(e) - a*e*g^2*abs(e)))/c*d`

3.789.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.790
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

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 3.790.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5801
 3.790.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5801
 3.790.4 Maple [B] (verified) 5803
 3.790.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5804
 3.790.6 Sympy [F] 5805
 3.790.7 Maxima [F] 5806
 3.790.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5806
 3.790.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5807

3.790.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{2g(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}$$

$$-\frac{(4ae^2g-cd(ef+3dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{4g(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$-\frac{cd(4ae^2g-cd(ef+3dg))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*c*d*(4*a*e^2*g-c*d*(3*d*g+e*f))*arctan(g^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/g^(3/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^(5/2)-1/2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/4*(4*a*e^2*g-c*d*(3*d*g+e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.790.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \frac{cd\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(ae+cdx)(-2aeg(dg+e(f+2gx))+cd(ef(-f+gx)+dg(5f+cd(cf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^2))}{cd(cf-aeg)^2(f+gx)^2} \right)}{4g^{3/2} \sqrt{(ae+cdx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `(c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((Sqrt[g]*(a*e + c*d*x)*(-2*a*e*g*(d*g + e*(f + 2*g*x)) + c*d*(e*f*(-f + g*x) + d*g*(5*f + 3*g*x))))/(c*d*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^2*(f + g*x)^2) + ((-4*a*e^2*g + c*d*(e*f + 3*d*g))*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(5/2)))/(4*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])`

3.790.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1257, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1257$$

$$-\frac{(4ae^2g - cd(3dg + ef)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{\frac{4g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg) \sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}} - \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)}}{\downarrow 1254}$$

3.790. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (4ae^2g - cd(3dg + ef)) \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
& \frac{4g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1255} \\
& (4ae^2g - cd(3dg + ef)) \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-aeg)e^2 + \frac{g(cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} e^2 d \sqrt{\frac{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}{d+ex}}}{cdf-aeg} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
& \frac{4g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
& (4ae^2g - cd(3dg + ef)) \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cdf-aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf-aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-aeg)} \right) \\
& \frac{4g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} \\
& \frac{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)}{2g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) - ((4*a*e^2*g - c*d*(e*f + 3*d*g))*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/((c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))/(4*g*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.790.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1255 `Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*e*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1257 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[e*((b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.790.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 662 vs. $2(235) = 470$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{(cdx+ae)(ex+d)} \left(4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) acd e^2 g^3 x^2 - 3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^3 g^3 x^2 - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g\sqrt{cdx+ae}}{\sqrt{(aeg-cdf)g}}\right) c^2 d^2 e f g^2 \right)}{\dots}$

$$3.790. \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(4*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e^2*g^3*x^2-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*g^3*x^2-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2*x^2+8*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*x-6*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*f*g^2*x-2*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g*x+4*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c*d*e^2*f^2*g-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^3*f^2*g-arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^2*d^2*e*f^3-4*a*e^2*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+3*c*d^2*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+c*d*e*f*g*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-2*a*d*e*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-2*a*e^2*f*g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+5*c*d^2*f*g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-c*d*e*f^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2/g/(a*e*g-c*d*f)^2/(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)
```

3.790.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 831 vs. $2(235) = 470$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1704, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
[1/8*((c^2*d^3*e*f^3 + (3*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g + (c^2*d^2*e^2*f*
g^2 + (3*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a*c*d*e^3)*g^3)*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + (7*c^2
*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (3*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)*g^3)*x^2 + (c^2*
d^2*e^2*f^3 + (5*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g + 2*(3*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c*d^2
*e^2)*f*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a
*d*e*g - (c*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x + 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c
*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f +
(e*f + d*g)*x)) - 2*(c^2*d^2*e*f^3*g - 2*a^2*d*e^2*g^4 - (5*c^2*d^3 - a*c*
d*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + (7*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3)*f*g^3 - (c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^2 + (3
*c^2*d^3 - 5*a*c*d*e^2)*f*g^3 - (3*a*c*d^2*e - 4*a^2*e^3)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*d
*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^4*f^5*g^2 - 3*a*
c^2*d^3*e*f^4*g^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^4 - a^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^5 + (c^3*d^3
*e*f^3*g^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^5 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^6 - a^3*e^4*g^7)*
x^3 + (2*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g^3 - a^3*d*e^3*g^7 + (c^3*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f
^3*g^4 - 3*(a*c^2*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^5 + (3*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*a^
3*e^4)*f*g^6)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e*f^5*g^2 - 2*a^3*d*e^3*f*g^6 + (2*c^3*d^4 -
3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^4*g^3 - 3*(2*a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^3*g^4 + (6*a^
2*c*d^2*e^2 - a^3*e^4)*f^2*g^5)*x, -1/4*((c^2*d^3*e*f^3 + (3*c^2*d^4 - 4*
a*c*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g + (c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^2 + (3*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a*c*d*e^3)*g^3)
*x^3 + (2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g + (7*c^2*d^3*e - 8*a*c*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (3*c^...
```

3.790.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{(d+ex)(ae+cdx)}(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**3/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**
(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(sqrt((d + e*x)*(a*e + c*d*x))*(f + g*x)**3), x)
```

3.790.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*
x + f)^3), x)`

3.790.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1071 vs. 2(235) = 470.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1071, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \left(\frac{(c^3 d^3 e f + 3 c^3 d^4 g - 4 a c^2 d^2 e^2 g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2e}}\right)}{(c^2 d^2 f^2 g |e| - 2 acde f g^2 |e| + a^2 e^2 g^3 |e|) \sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2e}} - \sqrt{(ex+d)cde-cd^2e+ae^3g} \right)}{c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2e}}\right) + 2 c^2 d^3 e^2 f g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2e}}\right) - 4 acde^4 f g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2e+ae^3g}}{\sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2e}}\right) - 3 c^2 d^2 e^3 f^2} {4 (\sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2} c^2 d^2 e f^3 g |e| - \sqrt{cdfg-ae g^2} c^2 d^3 f^2)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^3/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*e^2*((c^3*d^3*e*f + 3*c^3*d^4*g - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt((e*x
+ d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^2*d^2*f^2
*g*abs(e) - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^2*g^3*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a
e*g^2)*e) - (sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^4*e^3*f^2 - 5*s
qrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^4*d^5*e^2*f*g + 3*sqrt((e*x + d)*
c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*f*g + 5*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^
2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^3*d^4*e^3*g^2 - 4*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)
*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*g^2 - ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3*e
*f*g - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^3*d^4*g^2 + 4*((e*x +
d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^2)/((c^2*d^2*f^2*g*abs(
e) - 2*a*c*d*e*f*g^2*abs(e) + a^2*e^2*g^3*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + (
(e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g^2))/(c*d) - 1/4*(c^2*d^2*e^3*f^2*arc
tan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) + 2*c^2*d^3*e^2*
f*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 4*a*c*d
*e^4*f*g*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e)) - 3*
c^2*d^4*e*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))
+ 4*a*c*d^2*e^3*g^2*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g
^2)*e)) - sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d*e^2*f + 3*sqr
t(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c*d^2*e*g - 2*sqrt(-c*d^2*e +
a*e^3)*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*a*e^3*g)/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*c^2*d^...

```

3.790.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input

```

int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)),x)

```

output

```

int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(
1/2)), x)

```

3.791
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.791.1 Optimal result	5808
3.791.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5809
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3.791.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 46, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{3g(cdf-aeg)\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3}$$

$$-\frac{(6ae^2g-cd(ef+5dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{12g(cdf-aeg)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2}$$

$$-\frac{cd(6ae^2g-cd(ef+5dg))\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{8g(cdf-aeg)^3\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)}$$

$$-\frac{c^2d^2(6ae^2g-cd(ef+5dg))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}}{\sqrt{cdf-aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8g^{3/2}(cdf-aeg)^{7/2}}$$

output
$$-1/8*c^2*d^2*(6*a*e^2*g-c*d*(5*d*g+e*f))*\arctan(g^{1/2}*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^{(1/2)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}}/g^{3/2}/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^{(7/2)}-1/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)/(g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-1/12*(6*a*e^2*g-c*d*(5*d*g+e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^2/(g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}-1/8*c*d*(6*a*e^2*g-c*d*(5*d*g+e*f))*(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^{(1/2)/g/(-a*e*g+c*d*f)^3/(g*x+f)/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}$$

3.791.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$$

3.791.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{ade + (cd^2 + ae^2)x + cdex^2}} dx = \frac{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{d + ex} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(ae+cdx)(4a^2 e^2 g^2 (2dg+e(f+3gx))-2acdeg)(dg(13f+5g))}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (c^2*d^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*((Sqrt[g]*(a*e + c*d*x))*(4*a^2*e^2*g^2*(2*d*g + e*(f + 3*g*x)) - 2*a*c*d*e*g*(d*g*(13*f + 5*g*x) + e*(8*f^2 + 25*f*g*x + 9*g^2*x^2)) + c^2*d^2*(e*f*(-3*f^2 + 8*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + d*g*(33*f^2 + 40*f*g*x + 15*g^2*x^2))))/(c^2*d^2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^3*(f + g*x)^3) + (3*(-6*a*e^2*g + c*d*(e*f + 5*d*g))*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*e + c*d*x])/Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]])/(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(7/2))/(24*g^(3/2)*Sqrt[(a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)])
```

3.791.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.109$, Rules used = {1257, 1254, 1254, 1255, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^4 \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} dx$$

↓ 1257

$$-\frac{(6ae^2g - cd(5dg + ef)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{\frac{6g(cdf - aeg)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}} - \frac{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - aeg)}}{\dots}}$$

↓ 1254

3.791. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+c dex^2}} dx$

$$(6ae^2g - cd(5dg + ef)) \left(\frac{3cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{4(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)$$

$$\frac{6g(cdf - ae^2g)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}} \\ \frac{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}$$

↓ 1254

$$(6ae^2g - cd(5dg + ef)) \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx}{2(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)$$

$$\frac{6g(cdf - ae^2g)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}} \\ \frac{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}$$

↓ 1255

$$(6ae^2g - cd(5dg + ef)) \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cde^2 \int \frac{1}{(cdf-ae^2g)e^2 + \frac{g(cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade)}{d+ex}} dx}{cdf-ae^2g} + \frac{d\sqrt{cde^2x^2 + (cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)}{4(cdf-ae^2g)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2+cd^2)+ade+cde^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf-ae^2g)} \right)$$

$$\frac{6g(cdf - ae^2g)}{(ef - dg)\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cde^2x^2}} \\ \frac{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}{3g\sqrt{d + ex}(f + gx)^3(cdf - ae^2g)}$$

↓ 218

3.791. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde^2x^2}} dx$

$$\frac{(6ae^2g - cd(5dg + ef)) \left(\frac{3cd \left(\frac{cd \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{g} \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{cdf - aeg}} \right)}{\sqrt{g}(cdf - aeg)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{4(cdf - aeg)} + \frac{\sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^2(cdf - aeg)} \right)}{6g(cdf - aeg) \frac{(ef - dg) \sqrt{x(ae^2 + cd^2) + ade + cdex^2}}{3g\sqrt{d+ex}(f+gx)^3(cdf - aeg)}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(g*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^3) - ((6*a*e^2*g - c*d*(e*f + 5*d*g))*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(2*(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*c*d*(Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(c*d*f - a*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(f + g*x)) + (c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x + c*d*e*x^2])/(Sqrt[c*d*f - a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g]*(c*d*f - a*e*g)^(3/2)))/(4*(c*d*f - a*e*g)))/(6*g*(c*d*f - a*e*g))`

3.791.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 1254 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e^2)*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))), x] - Simp[c*e*((m - n - 2)/((n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

3.791. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

```
rule 1255 Int[Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]/(((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) +
(c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^2 Subst[Int[1/(c*(e*f + d*g) - b*
*g + e^2*g*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 1257 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(
f + g*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e
*g))), x] - Simp[e*((b*e*g*(n + 1) + c*e*f*(p + 1) - c*d*g*(2*n + p + 3))/(
g*(n + 1)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g))] Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(f + g*x)^(n +
1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] &&
EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && EqQ[m + p - 1, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

3.791.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1131 vs. $2(319) = 638$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1132, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1132

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),x,meth
od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/24*((c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(40*c^2*d^3*f*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((
a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+18*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/
2))*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4*x^3-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(
1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*f*g^3*x^3-9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(
1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^2*x^2-9*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)
*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g*x+18*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)
*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^3*g+8*a^2*d*e^2*g^3*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c
*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+4*a^2*e^3*f*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+3
3*c^2*d^3*f^2*g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-3*c^2*d^2*e*f^3*
(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-45*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((
a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*f*g^3*x^2-45*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((
a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*f^2*g^2*x-50*a*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*x*(c*d*x+a*e)
^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)-15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*
f)*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*g^4*x^3-15*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)
*g)^(1/2))*c^3*d^4*f^3*g-3*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(
1/2))*c^3*d^3*e*f^4+54*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)
)*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f*g^3*x^2-26*a*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d
*f)*g)^(1/2)-16*a*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+
54*arctanh(g*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)/((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*
g^2*x-18*a*c*d*e^2*g^3*x^2*(c*d*x+a*e)^(1/2)*((a*e*g-c*d*f)*g)^(1/2)+3*...

```

3.791.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1347 vs. $2(319) = 638$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2736, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="fracas")

```

output

```

[-1/48*(3*(c^3*d^4*e*f^4 + (5*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)*f^3*g + (c^3*d^3*
e^2*f*g^3 + (5*c^3*d^4*e - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*g^4)*x^4 + (3*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^2*
g^2 + 2*(8*c^3*d^4*e - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f*g^3 + (5*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e
^2)*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g + 6*(c^3*d^4*e - a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^2*g^
2 + (5*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)*f*g^3)*x^2 + (c^3*d^3*e^2*f^4 + 2*(4*c^3
*d^4*e - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3)*f^3*g + 3*(5*c^3*d^5 - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2)*f^2*g^2)
*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*log(-(c*d*e*g*x^2 - c*d^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g - (c
*d*e*f - (c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*g)*x - 2*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2
)*x)*sqrt(-c*d*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(e*g*x^2 + d*f + (e*f + d*g)*
x)) + 2*(3*c^3*d^3*e*f^4*g + 8*a^3*d*e^3*g^5 - (33*c^3*d^4 - 13*a*c^2*d^2*
e^2)*f^3*g^2 + (59*a*c^2*d^3*e - 20*a^2*c*d*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 2*(17*a^2*c*d^2
*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^4)*f*g^4 - 3*(c^3*d^3*e*f^2*g^3 + (5*c^3*d^4 - 7*a*c^2*d^2*
e^2)*f*g^4 - (5*a*c^2*d^3*e - 6*a^2*c*d*e^3)*g^5)*x^2 - 2*(4*c^3*d^3*e*f^3
*g^2 + (20*c^3*d^4 - 29*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - (25*a*c^2*d^3*e - 31*a^2*
c*d*e^3)*f*g^4 + (5*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 6*a^3*e^4)*g^5)*x)*sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*
d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^5*f^7*g^2 - 4*a*c^3*d^4*e*f
^6*g^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*f^5*g^4 - 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*f^4*g^5 + a^4*d*e^4*f
^3*g^6 + (c^4*d^4*e*f^4*g^5 - 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*f^3*g^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*
f^2*g^7 - 4*a^3*c*d*e^4*f*g^8 + a^4*e^5*g^9)*x^4 + (3*c^4*d^4*e*f^5*g^4 +
a^4*d*e^4*g^9 + (c^4*d^5 - 12*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)*f^4*g^5 - 2*(2*a*c^3*d^4*e...

```

3.791.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**4/(a*d*e+(a*e**2+c*d**2)*x+c*d*e*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.791.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cdex^2+ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x}(gx+f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*d*e*x^2 + a*d*e + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)*(g*
x + f)^4), x)`

3.791.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1879 vs. 2(319) = 638.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1879, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cde x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^4/(a*d*e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x+c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2),
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*e^3*(3*(c^4*d^4*e*f + 5*c^4*d^5*g - 6*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g/(sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e))/((c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^3*abs(e) - a^3*e^4*g^4*abs(e))*sqrt(c*d*f*g - a*e*g^2)*e) - (3*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^6*e^5*f^3 - 33*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*c^6*d^7*e^4*f^2*g + 24*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^5*e^6*f^2*g + 66*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a*c^5*d^6*e^5*f*g^2 - 57*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^7*f*g^2 - 33*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^6*g^3 + 30*sqrt((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^8*g^3 - 8*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^5*d^5*e^3*f^2*g - 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*c^5*d^6*e^2*f*g^2 + 56*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^4*d^4*e^4*f*g^2 + 40*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a*c^4*d^5*e^3*g^3 - 48*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(3/2)*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^5*g^3 - 3*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^2 - 15*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*c^4*d^5*g^3 + 18*((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^(5/2)*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^3)/((c^3*d^3*e*f^3*g*abs(e) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*abs(e) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^3*f*g^3*abs(e) - a^3*e^4*g^4*abs(e))*(c*d*e^2*f - a*e^3*g + ((e*x + d)*c*d*e - c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*g)^3)/(c*d) - 1/24*(3*c^3*d^3*e^4*f^3*arctan(sqrt(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*...`

3.791.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{cdex^2+(cd^2+ae^2)x+ade}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2) + a*d*e + c*d*e*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.791. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(f+gx)^4 \sqrt{ade+(cd^2+ae^2)x+cdex^2}} dx$

3.792 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

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3.792.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 324

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b(24c^2 + 10b^2d^2 + 60acd^2 + 45a^2d^4) \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{15d^6}$$

$$- \frac{(5c^3 + 18b^2cd^2 + 18ac^2d^2 + 24ab^2d^4 + 24a^2cd^4) x \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{16d^6}$$

$$- \frac{b(12c^2 + 5b^2d^2 + 30acd^2) x^2 \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{15d^4}$$

$$- \frac{c(5c^2 + 18b^2d^2 + 18acd^2) x^3 \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{24d^4} - \frac{3bc^2x^4 \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{5d^2} - \frac{c^3x^5 \sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{6d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(5c^3 + 18b^2cd^2 + 18ac^2d^2 + 24ab^2d^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 16a^3d^6) \arcsin(dx)}{16d^7}$$

```
output 1/16*(16*a^3*d^6+24*a^2*c*d^4+24*a*b^2*d^4+18*a*c^2*d^2+18*b^2*c*d^2+5*c^3
)*arcsin(d*x)/d^7-1/15*b*(45*a^2*d^4+60*a*c*d^2+10*b^2*d^2+24*c^2)*(-d^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)/d^6-1/16*(24*a^2*c*d^4+24*a*b^2*d^4+18*a*c^2*d^2+18*b^2*c*d^2+
5*c^3)*x*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^6-1/15*b*(30*a*c*d^2+5*b^2*d^2+12*c^2)*x^2*(
-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^4-1/24*c*(18*a*c*d^2+18*b^2*d^2+5*c^2)*x^3*(-d^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)/d^4-3/5*b*c^2*x^4*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2-1/6*c^3*x^5*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/d^2
```


3.792.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx$$

$$-d\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}(80b^3d^2(2 + d^2x^2) + 90b^2d^2x(4ad^2 + c(3 + 2d^2x^2))) + 48b(15a^2d^4 + 10acd^2(2 + d^2x^2) + c^2(8$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]`

output $(-(d\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}*(80*b^3*d^2*(2 + d^2*x^2) + 90*b^2*d^2*x*(4*a*d^2 + c*(3 + 2*d^2*x^2))) + 48*b*(15*a^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*(2 + d^2*x^2) + c^2*(8 + 4*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^4*x^4)) + 5*c*x*(72*a^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*(3 + 2*d^2*x^2) + c^2*(15 + 10*d^2*x^2 + 8*d^4*x^4))) + 30*(5*c^3 + 18*b^2*c*d^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2 + 24*a*b^2*d^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^4 + 16*a^3*d^6)*ArcTan[(d*x)/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])])/(240*d^7)$

3.792.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {1188, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{dx + 1}} dx$$

↓ 1188

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 2346

$$\int -\frac{18bc^2d^2x^5 + c(5c^2 + 18ad^2c + 18b^2d^2)x^4 + 6b(b^2 + 6ac)d^2x^3 + 18a(b^2 + ac)d^2x^2 + 18a^2bd^2x + 6a^3d^2}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{6d^2}{c^3x^5\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \frac{6d^2}{6d^2}$$

3.792. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{18bc^2d^2x^5 + c(5c^2 + 18ad^2c + 18b^2d^2)x^4 + 6b(b^2 + 6ac)d^2x^3 + 18a(b^2 + ac)d^2x^2 + 18a^2bd^2x + 6a^3d^2}{6d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{30a^3d^4 + 90a(b^2 + ac)x^2d^4 + 90a^2bxd^4 + 5c(5c^2 + 18ad^2c + 18b^2d^2)x^4d^2 + 6b(12c^2 + 30ad^2c + 5b^2d^2)x^3d^2}{5d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{18}{5}bc^2x^4\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{30a^3d^4 + 90a(b^2 + ac)x^2d^4 + 90a^2bxd^4 + 5c(5c^2 + 18ad^2c + 18b^2d^2)x^4d^2 + 6b(12c^2 + 30ad^2c + 5b^2d^2)x^3d^2}{5d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{18}{5}bc^2x^4\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{3(40a^3d^6 + 120a^2bxd^6 + 8b(12c^2 + 30ad^2c + 5b^2d^2)x^3d^4 + 5(24ab^2d^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 18ac^2d^2 + 18b^2cd^2 + 5c^3)x^2d^2)}{4d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{5}{4}cx^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(18acd^2 + 18b^2d^2 + 5c^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{40a^3d^6 + 120a^2bxd^6 + 8b(12c^2 + 30ad^2c + 5b^2d^2)x^3d^4 + 5(24ab^2d^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 18ac^2d^2 + 18b^2cd^2 + 5c^3)x^2d^2}{4d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{5}{4}cx^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(18acd^2 + 18b^2d^2 + 5c^2) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \int \left(\frac{120a^3d^8 + 15(24ab^2d^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 18ac^2d^2 + 18b^2cd^2 + 5c^3)x^2d^4 + 8b(45a^2d^4 + 10b^2d^2 + 60acd^2 + 24c^2)x^4}{3d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{8}{3}bd^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(30acd^2 + 5b^2d^2 + 12c^2) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.792. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(15(16a^3d^6 + 24a^2cd^4 + 24ab^2d^4 + 18ac^2d^2 + 18b^2cd^2 + 5c^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - 16b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} (45a^2d^4 + 60acd^2 + 10b^2d^2 + 24c^2) \right) - \frac{15}{2}d^2x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} (24a^2cd^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 24a^2cd^4)}{3d^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \hline
 \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2} \\
 \hline
 \hline
 \downarrow \text{223} \\
 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}d^2 \left(\frac{15 \arcsin(dx) (16a^3d^6 + 24a^2cd^4 + 24ab^2d^4 + 18ac^2d^2 + 18b^2cd^2 + 5c^3)}{d} - 16b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} (45a^2d^4 + 60acd^2 + 10b^2d^2 + 24c^2) \right) - \frac{15}{2}d^2x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} (24a^2cd^4 + 24a^2cd^4 + 24a^2cd^4)}{3d^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \hline
 \frac{c^3x^5\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{6d^2}
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]
```

```
output -1/6*(c^3*x^5*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + ((-18*b*c^2*x^4*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/5 + ((-5*c*(5*c^2 + 18*b^2*d^2 + 18*a*c*d^2)*x^3*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/4 + (3*((-8*b*d^2*(12*c^2 + 5*b^2*d^2 + 30*a*c*d^2)*x^2*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/3 + ((-15*d^2*(5*c^3 + 18*b^2*c*d^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2 + 24*a*b^2*d^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^4)*x*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/2 + (d^2*(-16*b*(24*c^2 + 10*b^2*d^2 + 60*a*c*d^2 + 45*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + (15*(5*c^3 + 18*b^2*c*d^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2 + 24*a*b^2*d^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^4 + 16*a^3*d^6)*ArcSin[d*x])/d))/2)/(3*d^2)))/(4*d^2))/(5*d^2))/(6*d^2)
```

3.792.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

3.792. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 1188 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2
)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f
+ d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))
```

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.792.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$\frac{(40c^3x^5d^4+144bc^2x^4d^4+180ac^2d^4x^3+180b^2c^2d^4x^2+480abc^2d^4x+80b^3d^4x^2+360a^2cd^4x+360ab^2d^4x+50c^3d^2x^3+720ba^2d^4+192b^2cd^4x^2+240d^6\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1})}{240d^6\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-dx+1}\sqrt{dx+1}\left(40\operatorname{csign}(d)c^3d^5x^5\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+144\operatorname{csign}(d)bc^2d^5x^4\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+180\operatorname{csign}(d)a^2d^5x^3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+180\operatorname{csign}(d)ab^2d^5x^2\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+180\operatorname{csign}(d)abc^2d^5x\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+80b^3d^5\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}\right)}{240d^6\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/240*(40*c^3*d^4*x^5+144*b*c^2*d^4*x^4+180*a*c^2*d^4*x^3+180*b^2*c*d^4*x^
3+480*a*b*c*d^4*x^2+80*b^3*d^4*x^2+360*a^2*c*d^4*x+360*a*b^2*d^4*x+50*c^3*
d^2*x^3+720*a^2*b*d^4+192*b*c^2*d^2*x^2+270*a*c^2*d^2*x+270*b^2*c*d^2*x+96
0*a*b*c*d^2+160*b^3*d^2+75*c^3*x+384*b*c^2)*(d*x-1)*(d*x+1)^(1/2)/d^6/(-(d
*x-1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)+1/16*(16*a^3*
d^6+24*a^2*c*d^4+24*a*b^2*d^4+18*a*c^2*d^2+18*b^2*c*d^2+5*c^3)/d^6/(d^2)^(
1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d
*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2)
```

$$3.792. \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$$

3.792.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(40c^3d^5x^5 + 144bc^2d^5x^4 + 720a^2bd^5 + 384bc^2d + 160(b^3 + 6abc)d^3 + 10(5c^3d^3 + 18(b^2c + ac^2)d^5)x^3}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/240*((40*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 144*b*c^2*d^5*x^4 + 720*a^2*b*d^5 + 384*b*c^2*d
+ 160*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^3 + 10*(5*c^3*d^3 + 18*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^5)*x^3 +
16*(12*b*c^2*d^3 + 5*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^5)*x^2 + 15*(24*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^5
+ 5*c^3*d + 18*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^3)*x)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) + 30*
(16*a^3*d^6 + 24*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^4 + 5*c^3 + 18*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^2)*arc
tan((sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 1)/(d*x))/d^7
```

3.792.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**3/(-d*x+1)**(1/2)/(d*x+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.792.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}c^3x^5}{6d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}bc^2x^4}{5d^2} + \frac{a^3\arcsin(dx)}{d} - \frac{5\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}c^3x^3}{24d^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}(b^2c+ac^2)x^3}{4d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}a^2b}{d^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}bc^2x^2}{5d^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}(b^3+6abc)x^2}{3d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}(ab^2+a^2c)x}{2d^2} + \frac{3(ab^2+a^2c)\arcsin(dx)}{2d^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}c^3x}{16d^6} - \frac{9\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}(b^2c+ac^2)x}{8d^4} - \frac{8\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}bc^2}{5d^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}(b^3+6abc)}{3d^4} + \frac{5c^3\arcsin(dx)}{16d^7} + \frac{9(b^2c+ac^2)\arcsin(dx)}{8d^5}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c^3*x^5/d^2 - 3/5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2*x^4/d^2 + a^3*arcsin(d*x)/d - 5/24*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c^3*x^3/d^4 - 3/4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*x^3/d^2 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*b/d^2 - 4/5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2*x^2/d^4 - 1/3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*x^2/d^2 - 3/2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*x/d^2 + 3/2*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*arcsin(d*x)/d^3 - 5/16*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c^3*x/d^6 - 9/8*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*x/d^4 - 8/5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2/d^6 - 2/3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)/d^4 + 5/16*c^3*arcsin(d*x)/d^7 + 9/8*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*arcsin(d*x)/d^5
```

3.792.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \frac{(720 a^2 b d^5 - 360 a b^2 d^4 - 360 a^2 c d^4 + 240 b^3 d^3 + 1440 a b c d^3 - 450 b^2 c d^2 - 450 a c^2 d^2 + 720 b c^2 d - 165 c^3)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -1/240*((720*a^2*b*d^5 - 360*a*b^2*d^4 - 360*a^2*c*d^4 + 240*b^3*d^3 + 1440*a*b*c*d^3 - 450*b^2*c*d^2 - 450*a*c^2*d^2 + 720*b*c^2*d - 165*c^3 + (360*a*b^2*d^4 + 360*a^2*c*d^4 - 160*b^3*d^3 - 960*a*b*c*d^3 + 810*b^2*c*d^2 + 810*a*c^2*d^2 - 960*b*c^2*d + 425*c^3 + 2*(40*b^3*d^3 + 240*a*b*c*d^3 - 270*b^2*c*d^2 - 270*a*c^2*d^2 + 528*b*c^2*d - 275*c^3 + (90*b^2*c*d^2 + 90*a*c^2*d^2 - 288*b*c^2*d + 225*c^3 + 4*(5*(d*x + 1)*c^3 + 18*b*c^2*d - 25*c^3)*(d*x + 1))*(d*x + 1))*(d*x + 1))*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 30*(16*a^3*d^6 + 24*a*b^2*d^4 + 24*a^2*c*d^4 + 18*b^2*c*d^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2 + 5*c^3)*arcsin(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)))/d^7
```

3.792.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 39.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1768, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(d*x + 1)^(1/2)),x)
```


output

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{23} \left(\frac{5c^3}{4} + 6ab^2d^4 + \frac{9a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 6a^2cd^4 + \frac{9b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{23}} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1) \left(\frac{5c^3}{4} + 6ab^2d^4 + \frac{9a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 6a^2cd^4 + \frac{9b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^3 \left(\frac{175c^3}{12} + 6ab^2d^4 + \frac{105a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 6a^2cd^4 + \frac{105b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^3} + \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{21} \left(\frac{175c^3}{12} + 6ab^2d^4 + \frac{105a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 6a^2cd^4 + \frac{105b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{21}} + \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^5 \left(126ab^2d^4 - \frac{311c^3}{4} + \frac{669a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 126a^2cd^4 + \frac{669b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^5} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{19} \left(126ab^2d^4 - \frac{311c^3}{4} + \frac{669a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 126a^2cd^4 + \frac{669b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{19}} + \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^7 \left(\frac{8361c^3}{4} + 510ab^2d^4 + \frac{1533a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 510a^2cd^4 + \frac{1533b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^7} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{17} \left(\frac{8361c^3}{4} + 510ab^2d^4 + \frac{1533a^2c^2d^2}{2} + 510a^2cd^4 + \frac{1533b^2cd^2}{2} \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{17}} + \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{11} \left(\frac{25295c^3}{2} + 420ab^2d^4 - 549a^2c^2d^2 + 420a^2cd^4 - 549b^2cd^2 \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{11}} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^{13} \left(\frac{25295c^3}{2} + 420ab^2d^4 - 549a^2c^2d^2 + 420a^2cd^4 - 549b^2cd^2 \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{13}} - \frac{((1 - dx)^{1/2} - 1)^9 \left(\frac{42259c^3}{6} - 804ab^2d^4 + 165a^2c^2d^2 - 804a^2cd^4 + 165b^2cd^2 \right)}{((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^9} \right) / ((dx + 1)^{1/2} - 1)^{23}
\end{aligned}$$

3.793 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

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3.793.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = -\frac{2b(2c + 3ad^2)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{3d^4} - \frac{(4b^2 + c(8a + \frac{3c}{d^2}))x\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{8d^2}$$

$$- \frac{2bcx^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3c^2 + 4b^2d^2 + 8acd^2 + 8a^2d^4)\arcsin(dx)}{8d^5}$$

```
output 1/8*(8*a^2*d^4+8*a*c*d^2+4*b^2*d^2+3*c^2)*arcsin(d*x)/d^5-2/3*b*(3*a*d^2+2
*c)*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^4-1/8*(4*b^2+c*(8*a+3*c/d^2))*x*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)/d^2-2/3*b*c*x^2*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2-1/4*c^2*x^3*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^
2
```

3.793.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-d\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}(12b^2d^2x + 16b(3ad^2 + c(2 + d^2x^2)) + 3cx(8ad^2 + c(3 + 2d^2x^2))) + 6(3c^2 + 4b^2d^2 + 8acd^2 - 2c^2d^2x^2)}{24d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]`

output $(-(d\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}*(12b^2d^2x + 16b*(3a^2d^2 + c*(2 + d^2x^2)) + 3cx*(8a^2d^2 + c*(3 + 2d^2x^2)))) + 6*(3c^2 + 4b^2d^2 + 8a^2d^2 + 8a^2d^4)*\text{ArcTan}[(d*x)/(-1 + \sqrt{1-d^2x^2})])/(24d^5)$

3.793.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {1188, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 2346, 25, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{dx+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1188 \\
 & \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{8bcd^2x^3 + (3c^2 + 8ad^2c + 4b^2d^2)x^2 + 8abd^2x + 4a^2d^2}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{8bcd^2x^3 + (3c^2 + 8ad^2c + 4b^2d^2)x^2 + 8abd^2x + 4a^2d^2}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{12a^2d^4 + 3(3c^2 + 8ad^2c + 4b^2d^2)x^2d^2 + 8b(3ad^2 + 2c)xd^2}{3d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{12a^2d^4 + 3(3c^2 + 8ad^2c + 4b^2d^2)x^2d^2 + 8b(3ad^2 + 2c)xd^2}{3d^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{4d^2} - \frac{\frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2346
 \end{aligned}$$

3.793. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2(16b(3ad^2+2c)xd^2+3(8a^2d^4+4b^2d^2+8acd^2+3c^2))}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3}{2}x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) - \frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{4d^2}{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} \frac{4d^2}{4d^2}$$

25

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2(16b(3ad^2+2c)xd^2+3(8a^2d^4+4b^2d^2+8acd^2+3c^2))}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3}{2}x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) - \frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{4d^2}{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} \frac{4d^2}{4d^2}$$

27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{16b(3ad^2+2c)xd^2+3(8a^2d^4+4b^2d^2+8acd^2+3c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3}{2}x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) - \frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{4d^2}{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} \frac{4d^2}{4d^2}$$

455

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(3(8a^2d^4+8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - 16b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(3ad^2+2c) \right) - \frac{3}{2}x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) - \frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{4d^2}{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} \frac{4d^2}{4d^2}$$

223

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3 \arcsin(dx)(8a^2d^4+8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2)}{d} - 16b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(3ad^2+2c) \right) - \frac{3}{2}x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(8acd^2+4b^2d^2+3c^2) - \frac{8}{3}bcx^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{4d^2}{c^2x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} \frac{4d^2}{4d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]`

output `-1/4*(c^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + ((-8*b*c*x^2*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/3 + ((-3*(3*c^2 + 4*b^2*d^2 + 8*a*c*d^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/2 + (-16*b*(2*c + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + (3*(3*c^2 + 4*b^2*d^2 + 8*a*c*d^2 + 8*a^2*d^4)*ArcSin[d*x])/d)/2)/(3*d^2))/(4*d^2)`

3.793. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

3.793.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.793.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$\frac{(6c^2x^3d^2+16bcx^2d^2+24ac^2d^2x+12b^2d^2x+48ba^2d^2+9c^2x+32bc)(dx-1)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{(-dx+1)(dx+1)}}{24d^4\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-dx+1}} + \frac{(8a^2d^4+8cd^2a+4b^2d^2+3c^2)}{8d^4\sqrt{d}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-dx+1}\sqrt{dx+1}\left(6\operatorname{csgn}(d)c^2d^3x^3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+16\operatorname{csgn}(d)bc d^3x^2\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+24\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}\operatorname{csgn}(d)d^3acx+12\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}\operatorname{csgn}(d)d^3a^2\right)}{24d^4\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-dx+1}}$

3.793. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{24}*(6*c^2*d^2*x^3+16*b*c*d^2*x^2+24*a*c*d^2*x+12*b^2*d^2*x+48*a*b*d^2+9*c^2*x+32*b*c)*(d*x-1)*(d*x+1)^(1/2)/d^4/(-(d*x-1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)+1/8*(8*a^2*d^4+8*a*c*d^2+4*b^2*d^2+3*c^2)/d^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2)$

3.793.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \frac{(6c^2d^3x^3 + 16bcd^3x^2 + 48abd^3 + 32bcd + 3(4(b^2 + 2ac)d^3 + 3c^2d)x)\sqrt{dx + 1}\sqrt{-dx + 1} + 6(8a^2d^4 - 4(b^2 + 2ac)d^2 + 3c^2)}{24d^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $-1/24*((6*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 16*b*c*d^3*x^2 + 48*a*b*d^3 + 32*b*c*d + 3*(4*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^3 + 3*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) + 6*(8*a^2*d^4 + 4*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^2 + 3*c^2)*arctan((sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 1)/(d*x)))/d^5$

3.793.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(-d*x+1)**(1/2)/(d*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.793. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

3.793.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}c^2x^3}{4d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}bcx^2}{3d^2} + \frac{a^2 \arcsin(dx)}{d}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}ab}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}(b^2 + 2ac)x}{2d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}c^2x}{8d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 + 2ac) \arcsin(dx)}{2d^3} - \frac{4\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}bc}{3d^4} + \frac{3c^2 \arcsin(dx)}{8d^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x^3/d^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x^2/d^2 + a^2*arcsin(d*x)/d - 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b/d^2 - 1/2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*x/d^2 - 3/8*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c^2*x/d^4 + 1/2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*arcsin(d*x)/d^3 - 4/3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c/d^4 + 3/8*c^2*arcsin(d*x)/d^5`

3.793.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(48abd^3 - 12b^2d^2 - 24acd^2 + 48bcd + (12b^2d^2 + 24acd^2 - 32bcd + 2(3(dx + 1)c^2 + 8bcd - 9c^2))(dx + 1) + 27c^2(d^2 + dx + 1) - 15c^2)\sqrt{dx + 1}\sqrt{-dx + 1} - 6(8a^2d^4 + 4ab^2d^2 + 8a^2cd^2 + 3c^2)\arcsin(1/2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx + 1})}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/24*((48*a*b*d^3 - 12*b^2*d^2 - 24*a*c*d^2 + 48*b*c*d + (12*b^2*d^2 + 24*a*c*d^2 - 32*b*c*d + 2*(3*(d*x + 1)*c^2 + 8*b*c*d - 9*c^2)*(d*x + 1) + 27*c^2)*(d*x + 1) - 15*c^2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 6*(8*a^2*d^4 + 4*b^2*d^2 + 8*a*c*d^2 + 3*c^2)*arcsin(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)))/d^5`

3.793.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 27.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 897, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^{15} (2b^2 d^2 + \frac{3c^2}{2} + 4acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^{15}} + \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^3 (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^3} - \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^{13} (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^{13}} + \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^{11} (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^{11}} - \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^9 (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^9} + \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^7 (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^7} - \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^5 (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^5} + \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1)^3 (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)^3} - \frac{(\sqrt{1-dx}-1) (6b^2 d^2 - \frac{23c^2}{2} + 12acd^2)}{(\sqrt{dx+1}-1)} + \frac{atan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-dx}-1}{\sqrt{dx+1}-1}\right) (8a^2 d^4 + 8acd^2 + 4b^2 d^2 + 3c^2)}{2d^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(d*x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```

- (((((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^15*((3*c^2)/2 + 2*b^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^15 + (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^3*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3 - (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^13*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^13 + (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^11*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^11 - (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^9*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^9 + (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^7*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7 - (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^5*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5 + (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^3*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3 - (((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)*(6*b^2*d^2 - (23*c^2)/2 + 12*a*c*d^2))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1) + atan((sqrt(1-d*x)-1)/(sqrt(dx+1)-1))*(8*a^2*d^4 + 8*a*c*d^2 + 4*b^2*d^2 + 3*c^2)/(2*d^5)

```


$$3.794 \quad \int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$$

3.794.1 Optimal result	5834
3.794.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5834
3.794.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5835
3.794.4 Maple [C] (verified)	5836
3.794.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5837
3.794.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5837
3.794.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5838
3.794.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	5838
3.794.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5838

3.794.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{(c+2ad^2)\arcsin(dx)}{2d^3}$$

output $1/2*(2*a*d^2+c)*\arcsin(d*x)/d^3-b*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d^2-1/2*c*x*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d^2$

3.794.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx = \frac{(-2b-cx)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{(c+2ad^2)\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{-1+\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]`

output $((-2*b - c*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2])/(2*d^2) + ((c + 2*a*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(d*x)/(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2])])/d^3$

3.794.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {1188, 2346, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{dx + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1188} \\
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2346} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{-2ad^2 + 2bxd^2 + c}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2ad^2 + 2bxd^2 + c}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{(2ad^2 + c) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx - 2b\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(2ad^2 + c) \arcsin(dx)}{d} - 2b\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]),x]`

output `-1/2*(c*x*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + (-2*b*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + ((c + 2*a*d^2)*ArcSin[d*x])/d)/(2*d^2)`

3.794.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.794.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-dx+1}\sqrt{dx+1}\left(\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}\operatorname{csgn}(d)dcx-2\arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)dx}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}\right)ad^2+2\operatorname{csgn}(d)d\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}b-\arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)dx}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}\right)c\right)\operatorname{csgn}(d)}{2d^3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}$
risch	$\frac{(cx+2b)(dx-1)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{(-dx+1)(dx+1)}}{2d^2\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-dx+1}} + \frac{(2ad^2+c)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2x}}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}\right)\sqrt{(-dx+1)(dx+1)}}{2d^2\sqrt{d^2}\sqrt{-dx+1}\sqrt{dx+1}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.794. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}} dx$

output
$$-1/2*(-d*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(d*x+1)^{(1/2)}/d^3*((-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*csgn(d)*d*c*x-2*\arctan(csgn(d)*d*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*a*d^2+2*csgn(d)*d*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*b-\arctan(csgn(d)*d*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*c)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*csgn(d)$$

3.794.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(cdx + 2bd)\sqrt{dx + 1}\sqrt{-dx + 1} + 2(2ad^2 + c) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{-dx+1}-1}{dx}\right)}{2d^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*((c*d*x + 2*b*d)*\sqrt{d*x + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x + 1} + 2*(2*a*d^2 + c)*\arctan((\sqrt{d*x + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x + 1} - 1)/(d*x)))/d^3$$

3.794.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)**(1/2)/(d*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.794.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = \frac{a \arcsin(dx)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}cx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}b}{d^2} + \frac{c \arcsin(dx)}{2d^3}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output a*arcsin(d*x)/d - 1/2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*c*x/d^2 - sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*b/d^2 + 1/2*c*arcsin(d*x)/d^3
```

3.794.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = -\frac{((dx + 1)c + 2bd - c)\sqrt{dx + 1}\sqrt{-dx + 1} - 2(2ad^2 + c) \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx + 1}\right)}{2d^3}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output -1/2*(((d*x + 1)*c + 2*b*d - c)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 2*(2*a*d^2 + c)*arcsin(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)))/d^3
```

3.794.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - dx}\sqrt{1 + dx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - dx} \left(\frac{b}{d^2} + \frac{bx}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{dx + 1}} - \frac{4a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)}{(\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1)\sqrt{d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{2c \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1}{\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{\frac{14c(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)^3}{(\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1)^3} - \frac{14c(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)^5}{(\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1)^5} + \frac{2c(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)^7}{(\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1)^7} - \frac{2c(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)}{\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1}}{d^3 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{1 - dx} - 1)^2}{(\sqrt{dx + 1} - 1)^2} + 1\right)^4}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(d*x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `- ((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(b/d^2 + (b*x)/d))/(d*x + 1)^(1/2) - (4*a*atan((d*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)*(d^2)^(1/2)))/(d^2)^(1/2) - (2*c*atan(((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)))/d^3 - ((14*c*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^3)/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3 - (14*c*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^5)/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5 + (2*c*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^7)/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7 - (2*c*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1))/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1))/(d^3*((1 - d*x)^(1/2) - 1)^2/((d*x + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 + 1)^4)`

3.795 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.795.1 Optimal result 5840
 3.795.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 5841
 3.795.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5841
 3.795.4 Maple [C] (verified) 5843
 3.795.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5844
 3.795.6 Sympy [F] 5845
 3.795.7 Maxima [F] 5846
 3.795.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 5846
 3.795.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 5847

3.795.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}}$$

```
output -c*arctanh(1/2*(2*c+d^2*x*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+c*arctanh(1/2*(2*c+d^2*x*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.795.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\text{RootSum} \left[ad^4 - 2bd^2\#1 + 4c\#1^2 + 2ad^2\#1^2 - 2b\#1^3 \right. \\ \left. + a\#1^4 \&, \frac{d^2 \log(x) - d^2 \log(-1 + \sqrt{1-d^2x^2} - x\#1) + \log(x)\#1^2 - \log(-1 + \sqrt{1-d^2x^2} - x\#1)\#1^2}{bd^2 - 4c\#1 - 2ad^2\#1 + 3b\#1^2 - 2a\#1^3} \right]$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-RootSum[a*d^4 - 2*b*d^2*#1 + 4*c*#1^2 + 2*a*d^2*#1^2 - 2*b*#1^3 + a*#1^4 & , (d^2*Log[x] - d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + Log[x]*#1^2 - Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1^2)/(b*d^2 - 4*c*#1 - 2*a*d^2*#1 + 3*b*#1^2 - 2*a*#1^3) &]`

3.795.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {1188, 1315, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{dx+1}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1188}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1315}$$

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{(b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} - \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{4c^2 - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^2 d^2 - \frac{((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c)^2}{1 - d^2x^2}} d \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{4c^2 - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^2 d^2 - \frac{((b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c)^2}{1 - d^2x^2}} d \frac{(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{d^2x(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} \sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{d^2x(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} \sqrt{-bd^2(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \sqrt{-bd^2(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*c*ArcTanh[(2*c + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])) + (Sqrt[2]*c*ArcTanh[(2*c + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]))`

3.795.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`

rule 1315 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[1/((b - q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[1/((b + q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

3.795.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1759, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1759

input `int(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $32*(-d*x+1)^{(1/2)}*(d*x+1)^{(1/2)}*c\operatorname{sgn}(d)^2*c^2*(\ln(2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+b*d^2*x+(-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)*(2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c+2*c)/(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*a^2*d^4*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)*(-2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}-\ln(2*(b*d^2*x-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)*(-2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}*c+2*c)/(b+2*c*x-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*a^2*d^4*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)*(2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}+2*\ln(2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+b*d^2*x+(-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)*(2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c+2*c)/(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*a*c*d^2*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)*(-2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}-\ln(2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+b*d^2*x+(-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)*(2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c+2*c)/(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*b^2*d^2*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)*(-2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}-2*\ln(2*(b*d^2*x-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*d^2*x+(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*a*c-b^2)*(-2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)/a^2/c^2)^{(1/2)}*c+2*c)/(b+2*c*x-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*a*c*d^2*(-(b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}-2*a*c+b^2)*(2*a^2*d^2+b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}+2*...$

3.795.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4313 vs. $2(248) = 496$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4313, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.795.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{-dx+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1)), x)`

3.795.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 681 vs. 2(248) = 496.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 681, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx =$$

$$\left((ad^2 - bd + c) \left(\frac{ad^2 - c + \sqrt{-(ad^2 + bd + c)(ad^2 - bd + c) + (ad^2 - c)^2}}{ad^2 - bd + c} - 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 - c + \sqrt{-(ad^2 + bd + c)(ad^2 - bd + c) + (ad^2 - c)^2}}{ad^2 - bd + c}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-(ad^2 + bd + c)(ad^2 - bd + c) + (ad^2 - c)^2}}{ad^2 - c + \sqrt{-(ad^2 + bd + c)(ad^2 - bd + c) + (ad^2 - c)^2}} \right) \right) \sqrt{-(ad^2 + bd + c)(ad^2 - bd + c) + (ad^2 - c)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-((a*d^2 - b*d + c)*((a*d^2 - c + sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c)
) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(a*d^2 - b*d + c) - 1)*sqrt((a*d^2 - c + sqrt(-(a*d^2
+ b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(a*d^2 - b*d + c))*arctan(-
1/2*((sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) - sqrt(d*x + 1)/(sqrt(2) - s
qrt(-d*x + 1)))/sqrt((a*d^2 - c + sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c)
) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(a*d^2 - b*d + c)))/((a*d^2 - c + sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d +
c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))*sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b
*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2)) - (a*d^2 - b*d + c)*((a*d^2 - c - sqrt(-(a*d^2 +
b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(a*d^2 - b*d + c) - 1)*sqrt(
(a*d^2 - c - sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(
a*d^2 - b*d + c))*arctan(-1/2*((sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) -
sqrt(d*x + 1)/(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1)))/sqrt((a*d^2 - c - sqrt(-(a*d^2 +
b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))/(a*d^2 - b*d + c)))/((a*d^2
- c - sqrt(-(a*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))*sqrt(-(a
*d^2 + b*d + c)*(a*d^2 - b*d + c) + (a*d^2 - c)^2))*d

```

3.795.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 96.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33018, normalized size of antiderivative = 117.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(d*x + 1)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

3.796 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

3.796.1 Optimal result	5849
3.796.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	5850
3.796.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5851
3.796.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	5854
3.796.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5855
3.796.6 Sympy [F]	5855
3.796.7 Maxima [F]	5855
3.796.8 Giac [F(-1)]	5856
3.796.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5856

3.796.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 571

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(b(b^2d^2 - c(c + 3ad^2)) - c(2c^2 - b^2d^2 + 2acd^2)x)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(b^2d^2 - (c + ad^2)^2)(a + bx + cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{c(4c^3 + 12ac^2d^2 - ab(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^4 - cd^2(5b^2 - b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 8a^2d^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}\sqrt{2c^2 + 2acd^2 - b(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^2}(b^2d^2 - (c + ad^2)^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(4c^3 + 12ac^2d^2 - 2ab^2d^4 - b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^2(c - ad^2) - 4cd^2(b^2 - 2a^2d^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}\sqrt{2c^2 + 2acd^2 - b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^2}(b^2d^2 - (c + ad^2)^2)}$$

output $-(b*(b^2*d^2-c*(3*a*d^2+c))-c*(2*a*c*d^2-b^2*d^2+2*c^2)*x)*(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)-1/2*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c+d^2*x*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*2^{(1/2)})/(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(4*c^3+12*a*c^2*d^2-a*b*d^4*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-c*d^2*(5*b^2-8*a^2*d^2-b*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(3/2)}/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)*2^{(1/2)}/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+1/2*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c+d^2*x*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*2^{(1/2)})/(-d^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(4*c^3+12*a*c^2*d^2-2*a*b^2*d^4-4*c*d^2*(-2*a^2*d^2+b^2))-b*d^2*(-a*d^2+c)*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(3/2)}/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)*2^{(1/2)}/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}$

3.796.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1548, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output

```
((-(b^3*d^2) + b*c*(c + 3*a*d^2) - b^2*c*d^2*x + 2*c^2*(c + a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt
[1 - d^2*x^2])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-c + d*(b - a*d))*(c + d*(b + a*d))*(a + x*
(b + c*x))) + RootSum[a*d^4 - 2*b*d^2*#1 + 4*c*#1^2 + 2*a*d^2*#1^2 - 2*b*#
1^3 + a*#1^4 & , (-4*b^2*Log[x] + 4*a*c*Log[x] - a^2*d^2*Log[x] + 4*b^2*Lo
g[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 4*a*c*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1
] + a^2*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 2*a*b*Log[x]*#1 + 2*a*b*L
og[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1 - a^2*Log[x]*#1^2 + a^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt
[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1^2)/(b*d^2 - 4*c*#1 - 2*a*d^2*#1 + 3*b*#1^2 - 2*a*
#1^3) & ]/a^3 - RootSum[a*d^4 - 2*b*d^2*#1 + 4*c*#1^2 + 2*a*d^2*#1^2 - 2*b
*#1^3 + a*#1^4 & , (4*b^4*c^2*Log[x] - 20*a*b^2*c^3*Log[x] + 16*a^2*c^4*Lo
g[x] - 4*b^6*d^2*Log[x] + 28*a*b^4*c*d^2*Log[x] - 55*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*Log[x
] + 30*a^3*c^3*d^2*Log[x] + 3*a^2*b^4*d^4*Log[x] - 16*a^3*b^2*c*d^4*Log[x]
+ 14*a^4*c^2*d^4*Log[x] - 4*b^4*c^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] +
20*a*b^2*c^3*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 16*a^2*c^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt
[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 4*b^6*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 28*
a*b^4*c*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 55*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*Log[-1
+ Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 30*a^3*c^3*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] -
x*#1] - 3*a^2*b^4*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 16*a^3*b^2*c*d
^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 14*a^4*c^2*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d
^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 2*a*b^3*c^2*Log[x]*#1 - 8*a^2*b*c^3*Log[x]*#1 - 2*a*b...
```

3.796.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1188, 1306, 25, 1367, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{dx+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1188

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1306

$$\frac{\int \frac{-ab^2d^4+6ac^2d^2-2c(b^2-2a^2d^2)d^2+bc(c-ad^2)xd^2+2c^3}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2))}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{-ab^2d^4+4a^2cd^4+6ac^2d^2-2b^2cd^2+bc(c-ad^2)xd^2+2c^3}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2))}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 1367

$$\frac{c(-cd^2(-8a^2d^2-b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+5b^2))-abd^4(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+12ac^2d^2+4c^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{1}{(b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{c(-cd^2(-8a^2d^2+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+5b^2))}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2))}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)(a+bx+cx^2)} (b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{c(-cd^2(-8a^2d^2+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+5b^2))-abd^4(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})+12ac^2d^2+4c^3}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{1}{4c^2-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})^2d^2-\frac{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})xd^2+2c}{1-d^2x^2}} d \frac{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})xd^2+2c}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2))}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)(a+bx+cx^2)} (b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{c(-cd^2(-8a^2d^2+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+5b^2))-abd^4(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})+12ac^2d^2+4c^3}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+2acd^2+2c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d^2x(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+2c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+2acd^2+2c^2}}\right) - \frac{c(-cd^2(-8a^2d^2+b\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+5b^2))-abd^4(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})+12ac^2d^2+4c^3}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+2acd^2+2c^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2))}{(b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)(a+bx+cx^2)} (b^2-4ac)(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)$$

3.796. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - d*x]*Sqrt[1 + d*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-(((b*(b^2*d^2 - c*(c + 3*a*d^2)) - c*(2*c^2 - b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)) + (-((c*(4*c^3 + 12*a*c^2*d^2 - a*b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*d^4 - c*d^2*(5*b^2 - b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 8*a^2*d^2))*ArcTanh[(2*c + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])) + (c*(4*c^3 + 12*a*c^2*d^2 - a*b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^4 - c*d^2*(5*b^2 + b*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 8*a^2*d^2))*ArcTanh[(2*c + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2))`

3.796.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`

```
rule 1306 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(b^3*f + b*c*(c*d - 3*a*f) + c*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f
))*x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d + f*x^2)^(q + 1)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*
f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*f + (c*d -
a*f)^2)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*(d + f*x^2)^q*Simp[2*c*(b^
2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1) - (2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(a*f*(p + 1)
- c*d*(p + 2)) + (2*f*(b^3*f + b*c*(c*d - 3*a*f))*(p + q + 2) - (2*c^2*d +
b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(b*f*(p + 1)))*x + c*f*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(2
*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ
[p] && ILtQ[q, -1]) && !IGtQ[q, 0]
```

```
rule 1367 Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(2*c*g - h*(
b - q))/q Int[1/((b - q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[(2*c*g -
h*(b + q))/q Int[1/((b + q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, f, g, h}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

3.796.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41837, normalized size of antiderivative = 73.27

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	41837

```
input int(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.796.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35403 vs. $2(529) = 1058$.

Time = 33.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35403, normalized size of antiderivative = 62.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.796.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-dx+1}\sqrt{dx+1}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(-d*x+1)**(1/2)/(d*x+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(-d*x + 1)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**2), x)`

3.796.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^2\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{-dx+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1)), x)`

3.796.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.796.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-dx}\sqrt{1+dx}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(1/2)*(d*x + 1)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.797 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.797.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5865

3.797.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b\left(3a^2 + \frac{3c^2}{d^4} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{6ac}{d^2}\right) d^4 + (c+ad^2)(c^2+3b^2d^2+2acd^2+a^2d^4)x}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{b(5c^2+b^2d^2+6acd^2)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^6} + \frac{c(7c^2+12b^2d^2+12acd^2)x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{8d^6} + \frac{bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^4} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} - \frac{3(5c^3+12b^2cd^2+12ac^2d^2+8ab^2d^4+8a^2cd^4)\arcsin(dx)}{8d^7}$$

output

```
-3/8*(8*a^2*c*d^4+8*a*b^2*d^4+12*a*c^2*d^2+12*b^2*c*d^2+5*c^3)*arcsin(d*x)
/d^7+(b*(3*a^2+3*c^2/d^4+b^2/d^2+6*a*c/d^2)*d^4+(a*d^2+c)*(a^2*d^4+2*a*c*d
^2+3*b^2*d^2+c^2)*x)/d^6/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*(6*a*c*d^2+b^2*d^2+5*c^2)*(-
d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^6+1/8*c*(12*a*c*d^2+12*b^2*d^2+7*c^2)*x*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)/d^6+b*c^2*x^2*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^4+1/4*c^3*x^3*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^
4
```


3.797.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(8b^3d^2(-2+d^2x^2)+12b^2d^2x(-2ad^2+c(-3+d^2x^2))+8b(-3a^2d^4+6acd^2(-2+d^2x^2)+c^2(-8+4d^2x^2+d^4x^4)))+x(-24a^2cd^4-8a^3d^6+12ac^2d^2(-2+d^2x^2))}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}$$

8d⁷

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/8*((d*(8*b^3*d^2*(-2 + d^2*x^2) + 12*b^2*d^2*x*(-2*a*d^2 + c*(-3 + d^2*x^2)) + 8*b*(-3*a^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*(-2 + d^2*x^2) + c^2*(-8 + 4*d^2*x^2 + d^4*x^4)) + x*(-24*a^2*c*d^4 - 8*a^3*d^6 + 12*a*c^2*d^2*(-3 + d^2*x^2) + c^3*(-15 + 5*d^2*x^2 + 2*d^4*x^4))))/Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + 6*(5*c^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2 + 12*a*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*d^4 + 8*a^2*c*d^4)*ArcTan[(d*x)/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])]/d^7`

3.797.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {1188, 2345, 2346, 25, 2346, 27, 2346, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1188

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2345

$$\frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4\left(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \int \frac{\frac{c^3x^4}{d^2} + \frac{3bc^2x^3}{d^2} + \frac{c(3b^2+c(3a+\frac{c}{d^2}))x^2}{d^2} + \frac{b(b^2+3c(2a+\frac{c}{d^2}))x}{d^2} + \frac{3ab^2d^4+3ac^2d^2+3c(b^2+a^2d^2)d^2+c^3}{d^6}}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

3.797. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{12bc^2x^3 + c(12b^2 + c(12a + \frac{7c}{d^2}))x^2 + 4b(b^2 + 3c(2a + \frac{c}{d^2}))x + \frac{4(3ab^2d^4 + 3ac^2d^2 + 3c(b^2 + a^2d^2)d^2 + c^3)}{d^4}}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 2346 \\
& \int \frac{12bc^2x^3 + c(12b^2 + c(12a + \frac{7c}{d^2}))x^2 + 4b(b^2 + 3c(2a + \frac{c}{d^2}))x + \frac{4(3ab^2d^4 + 3ac^2d^2 + 3c(b^2 + a^2d^2)d^2 + c^3)}{d^4}}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \int \frac{12bc^2x^3 + c(12b^2 + c(12a + \frac{7c}{d^2}))x^2 + 4b(b^2 + 3c(2a + \frac{c}{d^2}))x + \frac{4(3ab^2d^4 + 3ac^2d^2 + 3c(b^2 + a^2d^2)d^2 + c^3)}{d^4}}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 2346 \\
& \int \frac{3(c(7c^2 + 12ad^2c + 12b^2d^2)x^2 + 4b(5c^2 + 6ad^2c + b^2d^2)x + \frac{4(3ab^2d^4 + 3ac^2d^2 + 3c(b^2 + a^2d^2)d^2 + c^3)}{d^2})}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{c(7c^2 + 12ad^2c + 12b^2d^2)x^2 + 4b(5c^2 + 6ad^2c + b^2d^2)x + 4(3(ad^2 + c)b^2 + c(\frac{c^2}{d^2} + 3ac + 3a^2d^2))}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 2346 \\
& \int \frac{8b(5c^2 + 6ad^2c + b^2d^2)x^2 + 3(8ab^2d^4 + 8a^2cd^4 + 12ac^2d^2 + 12b^2cd^2 + 5c^3)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{cx\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(12acd^2 + 12b^2d^2 + 7c^2)}{2d^2} - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{4d^2}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{x(ad^2 + c)(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + 3b^2d^2 + c^2) + bd^4(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4})}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
& \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

3.797. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{8b(5c^2+6ad^2c+b^2d^2)x d^2 + 3(8ab^2d^4+8a^2cd^4+12ac^2d^2+12b^2cd^2+5c^3)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{cx\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(12acd^2+12b^2d^2+7c^2)}{2d^2} - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2}}{d^2} + \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2+c)(a^2d^4+2acd^2+3b^2d^2+c^2) + bd^4\left(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{3(8a^2cd^4+8ab^2d^4+12ac^2d^2+12b^2cd^2+5c^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx - 8b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(6acd^2+b^2d^2+5c^2) - \frac{cx\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(12acd^2+12b^2d^2+7c^2)}{2d^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} + \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2+c)(a^2d^4+2acd^2+3b^2d^2+c^2) + bd^4\left(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 223 \\
 & \frac{3\arcsin(dx)\left(\frac{8a^2cd^4+8ab^2d^4+12ac^2d^2+12b^2cd^2+5c^3}{d}\right) - 8b\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(6acd^2+b^2d^2+5c^2) - \frac{cx\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(12acd^2+12b^2d^2+7c^2)}{2d^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{4bc^2x^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2} + \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2+c)(a^2d^4+2acd^2+3b^2d^2+c^2) + bd^4\left(3a^2 + \frac{6ac}{d^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2}{d^4}\right)}{d^6\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^3x^3\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{4d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(b*(3*a^2 + (3*c^2)/d^4 + b^2/d^2 + (6*a*c)/d^2)*d^4 + (c + a*d^2)*(c^2 + 3*b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*x)/(d^6*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]) + (c^3*x^3*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/(4*d^4) - ((-4*b*c^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + (-1/2*(c*(7*c^2 + 12*b^2*d^2 + 12*a*c*d^2)*x*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + (-8*b*(5*c^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*c*d^2)*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + (3*(5*c^3 + 12*b^2*c*d^2 + 12*a*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*d^4 + 8*a^2*c*d^4)*ArcSin[d*x])/d)/(2*d^2))/d^2)/(4*d^2)`

3.797. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.797.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`
- rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 2346 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

3.797.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 566 vs. 2(260) = 520.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(2c^3d^2x^3+8bc^2d^2x^2+12a^2c^2d^2x+12b^2cd^2x+48abc d^2+8b^3d^2+7c^3x+40bc^2)(dx-1)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{(-dx+1)(dx+1)}}{8d^6\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-dx+1}} - \left(\frac{15c^3 \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{-dx+1}}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-dx+1}\left(96 \operatorname{csgn}(d)d^3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}abc+8 \operatorname{csgn}(d)d^7\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}a^3x-12 \operatorname{csgn}(d)b^2cd^5x^3\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}+24 \arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)dx}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}}\right)a^3\right)}{\sqrt{-dx+1}}$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8*(2*c^3*d^2*x^3+8*b*c^2*d^2*x^2+12*a*c^2*d^2*x+12*b^2*c*d^2*x+48*a*b*c*d^2+8*b^3*d^2+7*c^3*x+40*b*c^2)*(d*x-1)*(d*x+1)^(1/2)/d^6/(-d*x-1)*(d*x+1)^(1/2)*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)-1/8/d^6*(15*c^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+24*a^2*c*d^4/(d^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+24*b^2*d^4*a/(d^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+36*a*c^2*d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+36*b^2*c*d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+4*a^3*d^6+12*a^2*b*d^5+12*a^2*c*d^4+12*a*b^2*d^4+24*a*b*c*d^3+4*b^3*d^3+12*a*c^2*d^2+12*b^2*c*d^2+12*b*c^2*d+4*c^3)/d^2/(x-1/d)*(-d^2*(x-1/d)^2-2*d*(x-1/d))^(1/2)-(-4*a^3*d^6+12*a^2*b*d^5-12*a^2*c*d^4-12*a*b^2*d^4+24*a*b*c*d^3+4*b^3*d^3-12*a*c^2*d^2-12*b^2*c*d^2+12*b*c^2*d-4*c^3)/d^2/(x+1/d)*(-d^2*(x+1/d)^2+2*d*(x+1/d))^(1/2))*((-d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2)$$

3.797.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{24 a^2 b d^5 + 64 b c^2 d + 16 (b^3 + 6 a b c) d^3 - 8 (3 a^2 b d^7 + 8 b c^2 d^3 + 2 (b^3 + 6 a b c) d^5) x^2 - (2 c^3 d^5 x^5 + 8 b c^2 d^5 x^4}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.797.
$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(24*a^2*b*d^5 + 64*b*c^2*d + 16*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^3 - 8*(3*a^2*b*d^7 \\ & + 8*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^5)*x^2 - (2*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 8*b*c^2*d^5* \\ & x^4 - 24*a^2*b*d^5 - 64*b*c^2*d - 16*(b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^3 + (5*c^3*d^3 + 12 \\ & *(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^5)*x^3 + 8*(4*b*c^2*d^3 + (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^5)*x^2 - (8 \\ & *a^3*d^7 + 24*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^5 + 15*c^3*d + 36*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^3)*x* \\ & \text{sqrt}(d*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(-d*x + 1) + 6*(8*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^4 + 5*c^3 + 12*(b^2* \\ & c + a*c^2)*d^2 - (8*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^6 + 5*c^3*d^2 + 12*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d \\ & ^4)*x^2)*\arctan((\text{sqrt}(d*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(-d*x + 1) - 1)/(d*x))/(d^9*x^2 - d^7) \end{aligned}$$

3.797.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(-dx + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**3/(-d*x+1)**(3/2)/(d*x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**3/((-d*x + 1)**(3/2)*(d*x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.797.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{c^3 x^5}{4 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} - \frac{bc^2 x^4}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} \\ & + \frac{a^3 x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{5 c^3 x^3}{8 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^4} - \frac{3 (b^2 c + ac^2) x^3}{2 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} + \frac{3 a^2 b}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} \\ & - \frac{4 bc^2 x^2}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^4} - \frac{(b^3 + 6 abc) x^2}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} + \frac{3 (ab^2 + a^2 c) x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^2} - \frac{3 (ab^2 + a^2 c) \arcsin(dx)}{d^3} \\ & + \frac{15 c^3 x}{8 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^6} + \frac{9 (b^2 c + ac^2) x}{2 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^4} - \frac{15 c^3 \arcsin(dx)}{8 d^7} \\ & - \frac{9 (b^2 c + ac^2) \arcsin(dx)}{2 d^5} + \frac{8 bc^2}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^6} + \frac{2 (b^3 + 6 abc)}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1} d^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.797.
$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*c^3*x^5/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) - b*c^2*x^4/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) \\
& + a^3*x/sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1) - 5/8*c^3*x^3/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4) - 3/2*(\\
& b^2*c + a*c^2)*x^3/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) + 3*a^2*b/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)* \\
& d^2) - 4*b*c^2*x^2/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4) - (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*x^2/(sqrt(-d \\
& ^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) + 3*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) - 3*(a*b^2 \\
& + a^2*c)*arcsin(d*x)/d^3 + 15/8*c^3*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^6) + 9/2*(b^2 \\
& *c + a*c^2)*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4) - 15/8*c^3*arcsin(d*x)/d^7 - 9/2*(b \\
& ^2*c + a*c^2)*arcsin(d*x)/d^5 + 8*b*c^2/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^6) + 2*(b^3 \\
& + 6*a*b*c)/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4)
\end{aligned}$$

3.797.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left((dx+1) \left(2(dx+1) \left(\frac{(dx+1)c^3}{d^6} + \frac{4bc^2d^{31}-5c^3d^{30}}{d^{36}} \right) + \frac{12b^2cd^{32}+12ac^2d^{32}-32bc^2d^{31}+25c^3d^{30}}{d^{36}} \right) + 8b^3d^{33} \right)}{d^{36}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^3/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output $\frac{1}{8} \left(\left((dx + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot (dx + 1) \cdot ((dx + 1) \cdot c^3/d^6 + (4 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{31} - 5 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^{30})/d^{36}) + (12 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^{32} + 12 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{32} - 32 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{31} + 25 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^{30})/d^{36}) + (8 \cdot b^3 \cdot d^{33} + 48 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^{33} - 36 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^{32} - 36 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{32} + 80 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{31} - 35 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^{30})/d^{36} \right) \cdot (dx + 1) - 2 \cdot (2 \cdot a^3 \cdot d^{36} + 6 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot d^{35} + 6 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot d^{34} + 6 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^{34} + 10 \cdot b^3 \cdot d^{33} + 60 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^{33} - 6 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^{32} - 6 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{32} + 54 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{31} - 7 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^{30})/d^{36} \right) \cdot \sqrt{dx + 1} \cdot \sqrt{-dx + 1} / (dx - 1) - 6 \cdot (8 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot d^4 + 8 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^4 + 12 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 + 12 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 + 5 \cdot c^3) \cdot \arcsin(1/2 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{dx + 1}) / d^6 + 2 \cdot (a^3 \cdot d^6 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} - 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot d^5 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} + 3 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot d^4 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} + 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^4 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} - b^3 \cdot d^3 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} - 6 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^3 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} + 3 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} + 3 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} - 3 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1} + c^3 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1}) / \sqrt{dx + 1}) / d^6 - 2 \cdot (a^3 \cdot d^6 - 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot b \cdot d^5 + 3 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot d^4 + 3 \cdot a^2 \cdot c \cdot d^4 - b^3 \cdot d^3 - 6 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^3 + 3 \cdot b^2 \cdot c \cdot d^2 + 3 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 - 3 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d + c^3) \cdot \sqrt{dx + 1} / (d^6 \cdot (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-dx + 1})) / d$

3.797.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^3}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.798
$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.798.1 Optimal result	5866
3.798.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5866
3.798.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5867
3.798.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5869
3.798.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5869
3.798.6 Sympy [F]	5870
3.798.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5870
3.798.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5871
3.798.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5871

3.798.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b(a + \frac{c}{d^2}) d^2 + (c^2 + b^2 d^2 + 2acd^2 + a^2 d^4) x}{d^4 \sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}}{d^4} + \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}}{2d^4} - \frac{(2b^2 + c(4a + \frac{3c}{d^2})) \arcsin(dx)}{2d^3}$$

output `-1/2*(2*b^2+c*(4*a+3*c/d^2))*arcsin(d*x)/d^3+(2*b*(a+c/d^2)*d^2+(a^2*d^4+2*a*c*d^2+b^2*d^2+c^2)*x)/d^4/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*b*c*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^4+1/2*c^2*x*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^4`

3.798.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}(-8bc - 4abd^2 - 3c^2 x - 2b^2 d^2 x - 4acd^2 x - 2a^2 d^4 x + 4bcd^2 x^2 + (-3c^2 - 2b^2 d^2 - 4acd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{-1 + \sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}}\right))}{2d^4 (-1 + d^2 x^2)} + \frac{(-3c^2 - 2b^2 d^2 - 4acd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{-1 + \sqrt{1 - d^2 x^2}}\right)}{d^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

3.798.
$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2]*(-8*b*c - 4*a*b*d^2 - 3*c^2*x - 2*b^2*d^2*x - 4*a*c*d^2*x - 2*a^2*d^4*x + 4*b*c*d^2*x^2 + c^2*d^2*x^3))/(2*d^4*(-1 + d^2*x^2)) + ((-3*c^2 - 2*b^2*d^2 - 4*a*c*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(d*x)/(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2])])/d^5$

3.798.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1188, 2345, 2346, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1188

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2345

$$\frac{x(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + b^2d^2 + c^2) + 2bd^2(a + \frac{c}{d^2})}{d^4\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \int \frac{\frac{c^2x^2}{d^2} + \frac{2bcx}{d^2} + \frac{c^2 + 2ad^2c + b^2d^2}{d^4}}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 2346

$$\frac{\int -\frac{2b^2 + 4cxb + c(4a + \frac{3c}{d^2})}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + b^2d^2 + c^2) + 2bd^2(a + \frac{c}{d^2})}{d^4\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^4}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{\int \frac{2b^2 + 4cxb + c(4a + \frac{3c}{d^2})}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + b^2d^2 + c^2) + 2bd^2(a + \frac{c}{d^2})}{d^4\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^4}$$

↓ 455

$$-\frac{(c(4a + \frac{3c}{d^2}) + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{4bc\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{d^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{x(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + b^2d^2 + c^2) + 2bd^2(a + \frac{c}{d^2})}{d^4\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}{2d^4}$$

↓ 223

3.798. $\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{x(a^2d^4 + 2acd^2 + b^2d^2 + c^2) + 2bd^2(a + \frac{c}{d^2})}{d^4\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} - \frac{\arcsin(dx)\left(c\left(4a + \frac{3c}{d^2}\right) + 2b^2\right) - \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{d^2}}{2d^2} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}{2d^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*b*(a + c/d^2)*d^2 + (c^2 + b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*x)/(d^4*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]) + (c^2*x*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/(2*d^4) - ((-4*b*c*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])/d^2 + ((2*b^2 + c*(4*a + (3*c)/d^2))*ArcSin[d*x])/d)/(2*d^2)`

3.798.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`

rule 2345 `Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

3.798. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 2346 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x],
e = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[e*x^(q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(
q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToS
um[b*(q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - a*e*(q - 1)*x^(q - 2) - b*e*(q + 2*p + 1)*x^q, x],
x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

3.798.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. 2(125) = 250.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result
risch	$-\frac{c(cx+4b)(dx-1)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{(-dx+1)(dx+1)}}{2d^4\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}\sqrt{-dx+1}} - \left(\frac{3c^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{2b^2 d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \frac{4c d^2 a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2} x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-dx+1} \left(2 \operatorname{csgn}(d) d^5 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1} a^2 x - \operatorname{csgn}(d) c^2 d^3 x^3 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1} - 4 \operatorname{csgn}(d) b c d^3 x^2 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1} + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d) dx}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2+1}}\right) a c d^4 x^2 \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*c*(c*x+4*b)*(d*x-1)*(d*x+1)^(1/2)/d^4/(-(d*x-1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)*((d*x
+1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)-1/2/d^4*(3*c^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(
1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+2*b^2*d^2/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+4*c*d^2*a/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*x/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))+(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*d^3+2*a*c*d^2+b^2*d^2+2*b*c*d+c^2)/d^2/(x-1/d)*(-d^2*
(x-1/d)^2-2*d*(x-1/d))^(1/2)-(-a^2*d^4+2*a*b*d^3-2*a*c*d^2-b^2*d^2+2*b*c*d
-c^2)/d^2/(x+1/d)*(-d^2*(x+1/d)^2+2*d*(x+1/d))^(1/2))*((d*x+1)*(d*x+1))^(
1/2)/(-d*x+1)^(1/2)/(d*x+1)^(1/2)
```

3.798.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4abd^3 + 8bcd - 4(abd^5 + 2bcd^3)x^2 - (c^2d^3x^3 + 4bcd^3x^2 - 4abd^3 - 8bcd - (2a^2d^5 + 2(b^2 + 2ac)d^3 + 3c^2d^3))x - (a^2d^5 + 2(b^2 + 2ac)d^3 + 3c^2d^3)}{2(d^7x^3 - 3d^5x + 2d^3)}$$

3.798. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(4*a*b*d^3 + 8*b*c*d - 4*(a*b*d^5 + 2*b*c*d^3)*x^2 - (c^2*d^3*x^3 + 4*b*c*d^3*x^2 - 4*a*b*d^3 - 8*b*c*d - (2*a^2*d^5 + 2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^3 + 3*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) + 2*(2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^2 - (2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^4 + 3*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 3*c^2)*arctan((sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 1)/(d*x))/(d^7*x^2 - d^5)`

3.798.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(-dx + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(-d*x+1)**(3/2)/(d*x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**2/((-d*x + 1)**(3/2)*(d*x + 1)**(3/2)), x)`

3.798.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{a^2 x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{c^2 x^3}{2\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^2} - \frac{2bcx^2}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^2} \\ &+ \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^2} + \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)x}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^2} - \frac{(b^2 + 2ac)\arcsin(dx)}{d^3} \\ &+ \frac{3c^2 x}{2\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^4} - \frac{3c^2 \arcsin(dx)}{2d^5} + \frac{4bc}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 + 1}d^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*x/sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1) - 1/2*c^2*x^3/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) - 2*b*c*x^2/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) + 2*a*b/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) - (b^2 + 2*a*c)*arcsin(d*x)/d^3 + 3/2*c^2*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4) - 3/2*c^2*arcsin(d*x)/d^5 + 4*b*c/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^4)`

3.798. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.798.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. $2(125) = 250$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{-dx+1}\left((dx+1)\left(\frac{(dx+1)c^2}{d^4} + \frac{4bcd^{13}-3c^2d^{12}}{d^{16}}\right) - \frac{a^2d^{16}+2abd^{15}+b^2d^{14}+2acd^{14}+10bcd^{13}-c^2d^{12}}{d^{16}}\right)}{dx-1}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1)*((d*x + 1)*((d*x + 1)*c^2/d^4 + (4*b*c*d^13 - 3*c^2*d^12)/d^16) - (a^2*d^16 + 2*a*b*d^15 + b^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^14 + 10*b*c*d^13 - c^2*d^12)/d^16)/(d*x - 1) - 4*(2*b^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*d^2 + 3*c^2)*arcsin(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + 1))/d^4 + (a^2*d^4*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) - 2*a*b*d^3*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) + b^2*d^2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) + 2*a*c*d^2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) - 2*b*c*d*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) + c^2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1))/d^4 - (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*b*d^3 + b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - 2*b*c*d + c^2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)/(d^4*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1)))/d`

3.798.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.799 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.799.1 Optimal result	5872
3.799.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5872
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3.799.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5876
3.799.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5876

3.799.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b + (c + ad^2)x}{d^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \frac{c \arcsin(dx)}{d^3}$$

output `-c*arcsin(d*x)/d^3+(b+(a*d^2+c)*x)/d^2/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)`

3.799.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d(b+(c+ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} - 2c \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{-1+\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((d*(b + (c + a*d^2)*x))/Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - 2*c*ArcTan[(d*x)/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2])])/d^3`

3.799.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {1188, 2345, 27, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1188} \\
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2345} \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2 + c) + b}{d^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \int \frac{c}{d^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2 + c) + b}{d^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{x(ad^2 + c) + b}{d^2\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} - \frac{c \arcsin(dx)}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(b + (c + a*d^2)*x)/(d^2*sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]) - (c*ArcSin[d*x])/d^3`

3.799.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

3.799. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$


```
rule 1188 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2
)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f
+ d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))
```

```
rule 2345 Int[(Pq_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuot
ient[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x,
0], g = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*g - b
*f*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) In
t[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*Q + f*(2*p + 3), x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

3.799.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(-\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1} \operatorname{csgn}(d)d^3ax - \arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)dx}{\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}}\right)cd^2x^2 - \sqrt{-d^2x^2+1} \operatorname{csgn}(d)dcx - \operatorname{csgn}(d)d\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}b + \arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)}{\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}}\right)d^3\sqrt{dx+1}\right)}{(dx-1)\sqrt{-d^2x^2+1}d^3\sqrt{dx+1}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*csgn(d)*d^3*a*x-arctan(csgn(d)*d*x/(-(d*x-1)*(d*x+1))
^(1/2))*c*d^2*x^2-(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*csgn(d)*d*c*x-csgn(d)*d*(-d^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*b+arctan(csgn(d)*d*x/(-(d*x-1)*(d*x+1))^(1/2))*c)*(-d*x+1)^(1/2)*csg
n(d)/(d*x-1)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+1)^(1/2)
```

3.799.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bd^3x^2 - (bd + (ad^3 + cd)x)\sqrt{dx + 1}\sqrt{-dx + 1} - bd + 2(cd^2x^2 - c) \arctan\left(\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(d)}{\sqrt{-(dx-1)(dx+1)}}\right)}{d^5x^2 - d^3}$$

3.799. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*d^3*x^2 - (b*d + (a*d^3 + c*d)*x)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - b*d + 2*(c*d^2*x^2 - c)*arctan((sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1) - 1)/(d*x)))/(d^5*x^2 - d^3)`

3.799.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)**(3/2)/(d*x+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.799.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ax}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}} + \frac{cx}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}d^2} - \frac{c \arcsin(dx)}{d^3} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 1}d^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x/sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1) + c*x/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2) - c*arcsin(d*x)/d^3 + b/(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 1)*d^2)`

3.799.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8c \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{dx+1}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{ad^2(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-dx+1})}{\sqrt{dx+1}} - \frac{bd(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-dx+1})}{d^2} + \frac{c(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-dx+1})}{\sqrt{dx+1}} + \frac{(ad^2-bd+c)\sqrt{dx+1}}{d^2(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-dx+1})} + \frac{2(ad^4+bd^3+cd^2)\sqrt{dx+1}\sqrt{-d}}{(dx-1)d^4}$$

$$4d$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(8*c*arcsin(1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(d*x + 1))/d^2 - (a*d^2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) - b*d*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1) + c*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))/sqrt(d*x + 1))/d^2 + (a*d^2 - b*d + c)*sqrt(d*x + 1)/(d^2*(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-d*x + 1))) + 2*(a*d^4 + b*d^3 + c*d^2)*sqrt(d*x + 1)*sqrt(-d*x + 1)/((d*x - 1)*d^4))/d`

3.799.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{cx^2 + bx + a}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(dx + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.800 $\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.800.1 Optimal result 5877
 3.800.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 5878
 3.800.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5878
 3.800.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify) 5881
 3.800.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 5882
 3.800.6 Sympy [F] 5882
 3.800.7 Maxima [F] 5882
 3.800.8 Giac [F(-1)] 5883
 3.800.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5883

3.800.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 443

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{d^2(b-(c+ad^2)x)}{(b^2d^2-(c+ad^2)^2)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{c(2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}(b^2d^2-(c+ad^2)^2)}$$

$$- \frac{c(2c^2+2acd^2-b(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2c^2+2acd^2-b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})d^2}(b^2d^2-(c+ad^2)^2)}$$

```
output d^2*(b-(a*d^2+c)*x)/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*c*arctanh
(1/2*(2*c+d^2*x*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+
2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c^
2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-1/2*c*arctanh(1/2*(2*c+d^2
*x*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*2^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d
^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b*d^2*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)))/(b^2*d^2-(a*d^2+c)^2)*2^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-b
*d^2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.800.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{d^2(b-(c+ad^2)x)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2} + (1-d^2x^2)\text{RootSum}\left[ad^4 - \right.}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(d^2*(b - (c + a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] + (1 - d^2*x^2)*RootSum[a*d^4 - 2*b*d^2*#1 + 4*c*#1^2 + 2*a*d^2*#1^2 - 2*b*#1^3 + a*#1^4 & , (-c^2*d^2*Log[x]) + b^2*d^4*Log[x] - a*c*d^4*Log[x] + c^2*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - b^2*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + a*c*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 2*b*c*d^2*Log[x]*#1 + 2*b*c*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1 - c^2*Log[x]*#1^2 + b^2*d^2*Log[x]*#1^2 - a*c*d^2*Log[x]*#1^2 + c^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1^2 - b^2*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1^2 + a*c*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1]*#1^2)/(-(b*d^2) + 4*c*#1 + 2*a*d^2*#1 - 3*b*#1^2 + 2*a*#1^3) &])/(c + d*(-b + a*d))*(c + d*(b + a*d))*(-1 + d*x)*(1 + d*x))`

3.800.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {1188, 1307, 27, 1367, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(dx+1)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1188

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-d^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1307

$$\frac{d^2(b - x(ad^2 + c))}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{2d^2(c^2 + ad^2c - bd^2xc - b^2d^2)}{(cx^2 + bx + a)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2 (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{d^2(b - x(ad^2 + c))}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{c^2 + ad^2c - bd^2xc - b^2d^2}{(cx^2 + bx + a)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2}$$

↓ 1367

$$\frac{d^2(b - x(ad^2 + c))}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)} - \frac{c(-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \int \frac{1}{(b + 2cx - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{c(-bd^2(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \int \frac{1}{(b + 2cx + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{d^2(b - x(ad^2 + c))}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)} - \frac{c(-bd^2(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \int \frac{1}{4c^2 - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})^2 d^2 - \frac{((b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c)^2}{1 - d^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} - \frac{c(-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \int \frac{d \frac{(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})xd^2 + 2c}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}}{b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d^2(b - x(ad^2 + c))}{\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2} (b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)} - \frac{c(-bd^2(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d^2x(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}} - \frac{c(-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d^2x(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b) + 2c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-bd^2(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b) + 2acd^2 + 2c^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x]`

3.800. $\int \frac{1}{(1 - dx)^{3/2}(1 + dx)^{3/2}(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$

```
output (d^2*(b - (c + a*d^2)*x))/((b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]) -
(-(c*(2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2)*ArcTanh[(2*c + (
b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[
2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])) + (c*(2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d
^2 - b*(b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2)*ArcTanh[(2*c + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])
*d^2*x]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*S
qrt[1 - d^2*x^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*
(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]))/(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)
```

3.800.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 1188 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2
)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f
+ d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))
```

```
rule 1307 Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c^2*e + c*(2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f))*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)*((d + e*x + f*x^2)^(q + 1)/((-4*a*c)*(a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1))),
x] - Simp[1/((-4*a*c)*(a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)
^(p + 1)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)^q*Simp[2*c*((c*d - a*f)^2 - ((-a)*e)*(c*e))*(p +
1) - (2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f))*(a*f*(p + 1) - c*d*(p + 2)) - e*(-2*a*c^2*e)*(p
+ q + 2) + (2*f*(2*a*c^2*e)*(p + q + 2) - (2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f))*((-c)*e*(2
*p + q + 4)))*x + c*f*(2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f))*(2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && Ne
Q[a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, -1]) && !IGtQ
[q, 0]
```

```
rule 1367 Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(2*c*g - h*(
b - q))/q Int[1/((b - q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[(2*c*g -
h*(b + q))/q Int[1/((b + q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, f, g, h}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

3.800.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11142, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.15

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	11142

```
input int(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```


3.800.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 21628 vs. $2(404) = 808$.

Time = 6.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21628, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

3.800.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)**(3/2)/(d*x+1)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-d*x + 1)**(3/2)*(d*x + 1)**(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.800.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)(dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(-d*x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.800.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.800.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(dx+1)^{3/2}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

3.801
$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

3.801.1 Optimal result	5884
3.801.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	5885
3.801.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5886
3.801.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	5891
3.801.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	5891
3.801.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5891
3.801.7 Maxima [F]	5892
3.801.8 Giac [F(-1)]	5892
3.801.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5892

3.801.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 939

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{d^2(b(c^3 + 2b^2cd^2 - 10ac^2d^2 + 3ab^2d^4 - 11a^2cd^4) - (2c^4 + b^2d^4(2b^2 + a^2d^2) - c^2d^2(b^2 + 6a^2d^2) - c(6ab^2d^4))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(c - bd + ad^2)^2(c + bd + ad^2)^2\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{b(b^2d^2 - c(c + 3ad^2)) - c(2c^2 - b^2d^2 + 2acd^2)x}{(b^2 - 4ac)(b^2d^2 - (c + ad^2)^2)(a + bx + cx^2)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{c(4c^5 + 24ac^4d^2 + 3ab^3(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^6 - c^3d^2(9b^2 - b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 36a^2d^2) - 2ac^2d^4(7b^2 + 5b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}))}{\sqrt{2}(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}\sqrt{2c^2 + 2acd^2 - b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}$$

$$+ \frac{c(b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})d^4(c^3 + 2b^2cd^2 - 10ac^2d^2 + 3ab^2d^4 - 11a^2cd^4) - 2(2c^5d^2 + 12ac^4d^4 + 3ab^4d^8 + 2b^2cd^6))}{\sqrt{2}(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}d^2\sqrt{2c^2 + 2acd^2 - b(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -d^2(b(-11a^2cd^4+3ab^2d^4-10a^2c^2d^2+2b^2cd^2+c^3)-(2c^4+b^2d^4(a^2d^2+2b^2)-c^2d^2(6a^2d^2+b^2)-c(4a^3d^6+6ab^2d^4))x \\
 &)/(-4ac+b^2)/(ad^2-bd+c)^2/(ad^2+bd+c)^2/(-d^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+(-b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))+c(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)x)/(-4ac+b^2)/(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)/(-d^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/2c\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2(2c+d^2xx(b-(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}/(-d^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(2c^2+2acd^2-bd^2(b-(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^2)^{(1/2)}(4c^5+24a^4d^2+3ab^3d^6(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-c^3d^2(9b^2-36a^2d^2-b(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))-2ac^2d^4(7b^2-8a^2d^2+5b(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)})+bcd^4(2b^3-17a^2bd^2+2b^2(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}-11a^2d^2(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{(3/2)}/(a^2d^4+2acd^2-b^2d^2+c^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2c^2+2acd^2-bd^2(b-(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2c\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2(2c+d^2xx(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}/(-d^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(2c^2+2acd^2-bd^2(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^2)^{(1/2)}(4c^5d^2-24a^4d^4-6ab^4d^8-4b^2cd^6(-7a^2d^2+b^2)+2c^3(-18a^2d^6+4b^2d^4)+8c^2(-2a^3d^8+3ab^2d^6)+bd^4(-11a^2cd^4+3ab^2d^4-10a^2c^2d^2+2b^2cd^2+c^3))(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{(3/2)}/d^2/(a^2d^4+2acd^2-b^2d^2+c^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(2c^2+2acd^2-bd^2(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^2)^{(1/2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.801.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3830, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output

```

(-(Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2]*(b^5*d^4*(-1 + 2*d^2*x^2) + 2*c*(c + a*d^2)^2*x*(-2*
a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^4*x^2 + c^2*(-1 + d^2*x^2)) + b^2*d^2*x*(a^3*d^6 + a*c^2
*d^2*(13 - 6*d^2*x^2) + c^3*(2 - d^2*x^2) + a^2*c*d^4*(6 + d^2*x^2)) + b^4
*d^4*x*(-(a*d^2) + c*(-3 + 2*d^2*x^2)) + b*c*(c + a*d^2)*(-4*a^2*d^4*(-2 +
d^2*x^2) + c^2*(-1 + d^2*x^2) + a*c*d^2*(-5 + 9*d^2*x^2)) + b^3*(a^2*d^6*
(-2 + d^2*x^2) + c^2*(2*d^2 - 3*d^4*x^2) + a*c*(3*d^4 - 9*d^6*x^2))))/(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*(-1 + d*x)*(1 + d*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))) + RootSum[a*d^4 - 2*b*
d^2*#1 + 4*c*#1^2 + 2*a*d^2*#1^2 - 2*b*#1^3 + a*#1^4 & , (-4*b^4*c^4*Log[x
] + 20*a*b^2*c^5*Log[x] - 16*a^2*c^6*Log[x] + 8*b^6*c^2*d^2*Log[x] - 56*a*
b^4*c^3*d^2*Log[x] + 107*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*Log[x] - 46*a^3*c^5*d^2*Log[x] -
4*b^8*d^4*Log[x] + 36*a*b^6*c*d^4*Log[x] - 110*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4*Log[x] + 13
2*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4*Log[x] - 44*a^4*c^4*d^4*Log[x] + 3*a^2*b^6*d^6*Log[x] -
22*a^3*b^4*c*d^6*Log[x] + 43*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^6*Log[x] - 14*a^5*c^3*d^6*Log[x
] + 4*b^4*c^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 20*a*b^2*c^5*Log[-1 + S
qrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 16*a^2*c^6*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] -
8*b^6*c^2*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 56*a*b^4*c^3*d^2*Log[-
1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 107*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*
x^2] - x*#1] + 46*a^3*c^5*d^2*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 4*b^8*d
^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1] - 36*a*b^6*c*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d
^2*x^2] - x*#1] + 110*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4*Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 - d^2*x^2] - x*#1...

```

3.801.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 907, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {1188, 1306, 25, 2136, 27, 1367, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(dx+1)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{1188} \\
 \int \frac{1}{(1-d^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{1306}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-ab^2d^4+6ac^2d^2-2c(2c^2+2ad^2c-b^2d^2)x^2d^2-2c(b^2-2a^2d^2)d^2-b(c^2+7ad^2c-2b^2d^2)xd^2+2c^3}{(cx^2+bx+a)(1-d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)} \frac{b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{-ab^2d^4+4a^2cd^4+6ac^2d^2-2c(2c^2+2ad^2c-b^2d^2)x^2d^2-2b^2cd^2-b(c^2+7ad^2c-2b^2d^2)xd^2+2c^3}{(cx^2+bx+a)(1-d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)} \frac{b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 2136

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(3ab^4d^8+2b^2c(b^2-7a^2d^2)d^6+12ac^4d^4+bc(3ab^2d^4-11a^2cd^4-10ac^2d^2+2b^2cd^2+c^3))xd^4+2c^5d^2-2c^3(2b^2d^4-9a^2d^6)-4c^2(3ab^2d^6-2a^3d^8)}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{2d^2\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)} \frac{b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{3ab^4d^8+2b^2c(b^2-7a^2d^2)d^6+12ac^4d^4+bc(3ab^2d^4-11a^2cd^4-10ac^2d^2+2b^2cd^2+c^3))xd^4+2c^5d^2-c^3(4b^2d^4-18a^2d^6)-4c^2(3ab^2d^6-2a^3d^8)}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}} dx}{d^2\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)} \frac{b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

↓ 1367

$$\frac{c(-8c^2(3ab^2d^6-2a^3d^8)-4c^3(2b^2d^4-9a^2d^6)-bd^4(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})(-11a^2cd^4+3ab^2d^4-10ac^2d^2+2b^2cd^2+c^3)+4b^2cd^6(b^2-7a^2d^2)+6ab^4d^8+24ac^4d^4+4c^5d^2)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \frac{b(b^2d^2-c(3ad^2+c))-cx(2acd^2-b^2d^2+2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-d^2x^2}(b^2-4ac)\left(b^2d^2-(ad^2+c)^2\right)(a+bx+cx^2)}$$

3.801. $\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

↓ 488

$$\frac{(b(3ab^2d^4 - 11a^2cd^4 - 10ac^2d^2 + 2b^2cd^2 + c^3) - (a^2b^2d^6 - 4a^3cd^6 + 2b^4d^4 - 6a^2c^2d^4 - 6ab^2cd^4 - b^2c^2d^2 + 2c^4)x)d^2}{(b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{b(b^2d^2 - c(3ad^2 + c)) - c(2c^2 + 2ad^2c - b^2d^2)x}{(b^2 - 4ac)(b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)(cx^2 + bx + a)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(b(3ab^2d^4 - 11a^2cd^4 - 10ac^2d^2 + 2b^2cd^2 + c^3) - (a^2b^2d^6 - 4a^3cd^6 + 2b^4d^4 - 6a^2c^2d^4 - 6ab^2cd^4 - b^2c^2d^2 + 2c^4)x)d^2}{(b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}$$

$$\frac{b(b^2d^2 - c(3ad^2 + c)) - c(2c^2 + 2ad^2c - b^2d^2)x}{(b^2 - 4ac)(b^2d^2 - (ad^2 + c)^2)(cx^2 + bx + a)\sqrt{1 - d^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(1 + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2), x]`

```

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -((b*(b^2*d^2 - c*(c + 3*a*d^2)) - c*(2*c^2 - b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2)*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2])) \\
& + (-((d^2*(b*(c^3 + 2*b^2*c*d^2 - 10*a*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^4 - 11*a^2*c*d^4) - (2*c^4 - b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*b^4*d^4 - 6*a*b^2*c*d^4 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^4 + a^2*b^2*d^6 - 4*a^3*c*d^6)*x))/((b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2])) \\
& - (-((c*(4*c^5*d^2 + 24*a*c^4*d^4 + 6*a*b^4*d^8 + 4*b^2*c*d^6*(b^2 - 7*a^2*d^2) - b*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^4*(c^3 + 2*b^2*c*d^2 - 10*a*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^4 - 11*a^2*c*d^4) - 4*c^3*(2*b^2*d^4 - 9*a^2*d^6) - 8*c^2*(3*a*b^2*d^6 - 2*a^3*d^8))*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*c + (b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2]]))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b - \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])) + (c*(4*c^5*d^2 + 24*a*c^4*d^4 + 6*a*b^4*d^8 + 4*b^2*c*d^6*(b^2 - 7*a^2*d^2) - b*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^4*(c^3 + 2*b^2*c*d^2 - 10*a*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^4 - 11*a^2*c*d^4) - 4*c^3*(2*b^2*d^4 - 9*a^2*d^6) - 8*c^2*(3*a*b^2*d^6 - 2*a^3*d^8))*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*c + (b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2])*\text{Sqrt}[1 - d^2*x^2]]))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c]*\text{Sqrt}[2*c^2 + 2*a*c*d^2 - b*(b + \text{Sqrt}[b^2 - 4*a*c])*d^2]))/(d^2*(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d^2 - (c + a*d^2)^2))
\end{aligned}$$


```

3.801.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$


```

```

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$


```

```

rule 219 
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$


```

```

rule 488 
$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$


```


rule 1188 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*f + e*g*x^2)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || (GtQ[d, 0] && GtQ[f, 0]))`

rule 1306 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b^3*f + b*c*(c*d - 3*a*f) + c*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f)))*x*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d + f*x^2)^(q + 1)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*(d + f*x^2)^q*Simp[2*c*(b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1) - (2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(a*f*(p + 1) - c*d*(p + 2)) + (2*f*(b^3*f + b*c*(c*d - 3*a*f))*(p + q + 2) - (2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(b*f*(p + 1)))*x + c*f*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f))*(2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, -1]) && !IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 1367 `Int[((g_) + (h_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_) + (f_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(2*c*g - h*(b - q))/q Int[1/((b - q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[(2*c*g - h*(b + q))/q Int[1/((b + q + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[d + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, g, h}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 2136 `Int[(Px_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{A = Coeff[Px, x, 0], B = Coeff[Px, x, 1], C = Coeff[Px, x, 2]}, Simp[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d + e*x + f*x^2)^(q + 1)/((-4*a*c)*(a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)))*((A*c - a*C)*(2*a*c*e) + ((-a)*B)*(2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f)) + c*(A*(2*c^2*d - c*(2*a*f)) - B*(-2*a*c*e) + C*(-2*a*(c*d - a*f)))*x), x] + Simp[1/((-4*a*c)*(a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)^q*Simp[(-2*A*c - 2*a*C)*((c*d - a*f)^2 - ((-a)*e)*(c*e))*(p + 1) + (2*(A*c*(c*d - a*f) - a*(c*C*d - B*c*e - a*C*f)))*(a*f*(p + 1) - c*d*(p + 2)) - e*((A*c - a*C)*(2*a*c*e) + ((-a)*B)*(2*c^2*d - c*(Plus[2])*a*f)))*(p + q + 2) - (2*f*((A*c - a*C)*(2*a*c*e) + ((-a)*B)*(2*c^2*d + (-c)*((Plus[2])*a*f)))*(p + q + 2) - (2*(A*c*(c*d - a*f) - a*(c*C*d - B*c*e - a*C*f)))*((-c)*e*(2*p + q + 4)))*x - c*f*(2*(A*c*(c*d - a*f) - a*(c*C*d - B*c*e - a*C*f)))*(2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, q}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x, 2] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[a*c*e^2 + (c*d - a*f)^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[q, -1]) && !IGtQ[q, 0]`

3.801.4 Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108969, normalized size of antiderivative = 116.05

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	108969

input `int(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.801.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.801.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)**(3/2)/(d*x+1)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.801.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^2(dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-dx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(-d*x + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

3.801.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-d*x+1)^(3/2)/(d*x+1)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.801.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(1+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-dx)^{3/2}(dx+1)^{3/2}(cx^2+bx+a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2), x)`

output `int(1/((1 - d*x)^(3/2)*(d*x + 1)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2), x)`

3.802 $\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.802.1 Optimal result	5893
3.802.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	5893
3.802.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5894
3.802.4 Maple [F]	5895
3.802.5 Fricas [F]	5895
3.802.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5896
3.802.7 Maxima [F]	5896
3.802.8 Giac [F]	5896
3.802.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5897

3.802.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = x(a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right)$$

```
output x*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2,-c*x^2/a)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)
```

3.802.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{3ax(a + cx^2)^p (1 - e^2x^2)^m \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right)}{3a \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right) + 2x^2 (cp \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, -m, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right) - ae^2m \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right))}$$

```
input Integrate[(1 - e*x)^m*(1 + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

output $(3ax(a + cx^2)^p(1 - e^{2x^2})^m \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -m, 3/2, -((cx^2)/a), e^{2x^2}]) / (3a \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -m, 3/2, -((cx^2)/a), e^{2x^2}] + 2x^2(c^p \text{AppellF1}[3/2, 1 - p, -m, 5/2, -((cx^2)/a), e^{2x^2}] - a e^{2m} \text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, 1 - m, 5/2, -((cx^2)/a), e^{2x^2}]))$

3.802.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {643, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - ex)^m (ex + 1)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 643 \\ & \int (1 - e^2x^2)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 334 \\ & (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p (1 - e^2x^2)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 333 \\ & x(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, e^2x^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(1 - e*x)^m*(1 + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]$

output $(x*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -m, 3/2, -((c*x^2)/a), e^2*x^2])/(1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p$

3.802.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 333 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

```
rule 334 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

```
rule 643 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*e + d*f*x^2)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || (GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0]))
```

3.802.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (-ex + 1)^m (ex + 1)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

```
input int((-e*x+1)^m*(e*x+1)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int((-e*x+1)^m*(e*x+1)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

3.802.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + 1)^m (-ex + 1)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((-e*x+1)^m*(e*x+1)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + 1)^m*(-e*x + 1)^m, x)
```

3.802.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-e*x+1)**m*(e*x+1)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**3.802.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + 1)^m (-ex + 1)^m dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x+1)^m*(e*x+1)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + 1)^m*(-e*x + 1)^m, x)`**3.802.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + 1)^m (-ex + 1)^m dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x+1)^m*(e*x+1)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + 1)^m*(-e*x + 1)^m, x)`

3.802.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - ex)^m (1 + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (1 - ex)^m (ex + 1)^m dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^p*(1 - e*x)^m*(e*x + 1)^m,x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^p*(1 - e*x)^m*(e*x + 1)^m, x)`

3.803 $\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.803.1 Optimal result	5898
3.803.2 Mathematica [F]	5898
3.803.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5899
3.803.4 Maple [F]	5900
3.803.5 Fracas [F]	5900
3.803.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5901
3.803.7 Maxima [F]	5901
3.803.8 Giac [F]	5901
3.803.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5902

3.803.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = x(d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)$$

```
output x*(-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^m)
```

3.803.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

```
input Integrate[(d - e*x)^m*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output Integrate[(d - e*x)^m*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]
```

3.803.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {648, 334, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^2)^p (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{648} \\
 & (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-m} \int (cx^2 + a)^p (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^{-m} \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p (d^2 - e^2 x^2)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & x(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d - ex)^m (d + \\
 & \quad ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d - e*x)^m*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(d - e*x)^m*(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -m, 3/2, -(c*x^2/a), (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^m)`

3.803.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,
0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 648 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[m]*((e + f*x)^FracPart[m]/(c
*e + d*f*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[(c*e + d*f*x^2)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] &&
!(EqQ[p, 2] && LtQ[m, -1])`

3.803.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (-ex + d)^m (ex + d)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.803.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m (-ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*(-e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.803.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-e*x+d)**m*(e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**3.803.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m (-ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*(-e*x + d)^m, x)`**3.803.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m (-ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((-e*x+d)^m*(e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m*(-e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.803.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d - ex)^m (d + ex)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^m (d - ex)^m dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^m*(d - e*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^m*(d - e*x)^m, x)`

3.804 $\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$

3.804.1 Optimal result	5903
3.804.2 Mathematica [F]	5903
3.804.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5904
3.804.4 Maple [F]	5905
3.804.5 Fracas [F]	5905
3.804.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	5906
3.804.7 Maxima [F]	5906
3.804.8 Giac [F]	5906
3.804.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5907

3.804.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = x(d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2} \right)$$

```
output x*(e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-p,3/2,e^2*x^2/d^2,-c*x^2/a)/((1+c*x^2/a)^p)/((1-e^2*x^2/d^2)^m)
```

3.804.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx$$

```
input Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]
```

```
output Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x]
```

3.804.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {648, 334, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + cx^2)^p (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{648} \\
 & (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (d^2 f - e^2 fx^2)^{-m} \int (cx^2 + a)^p (d^2 f - e^2 fx^2)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (d^2 f - e^2 fx^2)^{-m} \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p (d^2 f - e^2 fx^2)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & (a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (df - efx)^m \int \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & x(a + cx^2)^p \left(\frac{cx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)^{-m} (df - \\
 & \quad efx)^m \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -m, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{cx^2}{a}, \frac{e^2 x^2}{d^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x)^m*(d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -m, 3/2, -(c*x^2)/a], (e^2*x^2)/d^2])/((1 + (c*x^2)/a)^p*(1 - (e^2*x^2)/d^2)^m)`

3.804.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 648 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[m]*((e + f*x)^FracPart[m]/(c*e + d*f*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[(c*e + d*f*x^2)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] && !(EqQ[p, 2] && LtQ[m, -1])`

3.804.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (-efx + df)^m (cx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x)`

3.804.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (-efx + df)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((-e*f*x + d*f)^m*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.804.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(-e*f*x+d*f)**m*(c*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**3.804.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (-efx + df)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-e*f*x + d*f)^m*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`**3.804.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (-efx + df)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(-e*f*x+d*f)^m*(c*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((-e*f*x + d*f)^m*(c*x^2 + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.804.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (df - efx)^m (a + cx^2)^p dx = \int (df - efx)^m (cx^2 + a)^p (d + ex)^m dx$$

input `int((d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^m,x)`output `int((d*f - e*f*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p*(d + e*x)^m, x)`

3.805 $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

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3.805.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 275

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\ &= -\frac{(ef - dg)^3 (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg)) (f + gx)^{1+n}}{g^6(1+n)} \\ &+ \frac{(ef - dg)^2 (3aeg^2 + c(5e^2f^2 - 10defg + 2d^2g^2)) (f + gx)^{2+n}}{g^6(2+n)} \\ &- \frac{e(ef - dg) (3aeg^2 + c(10e^2f^2 - 20defg + 7d^2g^2)) (f + gx)^{3+n}}{g^6(3+n)} \\ &+ \frac{e^2(aeg^2 + c(10e^2f^2 - 20defg + 9d^2g^2)) (f + gx)^{4+n}}{g^6(4+n)} \\ &- \frac{5ce^3(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{5+n}}{g^6(5+n)} + \frac{ce^4(f + gx)^{6+n}}{g^6(6+n)} \end{aligned}$$

```
output -(-d*g+e*f)^3*(a*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/g^6/(1+n)+(-d*g+e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2+c*(2*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(2+n)/g^6/(2+n)-e*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*a*e*g^2+c*(7*d^2*g^2-20*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3+n)/g^6/(3+n)+e^2*(a*e*g^2+c*(9*d^2*g^2-20*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(4+n)/g^6/(4+n)-5*c*e^3*(-d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5+n)/g^6/(5+n)+c*e^4*(g*x+f)^(6+n)/g^6/(6+n)
```

3.805.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(f + gx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{(ef-dg)^3(ag^2+cf(ef-2dg))}{1+n} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2(3aeg^2+c(5e^2f^2-10defg+2d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{2+n} - \frac{e(ef-dg)(3aeg^2+c(10e^2f^2-20defg+9d^2g^2))}{3+n} \right)}{g^6}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((f + g*x)^{(1 + n)} * (-(((e*f - d*g)^3 * (a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g)) / (1 + n)) \\ & + ((e*f - d*g)^2 * (3*a*e*g^2 + c*(5*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2)) * (f \\ & + g*x)) / (2 + n) - (e*(e*f - d*g) * (3*a*e*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*e*f*g + \\ & 7*d^2*g^2)) * (f + g*x)^2) / (3 + n) + (e^2 * (a*e*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*e \\ & *f*g + 9*d^2*g^2)) * (f + g*x)^3) / (4 + n) - (5*c*e^3 * (e*f - d*g) * (f + g*x)^4 \\ &) / (5 + n) + (c*e^4 * (f + g*x)^5) / (6 + n))) / g^6 \end{aligned}$$
3.805.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1195}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef - dg)^2 (f + gx)^{n+1} (3aeg^2 + c(2d^2g^2 - 10defg + 5e^2f^2))}{g^5} + \frac{e(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+2} (-3aeg^2 - c(7d^2g^2 - 10defg + 5e^2f^2))}{g^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg)^2(f + gx)^{n+2} (3aeg^2 + c(2d^2g^2 - 10defg + 5e^2f^2))}{g^6(n+2)} - \frac{e(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+3} (3aeg^2 + c(7d^2g^2 - 20defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^6(n+3)} + \frac{e^2(f + gx)^{n+4} (aeg^2 + c(9d^2g^2 - 20defg + 10e^2f^2))}{g^6(n+4)} - \frac{(ef - dg)^3(f + gx)^{n+1} (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^6(n+1)} - \frac{5ce^3(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+5}}{g^6(n+5)} + \frac{ce^4(f + gx)^{n+6}}{g^6(n+6)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2), x]`

output `-(((e*f - d*g)^3*(a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g))*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(g^6*(1 + n))) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*(5*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + 2*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(2 + n))/(g^6*(2 + n)) - (e*(e*f - d*g)*(3*a*e*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*e*f*g + 7*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3 + n))/(g^6*(3 + n)) + (e^2*(a*e*g^2 + c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*e*f*g + 9*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(4 + n))/(g^6*(4 + n)) - (5*c*e^3*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(5 + n))/(g^6*(5 + n)) + (c*e^4*(f + g*x)^(6 + n))/(g^6*(6 + n))`

3.805.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.805.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1785 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1786, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.49

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	1786
gosper	Expression too large to display	2017
risch	Expression too large to display	2642
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	3960

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c*e^4/(6+n)*x^6*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+f*(a*d^3*g^5*n^5-2*c*d^4*f*g^4*n^4+20*a*d^3*g^5*n^4-3*a*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^4-36*c*d^4*f*g^4*n^3+14*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^3*n^3+155*a*d^3*g^5*n^3-54*a*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^3+6*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^3-238*c*d^4*f*g^4*n^2+210*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^3*n^2-54*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^2*n^2+580*a*d^3*g^5*n^2-357*a*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^2+90*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^2-6*a*e^3*f^3*g^2*n^2-684*c*d^4*f*g^4*n+1036*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^3*n-594*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^2*n+120*c*d*e^3*f^4*g*n+1044*a*d^3*g^5*n-1026*a*d^2*e*f*g^4*n+444*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3*n-66*a*e^3*f^3*g^2*n-720*c*d^4*f*g^4+1680*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^3-1620*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^2+720*c*d*e^3*f^4*g-120*c*e^4*f^5+720*a*d^3*g^5-1080*a*d^2*e*f*g^4+720*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3-180*a*e^3*f^3*g^2)/g^6/(n^6+21*n^5+175*n^4+735*n^3+1624*n^2+1764*n+720)*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+(2*c*d^4*g^4*n^4+7*c*d^3*e*f*g^3*n^4+3*a*d^2*e*g^4*n^4+3*a*d*e^2*f*g^3*n^4+36*c*d^4*g^4*n^3+105*c*d^3*e*f*g^3*n^3-27*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*n^3+54*a*d^2*e*g^4*n^3+45*a*d*e^2*f*g^3*n^3-3*a*e^3*f^2*g^2*n^3+238*c*d^4*g^4*n^2+518*c*d^3*e*f*g^3*n^2-297*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*n^2+60*c*d*e^3*f^3*g*n^2+357*a*d^2*e*g^4*n^2+222*a*d*e^2*f*g^3*n^2-33*a*e^3*f^2*g^2*n^2+684*c*d^4*g^4*n+840*c*d^3*e*f*g^3*n-810*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2*n+360*c*d*e^3*f^3*g*n-60*c*e^4*f^4*n+1026*a*d^2*e*g^4*n+360*a*d*e^2*f*g^3*n-90*a*e^3*f^2*g^2*n+720*c*d^4*g^4+1080*a*d^2*e*g^4)/g^4/(n^5+20*n^4+155*n^3+580*n^2+1044*n+720)*x^2*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+(2*c*d^4*f*g^4*n^5+a*d^3*g^5*n^5+3*a*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^5+36*c*d^4*f*g^4*n^4-14*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^3*n^4+20*a*d^3*g^5*n^4+54*a*d^2...
```

3.805.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2032 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2032, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.39

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.805. $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

output

```
(a*d^3*f*g^5*n^5 - 120*c*e^4*f^6 + 720*c*d*e^3*f^5*g + 720*a*d^3*f*g^5 - 1
80*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*f^4*g^2 + 240*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^3*g^3 - 3
60*(2*c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e)*f^2*g^4 + (c*e^4*g^6*n^5 + 15*c*e^4*g^6*n^4 + 85*
c*e^4*g^6*n^3 + 225*c*e^4*g^6*n^2 + 274*c*e^4*g^6*n + 120*c*e^4*g^6)*x^6 +
(720*c*d*e^3*g^6 + (c*e^4*f*g^5 + 5*c*d*e^3*g^6)*n^5 + 10*(c*e^4*f*g^5 +
8*c*d*e^3*g^6)*n^4 + 5*(7*c*e^4*f*g^5 + 95*c*d*e^3*g^6)*n^3 + 50*(c*e^4*f*
g^5 + 26*c*d*e^3*g^6)*n^2 + 12*(2*c*e^4*f*g^5 + 135*c*d*e^3*g^6)*n)*x^5 +
(20*a*d^3*f*g^5 - (2*c*d^4 + 3*a*d^2*e)*f^2*g^4)*n^4 + (180*(9*c*d^2*e^2 +
a*e^3)*g^6 + (5*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 + (9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^6)*n^5 - (5*c*e^4
*f^2*g^4 - 60*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - 17*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^6)*n^4 - (30*c*e^
4*f^2*g^4 - 235*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - 107*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^6)*n^3 - (55*c
*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 360*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - 307*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^6)*n^2 - 6*
(5*c*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 30*c*d*e^3*f*g^5 - 66*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^6)*n)*x^4
+ (155*a*d^3*f*g^5 + 2*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^3*g^3 - 18*(2*c*d^4 + 3*
a*d^2*e)*f^2*g^4)*n^3 + (240*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^6 + ((9*c*d^2*e^2 +
a*e^3)*f*g^5 + (7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^6)*n^5 - 2*(10*c*d*e^3*f^2*g^4 -
7*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^5 - 9*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^6)*n^4 + (20*
c*e^4*f^3*g^3 - 180*c*d*e^3*f^2*g^4 + 65*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^5 + 121
*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^6)*n^3 + 4*(15*c*e^4*f^3*g^3 - 100*c*d*e^3*f^2*
g^4 + 28*(9*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^5 + 93*(7*c*d^3*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^6)*...
```

3.805.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24206 vs. $2(260) = 520$.

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24206, normalized size of antiderivative = 88.02

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((f**n*(a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + a*d*e**2*x**3 + a*e**3*x**4/4 + c*d**4*x**2 + 7*c*d**3*e*x**3/3 + 9*c*d**2*e**2*x**4/4 + c*d*e**3*x**5 + c*e**4*x**6/6), Eq(g, 0)), (-12*a*d**3*g**5/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 9*a*d**2*e*f*g**4/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 45*a*d**2*e*g**5*x/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 6*a*d*e**2*f**2*g**3/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 30*a*d*e**2*f*g**4*x/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 60*a*d*e**2*g**5*x**2/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 3*a*e**3*f**3*g**2/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 15*a*e**3*f**2*g**3*x/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 30*a*e**3*f*g**4*x**2/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*x**4 + 60*g**11*x**5) - 30*a*e**3*g**5*x**3/(60*f**5*g**6 + 300*f**4*g**7*x + 600*f**3*g**8*x**2 + 600*f**2*g**9*x**3 + 300*f*g**10*...`

3.805.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 811 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 811, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int (d+ex)^3(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx = \frac{2(g^2(n+1)x^2+fgnx-f^2)(gx+f)^n cd^4}{(n^2+3n+2)g^2} + \frac{7((n^2+3n+2)g^3x^3+(n^2+n)fg^2x^2-2f^2gnx+2f^3)(gx+f)^n cd^3 e}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^3} + \frac{3(g^2(n+1)x^2+fgnx-f^2)(gx+f)^n ad^2 e}{(n^2+3n+2)g^2} + \frac{(gx+f)^{n+1} ad^3}{g(n+1)} + \frac{9((n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^4x^4+(n^3+3n^2+2n)fg^3x^3-3(n^2+n)f^2g^2x^2+6f^3gnx-6f^4)(gx+f)^n a}{(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)g^4} + \frac{3((n^2+3n+2)g^3x^3+(n^2+n)fg^2x^2-2f^2gnx+2f^3)(gx+f)^n ade^2}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^3} + \frac{5((n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)g^5x^5+(n^4+6n^3+11n^2+6n)fg^4x^4-4(n^3+3n^2+2n)f^2g^3x^3-((n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^4x^4+(n^3+3n^2+2n)fg^3x^3-3(n^2+n)f^2g^2x^2+6f^3gnx-6f^4)(gx+f)^n a}{(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)g^5} + \frac{((n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^4x^4+(n^3+3n^2+2n)fg^3x^3-3(n^2+n)f^2g^2x^2+6f^3gnx-6f^4)(gx+f)^n a}{(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)g^4} + \frac{((n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)g^6x^6+(n^5+10n^4+35n^3+50n^2+24n)fg^5x^5-5(n^4+6n^3+11n^2+6n)fg^4x^4-20(n^3+3n^2+2n)f^2g^3x^3+12(n^2+n)f^3g^2x^2-24f^4g^2nx+24f^5)(gx+f)^n a}{(n^6+21n^5+175n^4+735n^3+1624n^2+1764n+720)g^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(g^2*(n+1)*x^2+f*g*n*x-f^2)*(g*x+f)^n*c*d^4/((n^2+3*n+2)*g^2)+7*((n^2+3*n+2)*g^3*x^3+(n^2+n)*f*g^2*x^2-2*f^2*g*n*x+2*f^3)*(g*x+f)^n*c*d^3*e/((n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*g^3)+3*(g^2*(n+1)*x^2+f*g*n*x-f^2)*(g*x+f)^n*a*d^2*e/((n^2+3*n+2)*g^2)+(g*x+f)^(n+1)*a*d^3/(g*(n+1))+9*((n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*g^4*x^4+(n^3+3*n^2+2*n)*f*g^3*x^3-3*(n^2+n)*f^2*g^2*x^2+6*f^3*g*n*x-6*f^4)*(g*x+f)^n*c*d^2*e^2/((n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*g^4)+3*((n^2+3*n+2)*g^3*x^3+(n^2+n)*f*g^2*x^2-2*f^2*g*n*x+2*f^3)*(g*x+f)^n*a*d*e^2/((n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*g^3)+5*((n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*g^5*x^5+(n^4+6*n^3+11*n^2+6*n)*f*g^4*x^4-4*(n^3+3*n^2+2*n)*f^2*g^3*x^3+12*(n^2+n)*f^3*g^2*x^2-24*f^4*g*n*x+24*f^5)*(g*x+f)^n*c*d*e^3/((n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*g^5)+((n^3+6*n^2+11*n+6)*g^4*x^4+(n^3+3*n^2+2*n)*f*g^3*x^3-3*(n^2+n)*f^2*g^2*x^2+6*f^3*g*n*x-6*f^4)*(g*x+f)^n*a*e^3/((n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*g^4)+((n^5+15*n^4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*g^6*x^6+(n^5+10*n^4+35*n^3+50*n^2+24*n)*f*g^5*x^5-5*(n^4+6*n^3+11*n^2+6*n)*f^2*g^4*x^4+20*(n^3+3*n^2+2*n)*f^3*g^3*x^3-60*(n^2+n)*f^4*g^2*x^2+120*f^5*g*n*x-120*f^6)*(g*x+f)^n*c*e^4/((n^6+21*n^5+175*n^4+735*n^3+1624*n^2+1764*n+720)*g^6)`

3.805.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3830 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3830, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.93

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*g^6*n^5*x^6 + (g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f*g^5*n^5*x^5 + 5*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*g^6*n^5*x^5 + 15*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*g^6*n^4*x^6 + 5*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*f*g^5*n^5*x^4 + 9*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*g^6*n^5*x^4 + 10*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f*g^5*n^4*x^5 + 80*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*g^6*n^4*x^5 + 85*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*g^6*n^3*x^6 + 9*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^5*n^5*x^3 + 7*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*e*g^6*n^5*x^3 - 5*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f^2*g^4*n^4*x^4 + 60*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*f*g^5*n^4*x^4 + 153*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*g^6*n^4*x^4 + (g*x + f)^n*a*e^3*g^6*n^5*x^4 + 35*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f*g^5*n^3*x^5 + 475*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*g^6*n^3*x^5 + 225*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*g^6*n^2*x^6 + 7*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*e*f*g^5*n^5*x^2 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^4*g^6*n^5*x^2 - 20*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*f^2*g^4*n^4*x^3 + 126*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^5*n^4*x^3 + 126*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*e*g^6*n^4*x^3 + (g*x + f)^n*a*e^3*f*g^5*n^5*x^3 + 3*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e^2*g^6*n^5*x^3 - 30*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f^2*g^4*n^3*x^4 + 2*35*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*f*g^5*n^3*x^4 + 963*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*g^6*n^3*x^4 + 17*(g*x + f)^n*a*e^3*g^6*n^4*x^4 + 50*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f*g^5*n^2*x^5 + 1300*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*g^6*n^2*x^5 + 274*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*g^6*n*x^6 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^4*f*g^5*n^5*x - 27*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^4*n^4*x^2 + 112*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*e*f*g^5*n^4*x^2 + 38*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^4*g^6*n^4*x^2 + 3*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e^2*f*g^5*n^5*x^2 + 3*(g*x + f)^n*a*d^2*e*g^6*n^5*x^2 + 20*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^4*f^3*g^3*n^3*x^3 - 180*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^3*f^...
```

3.805.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1943, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^3*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x*(f + g*x)^n*(720*a*d^3*g^6 + 580*a*d^3*g^6*n^2 + 155*a*d^3*g^6*n^3 + 20 \\ & *a*d^3*g^6*n^4 + a*d^3*g^6*n^5 + 1044*a*d^3*g^6*n + 720*c*d^4*f*g^5*n + 12 \\ & 0*c*e^4*f^5*g*n + 180*a*e^3*f^3*g^3*n + 684*c*d^4*f*g^5*n^2 + 238*c*d^4*f* \\ & g^5*n^3 + 36*c*d^4*f*g^5*n^4 + 2*c*d^4*f*g^5*n^5 + 66*a*e^3*f^3*g^3*n^2 + \\ & 6*a*e^3*f^3*g^3*n^3 - 444*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^4*n^2 - 90*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^4*n^3 - 6 \\ & *a*d*e^2*f^2*g^4*n^4 + 1620*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^3*n - 120*c*d*e^3*f^4*g^2*n^2 \\ & - 1036*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^4*n^2 - 210*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^4*n^3 - 14*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^4* \\ & n^4 + 1080*a*d^2*e*f*g^5*n + 594*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^3*n^2 + 54*c*d^2*e^2*f^3* \\ & g^3*n^3 - 720*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^4*n + 1026*a*d^2*e*f*g^5*n^2 + 357*a*d^2*e*f*g \\ & ^5*n^3 + 54*a*d^2*e*f*g^5*n^4 + 3*a*d^2*e*f*g^5*n^5 - 720*c*d*e^3*f^4*g^2* \\ & n - 1680*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^4*n))/(g^6*(1764*n + 1624*n^2 + 735*n^3 + 175*n^4 + \\ & 21*n^5 + n^6 + 720)) - ((f + g*x)^n*(120*c*e^4*f^6 + 180*a*e^3*f^4*g^2 + \\ & 720*c*d^4*f^2*g^4 - 720*a*d^3*f*g^5 - 720*c*d*e^3*f^5*g - 1044*a*d^3*f*g^5 \\ & *n - 720*a*d*e^2*f^3*g^3 + 1080*a*d^2*e*f^2*g^4 - 1680*c*d^3*e*f^3*g^3 - 5 \\ & 80*a*d^3*f*g^5*n^2 - 155*a*d^3*f*g^5*n^3 - 20*a*d^3*f*g^5*n^4 - a*d^3*f*g^ \\ & 5*n^5 + 66*a*e^3*f^4*g^2*n + 684*c*d^4*f^2*g^4*n + 1620*c*d^2*e^2*f^4*g^2 \\ & + 6*a*e^3*f^4*g^2*n^2 + 238*c*d^4*f^2*g^4*n^2 + 36*c*d^4*f^2*g^4*n^3 + 2*c \\ & *d^4*f^2*g^4*n^4 - 90*a*d*e^2*f^3*g^3*n^2 + 357*a*d^2*e*f^2*g^4*n^2 - 6*a* \\ & d*e^2*f^3*g^3*n^3 + 54*a*d^2*e*f^2*g^4*n^3 + 3*a*d^2*e*f^2*g^4*n^4 + 594*c \\ & *d^2*e^2*f^4*g^2*n - 210*c*d^3*e*f^3*g^3*n^2 - 14*c*d^3*e*f^3*g^3*n^3 - \dots \end{aligned}$$

3.806 $\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

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3.806.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 208

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{(ef - dg)^2 (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg)) (f + gx)^{1+n}}{g^5(1 + n)} \\ & \quad - \frac{2(ef - dg) (aeg^2 + c(2e^2 f^2 - 4defg + d^2 g^2)) (f + gx)^{2+n}}{g^5(2 + n)} \\ & \quad + \frac{e(aeg^2 + c(6e^2 f^2 - 12defg + 5d^2 g^2)) (f + gx)^{3+n}}{g^5(3 + n)} \\ & \quad - \frac{4ce^2(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{4+n}}{g^5(4 + n)} + \frac{ce^3(f + gx)^{5+n}}{g^5(5 + n)} \end{aligned}$$

output $(-d*g+e*f)^2*(a*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/g^5/(1+n)-2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*e*g^2+c*(d^2*g^2-4*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(2+n)/g^5/(2+n)+e*(a*e*g^2+c*(5*d^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3+n)/g^5/(3+n)-4*c*e^2*(-d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(4+n)/g^5/(4+n)+c*e^3*(g*x+f)^(5+n)/g^5/(5+n)$

3.806.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(f + gx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{(ef-dg)^2(ag^2+cf(ef-2dg))}{1+n} - \frac{2(ef-dg)(aeg^2+c(2e^2f^2-4defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{2+n} + \frac{e(aeg^2+c(6e^2f^2-12defg+5d^2g^2))}{3+n} \right)}{g^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output $((f + gx)^{(1 + n)} * (((ef - dg)^2 * (ag^2 + cf * (ef - 2 * dg))) / (1 + n) - (2 * (ef - dg) * (a * eg^2 + c * (2 * e^2 * f^2 - 4 * d * e * f * g + d^2 * g^2))) * (f + gx)) / (2 + n) + (e * (a * eg^2 + c * (6 * e^2 * f^2 - 12 * d * e * f * g + 5 * d^2 * g^2))) * (f + gx)^2 / (3 + n) - (4 * c * e^2 * (ef - dg) * (f + gx)^3) / (4 + n) + (c * e^3 * (f + gx)^4) / (5 + n)) / g^5$

3.806.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+1} (-aeg^2 - c(d^2g^2 - 4defg + 2e^2f^2))}{g^4} + \frac{e(f + gx)^{n+2} (aeg^2 + c(5d^2g^2 - 12defg + 6e^2f^2))}{g^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$- \frac{2(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+2} (aeg^2 + c(d^2g^2 - 4defg + 2e^2f^2))}{g^5(n + 2)} + \frac{e(f + gx)^{n+3} (aeg^2 + c(5d^2g^2 - 12defg + 6e^2f^2))}{g^5(n + 3)} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2(f + gx)^{n+1} (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^5(n + 1)} - \frac{4ce^2(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+4}}{g^5(n + 4)} + \frac{ce^3(f + gx)^{n+5}}{g^5(n + 5)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output `((e*f - d*g)^2*(a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g))*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(g^5*(1 + n) - (2*(e*f - d*g)*(a*e*g^2 + c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(2 + n))/(g^5*(2 + n)) + (e*(a*e*g^2 + c*(6*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + 5*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3 + n))/(g^5*(3 + n)) - (4*c*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(4 + n))/(g^5*(4 + n)) + (c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(5 + n))/(g^5*(5 + n))`

3.806.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.806.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1028 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1029, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	1029
gospers	Expression too large to display	1048
risch	Expression too large to display	1438
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	2213

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

c*e^3/(5+n)*x^5*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+f*(a*d^2*g^4*n^4-2*c*d^3*f*g^3*n^3+14*a*d
^2*g^4*n^3-2*a*d*e*f*g^3*n^3-24*c*d^3*f*g^3*n^2+10*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*n^2+71*
a*d^2*g^4*n^2-24*a*d*e*f*g^3*n^2+2*a*e^2*f^2*g^2*n^2-94*c*d^3*f*g^3*n+90*c
*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*n-24*c*d*e^2*f^3*g*n+154*a*d^2*g^4*n-94*a*d*e*f*g^3*n+18*a*
e^2*f^2*g^2*n-120*c*d^3*f*g^3+200*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2-120*c*d*e^2*f^3*g+24*c*e
^3*f^4+120*a*d^2*g^4-120*a*d*e*f*g^3+40*a*e^2*f^2*g^2)/g^5/(n^5+15*n^4+85*
n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+(2*c*d^3*g^3*n^3+5*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*n
^3+2*a*d*e*g^3*n^3+a*e^2*f*g^2*n^3+24*c*d^3*g^3*n^2+45*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*n^2-1
2*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*n^2+24*a*d*e*g^3*n^2+9*a*e^2*f*g^2*n^2+94*c*d^3*g^3*n+100*
c*d^2*e*f*g^2*n-60*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*n+12*c*e^3*f^3*n+94*a*d*e*g^3*n+20*a*e^2*
f*g^2*n+120*c*d^3*g^3+120*a*d*e*g^3)/g^3/(n^4+14*n^3+71*n^2+154*n+120)*x^2
*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+(2*c*d^3*f*g^3*n^4+a*d^2*g^4*n^4+2*a*d*e*f*g^3*n^4+24*c*
d^3*f*g^3*n^3-10*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*n^3+14*a*d^2*g^4*n^3+24*a*d*e*f*g^3*n^3-2
*a*e^2*f^2*g^2*n^3+94*c*d^3*f*g^3*n^2-90*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*n^2+24*c*d*e^2*f^
3*g*n^2+71*a*d^2*g^4*n^2+94*a*d*e*f*g^3*n^2-18*a*e^2*f^2*g^2*n^2+120*c*d^3
*f*g^3*n-200*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^2*n+120*c*d*e^2*f^3*g*n-24*c*e^3*f^4*n+154*a*d^
2*g^4*n+120*a*d*e*f*g^3*n-40*a*e^2*f^2*g^2*n+120*a*d^2*g^4)/g^4/(n^5+15*n^
4+85*n^3+225*n^2+274*n+120)*x*exp(n*ln(g*x+f))+(5*c*d^2*g^2*n^2+4*c*d*e*f*
g*n^2+a*e*g^2*n^2+45*c*d^2*g^2*n+20*c*d*e*f*g*n-4*c*e^2*f^2*n+9*a*e*g^2*n+
100*c*d^2*g^2+20*a*e*g^2)*e/g^2/(n^3+12*n^2+47*n+60)*x^3*exp(n*ln(g*x+f)...

```

3.806.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1122 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1122, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.39

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
(a*d^2*f*g^4*n^4 + 24*c*e^3*f^5 - 120*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 120*a*d^2*f*g^4 + 40
*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - 120*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*f^2*g^3 + (c*e^3*g^5*n^
4 + 10*c*e^3*g^5*n^3 + 35*c*e^3*g^5*n^2 + 50*c*e^3*g^5*n + 24*c*e^3*g^5)*x
^5 + (120*c*d*e^2*g^5 + (c*e^3*f*g^4 + 4*c*d*e^2*g^5)*n^4 + 2*(3*c*e^3*f*g
^4 + 22*c*d*e^2*g^5)*n^3 + (11*c*e^3*f*g^4 + 164*c*d*e^2*g^5)*n^2 + 2*(3*c
*e^3*f*g^4 + 122*c*d*e^2*g^5)*n)*x^4 + 2*(7*a*d^2*f*g^4 - (c*d^3 + a*d*e)*
f^2*g^3)*n^3 + (40*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*g^5 + (4*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 + (5*c*d^2*e
+ a*e^2)*g^5)*n^4 - 4*(c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 8*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 - 3*(5*c*d^2*e + a
*e^2)*g^5)*n^3 - (12*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 68*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 - 49*(5*c*d^2*e + a
e^2)*g^5)*n^2 - 2*(4*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 20*c*d*e^2*f*g^4 - 39*(5*c*d^2*e + a
e^2)*g^5)*n)*x^3 + (71*a*d^2*f*g^4 + 2*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - 24*(c
*d^3 + a*d*e)*f^2*g^3)*n^2 + (120*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*g^5 + ((5*c*d^2*e + a*e^
2)*f*g^4 + 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*g^5)*n^4 - 2*(6*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 5*(5*c*d^2
e + a*e^2)*f*g^4 - 13*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*g^5)*n^3 + (12*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 72*c
d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 29*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*f*g^4 + 118*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*g^5)*n^
2 + 2*(6*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 30*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + 10*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*f*g^4
+ 107*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*g^5)*n)*x^2 - 2*(12*c*d*e^2*f^4*g - 77*a*d^2*f*g^4
- 9*(5*c*d^2*e + a*e^2)*f^3*g^2 + 47*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*f^2*g^3)*n + (120*a*d
^2*g^5 + (a*d^2*g^5 + 2*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*f*g^4)*n^4 + 2*(7*a*d^2*g^5 - (5*c
d^2*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^3 + 12*(c*d^3 + a*d*e)*f*g^4)*n^3 + (24*c*d*e^2*f...
```

3.806.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11946 vs. $2(197) = 394$.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11946, normalized size of antiderivative = 57.43

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((f**n*(a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**3/3 + c*d**3*x**2 + 5*c*d**2*e*x**3/3 + c*d*e**2*x**4 + c*e**3*x**5/5), Eq(g, 0)), (-3*a*d**2*g**4/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 2*a*d*e*f*g**3/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 8*a*d*e*g**4*x/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - a*e**2*f**2*g**2/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 4*a*e**2*f*g**3*x/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 6*a*e**2*g**4*x**2/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 2*c*d**3*f*g**3/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 8*c*d**3*g**4*x/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 5*c*d**2*e*f**2*g**2/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 20*c*d**2*e*f*g**3*x/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 30*c*d**2*e*g**4*x**2/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 12*c*d*e**2*f**3*g/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12*g**9*x**4) - 48*c*d*e**2*f**2*g**2*x/(12*f**4*g**5 + 48*f**3*g**6*x + 72*f**2*g**7*x**2 + 48*f*g**8*x**3 + 12...`

3.806.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 512 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int (d+ex)^2(f+gx)^n(a+2cdx+cex^2) dx = \frac{2(g^2(n+1)x^2+fgnx-f^2)(gx+f)^n cd^3}{(n^2+3n+2)g^2} + \frac{5((n^2+3n+2)g^3x^3+(n^2+n)fg^2x^2-2f^2gnx+2f^3)(gx+f)^n cd^2 e}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^3} + \frac{2(g^2(n+1)x^2+fgnx-f^2)(gx+f)^n ade}{(n^2+3n+2)g^2} + \frac{(gx+f)^{n+1} ad^2}{g(n+1)} + \frac{4((n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^4x^4+(n^3+3n^2+2n)fg^3x^3-3(n^2+n)f^2g^2x^2+6f^3gnx-6f^4)(gx+f)^n}{(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)g^4} + \frac{((n^2+3n+2)g^3x^3+(n^2+n)fg^2x^2-2f^2gnx+2f^3)(gx+f)^n ae^2}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)g^3} + \frac{((n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)g^5x^5+(n^4+6n^3+11n^2+6n)fg^4x^4-4(n^3+3n^2+2n)f^2g^3x^3+(n^2+n)f^3g^2x^2-4nf^4)(gx+f)^n}{(n^5+15n^4+85n^3+225n^2+274n+120)g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2*(g^2*(n + 1)*x^2 + f*g*n*x - f^2)*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^2) + 5*((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*f*g^2*x^2 - 2*f^2*g*n*x + 2*f^3)*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*g^3) + 2*(g^2*(n + 1)*x^2 + f*g*n*x - f^2)*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^2) + (g*x + f)^(n + 1)*a*d^2/(g*(n + 1)) + 4*((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*g^4*x^4 + (n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*f*g^3*x^3 - 3*(n^2 + n)*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 6*f^3*g*n*x - 6*f^4)*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2/((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*g^4) + ((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*f*g^2*x^2 - 2*f^2*g*n*x + 2*f^3)*(g*x + f)^n*a*e^2/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*g^3) + ((n^4 + 10*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 50*n + 24)*g^5*x^5 + (n^4 + 6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n)*f*g^4*x^4 - 4*(n^3 + 3*n^2 + 2*n)*f^2*g^3*x^3 + 12*(n^2 + n)*f^3*g^2*x^2 - 24*f^4*g*n*x + 24*f^5)*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3/((n^5 + 15*n^4 + 85*n^3 + 225*n^2 + 274*n + 120)*g^5)$

3.806.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2133 vs. $2(208) = 416$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2133, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.25

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*g^5*n^4*x^5 + (g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f*g^4*n^4*x^4 + 4*(g*x
+ f)^n*c*d*e^2*g^5*n^4*x^4 + 10*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*g^5*n^3*x^5 + 4*(g*x + f
)^n*c*d*e^2*f*g^4*n^4*x^3 + 5*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e*g^5*n^4*x^3 + 6*(g*x + f
)^n*c*e^3*f*g^4*n^3*x^4 + 44*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2*g^5*n^3*x^4 + 35*(g*x + f
)^n*c*e^3*g^5*n^2*x^5 + 5*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^4*x^2 + 2*(g*x + f)^
n*c*d^3*g^5*n^4*x^2 - 4*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f^2*g^3*n^3*x^3 + 32*(g*x + f)^n
*c*d*e^2*f*g^4*n^3*x^3 + 60*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e*g^5*n^3*x^3 + (g*x + f)^n*
a*e^2*g^5*n^4*x^3 + 11*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f*g^4*n^2*x^4 + 164*(g*x + f)^n*c
*d*e^2*g^5*n^2*x^4 + 50*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*g^5*n*x^5 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*
f*g^4*n^4*x - 12*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^3*x^2 + 50*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^
2*e*f*g^4*n^3*x^2 + 26*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*g^5*n^3*x^2 + (g*x + f)^n*a*e^2*f
*g^4*n^4*x^2 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e*g^5*n^4*x^2 - 12*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f^2*
g^3*n^2*x^3 + 68*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2*f*g^4*n^2*x^3 + 245*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2
*e*g^5*n^2*x^3 + 12*(g*x + f)^n*a*e^2*g^5*n^3*x^3 + 6*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f*
g^4*n*x^4 + 244*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2*g^5*n*x^4 + 24*(g*x + f)^n*c*e^3*g^5*x
^5 - 10*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^3*n^3*x + 24*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*f*g^4*n^3
*x + 2*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e*f*g^4*n^4*x + (g*x + f)^n*a*d^2*g^5*n^4*x + 12*(g
*x + f)^n*c*e^3*f^3*g^2*n^2*x^2 - 72*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^2*x^2 +
145*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^2*e*f*g^4*n^2*x^2 + 118*(g*x + f)^n*c*d^3*g^5*n^2*x^2
+ 10*(g*x + f)^n*a*e^2*f*g^4*n^3*x^2 + 26*(g*x + f)^n*a*d*e*g^5*n^3*x^...

```

3.806.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1133, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\
 &= \frac{(f + gx)^n (-2cd^3 f^2 g^3 n^3 - 24cd^3 f^2 g^3 n^2 - 94cd^3 f^2 g^3 n - 120cd^3 f^2 g^3 + 10cd^2 e f^3 g^2 n^2 + 90cd^2 e f^3 g^2 n + 10cd^2 e f^3 g^2 - 10cd^2 e f^3 g^2)}{n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120} \\
 &+ \frac{x(f + gx)^n (2cd^3 f g^4 n^4 + 24cd^3 f g^4 n^3 + 94cd^3 f g^4 n^2 + 120cd^3 f g^4 n - 10cd^2 e f^2 g^3 n^3 - 90cd^2 e f^2 g^3 n - 10cd^2 e f^2 g^3 + 10cd^2 e f^2 g^3)}{n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120} \\
 &+ \frac{ce^3 x^5 (f + gx)^n (n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)}{n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120} \\
 &+ \frac{x^2 (f + gx)^n (n + 1) (2cd^3 g^3 n^3 + 24cd^3 g^3 n^2 + 94cd^3 g^3 n + 120cd^3 g^3 + 5cd^2 e f g^2 n^3 + 45cd^2 e f g^2 n + 45cd^2 e f g^2 - 45cd^2 e f g^2)}{g^2 (n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} \\
 &+ \frac{ex^3 (f + gx)^n (n^2 + 3n + 2) (5cd^2 g^2 n^2 + 45cd^2 g^2 n + 100cd^2 g^2 + 4cdefgn^2 + 20cdefgn - 4cdefgn + 4cdefgn - 4cdefgn)}{g^2 (n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)} \\
 &+ \frac{ce^2 x^4 (f + gx)^n (20dg + 4dgn + efn) (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}{g (n^5 + 15n^4 + 85n^3 + 225n^2 + 274n + 120)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^2*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x)`

output `((f + g*x)^n*(24*c*e^3*f^5 + 40*a*e^2*f^3*g^2 - 120*c*d^3*f^2*g^3 + 120*a*d^2*f*g^4 - 120*a*d*e*f^2*g^3 - 120*c*d*e^2*f^4*g + 154*a*d^2*f*g^4*n + 200*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + 71*a*d^2*f*g^4*n^2 + 14*a*d^2*f*g^4*n^3 + a*d^2*f*g^4*n^4 + 18*a*e^2*f^3*g^2*n - 94*c*d^3*f^2*g^3*n + 2*a*e^2*f^3*g^2*n^2 - 24*c*d^3*f^2*g^3*n^2 - 2*c*d^3*f^2*g^3*n^3 + 10*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^2*n^2 - 94*a*d*e*f^2*g^3*n - 24*c*d*e^2*f^4*g*n - 24*a*d*e*f^2*g^3*n^2 - 2*a*d*e*f^2*g^3*n^3 + 90*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^2*n))/(g^5*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (x*(f + g*x)^n*(120*a*d^2*g^5 + 71*a*d^2*g^5*n^2 + 14*a*d^2*g^5*n^3 + a*d^2*g^5*n^4 + 154*a*d^2*g^5*n + 120*c*d^3*f*g^4*n - 24*c*e^3*f^4*g*n - 40*a*e^2*f^2*g^3*n + 94*c*d^3*f*g^4*n^2 + 24*c*d^3*f*g^4*n^3 + 2*c*d^3*f*g^4*n^4 - 18*a*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^2 - 2*a*e^2*f^2*g^3*n^3 + 120*a*d*e*f*g^4*n + 24*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^2*n^2 - 90*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^3*n^2 - 10*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^3*n^3 + 94*a*d*e*f*g^4*n^2 + 24*a*d*e*f*g^4*n^3 + 2*a*d*e*f*g^4*n^4 + 120*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^2*n - 200*c*d^2*e*f^2*g^3*n))/(g^5*(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120)) + (c*e^3*x^5*(f + g*x)^n*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24))/(274*n + 225*n^2 + 85*n^3 + 15*n^4 + n^5 + 120) + (x^2*(f + g*x)^n*(n + 1)*(120*c*d^3*g^3 + 24*c*d^3*g^3*n^2 + 2*c*d^3*g^3*n^3 + 120*a*d*e*g^3 + 94*c*d^3*g^3*n + 12*c*e^3*f^3*n + 24*a*d*e*g^3*n^2 + 2*a*d*e*g^3*n^3 + 20*a*e^2*f*g^2*n + 9*a*e^2*f*g^2*n^2 + a*e^2*f*g^2*n^3 + 94*a*d*e*g^3*n - 60*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*n + 100*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*n - 12*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*n^2 + 4...`

3.807 $\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

3.807.1 Optimal result	5926
3.807.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5926
3.807.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5927
3.807.4 Maple [B] (verified)	5928
3.807.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	5929
3.807.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	5929
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3.807.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	5931
3.807.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5932

3.807.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 146

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\ &= -\frac{(ef - dg)(ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))(f + gx)^{1+n}}{g^4(1 + n)} \\ & \quad + \frac{(aeg^2 + c(3e^2f^2 - 6defg + 2d^2g^2))(f + gx)^{2+n}}{g^4(2 + n)} \\ & \quad - \frac{3ce(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{3+n}}{g^4(3 + n)} + \frac{ce^2(f + gx)^{4+n}}{g^4(4 + n)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-(-d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/g^4/(1+n)+(a*e*g^2+c*(2
*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(2+n)/g^4/(2+n)-3*c*e*(-d*g+e*f)*(g
*x+f)^(3+n)/g^4/(3+n)+c*e^2*(g*x+f)^(4+n)/g^4/(4+n)
    
```

3.807.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{(f + gx)^{1+n} \left(-\frac{(ef - dg)(ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{1+n} + \frac{(aeg^2 + c(3e^2f^2 - 6defg + 2d^2g^2))(f + gx)}{2+n} - \frac{3ce(ef - dg)(f + gx)^2}{3+n} + \frac{ce^2(f + gx)^3}{4+n} \right)}{g^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output $((f + gx)^{(1+n)} * (-((ef - dg) * (ag^2 + cf * (ef - 2dg))) / (1+n)) + ((a * eg^2 + c * (3e^2f^2 - 6d * ef * g + 2d^2 * g^2)) * (f + gx)) / (2+n) - (3 * ce * (ef - dg) * (f + gx)^2) / (3+n) + (c * e^2 * (f + gx)^3) / (4+n)) / g^4$

3.807.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(f + gx)^{n+1} (aeg^2 + c(2d^2g^2 - 6defg + 3e^2f^2))}{g^3} + \frac{(ef - dg)(f + gx)^n (-ag^2 - cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^3} - \frac{3ce(ef - dg)(f + gx)^2}{g^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^{n+2} (aeg^2 + c(2d^2g^2 - 6defg + 3e^2f^2))}{g^4(n+2)} - \frac{(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+1} (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^4(n+1)} - \frac{3ce(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+3}}{g^4(n+3)} + \frac{ce^2(f + gx)^{n+4}}{g^4(n+4)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output $-(((ef - dg) * (ag^2 + cf * (ef - 2dg))) * (f + gx)^{(1+n)}) / (g^4 * (1+n)) + ((a * eg^2 + c * (3e^2f^2 - 6d * ef * g + 2d^2 * g^2)) * (f + gx)^{(2+n)}) / (g^4 * (2+n)) - (3 * ce * (ef - dg) * (f + gx)^{(3+n)}) / (g^4 * (3+n)) + (c * e^2 * (f + gx)^{(4+n)}) / (g^4 * (4+n))$

3.807.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.807.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 448 vs. 2(146) = 292.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(gx+f)^{1+n} (ce^2g^3n^3x^3+3cde g^3n^3x^2+6ce^2g^3n^2x^3+2cd^2g^3n^3x+21cde g^3n^2x^2-3ce^2f g^2n^2x^2+11ce^2g^3n x^3+ae g^3n^3x+16ce^2x^4e^{n \ln(gx+f)} + f(adg^3n^3-2cd^2f g^2n^2+9adg^3n^2-ae f g^2n^2-14cd^2f g^2n+6cde f^2gn+26adg^3n-7ae f g^2n-24cd^2f g^2n^2+10n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24))}{g^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$
norman	$\frac{(ce^2g^4n^3x^4+3cde g^4n^3x^3+ce^2f g^3n^3x^3+6ce^2g^4n^2x^4+2cd^2g^4n^3x^2+3cdef g^3n^3x^2+21cde g^4n^2x^3+3ce^2f g^3n^2x^3+11ce^2g^4n^2x^4+3cde g^4n^3x^3+ce^2f g^3n^3x^3+6ce^2g^4n^2x^4+2cd^2g^4n^3x^2+3cdef g^3n^3x^2+21cde g^4n^2x^3+3ce^2f g^3n^2x^3+11ce^2g^4n^2x^4)}{g^4(n^4+10n^3+35n^2+50n+24)}$
risch	
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/g^4*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/(n^4+10*n^3+35*n^2+50*n+24)*(c*e^2*g^3*n^3*x^3+3*c*d*e*g^3*n^3*x^2+6*c*e^2*g^3*n^2*x^3+2*c*d^2*g^3*n^3*x+21*c*d*e*g^3*n^2*x^2-3*c*e^2*f*g^2*n^2*x^2+11*c*e^2*g^3*n*x^3+a*e*g^3*n^3*x+16*c*d^2*g^3*n^2*x-6*c*d*e*f*g^2*n^2*x+42*c*d*e*g^3*n*x^2-9*c*e^2*f*g^2*n*x^2+6*c*e^2*g^3*x^3+a*d*g^3*n^3+8*a*e*g^3*n^2*x-2*c*d^2*f*g^2*n^2+38*c*d^2*g^3*n*x-30*c*d*e*f*g^2*n*x+24*c*d*e*g^3*x^2+6*c*e^2*f^2*g*n*x-6*c*e^2*f*g^2*x^2+9*a*d*g^3*n^2-a*e*f*g^2*n^2+19*a*e*g^3*n*x-14*c*d^2*f*g^2*n+24*c*d^2*g^3*x+6*c*d*e*f^2*g*n-24*c*d*e*f*g^2*x+6*c*e^2*f^2*g*x+26*a*d*g^3*n-7*a*e*f*g^2*n+12*a*e*g^3*x-24*c*d^2*f*g^2+24*c*d*e*f^2*g-6*c*e^2*f^3+24*a*d*g^3-12*a*e*f*g^2)
```

3.807. $\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

3.807.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 549 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(adf g^3 n^3 - 6 ce^2 f^4 + 24 cde f^3 g + 24 adf g^3 - 12(2 cd^2 + ae)f^2 g^2 + (ce^2 g^4 n^3 + 6 ce^2 g^4 n^2 + 11 ce^2 g^4 n + 6$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*d*f*g^3*n^3 - 6*c*e^2*f^4 + 24*c*d*e*f^3*g + 24*a*d*f*g^3 - 12*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f^2*g^2 + (c*e^2*g^4*n^3 + 6*c*e^2*g^4*n^2 + 11*c*e^2*g^4*n + 6*c*e^2*g^4)*x^4 + (24*c*d*e*g^4 + (c*e^2*f*g^3 + 3*c*d*e*g^4)*n^3 + 3*(c*e^2*f*g^3 + 7*c*d*e*g^4)*n^2 + 2*(c*e^2*f*g^3 + 21*c*d*e*g^4)*n)*x^3 + (9*a*d*f*g^3 - (2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f^2*g^2)*n^2 + (12*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*g^4 + (3*c*d*e*f*g^3 + (2*c*d^2 + a*e)*g^4)*n^3 - (3*c*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 15*c*d*e*f*g^3 - 8*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*g^4)*n^2 - (3*c*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 12*c*d*e*f*g^3 - 19*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*g^4)*n)*x^2 + (6*c*d*e*f^3*g + 26*a*d*f*g^3 - 7*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f^2*g^2)*n + (24*a*d*g^4 + (a*d*g^4 + (2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f*g^3)*n^3 - (6*c*d*e*f^2*g^2 - 9*a*d*g^4 - 7*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f*g^3)*n^2 + 2*(3*c*e^2*f^3*g - 12*c*d*e*f^2*g^2 + 13*a*d*g^4 + 6*(2*c*d^2 + a*e)*f*g^3)*n)*x*(g*x + f)^n/(g^4*n^4 + 10*g^4*n^3 + 35*g^4*n^2 + 50*g^4*n + 24*g^4)`

3.807.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4952 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4952, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.92

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a),x)`


```
output Piecewise((f**n*(a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + c*d**2*x**2 + c*d*e*x**3 + c*e**2*x**4/4), Eq(g, 0)), (-2*a*d*g**3/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - a*e*f*g**2/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 3*a*e*g**3*x/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 2*c*d**2*f*g**2/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 6*c*d**2*g**3*x/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 6*c*d*e*f**2*g/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 18*c*d*e*f*g**2*x/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) - 18*c*d*e*g**3*x**2/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 6*c*e**2*f**3*log(f/g + x)/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 11*c*e**2*f**3/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 18*c*e**2*f**2*g*x*log(f/g + x)/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 27*c*e**2*f**2*g*x/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 18*c*e**2*f*g**2*x**2*log(f/g + x)/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 18*c*e**2*f*g**2*x**2/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3) + 6*c*e**2*g**3*x**3*log(f/g + x)/(6*f**3*g**4 + 18*f**2*g**5*x + 18*f*g**6*x**2 + 6*g**7*x**3), Eq(n, -4)), (-a*d*g**3/(2*f**2*g**4 + 4*f*g**5*x + 2*g**6*x**2) - a*e*f*g**2/(2*f**2*g**4 + 4*f*g**5*x + 2*g**6*x**2) - 2*a...
```

3.807.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \frac{2(g^2(n+1)x^2 + fgnx - f^2)(gx + f)^n cd^2}{(n^2 + 3n + 2)g^2} + \frac{3((n^2 + 3n + 2)g^3x^3 + (n^2 + n)f^2g^2x^2 - 2f^2gnx + 2f^3)(gx + f)^n cde}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)g^3} + \frac{(g^2(n+1)x^2 + fgnx - f^2)(gx + f)^n ae}{(n^2 + 3n + 2)g^2} + \frac{(gx + f)^{n+1} ad}{g(n+1)} + \frac{((n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)g^4x^4 + (n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n)f^2g^3x^3 - 3(n^2 + n)f^2g^2x^2 + 6f^3gnx - 6f^4)(gx + f)^n c}{(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24)g^4}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


3.807.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int (d+ex)(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(f+gx)^n (2cd^2fg^3n^3 + 14cd^2fg^3n^2 + 24cd^2fg^3n - 6cde f^2g^2n^2 - 24cde f^2g^2n + adg^4n^3 + g^4(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + (f+gx)^n (2cd^2f^2g^2n^2 + 14cd^2f^2g^2n + 24cd^2f^2g^2 - 6cdef^3gn - 24cdef^3g - adfg^3n^3 - 9g^4(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 - ce^2x^4(f+gx)^n(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6) n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24 x^2(f+gx)^n(n+1)(2cd^2g^2n^2 + 14cd^2g^2n + 24cd^2g^2 + 3cdefgn^2 + 12cdefgn - 3ce^2f^2n + g^2(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24) ce^2x^3(f+gx)^n(12dg + 3dgn + efn)(n^2 + 3n + 2) g(n^4 + 10n^3 + 35n^2 + 50n + 24))$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x)`

output

```
(x*(f + g*x)^n*(24*a*d*g^4 + 26*a*d*g^4*n + 9*a*d*g^4*n^2 + a*d*g^4*n^3 +
7*a*e*f*g^3*n^2 + a*e*f*g^3*n^3 + 24*c*d^2*f*g^3*n + 6*c*e^2*f^3*g*n + 14*
c*d^2*f*g^3*n^2 + 2*c*d^2*f*g^3*n^3 + 12*a*e*f*g^3*n - 24*c*d*e*f^2*g^2*n
- 6*c*d*e*f^2*g^2*n^2))/(g^4*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) - ((f +
g*x)^n*(6*c*e^2*f^4 + 24*c*d^2*f^2*g^2 - 24*a*d*f*g^3 + 12*a*e*f^2*g^2 - 9
*a*d*f*g^3*n^2 - a*d*f*g^3*n^3 + 7*a*e*f^2*g^2*n + a*e*f^2*g^2*n^2 + 14*c*
d^2*f^2*g^2*n - 24*c*d*e*f^3*g - 26*a*d*f*g^3*n + 2*c*d^2*f^2*g^2*n^2 - 6*
c*d*e*f^3*g*n))/(g^4*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) + (c*e^2*x^4*(f
+ g*x)^n*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6))/(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24) + (
x^2*(f + g*x)^n*(n + 1)*(24*c*d^2*g^2 + 12*a*e*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*g^2*n^2 + 7*a
*e*g^2*n + a*e*g^2*n^2 + 14*c*d^2*g^2*n - 3*c*e^2*f^2*n + 3*c*d*e*f*g*n^2
+ 12*c*d*e*f*g*n))/(g^2*(50*n + 35*n^2 + 10*n^3 + n^4 + 24)) + (c*e*x^3*(f
+ g*x)^n*(12*d*g + 3*d*g*n + e*f*n)*(3*n + n^2 + 2))/(g*(50*n + 35*n^2 +
10*n^3 + n^4 + 24))
```

3.808 $\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

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3.808.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \frac{(ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))(f + gx)^{1+n}}{g^3(1+n)} - \frac{2c(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{2+n}}{g^3(2+n)} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^{3+n}}{g^3(3+n)}$$

output $(a*g^2+c*f*(-2*d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/g^3/(1+n)-2*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(2+n)/g^3/(2+n)+c*e*(g*x+f)^(3+n)/g^3/(3+n)$

3.808.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \frac{(f + gx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg)}{1+n} - \frac{2c(ef - dg)(f + gx)}{2+n} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^2}{3+n} \right)}{g^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output $((f + g*x)^(1 + n)*((a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g))/(1 + n) - (2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x))/(2 + n) + (c*e*(f + g*x)^2)/(3 + n))/g^3$

3.808.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1140$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(f + gx)^n (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^2} + \frac{2c(dg - ef)(f + gx)^{n+1}}{g^2} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^{n+2}}{g^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^{n+1} (ag^2 + cf(ef - 2dg))}{g^3(n + 1)} - \frac{2c(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+2}}{g^3(n + 2)} + \frac{ce(f + gx)^{n+3}}{g^3(n + 3)}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output `((a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g))*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(g^3*(1 + n)) - (2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(2 + n))/(g^3*(2 + n)) + (c*e*(f + g*x)^(3 + n))/(g^3*(3 + n))`

3.808.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.808.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(gx+f)^{1+n} (ce g^2 n^2 x^2 + 2cd g^2 n^2 x + 3ce g^2 n x^2 + 8cd g^2 n x - 2ce f g n x + 2e x^2 c g^2 + a g^2 n^2 - 2cdf g n + 6cd g^2 x - 2ce f g x + 5a g^2 n - 6ce f^2 n + 5a g^2)}{g^3 (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}$
norman	$\frac{ce x^3 e^{n \ln(gx+f)}}{3+n} + \frac{f(a g^2 n^2 - 2cdf g n + 5a g^2 n - 6cdf g + 2ce f^2 + 6a g^2) e^{n \ln(gx+f)}}{g^3 (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} + \frac{(2cdf g n^2 + a g^2 n^2 + 6cdf g n - 2ce f^2 n + 5a g^2)}{g^2 (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}$
risch	$\frac{(ce g^3 n^2 x^3 + 2cd g^3 n^2 x^2 + ce f g^2 n^2 x^2 + 3ce g^3 n x^3 + 2cdf g^2 n^2 x + 8cd g^3 n x^2 + ce f g^2 n x^2 + 2ce x^3 g^3 + a g^3 n^2 x + 6cdf g^2 n x + 6cd g^2 n x^2 + 5a g^3)}{(2+n)(3+n)(1+n)g^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3 (gx+f)^n ce f g^3 n^2 + 3x^3 (gx+f)^n ce f g^3 n + 2x^2 (gx+f)^n cdf g^3 n^2 + x^2 (gx+f)^n ce f^2 g^2 n^2 + 2x^3 (gx+f)^n ce f g^3 + 8x^2 (gx+f)^n ce f g^3}{g^3 (n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}$

input `int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{g^3} \frac{(gx+f)^{1+n}}{(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)} \frac{(c*eg^2n^2x^2+2*c*d*g^2n^2x+3*c*eg^2n*x^2+8*c*d*g^2n*x-2*c*ef*g*n*x+2*c*eg^2x^2+a*g^2n^2-2*c*d*f*g*n+6*c*d*g^2x-2*c*ef*g*x+5*a*g^2n-6*c*d*f*g+2*c*ef^2+6*a*g^2)}{g^3(n^3+6n^2+11n+6)}$$

3.808.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(afg^2n^2 + 2cef^3 - 6cdf^2g + 6afg^2 + (ceg^3n^2 + 3ceg^3n + 2ceg^3)x^3 + (6cdg^3 + (cef g^2 + 2cdg^3)n^2 + (c e f^2 g^2 + 2c d f^2 g + 5a g^3)n + 6a g^3)x^2 + (2c d f^2 g^2 + 2c e f^2 g + 5a g^3)n + 6a g^3)x}{g^3 n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$(a*f*g^2*n^2 + 2*c*ef^3 - 6*c*d*f^2*g + 6*a*f*g^2 + (c*eg^3*n^2 + 3*c*eg^3*n + 2*c*eg^3)*x^3 + (6*c*d*g^3 + (c*ef*g^2 + 2*c*d*g^3)*n^2 + (c*ef*g^2 + 8*c*d*g^3)*n)*x^2 - (2*c*d*f^2*g - 5*a*f*g^2)*n + (6*a*g^3 + (2*c*d*f*g^2 + a*g^3)*n^2 - (2*c*ef^2*g - 6*c*d*f*g^2 - 5*a*g^3)*n)*x*(g*x + f)^n/(g^3*n^3 + 6*g^3*n^2 + 11*g^3*n + 6*g^3)$$

3.808.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1489 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1489, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.73

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((f**n*(a*x + c*d*x**2 + c*e*x**3/3), Eq(g, 0)), (-a*g**2/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) - 2*c*d*f*g/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) - 4*c*d*g**2*x/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) + 2*c*e*f**2*log(f/g + x)/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) + 3*c*e*f**2/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) + 4*c*e*f*g*x*log(f/g + x)/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) + 4*c*e*f*g*x/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2) + 2*c*e*g**2*x**2*log(f/g + x)/(2*f**2*g**3 + 4*f*g**4*x + 2*g**5*x**2), Eq(n, -3)), (-a*g**2/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) + 2*c*d*f*g*log(f/g + x)/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) + 2*c*d*f*g/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) + 2*c*d*g**2*x*log(f/g + x)/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) - 2*c*e*f**2*log(f/g + x)/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) - 2*c*e*f**2/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) - 2*c*e*f*g*x*log(f/g + x)/(f*g**3 + g**4*x) + c*e*g**2*x**2/(f*g**3 + g**4*x), Eq(n, -2)), (a*log(f/g + x)/g - 2*c*d*f*log(f/g + x)/g**2 + 2*c*d*x/g + c*e*f**2*log(f/g + x)/g**3 - c*e*f*x/g**2 + c*e*x**2/(2*g), Eq(n, -1)), (a*f*g**2*n**2*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) + 5*a*f*g**2*n*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) + 6*a*f*g**2*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) + a*g**3*n**2*x*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) + 5*a*g**3*n*x*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) + 6*a*g**3*x*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**3 + 6*g**3*n**2 + 11*g**3*n + 6*g**3) - 2*c*d*f**2*g*n*(f + g*x)**n/(g**3*n**...`

3.808.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx \\ &= \frac{2(g^2(n+1)x^2 + fgnx - f^2)(gx + f)^n cd}{(n^2 + 3n + 2)g^2} \\ &+ \frac{((n^2 + 3n + 2)g^3x^3 + (n^2 + n)fg^2x^2 - 2f^2gnx + 2f^3)(gx + f)^n ce}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)g^3} + \frac{(gx + f)^{n+1}a}{g(n+1)} \end{aligned}$$

3.808. $\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2*(g^2*(n+1)*x^2 + f*g*n*x - f^2)*(g*x + f)^n*c*d/((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^2) + ((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*g^3*x^3 + (n^2 + n)*f*g^2*x^2 - 2*f^2*g*n*x + 2*f^3)*(g*x + f)^n*c*e/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*g^3) + (g*x + f)^{(n+1)}*a/(g*(n+1))$

3.808.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx + f)^n ceg^3 n^2 x^3 + (gx + f)^n cefg^2 n^2 x^2 + 2(gx + f)^n cdg^3 n^2 x^2 + 3(gx + f)^n ceg^3 nx^3 + 2(gx + f)^n cdf}{(g^3 n^3 + 6g^3 n^2 + 11g^3 n + 6g^3)}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((g*x + f)^n*c*e*g^3*n^2*x^3 + (g*x + f)^n*c*e*f*g^2*n^2*x^2 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*g^3*n^2*x^2 + 3*(g*x + f)^n*c*e*g^3*n*x^3 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*f*g^2*n^2*x + (g*x + f)^n*c*e*f*g^2*n*x^2 + 8*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*g^3*n*x^2 + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*e*g^3*x^3 - 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*e*f^2*g*n*x + 6*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*f*g^2*n*x + (g*x + f)^n*a*g^3*n^2*x + 6*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*g^3*x^2 - 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*f^2*g*n + (g*x + f)^n*a*f*g^2*n^2 + 5*(g*x + f)^n*a*g^3*n*x + 2*(g*x + f)^n*c*e*f^3 - 6*(g*x + f)^n*c*d*f^2*g + 5*(g*x + f)^n*a*f*g^2*n + 6*(g*x + f)^n*a*g^3*x + 6*(g*x + f)^n*a*f*g^2)/(g^3*n^3 + 6*g^3*n^2 + 11*g^3*n + 6*g^3)$

3.808.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= (f + gx)^n \left(\frac{f(2cef^2 - 2cdfgn - 6cdfg + ag^2n^2 + 5ag^2n + 6ag^2)}{g^3(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{x(-2cef^2gn + 2cdfg^2n^2 + 6cdfg^2n + ag^3n^2 + 5ag^3n + 6ag^3)}{g^3(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}$$

$$\left. + \frac{cex^3(n^2 + 3n + 2)}{n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6} + \frac{cx^2(n + 1)(6dg + 2dgn + efn)}{g(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)} \right)$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x)`output `(f + g*x)^n*((f*(6*a*g^2 + a*g^2*n^2 + 2*c*e*f^2 + 5*a*g^2*n - 6*c*d*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g*n))/(g^3*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)) + (x*(6*a*g^3 + a*g^3*n^2 + 5*a*g^3*n + 2*c*d*f*g^2*n^2 + 6*c*d*f*g^2*n - 2*c*e*f^2*g*n))/(g^3*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)) + (c*e*x^3*(3*n + n^2 + 2))/(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6) + (c*x^2*(n + 1)*(6*d*g + 2*d*g*n + e*f*n))/(g*(11*n + 6*n^2 + n^3 + 6)))`

3.809 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{d+ex} dx$

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3.809.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{c(ef-dg)(f+gx)^{1+n}}{eg^2(1+n)} + \frac{c(f+gx)^{2+n}}{g^2(2+n)} + \frac{(cd^2-ae)(f+gx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)}{e(ef-dg)(1+n)}$$

```
output -c*(-d*g+e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/g^2/(1+n)+c*(g*x+f)^(2+n)/g^2/(2+n)+(c*d^2-a
*e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n], [2+n], e*(g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))/e/(-d*g+
*f)/(1+n)
```

3.809.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{1+n} \left(\frac{c(-ef+dg(2+n)+eg(1+n)x)}{g^2(2+n)} + \frac{(cd^2-ae) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)}{ef-dg} \right)}{e(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((f + g*x)^(1 + n)*((c*(-(e*f) + d*g*(2 + n) + e*g*(1 + n)*x))/(g^2*(2 + n)) + ((c*d^2 - a*e)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(e*f - d*g)))/(e*(1 + n))`

3.809.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae - cd^2)(f + gx)^n}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{c(dg - ef)(f + gx)^n}{eg} + \frac{c(f + gx)^{n+1}}{g} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(cd^2 - ae)(f + gx)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{e(f + gx)}{ef - dg}\right)}{e(n + 1)(ef - dg)} - \frac{c(ef - dg)(f + gx)^{n+1}}{eg^2(n + 1)} + \frac{c(f + gx)^{n+2}}{g^2(n + 2)}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-((c*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g^2*(1 + n))) + (c*(f + g*x)^(2 + n))/(g^2*(2 + n)) + ((c*d^2 - a*e)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(e*(e*f - d*g)*(1 + n))`

3.809.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.809.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ce x^2 + 2cdx + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

3.809.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d), x)
```

3.809.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Integral((f + g*x)**n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.809. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+cex^2)}{d+ex} dx$

3.809.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d), x)`

3.809.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d), x)`

3.809.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.810 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.810.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + ce x^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c(f + gx)^{1+n}}{eg(1 + n)} - \frac{(cd^2 - ae) g (f + gx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1 + n, 2 + n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right)}{e(ef - dg)^2(1 + n)}$$

output `c*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/g/(1+n)-(c*d^2-a*e)*g*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([2, 1+n],[2+n],e*(g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(1+n)`

3.810.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + ce x^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(f + gx)^{1+n} \left(c(ef - dg)^2 + (-cd^2 + ae) g^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1 + n, 2 + n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right) \right)}{eg(ef - dg)^2(1 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```
output ((f + g*x)^(1 + n)*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2 + (-c*d^2) + a*e)*g^2*Hypergeometric2
F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(e*g*(e*f - d*g)^(2*(1 + n)))
```

3.810.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(ae - cd^2)(f + gx)^n}{e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c(f + gx)^n}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(f + gx)^{n+1}}{eg(n + 1)} - \frac{g(cd^2 - ae)(f + gx)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, n + 1, n + 2, \frac{e(f + gx)}{ef - dg}\right)}{e(n + 1)(ef - dg)^2}$$

```
input Int[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

```
output (c*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g*(1 + n)) - ((c*d^2 - a*e)*g*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*H
ypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(e*(e*f - d*
g)^(2*(1 + n)))
```

3.810.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.810.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ce x^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

```
output int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x)
```

3.810.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```


3.810.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`**3.810.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^2, x)`**3.810.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.810.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.811
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.811.1 Optimal result 5948
 3.811.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5948
 3.811.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5949
 3.811.4 Maple [F] 5950
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 3.811.8 Giac [F] 5952
 3.811.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 5952

3.811.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f+gx)^{1+n}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(cd^2-ae)g(1-n)(f+gx)^{1+n}}{2e(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(aeg^2(1-n)n - c(2e^2f^2 - 4defg + d^2g^2(2+n-n^2)))(f+gx)^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)}{2e(ef-dg)^3(1+n)}$$

```
output -1/2*(a-c*d^2/e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2-1/2*(c*d^2-a*e)*g*(1-n)
)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)+1/2*(a*e*g^2*(1-n)*n-c*(2*e^2*f^2-4
*d*e*f*g+d^2*g^2*(-n^2+n+2)))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+n],[2+n],e*(g*
x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))/e/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(1+n)
```

3.811.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{1+n} \left(c(ef-dg)^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right) + (-cd^2+ae)g^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right) \right)}{e(ef-dg)^3(1+n)}$$

3.811.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-(((f + g*x)^(1 + n)*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)] + (-c*d^2) + a*e)*g^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]))/(e*(e*f - d*g)^3*(1 + n))`

3.811.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1193, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(f+gx)^n \left(ag(1-n) - \frac{cd(2ef-dg(n+1))}{e} - 2c(ef-dg)x \right)}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e} \right) (f+gx)^{n+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{aeg^2(1-n)n - c(d^2g^2(-n^2+n+2) - 4defg + 2e^2f^2)}{e(ef-dg)} \int \frac{(f+gx)^n}{d+ex} dx + \frac{g(1-n)(cd^2 - ae)(f+gx)^{n+1}}{e(d+ex)(ef-dg)}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e} \right) (f+gx)^{n+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{g(1-n)(cd^2 - ae)(f+gx)^{n+1}}{e(d+ex)(ef-dg)} - \frac{(f+gx)^{n+1} (aeg^2(1-n)n - c(d^2g^2(-n^2+n+2) - 4defg + 2e^2f^2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, n+1, n+2, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)}{e(n+1)(ef-dg)^2}}{2(ef-dg)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e} \right) (f+gx)^{n+1}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

3.811. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+cex^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

```
output -1/2*((a - (c*d^2)/e)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) - (((c*
d^2 - a*e)*g*(1 - n)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(e*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)) - ((a*e*
g^2*(1 - n)*n - c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2*(2 + n - n^2)))*(f + g*
x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/
(e*(e*f - d*g)^2*(1 + n)))/(2*(e*f - d*g))
```

3.811.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.811.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ce x^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```
input int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

```
output int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

3.811. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.811.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

3.811.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x**2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.811.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.811.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.811.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

$$3.812 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

3.812.1 Optimal result	5953
3.812.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5953
3.812.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5954
3.812.4 Maple [F]	5955
3.812.5 Fricas [F]	5956
3.812.6 Sympy [F]	5956
3.812.7 Maxima [F]	5956
3.812.8 Giac [F]	5957
3.812.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5957

3.812.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f+gx)^{1+n}}{3(ef-dg)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(cd^2-ae)g(2-n)(f+gx)^{1+n}}{6e(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{g(aeg^2(2-3n+n^2)+c(6e^2f^2-12defg+d^2g^2(4+3n-n^2)))(f+gx)^{1+n}}{6e(ef-dg)^4(1+n)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)$$

```
output -1/3*(a-c*d^2/e)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^3-1/6*(c*d^2-a*e)*g*(2-n)
)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/6*g*(a*e*g^2*(n^2-3*n+2)+c*(6*e
^2*f^2-12*d*e*f*g+d^2*g^2*(-n^2+3*n+4)))*(g*x+f)^(1+n)*hypergeom([2, 1+n],
[2+n], e*(g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))/e/(-d*g+e*f)^4/(1+n)
```

3.812.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{g(f+gx)^{1+n} \left(c(ef-dg)^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right) + (-cd^2+ae)g^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+n, 2+n, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right) \right)}{e(ef-dg)^4(1+n)}$$

3.812. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `(g*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)] + (-c*d^2) + a*e)*g^2*Hypergeometric2F1[4, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(e*(e*f - d*g)^4*(1 + n))`

3.812.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {1193, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (ag(2-n) - \frac{cd(3ef-dg(n+1))}{e} - 3c(ef-dg)x)}{(d+ex)^3} dx}{3(ef-dg)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f + gx)^{n+1}}{3(d + ex)^3(ef - dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{g(2-n)(cd^2-ae)(f+gx)^{n+1}}{2e(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{(aeg^2(n^2-3n+2)+c(d^2g^2(-n^2+3n+4)-12defg+6e^2f^2)) \int \frac{(f+gx)^n}{(d+ex)^2} dx}{2e(ef-dg)}}{\frac{3(ef-dg)}{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f + gx)^{n+1}}} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f + gx)^{n+1}}{3(d + ex)^3(ef - dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{g(2-n)(cd^2-ae)(f+gx)^{n+1}}{2e(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{g(f+gx)^{n+1}(aeg^2(n^2-3n+2)+c(d^2g^2(-n^2+3n+4)-12defg+6e^2f^2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, n+1, n+2, \frac{e(f+gx)}{e(f-dg)}\right)}{2e(n+1)(ef-dg)^3}}{\frac{3(ef-dg)}{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f + gx)^{n+1}}} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{cd^2}{e}\right) (f + gx)^{n+1}}{3(d + ex)^3(ef - dg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

3.812. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+cex^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

```
output -1/3*((a - (c*d^2)/e)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^3) - (((c*
d^2 - a*e)*g*(2 - n)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(2*e*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) - (g
*(a*e*g^2*(2 - 3*n + n^2) + c*(6*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2*(4 + 3*n -
n^2)))*(f + g*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + n, 2 + n, (e*(f + g*x))
/(e*f - d*g)]/(2*e*(e*f - d*g)^3*(1 + n)))/(3*(e*f - d*g))
```

3.812.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 78 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b
*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m
+ 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.812.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^n (ce x^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

```
input int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

```
output int((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

3.812. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+ce x^2)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.812.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

3.812.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x**2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

3.812.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.812.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(gx + f)^n}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(g*x + f)^n/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

3.812.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^n (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

3.813 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

3.813.1 Optimal result	5958
3.813.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5958
3.813.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5959
3.813.4 Maple [F]	5961
3.813.5 Fracas [F]	5961
3.813.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	5962
3.813.7 Maxima [F]	5962
3.813.8 Giac [F]	5962
3.813.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	5963

3.813.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{c(ef - dg)(2 + m)(d + ex)^{1+m}(f + gx)^{1+n}}{eg^2(2 + m + n)(3 + m + n)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{2+m}(f + gx)^{1+n}}{eg(3 + m + n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(c(ef - dg)(2 + m)(ef(1 + m) + dg(1 + n)) + g(2 + m + n)(aeg(3 + m + n) - cd(ef(2 + m) + dg(1 + m))))}{e^2g^2(1 + m)(2 + m + n)}$$

output

```
-c*(-d*g+e*f)*(2+m)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/g^2/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)+c*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e/g/(3+m+n)+(c*(-d*g+e*f)*(2+m)*(e*f*(1+m)+d*g*(1+n))+g*(2+m+n)*(a*e*g*(3+m+n)-c*d*(e*f*(2+m)+d*g*(1+n)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(g*x+f)^n*hypergeom([-n, 1+m],[2+m],-g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/e^2/g^2/(1+m)/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/((e*(g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))^n)
```

3.813.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m}(f + gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)^{-n} \left(c(ef - dg)^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg}\right) - 2\right)}{e^2g^2(1 + m)(2 + m + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^n*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)] - 2*c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)] + e*(a*g^2 + c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)]))/(e^2*g^2*(1 + m)*((e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g))^n)`

3.813.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 1194$$

$$\frac{\int e(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (aeg(m + n + 3) - cd(ef(m + 2) + dg(n + 1)) - ce(ef - dg)(m + 2)x) dx}{\frac{e^2 g(m + n + 3)}{c(d + ex)^{m+2} (f + gx)^{n+1}} + \frac{eg(m + n + 3)}{eg(m + n + 3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (aeg(m + n + 3) - cd(ef(m + 2) + dg(n + 1)) - ce(ef - dg)(m + 2)x) dx}{\frac{eg(m + n + 3)}{c(d + ex)^{m+2} (f + gx)^{n+1}} + \frac{eg(m + n + 3)}{eg(m + n + 3)}} +$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{\left(aeg(m + n + 3) + \frac{c(m+2)(ef-dg)(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n + 1) + ef(m + 2)) \right) \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n dx - \frac{c(m+2)(ef-dg)(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))}{g(m+n+2)}}{eg(m + n + 3) \left(\frac{c(d + ex)^{m+2} (f + gx)^{n+1}}{eg(m + n + 3)} + 1 \right)} +$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

3.813. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx$

$$\frac{(f + gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)^{-n} \left(aeg(m+n+3) + \frac{c(m+2)(ef-dg)(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1) + ef(m+2))\right) \int(d+ex)^{m+1} (f+gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)^{-n} \left(aeg(m+n+3) + \frac{c(m+2)(ef-dg)(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1) + ef(m+2))\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(m+1, -n, m+2, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg})}{eg(m+n+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+2}(f+gx)^{n+1}}{eg(m+n+3)}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg}\right)^{-n} \left(aeg(m+n+3) + \frac{c(m+2)(ef-dg)(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1) + ef(m+2))\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(m+1, -n, m+2, \frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg})}{e^{m+1}}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+2}(f+gx)^{n+1}}{eg(m+n+3)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(e*g*(3 + m + n)) + (-((c*(e*f - d *g)*(2 + m)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(g*(2 + m + n))) + ((a*e *g*(3 + m + n) + (c*(e*f - d*g)*(2 + m)*(e*f*(1 + m) + d*g*(1 + n)))/(g*(2 + m + n)) - c*d*(e*f*(2 + m) + d*g*(1 + n)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^n *Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -(g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(e*(1 + m)*((e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g))^n)/(e*g*(3 + m + n))`

3.813.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)
^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2
*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(
2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)
*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ
[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.813.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n (cex^2 + 2cdx + a) dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x)
```

3.813.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \int (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output `integral((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.813.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**n*(c*e*x**2+2*c*d*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.813.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \int (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.813.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + 2cdx + cex^2) dx = \int (cex^2 + 2cdx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*e*x^2+2*c*d*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*e*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.813.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n (a+2cdx+cex^2) dx = \int (f+gx)^n (d+ex)^m (cex^2+2cdx+a) dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + 2*c*d*x + c*e*x^2), x)`

3.814 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

3.814.1 Optimal result	5964
3.814.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	5964
3.814.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	5965
3.814.4 Maple [A] (verified)	5966
3.814.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	5966
3.814.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	5967
3.814.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	5967
3.814.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	5968
3.814.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	5968

3.814.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{cx}{eg} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) \log(f+gx)}{g^2(ef - dg)}$$

```
output c*x/e/g+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*ln(g*x+f)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)
```

3.814.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{cx}{eg} - \frac{(-cd^2 + bde - ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) \log(f+gx)}{g^2(ef - dg)}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]
```

```
output (c*x)/(e*g) - ((-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(e^2*(e*f - d*g)) - ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Log[f + g*x])/(g^2*(e*f - d*g))
```

3.814.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}{e(d + ex)(ef - dg)} + \frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g(f + gx)(dg - ef)} + \frac{c}{eg} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{\log(f + gx)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^2(ef - dg)} + \frac{cx}{eg}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `(c*x)/(e*g) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(e^2*(e*f - d*g)) - (c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Log[f + g*x]/(g^2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.814.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.814.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
default	$\frac{cx}{eg} + \frac{(-e^2a+bde-cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{(dg-ef)e^2} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\ln(gx+f)}{g^2(dg-ef)}$
norman	$\frac{cx}{eg} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\ln(gx+f)}{g^2(dg-ef)} - \frac{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{(dg-ef)e^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(ex+d)ae^2g^2-\ln(ex+d)bde g^2+\ln(ex+d)cd^2g^2-\ln(gx+f)ae^2g^2+\ln(gx+f)be^2fg-\ln(gx+f)ce^2f^2-xcde g^2+xc^2fg}{e^2g^2(dg-ef)}$
risch	$\frac{cx}{eg} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)a}{dg-ef} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)bd}{(dg-ef)e} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)cd^2}{(dg-ef)e^2} + \frac{\ln(-gx-f)a}{dg-ef} - \frac{\ln(-gx-f)bf}{g(dg-ef)} + \frac{\ln(-gx-f)cf^2}{g^2(dg-ef)}$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c*x/e/g+(-a*e^2+b*d*e-c*d^2)/(d*g-e*f)/e^2*ln(e*x+d)+1/g^2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)*ln(g*x+f)`**3.814.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)g^2 \log(ex + d) + (ce^2fg - cdeg^2)x - (ce^2f^2 - be^2fg + ae^2g^2) \log(gx + f)}{e^3fg^2 - de^2g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*log(e*x + d) + (c*e^2*f*g - c*d*e*g^2)*x - (c*e^2*f^2 - b*e^2*f*g + a*e^2*g^2)*log(g*x + f))/(e^3*f*g^2 - d*e^2*g^3)`

3.814.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 78.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{cx}{eg} + \frac{(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2) \log \left(x + \frac{adeg^2 + ae^2fg - 2bdefg + cd^2fg + cdef^2 - \frac{d^2eg(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{dg - ef} + \frac{2de^2f(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{dg - ef} - \frac{e^3f^2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g(dg - ef)} \right)}{g^2(dg - ef)} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \log \left(x + \frac{adeg^2 + ae^2fg - 2bdefg + cd^2fg + cdef^2 + \frac{d^2g^3(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e(dg - ef)} - \frac{2dfg^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{dg - ef} + \frac{ef^2g(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{dg - ef} \right)}{e^2(dg - ef)}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `c*x/(e*g) + (a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)*log(x + (a*d*e*g**2 + a*e**2*f*g - 2*b*d*e*f*g + c*d**2*f*g + c*d*e*f**2 - d**2*e*g*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2))/(d*g - e*f) + 2*d*e**2*f*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(d*g - e*f) - e**3*f**2*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g*(d*g - e*f)))/(2*a*e**2*g**2 - b*d*e*g**2 - b*e**2*f*g + c*d**2*g**2 + c*e**2*f**2)/(g**2*(d*g - e*f)) - (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*log(x + (a*d*e*g**2 + a*e**2*f*g - 2*b*d*e*f*g + c*d**2*f*g + c*d*e*f**2 + d**2*g**3*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2))/(e*(d*g - e*f)) - 2*d*f*g**2*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)/(d*g - e*f) + e*f**2*g*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)/(d*g - e*f))/(2*a*e**2*g**2 - b*d*e*g**2 - b*e**2*f*g + c*d**2*g**2 + c*e**2*f**2))/(e**2*(d*g - e*f))`

3.814.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^3f - de^2g} - \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) \log(gx + f)}{efg^2 - dg^3} + \frac{cx}{eg}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\log(e*x + d)/(e^3*f - d*e^2*g) - (c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*\log(g*x + f)/(e*f*g^2 - d*g^3) + c*x/(e*g)$

3.814.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3 f - de^2 g} - \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) \log(|gx + f|)}{efg^2 - dg^3} + \frac{cx}{eg}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/(e^3*f - d*e^2*g) - (c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*\log(\text{abs}(g*x + f))/(e*f*g^2 - d*g^3) + c*x/(e*g)$

3.814.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{\ln(d + ex) (cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{e^3 f - de^2 g} + \frac{\ln(f + gx) (cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{g^2 (dg - ef)} + \frac{cx}{eg}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output $(\log(d + e*x)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(e^3*f - d*e^2*g) + (\log(f + g*x)*(a*g^2 + c*f^2 - b*f*g))/(g^2*(d*g - e*f)) + (c*x)/(e*g)$

3.815 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

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3.815.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{(b^2e^2g^2 - 2ceg(bef + bdg - aeg) + c^2(e^2f^2 + defg + d^2g^2))x}{e^3g^3} - \frac{c(cef + cdg - 2beg)x^2}{2e^2g^2} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3eg} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^4(ef - dg)} - \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2 \log(f+gx)}{g^4(ef - dg)}$$

```
output (b^2*e^2*g^2-2*c*e*g*(-a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f)+c^2*(d^2*g^2+d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))*x
/e^3/g^3-1/2*c*(-2*b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*x^2/e^2/g^2+1/3*c^2*x^3/e/g+(a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^4/(-d*g+e*f)-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*ln(g*x+f)/g^4
/(-d*g+e*f)
```

3.815.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{eg(-ef+dg)x(6b^2e^2g^2+6ceg(2aeg+b(-2ef-2dg+egx))+c^2(6d^2g^2-3deg(-2f+gx))+e^2(6f^2+6e^4g^4(ef$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `-1/6*(e*g*(-(e*f) + d*g))*x*(6*b^2*e^2*g^2 + 6*c*e*g*(2*a*e*g + b*(-2*e*f - 2*d*g + e*g*x)) + c^2*(6*d^2*g^2 - 3*d*e*g*(-2*f + g*x) + e^2*(6*f^2 - 3*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2))) - 6*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*g^4*Log[d + e*x] + 6*e^4*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2*Log[f + g*x]]/(e^4*g^4*(e*f - d*g))`

3.815.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{-2ceg(-aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2)}{e^3g^3} + \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2}{e^3(d + ex)(ef - dg)} + \frac{(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{g^3(f + gx)(dg - ef)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x(-2ceg(-aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2))}{e^3g^3} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2}{e^4(ef - dg)} - \frac{\log(f + gx)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{g^4(ef - dg)} - \frac{cx^2(-2beg + cdg + cef)}{2e^2g^2} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3eg}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `((b^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*c*e*g*(b*e*f + b*d*g - a*e*g) + c^2*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*x)/(e^3*g^3) - (c*(c*e*f + c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*x^2)/(2*e^2*g^2) + (c^2*x^3)/(3*e*g) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(e^4*(e*f - d*g)) - ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*Log[f + g*x])/(g^4*(e*f - d*g))`

3.815.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.815.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
norman	$\frac{(2ace^2g^2+b^2e^2g^2-2bcde g^2-2bce^2fg+c^2d^2g^2+c^2defg+c^2e^2f^2)x}{e^3g^3} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3eg} + \frac{c(2beg-cdg-cef)x^2}{2e^2g^2} + \frac{(a^2g^4-2abfg^3+2a^2c^2e^2f^2)}{e^3g^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}c^2x^3e^2g^2+bc e^2g^2x^2-\frac{1}{2}c^2de g^2x^2-\frac{1}{2}c^2e^2fg x^2+2ace^2g^2x+b^2e^2g^2x-2bcde g^2x-2bce^2fgx+c^2d^2g^2x+c^2defgx+c^2e^2f^2x}{e^3g^3}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2x^3c^2de^3g^4+2x^3c^2e^4fg^3+3x^2c^2d^2e^2g^4-3x^2c^2e^4f^2g^2-6xb^2de^3g^4+6xb^2e^4fg^3-6xc^2d^3eg^4+6xc^2e^4f^3g+6\ln(ex+d)}{e^3g^3}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^3}{3eg} + \frac{bcx^2}{eg} - \frac{c^2dx^2}{2e^2g} - \frac{c^2fx^2}{2eg^2} + \frac{2acx}{eg} + \frac{b^2x}{eg} - \frac{2bcdx}{e^2g} - \frac{2bcfx}{eg^2} + \frac{c^2d^2x}{e^3g} + \frac{c^2dfx}{e^2g^2} + \frac{c^2f^2x}{eg^3} - \frac{\ln(ex+d)a^2}{dg-ef} + \dots$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (2*a*c*e^2*g^2+b^2*e^2*g^2-2*b*c*d*e*g^2-2*b*c*e^2*f*g+c^2*d^2*g^2+c^2*d*e*f*g+c^2*e^2*f^2)/e^3/g^3*x+1/3*c^2*x^3/e/g+1/2*c/e^2/g^2*(2*b*e*g-c*d*g-c*e*f)*x^2+1/g^4*(a^2*g^4-2*a*b*f*g^3+2*a*c*f^2*g^2+b^2*f^2*g^2-2*b*c*f^3*g+c^2*f^4)/(d*g-e*f)*ln(g*x+f)-(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/(d*g-e*f)/e^4*ln(e*x+d)
```

3.815.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{6(c^2d^4 - 2bcd^3e - 2abde^3 + a^2e^4 + (b^2 + 2ac)d^2e^2)g^4 \log(ex + d) + 2(c^2e^4fg^3 - c^2de^3g^4)x^3 - 3(c^2e^4f^2 - c^2de^3g^4)x^2 + (2c^2d^2e^2fg^3 - 2c^2de^3g^4)x - 3(c^2e^4f^2 - c^2de^3g^4)}{e^4g^4}$$

3.815. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot (6 \cdot (c^2 d^4 - 2 b c d^3 e - 2 a b d e^3 + a^2 e^4 + (b^2 + 2 a c) d^2 e^2) g^4 \log(e x + d) + 2 \cdot (c^2 e^4 f g^3 - c^2 d e^3 g^4) x^3 - 3 \cdot (c^2 e^4 f^2 g^2 - 2 b c e^4 f g^3 - (c^2 d^2 e^2 - 2 b c d e^3) g^4) x^2 + 6 \cdot (c^2 e^4 f^3 g - 2 b c e^4 f^2 g^2 + (b^2 + 2 a c) e^4 f g^3 - (c^2 d^3 e - 2 b c d^2 e^2 + (b^2 + 2 a c) d e^3) g^4) x - 6 \cdot (c^2 e^4 f^4 - 2 b c e^4 f^3 g - 2 a b e^4 f^2 g^2 + a^2 e^4 g^4 + (b^2 + 2 a c) e^4 f^2 g^2) \log(g x + f)) / (e^5 f g^4 - d e^4 g^5)$$

3.815.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)`

output Timed out

3.815.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{(c^2 d^4 - 2 b c d^3 e - 2 a b d e^3 + a^2 e^4 + (b^2 + 2 a c) d^2 e^2) \log(e x + d)}{e^5 f - d e^4 g} - \frac{(c^2 f^4 - 2 b c f^3 g - 2 a b f g^3 + a^2 g^4 + (b^2 + 2 a c) f^2 g^2) \log(g x + f)}{e f g^4 - d g^5} + \frac{2 c^2 e^2 g^2 x^3 - 3 (c^2 e^2 f g + (c^2 d e - 2 b c e^2) g^2) x^2 + 6 (c^2 e^2 f^2 + (c^2 d e - 2 b c e^2) f g + (c^2 d^2 - 2 b c d e + (b^2 + 2 a c) d e^2) g^2)}{6 e^3 g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

3.815. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

output $(c^2d^4 - 2b^2cd^3e - 2a^2bd^2e^3 + a^2e^4 + (b^2 + 2ac)d^2e^2) \log(ex + d) / (e^5f - d^4e^4g) - (c^2f^4 - 2b^2cf^3g - 2a^2bf^2g^3 + a^2fg^4 + (b^2 + 2ac)f^2g^2) \log(gx + f) / (efg^4 - d^5g^5) + 1/6(2c^2e^2g^2x^3 - 3(c^2e^2fg^2x^2 + (c^2de - 2b^2ce^2)g^2)x^2 + 6(c^2e^2f^2 + (c^2de - 2b^2ce^2)fg + (c^2d^2 - 2b^2cde + (b^2 + 2ac)e^2)g^2)x) / (e^3g^3)$

3.815.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^2d^4 - 2bcd^3e + b^2d^2e^2 + 2acd^2e^2 - 2abde^3 + a^2e^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^5f - de^4g}$$

$$- \frac{(c^2f^4 - 2bcf^3g + b^2f^2g^2 + 2acf^2g^2 - 2abfg^3 + a^2g^4) \log(|gx + f|)}{efg^4 - dg^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2e^2g^2x^3 - 3c^2e^2fgx^2 - 3c^2deg^2x^2 + 6bce^2g^2x^2 + 6c^2e^2f^2x + 6c^2defgx - 12bce^2fgx + 6c^2d^2g^2x - 6e^3g^3}{6e^3g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(c^2d^4 - 2b^2cd^3e + b^2d^2e^2 + 2a^2cd^2e^2 - 2a^2bd^2e^3 + a^2e^4) \log(\text{abs}(ex + d)) / (e^5f - d^4e^4g) - (c^2f^4 - 2b^2cf^3g + b^2f^2g^2 + 2a^2cf^2g^2 - 2a^2bf^2g^3 + a^2fg^4) \log(\text{abs}(gx + f)) / (efg^4 - d^5g^5) + 1/6(2c^2e^2g^2x^3 - 3c^2e^2fg^2x^2 - 3c^2d^2e^2g^2x^2 + 6b^2c^2e^2g^2x^2 + 6c^2e^2f^2x + 6c^2defgx - 12b^2c^2e^2fgx + 6c^2d^2g^2x) / (e^3g^3)$

3.815.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= x \left(\frac{b^2 + 2ac}{eg} + \frac{\left(\frac{c^2(dg+ef)}{e^2g^2} - \frac{2bc}{eg} \right) (dg + ef) - \frac{c^2df}{e^2g^2}}{eg} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{c^2(dg + ef) - bc}{2e^2g^2} - \frac{bc}{eg} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (e^2(b^2d^2 + 2acd^2) + a^2e^4 + c^2d^4 - 2abde^3 - 2bcd^3e)}{e^5f - de^4g}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(f + gx) (g^2(b^2f^2 + 2acf^2) + a^2g^4 + c^2f^4 - 2abfg^3 - 2bcf^3g)}{dg^5 - efg^4} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3eg}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^2/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `x*((2*a*c + b^2)/(e*g) + (((c^2*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2) - (2*b*c)/(e*g))*(d*g + e*f))/(e*g) - (c^2*d*f)/(e^2*g^2)) - x^2*((c^2*(d*g + e*f))/(2*e^2*g^2) - (b*c)/(e*g)) + (log(d + e*x)*(e^2*(b^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^2) + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 - 2*b*c*d^3*e))/(e^5*f - d*e^4*g) + (log(f + g*x)*(g^2*(b^2*f^2 + 2*a*c*f^2) + a^2*g^4 + c^2*f^4 - 2*a*b*f*g^3 - 2*b*c*f^3*g))/(d*g^5 - e*f*g^4) + (c^2*x^3)/(3*e*g)`

3.816 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

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3.816.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 531

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{(b^2e^3g^3(bef + bdg - 3aeg) - c^3(e^4f^4 + de^3f^3g + d^2e^2f^2g^2 + d^3efg^3 + d^4g^4) - 3ce^2g^2(a^2e^2g^2 - 2abeg) + (b^3e^3g^3 - 3bce^2g^2(bef + bdg - 2aeg) - c^3(e^3f^3 + de^2f^2g + d^2efg^2 + d^3g^3) - 3c^2eg(aeg(ef + dg) - b) + c(3b^2e^2g^2 - 3ceg(bef + bdg - aeg) + c^2(e^2f^2 + defg + d^2g^2))x^3)}{2e^4g^4}$$

$$- \frac{c^2(cef + cdg - 3beg)x^4}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{c^3x^5}{5eg} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^6(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^3 \log(f + gx)}{g^6(ef - dg)}$$

output

```
-(b^2*e^3*g^3*(-3*a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f)-c^3*(d^4*g^4+d^3*e*f*g^3+d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2+d*e^3*f^3*g+e^4*f^4)-3*c*e^2*g^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2-2*a*b*e*g*(d*g+e*f)+b^2*(d^2*g^2+d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))-3*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(d^2*g^2+d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)-b*(d^3*g^3+d^2*e*f*g^2+d*e^2*f^2*g+e^3*f^3))*x/e^5/g^5+1/2*(b^3*e^3*g^3-3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(-2*a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f)-c^3*(d^3*g^3+d^2*e*f*g^2+d*e^2*f^2*g+e^3*f^3)-3*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(d*g+e*f)-b*(d^2*g^2+d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)))*x^2/e^4/g^4+1/3*c*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2-3*c*e*g*(-a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f)+c^2*(d^2*g^2+d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))*x^3/e^3/g^3-1/4*c^2*(-3*b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*x^4/e^2/g^2+1/5*c^3*x^5/e/g+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^6/(-d*g+e*f)-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^3*ln(g*x+f)/g^6/(-d*g+e*f)
```

3.816. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$\frac{x(-3ce^2g^2(a^2e^2g^2 - 2abeg(dg + ef) + b^2(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2)) + b^2e^3g^3(-3aeg + bdg + bef) - 3c^2eg(aeg(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2) - b^2(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2)) - 3bce^2g^2(-2aeg + bdg + bef) + b^3e^3g^3 - (c^3(d^3g^3 + d^2efg^2 + defg^2 + d^2efg^2 + d^2efg^2 + d^2efg^2) + c^3(d^3g^3 + d^2efg^2 + defg^2 + d^2efg^2))}{e^6(ef - dg)} + \frac{cx^3(-3ceg(-aeg + bdg + bef) + 3b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(d^2g^2 + defg + e^2f^2))}{3e^3g^3} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^3}{e^6(ef - dg)} - \frac{\log(f + gx)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^3}{g^6(ef - dg)} - \frac{c^2x^4(-3beg + cdg + cef)}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{2e^4g^4}{5eg}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]
```

```
output -(((b^2*e^3*g^3*(b*e*f + b*d*g - 3*a*e*g) - c^3*(e^4*f^4 + d*e^3*f^3*g + d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + d^3*e*f*g^3 + d^4*g^4) - 3*c*e^2*g^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*b*e*g*(e*f + d*g) + b^2*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)) - 3*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) - b*(e^3*f^3 + d*e^2*f^2*g + d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3)))*x)/(e^5*g^5) + ((b^3*e^3*g^3 - 3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(b*e*f + b*d*g - 2*a*e*g) - c^3*(e^3*f^3 + d*e^2*f^2*g + d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3) - 3*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(e*f + d*g) - b*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*x^2)/(2*e^4*g^4) + (c*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 3*c*e*g*(b*e*f + b*d*g - a*e*g) + c^2*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*x^3)/(3*e^3*g^3) - (c^2*(c*e*f + c*d*g - 3*b*e*g)*x^4)/(4*e^2*g^2) + (c^3*x^5)/(5*e*g) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^3*Log[d + e*x])/(e^6*(e*f - d*g)) - ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^3*Log[f + g*x])/(g^6*(e*f - d*g))
```

3.816.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.816. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$


```
output 1/60*(60*(c^3*d^6 - 3*b*c^2*d^5*e - 3*a^2*b*d*e^5 + a^3*e^6 + 3*(b^2*c + a
*c^2)*d^4*e^2 - (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^3*e^3 + 3*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d^2*e^4)*g^6*1
og(e*x + d) + 12*(c^3*e^6*f*g^5 - c^3*d*e^5*g^6)*x^5 - 15*(c^3*e^6*f^2*g^4
- 3*b*c^2*e^6*f*g^5 - (c^3*d^2*e^4 - 3*b*c^2*d*e^5)*g^6)*x^4 + 20*(c^3*e^
6*f^3*g^3 - 3*b*c^2*e^6*f^2*g^4 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*e^6*f*g^5 - (c^3*d^3*e
^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d*e^5)*g^6)*x^3 - 30*(c^3*e^6*f^4
*g^2 - 3*b*c^2*e^6*f^3*g^3 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*e^6*f^2*g^4 - (b^3 + 6*a*b*
c)*e^6*f*g^5 - (c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*b*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^2*e^4
- (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d*e^5)*g^6)*x^2 + 60*(c^3*e^6*f^5*g - 3*b*c^2*e^6*f^4*g^
2 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*e^6*f^3*g^3 - (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*e^6*f^2*g^4 + 3*(a*b^2
+ a^2*c)*e^6*f*g^5 - (c^3*d^5*e - 3*b*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*(b^2*c + a*c^2)*d^3
*e^3 - (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*d^2*e^4 + 3*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*d*e^5)*g^6)*x - 60*(c^3
*e^6*f^6 - 3*b*c^2*e^6*f^5*g - 3*a^2*b*e^6*f*g^5 + a^3*e^6*g^6 + 3*(b^2*c
+ a*c^2)*e^6*f^4*g^2 - (b^3 + 6*a*b*c)*e^6*f^3*g^3 + 3*(a*b^2 + a^2*c)*e^6
*f^2*g^4)*log(g*x + f))/(e^7*f*g^6 - d*e^6*g^7)
```

3.816.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**3/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.816.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 721, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c^3 d^6 - 3bc^2 d^5 e - 3a^2 b d e^5 + a^3 e^6 + 3(b^2 c + ac^2) d^4 e^2 - (b^3 + 6abc) d^3 e^3 + 3(ab^2 + a^2 c) d^2 e^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^7 f - de^6 g}$$

$$- \frac{(c^3 f^6 - 3bc^2 f^5 g - 3a^2 b f g^5 + a^3 g^6 + 3(b^2 c + ac^2) f^4 g^2 - (b^3 + 6abc) f^3 g^3 + 3(ab^2 + a^2 c) f^2 g^4) \log(gx + f)}{efg^6 - dg^7}$$

$$+ \frac{12c^3 e^4 g^4 x^5 - 15(c^3 e^4 f g^3 + (c^3 d e^3 - 3bc^2 e^4) g^4) x^4 + 20(c^3 e^4 f^2 g^2 + (c^3 d e^3 - 3bc^2 e^4) f g^3 + (c^3 d^2 e^2 - 3bc^2 d e^3) f^2 g)}{efg^6 - dg^7}$$

3.816. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (c^3d^6 - 3b^2c^2d^5e + 3b^2cd^4e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 - b^3d^3e^3 \\
& - 6a^2bc^2d^3e^3 + 3a^2b^2d^2e^4 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 3a^2b^2d^2e^5 + a \\
& ^3e^6) \log(\text{abs}(ex + d)) / (e^7f - d^6g) - (c^3f^6 - 3b^2c^2f^5g + 3 \\
& *b^2c^2f^4g^2 + 3a^2c^2f^4g^2 - b^3f^3g^3 - 6a^2bc^2f^3g^3 + 3a^2b^2 \\
& *f^2g^4 + 3a^2c^2f^2g^4 - 3a^2b^2f^2g^5 + a^3g^6) \log(\text{abs}(gx + f)) / (e \\
& *f^6 - dg^7) + 1/60(12c^3e^4g^4x^5 - 15c^3e^4f^3g^3x^4 - 15c^3 \\
& *de^3g^4x^4 + 45b^2c^2e^4g^4x^4 + 20c^3e^4f^2g^2x^3 + 20c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2x^3 - 60b^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x^3 - 60b^2c^2 \\
& *de^3g^4x^3 + 60b^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x^3 + 60a^2c^2e^4g^4x^3 - 30c^3e^4f^3g^3x^2 - 30c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2x^2 + 90b^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x^2 - 30c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2x^2 \\
& + 90b^2c^2de^3f^2g^2x^2 - 90b^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x^2 - 90a^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x^2 - 30c^3d^3e^3f^2g^2x^2 + 90b^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x^2 - 90 \\
& *b^2c^2de^3g^4x^2 - 90a^2c^2de^3g^4x^2 + 30b^3e^4g^4x^2 + 180a \\
& *bc^2e^4g^4x^2 + 60c^3e^4f^4x + 60c^3de^3f^3gx - 180b^2c^2e^4 \\
& *f^3gx + 60c^3d^2e^2f^2g^2x - 180b^2c^2de^3f^2g^2x + 180b^2c^2 \\
& *e^4f^2g^2x + 180a^2c^2e^4f^2g^2x + 60c^3d^3e^3f^3gx - 180b^2c^2 \\
& *d^2e^2f^2g^3x + 180b^2c^2de^3f^3gx + 180a^2c^2de^3f^3gx - 6 \\
& 0b^3e^4f^3gx - 360a^2bc^2e^4f^3gx + 60c^3d^4g^4x - 180b^2c^2d^3e^3g^4x + 180b^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x + 180a^2c^2d^2e^2g^4x - 60b^3d^3e^3g^4x - 360a^2bc^2de^3g^4x + 180a^2b^2e^4g^4x + 180a^2c^2e^4...
\end{aligned}$$

3.816. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

3.816.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$= x^4 \left(\frac{3bc^2}{4eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{4e^2g^2} \right) - x^3 \left(\frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right) - c(b^2 + ac)}{3eg} + \frac{c^3df}{3e^2g^2} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(\frac{b^3 + 6acb}{2eg} + \frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right) - 3c(b^2 + ac)}{eg} + \frac{c^3df}{e^2g^2} \right)}{2eg} \right)$$

$$- \frac{df \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right)}{2eg} + x \left(\frac{3a(b^2 + ac)}{eg} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{b^3 + 6acb}{eg} + \frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right) - 3c(b^2 + ac)}{eg} + \frac{c^3df}{e^2g^2} \right)}{eg} - \frac{df \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right)}{eg} \right)}{eg}$$

$$+ \frac{df \left(\frac{(dg + ef) \left(\frac{3bc^2}{eg} - \frac{c^3(dg + ef)}{e^2g^2} \right) - 3c(b^2 + ac)}{eg} + \frac{c^3df}{e^2g^2} \right)}{eg}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex) (e^4 (3ca^2d^2 + 3ab^2d^2) + e^2 (3b^2cd^4 + 3ac^2d^4) - e^3 (b^3d^3 + 6acbd^3) + a^3e^6 + c^3d^6 - 3e^7f - de^6g)}{e^7f - de^6g}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(f + gx) (g^4 (3ca^2f^2 + 3ab^2f^2) + g^2 (3b^2cf^4 + 3ac^2f^4) - g^3 (b^3f^3 + 6acbf^3) + a^3g^6 + c^3f^6 - dg^7 - efg^6)}{dg^7 - efg^6}$$

$$3.816 \frac{c^3 x^5}{5eg} \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^3/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `x^4*((3*b*c^2)/(4*e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(4*e^2*g^2)) - x^3(((d*g + e*f)*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(3*e*g) - (c*(a*c + b^2))/(e*g) + (c^3*d*f)/(3*e^2*g^2)) + x^2*((b^3 + 6*a*b*c)/(2*e*g) + ((d*g + e*f)*((d*g + e*f)*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g) - (3*c*(a*c + b^2))/(e*g) + (c^3*d*f)/(e^2*g^2)))/(2*e*g) - (d*f*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(2*e*g)) + x*((3*a*(a*c + b^2))/(e*g) - ((d*g + e*f)*((b^3 + 6*a*b*c)/(e*g) + ((d*g + e*f)*((d*g + e*f)*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g) - (3*c*(a*c + b^2))/(e*g) + (c^3*d*f)/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g) - (d*f*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g)))/(e*g) + (d*f*((d*g + e*f)*((3*b*c^2)/(e*g) - (c^3*(d*g + e*f))/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g) - (3*c*(a*c + b^2))/(e*g) + (c^3*d*f)/(e^2*g^2)))/(e*g)) + (log(d + e*x)*(e^4*(3*a*b^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2) + e^2*(3*a*c^2*d^4 + 3*b^2*c*d^4) - e^3*(b^3*d^3 + 6*a*b*c*d^3) + a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*b*d*e^5 - 3*b*c^2*d^5*e))/(e^7*f - d*e^6*g) + (log(f + g*x)*(g^4*(3*a*b^2*f^2 + 3*a^2*c*f^2) + g^2*(3*a*c^2*f^4 + 3*b^2*c*f^4) - g^3*(b^3*f^3 + 6*a*b*c*f^3) + a^3*g^6 + c^3*f^6 - 3*a^2*b*f*g^5 - 3*b*c^2*f^5*g))/(d*g^7 - e*f*g^6) + (c^3*x^5)/(5*e*g)`

3.816. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$3.817 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

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3.817.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2c^2df + b^2eg - c(bef + bdg + 2aeg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) + \frac{e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))} - \frac{g^2 \log(f+gx)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)} - \frac{(cef + cdg - beg) \log(a+bx+cx^2)}{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))}$$

```
output e^2*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)-g^2*ln(g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)-1/2*(-b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*ln(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))-(2*c^2*d*f+b^2*e*g-c*(2*a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f))*arctanh((2*c*x+b)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
```

3.817.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2c^2df + b^2eg - c(bef + bdg + 2aeg)) \arctan\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^2 \log(f+gx)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}$$

$$- \frac{(cef + cdg - beg) \log(a + x(b + cx))}{2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`output `((2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*ArcTan[(b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]]/(Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))) + (e^2*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(e*f - d*g)) - (g^2*Log[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))) - ((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*Log[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))`**3.817.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{-c(aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2eg - cx(-beg + cdg + cef) + c^2df}{(a+bx+cx^2)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)} - \frac{e^3}{(d+ex)(dg-ef)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{1}{(f+gx)(dg-ef)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

3.817. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (-c(2aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2eg + 2c^2df)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))} - \frac{\log(a + bx + cx^2) (-beg + cdg + cef)}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))} + \frac{e^2 \log(d + ex)}{(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{g^2 \log(f + gx)}{(ef - dg)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-(((2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g)))) + (e^2*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)) - (g^2*Log[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)) - ((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*Log[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g)))`

3.817.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.817.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2 \ln(ex+d)}{(dg-ef)(e^2a-bde+cd^2)} + \frac{(bceg-c^2dg-c^2ef) \ln(cx^2+bx+a)}{2c} + \frac{2\left(-aceg+b^2eg-bcdg-bcef+c^2df - \frac{(bceg-c^2dg-c^2ef)b}{2c}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2c}{\sqrt{4ac-b^2}}\right)}{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-e^{2/(d*g-e*f)}/(a*e^{2-b*d*e+c*d^2})*\ln(e*x+d)+1/(a*e^{2-b*d*e+c*d^2})/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(1/2*(b*c*e*g-c^2*d*g-c^2*e*f)/c*\ln(c*x^2+b*x+a)+2*(-a*c*e*g+b^2*e*g-b*c*d*g-b*c*e*f+c^2*d*f-1/2*(b*c*e*g-c^2*d*g-c^2*e*f)*b/c)/(4*a*c-b^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)^{(1/2)}))+g^2/(d*g-e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*\ln(g*x+f)$

3.817.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Timed out

3.817.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output Timed out

3.817.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see 'assume?' for more deta

3.817.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{e^3 \log(|ex+d|)}{cd^2e^2f - bde^3f + ae^4f - cd^3eg + bd^2e^2g - ade^3g} - \frac{g^3 \log(|gx+f|)}{cef^3g - cdf^2g^2 - bef^2g^2 + bdfg^3 + aefg^3 - adg^4} - \frac{(cef + cdg - beg) \log(cx^2 + bx + a)}{2(c^2d^2f^2 - bcdef^2 + ace^2f^2 - bcd^2fg + b^2defg - abe^2fg + acd^2g^2 - abdeg^2 + a^2e^2g^2)} + \frac{(2c^2df - bcef - bcdg + b^2eg - 2aceg) \arctan\left(\frac{2cx+b}{\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}\right)}{(c^2d^2f^2 - bcdef^2 + ace^2f^2 - bcd^2fg + b^2defg - abe^2fg + acd^2g^2 - abdeg^2 + a^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{-b^2+4ac}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^3*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c*d^2*e^2*f - b*d*e^3*f + a*e^4*f - c*d^3*e*g + b*d^2*e^2*g - a*d*e^3*g) - g^3*log(abs(g*x + f))/(c*e*f^3*g - c*d*f^2*g^2 - b*e*f^2*g^2 + b*d*f*g^3 + a*e*f*g^3 - a*d*g^4) - 1/2*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*log(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/(c^2*d^2*f^2 - b*c*d*e*f^2 + a*c*e^2*f^2 - b*c*d^2*f*g + b^2*d*e*f*g - a*b*e^2*f*g + a*c*d^2*g^2 - a*b*d*e*g^2 + a^2*e^2*g^2) + (2*c^2*d*f - b*c*e*f - b*c*d*g + b^2*e*g - 2*a*c*e*g)*arctan((2*c*x + b)/sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))/((c^2*d^2*f^2 - b*c*d*e*f^2 + a*c*e^2*f^2 - b*c*d^2*f*g + b^2*d*e*f*g - a*b*e^2*f*g + a*c*d^2*g^2 - a*b*d*e*g^2 + a^2*e^2*g^2)*sqrt(-b^2 + 4*a*c))`

3.817.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 32.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12173, normalized size of antiderivative = 49.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

```
output (log(6*a^2*c^4*d^5*g^5 + 6*a^2*c^4*e^5*f^5 - a^3*b^3*e^5*g^5 - a^3*b^2*e^5
*g^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) - c^5*d^3*e^2*f^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) - c^5*d^5*f
^3*g^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) - 18*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2*g^5 + b^2*c^4*d^2*e^3*f^5
- 18*a^3*c^3*e^5*f^3*g^2 + b^2*c^4*d^5*f^2*g^3 + 4*a^4*b*c*e^5*g^5 + 4*a^4
*c*e^5*g^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) - 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^5*g^5 - 2*a*b^2*c^3*e^5*f^5
+ 2*a*b^5*d^2*e^3*g^5 - 10*a*c^5*d^2*e^3*f^5 + a^2*b^4*d*e^4*g^5 + b*c^5*
d^3*e^2*f^5 - 8*a^4*c^2*d*e^4*g^5 + 2*a*b^5*e^5*f^2*g^3 - 10*a*c^5*d^5*f^2
*g^3 + a^2*b^4*e^5*f*g^4 + b*c^5*d^5*f^3*g^2 - 8*a^4*c^2*e^5*f*g^4 - a^2*b
^4*e^5*g^5*x - 8*a^4*c^2*e^5*g^5*x - 2*b^3*c^3*d^5*g^5*x - 2*b^3*c^3*e^5*f
^5*x + 2*b^6*d^2*e^3*g^5*x + 2*c^6*d^3*e^2*f^5*x + 2*b^6*e^5*f^2*g^3*x + 2
*c^6*d^5*f^3*g^2*x - 2*a*b*c^3*d^5*g^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) - 2*a*b*c^3*e^5
*f^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) + 7*a*c^4*d*e^4*f^5*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) + 7*a*c^4
*d^5*f*g^4*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) + 2*c^5*d^4*e*f^4*g*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) + 3
*a*c^4*d^5*g^5*x*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/2) + 3*a*c^4*e^5*f^5*x*(b^2 - 4*a*c)^(1/
2) + 6*a*b^3*c^2*d^4*e*g^5 - 6*a*b^4*c*d^3*e^2*g^5 - 21*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*e*g^
5 - 2*a^3*b^2*c*d*e^4*g^5 + 6*a*b^3*c^2*e^5*f^4*g - 6*a*b^4*c*e^5*f^3*g^2
- 21*a^2*b*c^3*e^5*f^4*g - 2*a^3*b^2*c*e^5*f*g^4 + 10*a*c^5*d^3*e^2*f^4*g
+ 10*a*c^5*d^4*e*f^3*g^2 + 26*a^2*c^4*d*e^4*f^4*g + 26*a^2*c^4*d^4*e*f*g^4
+ 6*a^3*b^2*c*e^5*g^5*x - 3*b*c^5*d^2*e^3*f^5*x + 14*a^2*c^4*d^4*e*g^5*x
+ 5*b^2*c^4*d*e^4*f^5*x + 6*b^4*c^2*d^4*e*g^5*x - 6*b^5*c*d^3*e^2*g^5*x...
```

3.818 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

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3.818.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 644

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{b^3eg - b^2c(ef + dg) + 2ac^2(ef + dg) + bc(cdf - 3aeg) + c(2c^2df + b^2eg - c(bef + bdg + 2aeg))x}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))(a + bx + cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(2c^2df + b^2eg - c(bef + bdg + 2aeg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2e^2g^2(bef + bdg - 2aeg) - 2c^3df(e^2f^2 + defg + d^2g^2) + 2ceg(a^2e^2g^2 + abeg(ef + dg) - b^2(ef + dg))}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^4 \log(f+gx)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(cef + cdg - beg)(c(e^2f^2 + d^2g^2) + eg(2aeg - b(ef + dg))) \log(a + bx + cx^2)}{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))^2}$$

output $(-b^3 e g + b^2 c (d g + e f) - 2 a c^2 (d g + e f) - b c (-3 a e g + c d f) - c (2 c^2 d f + b^2 e g - c (2 a e g + b d g + b e f)) x) / (-4 a c + b^2) / (a e^2 - b d e + c d^2) / (c f^2 - g (-a g + b f)) / (c x^2 + b x + a) + 2 c (2 c^2 d f + b^2 e g - c (2 a e g + b d g + b e f)) \operatorname{arctanh}((2 c x + b) / (-4 a c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) / (-4 a c + b^2)^{(3/2)} / (a e^2 - b d e + c d^2) / (c f^2 - g (-a g + b f)) + e^4 \ln(e x + d) / (a e^2 - b d e + c d^2)^2 / (-d g + e f) - g^4 \ln(g x + f) / (-d g + e f) / (a g^2 - b f g + c f^2)^2 - 1/2 (-b e g + c d g + c e f) (c (d^2 g^2 + e^2 f^2) + e g (2 a e g - b (d g + e f))) \ln(c x^2 + b x + a) / (a e^2 - b d e + c d^2)^2 / (c f^2 - g (-a g + b f))^2 + (b^2 e^2 g^2 (-2 a e g + b d g + b e f) - 2 c^3 d f (d^2 g^2 + d e f g + e^2 f^2) + 2 c e g (a^2 e^2 g^2 + a b e g (d g + e f) - b^2 (d g + e f)^2) - c^2 (4 a d e^2 f g^2 - b (d^3 g^3 + 5 d^2 e f g^2 + 5 d e^2 f^2 g + e^3 f^3))) \operatorname{arctanh}((2 c x + b) / (-4 a c + b^2)^{(1/2)}) / (a e^2 - b d e + c d^2)^2 / (c f^2 - g (-a g + b f))^2 / (-4 a c + b^2)^{(1/2)}$

3.818.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 710, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-b^3 e g + b^2 c (d g + e (f - g x)) - 2 c^2 (a d g + c d f x + a e (f - g x)) + b c (3 a e g + c (-d f + e f x + d g x))}{(b^2 - 4 a c) (-c d^2 + e (b d - a e)) (-c f^2 + g (b f - a g)) (a + x (b + c x))} + \frac{(4 c^5 d^3 f^3 + b^4 e^2 g^2 (b e f + b d g - 2 a e g) - 2 b^2 c e g (-6 a^2 e^2 g^2 + 2 a b e g (e f + d g) + b^2 (e^2 f^2 + d e f g + d^2 g^2))}{2 (c d^2 + e (-b d + a e))^2 (c f^2 + g (-b f + a g))^2} + \frac{e^4 \log(d+ex)}{(c d^2 + e (-b d + a e))^2 (e f - d g)} - \frac{g^4 \log(f+g x)}{(e f - d g) (c f^2 + g (-b f + a g))^2} - \frac{(c e f + c d g - b e g) (c (e^2 f^2 + d^2 g^2) + e g (2 a e g - b (e f + d g))) \log(a + x (b + c x))}{2 (c d^2 + e (-b d + a e))^2 (c f^2 + g (-b f + a g))^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]`

```
output (-b^3*e*g) + b^2*c*(d*g + e*(f - g*x)) - 2*c^2*(a*d*g + c*d*f*x + a*e*(f
- g*x)) + b*c*(3*a*e*g + c*(-(d*f) + e*f*x + d*g*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*
d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*(a + x*(b + c*x))) + ((4*
c^5*d^3*f^3 + b^4*e^2*g^2*(b*e*f + b*d*g - 2*a*e*g) - 2*b^2*c*e*g*(-6*a^2*
e^2*g^2 + 2*a*b*e*g*(e*f + d*g) + b^2*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)) + 2*c
^4*d*f*(-3*b*d*f*(e*f + d*g) + 2*a*(3*e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2)) + c^
2*(-12*a^3*e^3*g^3 - 6*a^2*b*e^2*g^2*(e*f + d*g) + 12*a*b^2*e*g*(e^2*f^2 +
d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + b^3*(e^3*f^3 + d*e^2*f^2*g + d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3))
- 2*c^3*(-4*b^2*d^2*e*f^2*g + 2*a^2*e*g*(e^2*f^2 - 5*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) +
a*b*(3*e^3*f^3 + 11*d*e^2*f^2*g + 11*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 3*d^3*g^3))*ArcTan[(b
+ 2*c*x)/Sqrt[-b^2 + 4*a*c]]/((-b^2 + 4*a*c)^(3/2)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) +
a*e))^2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2) + (e^4*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(
b*d) + a*e))^2*(e*f - d*g)) - (g^4*Log[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(
-(b*f) + a*g))^2) - ((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*(c*(e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2) + e*g*
(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*Log[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a
*e))^2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2)
```

3.818.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 644, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{-ceg(a^2e^2g^2 + 2abeg(dg + ef) - (b^2(2d^2g^2 + 3defg + 2e^2f^2))) - b^2e^2g^2(-2aeg + bdg + bef) + c^2(2ade^2fg - b^2d^2g^2)}{(a+bx+cx^2)(ae^2 - b^2d^2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (2ceg(a^2e^2g^2 + abeg(dg + ef) - b^2(dg + ef)^2) + b^2e^2g^2(-2aeg + bdg + bef) - c^2(4ade^2fg^2 - \sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2(cf^2 - g(bf - ag)))}{(b^2 - 4ac)^{3/2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))} + 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) (-c(2aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2eg + 2c^2df)}{cx(-c(2aeg + bdg + bef) + b^2eg + 2c^2df) + bc(cdf - 3aeg) + 2ac^2(dg + ef) + b^3eg - b^2c(dg + ef)} + \frac{\log(a + bx + cx^2)(-beg + cdg + cef)(eg(2aeg - b(dg + ef)) + c(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2))}{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2(cf^2 - g(bf - ag))^2} + \frac{e^4 \log(d + ex)}{(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2} - \frac{g^4 \log(f + gx)}{(ef - dg)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-((b^3*e*g - b^2*c*(e*f + d*g) + 2*a*c^2*(e*f + d*g) + b*c*(c*d*f - 3*a*e*g) + c*(2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))*(a + b*x + c*x^2)) + (2*c*(2*c^2*d*f + b^2*e*g - c*(b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)^(3/2)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))) + ((b^2*e^2*g^2*(b*e*f + b*d*g - 2*a*e*g) - 2*c^3*d*f*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*b*e*g*(e*f + d*g) - b^2*(e*f + d*g)^2) - c^2*(4*a*d*e^2*f*g^2 - b*(e^3*f^3 + 5*d*e^2*f^2*g + 5*d^2*e*f*g^2 + d^3*g^3)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))^2) + (e^4*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*(e*f - d*g)) - (g^4*Log[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2) - ((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*(c*(e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2) + e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*Log[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*(c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))^2)`

3.818.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.818.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2227 vs. $2(635) = 1270$.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2228, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2228
risch	Expression too large to display	29824

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -e^4/(d*g-e*f)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(a*
g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*((c*(2*a^3*c*e^3*g^3-a^2*b^2*e^3*g^3-a^2*b*c*d*e^2*g^3-
a^2*b*c*e^3*f*g^2+2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e*g^3-2*a^2*c^2*d*e^2*f*g^2+2*a^2*c^2*e^3*
f^2*g+a*b^3*d*e^2*g^3+a*b^3*e^3*f*g^2-2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e*g^3-2*a*b^2*c*e^3*f^
2*g+a*b*c^2*d^3*g^3+a*b*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2+a*b*c^2*d*e^2*f^2*g+a*b*c^2*e^3*f^
3-2*a*c^3*d^3*f*g^2+2*a*c^3*d^2*e*f^2*g-2*a*c^3*d*e^2*f^3-b^4*d*e^2*f*g^2+
2*b^3*c*d^2*e*f*g^2+2*b^3*c*d*e^2*f^2*g-b^2*c^2*d^3*f*g^2-5*b^2*c^2*d^2*e*
f^2*g-b^2*c^2*d*e^2*f^3+3*b*c^3*d^3*f^2*g+3*b*c^3*d^2*e*f^3-2*c^4*d^3*f^3)
/(4*a*c-b^2)*x+(3*a^3*b*c*e^3*g^3-2*a^3*c^2*d*e^2*g^3-2*a^3*c^2*e^3*f*g^2-
a^2*b^3*e^3*g^3-2*a^2*b^2*c*d*e^2*g^3-2*a^2*b^2*c*e^3*f*g^2+5*a^2*b*c^2*d^
2*e*g^3+3*a^2*b*c^2*d*e^2*f*g^2+5*a^2*b*c^2*e^3*f^2*g-2*a^2*c^3*d^3*g^3-2*
a^2*c^3*d^2*e*f*g^2-2*a^2*c^3*d*e^2*f^2*g-2*a^2*c^3*e^3*f^3+a*b^4*d*e^2*g^
3+a*b^4*e^3*f*g^2-2*a*b^3*c*d^2*e*g^3+a*b^3*c*d*e^2*f*g^2-2*a*b^3*c*e^3*f^
2*g+a*b^2*c^2*d^3*g^3-3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2*f^2*g+a*b^
2*c^2*e^3*f^3+a*b*c^3*d^3*f*g^2+7*a*b*c^3*d^2*e*f^2*g+a*b*c^3*d*e^2*f^3-2*
a*c^4*d^3*f^2*g-2*a*c^4*d^2*e*f^3-b^5*d*e^2*f*g^2+2*b^4*c*d^2*e*f*g^2+2*b^
4*c*d*e^2*f^2*g-b^3*c^2*d^3*f*g^2-4*b^3*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g-b^3*c^2*d*e^2*f^3+
2*b^2*c^3*d^3*f^2*g+2*b^2*c^3*d^2*e*f^3-b*c^4*d^3*f^3)/(4*a*c-b^2))/(c*x^2
+b*x+a)+1/(4*a*c-b^2)*(1/2*(-8*a^2*b*c^2*e^3*g^3+8*a^2*c^3*d*e^2*g^3+8*a^2
*c^3*e^3*f*g^2+2*a*b^3*c*e^3*g^3+2*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2*g^3+2*a*b^2*c^2*e^3*...
```

3.818.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.818.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.818.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

3.818.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3400 vs. $2(634) = 1268$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3400, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^5*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e^2*f - 2*b*c*d^3*e^3*f + b^2*d^2*e^4*f + 2*a*c*d^2*e^4*f - 2*a*b*d*e^5*f + a^2*e^6*f - c^2*d^5*e*g + 2*b*c*d^4*e^2*g - b^2*d^3*e^3*g - 2*a*c*d^3*e^3*g + 2*a*b*d^2*e^4*g - a^2*d*e^5*g) - g^5*log(abs(g*x + f))/(c^2*e*f^5*g - c^2*d*f^4*g^2 - 2*b*c*e*f^4*g^2 + 2*b*c*d*f^3*g^3 + b^2*e*f^3*g^3 + 2*a*c*e*f^3*g^3 - b^2*d*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*c*d*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*b*e*f^2*g^4 + 2*a*b*d*f*g^5 + a^2*e*f*g^5 - a^2*d*g^6) - 1/2*(c^2*e^3*f^3 + c^2*d*e^2*f^2*g - 2*b*c*e^3*f^2*g + c^2*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 2*b*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + b^2*e^3*f*g^2 + 2*a*c*e^3*f*g^2 + c^2*d^3*g^3 - 2*b*c*d^2*e*g^3 + b^2*d*e^2*g^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2*g^3 - 2*a*b*e^3*g^3)*log(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/(c^4*d^4*f^4 - 2*b*c^3*d^3*e*f^4 + b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2*f^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d*e^3*f^4 + a^2*c^2*e^4*f^4 - 2*b*c^3*d^4*f^3*g + 4*b^2*c^2*d^3*e*f^3*g - 2*b^3*c*d^2*e^2*f^3*g - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^3*g + 4*a*b^2*c*d*e^3*f^3*g - 2*a^2*b*c*e^4*f^3*g + b^2*c^2*d^4*f^2*g^2 + 2*a*c^3*d^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^3*e*f^2*g^2 + b^4*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 4*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3*f^2*g^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d^2*e^3*f^2*g^2 + a^2*b^2*e^4*f^2*g^2 + 2*a^3*c*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*f*g^3 + 4*a*b^2*c*d^3*e*f*g^3 - 2*a*b^3*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 4*a^2*b*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 + 4*a^2*b^2*d*e^3*f*g^3 - 2*a^3*b*e^4*f*g^3 + a^2*c^2*d^4*g^4 - 2*a^2*b*c*d^3*e*g^4 + a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2*g^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2*g^4 - 2*a^3*b*d*e^3*g^4 + a^4*e^4*g^4) - (4*c^5*d^3*f^3 - 6*b*c^4*d^2...`

3.818.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 54.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130035, normalized size of antiderivative = 201.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2),x)`

3.818. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^2} dx$

output
$$\frac{\begin{aligned} & ((b^3e^*g + 2*a*c^2*d*g + 2*a*c^2*e*f + b*c^2*d*f - b^2*c*d*g - b^2*c*e*f \\ & - 3*a*b*c*e*g)/(4*a*c^3*d^2*f^2 + 4*a^3*c*e^2*g^2 - a^2*b^2*e^2*g^2 + 4*a^2 \\ & *c^2*d^2*g^2 + 4*a^2*c^2*e^2*f^2 - b^2*c^2*d^2*f^2 + a*b^3*d*e*g^2 + b^3*c \\ & *d*e*f^2 + a*b^3*e^2*f*g + b^3*c*d^2*f*g - a*b^2*c*d^2*g^2 - a*b^2*c*e^2* \\ & f^2 - b^4*d*e*f*g - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d*e*g^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2* \\ & f*g - 4*a^2*b*c*e^2*f*g + 4*a*b^2*c*d*e*f*g) - (x*(2*a*c^2*e*g - 2*c^3*d*f \\ & + b*c^2*d*g + b*c^2*e*f - b^2*c*e*g))/(4*a*c^3*d^2*f^2 + 4*a^3*c*e^2*g^2 \\ & - a^2*b^2*e^2*g^2 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^2*g^2 + 4*a^2*c^2*e^2*f^2 - b^2*c^2*d^2*f^2 \\ & + a*b^3*d*e*g^2 + b^3*c*d*e*f^2 + a*b^3*e^2*f*g + b^3*c*d^2*f*g - a*b^2*c \\ & *d^2*g^2 - a*b^2*c*e^2*f^2 - b^4*d*e*f*g - 4*a*b*c^2*d*e*f^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*c \\ & d*e*g^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*g - 4*a^2*b*c*e^2*f*g + 4*a*b^2*c*d*e*f*g) / (a + \\ & b*x + c*x^2) + \text{symsum}(\log((12*a^2*c^5*e^6*g^6 - 3*b^2*c^5*d^2*e^4*g^6 - 3 \\ & *b^2*c^5*e^6*f^2*g^4 + 4*c^7*d^2*e^4*f^2*g^4 - 2*a*b^2*c^4*e^6*g^6 + 16*a \\ & c^6*d^2*e^4*g^6 + 3*b^3*c^4*d*e^5*g^6 + 16*a*c^6*e^6*f^2*g^4 + 3*b^3*c^4*e \\ & ^6*f*g^5 - 4*b*c^6*d*e^5*f^2*g^4 - 4*b*c^6*d^2*e^4*f*g^5 - 16*a*b*c^5*d*e^ \\ & 5*g^6 - 16*a*b*c^5*e^6*f*g^5 + 16*a*c^6*d*e^5*f*g^5)/(16*a^2*c^6*d^4*f^4 + \\ & a^4*b^4*e^4*g^4 + 16*a^4*c^4*d^4*g^4 + 16*a^4*c^4*e^4*f^4 + b^4*c^4*d^4*f \\ & ^4 + 16*a^6*c^2*e^4*g^4 + a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4*g^4 + a^2*b^4*c^2*e^4*f^4 - 8*a^ \\ & 3*b^2*c^3*d^4*g^4 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^3*e^4*f^4 + a^2*b^6*d^2*e^2*g^4 + 32*a^3*c \\ & ^5*d^2*e^2*f^4 + 32*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^2*g^4 + b^6*c^2*d^2*e^2*f^4 + a^2*b^6... \end{aligned}}$$

3.819 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.819.1 Optimal result 5998
 3.819.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 5999
 3.819.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 5999
 3.819.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6001
 3.819.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 6001
 3.819.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) 6002
 3.819.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 6003
 3.819.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6004
 3.819.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6005

3.819.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(ef-dg)^3(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf(5ef-2dg)-g(4bef-bdg-3aeg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^6}$$

$$+ \frac{2(ef-dg)(3eg(2bef-bdg-aeg)-c(10e^2f^2-8defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^6}$$

$$- \frac{2e(eg(4bef-3bdg-aeg)-c(10e^2f^2-12defg+3d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^6}$$

$$- \frac{2e^2(5cef-3cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6}$$

output

```
2/3*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(c*f*(-2*d*g+5*e*f)-g*(-3*a*e*g-b*d*g+4*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(
3/2)/g^6+2/5*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*e*g*(-a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f)-c*(d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g
+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^6-2/7*e*(e*g*(-a*e*g-3*b*d*g+4*b*e*f)-c*(3*d
^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^6-2/9*e^2*(-b*e*g-3*c*d*g+5
*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^6+2/11*c*e^3*(g*x+f)^(11/2)/g^6-2*(-d*g+e*f)^3*(a
g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^6
```

3.819.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(c(231d^3g^3(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)+297d^2eg^2(-16f^3+8f^2gx-6fg^2x^2+5g^3x^3))+33de^2g(128f^4-64f^3gx+48f^2g^2x^2-40fg^3x^3+35g^4x^4)-5e^3(256f^5-128f^4gx+96f^3g^2x^2-80f^2g^3x^3+70fg^4x^4-63g^5x^5))+11g(9a(g(35d^3g^3+35d^2eg^2(-2f+gx))+7de^2g(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))+e^3(-16f^3+8f^2gx-6fg^2x^2+5g^3x^3))+b(105d^3g^3(-2f+gx))+63d^2eg^2(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)+27de^2g(-16f^3+8f^2gx-6fg^2x^2+5g^3x^3)+e^3(128f^4-64f^3gx+48f^2g^2x^2-40fg^3x^3+35g^4x^4)))}{(3465g^6)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`output

```
(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*(231*d^3*g^3*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + 297*d^2*e*g^2*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + 33*d*e^2*g*(128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 48*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 40*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4) - 5*e^3*(256*f^5 - 128*f^4*g*x + 96*f^3*g^2*x^2 - 80*f^2*g^3*x^3 + 70*f*g^4*x^4 - 63*g^5*x^5)) + 11*g*(9*a*g*(35*d^3*g^3 + 35*d^2*e*g^2*(-2*f + g*x) + 7*d*e^2*g*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + e^3*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3)) + b*(105*d^3*g^3*(-2*f + g*x) + 63*d^2*e*g^2*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + 27*d*e^2*g*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + e^3*(128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 48*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 40*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4)))))/(3465*g^6)
```

3.819.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{e(f+gx)^{5/2}(c(3d^2g^2-12defg+10e^2f^2)-eg(-aeg-3bdg+4bef))}{g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(3eg(-aeg-3bdg+4bef))}{g^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.819. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2e(f+gx)^{7/2}(eg(-aeg-3bdg+4bef) - c(3d^2g^2 - 12defg + 10e^2f^2))}{7g^6} + \\ & \frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2}(ef-dg)(3eg(-aeg-bdg+2bef) - c(d^2g^2 - 8defg + 10e^2f^2))}{5g^6} - \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)^3(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^6} + \\ & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)^2(cf(5ef-2dg) - g(-3aeg-bdg+4bef))}{3g^6} - \\ & \frac{2e^2(f+gx)^{9/2}(-beg-3cdg+5cef)}{9g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(-2*(e*f - d*g)^3*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^6 + (2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f*(5*e*f - 2*d*g) - g*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^6) + (2*(e*f - d*g)*(3*e*g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^6) - (2*e*(e*g*(4*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^6) - (2*e^2*(5*c*e*f - 3*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^6) + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(11/2))/(11*g^6)`

3.819.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output $2/3465*(315*c*e^3*g^5*x^5 - 1280*c*e^3*f^5 + 3465*a*d^3*g^5 + 1408*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^4*g - 1584*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + 1848*(c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - 2310*(b*d^3 + 3*a*d^2*e)*f*g^4 - 35*(10*c*e^3*f*g^4 - 11*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*g^5)*x^4 + 5*(80*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 88*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f*g^4 + 99*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^5)*x^3 - 3*(160*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 176*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^2*g^3 + 198*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^4 - 231*(c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^5)*x^2 + (640*c*e^3*f^4*g - 704*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + 792*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 924*(c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^4 + 1155*(b*d^3 + 3*a*d^2*e)*g^5)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^6$

3.819.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 695 vs. $2(291) = 582$.

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 695, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{ce^3(f+gx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{9}{2}}(be^3g+3cde^2g-5ce^3f)}{9g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(ae^3g^2+3bde^2g^2-4be^3fg+3cd^2eg^2-12cde^2fg+10ce^3f^2)}{7g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(3ade^2g^3-3ae^3fg^2+ad^3g+ce^3x^6)}{5g^5} \right) \\ \frac{ad^3x + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5(be^3+3cde^2)}{5} + \frac{x^4(ae^3+3bde^2+3cd^2e)}{4} + \frac{x^3(3ade^2+3bd^2e+cd^3)}{3} + \frac{x^2(3ad^2e+bd^3)}{2}}{\sqrt{f}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c***3*(f + g*x)**(11/2)/(11*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(9/2)*(b***3*g + 3*c*d***2*g - 5*c***3*f)/(9*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(a***3*g**2 + 3*b*d***2*g**2 - 4*b***3*f*g + 3*c*d***2*e*g**2 - 12*c*d***2*f*g + 10*c***3*f**2)/(7*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(3*a*d***2*g**3 - 3*a***3*f*g**2 + 3*b*d***2*e*g**3 - 9*b*d***2*f*g**2 + 6*b***3*f**2*g + c*d***3*g**3 - 9*c*d***2*e*f*g**2 + 18*c*d***2*f**2*g - 10*c***3*f**3)/(5*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(3*a*d***2*e*g**4 - 6*a*d***2*f*g**3 + 3*a***3*f**2*g**2 + b*d***3*g**4 - 6*b*d***2*e*f*g**3 + 9*b*d***2*f**2*g**2 - 4*b***3*f**3*g - 2*c*d***3*f*g**3 + 9*c*d***2*e*f**2*g**2 - 12*c*d***2*f**3*g + 5*c***3*f**4)/(3*g**5) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*d***3*g**5 - 3*a*d***2*e*f*g**4 + 3*a*d***2*f**2*g**3 - a***3*f**3*g**2 - b*d***3*f*g**4 + 3*b*d***2*e*f**2*g**3 - 3*b*d***2*f**3*g**2 + b***3*f**4*g + c*d***3*f**2*g**3 - 3*c*d***2*e*f**3*g**2 + 3*c*d***2*f**4*g - c***3*f**5)/g**5)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d***3*x + c***3*x**6/6 + x**5*(b***3 + 3*c*d***2)/5 + x**4*(a***3 + 3*b*d***2 + 3*c*d***2*e)/4 + x**3*(3*a*d***2 + 3*b*d***2*e + c*d***3)/3 + x**2*(3*a*d***2*e + b*d***3)/2)/sqrt(f), True))`

3.819.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (gx+f)^{\frac{11}{2}} ce^3 - 385 (5ce^3f - (3cde^2 + be^3)g)(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 495 (10ce^3f^2 - 4(3cde^2 + be^3)fg + (3c^2d^2e + 3b^2d^2e + a^2e^3)g^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 693 (10c^3e^3f^3 - 6(3c^2d^2e + b^2e^3)f^2g + 3(3c^2d^2e + 3b^2d^2e + a^2e^3)f^2g^2 - (c^2d^3 + 3b^2d^2e + 3a^2d^2e)g^3)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1155 (5c^3e^3f^4 - 4(3c^2d^2e + b^2e^3)f^3g + 3(3c^2d^2e + 3b^2d^2e + a^2e^3)f^2g^2 - 2(c^2d^3 + 3b^2d^2e + 3a^2d^2e)f^2g^3 + (b^2d^3 + 3a^2d^2e)g^4)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3465 (c^3e^3f^5 - a^2d^3g^5 - (3c^2d^2e + b^2e^3)f^4g + (3c^2d^2e + 3b^2d^2e + a^2e^3)f^3g^2 - (c^2d^3 + 3b^2d^2e + 3a^2d^2e)f^2g^3 + (b^2d^3 + 3a^2d^2e)f^2g^4) \sqrt{gx+f} \right)}{g^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*(315*(g*x + f)^(11/2)*c*e^3 - 385*(5*c*e^3*f - (3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*g)*(g*x + f)^(9/2) + 495*(10*c*e^3*f^2 - 4*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f*g + (3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 693*(10*c*e^3*f^3 - 6*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^2*g + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) + 1155*(5*c*e^3*f^4 - 4*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^3*g + 3*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(c^2*d^3 + 3*b^2d^2e + 3*a^2d^2e)*f^2g^3 + (b^2d^3 + 3*a^2d^2e)*g^4)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3465*(c^3e^3f^5 - a^2d^3g^5 - (3*c^2d^2e + b^2e^3)*f^4g + (3*c^2d^2e + 3*b^2d^2e + a^2e^3)*f^3g^2 - (c^2d^3 + 3*b^2d^2e + 3*a^2d^2e)*f^2g^3 + (b^2d^3 + 3*a^2d^2e)*f^2g^4)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^6`

3.819. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.819.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 568 vs. $2(265) = 530$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 \sqrt{gx+f} a d^3 + \frac{1155 \left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{gx+ff} \right) b d^3}{g} + \frac{3465 \left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{gx+ff} \right) a d^2 e}{g} + \frac{231 \left(3 (gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} f + 15 \sqrt{gx+f} f^2 \right) c d^3}{g^2} \right)}{g^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(3465*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d^3 + 1155*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)
*f)*b*d^3/g + 3465*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*a*d^2*e/g + 231*(
3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c*d^3/g^2
+ 693*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*b
*d^2*e/g^2 + 693*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x +
f)*f^2)*a*d*e^2/g^2 + 297*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*
(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*c*d^2*e/g^3 + 297*(5*(g*x + f)
^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*
f^3)*b*d*e^2/g^3 + 99*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x
+ f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*a*e^3/g^3 + 33*(35*(g*x + f)^(9/2)
- 180*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*f + 378*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f^2 - 420*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^
3 + 315*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^4)*c*d*e^2/g^4 + 11*(35*(g*x + f)^(9/2) - 180*(g*x
+ f)^(7/2)*f + 378*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f^2 - 420*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^3 + 315*sq
rt(g*x + f)*f^4)*b*e^3/g^4 + 5*(63*(g*x + f)^(11/2) - 385*(g*x + f)^(9/2)*
f + 990*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*f^2 - 1386*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f^3 + 1155*(g*x + f)^(3
/2)*f^4 - 693*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^5)*c*e^3/g^5)/g
```

3.819.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{9/2}(2be^3g-10ce^3f+6cde^2g)}{9g^6} + \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2}(6cd^2eg^2-24cde^2fg+6bde^2g^2+20ce^3f^2-8be^3fg+2ae^3g^2)}{7g^6} + \frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2}(dg-ef)(cd^2g^2-8cdefg+3bdeg^2+10ce^2f^2-6be^2fg+3ae^2g^2)}{5g^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)^3(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^6} + \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg-ef)^2(3aeg^2+bdg^2+5cef^2-4befg-2cdfg)}{3g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{11/2}}{11g^6}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(9/2)*(2*b*e^3*g - 10*c*e^3*f + 6*c*d*e^2*g))/(9*g^6) + ((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(2*a*e^3*g^2 + 20*c*e^3*f^2 - 8*b*e^3*f*g + 6*b*d*e^2*g^2 + 6*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 24*c*d*e^2*f*g))/(7*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 + 10*c*e^2*f^2 + 3*b*d*e*g^2 - 6*b*e^2*f*g - 8*c*d*e*f*g))/(5*g^6) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^3*(a*g^2 + c*f^2 - b*f*g))/g^6 + (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^2*(3*a*e*g^2 + b*d*g^2 + 5*c*e*f^2 - 4*b*e*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g))/(3*g^6) + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(11/2))/(11*g^6)`

3.820 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.820.1 Optimal result 6006
 3.820.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6007
 3.820.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6007
 3.820.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6009
 3.820.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 6009
 3.820.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 6010
 3.820.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 6011
 3.820.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6011
 3.820.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6012

3.820.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^5}$$

$$- \frac{2(ef-dg)(2cf(2ef-dg)-g(3bef-bdg-2aeg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^5}$$

$$- \frac{2(eg(3bef-2bdg-aeg)-c(6e^2f^2-6defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^5}$$

$$- \frac{2e(4cef-2cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(2*c*f*(-d*g+2*e*f)-g*(-2*a*e*g-b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^5-2/5*(e*g*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b*e*f)-c*(d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^5-2/7*e*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^5+2/9*c*e^2*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^5+2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^5
```

3.820.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(c(21d^2g^2(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)+18deg(-16f^3+8f^2gx-6fg^2x^2+5g^3x^3))+e^2(128f^4-64f^3g+48f^2g^2x-40fg^3x^2+35g^4x^3))+3g(7a^2g^2+10d^2eg(-2f+gx)+e^2(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))+b(35d^2g^2(-2f+gx)+14d^2eg(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)-3e^2(16f^3-8f^2gx+6fg^2x-5g^3x^3)))}{315g^5}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*(21*d^2*g^2*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) + 18*d*e*g*(-16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 6*f*g^2*x^2 + 5*g^3*x^3) + e^2*(128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 48*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 40*f*g^3*x^3 + 35*g^4*x^4)) + 3*g*(7*a*g*(15*d^2*g^2 + 10*d*e*g*(-2*f + g*x) + e^2*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + b*(35*d^2*g^2*(-2*f + g*x) + 14*d*e*g*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) - 3*e^2*(16*f^3 - 8*f^2*g*x + 6*f*g^2*x^2 - 5*g^3*x^3)))))/(315*g^5)`**3.820.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1195}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(c(d^2g^2-6defg+6e^2f^2)-eg(-aeg-2bdg+3bef))}{g^4} + \frac{(dg-ef)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2(f+gx)^{5/2} (eg(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef) - c(d^2g^2 - 6defg + 6e^2f^2))}{5g^5} + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)^2 (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^5} - \\
& \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(2cf(2ef-dg) - g(-2aeg - bdg + 3bef))}{3g^5} - \\
& \frac{2e(f+gx)^{7/2}(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{7g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^5 - (2*(e*f - d*g)*(2*c*f*(2*e*f - d*g) - g*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g - 2*a*e*g))*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^5) - (2*(e*g*(3*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(6*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^5) - (2*e*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^5) + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^5)`

3.820.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.820.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2\sqrt{gx+f} \left(\left(\frac{(\frac{5}{9}cx^2 + \frac{5}{7}bx+a)x^2e^2}{5} + \frac{2d(\frac{3}{7}cx^2 + \frac{3}{5}bx+a)xe}{3} + d^2(\frac{1}{5}cx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bx+a) \right) g^4 - \frac{4 \left(\frac{(\frac{10}{21}cx^2 + \frac{9}{14}bx+a)xe^2}{5} + d(\frac{9}{35}cx^2 + \dots)}{3} \right)}{g^5} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(dg-ef)ec+e^2(bg-2cf))(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)^2c+2(dg-ef)e(bg-2cf)+e^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(dg-ef)^2c+2(dg-ef)e(bg-2cf)+e^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^5}$
default	$\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(dg-ef)ec+e^2(bg-2cf))(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)^2c+2(dg-ef)e(bg-2cf)+e^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(dg-ef)^2c+2(dg-ef)e(bg-2cf)+e^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^5}$
gospers	$2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2e^2x^4g^4+45be^2g^4x^3+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+126bde g^4x^2-54be^2f g^3x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-10\dots)$
trager	$2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2e^2x^4g^4+45be^2g^4x^3+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+126bde g^4x^2-54be^2f g^3x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-10\dots)$
risch	$2\sqrt{gx+f} (35c^2e^2x^4g^4+45be^2g^4x^3+90cde g^4x^3-40ce^2f g^3x^3+63ae^2g^4x^2+126bde g^4x^2-54be^2f g^3x^2+63cd^2g^4x^2-10\dots)$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((1/5*(5/9*c*x^2+5/7*b*x+a)*x^2*e^2+2/3*d*(3/7*c*x^2+3/5*b*x+a)*x*e+d^2*(1/5*c*x^2+1/3*b*x+a))*g^4-4/3*(1/5*(10/21*c*x^2+9/14*b*x+a)*x*e^2+d*(9/35*c*x^2+2/5*b*x+a)*e+1/2*d^2*(2/5*c*x+b))*f*g^3+8/15*((2/7*c*x^2+3/7*b*x+a)*e^2+2*d*(3/7*c*x+b)*e+c*d^2)*f^2*g^2-16/35*e*((4/9*c*x+b)*e+2*c*d)*f^3*g+128/315*c*e^2*f^4/g^5`

3.820.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35ce^2g^4x^4+128ce^2f^4+315ad^2g^4-144(2cde+be^2)f^3g+168(cd^2+2bde+ae^2)f^2g^2-210(bd^2+\dots)}{g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`


```
output 2/315*(35*c*e^2*g^4*x^4 + 128*c*e^2*f^4 + 315*a*d^2*g^4 - 144*(2*c*d*e + b
*e^2)*f^3*g + 168*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - 210*(b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e
)*f*g^3 - 5*(8*c*e^2*f*g^3 - 9*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*g^4)*x^3 + 3*(16*c*e^2*f^
2*g^2 - 18*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f*g^3 + 21*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^4)*x^2
- (64*c*e^2*f^3*g - 72*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + 84*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e +
a*e^2)*f*g^3 - 105*(b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^5
```

3.820.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{ce^2(f+gx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(be^2g+2cdeg-4ce^2f)}{7g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ae^2g^2+2bdeg^2-3be^2fg+cd^2g^2-6cdefg+6ce^2f^2)}{5g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(2adeg^3-2ae^2fg^2+bd^2g^3-4b^2d^2e)}{3g^4} \right) \\ \frac{ad^2x + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4(be^2+2cde)}{4} + \frac{x^3(ae^2+2bde+cd^2)}{3} + \frac{x^2(2ade+bd^2)}{2}}{\sqrt{f}} \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((2*(c*e**2*(f + g*x)**(9/2)/(9*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(b*e**2*
g + 2*c*d*e*g - 4*c*e**2*f)/(7*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**2*g**2 + 2*b
*d*e*g**2 - 3*b*e**2*f*g + c*d**2*g**2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + 6*c*e**2*f**2)/(5*g
**4) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(2*a*d*e*g**3 - 2*a*e**2*f*g**2 + b*d**2*g**3 - 4*
b*d*e*f*g**2 + 3*b*e**2*f**2*g - 2*c*d**2*f*g**2 + 6*c*d*e*f**2*g - 4*c*e
**2*f**3)/(3*g**4) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*d**2*g**4 - 2*a*d*e*f*g**3 + a*e**2*f
**2*g**2 - b*d**2*f*g**3 + 2*b*d*e*f**2*g**2 - b*e**2*f**3*g + c*d**2*f**2
*g**2 - 2*c*d*e*f**3*g + c*e**2*f**4)/g**4)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**2*x + c*
e**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(b*e**2 + 2*c*d*e)/4 + x**3*(a*e**2 + 2*b*d*e + c*d**2)/
3 + x**2*(2*a*d*e + b*d**2)/2)/sqrt(f), True))
```

3.820.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35(gx+f)^{\frac{9}{2}}ce^2 - 45(4ce^2f - (2cde+be^2)g)(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63(6ce^2f^2 - 3(2cde+be^2)fg + (cd^2+2bde+ae^2)g^2) \right)}{g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
2/315*(35*(g*x + f)^(9/2)*c*e^2 - 45*(4*c*e^2*f - (2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*g)*(g*x + f)^(7/2) + 63*(6*c*e^2*f^2 - 3*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f*g + (c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 105*(4*c*e^2*f^3 - 3*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f^2*g + 2*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*g^3)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) + 315*(c*e^2*f^4 + a*d^2*g^4 - (2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f^3*g + (c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*f*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^5
```

3.820.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315\sqrt{gx+f}ad^2 + \frac{105((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}-3\sqrt{gx+ff})bd^2}{g} + \frac{210((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}-3\sqrt{gx+ff})ade}{g} + \frac{21(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}-10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f+15\sqrt{gx+f})a^2e^2}{g^2} \right)}{g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
2/315*(315*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d^2 + 105*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*b*d^2/g + 210*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*a*d*e/g + 21*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c*d^2/g^2 + 42*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*b*d*e/g^2 + 21*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*a*e^2/g^2 + 18*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2))*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*c*d*e/g^3 + 9*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*b*e^2/g^3 + (35*(g*x + f)^(9/2) - 180*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*f + 378*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f^2 - 420*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^3 + 315*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^4)*c*e^2/g^4)/g
```

3.820. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.820.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2}(2be^2g-8ce^2f+4cdeg)}{7g^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(2cd^2g^2-12cdefg+4bdeg^2+12ce^2f^2-6be^2fg+2ae^2g^2)}{5g^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(dg-ef)(2aeg^2+bdg^2+4cef^2-3befg-2cdfg)}{3g^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(7/2)*(2*b*e^2*g - 8*c*e^2*f + 4*c*d*e*g))/(7*g^5) + ((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(2*a*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*g^2 + 12*c*e^2*f^2 + 4*b*d*e*g^2 - 6*b*e^2*f*g - 12*c*d*e*f*g))/(5*g^5) + (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(2*a*e*g^2 + b*d*g^2 + 4*c*e*f^2 - 3*b*e*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g))/(3*g^5) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^2*(a*g^2 + c*f^2 - b*f*g))/g^5 + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^5)`

3.821 $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.821.1 Optimal result 6013
 3.821.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6013
 3.821.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6014
 3.821.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6015
 3.821.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) 6016
 3.821.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 6016
 3.821.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 6017
 3.821.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6017
 3.821.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6018

3.821.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^4} + \frac{2(cf(3ef-2dg)-g(2bef-bdg-aeg))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^4} - \frac{2(3cef-cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4}$$

output `2/3*(c*f*(-2*d*g+3*e*f)-g*(-a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^4-2/5*(-b*e*g-c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^4+2/7*c*e*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^4-2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^4`

3.821.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(7g(5bdg(-2f+gx)+5ag(-2ef+3dg+egx))+be(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2))+c(7dg(8f^2-4fgx+3g^2x^2)+2g^2x^2)}{105g^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

3.821. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $(2\sqrt{f + gx}*(7*g*(5*b*d*g*(-2*f + gx) + 5*a*g*(-2*e*f + 3*d*g + e*g*x) + b*e*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)) + c*(7*d*g*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2) - 3*e*(16*f^3 - 8*f^2*g*x + 6*f*g^2*x^2 - 5*g^3*x^3)))/(105*g^4)$

3.821.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg - ef)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(cf(3ef - 2dg) - g(-aeg - bdg + 2bef))}{g^3} + \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}(beg + cdg - 2efg)}{g^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(ef - dg)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^4} + \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}(cf(3ef - 2dg) - g(-aeg - bdg + 2bef))}{3g^4} - \frac{2(f + gx)^{5/2}(-beg - cdg + 3cef)}{5g^4} + \frac{2ce(f + gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output $(-2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*\sqrt{f + g*x})/g^4 + (2*(c*f*(3*e*f - 2*d*g) - g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g))*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*g^4) - (2*(3*c*e*f - c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*g^4) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*g^4)$

3.821.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.821.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} \left(\left(\frac{\frac{3}{7}cx^2 + \frac{3}{5}bx+a}{3} \right)xe + d\left(\frac{1}{5}cx^2 + \frac{1}{3}bx+a\right) \right)g^3 - 2f\left(\frac{\frac{9}{35}cx^2 + \frac{2}{5}bx+a}{3}e + d\left(\frac{2cx+b}{5}\right)\right)g^2 + \frac{8\left(\frac{3cx+b}{7}\right)e+cd}{15}f^2g - 105a^2}{g^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)c+e(bg-2cf))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2((dg-ef)(bg-2cf)+e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(dg-ef)(ag^2-bfg+c)}{g^4}$
default	$\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2((dg-ef)c+e(bg-2cf))(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2((dg-ef)(bg-2cf)+e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(dg-ef)(ag^2-bfg+c)}{g^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21be g^3 x^2 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x + 35bd g^3 x - 28bef g^2 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105a^2)}{105g^4}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21be g^3 x^2 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x + 35bd g^3 x - 28bef g^2 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105a^2)}{105g^4}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f} (15ce x^3 g^3 + 21be g^3 x^2 + 21cd g^3 x^2 - 18cef g^2 x^2 + 35ae g^3 x + 35bd g^3 x - 28bef g^2 x - 28cdf g^2 x + 24ce f^2 gx + 105a^2)}{105g^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*((1/3*(3/7*c*x^2+3/5*b*x+a)*x*e+d*(1/5*c*x^2+1/3*b*x+a))*g^3-2/3*f*((9/35*c*x^2+2/5*b*x+a)*e+d*(2/5*c*x+b))*g^2+8/15*((3/7*c*x+b)*e+c*d)*f^2*g-16/35*c*e*f^3)/g^4
```

3.821. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.821.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15ceg^3x^3 - 48cef^3 + 105adg^3 + 56(cd+be)f^2g - 70(bd+ae)fg^2 - 3(6cef^2 - 7(cd+be)g^3)x^2 + 105g^4}{105g^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/105*(15*c*e*g^3*x^3 - 48*c*e*f^3 + 105*a*d*g^3 + 56*(c*d + b*e)*f^2*g - 70*(b*d + a*e)*f*g^2 - 3*(6*c*e*f*g^2 - 7*(c*d + b*e)*g^3)*x^2 + (24*c*e*f^2*g - 28*(c*d + b*e)*f*g^2 + 35*(b*d + a*e)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/g^4`**3.821.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{ce(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(beg+cdg-3cef)}{5g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(aeg^2+bdg^2-2befg-2cdfg+3cef^2)}{3g^3} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(adg^3-aeffg^2-bdffg^2+bef^2g+cdf^2g-cef^3)}{g^3} \right) \\ \frac{adx + \frac{cex^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(be+cd)}{3} + \frac{x^2(ae+bd)}{2}}{\sqrt{f}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*e*(f + g*x)**(7/2))/(7*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(b*e*g + c*d*g - 3*c*e*f)/(5*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(a*e*g**2 + b*d*g**2 - 2*b*e*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g + 3*c*e*f**2)/(3*g**3) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*d*g**3 - a*e*f*g**2 - b*d*f*g**2 + b*e*f**2*g + c*d*f**2*g - c*e*f**3)/g**3)/g, Ne(g, 0)), (a*d*x + c*e*x**4/4 + x**3*(b*e + c*d)/3 + x**2*(a*e + b*d)/2)/sqrt(f), True))`

3.821.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}ce - 21(3cef - (cd+be)g)(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(3cef^2 - 2(cd+be)fg + (bd+ae)g^2)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105*(c*e*f^3 - a*d*g^3 - (c*d + b*e)*f^2*g + (b*d + a*e)*f*g^2)*\text{sqrt}(gx+f) \right)}{105g^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e - 21*(3*c*e*f - (c*d + b*e)*g)*(g*x + f)^(5/2) + 35*(3*c*e*f^2 - 2*(c*d + b*e)*f*g + (b*d + a*e)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 105*(c*e*f^3 - a*d*g^3 - (c*d + b*e)*f^2*g + (b*d + a*e)*f*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^4`**3.821.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(105\sqrt{gx+f}ad + \frac{35((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{gx+ff})bd}{g} + \frac{35((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{gx+ff})ae}{g} + \frac{7(3(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}f + 15\sqrt{gx+ff}f^2)}{g^2} \right)}{105g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(105*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d + 35*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*b*d/g + 35*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*a*e/g + 7*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c*d/g^2 + 7*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*b*e/g^2 + 3*(5*(g*x + f)^(7/2) - 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*f + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f^2 - 35*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^3)*c*e/g^3)/g`

3.821.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(2beg+2cdg-6cef)}{5g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(2aeg^2+2bdg^2+6cef^2-4befg-4cdfg)}{3g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(2*b*e*g + 2*c*d*g - 6*c*e*f))/(5*g^4) + ((f + g*x)^(3/2) * (2*a*e*g^2 + 2*b*d*g^2 + 6*c*e*f^2 - 4*b*e*f*g - 4*c*d*f*g))/(3*g^4) + (2 * (f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(a*g^2 + c*f^2 - b*f*g))/g^4 + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^4)`

3.822 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.822.1 Optimal result	6019
3.822.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6019
3.822.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6020
3.822.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6021
3.822.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	6021
3.822.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	6022
3.822.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	6022
3.822.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6023
3.822.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6023

3.822.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) \sqrt{f + gx}}{g^3} - \frac{2(2cf - bg)(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3}$$

output `-2/3*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^3+2/5*c*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^3+2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3`

3.822.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(5g(-2bf + 3ag + bgx) + c(8f^2 - 4fgx + 3g^2x^2))}{15g^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(5*g*(-2*b*f + 3*a*g + b*g*x) + c*(8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2)))/(15*g^3)`

3.822.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1140

$$\int \left(\frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(bg - 2cf)}{g^2} + \frac{c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{g^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^3} - \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}(2cf - bg)}{3g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g^3 - (2*(2*c*f - b*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^3) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^3)`

3.822.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.822.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(\left(\frac{1}{5}cx^2+\frac{1}{3}bx+a\right)g^2-\frac{2f\left(\frac{2cx}{5}+b\right)g}{3}+\frac{8cf^2}{15}\right)\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3}$	46
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2+5bg^2x-4cfxg+15ag^2-10bfg+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	53
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2+5bg^2x-4cfxg+15ag^2-10bfg+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	53
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(3cx^2g^2+5bg^2x-4cfxg+15ag^2-10bfg+8cf^2)}{15g^3}$	53
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}+\frac{2bg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}-\frac{4cf(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2ag^2\sqrt{gx+f}-2bfg\sqrt{gx+f}+2cf^2\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3}$	75
default	$\frac{\frac{2c(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}+\frac{2bg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}-\frac{4cf(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2ag^2\sqrt{gx+f}-2bfg\sqrt{gx+f}+2cf^2\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3}$	75

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $2*((1/5*c*x^2+1/3*b*x+a)*g^2-2/3*f*(2/5*c*x+b)*g+8/15*c*f^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3$ **3.822.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2(3cg^2x^2+8cf^2-10bfg+15ag^2-(4cfg-5bg^2)x)\sqrt{gx+f}}{15g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output $2/15*(3*c*g^2*x^2+8*c*f^2-10*b*f*g+15*a*g^2-(4*c*f*g-5*b*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{g*x+f}/g^3$

3.822.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{2b\left(-f\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3}\right)}{g} + \frac{2c\left(f^2\sqrt{f+gx} - 2f\frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5}\right)}{g^2}}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{\sqrt{f}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise(((2*a*sqrt(f + g*x) + 2*b*(-f*sqrt(f + g*x) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)/3)/g + 2*c*(f**2*sqrt(f + g*x) - 2*f*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/3 + (f + g*x)**(5/2)/5)/g**2)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*x + b*x**2/2 + c*x**3/3)/sqrt(f), True))`**3.822.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{gx + f} a + \frac{5 \left((gx+f)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{gx+f} f \right) b}{g} + \frac{\left(3 (gx+f)^{5/2} - 10 (gx+f)^{3/2} f + 15 \sqrt{gx+f} f^2 \right) c}{g^2} \right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a + 5*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*b/g + (3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c/g^2)/g`

3.822.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 \sqrt{gx + f} a + \frac{5 \left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{gx+ff} \right) b}{g} + \frac{\left(3 (gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} f + 15 \sqrt{gx+ff^2} \right) c}{g^2} \right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/15*(15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a + 5*((g*x + f)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*f)*b/g + (3*(g*x + f)^(5/2) - 10*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*f + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*f^2)*c/g^2)/g`**3.822.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{f + gx} (3c(f + gx)^2 + 15ag^2 + 15cf^2 + 5bg(f + gx) - 10cf(f + gx) - 15bfg)}{15g^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(3*c*(f + g*x)^2 + 15*a*g^2 + 15*c*f^2 + 5*b*g*(f + g*x) - 10*c*f*(f + g*x) - 15*b*f*g))/(15*g^3)`

3.823 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.823.1 Optimal result	6024
3.823.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6024
3.823.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6025
3.823.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6026
3.823.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	6027
3.823.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	6027
3.823.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6028
3.823.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6028
3.823.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6029

3.823.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2(beg - c(ef + dg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{e^2g^2} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3eg^2} - \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{ef-dg}}$$

output $2/3*c*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/e/g^2-2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)^{(1/2)})/e^{(5/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(b*e*g-c*(d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/e^2/g^2$

3.823.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(3beg + c(-2ef - 3dg + egx))}{3e^2g^2} + \frac{2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{-ef+dg}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(3*b*e*g + c*(-2*e*f - 3*d*g + e*g*x)))/(3*e^2*g^2) + (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(e^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])$

3.823.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1192, 25, 1467, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1192

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 1467

$$-\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{cef + cdg - beg}{e^2} - \frac{c(f+gx)}{e} + \frac{cd^2g^2 + ae^2g^2 - bdeg^2}{e^2(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} \right) d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{g^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{ef-dg}} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(-beg + cdg + cef)}{e^2} + \frac{c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3e} \right)}{g^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]),x]$

output $(2*(-(((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/e^2) + (c*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)))/(3*e) - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g]]))/(e^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g]))/g^2$

3.823.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1192 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`

rule 1467 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.823.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(cegx+3beg-3cdg-2cef)\sqrt{gx+f}}{3g^2e^2} + \frac{2(e^2a-bde+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	93
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(cegx+3beg-3cdg-2cef)}{3} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a-bde+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2g^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	94
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\left(\frac{c(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}e}{3} + beg\sqrt{gx+f} - cdg\sqrt{gx+f} - cef\sqrt{gx+f}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a-bde+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	115
default	$\frac{2\left(\frac{c(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}e}{3} + beg\sqrt{gx+f} - cdg\sqrt{gx+f} - cef\sqrt{gx+f}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a-bde+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$	115

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.823. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $2/3*(c*e*g*x+3*b*e*g-3*c*d*g-2*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^2/e^2+2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)})$

3.823.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \left[\frac{3(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{e^2f - deg}g^2 \log\left(\frac{egx + 2ef - dg - 2\sqrt{e^2f - deg}\sqrt{gx + f}}{ex + d}\right) - 2(2ce^3f^2 + (cde^2 - 3be^3)fg - 3cd^2e^2f)}{3(e^4fg^2 - de^3g^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output $[1/3*(3*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\sqrt{e^2*f - d*e*g}*g^2*\log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g - 2*\sqrt{e^2*f - d*e*g})*\sqrt{g*x + f})/(e*x + d)) - 2*(2*c*e^3*f^2 + (c*d*e^2 - 3*b*e^3)*f*g - 3*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*g^2 - (c*e^3*f*g - c*d*e^2*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{g*x + f})/(e^4*f*g^2 - d*e^3*g^3), 2/3*(3*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g}*g^2*\arctan(\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g})*\sqrt{g*x + f})/(e*g*x + e*f)) - (2*c*e^3*f^2 + (c*d*e^2 - 3*b*e^3)*f*g - 3*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*g^2 - (c*e^3*f*g - c*d*e^2*g^2)*x)*\sqrt{g*x + f})/(e^4*f*g^2 - d*e^3*g^3)]$

3.823.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{c(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3eg} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(beg-cdg-cef)}{e^2g} + \frac{g(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{\frac{dg-ef}{e}}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{\frac{dg-ef}{e}}}\right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{x(be-cd)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\left(\begin{cases} \frac{x}{d} & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{\log(d+ex)}{e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}\right)}{e^2}}{\sqrt{f}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/(3*e*g) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(b*e*g - c*d*g - c*e*f)/(e**2*g) + g*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)))/(e**3*sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((c*x**2/(2*e) + x*(b*e - c*d)/e**2 + (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*Piecewise((x/d, Eq(e, 0)), (log(d + e*x)/e, True))/e**2)/sqrt(f), True))`

3.823.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.823.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e^2f+dege^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2\left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}ce^2g^4 - 3\sqrt{gx+f}ce^2fg^4 - 3\sqrt{gx+f}cdeg^5 + 3\sqrt{gx+f}be^2g^5\right)}{3e^3g^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*\arctan(\sqrt{g*x + f}*e/\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g})/(\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g}*e^2) + 2/3*((g*x + f)^{(3/2)}*c*e^2*g^4 - 3*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*e^2*f*g^4 - 3*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d*e*g^5 + 3*\sqrt{g*x + f}*b*e^2*g^5)/(e^3*g^6)$

3.823.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2bg - 4cf}{eg^2} - \frac{2c(dg^3 - efg^2)}{e^2g^4} \right) + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right) (cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{dg-ef}} + \frac{2c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3eg^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output $(f + g*x)^{(1/2)}*((2*b*g - 4*c*f)/(e*g^2) - (2*c*(d*g^3 - e*f*g^2))/(e^2*g^4)) + (2*\operatorname{atan}((e^{(1/2)}*(f + g*x)^{(1/2)})/(d*g - e*f)^{(1/2)})*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(e^{(5/2)}*(d*g - e*f)^{(1/2)}) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*e*g^2)$

$$3.824 \quad \int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.824.1 Optimal result	6030
3.824.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6030
3.824.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6031
3.824.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6033
3.824.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)	6033
3.824.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	6034
3.824.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6034
3.824.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6035
3.824.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6035

3.824.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2g} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)} + \frac{(cd(4ef-3dg) - e(2bef-bdg-aeg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}}$$

output $(c*d*(-3*d*g+4*e*f)-e*(-a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)^{(1/2)}/e^{(5/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)^{(3/2)}+2*c*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/e^2/g-(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)$

3.824.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(e(bd-ae)g+c(-3d^2g+2e^2fx+2de(f-gx)))}{e^2g(ef-dg)(d+ex)} - \frac{(cd(-4ef+3dg)+e(2bef-bdg-aeg))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{5/2}(-ef+dg)^{3/2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(a+b*x+c*x^2)/((d+e*x)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[f+g*x]),x]$

$$3.824. \quad \int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(e*(b*d - a*e)*g + c*(-3*d^2*g + 2*e^2*f*x + 2*d*e*(f - g*x))))/(e^2*g*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)) - ((c*d*(-4*e*f + 3*d*g) + e*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g])])/(e^{5/2}*(-(e*f) + d*g)^{(3/2)})$

3.824.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1192, 1471, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1192

$$2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

g

↓ 1471

$$2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^2 (ef - dg) (-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} - \int \frac{\frac{g(2bef - bdg - aeg)}{e} - c(2f^2 - \frac{d^2 g^2}{e^2}) + 2c(f - \frac{dg}{e})(f+gx)}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx} \right)$$

g

↓ 299

$$2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^2 (ef - dg) (-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} - \frac{g(cd(4ef - 3dg) - e(-aeg - bdg + 2bef)) \int \frac{1}{ef - dg - e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}(ef - dg)}{e^2}}{2(ef - dg)} \right)$$

g

↓ 221

$$2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e^2 (ef - dg) (-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef - dg}}\right) (cd(4ef - 3dg) - e(-aeg - bdg + 2bef))}{e^{5/2} \sqrt{ef - dg}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{f+gx}(ef - dg)}{e^2} \right)$$

g

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]),x]$

3.824. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $(2*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) - ((-2*c*(e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/e^2 - (g*(c*d*(4*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g))*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g]])/(e^{5/2}*\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g]))/(2*(e*f - d*g)))/g$

3.824.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p * (c + (d \cdot x)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x * ((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(b*(2*p+3)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 1192 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x))^m * (f + (g \cdot x))^n * (a + (b \cdot x) + (c \cdot x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/e^{n+2*p+1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{2*m+1} * (e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n * (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + 1/2]$

rule 1471 $\text{Int}[(d + (e \cdot x)^2)^q * (a + (b \cdot x)^2 + (c \cdot x)^4)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^{q+1}/(2*d*(q+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*d*(q+1)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{q+1} * \text{ExpandToSum}[2*d*(q+1)*Qx + R*(2*q+3), x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

3.824.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
risch	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2g} + \frac{g(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} + \frac{(ae^2g+bdeg-2be^2f-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e^2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2} + \frac{2g\left(\frac{g(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} + \frac{(ae^2g+bdeg-2be^2f-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{g}$
default	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2} + \frac{2g\left(\frac{g(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2(dg-ef)(e(gx+f)+dg-ef)} + \frac{(ae^2g+bdeg-2be^2f-3cd^2g+4cdef) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{g}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(ex+d)g((ag-2bf)e^2+d(bg+4cf)e-3cd^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right) + \sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(dg-ef)e} ((-2cfx+ag)e^2-d((-2cx+b)g))}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e} g e^2 (dg-ef) (ex+d)}$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*c*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g+1/e^2*(g*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(d*g-e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(g*x+f)+d*g-e*f)+(a*e^2*g+b*d*e*g-2*b*e^2*f-3*c*d^2*g+4*c*d*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2)))`

3.824.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 312 vs. 2(126) = 252.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{e^2 f - deg}(2(2cd^2e - bde^2)fg - (3cd^3 - bd^2e - ade^2)g^2 + (2(2cde^2 - be^3)fg - (3cd^2e - bde^2 - a))g^2)}{2(de^2 f - deg)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^2 f + deg}(2(2cd^2e - bde^2)fg - (3cd^3 - bd^2e - ade^2)g^2 + (2(2cde^2 - be^3)fg - (3cd^2e - bde^2 - a))g^2)}{de^5 f^2 g} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.824. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$


```
output [-1/2*(sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*(2*(2*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - b*d^2
*e - a*d*e^2)*g^2 + (2*(2*c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 - a*
e^3)*g^2)*x)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g - 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f
)))/(e*x + d) - 2*(2*c*d*e^3*f^2 - (5*c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*f*g + (
3*c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*g^2 + 2*(c*e^4*f^2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^
2*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 + d^3*e^3*g^3
+ (e^6*f^2*g - 2*d*e^5*f*g^2 + d^2*e^4*g^3)*x), -(sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*(2*
(2*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - b*d^2*e - a*d*e^2)*g^2 + (2*(2*c*d*
e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 - a*e^3)*g^2)*x)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*
f + d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) - (2*c*d*e^3*f^2 - (5*c*d^2*e^2 -
b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*f*g + (3*c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + a*d*e^3)*g^2 + 2*(c*e^4*f^
2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^2*
e^4*f*g^2 + d^3*e^3*g^3 + (e^6*f^2*g - 2*d*e^5*f*g^2 + d^2*e^4*g^3)*x)]
```

3.824.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.824.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.824. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.824.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{(4cdef - 2be^2f - 3cd^2g + bdeg + ae^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^3f - de^2g)\sqrt{-e^2f + deg}} - \frac{\sqrt{gx + f}cd^2g - \sqrt{gx + f}bdeg + \sqrt{gx + f}ae^2g}{(e^3f - de^2g)((gx + f)e - ef + dg)} + \frac{2\sqrt{gx + f}c}{e^2g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(4*c*d*e*f - 2*b*e^2*f - 3*c*d^2*g + b*d*e*g + a*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((e^3*f - d*e^2*g)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) - (sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*g - sqrt(g*x + f)*b*d*e*g + sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e^2*g)/((e^3*f - d*e^2*g)*((g*x + f)*e - e*f + d*g)) + 2*sqrt(g*x + f)*c/(e^2*g)`**3.824.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right) (ae^2g - 2be^2f - 3cd^2g + bdeg + 4cdef)}{e^{5/2}(dg - ef)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(cgd^2 - bgde + age^2)}{(dg - ef)(e^3(f + gx) - e^3f + de^2g)} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}}{e^2g}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `(atan((e^(1/2)*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(d*g - e*f)^(1/2))*(a*e^2*g - 2*b*e^2*f - 3*c*d^2*g + b*d*e*g + 4*c*d*e*f))/(e^(5/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)) + ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g - b*d*e*g))/((d*g - e*f)*(e^3*(f + g*x) - e^3*f + d*e^2*g)) + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e^2*g)`

3.825 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.825.1 Optimal result 6036
 3.825.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6036
 3.825.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6037
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 3.825.6 Sympy [F(-1)] 6041
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 3.825.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6041
 3.825.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6042

3.825.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f + gx}}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(cd(8ef - 5dg) - e(4bef - bdg - 3aeg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(eg(4bef - bdg - 3aeg) - c(8e^2f^2 - 8defg + 3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}(ef - dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(e*g*(-3*a*e*g-b*d*g+4*b*e*f)-c*(3*d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(5/2)-1/2*(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(c*d*(-5*d*g+8*e*f)-e*(-3*a*e*g-b*d*g+4*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)
```

3.825.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}(cd(-3d^2g+8e^2fx+de(6f-5gx))+e(ae(-2ef+5dg+3egx)-b(2def+d^2g+4e^2fx-degx)))}{(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(eg(-4bef+bdg+3aeg)+c(8e^2f^2-8defg+3d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}(ef-dg)^{5/2}}$$

3.825. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `((sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*d*(-3*d^2*g + 8*e^2*f*x + d*e*(6*f - 5*g*x)) + e*(a*e*(-2*e*f + 5*d*g + 3*e*g*x) - b*(2*d*e*f + d^2*g + 4*e^2*f*x - d*e*g*x))))/((e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^2) + ((e*g*(-4*b*e*f + b*d*g + 3*a*e*g) + c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*ArcTan[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[-(e*f) + d*g]]/(-(e*f) + d*g)^(5/2))/(4*e^(5/2))`

3.825.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1192, 25, 1471, 25, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1192 \\
 & 2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1471 \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{4cf^2 - 4bgf + 3ag^2 + \frac{bdg^2}{e} - \frac{cd^2g^2}{e^2} - 4c\left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{4e^2(ef - dg)(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{4cf^2 - 4bgf + 3ag^2 + \frac{bdg^2}{e} - \frac{cd^2g^2}{e^2} - 4c\left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right)(f + gx)}{(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{4e^2(ef - dg)(-dg - e(f + gx) + ef)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 298
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(cd(8ef-5dg)-e(-3aeg-bdg+4bef))}{2e^2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{(eg(-3aeg-bdg+4bef)-c(3d^2g^2-8defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{ef-dg-e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2(ef-dg)}}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{g^2}{4e^2(ef-dg)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2 \left(\frac{\frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(cd(8ef-5dg)-e(-3aeg-bdg+4bef))}{2e^2(ef-dg)(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)(eg(-3aeg-bdg+4bef)-c(3d^2g^2-8defg+8e^2f^2))}{2e^{5/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}}}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{g^2}{4e^2(ef-dg)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `2*(-1/4*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*sqrt[f + g*x])/(e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))^2) - ((g*(c*d*(8*e*f - 5*d*g) - e*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) - ((e*g*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g - 3*a*e*g) - c*(8*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(2*e^(5/2)*(e*f - d*g)^(3/2)))/(4*(e*f - d*g))`

3.825.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

```
rule 1192 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(
2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 +
c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]
```

```
rule 1471 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x],
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

3.825.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{5\sqrt{gx+f} \left(\frac{(3agx-2f(2bx+a))e^3}{5} + d \left(\left(\frac{bx}{5} + a \right) g - \frac{2f(-4cx+b)}{5} \right) e^2 - \frac{d^2((5cx+b)g-6cf)e - \frac{3cd^3g}{5}}{5} \right) \sqrt{(dg-ef)e+3(ex+d)^2}}{4\sqrt{(dg-ef)e} (dg-ef)^2 e^2 (ex+d)^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{g(3ae^2g+bdeg-4be^2f-5cd^2g+8cdef)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)} + \frac{(5ae^2g-bdeg-4be^2f-3cd^2g+8cdef)g\sqrt{gx+f}}{4e^2(dg-ef)} + \frac{(3ae^2g^2+bdeg^2-4be^2f)}{4(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)}$
default	$\frac{g(3ae^2g+bdeg-4be^2f-5cd^2g+8cdef)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4e(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)} + \frac{(5ae^2g-bdeg-4be^2f-3cd^2g+8cdef)g\sqrt{gx+f}}{4e^2(dg-ef)} + \frac{(3ae^2g^2+bdeg^2-4be^2f)}{4(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*(5*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(1/5*(3*a*g*x-2*f*(2*b*x+a))*e^3+d*((1/5*b*x+a)*g-2/5
*f*(-4*c*x+b))*e^2-1/5*d^2*((5*c*x+b)*g-6*c*f)*e-3/5*c*d^3*g)*((d*g-e*f)*e
)^(1/2)+3*(e*x+d)^2*((a*g^2-4/3*b*f*g+8/3*c*f^2)*e^2+1/3*d*g*(b*g-8*c*f)*e
+c*d^2*g^2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2))/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/
2)/(d*g-e*f)^2/e^2/(e*x+d)^2
```

3.825. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.825.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.825.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.825.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. 2(186) = 372.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(8ce^2f^2 - 8cdefg - 4be^2fg + 3cd^2g^2 + bdeg^2 + 3ae^2g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right) + 8(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^2fg - 4(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^3fg - 8\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^2g + 4\sqrt{gx+f}be^3f^2g - 5(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2eg^2}{4(e^4f^2 - 2de^3fg + d^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(8*c*e^2*f^2 - 8*c*d*e*f*g - 4*b*e^2*f*g + 3*c*d^2*g^2 + b*d*e*g^2 + 3*a*e^2*g^2)*\arctan(\sqrt{g*x + f}*e/\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g})/((e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2*g^2)*\sqrt{-e^2*f + d*e*g}) + 1/4*(8*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*e^2*f*g - 4*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*b*e^3*f*g - 8*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d*e^2*f^2*g + 4*\sqrt{g*x + f}*b*e^3*f^2*g - 5*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e*g^2 + (g*x + f)^(3/2)*b*d*e^2*g^2 + 3*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^3*g^2 + 11*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 3*\sqrt{g*x + f}*b*d*e^2*f*g^2 - 5*\sqrt{g*x + f}*a*e^3*f*g^2 - 3*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c*d^3*g^3 - \sqrt{g*x + f}*b*d^2*e*g^3 + 5*\sqrt{g*x + f}*a*d*e^2*g^3)/((e^4*f^2 - 2*d*e^3*f*g + d^2*e^2*g^2)*(g*x + f)*e - e*f + d*g)^2$$

3.825.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right) (3cd^2g^2 - 8cdefg + bdeg^2 + 8ce^2f^2 - 4be^2fg + 3ae^2g^2)}{4e^{5/2}(dg - ef)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(3cd^2g^2 + bdeg^2 - 8cdefg - 5ae^2g^2 + 4bfe^2g)}{4e^2(dg - ef)} - \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(-5cd^2g^2 + bdeg^2 + 8cdefg + 3ae^2g^2 - 4bfe^2g)}{4e(dg - ef)^2}$$

$$- \frac{e^2(f + gx)^2 - (f + gx)(2e^2f - 2deg) + d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 - 2defg}{e^2(f + gx)^2 - (f + gx)(2e^2f - 2deg) + d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 - 2defg}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output
$$\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{e^{1/2}(f + g*x)^{1/2}}{d*g - e*f}\right) * (3*a*e^2*g^2 + 3*c*d^2*g^2 + 8*c*e^2*f^2 + b*d*e*g^2 - 4*b*e^2*f*g - 8*c*d*e*f*g)}{(4*e^{5/2}*(d*g - e*f)^{5/2})} - \frac{((f + g*x)^{1/2}*(3*c*d^2*g^2 - 5*a*e^2*g^2 + b*d*e*g^2 + 4*b*e^2*f*g - 8*c*d*e*f*g))}{(4*e^2*(d*g - e*f))} - \frac{((f + g*x)^{3/2}*(3*a*e^2*g^2 - 5*c*d^2*g^2 + b*d*e*g^2 - 4*b*e^2*f*g + 8*c*d*e*f*g))}{(4*e*(d*g - e*f)^2)} - \frac{(e^2*(f + g*x)^2 - (f + g*x)*(2*e^2*f - 2*d*e*g) + d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g)}{(e^2*(f + g*x)^2 - (f + g*x)*(2*e^2*f - 2*d*e*g) + d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g)}$$

3.826
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.826.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)^3(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^6\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf(5ef-2dg)-g(4bef-bdg-3aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^6} + \frac{2(ef-dg)(3eg(2bef-bdg-aeg)-c(10e^2f^2-8defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^6} - \frac{2e(eg(4bef-3bdg-aeg)-c(10e^2f^2-12defg+3d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^6} - \frac{2e^2(5cef-3cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6}$$

```
output 2/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(3*e*g*(-a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f)-c*(d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*
(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^6-2/5*e*(e*g*(-a*e*g-3*b*d*g+4*b*e*f)-c*(3*d^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2))*
(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^6-2/7*e^2*(-b*e*g-3*c*d*g+5*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^6+2/9*c*e^3*(g*x+f)^(9/2)/g^6+2*(-d*g+e*f)^3*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^6/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(c*f*(-2*d*g+5*e*f)-g*(-3*a*e*g-b*d*g+4*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^6
```

3.826.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c(105d^3g^3(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2)+189d^2eg^2(16f^3+8f^2gx-2fg^2x^2+8f^2gx-2fg^2x^2+g^3x^3)+27d^2e^2g^2(-128f^4-64f^3gx+16f^2g^2x^2-8fg^3x^3+5g^4x^4)+5e^3(256f^5+128f^4gx-32f^3g^2x^2+16f^2g^3x^3-10fg^4x^4+7g^5x^5))+9g(7a^2g^2(-5d^3g^3+15d^2e^2g^2(2f+gx)+5d^2e^2g^2(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2)+e^3(16f^3+8f^2gx-2fg^2x^2+g^3x^3))+b(35d^3g^3(2f+gx)+35d^2e^2g^2(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2)+21d^2e^2g^2(16f^3+8f^2gx-2fg^2x^2+g^3x^3)+e^3(-128f^4-64f^3gx+16f^2g^2x^2-8fg^3x^3+5g^4x^4))))}{(315g^6\text{Sqrt}[f+gx])}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`output `(2*(c*(105*d^3*g^3*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 189*d^2*e*g^2*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) + 27*d^2*e^2*g^2*(-128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 16*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 8*f*g^3*x^3 + 5*g^4*x^4) + 5*e^3*(256*f^5 + 128*f^4*g*x - 32*f^3*g^2*x^2 + 16*f^2*g^3*x^3 - 10*f*g^4*x^4 + 7*g^5*x^5)) + 9*g*(7*a^2*g^2*(-5*d^3*g^3 + 15*d^2*e^2*g^2*(2*f + g*x) + 5*d^2*e^2*g^2*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + e^3*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)) + b*(35*d^3*g^3*(2*f + g*x) + 35*d^2*e^2*g^2*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 21*d^2*e^2*g^2*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) + e^3*(-128*f^4 - 64*f^3*g*x + 16*f^2*g^2*x^2 - 8*f*g^3*x^3 + 5*g^4*x^4)))))/(315*g^6*sqrt[f + g*x])`**3.826.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{e(f+gx)^{3/2}(c(3d^2g^2-12defg+10e^2f^2)-eg(-aeg-3bdg+4bef))}{g^5} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)(3eg(-aeg-bdg+4bef))}{g^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2e(f+gx)^{5/2}(eg(-aeg-3bdg+4bef) - c(3d^2g^2 - 12defg + 10e^2f^2))}{5g^6} + \\ & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}(ef-dg)(3eg(-aeg-bdg+2bef) - c(d^2g^2 - 8defg + 10e^2f^2))}{3g^6} + \\ & \frac{2(ef-dg)^3(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^6\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)^2(cf(5ef-2dg) - g(-3aeg-bdg+4bef))}{g^6} - \\ & \frac{2e^2(f+gx)^{7/2}(-beg-3cdg+5cef)}{7g^6} + \frac{2ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(e*f - d*g)^3*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))/(g^6*sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f*(5*e*f - 2*d*g) - g*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*sqrt[f + g*x]/g^6 + (2*(e*f - d*g)*(3*e*g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^6) - (2*e*(e*g*(4*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(10*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^6) - (2*e^2*(5*c*e*f - 3*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^6) + (2*c*e^3*(f + g*x)^(9/2))/(9*g^6)`

3.826.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`


```
output 2/315*(35*c*e^3*g^5*x^5 + 1280*c*e^3*f^5 - 315*a*d^3*g^5 - 1152*(3*c*d*e^2
+ b*e^3)*f^4*g + 1008*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - 840*(c*d^
3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g^3 + 630*(b*d^3 + 3*a*d^2*e)*f*g^4 - 5*(10
*c*e^3*f*g^4 - 9*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*g^5)*x^4 + (80*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 - 72*(3*
c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f*g^4 + 63*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*g^5)*x^3 - (16
0*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 144*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^2*g^3 + 126*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d
*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^4 - 105*(c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*g^5)*x^2 + (640*
c*e^3*f^4*g - 576*(3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + 504*(3*c*d^2*e + 3*b*d*e^2
+ a*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - 420*(c*d^3 + 3*b*d^2*e + 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^4 + 315*(b*d^3
+ 3*a*d^2*e)*g^5)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^7*x + f*g^6)
```

3.826.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 32.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left(\frac{ce^3(f+gx)^{9/2}}{9g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{7/2}(be^3g+3cde^2g-5ce^3f)}{7g^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(ae^3g^2+3bde^2g^2-4be^3fg+3cd^2eg^2-12cde^2f)}{5g^5} \right)}{\frac{ad^3x + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5(be^3+3cde^2)}{5} + \frac{x^4(ae^3+3bde^2+3cd^2e)}{4} + \frac{x^3(3ade^2+3bd^2e+cd^3)}{3} + \frac{x^2(3ad^2e+bd^3)}{2}}{f^{3/2}}} \end{array} \right.$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((2*(c*e**3*(f + g*x)**(9/2)/(9*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(7/2)*(b*e**3*
g + 3*c*d*e**2*g - 5*c*e**3*f)/(7*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**3*g**2 +
3*b*d*e**2*g**2 - 4*b*e**3*f*g + 3*c*d**2*e*g**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f*g + 10*c*
e**3*f**2)/(5*g**5) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(3*a*d*e**2*g**3 - 3*a*e**3*f*g**2
+ 3*b*d**2*e*g**3 - 9*b*d*e**2*f*g**2 + 6*b*e**3*f**2*g + c*d**3*g**3 - 9*
c*d**2*e*f*g**2 + 18*c*d*e**2*f**2*g - 10*c*e**3*f**3)/(3*g**5) + sqrt(f +
g*x)*(3*a*d**2*e*g**4 - 6*a*d*e**2*f*g**3 + 3*a*e**3*f**2*g**2 + b*d**3*g
**4 - 6*b*d**2*e*f*g**3 + 9*b*d*e**2*f**2*g**2 - 4*b*e**3*f**3*g - 2*c*d**
3*f*g**3 + 9*c*d**2*e*f**2*g**2 - 12*c*d*e**2*f**3*g + 5*c*e**3*f**4)/g**5
- (d*g - e*f)**3*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g**5*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g,
0)), ((a*d**3*x + c*e**3*x**6/6 + x**5*(b*e**3 + 3*c*d*e**2)/5 + x**4*(a*
e**3 + 3*b*d*e**2 + 3*c*d**2*e)/4 + x**3*(3*a*d*e**2 + 3*b*d**2*e + c*d**3
)/3 + x**2*(3*a*d**2*e + b*d**3)/2)/f**(3/2), True))
```


output $((f + gx)^{7/2} * (2 * b * e^3 * g - 10 * c * e^3 * f + 6 * c * d * e^2 * g)) / (7 * g^6) - (2 * a * d^3 * g^5 - 2 * c * e^3 * f^5 - 2 * a * e^3 * f^3 * g^2 + 2 * c * d^3 * f^2 * g^3 - 2 * b * d^3 * f * g^4 + 2 * b * e^3 * f^4 * g - 6 * a * d^2 * e * f * g^4 + 6 * c * d * e^2 * f^4 * g + 6 * a * d * e^2 * f^2 * g^3 - 6 * b * d * e^2 * f^3 * g^2 + 6 * b * d^2 * e * f^2 * g^3 - 6 * c * d^2 * e * f^3 * g^2) / (g^6 * (f + gx)^{(1/2)}) + ((f + gx)^{5/2} * (2 * a * e^3 * g^2 + 20 * c * e^3 * f^2 - 8 * b * e^3 * f * g + 6 * b * d * e^2 * g^2 + 6 * c * d^2 * e * g^2 - 24 * c * d * e^2 * f * g)) / (5 * g^6) + (2 * (f + gx)^{3/2} * (d * g - e * f) * (3 * a * e^2 * g^2 + c * d^2 * g^2 + 10 * c * e^2 * f^2 + 3 * b * d * e * g^2 - 6 * b * e^2 * f * g - 8 * c * d * e * f * g)) / (3 * g^6) + (2 * (f + gx)^{1/2} * (d * g - e * f)^2 * (3 * a * e * g^2 + b * d * g^2 + 5 * c * e * f^2 - 4 * b * e * f * g - 2 * c * d * f * g)) / g^6 + (2 * c * e^3 * (f + gx)^{9/2}) / (9 * g^6)$

3.826. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.827 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.827.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6052
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 3.827.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 6054
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 3.827.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6055
 3.827.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6056

3.827.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2(ef-dg)(2cf(2ef-dg)-g(3bef-bdg-2aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^5} - \frac{2(eg(3bef-2bdg-aeg)-c(6e^2f^2-6defg+d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^5} - \frac{2e(4cef-2cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5}$$

```
output -2/3*(e*g*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b*e*f)-c*(d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^5-2/5*e*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^5+2/7*c*e^2*(g*x+f)^(7/2)/g^5-2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^5/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-2*(-d*g+e*f)*(2*c*f*(-d*g+2*e*f)-g*(-2*a*e*g-b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^5
```

3.827.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c(35d^2g^2(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2)+42deg(16f^3+8f^2gx-2fg^2x^2+g^3x^3))}{(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

```
output (2*(c*(35*d^2*g^2*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 42*d*e*g*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*
g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3) - 3*e^2*(128*f^4 + 64*f^3*g*x - 16*f^2*g^2*x^
2 + 8*f*g^3*x^3 - 5*g^4*x^4)) + 7*g*(5*a*g*(-3*d^2*g^2 + 6*d*e*g*(2*f + g*
x) + e^2*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)) + b*(15*d^2*g^2*(2*f + g*x) + 10*d*
e*g*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 3*e^2*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2
+ g^3*x^3)))))/(105*g^5*Sqrt[f + g*x])
```

3.827.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(c(d^2g^2-6defg+6e^2f^2)-eg(-aeg-2bdg+3bef))}{g^4} + \frac{(dg-ef)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^4(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ef-dg)}{g^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-2(f+gx)^{3/2}(eg(-aeg-2bdg+3bef)-c(d^2g^2-6defg+6e^2f^2))}{3g^5} - \frac{2(ef-dg)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)(2cf(2ef-dg)-g(-2aeg-bdg+3bef))}{g^5} - \frac{2e(f+gx)^{5/2}(-beg-2cdg+4cef)}{5g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5}$$

3.827. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\frac{-2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)}{(g^5*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])} - \frac{(2*(e*f - d*g)*(2*c*f*(2*e*f - d*g) - g*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g - 2*a*e*g))*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]}{g^5} - \frac{(2*(e*g*(3*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g - a*e*g) - c*(6*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}}{(3*g^5)} - \frac{(2*e*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^{(5/2)}}{(5*g^5)} + \frac{(2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^{(7/2)}}{(7*g^5)}$$

3.827.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.827.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((30c^4x^4+42b^3x^3+70a^2x^2)e^2+420d(\frac{1}{5}cx^2+\frac{1}{3}bx+a)xe-210d^2(a-\frac{1}{3}cx^2-bx))g^4+840f\left(-\frac{(\frac{6}{35}cx^2+\frac{3}{10}bx+a)xe^2}{3}+d(-\dots)}{105}$
risch	$\frac{2(15c^2e^2x^3g^3+21be^2g^3x^2+42cde g^3x^2-39c^2e^2f g^2x^2+35ae^2g^3x+70bde g^3x-63be^2f g^2x+35cd^2g^3x-126cdef g^2x+84cde^2fg^2x)}{105}$
gosper	$\frac{2(-15c^2e^2x^4g^4-21be^2g^4x^3-42cde g^4x^3+24c^2e^2f g^3x^3-35ae^2g^4x^2-70bde g^4x^2+42be^2f g^3x^2-35cd^2g^4x^2+84cde^2fg^2x)}{105}$
trager	$\frac{2(-15c^2e^2x^4g^4-21be^2g^4x^3-42cde g^4x^3+24c^2e^2f g^3x^3-35ae^2g^4x^2-70bde g^4x^2+42be^2f g^3x^2-35cd^2g^4x^2+84cde^2fg^2x)}{105}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2be^2g(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4cdeg(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8ce^2f(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2ae^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4bde g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2be^2fg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2cde^2fg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{105}$
default	$\frac{2ce^2(gx+f)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2be^2g(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4cdeg(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8ce^2f(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2ae^2g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4bde g^2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2be^2fg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2cde^2fg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.827.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $1/105*((30*c*x^4+42*b*x^3+70*a*x^2)*e^2+420*d*(1/5*c*x^2+1/3*b*x+a)*x*e-2$
 $10*d^2*(a-1/3*c*x^2-b*x))*g^4+840*f*(-1/3*(6/35*c*x^2+3/10*b*x+a)*x*e^2+d*$
 $(-1/5*c*x^2-2/3*b*x+a)*e+1/2*d^2*(-2/3*c*x+b))*g^3-560*((-6/35*c*x^2-3/5*b$
 $*x+a)*e^2+2*d*(-3/5*c*x+b)*e+c*d^2)*f^2*g^2+672*e*((-4/7*c*x+b)*e+2*c*d)*f$
 $^3*g-768*c*e^2*f^4)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^5$

3.827.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(15ce^2g^4x^4 - 384ce^2f^4 - 105ad^2g^4 + 336(2cde + be^2)f^3g - 280(cd^2 +$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/105*(15*c*e^2*g^4*x^4 - 384*c*e^2*f^4 - 105*a*d^2*g^4 + 336*(2*c*d*e + b$
 $*e^2)*f^3*g - 280*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + 210*(b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e$
 $)*f*g^3 - 3*(8*c*e^2*f*g^3 - 7*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*g^4)*x^3 + (48*c*e^2*f^2*$
 $g^2 - 42*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f*g^3 + 35*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^4)*x^2 -$
 $(192*c*e^2*f^3*g - 168*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + 140*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e +$
 $a*e^2)*f*g^3 - 105*(b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^6*x + f*g^5$
 $)$

3.827.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left\{ \frac{2\left(\frac{ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(be^2g+2cdeg-4ce^2f)}{5g^4} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(ae^2g^2+2bdeg^2-3be^2fg+cd^2g^2-6cdefg+6ce^2f^2)}{3g^4}\right)}{\frac{ad^2x + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4(be^2+2cde)}{4} + \frac{x^3(ae^2+2bde+cd^2)}{3} + \frac{x^2(2ade+bd^2)}{2}}{f^{3/2}}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

```
output Piecewise((2*(c**2*(f + g*x)**(7/2)/(7*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(5/2)*(b**2*
g + 2*c*d*e*g - 4*c**2*f)/(5*g**4) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(a**2*g**2 + 2*b
*d*e*g**2 - 3*b**2*f*g + c*d**2*g**2 - 6*c*d*e*f*g + 6*c**2*f**2)/(3*g
**4) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(2*a*d*e*g**3 - 2*a**2*f*g**2 + b*d**2*g**3 - 4*b*d
*e*f*g**2 + 3*b**2*f**2*g - 2*c*d**2*f*g**2 + 6*c*d*e*f**2*g - 4*c**2*
f**3)/g**4 - (d*g - e*f)**2*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g**4*sqrt(f + g*x)
)/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d**2*x + c**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(b**2 + 2*c*d*e)/4 + x
**3*(a**2 + 2*b*d*e + c*d**2)/3 + x**2*(2*a*d*e + b*d**2)/2)/f**(3/2), T
rue))
```

3.827.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15 (gx+f)^{7/2} ce^2 - 21 (4ce^2 f - (2cde+be^2)g)(gx+f)^{5/2} + 35 (6ce^2 f^2 - 3(2cde+be^2)fg + (cd^2+2bde+ae^2)g^2)(gx+f)^{3/2} - 105(4c^2e^2 f^3 - 3(2c^2d*de + b^2e^2)*f^2*g + 2*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f)}{g^4} - 105*(c^2e^2 f^4 + a*d^2*g^4 - (2*c*d*e + b^2e^2)*f^3*g + (c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*f*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^4 \right)}{g}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/105*((15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e^2 - 21*(4*c*e^2*f - (2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*g)*(g
*x + f)^(5/2) + 35*(6*c*e^2*f^2 - 3*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f*g + (c*d^2 + 2*b*d
*e + a*e^2)*g^2)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) - 105*(4*c*e^2*f^3 - 3*(2*c*d*e + b*e^2)*
f^2*g + 2*(c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*g^3)*sqrt(g*
x + f))/g^4 - 105*(c^2*e^2*f^4 + a*d^2*g^4 - (2*c*d*e + b^2*e^2)*f^3*g + (c*d^
2 + 2*b*d*e + a*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (b*d^2 + 2*a*d*e)*f*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^4
))/g
```

3.827.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs. 2(194) = 388.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 (ce^2 f^4 - 2cdef^3g - be^2 f^3g + cd^2 f^2g^2 + 2bdef^2g^2 + ae^2 f^2g^2 - bd^2 fg^3 - 2adefg^3 + ad^2 g^4)}{\sqrt{gx + f}g^5} + \frac{2 \left(15 (gx + f)^{7/2} ce^2 g^{30} - 84 (gx + f)^{5/2} ce^2 fg^{30} + 210 (gx + f)^{3/2} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} - 420 \sqrt{gx + f} ce^2 f^3 g^{30} + 42 (gx + f) ce^2 f^4 g^{30} - 84 (gx + f)^{5/2} ce^2 f^3 g^{30} + 210 (gx + f)^{3/2} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} - 420 \sqrt{gx + f} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} + 42 (gx + f) ce^2 f^2 g^{30} - 84 (gx + f)^{5/2} ce^2 fg^{30} + 210 (gx + f)^{3/2} ce^2 fg^{30} - 420 \sqrt{gx + f} ce^2 fg^{30} + 42 (gx + f) ce^2 fg^{30} - 84 (gx + f)^{5/2} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} + 210 (gx + f)^{3/2} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} - 420 \sqrt{gx + f} ce^2 f^2 g^{30} + 42 (gx + f) ce^2 f^2 g^{30} \right)}{\sqrt{gx + f}g^5}$$

3.827. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*e^2*f^4 - 2*c*d*e*f^3*g - b*e^2*f^3*g + c*d^2*f^2*g^2 + 2*b*d*e*f^2*g^2 + a*e^2*f^2*g^2 - b*d^2*f*g^3 - 2*a*d*e*f*g^3 + a*d^2*g^4)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^5) + 2/105*(15*(g*x + f)^(7/2)*c*e^2*g^30 - 84*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e^2*f*g^30 + 210*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e^2*f^2*g^30 - 420*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e^2*f^3*g^30 + 42*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*d*e*g^31 + 21*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*b*e^2*g^31 - 210*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*e*f*g^31 - 105*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*b*e^2*f*g^31 + 630*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*e*f^2*g^31 + 315*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*e^2*f^2*g^31 + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d^2*g^32 + 70*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*b*d*e*g^32 + 35*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*a*e^2*g^32 - 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d^2*f*g^32 - 420*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*d*e*f*g^32 - 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e^2*f*g^32 + 105*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*d^2*g^33 + 210*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*d*e*g^33)/g^35`

3.827.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}(2be^2g-8ce^2f+4cdeg)}{5g^5} - \frac{2cd^2f^2g^2-2bd^2fg^3+2ad^2g^4-4cdef^3g+4bdef^2g^2-4adefg^3+2ce^2f^4-2be^2f^3g+2ae^2f^2g^2}{g^5\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(2cd^2g^2-12cdefg+4bdeg^2+12ce^2f^2-6be^2fg+2ae^2g^2)}{3g^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)(2aeg^2+bdg^2+4cef^2-3befg-2cdfg)}{g^5} + \frac{2ce^2(f+gx)^{7/2}}{7g^5}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(2*b*e^2*g - 8*c*e^2*f + 4*c*d*e*g))/(5*g^5) - (2*a*d^2*g^4 + 2*c*e^2*f^4 + 2*a*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*f^2*g^2 - 2*b*d^2*f*g^3 - 2*b*e^2*f^3*g + 4*b*d*e*f^2*g^2 - 4*a*d*e*f*g^3 - 4*c*d*e*f^3*g)/(g^5*(f + g*x)^(1/2)) + ((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(2*a*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*d^2*g^2 + 12*c*e^2*f^2 + 4*b*d*e*g^2 - 6*b*e^2*f*g - 12*c*d*e*f*g))/(3*g^5) + (2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)*(2*a*e*g^2 + b*d*g^2 + 4*c*e*f^2 - 3*b*e*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g))/g^5 + (2*c*e^2*(f + g*x)^(7/2))/(7*g^5)`

3.827. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.828
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.828.1 Optimal result 6057
 3.828.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6057
 3.828.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6058
 3.828.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6059
 3.828.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 6060
 3.828.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 6060
 3.828.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) 6061
 3.828.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6061
 3.828.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6062

3.828.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2(cf(3ef-2dg)-g(2bef-bdg-aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{g^4} - \frac{2(3cef-cdg-beg)(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4}$$

output `-2/3*(-b*e*g-c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)/g^4+2/5*c*e*(g*x+f)^(5/2)/g^4+2*(-d*g+e*f)*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^4/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*(c*f*(-2*d*g+3*e*f)-g*(-a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^4`

3.828.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5g(3bdg(2f+gx)+3ag(2ef-dg+egx))+be(-8f^2-4fgx+g^2x^2))+15g^4\sqrt{f+gx}}{15g^4\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[((d+e*x)*(a+b*x+c*x^2))/(f+g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*(5*g*(3*b*d*g*(2*f + g*x) + 3*a*g*(2*e*f - d*g + e*g*x) + b*e*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)) + c*(5*d*g*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2) + 3*e*(16*f^3 + 8*f^2*g*x - 2*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)))/(15*g^4*sqrt[f + g*x])$

3.828.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(dg - ef)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{cf(3ef - 2dg) - g(-aeg - bdg + 2bef)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}(beg + cdg - 3cef)}{g^3} + \frac{ce}{g^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(ef - dg)(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^4\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(cf(3ef - 2dg) - g(-aeg - bdg + 2bef))}{g^4} - \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}(-beg - cdg + 3cef)}{3g^4} + \frac{2ce(f + gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4}$$

input $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2), x]$

output $(2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))/(g^4*sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*(c*f*(3*e*f - 2*d*g) - g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g - a*e*g))*sqrt[f + g*x])/g^4 - (2*(3*c*e*f - c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^4) + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^4)$

3.828.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.828.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((6cx^3+10bx^2+30ax)e-30d(a-\frac{1}{3}cx^2-bx))g^3+60((-\frac{1}{5}cx^2-\frac{2}{3}bx+a)e+d(-\frac{2cx}{3}+b))fg^2-80((-\frac{3cx}{5}+b)e+cd)f^2g}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(3ce x^2 g^2+5bex g^2+5cd g^2 x-9cef gx+15ae g^2+15bd g^2-25bef g-25cdf g+33ce f^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{15g^4} - \frac{2(ad g^3-ae f g^2-bdf g}{g^4\sqrt{gx+f}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3ce x^3 g^3-5be g^3 x^2-5cd g^3 x^2+6cef g^2 x^2-15ae g^3 x-15bd g^3 x+20bef g^2 x+20cdf g^2 x-24ce f^2 gx+15ad g^3-30aef^2)}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-3ce x^3 g^3-5be g^3 x^2-5cd g^3 x^2+6cef g^2 x^2-15ae g^3 x-15bd g^3 x+20bef g^2 x+20cdf g^2 x-24ce f^2 gx+15ad g^3-30aef^2)}{15\sqrt{gx+f}g^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2beg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2cdg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2cef(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2ae g^2 \sqrt{gx+f} + 2bd g^2 \sqrt{gx+f} - 4befg\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cdfg\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2ce(gx+f)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2beg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2cdg(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2cef(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2ae g^2 \sqrt{gx+f} + 2bd g^2 \sqrt{gx+f} - 4befg\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cdfg\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(((6*c*x^3+10*b*x^2+30*a*x)*e-30*d*(a-1/3*c*x^2-b*x))*g^3+60*((-1/5*c*x^2-2/3*b*x+a)*e+d*(-2/3*c*x+b))*f*g^2-80*((-3/5*c*x+b)*e+c*d)*f^2*g+96*c*e*f^3)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^4
```

3.828. $\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.828.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3ceg^3x^3 + 48cef^3 - 15adg^3 - 40(cd+be)f^2g + 30(bd+ae)fg^2 - (6cd+ae)f^2g^2 - (6cd+ae)f^2g^2)}{15(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*c*e*g^3*x^3 + 48*c*e*f^3 - 15*a*d*g^3 - 40*(c*d + b*e)*f^2*g + 30*(b*d + a*e)*f*g^2 - (6*c*e*f*g^2 - 5*(c*d + b*e)*g^3)*x^2 + (24*c*e*f^2*g - 20*(c*d + b*e)*f*g^2 + 15*(b*d + a*e)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^5*x + f*g^4)`**3.828.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^3} + \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(beg+cdg-3cef)}{3g^3} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(aeg^2+bdg^2-2befg-2cdfg+3cef^2)}{g^3} - \frac{(dg-ef)(ag^2-bfg)}{g^3\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{g} \\ \frac{adx + \frac{cex^4}{4} + \frac{x^3(be+cd)}{3} + \frac{x^2(ae+bd)}{2}}{f^{3/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*e*(f + g*x)**(5/2)/(5*g**3) + (f + g*x)**(3/2)*(b*e*g + c*d*g - 3*c*e*f)/(3*g**3) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(a*e*g**2 + b*d*g**2 - 2*b*e*f*g - 2*c*d*f*g + 3*c*e*f**2)/g**3 - (d*g - e*f)*(a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g**3*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*d*x + c*e*x**4/4 + x**3*(b*e + c*d)/3 + x**2*(a*e + b*d)/2)/f**(3/2), True))`

3.828.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(gx+f)^{5/2}ce - 5(3cef - (cd+be)g)(gx+f)^{3/2} + 15(3cef^2 - 2(cd+be)fg + (bd+ae)g^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^3} + \frac{15}{15g} \right)}{15g}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e - 5*(3*c*e*f - (c*d + b*e)*g)*(g*x + f)^(3/2) + 15*(3*c*e*f^2 - 2*(c*d + b*e)*f*g + (b*d + a*e)*g^2)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^3 + 15*(c*e*f^3 - a*d*g^3 - (c*d + b*e)*f^2*g + (b*d + a*e)*f*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^3))/g`**3.828.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cef^3 - cdf^2g - bef^2g + bdfg^2 + aefg^2 - adg^3)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^4} + \frac{2 \left(3(gx+f)^{5/2}ceg^{16} - 15(gx+f)^{3/2}cefg^{16} + 45\sqrt{gx+f}cef^2g^{16} + 5(gx+f)^{3/2}cdg^{17} + 5(gx+f)^{3/2}beg^{17} - \dots \right)}{15g^{20}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(c*e*f^3 - c*d*f^2*g - b*e*f^2*g + b*d*f*g^2 + a*e*f*g^2 - a*d*g^3)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^4) + 2/15*(3*(g*x + f)^(5/2)*c*e*g^16 - 15*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*e*f*g^16 + 45*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*e*f^2*g^16 + 5*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*d*g^17 + 5*(g*x + f)^(3/2)*b*e*g^17 - 30*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*d*f*g^17 - 30*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*e*f*g^17 + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*d*g^18 + 15*sqrt(g*x + f)*a*e*g^18)/g^20`

3.828.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}(2beg+2cdg-6cef)}{3g^4} - \frac{2adg^3-2cef^3-2aefg^2-2bdfg^2+2bef^2g+2cdf^2g}{g^4\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(2aeg^2+2bdg^2+6cef^2-4befg-4cdfg)}{g^4} + \frac{2ce(f+gx)^{5/2}}{5g^4}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`output `((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(2*b*e*g + 2*c*d*g - 6*c*e*f))/(3*g^4) - (2*a*d*g^3 - 2*c*e*f^3 - 2*a*e*f*g^2 - 2*b*d*f*g^2 + 2*b*e*f^2*g + 2*c*d*f^2*g)/(g^4*(f + g*x)^(1/2)) + ((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(2*a*e*g^2 + 2*b*d*g^2 + 6*c*e*f^2 - 4*b*e*f*g - 4*c*d*f*g))/g^4 + (2*c*e*(f + g*x)^(5/2))/(5*g^4)`

3.829 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.829.1 Optimal result	6063
3.829.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6063
3.829.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6064
3.829.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6065
3.829.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	6065
3.829.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	6066
3.829.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	6066
3.829.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6066
3.829.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6067

3.829.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{2(2cf - bg)\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3}$$

output $2/3*c*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}/g^3-2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^3/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}-2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/g^3$

3.829.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6g(2bf - ag + bgx) + 2c(-8f^2 - 4fgx + g^2x^2)}{3g^3\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(6*g*(2*b*f - a*g + b*g*x) + 2*c*(-8*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2))/(3*g^3*sqrt[f + g*x])$

3.829.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1140, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1140

$$\int \left(\frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{bg - 2cf}{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{c\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^3\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(2cf - bg)}{g^3} + \frac{2c(f + gx)^{3/2}}{3g^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))/(g^3*sqrt[f + g*x]) - (2*(2*c*f - b*g)*sqrt[f + g*x])/g^3 + (2*c*(f + g*x)^(3/2))/(3*g^3)`

3.829.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1140 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.829.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(cx^2+3bx-3a)g^2}{3} + 4f(-\frac{2cx}{3}+b)g - \frac{16cf^2}{3}$ $\sqrt{gx+f}g^3$	47
gosper	$\frac{2(-cx^2g^2-3bg^2x+4cfxg+3ag^2-6bfg+8cf^2)}{3\sqrt{gx+f}g^3}$	53
trager	$\frac{2(-cx^2g^2-3bg^2x+4cfxg+3ag^2-6bfg+8cf^2)}{3\sqrt{gx+f}g^3}$	53
risch	$\frac{2(cxg+3bg-5cf)\sqrt{gx+f}}{3g^3} - \frac{2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^3\sqrt{gx+f}}$	55
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{3} + 2bg\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cf\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^3}$	63
default	$\frac{\frac{2(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{3} + 2bg\sqrt{gx+f} - 4cf\sqrt{gx+f} - \frac{2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}}}{g^3}$	63

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/3*((c*x^2+3*b*x-3*a)*g^2+6*f*(-2/3*c*x+b)*g-8*c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/g^3`**3.829.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cg^2x^2 - 8cf^2 + 6bfg - 3ag^2 - (4cfg - 3bg^2)x)\sqrt{gx+f}}{3(g^4x + fg^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `2/3*(c*g^2*x^2 - 8*c*f^2 + 6*b*f*g - 3*a*g^2 - (4*c*f*g - 3*b*g^2)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(g^4*x + f*g^3)`

3.829.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{c(f+gx)^{3/2}}{3g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(bg-2cf)}{g^2} - \frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}} \right)}{g} & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{bx^2}{2} + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{f^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(c*(f + g*x)**(3/2)/(3*g**2) + sqrt(f + g*x)*(b*g - 2*c*f)/g**2 - (a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g**2*sqrt(f + g*x)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((a*x + b*x**2/2 + c*x**3/3)/f**(3/2), True))`**3.829.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(gx+f)^{3/2} c - 3(2cf - bg)\sqrt{gx+f}}{g^2} - \frac{3(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{\sqrt{gx+f}g^2} \right)}{3g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(((g*x + f)^(3/2)*c - 3*(2*c*f - b*g)*sqrt(g*x + f))/g^2 - 3*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^2))/g`**3.829.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{\sqrt{gx + f}g^3} + \frac{2 \left((gx + f)^{3/2} cg^6 - 6\sqrt{gx + f}c f g^6 + 3\sqrt{gx + f}bg^7 \right)}{3g^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(sqrt(g*x + f)*g^3) + 2/3*((g*x + f)^(3/2)*c*g^6 - 6*sqrt(g*x + f)*c*f*g^6 + 3*sqrt(g*x + f)*b*g^7)/g^9`

3.829.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c(f + gx)^2 - 6ag^2 - 6cf^2 + 6bg(f + gx) - 12cf(f + gx) + 6bfg}{3g^3\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(f + g*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*c*(f + g*x)^2 - 6*a*g^2 - 6*c*f^2 + 6*b*g*(f + g*x) - 12*c*f*(f + g*x) + 6*b*f*g)/(3*g^3*(f + g*x)^(1/2))`

3.830 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.830.1 Optimal result 6068
 3.830.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6068
 3.830.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6069
 3.830.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6070
 3.830.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) 6071
 3.830.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) 6071
 3.830.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6072
 3.830.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6072
 3.830.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6073

3.830.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{g^2(ef - dg)\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}}{eg^2} - \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(3/2)+2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)+2*c*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/g^2`

3.830.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(eg(bf - ag) + cdg(f + gx) - cef(2f + gx))}{eg^2(-ef + dg)\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{2(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(-ef + dg)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(2*(e*g*(b*f - a*g) + c*d*g*(f + g*x) - c*e*f*(2*f + g*x)))/(e*g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) - (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(e^{(3/2)}*(-(e*f) + d*g)^{(3/2)})$

3.830.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1192, 25, 1584, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1192

$$\frac{2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 1584

$$-\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)g^2}{e(ef - dg)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))} - \frac{c}{e} + \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2}{(ef - dg)(f+gx)} \right) d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{g^2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef-dg)^{3/2}} + \frac{ag^2 - bgf + cf^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)} + \frac{c\sqrt{f+gx}}{e} \right)}{g^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^{(3/2)}), x]$

output $(2*((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/((e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) + (c*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/e - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[e*f - d*g]]))/(e^{(3/2)}*(e*f - d*g)^{(3/2)}))/g^2$

3.830.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 1192 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]`

rule 1584 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, -2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.830.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2(e^2a - bde + cd^2)g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}$	122
default	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2(e^2a - bde + cd^2)g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}$	122
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e} - \frac{2(e^2a - bde + cd^2)g^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{e(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}$	122
risch	$\frac{2c\sqrt{gx+f}}{e^2} + \frac{2g^2(e^2a - bde + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} - \frac{2e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)\sqrt{gx+f}}$	128

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.830. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

output $2/g^2*(c/e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e*g^2/(d*g-e*f)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2))}$

3.830.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 263 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{((cd^2 - bde + ae^2)g^3x + (cd^2 - bde + ae^2)fg^2)\sqrt{e^2f - deg} \log\left(\frac{egx+2ef-dg}{e^4f^3}\right)}{e^4f^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[(-(((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^3*x + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)))/(e*x + d)) - 2*(2*c*e^3*f^3 - a*d*e^2*g^3 - (3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^2*g + (c*d^2*e + b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^4*f^3*g^2 - 2*d*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^2*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d*e^3*f*g^4 + d^2*e^2*g^5)*x), 2*(((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^3*x + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*f*g^2)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) + (2*c*e^3*f^3 - a*d*e^2*g^3 - (3*c*d*e^2 + b*e^3)*f^2*g + (c*d^2*e + b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*c*d*e^2*f*g^2 + c*d^2*e*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^4*f^3*g^2 - 2*d*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^2*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d*e^3*f*g^4 + d^2*e^2*g^5)*x)]`

3.830.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{\frac{c\sqrt{f+gx}}{eg} - \frac{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}{g\sqrt{f+gx}(dg-ef)}}{g} - \frac{g(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{dg-ef}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{\frac{dg-ef}{e}}(dg-ef)} \right) & \text{for } g \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{x(be-cd)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x}{d} & \text{for } e = 0 \\ \frac{\log(d+ex)}{e} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{e^2}}{f^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3.830. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(c*sqrt(f + g*x)/(e*g) - (a*g**2 - b*f*g + c*f**2)/(g*sqrt(f + g*x)*(d*g - e*f)) - g*(a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*atan(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e))/(e**2*sqrt((d*g - e*f)/e)*(d*g - e*f)))/g, Ne(g, 0)), ((c*x**2/(2*e) + x*(b*e - c*d)/e**2 + (a*e**2 - b*d*e + c*d**2)*Piecewise((x/d, Eq(e, 0)), (log(d + e*x)/e, True))/e**2)/f**(3/2), True))`

3.830.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.830.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^2f - deg)\sqrt{-e^2f + deg}} + \frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{(efg^2 - dg^3)\sqrt{gx + f}} + \frac{2\sqrt{gx + fc}}{eg^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*arctan(sqrt(g*x + f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)) + 2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/((e*f*g^2 - d*g^3)*sqrt(g*x + f)) + 2*sqrt(g*x + f)*c/(e*g^2)`

3.830.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{f + gx}}{eg^2} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(e^2 f - deg)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{\sqrt{e}(dg - ef)^{3/2}(2cd^2 - 2bde + 2ae^2)}\right) (cd^2 - bde + ae^2)}{e^{3/2}(dg - ef)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cef^2 - befg + aeg^2)}{eg^2\sqrt{f + gx}(dg - ef)}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(2*c*(f + g*x)^(1/2))/(e*g^2) + (2*atan((2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(e^2*f - d*e*g)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(e^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)*(2*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2 - 2*b*d*e)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2 - b*d*e))/(e^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(3/2)) - (2*(a*e*g^2 + c*e*f^2 - b*e*f*g))/(e*g^2*(f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g - e*f))`

3.831 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.831.1 Optimal result	6074
3.831.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6074
3.831.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6075
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3.831.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6078
3.831.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	6079
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3.831.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6079
3.831.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6080

3.831.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{g(ef - dg)^2\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{f + gx}}{e(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)} + \frac{(cd(4ef - dg) - e(2bef + bdg - 3aeg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
output (c*d*(-d*g+4*e*f)-e*(-3*a*e*g+b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)
)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2)/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(5/2)-2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g/(-d*g
+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*
x+d)
```

3.831.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-c(2def^2 + 2e^2f^2x + d^2g(f + gx)) + eg(b(3df + 2efx + dgx) - a(ef + 2dg))}{eg(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}} + \frac{(cd(-4ef + dg) + e(2bef + bdg - 3aeg)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-ef+dg}}\right)}{e^{3/2}(-ef + dg)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output $(- (c*(2*d*e*f^2 + 2*e^2*f^2*x + d^2*g*(f + g*x))) + e*g*(b*(3*d*f + 2*e*f*x + d*g*x) - a*(e*f + 2*d*g + 3*e*g*x)))/(e*g*(e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]) + ((c*d*(-4*e*f + d*g) + e*(2*b*e*f + b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/\text{Sqrt}[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(e^{(3/2)}*(-(e*f) + d*g)^{(5/2)})$

3.831.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1192, 1582, 25, 27, 359, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1192

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f+gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{g}$$

↓ 1582

$$2 \left(\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} - \int \frac{e(2e(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - (e(bd - ae)g^2 + c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2)))(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx}}{2e^2(ef - dg)^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(\int \frac{e(2e(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - (e(bd - ae)g^2 + c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2)))(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left(\int \frac{2e(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - (e(bd - ae)g^2 + c(2e^2f^2 - 4degf + d^2g^2))(f+gx)}{(f+gx)(ef - dg - e(f+gx))^2} d\sqrt{f+gx} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{2e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f+gx) + ef)} \right)$$

↓ 359

3.831. $\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$2 \left(\frac{g(cd(4ef-dg)-e(-3aeg+bdg+2bef)) \int \frac{1}{ef-dg-e(f+gx)} d\sqrt{f+gx} - \frac{2e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{2e(ef-dg)^2} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)$$

g
↓ 221

$$2 \left(\frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right) (cd(4ef-dg)-e(-3aeg+bdg+2bef)) - \frac{2e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{ef-dg} 2e(ef-dg)^2} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2e(ef-dg)^2(-dg-e(f+gx)+ef)} \right)$$

g

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*((((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((-2*e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))/sqrt[f + g*x] + (g*(c*d*(4*e*f - d*g) - e*(2*b*e*f + b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(sqrt[e]*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(sqrt[e]*sqrt[e*f - d*g]))/(2*e*(e*f - d*g)^2))/g`

3.831.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 1192 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(
2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 +
c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]
```

```
rule 1582 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^
4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d
+ e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^
(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e
*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2))], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
&& ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

3.831.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2g \left(\frac{g(e^2a - bde + cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2e(e(gx+f) + dg - ef)} + \frac{(3ae^2g - bdeg - 2be^2f - cd^2g + 4cdf) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} \right)}{(dg-ef)^2} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^2\sqrt{gx+f}}$
default	$\frac{2g \left(\frac{g(e^2a - bde + cd^2)\sqrt{gx+f}}{2e(e(gx+f) + dg - ef)} + \frac{(3ae^2g - bdeg - 2be^2f - cd^2g + 4cdf) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} \right)}{(dg-ef)^2} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^2\sqrt{gx+f}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{gx+f}(ex+d)g \left((ag - \frac{2bf}{3})e^2 - \frac{d(bg-4cf)e}{2} - \frac{cd^2g}{3} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}}\right)}{2} + \left(\left(\frac{3ag^2x}{2} + \frac{f(-2bx+a)g}{2} + cf^2x \right) e^2 + d \left(\frac{3ag^2x}{2} + \frac{f(-2bx+a)g}{2} + cf^2x \right) \right)}{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(dg-ef)e} g(ex+d)(dg-ef)^2 e} \right)}{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{(dg-ef)e} g(ex+d)(dg-ef)^2 e}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/g*(-g/(d*g-e*f)^2*(1/2*g*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*(g*x+f)+
d*g-e*f)+1/2*(3*a*e^2*g-b*d*e*g-2*b*e^2*f-c*d^2*g+4*c*d*e*f)/e/((d*g-e*f)*
e)^(1/2)*arctan(e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^(1/2))-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/
(d*g-e*f)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2))
```

3.831. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.831.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 537 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1088, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.59

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[(2(2cd^2e - bde^2)f^2g - (cd^3 + bd^2e - 3ade^2)fg^2 + (2(2cde^2 - be^3)fg^2 - (cd^2e + bde^2 - 3ae^3)g^3)x^2 + (2(2cd^2e - bde^2)f^2g - (cd^3 + bd^2e - 3ade^2)fg^2 + (2(2cde^2 - be^3)fg^2 - (cd^2e + bde^2 - 3ae^3)g^3)x^2 + (2(2cd^2e - bde^2)f^2g - (cd^3 + bd^2e - 3ade^2)fg^2 + (2(2cde^2 - be^3)fg^2 - (cd^2e + bde^2 - 3ae^3)g^3)x^2 + \dots \right]}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((2*(2*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f^2*g - (c*d^3 + b*d^2*e - 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^2 + (2*(2*c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^2*e + b*d*e^2 - 3*a*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (2*(2*c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f^2*g + 3*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 + b*d^2*e - 3*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g + 2*sqrt(e^2*f - d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e*x + d)) - 2*(2*c*d*e^3*f^3 - 2*a*d^2*e^2*g^3 - (c*d^2*e^2 + 3*b*d*e^3 - a*e^4)*f^2*g - (c*d^3*e - 3*b*d^2*e^2 - a*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (2*c*e^4*f^3 - 2*(c*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*f^2*g + (c*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3 + 3*a*e^4)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + 3*a*d*e^3)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(d*e^5*f^4*g - 3*d^2*e^4*f^3*g^2 + 3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^3 - d^4*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^6*f^3*g^2 - 3*d*e^5*f^2*g^3 + 3*d^2*e^4*f*g^4 - d^3*e^3*g^5)*x^2 + (e^6*f^4*g - 2*d*e^5*f^3*g^2 + 2*d^3*e^3*f*g^4 - d^4*e^2*g^5)*x), -((2*(2*c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f^2*g - (c*d^3 + b*d^2*e - 3*a*d*e^2)*f*g^2 + (2*(2*c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^2*e + b*d*e^2 - 3*a*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (2*(2*c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f^2*g + 3*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 + b*d^2*e - 3*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*arctan(sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*g*x + e*f)) + (2*c*d*e^3*f^3 - 2*a*d^2*e^2*g^3 - (c*d^2*e^2 + 3*b*d*e^3 - a*e^4)*f^2*g - (c*d^3*e - 3*b*d^2*e^2 - a*d*e^3)*f*g^2 + (2*c*e^4*f^3 - 2*(c*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*f^2*g + (c*d^2*e^2 + b*d*e^3 + 3*a*e^4)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3*e - b*d^2*e^2 + 3*a*d*e^3)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(d*e^5*f^4*g - 3*d^2*e^4*f^3*g^2 + 3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g^3 - d^4*e^2*f*g^4 ...`

3.831.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.831.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.831.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(4cdef - 2be^2f - cd^2g - bdeg + 3ae^2g) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right)}{(e^3f^2 - 2de^2fg + d^2eg^2)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}} - \frac{2(gx+f)ce^2f^2 - 2ce^2f^3 - 2(gx+f)be^2fg + 2cdef^2g + 2be^2f^2g + (gx+f)cd^2g^2 - (gx+f)bdeg^2 + 3}{(e^3f^2g - 2de^2fg^2 + d^2eg^3)\left((gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}e - \sqrt{gx+fe}f + \sqrt{gx+f}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -(4*c*d*e*f - 2*b*e^2*f - c*d^2*g - b*d*e*g + 3*a*e^2*g)*arctan(sqrt(g*x +
f)*e/sqrt(-e^2*f + d*e*g))/((e^3*f^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*g + d^2*e*g^2)*sqrt(-e^2
*f + d*e*g)) - (2*(g*x + f)*c*e^2*f^2 - 2*c*e^2*f^3 - 2*(g*x + f)*b*e^2*f*
g + 2*c*d*e*f^2*g + 2*b*e^2*f^2*g + (g*x + f)*c*d^2*g^2 - (g*x + f)*b*d*e*
g^2 + 3*(g*x + f)*a*e^2*g^2 - 2*b*d*e*f*g^2 - 2*a*e^2*f*g^2 + 2*a*d*e*g^3)
/((e^3*f^2*g - 2*d*e^2*f*g^2 + d^2*e*g^3)*((g*x + f)^(3/2)*e - sqrt(g*x +
f)*e*f + sqrt(g*x + f)*d*g))
```

3.831.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(d^2 eg^2 - 2de^2 fg + e^3 f^2)}{\sqrt{e}(dg - ef)^{5/2}}\right) (2be^2 f - 3ae^2 g + cd^2 g + bdeg - 4cde)}{e^{3/2}(dg - ef)^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{dg - ef} + \frac{(f+gx)(cd^2 g^2 - bdeg^2 + 2ce^2 f^2 - 2be^2 fg + 3ae^2 g^2)}{e(dg - ef)^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(dg^2 - efg) + eg(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

```
input int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)
```

```
output (atan(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(e^3*f^2 + d^2*e*g^2 - 2*d*e^2*f*g))/(e^(1/2)*(d*g
- e*f)^(5/2)))*(2*b*e^2*f - 3*a*e^2*g + c*d^2*g + b*d*e*g - 4*c*d*e*f))/(e
^(3/2)*(d*g - e*f)^(5/2)) - ((2*(a*g^2 + c*f^2 - b*f*g))/(d*g - e*f) + ((f
+ g*x)*(3*a*e^2*g^2 + c*d^2*g^2 + 2*c*e^2*f^2 - b*d*e*g^2 - 2*b*e^2*f*g))
/(e*(d*g - e*f)^2))/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d*g^2 - e*f*g) + e*g*(f + g*x)^(3/2)
)
```

3.832 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.832.1 Optimal result	6081
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3.832.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{(ef - dg)^3\sqrt{f + gx}} - \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(cd(8ef - dg) - e(4bef + 3bdg - 7aeg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e(ef - dg)^3(d + ex)} - \frac{(c(8e^2f^2 + 8defg - d^2g^2) + 3eg(5aeg - b(4ef + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{ef-dg}}\right)}{4e^{3/2}(ef - dg)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(c*(-d^2*g^2+8*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2)+3*e*g*(5*a*e*g-b*(d*g+4*e*f)))*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^(7/2)+2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(c*d*(-d*g+8*e*f)-e*(-7*a*e*g+3*b*d*g+4*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(e*x+d)
```

3.832.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e}(c(8e^3f^2x^2+d^3g(f+gx)+8de^2fx(3f+gx)+d^2e(14f^2+5fgx-g^2x^2))-e(a(-8d^2g^2-deg(9f+25gx)+e^2(ef-dg)^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx})))}{(ef-dg)^3(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[e]*(c*(8*e^3*f^2*x^2 + d^3*g*(f + g*x) + 8*d*e^2*f*x*(3*f + g*x) + d^2*e*(14*f^2 + 5*f*g*x - g^2*x^2)) - e*(a*(-8*d^2*g^2 - d*e*g*(9*f + 25*g*x) + e^2*(2*f^2 - 5*f*g*x - 15*g^2*x^2)) + b*(4*e^2*f*x*(f + 3*g*x) + d^2*g*(13*f + 5*g*x) + d*e*(2*f^2 + 21*f*g*x + 3*g^2*x^2))))/((e*f - d*g)^3*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - ((c*(8*e^2*f^2 + 8*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2) + 3*e*g*(5*a*e*g - b*(4*e*f + d*g)))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[-(e*f) + d*g]])/(-(e*f) + d*g)^(7/2))/(4*e^(3/2))`

3.832.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1192, 25, 1582, 25, 27, 361, 25, 359, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1192

$$2 \int -\frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f + gx)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

↓ 25

$$-2 \int \frac{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2 + c(f + gx)^2 - (2cf - bg)(f + gx)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^3} d\sqrt{f + gx}$$

↓ 1582

$$2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{e(4e(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - (3e(bd - ae)g^2 + c(4e^2f^2 - 8degf + d^2g^2))(f + gx))}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 - bde + c)}{4e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f + gx))} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{e(4e(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - (3e(bd - ae)g^2 + c(4e^2f^2 - 8degf + d^2g^2))(f + gx))}{(f + gx)(ef - dg - e(f + gx))^2} d\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{f + gx}(ae^2 - bde + c)}{4e(ef - dg)^2(-dg - e(f + gx))} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
2 & \left(-\frac{\int \frac{4e(e f-d g)(c f^2-b g f+a g^2)-(3 e(b d-a e) g^2+c(4 e^2 f^2-8 d e g f+d^2 g^2))(f+g x)}{(f+g x)(e f-d g-e(f+g x))^2} d \sqrt{f+g x}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} -\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+g x}(a e^2-b d e+c d^2)}{4 e(e f-d g)^2(-d g-e(f+g x))+} \right. \\
& \downarrow 361 \\
2 & \left(-\frac{\frac{g \sqrt{f+g x}(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(-7 a e g+3 b d g+4 b e f))}{2(e f-d g)(-d g-e(f+g x))+e f}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{8 e(c f^2-b g f+a g^2)+\frac{g(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(4 b e f+3 b d g-7 a e g))(f+g x)}{e f-d g}}{(f+g x)(e f-d g-e(f+g x))} d \sqrt{f+g x}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} -\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+g x}(a e^2-b d e+c d^2)}{4 e(e f-d g)^2(-d g-e(f+g x))+} \right. \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
2 & \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8 e(c f^2-b g f+a g^2)+\frac{g(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(4 b e f+3 b d g-7 a e g))(f+g x)}{e f-d g}}{(f+g x)(e f-d g-e(f+g x))} d \sqrt{f+g x} +\frac{g \sqrt{f+g x}(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(-7 a e g+3 b d g+4 b e f))}{2(e f-d g)(-d g-e(f+g x))+e f}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} -\frac{g^2 \sqrt{f+g x}(a e^2-b d e+c d^2)}{4 e(e f-d g)^2(-d g-e(f+g x))+} \right. \\
& \downarrow 359 \\
2 & \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(3 e g(5 a e g-b(d g+4 e f))+c(-d^2 g^2+8 d e f g+8 e^2 f^2)) \int \frac{1}{e f-d g-e(f+g x)} d \sqrt{f+g x}}{e f-d g} -\frac{8 e(a g^2-b f g+c f^2)}{\sqrt{f+g x}(e f-d g)} \right) +\frac{g \sqrt{f+g x}(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(-7 a e g+3 b d g+4 b e f))}{2(e f-d g)(-d g-e(f+g x))+}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} \right. \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
2 & \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{f+g x}}{\sqrt{e f-d g}}\right)(3 e g(5 a e g-b(d g+4 e f))+c(-d^2 g^2+8 d e f g+8 e^2 f^2))}{\sqrt{e}(e f-d g)^{3 / 2}} -\frac{8 e(a g^2-b f g+c f^2)}{\sqrt{f+g x}(e f-d g)} \right) +\frac{g \sqrt{f+g x}(c d(8 e f-d g)-e(-7 a e g+3 b d g+4 b e f))}{2(e f-d g)(-d g-e(f+g x))+}}{4 e(e f-d g)^2} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)^(3/2)),x]`

```
output 2*(-1/4*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(e*(e*f - d*g)^2*(e*f
- d*g - e*(f + g*x))^2) - ((g*(c*d*(8*e*f - d*g) - e*(4*b*e*f + 3*b*d*g -
7*a*e*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(e*f - d*g - e*(f + g*x))) + ((-8*
e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + ((c*(8*e^2*f^2 +
8*d*e*f*g - d^2*g^2) + 3*e*g*(5*a*e*g - b*(4*e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]
*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[e*f - d*g]])/(Sqrt[e]*(e*f - d*g)^(3/2)))/2)/(4*e*(e*
f - d*g)^2))
```

3.832.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 359 Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 361 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c
- a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x], x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/
2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

```
rule 1192 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
+ (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[2/e^(n + 2*p + 1) Subst[Int[x^(
2*m + 1)*(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)^n*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2 - (2*c*d - b*e)*x^2 +
c*x^4)^p, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m + 1/2]
```

```
rule 1582 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_)^
4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^p*x*((d
+ e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*e^(2*p + m/2)*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[(-d)^(m/2 - 1)/(2*e^
(2*p)*(q + 1)) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[Together[(1/(d + e
*x^2))*(2*(-d)^(-m/2 + 1)*e^(2*p)*(q + 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p - ((c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)^p/(e^(m/2)*x^m))*(d + e*(2*q + 3)*x^2))], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[q, -1]
&& ILtQ[m/2, 0]
```

3.832.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$15 \frac{\left(\sqrt{gx+f} (ex+d)^2 \left((ag^2 - \frac{4}{5}bfg + \frac{8}{15}cf^2)e^2 - \frac{dg(bg - \frac{8cf}{3})e}{5} - \frac{cd^2g^2}{15} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{e\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{(dg-ef)e}} \right) + \frac{8 \left(\frac{15ag^2x^2}{8} + \frac{5(-12}{8} \right)}{\dots}}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{8}ae^2g^2 - \frac{3}{8}bde g^2 - \frac{1}{2}be^2fg - \frac{1}{8}cd^2g^2 + cdefg \right) (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{g(9ade^2g^2 - 9ae^3fg - 5bd^2e g^2 + bde^2f)}{(e(gx+f) + dg-ef)^2}}{\dots}$
default	$-\frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{(dg-ef)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{7}{8}ae^2g^2 - \frac{3}{8}bde g^2 - \frac{1}{2}be^2fg - \frac{1}{8}cd^2g^2 + cdefg \right) (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{g(9ade^2g^2 - 9ae^3fg - 5bd^2e g^2 + bde^2f)}{(e(gx+f) + dg-ef)^2}}{\dots}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.832. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3(f+gx)^{3/2}} dx$

output
$$-15/4/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2)*((g*x+f)^{(1/2)*(e*x+d)^2*((a*g^2-4/5*b*f*g+8/15*c*f^2)*e^{-2}-1/5*d*g*(b*g-8/3*c*f)*e^{-1/15*c*d^2*g^2)*\arctan(e*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)/((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2))}+8/15*((15/8*a*g^2*x^2+5/8*(-12/5*b*x+a)*x*f*g-1/4*f^2*(-4*c*x^2+2*b*x+a))*e^3+9/8*d*((-1/3*b*x^2+25/9*a*x)*g^2+f*(8/9*c*x^2-7/3*b*x+a)*g-2/9*f^2*(-12*c*x+b))*e^2+d^2*((a-1/8*c*x^2-5/8*b*x)*g^2-13/8*(-5/13*c*x+b)*f*g+7/4*c*f^2)*e+1/8*c*d^3*g*(g*x+f))*((d*g-e*f)*e)^{(1/2))/(d*g-e*f)^3/(e*x+d)^2/e$$

3.832.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 935 vs. $2(226) = 452$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1883, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.59

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} &[-1/8*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^3 + 4*(2*c*d^3*e - 3*b*d^2*e^2)*f^2*g - (c*d^4 + 3*b*d^3*e - 15*a*d^2*e^2)*f*g^2 + (8*c*e^4*f^2*g + 4*(2*c*d*e^3 - 3*b*e^4)*f*g^2 - (c*d^2*e^2 + 3*b*d*e^3 - 15*a*e^4)*g^3)*x^3 + (8*c*e^4*f^3 + 12*(2*c*d*e^3 - b*e^4)*f^2*g + 3*(5*c*d^2*e^2 - 9*b*d*e^3 + 5*a*e^4)*f*g^2 - 2*(c*d^3*e + 3*b*d^2*e^2 - 15*a*d*e^3)*g^3)*x^2 + (16*c*d*e^3*f^3 + 24*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3)*f^2*g + 6*(c*d^3*e - 3*b*d^2*e^2 + 5*a*d*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^4 + 3*b*d^3*e - 15*a*d^2*e^2)*g^3)*x]*\sqrt{e^2*f - d*e*g}*\log((e*g*x + 2*e*f - d*g + 2*\sqrt{e^2*f - d*e*g})*\sqrt{g*x + f))/(e*x + d) + 2*(8*a*d^3*e^2*g^3 - 2*(7*c*d^2*e^3 - b*d*e^4 - a*e^5)*f^3 + (13*c*d^3*e^2 + 11*b*d^2*e^3 - 11*a*d*e^4)*f^2*g + (c*d^4*e - 13*b*d^3*e^2 + a*d^2*e^3)*f*g^2 - (8*c*e^5*f^3 - 12*b*e^5*f^2*g - 3*(3*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*b*d*e^4 - 5*a*e^5)*f*g^2 + (c*d^3*e^2 + 3*b*d^2*e^3 - 15*a*d*e^4)*g^3)*x^2 - (4*(6*c*d*e^4 - b*e^5)*f^3 - (19*c*d^2*e^3 + 17*b*d*e^4 - 5*a*e^5)*f^2*g - 4*(c*d^3*e^2 - 4*b*d^2*e^3 - 5*a*d*e^4)*f*g^2 - (c*d^4*e - 5*b*d^3*e^2 + 25*a*d^2*e^3)*g^3)*x]*\sqrt{g*x + f)/(d^2*e^6*f^5 - 4*d^3*e^5*f^4*g + 6*d^4*e^4*f^3*g^2 - 4*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^3 + d^6*e^2*f*g^4 + (e^8*f^4*g - 4*d*e^7*f^3*g^2 + 6*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^3 - 4*d^3*e^5*f*g^4 + d^4*e^4*g^5)*x^3 + (e^8*f^5 - 2*d*e^7*f^4*g - 2*d^2*e^6*f^3*g^2 + 8*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^3 - 7*d^4*e^4*f*g^4 + 2*d^5*e^3*g^5)*x^2 + (2*d*e^7*f^5 - 7*d^2*e^6*f^4*g + 8*d^3*e^5*f^3*g^2 - 2*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^3 - 2*d^5*e^3*f*g^4 + d^6*e^2*g^5)*x), 1/4*((8*c*d^2*e^2*f^3 + 4*(2*c*d^3*e \dots \end{aligned}$$

3.832.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.832.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.832.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs. 2(226) = 452.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3(f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(8ce^2f^2 + 8cdefg - 12be^2fg - cd^2g^2 - 3bdeg^2 + 15ae^2g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gx+fe}}{\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}\right) + \frac{2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)}{(e^3f^3 - 3de^2f^2g + 3d^2efg^2 - d^3g^3)\sqrt{gx+f}} + \frac{8(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde^2fg - 4(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^3fg - 8\sqrt{gx+f}cde^2f^2g + 4\sqrt{gx+f}be^3f^2g - (gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2eg^2 - 3(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3g^3}{4(e^4f^3 - 3de^3f^2g + 3d^2efg^2 - d^3g^3)\sqrt{-e^2f+deg}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot (8c^2e^2f^2 + 8cd^2efg - 12b^2e^2fg - cd^2g^2 - 3bd^2eg^2 + 15a^2e^2g^2) \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{gxf}}{\sqrt{-e^2f + d^2eg}}\right) / ((e^4f^3 - 3d^2e^3f^2g + 3d^2e^2f^2g^2 - d^3e^2fg^3) \cdot \sqrt{-e^2f + d^2eg}) + 2 \cdot (cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) / ((e^3f^3 - 3d^2e^2f^2g + 3d^2e^2fg^2 - d^3g^3) \cdot \sqrt{gxf}) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (8(gxf)^{3/2} \cdot cd^2efg - 4(gxf)^{3/2} \cdot b^2e^3fg - 8\sqrt{gxf} \cdot cd^2ef^2g + 4\sqrt{gxf} \cdot b^2e^3f^2g - (gxf)^{3/2} \cdot cd^2e^2g^2 - 3(gxf)^{3/2} \cdot bd^2eg^2 + 7(gxf)^{3/2} \cdot a^2e^3g^2 + 7\sqrt{gxf} \cdot cd^2efg^2 + \sqrt{gxf} \cdot b^2d^2efg^2 - 9\sqrt{gxf} \cdot a^2e^3fg^2 + \sqrt{gxf} \cdot cd^3g^3 - 5\sqrt{gxf} \cdot bd^2e^2fg^3 + 9\sqrt{gxf} \cdot a^2d^2e^2g^3) / ((e^4f^3 - 3d^2e^3f^2g + 3d^2e^2f^2g^2 - d^3e^2fg^3) \cdot ((gxf) \cdot e - ef + dg)^2)$$

3.832.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3 (f + gx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(-d^3eg^3+3d^2e^2fg^2-3de^3f^2g+e^4f^3)}{\sqrt{e}(dg-ef)^{7/2}}\right) (-cd^2g^2 + 8cdefg - 3bdeg^2)}{4e^{3/2}(dg-ef)^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)}{dg-ef} + \frac{(f+gx)^2(-cd^2g^2+8cdefg-3bdeg^2+8ce^2f^2-12be^2fg+15ae^2g^2)}{4(dg-ef)^3} + \frac{(f+gx)(cd^2g^2+8cdefg-5bdeg^2+16e^2fg+e^3g^2)}{4e(dg-ef)}}{e^2(f+gx)^{5/2} - (f+gx)^{3/2}(2e^2f - 2deg) + \sqrt{f+gx}(d^2g^2 - 2defg + e^2f^2)}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)`

output
$$\left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(f+gx)^{1/2}(e^4f^3 - d^3e^2fg^3 + 3d^2e^2f^2g^2 - 3d^2e^3f^2g)}{e^{1/2}(dg - ef)^{7/2}}\right) \cdot (15a^2e^2g^2 - cd^2g^2 + 8c^2e^2f^2 - 3bd^2eg^2 - 12b^2e^2fg + 8cd^2efg)}{(4e^{3/2})(dg - ef)^{7/2}}\right) - \left(\frac{2(a^2g^2 + cf^2 - bfg)}{(dg - ef)} + \frac{(f + gx)^2(15a^2e^2g^2 - cd^2g^2 + 8c^2e^2f^2 - 3bd^2eg^2 - 12b^2e^2fg + 8cd^2efg)}{(4e^{3/2})(dg - ef)^3} + \frac{(f + gx) \cdot (25a^2e^2g^2 + cd^2g^2 + 16c^2e^2f^2 - 5bd^2eg^2 - 20b^2e^2fg + 8cd^2efg)}{(4e^{3/2})(dg - ef)^2}\right) / (e^2(f + gx)^{5/2} - (f + gx)^{3/2}(2e^2f - 2deg) + (f + gx)^{1/2}(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2 - 2defg))$$

3.833 $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx$

3.833.1 Optimal result	6089
3.833.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6089
3.833.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6090
3.833.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6092
3.833.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6092
3.833.6 Sympy [F]	6093
3.833.7 Maxima [F]	6093
3.833.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	6093
3.833.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6094

3.833.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx = -\operatorname{arccosh}(x) + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(-1+\sqrt{5}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-1+x}}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(1+\sqrt{5}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}\sqrt{-1+x}}}\right)$$

```
output -arccosh(x)+1/5*arctan((1+x)^(1/2)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-10+10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/5*arctanh((1+x)^(1/2)/(-1+x)^(1/2)/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-10+10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

3.833.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(-1+\sqrt{5}) \arctan\left(\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{1+x}}\right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{1+x}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(1+\sqrt{5}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{\frac{-1+x}{1+x}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x - x^2),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[(2*(-1 + Sqrt[5]))/5]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Sqrt[(-1 + x)/(1 + x)])] - 2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(-1 + x)/(1 + x)]] + Sqrt[(2*(1 + Sqrt[5]))/5]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Sqrt[(-1 + x)/(1 + x)]]`

3.833.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1190, 25, 43, 2153, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}}{-x^2+x+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1190} \\
 & - \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}(-x^2+x+1)} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}(-x^2+x+1)} dx - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{43} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}(-x^2+x+1)} dx - \operatorname{arccosh}(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2153} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}}{(-2x - \sqrt{5} + 1)\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}}{(-2x + \sqrt{5} + 1)\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}} \right) dx - \operatorname{arccosh}(x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\operatorname{arccosh}(x) + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(\sqrt{5}-1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{x-1}}\right) + \\
 & \quad \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}(1+\sqrt{5}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{x-1}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[-1 + x]*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + x - x^2),x]`

output `-ArcCosh[x] + Sqrt[(2*(-1 + Sqrt[5]))/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[-1 + x]] + Sqrt[(2*(1 + Sqrt[5]))/5]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[-1 + x]]`

3.833.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 1190 `Int[(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g/c) Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), x], x] + Simp[1/c Int[(c*d*f - a*e*g - b*e*g*x)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2153 `Int[(Px_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (IntegerQ[2*p] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n, 0])) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0])`

3.833.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x}\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{5}\left(\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2}\ln(x+\sqrt{x^2-1})-\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}x+x-2}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)-\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}x+x-2}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{x^2-1}}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{x^2-1}}$

input `int((-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(1+x)^{(1/2)*(-1+x)^{(1/2)*5^{(1/2)}*(5^{(1/2)}*(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)}*(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(x+(x^2-1)^{(1/2))}-5^{(1/2)}*(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((5^{(1/2)}*x+x-2)/(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)/(x^2-1)^{(1/2))}-5^{(1/2)}*(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{arctan}((5^{(1/2)}*x-x+2)/(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)/(x^2-1)^{(1/2))}-(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((5^{(1/2)}*x+x-2)/(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)/(x^2-1)^{(1/2))}+(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{arctan}((5^{(1/2)}*x-x+2)/(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)/(x^2-1)^{(1/2))})/(2*5^{(1/2)}-2)^{(1/2)/(2*5^{(1/2)}+2)^{(1/2)/(x^2-1)^{(1/2)}}} \end{aligned}$$

3.833.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx &= \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2} \log \left(2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1} - 2x + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5}\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2} \log \left(2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1} - 2x + \sqrt{5} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \sqrt{2\sqrt{5}+2} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5}\sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}+2} \log \left(2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 2x - \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}+2} + 1 \right) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5}\sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}+2} \log \left(2\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1} - 2x - \sqrt{5} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}+2} + 1 \right) + \log \left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1} - x \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*sqrt(5)*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2)*log(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1) - 2*x + sqrt(5) + sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2) + 1) - 1/10*sqrt(5)*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2)*log(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1) - 2*x + sqrt(5) - sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2) + 1) - 1/10*sqrt(5)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 2)*log(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1) - 2*x - sqrt(5) + sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 2) + 1) + 1/10*sqrt(5)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 2)*log(2*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1) - 2*x - sqrt(5) - sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 2) + 1) + log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1) - x)`

3.833.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2-x-1} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x)**(1/2)*(1+x)**(1/2)/(-x**2+x+1),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x + 1)/(x**2 - x - 1), x)`

3.833.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{x-1}}{x^2-x-1} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(x - 1)/(x^2 - x - 1), x)`

3.833.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x-x^2} dx = \log\left(\left(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x-1}\right)^2\right)$$

input `integrate((-1+x)^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log((sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(x - 1))^2)`

3.834 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.834.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g}$$

$$+ \frac{(c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2) + 4eg(2aeg - b(ef + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(c*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)+4*e*g*(2*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f)))*arctan
h(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(5/2)+1/2*c*(e*x+
d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g-1/4*(-4*b*e*g+5*c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*
(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2
```

3.834.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}(4beg + c(-3ef - 3dg + 2egx))}{4e^2g^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2) + 4eg(2aeg - b(ef + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(4*b*e*g + c*(-3*e*f - 3*d*g + 2*e*g*x)))/(4*e^2*g^2) + ((c*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 4*e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(4*e^(5/2)*g^(5/2))`

3.834.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1194 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4age^2 - (3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)xe - cd(3ef + dg)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2e^2g} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4age^2 - (3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)xe - cd(3ef + dg)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(4eg(2aeg - b(dg + ef)) + c(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg + 5cdg + 3cef)}{g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4e^2g}{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{(4eg(2aeg - b(dg + ef)) + c(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{e - \frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg + 5cdg + 3cef)}{g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4e^2g}{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

3.834. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)(4eg(2aeg-b(dg+ef))+c(3d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2))}{\sqrt{eg}^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg+5cdg+3cef)}{g} + \frac{4e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \frac{1}{2e^2g}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*g) + (-(((3*c*e*f + 5*c*d*g - 4*b*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g) + ((c*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 4*e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*g^(3/2)))/(4*e^2*g)`

3.834.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`


```
rule 1194 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)
)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2
*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(
2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)
*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ
[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.834.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 424 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
default	$\frac{4\sqrt{eg}\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}cegx+3\ln\left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}}\right)c d^2 g^2+2\ln\left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}}\right)cdefg+3\ln$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*(4*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c*e*g*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g
*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*g^2+2*ln(1/2*
(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e
*f*g+3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g
)^(1/2))*c*e^2*f^2+8*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)
+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*a*e^2*g^2-4*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/
2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d*e*g^2-4*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f
)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*e^2*f*g-6*(e*g)^(1/2)
*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c*d*g-6*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*c*e*f
+8*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*b*e*g*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/
(e*g)^(1/2)/g^2/e^2/((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

3.834.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((3ce^2f^2 + 2(cde - 2be^2)fg + (3cd^2 - 4bde + 8ae^2)g^2)\sqrt{eg} \log(8e^2g^2x^2 + e^2f^2 + 6defg + d^2g^2 + 4(e^2g^2x^2 + defg + e^2fg + deg^2)x) \right.}{8e^3g^3} - \frac{\left. (3ce^2f^2 + 2(cde - 2be^2)fg + (3cd^2 - 4bde + 8ae^2)g^2)\sqrt{-eg} \arctan\left(\frac{(2egx + ef + dg)\sqrt{-eg}\sqrt{ex + d}\sqrt{gx + f}}{2(e^2g^2x^2 + defg + e^2fg + deg^2)x}\right) \right.}{8e^3g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/16*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e - 2*b*e^2)*f*g + (3*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) + 4*(2*c*e^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d*e - 4*b*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^3), -1/8*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e - 2*b*e^2)*f*g + (3*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) - 2*(2*c*e^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d*e - 4*b*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^3)]`**3.834.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.834.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

3.834.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex + d)eg} - deg\sqrt{ex + d}\right)\left(\frac{2(ex+d)c}{e^3 g} - \frac{3ce^6 fg + 5cde^5 g^2 - 4be^6 g^2}{e^8 g^3}\right) - \frac{(3ce^2 f^2 + 2cdefg - 4be^2 fg + 3cd^2 g^2 - 4bdeg^2)}{4|e|}}{4|e|}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/4*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(2*(e*x + d)*c/(e^3
*g) - (3*c*e^6*f*g + 5*c*d*e^5*g^2 - 4*b*e^6*g^2)/(e^8*g^3)) - (3*c*e^2*f^
2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g - 4*b*e^2*f*g + 3*c*d^2*g^2 - 4*b*d*e*g^2 + 8*a*e^2*g^2)*l
og(abs(-sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)))/(s
qrt(e*g)*e^2*g^2))*e/abs(e)
```

3.834.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
&= \frac{(2bdg + 2bef)(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} + \frac{(2bdg + 2bef)(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3}{eg^2(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^3} - \frac{8b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2}{g^2(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^2} \\
&= \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^4}{(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^4} + \frac{e^2}{g^2} - \frac{2e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2}{g(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^2}}{g^6(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} - \frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3 \left(\frac{11cd^2g^2}{2} + 25cdefg + \frac{11ce^2f^2}{2} \right)}{g^5(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^3} + \frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^7 \left(\frac{3cd^2g^2}{2} + c \right)}{e^2g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^7} \\
&\quad - \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^8}{(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^8} + \frac{e^4}{g^4} - \frac{4e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^6}{g(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^6} - \frac{4e^3}{g^3}}{\sqrt{-eg}} + \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}\right) (dg + ef)}{e^{3/2}g^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}\right) (3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)}{2e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((2*b*d*g + 2*b*e*f)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}))/g^3*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)}) \\
& + ((2*b*d*g + 2*b*e*f)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3)/(e*g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^3) \\
& - (8*b*d^{(1/2)}*f^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2)/(g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2)) / (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4 / ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4 + e^2/g^2 - (2*e*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2) / (g*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2)) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}) * ((3*c*e^3*f^2)/2 + (3*c*d^2*e*g^2)/2 + c*d*e^2*f*g)) / (g^6*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3 * ((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (11*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + 25*c*d*e*f*g)) / (g^5*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^3) + (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^7 * ((3*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (3*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + c*d*e*f*g)) / (e^2 * g^3 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^7) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^5 * ((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (11*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + 25*c*d*e*f*g)) / (e*g^4 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^5) + (d^{(1/2)} * f^{(1/2)} * (32*c*d*g + 32*c*e*f) * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4) / (g^4 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4)) / (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^8 / ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^8 + e^4/g^4 - (4*e*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^6) / (g*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^6) - (4*e^3*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2) / (g^3*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2) + (6*e^2*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4) / (g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4)) - (4*a*atan((e*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) / ((-e*g)^{(1/2)} * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})))) / ((-e*g)^{(1/2)}) - (2*b*atanh((g^{(1/2)} * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})) / (e^{(1/2)} * ((f + g*x)...
\end{aligned}$$

3.835 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.835.1 Optimal result 6103
 3.835.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6104
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 3.835.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 6108
 3.835.6 Sympy [F] 6109
 3.835.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6110
 3.835.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6110
 3.835.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6111

3.835.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 333

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(c(35e^2f^2+10defg+3d^2g^2)+8eg(6aeg-b(5ef+dg)))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{64e^2g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(c(35e^2f^2+10defg+3d^2g^2)+8eg(6aeg-b(5ef+dg)))(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{96e^2g^3}$$

$$- \frac{(7cef+9cdg-8beg)(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{24e^2g^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e^2g}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef-dg)^2(c(35e^2f^2+10defg+3d^2g^2)+8eg(6aeg-b(5ef+dg)))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{64e^{5/2}g^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/64*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(c*(3*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+35*e^2*f^2)+8*e*g*(6*a*e*g-b*(d
*g+5*e*f)))*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g
^(9/2)+1/96*(c*(3*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+35*e^2*f^2)+8*e*g*(6*a*e*g-b*(d*g+5*e
*f)))*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^3-1/24*(-8*b*e*g+9*c*d*g+7*c*e*f)*
(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2+1/4*c*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/
g-1/64*(-d*g+e*f)*(c*(3*d^2*g^2+10*d*e*f*g+35*e^2*f^2)+8*e*g*(6*a*e*g-b*(d
*g+5*e*f)))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^4
```

3.835.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(c(-9d^3g^3+3d^2eg^2(-5f+2gx))+de^2g(145f^2-92fg))}{64e^{5/2}g^{9/2}} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2(c(35e^2f^2+10defg+3d^2g^2))+8eg(6aeg-b(5ef+dg))}{64e^{5/2}g^{9/2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*(-9*d^3*g^3 + 3*d^2*e*g^2*(-5*f + 2*g*x) + d*e^2*g*(145*f^2 - 92*f*g*x + 72*g^2*x^2) + e^3*(-105*f^3 + 70*f^2*g*x - 56*f*g^2*x^2 + 48*g^3*x^3)) + 8*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(-3*e*f + 5*d*g + 2*e*g*x) + b*(3*d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*g*(-11*f + 7*g*x) + e^2*(15*f^2 - 10*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2))))/(192*e^2*g^4) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*(35*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 8*e*g*(6*a*e*g - b*(5*e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(64*e^(5/2)*g^(9/2))`**3.835.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 60, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

↓ 1194

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(8age^2-(7cef+9cdg-8beg)xe-cd(7ef+dg))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e^2g}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(8age^2-(7cef+9cdg-8beg)xe-cd(7ef+dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{8e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e^2g}$$

↓ 90

3.835. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{(8eg(6aeg-b(dg+5ef))+c(3d^2g^2+10defg+35e^2f^2)) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-8beg+9cdg+7cef)}{3g}}{6g} +$$

$$\frac{8e^2g}{4e^2g} \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(8eg(6aeg-b(dg+5ef))+c(3d^2g^2+10defg+35e^2f^2)) \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2g} - \frac{3(ef-dg) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4g} \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-8beg+9cdg+7cef)}{3g}}{6g} +$$

$$\frac{8e^2g}{4e^2g} \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(8eg(6aeg-b(dg+5ef))+c(3d^2g^2+10defg+35e^2f^2)) \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2g} - \frac{3(ef-dg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g} \right)}{4g} \right) - (d+ex)^{5/2}}{6g} +$$

$$\frac{8e^2g}{4e^2g} \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{(8eg(6aeg-b(dg+5ef))+c(3d^2g^2+10defg+35e^2f^2)) \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2g} - \frac{3(ef-dg) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{e-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} \right)}{4g} \right) - (d+ex)}{6g} +$$

$$\frac{8e^2g}{4e^2g} \frac{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{c(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

↓ 221

3.835. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{2g} - \frac{3(ef-dg)\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{eg}^{3/2}}\right)}{4g} \right)}{6g} \frac{(8eg(6aeg-b(dg+5ef))+c(3d^2g^2+10defg+35e^2f^2))}{8e^2g} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{4e^2g}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(4*e^2*g) + (-1/3*((7*c*e*f + 9*c*d*g - 8*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g + ((c*(35*e^2*f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 8*e*g*(6*a*e*g - b*(5*e*f + d*g)))*((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*g) - (3*(e*f - d*g)*((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g - ((e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*g^(3/2))))/(4*g))/(6*g))/(8*e^2*g)`

3.835.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.835.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1206 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1207, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1207

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/384*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-184*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)
)*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*x+144*c*d*e^2*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-
112*c*e^3*f*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+192*((g*x+f)*(e*x+
d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*a*e^3*g^3*x+12*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(
1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^3*e*f*g^3+48*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(
1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*b*d^2*e*g^3+240*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*b*e^
3*f^2*g-288*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*a*e^3*f*g^2+480*((g*x+f)*(
e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*a*d*e^2*g^3-180*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+
d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e^3*f^3*g+54*ln(1/2*(2*e*g
*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*e^2*f
^2*g^2+216*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/
(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d*e^3*f^2*g^2-288*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*a*d*e^3*f*g^3-72*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*
x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d^2*e^2*f*g^3+9*ln
(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*
c*d^4*g^4+105*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*
f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*e^4*f^4+128*b*e^3*g^3*x^2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(
1/2)+96*c*e^3*g^3*x^3*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-24*ln(1/2*(2*e*
g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d^3*e*g^
4+224*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*b*d*e^2*g^3*x-160*((g*x+f)*(e...

```

3.835.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 852, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{3(35ce^4f^4 - 20(3cde^3 + 2be^4)f^3g + 6(3cd^2e^2 + 12bde^3 + 8ae^4)f^2g^2 - 3(35ce^4f^4 - 20(3cde^3 + 2be^4)f^3g + 6(3cd^2e^2 + 12bde^3 + 8ae^4)f^2g^2 + 4(cd^3e - 6bd^2e^2 - 24ade^3)fg^3}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/768*(3*(35*c*e^4*f^4 - 20*(3*c*d*e^3 + 2*b*e^4)*f^3*g + 6*(3*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*b*d*e^3 + 8*a*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + 4*(c*d^3*e - 6*b*d^2*e^2 - 24*a*d*e^3)*f*g^3 + (3*c*d^4 - 8*b*d^3*e + 48*a*d^2*e^2)*g^4)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) + 4*(48*c*e^4*g^4*x^3 - 105*c*e^4*f^3*g + 5*(29*c*d*e^3 + 24*b*e^4)*f^2*g^2 - (15*c*d^2*e^2 + 176*b*d*e^3 + 144*a*e^4)*f*g^3 - 3*(3*c*d^3*e - 8*b*d^2*e^2 - 80*a*d*e^3)*g^4 - 8*(7*c*e^4*f*g^3 - (9*c*d*e^3 + 8*b*e^4)*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(35*c*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*(23*c*d*e^3 + 20*b*e^4)*f*g^3 + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + 56*b*d*e^3 + 48*a*e^4)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^5), -1/384*(3*(35*c*e^4*f^4 - 20*(3*c*d*e^3 + 2*b*e^4)*f^3*g + 6*(3*c*d^2*e^2 + 12*b*d*e^3 + 8*a*e^4)*f^2*g^2 + 4*(c*d^3*e - 6*b*d^2*e^2 - 24*a*d*e^3)*f*g^3 + (3*c*d^4 - 8*b*d^3*e + 48*a*d^2*e^2)*g^4)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) - 2*(48*c*e^4*g^4*x^3 - 105*c*e^4*f^3*g + 5*(29*c*d*e^3 + 24*b*e^4)*f^2*g^2 - (15*c*d^2*e^2 + 176*b*d*e^3 + 144*a*e^4)*f*g^3 - 3*(3*c*d^3*e - 8*b*d^2*e^2 - 80*a*d*e^3)*g^4 - 8*(7*c*e^4*f*g^3 - (9*c*d*e^3 + 8*b*e^4)*g^4)*x^2 + 2*(35*c*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 2*(23*c*d*e^3 + 20*b*e^4)*f*g^3 + (3*c*d^2*e^2 + 56*b*d*e^3 + 48*a*e^4)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^5)]`

3.835.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.835.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

3.835.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg}-deg\right)\left(2(ex+d)\left(4(ex+d)\left(\frac{6(ex+d)c}{e^3g}-\frac{7ce^7fg^5+9c}{e}\right)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/192*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*(2*(e*x + d)*(4*(e*x + d)*(6*(e
*x + d)*c/(e^3*g) - (7*c*e^7*f*g^5 + 9*c*d*e^6*g^6 - 8*b*e^7*g^6)/(e^9*g^7
)) + (35*c*e^8*f^2*g^4 + 10*c*d*e^7*f*g^5 - 40*b*e^8*f*g^5 + 3*c*d^2*e^6*g
^6 - 8*b*d*e^7*g^6 + 48*a*e^8*g^6)/(e^9*g^7)) - 3*(35*c*e^9*f^3*g^3 - 25*c
*d*e^8*f^2*g^4 - 40*b*e^9*f^2*g^4 - 7*c*d^2*e^7*f*g^5 + 32*b*d*e^8*f*g^5 +
48*a*e^9*f*g^5 - 3*c*d^3*e^6*g^6 + 8*b*d^2*e^7*g^6 - 48*a*d*e^8*g^6)/(e^9
*g^7))*sqrt(e*x + d) - 3*(35*c*e^4*f^4 - 60*c*d*e^3*f^3*g - 40*b*e^4*f^3*g
+ 18*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 + 72*b*d*e^3*f^2*g^2 + 48*a*e^4*f^2*g^2 + 4*c*d^3*
e*f*g^3 - 24*b*d^2*e^2*f*g^3 - 96*a*d*e^3*f*g^3 + 3*c*d^4*g^4 - 8*b*d^3*e*
g^4 + 48*a*d^2*e^2*g^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e
*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)))/(sqrt(e*g)*e^2*g^4))*e/abs(e)
```

3.835.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+bx+a)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.836 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.836.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c(5e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) + 2eg(4aeg - b(3ef + dg))) \sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{8e^2g^3}$$

$$- \frac{(5cef + 7cdg - 6beg)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{12e^2g^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3e^2g}$$

$$- \frac{(ef - dg)(c(5e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) + 2eg(4aeg - b(3ef + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{8e^{5/2}g^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/8*(-d*g+e*f)*(c*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2)+2*e*g*(4*a*e*g-b*(d*g+3*e*f)))*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(7/2)
-1/12*(-6*b*e*g+7*c*d*g+5*c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2+1/3*c*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g+1/8*(c*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+5*e^2*f^2)+2*e*g*(4*a*e*g-b*(d*g+3*e*f)))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^3
```

3.836.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(6eg(4aeg+b(-3ef+dg+2egx))+c(-3d^2g^2+2deg(-2f+gx)+e^2(15f^2-10fgx))}{24e^2g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef-dg)(c(5e^2f^2+2defg+d^2g^2)+2eg(4aeg-b(3ef+dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\left(\sqrt{d-\frac{ef}{g}}-\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(6*e*g*(4*a*e*g + b*(-3*e*f + d*g + 2*e*g*x)) + c*(-3*d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*g*(-2*f + g*x) + e^2*(15*f^2 - 10*f*g*x + 8*g^2*x^2)))/(24*e^2*g^3) + ((e*f - d*g)*(c*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*e*g*(4*a*e*g - b*(3*e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*(Sqrt[d - (e*f)/g] - Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(4*e^(5/2)*g^(7/2))`**3.836.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1194$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6age^2-(5cef+7cdg-6beg)xe-cd(5ef+dg))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3e^2g}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6age^2-(5cef+7cdg-6beg)xe-cd(5ef+dg))}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{6e^2g} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{3e^2g}$$

3.836. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 90 \\
& \frac{3(2eg(4aeg-b(dg+3ef))+c(d^2g^2+2defg+5e^2f^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx - (d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-6beg+7cdg+5cef)}{4g} + \\
& \quad \frac{6e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \quad \frac{3e^2g}{3e^2g} \\
& \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{3(2eg(4aeg-b(dg+3ef))+c(d^2g^2+2defg+5e^2f^2)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g} \right) - (d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-6beg+7cdg+5cef)}{4g} + \\
& \quad \frac{6e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \quad \frac{3e^2g}{3e^2g} \\
& \downarrow 66 \\
& \frac{3(2eg(4aeg-b(dg+3ef))+c(d^2g^2+2defg+5e^2f^2)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{e-\frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} \right) - (d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-6beg+7cdg+5cef)}{4g} + \\
& \quad \frac{6e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \quad \frac{3e^2g}{3e^2g} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{eg}^{3/2}} \right) (2eg(4aeg-b(dg+3ef))+c(d^2g^2+2defg+5e^2f^2)) - (d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(-6beg+7cdg+5cef)}{4g} + \\
& \quad \frac{6e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} \\
& \quad \frac{3e^2g}{3e^2g}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*e^2*g) + (-1/2*((5*c*e*f + 7*c*d*g - 6*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g + (3*(c*(5*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*e*g*(4*a*e*g - b*(3*e*f + d*g)))*((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g - ((e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])]))/(Sqrt[e]*g^(3/2)))/(4*g))/(6*e^2*g)`

3.836.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n)/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1194 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.836.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. 2(214) = 428.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}\left(16ce^2g^2x^2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg}+24\ln\left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg}+dg+ef}{2\sqrt{eg}}\right)\right)ade^2g^3-24\ln\left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}}{2\sqrt{eg}}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(16*c*e^2*g^2*x^2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
*(e*g)^(1/2)+24*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+
e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*a*d*e^2*g^3-24*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*a*e^3*f*g^2-6*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)
*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d^2*e*g^3-12*ln(1/2*(
2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*b*d*e^
2*f*g^2+18*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/
(e*g)^(1/2))*b*e^3*f^2*g+3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)
^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^3*g^3+3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)
))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*e*f*g^2+9*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x
+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e^2*f^2*g
-15*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(
1/2))*c*e^3*f^3+24*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*b*e^2*g^2*x+4*((g*x
+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*c*d*e*g^2*x-20*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)
^(1/2)*c*e^2*f*g*x+48*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*a*e^2*g^2+12*((
g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*b*d*e*g^2-36*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d)
))^(1/2)*b*e^2*f*g-6*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*c*d^2*g^2-8*((g*x
+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)*c*d*e*f*g+30*(e*g)^(1/2)*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(
1/2)*c*e^2*f^2)/g^3/((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/e^2/(e*g)^(1/2)
```

3.836.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(5ce^3f^3 - 3(cde^2 + 2be^3)f^2g - (cd^2e - 4bde^2 - 8ae^3)fg^2 - (cd^3 - 2bd^2e + 8ade^2)g^3)\sqrt{eg} \log(8e}{\dots} \right]$$

3.836. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(3*(5*c*e^3*f^3 - 3*(c*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*f^2*g - (c*d^2*e - 4*b*d*e^2 - 8*a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 8*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) - 4*(8*c*e^3*g^3*x^2 + 15*c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*(2*c*d*e^2 + 9*b*e^3)*f*g^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2 - 8*a*e^3)*g^3 - 2*(5*c*e^3*f*g^2 - (c*d*e^2 + 6*b*e^3)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^4), 1/48*(3*(5*c*e^3*f^3 - 3*(c*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*f^2*g - (c*d^2*e - 4*b*d*e^2 - 8*a*e^3)*f*g^2 - (c*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e + 8*a*d*e^2)*g^3)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) + 2*(8*c*e^3*g^3*x^2 + 15*c*e^3*f^2*g - 2*(2*c*d*e^2 + 9*b*e^3)*f*g^2 - 3*(c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2 - 8*a*e^3)*g^3 - 2*(5*c*e^3*f*g^2 - (c*d*e^2 + 6*b*e^3)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^4)]`

3.836.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.836.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.836.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^2f+(ex+d)eg}-deg\sqrt{ex+d}\right)\left(2(ex+d)\left(\frac{4(ex+d)c}{e^3g}-\frac{5ce^7fg^3+7cde^6g^4-6be^7g^4}{e^9g^5}\right)+\frac{3(5ce^8f^2g^2+2cde^7fg^3-6e^8f^2g^2+2cde^7fg^3-6e^8f^2g^2+2cde^7fg^3-6e^8f^2g^2)}{e^9g^5}\right)}{e^9g^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(2*(e*x + d)*(4*(e*x + d)*c/(e^3*g) - (5*c*e^7*f*g^3 + 7*c*d*e^6*g^4 - 6*b*e^7*g^4)/(e^9*g^5)) + 3*(5*c*e^8*f^2*g^2 + 2*c*d*e^7*f*g^3 - 6*b*e^8*f*g^3 + c*d^2*e^6*g^4 - 2*b*d*e^7*g^4 + 8*a*e^8*g^4)/(e^9*g^5)) + 3*(5*c*e^3*f^3 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^2*g - 6*b*e^3*f^2*g - c*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 4*b*d*e^2*f*g^2 + 8*a*e^3*f*g^2 - c*d^3*g^3 + 2*b*d^2*e*g^3 - 8*a*d*e^2*g^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)))/(sqrt(e*g)*e^2*g^3))*e/abs(e)`

3.836.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 109.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1832, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
&(((2*a*d*g + 2*a*e*f)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3)/(g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} \\
&- f^{(1/2)})^3) + ((2*a*e^2*f + 2*a*d*e*g)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}))/(g^ \\
&3*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) - (8*a*d^{(1/2)}*e*f^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - \\
&d^{(1/2)})^2)/(g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2))/(((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}) \\
&^4/((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4 + e^2/g^2 - (2*e*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d \\
&^{(1/2)})^2)/(g*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2)) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}) \\
&^2)*((c*d^3*e^3*g^3)/4 - (5*c*e^6*f^3)/4 + (3*c*d*e^5*f^2*g)/4 + (c*d^2*e^ \\
&4*f*g^2)/4))/(g^9*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}) \\
&^5*((33*c*e^4*f^3)/2 + (19*c*d^3*e*g^3)/2 + (313*c*d*e^3*f^2*g)/2 + (27 \\
&5*c*d^2*e^2*f*g^2)/2))/(g^7*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^5) - (((d + e*x)^{(\\
&1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^7*((19*c*d^3*g^3)/2 + (33*c*e^3*f^3)/2 + (313*c*d*e^2*f^2* \\
&g)/2 + (275*c*d^2*e*f*g^2)/2))/(g^6*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^7) - (((d \\
&+ e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3*((17*c*d^3*e^2*g^3)/12 - (85*c*e^5*f^3)/12 + (17 \\
&*c*d*e^4*f^2*g)/4 + (91*c*d^2*e^3*f*g^2)/4))/(g^8*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/ \\
&2)})^3) + (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^11*((c*d^3*g^3)/4 - (5*c*e^3*f^3)/4 \\
&+ (3*c*d*e^2*f^2*g)/4 + (c*d^2*e*f*g^2)/4))/(e^2*g^4*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{ \\
&(1/2)})^11) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^9*((17*c*d^3*g^3)/12 - (85*c*e^3 \\
&*f^3)/12 + (17*c*d*e^2*f^2*g)/4 + (91*c*d^2*e*f*g^2)/4))/(e*g^5*((f + g*x) \\
&^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^9) + (d^{(1/2)}*f^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^6*(128 \\
&*c*e^3*f^2 + 64*c*d^2*e*g^2 + (704*c*d*e^2*f*g)/3))/(g^6*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^6)
\end{aligned}$$

3.837 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.837.1 Optimal result	6120
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3.837.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{(3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} + \frac{(c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2) + 4eg(2aeg - b(e f + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(c*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)+4*e*g*(2*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f)))*arctan
h(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(5/2)+1/2*c*(e*x+
d)^(3/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g-1/4*(-4*b*e*g+5*c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*
(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2
```

3.837.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}(4beg + c(-3ef - 3dg + 2egx))}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{(c(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2) + 4eg(2aeg - b(e f + dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{4e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(4*b*e*g + c*(-3*e*f - 3*d*g + 2*e*g*x)))/(4*e^2*g^2) + ((c*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 4*e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(4*e^(5/2)*g^(5/2))`

3.837.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1194 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4age^2 - (3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)xe - cd(3ef + dg)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2e^2g} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4age^2 - (3cef + 5cdg - 4beg)xe - cd(3ef + dg)}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4e^2g} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{2e^2g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(4eg(2aeg - b(dg + ef)) + c(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg + 5cdg + 3cef)}{g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4e^2g}{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{(4eg(2aeg - b(dg + ef)) + c(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{e - \frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg + 5cdg + 3cef)}{g} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4e^2g}{c(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

3.837. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)(4eg(2aeg-b(dg+ef))+c(3d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2))}{\sqrt{eg}^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-4beg+5cdg+3cef)}{g} + \frac{4e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2e^2g}{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(2*e^2*g) + (-(((3*c*e*f + 5*c*d*g - 4*b*e*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g) + ((c*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 4*e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*g^(3/2)))/(4*e^2*g)`

3.837.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

3.837.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(3ce^2f^2 + 2(cde - 2be^2)fg + (3cd^2 - 4bde + 8ae^2)g^2\right)\sqrt{eg} \log(8e^2g^2x^2 + e^2f^2 + 6defg + d^2g^2 + 4(2*egx + ef + dg)\sqrt{-eg}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}) + (3ce^2f^2 + 2(cde - 2be^2)fg + (3cd^2 - 4bde + 8ae^2)g^2)\sqrt{-eg} \arctan\left(\frac{(2egx+ef+dg)\sqrt{-eg}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}}{2(e^2g^2x^2+defg+(e^2fg+deg^2)x)}\right)}{8e^3g^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `[1/16*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e - 2*b*e^2)*f*g + (3*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) + 4*(2*c*e^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d*e - 4*b*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^3), -1/8*((3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e - 2*b*e^2)*f*g + (3*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 8*a*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) - 2*(2*c*e^2*g^2*x - 3*c*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d*e - 4*b*e^2)*g^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(e^3*g^3)]`**3.837.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.837.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

3.837.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^2 f + (ex + d)eg} - deg\sqrt{ex + d}\right)\left(\frac{2(ex+d)c}{e^3 g} - \frac{3ce^6 fg + 5cde^5 g^2 - 4be^6 g^2}{e^8 g^3}\right) - \frac{(3ce^2 f^2 + 2cdefg - 4be^2 fg + 3cd^2 g^2 - 4bdeg^2)}{4|e|}}{4|e|}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*(2*(e*x + d)*c/(e^3*g) - (3*c*e^6*f*g + 5*c*d*e^5*g^2 - 4*b*e^6*g^2)/(e^8*g^3)) - (3*c*e^2*f^2 + 2*c*d*e*f*g - 4*b*e^2*f*g + 3*c*d^2*g^2 - 4*b*d*e*g^2 + 8*a*e^2*g^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)))/(sqrt(e*g)*e^2*g^2))*e/abs(e)`

3.837.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 833, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
&= \frac{(2bdg + 2bef)(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} + \frac{(2bdg + 2bef)(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3}{eg^2(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^3} - \frac{8b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2}{g^2(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^2} \\
&= \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^4}{(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^4} + \frac{e^2}{g^2} - \frac{2e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2}{g(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^2}}{g^6(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} - \frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3 \left(\frac{11cd^2g^2}{2} + 25cdefg + \frac{11ce^2f^2}{2} \right)}{g^5(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^3} + \frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^7 \left(\frac{3cd^2g^2}{2} + c \right)}{e^2g^3(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^7} \\
&\quad - \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^8}{(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^8} + \frac{e^4}{g^4} - \frac{4e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^6}{g(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})^6} - \frac{4e^3}{g^3} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{-eg}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})} \right)}{e^{3/2}g^{3/2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{4a \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{e(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})}{\sqrt{-eg}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})} \right) - 2b \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} \right) (dg + ef)}{e^{3/2}g^{3/2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{c \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{g}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{f+gx}-\sqrt{f})} \right) (3d^2g^2 + 2defg + 3e^2f^2)}{2e^{5/2}g^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((2*b*d*g + 2*b*e*f)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}))/g^3*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)}) \\
& + ((2*b*d*g + 2*b*e*f)*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3)/(e*g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^3) \\
& - (8*b*d^{(1/2)}*f^{(1/2)}*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2)/(g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2)) / (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4 / ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4 + e^2/g^2 - (2*e*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2) / (g*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2)) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)}) * ((3*c*e^3*f^2)/2 + (3*c*d^2*e*g^2)/2 + c*d*e^2*f*g)) / (g^6*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^3 * ((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (11*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + 25*c*d*e*f*g)) / (g^5*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^3) + (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^7 * ((3*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (3*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + c*d*e*f*g)) / (e^2 * g^3 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^7) - (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^5 * ((11*c*d^2*g^2)/2 + (11*c*e^2*f^2)/2 + 25*c*d*e*f*g)) / (e*g^4 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^5) + (d^{(1/2)} * f^{(1/2)} * (32*c*d*g + 32*c*e*f) * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4) / (g^4 * ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4)) / (((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^8 / ((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^8 + e^4/g^4 - (4*e*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^6) / (g*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^6) - (4*e^3*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^2) / (g^3*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^2) + (6*e^2*((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})^4) / (g^2*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})^4)) - (4*a*atan((e*((f + g*x)^{(1/2)} - f^{(1/2)})) / ((-e*g)^{(1/2)} * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})))) / ((-e*g)^{(1/2)}) - (2*b*atanh((g^{(1/2)} * ((d + e*x)^{(1/2)} - d^{(1/2)})) / (e^{(1/2)} * ((f + g*x)...
\end{aligned}$$

3.838 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.838.1 Optimal result 6128
 3.838.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6128
 3.838.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6129
 3.838.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6131
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 3.838.6 Sympy [F] 6132
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 3.838.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6133

3.838.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f+gx}}{(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2g} - \frac{(cef+3cdg-2beg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{e^{5/2}g^{3/2}}$$

output `-(-2*b*e*g+3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(3/2)-2*(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/g`

3.838.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(2e(bd-ae)g+c(-3d^2g+e^2fx+de(f-gx)))}{e^2g(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(2beg-c(ef+3dg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{e^{5/2}g^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(2*e*(b*d - a*e)*g + c*(-3*d^2*g + e^2*f*x + d*e*(f - g*x)))/ (e^2*g*(e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + ((2*b*e*g - c*(e*f + 3*d*g))*\text{ArcTan}h[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(e^{(5/2)}*g^{(3/2)})$

3.838.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{(ef-dg)(cd-be-cex)}{2e^2 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{ef-dg} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cd-be-cex}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 90

$$-\frac{\frac{(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{2g}}{e^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 66

$$-\frac{\frac{(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{g \frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}}}{g}}{e^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{g} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 221

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)} - \frac{\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)(-2beg+3cdg+cef)}{\sqrt{eg}^{3/2}}}{e^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}}{g}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]),x]$

3.838. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$


```
output (-2*(a + (d*(c*d - b*e))/e^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) -
  (-((c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/g) + ((c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*ArcT
anh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*g^(3/2)))/e
^2
```

3.838.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.838.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 696 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 697, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.40

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \left(2 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) bde^2g^2x - 2 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) be^3fgx - 3 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) \right)}{2}$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} (g x + f)^{1/2} \left(2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)})^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * b * d * e^2 * g^2 * x - 2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * b * e^3 * f * g * x - 3 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * d^2 * e * g^2 * x + 2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * d * e^2 * f * g * x + \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * e^3 * f^2 * x + 2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * b * d^2 * e * g^2 - 2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * b * d * e^2 * f * g - 3 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * d^3 * g^2 + 2 \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * d^2 * e * f * g + \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + d g + e f \right) / (e g)^{1/2} \right) * c * d * e^2 * f^2 + 2 * c * d * e * g * x * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} - 2 * c * e^2 * f * x * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + 4 * a * e^2 * g * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} - 4 * b * d * e * g * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} + 6 * c * d^2 * g * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} - 2 * c * d * e * f * \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} \right) / (e g)^{1/2} / g / (d * g - e * f) / \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 e g x + 2 \sqrt{(g x + f)(e x + d)}) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. ^{1/2} (e g)^{1/2} \right) / e^2 / (e * x + d) \right)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$
3.838.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \left[- \frac{(cde^2 f^2 + 2(cd^2 e - bde^2)fg - (3cd^3 - 2bd^2 e)g^2 + (ce^3 f^2 + 2(cde^2 - be^3))}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((c*d*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e)*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) - 4*(c*d*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2 + 2*a*e^3)*g^2 + (c*e^3*f*g - c*d*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^4*f*g^2 - d^2*e^3*g^3 + (e^5*f*g^2 - d*e^4*g^3)*x), 1/2*((c*d*e^2*f^2 + 2*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2)*f*g - (3*c*d^3 - 2*b*d^2*e)*g^2 + (c*e^3*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e^2 - b*e^3)*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) + 2*(c*d*e^2*f*g - (3*c*d^2*e - 2*b*d*e^2 + 2*a*e^3)*g^2 + (c*e^3*f*g - c*d*e^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d*e^4*f*g^2 - d^2*e^3*g^3 + (e^5*f*g^2 - d*e^4*g^3)*x)]`

3.838.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.838.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.838.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(cd^2g - bdeg + ae^2g)}{\left(e^2f - deg - \left(\sqrt{eg}\sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{e^2f + (ex + d)eg - deg}\right)^2\right) \sqrt{eg}|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{(cef + 3cdg - 2beg) \log\left(\left(\sqrt{eg}\sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{e^2f + (ex + d)eg - deg}\right)^2\right)}{2\sqrt{eg}eg|e|}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{e^2f + (ex + d)eg - deg}\sqrt{ex + d}c|e|}{e^4g}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*(c*d^2*g - b*d*e*g + a*e^2*g)/((e^2*f - d*e*g - (sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2)*sqrt(e*g)*abs(e)) + 1/2*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*log((sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2)/(sqrt(e*g)*e*g*abs(e)) + sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*abs(e)/(e^4*g)`

3.838.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{cx^2 + bx + a}{\sqrt{f + gx} (d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.838. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.839 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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3.839.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f + gx}}{3(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(c(6def - 4d^2g) - e(3bef - bdg - 2aeg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{3e^2(ef - dg)^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{e^{5/2}\sqrt{g}}$$

output `2*c*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/e^(5/2)/g^(1/2)-2/3*(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/3*(c*(-4*d^2*g+6*d*e*f)-e*(-2*a*e*g-b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.839.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(cd(-3d^2g + 6e^2fx + de(5f - 4gx)) + e^2(b(-2df - 3efx + dgx) + 2c\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right))}{3e^2(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*d*(-3*d^2*g + 6*e^2*f*x + d*e*(5*f - 4*g*x)) + e^2*(b*(-2*d*f - 3*e*f*x + d*g*x) + a*(-(e*f) + 3*d*g + 2*e*g*x)))/(3*e^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(e^(5/2)*Sqrt[g])`

3.839.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1193} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{-3c \left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right) x e^2 - (3bef - bdg - 2aeg) e + cd(3ef - dg)}{2e^2 (d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (ef - dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd(3ef - dg) - e(3bef - bdg - 2aeg) - 3ce(ef - dg)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (ef - dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{-3c(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(3ef-2dg) - e(-2aeg - bdg + 3bef))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}}{3e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (ef - dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{-6c(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{e - \frac{g(d+ex)}{f+gx}} d \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(3ef-2dg) - e(-2aeg - bdg + 3bef))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)}}{3e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{3(d + ex)^{3/2} (ef - dg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.839. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\downarrow \text{221}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(3ef-2dg)-e(-2aeg-bdg+3bef))}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)} - \frac{6c(ef-dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{g}}}{3e^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]
```

```
output (-2*(a + (d*(c*d - b*e))/e^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - ((-2*(2*c*d*(3*e*f - 2*d*g) - e*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g - 2*a*e*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (6*c*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[g])/(3*e^2*(e*f - d*g))
```

3.839.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)
+ (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.839.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 772 vs. 2(136) = 272.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

method	result
default	$\sqrt{gx+f} \left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) cd^2e^2g^2x^2 - 6 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) cde^3fgx^2 + 3 \ln \left(\frac{2egx+2\sqrt{(gx+f)(ex+d)}\sqrt{eg+dg+ef}}{2\sqrt{eg}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)
+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*e^2*g^2*x^2-6*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x
+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e^3*f*g*x^2+3*ln(1/2*(2*e
*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*e^4*f^2
*x^2+6*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g
)^(1/2))*c*d^3*e*g^2*x-12*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(
1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*e^2*f*g*x+6*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(
e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d*e^3*f^2*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*
e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^4*g^
2-6*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(
1/2))*c*d^3*e*f*g+3*ln(1/2*(2*e*g*x+2*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+
d*g+e*f)/(e*g)^(1/2))*c*d^2*e^2*f^2+4*a*e^3*g*x*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e
*g)^(1/2)+2*b*d*e^2*g*x*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-6*b*e^3*f*x*((
g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-8*c*d^2*e*g*x*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e
*g)^(1/2)+12*c*d*e^2*f*x*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+6*a*d*e^2*g*(
(g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-2*a*e^3*f*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)
^(1/2)-4*b*d*e^2*f*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)-6*c*d^3*g*((g*x+f)*
(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2)+10*c*d^2*e*f*((g*x+f)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(e*g)^(1/2
))/e^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

$$3.839. \int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

3.839.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 3.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{3(cd^2e^2f^2 - 2cd^3efg + cd^4g^2 + (ce^4f^2 - 2cde^3fg + cd^2e^2g^2)x^2 + 2(cde^3f^2 - 2cd^2e^2fg + cd^3eg^2)x)\sqrt{f + gx} + 3(cd^2e^2f^2 - 2cd^3efg + cd^4g^2 + (ce^4f^2 - 2cde^3fg + cd^2e^2g^2)x^2 + 2(cde^3f^2 - 2cd^2e^2fg + cd^3eg^2)x)\sqrt{f + gx}}{3(d^2e^5f^2g - 2d^3e^4fg^2)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(c*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*c*d^3*e*f*g + c*d^4*g^2 + (c*e^4*f^2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(c*d*e^3*f^2 - 2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + c*d^3*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*g)*log(8*e^2*g^2*x^2 + e^2*f^2 + 6*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2 + 4*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f) + 8*(e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x) + 4*((5*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*d*e^3 - a*e^4)*f*g - 3*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*g^2 + (3*(2*c*d*e^3 - b*e^4)*f*g - (4*c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 - 2*a*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d^2*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^3*e^4*f*g^2 + d^4*e^3*g^3 + (e^7*f^2*g - 2*d*e^6*f*g^2 + d^2*e^5*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^6*f^2*g - 2*d^2*e^5*f*g^2 + d^3*e^4*g^3)*x), -1/3*(3*(c*d^2*e^2*f^2 - 2*c*d^3*e*f*g + c*d^4*g^2 + (c*e^4*f^2 - 2*c*d*e^3*f*g + c*d^2*e^2*g^2)*x^2 + 2*(c*d*e^3*f^2 - 2*c*d^2*e^2*f*g + c*d^3*e*g^2)*x)*sqrt(-e*g)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*g*x + e*f + d*g)*sqrt(-e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e^2*g^2*x^2 + d*e*f*g + (e^2*f*g + d*e*g^2)*x)) - 2*((5*c*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*d*e^3 - a*e^4)*f*g - 3*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*g^2 + (3*(2*c*d*e^3 - b*e^4)*f*g - (4*c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 - 2*a*e^4)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(d^2*e^5*f^2*g - 2*d^3*e^4*f*g^2 + d^4*e^3*g^3 + (e^7*f^2*g - 2*d*e^6*f*g^2 + d^2*e^5*g^3)*x^2 + 2*(d*e^6*f^2*g - 2*d^2*e^5*f*g^2 + d^3*e^4*g^3)*x)]`

3.839.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

3.839. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**(5/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.839.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.839.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{c \log \left(\left(\sqrt{eg} \sqrt{ex + d} - \sqrt{e^2 f + (ex + d)eg - deg} \right)^2 \right)}{\sqrt{ege}|e|} + \frac{4 \left(6cde^4 f^2 g - 3be^5 f^2 g - 10cd^2 e^3 fg^2 + 4bde^4 fg^2 + 2ae^5 fg^2 + 4cd^3 e^2 g^3 - bd^2 e^3 g^3 - 2ade^4 g^3 - 12 \left(\sqrt{e} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c*log((sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2)/
 (sqrt(e*g)*e*abs(e)) + 4/3*(6*c*d*e^4*f^2*g - 3*b*e^5*f^2*g - 10*c*d^2*e^3
 *f*g^2 + 4*b*d*e^4*f*g^2 + 2*a*e^5*f*g^2 + 4*c*d^3*e^2*g^3 - b*d^2*e^3*g^3
 - 2*a*d*e^4*g^3 - 12*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*
 g - d*e*g))^2*c*d*e^2*f*g + 6*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x
 + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*e^3*f*g + 6*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f
 + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d^2*e*g^2 - 6*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqr
 t(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*a*e^3*g^2 + 6*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d)
 - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^4*c*d*g - 3*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x +
 d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^4*b*e*g)/((e^2*f - d*e*g - (sqrt
 (e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2)^3*sqrt(e*g)*
 abs(e))`

3.839.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{cx^2 + bx + a}{\sqrt{f + gx} (d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.840 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

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 3.840.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6141
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 3.840.6 Sympy [F] 6145
 3.840.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6145
 3.840.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6146
 3.840.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6147

3.840.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f + gx}}{5(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2cd(5ef - 3dg) - e(5bef - bdg - 4aeg))\sqrt{f + gx}}{15e^2(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2eg(5bef - bdg - 4aeg) - c(15e^2f^2 - 10defg + 3d^2g^2))\sqrt{f + gx}}{15e^2(ef - dg)^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

```
output -2/5*(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/15*(2*c*d*(-3*d*g+5*e*f)-e*(-4*a*e*g-b*d*g+5*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+2/15*(2*e*g*(-4*a*e*g-b*d*g+5*b*e*f)-c*(3*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+15*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.840.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}\left(15cf^2 - 15bfg + 15ag^2 - \frac{10cdf(f+gx)}{d+ex} + \frac{5bef(f+gx)}{d+ex} + \frac{5bdg(f+gx)}{d+ex} - \frac{10aeg(f+gx)}{d+ex} + \frac{3cd^2(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3bde}{(d+ex)}\right)}{15(ef - dg)^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

3.840. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(-2\sqrt{f + gx}*(15*c*f^2 - 15*b*f*g + 15*a*g^2 - (10*c*d*f*(f + gx)))/(d + e*x) + (5*b*e*f*(f + gx))/(d + e*x) + (5*b*d*g*(f + gx))/(d + e*x) - (10*a*e*g*(f + gx))/(d + e*x) + (3*c*d^2*(f + gx)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 - (3*b*d*e*(f + gx)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (3*a*e^2*(f + gx)^2)/(d + e*x)^2)/(15*(e*f - d*g)^3\sqrt{d + e*x})$

3.840.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{-5c(f - \frac{dg}{e})xe^2 - (5bef - bdg - 4aeg)e + cd(5ef - dg)}{2e^2(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{5(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} \right)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cd(5ef - dg) - e(5bef - bdg - 4aeg) - 5ce(ef - dg)x}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{5e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} \right)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{(2eg(-4aeg - bdg + 5bef) - c(3d^2g^2 - 10defg + 15e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(5ef - 3dg) - e(-4aeg - bdg + 5bef))}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef - dg)}$$

$$\frac{5e^2(ef - dg)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} \right)}{5(d + ex)^{5/2}(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2eg(-4aeg-bdg+5bef)-c(3d^2g^2-10defg+15e^2f^2))}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(5ef-3dg)-e(-4aeg-bdg+5bef))}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)}}{5e^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(-2*(a + (d*(c*d - b*e))/e^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(5*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - ((-2*(2*c*d*(5*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(5*b*e*f - b*d*g - 4*a*e*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(2*e*g*(5*b*e*f - b*d*g - 4*a*e*g) - c*(15*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(5*e^2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.840.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/15*(15*a*d^2*g^2 + (8*c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + 3*a*e^2)*f^2 - 10*(b*d^2 + a*d* \\ & e)*f*g + (15*c*e^2*f^2 - 10*(c*d*e + b*e^2)*f*g + (3*c*d^2 + 2*b*d*e + 8*a \\ & *e^2)*g^2)*x^2 + (5*(4*c*d*e + b*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(2*c*d^2 + 13*b*d*e + 2*a*e^ \\ & 2)*f*g + 5*(b*d^2 + 4*a*d*e)*g^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(d^3*e^3* \\ & f^3 - 3*d^4*e^2*f^2*g + 3*d^5*e*f*g^2 - d^6*g^3 + (e^6*f^3 - 3*d*e^5*f^2*g \\ & + 3*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 - d^3*e^3*g^3)*x^3 + 3*(d*e^5*f^3 - 3*d^2*e^4*f^2*g + 3 \\ & *d^3*e^3*f*g^2 - d^4*e^2*g^3)*x^2 + 3*(d^2*e^4*f^3 - 3*d^3*e^3*f^2*g + 3*d \\ & ^4*e^2*f*g^2 - d^5*e*g^3)*x) \end{aligned}$$

3.840.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(7/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**(7/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.840.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.840.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1175 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1175, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.93

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx =$$

$$4 \left(15 \sqrt{egce^8 f^4} - 40 \sqrt{egcde^7 f^3 g} - 10 \sqrt{egbe^8 f^3 g} + 38 \sqrt{egcd^2 e^6 f^2 g^2} + 22 \sqrt{egbde^7 f^2 g^2} + 8 \sqrt{egae^8 f^2 g^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-4/15*(15*sqrt(e*g)*c*e^8*f^4 - 40*sqrt(e*g)*c*d*e^7*f^3*g - 10*sqrt(e*g)*
b*e^8*f^3*g + 38*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^2 + 22*sqrt(e*g)*b*d*e^7*f^2*g^
2 + 8*sqrt(e*g)*a*e^8*f^2*g^2 - 16*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^3*e^5*f*g^3 - 14*sqrt(e*g
)*b*d^2*e^6*f*g^3 - 16*sqrt(e*g)*a*d*e^7*f*g^3 + 3*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^4*e^4*g^4
+ 2*sqrt(e*g)*b*d^3*e^5*g^4 + 8*sqrt(e*g)*a*d^2*e^6*g^4 - 60*sqrt(e*g)*(s
qrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*e^6*f^3
+ 80*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e
*g))^2*c*d*e^5*f^2*g + 50*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f
+ (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*e^6*f^2*g - 20*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x
+ d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d^2*e^4*f*g^2 - 60*sqrt(e
*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*d*
e^5*f*g^2 - 40*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)
*e*g - d*e*g))^2*a*e^6*f*g^2 + 10*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqr
t(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*d^2*e^4*g^3 + 40*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g
)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*a*d*e^5*g^3 + 90*
sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^
4*c*e^4*f^2 - 40*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x +
d)*e*g - d*e*g))^4*c*d*e^3*f*g - 70*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - s
qrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^4*b*e^4*f*g + 30*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*
sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^4*c*d^2*e^2*g^2 - ...
```

3.840.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{16cd^2 f^2 - 20bd^2 fg + 30ad^2 g^2 + 4bdef^2 - 20adefg + 6ae^2 f^2}{15e^2 (dg - ef)^3} + \frac{x(-8cd^2 fg + 10bd^2}{x^2 \sqrt{d -$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)),x)`

output `((f + g*x)^(1/2)*((30*a*d^2*g^2 + 6*a*e^2*f^2 + 16*c*d^2*f^2 + 4*b*d*e*f^2 - 20*b*d^2*f*g - 20*a*d*e*f*g)/(15*e^2*(d*g - e*f)^3) + (x*(10*b*d^2*g^2 + 10*b*e^2*f^2 + 40*a*d*e*g^2 + 40*c*d*e*f^2 - 8*a*e^2*f*g - 8*c*d^2*f*g - 52*b*d*e*f*g))/(15*e^2*(d*g - e*f)^3) + (x^2*(16*a*e^2*g^2 + 6*c*d^2*g^2 + 30*c*e^2*f^2 + 4*b*d*e*g^2 - 20*b*e^2*f*g - 20*c*d*e*f*g))/(15*e^2*(d*g - e*f)^3)))/(x^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + (d^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^2 + (2*d*x*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e)`

3.841 $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.841.1 Optimal result	6148
3.841.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6149
3.841.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6149
3.841.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6152
3.841.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6152
3.841.6 Sympy [F]	6153
3.841.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6153
3.841.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6154
3.841.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6154

3.841.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)\sqrt{f+gx}}{7(ef-dg)(d+ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2(2cd(7ef-4dg) - e(7bef-bdg-6aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}}{35e^2(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2(4eg(7bef-bdg-6aeg) - c(35e^2f^2 - 14defg + 3d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}}{105e^2(ef-dg)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4g(4eg(7bef-bdg-6aeg) - c(35e^2f^2 - 14defg + 3d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}}{105e^2(ef-dg)^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output

```
-2/7*(a+d*(-b*e+c*d)/e^2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+2/35*(2*c*d*(-4*d*g+7*e*f)-e*(-6*a*e*g-b*d*g+7*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^(2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+2/105*(4*e*g*(-6*a*e*g-b*d*g+7*b*e*f)-c*(3*d^2*g^2-14*d*e*f*g+35*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-4/105*g*(4*e*g*(-6*a*e*g-b*d*g+7*b*e*f)-c*(3*d^2*g^2-14*d*e*f*g+35*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.841.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(-105cf^2g(d + ex)^3 + 105bfg^2(d + ex)^3 - 105ag^3(d + ex)^3 + 35cef^2(d + ex)^2(f + gx) + 70cd$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(9/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(-105*c*f^2*g*(d + e*x)^3 + 105*b*f*g^2*(d + e*x)^3 - 105*a*g^3*(d + e*x)^3 + 35*c*e*f^2*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x) + 70*c*d*f*g*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x) - 70*b*e*f*g*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x) - 35*b*d*g^2*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x) + 105*a*e*g^2*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x) - 42*c*d*e*f*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2 + 21*b*e^2*f*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2 - 21*c*d^2*g*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2 + 42*b*d*e*g*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2 - 63*a*e^2*g*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2 + 15*c*d^2*e*(f + g*x)^3 - 15*b*d*e^2*(f + g*x)^3 + 15*a*e^3*(f + g*x)^3)/(105*(e*f - d*g)^4*(d + e*x)^(7/2))$

3.841.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{-7c(f - \frac{dg}{e})xe^2 - (7bef - bdg - 6aeg)e + cd(7ef - dg)}{2e^2(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{7(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} \right)}{7(d + ex)^{7/2}(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{\int \frac{cd(7ef - dg) - e(7bef - bdg - 6aeg) - 7ce(ef - dg)x}{(d + ex)^{7/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx}{7e^2(ef - dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(a + \frac{d(cd - be)}{e^2} \right)}{7(d + ex)^{7/2}(ef - dg)}$$

3.841. $\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

↓ 87

$$\frac{(4eg(-6aeg-bdg+7bef)-c(3d^2g^2-14defg+35e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(7ef-4dg)-e(-6aeg-bdg+7bef))}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(ef-dg)}}{5(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{7e^2(ef-dg)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)} \frac{1}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 55

$$\frac{(4eg(-6aeg-bdg+7bef)-c(3d^2g^2-14defg+35e^2f^2)) \left(-\frac{2g \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{3(ef-dg)} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(7ef-4dg)-e(-6aeg-bdg+7bef))}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(ef-dg)}}{5(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{7e^2(ef-dg)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)} \frac{1}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right) (4eg(-6aeg-bdg+7bef)-c(3d^2g^2-14defg+35e^2f^2)) - \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(2cd(7ef-4dg)-e(-6aeg-bdg+7bef))}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(ef-dg)}}{5(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{7e^2(ef-dg)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\left(a + \frac{d(cd-be)}{e^2}\right)} \frac{1}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)/((d + e*x)^(9/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `(-2*(a + (d*(c*d - b*e))/e^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(7*(ef - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) - ((-2*(2*c*d*(7*ef - 4*d*g) - e*(7*b*e*f - b*d*g - 6*a*e*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(5*(ef - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + ((4*e*g*(7*b*e*f - b*d*g - 6*a*e*g) - c*(35*e^2*f^2 - 14*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*((-2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*(ef - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*g*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(3*(ef - d*g)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))) / (5*(ef - d*g))) / (7*e^2*(ef - d*g))`

3.841.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

3.841.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(48ae^3g^3x^3+8bde^2g^3x^3-56be^3fg^2x^3+6cd^2eg^3x^3-28cde^2fg^2x^3+70ce^3f^2gx^3+168ade^2g^3x^2-24ae^3fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2-24ade^2fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2-24ade^2fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2)}{(e^3x^3+g^3x^3)}$
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{gx+f}(48ae^3g^3x^3+8bde^2g^3x^3-56be^3fg^2x^3+6cd^2eg^3x^3-28cde^2fg^2x^3+70ce^3f^2gx^3+168ade^2g^3x^2-24ae^3fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2-24ade^2fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2-24ade^2fg^2x^2+28bd^2eg^3x^2)}{(e^3x^3+g^3x^3)}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/105*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(48*a*e^3*g^3*x^3+8*b*d*e^2*g^3*x^3-56*b*e^3*f*g^2*x^3
+6*c*d^2*e*g^3*x^3-28*c*d*e^2*f*g^2*x^3+70*c*e^3*f^2*g*x^3+168*a*d*e^2*g^3
*x^2-24*a*e^3*f*g^2*x^2+28*b*d^2*e*g^3*x^2-200*b*d*e^2*f*g^2*x^2+28*b*e^3*
f^2*g*x^2+21*c*d^3*g^3*x^2-101*c*d^2*e*f*g^2*x^2+259*c*d*e^2*f^2*g*x^2-35*
c*e^3*f^3*x^2+210*a*d^2*e*g^3*x-84*a*d*e^2*f*g^2*x+18*a*e^3*f^2*g*x+35*b*d
^3*g^3*x-259*b*d^2*e*f*g^2*x+101*b*d*e^2*f^2*g*x-21*b*e^3*f^3*x-28*c*d^3*f
*g^2*x+200*c*d^2*e*f^2*g*x-28*c*d*e^2*f^3*x+105*a*d^3*g^3-105*a*d^2*e*f*g^
2+63*a*d*e^2*f^2*g-15*a*e^3*f^3-70*b*d^3*f*g^2+28*b*d^2*e*f^2*g-6*b*d*e^2*
f^3+56*c*d^3*f^2*g-8*c*d^2*e*f^3)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(d*g-e*f)^4
```

3.841.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs. $2(257) = 514$.

Time = 22.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2(105ad^3g^3 - (8cd^2e + 6bde^2 + 15ae^3)f^3 + 7(8cd^3 + 4bd^2e + 9ade^2)f^2g - 105(d^4e^4f^4 - 4d^5e^4f^3))}{105(d^4e^4f^4 - 4d^5e^4f^3)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/105*(105*a*d^3*g^3 - (8*c*d^2*e + 6*b*d*e^2 + 15*a*e^3)*f^3 + 7*(8*c*d^3
+ 4*b*d^2*e + 9*a*d*e^2)*f^2*g - 35*(2*b*d^3 + 3*a*d^2*e)*f*g^2 + 2*(35*c
*e^3*f^2*g - 14*(c*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*f*g^2 + (3*c*d^2*e + 4*b*d*e^2 + 24*a*
e^3)*g^3)*x^3 - (35*c*e^3*f^3 - 7*(37*c*d*e^2 + 4*b*e^3)*f^2*g + (101*c*d^
2*e + 200*b*d*e^2 + 24*a*e^3)*f*g^2 - 7*(3*c*d^3 + 4*b*d^2*e + 24*a*d*e^2)
*g^3)*x^2 - (7*(4*c*d*e^2 + 3*b*e^3)*f^3 - (200*c*d^2*e + 101*b*d*e^2 + 18
*a*e^3)*f^2*g + 7*(4*c*d^3 + 37*b*d^2*e + 12*a*d*e^2)*f*g^2 - 35*(b*d^3 +
6*a*d^2*e)*g^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(d^4*e^4*f^4 - 4*d^5*e^3*f^
3*g + 6*d^6*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*d^7*e*f*g^3 + d^8*g^4 + (e^8*f^4 - 4*d*e^7*f^3
*g + 6*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^2 - 4*d^3*e^5*f*g^3 + d^4*e^4*g^4)*x^4 + 4*(d*e^7*f^4
- 4*d^2*e^6*f^3*g + 6*d^3*e^5*f^2*g^2 - 4*d^4*e^4*f*g^3 + d^5*e^3*g^4)*x^
3 + 6*(d^2*e^6*f^4 - 4*d^3*e^5*f^3*g + 6*d^4*e^4*f^2*g^2 - 4*d^5*e^3*f*g^3
+ d^6*e^2*g^4)*x^2 + 4*(d^3*e^5*f^4 - 4*d^4*e^4*f^3*g + 6*d^5*e^3*f^2*g^2
- 4*d^6*e^2*f*g^3 + d^7*e*g^4)*x)
```

3.841.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)**(9/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**(9/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)
```

3.841.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(d*g-e*f)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.841. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.841.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2035 vs. 2(257) = 514.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2035, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.24

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `8/105*(35*sqrt(e*g)*c*e^10*f^5*g - 119*sqrt(e*g)*c*d*e^9*f^4*g^2 - 28*sqrt(e*g)*b*e^10*f^4*g^2 + 150*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^2*e^8*f^3*g^3 + 88*sqrt(e*g)*b*d*e^9*f^3*g^3 + 24*sqrt(e*g)*a*e^10*f^3*g^3 - 86*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^3*e^7*f^2*g^4 - 96*sqrt(e*g)*b*d^2*e^8*f^2*g^4 - 72*sqrt(e*g)*a*d*e^9*f^2*g^4 + 23*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^4*e^6*f*g^5 + 40*sqrt(e*g)*b*d^3*e^7*f*g^5 + 72*sqrt(e*g)*a*d^2*e^8*f*g^5 - 3*sqrt(e*g)*c*d^5*e^5*g^6 - 4*sqrt(e*g)*b*d^4*e^6*g^6 - 24*sqrt(e*g)*a*d^3*e^7*g^6 - 245*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*e^8*f^4*g + 588*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d*e^7*f^3*g^2 + 196*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*e^8*f^3*g^2 - 462*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d^2*e^6*f^2*g^3 - 420*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*d*e^7*f^2*g^3 - 168*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*a*e^8*f^2*g^3 + 140*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d^3*e^5*f*g^4 + 252*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*b*d^2*e^6*f*g^4 + 336*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*a*d*e^7*f*g^4 - 21*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - sqrt(e^2*f + (e*x + d)*e*g - d*e*g))^2*c*d^4*e^4*g^5 - 28*sqrt(e*g)*(sqrt(e*g)*sqrt(e*x + d) - s...`

3.841.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{a + bx + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{x^3 (12cd^2eg^3 - 56cde^2fg^2 + 16bde^2g^3 + 140ce^3f^2g - 112be^3fg^2 + 96ae^3g^3)}{105e^3(dg - ef)^4} - \frac{-112}{105e^3(dg - ef)^4} \right)}{(d + ex)^{9/2} \sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2)),x)`

3.841. $\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{9/2}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

output $((f + gx)^{1/2} * ((x^3 * (96 * a * e^3 * g^3 + 16 * b * d * e^2 * g^3 + 12 * c * d^2 * e * g^3 - 12 * b * e^3 * f * g^2 + 140 * c * e^3 * f^2 * g - 56 * c * d * e^2 * f * g^2)) / (105 * e^3 * (d * g - e * f)^4) - (30 * a * e^3 * f^3 - 210 * a * d^3 * g^3 + 12 * b * d * e^2 * f^3 + 16 * c * d^2 * e * f^3 + 140 * b * d^3 * f * g^2 - 112 * c * d^3 * f^2 * g - 126 * a * d * e^2 * f^2 * g + 210 * a * d^2 * e * f * g^2 - 56 * b * d^2 * e * f^2 * g) / (105 * e^3 * (d * g - e * f)^4) + (x * (70 * b * d^3 * g^3 - 42 * b * e^3 * f^3 + 420 * a * d^2 * e * g^3 - 56 * c * d * e^2 * f^3 + 36 * a * e^3 * f^2 * g - 56 * c * d^3 * f * g^2 - 168 * a * d * e^2 * f * g^2 + 202 * b * d * e^2 * f^2 * g - 518 * b * d^2 * e * f * g^2 + 400 * c * d^2 * e * f^2 * g) / (105 * e^3 * (d * g - e * f)^4) + (2 * x^2 * (7 * d * g - e * f) * (24 * a * e^2 * g^2 + 3 * c * d^2 * g^2 + 35 * c * e^2 * f^2 + 4 * b * d * e * g^2 - 28 * b * e^2 * f * g - 14 * c * d * e * f * g)) / (105 * e^3 * (d * g - e * f)^4))) / (x^3 * (d + e * x)^{1/2} + (d^3 * (d + e * x)^{1/2}) / e^3 + (3 * d * x^2 * (d + e * x)^{1/2}) / e + (3 * d^2 * x * (d + e * x)^{1/2}) / e^2)$

3.842
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.842.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{e(cc-bf)}{f^2}\right)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}} + \frac{(4ef(3be^2-bdf-2aef) - c(15e^4-6de^2f-d^2f^2))\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{e+fx}}{4ef^3(e^2-df)} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{e+fx}}{2ef^2} - \frac{(4ef(3be^2-bdf-2aef) - c(15e^4-6de^2f-d^2f^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)}{4e^{3/2}f^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*(4*e*f*(-2*a*e*f-b*d*f+3*b*e^2)-c*(-d^2*f^2-6*d*e^2*f+15*e^4))*arctan
h(f^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2))/e^(3/2)/f^(7/2)+2*(a+e*(-b*
f+c*e)/f^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-d*f+e^2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)+1/2*c*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(f*
x+e)^(1/2)/e/f^2+1/4*(4*e*f*(-2*a*e*f-b*d*f+3*b*e^2)-c*(-d^2*f^2-6*d*e^2*f
+15*e^4))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(f*x+e)^(1/2)/e/f^3/(-d*f+e^2)
```

3.842.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4ef(3be-2af+bf^2)x + c(-15e^3 - 5e^2fx + df^2x + ef(d+2fx^2)))}{4ef^3\sqrt{e+fx}} + \frac{(4ef(-3be^2 + bdf + 2aef) + c(15e^4 - 6de^2f - d^2f^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)}{4e^{3/2}f^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2), x]`output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(4*e*f*(3*b*e - 2*a*f + b*f*x) + c*(-15*e^3 - 5*e^2*f*x + d*f^2*x + e*f*(d + 2*f*x^2)))/(4*e*f^3*Sqrt[e + f*x]) + ((4*e*f*(-3*b*e^2 + b*d*f + 2*a*e*f) + c*(15*e^4 - 6*d*e^2*f - d^2*f^2))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e + f*x])])/(4*e^(3/2)*f^(7/2))`**3.842.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 90, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1193 \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-c(d-\frac{e^2}{f})xf^2 + (3be^2 - 2afe - bdf)f - c(3e^3 - def))}{2f^2\sqrt{e+fx}} dx}{e^2 - df} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2} \right)}{(e^2 - df)\sqrt{e+fx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(f(3be^2 - 2afe - bdf) - c(3e^3 - def) + cf(e^2 - df)x)}{\sqrt{e+fx}} dx}{f^2(e^2 - df)} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2} \right)}{(e^2 - df)\sqrt{e+fx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \end{aligned}$$

3.842. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(4ef(-2aef-bdf+3be^2)-c(-d^2f^2-6de^2f+15e^4)) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e+fx}} dx}{4e} + \frac{c(e^2-df)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{e+fx}}{2e} +$$

$$\frac{f^2(e^2-df)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)} \frac{1}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(4ef(-2aef-bdf+3be^2)-c(-d^2f^2-6de^2f+15e^4)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{e+fx}}{f} - \frac{(e^2-df) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{e+fx}} dx}{2f} \right)}{4e} + \frac{c(e^2-df)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{e+fx}}{2e} +$$

$$\frac{f^2(e^2-df)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)} \frac{1}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{(4ef(-2aef-bdf+3be^2)-c(-d^2f^2-6de^2f+15e^4)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{e+fx}}{f} - \frac{(e^2-df) \int \frac{1}{e - \frac{f(d+ex)}{e+fx}} d \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e+fx}}}{f} \right)}{4e} + \frac{c(e^2-df)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{e+fx}}{2e} +$$

$$\frac{f^2(e^2-df)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)} \frac{1}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{e+fx}}{f} - \frac{(e^2-df) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}f^{3/2}} \right) (4ef(-2aef-bdf+3be^2)-c(-d^2f^2-6de^2f+15e^4))}{4e} + \frac{c(e^2-df)(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{e+fx}}{2e} +$$

$$\frac{f^2(e^2-df)}{2(d+ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)} \frac{1}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + (e*(c*e - b*f))/f^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/((e^2 - d*f)*Sqrt[e + f*x]) + ((c*(e^2 - d*f)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[e + f*x])/(2*e) + ((4*e*f*(3*b*e^2 - b*d*f - 2*a*e*f) - c*(15*e^4 - 6*d*e^2*f - d^2*f^2))*((Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[e + f*x])/f - ((e^2 - d*f)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[f]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[e + f*x])])/(Sqrt[e]*f^(3/2))))/(4*e))/(f^2*(e^2 - d*f))`

3.842.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

3.842.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[(15ce^5 - (cd^2e - 4bde^2 - 8ae^3)f^2 - 6(cde^3 + 2be^4)f + (15ce^4f - (cd^2 - 4bde - 8ae^2)f^3 - 6(cde^2 + 2be^3)f - 6(cde^2 + 2be^3)f - 6(cde^2 + 2be^3)f) \right]}{(e+fx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output [1/16*((15*c*e^5 - (c*d^2*e - 4*b*d*e^2 - 8*a*e^3)*f^2 - 6*(c*d*e^3 + 2*b*
e^4)*f + (15*c*e^4*f - (c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e - 8*a*e^2)*f^3 - 6*(c*d*e^2 + 2*b*
e^3)*f^2)*x)*sqrt(e*f)*log(8*e^2*f^2*x^2 + e^4 + 6*d*e^2*f + d^2*f^2 + 4*(
2*e*f*x + e^2 + d*f)*sqrt(e*f)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(f*x + e) + 8*(e^3*f + d*
e*f^2)*x) + 4*(2*c*e^2*f^3*x^2 - 15*c*e^4*f - 8*a*e^2*f^3 + (c*d*e^2 + 12*
b*e^3)*f^2 - (5*c*e^3*f^2 - (c*d*e + 4*b*e^2)*f^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(f
*x + e))/(e^2*f^5*x + e^3*f^4), -1/8*((15*c*e^5 - (c*d^2*e - 4*b*d*e^2 - 8
*a*e^3)*f^2 - 6*(c*d*e^3 + 2*b*e^4)*f + (15*c*e^4*f - (c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e - 8
*a*e^2)*f^3 - 6*(c*d*e^2 + 2*b*e^3)*f^2)*x)*sqrt(-e*f)*arctan(1/2*(2*e*f*x
+ e^2 + d*f)*sqrt(-e*f)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(f*x + e)/(e^2*f^2*x^2 + d*e^2*
f + (e^3*f + d*e*f^2)*x)) - 2*(2*c*e^2*f^3*x^2 - 15*c*e^4*f - 8*a*e^2*f^3
+ (c*d*e^2 + 12*b*e^3)*f^2 - (5*c*e^3*f^2 - (c*d*e + 4*b*e^2)*f^3)*x)*sqrt
(e*x + d)*sqrt(f*x + e))/(e^2*f^5*x + e^3*f^4)]
```

3.842.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(e + f*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.842.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

3.842.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ex+d} \left((ex+d) \left(\frac{2(ex+d)c}{f|e|} - \frac{5ce^4f^3+3cde^2f^4-4be^3f^4}{e^2f^5|e|} \right) - \frac{15ce^6f^2-6cde^4f^3-12be^5f^4}{e^2f^5|e|} \right)}{4\sqrt{e^3+(ex+d)ef-def}} - \frac{(15ce^4-6cde^2f-12be^3f-cd^2f^2+4bdef^2+8ae^2f^2) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{ef}\sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{e^3+(ex+d)ef-def} \right| \right)}{4\sqrt{ef}f^3|e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(e*x + d)*((e*x + d)*(2*(e*x + d)*c/(f*abs(e)) - (5*c*e^4*f^3 + 3*c*d*e^2*f^4 - 4*b*e^3*f^4)/(e^2*f^5*abs(e))) - (15*c*e^6*f^2 - 6*c*d*e^4*f^3 - 12*b*e^5*f^3 - c*d^2*e^2*f^4 + 4*b*d*e^3*f^4 + 8*a*e^4*f^4)/(e^2*f^5*abs(e)))/sqrt(e^3 + (e*x + d)*e*f - d*e*f) - 1/4*(15*c*e^4 - 6*c*d*e^2*f - 12*b*e^3*f - c*d^2*f^2 + 4*b*d*e*f^2 + 8*a*e^2*f^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(e*f)*sqrt(e*x + d) + sqrt(e^3 + (e*x + d)*e*f - d*e*f)))/(sqrt(e*f)*f^3*abs(e))`

3.842.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+bx+a)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.843
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

3.843.1 Optimal result 6164
 3.843.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6164
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 3.843.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6171

3.843.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(bd-ae)(73b^2d^2-90abde+35a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{8b^4} + \frac{(73b^2d^2-90abde+35a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{12b^3} + \frac{(17bd-13ae)\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2} + \frac{(bd-ae)^2(73b^2d^2-90abde+35a^2e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
2*e*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/b^2+1/8*(-a*e+b*d)^2*(35*a^2*e^2-90*a*b*d*
e+73*b^2*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
/e^(1/2)+1/12*(35*a^2*e^2-90*a*b*d*e+73*b^2*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/
2)/b^3+1/3*(-13*a*e+17*b*d)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/8*(-a*e+b*d)
*(35*a^2*e^2-90*a*b*d*e+73*b^2*d^2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/b^4
```

3.843.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}(-105a^3e^3+5a^2be^2(89d+14ex)-ab^2e(725d+14e^2x))}{8b^4} + \frac{(bd-ae)^2(73b^2d^2-90abde+35a^2e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

3.843.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/Sqrt[a + b*x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-105*a^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*b*e^2*(89*d + 14*e*x) - a*b^2*e*(725*d^2 + 292*d*e*x + 56*e^2*x^2) + b^3*(501*d^3 + 466*d^2*e*x + 232*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3))/(24*b^4) + ((b*d - a*e)^2*(73*b^2*d^2 - 90*a*b*d*e + 35*a^2*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(8*b^(9/2)*Sqrt[e])`

3.843.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.184$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 60, 60, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1194 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4e(d+ex)^{3/2} (15b^2d^2 - 3abed - 5a^2e^2 + be(17bd - 13ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b^2e} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15b^2d^2 - 3abed - 5a^2e^2 + be(17bd - 13ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6}(35a^2e^2 - 90abde + 73b^2d^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}(17bd - 13ae)}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

3.843. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}(35a^2e^2 - 90abde + 73b^2d^2) \left(\frac{3(bd-ae) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}(17bd - 13ae)}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}(35a^2e^2 - 90abde + 73b^2d^2) \left(\frac{3(bd-ae) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}(17bd - 13ae)}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}(35a^2e^2 - 90abde + 73b^2d^2) \left(\frac{3(bd-ae) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{e(a+bx)}{d+ex}} \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}(17bd - 13ae)}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}(35a^2e^2 - 90abde + 73b^2d^2) \left(\frac{3(bd-ae) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}(17bd - 13ae)}{b^2} + \frac{2e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{5/2}}{b^2}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output $(2e*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/b^2 + (((17*b*d - 13*a*e)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/3 + ((73*b^2*d^2 - 90*a*b*d*e + 35*a^2*e^2)*((\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(2*b) + (3*(b*d - a*e)*((\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/b + ((b*d - a*e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])))/(b^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[e])))/(4*b))/6)/b^2$

3.843.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 66 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$

rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(d*f*(n + p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2])/a]*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)
)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2
*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(
2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)
*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ
[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.843.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 570 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(96b^3e^3x^3\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be-112a}b^2e^3x^2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+464b^3d}e^2x^2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+105}\ln\left(\frac{2be+105\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}}{b^2e^2x^2+2b^2e^2x+2b^2e^2}\right)\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(96*b^3*e^3*x^3*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*
(b*e)^(1/2)-112*a*b^2*e^3*x^2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+464*b^3*d
*e^2*x^2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+105*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)
)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^4*e^4-480*ln(1/2*(2*b
*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^3*b*d*e
^3+864*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e
)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2-708*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b
e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b^3*d^3*e+219*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*
(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^4*d^4+140*((b*x+a)*(e*x
+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*b*e^3*x-584*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)
*a*b^2*d*e^2*x+932*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*b^3*d^2*e*x-210*((b
*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2))*a^3*e^3+890*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)
^(1/2))*a^2*b*d*e^2-1450*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b^2*d^2*e+10
02*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*b^3*d^3)/b^4/((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
)/(b*e)^(1/2)
```

3.843. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

3.843.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{3(73b^4d^4 - 236ab^3d^3e + 288a^2b^2d^2e^2 - 160a^3bde^3 + 35a^4e^4)}{\sqrt{-be} \arctan\left(\frac{(2bex+bd+ae)\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(b^2e^2x^2+abde+(b^2de+abe^2)x)}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[1/96*(3*(73*b^4*d^4 - 236*a*b^3*d^3*e + 288*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 160*a^3*b*d*e^3 + 35*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(b*e)*log(8*b^2*e^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + 4*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) + 4*(48*b^4*e^4*x^3 + 501*b^4*d^3*e - 725*a*b^3*d^2*e^2 + 445*a^2*b^2*d*e^3 - 105*a^3*b*e^4 + 8*(29*b^4*d*e^3 - 7*a*b^3*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(233*b^4*d^2*e^2 - 146*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 35*a^2*b^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^5*e), -1/48*(3*(73*b^4*d^4 - 236*a*b^3*d^3*e + 288*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 160*a^3*b*d*e^3 + 35*a^4*e^4)*sqrt(-b*e)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^2*e^2*x^2 + a*b*d*e + (b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(48*b^4*e^4*x^3 + 501*b^4*d^3*e - 725*a*b^3*d^2*e^2 + 445*a^2*b^2*d*e^3 - 105*a^3*b*e^4 + 8*(29*b^4*d*e^3 - 7*a*b^3*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(233*b^4*d^2*e^2 - 146*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 35*a^2*b^2*e^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^5*e)]`

3.843.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)*(15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/sqrt(a + b*x), x)`

3.843. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

3.843.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e-b*d>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

3.843.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 739 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 739, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{360 \left(\frac{(b^2d - abe) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe}}{\sqrt{be}} \right) - \sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe}\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2} \right) d^3 |b| - 28 \left(\sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe}\sqrt{bx+a} \right) (2(bx+a))}{b^2}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/24*(360*((b^2*d - a*b*e)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d
+ (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/sqrt(b*e) - sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)
*sqrt(b*x + a))*d^3*abs(b)/b^2 - 28*(sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*s
qrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)/b^2 + (b^6*d*e^3 - 13*a*b^5*e^4)/(b
^7*e^4)) - 3*(b^7*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*b^6*d*e^3 - 11*a^2*b^5*e^4)/(b^7*e^4)) - 3
*(b^3*d^3 + a*b^2*d^2*e + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sq
rt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b*e^2))*d*e
^2*abs(b)/b^2 - (sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x
+ a)*(6*(b*x + a)/b^3 + (b^12*d*e^5 - 25*a*b^11*e^6)/(b^14*e^6)) - (5*b^13
*d^2*e^4 + 14*a*b^12*d*e^5 - 163*a^2*b^11*e^6)/(b^14*e^6)) + 3*(5*b^14*d^3
*e^3 + 9*a*b^13*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^2*b^12*d*e^5 - 93*a^3*b^11*e^6)/(b^14*e^6))
*sqrt(b*x + a) + 3*(5*b^4*d^4 + 4*a*b^3*d^3*e + 6*a^2*b^2*d^2*e^2 + 20*a^3
*b*d*e^3 - 35*a^4*e^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b
x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2*e^3))*e^3*abs(b)/b^2 - 210*(sqrt(b^2*
d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*b*x + 2*a + (b*d*e - 5*a*e^2)/e^2)*sqrt(b*x
+ a) + (b^3*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*e - 3*a^2*b*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x +
a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*e))*d^2*e*abs(b)/b
^3)/b
```

3.843.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.844 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

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3.844.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(11b^2d^2-13abde+5a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^3} + \frac{2(4bd-3ae)\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{b^2} + \frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{(bd-ae)(11b^2d^2-13abde+5a^2e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{b^{7/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

```
output 8/3*e*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/b^2+(-a*e+b*d)*(5*a^2*e^2-13*a*b*d*e+11*
b^2*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/e^(1
/2)+2*(-3*a*e+4*b*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+(5*a^2*e^2-13*a*b*d*e
+11*b^2*d^2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/b^3
```

3.844.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\left(\sqrt{a+bx}(15a^2e^2-abe(49d+10ex))+b^2(57d^2+32dex+8e^2x^2)\right)+\frac{3\sqrt{bd-ae}(11b^2d^2-13abde+5a^2e^2)a}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\frac{b(d+ex)}{bd-ae}}}}{3b^3}$$

3.844. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*a^2*e^2 - a*b*e*(49*d + 10*e*x) + b^2*(57*d^2 + 32*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)) + (3*Sqrt[b*d - a*e]*(11*b^2*d^2 - 13*a*b*d*e + 5*a^2*e^2)*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/Sqrt[b*d - a*e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[(b*(d + e*x))/(b*d - a*e)])))/(3*b^3)`

3.844.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1194} \\
 & \int \frac{3e\sqrt{d+ex}((3bd-2ae)(5bd+2ae)+4be(4bd-3ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}((3bd-2ae)(5bd+2ae)+4be(4bd-3ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{(5a^2e^2 - 13abde + 11b^2d^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}(4bd-3ae)}{b^2} + \frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{(5a^2e^2 - 13abde + 11b^2d^2) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + 2\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}(4bd-3ae)}{b^2} + \frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.844. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

$$\frac{(5a^2e^2 - 13abde + 11b^2d^2) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{e(a+bx)}{d+ex}} d \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + 2\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}(4bd-3ae)}{3b^2} +$$

$$\frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(5a^2e^2 - 13abde + 11b^2d^2) \left(\frac{(bd-ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + 2\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}(4bd-3ae)}{3b^2} +$$

$$\frac{8e(a+bx)^{3/2}(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(8*e*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*(4*b*d - 3*a*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(3/2) + (11*b^2*d^2 - 13*a*b*d*e + 5*a^2*e^2)*((Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/b + ((b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d + e*x])]))/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))/b^2`

3.844.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

3.844. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.844.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-16b^2e^2x^2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be}+15\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^3e^3-54\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/6*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-16*b^2*e^2*x^2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*
(b*e)^(1/2)+15*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b
*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^3*e^3-54*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e
)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*b*d*e^2+72*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e
*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b^2*d^2*e-33*ln(1/2*(2*b*
e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^3*d^3+20
*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*a*b*e^2*x-64*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*
x+d))^(1/2)*b^2*d*e*x-30*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*a^2*e^2+98*(b
*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*a*b*d*e-114*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d)
)^(1/2)*b^2*d^2)/b^3/((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(b*e)^(1/2)

```

3.844.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(11b^3d^3 - 24ab^2d^2e + 18a^2bde^2 - 5a^3e^3)\sqrt{be} \log\left(8b^2e^2x^2 + b^2d^2 + 6abde + a^2e^2 - 4(2bex + bd + a^2e)\right)}{6b^4e} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(11b^3d^3 - 24ab^2d^2e + 18a^2bde^2 - 5a^3e^3)\sqrt{-be} \arctan\left(\frac{(2bex+bd+ae)\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(b^2e^2x^2+abde+(b^2de+abe^2)x)}\right) - 2(8b^3e^3x^2 + b^2d^2 + 6abde + a^2e^2 - 4(2bex + bd + a^2e))}{6b^4e} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/12*(3*(11*b^3*d^3 - 24*a*b^2*d^2*e + 18*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(
b*e)*log(8*b^2*e^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 - 4*(2*b*e*x + b*d
+ a*e)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) -
4*(8*b^3*e^3*x^2 + 57*b^3*d^2*e - 49*a*b^2*d*e^2 + 15*a^2*b*e^3 + 2*(16*b^
3*d*e^2 - 5*a*b^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^4*e), -1/6*(3*(1
1*b^3*d^3 - 24*a*b^2*d^2*e + 18*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^3)*sqrt(-b*e)*arctan
(1/2*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^2*e^
2*x^2 + a*b*d*e + (b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(8*b^3*e^3*x^2 + 57*b^3*d^2*e
- 49*a*b^2*d*e^2 + 15*a^2*b*e^3 + 2*(16*b^3*d*e^2 - 5*a*b^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(
b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^4*e)]

```

3.844.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)*(15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/sqrt(a + b*x), x)`

3.844.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.844.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 446 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{45 \left(\frac{(b^2d-abe) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{b^2d+(bx+a)be-abe}}{\sqrt{be}}\right) - \sqrt{b^2d+(bx+a)be-abe}\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2} \right) d^2|b| - \left(\sqrt{b^2d+(bx+a)be-abe}\sqrt{bx+a} \right) (2(bx+a))}{b^2}$$

3.844. $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(45*((b^2*d - a*b*e)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/sqrt(b*e) - sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a))*d^2*abs(b)/b^2 - (sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)/b^2 + (b^6*d*e^3 - 13*a*b^5*e^4)/(b^7*e^4)) - 3*(b^7*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*b^6*d*e^3 - 11*a^2*b^5*e^4)/(b^7*e^4)) - 3*(b^3*d^3 + a*b^2*d^2*e + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 5*a^3*e^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b*e^2))*e^2*abs(b)/b^2 - 15*(sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*(2*b*x + 2*a + (b*d*e - 5*a*e^2)/e^2)*sqrt(b*x + a) + (b^3*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*e - 3*a^2*b*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*e))*d*e*abs(b)/b^3)/b`

3.844.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 107.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1797, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^3 (70b^2d^3 + 110a^2de^2 + 460abd^2e)}{e^3((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^3} + \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2}) (10b^3d^3 + 20ab^2d^2e - 30a^2bde^2)}{e^4((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})} \right) \\
& - \frac{160a^{1/2}d^{5/2}((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^6}{e((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^6} + \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^7 (10b^2d^3 - 30a^2de^2 + 20abd^2e)}{b^2e((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^7} \\
& + \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^5 (70b^2d^3 + 110a^2de^2 + 460abd^2e)}{b^2e^2((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^5} - \frac{a^{1/2}d^{1/2} (320bd^2 + 640a^2de)}{(a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2}} \\
& - \frac{160a^{1/2}b^2d^{5/2}((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^2}{e^3((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^2} \left(\frac{1}{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^8} \frac{1}{((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^8} + \frac{b^4/e^4 - (4b^3((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^2)}{e^3((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^2} \right) \\
& + \frac{6b^2((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^4}{e^2((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^4} - \frac{4b((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^6}{e((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^6} \\
& - \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2}) (2b^5d^3 - 10a^3b^2e^3 + 6a^2b^3de^2 + 2a^2b^4d^2e)}{e^6((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})} - \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^5 (132a^3e^3 + 76b^3d^3 + 110abd^2e + 1252a^2bde^2)}{e^4((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^5} \\
& - \frac{((a + bx)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^3 ((34b^4d^3)/3 - (170a^3b^2e^3)/3 + 34a^2bd^2e^2 + 182abd^3e)}{e^5((d + ex)^{1/2} - d^{1/2})^3} + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

3.845 $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.845.1 Optimal result 6180
 3.845.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6180
 3.845.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6181
 3.845.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6183
 3.845.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) 6183
 3.845.6 Sympy [F] 6184
 3.845.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6184
 3.845.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6185
 3.845.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) 6185

3.845.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(7bd - 5ae)\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}}{b^2} + \frac{4e(a + bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d + ex}}{b^2} + \frac{2(8b^2d^2 - 8abde + 3a^2e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `2*(3*a^2*e^2-8*a*b*d*e+8*b^2*d^2)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/e^(1/2)+4*e*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/b^2+2*(-5*a*e+7*b*d)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/b^2`

3.845.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}(7bd - 3ae + 2bex)}{b^2} + \frac{2(8b^2d^2 - 8abde + 3a^2e^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}(7bd-3ae+2bex))/b^2 + (2(8b^2d^2-8abde+3a^2e^2)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex})/(\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx})])/(b^{5/2}\sqrt{e})$

3.845.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.132$, Rules used = {1194, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 1194

$$\frac{\int \frac{2e(15b^2d^2 - 6abed - 2a^2e^2 + 2be(7bd - 5ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{2b^2e} + \frac{4e(a+bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{15b^2d^2 - 6abed - 2a^2e^2 + 2be(7bd - 5ae)x}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{b^2} + \frac{4e(a+bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^2}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{(3a^2e^2 - 8abde + 8b^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + 2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}(7bd - 5ae)}{b^2} + \frac{4e(a+bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^2}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{2(3a^2e^2 - 8abde + 8b^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{e(a+bx)}{d+ex}} d\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}(7bd - 5ae)}{b^2} + \frac{4e(a+bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2(3a^2e^2 - 8abde + 8b^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}(7bd - 5ae)}{b^2} + \frac{4e(a+bx)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b^2}$$

input $\operatorname{Int}[(15d^2 + 20d*ex + 8e^2*x^2)/(\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}),x]$

3.845. $\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

```
output (4*e*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/b^2 + (2*(7*b*d - 5*a*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x]
*Sqrt[d + e*x] + (2*(8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*S
qrt[a + b*x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[e])/b^2
```

3.845.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)
^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2
*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(
2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)
*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ
[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.845.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(4\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be} bex+3\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)a^2e^2-8\ln\left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}}\right)abde+8\ln\left(\frac{2bea}{\sqrt{be}b^2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{be}b^2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}}$

```
input int((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (4*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)*b*e*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*e^2-8*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d*e+8*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^2*d^2-6*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*a*e+14*(b*e)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*b*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(b*e)^(1/2)/b^2/((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

3.845.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(8b^2d^2 - 8abde + 3a^2e^2\right)\sqrt{be} \log\left(8b^2e^2x^2 + b^2d^2 + 6abde + a^2e^2 + 4(2bex + bd + ae)\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{ex + d}\right)}{2b^3e} - \frac{\left(8b^2d^2 - 8abde + 3a^2e^2\right)\sqrt{-be} \arctan\left(\frac{(2bex+bd+ae)\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(b^2e^2x^2+abde+(b^2de+abe^2)x)}\right) - 2(2b^2e^2x + 7b^2de - 3abe^2)\sqrt{be}}{b^3e}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="fracas")
```

```
output [1/2*((8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(b*e)*log(8*b^2*e^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + 4*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) + 4*(2*b^2*e^2*x + 7*b^2*d*e - 3*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*e), -((8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-b*e)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^2*e^2*x^2 + a*b*d*e + (b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(2*b^2*e^2*x + 7*b^2*d*e - 3*a*b*e^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*e)]
```

3.845.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

```
input integrate((8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)
```

3.845.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e-b*d>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)
```

3.845.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be} - abe\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(bx+a)e}{b^3} + \frac{7b^6de^2 - 5ab^5e^3}{b^8e^2} \right) - \frac{(8b^2d^2 - 8abde + 3a^2e^2) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{b^2d+(bx+a)be}}{\sqrt{beb^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{beb^2}} \right)}{|b|}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*e/b^3 + (7*b^6*d*e^2 - 5*a*b^5*e^3)/(b^8*e^2)) - (8*b^2*d^2 - 8*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*b^2))*b/abs(b)`

3.845.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 32.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 893, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.32

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(40bd^2+40aed)(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}{e^2(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})} - \frac{160\sqrt{a}d^{3/2}(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^2}{e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2} + \frac{(40bd^2+40aed)(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^3}{be(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3}}{\frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^4}{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^4} + \frac{b^2}{e^2} - \frac{2b(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^2}{e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2}} - \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})(12a^2be^2+8ab^2de+12b^3d^2)}{e^4(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})} - \frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^3(44a^2e^2+200abde+44b^2d^2)}{e^3(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^3} + \frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^7(12a^2e^2+8abde+12b^3d^2)}{b^2e(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^7}}{\frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^8}{(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^8} + \frac{b^4}{e^4} - \frac{4b^3(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^2}{e^3(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})^2} + \frac{6b^2(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}{e^2(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}}$$

$$+ \frac{60d^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{-be}(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}\right)}{\sqrt{-be}} - \frac{2 \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}{\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d}} - \sqrt{b}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} (3a^2e^2 + 2abde + 3b^2d^2)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}{\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{e}} (6a^2e^2 + 4abde + 6b^2d^2)$$

$$- \frac{40d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{d})}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} (ae + bd)$$

3.845. $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

input `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `((40*b*d^2 + 40*a*d*e)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2)))/(e^2*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))) - (160*a^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/(e*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^2) + ((40*b*d^2 + 40*a*d*e)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^3)/(b*e*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^3)/(((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4/((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^4 + b^2/e^2 - (2*b*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/(e*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^2)) - (((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))* (12*b^3*d^2 + 12*a^2*b*e^2 + 8*a*b^2*d*e))/(e^4*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))) - (((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^3*(44*a^2*e^2 + 44*b^2*d^2 + 200*a*b*d*e))/(e^3*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^3) + (((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^7*(12*a^2*e^2 + 12*b^2*d^2 + 8*a*b*d*e))/(b^2*e*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^7) - (((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^5*(44*a^2*e^2 + 44*b^2*d^2 + 200*a*b*d*e))/(b*e^2*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^5) + (a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(256*a*e + 256*b*d)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4)/(e^2*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^4)/(((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^8/((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^8 + b^4/e^4 - (4*b^3*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/(e^3*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^2) + (6*b^2*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4)/(e^2*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^4) - (4*b*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^6)/(e*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2))^6)) - (60*d^2*atan((b*((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2)))/((-b*e)^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2)))))/(-b*e)^(1/2) - (2*log((e^(1/2)*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2)))/((d + e*x)^(1/2) - d^(1/2)) - b^(1/2))*(3*a^2*e^2 + 3*b^2*d^2 + 2*a*b...`

3.846 $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.846.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a + bx}}{(bd - ae)\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{8\sqrt{a + bx}\sqrt{d + ex}}{b} + \frac{8(2bd - ae)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d + ex}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `8*(-a*e+2*b*d)*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/e^(1/2)+6*d^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+8*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/b`

3.846.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}(-4ae(d+ex)+bd(7d+4ex))}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4(2b^2d^2-3abde+a^2e^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{b^{3/2}(bd - ae)}$$

input `Integrate[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x]`

output $(2*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(-4*a*e*(d + e*x) + b*d*(7*d + 4*e*x)))/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + (4*(2*b^2*d^2 - 3*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/\text{Sqrt}[e])/ (b^{(3/2)}*(b*d - a*e))$

3.846.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.132$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1193 \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{2(bd-ae)(3d+2ex)}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{bd-ae} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & 4 \int \frac{3d+2ex}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & 4 \left(\frac{(2bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 66 \\ & 4 \left(\frac{2(2bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{c(a+bx)}{d+ex}} d\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & 4 \left(\frac{2(2bd-ae) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}}{b} \right) + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}),x]$

```
output (6*d^2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/((b*d - a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + 4*((2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/b + (2*(2*b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[e]))
```

3.846.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.846.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 437 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left(2 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) a^2 e^3 x - 6 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) abd e^2 x + 4 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) \right)}{...}$

```
input int((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*e^3*x-6*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d*e^2*x+4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^2*d^2*e*x+2*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*d*e^2-6*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d^2*e+4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^2*d^3-4*a*e^2*x*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+4*b*d*e*x*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)-4*a*d*e*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+7*b*d^2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2))/b/(b*e)^(1/2)/(a*e-b*d)/((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.846.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{2 \left((2b^2d^3 - 3abd^2e + a^2de^2 + (2b^2d^2e - 3abde^2 + a^2e^3)x) \sqrt{be} \log \left(8b^2e \sqrt{a+bx} \sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{b^3d^2e - ab^2de^2 + (b^3de^2 - ab^2e^3)x} \right) + 2 \left(2(2b^2d^3 - 3abd^2e + a^2de^2 + (2b^2d^2e - 3abde^2 + a^2e^3)x) \sqrt{-be} \arctan \left(\frac{(2bex+bd+ae)\sqrt{-be}\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}}{2(b^2e^2x^2+abde+(b^2de+abe^2)x)} \right) \right)}{b^3d^2e - ab^2de^2 + (b^3de^2 - ab^2e^3)x} \right]$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,algorith="fracas")
```

3.846. $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

output `[-2*((2*b^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2 + (2*b^2*d^2*e - 3*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*e)*log(8*b^2*e^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 - 4*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) - (7*b^2*d^2*e - 4*a*b*d*e^2 + 4*(b^2*d*e^2 - a*b*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*d^2*e - a*b^2*d*e^2 + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3)*x), -2*(2*(2*b^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*e^2 + (2*b^2*d^2*e - 3*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*e)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^2*e^2*x^2 + a*b*d*e + (b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) - (7*b^2*d^2*e - 4*a*b*d*e^2 + 4*(b^2*d*e^2 - a*b*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*d^2*e - a*b^2*d*e^2 + (b^3*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3)*x)]`

3.846.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.846.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.846.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{4(b^3de^3 - ab^2e^4)(bx+a)}{b^3de^2|b| - ab^2e^3|b|} + \frac{7b^4d^2e^2 - 8ab^3de^3 + 4a^2b^2e^4}{b^3de^2|b| - ab^2e^3|b|} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe}} - \frac{8(2bd - ae) \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{be}|b|}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(b*x + a)*(4*(b^3*d*e^3 - a*b^2*e^4)*(b*x + a)/(b^3*d*e^2*abs(b) - a*b^2*e^3*abs(b)) + (7*b^4*d^2*e^2 - 8*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 4*a^2*b^2*e^4)/(b^3*d*e^2*abs(b) - a*b^2*e^3*abs(b)))/sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e) - 8*(2*b*d - a*e)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*abs(b))`

3.846.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.847 $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.847.1 Optimal result 6193
 3.847.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6193
 3.847.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6194
 3.847.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6196
 3.847.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 6196
 3.847.6 Sympy [F] 6197
 3.847.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6198
 3.847.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6198
 3.847.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6199

3.847.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a + bx}}{(bd - ae)(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4d(3bd - 2ae)\sqrt{a + bx}}{(bd - ae)^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{16\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}}$$

output `16*arctanh(e^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+2*d^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*d*(-2*a*e+3*b*d)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.847.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a + bx}\left(7bd - 4ae - \frac{de(a+bx)}{d+ex}\right)}{(bd - ae)^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{16\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x]`

output $(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(7*b*d - 4*a*e - (d*e*(a + b*x))/(d + e*x))/((b*d - a*e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (16*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[e]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[e])$

3.847.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.132$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{3(d(7bd-6ae)+4e(bd-ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3(bd-ae)} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{d(7bd-6ae)+4e(bd-ae)x}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{bd-ae} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)}$$

↓ 87

$$\frac{2\left(4(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}\sqrt{d+ex}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(3bd-2ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)}\right)}{bd-ae} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)}$$

↓ 66

$$\frac{2\left(8(bd-ae) \int \frac{1}{b-\frac{e(a+bx)}{d+ex}} d\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(3bd-2ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)}\right)}{bd-ae} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2\left(\frac{8(bd-ae)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(3bd-2ae)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)}\right)}{bd-ae} + \frac{2d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}), x]$

3.847. $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

```
output (2*d^2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/((b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*((2*d*(3*b*d - 2*
a*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/((b*d - a*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (8*(b*d - a*e)*ArcTanh[(
Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[e]))/(b*d
- a*e)
```

3.847.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.847.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.18

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left(4 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) a^2 e^4 x^2 - 8 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) abd e^3 x^2 + 4 \ln \left(\frac{2bex+2\sqrt{(bx+a)(ex+d)}\sqrt{be+ae+bd}}{2\sqrt{be}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a
*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*e^4*x^2-8*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d*e^3*x^2+4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b
*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+8*ln
(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))
*a^2*d*e^3*x-16*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+
b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d^2*e^2*x+8*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*b^2*d^3*e*x+4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+
a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a^2*d^2*e^2-8*ln(1/2*(
2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)^(1/2))*a*b*d^
3*e+4*ln(1/2*(2*b*e*x+2*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+a*e+b*d)/(b*e)
^(1/2))*b^2*d^4-4*a*d*e^2*x*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)+6*b*d^2*e*
x*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2)-5*a*d^2*e*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b
*e)^(1/2)+7*b*d^3*((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)*(b*e)^(1/2))/(b*e)^(1/2)/(a*e-b*
d)^2/((b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

3.847.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.73

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2(b^2d^4 - 2abd^3e + a^2d^2e^2 + (b^2d^2e^2 - 2abde^3 + a^2e^4)x^2 + 2(b^2d^3e - 2abd^2e^2 + a^2de^3)x \right) \sqrt{-be} \arctan \left(\frac{2(b^2d^3e - 2abd^2e^2 + a^2de^3)x + (b^2d^4 - 2abd^3e + a^2d^2e^2)}{b^3d^4e - 2ab^2d^3e^2 + a^2bd^2e^3 + (b^3d^2e^3 - 2ab^2de^4 + a^2d^2e^4)} \right) + \dots}{b^3d^4e - 2ab^2d^3e^2 + a^2bd^2e^3 + (b^3d^2e^3 - 2ab^2de^4 + a^2d^2e^4)}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[2*(2*(b^2*d^4 - 2*a*b*d^3*e + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (b^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*d^3*e - 2*a*b*d^2*e^2 + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*e)*log(8*b^2*e^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + 4*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x) + (7*b^2*d^3*e - 5*a*b*d^2*e^2 + 2*(3*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*d^4*e - 2*a*b^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*b*d^2*e^3 + (b^3*d^2*e^3 - 2*a*b^2*d*e^4 + a^2*b*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*d^3*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*b*d*e^4)*x), -2*(4*(b^2*d^4 - 2*a*b*d^3*e + a^2*d^2*e^2 + (b^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3 + a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*d^3*e - 2*a*b*d^2*e^2 + a^2*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*e)*arctan(1/2*(2*b*e*x + b*d + a*e)*sqrt(-b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^2*e^2*x^2 + a*b*d*e + (b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (7*b^2*d^3*e - 5*a*b*d^2*e^2 + 2*(3*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(b^3*d^4*e - 2*a*b^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*b*d^2*e^3 + (b^3*d^2*e^3 - 2*a*b^2*d*e^4 + a^2*b*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*d^3*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*d^2*e^3 + a^2*b*d*e^4)*x)]`

3.847.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*(d + e*x)**(5/2)), x)`

3.847.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.847.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 220 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{16b \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{be}\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{be}|b|} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(3b^6d^2e^2 - 2ab^5de^3)(bx+a)}{b^4d^2e|b| - 2ab^3de^2|b| + a^2b^2e^3|b|} + \frac{7b^7d^3e - 11ab^6d^2e^2 + 4a^2b^5de^3}{b^4d^2e|b| - 2ab^3de^2|b| + a^2b^2e^3|b|} \right)}{(b^2d + (bx+a)be - abe)^{3/2}}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="giac")
```

```
output -16*b*log(abs(-sqrt(b*e)*sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*
e)))/(sqrt(b*e)*abs(b)) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(3*b^6*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^5*d*e^
3)*(b*x + a)/(b^4*d^2*e*abs(b) - 2*a*b^3*d*e^2*abs(b) + a^2*b^2*e^3*abs(b)
) + (7*b^7*d^3*e - 11*a*b^6*d^2*e^2 + 4*a^2*b^5*d*e^3)/(b^4*d^2*e*abs(b) -
2*a*b^3*d*e^2*abs(b) + a^2*b^2*e^3*abs(b)))/(b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*
e)^(3/2)
```

3.847.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

$$3.848 \quad \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

3.848.1 Optimal result	6200
3.848.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6200
3.848.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6201
3.848.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6202
3.848.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6203
3.848.6 Sympy [F]	6203
3.848.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6204
3.848.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6204
3.848.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6205

3.848.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5(bd-ae)(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{8d(8bd-5ae)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15(bd-ae)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{16(23b^2d^2-35abde+15a^2e^2)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15(bd-ae)^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

output $6/5*d^2*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)+8/15*d*(-5*a*e+8*b*d)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^2/(e*x+d)^{(3/2)+16/15*(15*a^2*e^2-35*a*b*d*e+23*b^2*d^2)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^3/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}$

3.848.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}\left(225b^2d^2 - 300abde + 120a^2e^2 + \frac{9d^2e^2(a+bx)^2}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{50bd^2e(a+bx)}{d+ex} + \frac{20ade^2}{d+ex}\right)}{15(bd-ae)^3\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(7/2)), x]$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(225*b^2*d^2 - 300*a*b*d*e + 120*a^2*e^2 + (9*d^2*e^2*(a + b*x)^2)/(d + e*x)^2 - (50*b*d^2*e*(a + b*x))/(d + e*x) + (20*a*d*e^2*(a + b*x))/(d + e*x)))/(15*(b*d - a*e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])$

3.848. $\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

3.848.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1193 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{2(3d(6bd-5ae)+10e(bd-ae)x)}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{3d(6bd-5ae)+10e(bd-ae)x}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2(15a^2e^2-35abde+23b^2d^2)}{3(bd-ae)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(8bd-5ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)} \right)}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{4\sqrt{a+bx}(15a^2e^2-35abde+23b^2d^2)}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)^2} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(8bd-5ae)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)} \right)}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(7/2)),x]`

output `(6*d^2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(5*(b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*((2*d*(8*b*d - 5*a*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*(b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*(23*b^2*d^2 - 35*a*b*d*e + 15*a^2*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*(b*d - a*e)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(5*(b*d - a*e))`

3.848.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))`

rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

3.848.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	si
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(120a^2e^4x^2-280abd e^3x^2+184b^2d^2e^2x^2+260a^2d e^3x-612abd^2e^2x+400b^2d^3ex+149a^2d^2e^2-350abd^3e+225b^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ae-bd)^3}$	12
gospers	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(120a^2e^4x^2-280abd e^3x^2+184b^2d^2e^2x^2+260a^2d e^3x-612abd^2e^2x+400b^2d^3ex+149a^2d^2e^2-350abd^3e+225b^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a^3e^3-3a^2bd e^2+3ab^2d^2e-b^3d^3)}$	18

input `int((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.848.
$$\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

output
$$-2/15*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(120*a^2*e^4*x^2-280*a*b*d*e^3*x^2+184*b^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+260*a^2*d*e^3*x-612*a*b*d^2*e^2*x+400*b^2*d^3*e*x+149*a^2*d^2*e^2-350*a*b*d^3*e+225*b^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}/(a*e-b*d)^3$$

3.848.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(225b^2d^4 - 350abd^3e + 149a^2d^2e^2 + 8(23b^2d^2e^2 - 35a^2d^2e^3 + 15a^2e^4)x^2 + 4(100b^2d^3e - 153a^2bd^2e^2 + 65a^2d^2e^3)x) \sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{ex+d}}{15(b^3d^6 - 3ab^2d^5e + 3a^2bd^4e^2 - a^3d^3e^3 + (b^3d^3e^3 - 3ab^2d^2e^4 + 3a^2bde^5 - a^3d^2e^6)x^3 + 3(b^3d^4e^2 - 3a^2bd^3e^3 + 3a^2bd^2e^4 - a^3d^2e^5)x^2 + 3(b^3d^5e - 3a^2bd^4e^2 + 3a^2bd^3e^3 - a^3d^2e^4)x)}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(225*b^2*d^4 - 350*a*b*d^3*e + 149*a^2*d^2*e^2 + 8*(23*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 35*a^2*d^2*e^3 + 15*a^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(100*b^2*d^3*e - 153*a^2*b*d^2*e^2 + 65*a^2*d^2*e^3)*x)*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/(b^3*d^6 - 3*a*b^2*d^5*e + 3*a^2*b*d^4*e^2 - a^3*d^3*e^3 + (b^3*d^3*e^3 - 3*a*b^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^2*b*d^2*e^5 - a^3*e^6)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a*b^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*b*d^2*e^4 - a^3*d^2*e^5)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*d^5*e - 3*a*b^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3*e^3 - a^3*d^2*e^4)*x)$$

3.848.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(e*x+d)**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*(d + e*x)**(7/2)), x)`

3.848.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e-b*d)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.848.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. 2(115) = 230.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(23b^8d^2e^4 - 35ab^7de^5 + 15a^2b^6e^6)(bx+a)}{b^5d^3e^2|b| - 3ab^4d^2e^3|b| + 3a^2b^3de^4|b| - a^3b^2e^5|b|} + \frac{5(20b^9d^3e^3 - 49ab^8d^2e^4 + 41a^2b^7d^2e^5 - 12a^3b^6e^6)}{b^5d^3e^2|b| - 3ab^4d^2e^3|b| + 3a^2b^3de^4|b| - a^3b^2e^5|b|} \right) + 15(b^2d + (bx + a)^2) \sqrt{bx + a}}{15(b^2d + (bx + a)^2) \sqrt{bx + a}}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algo
ithm="giac")
```

```
output 2/15*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(23*b^8*d^2*e^4 - 35*a*b^7*d*e^5 + 15*a^2*b^6*e^6)*(b
*x + a)/(b^5*d^3*e^2*abs(b) - 3*a*b^4*d^2*e^3*abs(b) + 3*a^2*b^3*d*e^4*abs
(b) - a^3*b^2*e^5*abs(b)) + 5*(20*b^9*d^3*e^3 - 49*a*b^8*d^2*e^4 + 41*a^2*
b^7*d^2*e^5 - 12*a^3*b^6*e^6)/(b^5*d^3*e^2*abs(b) - 3*a*b^4*d^2*e^3*abs(b) +
3*a^2*b^3*d*e^4*abs(b) - a^3*b^2*e^5*abs(b))) + 15*(15*b^10*d^4*e^2 - 50*
a*b^9*d^3*e^3 + 63*a^2*b^8*d^2*e^4 - 36*a^3*b^7*d*e^5 + 8*a^4*b^6*e^6)/(b^
5*d^3*e^2*abs(b) - 3*a*b^4*d^2*e^3*abs(b) + 3*a^2*b^3*d*e^4*abs(b) - a^3*b
^2*e^5*abs(b))) * sqrt(b*x + a) / (b^2*d + (b*x + a)*b*e - a*b*e)^(5/2)
```

3.848.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \left(\frac{x^2 (240a^3e^4 - 40a^2bde^3 - 856ab^2d^2e^2 + 800b^3d^3e)}{15e^3(ae-bd)^3} + \frac{x(520a^3de^3 - 926a^2bd^2e^2 + 100ab^2d^3e + 450b^3d^4)}{15e^3(ae-bd)^3} + \frac{2ad^2(149a^2e^2 + 225b^2d^2 - 350abde)}{15e^3(ae-bd)^3} + \frac{16bx^3(15a^2e^2 + 23b^2d^2 - 35abde)}{15e^3(ae-bd)^3} \right)}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{d^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{e^3} + \frac{3dx^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{e} + \frac{3d^2x\sqrt{a+bx}}{e^2}}$$

input `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)),x)`output `-(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((x^2*(240*a^3*e^4 + 800*b^3*d^3*e - 856*a*b^2*d^2*e^2 - 40*a^2*b*d*e^3))/(15*e^3*(a*e - b*d)^3) + (x*(450*b^3*d^4 + 520*a^3*d*e^3 - 926*a^2*b*d^2*e^2 + 100*a*b^2*d^3*e))/(15*e^3*(a*e - b*d)^3) + (2*a*d^2*(149*a^2*e^2 + 225*b^2*d^2 - 350*a*b*d*e))/(15*e^3*(a*e - b*d)^3) + (16*b*x^3*(15*a^2*e^2 + 23*b^2*d^2 - 35*a*b*d*e))/(15*e*(a*e - b*d)^3))/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + (d^3*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/e^3 + (3*d*x^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/e + (3*d^2*x*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/e^2)`

3.849 $\int \frac{15d^2+20dex+8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$

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3.849.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a + bx}}{7(bd - ae)(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{4d(23bd - 14ae)\sqrt{a + bx}}{35(bd - ae)^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{16(58b^2d^2 - 84abde + 35a^2e^2)\sqrt{a + bx}}{105(bd - ae)^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{32b(58b^2d^2 - 84abde + 35a^2e^2)\sqrt{a + bx}}{105(bd - ae)^4\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output

```
6/7*d^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)/(e*x+d)^(7/2)+4/35*d*(-14*a*e+23*b*d)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+16/105*(35*a^2*e^2-84*a*b*d*e+58*b^2*d^2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+32/105*b*(35*a^2*e^2-84*a*b*d*e+58*b^2*d^2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-a*e+b*d)^4/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

3.849.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}\left(1575b^3d^2 - 2100ab^2de + 840a^2be^2 - \frac{45d^2e^3(a+bx)^3}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{273bd^2e^2(a+bx)^2}{(d+ex)^2}\right)}{105(bd - ae)^4\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(9/2)), x]
```

output $(2\sqrt{a+bx}*(1575*b^3*d^2 - 2100*a*b^2*d*e + 840*a^2*b*e^2 - (45*d^2*e^3*(a+bx)^3)/(d+ex)^3 + (273*b*d^2*e^2*(a+bx)^2)/(d+ex)^2 - (84*a*d*e^3*(a+bx)^2)/(d+ex)^2 - (875*b^2*d^2*e*(a+bx))/(d+ex) + (840*a*b*d*e^2*(a+bx))/(d+ex) - (280*a^2*e^3*(a+bx))/(d+ex))/ (105*(b*d - a*e)^4*\sqrt{d+ex})$

3.849.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {1193, 87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1193}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{3d(17bd-14ae)+28e(bd-ae)x}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx}{7(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(bd-ae)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{87}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{4(35a^2e^2-84abde+58b^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(23bd-14ae)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)} \right)}{7(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(bd-ae)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{55}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{4(35a^2e^2-84abde+58b^2d^2) \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx}{3(bd-ae)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)} \right)}{5(bd-ae)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(23bd-14ae)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)} \right)}{7(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(bd-ae)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{48}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{4(35a^2e^2 - 84abde + 58b^2d^2) \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3\sqrt{d+ex}(bd-ae)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(bd-ae)} \right) + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx}(23bd-14ae)}{5(d+ex)^{5/2}(bd-ae)}}{7(bd-ae)} + \frac{6d^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7(d+ex)^{7/2}(bd-ae)} \right) +$$

input `Int[(15*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(d + e*x)^(9/2)),x]`

output `(6*d^2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(7*(b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(7/2)) + (2*((2*d*(23*b*d - 14*a*e)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(5*(b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*(58*b^2*d^2 - 84*a*b*d*e + 35*a^2*e^2)*((2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*(b*d - a*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*(b*d - a*e)^2*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(5*(b*d - a*e)))/(7*(b*d - a*e))`

3.849.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`


```
output 2/105*(1575*b^3*d^5 - 2975*a*b^2*d^4*e + 1953*a^2*b*d^3*e^2 - 409*a^3*d^2*
e^3 + 16*(58*b^3*d^2*e^3 - 84*a*b^2*d*e^4 + 35*a^2*b*e^5)*x^3 + 8*(406*b^3
*d^3*e^2 - 646*a*b^2*d^2*e^3 + 329*a^2*b*d*e^4 - 35*a^3*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(1925
*b^3*d^4*e - 3332*a*b^2*d^3*e^2 + 1945*a^2*b*d^2*e^3 - 322*a^3*d*e^4)*x)*s
qrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(b^4*d^8 - 4*a*b^3*d^7*e + 6*a^2*b^2*d^6*e^2 -
4*a^3*b*d^5*e^3 + a^4*d^4*e^4 + (b^4*d^4*e^4 - 4*a*b^3*d^3*e^5 + 6*a^2*b^2
*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^3*b*d*e^7 + a^4*e^8)*x^4 + 4*(b^4*d^5*e^3 - 4*a*b^3*d^4*e^4
+ 6*a^2*b^2*d^3*e^5 - 4*a^3*b*d^2*e^6 + a^4*d*e^7)*x^3 + 6*(b^4*d^6*e^2 -
4*a*b^3*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^3*b*d^3*e^5 + a^4*d^2*e^6)*x^2
+ 4*(b^4*d^7*e - 4*a*b^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*d^5*e^3 - 4*a^3*b*d^4*e^4 + a
^4*d^3*e^5)*x)
```

3.849.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((8*e**2*x**2+20*d*e*x+15*d**2)/(e*x+d)**(9/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((15*d**2 + 20*d*e*x + 8*e**2*x**2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*(d + e*x)**(9/2
)), x)
```

3.849.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algor
ithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e*(a*e-b*d)>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.849.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs. $2(165) = 330$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2 \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(58b^{10}d^2e^6 - 84ab^9de^7 + 35a^2b^8e^8)(bx+a)}{b^6d^4e^3|b| - 4ab^5d^3e^4|b| + 6a^2b^4d^2e^5|b| - 4a^3b^3de^6|b| + a^4b^2e^7|b|} \right) + \frac{7(58b^{11}d^3e^5 - 142a^2b^{10}d^2e^6 + 119a^2b^9de^7 - 35a^3b^8e^8)}{b^6d^4e^3|b| - 4ab^5d^3e^4|b| + 6a^2b^4d^2e^5|b| - 4a^3b^3de^6|b| + a^4b^2e^7|b|} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((8*e^2*x^2+20*d*e*x+15*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output
$$\frac{2}{105} \cdot \left(2 \cdot \left(4 \cdot (bx + a) \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot (58b^{10}d^2e^6 - 84a^2b^9de^7 + 35a^2b^8e^8)(bx+a)}{b^6d^4e^3|b| - 4ab^5d^3e^4|b| + 6a^2b^4d^2e^5|b| - 4a^3b^3de^6|b| + a^4b^2e^7|b|} \right) + \frac{7 \cdot (58b^{11}d^3e^5 - 142a^2b^{10}d^2e^6 + 119a^2b^9de^7 - 35a^3b^8e^8)}{b^6d^4e^3|b| - 4ab^5d^3e^4|b| + 6a^2b^4d^2e^5|b| - 4a^3b^3de^6|b| + a^4b^2e^7|b|} \right) \right) \cdot \sqrt{bx + a} / (b^2d + (bx + a) \cdot be - a \cdot be)^{7/2}$$

3.849.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{15d^2 + 20dex + 8e^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d + ex} \left(\frac{-818a^4d^2e^3 + 3906a^3bd^3e^2 - 5950a^2b^2d^4e + 3150ab^3d^5}{105e^4(ae - bd)^4} + \frac{x(-1288a^4de^4 + 6962a^3d^2e^3 - 1288a^4de^4 + 6962a^3d^2e^3)}{105e^4(ae - bd)^4} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx}(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

input `int((15*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2)),x)`

output $((d + ex)^{1/2} * ((3150 * a * b^3 * d^5 - 818 * a^4 * d^2 * e^3 - 5950 * a^2 * b^2 * d^4 * e + 3906 * a^3 * b * d^3 * e^2) / (105 * e^4 * (a * e - b * d)^4) + (x * (3150 * b^4 * d^5 - 1288 * a^4 * d * e^4 + 6962 * a^3 * b * d^2 * e^3 - 9422 * a^2 * b^2 * d^3 * e^2 + 1750 * a * b^3 * d^4 * e)) / (105 * e^4 * (a * e - b * d)^4) - (x^2 * (560 * a^4 * e^5 - 7700 * b^4 * d^4 * e + 6832 * a * b^3 * d^3 * e^2 + 2556 * a^2 * b^2 * d^2 * e^3 - 3976 * a^3 * b * d * e^4)) / (105 * e^4 * (a * e - b * d)^4) + (32 * b^2 * x^4 * (35 * a^2 * e^2 + 58 * b^2 * d^2 - 84 * a * b * d * e)) / (105 * e * (a * e - b * d)^4) + (16 * b * x^3 * (35 * a^3 * e^3 + 406 * b^3 * d^3 - 530 * a * b^2 * d^2 * e + 161 * a^2 * b * d * e^2)) / (105 * e^2 * (a * e - b * d)^4)) / (x^4 * (a + b * x)^{1/2} + (d^4 * (a + b * x)^{1/2}) / e^4 + (6 * d^2 * x^2 * (a + b * x)^{1/2}) / e^2 + (4 * d * x^3 * (a + b * x)^{1/2}) / e + (4 * d^3 * x * (a + b * x)^{1/2}) / e^3)$

3.850 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.850.1 Optimal result 6213
 3.850.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6214
 3.850.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6214
 3.850.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) 6216
 3.850.5 Fricas [F(-1)] 6216
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 3.850.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6217

3.850.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 417

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{g}}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(e(2cd-be) + \frac{2c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(bd+ae)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(e(2cd-be) - \frac{2c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(bd+ae)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e\sqrt{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}$$

output

```
2*e^(3/2)*arctanh(g^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2))/c/g^(1/2)-2
*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)
)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(e*(-b*e+2*c*d)+(2*c^2*d^2+b^2*e
^2-2*c*e*(a*e+b*d))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c
*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(e*(-b*e+2*c*d)+(-2*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2+2*c*e*(a*e+b*d))/(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.850.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}(a + bx + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e) \sqrt{cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{-2cdf + bef + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}ef + bdg - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}dg - 2aeg}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-2cdf + bef + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}ef + bdg - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}dg - 2aeg}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[2]*(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]) + (Sqrt[2]*(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*e)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]) + (2*e^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[g])/c`

3.850.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1204, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}(a + bx + cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1204

$$\int \left(\frac{-ae^2 + ex(2cd - be) + cd^2}{c\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}(a + bx + cx^2)} + \frac{e^2}{c\sqrt{d + ex}\sqrt{f + gx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2\left(\frac{-2ce(ae+bd)+b^2e^2+2c^2d^2}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + e(2cd - be)\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{c\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(e(2cd - be) - \frac{-2ce(ae+bd)+b^2e^2+2c^2d^2}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\right)}{c\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} + \\
& \frac{2e^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{g}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{c\sqrt{g}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c*Sqrt[g]) - (2*(e*(2*c*d - b*e) + (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]) - (2*(e*(2*c*d - b*e) - (2*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + a*e))/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(c*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])`

3.850.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1204 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), (d + e*x)^(m + 1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m + 1/2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.850.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11685 vs. $2(361) = 722$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11686, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.02

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	11686

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.850.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.850.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(sqrt(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.850.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.850.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.850.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

$$3.851 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

3.851.1 Optimal result	6218
3.851.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6219
3.851.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6219
3.851.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6221
3.851.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6221
3.851.6 Sympy [F]	6222
3.851.7 Maxima [F]	6223
3.851.8 Giac [F(-1)]	6223
3.851.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6223

3.851.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 285

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{earctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e\sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g}$$

output
$$-2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+2*\operatorname{arctanh}((e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}$$

3.851.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2cf+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} g \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} e \sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cf+(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} g} + \frac{\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} g \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} e \sqrt{f+gx}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})} g} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*(-((Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-2*c*f + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])]/Sqrt[-2*c*f + (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]) + (Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])]/Sqrt[-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

3.851.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1204, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1204}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e - \frac{2cd-be}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} + \frac{\frac{2cd-be}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} + e}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cf - g(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]) + (2*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])`

3.851.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1204 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]), (d + e*x)^(m + 1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m + 1/2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.851.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5481 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5482, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5482

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.851.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4471 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 27.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4471, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```

output 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(((2*c*d - b*e)*f - (b*d - 2*a*e)*g + ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*f
^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*f*g + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*g^2))*sqrt((e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*
g + d^2*g^2)/((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*f^4 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*f^3*g + (b^4
- 2*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*f*g^3 + (a^2*b^2
- 4*a^3*c)*g^4)))/((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*f^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*f*g + (a*b^2 -
4*a^2*c)*g^2))*log(-(2*b*d^2*f*g - 2*a*d^2*g^2 - 2*(b*d*e - a*e^2)*f^2 +
sqrt(2)*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*f^2 - (b^2 - 4*a*c)*d*f*g + ((b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*
f^3 - (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*f^2*g + 3*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*f*g^2 -
2*(a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*g^3))*sqrt((e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/((b^2*c^2
- 4*a*c^3)*f^4 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*f^3*g + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^
2)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*f*g^3 + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*g^4)))*sqrt
(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)*sqrt(((2*c*d - b*e)*f - (b*d - 2*a*e)*g + ((b^2*c
- 4*a*c^2)*f^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*f*g + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*g^2))*sqrt((e^2*f^
2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)/((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*c^3)*f^4 - 2*(b^3*c - 4*a*b*c^2)*
f^3*g + (b^4 - 2*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*f^2*g^2 - 2*(a*b^3 - 4*a^2*b*c)*f*g^
3 + (a^2*b^2 - 4*a^3*c)*g^4)))/((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*f^2 - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*f*
g + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*g^2)) - (b*e^2*f^2 - 4*a*e^2*f*g - (b*d^2 - 4*a*d*e)
*g^2)*x - (2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*f^3 - 2*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*f^2*g + 2*(a*b^
2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*f*g^2 + ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e*f^3 + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*g^3
+ ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e)*f^2*g - ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d ...

```

3.851.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2), x)

```

```

output Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)

```

3.851.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.851.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.851.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.852 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

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 3.852.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6225
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 3.852.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6228

3.852.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} + \frac{4c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\sqrt{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}$$

output

```
-4*c*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+4*c*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.852.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} \left(\frac{(-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2aeg}} \right) + \frac{(2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2aeg}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}-2aeg}}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(-cd^2+e(bd-ae))}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*(((-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])]/Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g] + ((2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]))*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])]/Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)))`

3.852.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1205, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

↓ 1205

$$\int \left(\frac{2c}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} - \frac{2c}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)} \right) dx$$

3.852. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}\sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}} - \\
 \frac{4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-4*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]) + (4*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])`

3.852.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1205 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.852.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5506 vs. $2(243) = 486$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5507, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.19

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5507

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

3.852.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19727 vs. $2(243) = 486$.

Time = 118.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19727, normalized size of antiderivative = 68.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

3.852.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.852.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.852.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.852.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

3.853 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.853.1 Optimal result 6229
 3.853.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6230
 3.853.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6230
 3.853.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify) 6232
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 3.853.6 Sympy [F] 6233
 3.853.7 Maxima [F] 6233
 3.853.8 Giac [F(-1)] 6233
 3.853.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6234

3.853.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 429

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{4ce\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{4ce\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)(ef-dg)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)^{3/2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} + \frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e\sqrt{f+gx}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e)^{3/2}\sqrt{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}$$

output

```
4*c*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*c*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*c^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(3/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+8*c^2*arctanh((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(3/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.853. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

3.853.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 543, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}}{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(-ef+dg)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2d^2+b(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e^2-2ce(bd+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^{3/2}\sqrt{-2cdf+bef+\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}}-2ae}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(-2c^2d^2+b(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e^2+2ce(bd-\sqrt{b^2-4acd}+ae)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{f}}{\sqrt{-2cdf+bef-\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^{3/2}\sqrt{-2cdf+bef-\sqrt{b^2-4acef+bdg}+\sqrt{b^2-4acd}}-2ae}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (Sqrt[2]*(2*c^2*d^2 + b*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e^2 - 2*c*e*(b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]) + (Sqrt[2]*(-2*c^2*d^2 + b*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e^2 + 2*c*e*(b*d - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*Sqrt[-2*c*d*f + b*e*f - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*f + b*d*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d*g - 2*a*e*g])`

3.853.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1205, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

3.853. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$

↓ 1205

$$\int \left(\frac{2c}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx} \left(-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx\right)} - \frac{2c}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(d + ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f + gx} \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx\right)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2cd - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{2cf - g \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)}} +$$

$$\frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \left(2cd - e \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{2cf - g \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)}} +$$

$$\frac{4ce\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{d + ex}(ef - dg) \left(2cd - e \left(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)\right)} -$$

$$\frac{4ce\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{d + ex}(ef - dg) \left(2cd - e \left(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b\right)\right)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(4*c*e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (4*c*e*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (8*c^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]) + (8*c^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])])/(Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)^(3/2)*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])`

3.853.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1205 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.853.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 47350 vs. 2(369) = 738.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47351, normalized size of antiderivative = 110.38

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	47351

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

3.853.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.853.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.853.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.853.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

3.853.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+bx+a)} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x)`

3.854 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.854.1 Optimal result	6235
3.854.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6236
3.854.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6236
3.854.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6241
3.854.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6242
3.854.6 Sympy [F]	6242
3.854.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6243
3.854.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6243
3.854.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6243

3.854.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 532

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5b^3e^3g^3 + 64c^3(ef - dg)^3 - 4bce^2g^2(6bef - 2bdg + aeg) + 16bc^2eg(3e^2f^2 - 3defg + d^2g^2) + 2ceg(5b^2e^2 - 64c^3e^4) + \frac{g^2(24cef - 14cdg - 5beg)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24c^2e^2} + \frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{(4ce(2cd - be)(16c^2e^2f^3 + 5b^2deg^3 - 4cdg^2(6bef - 2bdg + aeg)) - 2(4c^2d^2 - \frac{b^2e^2}{2} - 2ce(bd - ae))g}{128c^7/2e^5} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(ef - dg)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output

```
1/24*g^2*(-5*b*e*g-14*c*d*g+24*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^2/e^2+1/4*g^3*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2-1/128*(4*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(16*c^2*e^2*f^3+5*b^2*d*e*g^3-4*c*d*g^2*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+6*b*e*f))-2*(4*c^2*d^2-1/2*b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*g*(5*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+6*b*e*f)+16*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^5+(-d*g+e*f)^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^5+1/64*(5*b^3*e^3*g^3+64*c^3*(-d*g+e*f)^3-4*b*c*e^2*g^2*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+6*b*e*f)+16*b*c^2*e*g*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)+2*c*e*g*(5*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+6*b*e*f)+16*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e^4
```

3.854. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.854.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(15b^3e^3g^3 - 2bce^2g^2(26aeg + b(36ef - 12dg + 5egx)) + 16c^3(-12d^3g^3 + 6d^2eg^2(6f + gx) - 2de^2g(18f^2 + 9fgx + 2g^2x^2) + 3e^3(4f^3 + 6fg^2x + 2g^3x^2)))}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^3*e^3*g^3 - 2*b*c*e^2*g^2*(26*a*e*g + b*(36*e*f - 12*d*g + 5*e*g*x)) + 16*c^3*(-12*d^3*g^3 + 6*d^2*e*g^2*(6*f + g*x) - 2*d*e^2*g*(18*f^2 + 9*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2) + 3*e^3*(4*f^3 + 6*f^2*g*x + 4*f*g^2*x^2 + g^3*x^3)) + 8*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(-8*d*g + 3*e*(8*f + g*x)) + b*(6*d^2*g^2 - 2*d*e*g*(9*f + g*x) + e^2*(18*f^2 + 6*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)))))/c^3 - 768*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - (3*(-5*b^4*e^4*g^3 + 128*c^4*d*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3 + 8*b^2*c*e^3*g^2*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g + 3*a*e*g) - 16*c^2*e^2*g*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*b*e*g*(3*e*f - d*g) + b^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)) + 64*c^3*e*(b*(e*f - d*g)^3 + a*e*g*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/c^(7/2))/(384*e^5)`

3.854.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1267

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(e^2g^2(24cef-14cdg-5beg)x^2-2eg(e(4bd+ae)g^2-3c(4e^2f^2-d^2g^2))x+e(8ce^2f^3-d(3bd+2ae)g^3))}{2(d+ex)} dx + \frac{4ce^3}{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(e^2g^2(24cef-14cdg-5beg)x^2-2eg(e(4bd+ae)g^2-3c(4e^2f^2-d^2g^2))x+e(8ce^2f^3-d(3bd+2ae)g^3))}{d+ex} dx + \frac{8ce^3}{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} \downarrow 2184$$

$$\int \frac{3e^3(16c^2e^2f^3+5b^2deg^3-4cdg^2(6bef-2bdg+ae)g)+g(16(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4eg(6bef-2bdg+ae)g)c+5b^2e^2g^2}{2(d+ex)} \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3ce^2} dx + \frac{eg^2(a+bx+cx^2)^3}{8ce^3} \downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(16c^2e^2f^3+5b^2deg^3-4cdg^2(6bef-2bdg+ae)g)+g(16(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4eg(6bef-2bdg+ae)g)c+5b^2e^2g^2}{2c} \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2c} dx + \frac{eg^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{8ce^3} \downarrow 1231$$

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)))-4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)+}{4ce^2} \right) \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2} \downarrow 27$$

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)))-4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)+}{4ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

3.854. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

↓ 1269

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{4ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{4ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{4ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 1154

$$e \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^2e^2g^2+16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef)+5b^3e^3g^3+16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{4ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

3.854. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$e^{\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2ceg \left(-4ceg(aeg-2bdg+6bef) + 5b^2e^2g^2 + 16c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2) \right) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-2bdg+6bef) + 5b^3e^3g^3 + 16bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2) \right)}{4ce^2} \right)}$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4ce^2}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(g^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*c*e^2) + ((e*g^2*(24*c*e*f - 14*c*d*g - 5*b*e*g)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c) + (e*(((5*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 6*4*c^3*(e*f - d*g)^3 - 4*b*c*e^2*g^2*(6*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g) + 16*b*c^2*e*g*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(5*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*c*e*g*(6*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g) + 16*c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c*e^2) - (((4*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(16*c^2*e^2*f^3 + 5*b^2*d*e*g^3 - 4*c*d*g^2*(6*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g)) - 2*(4*c^2*d^2 - (b^2*e^2)/2 - 2*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*g*(5*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*c*e*g*(6*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g) + 16*c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (128*c^3*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(2*c))/(8*c*e^3)`

3.854.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2184 Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

3.854.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
default	$(-d^3g^3 + 3d^2efg^2 - 3de^2f^2g + e^3f^3) \left(\sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}} + \frac{(be-2cd) \ln\left(\frac{be-2cd}{2e} + c\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{c}} \right)$
risch	$- \frac{(-48g^3c^3e^3x^3 - 8bc^2e^3g^3x^2 + 64c^3de^2g^3x^2 - 192c^3e^3fg^2x^2 - 24ac^2e^3g^3x + 10b^2ce^3g^3x + 16bc^2de^2g^3x - 48bc^2e^3fg^2x - 96c^3d^2eg^3x^2 + 96c^3d^2eg^3x^2 - 96c^3d^2eg^3x^2 + 96c^3d^2eg^3x^2)}{e^3}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.854. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

output $(-d^3g^3+3d^2efg^2-3d^2e^2f^2g+e^3f^3)/e^4*((x+d/e)^2c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}+1/2*(b^2e-2cd)/e*\ln((1/2*(b^2e-2cd)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^{1/2}+((x+d/e)^2c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/c^{1/2}-(ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2/((ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*\ln((2*(ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})*((x+d/e)^2c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(ae^2-b^2d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e))+g/e^3*(d^2g^2*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))+e^2g^2*(1/4*x*(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}/c-5/8*b/c*(1/3*(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}/c-1/2*b/c*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))))-1/4*a/c*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))))+3e^2f^2*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))-3d^2efg*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))+(-d^2eg^2+3e^2fg)*(1/3*(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}/c-1/2*b/c*(1/4*(2cx+b)/c*(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}+1/8*(4a^2-c^2)/c^{3/2}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{1/2}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))))$

3.854.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.854.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.854. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.854.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

3.854.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type
```

3.854.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.855 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.855.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 325

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(b^2e^2g^2 - 8c^2(ef - dg)^2 - 2bceg(2ef - dg) - 2ceg(4cef - 2cdg - beg)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8c^2e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

$$+ \frac{((8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(bd - ae))g(4cef - 2cdg - beg) - 4ce(2cd - be)(2cef^2 - bdg^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(ef - dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output

```
1/3*g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e+1/16*((8*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-a*e+b*d))
*g*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)-4*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(-b*d*g^2+2*c*e*f^2))*arcta
nh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^4+(-d*g+e*f)^2*arc
tanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a
)^(1/2))*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^4-1/8*(b^2*e^2*g^2-8*c^2*(-d*g+e*f)^2
-2*b*c*e*g*(-d*g+2*e*f)-2*c*e*g*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2)/c^2/e^3
```

3.855.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-3b^2e^2g^2+2ceg(4aeg+b(6ef-3dg+egx))+4c^2(6d^2g^2-3deg(4f+gx)+2e^2(3f^2+3fgx+g^2x^2)))}{c^2} + 96\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - a}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-3*b^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*e*g*(4*a*e*g + b*(6*e*f - 3*d*g + e*g*x)) + 4*c^2*(6*d^2*g^2 - 3*d*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + 2*e^2*(3*f^2 + 3*f*g*x + g^2*x^2))))/c^2 + 96*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] + (3*(-(b^3*e^3*g^2) + 16*c^3*d*(e*f - d*g)^2 + 2*b*c*e^2*g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) - 8*c^2*e*(b*(e*f - d*g)^2 + a*e*g*(2*e*f - d*g)))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/c^(5/2))/(48*e^4)`

3.855.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3e(2cef^2 - bdg^2 + g(4cef - 2cdg - beg)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{2(d+ex)} dx}{3ce^2} + \frac{g^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(2cef^2 - bdg^2 + g(4cef - 2cdg - beg)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d+ex} dx}{2ce} + \frac{g^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

$$\downarrow 1231$$

3.855. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\int \frac{d(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-4ce(bd-2ae)(2cef^2-bdg^2)+((8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(bd-ae))g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-4ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} \quad 2ce$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{d(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-4ce(bd-2ae)(2cef^2-bdg^2)+((8c^2d^2-b^2e^2-4ce(bd-ae))g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-4ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce} \quad 2ce$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(g(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)-4ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + 16c^2(ef-dg)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \quad 2ce$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2(g(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)-4ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2)) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + 16c^2(ef-dg)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \quad 2ce$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{16c^2(ef-dg)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(g(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)-4ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))}{e} \quad 2ce$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

↓ 1154

3.855. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(g\left(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2\right)\left(-beg-2cdg+4cef\right)-4ce(2cd-be)\left(2cef^2-bdg^2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{32c^2(ef-dg)^2\left(ae^2-bde+cd^2\right)}{8ce^2} \int \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{4\left(cd^2-bde+ae^2\right)} dx$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)\left(g\left(-4ce(bd-ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2\right)\left(-beg-2cdg+4cef\right)-4ce(2cd-be)\left(2cef^2-bdg^2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{16c^2(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8ce^2} + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2ce}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3ce}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(g^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c*e) + (-1/4*((b^2*e^2*g^2 - 8*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^2 - 2*b*c*e*g*(2*e*f - d*g) - 2*c*e*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) + (((8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g) - 4*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(2*c*e*f^2 - b*d*g^2))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (16*c^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*c*e^2))/(2*c*e)`

3.855.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

3.855. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.855.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 570, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8c^2e^2g^2x^2+2bce^2g^2x-12c^2de g^2x+24c^2e^2fgx+8ace^2g^2-3b^2e^2g^2-6bcde g^2+12bce^2fg+24c^2d^2g^2-48c^2de fg+24c^2e^2f^2)\sqrt{cx^2+a}}{24c^2e^3}$ $g \left(dg \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) \right) - 2ef \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{e^2}{e^2}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24*(8*c^2*e^2*g^2*x^2+2*b*c*e^2*g^2*x-12*c^2*d*e*g^2*x+24*c^2*e^2*f*g*x+
8*a*c*e^2*g^2-3*b^2*e^2*g^2-6*b*c*d*e*g^2+12*b*c*e^2*f*g+24*c^2*d^2*g^2-48
*c^2*d*e*f*g+24*c^2*e^2*f^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^3-1/16/c^2/e^3*(16*
(a*d^2*e^2*g^2-2*a*d*e^3*f*g+a*e^4*f^2-b*d^3*e*g^2+2*b*d^2*e^2*f*g-b*d*e^3
*f^2+c*d^4*g^2-2*c*d^3*e*f*g+c*d^2*e^2*f^2)*c^2/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e
^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*
d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^
2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)+(4*a*b*c*e^3*g^2+8*a*c^2*d*e^2*g^2-16*a*c^2*e^3*f*
g-b^3*e^3*g^2-2*b^2*c*d*e^2*g^2+4*b^2*c*e^3*f*g-8*b*c^2*d^2*e*g^2+16*b*c^2
*d*e^2*f*g-8*b*c^2*e^3*f^2+16*c^3*d^3*g^2-32*c^3*d^2*e*f*g+16*c^3*d*e^2*f^
2)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2))
```

3.855.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.855. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.855.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.855.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.855.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.855.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.856 $\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.856.1 Optimal result 6252
 3.856.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6253
 3.856.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6253
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 3.856.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6258

3.856.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4cef - 4cdg + beg + 2cegx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{4ce^2}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2e^2g + 8c^2d(ef - dg) - 4ce(bef - bdg + aeg)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(ef - dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-1/8*(b^2*e^2*g+8*c^2*d*(-d*g+e*f)-4*c*e*(a*e*g-b*d*g+b*e*f))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^3+(-d*g+e*f)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^3+1/4*(2*c*e*g*x+b*e*g-4*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2
```

3.856.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\left(e\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}(beg + 2c(2ef - 2dg + egx)) - 8c\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}(-ef + dg) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}}\right)\right)}{8c^{3/2}e^3}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c]*(e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(b*e*g + 2*c*(2*e*f - 2*d*g + e*g*x)) - 8*c*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(-(e*f) + d*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]) + (-(b^2*e^2*g) + 8*c^2*d*(-(e*f) + d*g) + 4*c*e*(b*e*f - b*d*g + a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(8*c^(3/2)*e^3)`

3.856.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1231}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(beg - 4cdg + 4cef + 2ceg) - \int \frac{degb^2 + 4cd(ef - dg)b - 4ace(2ef - dg) + (8d(ef - dg)c^2 - 4e(bef - bdg + aeg)c + b^2e^2g)x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{4ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(beg - 4cdg + 4cef + 2ceg) - \int \frac{degb^2 + 4cd(ef - dg)b - 4ace(2ef - dg) + (8d(ef - dg)c^2 - 4e(bef - bdg + aeg)c + b^2e^2g)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{8ce^2}$$

3.856. $\int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 1269 \\
\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-4cdg+4cef+2ceg)}{4ce^2} - \frac{(-4ce(aeg-bdg+bef)+b^2e^2g+8c^2d(ef-dg)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{8c(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
\frac{8ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
\downarrow 1092 \\
\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-4cdg+4cef+2ceg)}{4ce^2} - \frac{2(-4ce(aeg-bdg+bef)+b^2e^2g+8c^2d(ef-dg)) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{8c(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
\frac{8ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-4cdg+4cef+2ceg)}{4ce^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(aeg-bdg+bef)+b^2e^2g+8c^2d(ef-dg))}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8c(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
\frac{8ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
\downarrow 1154 \\
\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-4cdg+4cef+2ceg)}{4ce^2} - \frac{16c(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(aeg-bdg+))}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
\frac{8ce^2}{8ce^2} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-4cdg+4cef+2ceg)}{4ce^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(aeg-bdg+))}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{8c(ef-dg)\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e} \\
\frac{8ce^2}{8ce^2}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((4*c*e*f - 4*c*d*g + b*e*g + 2*c*e*g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c*e^2) - (((b^2*e^2*g + 8*c^2*d*(e*f - d*g) - 4*c*e*(b*e*f - b*d*g + a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (8*c*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e^2)`

$$3.856. \int \frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.856.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1231 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.856.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2cegx+beg-4cdg+4cef)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4ce^2} + \frac{(4ace^2g-b^2e^2g-4bcdeg+4bce^2f+8c^2d^2g-8c^2def) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{8(ae^2gd-ae^3j)}{e^2}$
default	$\frac{g\left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e} + \frac{(-dg+ef) \left(\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)}{e^2}$

```
input int((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*(2*c*e*g*x+b*e*g-4*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^2+1/8/c/e^2*
((4*a*c*e^2*g-b^2*e^2*g-4*b*c*d*e*g+4*b*c*e^2*f+8*c^2*d^2*g-8*c^2*d*e*f)/e
*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+8*(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-
b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*c/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/
2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.856.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.856.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.856.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.856.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.856.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.857 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

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3.857.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

```
output -1/2*(-b*e+2*c*d)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2/c
^(1/2)+arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c
*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e^2+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e
```

3.857.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}x}{\sqrt{a}(d+ex)-d\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{cd}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{e^2}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(d + e*x),x]
```

output $(e\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)} + 2\sqrt{-(cd^2) + bde - ae^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(cd^2) + bde - ae^2}x)/(\sqrt{a}(d + ex) - d\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)})] + 2\sqrt{c}d \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}x)/(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)})] + (be \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{c}x)/(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)})])/ \sqrt{c})/e^2$

3.857.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$, Rules used = {1162, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1162}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\int \frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1269}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd - be) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1092}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{2(2cd - be) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b + 2cx)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \frac{b + 2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{2e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1154}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{e} - \frac{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{e} + \frac{(2cd - be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2e}$$

3.857. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{e}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{2e}$$

↓ 219

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(d + e*x), x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/e - (((2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(2*e)`

3.857.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.857.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{e} + \frac{(be-2cd) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}\right)}{2e} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} + \frac{(be-2cd) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{be-2cd}{2e} + c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)}{e}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e+1/2/e*((b*e-2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(2*a*e^2-2*b*d*e+2*c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.857.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 992, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \left[\frac{4\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ace} - (2cd-be)\sqrt{c} \log(-8c^2x^2 - 8bcx - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(2cx+b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac)}{4ac} + \dots \right]$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.857. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e - (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 2*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*c*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c*e^2), 1/4*(4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + 4*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - (2*c*d - b*e)*sqrt(c)*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c))/(c*e^2), 1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*c*e + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*c*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d...`

3.857.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.857.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.857.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type
```

3.857.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x),x)
```

```
output int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(d + e*x), x)
```

3.858 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

3.858.1 Optimal result	6265
3.858.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6266
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3.858.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{eg} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e(ef - dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef - dg)}$$

```
output arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*c^(1/2)/e/g+arctanh(1/2
*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)-arctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f
)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1
/2)/g/(-d*g+e*f)
```


3.858.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right) - 2e\sqrt{-cf^2+bf g-ag^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(f+gx)-g\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cf^2+bf g-ag^2}}\right)}{eg(ef-dg)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*g*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - 2*e*Sqrt[-(c*f^2) + b*f*g - a*g^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x) - g*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*f^2) + b*f*g - a*g^2]] + Sqrt[c]*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Log[e*g*(b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(e*g*(e*f - d*g))`

3.858.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.276$, Rules used = {1270, 1154, 219, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1270$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \int \frac{cdf-bef+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ef-dg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right) - \int \frac{cdf-bef+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ef-dg)}$$

3.858. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \int \frac{cdf-bef+aeg-c(ef-dg)x}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ef-dg)} \\
& \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx} - \frac{c(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g}}{e(ef-dg)} \\
& \downarrow 1092 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx} - \frac{2c(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{g}}{e(ef-dg)} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g}}{e(ef-dg)} \\
& \downarrow 1154 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{2e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cf^2-bgf+ag^2) - \frac{(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g}}{e(ef-dg)} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right) - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{e\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g}}{e(ef-dg)}
\end{aligned}$$

3.858. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*(e*f - d*g)) - ((Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/g) + (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/g)/(e*(e*f - d*g))`

3.858.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1270 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] - Simp[1/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[Simp[c*d*f - b*e*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(f + g*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[p] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.858.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. 2(204) = 408.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c+\frac{(b g-2 c f)\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)}{g}+\frac{a g^2-b f g+c f^2}{g^2}}}{2 g \sqrt{c}}+\frac{(b g-2 c f) \ln \left(\frac{b g-2 c f+c\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c+\frac{(b g-2 c f)\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)}{g}+\frac{a g^2-b f g+c f^2}{g^2}}\right)}{2 g \sqrt{c}}+\frac{\left(a g^2-b f g+c f^2\right)^{3 / 2}}{2 g^2 \sqrt{c}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(d*g-e*f)*(((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g*ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^(1/2)+((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))-1/(d*g-e*f)*(((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.858.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.858.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.858.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for more detail`

3.858.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.858.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(f+gx)(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.859 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.859.1 Optimal result	6272
3.859.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6273
3.859.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6273
3.859.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6275
3.859.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6276
3.859.6 Sympy [F]	6277
3.859.7 Maxima [F]	6277
3.859.8 Giac [F]	6277
3.859.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6278

3.859.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 490

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(f+gx)} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g(ef-dg)^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g(ef-dg)\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}}$$

$$- \frac{e\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^2}$$

output
$$\frac{-1/2*(-b*e+2*c*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) / (-d*g+e*f)^2/c^{(1/2)} + 1/2*e*(-b*g+2*c*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) / g / (-d*g+e*f)^2/c^{(1/2)} - \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) * c^{(1/2)} / g / (-d*g+e*f) + \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x) / (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) * (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)} / (-d*g+e*f)^2 + 1/2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) / g / (-d*g+e*f) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)} - e*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}) * (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)} / g / (-d*g+e*f)^2 + (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (-d*g+e*f) / (g*x+f)$$

3.859.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{f+gx} + 2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-cf^2+bfg-ag^2}(2cdf+2aeg-b(ef+dg))}{cf^2+g(-bf-dg)}}{(ef-dg)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2), x]`

output
$$\frac{((e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)] / (f + g*x) + 2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*f^2) + b*f*g - a*g^2]*(2*c*d*f + 2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x) - g*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g)]]]) / (c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)) / (e*f - d*g)^2$$

3.859.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.859.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 1289 \\
& \int \left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{eg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2} - \\
& \frac{e\sqrt{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^2} + \\
& \frac{(2cf-bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2g(ef-dg)\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)} - \\
& \frac{(2cd-be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^2} + \frac{e(2cf-bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g(ef-dg)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) - ((2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(2*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (e*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(2*Sqrt[c]*g*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(g*(e*f - d*g)) + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(e*f - d*g)^2 + ((2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(2*g*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]) - (e*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(g*(e*f - d*g)^2)`

3.859.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.859.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1358 vs. $2(434) = 868$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1359

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & e/(d*g-e*f)^2*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2} \\ & +1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*\ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^{1/2}+(x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/c^{1/2}-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2 \\ & /((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*(x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e)))+1/g/(d*g-e*f) \\ & *(-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{3/2}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g*\ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{1/2}+(x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2})/c^{1/2}-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}*(x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2})/(x+f/g)))+2*c/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2*(1/4*(2*c*(x+f/g)+(b*g-2*c*f)/g)/c*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}+1/8*(4*c*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2-(b*g-2*c*f)^2/g^2)/c^{3/2}*ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{1/2}+(x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}))) - e/(d*g-e*f)^2*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{1/2}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g*\ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{1/2}+(x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+... \end{aligned}$$

3.859.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.859.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

3.859.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.859.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.859.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(f+gx)^2(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.860 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$

3.860.1 Optimal result	6279
3.860.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6280
3.860.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6281
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3.860.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6284
3.860.6 Sympy [F]	6285
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3.860.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6285
3.860.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6286

3.860.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 673

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)^2(f+gx)} - \frac{g(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)^2}$$

$$- \frac{e(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g(ef-dg)^3}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2-4ac)g\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}}$$

$$- \frac{e^2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^3}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{8}(-4ac+b^2)g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)x)\right) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2} / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-dg+ef) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}e(-be+2cd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2cx+b)/c\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-dg+ef)^3 / c^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2}e^2(-bg+2cf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2cx+b)/c\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / g / (-dg+ef)^3 / c^{1/2} - e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2cx+b)/c\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} * c^{1/2} / g / (-dg+ef)^2 + e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bd-2ae+(-be+2cd)x)\right) / (ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{1/2} / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} * (ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{1/2} / (-dg+ef)^3 + \frac{1}{2}e(-bg+2cf) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)x)\right) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2} / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / g / (-dg+ef)^2 / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2} - e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)x)\right) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2} / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} * (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2} / g / (-dg+ef)^3 + e(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-dg+ef)^2 / (gx+f) - \frac{1}{4}g(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)x) * (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-dg+ef) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2) / (gx+f)^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.860.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8e(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{f+gx} + \frac{2g(ef-dg)^2(-bf+2ag-2cfx+bgx)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)^2} + \frac{4e(-2cd+be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + 8e\sqrt{cd^2+}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3), x]`

output $((8e(e f - d g) \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)}) / (f + g x) + (2 g (e f - d g)^2 (- (b f) + 2 a g - 2 c f x + b g x) \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)}) / ((c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)) (f + g x)^2) + (4 e (-2 c d + b e) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 c x) / (2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) / \sqrt{c} + 8 e \sqrt{c d^2 + e(- (b d) + a e)} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2 a e + 2 c d x + b(d - e x)) / (2 \sqrt{c d^2 + e(- (b d) + a e)} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) + ((b^2 - 4 a c) g (e f - d g)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2 a g + 2 c f x + b(f - g x)) / (2 \sqrt{c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) / (c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g))^{3/2} - (4 e (e f - d g) (2 \sqrt{c} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 c x) / (2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) - ((2 c f - b g) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2 a g + 2 c f x + b(f - g x)) / (2 \sqrt{c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) / \sqrt{c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)})) / g + (4 e^2 ((2 c f - b g) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2 c x) / (2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) - 2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2 a g + 2 c f x + b(f - g x)) / (2 \sqrt{c f^2 + g(- (b f) + a g)} \sqrt{a + x(b + c x)})]) / (\sqrt{c} g)) / (8 (e f - d g)^3)$

3.860.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{(d + e x)(f + g x)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(\frac{e^3 \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{(d + e x)(e f - d g)^3} - \frac{e^2 g \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{(f + g x)(e f - d g)^3} - \frac{e g \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{(f + g x)^2 (e f - d g)^2} - \frac{g \sqrt{a + b x + c x^2}}{(f + g x)^3 (e f - d g)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{g(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^3} - \\
& \frac{e^2\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^3} + \frac{e^2(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g(ef-dg)^3} + \\
& \frac{e(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}e\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^2} - \\
& \frac{e(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^3} - \frac{g\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf)}{4(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} + \\
& \frac{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3),x]`

output `(e*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(f + g*x)) - (g*(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((4*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)^2) - (e*(2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)^3) + (e^2*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*g*(e*f - d*g)^3) - (Sqrt[c]*e*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(g*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*f - d*g)^3 + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*g*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)) + (e*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*g*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]) - (e^2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(g*(e*f - d*g)^3)`

3.860.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.860.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2511 vs. $2(603) = 1206$.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2512, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2512

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/g^2/(d*g-e*f)*(-1/2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)^2*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)}-1/4*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g*\ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{(1/2)}+((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(1/2)}-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g)))+2*c/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2*(1/4*(2*c*(x+f/g)+(b*g-2*c*f)/g)/c*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}+1/8*(4*c*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2-(b*g-2*c*f)^2/g^2)/c^{(3/2)}*\ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{(1/2)}+((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})))+1/2*c/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g*\ln((1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)/g+c*(x+f/g))/c^{(1/2)}+((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/c^{(1/2)}-(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g)))-e^2/(d*...$

3.860.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.860.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**3), x)`

3.860.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.860.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1824 vs. 2(603) = 1206.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1824, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

```

output -2*(c*d^2*e - b*d*e^2 + a*e^3)*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))
*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((e^3*f^3 - 3*d*e^2*f^2*g +
3*d^2*e*f*g^2 - d^3*g^3)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 1/4*(8*c^2*d*e*f^
3 - 4*b*c*e^2*f^3 - 12*b*c*d*e*f^2*g + 3*b^2*e^2*f^2*g + 12*a*c*e^2*f^2*g
+ 6*b^2*d*e*f*g^2 - 12*a*b*e^2*f*g^2 - b^2*d^2*g^3 + 4*a*c*d^2*g^3 - 4*a*b
*d*e*g^3 + 8*a^2*e^2*g^3)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*g +
sqrt(c)*f)/sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g - a*g^2))/((c*e^3*f^5 - 3*c*d*e^2*f^4*g -
b*e^3*f^4*g + 3*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^2 + 3*b*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 + a*e^3*f^3*g^2 - c*d^
3*f^2*g^3 - 3*b*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 - 3*a*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 + b*d^3*f*g^4 + 3*a*d^2
e*f*g^4 - a*d^3*g^5)*sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g - a*g^2)) + 1/4*(8*(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*c^2*d*f^2*g^2 - 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x +
a))^3*b*c*e*f^2*g^2 - 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b*c*d*f*g^3
+ 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*e*f*g^3 + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - squ
rt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*c*e*f*g^3 + (sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*
b^2*d*g^4 + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*c*d*g^4 - 4*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*b*e*g^4 + 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x
+ a))^2*c^(5/2)*e*f^4 + 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*c^(5/2)*d
f^3*g - 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*b^2*sqrt(c)*e*f^2*g^2 + 12*(sq
rt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*b^2*sqrt(c)*e*f^2*g^2 + 12*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^2*a*c^(3/2)*e*f^2*g^2 - 5*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x...

```

3.860.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(f+gx)^3(d+ex)} dx$$

```
input int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)),x)
```

```
output int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)), x)
```

$$\mathbf{3.861} \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx$$

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3.861.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 933

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx = & \frac{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)^3(f+gx)} \\
& - \frac{g(2cf-bg)(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^2(f+gx)^2} \\
& - \frac{eg(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)^2} \\
& + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)^3} \\
& - \frac{e^2(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^4} \\
& + \frac{e^3(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g(ef-dg)^4} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{c}e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^3} \\
& + \frac{e^2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^4} \\
& + \frac{(b^2-4ac)g(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{5/2}} \\
& + \frac{(b^2-4ac)eg\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{e^2(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}} \\
& - \frac{e^3\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g(ef-dg)^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3}g^2(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{3/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(gx+f)^3+1/16* \\ & (-4ac+b^2)*g*(-bg+2cf)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)*x)/(ag^2- \\ & bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{5/2} \\ & +1/8*(-4ac+b^2)*eg*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)*x)/(ag^2-bfg \\ & +cf^2)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/(-dg+ef)^2/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2} \\ & -1/2e^2*(-be+2cd)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2cx+b)/c^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/ \\ & (-dg+ef)^4/c^{1/2}+1/2e^3*(-bg+2cf)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2cx+b)/c^{1/2}/(c \\ & x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/g/(-dg+ef)^4/c^{1/2}-e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2cx+b)/c^{1/2} \\ & / (c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})*c^{1/2}/g/(-dg+ef)^3+e^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(bd-2ae+(- \\ & be+2cd)*x)/(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})*(ae^2-bde+ \\ & cd^2)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)^4+1/2e^2*(-bg+2cf)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(bf-2ag+(-b \\ & g+2cf)*x)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})/g/(-dg+ef)^3/ \\ & (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}-e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)*x)/(ag^2- \\ & bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2})*(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}/g/(-d \\ & g+ef)^4+e^2*(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)^3/(gx+f)-1/8*g*(-bg+2cf)* \\ & (bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)*x)*(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2 \\ & / (gx+f)^2-1/4*eg*(bf-2ag+(-bg+2cf)*x)*(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-d \\ & g+ef)^2/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(gx+f)^2 \end{aligned}$$

3.861.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 858, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{48e^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{f+gx} + \frac{12eg(ef-dg)^2(-bf+2ag-2cfx+bgx)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)^2} - \frac{16g^2(-ef+dg)^3(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)^3} + 24e^2 \left(\frac{(-2cd+be)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^4), x]`


```
output ((48*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(f + g*x) + (12*e*g*(e*f - d*g)
)^2*(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]/((c*f^2 + g*
(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)^2) - (16*g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*(a + x*(b + c*x))^
(3/2))/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)^3) + 24*e^2*(((2*c*d + b*e)*
ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/Sqrt[c] + 2*Sqrt[c
*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*ArcTanh[(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x))/(2*Sqrt[
c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) + (6*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*g*
(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(
-(b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2) -
(3*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)^3*((2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-2*a*g + 2*c*
f*x + b*(f - g*x)))/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)^2) + ((-b^2 + 4*
a*c)*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) +
a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2))/(c*f^2 +
g*(-(b*f) + a*g)) - (24*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*(2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2
*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) - ((2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*
x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]
)/Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]))/g + (24*e^3*((2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b +
2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b
*f) + a*g)]*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(
b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/(Sqrt[c]*g))/(48*(e*f - d*g)^4)
```

3.861.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 933, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)^4} - \frac{e^3g\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)^4} - \frac{e^2g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)^3} - \frac{eg^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)^3(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)^4(ef-dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(2cf - bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3 - \sqrt{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^3}{2\sqrt{c}g(e f - dg)^4} - \frac{g(e f - dg)^4}{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2} - \frac{(2cd - be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{g(e f - dg)^3} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bed + ae^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{(e f - dg)^4} + \\
& \frac{(2cf - bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{2g(e f - dg)^3\sqrt{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + ae^2}}{(e f - dg)^3(f + gx)} + \\
& \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)g\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{8(e f - dg)^2 (cf^2 - bgf + ag^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{g(bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + ae}}{4(e f - dg)^2 (cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) (f + gx)^2} + \\
& \frac{g^2(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{3(e f - dg) (cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) (f + gx)^3} + \\
& \frac{(b^2 - 4ac)g(2cf - bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{16(e f - dg) (cf^2 - bgf + ag^2)^{5/2}} - \\
& \frac{g(2cf - bg)(bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + ae}}{8(e f - dg) (cf^2 - bgf + ag^2)^2 (f + gx)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^4),x]`

```
output (e^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)^3*(f + g*x)) - (g*(2*c*f - b*g)*(
b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^
2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(f + g*x)^2) - (e*g*(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)^2
) + (g^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(
f + g*x)^3) - (e^2*(2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b
*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)^4) + (e^3*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b +
2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*Sqrt[c]*g*(e*f - d*g)^4) -
(Sqrt[c]*e^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(g*(e
*f - d*g)^3) + (e^2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*
c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*f
- d*g)^4 + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f -
b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*(e*f
- d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(5/2)) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*g*ArcTanh[(b*f -
2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x
^2])])/(8*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)) + (e^2*(2*c*f - b*g
)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*g*(e*f - d*g)^3*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]) -
(e^3*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(
2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(g*(e*f - d*g)^4...
```

3.861.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.861.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3776 vs. $2(845) = 1690$.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3777, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3777

$$3.861. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & e^3/(d*g-e*f)^4 * (((x+d/e)^2*c + (b*e-2*c*d)/e * (x+d/e) + (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & + 1/2 * (b*e-2*c*d)/e * \ln((1/2 * (b*e-2*c*d)/e + c * (x+d/e))/c^{(1/2)} + ((x+d/e)^2*c + (b*e-2*c*d)/e * (x+d/e) + (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}) / c^{(1/2)} \\ & - (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2 / ((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((2 * (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2 + (b*e-2*c*d)/e * (x+d/e) + 2 * ((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} * ((x+d/e)^2*c + (b*e-2*c*d)/e * (x+d/e) + (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}) / (x+d/e)) \\ & + 1/g^3 / (d*g-e*f) * (-1/3 / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * g^2 / (x+f/g)^3 * ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} - 1/2 * (b*g-2*c*f) * g / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2 * (-1/2 / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * g^2 / (x+f/g)^2 * ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} - 1/4 * (b*g-2*c*f) * g / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * (-1 / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * g^2 / (x+f/g) * ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(3/2)} + 1/2 * (b*g-2*c*f) * g / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * (((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} + 1/2 * (b*g-2*c*f) / g * \ln((1/2 * (b*g-2*c*f)/g + c * (x+f/g))/c^{(1/2)} + ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}) / c^{(1/2)} - (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2 / ((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((2 * (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2 + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + 2 * ((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} * ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}) / (x+f/g)) + 2*c / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) * g^2 * (1/4 * (2*c * (x+f/g) + (b*g-2*c*f)/g) / c * ((x+f/g)^2*c + (b*g-2*c*f)/g * (x+f/g) + (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)} + 1/8 * (4*c * (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2 - (b*g-2*c*f)^2/g \dots \end{aligned}$$

3.861.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.861.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**4,x)`output `Timed out`**3.861.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{(ex + d)(gx + f)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^4), x)`**3.861.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8076 vs. 2(845) = 1690.

Time = 5.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8076, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*(c*d^2*e^2 - b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
)))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((e^4*f^4 - 4*d*e^3*f^3*g
+ 6*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 4*d^3*e*f*g^3 + d^4*g^4)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2
)) - 1/8*(16*c^3*d*e^2*f^5 - 8*b*c^2*e^3*f^5 - 40*b*c^2*d*e^2*f^4*g + 12*b
^2*c*e^3*f^4*g + 32*a*c^2*e^3*f^4*g + 42*b^2*c*d*e^2*f^3*g^2 - 8*a*c^2*d*e
^2*f^3*g^2 - 5*b^3*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 60*a*b*c*e^3*f^3*g^2 - 8*b^2*c*d^2*e*f^2*
g^3 + 32*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2*g^3 - 15*b^3*d*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 20*a*b*c*d*e^2*f^2*g
^3 + 30*a*b^2*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 40*a^2*c*e^3*f^2*g^3 + 2*b^2*c*d^3*f*g^4 - 8*a
*c^2*d^3*f*g^4 + 5*b^3*d^2*e*f*g^4 - 20*a*b*c*d^2*e*f*g^4 + 20*a*b^2*d*e^2
*f*g^4 - 40*a^2*b*e^3*f*g^4 - b^3*d^3*g^5 + 4*a*b*c*d^3*g^5 - 2*a*b^2*d^2*
e*g^5 + 8*a^2*c*d^2*e*g^5 - 8*a^2*b*d*e^2*g^5 + 16*a^3*e^3*g^5)*arctan(-((
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*g + sqrt(c)*f)/sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g - a*
g^2))/((c^2*e^4*f^8 - 4*c^2*d*e^3*f^7*g - 2*b*c*e^4*f^7*g + 6*c^2*d^2*e^2*
f^6*g^2 + 8*b*c*d*e^3*f^6*g^2 + b^2*e^4*f^6*g^2 + 2*a*c*e^4*f^6*g^2 - 4*c^
2*d^3*e*f^5*g^3 - 12*b*c*d^2*e^2*f^5*g^3 - 4*b^2*d*e^3*f^5*g^3 - 8*a*c*d*e
^3*f^5*g^3 - 2*a*b*e^4*f^5*g^3 + c^2*d^4*f^4*g^4 + 8*b*c*d^3*e*f^4*g^4 + 6
*b^2*d^2*e^2*f^4*g^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2*f^4*g^4 + 8*a*b*d*e^3*f^4*g^4 + a^2*
e^4*f^4*g^4 - 2*b*c*d^4*f^3*g^5 - 4*b^2*d^3*e*f^3*g^5 - 8*a*c*d^3*e*f^3*g^
5 - 12*a*b*d^2*e^2*f^3*g^5 - 4*a^2*d*e^3*f^3*g^5 + b^2*d^4*f^2*g^6 + 2*a*c
*d^4*f^2*g^6 + 8*a*b*d^3*e*f^2*g^6 + 6*a^2*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^6 - 2*a*b*d^4*...

```

3.861.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(f+gx)^4(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^4*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.862 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.862.1 Optimal result 6296
 3.862.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6297
 3.862.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6298
 3.862.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6304
 3.862.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6304
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 3.862.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6305
 3.862.8 Giac [F(-2)] 6305
 3.862.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6306

3.862.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 1098

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(3(7b^5e^5g^3 - 512c^5d^2(ef - dg)^3 + 128c^4e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^3 - 4b^3ce^4g^2(9bef - 3bdg + 8aeg) + 8bc^2e\right)}{192c^3e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(7b^3e^3g^3 + 64c^3(ef - dg)^3 - 4bce^2g^2(9bef - 3bdg + aeg) + 24bc^2eg(3e^2f^2 - 3defg + d^2g^2) + 2ceg(7b^2e^2g^2)}{60c^2e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{g^2(36cef - 22cdg - 7beg)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2} + \frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(4ce(2cd - be)(8ce(bd - 2ae)(24c^2e^2f^3 + 7b^2deg^3 - 4cdg^2(9bef - 3bdg + aeg)) - d(8bcd - 3b^2e - 4ace)\right)}{e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^7}$$

output $1/192*(7*b^3*e^3*g^3+64*c^3*(-d*g+e*f)^3-4*b*c*e^2*g^2*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)+24*b*c^2*e*g*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)+2*c*e*g*(7*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)+24*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^3/e^4+1/60*g^2*(-7*b*e*g-22*c*d*g+36*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c^2/e^2+1/6*g^3*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c/e^2+1/3072*(4*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c*e*(-2*a*e+b*d)*(24*c^2*e^2*f^3+7*b^2*d*e*g^3-4*c*d*g^2*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f))-d*(-4*a*c*e-3*b^2*e+8*b*c*d)*g*(7*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)+24*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)))-2*(4*c^2*d^2-1/2*b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-a*e+b*d))*(8*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(24*c^2*e^2*f^3+7*b^2*d*e*g^3-4*c*d*g^2*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f))-2*(8*c^2*d^2-4*b*c*d*e-3/2*b^2*e^2+6*a*c*e^2)*g*(7*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)+24*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e^7+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(-d*g+e*f)^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^7-1/1536*(21*b^5*e^5*g^3-1536*c^5*d^2*(-d*g+e*f)^3+384*c^4*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)*(-d*g+e*f)^3-12*b^3*c*e^4*g^2*(8*a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)+24*b*c^2*e^3*g*(2*a^2*e^2*g^2+6*a*b*e*g*(-d*g+3*e*f)+3*b^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))-96*b*c^3*e^2*(2*b*(-d*g+e*f)^3+3*a*e*g*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2))+2*c*e*(8*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(24*c^2*e^2*f^3+7*b^2*d*e*g^3-4*c*d*g^2*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+9*b*e*f))-2*(8*c^2*d^2-4*b*c*d*e-3/2*b^2*e^2+6*a*c*e^2)*g*(7*b^2*e^2...$

3.862.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 743, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{5120(ef - dg)^3 (a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{c} + \frac{1920eg(ef - dg)^2 (b + 2cx)(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{c} + 3$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x]`


```
output (5120*(e*f - d*g)^3*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2) + (1920*e*g*(e*f - d*g)^2*(b +
2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c + (3072*e^2*g^2*(e*f - d*g)*(a + x*(b +
c*x))^(5/2))/c + (2560*e^3*g^2*(f + g*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/c + (36
0*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*g*(e*f - d*g)^2*(-2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b +
c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)
])]))/c^(5/2) - (60*e^2*g*(-2*c*f + b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*(2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)
*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-3*b^2 + 8*b*c*x + 4*c*(5*a + 2*c*x^2)) + 3*(b^2 -
4*a*c)^2*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/c^(7/2)
+ (e^3*g*(1792*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2) + 5*(24*c^2*f^2 +
7*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(6*b*f + a*g))*((16*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))
/c + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-2*Sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2
- 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/c^(5/2)
))/c^2 + (960*(e*f - d*g)^3*(-((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e
*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]))
- 2*Sqrt[c]*(e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-(b^2*e^2) + 4*c^2*d*(-2*d + e*x) -
2*c*e*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e + b*e*x)) + 8*c*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*Ar
cTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]
*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/c^(3/2)*e^3)/(15360*e^4)
```

3.862.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.448$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1267

$$\int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} (e^2 g^2 (36cef - 22cdg - 7beg)x^2 - 2eg(e(6bd + ae)g^2 - c(18e^2 f^2 - 5d^2 g^2))x + e(12ce^2 f^3 - d(5bd + 2ae)g^3))}{2(d + ex)} dx + \frac{6ce^3 g^3 (d + ex) (a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 27

3.862. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(e^2g^2(36cef-22cdg-7beg)x^2-2eg(e(6bd+ae)g^2-c(18e^2f^2-5d^2g^2))x+e(12ce^2f^3-d(5bd+2ae)g^3))}{d+ex} dx + \frac{12ce^3}{6ce^2} \frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 2184

$$\int \frac{5e^3(24c^2e^2f^3+7b^2deg^3-4cdg^2(9bef-3bdg+ae))g+(24(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4eg(9bef-3bdg+ae))c+7b^2e^2g^2}{2(d+ex)} x (cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{eg^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{5ce^2} + \frac{12ce^3}{6ce^2} \frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$e \int \frac{(24c^2e^2f^3+7b^2deg^3-4cdg^2(9bef-3bdg+ae))g+(24(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4eg(9bef-3bdg+ae))c+7b^2e^2g^2}{d+ex} x (cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{eg^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2c} + \frac{12ce^3}{6ce^2} \frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 1231

$$e \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-3bdg+9bef)+7b^2e^2g^2+24c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-3bdg+9bef)+7b^3e^3g^3+24bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{8ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$e \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (2ceg(-4ceg(aeg-3bdg+9bef)+7b^2e^2g^2+24c^2(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2)) - 4bce^2g^2(aeg-3bdg+9bef)+7b^3e^3g^3+24bc^2eg(d^2g^2-3defg+3e^2f^2))}{8ce^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{g^3(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{6ce^2}$$

↓ 1231

3.862. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}g^3}{6ce^2} + \frac{eg^2(36cef-22cdg-7beg)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}}{5c} + e \left(\frac{(7b^3e^3g^3-4bce^2(9bef-3bdg+ae)g^2+24bc^2e(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)g+2ce(24(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2))}{8ce^2} \right)$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}g^3}{6ce^2} + \frac{eg^2(36cef-22cdg-7beg)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}}{5c} + e \left(\frac{(7b^3e^3g^3-4bce^2(9bef-3bdg+ae)g^2+24bc^2e(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)g+2ce(24(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2))}{8ce^2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}g^3}{6ce^2} + \frac{eg^2(36cef-22cdg-7beg)(cx^2+bx+a)^{5/2}}{5c} + e \left(\frac{(7b^3e^3g^3-4bce^2(9bef-3bdg+ae)g^2+24bc^2e(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)g+2ce(24(3e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2)c^2-4e^2f^2-3degf+d^2g^2))}{8ce^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output $(g^3(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(6c^2e^2) + ((eg^2(36c^2ef - 22c^2dg - 7b^2eg)(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2})/(5c) + (e(((7b^3e^3g^3 + 64c^3(ef - dg)^3 - 4b^2c^2e^2g^2(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg) + 24b^2c^2eg(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2) + 2c^2eg(7b^2e^2g^2 - 4c^2eg(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg) + 24c^2(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2))x)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2})/(8c^2e^2) - (((3(7b^5e^5g^3 - 512c^5d^2(ef - dg)^3 + 128c^4e(5b^2d - 4a^2e)(ef - dg)^3 - 4b^3c^2e^4g^2(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + 8a^2eg) + 8b^2c^2e^3g(2a^2e^2g^2 + 6a^2b^2eg(3ef - dg) + 3b^2(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2)) - 32b^2c^3e^2(2b^2(ef - dg)^3 + 3a^2eg(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2))) + 2c^2e(8c^2e(2cd - b^2e)(24c^2e^2f^3 + 7b^2d^2eg^3 - 4c^2dg^2(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg)) - 2(8c^2d^2 - 4b^2cd^2e - (3b^2e^2)/2 + 6a^2c^2e^2)g(7b^2e^2g^2 - 4c^2eg(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg) + 24c^2(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2)))x)Sqrt[a + bx + cx^2])/(4c^2e^2) - (((4c^2e(2cd - b^2e)(8c^2e(bd - 2a^2e)(24c^2e^2f^3 + 7b^2d^2eg^3 - 4c^2dg^2(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg)) - d(8b^2cd - 3b^2e - 4a^2c^2e)g(7b^2e^2g^2 - 4c^2eg(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg) + 24c^2(3e^2f^2 - 3d^2efg + d^2g^2))) - 2(4c^2d^2 - (b^2e^2)/2 - 2c^2e(bd - a^2e))(8c^2e(2cd - b^2e)(24c^2e^2f^3 + 7b^2d^2eg^3 - 4c^2dg^2(9b^2ef - 3b^2dg + a^2eg)) - 2(8c^2d^2 - 4b^2cd^2e - (3b^2e^2)/2 + 6a^2c^2e^2)g(7...$

3.862.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_*) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4c^2d^2 - 4b^2d^2e + 4a^2e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2a^2e - b^2d - (2c^2d - b^2e)x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx + cx^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

$$3.862. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.862.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1409
risch	Expression too large to display	2365

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-d^3g^3+3d^2e*fg^2-3d*e^2f^2g+e^3f^3)/e^4*(1/3*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e- \\ & 2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(1/4*(2* \\ & c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/c*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e \\ & +c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/c^(\\ & 3/2)*\ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(\\ & x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))+a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2*((x+d/e)^ \\ & 2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e \\ & *\ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/ \\ & e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2 \\ & -b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/ \\ & e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a \\ & *e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+g/e^3*(d^2*g^2*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(\\ & c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2) \\ & +1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))+e^2 \\ & *g^2*(1/6*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c-7/12*b/c*(1/5*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c-1/2* \\ & b/c*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b) \\ & /c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x \\ & ^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))-1/6*a/c*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a \\ & *c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*\ln(\\ & (1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))+3*e^2*f^2*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*... \end{aligned}$$

3.862.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.862. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

output Timed out

3.862.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**3*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.862.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.862.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.862. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.862.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.863
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.863.1 Optimal result 6307
 3.863.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6308
 3.863.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6309
 3.863.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6313
 3.863.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6314
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 3.863.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6315

3.863.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 662

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(3b^4e^4g^2 + 128c^4d^2(ef-dg)^2 - 32c^3e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)^2 - 6b^2ce^3g^2 - (3b^2e^2g^2 - 16c^2(ef-dg)^2 - 6bceg(2ef-dg) - 6ceg(4cef-2cdg-beg)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{48c^2e^3} + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce} - \frac{(3b^5e^5g^2 + 256c^5d^3(ef-dg)^2 - 384c^4de(bd-ae)(ef-dg)^2 - 6b^3ce^4g(2bef-bdg+4aeg) + 16bc^2e^3(3a^2cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right))}{e^6}$$

output
$$-1/48*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2-16*c^2*(-d*g+e*f)^2-6*b*c*e*g*(-d*g+2*e*f)-6*c*e*g*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c^2/e^3+1/5*g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c/e-1/256*(3*b^5*e^5*g^2+256*c^5*d^3*(-d*g+e*f)^2-384*c^4*d*e*(-a*e+b*d)*(-d*g+e*f)^2-6*b^3*c*e^4*g*(4*a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f)+16*b*c^2*e^3*(3*a^2*e^2*g^2+b^2*(-d*g+e*f)^2+3*a*b*e*g*(-d*g+2*e*f))+96*c^3*e^2*(b^2*d*(-d*g+e*f)^2-2*a*b*e*(-d*g+e*f)^2-a^2*e^2*g*(-d*g+2*e*f)))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e^6+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(-d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^6+1/128*(3*b^4*e^4*g^2+128*c^4*d^2*(-d*g+e*f)^2-32*c^3*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)*(-d*g+e*f)^2-6*b^2*c*e^3*g*(2*a*e*g-b*d*g+2*b*e*f)+8*b*c^2*e^2*(2*b*(-d*g+e*f)^2+3*a*e*g*(-d*g+2*e*f))+2*c*e*((16*c^2*d^2-3*b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d))*g*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)-8*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(-b*d*g^2+2*c*e*f^2))*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e^5$$

3.863.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{1280(ef - dg)^2(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2} + \frac{480eg(ef - dg)(b + 2cx)(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{c} + 768}{c}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output
$$(1280*(e*f - d*g)^2*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2) + (480*e*g*(e*f - d*g)*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c + (768*e^2*g^2*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(5/2))/c + (90*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*g*(e*f - d*g)*(-2*sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/c^(5/2) + (15*e^2*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*((16*(b + 2*c*x)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/c + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-2*sqrt[c]*(b + 2*c*x)*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/c^(5/2))/c + (240*(e*f - d*g)^2*(-((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) - 2*sqrt[c]*(e*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-(b^2*e^2) + 4*c^2*d*(-2*d + e*x) - 2*c*e*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e + b*e*x)) + 8*c*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)])*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/c^(3/2)*e^3)/(3840*e^3)$$

3.863.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.863.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 696, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1267}$$

$$\int \frac{5e(2cef^2-bdg^2+g(4cef-2cdg-beg)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{2(d+ex)5ce^2} dx + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\int \frac{(2cef^2-bdg^2+g(4cef-2cdg-beg)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1231}$$

$$\int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-8ce(bd-2ae)(2cef^2-bdg^2)+((16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-8ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))x)}{2(d+ex)8ce^2} dx + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\int \frac{(d(-3eb^2+8cdb-4ace)g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-8ce(bd-2ae)(2cef^2-bdg^2)+((16c^2d^2-3b^2e^2-4ce(2bd-3ae))g(4cef-2cdg-beg)-8ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))x)}{d+ex} dx + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1231}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ce(x(g(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-3b^2e^2+16c^2d^2)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)-8ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2-bdg^2))-6b^2ce^3g(2aeg-bdg+2bef)-32c^3e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)^2+4ce^2))}{4ce^2} dx + \frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

3.863. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2cex \left(g \left(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2 \right) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be) (2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2cex \left(g \left(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2 \right) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be) (2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2cex \left(g \left(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2 \right) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be) (2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2cex \left(g \left(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2 \right) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be) (2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2cex \left(g \left(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2 \right) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be) (2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

↓ 219

3.863. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(2ce^x \left(g(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - 3b^2e^2 + 16c^2d^2) (-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) - 8ce(2cd-be)(2cef^2 - bdg^2) \right) - 6b^2ce^3g(2aeg - bdg + 2bef) - 32c^3e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg)^2 + \dots \right)}{4ce^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{5ce}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(g^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*c*e) + (-1/24*((3*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 16*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^2 - 6*b*c*e*g*(2*e*f - d*g) - 6*c*e*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(c*e^2) + (((3*b^4*e^4*g^2 + 128*c^4*d^2*(e*f - d*g)^2 - 32*c^3*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e)*(e*f - d*g)^2 - 6*b^2*c*e^3*g*(2*b*e*f - b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) + 8*b*c^2*e^2*(2*b*(e*f - d*g)^2 + 3*a*e*g*(2*e*f - d*g)) + 2*c*e*((16*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g) - 8*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(2*c*e*f^2 - b*d*g^2))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c*e^2) - (((4*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(d*(8*b*c*d - 3*b^2*e - 4*a*c*e))*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g) - 8*c*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(2*c*e*f^2 - b*d*g^2)) - 2*(4*c^2*d^2 - (b^2*e^2)/2 - 2*c*e*(b*d - a*e))*((16*c^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g) - 8*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(2*c*e*f^2 - b*d*g^2)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (256*c^3*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/e)/(8*c*e^2)/(16*c*e^2)/(2*c*e)`

3.863.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

$$3.863. \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.863.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 998, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
default	$g \int dg \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right) - 2ef \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)}{8c} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -g/e^2*(d*g*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))-2*e*f*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))))-e*g*(1/5*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/c-1/2*b/c*(1/8*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c*(1/4*(2*c*x+b)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))))+(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*(1/3*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(3/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(1/4*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/c*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)))+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e*ln((1/2*(b*e-2*c*d)/e+c*(x+d/e))/c^(1/2)+((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.863. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.863.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.863.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**2*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.863.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.863.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.863.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.864
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

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3.864.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3b^3e^3g - 64c^3d^2(ef - dg) + 16c^2e(5bd - 4ae)(ef - dg) - 4bce^2(2bef - 2bdg + 3aeg) + 2ce(3b^2e^2g + 16bd^2e - 3a^2e^2))}{64c^2e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(8cef - 8cdg + 3beg + 6ceg)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{24ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(3b^4e^4g - 128c^4d^3(ef - dg) + 192c^3de(bd - ae)(ef - dg) - 8b^2ce^3(bef - bdg + 3aeg) + 48c^2e^2(a^2e^2g - b^2d^2e))}{128c^5/2e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{e^5}$$

output

```
1/24*(6*c*e*g*x+3*b*e*g-8*c*d*g+8*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e^2+1/128*(
3*b^4*e^4*g-128*c^4*d^3*(-d*g+e*f)+192*c^3*d*e*(-a*e+b*d)*(-d*g+e*f)-8*b^2
*c*e^3*(3*a*e*g-b*d*g+b*e*f)+48*c^2*e^2*(a^2*e^2*g-b^2*d*(-d*g+e*f)+2*a*b
e*(-d*g+e*f))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/
e^5+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*(-d*g+e*f)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c
d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^5-1/64*(3*b^3*e^3*g
-64*c^3*d^2*(-d*g+e*f)+16*c^2*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)*(-d*g+e*f)-4*b*c*e^2*(3*a*e
*g-2*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)+2*c*e*(3*b^2*e^2*g+16*c^2*d*(-d*g+e*f)-4*c*e*(3*a*e*g-
2*b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*x*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^4
```

3.864.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.864.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-9b^3e^3g - 16c^3(12d^3g - 6d^2e(2f+gx) + 2de^2x(3f+2gx) - e^3x^2(4f+3gx)) + 6bce^2(10ae^2g + b(4e^2f - 4d^2g + e^2gx)) + 8c^2e^2(ae(32ef - 32d^2g + 15e^2gx) + b(30d^2g - 2de^2(15f + 7gx) + e^2x(14f + 9gx))))}{c^2 - 768\sqrt{-(c^2d^2) + b^2de - ae^2} * (cd^2 + e(-(bd) + ae)) * (-(ef) + d^2g) * \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{c}(d + ex) - e\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}{\sqrt{-(c^2d^2) + e^2(bd - ae)}}] - (3(3b^4e^4g + 128c^4d^3(-(ef) + d^2g) - 192c^3de^2(bd - ae) * (-(ef) + d^2g) - 8b^2c^2e^3(b^2ef - bd^2g + 3ae^2g) + 48c^2e^2(a^2e^2g + 2ab^2e(ef - d^2g) + b^2d^2(-(ef) + d^2g))) * \text{Log}[b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c} * \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}]}{384e^5}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((2*e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-9*b^3*e^3*g - 16*c^3*(12*d^3*g - 6*d^2*e*(2*f + g*x) + 2*d*e^2*x*(3*f + 2*g*x) - e^3*x^2*(4*f + 3*g*x)) + 6*b*c*e^2*(10*a*e^2*g + b*(4*e^2*f - 4*d^2*g + e^2*g*x)) + 8*c^2*e^2*(a*e*(32*e*f - 32*d^2*g + 15*e^2*g*x) + b*(30*d^2*g - 2*d*e*(15*f + 7*g*x) + e^2*x*(14*f + 9*g*x))))/c^2 - 768*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(e*f) + d*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]] - (3*(3*b^4*e^4*g + 128*c^4*d^3*(-(e*f) + d*g) - 192*c^3*d*e*(b*d - a*e)*(-(e*f) + d*g) - 8*b^2*c^2*e^3*(b^2*e*f - b*d^2*g + 3*a*e^2*g) + 48*c^2*e^2*(a^2*e^2*g + 2*a*b^2*e*(e*f - d^2*g) + b^2*d^2*(-(e*f) + d^2*g)))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/384*e^5`

3.864.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3beg - 8cdg + 8cef + 6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(3degb^2 + 8cd(ef - dg)b - 4ace(4ef - dg) + (16d(ef - dg)c^2 - 4e(2bef - 2bdg + 3aeg)c + 3b^2e^2g)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{2(d + ex)} dx}{8ce^2}$$

↓ 27

3.864. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \int \frac{(3degb^2+8cd(ef-dg)b-4ace(4ef-dg)+(16d(ef-dg)c^2-4e(2bef-2bdg+3aeg)c+3b^2e^2g)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx \\
& \frac{16ce^2}{24ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 1231 \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceax(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-4ce^2))}{4ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceax(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-4ce^2))}{4ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceax(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-4ce^2))}{4ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 1092 \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceax(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-4ce^2))}{4ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(3beg-8cdg+8cef+6ceg)}{24ce^2} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ceax(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-4ce^2))}{4ce^2} \\
& \downarrow 1154
\end{aligned}$$

3.864. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3beg - 8cdg + 8cef + 6ceg)}{24ce^2} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ce(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-dg))}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (3beg - 8cdg + 8cef + 6ceg)}{24ce^2} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2ce(-4ce(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^2e^2g+16c^2d(ef-dg))+16c^2e(5bd-4ae)(ef-dg)-4bce^2(3aeg-2bdg+2bef)+3b^3e^3g-64c^3d^2(ef-dg))}{4ce^2}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((8*c*e*f - 8*c*d*g + 3*b*e*g + 6*c*e*g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(24*c*e^2) - (((3*b^3*e^3*g - 64*c^3*d^2*(e*f - d*g) + 16*c^2*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e)*(e*f - d*g) - 4*b*c*e^2*(2*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + 3*a*e*g) + 2*c*e*(3*b^2*e^2*g + 16*c^2*d*(e*f - d*g) - 4*c*e*(2*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + 3*a*e*g))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*c*e^2) - (((3*b^4*e^4*g - 128*c^4*d^3*(e*f - d*g) + 192*c^3*d*e*(b*d - a*e)*(e*f - d*g) - 8*b^2*c*e^3*(b*e*f - b*d*g + 3*a*e*g) + 48*c^2*e^2*(a^2*e^2*g - b^2*d*(e*f - d*g) + 2*a*b*e*(e*f - d*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (128*c^2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e^2))/(16*c*e^2)`

3.864.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

3.864. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.864.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 735, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

3.864.
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48ge^3x^3c^3+72bc^2e^3gx^2-64c^3de^2gx^2+64c^3efx^2+120ac^2e^3gx+6b^2ce^3gx-112b^2de^2gx+112bc^2e^3fx+96c^3d^2egx-96c^3de^2f)}{e}$
default	$g \left(\frac{(2cx+b)(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{3(4ac-b^2) \left(\frac{(2cx+b)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{16c} \right) + \frac{(-dg+ef) \left(\frac{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + (be-...)}{...} \right)}{e}$

```
input int((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192/c^2*(48*c^3*e^3*g*x^3+72*b*c^2*e^3*g*x^2-64*c^3*d*e^2*g*x^2+64*c^3*e^3*f*x^2+120*a*c^2*e^3*g*x+6*b^2*c*e^3*g*x-112*b*c^2*d*e^2*g*x+112*b*c^2*e^3*f*x+96*c^3*d^2*e*g*x-96*c^3*d*e^2*f*x+60*a*b*c*e^3*g-256*a*c^2*d*e^2*g+256*a*c^2*e^3*f-9*b^3*e^3*g-24*b^2*c*d*e^2*g+24*b^2*c*e^3*f+240*b*c^2*d^2*e*g-240*b*c^2*d*e^2*f-192*c^3*d^3*g+192*c^3*d^2*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4+1/128/e^4/c^2*(128*(a^2*d*e^4*g-a^2*e^5*f-2*a*b*d^2*e^3*g+2*a*b*d*e^4*f+2*a*c*d^3*e^2*g-2*a*c*d^2*e^3*f+b^2*d^3*e^2*g-b^2*d^2*e^3*f-2*b*c*d^4*e*g+2*b*c*d^3*e^2*f+c^2*d^5*g-c^2*d^4*e*f)*c^2/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)+(48*a^2*c^2*e^4*g-24*a*b^2*c*e^4*g-96*a*b*c^2*d*e^3*g+96*a*b*c^2*e^4*f+192*a*c^3*d^2*e^2*g-192*a*c^3*d*e^3*f+3*b^4*e^4*g+8*b^3*c*d*e^3*g-8*b^3*c*e^4*f+48*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g-48*b^2*c^2*d*e^3*f-192*b*c^3*d^3*e*g+192*b*c^3*d^2*e^2*f+128*c^4*d^4*g-128*c^4*d^3*e*f)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2))
```

3.864. $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.864.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.864.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.864.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

3.864.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.864.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

$$3.865 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.865.1 Optimal result	6324
3.865.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6325
3.865.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6325
3.865.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6328
3.865.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	6329
3.865.6 Sympy [F]	6330
3.865.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6330
3.865.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6330
3.865.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6331

3.865.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8ce^3} + \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e^4} + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^4}$$

output $\frac{1}{3}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/e-1/16*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/e^4+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(3/2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/e^4+1/8*(8*c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)-2*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c/e^3$

$$3.865. \quad \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$$

3.865.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(3b^2e^2+2ce(-15bd+16ae+7bex)+4c^2(6d^2-3dex+2e^2x^2))}{c} + 48\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}(c$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(3*b^2*e^2 + 2*c*e*(-15*b*d + 16*a*e + 7*b*e*x) + 4*c^2*(6*d^2 - 3*d*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)))/c + 48*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x)/(Sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] - (3*(2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/c^(3/2))/(24*e^4)`

3.865.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$, Rules used = {1162, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1162

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \int \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd - 2ae)^2 - d(2cd - be)(-eb^2 + 4cdb - 4ace) - (2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae))x}{2(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{4ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-2ce(5bd - 4ae) + b^2e^2 - 2ce(2cd - be) + 8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2)}{4ce^2}$$

↓ 27

3.865. $\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace) - (2cd-be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd-3ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(2cd-be)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{32c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae)-b^2e^2+8c^2d^2)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-2ce(5bd-4ae)+b^2e^2-2ce(2cd-be)+8c^2d^2)}{4ce^2}$$

2e

3.865. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - (-1/4*((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e^2) - (-(((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) + (16*c*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e^2)/(2*e)`

3.865.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

```
rule 1231 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.865.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8c^2x^2e^2+14bc^2ex-12c^2dex+32ac^2e^2+3b^2e^2-30bcde+24c^2d^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{24ce^3} + \frac{(12ce^3ba-24ac^2de^2-b^3e^3-6b^2cde^2+24bc^2d^2e-16c^3d^2)}{e\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(\frac{(2c\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+\frac{be-2cd}{e})\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{4c}+\frac{4c(e^2a-bde+cd^2)}{e^3}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.865. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.865.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.865.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.865.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.865.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.866 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

3.866.1 Optimal result	6332
3.866.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6333
3.866.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6333
3.866.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6338
3.866.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6338
3.866.6 Sympy [F]	6339
3.866.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6339
3.866.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6339
3.866.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6340

3.866.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 491

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e^2(e f - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(4cef^2 - g(5bef - bdg - 4aeg) - 2cg(e f - dg)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4eg^2(e f - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(2cd - be)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}e^3(e f - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(8c^2ef^3 + bg^2(3bef + bdg - 4aeg) - 4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef - dg))) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}eg^3(e f - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3(e f - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g^3(e f - dg)}$$

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

↓ 1270

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\int \frac{(cdf - bef + aeg - c(ef - dg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{f+gx} dx}{e(e f - dg)}$$

↓ 1162

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\int \frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\int \frac{(cdf - bef + aeg - c(ef - dg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{f+gx} dx}{e(e f - dg)}$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\int \frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-g(-4aeg-bdg+5bef)-2cgx(ef-dg)+4cef^2)}{4g^2} - \frac{\int \frac{c(fg(5ef-dg)b^2-4ef(cf^2+3ag^2)b+4ag(2aeg^2+cf(ef+dg))-(8c^2ef^3+bg^2(3bef+bdg-4aeg))-4cg(3bef^2-ag(3ef-dg)))x}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8g^2} - \frac{(8c^2ef^3+bg^2(3bef+bdg-4aeg))-4cg(3bef^2-ag(3ef-dg))}{2(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{4cg^2}}{e(e f - dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{\int \frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\int \frac{fg(5ef-dg)b^2-4ef(cf^2+3ag^2)b+4ag(2aeg^2+cf(ef+dg))-(8c^2ef^3+bg^2(3bef+bdg-4aeg))-4cg(3bef^2-ag(3ef-dg))}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-g(-4aeg-bdg+5bef)-2cgx(ef-dg)+4cef^2)}{4g^2}}{e(e f - dg)}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{8e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{(-4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef - dg)) + bg^2(-4aeg + bdg + 3bef) + 8c^2ef^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g}}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-g(-4aeg-bdg+5bef)-2cgx(ef-dg)+4cef^2)}{4g^2}}{e(e f - dg)}$$

↓ 1092

3.866. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{2(2cd-be) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{8e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{2(-4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef-dg)) + bg^2(-4aeg+bdg+3bef) + 8c^2ef^3) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{g}}{e(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)}{8e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef-dg)) + bg^2(-4aeg+bdg+3bef) + 8c^2ef^3)}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{cg}}}{e(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right)}{2e} + \frac{(2cd-be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{16e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2) - \frac{(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \left(-\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef-dg)) + bg^2(-4aeg+bdg+3bef) + 8c^2ef^3)}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{cg}}}{e(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{2e} \right)}{8e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}}\right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4cg(3bef^2 - ag(3ef-dg)) + bg^2(-4aeg+bdg+3bef) + 8c^2ef^3)}{8g^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{cg}}}{e(ef - dg)}$$

3.866. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/e - (((2*c*d - b*e)*ArcTan
h[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[c]*e) - (2*Sqrt[c*
d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/e)/(2*e)))/(e*(e*f - d*g)) - ((
(4*c*e*f^2 - g*(5*b*e*f - b*d*g - 4*a*e*g) - 2*c*g*(e*f - d*g)*x)*Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2])/(4*g^2) + (-(((8*c^2*e*f^3 + b*g^2*(3*b*e*f + b*d*g - 4*a*e
*g) - 4*c*g*(3*b*e*f^2 - a*g*(3*e*f - d*g)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c
]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[c]*g)) + (8*e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/
2)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*
Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/g)/(8*g^2))/(e*(e*f - d*g))`

3.866.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1270 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] - Simp[1/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[Simp[c*d*f - b*e*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(f + g*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[p] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.866.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2cegx+5beg-4cdg-4cef)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4e^2g^2} + \frac{(12ace^2g^2+3b^2e^2g^2-12bcde g^2-12bce^2fg+8c^2d^2g^2+8c^2defg+8c^2e^2f^2)}{eg\sqrt{c}} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*(2*c*e*g*x+5*b*e*g-4*c*d*g-4*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2/g^2+1/8/e^2/g^2*((12*a*c*e^2*g^2+3*b^2*e^2*g^2-12*b*c*d*e*g^2-12*b*c*e^2*f*g+8*c^2*d^2*g^2+8*c^2*d*e*f*g+8*c^2*e^2*f^2)/e/g*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+8/e^2*g^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/(d*g-e*f)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-8*e^2/g^2*(a^2*g^4-2*a*b*f*g^3+2*a*c*f^2*g^2+b^2*f^2*g^2-2*b*c*f^3*g+c^2*f^4)/(d*g-e*f)/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g)) \end{aligned}$$

3.866.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.866.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)), x)`

3.866.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for more detail`

3.866.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.866.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.867 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.867.1 Optimal result 6341
 3.867.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6342
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 3.867.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6346
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 3.867.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6347

3.867.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 787

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8ce(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(4cf - 3bg - 2cgx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4g^2(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{e(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 2cg(5bf - 4ag) - 2cg(2cf - bg)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8cg^2(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(ef - dg)(f + gx)} - \frac{(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e^2(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e(2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 - b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - 3ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}g^3(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$- \frac{3(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}g^3(ef - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(2cf - bg)\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g^3(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{e(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g^3(ef - dg)^2}$$

3.867. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$

output $(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)-1/16*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2+1/16*e*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(8*c^2*f^2-b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(-3*a*g+2*b*f))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/c^{(3/2)}/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^2+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2-e*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^2-3/8*(8*c^2*f^2+b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(-a*g+2*b*f))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)/c^{(1/2)+3/2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)}/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)+1/8*(8*c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-4*a*e+5*b*d)-2*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)/c/e/(-d*g+e*f)^2+3/4*(-2*c*g*x-3*b*g+4*c*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)-1/8*e*(8*c^2*f^2+b^2*g^2-2*c*g*(-4*a*g+5*b*f)-2*c*g*(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)/c/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2}$

3.867.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c}(ef - dg)^2(4cef + 2cdg - 3beg)(f + gx)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right) - 2(cd^2 +$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

output $(-\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(e*f - d*g)^2*(4*c*e*f + 2*c*d*g - 3*b*e*g)*(f + g*x)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])] - 2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^{(3/2)*g^3*(f + g*x)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + e*(2*g*(-(e*f) + d*g)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(e*g*(b*f - a*g) + c*d*g*(f + g*x) - c*e*f*(2*f + g*x)) - e*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*(2*c*f*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) + g*(-(b*e*f) + 3*b*d*g - 2*a*e*g))*(f + g*x)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(2*e^2*g^3*(e*f - d*g)^2*(f + g*x))$

3.867.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 787, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{eg(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^2(ef - dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4cg(2bf - ag) + b^2g^2 + 8c^2f^2)}{8\sqrt{c}g^3(ef - dg)} - \\ & \frac{(2cd - be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (-4ce(2bd - 3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2)}{16c^{3/2}e^2(ef - dg)^2} + \\ & e(2cf - bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) \frac{(-4cg(2bf - 3ag) - b^2g^2 + 8c^2f^2)}{16c^{3/2}g^3(ef - dg)^2} + \\ & \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e^2(ef - dg)^2} - \\ & \frac{e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{g^3(ef - dg)^2} + \\ & \frac{3(2cf - bg)\sqrt{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2g^3(ef - dg)} + \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-2ce(5bd - 4ae) + b^2e^2 - 2cex(2cd - be) + 8c^2d^2)}{8ce(ef - dg)^2} - \\ & \frac{e\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-2cg(5bf - 4ag) + b^2g^2 - 2cgx(2cf - bg) + 8c^2f^2)}{8cg^2(ef - dg)^2} + \\ & \frac{3\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-3bg + 4cf - 2cgx)}{4g^2(ef - dg)} + \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2),x]`

```

output ((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(8*c*e*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (3*(4*c*f - 3*b*g - 2*c*g*x)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(4*g^2*(e*f - d*g)) - (e*(8*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - 2*c*
g*(5*b*f - 4*a*g) - 2*c*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(8*c*g^2
*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) - ((2*c*
d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)
/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*e^2*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (e*(
2*c*f - b*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 - b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f - 3*a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*
c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(16*c^(3/2)*g^3*(e*f - d*g)^2) -
(3*(8*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f - a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt
[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*Sqrt[c]*g^3*(e*f - d*g)) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e
+ a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*
d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e^2*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (3*(2*c*f - b*
g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*
Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*g^3*(e*f - d*g)) -
(e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/
(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(g^3*(e*f - d*g)^2
)

```

3.867.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

3.867.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{c} (3b e g - 2c d g - 4c e f) \ln\left(\frac{b+cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e g} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ac}}{g^2 e} + \frac{2e(a^2 g^4 - 2abf g^3 + 2ac f^2 g^2 + b^2 f^2 g^2 - 2bc f^3 g + c^2 f^4)}{g^2 \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/g^2/e*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*c+1/2/g^2/e*(c^(1/2)*(3*b*e*g-2*c*d*g-4*c*e*f)
/e/g*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))+2*e/g^3*(a^2*g^4-2*a*b*f*
g^3+2*a*c*f^2*g^2+b^2*f^2*g^2-2*b*c*f^3*g+c^2*f^4)/(d*g-e*f)*(-1/(a*g^2-b*
f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f
^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/
g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b
*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f
^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))-2/e^2*g^2*(a^2*e^4-2*a*b*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+b^2
*d^2*e^2-2*b*c*d^3*e+c^2*d^4)/(d*g-e*f)^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*
ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1
/2))/(x+d/e))+2*e/g^2*(a^2*e*g^4-2*a*b*d*g^4+4*a*c*d*f*g^3-2*a*c*e*f^2*g^2
+2*b^2*d*f*g^3-b^2*e*f^2*g^2-6*b*c*d*f^2*g^2+4*b*c*e*f^3*g+4*c^2*d*f^3*g-3
*c^2*e*f^4)/(d*g-e*f)^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g
+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*((x+f
/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g)))
```

3.867. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.867.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.867.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.867.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.867.8 Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.867.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.868} \quad \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$$

3.868.1 Optimal result	6349
3.868.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6351
3.868.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6352
3.868.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6354
3.868.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6355
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3.868.7 Maxima [F]	6356
3.868.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6356
3.868.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6357

3.868.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 1066

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8c(ef-dg)^3} \\
& + \frac{3e(4cf - 3bg - 2cgx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4g^2(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{3(4cf - bg + 2cgx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4g^2(ef-dg)(f+gx)} \\
& - \frac{e^2(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 2cg(5bf - 4ag) - 2cg(2cf - bg)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8cg^2(ef-dg)^3} \\
& + \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2} + \frac{e(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(ef-dg)^2(f+gx)} \\
& - \frac{(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e(ef-dg)^3} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(2cf - bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g^3(ef-dg)} \\
& + \frac{e^2(2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 - b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - 3ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}g^3(ef-dg)^3} \\
& - \frac{3e(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}g^3(ef-dg)^2} \\
& + \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e(ef-dg)^3} \\
& + \frac{3e(2cf - bg)\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2g^3(ef-dg)^2} \\
& - \frac{e^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g^3(ef-dg)^3} \\
& - \frac{3(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8g^3(ef-dg)\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^2+e*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(-d*g+e
*f)^2/(g*x+f)-1/16*(-b*e+2*c*d)*(8*c^2*d^2-b^2*e^2-4*c*e*(-3*a*e+2*b*d))*a
rctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e/(-d*g+e*f)^3+1
/16*e^2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(8*c^2*f^2-b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(-3*a*g+2*b*f))*arctanh(1/2*
(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^3+(a*e^2-b*d
*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e/(-d*g+e*f)^3-e^2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(3/2)*a
rctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x
+a)^(1/2))/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^3-3/8*e*(8*c^2*f^2+b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(-a*g+2*b*f))*a
rctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^2/c^(1/2)
+3/2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*c^(1/
2)/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)-3/8*(8*c^2*f^2+b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(-a*g+2*b*f))*arctanh(1/2*(
b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/g
^3/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)+3/2*e*(-b*g+2*c*f)*arctanh(1/2*(b*
f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))*(a*
g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/g^3/(-d*g+e*f)^2+1/8*(8*c^2*d^2+b^2*e^2-2*c*e*(-4*a
*e+5*b*d)-2*c*e*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/(-d*g+e*f)^3+3/4*e*(
-2*c*g*x-3*b*g+4*c*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2-3/4*(2*c*g*x-b*
g+4*c*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)-1/8*e^2*(8*c^2*f^2+b^2
*g^2-2*c*g*(-4*a*g+5*b*f)-2*c*g*(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/g...

```

3.868.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{(ef - dg)(f + gx)^2} + \frac{4e(a + x(b + cx))^{3/2}}{(ef - dg)^2(f + gx)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{-((2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 + 4ce(-2bd + 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)) - 2\sqrt{c}\left(e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-b^2e^2 + 4c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 + 4ce(-2bd + 3ae))\right)}{4c^{3/2}(f + gx)^3}$$

$$- \frac{3e\left((8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 + 4cg(-2bf + ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{c}\left(g(-4cf + 3bg + 2cgx)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{c}g^3(ef - dg)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3\left(\frac{(-2cf+bg)(a+x(b+cx))^{3/2}}{f+gx} - \frac{\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(b^2g^2+2c^2f(2f-gx)+cg(-5bf+2ag+bgx))}{g^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{c}(2cf-bg)(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{g^2}\right)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}$$

$$- \frac{e^2\left((2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 - b^2g^2 + 4cg(-2bf + 3ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right) + 2\sqrt{c}\left(g\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-b^2e^2 + 4c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 + 4ce(-2bd + 3ae))\right)\right)}{4c^{3/2}(f + gx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3), x]`

output $((2*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^2) + (4*e*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/((e*f - d*g)^2*(f + g*x)) + (-((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 + 4*c*e*(-2*b*d + 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) - 2*Sqrt[c]*(e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-(b^2*e^2) + 4*c^2*d*(-2*d + e*x) - 2*c*e*(-5*b*d + 4*a*e + b*e*x)) + 8*c*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(4*c^(3/2)*e*(e*f - d*g)^3) - (3*e*((8*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 + 4*c*g*(-2*b*f + a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) + 2*Sqrt[c]*(g*(-4*c*f + 3*b*g + 2*c*g*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] + 2*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*ArcTanh[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]))/(2*Sqrt[c]*g^3*(e*f - d*g)^2) + (3*(((-2*c*f + b*g)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^(3/2))/(f + g*x) - (Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(b^2*g^2 + 2*c^2*f*(2*f - g*x) + c*g*(-5*b*f + 2*a*g + b*g*x)))/g^2 + (4*Sqrt[c]*(2*c*f - b*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]) + (8*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 + 4*c*g*(-2*b*f + a*g))*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*ArcTanh[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(2*g^3)))/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))) - (e^2*((2*c*f - b*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 - b^2*g^2 + 4*c*g*(-2*b*f + 3*a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])...$

3.868.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1066, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^3(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(ef - dg)^3} - \frac{e^2g(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)^3} - \frac{eg(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^2(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^3(ef - dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.868. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 - b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - 3ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{16c^{3/2}g^3(ef - dg)^3} - \\
& \frac{(cf^2 - bgf + ag^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{g^3(ef - dg)^3} - \\
& \frac{(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 2cg(5bf - 4ag) - 2cg(2cf - bg)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} e^2}{8cg^2(ef - dg)^3} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2} e}{(ef - dg)^2(f + gx)} - \\
& \frac{3(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{8\sqrt{c}g^3(ef - dg)^2} + \\
& \frac{3(2cf - bg)\sqrt{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{2g^3(ef - dg)^2} + \\
& \frac{3(4cf - 3bg - 2cgx)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} e}{4g^2(ef - dg)^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{2(ef - dg)(f + gx)^2} + \\
& \frac{3\sqrt{c}(2cf - bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{2g^3(ef - dg)} - \\
& \frac{3(8c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf - ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{8g^3(ef - dg)\sqrt{cf^2 - bgf + ag^2}} + \\
& \frac{(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{8c(ef - dg)^3} - \\
& \frac{3(4cf - bg + 2cgx)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{4g^2(ef - dg)(f + gx)} - \\
& \frac{(2cd - be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}(ef - dg)^3e} + \\
& \frac{(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{(ef - dg)^3e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3), x]`


```

output ((8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(8*c*(e*f - d*g)^3) + (3*e*(4*c*f - 3*b*g - 2*c*g*x)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*g^2*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (3*(4*c*f - b*g + 2*c*g*x)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*g^2*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) - (e^2*(8*c^2*f^2 + b^
2*g^2 - 2*c*g*(5*b*f - 4*a*g) - 2*c*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^
2])/(8*c*g^2*(e*f - d*g)^3) + (a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(f +
g*x)^2) + (e*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/((e*f - d*g)^2*(f + g*x)) - ((2*c*d
- b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d - 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(
2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(16*c^(3/2)*e*(e*f - d*g)^3) + (3*Sqrt[
c]*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(
2*g^3*(e*f - d*g)) + (e^2*(2*c*f - b*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 - b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*
f - 3*a*g))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(16*c^
(3/2)*g^3*(e*f - d*g)^3) - (3*e*(8*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f - a*g)
)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(8*Sqrt[c]*g^3*(
e*f - d*g)^2) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c
*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(e*(e
*f - d*g)^3) + (3*e*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*ArcTanh[(b*f
- 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x +
c*x^2]])/(2*g^3*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (e^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)*ArcTa
nh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[...

```

3.868.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

3.868.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4241 vs. $2(968) = 1936$.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4242, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4242

$$3.868. \quad \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{g^2(dg-ef)} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)g^2}{(x+f/g)^2} \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{5/2} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \left(-\frac{1}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)g^2} \frac{(x+f/g)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g}}{(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{5/2} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{(2c(x+f/g)+(bg-2cf)/g)}{c} \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(4c(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))}{g^2 - (bg-2cf)^2/g^2} c^{3/2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)/g + c(x+f/g)}{c} \right)^{1/2} + \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \left(\left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)g^2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)/g + c(x+f/g)}{c} \right)^{1/2} + \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) / c^{1/2} - \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \ln \left(\frac{2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2 + (bg-2cf)/g} \frac{(x+f/g)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2} \right) \right) + \frac{4c}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)g^2} \frac{(1}{8} \frac{(2c(x+f/g)+(bg-2cf)/g)}{c} \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{3/2} + \frac{3}{16} \frac{(4c(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))}{g^2 - (bg-2cf)^2/g^2} c^{1/2} \frac{(1}{4} \frac{(2c(x+f/g)+(bg-2cf)/g)}{c} \left(\frac{x+f}{g} \right)^{2c+(bg-2cf)/g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{g^2} \right)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(4c(ag^2-bfg+cf^2))}{g^2 - (bg-2cf)^2/g^2} c^{3/2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)/g + c(x+f...}{c} \right)^{1/2}$

3.868.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.868.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.868.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(ex + d)(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)/((e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.868.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.868.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{(f + gx)^3 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.869 $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

3.869.1 Optimal result	6358
3.869.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6359
3.869.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6360
3.869.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6366
3.869.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6366
3.869.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	6367
3.869.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6367
3.869.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6367
3.869.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6368

3.869.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 886

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(8c^2d^2 + b^2e^2 - 2ce(5bd - 4ae) - 2ce(2cd - be)x) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{8ce^4(e f - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(64c^3ef^4 - 16c^2ef^2g(9bf - 8ag) - b^2g^3(5bef + 3bdg - 8aeg) + 4cg^2(22b^2ef^2 + 16a^2eg^2 - 3abg(13ef - a^2g)) - 64ceg^4(ef - dg))}{64ceg^4(ef - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e^2(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(8cef^2 - g(11bef - 3bdg - 8aeg) - 6cg(ef - dg)x)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{24eg^2(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(2cd - be)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd - 3ae)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e^5(ef - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(128c^4ef^5 - 320c^3ef^3g(bf - ag) - b^3g^4(5bef + 3bdg - 8aeg) + 48c^2g^2(5b^2ef^3 - 10abef^2g + a^2g^2(5ef - a^2g)) - 128c^3/2eg^5(ef - dg))}{128c^{3/2}eg^5(ef - dg)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^5(ef - dg)}$$

$$- \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{g^5(ef - dg)}$$

3.869. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

output $\frac{1}{3}(ae^2 - b*d*e + c*d^2) * (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{3/2} / e^2 / (-d*g + e*f) - \frac{1}{24}(8*c*e*f^2 - g*(-8*a*e*g - 3*b*d*g + 11*b*e*f) - 6*c*g*(-d*g + e*f)*x) * (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{3/2} / e/g^2 / (-d*g + e*f) - \frac{1}{16}(-b*e + 2*c*d) * (ae^2 - b*d*e + c*d^2) * (8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(-3*a*e + 2*b*d)) * \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x + b)/c^{1/2}) / (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / c^{3/2} / e^5 / (-d*g + e*f) + \frac{1}{128}(128*c^4*e*f^5 - 320*c^3*e*f^3*g*(-a*g + b*f) - b^3*g^4 * (-8*a*e*g + 3*b*d*g + 5*b*e*f) + 48*c^2*g^2*(5*b^2*e*f^3 - 10*a*b*e*f^2*g + a^2*g^2 * (-d*g + 5*e*f)) - 8*b*c*g^3*(5*b^2*e*f^2 + 12*a^2*e*g^2 - 3*a*b*g*(d*g + 5*e*f))) * \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*c*x + b)/c^{1/2}) / (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / c^{3/2} / e/g^5 / (-d*g + e*f) + (ae^2 - b*d*e + c*d^2)^{5/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d - 2*a*e + (-b*e + 2*c*d)*x) / (ae^2 - b*d*e + c*d^2)^{1/2}) / (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / e^5 / (-d*g + e*f) - (a*g^2 - b*f*g + c*f^2)^{5/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f - 2*a*g + (-b*g + 2*c*f)*x) / (a*g^2 - b*f*g + c*f^2)^{1/2}) / (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / g^5 / (-d*g + e*f) + \frac{1}{8}(ae^2 - b*d*e + c*d^2) * (8*c^2*d^2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(-4*a*e + 5*b*d) - 2*c*e*(-b*e + 2*c*d)*x) * (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / c / e^4 / (-d*g + e*f) - \frac{1}{64}(64*c^3*e*f^4 - 16*c^2*e*f^2*g*(-8*a*g + 9*b*f) - b^2*g^3*(-8*a*e*g + 3*b*d*g + 5*b*e*f) + 4*c*g^2*(22*b^2*e*f^2 + 16*a^2*e*g^2 - 3*a*b*g*(-d*g + 13*e*f)) - 2*c*g*(16*c^2*e*f^3 + b*g^2*(-8*a*e*g + 3*b*d*g + 5*b*e*f) - 4*c*g*(6*b*e*f^2 - a*g*(-3*d*g + 7*e*f))) * x) * (cx^2 + b*x + a)^{1/2} / c / e/g^4 / (-d*g + e*f)$

3.869.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \frac{3(5b^4e^4g^4(-ef + dg) - 40b^2ce^3g^3(ef - dg)(bef + bdg - 3aeg) + 320c^3eg(-be^4f^2 + dg^2))}{(d + ex)(f + gx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

output $(3*(5*b^4*e^4*g^4*(-(e*f) + d*g) - 40*b^2*c*e^3*g^3*(e*f - d*g)*(b*e*f + b*d*g - 3*a*e*g) + 320*c^3*e*g*(-(b*e^4*f^4) + a*e^4*f^3*g + b*d^4*g^4 - a*d^3*e*g^4) + 128*c^4*(e^5*f^5 - d^5*g^5) + 240*c^2*e^2*g^2*(e*f - d*g)*(a^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*a*b*e*g*(e*f + d*g) + b^2*(e^2*f^2 + d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + 2*sqrt[c]*(-(e*g*(-(e*f) + d*g)*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 2*b*c*e^2*g^2*(278*a*e*g + b*(-132*e*f - 132*d*g + 59*e*g*x)) - 16*c^3*(12*d^3*g^3 - 6*d^2*e*g^2*(-2*f + g*x) + 2*d*e^2*g*(6*f^2 - 3*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2) + e^3*(12*f^3 - 6*f^2*g*x + 4*f*g^2*x^2 - 3*g^3*x^3)) + 8*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(-56*e*f - 56*d*g + 27*e*g*x) + b*(54*d^2*g^2 + 2*d*e*g*(27*f - 13*g*x) + e^2*(54*f^2 - 26*f*g*x + 17*g^2*x^2)))) - 192*c*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(5/2)*g^5*ArcTanh[(-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x)/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])] + 192*c*e^5*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(384*c^(3/2)*e^5*g^5*(e*f - d*g))$

3.869.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 834, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1270, 1162, 1231, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1270$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{d + ex} dx}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\int \frac{(cdf - bef + aeg - c(e f - dg)x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{f + gx} dx}{e(e f - dg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1162$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{d + ex} dx}{2e} \right)}{e(e f - dg)} - \frac{\int \frac{(cdf - bef + aeg - c(e f - dg)x)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}}{f + gx} dx}{e(e f - dg)}$$

$$\downarrow 1231$$

3.869. $\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx$

$$(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace) - (2cd-be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd-3ae))x}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-g(-8aeg-3bdg+11bef)-6cgx(e f-dg)+8cef^2)}{24g^2} - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{2e} - \frac{\int \frac{c(f(-3gb^2+8cfb-4acg)(ef-dg)+8g(bf-2ag)(cdf-bef+ae g)) + (16c^2ef^3+bg^2(5b^2+g^2))}{2(f+gx)}}{8cg^2}$$

$$e(ef-dg)$$

↓ 27

$$(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace) - (2cd-be)(8c^2d^2 - b^2e^2 - 4ce(2bd-3ae))x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-g(-8aeg-3bdg+11bef)-6cgx(e f-dg)+8cef^2)}{24g^2} - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{2e} - \frac{\int \frac{(f(-3gb^2+8cfb-4acg)(ef-dg)+8g(bf-2ag)(cdf-bef+ae g)) + (16c^2ef^3+bg^2(5b^2+g^2))}{f+gx}}{16g^2}$$

$$e(ef-dg)$$

↓ 1231

$$(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)}{4ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(8cef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg)-6cg(ef-dg)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{24g^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(64c^3ef^4-16c^2eg(9bf-8ag)f^2-b^2g^3(5bef+3bdg-8aeg))+4cg^2(22b^2ef^2+g^2)}{24g^2}$$

$$e(ef-dg)$$

↓ 27

$$(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)}{4ce^2} - \frac{\int \frac{4ce(bd-2ae)^2 - d(2cd-be)(-eb^2+4cdb-4ace)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(8cef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg)-6cg(ef-dg)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{24g^2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(64c^3ef^4-16c^2eg(9bf-8ag)f^2-b^2g^3(5bef+3bdg-8aeg))+4cg^2(22b^2ef^2+g^2)}{24g^2}$$

$$e(ef-dg)$$

↓ 1269

3.869. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{8ce^2} - \frac{e}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-g(-8aeg-3bdg+11bef)-6cgx(ef-dg)+8cef^2)}{24g^2} - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{128ce(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx} - \frac{(48c^2g^2(a^2g^2(5ef-dg)-10c^2g^2))}{e}$$

↓ 1092

$$(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)}{4ce^2} - \frac{16c(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{e}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(8cef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg)-6cg(ef-dg)x)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{24g^2} - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(64c^3ef^4-16c^2eg(9bf-8ag)f^2-b^2g^3(5bef+3bdg-8aeg)+4cg^2(22b^2ef^2-10c^2g^2))}$$

↓ 219

$$(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{16c(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{(2cd-be)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-4ce(2bd-3ae) - b^2e^2 + 8c^2d^2)}{8ce^2} - \frac{e}{2e} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(-g(-8aeg-3bdg+11bef)-6cgx(ef-dg)+8cef^2)}{24g^2} - \frac{e(ef-dg)}{128ce(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e}$$

↓ 1154

3.869. $\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$

$$(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)}{4ce^2} - \frac{32c \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)}{cx^2+bx+a}}} dx}{e} \right)$$

$e(e f - d g)$

$$\frac{(8cef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg))-6cg(ef-dg)x}{24g^2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(64c^3ef^4-16c^2eg(9bf-8ag)f^2-b^2g^3(5bef+3bdg-8aeg)+4cg^2(22b^2ef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg)))}{24g^2}$$

↓ 219

$$(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) \left(\frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(8c^2d^2+b^2e^2-2ce(5bd-4ae)-2ce(2cd-be)x)}{4ce^2} - \frac{16c(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}}\right)}{2e} \right)$$

$e(e f - d g)$

$$\frac{(8cef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg))-6cg(ef-dg)x}{24g^2} (cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(64c^3ef^4-16c^2eg(9bf-8ag)f^2-b^2g^3(5bef+3bdg-8aeg)+4cg^2(22b^2ef^2-g(11bef-3bdg-8aeg)))}{24g^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)),x]`

```

output ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*e) - (-1/4*((8*c^2*d^
2 + b^2*e^2 - 2*c*e*(5*b*d - 4*a*e) - 2*c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2])/(c*e^2) - (-(((2*c*d - b*e)*(8*c^2*d^2 - b^2*e^2 - 4*c*e*(2*b*d
- 3*a*e))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[c]
*e)) + (16*c*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d -
b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e)/(8*c*e
^2)/(2*e)))/(e*(e*f - d*g)) - (((8*c*e*f^2 - g*(11*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g - 8*a
e*g) - 6*c*g*(e*f - d*g)*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(24*g^2) - (-1/4*((64
*c^3*e*f^4 - 16*c^2*e*f^2*g*(9*b*f - 8*a*g) - b^2*g^3*(5*b*e*f + 3*b*d*g -
8*a*e*g) + 4*c*g^2*(22*b^2*e*f^2 + 16*a^2*e*g^2 - 3*a*b*g*(13*e*f - d*g))
- 2*c*g*(16*c^2*e*f^3 + b*g^2*(5*b*e*f + 3*b*d*g - 8*a*e*g) - 4*c*g*(6*b
e*f^2 - a*g*(7*e*f - 3*d*g)))*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*g^2) - (-(((128
*c^4*e*f^5 - 320*c^3*e*f^3*g*(b*f - a*g) - b^3*g^4*(5*b*e*f + 3*b*d*g - 8
a*e*g) + 48*c^2*g^2*(5*b^2*e*f^3 - 10*a*b*e*f^2*g + a^2*g^2*(5*e*f - d*g))
- 8*b*c*g^3*(5*b^2*e*f^2 + 12*a^2*e*g^2 - 3*a*b*g*(5*e*f + d*g)))*ArcTanh
[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[c]*g)) + (128*c*e*(
c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sq
rt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/g)/(8*c*g^2))/(16*g^2)
)/(e*(e*f - d*g))

```

3.869.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

```

rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

```

```

rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]

```

```

rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]

```

$$3.869. \quad \int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx$$

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1270 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] - Simp[1/(e*(e*f - d*g)) Int[Simp[c*d*f - b*e*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(f + g*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[p] && GtQ[p, 0]`

3.869.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1248
default	Expression too large to display	2107

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/192/c*(48*c^3*e^3*g^3*x^3+136*b*c^2*e^3*g^3*x^2-64*c^3*d*e^2*g^3*x^2-64*
c^3*e^3*f*g^2*x^2+216*a*c^2*e^3*g^3*x+118*b^2*c*e^3*g^3*x-208*b*c^2*d*e^2*
g^3*x-208*b*c^2*e^3*f*g^2*x+96*c^3*d^2*e*g^3*x+96*c^3*d*e^2*f*g^2*x+96*c^3
*e^3*f^2*g*x+556*a*b*c*e^3*g^3-448*a*c^2*d*e^2*g^3-448*a*c^2*e^3*f*g^2+15*
b^3*e^3*g^3-264*b^2*c*d*e^2*g^3-264*b^2*c*e^3*f*g^2+432*b*c^2*d^2*e*g^3+43
2*b*c^2*d*e^2*f*g^2+432*b*c^2*e^3*f^2*g-192*c^3*d^3*g^3-192*c^3*d^2*e*f*g^
2-192*c^3*d*e^2*f^2*g-192*c^3*e^3*f^3)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^4/g^4+1/128/g
^4/e^4/c*(128/e^2*g^4*c*(a^3*e^6-3*a^2*b*d*e^5+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*b^2*d^2
*e^4-6*a*b*c*d^3*e^3+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-b^3*d^3*e^3+3*b^2*c*d^4*e^2-3*b*c^2*d
^5*e+c^3*d^6)/(d*g-e*f)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*((x+d/
e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))-128*
e^4/g^2*c*(a^3*g^6-3*a^2*b*f*g^5+3*a^2*c*f^2*g^4+3*a*b^2*f^2*g^4-6*a*b*c*f
^3*g^3+3*a*c^2*f^4*g^2-b^3*f^3*g^3+3*b^2*c*f^4*g^2-3*b*c^2*f^5*g+c^3*f^6)/
(d*g-e*f)/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b
*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*
c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))+240*a^2*c^2*e^4*g
^4+120*a*b^2*c*e^4*g^4-480*a*b*c^2*d*e^3*g^4-480*a*b*c^2*e^4*f*g^3+320*a*c
^3*d^2*e^2*g^4+320*a*c^3*d*e^3*f*g^3+320*a*c^3*e^4*f^2*g^2-5*b^4*e^4*g^4-4
0*b^3*c*d*e^3*g^4-40*b^3*c*e^4*f*g^3+240*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*g^4+240*b^2*c^...
```

3.869.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)(f+gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

3.869.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x)`

output Timed out

3.869.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(d*g-e*f>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

3.869.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

3.869.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)(f + gx)} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^{5/2}}{(f + gx)(d + ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(5/2)/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.870.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2eg^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(15b^2e^2g^2-2ceg(8aeg+b(36ef-9dg+5egx))+4c^2(6d^2g^2-3deg(8f+gx)+2e^2(18f^2+6fgx+g^2x^2)))}{c^3} + \frac{96\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*e*g^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(15*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 2*c*e*g*(8*a*e*g + b*(36*e*f - 9*d*g + 5*e*g*x)) + 4*c^2*(6*d^2*g^2 - 3*d*e*g*(8*f + g*x) + 2*e^2*(18*f^2 + 6*f*g*x + g^2*x^2)))/c^3 + (96*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + (3*g*(5*b^3*e^3*g^3 - 6*b*c*e^2*g^2*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) - 16*c^3*(4*e^3*f^3 - 6*d*e^2*f^2*g + 4*d^2*e*f*g^2 - d^3*g^3) + 8*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(4*e*f - d*g) + b*(6*e^2*f^2 - 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(7/2))/(48*e^4)`

3.870.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.379$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1267

$$\frac{\int \frac{e^3g^3(24cef-14cdg-5beg)x^3-e^2g^2(e(11bd+4ae)g^2-c(36e^2f^2-10d^2g^2))x^2-eg(de(7bd+8ae)g^3-c(24e^3f^3-2d^3g^3))x+e(6ce^3f^4-d^2(bd+4ae))}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{3ce^4}{3ce^3}g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{e^3 g^3 (24cef - 14cdg - 5beg)x^3 - e^2 g^2 (e(11bd + 4ae)g^2 - c(36e^2 f^2 - 10d^2 g^2))x^2 - eg(de(7bd + 8ae)g^3 - c(24e^3 f^3 - 2d^3 g^3))x + e(6ce^3 f^4 - d^2(bd + 4ae))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 2184

$$\int \frac{g^2(4(36e^2 f^2 - 36degf + 11d^2 g^2)c^2 - 4eg(18bef - 7bdg + 4aeg)c + 15b^2 e^2 g^2)x^2 e^5 + (24c^2 e^3 f^4 + 5bde(bd + 2ae)g^4 - 2cdg^3(bd(12ef - 5dg) + 6ae(4ef - dg)))e^4 + 2g(5be^2)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{g^2(4(36e^2 f^2 - 36degf + 11d^2 g^2)c^2 - 4eg(18bef - 7bdg + 4aeg)c + 15b^2 e^2 g^2)x^2 e^5 + (24c^2 e^3 f^4 + 5bde(bd + 2ae)g^4 - 2cdg^3(bd(12ef - 5dg) + 6ae(4ef - dg)))e^4 + 2g(5be^2)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 2184

$$\int \frac{3e^6(16c^3 e^3 f^4 - 5b^3 de^2 g^4 + 6bcdeg^3(4bef - bdg + 2aeg) - 8c^2 dg^2(aeg(4ef - dg) + b(6e^2 f^2 - 4degf + d^2 g^2))) - g(-16(4e^3 f^3 - 6de^2 g f^2 + 4d^2 eg^2 f - d^3 g^3)c^3 + 8eg(aeg))}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 27

$$3e^4 \int \frac{16c^3 e^3 f^4 - 5b^3 de^2 g^4 + 6bcdeg^3(4bef - bdg + 2aeg) - 8c^2 dg^2(aeg(4ef - dg) + b(6e^2 f^2 - 4degf + d^2 g^2)) - g(-16(4e^3 f^3 - 6de^2 g f^2 + 4d^2 eg^2 f - d^3 g^3)c^3 + 8eg(aeg))}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 1269

3.870. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$3e^4 \left(\frac{16c^3 (ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{g(8c^2 eg(aeg(4ef-dg)+b(d^2g^2-4defg+6e^2f^2)) - 6bce^2g^2(2aeg-bdg+4bef)+5b^3e^3g^3 - 16c^3(-d^3g^3+4d^2efg^2 - \dots))}{e} \right)$$

$2c$

$4ce^3$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 1092

$$3e^4 \left(\frac{16c^3 (ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{2g(8c^2 eg(aeg(4ef-dg)+b(d^2g^2-4defg+6e^2f^2)) - 6bce^2g^2(2aeg-bdg+4bef)+5b^3e^3g^3 - 16c^3(-d^3g^3+4d^2efg^2 - \dots))}{e} \right)$$

$2c$

$4ce^3$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$3e^4 \left(\frac{16c^3 (ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (8c^2 eg(aeg(4ef-dg)+b(d^2g^2-4defg+6e^2f^2)) - 6bce^2g^2(2aeg-bdg+4bef)+5b^3e^3g^3 - \dots)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)$$

$2c$

$4ce^3$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 1154

$$3e^4 \left(\frac{32c^3 (ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (8c^2 eg(aeg(4ef-dg)+b(d^2g^2-4defg+6e^2f^2)) - 6bce^2g^2(2aeg-bdg+4bef)+5b^3e^3g^3 - \dots)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)$$

$2c$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

↓ 219

$$3e^4 \left(\frac{16c^3 (ef-dg)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right) (8c^2 eg(aeg(4ef-dg)+b(d^2g^2-4defg+6e^2f^2)) - 6bce^2g^2(2aeg-bdg+4bef)+5b^3e^3g^3 - \dots)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)$$

$2c$

$$\frac{g^4(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce^3}$$

3.870. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(g^4*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*e^3) + ((e*g^3*(24*c*e*f - 14*c*d*g - 5*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*c) + ((e^4*g^2*(15*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*c*e*g*(18*b*e*f - 7*b*d*g + 4*a*e*g) + 4*c^2*(36*e^2*f^2 - 36*d*e*f*g + 11*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/c + (3*e^4*(-((g*(5*b^3*e^3*g^3 - 6*b*c*e^2*g^2*(4*b*e*f - b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) - 16*c^3*(4*e^3*f^3 - 6*d*e^2*f^2*g + 4*d^2*e*f*g^2 - d^3*g^3) + 8*c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(4*e*f - d*g) + b*(6*e^2*f^2 - 4*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2)))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (16*c^3*(e*f - d*g)^4*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*c))/(4*c*e^3)/(6*c*e^4)`

3.870.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.870.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{g^2(-8c^2e^2g^2x^2+10bc e^2g^2x+12c^2de g^2x-48c^2e^2fgx+16ac e^2g^2-15b^2e^2g^2-18bcde g^2+72bc e^2fg-24c^2d^2g^2+96c^2defg-144c^2e^2fg^2)}{24c^3e^3}$
default	$\frac{(g^4d^4-4d^3efg^3+6d^2e^2f^2g^2-4de^3f^3g+e^4f^4) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}}\right)}{e^5 \sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*g^2*(-8*c^2*e^2*g^2*x^2+10*b*c*e^2*g^2*x+12*c^2*d*e*g^2*x-48*c^2*e^2*f*g*x+16*a*c*e^2*g^2-15*b^2*e^2*g^2-18*b*c*d*e*g^2+72*b*c*e^2*f*g-24*c^2*d^2*g^2+96*c^2*d*e*f*g-144*c^2*e^2*f^2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e^3+1/16/c^3/e^3*(-16*(d^4*g^4-4*d^3*e*f*g^3+6*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-4*d*e^3*f^3*g+e^4*f^4)*c^3/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))+g*(12*a*b*c*e^3*g^3+8*a*c^2*d*e^2*g^3-32*a*c^2*e^3*f*g^2-5*b^3*e^3*g^3-6*b^2*c*d*e^2*g^3+24*b^2*c*e^3*f*g^2-8*b*c^2*d^2*e*g^3+32*b*c^2*d*e^2*f*g^2-48*b*c^2*e^3*f^2*g-16*c^3*d^3*g^3+64*c^3*d^2*e*f*g^2-96*c^3*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*c^3*e^3*f^3)/e*ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2))`

3.870.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.870. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

output Timed out

3.870.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**4/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.870.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

3.870.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.870. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.870.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.871 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.871.1 Optimal result	6378
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3.871.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3g^2(4cef - 2cdg - beg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4c^2e^2} + \frac{g^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

$$+ \frac{g(3b^2e^2g^2 - 4ceg(3bef - bdg + aeg) + 8c^2(3e^2f^2 - 3defg + d^2g^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(ef - dg)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}}$$

output

```
1/8*g*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2-4*c*e*g*(a*e*g-b*d*g+3*b*e*f)+8*c^2*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*
g+3*e^2*f^2))*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e
^3+(-d*g+e*f)^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)
^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3/4*g^2*(-b*e*g-
2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2+1/2*g^3*(e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)
^(1/2)/c/e^2
```

3.871.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2eg^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}(-3beg+2c(6ef-2dg+egx))}{c^2} + \frac{16\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}(-ef+dg)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{g(3b^2e^2g^2-4ceg^2)}{8e^3}}{8e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/8*((-2*e*g^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*(-3*b*e*g + 2*c*(6*e*f - 2*d*g + e*g*x)))/c^2 + (16*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) + (g*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*c*e*g*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g + a*e*g) + 8*c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*Log[b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(5/2))/e^3`

3.871.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1267$$

$$\int \frac{3e^2g^2(4cef-2cdg-beg)x^2-2eg(e(2bd+ae)g^2-c(6e^2f^2-d^2g^2))x+e(4ce^2f^3-d(bd+2ae)g^3)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{2ce^3}{2ce^2} \frac{g^3(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{3e^2 g^2 (4cef - 2cdg - beg)x^2 - 2eg(e(2bd + ae)g^2 - c(6e^2 f^2 - d^2 g^2))x + e(4ce^2 f^3 - d(bd + 2ae)g^3)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{4ce^3 g^3 (d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

↓ 2184

$$\int \frac{e^3 (8c^2 e^2 f^3 + 3b^2 deg^3 - 4cdg^2(3bef - bdg + aeg) + g(8(3e^2 f^2 - 3degf + d^2 g^2)c^2 - 4eg(3bef - bdg + aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2)x)}{2(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{3eg^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{c}$$

$$\frac{4ce^3 g^3 (d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

↓ 27

$$e \int \frac{8c^2 e^2 f^3 + 3b^2 deg^3 - 4cdg^2(3bef - bdg + aeg) + g(8(3e^2 f^2 - 3degf + d^2 g^2)c^2 - 4eg(3bef - bdg + aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2)x}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{3eg^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{c}$$

$$\frac{4ce^3 g^3 (d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$e \left(\frac{g(-4ceg(aeg - bdg + 3bef) + 3b^2 e^2 g^2 + 8c^2(d^2 g^2 - 3degf + 3e^2 f^2))}{e} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{8c^2(ef - dg)^3}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx \right) + \frac{3eg^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{c}$$

$$\frac{4ce^3 g^3 (d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

↓ 1092

$$e \left(\frac{2g(-4ceg(aeg - bdg + 3bef) + 3b^2 e^2 g^2 + 8c^2(d^2 g^2 - 3degf + 3e^2 f^2))}{e} \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b + 2cx)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \frac{b + 2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} + \frac{8c^2(ef - dg)^3}{e} \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx \right) + \frac{3eg^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{c}$$

$$\frac{4ce^3 g^3 (d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2ce^2}$$

↓ 219

3.871. $\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e \left(\frac{8c^2(e f - d g)^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+e x)\sqrt{c x^2+b x+a}} d x}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right)\left(-4 c e g(a e g-b d g+3 b e f)+3 b^2 e^2 g^2+8 c^2\left(d^2 g^2-3 d e f g+3 e^2 f^2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c e}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4 c e^3}{2 c} + \frac{3 e g^2 \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{2 c e^2} \\
 & \frac{g^3(d+e x) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{2 c e^2} \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right)\left(-4 c e g(a e g-b d g+3 b e f)+3 b^2 e^2 g^2+8 c^2\left(d^2 g^2-3 d e f g+3 e^2 f^2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c e}} - \frac{16 c^2(e f-d g)^3 \int \frac{1}{4\left(c d^2-b e d+a e^2\right)-\frac{(b d-2 a e+(2 c d-b e) x)^2}{c x^2+b x+a}} d x}{e} \right) \\
 & \frac{4 c e^3}{2 c} + \frac{3 e g^2 \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{2 c e^2} \\
 & \frac{g^3(d+e x) \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{2 c e^2} \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & e \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2 c x}{2 \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}\right)\left(-4 c e g(a e g-b d g+3 b e f)+3 b^2 e^2 g^2+8 c^2\left(d^2 g^2-3 d e f g+3 e^2 f^2\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c e}} + \frac{8 c^2(e f-d g)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2 a e+x(2 c d-b e)+b d}{2 \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2} \sqrt{a e^2-b d e+c d^2}}\right)}{e \sqrt{a e^2-b d e+c d^2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{4 c e^3}{2 c} + \frac{3 e g^2 \sqrt{a+b x+c x^2}}{2 c e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(g^3*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*c*e^2) + ((3*e*g^2*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/c + (e*((g*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2 - 4*c*e*g*(3*b*e*f - b*d*g + a*e*g) + 8*c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 - 3*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (8*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]))/(2*c))/ (4*c*e^3)`

3.871.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1267 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2184 Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

3.871.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{g^2(-2cegx+3beg+4cdg-12cef)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4c^2e^2} - \frac{8(d^3g^3-3d^2efg^2+3de^2f^2g-e^3f^3)c^2 \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2+\frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}+2\sqrt{e^2a-bde+cd^2}}{e^2}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{e^2a-bde+cd^2}}$
default	$\frac{(-d^3g^3+3d^2efg^2-3de^2f^2g+e^3f^3) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2+\frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}+2\sqrt{e^2a-bde+cd^2}}{e^2}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2+c+\frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e}+e^2a-bde+cd^2}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*g^2*(-2*c*e*g*x+3*b*e*g+4*c*d*g-12*c*e*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e^2
-1/8/c^2/e^2*(-8*(d^3*g^3-3*d^2*e*f*g^2+3*d*e^2*f^2*g-e^3*f^3)*c^2/e^2/((a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(
x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e
)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)+g*(4*a*c*e^2*g^2-3*b^2*e^2*g^2-
4*b*c*d*e*g^2+12*b*c*e^2*f*g-8*c^2*d^2*g^2+24*c^2*d*e*f*g-24*c^2*e^2*f^2)/
e*ln((1/2*b*c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(1/2))
```

$$3.871. \int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.871.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.871.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**3/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.871.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

3.871.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.871.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.872 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.872.1 Optimal result	6386
3.872.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6386
3.872.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6387
3.872.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6389
3.872.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6390
3.872.6 Sympy [F]	6390
3.872.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6390
3.872.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6391
3.872.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6391

3.872.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ce} + \frac{g(4cef - 2cdg - beg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e^2} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}}$$

output `1/2*g*(-b*e*g-2*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e^2+(-d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)+g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e`

3.872.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2eg^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{c} + \frac{4\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}(ef-dg)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} - \frac{g(-4cef+2cdg+beg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

$2e^2$

3.872. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\frac{((2*e*g^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/c + (4*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) - (g*(-4*c*e*f + 2*c*d*g + b*e*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])))/c^(3/2)}{(2*e^2)}$$

3.872.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1267, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1267 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{e(2cef^2 - bdg^2 + g(4cef - 2cdg - beg)x)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ce^2} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2cef^2 - bdg^2 + g(4cef - 2cdg - beg)x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\ & \frac{2c(ef - dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{g(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{2c(ef - dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{2g(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef) \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{2c(ef - dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2ce} + \frac{\text{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-beg - 2cdg + 4cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{ce} \end{aligned}$$

3.872. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{4c(ef-dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2ce}{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{ce}{e} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{2c(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-beg-2cdg+4cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2ce}{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{ce}{ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e) + ((g*(4*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - b*e*g)*ArcTan
h[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e) + (2*c*(e*f
- d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a
*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(e*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2])/(2*c*e)
```

3.872.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1092 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[I
nt[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1267 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.872.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
risch	$\frac{g^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{ce} - \frac{g(beg+2cdg-4cef)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)c\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e}+2\sqrt{e^2a}}{e^2}\right)}{2ec} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+c}{e^2}}}{2ec}$
default	$-\frac{g\left(\frac{dg\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{2ef\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}-eg\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{c}-\frac{b\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+cx}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)\right)}{e^2} - \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg)}{e^2}$

input `int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.872. \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

output
$$g^2(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/c/e^{-1/2}/e/c*(g*(b*eg+2*c*d*g-4*c*ef)/e*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^{1/2}+(c*x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}))/c^{1/2}+2*(d^2*g^2-2*d*ef*g+e^2*f^2)*c/e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2}*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{1/2})/(x+d/e))$$

3.872.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.872.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**2/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.872.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for

3.872.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT>Error: Bad Argument Type

3.872.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.873 $\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.873.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} + \frac{(ef - dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}}$$

output

```
g*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e/c^(1/2)+(-d*g+e*f)*
arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^(1/2))/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)
```

3.873.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}(-ef+dg)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)} + \frac{g\log\left(e\left(b+2cx-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

output $-\left(\left(2\sqrt{-c*d^2} + b*d*e - a*e^2\right)*(-e*f) + d*g\right)*\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(\sqrt{c}\right)*(d + e*x) - e*\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)}\right]/\sqrt{-c*d^2 + e*(b*d - a*e)}}/(c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e) + (g*\text{Log}[e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + x*(b + c*x)})])/\sqrt{c})/e$

3.873.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1269$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{g \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1092$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{2g \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{\text{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$\frac{\text{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{2(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}} + \frac{\text{garctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x]$

3.873. $\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

output $(g \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2cx)/(2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2})]) / (\sqrt{c}e) + ((ef - dg) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x] / (2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2})\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}]) / (e\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2})$

3.873.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 $\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 1092 $\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \ \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2cx)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$

rule 1154 $\operatorname{Int}[1/(((d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot \sqrt{(a_ \cdot) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-2 \ \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4cd^2 - 4bde + 4ae^2 - x^2), x], x, (2ae - bd - (2cd - be)x)/\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$

rule 1269 $\operatorname{Int}[(d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^m] \cdot ((f_ \cdot) + (g_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_ \cdot) + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[g/e \ \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^{m+1} \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(ef - dg)/e \ \operatorname{Int}[(d + ex)^m \cdot (a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

3.873.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\frac{g \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} + cx}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\right)}{e\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(-dg + ef) \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a - 2bde + 2cd^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd)(x + \frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 + \frac{(be - 2cd)(x + \frac{d}{e})}{e}} + e^2}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}\right)}{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}$

input `int((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.873. $\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

output
$$\frac{g}{e} \ln\left(\frac{(1/2*b+c*x)/c^{(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}}}{c^{(1/2)} - (-d*g+e*f)/e^2} \left(\frac{a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2}{e^2}\right)^{(1/2)} \ln\left(\frac{2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*\left(\frac{a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2}{e^2}\right)^{(1/2)*\left(\frac{x+d/e}{e}\right)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)}{2*\left(\frac{a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2}{e^2}\right)^{(1/2)}\right)}\right)$$

3.873.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. $2(115) = 230$.

Time = 21.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1071, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.18

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{cg} \log\left(-8c^2x^2 - 8bcx - b^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(2cx + b)\sqrt{c} - 4ac\right) - \sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(2cx + b)\sqrt{-c}}{2(c^2x^2 + bcx + ac)}\right) + \sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(cef - cdg) \log\left(\frac{8abde - 8a^2e^2 - cd^2}{2(c^2d^2e - bcde^2 + ace^3)}\right) \right]}{c^2d^2e - bcde^2 + ace^3}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*g*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) - sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*e*f - c*d*g)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3), 1/2*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c)*g*log(-8*c^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*x - b^2 - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(c) - 4*a*c) + 2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*(c*e*f - c*d*g)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x))/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3), -1/2*(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) + sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*e*f - c*d*g)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/(c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3), -((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(2*c*x + b)*sqrt(-c)/(c^2*x^2 + b*c*x + a*c)) - sqrt(-c*d^2 + b...`

3.873.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.873.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `as
sume?` for
```

3.873.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT>Error: Bad Argument Type
```

3.873.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

```
input int((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
output int((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.874 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.874.1 Optimal result 6398
 3.874.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6398
 3.874.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6399
 3.874.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6400
 3.874.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 6400
 3.874.6 Sympy [F] 6401
 3.874.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6401
 3.874.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) 6401
 3.874.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6402

3.874.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

output `arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)`

3.874.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))`

3.874.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1154

$$-2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]`

3.874.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

3.874.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2 + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c + \frac{(be-2cd)(x+\frac{d}{e})}{e} + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}{x+\frac{d}{e}}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}}$	157

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/e/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)`

3.874.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log\left(\frac{8abde-8a^2e^2-(b^2+4ac)d^2-(8c^2d^2-8bcde+(b^2+4ac)e^2)x^2-4\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)-2(4bcd^2+4abe^2)}{e^2x^2+2dex+d^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `[1/2*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))/sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2), sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)]`

3.874.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.874.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f or more de`

3.874.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)`

3.874.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.875 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.875.1 Optimal result	6403
3.875.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6403
3.875.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6404
3.875.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6405
3.875.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6405
3.875.6 Sympy [F]	6406
3.875.7 Maxima [F]	6407
3.875.8 Giac [F(-2)]	6407
3.875.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6407

3.875.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}(ef-dg)} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}}$$

output `e*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)-g*arctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)`

3.875.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(-ef+dg)} - \frac{2g\sqrt{-cf^2+bfg-ag^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)-g}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cf^2+g(bf-ag)}}\right)}{(ef-dg)(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(e*f) + d*g)) - (2*g*Sqrt[-(c*f^2) + b*f*g - a*g^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(f + g*x) - g*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g)]])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))`

3.875.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)} - \frac{g}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} - \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(e*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)) - (g*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]))`

3.875.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.875.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2ag^2 - 2bfg + 2cf^2 + \frac{(bg - 2cf)(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2}} \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c + \frac{(bg - 2cf)(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} + \frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2}}}{x + \frac{f}{g}}\right)}{(dg - ef)\sqrt{\frac{ag^2 - bfg + cf^2}{g^2}}} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2e^2a - 2bde + 2cd^2}{e^2}\right)}{e^2}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/(d*g-e*f)/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))+1/(d*g-e*f)/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))`

3.875.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 447 vs. 2(166) = 332.

Time = 85.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1952, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

3.875. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

output

```

[-1/2*((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*g*log((8*a*b*f*
g - 8*a^2*g^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*f^2 - (8*c^2*f^2 - 8*b*c*f*g + (b^2 + 4*a*c)
*g^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*f - 2*a
*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*f^2 + 4*a*b*g^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*f*g)*x)
/(g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)) + (c*e*f^2 - b*e*f*g + a*e*g^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b
*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2
- 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(
c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^
2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)))/((c^2*d^2*e - b*c*
d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*f^3 - (c^2*d^3 + a*b*e^3 - (b^2 - a*c)*d*e^2)*f^2*g + (b*
c*d^3 + a^2*e^3 - (b^2 - a*c)*d^2*e)*f*g^2 - (a*c*d^3 - a*b*d^2*e + a^2*d*
e^2)*g^3), -1/2*(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g - a*g^2)*g*
arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g - a*g^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*f - 2*a*
g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(a*c*f^2 - a*b*f*g + a^2*g^2 + (c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + a
*c*g^2)*x^2 + (b*c*f^2 - b^2*f*g + a*b*g^2)*x)) + (c*e*f^2 - b*e*f*g + a*e
*g^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*
c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(
4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2))
)/((c^2*d^2*e - b*c*d*e^2 + a*c*e^3)*f^3 - (c^2*d^3 + a*b*e^3 - (b^2 - ...

```

3.875.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.875.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)), x)`

3.875.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.875.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.876 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.876.1 Optimal result 6408
 3.876.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6409
 3.876.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6409
 3.876.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6410
 3.876.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6411
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 3.876.7 Maxima [F] 6412
 3.876.8 Giac [F] 6412
 3.876.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6412

3.876.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 340

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)} + \frac{e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{eg\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*g*(-b*g+2*c*f)*arctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(3/2)+e^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)-e*g*arctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)+g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)
```

3.876.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{2g^2(-ef+dg)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)} - \frac{2e^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+2cdx+b(d-ex)}{2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}} + \frac{g(2cf(2ef-dg)+g(-3bef+bdg+2aeg))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{g}{2\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))^{3/2}}}{2(ef-dg)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*((2*g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)) - (2*e^2*ArcTanh[(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)] + (g*(2*c*f*(2*e*f - d*g) + g*(-3*b*e*f + b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2))/(e*f - d*g)^2`

3.876.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{eg}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} - \frac{e \operatorname{garctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}} - \frac{g(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x) + (e^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x]/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (g*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x]/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)) - (e*g*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x]/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])))/((e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2])`

3.876.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.876.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$-\frac{e \ln\left(\frac{2e^2a-2bde+2cd^2}{e^2} + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + 2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c + \frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}\right)}{(dg-ef)^2\sqrt{\frac{e^2a-bde+cd^2}{e^2}}} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2c + \frac{(bg-bf-f^2)}{g^2}}}{(ag^2-bf^2)}$

3.876. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -e/(d*g-e*f)^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e \\ & ^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b \\ & *e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))+1/g/(d*g-e*f) \\ & *(-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a \\ & *g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/((a*g^2 \\ & -b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/ \\ & g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a \\ & *g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g))+e/(d*g-e*f)^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) \\ & /g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2- \\ & b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c* \\ & f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g)) \end{aligned}$$

3.876.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Timed out

3.876.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

3.876.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.876.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.876.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.877 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.877.1 Optimal result	6413
3.877.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6414
3.877.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6415
3.877.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6416
3.877.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6417
3.877.6 Sympy [F]	6418
3.877.7 Maxima [F]	6418
3.877.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6418
3.877.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6419

3.877.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 587

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)^2} + \frac{3g^2(2cf-bg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^2(f+gx)} \\ &+ \frac{eg^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)} + \frac{e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}(ef-dg)^3} \\ &- \frac{eg(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^2g\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}} \\ &- \frac{g(8c^2f^2+3b^2g^2-4cg(2bf+ag))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*e*g*(-b*g+2*c*f)*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(3/2)}-1 \\ & /8*g*(8*c^2*f^2+3*b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(a*g+2*b*f))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(5/2)}+e^3*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & -e^2*g*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^2+3/4*g^2*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2/(g*x+f)+e*g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(g*x+f) \end{aligned}$$

3.877.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{4g^2(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)^2} + \frac{8eg^2(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(f+gx)} + \frac{8e^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+2cdx+b(d-ex)}{2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}} + \frac{4eg(-2cf+bg)(ef-dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{d+ex}{f+gx}\right)}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

=

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((4*g^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)^2) + (8*e*g^2*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)) + (8*e^3*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x))/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)] + (4*e*g*(-2*c*f + b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2) - (8*e^2*g*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)] + g*(e*f - d*g)^2*((6*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2*(f + g*x)) - ((8*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f + a*g))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])]/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(5/2)))/(8*(e*f - d*g)^3) \end{aligned}$$

3.877.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^3}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^3} - \frac{e^2g}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^3} - \frac{eg}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{g(-4cg(ag+2bf) + 3b^2g^2 + 8c^2f^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{5/2}} + \\ & \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}} - \frac{e^2g \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}} - \\ & \frac{eg(2cf-bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2(ef-dg)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{eg^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} + \\ & \frac{3g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cf-bg)}{4(f+gx)(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

```
output (g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)^2) + (3*g^2*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(f + g*x)) + (e*g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)) + (e^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^3) - (e*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)) - (e^2*g*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*f - d*g)^3*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2] - (g*(8*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f + a*g))*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(8*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(5/2))
```

3.877.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.877.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1184 vs. 2(541) = 1082.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1185

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


3.877.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.877.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`

3.877.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2239 vs. 2(541) = 1082.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2239, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*e^3*arctan(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((e^3*f^3 - 3*d*e^2*f^2*g + 3*d^2*e*f*g^2 - d^3*g^3)
*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 1/4*(24*c^2*e^2*f^4*g - 24*c^2*d*e*f^3*g^
2 - 36*b*c*e^2*f^3*g^2 + 8*c^2*d^2*f^2*g^3 + 28*b*c*d*e*f^2*g^3 + 15*b^2*e
^2*f^2*g^3 + 20*a*c*e^2*f^2*g^3 - 8*b*c*d^2*f*g^4 - 10*b^2*d*e*f*g^4 - 20*
a*b*e^2*f*g^4 + 3*b^2*d^2*g^5 - 4*a*c*d^2*g^5 + 4*a*b*d*e*g^5 + 8*a^2*e^2*
g^5)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*g + sqrt(c)*f)/sqrt(-c*f
^2 + b*f*g - a*g^2))/((c^2*e^3*f^7 - 3*c^2*d*e^2*f^6*g - 2*b*c*e^3*f^6*g +
3*c^2*d^2*e*f^5*g^2 + 6*b*c*d*e^2*f^5*g^2 + b^2*e^3*f^5*g^2 + 2*a*c*e^3*f
^5*g^2 - c^2*d^3*f^4*g^3 - 6*b*c*d^2*e*f^4*g^3 - 3*b^2*d*e^2*f^4*g^3 - 6*a
*c*d*e^2*f^4*g^3 - 2*a*b*e^3*f^4*g^3 + 2*b*c*d^3*f^3*g^4 + 3*b^2*d^2*e*f^3
*g^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e*f^3*g^4 + 6*a*b*d*e^2*f^3*g^4 + a^2*e^3*f^3*g^4 - b^2*d
^3*f^2*g^5 - 2*a*c*d^3*f^2*g^5 - 6*a*b*d^2*e*f^2*g^5 - 3*a^2*d*e^2*f^2*g^5
+ 2*a*b*d^3*f*g^6 + 3*a^2*d^2*e*f*g^6 - a^2*d^3*g^7)*sqrt(-c*f^2 + b*f*g
- a*g^2)) + 1/4*(16*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*c^2*e*f^3*g^2 -
8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*c^2*d*f^2*g^3 - 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b*c*e*f^2*g^3 + 8*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a
))^3*b*c*d*f*g^4 + 7*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*e*f*g^4 + 4
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*a*c*e*f*g^4 - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c
*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*b^2*d*g^5 + 4*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))^3*...

```

3.877.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^3(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.878 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.878.1 Optimal result	6420
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3.878.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 496

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(ab^3dg^4 - b^2(c^2ef^4 + 4acdfg^3 + a^2eg^4) + 2ac(a^2eg^4 + c^2f^3(ef - 4dg) - 2acfg^2(3ef - 2dg)) + bc(c^2df^4 + \frac{g^4\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e} + \frac{g^3(8cef - 2cdg - 3beg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}e^2} + \frac{(ef - dg)^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e^2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}}{}$$

```
output 1/2*g^3*(-3*b*e*g-2*c*d*g+8*c*e*f)*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e^2+(-d*g+e*f)^4*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e^2/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)-2*(a*b^3*d*g^4-b^2*(a^2*e*g^4+4*a*c*d*f*g^3+c^2*e*f^4)+2*a*c*(a^2*e*g^4+c^2*f^3*(-4*d*g+e*f)-2*a*c*f*g^2*(-2*d*g+3*e*f))+b*c*(c^2*d*f^4+a^2*g^3*(-3*d*g+4*e*f)+2*a*c*f^2*g*(3*d*g+2*e*f))+(2*c^4*d*f^4+b^3*(-a*e+b*d)*g^4-b*c*g^3*(4*b^2*d*f-3*a^2*e*g-4*a*b*(-d*g+e*f))+2*c^2*g^2*(3*b^2*d*f^2-3*a*b*f*(-2*d*g+e*f)-a^2*g*(-d*g+4*e*f))+c^3*f^2*(4*a*g*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-b*f*(4*d*g+e*f)))*x/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+g^4*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/e
```

$$3.878. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.878.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2e(-3b^4deg^4x + b^3g^3(3aeg(-d+ex) + cdx(8ef + dg - egx)) + b^2(3a^2e^2g^4 + c^2(2e^2f^4 - 12def^2g^2x + a^2e^2g^4)) + b^2(3a^2e^2g^4 + c^2(2e^2f^4 - 12def^2g^2x + a^2e^2g^4))}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
((-2*e*(-3*b^4*d*e*g^4*x + b^3*g^3*(3*a*e*g*(-d + e*x) + c*d*x*(8*e*f + d*g - e*g*x)) + b^2*(3*a^2*e^2*g^4 + c^2*(2*e^2*f^4 - 12*d*e*f^2*g^2*x + d^2*g^4*x^2) + a*c*g^3*(d^2*g + e^2*x*(-8*f + g*x) + 4*d*e*(2*f + 3*g*x))) - 2*b*c*(a^2*e*g^3*(4*e*f - 5*d*g + 5*e*g*x) + c^2*e*f^3*(-(e*f*x) + d*(f - 4*g*x)) + 2*a*c*g*(d^2*g^3*x + e^2*f^2*(2*f - 3*g*x) + d*e*g*(3*f^2 + 6*f*g*x - g^2*x^2))) - 4*c*(2*a^3*e^2*g^4 + c^3*d*e*f^4*x + a*c^2*(d^2*g^4*x^2 - 2*d*e*f^2*g*(2*f + 3*g*x) + e^2*f^3*(f + 4*g*x)) + a^2*c*g^2*(d^2*g^2 + d*e*g*(4*f + g*x) + e^2*(-6*f^2 - 4*f*g*x + g^2*x^2))))/(c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (2*(e*f - d*g)^4*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2) + (g^3*(8*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - 3*b*e*g)*Log[b + 2*c*x + 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/c^(5/2) - (2*(e*f - d*g)^4*Log[-(b*d) + 2*a*e - 2*c*d*x + b*e*x + 2*Sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2))/(2*e^2)
```

3.878.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 \int - \frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)x^2g^4}{c} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)(4cf-bg)xg^3}{c^2} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)(bd(bd-ae)g^4 - cd(4bdf-4aef+adg)g^3 + c^2f^2(e^2f^2-4degf+6d^2g^2))}{c^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)}}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef-dg) - 3abf(ef-2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2)) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \int - \frac{\frac{(b^2-4ac)x^2g^4}{c} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)(4cf-bg)xg^3}{c^2} + \frac{(b^2-4ac)(bd(bd-ae)g^4 - cd(4bdf-4aef+adg)g^3 + c^2f^2(e^2f^2-4degf+6d^2g^2))}{c^2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef-dg) - 3abf(ef-2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2)) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2184 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2-4ac)e \left((8cef-2cdg-3beg)xg^3 + \frac{3bde(bd-ae)g^4 + cd(2ae(4ef-dg) - bd(8ef+dg))g^3 + 2c^2ef^2(e^2f^2-4degf+6d^2g^2)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2} \right)}{2c(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}}{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef-dg) - 3abf(ef-2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2)) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2-4ac) \int \frac{(8cef-2cdg-3beg)xg^3 + \frac{3bde(bd-ae)g^4 + cd(2ae(4ef-dg) - bd(8ef+dg))g^3 + 2c^2ef^2(e^2f^2-4degf+6d^2g^2)}{cd^2-bed+ae^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}}{2c^2e}}{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef-dg) - 3abf(ef-2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2)) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{2c^2(ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} + \frac{g^3(-3beg-2cdg+8cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \right)}{2c^2e} + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}}{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef-dg) - 3abf(ef-2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2)) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4ab^2ef^2))} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092
\end{aligned}$$

3.878. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{2c^2(ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} + \frac{2g^3(-3beg-2cdg+8cef) \int \frac{1}{4c-\frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}} \right)}{2c^2e} + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}$$

$$\frac{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef - dg) - 3abf(ef - 2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4abf^2))}{b^2 - 4ac}}{2c^2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{2c^2(ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} + \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-3beg-2cdg+8cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{2c^2e} + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}$$

$$\frac{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef - dg) - 3abf(ef - 2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4abf^2))}{b^2 - 4ac}}{2c^2e}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-3beg-2cdg+8cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{4c^2(ef-dg)^4 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bed+ae^2) - \frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{2c^2e} + \dots$$

$$\frac{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef - dg) - 3abf(ef - 2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4abf^2))}{b^2 - 4ac}}{2c^2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\frac{2c^2(ef-dg)^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{e(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)(-3beg-2cdg+8cef)}{\sqrt{ce}} \right)}{2c^2e} + \frac{g^4(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{c^2e}$$

$$\frac{2(-b^2(a^2eg^4 + 4acdfg^3 + c^2ef^4) + x(2c^2g^2(a^2(-g)(4ef - dg) - 3abf(ef - 2dg) + 3b^2df^2) - bcg^3(-3a^2eg - 4abf^2))}{b^2 - 4ac}}{2c^2e}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(a*b^3*d*g^4 - b^2*(c^2*e*f^4 + 4*a*c*d*f*g^3 + a^2*e*g^4) + 2*a*c*(a^2*e*g^4 + c^2*f^3*(e*f - 4*d*g) - 2*a*c*f*g^2*(3*e*f - 2*d*g)) + b*c*(c^2*d*f^4 + a^2*g^3*(4*e*f - 3*d*g) + 2*a*c*f^2*g*(2*e*f + 3*d*g)) + (2*c^4*d*f^4 + b^3*(b*d - a*e)*g^4 - b*c*g^3*(4*b^2*d*f - 3*a^2*e*g - 4*a*b*(e*f - d*g)) + 2*c^2*g^2*(3*b^2*d*f^2 - 3*a*b*f*(e*f - 2*d*g) - a^2*g*(4*e*f - d*g)) + c^3*f^2*(4*a*g*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - b*f*(e*f + 4*d*g))) * x) / (c^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (((b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^4*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) / (c^2*e) + ((b^2 - 4*a*c)*((g^3*(8*c*e*f - 2*c*d*g - 3*b*e*g)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])]) / (Sqrt[c]*e) + (2*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^4*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x] / (2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) / (e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)))) / (2*c^2*e)) / (b^2 - 4*a*c) \end{aligned}$$

3.878.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F, (b_)*(G_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154
$$\text{Int}[1/(((d_ + (e_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

```
rule 1264 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)
) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c
_)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2184 Int[(Pq_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

3.878.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1025 vs. $2(474) = 948$.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1026, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1026
risch	Expression too large to display	4958

```
input int((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.878. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(d^4g^4-4d^3e*f*g^3+6d^2e^2*f^2*g^2-4d*e^3*f^3*g+e^4*f^4)/e^5*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))-g/e^4*(2*d^3*g^3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-8*e^3*f^3*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-e^3*g^3*(x^2/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-3/2*b/c*(-x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))+1/c^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))-2*a/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))-8*d^2*e*f*g^2*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+12*d*e^2*f^2*g*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+(d*e^2*g^3-4*e^3*f*g^2)*(-x/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b/c*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))+1/c^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+c*x)/c^(1/2)+(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))+(-d^2*e*g^3+4*d*e^2*f*g^2-6*e^3*f^2*g)*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}))$

3.878.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.878.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**4/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

3.878. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output `Integral((f + g*x)**4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.878.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

3.878.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT>Error: Bad Argument Type`

3.878.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^4}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^4/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.878. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$3.879 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.879.1 Optimal result	6428
3.879.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6429
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3.879.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2(cef^3+adg^3) - 2ac(cf^2(ef-3dg) - ag^2(3ef-dg)) - b(c^2df^3+ad^2g^3))}{e^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{c^{3/2}e} + \frac{(ef-dg)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{e(cd^2-bde+ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output g^3*arctanh(1/2*(2*c*x+b)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e+(-d*g+e*f)^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)+2*(b^2*(a*d*g^3+c*e*f^3)-2*a*c*(c*f^2*(-3*d*g+e*f)-a*g^2*(-d*g+3*e*f))-b*(c^2*d*f^3+a^2*e*g^3+3*a*c*f*g*(d*g+e*f))-(2*c^3*d*f^3-b^2*(-a*e+b*d)*g^3+c*g^2*(-2*a^2*e*g+3*a*b*d*g-3*a*b*e*f+3*b^2*d*f)+c^2*f*(6*a*g*(-d*g+e*f)-b*f*(3*d*g+e*f)))*x)/c/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.879.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-b^3dg^3x + b^2(ag^3(-d + ex) + c(-ef^3 + 3dfg^2x)) + b(a^2eg^3 + c^2f^2(-d + ex)))}{e\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))} + \frac{2(-ef + dg)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right) - g^3 \log\left(ce\left(b + 2cx - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}e}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(2*(-(b^3*d*g^3*x) + b^2*(a*g^3*(-d + e*x) + c*(-(e*f^3) + 3*d*f*g^2*x)) + b*(a^2*e*g^3 + c^2*f^2*(-(e*f*x) + d*(f - 3*g*x)) + 3*a*c*g*(e*f*(f - g*x) + d*g*(f + g*x))) + 2*c*(c^2*d*f^3*x + a^2*g^2*(d*g - e*(3*f + g*x)) + a*c*f*(-3*d*g*(f + g*x) + e*f*(f + 3*g*x))))/(c*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (2*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))) - (g^3*Log[c*e*(b + 2*c*x - 2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c^(3/2)*e)
```

3.879.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.241$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b^2g^3x)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 + c^2x^2)}$$

$$+ 2 \int \frac{(b^2 - 4ac) \left(\frac{d(bd - ae)g^3 - cf(e^2f^2 - 3degf + 3d^2g^2)}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2} - g^3x \right)}{2c(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

$b^2 - 4ac$

3.879. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2)}$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{d(bd-ae)g^3 - cf(e^2f^2 - 3degf + 3d^2g^2)}{cd^2 - bed + ae^2} - g^3x}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

c
↓ 1269

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c(ef-dg)^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{g^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e}}{c}$$

c
↓ 1092

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c(ef-dg)^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{2g^3 \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2cx)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d \frac{b+2cx}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}}{e}}{c}$$

c
↓ 219

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c(ef-dg)^3 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{c}$$

c
↓ 1154

$$\frac{2(-x(CG^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b)}{c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{2c(ef-dg)^3 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right) - \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}}{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

c
↓ 219

3.879. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2(-x(cg^2(-2a^2eg + 3abdg - 3abef + 3b^2df) - b^2g^3(bd - ae) + c^2f(6ag(ef - dg) - bf(3dg + ef)) + 2c^3df^3) - b^3c(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - b^2))}{e(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2cx}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(b^2*(c*e*f^3 + a*d*g^3) - 2*a*c*(c*f^2*(e*f - 3*d*g) - a*g^2*(3*e*f - d*g)) - b*(c^2*d*f^3 + a^2*e*g^3 + 3*a*c*f*g*(e*f + d*g)) - (2*c^3*d*f^3 - b^2*(b*d - a*e)*g^3 + c*g^2*(3*b^2*d*f - 3*a*b*e*f + 3*a*b*d*g - 2*a^2*e*g) + c^2*f*(6*a*g*(e*f - d*g) - b*f*(e*f + 3*d*g)))*x)/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - ((g^3*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*x)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(Sqrt[c]*e)) - (c*(e*f - d*g)^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/(e*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)))/c`

3.879.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

```
rule 1264 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.879.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 739 vs. 2(339) = 678.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$\frac{(-d^3g^3 + 3d^2efg^2 - 3de^2f^2g + e^3f^3)}{(e^2a - bde + cd^2) \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{(be - 2cd)\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + e^2a - bde + cd^2}{e^2}}}}{(e^2a - bde + cd^2) \left(\frac{4c(e^2a - bde + cd^2)}{e^2}\right)}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.879. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output $(-d^3g^3+3d^2efg^2-3d^2f^2ge^3f^3)/e^4*(1/(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-(b^2e-2cd)*e/(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)*(2c*(x+d/e)+(b^2e-2cd)/e)/(4c*(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2-(b^2e-2cd)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-1/(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)*e^2/((a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b^2e-2cd)/e*(x+d/e)+(a^2e-bd^2+cd^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e)))+g/e^3*(2d^2g^2*(2cx+b)/(4ac-b^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}+e^2g^2*(-x/c/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}-1/2b/c*(-1/c/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2cx+b)/(4ac-b^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}))+1/c^{(3/2)}*\ln((1/2*b+cx)/c^{(1/2)}+(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}))+6e^2f^2*(2cx+b)/(4ac-b^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}-6d*efg*(2cx+b)/(4ac-b^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}+(-d*eg^2+3e^2f*g)*(-1/c/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2)}-b/c*(2cx+b)/(4ac-b^2)/(cx^2+bx+a)^{(1/2))}$

3.879.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.879.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.879.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `as
sume?` for
```

3.879.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type
```

3.879.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int((f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int((f + g*x)^3/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.880 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.880.1 Optimal result	6435
3.880.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6435
3.880.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6436
3.880.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6438
3.880.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6439
3.880.6 Sympy [F]	6439
3.880.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	6440
3.880.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6440
3.880.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6441

3.880.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2ef^2 + 2a(aeg^2 - cf(ef - 2dg)) - b(cdf^2 + ag(2ef + dg)) - (2c^2df^2 + 2acef(f + 2gx) + abg(2ef + 2gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output (-d*g+e*f)^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2))/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)+2*(b^2*e*f^2+2*a*(a*e*g^2-c*f*(-2*d*g+e*f))-b*(c*d*f^2+a*g*(d*g+2*e*f))-(2*c^2*d*f^2+b*(-a*e+b*d)*g^2+c*(2*a*g*(-d*g+2*e*f)-b*f*(2*d*g+e*f)))*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.880.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = 2 \left(\frac{-2a^2eg^2 + 2c^2df^2x - 2acd g(2f + gx) + 2acef(f + 2gx) + abg(2ef + 2gx)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}(ef - dg)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}(d+ex) - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2} \right)$$

3.880. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$2*((-2*a^2*e*g^2 + 2*c^2*d*f^2*x - 2*a*c*d*g*(2*f + g*x) + 2*a*c*e*f*(f + 2*g*x) + a*b*g*(2*e*f + d*g - e*g*x) + b^2*(-(e*f^2) + d*g^2*x) + b*c*f*(-(e*f*x) + d*(f - 2*g*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(e*f - d*g)^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]]/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2$$

3.880.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1264, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1264

$$\frac{2(-x(c(2ag(2ef - dg) - bf(2dg + ef)) + bg^2(bd - ae) + 2c^2df^2) - b(ag(dg + 2ef) + cdf^2) + 2a(aeg^2 - cf(ef - (b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2))))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^2} \int \frac{(ef - dg)^2}{2(cd^2 - bed + ae^2)(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(ef - dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} + \frac{2(-x(c(2ag(2ef - dg) - bf(2dg + ef)) + bg^2(bd - ae) + 2c^2df^2) - b(ag(dg + 2ef) + cdf^2) + 2a(aeg^2 - cf(ef - (b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2))))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2(-x(c(2ag(2ef - dg) - bf(2dg + ef)) + bg^2(bd - ae) + 2c^2df^2) - b(ag(dg + 2ef) + cdf^2) + 2a(aeg^2 - cf(ef - (b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2))))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} + \frac{2(ef - dg)^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx \left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} \right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}$$

3.880. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{(ef - dg)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae + x(2cd - be) + bd}{2\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2 - bde + cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2}} + \\ & \frac{2(-x(c(2ag(2ef - dg) - bf(2dg + ef)) + bg^2(bd - ae) + 2c^2df^2) - b(ag(dg + 2ef) + cdf^2) + 2a(aeg^2 - cf(ef - dg)))}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(b^2*e*f^2 + 2*a*(a*e*g^2 - c*f*(e*f - 2*d*g)) - b*(c*d*f^2 + a*g*(2*e*f + d*g)) - (2*c^2*d*f^2 + b*(b*d - a*e)*g^2 + c*(2*a*g*(2*e*f - d*g) - b*f*(e*f + 2*d*g)))*x)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + ((e*f - d*g)^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]])/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.880.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

```
rule 1264 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)
^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[
(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (
2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + S
imp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S)
)/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

3.880.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

method	result
default	$-\frac{g \left(\frac{2dg(2cx+b)}{(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4ef(2cx+b)}{(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - eg \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{b(2cx+b)}{c(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \right) \right)}{e^2} + \frac{(d^2g^2-2defg+e^2f^2)}{(e^2)}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -g/e^2*(2*d*g*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-4*e*f*(2*c*x+b)/(4
*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-e*g*(-1/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-b/c*(2*c*x+b)/
(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)))+(d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*(1/(a*e^
2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/
e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(
4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*
(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)
+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e
^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.880. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.880.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 990 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2023, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.43

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2*f^2 - 2*(a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e*f*g + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d^2*g^2 + ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*f^2 - 2*(b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e*f*g + (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*g^2)*x^2 + ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*f^2 - 2*(b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*e*f*g + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d^2*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 4*((b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3)*f^2 - 2*(2*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2*e - a^2*b*e^3 + (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^2)*f*g + (a*b*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2 - 2*a^3*e^3 - (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d^2*e)*g^2 + ((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - a*b*c*e^3 + (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2)*f^2 - 2*(b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*b*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*e^3 - (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)*f*g - (a^2*b*e^3 - (b^2*c - 2*a*c^2)*d^3 + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d^2*e - 2*(a*b^2 - a^2*c)*d*e^2)*g^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)]/(a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*...`

3.880.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)**2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.880. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.880.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for

3.880.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 773 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{2c^3d^3f^2 - 3bc^2d^2ef^2 + b^2cde^2f^2 + 2ac^2de^2f^2 - abce^3f^2 - 2bc^2d^3fg + 2b^2cd^2efg + 4ac^2d^2efg - 6abcde^2fg + 4a^2ce^3fg + b^2cd^3g^2 - 2ac^2d^3g^2 - b^2c^2d^4 - 4ac^3d^4 - 2b^3cd^3e + 8abc^2d^3e + b^4d^2e^2 - 2ab^2cd^2e^2 - 8a^2c^2d^2e^2 - 2ab^3de^3 + 8a^2bcde^3 + a^2b^2e^4}{b^2c^2d^4 - 4ac^3d^4 - 2b^3cd^3e + 8abc^2d^3e + b^4d^2e^2 - 2ab^2cd^2e^2 - 8a^2c^2d^2e^2 - 2ab^3de^3 + 8a^2bcde^3 + a^2b^2e^4} \right)}{2(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \arctan \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}})e + \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}} \right)} + \frac{2(e^2f^2 - 2defg + d^2g^2) \arctan \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}})e + \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}} \right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```

output -2*((2*c^3*d^3*f^2 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + b^2*c*d*e^2*f^2 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2*f
^2 - a*b*c*e^3*f^2 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*f*g + 2*b^2*c*d^2*e*f*g + 4*a*c^2*d^2*e*f
*g - 6*a*b*c*d*e^2*f*g + 4*a^2*c*e^3*f*g + b^2*c*d^3*g^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*g^2
- b^3*d^2*e*g^2 + a*b*c*d^2*e*g^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*e^2*g^2 - 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*g^2
- a^2*b*e^3*g^2)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2
*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e
^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (b*c^2*d^3*f^2 - 2*b^2
*c*d^2*e*f^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*f^2 + b^3*d*e^2*f^2 - a*b*c*d*e^2*f^2 - a*b^2
*e^3*f^2 + 2*a^2*c*e^3*f^2 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*f*g + 6*a*b*c*d^2*e*f*g - 2*a*b^2
*d*e^2*f*g - 4*a^2*c*d*e^2*f*g + 2*a^2*b*e^3*f*g + a*b*c*d^3*g^2 - a*b^2*d
^2*e*g^2 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e*g^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*e^2*g^2 - 2*a^3*e^3*g^2)/(b^2*c^2
*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b
^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b
^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a) + 2*(e^2*f^2 - 2*d*e*f*g + d^
2*g^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c
*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e
2))

```

3.880.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int((f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int((f + g*x)^2/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```


3.881
$$\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.881.1 Optimal result 6442
 3.881.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6442
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 3.881.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6448

3.881.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bcdf - b^2ef + 2acef - 2acdg + abeg + c(2cdf + 2aeg - b(ef + dg))x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} + \frac{e(ef - dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `e*(-d*g+e*f)*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)-2*(b*c*d*f-b^2*e*f+2*a*c*e*f-2*a*c*d*g+a*b*e*g+c*(2*c*d*f+2*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f))*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)`

3.881.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2b^2ef + 2b(aeg - cefx + cd(f - gx)) + 4c(-adg + cdfx + ae(f + gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}} - \frac{2e\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}(-ef + dg)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)-e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+e(bd-ae)}}\right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2}$$

3.881.
$$\int \frac{f+gx}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*b^2*e*f + 2*b*(a*e*g - c*e*f*x + c*d*(f - g*x)) + 4*c*(-(a*d*g) + c*d*f*x + a*e*(f + g*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] - (2*e*Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*(-(e*f) + d*g)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x) - e*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])/Sqrt[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)]])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2`

3.881.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1235} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(b^2 - 4ac)e(ef - dg)}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \\
 & \frac{2(cx(2aeg - b(dg + ef) + 2cdf) + abeg - 2acd g + 2acef + b^2(-e)f + bcdf)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \\
 & \frac{2(cx(2aeg - b(dg + ef) + 2cdf) + abeg - 2acd g + 2acef + b^2(-e)f + bcdf)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{2e(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2 - bed + ae^2) - \frac{(bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x)^2}{cx^2 + bx + a}} d\left(-\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}\right)}{ae^2 - bde + cd^2} - \\
 & \frac{2(cx(2aeg - b(dg + ef) + 2cdf) + abeg - 2acd g + 2acef + b^2(-e)f + bcdf)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e(ef - dg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(cx(2aeg - b(dg + ef) + 2cdf) + abeg - 2acd g + 2acef + b^2(-e)f + bcdf)}{(b^2 - 4ac)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(b*c*d*f - b^2*e*f + 2*a*c*e*f - 2*a*c*d*g + a*b*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f + 2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g))*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (e*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)`

3.881.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

```
rule 1235 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m
+ 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)
```

3.881.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$\frac{2g(2cx+b)}{e(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{(-dg+ef) \left(\frac{e^2}{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+e^2a-bde+cd^2}}}{e} - \frac{1}{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)} \right) \left(\frac{4c(e^2a-bde+cd^2)}{e^2} \right)}{(e^2a-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)^2c+\frac{(be-2cd)\left(x+\frac{d}{e}\right)+e^2a-bde+cd^2}}}$

```
input int((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*g/e*(2*c*x+b)/(4*a*c-b^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+(-d*g+e*f)/e^2*(1/(a*e^2-b
*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2
)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c
*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+
d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*
e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*
((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-
b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.881.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 810 vs. $2(177) = 354$.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1663, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.89

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2*f - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e*g + ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*f - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e*g)*x^2 + ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*f - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*e*g)*x)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 + 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*((b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3)*f - (2*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2*e - a^2*b*e^3 + (a*b^2 + 2*a^2*c)*d*e^2)*g + ((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - a*b*c*e^3 + (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2)*f - (b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a*b*c*d*e^2 - 2*a^2*c*e^3 - (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d^2*e)*g)*x)/((a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*e^4)*x), (((a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2*f - (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*d*e*g + ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*f - (b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*d*e*g)*x^2 + ((b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*f - (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*d*e*g)*x)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*...`

3.881.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.881.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((b/e-(2*c*d)/e^2)^2>0)', see `assume?` for`

3.881.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 583 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(2c^3d^3f - 3bc^2d^2ef + b^2cde^2f + 2ac^2de^2f - abce^3f - bc^2d^3g + b^2cd^2eg + 2ac^2d^2eg - 3abcde^2g + 2a^2ce^3g)x}{b^2c^2d^4 - 4ac^3d^4 - 2b^3cd^3e + 8abc^2d^3e + b^4d^2e^2 - 2ab^2cd^2e^2 - 8a^2c^2d^2e^2 - 2ab^3de^3 + 8a^2bcde^3 + a^2b^2e^4 - 4a^3ce^4} + \frac{bc^2d^3f - 2b^2cd^2ef + 2ac^2d^2ef}{b^2c^2d^4 - 4ac^3d^4 - 2b^3cd^3e + 8abc^2d^3e + b^4d^2e^2 - 2ab^2cd^2e^2 - 8a^2c^2d^2e^2 - 2ab^3de^3 + 8a^2bcde^3 + a^2b^2e^4 - 4a^3ce^4} \right)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(e^2f - deg) \arctan \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx - \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}})e + \sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}} \right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -2*((2*c^3*d^3*f - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e*f + b^2*c*d*e^2*f + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2*f - a*b
*c*e^3*f - b*c^2*d^3*g + b^2*c*d^2*e*g + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*g - 3*a*b*c*d*e^2*g
+ 2*a^2*c*e^3*g)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2
*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e
^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (b*c^2*d^3*f - 2*b^2*c
*d^2*e*f + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e*f + b^3*d*e^2*f - a*b*c*d*e^2*f - a*b^2*e^3*f + 2
*a^2*c*e^3*f - 2*a*c^2*d^3*g + 3*a*b*c*d^2*e*g - a*b^2*d*e^2*g - 2*a^2*c*d
*e^2*g + a^2*b*e^3*g)/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c
^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d
*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
+ 2*(e^2*f - d*e*g)*arctan(-(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt
(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2
+ b*d*e - a*e^2))
```

3.881.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{f + gx}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + bx + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int((f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

3.882 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.882.1 Optimal result 6449
 3.882.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6449
 3.882.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6450
 3.882.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6451
 3.882.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) 6452
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 3.882.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 6454
 3.882.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) 6454
 3.882.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6455

3.882.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `e^2*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)-2*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e+c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)`

3.882.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(-b^2e + 2c(ae + cdx) + bc(d - ex)) + (-b^2 + 4ac)e^2\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2}\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}\right)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2\sqrt{a + x(b + cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-2*((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(b^2*e) + 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(d - e*x)) + (-b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2*sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*ArcTan[(sqrt[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*x)/(sqrt[a]*(d + e*x) - d*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]$

3.882.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {1165, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1165$$

$$-\frac{2 \int -\frac{(b^2-4ac)e^2}{2(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{(b^2-4ac)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} - \frac{2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 1154$$

$$-\frac{2e^2 \int \frac{1}{4(cd^2-bde+ae^2)-\frac{(bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x)^2}{cx^2+bx+a}} d\left(-\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{ae^2-bde+cd^2} - \frac{2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{e^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

input $\text{Int}[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x]$

3.882. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

```
output (-2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (e^2*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*
d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)
```

3.882.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 1154 Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (
2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e}, x]
```

```
rule 1165 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)
*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^
2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d
+ e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p
+ 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]
&& IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

3.882.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2}{(e^2 a - b d e + c d^2) \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{(b e - 2 c d) \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + e^2 a - b d e + c d^2}{e}}} - \frac{(b e - 2 c d) e \left(2 c \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + \frac{b e - 2 c d}{e}\right)}{(e^2 a - b d e + c d^2) \left(\frac{4 c (e^2 a - b d e + c d^2)}{e^2} - \frac{(b e - 2 c d)^2}{e^2}\right) \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right)^2 c + \frac{(b e - 2 c d) \left(x + \frac{d}{e}\right) + e^2 a - b d e + c d^2}{e}}}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/e*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e))
```

3.882.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1349, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log((8*a*b*d*e - 8*a^2*e^2 - (b^2 + 4*a*c)*d^2 - (8*c^2*d^2 - 8*b*c*d*e + (b^2 + 4*a*c)*e^2)*x^2 - 4*sqrt(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x) - 2*(4*b*c*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 - (3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*d*e)*x)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 4*(b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3 + (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e - a*b*c*e^3 + (b^2*c + 2*a*c^2)*d*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d^3*e + (a*b^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c - 8*a^3*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*d*e^3 + (a^3*b^2 - 4*a^4*c)*e^4 + ((b^2*c^3 - 4*a*c^4)*d^4 - 2*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^3*e + (b^4*c - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*c^3)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^3*c - 4*a^2*b*c^2)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^2*c - 4*a^3*c^2)*e^4)*x^2 + ((b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b*c^3)*d^4 - 2*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^2*c^2)*d^3*e + (b^5 - 2*a*b^3*c - 8*a^2*b*c^2)*d^2*e^2 - 2*(a*b^4 - 4*a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^3 + (a^2*b^3 - 4*a^3*b*c)*e^4)*x), ((b^2*c - 4*a*c^2)*e^2*x^2 + (b^3 - 4*a*b*c)*e^2*x + (a*b^2 - 4*a^2*c)*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(a*c*d^2 - a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + (c^2*d^2 - b*c*d*e + a*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b*c*d^2 - b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*x)) - 2*(b*c^2*d^3 - 2*(b^2*c - a*c^2)*d^2*e + (b^3 - a*b*c)*d*e^2 - (a*b^2 - 2*a^2*c)*e^3 + (2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e ...
```

3.882.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.882.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*e^2-b*d*e>0)', see `assume?` f
or more de
```

3.882.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2e^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a})e+\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}}\right)}{(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{-cd^2+bde-ae^2}} \\ - \frac{2\left(\frac{(2c^3d^3-3bc^2d^2e+b^2cde^2+2ac^2de^2-abce^3)x}{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e+8abc^2d^3e+b^4d^2e^2-2ab^2cd^2e^2-8a^2c^2d^2e^2-2ab^3de^3+8a^2bcde^3+a^2b^2e^4-4a^3ce^4} + \frac{b^2c^2d^4-4ac^3d^4-2b^3cd^3e}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2*e^2*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2
)) - 2*((2*c^3*d^3 - 3*b*c^2*d^2*e + b^2*c*d*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^2 - a*b*c*e
^3)*x/(b^2*c^2*d^4 - 4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d
^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c
*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4 - 4*a^3*c*e^4) + (b*c^2*d^3 - 2*b^2*c*d^2*e + 2*a*c^2
*d^2*e + b^3*d*e^2 - a*b*c*d*e^2 - a*b^2*e^3 + 2*a^2*c*e^3)/(b^2*c^2*d^4 -
4*a*c^3*d^4 - 2*b^3*c*d^3*e + 8*a*b*c^2*d^3*e + b^4*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d
^2*e^2 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 2*a*b^3*d*e^3 + 8*a^2*b*c*d*e^3 + a^2*b^2*e^4
- 4*a^3*c*e^4))/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)
```

3.882.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.883 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.883.1 Optimal result 6456
 3.883.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6457
 3.883.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6457
 3.883.4 Maple [B] (verified) 6458
 3.883.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6459
 3.883.6 Sympy [F] 6460
 3.883.7 Maxima [F] 6460
 3.883.8 Giac [F(-2)] 6460
 3.883.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6461

3.883.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 352

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2e(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2g(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bde+ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)} - \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bfg+ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
e^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(3/2)/(-d*g+e*f)-g^3*arctanh(1/2*(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(3/2)-2*e*(b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e+c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*g*(b*c*f-b^2*g+2*a*c*g+c*(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.883.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-b^3eg + b^2c(dg + e(f-gx)) - 2c^2(adg + cdfx + ae(f-gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))(-cf^2 + g(bf - ag))} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{-cd^2 + bde - ae^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(d+ex)} - e\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cd^2 + e(bd - ae)}}\right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2(-ef + dg)} - \frac{2g^3\sqrt{-cf^2 + bfg - ag^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c(f+gx)} - g\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{\sqrt{-cf^2 + g(bf - ag)}}\right)}{(ef - dg)(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(-(b^3*e*g) + b^2*c*(d*g + e*(f - g*x)) - 2*c^2*(a*d*g + c*d*f*x + a*e*(f - g*x)) + b*c*(3*a*e*g + c*(-(d*f) + e*f*x + d*g*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)] - (2*e^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + b*d*e - a*e^2]*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x) - e*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]]/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e)])/((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)) - (2*g^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*f^2) + b*f*g - a*g^2]*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*(f + g*x) - g*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]]/\text{Sqrt}[-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g)])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2)}$$
3.883.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e}{(d+ex)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} - \frac{g}{(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}(ef-dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.883. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{e^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2e(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} + \frac{2g(2acg+b^2(-g)+cx(2cf-bg)+bcf)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*g*(b*c*f - b^2*g + 2*a*c*g + c*(2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (e^3*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)) - (g^3*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2))`

3.883.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.883.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 814 vs. $2(332) = 664$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 815, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
default	$\frac{g^2}{(a g^2 - b f g + c f^2) \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c + \frac{(b g - 2 c f)\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right) + a g^2 - b f g + c f^2}{g}}} - \frac{(b g - 2 c f) g \left(2 c \left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right) + \frac{b g - 2 c f}{g}\right)}{(a g^2 - b f g + c f^2) \left(\frac{4 c (a g^2 - b f g + c f^2)}{g^2} - \frac{(b g - 2 c f)^2}{g^2}\right) \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c + \frac{(b g - 2 c f)\left(x + \frac{f}{g}\right) + a g^2 - b f g + c f^2}{g}}}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(d*g-e*f)*(1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+
(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(2*c*(x+f
/g)+(b*g-2*c*f)/g)/(4*c*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2-(b*g-2*c*f)^2/g^2)/((x+f/g
)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+
c*f^2)*g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(
b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2
*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))-1/(d*g-e*f)*(1/(
a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d
^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/
e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d
)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e
^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+
d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(x+d/e)))
```

3.883.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.883. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.883.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**(3/2)), x)`

3.883.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex+d)(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)), x)`

3.883.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.883.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.884 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.884.1 Optimal result	6462
3.884.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6463
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3.884.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 642

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\ & \frac{2e^2(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\ & + \frac{2eg(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\ & + \frac{2g(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\ & + \frac{g^2(4c^2f^2 + 3b^2g^2 - 4cg(bf + 2ag))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2(f+gx)} \\ & + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^2} \\ & - \frac{3g^3(2cf - bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{eg^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b*d-2*a*e+(-b*e+2*c*d)*x)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}\right) / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^{(3/2)} / (-d*g+e*f)^{2-3/2} * g^3 * (-b*g+2*c*f) \\ &) * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)}\right) / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (-d*g+e*f) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(5/2)} - e*g^3 * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b*f-2*a*g+(-b*g+2*c*f)*x)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(1/2)}\right) / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (-d*g+e*f)^2 / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^{(3/2)} - 2*e^2 * (b*c*d-b^2*e+2*a*c*e+c*(-b*e+2*c*d)*x) / (-4*a*c+b^2) / (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2) / (-d*g+e*f)^2 / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} + 2*e * g * (b*c*f-b^2*g+2*a*c*g+c*(-b*g+2*c*f)*x) / (-4*a*c+b^2) / (-d*g+e*f)^2 / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} + 2*g * (b*c*f-b^2*g+2*a*c*g+c*(-b*g+2*c*f)*x) / (-4*a*c+b^2) / (-d*g+e*f) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2) / (g*x+f) / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} + g^2 * (4*c^2*f^2+3*b^2*g^2-4*c*g*(2*a*g+b*f)) * (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (-4*a*c+b^2) / (-d*g+e*f) / (a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2 / (g*x+f) \end{aligned}$$

3.884.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 623, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\ & - \frac{2e^2(b^2e-2c(ae+cdx)+bc(-d+ex))}{(b^2-4ac)(-cd^2+e(bd-ae))(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \\ & + \frac{2eg(b^2g-2c(ag+cfx)+bc(-f+gx))}{(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)^2(-cf^2+g(bf-ag))\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \\ & - \frac{2g(b^2g-2c(ag+cfx)+bc(-f+gx))}{(b^2-4ac)(-ef+dg)(-cf^2+g(bf-ag))(f+gx)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \\ & + \frac{g^2 \left(-\frac{2(4c^2f^2+3b^2g^2-4cg(bf+2ag))\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(b^2-4ac)(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))^2(f+gx)} + \frac{3g(-2cf+bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-bf+2ag-2cfx+bgx}{2\sqrt{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))^{5/2}} \right)}{2(-ef+dg)} \\ & + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+2cdx+b(d-ex)}{2\sqrt{cd^2+e(-bd+ae)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^{3/2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{eg^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+2cfx+b(f-gx)}{2\sqrt{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

```
output (-2*e^2*(b^2*e - 2*c*(a*e + c*d*x) + b*c*(-d + e*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (2*e*g*(b^2*g - 2*c*(a*g + c*f*x) + b*c*(-f + g*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (2*g*(b^2*g - 2*c*(a*g + c*f*x) + b*c*(-f + g*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*(f + g*x)*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (g^2*((-2*(4*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(b*f + 2*a*g))*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2*(f + g*x)) + (3*g*(-2*c*f + b*g)*ArcTanh[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(5/2))/((2*(-(e*f) + d*g)) + (e^4*ArcTanh[(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x))/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (e*g^3*ArcTanh[(-2*a*g + 2*c*f*x + b*(f - g*x))/(2*sqrt[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2))
```

3.884.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{eg}{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^2} - \frac{g}{(f + gx)^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ae+x(2cd-be)+bd}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2 (ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{eg^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2 (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2}} -$$

$$\frac{3g^3(2cf-bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-2ag+x(2cf-bg)+bf}{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{ag^2-bfg+cf^2}}\right)}{2(e f - d g) (a g^2 - b f g + c f^2)^{5/2}} +$$

$$\frac{g^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (-4cg(2ag+bf) + 3b^2g^2 + 4c^2f^2)}{(b^2-4ac)(f+gx)(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2e^2(2ace+b^2(-e)+cx(2cd-be)+bcd)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2eg(2acg+b^2(-g)+cx(2cf-bg)+bcf)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} +$$

$$\frac{2g(2acg+b^2(-g)+cx(2cf-bg)+bcf)}{(b^2-4ac)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*e^2*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*e*g*(b*c*f - b^2*g + 2*a*c*g + c*(2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*g*(b*c*f - b^2*g + 2*a*c*g + c*(2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f + g*x)*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (g^2*(4*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(b*f + 2*a*g))*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(f + g*x)) + (e^4*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/(2*sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (3*g^3*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(5/2)) - (e*g^3*ArcTanh[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2))`

3.884.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.884.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1480 vs. $2(608) = 1216$.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1481, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1481

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{e/(d*g-e*f)^2*(1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-(b*e-2*c*d)*e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(2*c*(x+d/e)+(b*e-2*c*d)/e)/(4*c*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2-(b*e-2*c*d)^2/e^2)/((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}-1/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*e^2/((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+2*((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+d/e)^2*c+(b*e-2*c*d)/e*(x+d/e)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+d/e))+1/g/(d*g-e*f)*(-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-3/2*(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(2*c*(x+f/g)+(b*g-2*c*f)/g)/(4*c*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2-(b*g-2*c*f)^2/g^2)/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+2*((a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g))-4*c/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2*(2*c*(x+f/g)+(b*g-2*c*f)/g)/(4*c*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2-(b*g-2*c*f)^2/g^2)/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-e/(d*g-e*f)^2*(1/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g^2/((x+f/g)^2*c+(b*g-2*c*f)/g*(x+f/g)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-(b*g-2*c*f)*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(2*c*(x+f/g)+(b*g...$$

3.884.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.884.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.884.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

3.884.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(ex+d)(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

3.884.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^2(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.885 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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3.885.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6477
3.885.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6478

3.885.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 1064

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\
& - \frac{2e^3(bcd - b^2e + 2ace + c(2cd - be)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2e^2g(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^3(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2g(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2eg(bcf - b^2g + 2acg + c(2cf - bg)x)}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{g^2(8c^2f^2 + 5b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf + 3ag))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2(f+gx)^2} \\
& + \frac{eg^2(4c^2f^2 + 3b^2g^2 - 4cg(bf + 2ag))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2(f+gx)} \\
& + \frac{g^2(2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 + 15b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf + 13ag))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^3(f+gx)} \\
& + \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd - 2ae + (2cd - be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^{3/2}(ef - dg)^3} \\
& - \frac{3eg^3(2cf - bg) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{2(ef - dg)^2(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{5/2}} \\
& - \frac{e^2g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{(ef - dg)^3(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{3g^3(16c^2f^2 + 5b^2g^2 - 4cg(4bf + ag)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2 - bfg + ag^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}\right)}{8(ef - dg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^{7/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& e^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bd-2ae+(-b^2e+2cd)x)/(ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{1/2}\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (ae^2-bde+cd^2)^{3/2} / (-d^2g+e^2f)^{3-3/2} e^3 g^3 (-b^2g+2cf) \\
& \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bf-2ag+(-b^2g+2cf)x)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-d^2g+e^2f)^2 / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{5/2} - e^2 g^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right. \\
& \left. (bf-2ag+(-b^2g+2cf)x)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-d^2g+e^2f)^3 / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{3/2} - 3/8 g^3 (16c^2f^2+5b^2g^2-4c^2g \\
& (ag+4bf)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(bf-2ag+(-b^2g+2cf)x)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{1/2}\right) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-d^2g+e^2f) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^{7/2} - 2e^3 (bc \\
& d-b^2e+2ac^2e+cd(-b^2e+2cd)x) / (-4ac+b^2) / (ae^2-bde+cd^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f)^3 / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} + 2e^2 g^2 (bc^2f-b^2g+2ac^2g+cd(-b^2g+2cf)x) / \\
& (-4ac+b^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f)^3 / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} + 2g^2 (bc^2f-b^2g+2ac^2g+cd(-b^2g+2cf)x) / (g^2x+f)^2 / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} + 2e^2 g^2 (bc^2f-b^2g+2ac^2g+cd(-b^2g+2cf)x) / \\
& (-4ac+b^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f)^2 / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2) / (g^2x+f) / (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} + 1/2 g^2 (8c^2f^2+5b^2g^2-4c^2g(3ag+2bf)) (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / \\
& (-4ac+b^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2 / (g^2x+f)^2 + e^2 g^2 (4c^2f^2+3b^2g^2-4c^2g(2ag+bf)) (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-4ac+b^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f)^2 / \\
& (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2 / (g^2x+f) + 1/4 g^2 (-b^2g+2cf) (8c^2f^2+15b^2g^2-4c^2g(13ag+2bf)) (cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2} / (-4ac+b^2) / (-d^2g+e^2f) / (ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^3 / (g^2x+f)
\end{aligned}$$

3.885.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 15.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1013, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\
& \frac{2e^3(b^2e - 2c(ae + cdx) + bc(-d + ex))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-cd^2 + e(bd - ae))(ef - dg)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2e^2g(b^2g - 2c(ag + cfx) + bc(-f + gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-ef + dg)^3(-cf^2 + g(bf - ag)) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2g(b^2g - 2c(ag + cfx) + bc(-f + gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(-ef + dg)(-cf^2 + g(bf - ag))(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2eg(b^2g - 2c(ag + cfx) + bc(-f + gx))}{(b^2 - 4ac)(ef - dg)^2(-cf^2 + g(bf - ag))(f+gx) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{eg^2 \left(\frac{2(4c^2f^2 + 3b^2g^2 - 4cg(bf + 2ag)) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(b^2 - 4ac)(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^2(f+gx)} + \frac{3g(2cf - bg) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-bf + 2ag - 2cfx + bgx}{2\sqrt{cf^2 + g(-bf + ag)} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right)}{(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^{5/2}} \right)}{2(ef - dg)^2} \\
& + \frac{g^2 \left(\frac{4(8c^2f^2 + 5b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf + 3ag)) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{2(2cf - bg)(8c^2f^2 + 15b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf + 13ag)) \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))(f+gx)} + \frac{3(b^2 - 4ac)g(16c^2f^2 + 5b^2g^2 - 4cg(2bf + 3ag))}{(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^2} \right)}{8(b^2 - 4ac)(-ef + dg)(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^2} \\
& - \frac{e^5 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-2ae + 2cdx + b(d - ex)}{2\sqrt{cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right)}{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^{3/2}(-ef + dg)^3} - \frac{e^2g^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-2ag + 2cfx + b(f - gx)}{2\sqrt{cf^2 + g(-bf + ag)} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right)}{(ef - dg)^3(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-2e^3(b^2e - 2c(ae + cd*x) + b*c*(-d + e*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*(e*f - d*g)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (2e^2*g*(b^2*g - 2*c*(a*g + c*f*x) + b*c*(-f + g*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) - (2*g*(b^2*g - 2*c*(a*g + c*f*x) + b*c*(-f + g*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*(f + g*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (2*e*g*(b^2*g - 2*c*(a*g + c*f*x) + b*c*(-f + g*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(-(c*f^2) + g*(b*f - a*g))*(f + g*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)]) + (e*g^2*((2*(4*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(b*f + 2*a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2*(f + g*x)) + (3*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*\text{ArcTanh}[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(5/2)))/(2*(e*f - d*g)^2) - (g^2*((4*(8*c^2*f^2 + 5*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f + 3*a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/(f + g*x)^2 + (2*(2*c*f - b*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 + 15*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f + 13*a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])/((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*(f + g*x)) + (3*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g*(16*c^2*f^2 + 5*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(4*b*f + a*g))*\text{ArcTanh}[(-(b*f) + 2*a*g - 2*c*f*x + b*g*x)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^(3/2)))/(8*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2) - (e^5*\text{ArcTanh}[(-2*a*e + 2*c*d*x + b*(d - e*x))/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)]*\text{Sqrt}[a + x*(b + c*x)])])/(c*...)$

3.885.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1064, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^3 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(\frac{e^3}{(d + ex)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (ef - dg)^3} - \frac{e^2 g}{(f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (ef - dg)^3} - \frac{eg}{(f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bd-2ae+(2cd-be)x}{2\sqrt{cd^2-bed+ae^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^5}{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)^{3/2}(ef-dg)^3} - \frac{2(-eb^2+cdb+2ace+c(2cd-be)x) e^3}{(b^2-4ac)(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \\
& \frac{g^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e^2}{(ef-dg)^3(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2g(-gb^2+cfb+2acg+c(2cf-bg)x) e^2}{(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)^3(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \\
& \frac{3g^3(2cf-bg)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right) e}{2(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{g^2(4c^2f^2+3b^2g^2-4cg(bf+2ag))\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} e}{(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^2(f+gx)} + \\
& \frac{2g(-gb^2+cfb+2acg+c(2cf-bg)x) e}{(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \\
& \frac{3g^3(16c^2f^2+5b^2g^2-4cg(4bf+ag))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x}{2\sqrt{cf^2-bgf+ag^2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}\right)}{8(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^{7/2}} + \\
& \frac{g^2(2cf-bg)(8c^2f^2+15b^2g^2-4cg(2bf+13ag))\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{4(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^3(f+gx)} + \\
& \frac{g^2(8c^2f^2+5b^2g^2-4cg(2bf+3ag))\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^2(f+gx)^2} + \\
& \frac{2g(-gb^2+cfb+2acg+c(2cf-bg)x)}{(b^2-4ac)(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

```
output (-2*e^3*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d
^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*e^2*g*(b*c*f
- b^2*g + 2*a*c*g + c*(2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^3*(c*f
^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*g*(b*c*f - b^2*g + 2*a*c*g
+ c*(2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*
(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*e*g*(b*c*f - b^2*g + 2*a*c*g + c*(
2*c*f - b*g)*x))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f +
g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (g^2*(8*c^2*f^2 + 5*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(2*b*f
+ 3*a*g))*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f
*g + a*g^2)^2*(f + g*x)^2) + (e*g^2*(4*c^2*f^2 + 3*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*g*(b*f +
2*a*g))*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g
+ a*g^2)^2*(f + g*x)) + (g^2*(2*c*f - b*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 + 15*b^2*g^2 - 4*c*
g*(2*b*f + 13*a*g))*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(4*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(e*f - d*g)*(c
*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^3*(f + g*x)) + (e^5*ArcTanh[(b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d -
b*e)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/((c*d^2 -
b*d*e + a*e^2)^(3/2)*(e*f - d*g)^3) - (3*e*g^3*(2*c*f - b*g)*ArcTanh[(b*f
- 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c
*x^2]))/(2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(5/2)) - (e^2*g^3*ArcTan
h[(b*f - 2*a*g + (2*c*f - b*g)*x)/(2*Sqrt[c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2]*Sqrt[a +
b*x + c*x^2]))/((e*f - d*g)^3*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(3/2)) - (3*g^3*...
```

3.885.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x
_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.885.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2684 vs. $2(1010) = 2020$.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2685, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2685

3.885.
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{g^2(dg-ef)} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{g^2}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} - \frac{5}{4} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} - \frac{(bg-2cf)g}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + 2 \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} \right) - \frac{4c}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{g^2} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} - \frac{1}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + 2 \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)} - \frac{1}{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + 2 \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)^2c+(bg-2cf)/g(x+f/g)} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/g^2}{(x+f/g)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{(x+f/g)}$$

3.885.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

3.885.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.885.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}(ex+d)(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^(3/2)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^3), x)`**3.885.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14979 vs. 2(1010) = 2020.

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14979, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*e^5*arctan(-((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a))*e + sqrt(c)*d)/sqrt(-c*
d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2))/((c*d^2*e^3*f^3 - b*d*e^4*f^3 + a*e^5*f^3 - 3*c*d^3*
e^2*f^2*g + 3*b*d^2*e^3*f^2*g - 3*a*d*e^4*f^2*g + 3*c*d^4*e*f*g^2 - 3*b*d^
3*e^2*f*g^2 + 3*a*d^2*e^3*f*g^2 - c*d^5*g^3 + b*d^4*e*g^3 - a*d^3*e^2*g^3)
*sqrt(-c*d^2 + b*d*e - a*e^2)) - 2*((2*c^9*d^3*f^9 - 3*b*c^8*d^2*e*f^9 + b
^2*c^7*d*e^2*f^9 + 2*a*c^8*d*e^2*f^9 - a*b*c^7*e^3*f^9 - 9*b*c^8*d^3*f^8*g
+ 15*b^2*c^7*d^2*e*f^8*g - 6*a*c^8*d^2*e*f^8*g - 6*b^3*c^6*d*e^2*f^8*g -
3*a*b*c^7*d*e^2*f^8*g + 6*a*b^2*c^6*e^3*f^8*g - 6*a^2*c^7*e^3*f^8*g + 18*b
^2*c^7*d^3*f^7*g^2 - 33*b^3*c^6*d^2*e*f^7*g^2 + 24*a*b*c^7*d^2*e*f^7*g^2 +
15*b^4*c^5*d*e^2*f^7*g^2 - 6*a*b^2*c^6*d*e^2*f^7*g^2 - 15*a*b^3*c^5*e^3*f
^7*g^2 + 24*a^2*b*c^6*e^3*f^7*g^2 - 21*b^3*c^6*d^3*f^6*g^3 + 41*b^4*c^5*d^
2*e*f^6*g^3 - 34*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*e*f^6*g^3 - 16*a^2*c^7*d^2*e*f^6*g^3 - 20*b
^5*c^4*d*e^2*f^6*g^3 + 13*a*b^3*c^5*d*e^2*f^6*g^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^6*d*e^2*f^6
*g^3 + 20*a*b^4*c^4*e^3*f^6*g^3 - 34*a^2*b^2*c^5*e^3*f^6*g^3 - 16*a^3*c^6*
e^3*f^6*g^3 + 15*b^4*c^5*d^3*f^5*g^4 + 6*a*b^2*c^6*d^3*f^5*g^4 - 12*a^2*c^
7*d^3*f^5*g^4 - 30*b^5*c^4*d^2*e*f^5*g^4 + 9*a*b^3*c^5*d^2*e*f^5*g^4 + 66*
a^2*b*c^6*d^2*e*f^5*g^4 + 15*b^6*c^3*d*e^2*f^5*g^4 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^5*d*e^2*
f^5*g^4 - 12*a^3*c^6*d*e^2*f^5*g^4 - 15*a*b^5*c^3*e^3*f^5*g^4 + 15*a^2*b^3
*c^4*e^3*f^5*g^4 + 54*a^3*b*c^5*e^3*f^5*g^4 - 6*b^5*c^4*d^3*f^4*g^5 - 15*a
*b^3*c^5*d^3*f^4*g^5 + 30*a^2*b*c^6*d^3*f^4*g^5 + 12*b^6*c^3*d^2*e*f^4*...

```

3.885.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^3(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^3(d+ex)(cx^2+bx+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^3*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

3.886 $\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

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3.886.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1551

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \\
 & \frac{2(64b^4e^4g^4 + 4b^2ce^3g^3(7bef - 66bdg - 69aeg) + c^4(187e^4f^4 - 732de^3f^3g + 1098d^2e^2f^2g^2 - 798d^3efg^3)}{11e} \\
 & + \frac{2(d + ex)^4 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{11e} \\
 & + \frac{2(48b^3e^3g^3 + bce^2g^2(67bef - 198bdg - 157aeg) + c^3(233e^3f^3 - 843de^2f^2g + 1107d^2efg^2 - 567d^3g^3)}{3465c^3g^4} \\
 & - \frac{2e(8b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg) + c^2(29e^2f^2 - 96defg + 81d^2g^2))(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{693c^2g^4} \\
 & + \frac{2e^2(cef - 3cdg + beg)(f + gx)^{7/2} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{99cg^4} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(128b^5e^3g^5 - 8b^3ce^2g^4(7bef + 66bdg + 87aeg) + 2c^5f^2(64e^3f^3 - 264de^2f^2g + 396d^2efg^2)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(64b^4e^3g^4 + 4b^2ce^2g^3(7bef - 66bdg - 69aeg) - 2c^4f(64e^3f^3 - 264de^2f^2g + 396d^2efg^2)} \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/3465*(48*b^3*e^3*g^3+b*c*e^2*g^2*(-157*a*e*g-198*b*d*g+67*b*e*f)+c^3*(-5 \\ & 67*d^3*g^3+1107*d^2*e*f*g^2-843*d*e^2*f^2*g+233*e^3*f^3)-c^2*e*g*(2*a*e*g \\ & (-231*d*g+74*e*f)-3*b*(99*d^2*g^2-88*d*e*f*g+24*e^2*f^2)))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)* \\ & (c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/g^4-2/693*e*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-18*a*e*g-33*b*d \\ & g+19*b*e*f)+c^2*(81*d^2*g^2-96*d*e*f*g+29*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+b \\ & *x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/g^4+2/99*e^2*(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(7/2)*(c*x^2+b \\ & x+a)^(1/2)/c/g^4-2/3465*(64*b^4*e^4*g^4+4*b^2*c*e^3*g^3*(-69*a*e*g-66*b*d \\ & g+7*b*e*f)+c^4*(315*d^4*g^4-798*d^3*e*f*g^3+1098*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2-732*d*e^3 \\ & *f^3*g+187*e^4*f^4)+3*c^2*e^2*g^2*(50*a^2*e^2*g^2-a*b*e*g*(-297*d*g+29*e*f \\ &)+3*b^2*(44*d^2*g^2-11*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))-c^3*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(165*d^2*g^2-33 \\ & d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)+b*(231*d^3*g^3-99*d^2*e*f*g^2+8*e^3*f^3)))*(g*x+f)^(1/2 \\ &)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^4/e/g^4+2/11*(e*x+d)^4*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a \\ & ^{1/2})/e+1/3465*(128*b^5*e^3*g^5-8*b^3*c*e^2*g^4*(87*a*e*g+66*b*d*g+7*b*e \\ & f)+2*c^5*f^2*(-231*d^3*g^3+396*d^2*e*f*g^2-264*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*e^3*f^3)+b*c \\ & ^2*e*g^3*(771*a^2*e^2*g^2+6*a*b*e*g*(396*d*g+43*e*f)-b^2*(-792*d^2*g^2-264 \\ & *d*e*f*g+37*e^2*f^2))-c^4*g*(b*f*(-462*d^3*g^3+495*d^2*e*f*g^2-264*d*e^2*f \\ & ^2*g+56*e^3*f^3)-18*a*g*(77*d^3*g^3+88*d^2*e*f*g^2-33*d*e^2*f^2*g+6*e^3*f^ \\ & 3))-c^3*g^2*(6*a^2*e^2*g^2*(231*d*g+26*e*f)-9*a*b*e*g*(-319*d^2*g^2-110*d \\ & e*f*g+15*e^2*f^2)+b^2*(462*d^3*g^3+495*d^2*e*f*g^2-198*d*e^2*f^2*g+37*e^3 \\ & f^3))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^...$$

3.886.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26600, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.15

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.886.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1597, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.419$, Rules used = {1272, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1272$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{11e} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (-((cef-3cdg+beg)x^2)+2(cdf-bef+bdg-ae g)x+ bdf-3aef+adg)}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{11e} - 2 \int \frac{e^2 g^4 ((29e^2 f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg) c + 8b^2 e^2 g^2) x^4 + eg^3 (bg^2(25bf + 7ag) e^3 - cg(2aeg(10ef + 33dg) - b(58e^2 f^2 - 120degf + 27d^2 g^2))) e}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{11e} - \int \frac{e^2 g^4 ((29e^2 f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg) c + 8b^2 e^2 g^2) x^4 + eg^3 (bg^2(25bf + 7ag) e^3 - cg(2aeg(10ef + 33dg) - b(58e^2 f^2 - 120degf + 27d^2 g^2))) e}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{11e} - \frac{2e^2 g \left((29e^2 f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg) c + 8b^2 e^2 g^2 \right) \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} (f+gx)^{5/2}}{7c} - 2 \int \frac{e \left((233e^3 f^3 - 843de^2 g f^2 + 1107d^2 e g^2 f - 567d^3 g^3) e^3 - e \right)}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{11e} -$$

$$\frac{2e^2g \left((29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)c^2 + eg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg)c + 8b^2e^2g^2 \right) (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7c} - \frac{2eg^5 \left((233e^3f^3 - 843de^2gf^2 + 1107d^2eg^2f - 567d^3g^3)c^3 - eg \right)}{7c}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{11e} -$$

$$\frac{2e^2g \left((29e^2f^2 - 96degf + 81d^2g^2)c^2 + eg(19bef - 33bdg - 18aeg)c + 8b^2e^2g^2 \right) (f+gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7c} - \frac{2eg^5 \left((233e^3f^3 - 843de^2gf^2 + 1107d^2eg^2f - 567d^3g^3)c^3 - eg \right)}{7c}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{11e} -$$

$$\frac{2e^2g((29e^2f^2-96degf+81d^2g^2)c^2+eg(19bef-33bdg-18aeg)c+8b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7c} - \frac{2eg^5((233e^3f^3-843de^2gf^2+1107d^2eg^2f-567d^3g^3)c^3-eg($$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{11e} -$$

$$\frac{2e^2g((29e^2f^2-96degf+81d^2g^2)c^2+eg(19bef-33bdg-18aeg)c+8b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7c} - \frac{2eg^5((233e^3f^3-843de^2gf^2+1107d^2eg^2f-567d^3g^3)c^3-eg($$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*sqrt[f + g*x]*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

```

output (2*(d + e*x)^4*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(11*e) - ((-2*e^3*(c*e
*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(9*c*g^4) + (
(2*e^2*g*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(19*b*e*f - 33*b*d*g - 18*a*e*g) + c^2*(29
*e^2*f^2 - 96*d*e*f*g + 81*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]
)/(7*c) - ((2*e*g^5*(48*b^3*e^3*g^3 + b*c*e^2*g^2*(67*b*e*f - 198*b*d*g -
157*a*e*g) + c^3*(233*e^3*f^3 - 843*d*e^2*f^2*g + 1107*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 567*d
^3*g^3) - c^2*e*g*(2*a*e*g*(74*e*f - 231*d*g) - 3*b*(24*e^2*f^2 - 88*d*e*f
*g + 99*d^2*g^2)))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) - (3*((2*g
^8*(64*b^4*e^4*g^4 + 4*b^2*c*e^3*g^3*(7*b*e*f - 66*b*d*g - 69*a*e*g) + c^4
*(187*e^4*f^4 - 732*d*e^3*f^3*g + 1098*d^2*e^2*f^2*g^2 - 798*d^3*e*f*g^3 +
315*d^4*g^4) + 3*c^2*e^2*g^2*(50*a^2*e^2*g^2 - a*b*e*g*(29*e*f - 297*d*g)
+ 3*b^2*(e^2*f^2 - 11*d*e*f*g + 44*d^2*g^2)) - c^3*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(2*e^2*f^
2 - 33*d*e*f*g + 165*d^2*g^2) + b*(8*e^3*f^3 - 99*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 231*d^3*g^
3)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (e*g^8*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c]*(128*b^5*e^3*g^5 - 8*b^3*c*e^2*g^4*(7*b*e*f + 66*b*d*g + 87*a*e
*g) + 2*c^5*f^2*(64*e^3*f^3 - 264*d*e^2*f^2*g + 396*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 231*d^3*
g^3) + b*c^2*e*g^3*(771*a^2*e^2*g^2 + 6*a*b*e*g*(43*e*f + 396*d*g) - b^2*(
37*e^2*f^2 - 264*d*e*f*g - 792*d^2*g^2)) - c^4*g*(b*f*(56*e^3*f^3 - 264*d*
e^2*f^2*g + 495*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 462*d^3*g^3) - 18*a*g*(6*e^3*f^3 - 33*d*e^2*
f^2*g + 88*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 77*d^3*g^3)) - c^3*g^2*(6*a^2*e^2*g^2*(26*e*f ...

```

3.886.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

```

rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1272 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] - Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*f - 3*a*e*f + a*d*g + 2*(c*d*f - b*e*f + b*d*g - a*e*g)*x - (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.886.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3253 vs. $2(1469) = 2938$.

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	3254
risch	Expression too large to display	11966
default	Expression too large to display	32647

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(2/11*e^3*x^4*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2 \\ & *g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*x^3*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/7*(a*e^3*g+3*b*d*e^2*g+b*e^3*f+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^2*f- \\ & 2/11*e^3*(9/2*a*g+9/2*b*f)-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+ \\ & a*f)^{1/2}+2/5*(3*a*e^2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+3*b*d^2*e*g+3*b*e^2*f*d+c*d^3*g+3 \\ & *c*d^2*e*f-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(7 \\ & /2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(a*e^3*g+3*b*d*e^2*g+b*e^3*f+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^2*f-2 \\ & /11*e^3*(9/2*a*g+9/2*b*f)-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/3*(3*a*d^2*e*g+3*a*d*e^2*f+b*d^3*g+3*b*d^2*e*f+c*d^3*f-2/3*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*f*a-2/7*(a*e^3*g+3*b*d*e^2*g+b*e^3*f+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^2*f-2/11*e^3*(9/2*a*g+9/2*b*f)-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(3*a*e^2*g*d+3/11*a*e^3*f+3*b*d^2*e*g+3*b*e^2*f*d+c*d^3*g+3*c*d^2*e*f-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(a*e^3*g+3*b*d*e^2*g+b*e^3*f+3*c*d^2*e*g+3*c*d*e^2*f-2/11*e^3*(9/2*a*g+9/2*b*f)-2/9*(b*e^3*g+3*c*d*e^2*g+f*c*e^3-2/11*e^3*(5*b*g+5*c*f))/c/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/... \end{aligned}$$

3.886.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1741, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2/10395*((128*c^6*e^3*f^6 - 24*(22*c^6*d*e^2 + 5*b*c^5*e^3)*f^5*g + 3*(26
4*c^6*d^2*e + 176*b*c^5*d*e^2 - (11*b^2*c^4 - 68*a*c^5)*e^3)*f^4*g^2 - (46
2*c^6*d^3 + 891*b*c^5*d^2*e - 165*(b^2*c^4 - 6*a*c^5)*d*e^2 + (20*b^3*c^3
- 87*a*b*c^4)*e^3)*f^3*g^3 + 3*(231*b*c^5*d^3 - 66*(2*b^2*c^4 - 11*a*c^5)*
d^2*e + 11*(5*b^3*c^3 - 21*a*b*c^4)*d*e^2 - (11*b^4*c^2 - 53*a*b^2*c^3 + 3
4*a^2*c^4)*e^3)*f^2*g^4 + 3*(231*(b^2*c^4 - 6*a*c^5)*d^3 - 33*(9*b^3*c^3 -
41*a*b*c^4)*d^2*e + 22*(8*b^4*c^2 - 42*a*b^2*c^3 + 33*a^2*c^4)*d*e^2 - (4
0*b^5*c - 246*a*b^3*c^2 + 329*a^2*b*c^3)*e^3)*f*g^5 - (231*(2*b^3*c^3 - 9*
a*b*c^4)*d^3 - 99*(8*b^4*c^2 - 41*a*b^2*c^3 + 30*a^2*c^4)*d^2*e + 33*(16*b
^5*c - 96*a*b^3*c^2 + 123*a^2*b*c^3)*d*e^2 - (128*b^6 - 888*a*b^4*c + 1599
*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 450*a^3*c^3)*e^3)*g^6)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c
^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^
2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/
3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(128*c^6*e^3*f^5*g - 8*(66*c^6*d*e^2 +
7*b*c^5*e^3)*f^4*g^2 + (792*c^6*d^2*e + 264*b*c^5*d*e^2 - (37*b^2*c^4 - 10
8*a*c^5)*e^3)*f^3*g^3 - (462*c^6*d^3 + 495*b*c^5*d^2*e - 198*(b^2*c^4 - 3*
a*c^5)*d*e^2 + (37*b^3*c^3 - 135*a*b*c^4)*e^3)*f^2*g^4 + (462*b*c^5*d^3 -
99*(5*b^2*c^4 - 16*a*c^5)*d^2*e + 66*(4*b^3*c^3 - 15*a*b*c^4)*d*e^2 - 2*(2
8*b^4*c^2 - 129*a*b^2*c^3 + 78*a^2*c^4)*e^3)*f*g^5 - (462*(b^2*c^4 - 3*a*c
^5)*d^3 - 99*(8*b^3*c^3 - 29*a*b*c^4)*d^2*e + 66*(8*b^4*c^2 - 36*a*b^2*...
```

3.886.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.886.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (ex + d)^3 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.886.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (ex + d)^3 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.886.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} (d + ex)^3 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.887 $\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

3.887.1 Optimal result	6490
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3.887.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1015

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx \\
 = & \frac{2(8b^3e^3g^3 + 3bce^2g^2(bef - 8bdg - 9aeg) + c^3(19e^3f^3 - 57de^2f^2g + 63d^2efg^2 - 35d^3g^3) - 3c^2eg^2(2ae(e^2f + 2efg + 2fg^2 + g^3)))}{315c^3eg^3} \\
 & + \frac{2(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{9e} \\
 & - \frac{4(3b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg) + c^2(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2))(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{315c^2g^3} \\
 & + \frac{2e(cef - 3cdg + beg)(f + gx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{63cg^3} \\
 & - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(8b^4e^2g^4 - 4b^2ceg^3(bef + 6bdg + 9aeg) + c^4f^2(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2) + 3c^2g^2(7a^2e^2f + 14aefg + 7fg^2 + g^3))}{315c^3eg^3} \\
 & - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(8b^3e^2g^3 + 3bceg^2(bef - 8bdg - 9aeg) - 2c^3f(8e^2f^2 - 24defg + 21d^2g^2) + 3c^2fg^2)}{315c^3eg^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-4/315*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-7*a*e*g-9*b*d*g+4*b*e*f)+c^2*(21*d^2*g^2-24*
d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/g^3+2/63*e*(b*e*
g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/g^3+2/315*(8*b^3*e^3*
g^3+3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(-9*a*e*g-8*b*d*g+b*e*f)+c^3*(-35*d^3*g^3+63*d^2*e*f*g^2
-57*d*e^2*f^2*g+19*e^3*f^3)-3*c^2*e*g^2*(2*a*e*(-10*d*g+e*f)+b*d*(-7*d*g+2
*e*f)))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/e/g^3+2/9*(e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(
1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e-2/315*(8*b^4*e^2*g^4-4*b^2*c*e*g^3*(9*a*e*g+6*
b*d*g+b*e*f)+c^4*f^2*(21*d^2*g^2-24*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2)+3*c^2*g^2*(7*a^2*e^
2*g^2+a*b*e*g*(29*d*g+5*e*f)-b^2*(-7*d^2*g^2-5*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))+c^3*g*(3*
a*g*(-21*d^2*g^2-16*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)-b*f*(21*d^2*g^2-15*d*e*f*g+4*e^2*f^
2))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))
*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(
1/2)/c^4/g^4/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))))^(1/2)-2/315*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(8*b^3*e^2*g^3+3*b*c*e*g^2*(-9*a*e*g-
8*b*d*g+b*e*f)-2*c^3*f*(21*d^2*g^2-24*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2)-3*c^2*g^2*(2*a*e*
(-10*d*g+e*f)+b*d*(-7*d*g+2*e*f)))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a
)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)...
```

3.887.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15781, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.55

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.887.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1047, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.355$, Rules used = {1272, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1272$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (-(cef-3cdg+beg)x^2) + 2(cdf-bef+bdg-ae g)x + bdf-3aef+adg}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - 2 \int \frac{2eg^3 ((8e^2 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2) x^3 + g^2 (bg^2(13bf + 5ag)e^3 - cg(4aeg(4ef + 9dg) - 3b(8e^2 f^2 - 20degf + 7d^2 g^2))) e + c^2 (11e^3 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - \int \frac{2eg^3 ((8e^2 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2) x^3 + g^2 (bg^2(13bf + 5ag)e^3 - cg(4aeg(4ef + 9dg) - 3b(8e^2 f^2 - 20degf + 7d^2 g^2))) e + c^2 (11e^3 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - 2 \int \frac{3((19e^3 f^3 - 57de^2 g f^2 + 63d^2 e g^2 f - 35d^3 g^3) c^3 - 3eg^2(2ae(ef - 10dg) + bd(2ef - 7dg))c^2 + 3be^2 g^2 (bef - 8bdg - 9aeg)c + 8b^3 e^3 g^3) x^2 g^5 + (6b^3 f^2 g^2 e^3 + 3b^2 fg(6aeg - 3degf + 2d^2 g^2)) e + c^2 (11e^3 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(4bef - 9bdg - 7aeg)c + 3b^2 e^2 g^2}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - \frac{4eg(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (ceg(-7aeg-9bdg+4bef)+3b^2e^2g^2+c^2(21d^2g^2-24defg+8e^2f^2))}{5c} - \int \frac{3((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(ef-10dg)+bd(2ef-7dg)))}{5c} dx$$

2184

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9e} - \frac{4eg((8e^2f^2-24defg+21d^2g^2)c^2+eg(4bef-9bdg-7aeg)c+3b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(ef-10dg)+bd(2ef-7dg)))}{5c} dx$$

27

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9e} - \frac{4eg((8e^2f^2-24defg+21d^2g^2)c^2+eg(4bef-9bdg-7aeg)c+3b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(ef-10dg)+bd(2ef-7dg)))}{5c} dx$$

1269

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9e} - \frac{4eg(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (ceg(-7aeg-9bdg+4bef)+3b^2e^2g^2+c^2(21d^2g^2-24defg+8e^2f^2))}{5c} - \frac{2g^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (-3c^2eg^2(2ae(ef-10dg)+bd(2ef-7dg)))}{5c} dx$$

1172

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9e} - \frac{4eg((8e^2f^2-24defg+21d^2g^2)c^2+eg(4bef-9bdg-7aeg)c+3b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(ef-10dg)+bd(2ef-7dg)))}{5c} dx$$

321

3.887. $\int (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} dx$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9e} -$$

$$\frac{4eg((8e^2f^2-24degf+21d^2g^2)c^2+eg(4bef-9bdg-7aeg)c+3b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(e-10d)))}{5c}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9e} -$$

$$\frac{4eg((8e^2f^2-24degf+21d^2g^2)c^2+eg(4bef-9bdg-7aeg)c+3b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4((19e^3f^3-57de^2gf^2+63d^2eg^2f-35d^3g^3)c^3-3eg^2(2ae(e-10d)))}{5c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

```

output (2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(9*e) - ((-2*e^2*(c*e*
f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c*g^3) + ((
4*e*g*(3*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(4*b*e*f - 9*b*d*g - 7*a*e*g) + c^2*(8*e^2*f^
2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c)
- ((2*g^4*(8*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(b*e*f - 8*b*d*g - 9*a*e*g) + c^
3*(19*e^3*f^3 - 57*d*e^2*f^2*g + 63*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 35*d^3*g^3) - 3*c^2*e*g^
2*(2*a*e*(e*f - 10*d*g) + b*d*(2*e*f - 7*d*g)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2])/c - (e*g^4*((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(8*b^4*e^2*g^4 - 4*b^2
*c*e*g^3*(b*e*f + 6*b*d*g + 9*a*e*g) + c^4*f^2*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 2
1*d^2*g^2) + 3*c^2*g^2*(7*a^2*e^2*g^2 + a*b*e*g*(5*e*f + 29*d*g) - b^2*(e^
2*f^2 - 5*d*e*f*g - 7*d^2*g^2)) + c^3*g*(3*a*g*(3*e^2*f^2 - 16*d*e*f*g - 2
1*d^2*g^2) - b*f*(4*e^2*f^2 - 15*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqr
t[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[
b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g
)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (
b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c]*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(8*b^3*e^2*g^3 + 3*b*c*e*g^2*(b*e*f - 8*b*d
*g - 9*a*e*g) - 2*c^3*f*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^2*g^2) - 3*c^2*g^2*
(2*a*e*(e*f - 10*d*g) + b*d*(2*e*f - 7*d*g)))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f -
(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))...

```

3.887.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

```

rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1272 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] - Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*f - 3*a*e*f + a*d*g + 2*(c*d*f - b*e*f + b*d*g - a*e*g)*x - (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.887.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1935 vs. $2(939) = 1878$.

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1936, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1936
risch	Expression too large to display	7219
default	Expression too large to display	20224

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(2/9*e^{2*x} \\ & ^3*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+} \\ & c*e^{2*f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}/c/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f* \\ & x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/5*(a*e^{2*g+2*b*d*e*g+b*e^{2*f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-2/9*e^{2*(7/2} \\ & *a*g+7/2*b*f)}-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+c*e^{2*f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(3 \\ & *b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/3*(2* \\ & a*d*e*g+1/3*a*e^{2*f+b*d^2*g+2*b*d*e*f+c*d^2*f-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+c*e^{2} \\ & *f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(a*e^{2*g+2*b*d*e*g+b*e \\ & ^{2*f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-2/9*e^{2*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)}-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+c \\ & e^{2*f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(c \\ & g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2*(a*d^2*f-2/5*(a*e^{2*g+2*b*d} \\ & *e*g+b*e^{2*f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-2/9*e^{2*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)}-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c \\ & d*e*g+c*e^{2*f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*f*a-2/3*(2*a*d \\ & *e*g+1/3*a*e^{2*f+b*d^2*g+2*b*d*e*f+c*d^2*f-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+c*e^{2*f-} \\ & 2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(a*e^{2*g+2*b*d*e*g+b*e^{2*} \\ & f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f-2/9*e^{2*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)}-2/7*(b*e^{2*g+2*c*d*e*g+c*e^{2} \\ & *f-2/9*e^{2*(4*b*g+4*c*f)}}}/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(1/2*a \\ & *g+1/2*b*f))*((f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a \\ & *c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c))^{1/2}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(- \\ & b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{1/2}))/c)/(-f/g+1... \end{aligned}$$

3.887.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2/945*((16*c^5*e^2*f^5 - 16*(3*c^5*d*e + b*c^4*e^2)*f^4*g + (42*c^5*d^2 + 54*b*c^4*d*e - 5*(b^2*c^3 - 6*a*c^4)*e^2)*f^3*g^2 - (63*b*c^4*d^2 - 12*(2*b^2*c^3 - 11*a*c^4)*d*e + (5*b^3*c^2 - 21*a*b*c^3)*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - (63*(b^2*c^3 - 6*a*c^4)*d^2 - 6*(9*b^3*c^2 - 41*a*b*c^3)*d*e + 2*(8*b^4*c - 42*a*b^2*c^2 + 33*a^2*c^3)*e^2)*f*g^4 + (21*(2*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b*c^3)*d^2 - 6*(8*b^4*c - 41*a*b^2*c^2 + 30*a^2*c^3)*d*e + (16*b^5 - 96*a*b^3*c + 123*a^2*b*c^2)*e^2)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 6*(8*c^5*e^2*f^4*g - 4*(6*c^5*d*e + b*c^4*e^2)*f^3*g^2 + 3*(7*c^5*d^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*e - (b^2*c^3 - 3*a*c^4)*e^2)*f^2*g^3 - (21*b*c^4*d^2 - 3*(5*b^2*c^3 - 16*a*c^4)*d*e + (4*b^3*c^2 - 15*a*b*c^3)*e^2)*f*g^4 + (21*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a*c^4)*d^2 - 3*(8*b^3*c^2 - 29*a*b*c^3)*d*e + (8*b^4*c - 36*a*b^2*c^2 + 21*a^2*c^3)*e^2)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g))) + 3*(35*c^5*e^2*g^5*x^3 + 8*c^5*e^2*f^3*g^2 - 3*(8*c^5*d*e + b*c^4*e^2)*f^2*g^3 + (21*c^5*d^2 + 12*b*...
```

3.887.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.887.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (ex + d)^2 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.887.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (ex + d)^2 \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.887.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.888 $\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

3.888.1 Optimal result	6500
3.888.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6501
3.888.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6501
3.888.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6506
3.888.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	6507
3.888.6 Sympy [F]	6507
3.888.7 Maxima [F]	6508
3.888.8 Giac [F]	6508
3.888.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6508

3.888.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 652

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}(4b^2eg^2 + c^2f(4ef - 7dg) - cg(2bef + 7bdg - 5aeg) - 3cg(cef + 7cdg - 4beg)x)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} + 2e\sqrt{f + gx}(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{105c^2g^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}((cef + 7cdg - 4beg)(8c^2f^2 - 2b^2g^2 - 3cg(bf - 2ag)) - 5cg(2cf - bg)(7cdf - e(3bf + ag)))}{105c^3g^3\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(4b^2eg^2 - 2c^2f(4ef - 7dg) + cg(bef - 7bdg - 10aeg))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}}{105c^3g^3\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/7*e*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(3/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/c-2/105*(4*b^2*e*g^2+c^2*f*(-7*d*g \\ & +4*e*f)-c*g*(-5*a*e*g+7*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)-3*c*g*(-4*b*e*g+7*c*d*g+c*e*f)*x)*(\\ & g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c^2/g^2+1/105*((-4*b*e*g+7*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(\\ & 8*c^2*f^2-2*b^2*g^2-3*c*g*(-2*a*g+b*f))-5*c*g*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(7*c*d*f-e*(a*g \\ & +3*b*f)))*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2 \\ & ^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^2 \\ & ^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b \\ & ^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/g^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2) \\ & ^{(1/2))}))^2)^{(1/2)}+2/105*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(4*b^2*e*g^2-2*c^2*f*(-7*d*g+4*e \\ & *f)+c*g*(-10*a*e*g-7*b*d*g+b*e*f))*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1 \\ & /2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(\\ & b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a) \\ &)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^2)^{(1/2)}/c \\ & ^3/g^3/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.888.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8432, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.93

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.888.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 671, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.310$, Rules used = {1236, 27, 1231, 27, 25, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1236 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{(7cdf-3bef-ae g+(cef+7cdg-4beg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(7cdf-3bef-ae g+(cef+7cdg-4beg)x)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 1231 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{5cg(bf-2ag)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag))-2(cef+7cdg-4beg)\left(\frac{1}{2}bf(4cf-bg)-\frac{1}{2}ag(2cf+bg)\right)-((cef+7cdg-4beg)(8c^2f^2-2b^2g^2-3cg(bf-2ag))-5cg(2cf-bg)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag)))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{15cg^2} dx \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int -\frac{(cef+7cdg-4beg)(-fgb^2+4cf^2b-ag^2b-2acfg)-5cg(bf-2ag)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag))+((cef+7cdg-4beg)(8c^2f^2-2b^2g^2-3cg(bf-2ag))-5cg(2cf-bg)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag)))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{15cg^2} dx \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(cef+7cdg-4beg)(-fgb^2+4cf^2b-ag^2b-2acfg)-5cg(bf-2ag)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag))+((cef+7cdg-4beg)(8c^2f^2-2b^2g^2-3cg(bf-2ag))-5cg(2cf-bg)(7cdf-e(3bf+ag)))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{15cg^2} dx \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)(cg(-10aeg-7bdg+bef)+4b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-7dg)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{((-3cg(bf-2ag)-2b^2g^2+8c^2f^2)(-4beg+7cdg+cef)-5cg(2cf-e(3bf+ag)))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{15cg^2}}{g} \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c} \\
 & \downarrow 1172
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}(cg(-10aeg-7bdg+bef)+4b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-7dg))\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}}dx$$

$$cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 321

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}((-3cg(bf-2ag)-2b^2g^2+8c^2f^2)(-4beg+7cdg+cef)-5cg(2cf-bg)(7cdf-e(ag+3bf)))\int\frac{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}d\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}$$

$$cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c}$$

↓ 327

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}(cg(-10aeg-7bdg+bef)+4b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-7dg))\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2}}{7c}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*c) + ((-2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(4*
b^2*e*g^2 - c*g*(2*b*e*f + 7*b*d*g - 5*a*e*g) + 2*c^2*(2*e*f^2 - (7*d*f*g)
/2) - 3*c*g*(c*e*f + 7*c*d*g - 4*b*e*g)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(15*c*g^
2) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*((c*e*f + 7*c*d*g - 4*b*e*g)*(8*c^2*f^2 -
2*b^2*g^2 - 3*c*g*(b*f - 2*a*g)) - 5*c*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*(7*c*d*f - e*(3*b*
f + a*g)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*Elli
pticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[
2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*S
qrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^
2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(4*b^2*e*g^2 -
2*c^2*f*(4*e*f - 7*d*g) + c*g*(b*e*f - 7*b*d*g - 10*a*e*g))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g
*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^
2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*
a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(15*c*g^2))/(7*c)
```

3.888.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1236 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.888.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1228 vs. $2(588) = 1176$.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1229
risch	Expression too large to display	3893
default	Expression too large to display	10711

```
input int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/7*e*x^2
*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f-2/
7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2
/3*(a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f+c*d*f-2/7*e*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f
-2/7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*
x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d*f-2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f-2/7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/
g*f*a-2/3*(a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f+c*d*f-2/7*e*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*
g+c*e*f-2/7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/
g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c
))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(a*d*g+3/7*a
*e*f+b*d*f-2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f-2/7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(3/2*a*g+3/2*b*
f)-2/3*(a*e*g+b*d*g+b*e*f+c*d*f-2/7*e*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e*g+c*d*g+c
*e*f-2/7*e*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((
x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c...
```

3.888.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{2 \left((8c^4ef^4 - (14c^4d + 9bc^3e)f^3g + (21bc^3d - 2(2b^2c^2 - 11ac^3)e)f^2g^2 + (21(b^2c^2 - 6ac^3)d - (9b^3c \right.$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*((8*c^4*e*f^4 - (14*c^4*d + 9*b*c^3*e)*f^3*g + (21*b*c^3*d - 2*(2*b^2*c^2 - 11*a*c^3)*e)*f^2*g^2 + (21*(b^2*c^2 - 6*a*c^3)*d - (9*b^3*c - 41*a*b*c^2)*e)*f*g^3 - (7*(2*b^3*c - 9*a*b*c^2)*d - (8*b^4 - 41*a*b^2*c + 30*a^2*c^2)*e)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(8*c^4*e*f^3*g - (14*c^4*d + 5*b*c^3*e)*f^2*g^2 + (14*b*c^3*d - (5*b^2*c^2 - 16*a*c^3)*e)*f*g^3 - (14*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a*c^3)*d - (8*b^3*c - 29*a*b*c^2)*e)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g))) - 3*(15*c^4*e*g^4*x^2 - 4*c^4*e*f^2*g^2 + (7*c^4*d + 2*b*c^3*e)*f*g^3 + (7*b*c^3*d - 2*(2*b^2*c^2 - 5*a*c^3)*e)*g^4 + 3*(c^4*e*f*g^3 + (7*c^4*d + b*c^3*e)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^4*g^4)`

3.888.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.888.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)\sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.888.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)\sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.888.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx}(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.889 $\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

3.889.1 Optimal result	6509
3.889.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6510
3.889.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6511
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3.889.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	6516
3.889.6 Sympy [F]	6516
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3.889.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6517

3.889.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 513

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx \\
 = & -\frac{2(2cf - bg)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{15cg} + \frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5g} \\
 & - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(c^2f^2 + b^2g^2 - cg(bf + 3ag))\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{15c^2g^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(2cf - bg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{15c^2g^2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output $2/5*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/g-2/15*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c/g-2/15*(c^2*f^2+2*b^2*g^2-c*g*(3*a*g+b*f))*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c^2/g^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^{(1/2)}+2/15*(-b*g+2*c*f)*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2))}))^{(1/2)})/c^2/g^2/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.889.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1052, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f + gx} \left(\frac{2(a+x(b+cx))(bg+c(f+3gx))}{cg} + \frac{(f+gx) \left(\frac{4g^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)}g^2}} (c^2f^2+b^2g^2-cg(bf+3ag))(a+x(b+cx))}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(2cf-bg+\sqrt{...})}{...} \right)}{(f+gx)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*((2*(a + x*(b + c*x))*(b*g + c*(f + 3*g*x)))/(c*g) + ((f + g*x)*((-4*g^2*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))]/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])*(c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - c*g*(b*f + 3*a*g))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + (I*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - c*g*(b*f + 3*a*g))*\text{Sqrt}[(-2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(f - g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*\text{Sqrt}[(2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x], -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x] + (I*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(b^3*g^3 - b^2*g^2*(2*c*f + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + b*c*g*(-4*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + c*(-(c*f^2*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + a*g^2*(8*c*f + 3*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))*\text{Sqrt}[(-2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(f - g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*\text{Sqrt}[(2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]]...$

3.889.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {1162, 1236, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1162$$

$$\frac{2(f + gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5g} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(bf-2ag+(2cf-bg)x)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5g}$$

$$\downarrow 1236$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{fgb^2+cf^2b+ag^2b-8acfg+2(c^2f^2+b^2g^2-cg(bf+3ag))x}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cf-bg)}{3c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{fgb^2+cf^2b+ag^2b-8acfg+2(c^2f^2+b^2g^2-cg(bf+3ag))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cf-bg)}{3c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \\
 & \frac{2(-cg(3ag+bf)+b^2g^2+c^2f^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{(2cf-bg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} + \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(2cf-bg)}{3c} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 1172 \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-cg(3ag+bf)+b^2g^2+c^2f^2) \int \frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1 \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(2cf-g)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-cg(3ag+bf)+b^2g^2+c^2f^2) \int \frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1 \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(2cf-g)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 327
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5g} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-cg(3ag+bf)+b^2g^2+c^2f^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{3c}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*g) - ((2*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) + ((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 - c*g*(b*f + 3*a*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]))/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*c*f - b*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c))/(5*g)`

3.889.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1236 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.889.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 892, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{5} + \frac{2\left(\frac{bg}{5} + \frac{cf}{5}\right)\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3fa}{5} - \frac{2\left(\frac{bg}{5} + \frac{cf}{5}\right)\left(\frac{ag}{2}\right)}{3cg}\right)}{3cg} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*x*(c*
g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(1/5*b*g+1/5*c*f)/c/g*(c*
g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(3/5*f*a-2/3*(1/5*b*g+1/5*c*
*f)/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/
g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/
(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*
g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)
)^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2)+2*(2/5*a*g+2/5*b*f-2/3*(1/5*b*g+1/5*c*f)/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f
/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1
/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/
(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

3.889.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left((2c^3f^3 - 3bc^2f^2g - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)fg^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)g^3) \sqrt{cg} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2f^2 - bcf + (b^2 - 3ac))}{3c^2g^2} \right) \right)}{}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/45*((2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*
a*b*c)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 -
3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c
^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c
*g)) + 6*(c^3*f^2*g - b*c^2*f*g^2 + (b^2*c - 3*a*c^2)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weier
strassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2
*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g
^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*
g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g
^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g))) +
3*(3*c^3*g^3*x + c^3*f*g^2 + b*c^2*g^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x +
f))/(c^3*g^3)
```

3.889.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)
```

3.889.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.889.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} \sqrt{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.889.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.890 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

3.890.1 Optimal result 6518
 3.890.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6519
 3.890.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6520
 3.890.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6525
 3.890.5 Fracas [**F(-1)**] 6526
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 3.890.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**] 6528

3.890.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 764

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{3ce^2g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(eg(bef-3bdg+2aeg)+c(-e^2f^2+3d^2g^2))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}}{3ce^3g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}g\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticF}}{\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output $2/3*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/e+1/3*(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c/e^2/g/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+2/3*(e*g*(2*a*e*g-3*b*d*g+b*e*f)+c*(3*d^2*g^2-e^2*f^2))*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(a+x*(c*x+b))/(4*a*c-b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))))^{(1/2)}/c/e^3/g/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(a+x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*\text{EllipticPi}(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)},1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}/e^3/c^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.890.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1470, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e} - \frac{\int \frac{-\frac{3cgd^2}{e^2} + \frac{3cfd}{e} + \frac{3bgd}{e} - 2bf - 2ag + (-cf - bg + \frac{3cdg}{e})x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{3(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}}{3e}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e} - \frac{(eg(2aeg-3bdg+bef) - c(e^2f^2-3d^2g^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{3(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{(bg - \frac{3cdg}{e} + cf)}{e^2g}}{3e}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (eg(2aeg-3bdg+bef) - c(e^2f^2-3d^2g^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}} d}{ce^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (bg - \frac{3cdg}{e} + cf) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1} \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{3(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e} - \frac{3(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (eg(2aeg-3bdg+bef) - c(e^2f^2-3d^2g^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}} d}{ce^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{3e}$$

↓ 1279

3.890. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-}$$

187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(eg(bef-3bdg))$$

412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3e}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(eg(bef-3bdg))$$

3.890. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*e) - (-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(c*f + b*g - (3*c*d*g)/e)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(e*g*(b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) - c*(e^2*f^2 - 3*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*e^2*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (3*Sqrt[2]*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*e^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g)))/(3*e)`

3.890.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1272 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(e*(2*m + 5))), x] - Simp[1/(e*(2*m + 5)) Int[((d + e*x)^m/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*f - 3*a*e*f + a*d*g + 2*(c*d*f - b*e*f + b*d*g - a*e*g)*x - (c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.890.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1245
risch	Expression too large to display	2338
default	Expression too large to display	6812

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/3/e*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*((a*e^2*g-b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+c*d^2*g-c*d*e*f)/e^3-2/3/e*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+2*(1/e^2*(b*e*g-c*d*g+c*e*f)-2/3/e*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}))-2*(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e^4*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*...$

3.890.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.890.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

3.890.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{ex+d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d), x)`

3.890.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{ex+d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d), x)`

3.890.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{d+ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x), x)`

3.891 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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3.891.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 743

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{2}e^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2beg-c(ef+3dg))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{ce^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg))\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(a+bx+cx^2)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ce^3(ef-dg)}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/e/(e*x+d)+3/2*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/e^2)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+(2*b*e*g-c*(3*d*g+e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(a+x*(c*x+b))/(4*a*c-b^2))^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}/c/e^3/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(a+x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)}+1/2*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*EllipticPi(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)},1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}/e^3/(-d*g+e*f)*2^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

3.891.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{e(d+ex)}$$

$$\left((f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} \right) \left(-12e(-ef+dg)\sqrt{\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}}}\left(c\left(-1+\frac{f}{f+gx}\right)^2+\frac{g\left(b-\frac{bf}{f+gx}+\frac{ag}{f+gx}\right)}{f+gx}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

$$\int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} + \frac{2bg}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{2e}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} + \frac{3c \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}$$

$$\frac{2e}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{ce^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-2beg+3cdg+cef)}{ce^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 1279

3.891. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(d+ex)}\sqrt{f+gx}}dx}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef+3cdg-2beg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+g)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{e(d+ex)}$$

↓ 412

3.891. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef+3cdg-2beg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+g)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{e(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x))) + ((3*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(c*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)], ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[c]*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]))/(2*e)`

3.891.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

3.891. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 1271 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*e*(m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*f + a*g + 2*(c*f + b*g)*x + 3*c*g*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.891.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1190
default	Expression too large to display	16696

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-1/e*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)+2*((b*e*g-2*c*d*g+c*e*f)/e^3+1/2*c*d/e^3*g)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+3*c/e^2*g*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+1/e^4*(a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*...$

3.891.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.891.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

3.891.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.891.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

3.891.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

3.892
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.892.1 Optimal result 6540
 3.892.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6541
 3.892.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6542
 3.892.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6549
 3.892.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6550
 3.892.6 Sympy [F] 6551
 3.892.7 Maxima [F] 6551
 3.892.8 Giac [F] 6551
 3.892.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6552

3.892.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1034

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg) - e(bef-2bdg+ae))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4e(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd(2ef-3dg) - e(bef-2bdg+ae))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}e^2(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(-cd(2ef+3dg) + e(bef+4bdg-5aeg))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}e^3(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}(b^2e^4f^2+a^2e^4g^2+c^2d^3g(4ef-3dg)-2ace^2(2e^2f^2-6defg+3d^2g^2)-2be_4)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```

-1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)
-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)-1/8*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f)
)*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(
1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/e^2/(
a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*
f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-1/4*(-c*d*(3*d*g+2*e*f)+e*(-5*a*e*g+4*b
*d*g+b*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))^2^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(a+x*(c*x+b))/(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(
g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^3/(c*d^2+e*(a*e-b*d))*2^(
1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a+x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*(b^2*e^4*f^2+a^2*e^4*g^2+c^2*d^
3*g*(-3*d*g+4*e*f)-2*a*c*e^2*(3*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2)-2*b*e*g*(a*e^
3*f+c*d^2*(-2*d*g+3*e*f)))*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f
-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2), (2*c*e*f-b*e*g+e*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-
2*c*d*g+2*c*e*f), ((2*c*f+g*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)*(g*(-b-2*c*x+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(2*c*f+g*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(g*(b+2*c*x+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^3/(c*d^2+e*(...

```

3.892.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33765, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.892.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1599, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.548$, Rules used = {1271, 2154, 1282, 25, 2154, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1271} \\
 & \int \frac{3cgx^2+2(cf+bg)x+bf+ag}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} + \frac{2bg}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{4e}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \frac{2e(d+ex)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1282} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} + \frac{2bg}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\int \frac{-ce^2gx^2+2cddegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} + \frac{2bg}{e} - \frac{3cdg}{e^2} + \frac{3cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\int \frac{ce^2gx^2+2cddegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.892. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cxg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cxg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$6\sqrt{2g\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 321

$$(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cxg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{-c(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + ce \int \frac{\sqrt{f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1172

3.892. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\int}{(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\int}{(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\int}{(d+ex)^3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

3.892. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)+\frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)-\frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)-\frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

3.892. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

↓ 413

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2e(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

```

output -1/2*(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + ((6*Sqrt[2]*S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])
*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + S
qrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*
c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b
x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(c*e*f -
3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4
*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g
)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])*EllipticP
i[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[
2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f
- (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[
c]*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c
*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(
f + g*x))/g]) - ((c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(-(e
^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*
g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*
c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f -
(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^...

```

3.892.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 187 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1271 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*e*(m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*f + a*g + 2*(c*f + b*g)*x + 3*c*g*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 1282 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.892.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1593, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1593
default	Expression too large to display	55368

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-1/2/e*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/e/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)+2*(c*g/e^3-1/8*c*g*(3*a*d*e^2*g-2*a*e^3*f-4*b*d^2*e*g+3*b*d*e^2*f+5*c*d^3*g-4*c*d^2*e*f)/e^3/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})-1/4*c*g*(a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/e^2/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})+1/2/c...$

3.892.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.892.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

3.892.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.892.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

3.892.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

3.893 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.893.1 Optimal result 6553
 3.893.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6554
 3.893.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6555
 3.893.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6560
 3.893.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 6560
 3.893.6 Sympy [F] 6561
 3.893.7 Maxima [F] 6562
 3.893.8 Giac [F] 6562
 3.893.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6562

3.893.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1098

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(8b^3e^3g^3 + 3bce^2g^2(5bef - 12bdg - 9aeg) - c^3(152e^3f^3 - 408de^2f^2g + 336d^2efg^2 - 70d^3g^3) - 3c^2eg(6a^2 + b^2d))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{315c^3g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g}$$

$$- \frac{2e(6b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(17bef - 27bdg - 14aeg) - 2c^2(64e^2f^2 - 111defg + 42d^2g^2))(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{315c^2g^4}$$

$$- \frac{2e^2(8cef - 6cdg - beg)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{63cg^4}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(16b^4e^3g^4 + 8b^2ce^2g^3(2bef - 9bdg - 9aeg) - 2c^4f(64e^3f^3 - 216de^2f^2g + 252d^2efg^2 - 10d^3g^3))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{315c^3g^4}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(8b^3e^3g^3 + 3bce^2g^2(5bef - 12bdg - 9aeg) + 2c^3(64e^3f^3 - 216de^2f^2g - 70d^3g^3))\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{315c^3g^4}$$

output

```

-2/315*e*(6*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-14*a*e*g-27*b*d*g+17*b*e*f)-2*c^2*(42*d^2*
g^2-111*d*e*f*g+64*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/g^4-2/6
3*e^2*(-b*e*g-6*c*d*g+8*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/g^4+2/3
15*(8*b^3*e^3*g^3+3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(-9*a*e*g-12*b*d*g+5*b*e*f)-c^3*(-70*d^3*g
^3+336*d^2*e*f*g^2-408*d*e^2*f^2*g+152*e^3*f^3)-3*c^2*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(-5*d*g
+2*e*f)-b*(21*d^2*g^2-24*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2)))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2)/c^3/g^4+2/9*(e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/g-1/315*(16*
b^4*e^3*g^4+8*b^2*c*e^2*g^3*(-9*a*e*g-9*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)-2*c^4*f*(-105*d^3*g
^3+252*d^2*e*f*g^2-216*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*e^3*f^3)+3*c^2*e*g^2*(14*a^2*e^2*g^2
-a*b*e*g*(-87*d*g+19*e*f)+b^2*(42*d^2*g^2-27*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2))-c^3*g*(6*
a*e*g*(63*d^2*g^2-39*d*e*f*g+10*e^2*f^2)-b*(-105*d^3*g^3+189*d^2*e*f*g^2-1
44*d*e^2*f^2*g+40*e^3*f^3))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))^2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x
^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/c^4/g^5/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*
f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2/315*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(8*b^3*e^3*g^
3+3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(-9*a*e*g-12*b*d*g+5*b*e*f)+2*c^3*(-105*d^3*g^3+252*d^2*e*
f*g^2-216*d*e^2*f^2*g+64*e^3*f^3)-3*c^2*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(-5*d*g+2*e*f)-b*(21*
d^2*g^2-24*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(...

```

3.893.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17771, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.893.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.355$, Rules used = {1273, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1273$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g} - \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 ((8cef-6cdg-beg)x^2 + (2cdf+7bef-7bdg-2aeg)x + bdf+6aef-8adg)}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g} - \int \frac{eg^3 (-2(64e^2 f^2 - 111degf + 42d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(17bef - 27bdg - 14aeg)c + 6b^2 e^2 g^2) x^3 + g^2 (bg^2(13bf + 5ag)e^3 + cg(2aeg(ef - 27dg) - 3b(31e^2 f^2 - 61degf + 35d^2 g^2))) e}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g} - \int \frac{eg^3 (-2(64e^2 f^2 - 111degf + 42d^2 g^2) c^2 + eg(17bef - 27bdg - 14aeg)c + 6b^2 e^2 g^2) x^3 + g^2 (bg^2(13bf + 5ag)e^3 + cg(2aeg(ef - 27dg) - 3b(31e^2 f^2 - 61degf + 35d^2 g^2))) e}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2184$$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g} - \int \frac{3(-((152e^3 f^3 - 408de^2 g f^2 + 336d^2 eg^2 f - 70d^3 g^3) c^3) - 3eg(6aeg(2ef - 5dg) - b(8e^2 f^2 - 24degf + 21d^2 g^2)) c^2 + 3be^2 g^2(5bef - 12bdg - 9aeg)c + 8b^3 e^3 g^3) x^2 g^5}{\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.893. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{9g} - \frac{2eg(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} (ceg(-14aeg-27bdg+17bef)+6b^2e^2g^2-2c^2(42d^2g^2-111defg+64e^2f^2))}{5c} - \int \frac{3(-((152e^3f^3-408de^2gf^2+336d^2eg^2f-70d^3g^3)c^3)-}{2g^4}$$

2184

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} - \frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4}{2g^4}$$

27

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} - \frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4}{2g^4}$$

1269

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} - \frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4}{2g^4}$$

1172

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} - \frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111defg+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} - \frac{2g^4}{2g^4}$$

3.893. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 321 \\ \frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} \end{array} _$$

$$\frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111degf+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} _ \frac{2g^2}{_}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 327 \\ \frac{2(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{9g} \end{array} _$$

$$\frac{2e^2(8cef-6cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{5/2}}{7cg^3} + \frac{2eg(-2(64e^2f^2-111degf+42d^2g^2)c^2+eg(17bef-27bdg-14aeg)c+6b^2e^2g^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{5c} _ \frac{2g^2}{_}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

```

output (2*(d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(9*g) - ((2*e^2*(8*c*e
*f - 6*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c*g^3) + (
(2*e*g*(6*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(17*b*e*f - 27*b*d*g - 14*a*e*g) - 2*c^2*(64
*e^2*f^2 - 111*d*e*f*g + 42*d^2*g^2))*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2
])/ (5*c) - ((2*g^4*(8*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*b*c*e^2*g^2*(5*b*e*f - 12*b*d*g - 9*
a*e*g) - c^3*(152*e^3*f^3 - 408*d*e^2*f^2*g + 336*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 70*d^3*g^3
) - 3*c^2*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(2*e*f - 5*d*g) - b*(8*e^2*f^2 - 24*d*e*f*g + 21*d^
2*g^2)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/c - (g^4*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c])*(16*b^4*e^3*g^4 + 8*b^2*c*e^2*g^3*(2*b*e*f - 9*b*d*g - 9*a*e*g) -
2*c^4*f*(64*e^3*f^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3) +
3*c^2*e*g^2*(14*a^2*e^2*g^2 - a*b*e*g*(19*e*f - 87*d*g) + b^2*(7*e^2*f^2 -
27*d*e*f*g + 42*d^2*g^2)) - c^3*g*(6*a*e*g*(10*e^2*f^2 - 39*d*e*f*g + 63*
d^2*g^2) - b*(40*e^3*f^3 - 144*d*e^2*f^2*g + 189*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3
)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[A
rcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-
2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*
(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (
2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(8*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 3*b*c
*e^2*g^2*(5*b*e*f - 12*b*d*g - 9*a*e*g) + 2*c^3*(64*e^3*f^3 - 216*d*e^2*f^
2*g + 252*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 105*d^3*g^3) - 3*c^2*e*g*(6*a*e*g*(2*e*f - 5*d*...

```

3.893.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

```

rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1273 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(g*(2*m + 3))), x] - Simp[1/(g*(2*m + 3)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*f + 2*a*(e*f*m - d*g*(m + 1)) + (2*c*d*f - 2*a*e*g + b*(e*f - d*g)*(2*m + 1))*x - (b*e*g + 2*c*(d*g*m - e*f*(m + 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.893.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1845, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1845
risch	Expression too large to display	7892
default	Expression too large to display	22215

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/9*e^3/g
*x^3*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/7*(b*e^3+3*c*d*e^2-
2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*x^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)
^(1/2)+2/5*(a*e^3+3*b*d*e^2+3*c*d^2*e-2/9*e^3/g*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(b*e
^3+3*c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b
g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*a*d*e^2+3*b*d^2*e+c*d^3-2/3*e^
3/g*f*a-2/7*(b*e^3+3*c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f
)-2/5*(a*e^3+3*b*d*e^2+3*c*d^2*e-2/9*e^3/g*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(b*e^3+3
c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g
*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d^3-2/5*(a*e^3+3*b*d
e^2+3*c*d^2*e-2/9*e^3/g*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(b*e^3+3*c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g
(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*f*a-2/3*(3*a*d*e^2+3*b*d^2*e+c*d^3-2
/3*e^3/g*f*a-2/7*(b*e^3+3*c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(5/2*a*g+5/
2*b*f)-2/5*(a*e^3+3*b*d*e^2+3*c*d^2*e-2/9*e^3/g*(7/2*a*g+7/2*b*f)-2/7*(b*e
^3+3*c*d*e^2-2/9*e^3/g*(4*b*g+4*c*f))/c/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)
)/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-
f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c
)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g
x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c...
```

3.893.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/945*((128*c^5*e^3*f^5 - 8*(54*c^5*d*e^2 + 13*b*c^4*e^3)*f^4*g + (504*c^5*d^2*e + 360*b*c^4*d*e^2 - (25*b^2*c^3 - 156*a*c^4)*e^3)*f^3*g^2 - (210*c^5*d^3 + 441*b*c^4*d^2*e - 18*(5*b^2*c^3 - 31*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + 5*(2*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b*c^3)*e^3)*f^2*g^3 + (210*b*c^4*d^3 - 126*(b^2*c^3 - 6*a*c^4)*d^2*e + 9*(5*b^3*c^2 - 22*a*b*c^3)*d*e^2 - (8*b^4*c - 39*a*b^2*c^2 + 24*a^2*c^3)*e^3)*f*g^4 + (105*(b^2*c^3 - 6*a*c^4)*d^3 - 63*(2*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b*c^3)*d^2*e + 9*(8*b^4*c - 41*a*b^2*c^2 + 30*a^2*c^3)*d*e^2 - (16*b^5 - 96*a*b^3*c + 123*a^2*b*c^2)*e^3)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(128*c^5*e^3*f^4*g - 8*(54*c^5*d*e^2 + 5*b*c^4*e^3)*f^3*g^2 + 3*(168*c^5*d^2*e + 48*b*c^4*d*e^2 - (7*b^2*c^3 - 20*a*c^4)*e^3)*f^2*g^3 - (210*c^5*d^3 + 189*b*c^4*d^2*e - 9*(9*b^2*c^3 - 26*a*c^4)*d*e^2 + (16*b^3*c^2 - 57*a*b*c^3)*e^3)*f*g^4 + (105*b*c^4*d^3 - 126*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a*c^4)*d^2*e + 9*(8*b^3*c^2 - 29*a*b*c^3)*d*e^2 - 2*(8*b^4*c - 36*a*b^2*c^2 + 21*a^2*c^3)*e^3)*g^5)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^...`

3.893.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.893.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.893.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.893.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.894 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.894.1 Optimal result 6563
 3.894.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6564
 3.894.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6564
 3.894.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6569
 3.894.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 6569
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 3.894.8 Giac [F] 6571
 3.894.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6571

3.894.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 755

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4(2b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(4bef - 7bdg - 5aeg) - c^2(21e^2f^2 - 34defg + 10d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{105c^2g^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \frac{2e(6cef - 4cdg - beg)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{35cg^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(8b^3e^2g^3 + bceg^2(9bef - 28bdg - 29aeg) - 2c^3f(24e^2f^2 - 56defg + 35d^2g^2) - c^2g(2aeg($$

$$105c^3g^4 \sqrt{\frac{f+gx}{2}}}{105c^3g^4}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(2b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(4bef - 7bdg - 5aeg) + c^2(24e^2f^2 - 56defg + 35d^2g^2))}{105c^3g^4 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/35*e*(-b*e*g-4*c*d*g+6*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(3/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c/g^3-4 \\ & /105*(2*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-5*a*e*g-7*b*d*g+4*b*e*f)-c^2*(10*d^2*g^2-34*d \\ & e*f*g+21*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c^2/g^3+2/7*(e*x+d)^2 \\ & *(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/g+1/105*(8*b^3*e^2*g^3+b*c*e*g^2*(-29*a \\ & *e*g-28*b*d*g+9*b*e*f)-2*c^3*f*(35*d^2*g^2-56*d*e*f*g+24*e^2*f^2)-c^2*g*(2 \\ & *a*e*g*(-42*d*g+13*e*f)-b*(35*d^2*g^2-42*d*e*f*g+16*e^2*f^2)))*EllipticE(1 \\ & /2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(\\ & -4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c \\ & +b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/g^4/(c \\ & *x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}+4/105 \\ & *(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(2*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-5*a*e*g-7*b*d*g+4*b*e*f)+c^2*(\\ & 35*d^2*g^2-56*d*e*f*g+24*e^2*f^2))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1 \\ & /2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(\\ & b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a \\ &)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}/c \\ & ^3/g^4/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.894.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10030, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.894.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {1273, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.894. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1273} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)((6cef-4cdg-beg)x^2+(2cdf+5bef-5bdg-2aeg)x+ddf+4aef-6adg)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{7g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \\
 & 2 \int \frac{2g^2 \left(- \left((21e^2 f^2 - 34degf + 10d^2 g^2) c^2 \right) + eg(4bef - 7bdg - 5aeg)c + 2b^2 e^2 g^2 \right) x^2 + g \left(-2f(6e^2 f^2 - 4degf - 5d^2 g^2) c^2 + g(2aeg(ef - 14dg) - b(28e^2 f^2 - 50degf + 25d^2 g^2)) \right)}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5cg^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \\
 & \int \frac{2g^2 \left(- \left((21e^2 f^2 - 34degf + 10d^2 g^2) c^2 \right) + eg(4bef - 7bdg - 5aeg)c + 2b^2 e^2 g^2 \right) x^2 + g \left(-2f(6e^2 f^2 - 4degf - 5d^2 g^2) c^2 + g(2aeg(ef - 14dg) - b(28e^2 f^2 - 50degf + 25d^2 g^2)) \right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{5cg^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2184} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \\
 & 2 \int \frac{g^3 \left(4e^2 f g^2 b^3 + eg(4aeg^2 + cf(5ef - 14dg)) b^2 - c(ae(11ef + 14dg)g^2 + cf(24e^2 f^2 - 56degf + 35d^2 g^2)) \right) b - 2acg(5ae^2 g^2 - c(6e^2 f^2 - 14degf + 35d^2 g^2)) + (-2f(24e^2 f^2 - 50degf + 25d^2 g^2))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3cg^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \\
 & \frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left(ceg(-5aeg-7bdg+4bef) + 2b^2 e^2 g^2 - (c^2(10d^2 g^2 - 34degf + 21e^2 f^2)) \right)}{3c} - g \int \frac{4e^2 f g^2 b^3 + eg(4aeg^2 + cf(5ef - 14dg)) b^2 - c(ae(11ef + 14dg)g^2)}{3cg^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.894. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ceg(-5aeg-7bdg+4bef)+2b^2e^2g^2-(c^2(10d^2g^2-34defg+21e^2f^2)))}{3c} - g \left(\frac{(-c^2g(2aeg(13ef-42dg)-b(35d^2g^2-42defg+16e^2f^2))+bceg)}{c} \right)$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7g} - \frac{2e(6cef-4cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5cg^2} + \frac{4g(-((21e^2f^2-34defg+10d^2g^2)c^2)+eg(4bef-7bdg-5aeg)c+2b^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3c} - g \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2}}{c} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{7g} - \frac{2e(6cef-4cdg-beg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(f+gx)^{3/2}}{5cg^2} + \frac{4g(-((21e^2f^2-34defg+10d^2g^2)c^2)+eg(4bef-7bdg-5aeg)c+2b^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3c} - g \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2}}{c} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7g} - \frac{4g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ceg(-5aeg-7bdg+4bef)+2b^2e^2g^2-(c^2(10d^2g^2-34defg+21e^2f^2)))}{3c} - g \left(\frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})}}}{c} \right)$$

3.894. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(7*g) - ((2*e*(6*c*e*f - 4*c*d*g - b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c*g^2) + ((4*g*(2*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(4*b*e*f - 7*b*d*g - 5*a*e*g) - c^2*(21*e^2*f^2 - 34*d*e*f*g + 10*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) - (g*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*b^3*e^2*g^3 + b*c*e*g^2*(9*b*e*f - 28*b*d*g - 29*a*e*g) - 2*c^3*f*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2) - c^2*g*(2*a*e*g*(13*e*f - 42*d*g) - b*(16*e^2*f^2 - 42*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2))))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(2*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(4*b*e*f - 7*b*d*g - 5*a*e*g) + c^2*(24*e^2*f^2 - 56*d*e*f*g + 35*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c))/(5*c*g^3))/(7*g)`

3.894.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1273 `Int((((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(g*(2*m + 3))), x] - Simp[1/(g*(2*m + 3)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*f + 2*a*(e*f*m - d*g*(m + 1)) + (2*c*d*f - 2*a*e*g + b*(e*f - d*g)*(2*m + 1))*x - (b*e*g + 2*c*(d*g*m - e*f*(m + 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.894.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1272
risch	Expression too large to display	4566
default	Expression too large to display	12922

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/7*e^2/g
*x^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/5*(b*e^2+2*c*d*e-2/
7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/
2)+2/3*(e^2*a+2*b*d*e+c*d^2-2/7*e^2/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e^2+2*c*d*e
-2/7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+
a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d^2-2/5*(b*e^2+2*c*d*e-2/7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f)
)/c/g*f*a-2/3*(e^2*a+2*b*d*e+c*d^2-2/7*e^2/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e^2+
2*c*d*e-2/7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))
*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/c)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c)^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(2*a*d*e
+b*d^2-4/7*e^2/g*f*a-2/5*(b*e^2+2*c*d*e-2/7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(3/2*
a*g+3/2*b*f)-2/3*(e^2*a+2*b*d*e+c*d^2-2/7*e^2/g*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(b*e
^2+2*c*d*e-2/7*e^2/g*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g
-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)
)^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2...
```

3.894.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left((48 c^4 e^2 f^4 - 8 (14 c^4 d e + 5 b c^3 e^2) f^3 g + 2 (35 c^4 d^2 + 49 b c^3 d e - (5 b^2 c^2 - 31 a c^3) e^2) f^2 g^2 - (70 b c^3 d^2 - 2 \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

3.894. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*((48*c^4*e^2*f^4 - 8*(14*c^4*d*e + 5*b*c^3*e^2)*f^3*g + 2*(35*c^4*d^2 + 49*b*c^3*d*e - (5*b^2*c^2 - 31*a*c^3)*e^2)*f^2*g^2 - (70*b*c^3*d^2 - 28*(b^2*c^2 - 6*a*c^3)*d*e + (5*b^3*c - 22*a*b*c^2)*e^2)*f*g^3 - (35*(b^2*c^2 - 6*a*c^3)*d^2 - 14*(2*b^3*c - 9*a*b*c^2)*d*e + (8*b^4 - 41*a*b^2*c + 30*a^2*c^2)*e^2)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(48*c^4*e^2*f^3*g - 16*(7*c^4*d*e + b*c^3*e^2)*f^2*g^2 + (70*c^4*d^2 + 42*b*c^3*d*e - (9*b^2*c^2 - 26*a*c^3)*e^2)*f*g^3 - (35*b*c^3*d^2 - 28*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a*c^3)*d*e + (8*b^3*c - 29*a*b*c^2)*e^2)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(15*c^4*e^2*g^4*x^2 + 24*c^4*e^2*f^2*g^2 - (56*c^4*d*e + 5*b*c^3*e^2)*f*g^3 + (35*c^4*d^2 + 14*b*c^3*d*e - 2*(2*b^2*c^2 - 5*a*c^3)*e^2)*g^4 - 3*(6*c^4*e^2*f*g^3 - (14*c^4*d*e + b*c^3*e^2)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^4*g^5)`

3.894.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.894.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.894.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.894.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.895 $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.895.1 Optimal result	6572
3.895.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6573
3.895.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6574
3.895.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6577
3.895.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	6578
3.895.6 Sympy [F]	6579
3.895.7 Maxima [F]	6579
3.895.8 Giac [F]	6580
3.895.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6580

3.895.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 519

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}(4cef-5cdg-beg-3ceg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{15cg^2}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-5dg)+cg(3bef-5bdg-6aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\right)}{15c^2g^3\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(8cef-10cdg+beg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\right)}{15c^2g^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(-3*c*e*g*x-b*e*g-5*c*d*g+4*c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
/c/g^2-1/15*(2*b^2*e*g^2-2*c^2*f*(-5*d*g+4*e*f)+c*g*(-6*a*e*g-5*b*d*g+3*b*
e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))
^(1/2)/c^2/g^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2/15*(b*e*g-10*c*d*g+8*c*e*f)*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/
2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c^2/g^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.895. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.895.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f+gx} \left(\frac{2(a+x(b+cx))(beg+c(-4ef+5dg+3egx))}{cg^2} + \frac{2(f+gx) \left(\frac{g^2(-2b^2eg^2+2c^2f(4ef-5dg)+cg(-3bef+5bdg+6aeg))(a+x(b+cx))}{(f+gx)^2} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

```
input Integrate[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[f + g*x]*((2*(a + x*(b + c*x))*(b*e*g + c*(-4*e*f + 5*d*g + 3*e*g*x)))/(c*g^2) + (2*(f + g*x)*((g^2*(-2*b^2*e*g^2 + 2*c^2*f*(4*e*f - 5*d*g) + c*g*(-3*b*e*f + 5*b*d*g + 6*a*e*g))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + ((I/2)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(2*b^2*e*g^2 + 2*c^2*f*(-4*e*f + 5*d*g) + c*g*(3*b*e*f - 5*b*d*g - 6*a*e*g))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))] + (2*b^3*e*g^3 - b^2*g^2*(-(c*e*f) + 5*c*d*g + 2*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + b*c*g*(-8*a*e*g^2 + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(-3*e*f + 5*d*g)) + 2*c*(c*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(4*e*f - 5*d*g) + a*g^2*(-2*c*e*f + 10*c*d*g + 3*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))]))/Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[f + g*x])))/(c^2*g^4))/(15*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])
```

3.895.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1231, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{efgb^2 + aeg^2b - cf(4ef - 5dg)b + 2acg(ef - 5dg) + (-2f(4ef - 5dg)c^2 + g(3bef - 5bdg - 6aeg)c + 2b^2eg^2)x}{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{15cg^2}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(-beg - 5cdg + 4cef - 3ceg)}{15cg^2}$$

↓ 27

3.895. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \frac{efgb^2+ae g^2b-cf(4ef-5dg)b+2acg(ef-5dg)+(-2f(4ef-5dg)c^2+g(3bef-5bdg-6aeg)c+2b^2eg^2)x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{15cg^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-beg-5cdg+4cef-3ceg x)}{15cg^2}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\frac{(cg(-6aeg-5bdg+3bef)+2b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-5dg)) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} + \frac{(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)(beg-10cdg+8cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g}}{15cg^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-beg-5cdg+4cef-3ceg x)}{15cg^2}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(cg(-6aeg-5bdg+3bef)+2b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-5dg)) \int \frac{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}}{15cg^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-beg-5cdg+4cef-3ceg x)}{15cg^2}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(cg(-6aeg-5bdg+3bef)+2b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-5dg)) \int \frac{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}}{15cg^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-beg-5cdg+4cef-3ceg x)}{15cg^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(cg(-6aeg-5bdg+3bef)+2b^2eg^2-2c^2f(4ef-5dg)) E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}}{15cg^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(-beg-5cdg+4cef-3ceg x)}{15cg^2}$$

3.895. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/Sqrt[f + g*x],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(4*c*e*f - 5*c*d*g - b*e*g - 3*c*e*g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(15*c*g^2) - ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(2*b^2*e*g^2 - 2*c^2*f*(4*e*f - 5*d*g) + c*g*(3*b*e*f - 5*b*d*g - 6*a*e*g))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*c*e*f - 10*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(15*c*g^2)`

3.895.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

```
rule 1231 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.895.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 954 vs. 2(461) = 922.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 955, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2ex\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfx+fa}}{5g} + \frac{2\left(be+cd - \frac{2(2bg+2cf)e}{5g} \right) \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2\left(ad - \frac{2fa}{5g} \right)}{5g} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.895. \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

output

```

((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*e/g*x
*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(b*e+c*d-2/5/g*(2*b*g
+2*c*f)*e)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a*d-2/5*
f*a/g*e-2/3*(b*e+c*d-2/5/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)*e)/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/
2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(
1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/c)^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x
+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(a*e+b*d-2/5*e/g
*(3/2*a*g+3/2*b*f)-2/3*(b*e+c*d-2/5/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)*e)/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g
-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)
)^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2
/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f
/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/
c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))

```

3.895.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((8c^3ef^3 - (10c^3d + 7bc^2e)f^2g + 2(5bc^2d - (b^2c - 6ac^2)e)fg^2 + (5(b^2c - 6ac^2)d - (2b^3 - 9abc)e) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/45*((8*c^3*e*f^3 - (10*c^3*d + 7*b*c^2*e)*f^2*g + 2*(5*b*c^2*d - (b^2*c \\ & - 6*a*c^2)*e)*f*g^2 + (5*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*d - (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*e)*g^3)* \\ & \text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/ \\ & (c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + \\ & (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(8* \\ & c^3*e*f^2*g - (10*c^3*d + 3*b*c^2*e)*f*g^2 + (5*b*c^2*d - 2*(b^2*c - 3*a*c \\ & ^2)*e)*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a* \\ & c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)* \\ & f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 \\ & - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2* \\ & g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c \\ & *g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g))) - 3*(3*c^3*e*g^3*x - 4*c^3*e*f*g^2 + (5*c^3*d + \\ & b*c^2*e)*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f)/(c^3*g^4) \end{aligned}$$

3.895.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.895.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.895.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)}{\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.895.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.896 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.896.1 Optimal result	6581
3.896.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6582
3.896.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6583
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3.896.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 444

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3cg^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{3cg^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/g-1/3*(-b*g+2*c*f)*EllipticE(1/2*((b
+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/c/g^2/(c*x^2+b*x
+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+4/3*(a*g^2-b*
f*g+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2))*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(
1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c
*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/g^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^
2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.896.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 936, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{f + gx} \left(4g^2(a + x(b + cx)) + \frac{(f + gx) \left(\frac{4g^2(-2cf + bg) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2 + g(-bf + ag)}{-2cf + bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2}}}}{(f + gx)^2} (a + x(b + cx)) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}(2cf - bg)(2cf - bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2})}{(f + gx)^2} \right)}{(f + gx)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]*(4*g^2*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + ((f + g*x)*((4*g^2*(-2*c*f + b*g) * \text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + (I*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(2*c*f - b*g)*(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) * \text{Sqrt}[(-2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(f - g*x))/((2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))] * \text{Sqrt}[(2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x))/((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))] * \text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x] - (I*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(b^2*g^2 - 4*a*c*g^2 + 2*c*f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - b*g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) * \text{Sqrt}[(-2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(f - g*x))/((2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))] * \text{Sqrt}[(2*a*g^2 + f*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*\text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x))/((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))] * \text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]))/(c*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])...$

3.896.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {1162, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1162$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{\int \frac{bf - 2ag + (2cf - bg)x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{3g}$$

$$\downarrow 1269$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{(2cf - bg) \int \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{g} - \frac{2(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{3g}$$

3.896. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1172 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(2cf-bg) \int \frac{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{3g} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 321 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(2cf-bg) \int \frac{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{3g} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3g} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(2cf-bg)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}{3g} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/Sqrt[f + g*x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*g) - ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] * (2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]) * EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]) * EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*g)`

3.896.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))^m)) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.896.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 810 vs. $2(386) = 772$.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 811, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{3g} + \frac{2\left(a - \frac{2\left(\frac{ag}{2} + \frac{bf}{2}\right)}{3g}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/3/g*(c*
g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(a-2/3/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))
*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+2*(b-2/3/g
*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(
1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-
1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*Ellip
ticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))
```

3.896.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{gx+f} c^2 g^2 + (2c^2 f^2 - 2bcfg - (b^2 - 6ac)g^2) \sqrt{cg} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left(\frac{4(c^2 f^2 - bcfg + (b^2 - 6ac)g^2)}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{c^2 g^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(3*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)*c^2*g^2 + (2*c^2*f^2 - 2*b*c*f*g - (b^2 - 6*a*c)*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(2*c^2*f*g - b*c*g^2)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)))/(c^2*g^3)`

3.896.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/sqrt(f + g*x), x)`

3.896.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.896.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/sqrt(g*x + f), x)`

3.896.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{\sqrt{f + gx}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/(f + g*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.897 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.897.1 Optimal result	6589
3.897.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6590
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3.897.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 700

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{eg\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{ce^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2-bde+ae^2)\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2}(ef-dg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output `EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/e/g/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2*(-b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/e^2/g/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)`

3.897.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2} \left(\frac{4eg^2(-ef+dg) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}}} (a+x(b+cx))}{(f+gx)^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{2}e(-ef+dg) \left(2cf-bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-2ag^2+2cfgx+bg(f-gx)}{(2cf-bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2})}}}{(f+gx)^2} \right)}{(f+gx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output

```
((f + g*x)^(3/2)*((4*e*g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 - (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))*Sqrt[(2*a*g^2 - 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(-f + g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/Sqrt[f + g*x] + (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(2*c*d*f*g + 2*a*e*g^2 - e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + d*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - b*g*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))*Sqrt[(2*a*g^2 - 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(-f + g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/Sqrt[f + g*x] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[2]*(-(c*d^2) + e*(b*d - a*e))*g^2*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g...
```

3.897.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$, Rules used = {1274, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1274$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{\int \frac{cd-be-cex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1269$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{(-beg+cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g e^2} - \frac{ce \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g}$$

3.897. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1172 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-beg+cdg+cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} +1} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 321 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-beg+cdg+cef) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 327 \\ & \frac{(ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-beg+cdg+cef) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1279 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}} (d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{e^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} (-beg+cdg+cef) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^2$$

$$\downarrow 187$$

$$2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\int\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}(-beg+cdg+cef)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)\sqrt{2e^2}$$

$$cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

e^2

↓ 413

$$2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\int\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}(-beg+cdg+cef)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)\sqrt{2e^2}$$

$$e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}$$

e^2

↓ 413

$$2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g})}}$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}(-beg+cdg+cef)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)\sqrt{2e^2}$$

$$e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}$$

e^2

↓ 412

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)\sqrt{2e^2}$$

$$cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}$$

e^2

$$\sqrt{2}(cd^2-bed+ae^2)\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}$$

$$\sqrt{ce^2}(ef-dg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}$$

3.897. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2)))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/e^2 - (Sqrt[2]*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g])]`

3.897.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] :> Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1274 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/e^2 Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[1/e^2 Int[(c*d - b*e - c*e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

3.897.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1114
default	Expression too large to display	3126

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*(b*e-c*d)/e^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*c/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e^3*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1...
```

3.897.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

3.897.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.897.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.897.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.897.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)), x)`

3.898 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.898.1 Optimal result 6599
 3.898.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6600
 3.898.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6601
 3.898.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6606
 3.898.5 Fracas [F(-1)] 6607
 3.898.6 Sympy [F] 6608
 3.898.7 Maxima [F] 6608
 3.898.8 Giac [F] 6608
 3.898.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6609

3.898.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 736

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{2}e(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}(e^2(bf-ag)-cd(2ef-dg))\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ce^2}(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output $-(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (-d*g+e*f) / (e*x+d) + 1/2*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}) / (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}, (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)} / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a) / (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)} / e / (-d*g+e*f)*2^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)} / (c*(g*x+f) / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)} + EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}) / (-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}, 2^{(1/2)}*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)} / (-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(a+x*(c*x+b)) / (4*a*c-b^2))^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f) / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)} / e^2 / (g*x+f)^{(1/2)} / (a+x*(c*x+b))^{(1/2)} - 1/2*(e^2*(-a*g+b*f)-c*d*(-d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticPi(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)} / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}, 1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}) / c / (-d*g+e*f), ((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}) / (b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f) / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*(1-2*c*(g*x+f) / (2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)} / e^2 / (-d*g+e*f)^2*2^{(1/2)} / c^{(1/2)} / (c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.898.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1471, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{(-ef+dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}{-4e(-ef+dg)\sqrt{\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}}}} \left(c\left(-1+\frac{f}{f+gx}\right)^2 + \frac{g\left(b-\frac{bf}{f+gx}+\frac{ag}{f+gx}\right)}{f+gx} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

$$\frac{\left(-ag + bf - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{cdg}{e^2} + \frac{cgx}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{2(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{c(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \left(-ag + bf - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}}{\frac{2(ef-dg)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (ef-dg) \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} + 1}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2(ef-dg)}}}{\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} + 1} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}} + \left(-ag + bf - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}} \quad \text{---}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\left(-ag + bf - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (ef-dg) \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} + 1\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}} \quad \text{---}$$

3.898. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\left(-ag+bf-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\left(-ag+bf-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\left(-ag+bf-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\left(-ag+bf-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e^2}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 412

3.898. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(b*f - a*g - (c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))/e^2)*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g))/(2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.898.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 1275 Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2])/Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x._)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))), x] - Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*f + a*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*(c*f + b*g*(m + 2))*x + c*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x._)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.898.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1208
default	Expression too large to display	13874

```
input int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(1/(d*g-e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)+2*(c/e^2-1/2*c*d/e^2*g/(d*g-e*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})-c*g/(d*g-e*f)/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)})+(a*e^2*g-b*e^2*f-c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/e^3/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(...$

3.898.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.898.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.898.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)^2\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.898.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)^2\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.898.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

3.899 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

3.899.1 Optimal result	6610
3.899.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	6611
3.899.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6612
3.899.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6619
3.899.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6620
3.899.6 Sympy [F]	6621
3.899.7 Maxima [F]	6621
3.899.8 Giac [F]	6621
3.899.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6622

3.899.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1049

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{(cd(2ef+dg) - e(bef+2bdg-3aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cd(2ef+dg) - e(bef+2bdg-3aeg))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$4\sqrt{2}e(cd^2-bde+ae^2)(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

$$\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(e^2(bf-ag) + cd(-2ef+dg))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$2\sqrt{2}e^2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}$$

$$\sqrt{2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}(3a^2e^4g^2+c^2d^3g(4ef-dg)+b^2e^3f(-ef+4dg)+2ace^2(2e^2f^2-2defg+3$$

output

```

-1/2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(c*d*(d*g+
2*e*f)-e*(-3*a*e*g+2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^
2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)-1/8*(c*d*(d*g+2*e*f)-e*(-3*a*e*g+2*b*d
*g+b*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^
(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1
/2)/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2*2^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x
+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-1/4*(e^2*(-a*g+b*f)+c*d*(d*g-2
*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/
2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
)^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(a+x*(c*x+b))/(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)
/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^2/(c*d^2+e*(a*e-b*d))/(-d*g+e*f
)*2^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a+x*(c*x+b))^(1/2)-1/8*(3*a^2*e^4*g^2+c^2*d^3*g*(
-d*g+4*e*f)+b^2*e^3*f*(4*d*g-e*f)+2*a*c*e^2*(3*d^2*g^2-2*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2
)-2*b*e^2*g*(3*c*d^2*f+a*e*(2*d*g+e*f)))*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)
^(1/2)/(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),(2*c*e*f-b*e*g+e*g*(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))/(-2*c*d*g+2*c*e*f),((2*c*f+g*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c*f-g
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(g
*(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(2*c*f+g*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(g
*(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/...

```

3.899.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36617, normalized size of antiderivative = 34.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.899.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1613, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.581$, Rules used = {1275, 2154, 1282, 25, 2154, 25, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1275} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{-cgx^2+2(cf-bg)x+bf-3ag}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{2bg}{e} + \frac{cdg}{e^2} - \frac{cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2}}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1282} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{2bg}{e} + \frac{cdg}{e^2} - \frac{cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\int \frac{-ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \right)}{e^2}}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\frac{2cf}{e} - \frac{2bg}{e} + \frac{cdg}{e^2} - \frac{cgx}{e}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\int \frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)} \right)}{e^2}}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{4(ef-dg)} - \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.899. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2}$$

4(ef - dg)

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

25

$$\frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2}$$

4(ef - dg)

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

27

$$\frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2}$$

4(ef - dg)

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \quad (cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef))$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

321

$$\frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cexg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(cd(dg+2ef)-e(-3aeg+2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{-c(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \right)}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)e^2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} \right) + \frac{2(cef+cdg-beg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arcsin \left(\frac{\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} \right) + \frac{2(cef+cdg-beg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 327

3.899. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{f+gx}}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 413

3.899. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 4(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{\dots}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 4(cef+cdg-beg)\sqrt{\dots}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} \quad 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

3.899. $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) + ((-2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])]*g*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*e^2*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]) - ((c*d*(2*e*f + d*g) - e*(b*e*f + 2*b*d*g - 3*a*e*g))*(-(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b ...`

3.899.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`

- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1275 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2])/Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))), x] - Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*f + a*g*(2*m + 3) + 2*(c*f + b*g*(m + 2))*x + c*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1282 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f._) + (g._)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 2154 `Int[(Px_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

3.899.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1634, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1634
default	Expression too large to display	57841

input `int((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(1/2/(d*g- \\ & e*f))*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+1/4*(3*a*e^ \\ & 2*g-2*b*d*e*g-b*e^2*f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^ \\ & 2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a \\ & f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(a*d*e^2*g+2*a*e^3*f-3*b*d*e^2*f-c*d^3*g+4*c*d^2* \\ & e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e \\ & ^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1 \\ & /2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+ \\ & b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c \\ & +b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*Ell \\ & ipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(- \\ & 4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-1/4*c*g* \\ & (3*a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g-b*e^2*f+c*d^2*g+2*c*d*e*f)/(d*g-e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3 \\ & *f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2) \\ &)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4* \\ & a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(- \\ & 4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b \\ & *g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2) \\ &))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2* \\ & (b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+... \end{aligned}$$

3.899.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output Timed out

3.899.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x)), x)`

3.899.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.899.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(ex+d)^3\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)/((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.899.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`output `int((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3), x)`

3.900 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.900.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 774

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e(24b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(13bef - 84bdg - 25aeg) - c^2(7e^2f^2 + 12defg - 90d^2g^2)) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{105c^3g^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2e(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^2(cef + 11cdg - 6beg)(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{35c^2g^2}$$

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(48b^3e^3g^3 - 8bce^2g^2(2bef + 21bdg + 13aeg) - c^3(8e^3f^3 - 42de^2f^2g + 105d^2efg^2 + 105d^3e^2fg^2))$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2) (24b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(13bef - 84bdg - 25aeg) + c^2(8e^2f^2 - 42defg + 105d^2efg^2 + 105d^3e^2fg^2))$$

$$105c^4g^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

```
output 2/35*e^2*(-6*b*e*g+11*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/g
^2+2/105*e*(24*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-25*a*e*g-84*b*d*g+13*b*e*f)-c^2*(-90*d^
2*g^2+12*d*e*f*g+7*e^2*f^2))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^3/g^2+2/7
*e*(e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c-1/105*(48*b^3*e^3*g^3-8*b
*c*e^2*g^2*(13*a*e*g+21*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)-c^3*(105*d^3*g^3+105*d^2*e*f*g^2-42
*d*e^2*f^2*g+8*e^3*f^3)+c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(189*d*g+19*e*f)-b*(-210*d^2*g^2-63
*d*e*f*g+9*e^2*f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+
a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/c^4/g^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2/105*e*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(24*b^2*e^2*g^2+c
e*g*(-25*a*e*g-84*b*d*g+13*b*e*f)+c^2*(105*d^2*g^2-42*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*
EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),
(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2
*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c^4/g^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(
1/2)
```

3.900.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2) \left(-\frac{2e(4c^2e^2f^2-21c^2defg+5bce^2fg-105c^2d^2g^2+84bcdeg^2-24b^2e^2g^2+25ace^2g^2)}{105c^3g^2} - \frac{2e^2(-cef-21cdg+6beg)}{35c^2g} \right)}{\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} - \frac{2(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \left((-48b^3e^3g^3+8bce^2g^2(2bef+21bdg+13aeg)+c^3(8e^3f^3-42de^2f^2g) \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)*((-2*e*(4*c^2*e^2*f^2 - 21*c^2*d*e*f*g +
5*b*c*e^2*f*g - 105*c^2*d^2*g^2 + 84*b*c*d*e*g^2 - 24*b^2*e^2*g^2 + 25*a*c
*e^2*g^2))/(105*c^3*g^2) - (2*e^2*(-(c*e*f) - 21*c*d*g + 6*b*e*g)*x)/(35*c
^2*g) + (2*e^3*x^2)/(7*c)))/Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] - (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqr
t[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(-((-48*b^3*e^3*g^3 + 8*b*c*e^2*g^2*(2*b*e*f + 21*b*d*g
+ 13*a*e*g) + c^3*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3
*g^3) - c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) + b*(-9*e^2*f^2 + 63*d*e*f*g + 2
10*d^2*g^2)))*(c*(-1 + f/(f + g*x))^2 + (g*(b - (b*f)/(f + g*x) + (a*g)/(f
+ g*x)))/(f + g*x))) - ((I/2)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/(2
*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)]*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(
-(b*f) + a*g)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*((2*
c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(48*b^3*e^3*g^3 - 8*b*c*e^2*g^2*(2*b*
e*f + 21*b*d*g + 13*a*e*g) - c^3*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*e*f
*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3) + c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) + b*(-9*e^2*f^2 +
63*d*e*f*g + 210*d^2*g^2)))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f
*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((
-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
g^2])) + (48*b^4*e^3*g^4 - 8*b^3*e^2*g^3*(8*c*e*f + 21*c*d*g + 6*e*Sqrt[(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + b^2*c*e*g^2*(-152*a*e^2*g^2 + 8*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
g^2])*(2*e*f + 21*d*g) + c*(e^2*f^2 + 231*d*e*f*g + 210*d^2*g^2)) - b*(-...
```

3.900.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.323$, Rules used = {1283, 25, 2184, 27, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1283

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{7c} - \int \frac{(d+ex)(7cfd^2+e(cef+11cdg-6beg)x^2-e(bdf+4aef+adg)+(cd(12ef+7dg)-e(5bef+2bdg+5aeg))x)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

↓ 25

1172

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(d+ex)^2}{7c} +$$

$$\frac{2(cef+11cdg-6beg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{5cg^2} + \frac{2eg(-((7e^2f^2+12degf-90d^2g^2)c^2)+eg(13bef-84bdg-25aeg)c+24b^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3c}$$

321

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(d+ex)^2}{7c} +$$

$$\frac{2(cef+11cdg-6beg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{5cg^2} + \frac{2eg(-((7e^2f^2+12degf-90d^2g^2)c^2)+eg(13bef-84bdg-25aeg)c+24b^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3c}$$

327

$$\frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(d+ex)^2}{7c} +$$

$$\frac{2(cef+11cdg-6beg)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{5cg^2} + \frac{2eg(-((7e^2f^2+12degf-90d^2g^2)c^2)+eg(13bef-84bdg-25aeg)c+24b^2e^2g^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3c}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^3*sqrt[f + g*x])/sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

```

output (2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(7*c) + ((2*e^2*(c*e
*f + 11*c*d*g - 6*b*e*g)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c*g^2)
+ ((2*e*g*(24*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(13*b*e*f - 84*b*d*g - 25*a*e*g) - c^2*(
7*e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g - 90*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])
/(3*c) - (g*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*(48*b^3*e^3*g^3 - 8*b*c*e^2*g^2*(2
*b*e*f + 21*b*d*g + 13*a*e*g) - c^3*(8*e^3*f^3 - 42*d*e^2*f^2*g + 105*d^2*
e*f*g^2 + 105*d^3*g^3) + c^2*e*g*(a*e*g*(19*e*f + 189*d*g) - b*(9*e^2*f^2
- 63*d*e*f*g - 210*d^2*g^2)))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(
b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[
b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*
Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a
*g^2)*(24*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(13*b*e*f - 84*b*d*g - 25*a*e*g) + c^2*(8*e^
2*f^2 - 42*d*e*f*g + 105*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[Ar
cSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2
*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f +
g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])))/(3*c))/(5*c*g^3))/(7*c)

```

3.900.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

```

rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1283 `Int((((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 2)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 1))) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))`

3.900.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1283
risch	Expression too large to display	4891
default	Expression too large to display	14978

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{1/2}/(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(2/7*e^3/c \\ & *x^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f- \\ & 2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2} \\ & +2/3*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-2/7*e^3/c*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+e \\ & ^3*f-2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f \\ & *x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2}+2*(d^3*f-2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f-2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+ \\ & 3*c*f))/c/g*f*a-2/3*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-2/7*e^3/c*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b*f)-2/5*(\\ & 3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f-2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1 \\ & /2*b*f))*((f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b \\ & ^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(- \\ & 4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+ \\ & -4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{1/2} \\ &)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2 \\ & *(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2* \\ & (d^3*g+3*d^2*e*f-4/7*a/c*f*e^3-2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f-2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+3*c*f \\ &))/c/g*(3/2*a*g+3/2*b*f)-2/3*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f-2/7*e^3/c*(5/2*a*g+5/2*b \\ & *f)-2/5*(3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f-2/7*e^3/c*(3*b*g+3*c*f))/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(\\ & b*g+c*f))*((f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+ \\ & b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+ \\ & -4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*... \end{aligned}$$

3.900.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((8c^4e^3f^4 - (42c^4de^2 - 5bc^3e^3)f^3g + (105c^4d^2e - 42bc^3de^2 + (10b^2c^2 - 13ac^3)e^3)f^2g^2 - (210c^4d^3 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*((8*c^4*e^3*f^4 - (42*c^4*d*e^2 - 5*b*c^3*e^3)*f^3*g + (105*c^4*d^2*e - 42*b*c^3*d*e^2 + (10*b^2*c^2 - 13*a*c^3)*e^3)*f^2*g^2 - (210*c^4*d^3 - 210*b*c^3*d^2*e + 21*(7*b^2*c^2 - 12*a*c^3)*d*e^2 - (40*b^3*c - 113*a*b*c^2)*e^3)*f*g^3 + (105*b*c^3*d^3 - 105*(2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*c^3)*d^2*e + 21*(8*b^3*c - 21*a*b*c^2)*d*e^2 - (48*b^4 - 176*a*b^2*c + 75*a^2*c^2)*e^3)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(8*c^4*e^3*f^3*g - 3*(14*c^4*d*e^2 - 3*b*c^3*e^3)*f^2*g^2 + (105*c^4*d^2*e - 63*b*c^3*d*e^2 + (16*b^2*c^2 - 19*a*c^3)*e^3)*f*g^3 + (105*c^4*d^3 - 210*b*c^3*d^2*e + 21*(8*b^2*c^2 - 9*a*c^3)*d*e^2 - 8*(6*b^3*c - 13*a*b*c^2)*e^3)*g^4)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) - 3*(15*c^4*e^3*g^4*x^2 - 4*c^4*e^3*f^2*g^2 + (21*c^4*d*e^2 - 5*b*c^3*e^3)*f*g^3 + (105*c^4*d^2*e - 84*b*c^3*d*e^2 + (24*b^2*c^2 - 25*a*c^3)*e^3)*g^4 + 3*(c^4*e^3*f*g^3 + 3*(7*c^4*d*e^2 - 2*b*c^3*e^3)*g^4)*x)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f))/(c^5*g^4)`

3.900.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.900.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.900.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.900.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.901 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.901.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 567

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2e(cef + 7cdg - 4beg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{15c^2g} + \frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(8b^2e^2g^2 - ceg(3bef + 20bdg + 9aeg) - c^2(2e^2f^2 - 10defg - 15d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{15c^3g^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e(cef - 5cdg + 2beg)(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}\right), \frac{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{15c^3g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output $2/15*e*(-4*b*e*g+7*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c^2/g+2/5*e*(e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/c+1/15*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2-c*e*g*(9*a*e*g+20*b*d*g+3*b*e*f)-c^2*(-15*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/g^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}+1/15*e*(2*b*e*g-5*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)},(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}*(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/g^2/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

3.901.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1002, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\left(-\frac{2e(-cef-10cdg+4beg)}{15c^2g} + \frac{2e^2x}{5c}\right) \sqrt{f+gx}(a+bx+cx^2)}{\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}} \left(\begin{array}{l} 2(f+gx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \\ (-8b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(3bef + 20bdg + 9aeg) + c^2(2e^2f^2 - 10defg - 15d^2g^2)) \end{array} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output

```

(((2*e*(-(c*e*f) - 10*c*d*g + 4*b*e*g))/(15*c^2*g) + (2*e^2*x)/(5*c))*Sqr
t[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)] - (2*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*((-8*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(3*b*e*f + 20*b*d*g + 9*a*e*
g) + c^2*(2*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*d^2*g^2))*(c*(-1 + f/(f + g*x))^2 +
(g*(b - (b*f)/(f + g*x) + (a*g)/(f + g*x)))/(f + g*x)) + ((I/2)*Sqrt[1 - (
2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f
+ g*x))]*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(8*b
^2*e^2*g^2 - c*e*g*(3*b*e*f + 20*b*d*g + 9*a*e*g) + c^2*(-2*e^2*f^2 + 10*d
*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a
*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f
+ b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))
] + (-30*c^3*d^2*f*g^2 + 8*b^2*e^2*g^2*(b*g - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + c
*e*g*(-17*a*b*e*g^2 + 9*a*e*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + b*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*g^2]*(3*e*f + 20*d*g) - b^2*g*(11*e*f + 20*d*g)) - c^2*(-15*b*d*g^2*(2*
e*f + d*g) - 2*a*e*g^2*(7*e*f + 10*d*g) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(-2*e^2*
f^2 + 10*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2
- b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]]
, -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*g^2])))]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + ...

```

3.901.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1283, 25, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1283 \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c} - \\
 & \int \frac{5cfd^2 + e(cef + 7cdg - 4beg)x^2 - e(bdf + 2aef + adg) + (cd(8ef + 5dg) - e(3bef + 2bdg + 3aeg))x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{5cfd^2 + e(cef + 7cdg - 4beg)x^2 - e(bdf + 2aef + adg) + (cd(8ef + 5dg) - e(3bef + 2bdg + 3aeg))x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx +$$

$$\frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 2184

$$2 \int \frac{g(4b^2 fge^2 + b(4aeg^2 - cf(ef + 10dg))e + cg(15cd^2 f - ae(7ef + 10dg)) + (-((2e^2 f^2 - 10degf - 15d^2 g^2)c^2) - eg(3bef + 20bdg + 9aeg)c + 8b^2 e^2 g^2)x}{2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{f + gx}}{3cg^2}$$

$$\frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{4b^2 fge^2 + b(4aeg^2 - cf(ef + 10dg))e + cg(15cd^2 f - ae(7ef + 10dg)) + (-((2e^2 f^2 - 10degf - 15d^2 g^2)c^2) - eg(3bef + 20bdg + 9aeg)c + 8b^2 e^2 g^2)x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + \frac{2e\sqrt{f + gx}}{3cg}$$

$$\frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(-ceg(9aeg + 20bdg + 3bef) + 8b^2 e^2 g^2 - (c^2(-15d^2 g^2 - 10degf + 2e^2 f^2))) \int \frac{\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx + 2e(ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)(2beg - 5cdg + cef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx}{g} + \frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{3cg}$$

$$\frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 1172

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a + bx + cx^2)}{b^2 - 4ac}} (-ceg(9aeg + 20bdg + 3bef) + 8b^2 e^2 g^2 - (c^2(-15d^2 g^2 - 10degf + 2e^2 f^2))) \int \frac{g(b + 2cx + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g} + 1 \int \frac{b + 2cx + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} d \sqrt{\frac{b + 2cx + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}$$

$$cg\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f + gx)}{2cf - g(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}$$

$$\frac{2e(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 321

3.901. $\int \frac{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-ceg(9aeg+20bdg+3bef)+8b^2e^2g^2-(c^2(-15d^2g^2-10defg+2e^2f^2)))}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} f \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c}$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-ceg(9aeg+20bdg+3bef)+8b^2e^2g^2-(c^2(-15d^2g^2-10defg+2e^2f^2)))}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c}$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5c}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c) + ((2*e*(c*e*f + 7*c*d*g - 4*b*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*g) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2 - c*e*g*(3*b*e*f + 20*b*d*g + 9*a*e*g) - c^2*(2*e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g - 15*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*(c*e*f - 5*c*d*g + 2*b*e*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c*g)/(5*c)`

3.901.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m-1)*Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^(m-1)) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))^(m-1)/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m+1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m+1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1283 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(d + e*x)^(m-1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*(2*m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*(2*m + 1)) Int[(((d + e*x)^(m-2))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[e*(b*d*f + a*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m-1))) - c*d^2*f*(2*m + 1) + (a*e^2*g*(2*m - 1) - c*d*(4*e*f*m + d*g*(2*m + 1)) + b*e*(2*d*g + e*f*(2*m - 1)))*x + e*(2*b*e*g*m - c*(e*f + d*g*(4*m - 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GtQ[m, 1]`

```
rule 2184 Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, S
imp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q
+ 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a +
b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p +
1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c
*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x] /; GtQ[
q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && Pol
yQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGt
Q[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))
```

3.901.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 985, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2e^2x\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{5c} + \frac{2\left(2deg+c^2f-\frac{2e^2(2bg+2cf)}{5c}\right)\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2}{d} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*e^2/c
*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(2*d*e*g+e^2*f-2/5*
e^2/c*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2
*(d^2*f-2/5*e^2/c*f*a-2/3*(2*d*e*g+e^2*f-2/5*e^2/c*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(1/2
*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*
(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/
2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*
f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f
/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2))+2*(d^2*g+2*d*e*f-2/5*e^2/c*(3/2*a*g+3/2*b*f)-2/3*(2*d*e*g+e^2*f-2/5*e^
2/c*(2*b*g+2*c*f))/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f
/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f
*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*Elliptic
E(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1
/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(...

```

3.901.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left((2c^3e^2f^3 - 2(5c^3de - bc^2e^2)f^2g + (30c^3d^2 - 20bc^2de + (7b^2c - 12ac^2)e^2)fg^2 - (15bc^2d^2 - 10(2b^2c - 3cd^2)de + 3c^2d^3)g^2 - (5c^3d^2 - 5bc^2de + 3c^2d^3)fg - (5c^3d^2 - 5bc^2de + 3c^2d^3)g - (5c^3d^2 - 5bc^2de + 3c^2d^3)f - (5c^3d^2 - 5bc^2de + 3c^2d^3) \right)}{c^3d^2 - 5bc^2de + 3c^2d^3}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas
")

```

output $2/45*((2*c^3*e^2*f^3 - 2*(5*c^3*d*e - b*c^2*e^2)*f^2*g + (30*c^3*d^2 - 20*b*c^2*d*e + (7*b^2*c - 12*a*c^2)*e^2)*f*g^2 - (15*b*c^2*d^2 - 10*(2*b^2*c - 3*a*c^2)*d*e + (8*b^3 - 21*a*b*c)*e^2)*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(2*c^3*e^2*f^2*g - (10*c^3*d*e - 3*b*c^2*e^2)*f*g^2 - (15*c^3*d^2 - 20*b*c^2*d*e + (8*b^2*c - 9*a*c^2)*e^2)*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(3*c^3*e^2*g^3*x + c^3*e^2*f*g^2 + 2*(5*c^3*d*e - 2*b*c^2*e^2)*g^3)*\text{sqrt}(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*\text{sqrt}(g*x + f))/(c^4*g^3)$

3.901.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.901.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.901.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.901.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.902 $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.902.1 Optimal result	6643
3.902.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6644
3.902.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6645
3.902.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6647
3.902.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	6648
3.902.6 Sympy [F]	6649
3.902.7 Maxima [F]	6649
3.902.8 Giac [F]	6650
3.902.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6650

3.902.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 452

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef+3cdg-2beg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}{3c^2g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right)}{3c^2g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c+1/3*(-2*b*e*g+3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/c^2/g/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2/3*e*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c^2/g/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

3.902.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f + gx} \left(ce(a + x(b + cx)) + \frac{(f + gx) \left(\frac{g^2(cef + 3cdg - 2beg)(a + x(b + cx))}{(f + gx)^2} + \frac{i \sqrt{1 - \frac{2(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}{(2cf - bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2})(f + gx)}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{2(cf^2 + g(-bf + ag))}{(-2cf + bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2})(f + gx)}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{f + gx}} \right)}{2\sqrt{f + gx}}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(c*e*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + ((f + g*x)*((g^2*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + ((I/2)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))]/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))]/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(2*b*e*g - c*(e*f + 3*d*g))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))) + (6*c^2*d*f*g + 2*b*e*g*(b*g - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + c*(-2*a*e*g^2 - 3*b*g*(e*f + d*g) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(e*f + 3*d*g)))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[f + g*x]))/g^2)/(3*c^2*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

3.902.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$, Rules used = {1236, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1236 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{3cdf - e(bf+ag) + (cef+3cdg-2beg)x}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3cdf - e(bf+ag) + (cef+3cdg-2beg)x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{e(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} + \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1172 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\frac{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{3c} (ag) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 321 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-2beg+3cdg+cef) \int \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\frac{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{3c} (ag) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.902. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(-2beg+3cdg+cef)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}}{3c} \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)])*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c)
```

3.902.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

$$3.902. \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
rule 1172 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] :> Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 1236 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1
)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*Simp[m*(c*d*f - a*e*g) + d*(2*c*f - b*g)*(p + 1) + (m
*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) + e*(p + 1)*(2*c*f - b*g))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.902.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 820 vs. 2(394) = 788.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2e\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{3c} + \frac{2\left(df - \frac{2e\left(\frac{ag}{2} + \frac{bf}{2}\right)}{3c}\right)\left(\frac{f}{g} - b + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{g} - b + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - b + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-b}{-\frac{f}{g} - b + \frac{\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \right) \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

3.902. $\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

input `int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/3/c*e*(\\ & c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(d*f-2/3/c*e*(1/2*a*g+1/2 \\ & *b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2 \\ &)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4* \\ & a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4* \\ & a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(\\ & b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+2*(d \\ & *g+e*f-2/3/c*e*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g \\ & -1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(- \\ & -f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/ \\ & c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g \\ & *x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*EllipticE(((x+f/ \\ & g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1 \\ & /2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2 \\ &)^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f \\ & /g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/ \\ & 2))))) \end{aligned}$$

3.902.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}c^2eg^2 - (c^2ef^2 - 2(3c^2d - bce)fg + (3bcd - (2b^2 - 3ac)e)g^2) \sqrt{cg} \text{weierstra} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/9*(3*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x + a}*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c^2*e*g^2 - (c^2*e*f^2 - 2*(3*c^2*d - b*c*e)*f*g + (3*b*c*d - (2*b^2 - 3*a*c)*e)*g^2)*\sqrt{c*g}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) - 3*(c^2*e*f*g + (3*c^2*d - 2*b*c*e)*g^2)*\sqrt{c*g}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)))/(c^3*g^2)$

3.902.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.902.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.902.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.902.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x))/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.903 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.903.1 Optimal result	6651
3.903.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6651
3.903.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6652
3.903.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6654
3.903.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	6655
3.903.6 Sympy [F]	6655
3.903.7 Maxima [F]	6656
3.903.8 Giac [F]	6656
3.903.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6656

3.903.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output `EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/c/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)`

3.903.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{i(2cf + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g) \sqrt{\frac{g(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx)}{-2cf + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} \left(E \left(i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cf + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} \right) \right) \right) + \sqrt{2}cg \sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cf + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{2}cg \sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cf + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(I*(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)*Sqrt[(g*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]]*Sqrt[f + g*x]], (2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]]*Sqrt[f + g*x]], (2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[2]*c*g*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

3.903.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1172, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \xrightarrow{1172} \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{c\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.903.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

3.903.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2f \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \right)}{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} (g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}} \sqrt{\frac{(-b-2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})g}{2cf-bg+g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{(b+2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})g}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}} \left(F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)}}$

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*f*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*g*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

3.903.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = 2 \left(3 \sqrt{cgcg} \text{weierstrassZeta} \left(\frac{4(c^2f^2 - bcfg + (b^2 - 3ac)g^2)}{3c^2g^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3f^3 - 3bc^2f^2g - 3(b^2c - 6ac^2)fg^2 + (2b^3 - 9abc)g^3)}{27c^3g^3} \right), \text{weierst} \right.$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*sqrt(c*g)*c*g*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g))) - (2*c*f - b*g)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)))/(c^2*g)`

3.903.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.903.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.903.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.903.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.904 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.904.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 467

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2c(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*g*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/e/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(-1+2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


3.904.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)}{-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{f+gx}\right)\right)\right)}{e\sqrt{-2cf}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(g*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[f + g*x]], (2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)] - EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[f + g*x]], (2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)])))/(e*Sqrt[c/(-2*c*f + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]`

3.904.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.258$, Rules used = {1284, 1172, 321, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1284$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{g \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e}$$

3.904. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}+}$$

$$\frac{ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{(ef-dg)\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx}{e}+$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e}$$

$$ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}(ef - dg)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}}dx}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}+$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e}$$

$$ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e}$$

$$ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}(ef - dg)\int\frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 413

3.904. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}(ef - dg)\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+x}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}} - \frac{2cf}{g}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}(ef - dg)\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+x}}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}} - \frac{2cf}{g}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}} - \frac{2cf}{g}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

```

output (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 -
  4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin
  [Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqr
  t[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]
  *Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]
  *Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*S
  qrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c
  *(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*
  g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[
  f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2
  - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[a + b*
  x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqr
  t[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g])

```

3.904.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 187 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_
  )]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
  - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
  d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
  g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
  imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
  /(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
  0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

```

rule 412 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
  _)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*
  (c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
  f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && S
  implerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])

```

```

rule 413 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x
  _)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a +
  b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
  e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]

```

```
rule 1172 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m)) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b
- q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x
)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

```
rule 1284 Int[Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x
+ c*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sq
rt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

3.904.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 674, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(2g \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} F \left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \right) \right)}{e\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}$
default	$\left(-F \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+bg-2cf}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+bg-2cf}}{2cf-bg+g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}} \right) g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2} \Pi \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+bg-2cf}}}, \frac{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c(dg}$

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*g/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2,((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-2*(d*g-e*f)/e^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(-f/g+d/e)*EllipticPi(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^1/2,(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+d/e),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))
```

3.904.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

3.904.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

3.904.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.904.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.904.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.905 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.905.1 Optimal result	6665
3.905.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6666
3.905.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6667
3.905.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6672
3.905.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6673
3.905.6 Sympy [F]	6674
3.905.7 Maxima [F]	6674
3.905.8 Giac [F]	6674
3.905.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6675

3.905.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 994

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}f\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}dg\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g(e^2(bf - ag) - cd(2ef - dg))\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ce}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```

-e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)+1/2*Ellip
ticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2), (
-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e
+c*d^2)*2^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2)-f*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))^2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2
)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(
g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+d*g*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x
+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2
)/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/2*(e^2*(-a*g+b*
f)-c*d*(-d*g+2*e*f))*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b-
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2), 1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+
e*f), ((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2)/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)

```

3.905.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1502, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*S
qrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])) - ((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(-4*e*(-(e
*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*g^2])]*(c*(-1 + f/(f + g*x))^2 + (g*(b - (b*f)/(f + g*x) + (a*g)/(f +
g*x)))/(f + g*x)) + (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) - 2*c*f*
(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*g*(-1 + (2*f)/(f + g*x)))/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) + 2*c*
f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*(g - (2*f*g)/(f + g*x)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^
2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2
)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b
*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/S
qrt[f + g*x] - (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(2*c*d*f*g + 2*a*e*g^2 - e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*g^2] + d*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - b*g*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*g^2] - (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) - 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*g*(-1 + (
2*f)/(f + g*x)))/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*g^2] + (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) + 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*(g - (2
*f*g)/(f + g*x)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*EllipticF[I*Ar
cSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])...

```

3.905.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$, Rules used = {1285, 25, 2154, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1285} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{cegx^2+2cdgx+2cdf-bef+aeq}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cegx^2+2cdgx+2cdf-bef+aeq}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.905. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{cxg + \frac{cdg}{e}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \left(-aeg + bef - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
 & \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\hspace{10em}} \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & -c\left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \left(-aeg + bef - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + c \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
 & \frac{2(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{\hspace{10em}} \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \left(f - \frac{dg}{e}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} \frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\
 & \hspace{10em} \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} + 1}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} d \sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} - \left(-aeg + bef - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

3.905. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$-\left(-aeg + bef - \frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\left(f-\frac{dg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \text{Elliptic}$$

2 (ae²

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\left(-aeg+bef-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\left(f-\frac{dg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\left(-aeg+bef-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\left(-aeg+bef-\frac{cd(2ef-dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}-\frac{2cf}{g}}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 413

3.905. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(f-\frac{dg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\left(f-\frac{dg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e
x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^
2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/
Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]
*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(f - (d*g)/e)*Sqrt[
(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c
x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x
)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[
2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(b*e*f - a*e*g - (c*d*(2*e*f - d*g))/e)
*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*S
qrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c
*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b
g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)], ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[
f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*S
qrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*
x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]))/(2*(c
*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))
    
```

3.905. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.905.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1285 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2)))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 2154 `Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

3.905.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1229
default	Expression too large to display	13017

input `int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.905.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.905.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.905.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2), x)`

3.905.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.906 $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.906.1 Optimal result	6676
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3.906.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1786

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-1/4
*e*(c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f)-e*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b
*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)+1/8*(c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f
)-e*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+
a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x
+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-1/2*g*Ellipti
cF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2
*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*2^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+
b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/4*f*(c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f)-e*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*Ellipti
cF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2
*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2
)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1
/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/4*d*g*(c*d*(-5*d*g+6*e*f)-e*(-a*e*g-2*b*d*g+3*b
*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2
)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1...
```

3.906.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36634, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.906.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1627, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.613$, Rules used = {1285, 25, 2154, 1282, 25, 2154, 25, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1285} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-cegx^2 - 2(cef - 2cdg + beg)x + 4cdf - 3bef + aeg}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-cegx^2 - 2(cef - 2cdg + beg)x + 4cdf - 3bef + aeg}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2154} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{-2cf - 2bg + \frac{5cdg}{e} - cgx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef - 5dg)}{e}\right) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} - \frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.906. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1282

$$\int \frac{-2cf-2bg+\frac{5cdg}{e}-cgx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\int \frac{-2cf-2bg+\frac{5cdg}{e}-cgx}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{\int \frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

↓ 2154

$$-\left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cecg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cecg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-\left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cecg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{4(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

↓ 1172

3.906. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - (-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e})$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$-\left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right)\left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx+\int\frac{cdg+cxg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}\right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1269

$$-\left(-aeg - 2bdg + 3bef - \frac{cd(6ef-5dg)}{e}\right)\left(\frac{-c(ef-dg)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx+(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}\right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - 2\left(cf + bg - \frac{3cd}{e}\right)$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

3.906. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}-2\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{f+gx}{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}-2\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{f+gx}{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}-2\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\frac{f+gx}{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

3.906. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{4\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{4\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{4\left(cf+bg-\frac{3cdg}{e}\right)\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 412

3.906. $\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[f + g*x]/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*(e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + ((-2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(c*f + b*g - (3*c*d*g)/e)*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]) - (3*b*e*f - 2*b*d*g - a*e*g - (c*d*(6*e*f - 5*d*g))/e)*(-(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(...`

3.906.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])]`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1282 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 1285 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*c*d*f*(m + 1) - e*(a*g + b*f*(2*m + 3)) - 2*(b*e*g*(2 + m) - c*(d*g*(m + 1) - e*f*(m + 2))*x - c*e*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.906.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1698, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1698
default	Expression too large to display	59522

```
input int((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e/(a
*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^
2+1/4*e*(a*e^2*g+2*b*d*e*g-3*b*e^2*f-5*c*d^2*g+6*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3
*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(c*g*x^3+b*g
*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(3*a*d*e^2*g-2*a*e^3*f
-b*d*e^2*f-3*c*d^3*g+4*c*d^2*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c
*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)
*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x
^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-1/4*c*g*(a*e^2*g+2*b*d*e*g-3*b*e^2*f-5*c*d^2*
g+6*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)/(a
e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/
c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+
a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1
/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)...
```

3.906.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.906.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(f + g*x)/((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.906.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.906.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{gx+f}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(g*x + f)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3), x)`

3.906.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(1/2)/((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.907 $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.907.1 Optimal result	6688
3.907.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	6689
3.907.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6690
3.907.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6692
3.907.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6693
3.907.6 Sympy [F]	6693
3.907.7 Maxima [F]	6693
3.907.8 Giac [F]	6694
3.907.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6694

3.907.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 675

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{ce\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{ce^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}g(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-b)}{2c}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

```
output g*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/c/e/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+2*g*(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/e^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*e^2/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.907.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1385 vs. 2(675) = 1350.

Time = 13.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1385, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} \left(\frac{2fg(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx) \sqrt{\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}\right)\right)}{ce \sqrt{\frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}}} \right)}{1}$$

```
input Integrate[(f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```


output $(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}) * ((2fg*(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)*\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)))/(ce*\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}) - (dg^2*(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)*\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)))/(ce^2*\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}) + (g*(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)*\sqrt{(g*(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/(-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}) * ((-2cf+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)}]], (2cf+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)) - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)}]], (2cf+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)))/(2c^2*e*\sqrt{(g*(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx))/(2cf+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}) - (4*\sqrt{b^2-4ac}*f^2*\sqrt{(c*(a+x*(b+cx)))/(-b^2+4ac)})*\text{EllipticPi}[(2*\sqrt{b^2-4ac}*e)/(2cd-be+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}*e), \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}...$

3.907.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{3/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1288

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef-dg)^2}{e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g(ef-dg)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{ce^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(ef-dg)\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2c(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}g\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)}{ce\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*e*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g)]/(Sqrt[c]*e^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.907.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1288 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2]), (f + g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.907.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1122
default	Expression too large to display	1879

```
input int((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-2*g*(d*g
-2*e*f)/e^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*
c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(
b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(
1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))
+2*g^2/e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/
2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2
/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*Elliptic
F(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(d^2*g^2-2
*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)/e^3*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2
*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g
-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-
f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*...
```

3.907.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Timed out`**3.907.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral((f + g*x)**(3/2)/((d + e*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`**3.907.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.907.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(3/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^(3/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.907.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{3/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^(3/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.908 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.908.1 Optimal result	6696
3.908.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6697
3.908.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6698
3.908.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6699
3.908.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6700
3.908.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	6701
3.908.7 Maxima [F]	6701
3.908.8 Giac [F]	6701
3.908.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6702

3.908.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1138

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3ce} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output $\frac{2}{3}g^2(gx+f)^{1/2}(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/c/e+2/3g(-bg+2cf)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}),(-2g*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}*(-c*(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/c^2/e/(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(c*(gx+f)/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}+g*(-d*g+ef)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}),(-2g*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}(gx+f)^{1/2}*(-c*(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/c/e^2/(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(c*(gx+f)/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}+2g*(-d*g+ef)^2*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}),(-2g*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}*(-c*(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})*(c*(gx+f)/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}/c/e^3/(gx+f)^{1/2}/(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}-2/3g*(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}),(-2g*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}*(-c*(cx^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})*(c*(gx+f)/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}/c^2/e/(gx+f)^{1/2}/(cx^2+bx+a)^{1/2}-(-d*g+ef)^2*\text{EllipticPi}(2^{1/2}*c^{1/2}*(gx+f)^{1/2}/(2cf-g*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}),1/2*e*(2cf-bg+g*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/c/(-d*g+ef),((b-2cf/g...$

3.908.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37137, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.63

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.908.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1288

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef-dg)^3}{e^3(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g(ef-dg)^2}{e^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)}{e^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{g(f+gx)^{3/2}}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ag^2}}{3ce} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right) g}{3c^2e\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right) g}{ce^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{ce^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3c^2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2c(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{ce^3}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

3.908. $\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

output $(2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2})/(3ce) + (2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-((c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac))} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)] * \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) + (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g(ef-dg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-((c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac))} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)]/(c^2e\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}) * \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) + (2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)} * \sqrt{-((c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac))} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)]/(ce^2\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)}) * \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) + (2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)} * \sqrt{-((c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac))} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)]/(ce^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) - (2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{(c(f+gx))/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)} * \sqrt{-((c(a+bx+cx^2))/(b^2-4ac))} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)/\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}]/\sqrt{2}], (-2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)/(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)]/(3c^2e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}) - (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g})(ef-dg)^...$

3.908.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1288 $\text{Int}(((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))^{(n_)} / (((d_.) + (e_.)(x_))\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)} + (c_.)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[1/(\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}), (f+gx)^{(n+1/2)}/(d+ex), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n+1/2]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

3.908.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1245
risch	Expression too large to display	2354
default	Expression too large to display	7464

$$3.908. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `int((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(2/3/e*g^2 \\ & /c*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}+2*(g*(d^2*g^2-3*d*e*f*g \\ & +3*e^2*f^2)/e^3-2/3/e*g^2/c*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & *((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ & /(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & /(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)} \\ & *EllipticF((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & /(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+2*(-g^2/e^2*(d*g-3*e*f)-2/3/e*g^2/c*(b \\ & *g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)} \\ & *((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)} \\ & *((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*EllipticE((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & /(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*Elliptic \\ & F((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & /(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}))-2*(d^3*g^3-3*d^2*e*f*g^2+3*d*e^2*f^2*g-e^3*f^3)/e^4*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c) \\ & *((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a...$$

3.908.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^{5/2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.908.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.908.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((g*x + f)^(5/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`**3.908.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((g*x + f)^(5/2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)), x)`

3.908.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^(5/2)/((d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.909 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.909.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 631

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8e^2(cef - 3cdg + beg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{15c^2g^2} + \frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace}(8b^2e^2g^2 + ceg(7bef - 30bdg - 9aeg) + c^2(8e^2f^2 - 30defg + 45d^2g^2))\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2}}}{15c^3g^3\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(4be^3g^2(bf - ag) + c^2(8e^3f^3 - 30de^2f^2g + 45d^2efg^2 - 15d^3g^3) - ce^2g(ag(7ef - 15dg))}{15c^3g^3\sqrt{f}}$$

output `-8/15*e^2*(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c^2/g^2+2/5*e^2*(e*x+d)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/g+1/15*e*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2+c*e*g*(-9*a*e*g-30*b*d*g+7*b*e*f)+c^2*(45*d^2*g^2-30*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c^3/g^3/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2/15*(4*b*e^3*g^2*(-a*g+b*f)+c^2*(-15*d^3*g^3+45*d^2*e*f*g^2-30*d*e^2*f^2*g+8*e^3*f^3)-c*e^2*g*(a*g*(-15*d*g+7*e*f)-3*b*f*(-5*d*g+e*f)))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c^3/g^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))`

3.909.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 855, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{4eg^2(8b^2e^2g^2+ceg(7bef-30bdg-9aeg)+c^2(8e^2f^2-30defg+45d^2g^2))(a+x(b+cx))}{\sqrt{f+gx}} + 4ce^2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}(a+x(b+cx))(-4beg +$$

=

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

```
output ((4*e*g^2*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(7*b*e*f - 30*b*d*g - 9*a*e*g) + c^2*(8*e
^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/Sqrt[f + g*x] + 4*c*
e^2*g^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + x*(b + c*x))*(-4*b*e*g + c*(-4*e*f + 15*d*g + 3
*e*g*x)) - (I*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[1 - (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((2*c*f -
b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[2 + (4*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f)
+ a*g)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*(e*(2*c*f -
b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(7*b*e*f - 30*b*d*g
- 9*a*e*g) + c^2*(8*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2))*EllipticE[I*ArcSi
nh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*g^2])])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*
f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])) - (-8*b^3*e^3*g^3 + b^2*e^2*g^2*(c*e*
f + 30*c*d*g + 8*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) + b*c*e*g*(-45*c*d^2*g^2 + e*(
17*a*e*g^2 + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(7*e*f - 30*d*g))) + c*(-(a*e^2*g^2*(
4*c*e*f + 30*c*d*g + 9*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])) + c*(30*c*d^3*g^3 + e*S
qrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(8*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2)))*EllipticF[
I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2
- 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2
])/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))]/Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*
g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]/(30*c^3*g^4*Sqrt[a + x*(b +
c*x)])]
```

3.909.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$, Rules used = {1278, 2184, 27, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1278

$$\frac{2e^2(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{5cg} - \int \frac{-5cgd^3 + be^2fd + 4e^2(cef - 3cdg + beg)x^2 + ae^2(2ef + dg) + e(cd(2ef - 15dg) + e(3bef + 2bdg + 3aeg))x}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

↓ 2184

3.909. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{g(4b^2 f g e^3 + b(4a e g^2 + c f(4e f - 15 d g))e^2 + ((8e^2 f^2 - 30 d e g f + 45 d^2 g^2)c^2 + e g(7 b e f - 30 b d g - 9 a e g)c + 8 b^2 e^2 g^2) x e + c g(15 c d^3 g - a e^2(2 e f + 15 d g)))}{2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3cg^2} + \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg}$$

5cg

↓ 27

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-3cdg+cef)}{3cg} - \frac{\int \frac{4b^2 f g e^3 + b(4a e g^2 + c f(4e f - 15 d g))e^2 + ((8e^2 f^2 - 30 d e g f + 45 d^2 g^2)c^2 + e g(7 b e f - 30 b d g - 9 a e g)c + 8 b^2 e^2 g^2) x e + c g(15 c d^3 g - a e^2(2 e f + 15 d g))}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3cg}$$

5cg

↓ 1269

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-3cdg+cef)}{3cg} - \frac{e(ceg(-9aeg-30bdg+7bef)+8b^2e^2g^2+c^2(45d^2g^2-30defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{(-ce^2g(ag(7ef-15dg))}{3cg}$$

5cg

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-3cdg+cef)}{3cg} - \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ceg(-9aeg-30bdg+7bef)+8b^2e^2g^2+c^2(45d^2g^2-30defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{8e^2 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-3cdg+cef)}{3cg} - \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ceg(-9aeg-30bdg+7bef)+8b^2e^2g^2+c^2(45d^2g^2-30defg+8e^2f^2)) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac+b})}}}$$

↓ 327

3.909. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{2e^2(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{5cg} - \frac{\sqrt{2e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ceg(-9aeg-30bdg+7bef)+8b^2e^2g^2+c^2(45d^2g^2-30defg+8e^2f^2))E}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

$$\frac{8e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(beg-3cdg+cef)}{3cg} -$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*e^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(5*c*g) - ((8*e^2*(c *e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*g) - ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e*(8*b^2*e^2*g^2 + c*e*g*(7*b*e*f - 30*b*d*g - 9*a*e*g) + c^2*(8*e^2*f^2 - 30*d*e*f*g + 45*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(4*b*e^3*g^2*(b*f - a*g) + c^2*(8*e^3*f^3 - 30*d*e^2*f^2*g + 45*d^2*e*f*g^2 - 15*d^3*g^3) - c*e^2*g*(a*g*(7*e*f - 15*d*g) - 3*b*f*(e*f - 5*d*g)))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c*g))/(5*c*g)`

3.909.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)])/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1278 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e^(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])*Simp[b*d*e^2*f + a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(2*b*d*g + e*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]`
- rule 2184 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(d + e*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^q*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - c*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^q - f*(d + e*x)^(q - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + q - 1) - c*d^2*(m + q + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + q + p)*x), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e] && (IntegerQ[p] || ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0]))]`

3.909.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 985, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2e^3 x \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{5cg} + \frac{2 \left(3de^2 - \frac{2(2bg+2cf)e^3}{5cg} \right) \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}{3cg} + \left(d^3 - 2 \right) \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/5*e^3/c/g*x*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*d*e^2-2/5/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)*e^3)/c/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d^3-2/5*f*a/c/g*e^3-2/3*(3*d*e^2-2/5/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)*e^3)/c/g*(1/2*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*(3*d^2*e-2/5*e^3/c/g*(3/2*a*g+3/2*b*f)-2/3*(3*d*e^2-2/5/c/g*(2*b*g+2*c*f)*e^3)/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))...
```

3.909.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((8c^3e^3f^3 - 3(10c^3de^2 - bc^2e^3)f^2g + 3(15c^3d^2e - 5bc^2de^2 + (b^2c - ac^2)e^3)fg^2 - (45c^3d^3 - 45bc^2d^2e + 15(2b^2c - 3ac^2)d^2e^2 - (8b^3 - 21ab^2c)e^3)g^3) \sqrt{c^2g^2 + (b^2 - 3ac)c^2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{3}(c^2f^2 - bcf + (b^2 - 3ac)g^2)\right) / (c^2g^2) \right.}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -2/45*((8*c^3*e^3*f^3 - 3*(10*c^3*d*e^2 - b*c^2*e^3)*f^2*g + 3*(15*c^3*d^2*e - 5*b*c^2*d*e^2 + (b^2*c - a*c^2)*e^3)*f*g^2 - (45*c^3*d^3 - 45*b*c^2*d^2*e + 15*(2*b^2*c - 3*a*c^2)*d*e^2 - (8*b^3 - 21*a*b*c)*e^3)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 3*(8*c^3*e^3*f^2*g - (30*c^3*d*e^2 - 7*b*c^2*e^3)*f*g^2 + (45*c^3*d^2*e - 30*b*c^2*d*e^2 + (8*b^2*c - 9*a*c^2)*e^3)*g^3)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) - 3*(3*c^3*e^3*g^3*x - 4*c^3*e^3*f*g^2 + (15*c^3*d*e^2 - 4*b*c^2*e^3)*g^3)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c^4*g^4)
```

3.909.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**3/(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

3.909. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.909.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.909.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.909.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.910 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.910.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 479

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{3c^2g^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(e^2g(bf-ag)+c(2e^2f^2-6defg+3d^2g^2))\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{3c^2g^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

```
output 2/3*e^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/g-2/3*e*(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*
EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1
/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1
/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)
/c^2/g^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(
1/2)+2/3*(e^2*g*(-a*g+b*f)+c*(3*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+2*e^2*f^2))*EllipticF(1
/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2),(-2*g*(
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c^2/g^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.910.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 30.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{f + gx} \left(2ce^2g^2(a + x(b + cx)) + \frac{4eg^2(cef - 3cdg + beg) \sqrt{\frac{cf^2 + g(-bf + ag)}{-2cf + bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}g^2}}(a + x(b + cx))}{(f + gx)^2} + \frac{i\sqrt{2}e(cef - 3cdg + beg)(2cf - \dots)}{(f + gx)^2} \right)}{(f + gx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`


```
output (Sqrt[f + g*x]*(2*c*e^2*g^2*(a + x*(b + c*x)) + ((f + g*x)*((-4*e*g^2*(c*e
*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt
[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(c*e*f
- 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2
+ f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b
*g*(f - g*x)))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*Sqrt[(2
*a*g^2 + f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]
*x + b*g*(-f + g*x))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]
*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g +
Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))]/Sqrt[f + g*x] + (I
*Sqrt[2]*(3*c^2*d^2*g^2 + b*e^2*g*(b*g - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]) - c*e*(3
*b*d*g^2 + a*e*g^2 + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(e*f - 3*d*g)))*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^
2 + f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + 2*c*f*g*x + g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x +
b*g*(f - g*x))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))*Sqrt[(
2*a*g^2 + f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - 2*c*f*g*x + g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2
]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))
]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 -
4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))]/Sqrt[f + g*x])...
```

3.910.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {1278, 2004, 1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1278

$$\frac{2e^2\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{3cg} - \int \frac{2e^2(cef - 3cdg + beg)x^2 + e(cd(2ef - 9dg) + e(bef + 2bdg + aeg))x + d(-3cgd^2 + be^2f + ae^2g)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

↓ 2004

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \frac{\int \frac{-3cgd^2+be^2f+ae^2g+2e(cef-3cdg+beg)x}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2e(beg-3cdg+cef) \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{(e^2g(bf-ag)+c(3d^2g^2-6defg+2e^2f^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (beg-3cdg+cef) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (beg-3cdg+cef) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3cg} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{2e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3cg} - \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} (beg-3cdg+cef) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}cg}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{3cg}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

3.910. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

```
output (2*e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*c*g) - ((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]*e*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c
*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*
x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqr
t[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)))/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*
c]*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(e^2*g*(b*f
- a*g) + c*(2*e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2))*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f
- (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])
*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/
Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)))/(
c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(3*c*g)
```

3.910.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 1172 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 1278 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*e^2*(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Sqrt[f + g
*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/(c*g*(2*m - 1))), x] - Simp[1/(c*g*(2*m - 1))
Int[((d + e*x)^(m - 3)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[b*d*e^2*
f + a*e^2*(d*g + 2*e*f*(m - 2)) - c*d^3*g*(2*m - 1) + e*(e*(2*b*d*g + e*(b*
f + a*g)*(2*m - 3)) + c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g*(2*m - 1)))*x + 2*e^2*(c*e*f - 3*c
*d*g + b*e*g)*(m - 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
IntegerQ[2*m] && GeQ[m, 2]
```

```
rule 2004 Int[(u_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)
, x_Symbol] :> Int[u*(d + e*x)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, q}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

3.910.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 834, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)} \left(\frac{2e^2 \sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfx+fa}}{3cg} + \frac{2 \left(d^2 - \frac{2e^2 \left(\frac{ag}{2} + \frac{bf}{2} \right)}{3cg} \right) \left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{f}{g}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{cgx^3+bx^2+fx+a}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.910. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2/3*e^2/c
/g*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)+2*(d^2-2/3*e^2/c/g*(1/2
*a*g+1/2*b*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*
(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/
2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*
f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f
/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/
2))+2*(2*d*e-2/3*e^2/c/g*(b*g+c*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x
+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)
^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c
*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*Ellipt
icE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(
1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

3.910.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+fc^2e^2g^2} + (2c^2e^2f^2 - (6c^2de - bce^2)fg + (9c^2d^2 - 6bcde + (2b^2 - 3ac)e^2)g^2 \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas
")
```

output $2/9*(3*\sqrt{c*x^2 + b*x + a}*\sqrt{g*x + f}*c^2*e^2*g^2 + (2*c^2*e^2*f^2 - (6*c^2*d*e - b*c*e^2)*f*g + (9*c^2*d^2 - 6*b*c*d*e + (2*b^2 - 3*a*c)*e^2)*g^2)*\sqrt{c*g}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + 6*(c^2*e^2*f*g - (3*c^2*d*e - b*c*e^2)*g^2)*\sqrt{c*g}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)))/(c^3*g^3)$

3.910.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.910.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.910.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.910.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.911 $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.911.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 393

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
e*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)/c/g/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-2*(-d*g+e*f)*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/g/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


3.911.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx =$$

$$(f + gx)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{4eg^2 \sqrt{\frac{cf^2 + g(-bf + ag)}{-2cf + bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2}}}}{(f + gx)^2} (a + x(b + cx)) + \frac{i\sqrt{2}e(2cf - bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2}) \sqrt{\frac{-2ag^2 + 2cfgx + bg(f - gx) + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2}}{(2cf - bg + \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)g^2})(f + gx)}}}}{(f + gx)^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
-1/2*((f + g*x)^(3/2)*((-4*e*g^2*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g)]/(-2*c*f +
b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(f + g*x)^2 + (I*Sqrt[
2]*e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x +
b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b
^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x)))*Sqrt[(2*a*g^2 - 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(-f + g*x) +
Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^
2])*(f + g*x))]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/
(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))]/Sqr
t[f + g*x] - (I*Sqrt[2]*(2*c*d*g + e*(-(b*g) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))*S
qrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g
*x))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[(2*a*g^2 -
2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(-f + g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/((-2*c*f +
b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*S
qrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqr
t[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqr
t[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))]/Sqrt[f + g*x]))/(c*g^2*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) +
a*g)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x))]
```

3.911.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$, Rules used = {1269, 1172, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{\sqrt{f+gx}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} - \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} \frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}cg}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.911. $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2e}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{cg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(c*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))`

3.911.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 1172 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Sy
mbol] :> Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^(m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2
)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e
*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*
c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^
2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]
```

```
rule 1269 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.911.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs. 2(345) = 690.

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2d\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} - \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} \sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}} F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x + \frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g} - \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{2c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cgx^3 + bgx^2 + cf x^2 + agx + bfx + fa}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(2*d*(f/g-
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))
^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+2*e*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))))
```

3.911.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(3 \sqrt{cgcegeweierstrassZeta\left(\frac{4(c^2f^2-bcfg+(b^2-3ac)g^2)}{3c^2g^2}, -\frac{4(2c^3f^3-3bc^2f^2g-3(b^2c-6ac^2)fg^2+(2b^3-9abc)g^3)}{27c^3g^3}\right)} \right)}{\dots}, \text{weiers}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2/3*(3*sqrt(c*g)*c*e*g*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)) + (c*e*f - (3*c*d - b*e)*g)*sqrt(c*g)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(c^2*f^2 - b*c*f*g + (b^2 - 3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2), -4/27*(2*c^3*f^3 - 3*b*c^2*f^2*g - 3*(b^2*c - 6*a*c^2)*f*g^2 + (2*b^3 - 9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3), 1/3*(3*c*g*x + c*f + b*g)/(c*g)))/(c^2*g^2)
```

3.911. $\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.911.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.911.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.911.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}\sqrt{gx + f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.911.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{d+ex}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.912 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.912.1 Optimal result 6729
 3.912.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6729
 3.912.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6730
 3.912.4 Maple [A] (verified) 6732
 3.912.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) 6732
 3.912.6 Sympy [F] 6733
 3.912.7 Maxima [F] 6733
 3.912.8 Giac [F] 6733
 3.912.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6734

3.912.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac} \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{c\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2), (-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))^2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

3.912.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(f+gx)\sqrt{2-\frac{4(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))}{(2cf-bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2})(f+gx)}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))}{(-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2})(f+gx)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}}}}{\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}\right)\right)}{g\sqrt{\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}}}\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(I*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[2 - (4*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/(g*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])]`

3.912.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {1172, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{c\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{c\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))]/(c*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.912.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

3.912.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
default	$\frac{(-g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-bg+2cf)F\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}},\sqrt{\frac{-g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}{2cf-bg+g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(b+2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})g}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}}\sqrt{\frac{(-b-2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})}{2cf-bg+g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}}{cg(cx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa)}$
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)}\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}}F\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\right)$

input `int(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{(-g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}-bg+2cf)/c\text{EllipticF}(2^{1/2}(-g*x+f)*c/(g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}+b*g-2*c*f))^{1/2},(-g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}+b*g-2*c*f)/(2*c*f-b*g+g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((b+2*c*x+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})*g/(g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}+b*g-2*c*f))^{1/2}*((-b-2*c*x+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})*g/(2*c*f-b*g+g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*2^{1/2}*(-g*x+f)*c/(g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}+b*g-2*c*f))^{1/2}/g*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{1/2}*(g*x+f)^{1/2}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)}$$

3.912.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cg}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(c^2f^2-bcfg+(b^2-3ac)g^2)}{3c^2g^2},-\frac{4(2c^3f^3-3bc^2f^2g-3(b^2c-6ac^2)fg^2+(2b^3-9abc)g^3)}{27c^3g^3},\frac{3cgx+cf+bg}{3cg}\right)}{cg}$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2*\text{sqrt}(c*g)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(c^2*f^2-b*c*f*g+(b^2-3*a*c)*g^2)/(c^2*g^2),-4/27*(2*c^3*f^3-3*b*c^2*f^2*g-3*(b^2*c-6*a*c^2)*f*g^2+(2*b^3-9*a*b*c)*g^3)/(c^3*g^3),1/3*(3*c*g*x+c*f+b*g)/(c*g))/(c*g)$$

3.912.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.912.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.912.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.912.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.913 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.913.1 Optimal result	6735
3.913.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6735
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3.913.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6739
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3.913.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf - bg + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}{2c(ef - dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(ef - dg)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

output

```
-EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.913.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(f+gx)\sqrt{2-\frac{4(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))}{(2cf-bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2})(f+gx)}}\sqrt{1+\frac{2(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))}{(-2cf+bg+\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2})(f+gx)}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\text{iarcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{-2c}{-2c}}}{(-ef}\right.\right.\right.$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(I*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[2 - (4*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))]/((2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))*Sqrt[1 + (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))]/((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]))] - EllipticPi[((e*f - d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g - Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*e*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))), I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]])]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))]/((-e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g)]/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]`

3.913.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$, Rules used = {1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx} \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - \frac{2cf}{g}}\sqrt{b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{2cf}{g}}}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - g(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \int \frac{1}{(ef - dg - e(f+gx))\sqrt{b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g} - \frac{2cf}{g}} \sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + 2cx} \sqrt{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - g(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - g(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ef - dg)\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b + \frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)], ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]))`

3.913.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 187 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]
```

```
rule 412 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !( !GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplifierSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])
```

```
rule 413 Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 1279 Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

3.913.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$\frac{(-g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-bg+2cf)\Pi\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(gx+f)c}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}}, \frac{(g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf)e}{2c(dg-ef)}, \sqrt{\frac{-g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}{2cf-bg+g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(b+2cx+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})g}{g\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}+bg-2cf}}}{c(dg-ef)(cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa)}$
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)}\left(\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g}-\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}{-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{f}{g}}{\frac{f}{g}-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{gx+f}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}e\sqrt{cgx^3+bgx^2+cfx^2+agx+bfxf+fa}\left(-\frac{f}{g}+\frac{d}{e}\right)}$

3.913. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b*g+2*c*f)*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f))^(1/2),1/2*(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f)*e/c/(d*g-e*f),(-(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f)/(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*g/(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f))^(1/2)*((-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*g/(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-(g*x+f)*c/(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f))^(1/2)/c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(d*g-e*f)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)`

3.913.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.913.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.913.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.913.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.913.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.914 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.914.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1037

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace} \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2 - 4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \mid -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg) \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ace} f \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2 - 4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} dg \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2 - 4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} g (cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(bef - 2bdg + aeg)) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c}{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)}$$

output

```

-e^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x
+d)+1/2*e*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(
1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/
2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(
2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-e*f*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2
*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x
^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))
^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+d*
g*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(
1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(
1/2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(
2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*
x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*
e*f))*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/
g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*(1-2*c*(g*x+f
)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*...

```

3.914.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*
g)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])) + ((f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x
^2]*(-4*e*(-(e*f) + d*g)*Sqrt[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))/(-2*c*f + b*g + S
qrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])*(c*(-1 + f/(f + g*x))^2 + (g*(b - (b*f)/(f + g*x)
+ (a*g)/(f + g*x)))/(f + g*x)) + (I*Sqrt[2]*e*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g
+ Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - (2*a*g^2)/(f +
g*x) - 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*g*(-1 + (2*f)/(f + g*x)))/(2*c*f - b*
g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + (2*a*g^2)/(f
+ g*x) + 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*(g - (2*f*g)/(f + g*x)))/(-2*c*f +
b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 -
b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]],
-((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a
*c)*g^2]))/Sqrt[f + g*x] - (I*Sqrt[2]*(2*c*d*g*(e*f - 2*d*g) - e*(2*a*e*
g^2 + b*g*(e*f - 3*d*g) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(e*f - d*g)))*Sqrt[(Sqrt
[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) - 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b*g
*(-1 + (2*f)/(f + g*x)))/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Sqrt[(Sq
rt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + (2*a*g^2)/(f + g*x) + 2*c*f*(-1 + f/(f + g*x)) + b
*(g - (2*f*g)/(f + g*x)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*Ellipt
icF[I*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])/Sqrt[f + g*x]], -((-2*c*f + b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*...

```

3.914.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 909, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.387$, Rules used = {1282, 25, 2154, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1282 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdex+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdex+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+aeg)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.914. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2154} \\
 & \frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cefg}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{2(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{1269} \\
 & \frac{-c(ef - dg) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + (cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + ce \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{2(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \frac{1}{(d+ex)(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{1172} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2e\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}} + (cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef - dg)(ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.914. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1279

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b+2cx-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 187

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-\frac{2cf}{g}\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(ef-dg-e(f+gx))\sqrt{b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+\frac{2c(f+gx)}{g}}-\frac{2cf}{g}}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(d+ex)(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

↓ 413

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}e\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\dots}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

↓ 412

3.914. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(ef-dg)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}$$

$$\frac{e^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f
- d*g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c
*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c
*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b
^2 - 4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*(e*
f - d*g)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[-((c
*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c
*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) -
(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*
(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sq
rt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c])*g])*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]
*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), Arc
Sin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g
]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g
)))/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]
- (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g +
(2*c*(f + g*x))/g]))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g))

```

3.914.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 187 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1282 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]`

rule 2154 `Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d + e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[PolynomialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]`

3.914.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1347
default	Expression too large to display	14048

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(e^2/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-c*d*g/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}))-c*e*g/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}))+1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}))+((a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c...$

3.914.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.914.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**2*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.914.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.914.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^2 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^2*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.914.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^2 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.915 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.915.1 Optimal result	6752
3.915.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	6753
3.915.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6754
3.915.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6761
3.915.5 Fricas [F(-1)]	6762
3.915.6 Sympy [F]	6763
3.915.7 Maxima [F]	6763
3.915.8 Giac [F]	6763
3.915.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6764

3.915.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1114

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = -\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3e^2(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(bef - 2bdg + aeg))\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{4(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(ef - dg)^2(d+ex)}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(bef - 2bdg + aeg))\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2 - 4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2(ef - dg)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}(cd(-6ef + 7dg) + e(3bef - 4bdg + aeg)) \sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \sqrt{\frac{c(a+x(b+cx))}{-b^2+4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))^2(ef - dg)\sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2cf - bg + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}g}(c^2d^2(8e^2f^2 - 20defg + 15d^2g^2) + 2ce(bd(-4e^2f^2 + 11defg - 10d^2g^2) + ae($$

output

```

-1/2*e^2*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)/(-d*g+e*f)/
(e*x+d)^2-3/4*e^2*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(g*x+f)^(1/
2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(e*x+d)+3/8*e*(c
*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*EllipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2
*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-
c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2*2^(
1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2
)+1/4*(c*d*(7*d*g-6*e*f)+e*(a*e*g-4*b*d*g+3*b*e*f))*EllipticF(1/2*((b+2*c*x
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(g*(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)/(-2*c*f+g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(
c*(a+x*(c*x+b))/(4*a*c-b^2))^(1/2)*(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))))^(1/2)/(c*d^2+e*(a*e-b*d))^2/(-d*g+e*f)*2^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a+x*(c
*x+b))^(1/2)+1/8*(c^2*d^2*(15*d^2*g^2-20*d*e*f*g+8*e^2*f^2)+2*c*e*(b*d*(-1
0*d^2*g^2+11*d*e*f*g-4*e^2*f^2)+a*e*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g-2*e^2*f^2))+e^2*(
3*a^2*e^2*g^2+2*a*b*e*g*(-4*d*g+e*f)+b^2*(8*d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)))
*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2),(2*c*e*f-b*e*g+e*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-2*c*d*g+2*c*e*f),((2*c*f+g
*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*(2*c*f-
b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(g*(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(2*c*f...

```

3.915.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40396, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.915.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1643, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.548$, Rules used = {1282, 2154, 1282, 25, 2154, 27, 1172, 321, 1269, 1172, 321, 327, 1279, 187, 413, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1282}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cgx^2e^2+3(bf+ag)e^2+2(cef-2cdg+beg)xe-4d(cef-cdg+beg)}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{4(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2154}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cef-5cdg+2beg+cegx}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - 3(cd(2ef-3dg) - e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{\frac{4(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1282}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cef-5cdg+2beg+cegx}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - 3(cd(2ef-3dg) - e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(- \frac{\int \frac{-ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+ae^2)}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{4(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cef-5cdg+2beg+cegx}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - 3(cd(2ef-3dg) - e(aeg-2bdg+bef)) \left(\frac{\int \frac{ce^2gx^2+2cdegx+2cd(ef-dg)-e(bef-2bdg+ae^2)}{(d+ex) \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)}{4(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \frac{e^2 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2154}$$

3.915. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$-3(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cegx}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$4(ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$-3(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cegx}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$4(ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1172

$$2\sqrt{2g}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\sqrt{\frac{g(b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}-3(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\left(\frac{(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx+\int\frac{cdg+cegx}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}\right)$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$-3(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \left(\frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \int \frac{cdg+cegx}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1269

$$-3(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef)) \left(\frac{-c(ef-dg)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}dx+(cd(2ef-3dg)-e(aeg-2bdg+bef))\int\frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}}{2(ef-dg)(ae^2-bde+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{e^2 \sqrt{f + gx} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}{2(d + ex)^2 (ef - dg) (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}$$

3.915. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1172

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cef-3cdg+b$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cef-3cdg+b$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4acg}\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4acg}}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}+2(cef-3cdg+b$$

↓ 1279

3.915. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} + \frac{2(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{\dots}$$

↓ 187

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{\dots}$$

↓ 413

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{\dots}$$

↓ 413

3.915. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{4(cef-3cdg+beg)\sqrt{b}}{\dots}$$

↓ 412

$$-\frac{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae^2}}{2(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} -$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}{\dots}$$

```
input Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]
```

```

output -1/2*(e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e
*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x)
)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 -
4*a*c))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 -
4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
])*g)))/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b
- Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a
*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/
(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b
+ Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)
)/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (
b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]], (2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)/(2*c*f - (
b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqr
t[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]*Sqrt[b + Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g + (2*c*(f + g*x))/g]) - 3*(c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(
b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(-((e^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((c
*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x))) + ((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c
]*e*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[A
rcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-
2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)))/(Sqrt[(c*...

```

3.915.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]

```

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 187 Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]*Sqrt[(g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d
- b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/
d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
g, h}, x] && !SimplerQ[e + f*x, c + d*x] && !SimplerQ[g + h*x, c + d*x]

```

```

rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])

```

$$3.915. \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`
- rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 1172 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(d + e*x)^m*(Sqrt[(-c)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(2*c*((d + e*x)/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]))))^m) Subst[Int[(1 + 2*e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]*(x^2/(2*c*d - b*e - e*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])))^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(b + Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2] + 2*c*x)/(2*Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[m^2, 1/4]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1279 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) Int[1/((d + e*x)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[b + q + 2*c*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

```
rule 1282 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*
(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Sqrt[f + g*x
]*(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/(2*(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[((d + e*x)^
(m + 1)/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*Simp[2*d*(c*e*f - c*d*g + b*
e*g)*(m + 1) - e^2*(b*f + a*g)*(2*m + 3) + 2*e*(c*d*g*(m + 1) - e*(c*f + b*
g)*(m + 2))*x - c*e^2*g*(2*m + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[2*m] && LeQ[m, -2]
```

```
rule 2154 Int[(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[PolynomialQuotient[Px, d +
e*x, x]*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] + Simp[Polyn
omialRemainder[Px, d + e*x, x] Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x
^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x
] && LtQ[m, 0] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

3.915.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1686, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1686
default	Expression too large to display	64947

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(1/2*e^2/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^2+3/4*e^2*(a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)-1/4*c*g*(a*d*e^2*g+2*a*e^3*f-4*b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+7*c*d^3*g-4*c*d^2*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}-3/4*e*c*g*(a*e^2*g-2*b*d*e*g+b*e^2*f+3*c*d^2*g-2*c*d*e*f)/(a*d*e^2*g-a*e^3*f-b*d^2*e*g+b*d*e^2*f+c*d^3*g-c*d^2*e*f)^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(-f/g...$

3.915.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.915.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)**3*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.915.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.915.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^3 \sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^3*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.915.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{f+gx} \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx} (d+ex)^3 \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.916 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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 3.916.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) 6766
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3.916.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 553

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2c(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
2*g^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)-g*E
llipticE(1/2*((b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/
2),(-2*g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))*2^(1/
2)*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(-c*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)/
(-d*g+e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-e*EllipticPi(2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(2*
c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2),1/2*e*(2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
/c/(-d*g+e*f),((b-2*c*f/g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(b-2*c*f/g+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*
(2*c*f-g*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(g*x+f)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+
b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(-d*g+e*f)^2/c^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.916. $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.916.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 950, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2}{ef-dg} \left[\frac{g^2(a+x(b+cx))}{ef-dg} + \frac{(f+gx)^2}{c + \frac{cf^2}{(f+gx)^2} - \frac{bfg}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{ag^2}{(f+gx)^2} - \frac{2cf}{f+gx} + \frac{bg}{f+gx}}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right]$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output $(2*((g^2*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/(e*f - d*g) + ((f + g*x)^2*(c + (c*f^2)/(f + g*x)^2 - (b*f*g)/(f + g*x)^2 + (a*g^2)/(f + g*x)^2 - (2*c*f)/(f + g*x) + (b*g)/(f + g*x) - ((I/4)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*\text{Sqrt}[2 + (4*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(f + g*x))]*((e*f - d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])*(\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])) - \text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])) - 2*e*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])) + 2*e*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*\text{EllipticPi}[(e*f - d*g)*(2*c*f - b*g - \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*e*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))] , I*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])])]/\text{Sqrt}[f + g*x]), -((-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])))/((e*f - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g)))/(-2*c*f + b*g + \text{Sqrt}[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])]*\text{Sqrt}[f + g...$

3.916.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1288

$$\int \left(\frac{e}{(d + ex)\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ef - dg)} - \frac{g}{(f + gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(ef - dg)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{2g}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\sqrt{f + gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}e\sqrt{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g)}{2c(ef-dg)}, a\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2}$$

$$\frac{2g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{\sqrt{f+gx}(ef-dg)(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))]/((e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*e*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)]*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g))/(2*c*(e*f - d*g)], ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)], (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - (2*c*f)/g)]/(Sqrt[c]*(e*f - d*g)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))`

3.916.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1288 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), (f + g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.916.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1263 vs. $2(490) = 980$.

Time = 3.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1264
default	Expression too large to display	4757

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(c*g*x
^2+b*g*x+a*g)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*g/(d*g-e*f)/((x+f/g)*(c*g*x^2+b*g*x+a*g)
)^(1/2)+2*(-g*(b*g-c*f)/(d*g-e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)+b*g^2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c
*f^2)/(d*g-e*f))*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(
-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2/
c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+
1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+
a*f)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((
-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(
1/2))+2*g^2*c/(d*g-e*f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)/c)*((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x+1/2*(b+(-
4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)/(c*g*x^3+b
*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^(1/2)*((-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))*EllipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*
(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/2
/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))/c))^(1/2),((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2))-2/(d*g-e*f)*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+
f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^...
```


3.916.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.916.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.916.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.916.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(3/2)), x)`

3.916.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{3/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(3/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.917 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.917.1 Optimal result	6772
3.917.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	6773
3.917.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6774
3.917.4 Maple [A] (verified)	6775
3.917.5 Fracas [F(-1)]	6776
3.917.6 Sympy [F]	6777
3.917.7 Maxima [F]	6777
3.917.8 Giac [F]	6777
3.917.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6778

3.917.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1125

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4g^2(2cf-bg)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2eg^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}eg\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right) \middle| -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(a+bx+cx^2)}{b^2-4ac}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}e^2\sqrt{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf-bg+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}{2c(ef-dg)}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(ef-dg)^3\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$3.917. \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

output $\frac{2}{3}g^2(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(g^2x+f)^{3/2}+4/3g^2(-bg+2cf)(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2/(g^2x+f)^{1/2}+2eg^2(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)^2/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(g^2x+f)^{1/2}-2/3g(-bg+2cf)\text{EllipticE}(1/2((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})^2^{1/2}, (-2g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}(g^2x+f)^{1/2}*(-c(c^2x^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2))^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)^2/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(c(g^2x+f)/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}-eg\text{EllipticE}(1/2((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})^2^{1/2}, (-2g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}(g^2x+f)^{1/2}*(-c(c^2x^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2))^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)^2/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}/(c(g^2x+f)/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}+2/3g\text{EllipticF}(1/2((b+2cx+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})^2^{1/2}, (-2g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2})^2^{1/2}*(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}*(-c(c^2x^2+bx+a)/(-4ac+b^2))^{1/2}(c(g^2x+f)/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}/(-dg+ef)/(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)/(g^2x+f)^{1/2}/(c^2x^2+bx+a)^{1/2}-e^2\text{EllipticPi}(2^{1/2}c^{1/2}(g^2x+f)^{1/2}/(2cf-g(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})))^{1/2}, 1/2e(2cf-bg+g(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})/c/(-dg+ef), ((b-2cf/g-(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))/(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2})^2^{1/2}(1-2c(g^2x+f)/(2...$

3.917.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 36.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14762, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

3.917.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$, Rules used = {1288, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1288

$$\int \left(\frac{e^2}{(d+ex)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{eg}{(f+gx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{g}{(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}g\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(f+gx)}{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}}\text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{e(2cf - bg + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}g)}{2c(ef - dg)}, a\right) -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}g\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right)e +$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{2g^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+ae}}{(ef-dg)^2(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}} -$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g(2cf-bg)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|-\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} +$$

$$2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g\sqrt{\frac{c(f+gx)}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}}\sqrt{-\frac{c(cx^2+bx+a)}{b^2-4ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+2cx+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), -\frac{2\sqrt{b^2-4ac}g}{2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g}\right) +$$

$$\frac{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} + \frac{4g^2(2cf-bg)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)^2\sqrt{f+gx}} + \frac{2g^2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{3(ef-dg)(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)(f+gx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

$$3.917. \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
output (2*g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(f +
g*x)^(3/2)) + (4*g^2*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(
c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*Sqrt[f + g*x]) + (2*e*g^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/
((e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f + g*x]) - (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c]*g*(2*c*f - b*g)*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2
- 4*a*c))])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2
- 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a
*c])*g)]/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c
*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^
2 - 4*a*c]*e*g*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])*
EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/S
qrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/((
e*f - d*g)^2*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt
[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g
*Sqrt[(c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*Sqrt[-((c*(a + b*
x + c*x^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c))])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] +
2*c*x)/Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]]/Sqrt[2]], (-2*Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*g)/(2*c*f - (b
+ Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]/(3*(e*f - d*g)*(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*Sqrt[f +
g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*e^2*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*
a*c])*g]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(f + g*x))/(2*c*f - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)]*...
```

3.917.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1288 Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[1/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a
+ b*x + c*x^2]), (f + g*x)^(n + 1/2)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, g}, x] && IntegerQ[n + 1/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.917.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1505
default	Expression too large to display	27601

3.917.
$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/3/(a*g \\ & ^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)*(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}/ \\ & (x+f/g)^2+2/3*(c*g*x^2+b*g*x+a*g)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*g*(3*a*e*g^2+2*b*d \\ & *g^2-5*b*e*f*g-4*c*d*f*g+7*c*e*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)^2/((x+f/g)*(c*g*x^2+b*g*x+a* \\ & g))^{(1/2)}+2*(-1/3*c*g/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)+1/3*g*(b*g-c*f)*(3*a*e \\ & *g^2+2*b*d*g^2-5*b*e*f*g-4*c*d*f*g+7*c*e*f^2)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2/(d*g-e \\ & *f)^2-1/3*b*g^2/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*(3*a*e*g^2+2*b*d*g^2-5*b*e*f*g-4*c*d \\ & *f*g+7*c*e*f^2)/(d*g-e*f)^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((x+f/g)/(\\ & f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)) \\ &)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2) \\ &))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x^2+c*f*x^2+ \\ & a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/ \\ & c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2) \\ &)^(1/2))))^{(1/2)}-2/3*g^2*c*(3*a*e*g^2+2*b*d*g^2-5*b*e*f*g-4*c*d*f*g+7*c*e \\ & *f^2)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2/(d*g-e*f)^2*(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c) \\ & *((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+ \\ & b^2)^(1/2)))/(-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/2*(b+(-4*a* \\ & c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^{(1/2)}/(c*g*x^3+b*g*x \\ & ^2+c*f*x^2+a*g*x+b*f*x+a*f)^{(1/2)}*((-f/g-1/2*c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))*El \\ & lipticE(((x+f/g)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^{(1/2)},((-f/g+1/2*(...$$

3.917.5 Fracas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Timed out`

3.917.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(f + g*x)**(5/2)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.917.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.917.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)(gx+f)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(g*x+f)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)*(g*x + f)^(5/2)), x)`

3.917.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(f+gx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(f+gx)^{5/2}(d+ex)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(5/2)*(d + e*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.918 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.918.1 Optimal result	6779
3.918.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	6780
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3.918.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6785

3.918.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 475

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2cf - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})g}\sqrt{b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx} \sqrt{\frac{(ef-dg)(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)}{(2cf-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})g)(d+ex)}} \sqrt{\frac{(ef-dg)(2a+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})x)}{(bf+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}f-2ag)(d+ex)}}}{\sqrt{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}}$$

```
output (e*x+d)*EllipticPi((g*x+f)^(1/2)*(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2),e*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b
^2)^(1/2)))/g/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),((b*d-2*a*e+d*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(
1/2))*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(b*f-2*a*g+f*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(
2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*(b+2*c*x-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
))^(1/2)*((-d*g+e*f)*(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(e*x+d)/(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*
a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(2*c*f-g*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((-d*g+e*f)
*(2*a+x*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/(e*x+d)/(b*f-2*a*g+f*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(
1/2)/g/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(c*x+2*a*c/(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(2*c*
d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

3.918.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1118 vs. $2(475) = 950$.

Time = 28.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{g(cf^2+g(-bf+ag))(d+ex)}{(-2cdfg-2aeg^2+ef\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}-dg\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}+bg(ef+dg))(f+gx)}} (f+gx)^{3/2}$$

$$2ef\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)g^2}\sqrt{-\frac{cf^2+g(-bf+ag)}{(b^2-4ac)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-((g*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))*(d + e*x))/((-2*c*d*f*g -
2*a*e*g^2 + e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - d*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + b*
g*(e*f + d*g))*(f + g*x)))]*(f + g*x)^(3/2)*((2*e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2
]*Sqrt[-(((c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(f
+ g*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) +
Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)]]/Sq
rt[2]], (2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(-e*f) + d*g)/(2*c*d*f*g + 2*a*e*g^2
- e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + d*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] - b*g*(e*f + d
*g)))/(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g) + (d*g*(2*a*g^2 - f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g
^2] - 2*c*f*g*x - g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*x + b*g*(-f + g*x))*Sqrt[(2*a*
g^2 - 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(-f + g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqr
t[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(-2*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g
*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*g^2]*(f + g*x)]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(-e*f) + d*g)/(2
*c*d*f*g + 2*a*e*g^2 - e*f*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2] + d*g*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*g^2] - b*g*(e*f + d*g)))/((c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g)*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[(-2
*a*g^2 + 2*c*f*g*x + b*g*(f - g*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x))/(S
qrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*(f + g*x)))] - (4*e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2]*Sqrt[-(
((c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(f + g*x)^2
)])*EllipticPi[(2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*g^2])/(2*c*f - b*g + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*...

```

3.918.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.030$, Rules used = {1276}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1276

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(d+ex)\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx}\sqrt{2cf-g}\left(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b\right)\sqrt{\frac{(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b+2cx)(ef-dg)}{(d+ex)(2cf-g(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b))}}\sqrt{\frac{(x(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)+2a)(ef-dg)}{(d+ex)(f\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2a)}}}{g\sqrt{\frac{2ac}{\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b}}+cx\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x]*Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/((2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g)*(d + e*x))]*Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)*(2*a + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*x))/((b*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*f - 2*a*g)*(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)*EllipticPi[(e*(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))/((2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*g), ArcSin[(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*Sqrt[f + g*x])/(Sqrt[2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g]*Sqrt[d + e*x])], ((b*d + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*d - 2*a*e)*(2*c*f - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*g))/((2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)*(b*f + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]*f - 2*a*g)))/(Sqrt[2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e]*g*Sqrt[(2*a*c)/(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c]) + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.918.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1276 Int[Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]/(Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(
x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt
[2]*Sqrt[2*c*f - g*(b + q)]*Sqrt[b - q + 2*c*x]*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[(e*f - d*g)*
((b + q + 2*c*x)/((2*c*f - g*(b + q))*(d + e*x)))]*(Sqrt[(e*f - d*g)*((2*a
+ (b + q)*x)/((b*f + q*f - 2*a*g)*(d + e*x)))]/(g*Sqrt[2*c*d - e*(b + q)]*S
qrt[2*a*(c/(b + q)) + c*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))*EllipticPi[e*((2*c*f - g
*(b + q))/(g*(2*c*d - e*(b + q))))], ArcSin[Sqrt[2*c*d - e*(b + q)]*(Sqrt[f
+ g*x]/(Sqrt[2*c*f - g*(b + q)]*Sqrt[d + e*x]))], (b*d + q*d - 2*a*e)*((2*c
*f - g*(b + q))/((b*f + q*f - 2*a*g)*(2*c*d - e*(b + q))))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

3.918.4 Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1462 vs. $2(420) = 840$.

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1463, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1463
default	Expression too large to display	10161

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

output $((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^{(1/2)}/(g*x+f)^{(1/2)}/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*d*(-f/g+d/e)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))*(x+f/g)/(-d/e+f/g)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)*(x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)*(x+d/e)/(-d/e+f/g)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)/(c*e*g*(x+f/g)*(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*(x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*(x+f/g)/(-d/e+f/g)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}, ((1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*(-f/g+d/e)/(-f/g+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+d/e))^{(1/2)}+2*e*(-f/g+d/e)*((-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*(x+f/g)/(-d/e+f/g)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)*(x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(f/g-1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}*((1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)*(x+d/e)/(-d/e+f/g)/(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})))^{(1/2)}/(-d/e-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))/(1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))+f/g)/(c*e*g*(x+f/g)*(x-1/2/c*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)}))*(x+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^{(1/2)})/c)*(x+d/e))^{(1/2)}*(1/2/...$

3.918.5 Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

3.918.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.918.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.918.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.918.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.919 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.919.1 Optimal result	6786
3.919.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6787
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3.919.4 Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	6789
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3.919.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6791

3.919.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 588

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{cf^2 - g(bf - ag)}(d + ex)\sqrt{\frac{(ef - dg)^2(a + bx + cx^2)}{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(d + ex)^2}} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(f + gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 - g(bf - ag)}(d + ex)}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{(2cdf + 2aeg - b(ef + dg))(f + gx)}{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(d + ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(f + gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 - g(bf - ag)}(d + ex)}}{\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(f + gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 - g(bf - ag)}(d + ex)}\right)^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(ef - dg)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{(2cdf + 2aeg - b(ef + dg))(f + gx)}{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(d + ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 - bde + ae^2}(f + gx)}{\sqrt{cf^2 - g(bf - ag)}(d + ex)}}}$$

output

```

-(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))^(1/4)*(e*x+d)*(cos(2*arctan((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/4)
)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/cos(2*a
rctan((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/4)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e
*x+d)^(1/2)))*EllipticF(sin(2*arctan((a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/4)*(g*x+f)^(1/
2)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^(1/4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))),1/2*(2+(2*c*d*f+2*a*e*g-b*(d
g+e*f))/(c*d^2-e*(-a*e+b*d))^(1/2)/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))^(1/2))^(1/2))*(1+(
g*x+f)*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))^(1/2))*((-d
g+e*f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*((1-(2*c*d*f+2
*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2
)*(g*x+f)^2/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))/(e*x+d)^2)/(1+(g*x+f)*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2
)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g+b*f))^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^(1
/4)/(-d*g+e*f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(1-(2*c*d*f+2*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f))*(g*x+f
)/(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)/(e*x+d)+(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(g*x+f)^2/(c*f^2-g*(-a*g
+b*f))/(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)
    
```

3.919.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 26.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}e \sqrt{-\frac{e(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(f+gx)}{(-2cdef+e\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2f-2ae^2g-d\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2g+be(ef+dg)})(d+ex)}}} \sqrt{a+x(b+cx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{2ae}{\dots}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{(b^2-4ac)e^2}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{-(cd^2+\dots)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[2]*e*Sqrt[-((e*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(f + g*x))/((-2*c*d*e*f + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*f - 2*a*e^2*g - d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*g + b*e*(e*f + d*g))*(d + e*x)))]*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[(2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*x + b*e*(-d + e*x) + Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x))/(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(d + e*x))]/Sqrt[2]], (2*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*(e*f - d*g))/(-2*c*d*e*f + e*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*f - 2*a*e^2*g - d*Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*g + b*e*(e*f + d*g))]/(Sqrt[(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e^2]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[-(((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(a + x*(b + c*x)))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(d + e*x)^2))])]
```

3.919.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$, Rules used = {1280, 1416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1280

$$\frac{2(d+ex)\sqrt{\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{(cd^2-bed+ae^2)(f+gx)^2}{(cf^2-g(bf-ag))(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(2cdf+2aeg-b(ef+dg))(f+gx)}{(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)(d+ex)} + 1}} d\sqrt{\frac{f+gx}{d+ex}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1416

$$\frac{(d+ex)\sqrt[4]{cf^2-g(bf-ag)}\sqrt{\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)(ef-dg)^2}{(d+ex)^2(ag^2-bfg+cf^2)}}\left(\frac{(f+gx)\sqrt{ae^2-bde+cd^2}}{(d+ex)\sqrt{cf^2-g(bf-ag)}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)\sqrt[4]{ae^2-bde+cd^2}\sqrt{\frac{(f+gx)^2(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{(d+ex)^2(cf^2-g(bf-ag))}-\frac{(f+gx)(2aeg-b(ef+dg))}{(d+ex)(ag^2-bgf+ag^2)}+1}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*Sqrt[f + g*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `-(((c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))^(1/4)*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[((e*f - d*g)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^2)]*(1 + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g)]*(d + e*x))))*Sqrt[(1 - ((2*c*d*f + 2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g))*(f + g*x))/((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(f + g*x)^2)/((c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))*(d + e*x)^2)))/(1 + (Sqrt[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2]*(f + g*x))/(Sqrt[c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g)]*(d + e*x)))^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[f + g*x])/((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])], (2 + (2*c*d*f + 2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g))/(Sqrt[c*d^2 - e*(b*d - a*e)]*Sqrt[c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g)]))/4]/((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^(1/4)*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - ((2*c*d*f + 2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g))*(f + g*x))/((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(f + g*x)^2)/((c*f^2 - g*(b*f - a*g))*(d + e*x)^2)])]`

3.919.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1280 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)]*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.^2)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(d + e*x)*(Sqrt[(e*f - d*g)^2*((a + b*x + c*x^2)/((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^2))]/((e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])) Subst[Int[1/Sqrt[1 - (2*c*d*f - b*e*f - b*d*g + 2*a*e*g)*(x^2/(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)) + (c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(x^4/(c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2))], x], x, Sqrt[f + g*x]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

```
rule 1416 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

3.919.4 Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$8 \left(-2c^2 dg x^2 + 2c^2 ef x^2 + 2\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} cdgx - 2\sqrt{-4ac+b^2} cefx - 2bcdgx + 2bcfefx + \sqrt{-4ac+b^2} bdg - \sqrt{-4ac+b^2} bef + 2acd - 2acef - b^2 \right) \sqrt{-\frac{(gx+f)(-b-\sqrt{-4ac+b^2})}{2c}}$
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(gx+f)(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)} \left(-\frac{f}{g} + \frac{d}{e} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \left(x + \frac{f}{g} \right)}{\left(-\frac{d}{e} + \frac{f}{g} \right) \left(x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)}} \left(x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)^2 \sqrt{\frac{\left(-\frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} + \frac{f}{g} \right) \left(x + \frac{b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)}{\left(\frac{f}{g} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \left(x - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right)}}}{\sqrt{gx+f} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a} \sqrt{ex+d} \left(-\frac{d}{e} - \frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} \right) \left(\frac{-b+\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}}{2c} + \frac{f}{g} \right)}$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERB OSE)
```

```
output 8*(-2*c^2*d*g*x^2+2*c^2*e*f*x^2+2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*c*d*g*x-2*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*c*e*f*x-2*b*c*d*g*x+2*b*c*e*f*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*b*d*g-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*b*e*f+2*a*c*d*g-2*a*c*e*f-b^2*d*g+b^2*e*f)*EllipticF((-e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b*e+2*c*d)*(g*x+f)/(d*g-e*f)/(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2), 2*((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(d*g-e*f)*c/(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f)/(e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b*e+2*c*d))^(1/2)*((2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d)/(d*g-e*f)/(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((2*c*f-b*g+g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*g-2*c*f)/(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b*e+2*c*d)*(g*x+f)/(d*g-e*f)/(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)*(g*x+f)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-1/c*(g*x+f)*(-b-2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(b+2*c*x+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))*(e*x+d))^(1/2)/(b*g-2*c*f-g*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/(-e*(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b*e-2*c*d)/((g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)*(e*x+d))^(1/2)
```

$$3.919. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

3.919.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)/(c*e*g*x^4 + (c*e*f + (c*d + b*e)*g)*x^3 + a*d*f + ((c*d + b*e)*f + (b*d + a*e)*g)*x^2 + (a*d*g + (b*d + a*e)*f)*x), x)`

3.919.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)`

3.919.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.919.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{gx+f}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)*sqrt(g*x + f)), x)`

3.919.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{f+gx}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((f + g*x)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.920 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

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3.920.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^5(1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(ef - dg)(2cd(ef - 2dg) - e(bef - 3bdg + 2aeg))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^5(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(eg(2bef - 3bdg + aeg) + c(e^2f^2 - 6defg + 6d^2g^2))(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^5(3 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{g(2cef - 4cdg + beg)(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^5(4 + m)} + \frac{cg^2(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5 + m)}$$

output $(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^5/(1+m)-(-d*g+e*f)*(2*c*d$
 $*(-2*d*g+e*f)-e*(2*a*e*g-3*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^5/(2+m)+(e*g*(a*$
 $*g-3*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)+c*(6*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^5/(3+$
 $m)+g*(b*e*g-4*c*d*g+2*c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^5/(4+m)+c*g^2*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e$
 $^5/(5+m)$

3.920.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)(ef - dg)^2}{1+m} + \frac{(ef - dg)(2cd(-ef + 2dg) + e(bef - 3bdg + 2aeg))(d + ex)}{2+m} + \frac{eg(2bef - 3bdg + aeg) + c(e^2 f^2 - 6d^2 g^2)}{3+m} \right)}{e^5}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(((c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(1 + m) + ((e*f - d*g)*(2*c*d*(-e*f) + 2*d*g) + e*(b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*(d + e*x))/(2 + m) + ((e*g*(2*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + a*e*g) + c*(e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2))*(d + e*x)^2)/(3 + m) + (g*(2*c*e*f - 4*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^3)/(4 + m) + (c*g^2*(d + e*x)^4)/(5 + m))/e^5`**3.920.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) (d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{m+2} (eg(aeg - 3bdg + 2bef) + c(6d^2g^2 - 6defg + e^2f^2))}{e^4} + \frac{(ef - dg)^2 (d + ex)^m (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+3}(eg(aeg-3bdg+2bef)+c(6d^2g^2-6defg+e^2f^2))}{e^5(m+3)} + \frac{(ef-dg)^2(d+ex)^{m+1}(ae^2-bde+cd^2)}{e^5(m+1)} - \frac{(ef-dg)(d+ex)^{m+2}(2cd(ef-2dg)-e(2aeg-3bdg+bef))}{e^5(m+2)} + \frac{g(d+ex)^{m+4}(beg-4cdg+2cef)}{e^5(m+4)} + \frac{cg^2(d+ex)^{m+5}}{e^5(m+5)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^5*(1 + m)) - ((e*f - d*g)*(2*c*d*(e*f - 2*d*g) - e*(b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + 2*a*e*g))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^5*(2 + m)) + ((e*g*(2*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + a*e*g) + c*(e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2))*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^5*(3 + m)) + (g*(2*c*e*f - 4*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^5*(4 + m)) + (c*g^2*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^5*(5 + m))`

3.920.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.920.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs. 2(220) = 440.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	1249
gosper	Expression too large to display	1347
risch	Expression too large to display	1823
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	2719

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c*g^2/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+d*(a*e^4*f^2*m^4-2*a*d*e^3*f*g*m^3+14*a*e^4*f^2*m^3-b*d*e^3*f^2*m^3+2*a*d^2*e^2*g^2*m^2-24*a*d*e^3*f*g*m^2+71*a*e^4*f^2*m^2+4*b*d^2*e^2*f*g*m^2-12*b*d*e^3*f^2*m^2+2*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*m^2+18*a*d^2*e^2*g^2*m-94*a*d*e^3*f*g*m+154*a*e^4*f^2*m-6*b*d^3*e*g^2*m+36*b*d^2*e^2*f*g*m-47*b*d*e^3*f^2*m-12*c*d^3*e*f*g*m+18*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*m+40*a*d^2*e^2*g^2-120*a*d*e^3*f*g+120*a*e^4*f^2-30*b*d^3*e*g^2+80*b*d^2*e^2*f*g-60*b*d*e^3*f^2+24*c*d^4*g^2-60*c*d^3*e*f*g+40*c*d^2*e^2*f^2)/e^5/(m^5+15*m^4+85*m^3+225*m^2+274*m+120)*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(a*e^2*g^2*m^2+b*d*e*g^2*m^2+2*b*e^2*f*g*m^2+2*c*d*e*f*g*m^2+c*e^2*f^2*m^2+9*a*e^2*g^2*m+5*b*d*e*g^2*m+18*b*e^2*f*g*m-4*c*d^2*g^2*m+10*c*d*e*f*g*m+9*c*e^2*f^2*m+20*a*e^2*g^2+40*b*e^2*f*g+20*c*e^2*f^2)/e^2/(m^3+12*m^2+47*m+60)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(a*d*e^2*g^2*m^3+2*a*e^3*f*g*m^3+2*b*d*e^2*f*g*m^3+b*e^3*f^2*m^3+c*d*e^2*f^2*m^3+9*a*d*e^2*g^2*m^2+24*a*e^3*f*g*m^2-3*b*d^2*e*g^2*m^2+18*b*d*e^2*f*g*m^2+12*b*e^3*f^2*m^2-6*c*d^2*e*f*g*m^2+9*c*d*e^2*f^2*m^2+20*a*d*e^2*g^2*m+94*a*e^3*f*g*m-15*b*d^2*e*g^2*m+40*b*d*e^2*f*g*m+47*b*e^3*f^2*m+12*c*d^3*g^2*m-30*c*d^2*e*f*g*m+20*c*d*e^2*f^2*m+120*a*e^3*f*g+60*b*e^3*f^2)/e^3/(m^4+14*m^3+71*m^2+154*m+120)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(b*e*g*m+c*d*g*m+2*c*e*f*m+5*b*e*g+10*c*e*f)/e*g/(m^2+9*m+20)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))-(-2*a*d*e^3*f*g*m^4-a*e^4*f^2*m^4-b*d*e^3*f^2*m^4+2*a*d^2*e^2*g^2*m^3-24*a*d*e^3*f*g*m^3-14*a*e^4*f^2*m^3+4*b*d^2*e^2*f*g*m^3-12*b*d*e^3*f^2*m^3+2*c*d^2*e^2*f^2*m^3+18*a*d^2...
```

3.920.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1381 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1381, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a*d*e^4*f^2*m^4 + (c*e^5*g^2*m^4 + 10*c*e^5*g^2*m^3 + 35*c*e^5*g^2*m^2 +
50*c*e^5*g^2*m + 24*c*e^5*g^2)*x^5 + (60*c*e^5*f*g + 30*b*e^5*g^2 + (2*c*e
^5*f*g + (c*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*g^2)*m^4 + (22*c*e^5*f*g + (6*c*d*e^4 + 11*b*e^
5)*g^2)*m^3 + (82*c*e^5*f*g + (11*c*d*e^4 + 41*b*e^5)*g^2)*m^2 + (122*c*e^
5*f*g + (6*c*d*e^4 + 61*b*e^5)*g^2)*m)*x^4 - (2*a*d^2*e^3*f*g + (b*d^2*e^3
- 14*a*d*e^4)*f^2)*m^3 + (40*c*e^5*f^2 + 80*b*e^5*f*g + 40*a*e^5*g^2 + (c
*e^5*f^2 + 2*(c*d*e^4 + b*e^5)*f*g + (b*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*g^2)*m^4 + 4*(3*c*e
^5*f^2 + 2*(2*c*d*e^4 + 3*b*e^5)*f*g - (c*d^2*e^3 - 2*b*d*e^4 - 3*a*e^5)*g
^2)*m^3 + (49*c*e^5*f^2 + 2*(17*c*d*e^4 + 49*b*e^5)*f*g - (12*c*d^2*e^3 -
17*b*d*e^4 - 49*a*e^5)*g^2)*m^2 + 2*(39*c*e^5*f^2 + 2*(5*c*d*e^4 + 39*b*e
^5)*f*g - (4*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*b*d*e^4 - 39*a*e^5)*g^2)*m)*x^3 + 20*(2*c*d^3*e^
2 - 3*b*d^2*e^3 + 6*a*d*e^4)*f^2 - 20*(3*c*d^4*e - 4*b*d^3*e^2 + 6*a*d^2*e
^3)*f*g + 2*(12*c*d^5 - 15*b*d^4*e + 20*a*d^3*e^2)*g^2 + (2*a*d^3*e^2*g^2
+ (2*c*d^3*e^2 - 12*b*d^2*e^3 + 71*a*d*e^4)*f^2 + 4*(b*d^3*e^2 - 6*a*d^2*e
^3)*f*g)*m^2 + (60*b*e^5*f^2 + 120*a*e^5*f*g + (a*d*e^4*g^2 + (c*d*e^4 + b
*e^5)*f^2 + 2*(b*d*e^4 + a*e^5)*f*g)*m^4 + ((10*c*d*e^4 + 13*b*e^5)*f^2 -
2*(3*c*d^2*e^3 - 10*b*d*e^4 - 13*a*e^5)*f*g - (3*b*d^2*e^3 - 10*a*d*e^4)*g
^2)*m^3 + ((29*c*d*e^4 + 59*b*e^5)*f^2 - 2*(18*c*d^2*e^3 - 29*b*d*e^4 - 59
*a*e^5)*f*g + (12*c*d^3*e^2 - 18*b*d^2*e^3 + 29*a*d*e^4)*g^2)*m^2 + ((20*c
*d*e^4 + 107*b*e^5)*f^2 - 2*(15*c*d^2*e^3 - 20*b*d*e^4 - 107*a*e^5)*f*g...
```

3.920.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15757 vs. $2(212) = 424$.

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15757, normalized size of antiderivative = 71.62

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((d**m*(a*f**2*x + a*f*g*x**2 + a*g**2*x**3/3 + b*f**2*x**2/2 + 2*b*f*g*x**3/3 + b*g**2*x**4/4 + c*f**2*x**3/3 + c*f*g*x**4/2 + c*g**2*x**5/5), Eq(e, 0)), (-a*d**2*e**2*g**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 2*a*d*e**3*f*g/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 4*a*d*e**3*g**2*x/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 3*a*e**4*f**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 8*a*e**4*f*g*x/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 6*a*e**4*g**2*x**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 3*b*d**3*e*g**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 2*b*d**2*e**2*f*g/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 12*b*d**2*e**2*g**2*x/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - b*d*e**3*f**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 8*b*d*e**3*f*g*x/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 18*b*d*e**3*g**2*x**2/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4) - 4*b*e**4*f**2*x/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*...`

3.920.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 684 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2) dx = \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex+d)^m b f^2}{(m^2+3m+2)e^2} + \frac{2(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex+d)^m a f g}{(m^2+3m+2)e^2} + \frac{(ex+d)^{m+1} a f^2}{e(m+1)} + \frac{((m^2+3m+2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2+m)d e^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex+d)^m c f^2}{(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^3} + \frac{2((m^2+3m+2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2+m)d e^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex+d)^m b f g}{(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^3} + \frac{((m^2+3m+2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2+m)d e^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex+d)^m a g^2}{(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^3} + \frac{2((m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^4 x^4 + (m^3+3m^2+2m)d e^3 x^3 - 3(m^2+m)d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6d^3 emx - 6d^4)(ex+d)^m c f g}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^4} + \frac{((m^3+6m^2+11m+6)e^4 x^4 + (m^3+3m^2+2m)d e^3 x^3 - 3(m^2+m)d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6d^3 emx - 6d^4)(ex+d)^m b g^2}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^4} + \frac{((m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)e^5 x^5 + (m^4+6m^3+11m^2+6m)d e^4 x^4 - 4(m^3+3m^2+2m)d^2 e^3 x^3 + 12(m^2+m)d^3 e^2 x^2 - 24d^4 e m x + 24d^5)(ex+d)^m c g^2}{(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e^2*(m+1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x+d)^m*b*f^2/((m^2+3*m+2)*e^2) + 2*(e^2*(m+1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x+d)^m*a*f*g/((m^2+3*m+2)*e^2) + (e*x+d)^(m+1)*a*f^2/(e*(m+1)) + ((m^2+3*m+2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2+m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x+d)^m*c*f^2/((m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*e^3) + 2*((m^2+3*m+2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2+m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x+d)^m*b*f*g/((m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*e^3) + ((m^2+3*m+2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2+m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x+d)^m*a*g^2/((m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*e^3) + 2*((m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3+3*m^2+2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2+m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x+d)^m*c*f*g/((m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*e^4) + ((m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3+3*m^2+2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2+m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x+d)^m*b*g^2/((m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*e^4) + ((m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4+6*m^3+11*m^2+6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3+3*m^2+2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2+m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x + 24*d^5)*(e*x+d)^m*c*g^2/((m^5+15*m^4+85*m^3+225*m^2+274*m+120)*e^5)`

3.920.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2735 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2735, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.43

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*g^2*m^4*x^5 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f*g*m^4*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*g^2*m^4*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*g^2*m^4*x^4 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*g^2*m^3*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f^2*m^4*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*f*g*m^4*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*f*g*m^4*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*g^2*m^4*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*g^2*m^4*x^3 + 22*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f*g*m^3*x^4 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*g^2*m^3*x^4 + 11*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*g^2*m^3*x^4 + 35*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*g^2*m^2*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*f^2*m^4*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*f^2*m^4*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*f*g*m^4*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*f*g*m^4*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*g^2*m^4*x^2 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f^2*m^3*x^3 + 16*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*f*g*m^3*x^3 + 24*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*f*g*m^3*x^3 - 4*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^3*g^2*m^3*x^3 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*g^2*m^3*x^3 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*g^2*m^3*x^3 + 82*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f*g*m^2*x^4 + 11*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*g^2*m^2*x^4 + 41*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*g^2*m^2*x^4 + 50*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*g^2*m*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*f^2*m^4*x + (e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*f^2*m^4*x + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*f*g*m^4*x + 10*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*f^2*m^3*x^2 + 13*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*f^2*m^3*x^2 - 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^3*f*g*m^3*x^2 + 20*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^4*f*g*m^3*x^2 + 26*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^5*f*g*m^3*x^2 - 3*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^3*g^2*m^3*x^2 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^4*g^2*m^3*x^2 + 49*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^5*f^2*m^2*x^3 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^4*f*g*m^2*x^3 + 98*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^5*f*g*m^2*x^3 - 12*(e*x + d)^m...`

3.921 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

3.921.1 Optimal result	6801
3.921.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6801
3.921.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6802
3.921.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6803
3.921.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6804
3.921.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	6804
3.921.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	6805
3.921.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	6806
3.921.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6807

3.921.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 144

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx \\ &= \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2) (ef - dg)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^4(1 + m)} \\ & \quad - \frac{(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(bef - 2bdg + aeg))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^4(2 + m)} \\ & \quad + \frac{(cef - 3cdg + beg)(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^4(3 + m)} + \frac{cg(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4 + m)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^4/(1+m)-(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)
-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^4/(2+m)+(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e
*x+d)^(3+m)/e^4/(3+m)+c*g*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)
```

3.921.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx \\ &= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{(cd^2 + e(-bd + ae))(6cdg + beg(1+m) - 2cef(4+m))}{e^2(1+m)} + \frac{(-b^2e^2g(2+m) + 2c^2d(3dg - ef(4+m)) + ce(bdg(-2+m) + 2aeg(3+m) + c^2d^2))}{e^2(2+m)} \right)}{ce^2(3 + m)(4 + m)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $((d + ex)^{(1+m)} * (-(((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e)) * (6*c*d*g + b*e*g*(1+m) - 2*c*e*f*(4+m)))/(e^{2*(1+m)})) + ((-(b^2*e^2*g*(2+m)) + 2*c^2*d*(3*d*g - e*f*(4+m)) + c*e*(b*d*g*(-2+m) + 2*a*e*g*(3+m) + b*e*f*(4+m)) * (d + ex))/(e^{2*(2+m)} + (a + x*(b + c*x)) * (b*e*g + c*(-3*d*g + e*f*(4+m) + e*g*(3+m)*x))))/(c*e^{2*(3+m)}*(4+m))$

3.921.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^m (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (e(aeg - 2bdg + bef) - cd(2ef - 3dg))}{e^3} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{m+1} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)}{e^4(m+1)} - \frac{(d + ex)^{m+2} (cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef))}{e^4(m+2)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+3} (beg - 3cdg + cef)}{e^4(m+3)} + \frac{cg(d + ex)^{m+4}}{e^4(m+4)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output $((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(1+m)}/(e^{4*(1+m)}) - ((c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(d + e*x)^{(2+m)}/(e^{4*(2+m)} + ((c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^{(3+m)}/(e^{4*(3+m)} + (c*g*(d + e*x)^{(4+m)}/(e^{4*(4+m)}))$

3.921.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.921.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 502 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(ex+d)^{1+m}(-ce^3gm^3x^3-be^3gm^3x^2-ce^3fm^3x^2-6ce^3gm^2x^3-ae^3gm^3x-be^3fm^3x-7be^3gm^2x^2+3cde^2gm^2x^2-7cde^2gm^2x-d^2m^2)}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}$
norman	$\frac{cgx^4e^m \ln(ex+d)}{4+m} + \frac{(begm+cdgm+cef m+4beg+4cef)x^3e^m \ln(ex+d)}{e(m^2+7m+12)} + \frac{(ae^2gm^2+bdegm^2+be^2fm^2+cdefm^2+7ae^2gm^2-7cde^2gm^2-d^2m^2)}{e}$
risch	$\frac{(-ce^4gm^3x^4-be^4gm^3x^3-cde^3gm^3x^3-ce^4fm^3x^3-6ce^4gm^2x^4-ae^4gm^3x^2-bde^3gm^3x^2-be^4fm^3x^2-7be^4gm^2x^3-d^2m^2)}{(m^4+10m^3+35m^2+50m+24)}$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/e^4*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(m^4+10*m^3+35*m^2+50*m+24)*(-c*e^3*g*m^3*x^3-b*e^3*g*m^3*x^2-c*e^3*f*m^3*x^2-6*c*e^3*g*m^2*x^3-a*e^3*g*m^3*x-b*e^3*f*m^3*x-7*b*e^3*g*m^2*x^2+3*c*d*e^2*g*m^2*x^2-7*c*e^3*f*m^2*x^2-11*c*e^3*g*m*x^3-a*e^3*f*m^3-8*a*e^3*g*m^2*x+2*b*d*e^2*g*m^2*x-8*b*e^3*f*m^2*x-14*b*e^3*g*m*x^2+2*c*d*e^2*f*m^2*x+9*c*d*e^2*g*m*x^2-14*c*e^3*f*m*x^2-6*c*e^3*g*x^3+a*d*e^2*g*m^2-9*a*e^3*f*m^2-19*a*e^3*g*m*x+b*d*e^2*f*m^2+10*b*d*e^2*g*m*x-19*b*e^3*f*m*x-8*b*e^3*g*x^2-6*c*d^2*e*g*m*x+10*c*d*e^2*f*m*x+6*c*d*e^2*g*x^2-8*c*e^3*f*x^2+7*a*d*e^2*g*m-26*a*e^3*f*m-12*a*e^3*g*x-2*b*d^2*e*g*m+7*b*d*e^2*f*m+8*b*d*e^2*g*x-12*b*e^3*f*x-2*c*d^2*e*f*m-6*c*d^2*e*g*x+8*c*d*e^2*f*x+12*a*d*e^2*g-24*a*e^3*f-8*b*d^2*e*g+12*b*d*e^2*f+6*c*d^3*g-8*c*d^2*e*f)
```

3.921. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

3.921.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 613 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 613, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ade^3 fm^3 + (ce^4 gm^3 + 6 ce^4 gm^2 + 11 ce^4 gm + 6 ce^4 g)x^4 + (8 ce^4 f + 8 be^4 g + (ce^4 f + (cde^3 + be^4)g)m^3 -$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (a*d*e^3*f*m^3 + (c*e^4*g*m^3 + 6*c*e^4*g*m^2 + 11*c*e^4*g*m + 6*c*e^4*g)*
x^4 + (8*c*e^4*f + 8*b*e^4*g + (c*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*g)*m^3 + (7*c*
e^4*f + (3*c*d*e^3 + 7*b*e^4)*g)*m^2 + 2*(7*c*e^4*f + (c*d*e^3 + 7*b*e^4)*
g)*m)*x^3 - (a*d^2*e^2*g + (b*d^2*e^2 - 9*a*d*e^3)*f)*m^2 + (12*b*e^4*f +
12*a*e^4*g + ((c*d*e^3 + b*e^4)*f + (b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*g)*m^3 + ((5*c*d*e^3
+ 8*b*e^4)*f - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*b*d*e^3 - 8*a*e^4)*g)*m^2 + ((4*c*d*e^3 +
19*b*e^4)*f - (3*c*d^2*e^2 - 4*b*d*e^3 - 19*a*e^4)*g)*m)*x^2 + 4*(2*c*d^3
*e - 3*b*d^2*e^2 + 6*a*d*e^3)*f - 2*(3*c*d^4 - 4*b*d^3*e + 6*a*d^2*e^2)*g
+ ((2*c*d^3*e - 7*b*d^2*e^2 + 26*a*d*e^3)*f + (2*b*d^3*e - 7*a*d^2*e^2)*g)
*m + (24*a*e^4*f + (a*d*e^3*g + (b*d*e^3 + a*e^4)*f)*m^3 - ((2*c*d^2*e^2 -
7*b*d*e^3 - 9*a*e^4)*f + (2*b*d^2*e^2 - 7*a*d*e^3)*g)*m^2 - 2*((4*c*d^2*e
^2 - 6*b*d*e^3 - 13*a*e^4)*f - (3*c*d^3*e - 4*b*d^2*e^2 + 6*a*d*e^3)*g)*m)
*x)*(e*x + d)^m/(e^4*m^4 + 10*e^4*m^3 + 35*e^4*m^2 + 50*e^4*m + 24*e^4)
```

3.921.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5930 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5930, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.18

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)
```

output `Piecewise((d**m*(a*f*x + a*g*x**2/2 + b*f*x**2/2 + b*g*x**3/3 + c*f*x**3/3 + c*g*x**4/4), Eq(e, 0)), (-a*d**2*g/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 2*a*e**3*f/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 3*a*e**3*g*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 2*b*d**2*e*g/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - b*d**2*f/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*b*d**2*g*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 3*b*e**3*f*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*b*e**3*g*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c*d**3*g*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 11*c*d**3*g/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 2*c*d**2*e*f/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c*d**2*e*g*x*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 27*c*d**2*e*g*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*c*d**2*f*x/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c*d**2*g*x**2*log(d/e + x)/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 18*c*d**2*g*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) - 6*c*e**3*f*x**2/(6*d**3*e**4 + 18*d**2*e**5*x + 18*d**6*x**2 + 6*e**7*x**3) + 6*c*e**...`

3.921.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m bf}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2} + \frac{(e^2(m+1)x^2 + demx - d^2)(ex + d)^m ag}{(m^2 + 3m + 2)e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(ex + d)^{m+1} af}{e(m+1)} + \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m cf}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)e^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)de^2 x^2 - 2d^2 emx + 2d^3)(ex + d)^m bg}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^3}$$

$$+ \frac{((m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)e^4 x^4 + (m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)de^3 x^3 - 3(m^2 + m)d^2 e^2 x^2 + 6d^3 emx - 6d^4)(ex + d)^m}{(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)e^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output (e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*b*f/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2) +
(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a*g/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2) +
(e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a*f/(e*(m + 1)) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d
*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*c*f/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*
e^3) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^
3)*(e*x + d)^m*b*g/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + ((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m +
6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*
d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*c*g/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^
4)
```

3.921.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1156 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1156, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.03

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output ((e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*g*m^3*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*f*m^3*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*c
*d*e^3*g*m^3*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*g*m^3*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*g*m^2
*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*f*m^3*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*f*m^3*x^2 + (e*x
+ d)^m*b*d*e^3*g*m^3*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*g*m^3*x^2 + 7*(e*x + d)^m*c*e
^4*f*m^2*x^3 + 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*g*m^2*x^3 + 7*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*g*m^2
*x^3 + 11*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*g*m*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*f*m^3*x + (e*x +
d)^m*a*e^4*f*m^3*x + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*g*m^3*x + 5*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*
f*m^2*x^2 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*f*m^2*x^2 - 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*g*m^2*
x^2 + 5*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*g*m^2*x^2 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*g*m^2*x^2 + 14
*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*f*m*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*g*m*x^3 + 14*(e*x + d)^
m*b*e^4*g*m*x^3 + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*g*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*f*m^3 -
2*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*f*m^2*x + 7*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*f*m^2*x + 9*(e*x +
d)^m*a*e^4*f*m^2*x - 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^2*g*m^2*x + 7*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*
e^3*g*m^2*x + 4*(e*x + d)^m*c*d*e^3*f*m*x^2 + 19*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*f*m*x^2
- 3*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*g*m*x^2 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*b*d*e^3*g*m*x^2 + 19*(e
*x + d)^m*a*e^4*g*m*x^2 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*c*e^4*f*x^3 + 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*e^4*
g*x^3 - (e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^2*f*m^2 + 9*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*f*m^2 - (e*x +
d)^m*a*d^2*e^2*g*m^2 - 8*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^2*e^2*f*m*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*b*d
*e^3*f*m*x + 26*(e*x + d)^m*a*e^4*f*m*x + 6*(e*x + d)^m*c*d^3*e*g*m*x - 8*
(e*x + d)^m*b*d^2*e^2*g*m*x + 12*(e*x + d)^m*a*d*e^3*g*m*x + 12*(e*x + ...
```

3.921.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx) (a+bx+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^m (24ade^3f - 6cd^4g + 8bd^3eg + 8cd^3ef - 12ad^2e^2g - 12bd^2e^2f + 9ade^3fm^2 + ade^3fm^3 + a^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 10m^2 + 4m + 4))}{e^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 10m^2 + 4m + 4)} + \frac{x(d+ex)^m (24ae^4f + 26ae^4fm + 9ae^4fm^2 + ae^4fm^3 + 7ade^3gm^2 + 7bde^3fm^2 + ade^3gm^3 + b^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 10m^2 + 4m + 4))}{e^4(m^4 + 10m^3 + 10m^2 + 4m + 4)} + \frac{x^2(m+1)(d+ex)^m (12ae^2g + 12be^2f + 7ae^2gm + 7be^2fm - 3cd^2gm + ae^2gm^2 + be^2fm^2 + 4e^2(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24))}{e^2(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)} + \frac{cgx^4(d+ex)^m (m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24} + \frac{x^3(d+ex)^m (m^2 + 3m + 2) (4beg + 4cef + begm + cdgm + cefm)}{e(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)}$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`

```
output ((d + e*x)^m*(24*a*d*e^3*f - 6*c*d^4*g + 8*b*d^3*e*g + 8*c*d^3*e*f - 12*a*d^2*e^2*g - 12*b*d^2*e^2*f + 9*a*d*e^3*f*m^2 + a*d*e^3*f*m^3 - 7*a*d^2*e^2*g*m - 7*b*d^2*e^2*f*m - a*d^2*e^2*g*m^2 - b*d^2*e^2*f*m^2 + 26*a*d*e^3*f*m + 2*b*d^3*e*g*m + 2*c*d^3*e*f*m))/(e^4*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(24*a*e^4*f + 26*a*e^4*f*m + 9*a*e^4*f*m^2 + a*e^4*f*m^3 + 7*a*d*e^3*g*m^2 + 7*b*d*e^3*f*m^2 + a*d*e^3*g*m^3 + b*d*e^3*f*m^3 - 8*b*d^2*e^2*g*m - 8*c*d^2*e^2*f*m - 2*b*d^2*e^2*g*m^2 - 2*c*d^2*e^2*f*m^2 + 12*a*d*e^3*g*m + 12*b*d*e^3*f*m + 6*c*d^3*e*g*m))/(e^4*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (x^2*(m + 1)*(d + e*x)^m*(12*a*e^2*g + 12*b*e^2*f + 7*a*e^2*g*m + 7*b*e^2*f*m - 3*c*d^2*g*m + a*e^2*g*m^2 + b*e^2*f*m^2 + 4*b*d*e*g*m + 4*c*d*e*f*m + b*d*e*g*m^2 + c*d*e*f*m^2))/(e^2*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24)) + (c*g*x^4*(d + e*x)^m*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (x^3*(d + e*x)^m*(3*m + m^2 + 2)*(4*b*e*g + 4*c*e*f + b*e*g*m + c*d*g*m + c*e*f*m))/(e*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))
```

3.922 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx$

3.922.1 Optimal result 6808
 3.922.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6808
 3.922.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6809
 3.922.4 Maple [F] 6810
 3.922.5 Fricas [F] 6810
 3.922.6 Sympy [F] 6810
 3.922.7 Maxima [F] 6811
 3.922.8 Giac [F] 6811
 3.922.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6811

3.922.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx = -\frac{(cef+cdg-beg)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^2g^2(1+m)} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^2g(2+m)} + \frac{(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg}\right)}{g^2(ef-dg)(1+m)}$$

```
output -(-b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^2/g^2/(1+m)+c*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^2/g/(2+m)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],-g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(1+m)
```

3.922.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{beg-c(ef+dg)}{e^2(1+m)} + \frac{cg(d+ex)}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{(cf^2+g(-bf+ag)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg}\right)}{(ef-dg)(1+m)} \right)}{g^2}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((b*e*g - c*(e*f + d*g))/(e^2*(1 + m)) + (c*g*(d + e*x))/(e^2*(2 + m)) + ((c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)]/((e*f - d*g)*(1 + m)))/g^2`

3.922.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^m (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)}{g^2(f + gx)} + \frac{(d + ex)^m (beg - c(dg + ef))}{eg^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+1}}{eg} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg} \right)}{g^2(m+1)(ef-dg)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (beg - c(dg + ef))}{e^2 g^2 (m+1)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+2}}{e^2 g (m+2)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x),x]`

output `((b*e*g - c*(e*f + d*g))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^2*g^2*(1 + m)) + (c*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^2*g*(2 + m)) + ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(g^2*(e*f - d*g)*(1 + m))`

3.922.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.922.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{gx + f} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x)
```

3.922.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{gx + f} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)
```

3.922.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{f + gx} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(f + g*x), x)
```

3.922. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx$

3.922.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.922.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.922.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)}{f+gx} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x), x)`

3.923 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

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3.923.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{c(d+ex)^{1+m}}{eg^2(1+m)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m}}{(ef-dg)(f+gx)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cf(2dg-ef(2+m)) - g(aegm + b(dg-ef(1+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg}\right)}{g^2(ef-dg)^2(1+m)}$$

output `c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e/g^2/(1+m)+(a+f*(-b*g+c*f)/g^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)+(c*f*(2*d*g-e*f*(2+m))-g*(a*e*g*m+b*(d*g-e*f*(1+m))))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],-g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(1+m)`

3.923.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(c(ef-dg)^2 - e(2cf-bg)(ef-dg) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg}\right) + e^2(cf-bg) \right)}{eg^2(ef-dg)^2(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

3.923. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

```
output ((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2 - e*(2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)] + e^2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)]))/(e*g^2*(e*f - d*g)^(1 + m))
```

3.923.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 90, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{(f + gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (-ce(m+1)f^2 + cdgf - aeg^2m - bg(dg - ef(m+1)) - c(d - \frac{ef}{g})g^2x)}{g^2(f+gx)} dx}{ef - dg} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf - bg)}{g^2} \right)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (-ce(m+1)f^2 + cdgf + beg(m+1)f - bdg^2 - aeg^2m + cg(ef - dg)x)}{f+gx} dx}{g^2(ef - dg)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf - bg)}{g^2} \right)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{\frac{c(ef - dg)(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} - (gae m + bdg - bef(m+1)) - cf(2dg - ef(m+2))}{g^2(ef - dg)} \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{f+gx} dx + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf - bg)}{g^2} \right)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{\frac{c(ef - dg)(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef - dg}\right)(gae m + bdg - bef(m+1)) - cf(2dg - ef(m+2))}{(m+1)(ef - dg)}}{g^2(ef - dg)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf - bg)}{g^2} \right)}{(f + gx)(ef - dg)}$$

3.923. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

output `((a + (f*(c*f - b*g))/g^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) + ((c*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e*(1 + m)) - ((g*(b*d*g + a*e*g*m - b*e*f*(1 + m)) - c*f*(2*d*g - e*f*(2 + m)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -((g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g))])/((e*f - d*g)*(1 + m))/(g^2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.923.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 1193 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

3.923.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^2,x)`

3.923.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2), x)`

3.923.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.923.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^2, x)`

3.923.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^2, x)`

3.923.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^2, x)`

3.924 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

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 3.924.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6822

3.924.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m}}{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2} + \frac{(cf(4dg-ef(3+m)) + g(aeg(1-m) - b(2dg-ef(1+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2g^2(ef-dg)^2(f+gx)} + \frac{(c(2d^2g^2 - 4defg(1+m) + e^2f^2(2+3m+m^2)) - egm(aeg(1-m) - b(2dg-ef(1+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2g^2(ef-dg)^3(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/2*(a+f*(-b*g+c*f)/g^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)^2+1/2*(c*f*(4*d*g-e*f*(3+m))+g*(a*e*g*(1-m)-b*(2*d*g-e*f*(1+m))))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)+1/2*(c*(2*d^2*g^2-4*d*e*f*g*(1+m)+e^2*f^2*(m^2+3*m+2))-e*g*m*(a*e*g*(1-m)-b*(2*d*g-e*f*(1+m))))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],-g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^2/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(1+m)
```


3.924.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(c(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg} \right) + e \left(-((2cf-bg)(ef-dg) \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^3,x]`output `-(((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-e*f) + d*g]) + e*(-((2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-e*f) + d*g])) + e*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-e*f) + d*g])))/(g^2*(-(e*f) + d*g)^3*(1 + m))`**3.924.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1193$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \left(-2c \left(d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) x g^2 - (2bdg - ae(1-m)g - bef(m+1))g + cf(2dg - ef(m+1)) \right)}{g^2(f+gx)^2} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2} \right)}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cf(2dg-ef(m+1)) - g(2bdg-ae(1-m)g - bef(m+1)) + 2cg(ef-dg)x)}{(f+gx)^2} dx + \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2} \right)}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

3.924. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

↓ 87

$$\frac{(egm(-aeg(1-m)+2bdg-bef(m+1))+c(2d^2g^2-4defg(m+1)+e^2f^2(m^2+3m+2))) \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{f+gx} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(g(-aeg(1-m)+2bdg-bef(m+1))+c(2d^2g^2-4defg(m+1)+e^2f^2(m^2+3m+2)))}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)}}{ef-dg} - \frac{2g^2(ef-dg)}{(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)} \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2} \right)}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg}\right) (egm(-aeg(1-m)+2bdg-bef(m+1))+c(2d^2g^2-4defg(m+1)+e^2f^2(m^2+3m+2)))}{(m+1)(ef-dg)^2} - \frac{2g^2(ef-dg)}{(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)} \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{f(cf-bg)}{g^2} \right)}{2(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^3,x]`

output `((a + (f*(c*f - b*g))/g^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(2*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^2) + (-(((g*(2*b*d*g - a*e*g*(1 - m) - b*e*f*(1 + m)) - c*f*(4*d*g - e*f*(3 + m)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/((e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x))) + ((e*g*m*(2*b*d*g - a*e*g*(1 - m) - b*e*f*(1 + m)) + c*(2*d^2*g^2 - 4*d*e*f*g*(1 + m) + e^2*f^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/((e*f - d*g)^2*(1 + m)))/(2*g^2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.924.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

3.924.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^3,x)`

3.924.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)}{(f + gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g^3*x^3 + 3*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*f^2*g*x + f^3), x)`

3.924.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(f + g*x)**3, x)`

3.924.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^3, x)`

3.924.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^3, x)`

3.924.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^3,x)`output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(f + g*x)^3, x)`

3.925 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

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3.925.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 525

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2 (ef - dg)^2 (d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^7(1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{2(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(ef - dg)(cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(bef - 2bdg + aeg))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^7(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2d^2(6e^2f^2 - 20defg + 15d^2g^2) + e^2(a^2e^2g^2 + 2abeg(2ef - 3dg) + b^2(e^2f^2 - 6defg + 6d^2g^2)) + 2ce(d^2f + dg^2))}{e^7(3 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(be^2g(bef - 2bdg + aeg) - 2c^2d(e^2f^2 - 5defg + 5d^2g^2) + ce(2aeg(ef - 2dg) + b(e^2f^2 - 8defg + 10d^2g^2)))}{e^7(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2e^2g^2 + 2ceg(2bef - 5bdg + aeg) + c^2(e^2f^2 - 10defg + 15d^2g^2))(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^7(5 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2cg(cef - 3cdg + beg)(d + ex)^{6+m}}{e^7(6 + m)} + \frac{c^2g^2(d + ex)^{7+m}}{e^7(7 + m)}$$

```
output (a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2*(-d*g+e*f)^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^7/(1+m)-2*(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(-d*g+e*f)*(c*d*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^7/(2+m)+(c^2*d^2*(15*d^2*g^2-20*d*e*f*g+6*e^2*f^2)+e^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2+2*a*b*e*g*(-3*d*g+2*e*f)+b^2*(6*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))+2*c*e*(a*e*(6*d^2*g^2-6*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)-b*d*(10*d^2*g^2-12*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)))*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^7/(3+m)+2*(b*e^2*g*(a*e*g-2*b*d*g+b*e*f)-2*c^2*d*(5*d^2*g^2-5*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)+c*e*(2*a*e*g*(-2*d*g+e*f)+b*(10*d^2*g^2-8*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)))*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^7/(4+m)+(b^2*e^2*g^2+2*c*e*g*(a*e*g-5*b*d*g+2*b*e*f)+c^2*(15*d^2*g^2-10*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2))*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^7/(5+m)+2*c*g*(b*e*g-3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^7/(6+m)+c^2*g^2*(e*x+d)^(7+m)/e^7/(7+m)
```

3.925.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))^2 (ef-dg)^2}{1+m} - \frac{2(cd^2+e(-bd+ae))(-ef+dg)(cd(-2ef+3dg)+e(bef-2bdg+ae))(d+ex)}{2+m} + \frac{(c^2d^2(6e^2f^2-g^2)+2cde(2ef-dg)(ef-dg)+e^2d^2(ef-dg)^2)(d+ex)^2}{3+m} + \frac{2c^2d(2ef-dg)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^3}{4+m} + \frac{c^2d^2(6e^2f^2-g^2)(d+ex)^4}{5+m} + \frac{2c^2d(2ef-dg)(ef-dg)(d+ex)^5}{6+m} + \frac{c^2d^2(6e^2f^2-g^2)(d+ex)^6}{7+m} \right)}{e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(((c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))^2*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(1 + m) -
  (2*(c*d^2 + e*(-(b*d) + a*e))*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(c*d*(-2*e*f + 3*d*g) + e*(b
  *e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(d + e*x))/(2 + m) + ((c^2*d^2*(6*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*
  e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2) + e^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*b*e*g*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) + b^2*(
  e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2)) + 2*c*e*(b*d*(-3*e^2*f^2 + 12*d*e*f*g -
  10*d^2*g^2) + a*e*(e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2)))*(d + e*x)^2)/(3 + m)
  + (2*(b*e^2*g*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g) - 2*c^2*d*(e^2*f^2 - 5*d*e*f*g +
  5*d^2*g^2) + c*e*(2*a*e*g*(e*f - 2*d*g) + b*(e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 10*d^2*
  g^2)))*(d + e*x)^3)/(4 + m) + ((b^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*e*g*(2*b*e*f - 5*b*d*g +
  a*e*g) + c^2*(e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*(d + e*x)^4)/(5 + m) +
  (2*c*g*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^5)/(6 + m) + (c^2*g^2*(d + e*x)
  ^6)/(7 + m))/e^7
```

3.925.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^m dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (e^2(a^2e^2g^2 + 2abeg(2ef - 3dg) + b^2(6d^2g^2 - 6defg + e^2f^2)) + 2ce(ae(6d^2g^2 - 6defg + e^2f^2))}{e^6} \right) dx$$

3.925. $\int (d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2 (a+bx+cx^2)^2 dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+3} (e^2(a^2e^2g^2 + 2abeg(2ef - 3dg) + b^2(6d^2g^2 - 6defg + e^2f^2)) + 2ce(ae(6d^2g^2 - 6defg + e^2f^2) - bd)}{e^{7(m+3)}} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+5} (2ceg(aeg - 5bdg + 2bef) + b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(15d^2g^2 - 10defg + e^2f^2))}{e^{7(m+5)}} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{m+4} (ce(2aeg(ef - 2dg) + b(10d^2g^2 - 8defg + e^2f^2)) + be^2g(aeg - 2bdg + bef) - 2c^2d(5d^2g^2 - 5defg))}{e^{7(m+4)}} - \frac{(ef - dg)^2(d + ex)^{m+1} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2}{e^{7(m+1)}} - \frac{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{m+2} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2) (cd(2ef - 3dg) - e(aeg - 2bdg + bef))}{e^{7(m+2)}} + \frac{2cg(d + ex)^{m+6} (beg - 3cdg + cef)}{e^{7(m+6)}} + \frac{c^2g^2(d + ex)^{m+7}}{e^{7(m+7)}}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

```
output ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^7*(1 + m)) - (2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(e*f - d*g)*(c*d*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) - e*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^7*(2 + m)) + ((c^2*d^2*(6*e^2*f^2 - 20*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2) + e^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*a*b*e*g*(2*e*f - 3*d*g) + b^2*(e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2)) + 2*c*e*(a*e*(e^2*f^2 - 6*d*e*f*g + 6*d^2*g^2) - b*d*(3*e^2*f^2 - 12*d*e*f*g + 10*d^2*g^2)))*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^7*(3 + m)) + (2*(b*e^2*g*(b*e*f - 2*b*d*g + a*e*g) - 2*c^2*d*(e^2*f^2 - 5*d*e*f*g + 5*d^2*g^2) + c*e*(2*a*e*g*(e*f - 2*d*g) + b*(e^2*f^2 - 8*d*e*f*g + 10*d^2*g^2)))*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^7*(4 + m)) + ((b^2*e^2*g^2 + 2*c*e*g*(2*b*e*f - 5*b*d*g + a*e*g) + c^2*(e^2*f^2 - 10*d*e*f*g + 15*d^2*g^2))*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^7*(5 + m)) + (2*c*g*(c*e*f - 3*c*d*g + b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^7*(6 + m)) + (c^2*g^2*(d + e*x)^(7 + m))/(e^7*(7 + m))
```

3.925.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

3.925. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.925.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4652 vs. $2(525) = 1050$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4653, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.86

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	4653
gospers	Expression too large to display	5890
risch	Expression too large to display	7342
parallemrisch	Expression too large to display	10811

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
d*(a^2*e^6*f^2*m^6-2*a^2*d*e^5*f*g*m^5+27*a^2*e^6*f^2*m^5-2*a*b*d*e^5*f^2*m^5+2*a^2*d^2*e^4*g^2*m^4-50*a^2*d*e^5*f*g*m^4+295*a^2*e^6*f^2*m^4+8*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*g*m^4-50*a*b*d*e^5*f^2*m^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^4+2*b^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^4+44*a^2*d^2*e^4*g^2*m^3-490*a^2*d*e^5*f*g*m^3+1665*a^2*e^6*f^2*m^3-12*a*b*d^3*e^3*g^2*m^3+176*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*g*m^3-490*a*b*d*e^5*f^2*m^3-24*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*g*m^3+88*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^3-12*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*g*m^3+44*b^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^3-12*b*c*d^3*e^3*f^2*m^3+358*a^2*d^2*e^4*g^2*m^2-2350*a^2*d*e^5*f*g*m^2+5104*a^2*e^6*f^2*m^2-216*a*b*d^3*e^3*g^2*m^2+1432*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*g*m^2-2350*a*b*d*e^5*f^2*m^2+48*a*c*d^4*e^2*g^2*m^2-432*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*g*m^2+716*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^2+24*b^2*d^4*e^2*g^2*m^2-216*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*g*m^2+358*b^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*m^2+96*b*c*d^4*e^2*f*g*m^2-216*b*c*d^3*e^3*f^2*m^2+24*c^2*d^4*e^2*f^2*m^2+1276*a^2*d^2*e^4*g^2*m-5508*a^2*d*e^5*f*g*m+8028*a^2*e^6*f^2*m-1284*a*b*d^3*e^3*g^2*m+5104*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*g*m-5508*a*b*d*e^5*f^2*m+624*a*c*d^4*e^2*g^2*m-2568*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*g*m+2552*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^2*m+312*b^2*d^4*e^2*g^2*m-1284*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*g*m+1276*b^2*d^2*e^4*f^2*m-240*b*c*d^5*e*g^2*m+1248*b*c*d^4*e^2*f*g*m-1284*b*c*d^3*e^3*f^2*m-240*c^2*d^5*e*f*g*m+312*c^2*d^4*e^2*f^2*m+1680*a^2*d^2*e^4*g^2-5040*a^2*d*e^5*f*g+5040*a^2*e^6*f^2-2520*a*b*d^3*e^3*g^2+6720*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*g-5040*a*b*d*e^5*f^2+2016*a*c*d^4*e^2*g^2-5040*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*g+3360*a*c*d^2*e^4*f^2+1008*b^2*d^4*e^2*g^2-2520*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*g+1680*b^2*d^2*e^4*f^2-1680*b*c*d^5*e*g^2+4032*b*c*d...
```

3.925.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4747 vs. $2(525) = 1050$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4747, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.04

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a^2*d*e^6*f^2*m^6 + (c^2*e^7*g^2*m^6 + 21*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^5 + 175*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^4 + 735*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^3 + 1624*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^2 + 1764*c^2*e^7*g^2*m + 720*c^2*e^7*g^2)*x^7 + (1680*c^2*e^7*f*g + 1680*b*c*e^7*g^2 + (2*c^2*e^7*f*g + (c^2*d*e^6 + 2*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m^6 + (44*c^2*e^7*f*g + (15*c^2*d*e^6 + 44*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m^5 + 5*(76*c^2*e^7*f*g + (17*c^2*d*e^6 + 76*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m^4 + 5*(328*c^2*e^7*f*g + (45*c^2*d*e^6 + 328*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m^3 + 2*(1849*c^2*e^7*f*g + (137*c^2*d*e^6 + 1849*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m^2 + 4*(1019*c^2*e^7*f*g + (30*c^2*d*e^6 + 1019*b*c*e^7)*g^2)*m)*x^6 - (2*a^2*d^2*e^5*f*g + (2*a*b*d^2*e^5 - 27*a^2*d*e^6)*f^2)*m^5 + (1008*c^2*e^7*f^2 + 4032*b*c*e^7*f*g + 1008*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7*g^2 + (c^2*e^7*f^2 + 2*(c^2*d*e^6 + 2*b*c*e^7)*f*g + (2*b*c*d*e^6 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m^6 + (23*c^2*e^7*f^2 + 2*(17*c^2*d*e^6 + 46*b*c*e^7)*f*g - (6*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 34*b*c*d*e^6 - 23*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m^5 + 3*(69*c^2*e^7*f^2 + 2*(35*c^2*d*e^6 + 138*b*c*e^7)*f*g - (20*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 70*b*c*d*e^6 - 69*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m^4 + 5*(185*c^2*e^7*f^2 + 2*(59*c^2*d*e^6 + 370*b*c*e^7)*f*g - (42*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 118*b*c*d*e^6 - 185*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m^3 + 4*(536*c^2*e^7*f^2 + (187*c^2*d*e^6 + 2144*b*c*e^7)*f*g - (75*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 187*b*c*d*e^6 - 536*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m^2 + 12*(201*c^2*e^7*f^2 + 4*(7*c^2*d*e^6 + 201*b*c*e^7)*f*g - (12*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 28*b*c*d*e^6 - 201*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^7)*g^2)*m)*x^5 + (2*a^2*d^3*e^4*g^2 - (50*a*b*d^2*e^5 - 295*a^2*d*e^6 - 2*(b^2 ...`

3.925.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74400 vs. $2(537) = 1074$.

Time = 11.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74400, normalized size of antiderivative = 141.71

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((d**m*(a**2*f**2*x + a**2*f*g*x**2 + a**2*g**2*x**3/3 + a*b*f**2*x**2 + 4*a*b*f*g*x**3/3 + a*b*g**2*x**4/2 + 2*a*c*f**2*x**3/3 + a*c*f*g*x**4 + 2*a*c*g**2*x**5/5 + b**2*f**2*x**3/3 + b**2*f*g*x**4/2 + b**2*g**2*x**5/5 + b*c*f**2*x**4/2 + 4*b*c*f*g*x**5/5 + b*c*g**2*x**6/3 + c**2*f**2*x**5/5 + c**2*f*g*x**6/3 + c**2*g**2*x**7/7), Eq(e, 0)), (-a**2*d**2*e**4*g**2/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 4*a**2*d*e**5*f*g/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 6*a**2*d*e**5*g**2*x/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 10*a**2*e**6*f**2/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 24*a**2*e**6*f*g*x/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 15*a**2*e**6*g**2*x**2/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 2*a*b*d**3*e**3*g**2/(60*d**6*e**7 + 360*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6) - 4*a*b*d**2*e**4*f*g/(60*d**6*e**...`

3.925.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2034 vs. $2(525) = 1050$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2034, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

2*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*f^2/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e
^2) + 2*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*f*g/((m^2 + 3*m
+ 2)*e^2) + (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a^2*f^2/(e*(m + 1)) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x
^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*f^2/((m^3
+ 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^
2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*f^2/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3
) + 4*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3
)*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*f*g/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^
3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*g^2/((m
^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 +
3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(
e*x + d)^m*b*c*f^2/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 2*((m^3 + 6
*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2
*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*f*g/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^
2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 4*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 +
2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)
^m*a*c*f*g/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 1
1*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2
+ 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*g^2/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m
+ 24)*e^4) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m...

```

3.925.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10486 vs. $2(525) = 1050$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10486, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.97

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^6*x^7 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*f*g*m^6*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*g^2*m^6*x^6 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*g^2*m^6*x^6 + 21*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^5*x^7 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*f^2*m^6*x^5 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*f*g*m^6*x^5 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*f*g*m^6*x^5 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^6*g^2*m^6*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^7*g^2*m^6*x^5 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^7*g^2*m^6*x^5 + 44*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*f*g*m^5*x^6 + 15*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*g^2*m^5*x^6 + 44*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*g^2*m^5*x^6 + 175*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^4*x^7 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*f^2*m^6*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*f^2*m^6*x^4 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^6*f*g*m^6*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^7*f*g*m^6*x^4 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^7*f*g*m^6*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*d*e^6*g^2*m^6*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^6*g^2*m^6*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*e^7*g^2*m^6*x^4 + 23*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*f^2*m^5*x^5 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*f*g*m^5*x^5 + 92*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*f*g*m^5*x^5 - 6*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^5*g^2*m^5*x^5 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^6*g^2*m^5*x^5 + 23*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^7*g^2*m^5*x^5 + 46*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^7*g^2*m^5*x^5 + 380*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*f*g*m^4*x^6 + 85*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^6*g^2*m^4*x^6 + 380*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^7*g^2*m^4*x^6 + 735*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^7*g^2*m^3*x^7 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^6*f^2*m^6*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^7*f^2*m^6*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^7*f^2*m^6*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*d*e^6*f*g*m^6*x^3 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^6*f*g*m^6*x^3 + 4*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*e^7*f*g*m^6*x^3 + ...
```

3.925.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4871, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.28

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((d + ex)^m (720c^2d^7g^2 + 5040a^2de^6f^2 + 1680a^2d^3e^4g^2 \\
& + 1680b^2d^3e^4f^2 + 1008b^2d^5e^2g^2 + 1008c^2d^5e^2f^2 - 168 \\
& 0bbc^2d^6e^2g^2 - 1680c^2d^6e^2fg + 358a^2d^3e^4g^2m^2 + 358b^2d \\
& ^3e^4f^2m^2 + 44a^2d^3e^4g^2m^3 + 44b^2d^3e^4f^2m^3 + 2a^2d \\
& ^3e^4g^2m^4 + 2b^2d^3e^4f^2m^4 + 24b^2d^5e^2g^2m^2 + 24c^2d \\
& ^5e^2f^2m^2 - 5040a^2bd^2e^5f^2 - 2520a^2bd^4e^3g^2 + 3360a^2cd^ \\
& ^3e^4f^2 + 2016a^2cd^5e^2g^2 - 2520b^2cd^4e^3f^2 - 5040a^2d^2e^5 \\
& fg - 2520b^2d^4e^3fg + 8028a^2de^6f^2m + 5104a^2de^6f^2m^2 \\
& + 1665a^2de^6f^2m^3 + 295a^2de^6f^2m^4 + 27a^2de^6f^2m^5 \\
& + a^2de^6f^2m^6 + 1276a^2d^3e^4g^2m + 1276b^2d^3e^4f^2m + 31 \\
& 2b^2d^5e^2g^2m + 312c^2d^5e^2f^2m - 2350a^2bd^2e^5f^2m^2 - 4 \\
& 90a^2bd^2e^5f^2m^3 - 50a^2bd^2e^5f^2m^4 - 2a^2bd^2e^5f^2m^5 - \\
& 216a^2bd^4e^3g^2m^2 + 716a^2cd^3e^4f^2m^2 - 12a^2bd^4e^3g^2m^3 \\
& + 88a^2cd^3e^4f^2m^3 + 4a^2cd^3e^4f^2m^4 + 48a^2cd^5e^2g^2m^2 \\
& - 216b^2cd^4e^3f^2m^2 - 12b^2cd^4e^3f^2m^3 - 2350a^2d^2e^5fg \\
& m^2 - 490a^2d^2e^5fgm^3 - 50a^2d^2e^5fgm^4 - 2a^2d^2e^5fg \\
& m^5 - 216b^2d^4e^3fgm^2 - 12b^2d^4e^3fgm^3 + 6720a^2bd^3e^ \\
& 4fg - 5040a^2cd^4e^3fg + 4032b^2cd^5e^2fg - 240b^2cd^6e^2g^2m \\
& - 240c^2d^6e^2fgm - 5508a^2bd^2e^5f^2m - 1284a^2bd^4e^3g^2m + \\
& 2552a^2cd^3e^4f^2m + 624a^2cd^5e^2g^2m - 1284b^2cd^4e^3f^2m \dots
\end{aligned}$$

3.926 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx$

3.926.1 Optimal result	6832
3.926.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	6833
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3.926.4 Maple [B] (verified)	6835
3.926.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	6836
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3.926.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	6840

3.926.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)^2 (ef - dg)(d + ex)^{1+m}}{e^6(1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(cd^2 - bde + ae^2)(cd(4ef - 5dg) - e(2bef - 3bdg + aeg))(d + ex)^{2+m}}{e^6(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(2c^2d^2(3ef - 5dg) + be^2(bef - 3bdg + 2aeg) + 2ce(ae(ef - 3dg) - 3bd(ef - 2dg)))(d + ex)^{3+m}}{e^6(3 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2e^2g - 2c^2d(2ef - 5dg) + 2ce(bef - 4bdg + aeg))(d + ex)^{4+m}}{e^6(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(cef - 5cdg + 2beg)(d + ex)^{5+m}}{e^6(5 + m)} + \frac{c^2g(d + ex)^{6+m}}{e^6(6 + m)}$$

output

```
(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)^2*(-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^6/(1+m)-(a*e^2-b*d*e+c*d^2)*(c*d*(-5*d*g+4*e*f)-e*(a*e*g-3*b*d*g+2*b*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^6/(2+m)+(2*c^2*d^2*(-5*d*g+3*e*f)+b*e^2*(2*a*e*g-3*b*d*g+b*e*f)+2*c*e*(a*e*(-3*d*g+e*f)-3*b*d*(-2*d*g+e*f)))*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^6/(3+m)+(b^2*e^2*g-2*c^2*d*(-5*d*g+2*e*f)+2*c*e*(a*e*g-4*b*d*g+b*e*f))*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^6/(4+m)+c*(2*b*e*g-5*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(5+m)/e^6/(5+m)+c^2*g*(e*x+d)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)
```

3.926.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 655 vs. $2(311) = 622$.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \left((a + x(b + cx))^2 (2beg + c(-5dg + ef(6 + m) + eg(5 + m)x)) + \frac{2 \left((cd^2 + e(-bd + ae)) (b^3 e^3 g (3 + 4m + m^2) + 12c^3 d^2 (-5d^*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - b*c*e^2*(1 + m)*(b*d*g*(-6 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(9 + 2*m)) + 2*c^2*e*(-3*b*d*(d*g*(-9 + m) + 2*e*f*(6 + m)) + 2*a*e*(d*g*(-15 + m + m^2) + e*f*(24 + 10*m + m^2))) \right)}{(e^{2*(1 + m)} + ((b^4*e^4*g*(6 + 5*m + m^2) + 12*c^4*d^3*(5*d*g - e*f*(6 + m)) - b^2*c*e^3*(2 + m)*(b*e*f*(6 + m) + b*d*g*(-3 + 2*m) + a*e*g*(21 + 5*m)) + 2*c^3*d*e*(3*b*d*(d*g*(-14 + m) + 3*e*f*(6 + m)) - 2*a*e*(d*g*(-30 - 4*m + m^2) + e*f*(42 + 19*m + 2*m^2))) + c^2*e^2*(4*a^2*e^2*g*(15 + 8*m + m^2) + b^2*d*(d*g*(6 - 13*m + m^2) + 2*e*f*(-6 + 5*m + m^2)) + 2*a*b*e*(e*f*(42 + 19*m + 2*m^2) + d*g*(-18 + 11*m + 4*m^2))) * (d + e*x)) / (e^{2*(2 + m)} - (c*e*(4 + m)*(b*d*(-5*c*d + 2*b*e)*g - 2*a*c*d*e*g*m + a*b*e^2*g*(1 + m) + c*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*f*(6 + m)) - (3*c*d - b*e)*(b^2*e^2*g*(3 + m) + 2*c^2*d*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - c*e*(b*d*g*(-4 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(5 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m))) + c*e*(3 + m)*(b^2*e^2*g*(3 + m) + 2*c^2*d*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - c*e*(b*d*g*(-4 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(5 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m))) * x) * (a + x*(b + c*x)) \right)}{(c*e^2*(3 + m)*(4 + m))} \right) / (c*e^2*(5 + m)*(6 + m))$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((a + x*(b + c*x))^2*(2*b*e*g + c*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m) + e*g*(5 + m)*x)) + (2*((c*d^2 + e*(-b*d) + a*e))*(b^3*e^3*g*(3 + 4*m + m^2) + 12*c^3*d^2*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - b*c*e^2*(1 + m)*(b*d*g*(-6 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(9 + 2*m)) + 2*c^2*e*(-3*b*d*(d*g*(-9 + m) + 2*e*f*(6 + m)) + 2*a*e*(d*g*(-15 + m + m^2) + e*f*(24 + 10*m + m^2)))))/(e^2*(1 + m) + ((b^4*e^4*g*(6 + 5*m + m^2) + 12*c^4*d^3*(5*d*g - e*f*(6 + m)) - b^2*c*e^3*(2 + m)*(b*e*f*(6 + m) + b*d*g*(-3 + 2*m) + a*e*g*(21 + 5*m)) + 2*c^3*d*e*(3*b*d*(d*g*(-14 + m) + 3*e*f*(6 + m)) - 2*a*e*(d*g*(-30 - 4*m + m^2) + e*f*(42 + 19*m + 2*m^2))) + c^2*e^2*(4*a^2*e^2*g*(15 + 8*m + m^2) + b^2*d*(d*g*(6 - 13*m + m^2) + 2*e*f*(-6 + 5*m + m^2)) + 2*a*b*e*(e*f*(42 + 19*m + 2*m^2) + d*g*(-18 + 11*m + 4*m^2))))*(d + e*x))/(e^2*(2 + m) - (c*e*(4 + m)*(b*d*(-5*c*d + 2*b*e)*g - 2*a*c*d*e*g*m + a*b*e^2*g*(1 + m) + c*e*(b*d - 2*a*e)*f*(6 + m)) - (3*c*d - b*e)*(b^2*e^2*g*(3 + m) + 2*c^2*d*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - c*e*(b*d*g*(-4 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(5 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m))) + c*e*(3 + m)*(b^2*e^2*g*(3 + m) + 2*c^2*d*(-5*d*g + e*f*(6 + m)) - c*e*(b*d*g*(-4 + m) + 2*a*e*g*(5 + m) + b*e*f*(6 + m))) * x) * (a + x*(b + c*x)))/(c*e^2*(3 + m)*(4 + m)))/(c*e^2*(5 + m)*(6 + m))
```


3.926.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1195$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(d + ex)^{m+3} (2ce(aeg - 4bdg + bef) + b^2e^2g - 2c^2d(2ef - 5dg))}{e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+2} (2ce(ae(ef - 3dg) - 3bd(e - dg)))}{e^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+4} (2ce(aeg - 4bdg + bef) + b^2e^2g - 2c^2d(2ef - 5dg))}{e^6(m + 4)} + \frac{(d + ex)^{m+3} (2ce(ae(ef - 3dg) - 3bd(e - dg)) + be^2(2aeg - 3bdg + bef) + 2c^2d^2(3ef - 5dg))}{e^6(m + 3)} + \frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{m+1} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2)^2}{e^6(m + 1)} - \frac{(d + ex)^{m+2} (ae^2 - bde + cd^2) (cd(4ef - 5dg) - e(aeg - 3bdg + 2bef))}{e^6(m + 2)} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{m+5} (2beg - 5cdg + cef)}{e^6(m + 5)} + \frac{c^2g(d + ex)^{m+6}}{e^6(m + 6)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)^2*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^6*(1 + m)) - ((c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*(c*d*(4*e*f - 5*d*g) - e*(2*b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^6*(2 + m)) + ((2*c^2*d^2*(3*e*f - 5*d*g) + b*e^2*(b*e*f - 3*b*d*g + 2*a*e*g) + 2*c*e*(a*e*(e*f - 3*d*g) - 3*b*d*(e*f - 2*d*g)))*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^6*(3 + m)) + ((b^2*e^2*g - 2*c^2*d*(2*e*f - 5*d*g) + 2*c*e*(b*e*f - 4*b*d*g + a*e*g))*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^6*(4 + m)) + (c*(c*e*f - 5*c*d*g + 2*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(5 + m))/(e^6*(5 + m)) + (c^2*g*(d + e*x)^(6 + m))/(e^6*(6 + m))`

3.926.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.926.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2148 vs. $2(311) = 622$.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2149, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

method	result	size
norman	Expression too large to display	2149
gosper	Expression too large to display	2563
risch	Expression too large to display	3326
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display	5114

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

g*c^2/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(2*a*c*e^2*g*m^2+b^2*e^2*g*m^2+2*b*c*d*e*
g*m^2+2*b*c*e^2*f*m^2+c^2*d*e*f*m^2+22*a*c*e^2*g*m+11*b^2*e^2*g*m+12*b*c*d
*e*g*m+22*b*c*e^2*f*m-5*c^2*d^2*g*m+6*c^2*d*e*f*m+60*a*c*e^2*g+30*b^2*e^2*
g+60*b*c*e^2*f)/e^2/(m^3+15*m^2+74*m+120)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(2*a*b*e^3*
g*m^3+2*a*c*d*e^2*g*m^3+2*a*c*e^3*f*m^3+b^2*d*e^2*g*m^3+b^2*e^3*f*m^3+2*b*
c*d*e^2*f*m^3+30*a*b*e^3*g*m^2+22*a*c*d*e^2*g*m^2+30*a*c*e^3*f*m^2+11*b^2*
d*e^2*g*m^2+15*b^2*e^3*f*m^2-8*b*c*d^2*e*g*m^2+22*b*c*d*e^2*f*m^2-4*c^2*d^
2*e*f*m^2+148*a*b*e^3*g*m+60*a*c*d*e^2*g*m+148*a*c*e^3*f*m+30*b^2*d*e^2*g*
m+74*b^2*e^3*f*m-48*b*c*d^2*e*g*m+60*b*c*d*e^2*f*m+20*c^2*d^3*g*m-24*c^2*d
^2*e*f*m+240*a*b*e^3*g+240*a*c*e^3*f+120*b^2*e^3*f)/e^3/(m^4+18*m^3+119*m^
2+342*m+360)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x+d))+(a^2*e^4*g*m^4+2*a*b*d*e^3*g*m^4+2*a*b*e
^4*f*m^4+2*a*c*d*e^3*f*m^4+b^2*d*e^3*f*m^4+18*a^2*e^4*g*m^3+30*a*b*d*e^3*g
*m^3+36*a*b*e^4*f*m^3-6*a*c*d^2*e^2*g*m^3+30*a*c*d*e^3*f*m^3-3*b^2*d^2*e^2
*g*m^3+15*b^2*d*e^3*f*m^3-6*b*c*d^2*e^2*f*m^3+119*a^2*e^4*g*m^2+148*a*b*d*
e^3*g*m^2+238*a*b*e^4*f*m^2-66*a*c*d^2*e^2*g*m^2+148*a*c*d*e^3*f*m^2-33*b^
2*d^2*e^2*g*m^2+74*b^2*d*e^3*f*m^2+24*b*c*d^3*e*g*m^2-66*b*c*d^2*e^2*f*m^2
+12*c^2*d^3*e*f*m^2+342*a^2*e^4*g*m+240*a*b*d*e^3*g*m+684*a*b*e^4*f*m-180*
a*c*d^2*e^2*g*m+240*a*c*d*e^3*f*m-90*b^2*d^2*e^2*g*m+120*b^2*d*e^3*f*m+144
*b*c*d^3*e*g*m-180*b*c*d^2*e^2*f*m-60*c^2*d^4*g*m+72*c^2*d^3*e*f*m+360*a^2
*e^4*g+720*a*b*e^4*f)/e^4/(m^5+20*m^4+155*m^3+580*m^2+1044*m+720)*x^2*e...

```

3.926.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2368 vs. $2(312) = 624$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2368, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.61

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```
(a^2*d*e^5*f*m^5 + (c^2*e^6*g*m^5 + 15*c^2*e^6*g*m^4 + 85*c^2*e^6*g*m^3 +
225*c^2*e^6*g*m^2 + 274*c^2*e^6*g*m + 120*c^2*e^6*g)*x^6 + (144*c^2*e^6*f
+ 288*b*c*e^6*g + (c^2*e^6*f + (c^2*d*e^5 + 2*b*c*e^6)*g)*m^5 + 2*(8*c^2*e
^6*f + (5*c^2*d*e^5 + 16*b*c*e^6)*g)*m^4 + 5*(19*c^2*e^6*f + (7*c^2*d*e^5
+ 38*b*c*e^6)*g)*m^3 + 10*(26*c^2*e^6*f + (5*c^2*d*e^5 + 52*b*c*e^6)*g)*m
^2 + 12*(27*c^2*e^6*f + 2*(c^2*d*e^5 + 27*b*c*e^6)*g)*m)*x^5 - (a^2*d^2*e^4
*g + 2*(a*b*d^2*e^4 - 10*a^2*d*e^5)*f)*m^4 + (360*b*c*e^6*f + 180*(b^2 + 2
*a*c)*e^6*g + ((c^2*d*e^5 + 2*b*c*e^6)*f + (2*b*c*d*e^5 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*e
^6)*g)*m^5 + (2*(6*c^2*d*e^5 + 17*b*c*e^6)*f - (5*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 24*b*c*d*e
^5 - 17*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^6)*g)*m^4 + ((47*c^2*d*e^5 + 214*b*c*e^6)*f - (30*c
^2*d^2*e^4 - 94*b*c*d*e^5 - 107*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^6)*g)*m^3 + (2*(36*c^2*d*e
^5 + 307*b*c*e^6)*f - (55*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 144*b*c*d*e^5 - 307*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*
e^6)*g)*m^2 + 6*(6*(c^2*d*e^5 + 22*b*c*e^6)*f - (5*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 12*b*c*d
e^5 - 66*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^6)*g)*m)*x^4 - ((36*a*b*d^2*e^4 - 155*a^2*d*e^5 -
2*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*d^3*e^3)*f - 2*(2*a*b*d^3*e^3 - 9*a^2*d^2*e^4)*g)*m^3 + (
480*a*b*e^6*g + 240*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^6*f + ((2*b*c*d*e^5 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*e
^6)*f + (2*a*b*e^6 + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*d*e^5)*g)*m^5 - 2*((2*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 14*b
*c*d*e^5 - 9*(b^2 + 2*a*c)*e^6)*f + (4*b*c*d^2*e^4 - 18*a*b*e^6 - 7*(b^2 +
2*a*c)*d*e^5)*g)*m^4 - ((36*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 130*b*c*d*e^5 - 121*(b^2 + 2*a
*c)*e^6)*f - (20*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 72*b*c*d^2*e^4 + 242*a*b*e^6 + 65*(b^2 + ...
```

3.926.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32864 vs. $2(309) = 618$.

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32864, normalized size of antiderivative = 105.67

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2,x)`


```

output 2*(e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*f/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^2
) + (e^2*(m + 1)*x^2 + d*e*m*x - d^2)*(e*x + d)^m*a^2*g/((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e
^2) + (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a^2*f/(e*(m + 1)) + ((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^
2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*f/((m^3 + 6*m^2 +
11*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*
e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*f/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^2
+ 3*m + 2)*e^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*m*x + 2*d^3)*(e*x + d)^
m*a*b*g/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^3) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x
^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x
- 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*f/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + ((
m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 +
m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*g/((m^4 + 10*m^3 +
35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + 2*((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*e^4*x^4 + (m^3 + 3*
m^2 + 2*m)*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*(m^2 + m)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*e*m*x - 6*d^4)*(e*x
+ d)^m*a*c*g/((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^4) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 +
35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*
(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*d^3*e^2*x^2 - 24*d^4*e*m*x
+ 24*d^5)*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*f/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 12
0)*e^5) + 2*((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*e^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 +
11*m^2 + 6*m)*d*e^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + ...

```

3.926.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4936 vs. $2(312) = 624$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4936, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.87

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```

input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```
((e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*g*m^5*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*f*m^5*x^5 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^5*g*m^5*x^5 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^6*g*m^5*x^5 + 15*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*g*m^4*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^5*f*m^5*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^6*f*m^5*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^5*g*m^5*x^4 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^6*g*m^5*x^4 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^6*g*m^5*x^4 + 16*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*f*m^4*x^5 + 10*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^5*g*m^4*x^5 + 32*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^6*g*m^4*x^5 + 85*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*g*m^3*x^6 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^5*f*m^5*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^6*f*m^5*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^6*f*m^5*x^3 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*d*e^5*g*m^5*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^5*g*m^5*x^3 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*e^6*g*m^5*x^3 + 12*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^5*f*m^4*x^4 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^6*f*m^4*x^4 - 5*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^4*g*m^4*x^4 + 24*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^5*g*m^4*x^4 + 17*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^6*g*m^4*x^4 + 34*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^6*g*m^4*x^4 + 95*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*f*m^3*x^5 + 35*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d*e^5*g*m^3*x^5 + 190*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*e^6*g*m^3*x^5 + 225*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*e^6*g*m^2*x^6 + (e*x + d)^m*b^2*d*e^5*f*m^5*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^5*f*m^5*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*e^6*f*m^5*x^2 + 2*(e*x + d)^m*a*b*d*e^5*g*m^5*x^2 + (e*x + d)^m*a^2*e^6*g*m^5*x^2 - 4*(e*x + d)^m*c^2*d^2*e^4*f*m^4*x^3 + 28*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d*e^5*f*m^4*x^3 + 18*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*e^6*f*m^4*x^3 + 36*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*e^6*f*m^4*x^3 - 8*(e*x + d)^m*b*c*d^2*e^4*g*m^4*x^3 + 14*(e*x + d)^m*b^2*d*e^5*g*m^4*x^3 + 28*(e*x + d)^m*a*c*d*e^5*g*m^4*x^3 + 3...
```

3.926.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2307, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.42

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```

((d + e*x)^m*(240*b^2*d^3*e^3*f - 360*a^2*d^2*e^4*g - 120*c^2*d^6*g - 180*
b^2*d^4*e^2*g + 720*a^2*d*e^5*f + 144*c^2*d^5*e*f - 720*a*b*d^2*e^4*f + 48
0*a*b*d^3*e^3*g + 480*a*c*d^3*e^3*f - 360*a*c*d^4*e^2*g - 360*b*c*d^4*e^2*
f + 1044*a^2*d*e^5*f*m + 24*c^2*d^5*e*f*m + 580*a^2*d*e^5*f*m^2 + 155*a^2*
d*e^5*f*m^3 + 20*a^2*d*e^5*f*m^4 + a^2*d*e^5*f*m^5 - 342*a^2*d^2*e^4*g*m +
148*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*m - 66*b^2*d^4*e^2*g*m + 288*b*c*d^5*e*g - 119*a^2*d^2*
e^4*g*m^2 + 30*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*m^2 - 18*a^2*d^2*e^4*g*m^3 + 2*b^2*d^3*e^3*f*
m^3 - a^2*d^2*e^4*g*m^4 - 6*b^2*d^4*e^2*g*m^2 + 48*b*c*d^5*e*g*m - 684*a*b
*d^2*e^4*f*m + 296*a*b*d^3*e^3*g*m + 296*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*m - 132*a*c*d^4*e^2
*g*m - 132*b*c*d^4*e^2*f*m - 238*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*m^2 - 36*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*m^3
- 2*a*b*d^2*e^4*f*m^4 + 60*a*b*d^3*e^3*g*m^2 + 60*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*m^2 + 4*a*
b*d^3*e^3*g*m^3 + 4*a*c*d^3*e^3*f*m^3 - 12*a*c*d^4*e^2*g*m^2 - 12*b*c*d^4*
e^2*f*m^2))/(e^6*(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 7
20)) + (x*(d + e*x)^m*(720*a^2*e^6*f + 580*a^2*e^6*f*m^2 + 155*a^2*e^6*f*m
^3 + 20*a^2*e^6*f*m^4 + a^2*e^6*f*m^5 + 1044*a^2*e^6*f*m + 360*a^2*d*e^5*g
*m + 120*c^2*d^5*e*g*m - 240*b^2*d^2*e^4*f*m + 342*a^2*d*e^5*g*m^2 + 119*a
^2*d*e^5*g*m^3 + 18*a^2*d*e^5*g*m^4 + a^2*d*e^5*g*m^5 + 180*b^2*d^3*e^3*g*
m - 144*c^2*d^4*e^2*f*m - 148*b^2*d^2*e^4*f*m^2 - 30*b^2*d^2*e^4*f*m^3 - 2
*b^2*d^2*e^4*f*m^4 + 66*b^2*d^3*e^3*g*m^2 - 24*c^2*d^4*e^2*f*m^2 + 6*b^2*d
^3*e^3*g*m^3 + 720*a*b*d*e^5*f*m + 684*a*b*d*e^5*f*m^2 + 238*a*b*d*e^5*...

```


3.927 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$

3.927.1 Optimal result 6842
 3.927.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6843
 3.927.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6843
 3.927.4 Maple [F] 6844
 3.927.5 Fracas [F] 6845
 3.927.6 Sympy [F] 6845
 3.927.7 Maxima [F] 6845
 3.927.8 Giac [F] 6846
 3.927.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6846

3.927.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \frac{(beg - c(ef + dg))(c(e^2f^2 + d^2g^2) + eg(2aeg - b(ef + dg)))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^4g^4(1+m)} + \frac{(b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(e^2f^2 + 2defg + 3d^2g^2) + 2ceg(aeg - b(ef + 2dg)))(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^4g^3(2+m)} - \frac{c(cef + 3cdg - 2beg)(d+ex)^{3+m}}{e^4g^2(3+m)} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{4+m}}{e^4g(4+m)} + \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2 (d+ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg}\right)}{g^4(ef-dg)(1+m)}$$

```
output (b*e*g-c*(d*g+e*f))*(c*(d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2)+e*g*(2*a*e*g-b*(d*g+e*f)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^4/g^4/(1+m)+(b^2*e^2*g^2+c^2*(3*d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+e^2*f^2)+2*c*e*g*(a*e*g-b*(2*d*g+e*f)))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^4/g^3/(2+m)-c*(-2*b*e*g+3*c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^4/g^2/(3+m)+c^2*(e*x+d)^(4+m)/e^4/g/(4+m)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], -g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)/(1+m)
```

3.927.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{(cef+cdg-beg)(c(e^2f^2+d^2g^2)+eg(2aeg-b(ef+dg)))}{e^{4(1+m)}} + \frac{g(b^2e^2g^2+c^2(e^2f^2+2defg+3d^2g^2))+2ceg(aeg-b(ef+2dg))}{e^{4(2+m)}} \right)}{g^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

output

$$\frac{((d+e*x)^{(1+m)} * (-(((c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g) * (c*(e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2) + e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))) / (e^4*(1+m))) + (g*(b^2*e^2*g^2 + c^2*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(a*e*g - b*(e*f + 2*d*g))) * (d + e*x)) / (e^4*(2+m)) - (c*g^2*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g) * (d + e*x)^2) / (e^4*(3+m)) + (c^2*g^3*(d + e*x)^3) / (e^4*(4+m)) + ((c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2 * Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1+m, 2+m, (g*(d + e*x)) / (-(e*f) + d*g)]) / ((e*f - d*g) * (1+m))) / g^4$$
3.927.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^m}{f+gx} dx$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (2ceg(aeg - b(2dg + ef)) + b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2))}{e^3g^3} + \frac{(d+ex)^m (beg - c(dg + ef))}{g^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

3.927. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+2} (2ceg(aeg-b(2dg+ef)) + b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(3d^2g^2 + 2defg + e^2f^2))}{e^4g^3(m+2)} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(beg-c(dg+ef))(eg(2aeg-b(dg+ef)) + c(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2))}{e^4g^4(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg}\right)}{g^4(m+1)(ef-dg)} -$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+3}(-2beg+3cdg+cef)}{e^4g^2(m+3)} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{m+4}}{e^4g(m+4)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x), x]`

output `((b*e*g - c*(e*f + d*g))*(c*(e^2*f^2 + d^2*g^2) + e*g*(2*a*e*g - b*(e*f + d*g)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^4*g^4*(1 + m)) + ((b^2*e^2*g^2 + c^2*(e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + 3*d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(a*e*g - b*(e*f + 2*d*g)))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^4*g^3*(2 + m)) - (c*(c*e*f + 3*c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^4*g^2*(3 + m)) + (c^2*(d + e*x)^(4 + m))/(e^4*g*(4 + m)) + ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g)])/(g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(1 + m))`

3.927.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1195 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.927.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex+d)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^2}{gx+f} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f), x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f), x)`

3.927. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$

3.927.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^2*x^4 + 2*b*c*x^3 + 2*a*b*x + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^2 + a^2)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.927.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**2/(f + g*x), x)`

3.927.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.927.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.927.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^2}{f+gx} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x), x)`

3.928
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

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 3.928.8 Giac [F] 6851
 3.928.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6851

3.928.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2e^2g^2 + c^2(3e^2f^2 + 2defg + d^2g^2) + 2ceg(aeg - b(2ef + dg)))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^3g^4(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{2c(cef + cdg - beg)(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^3g^3(2+m)} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{3+m}}{e^3g^2(3+m)} + \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)^2 (d+ex)^{1+m}}{g^4(ef - dg)(f+gx)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cf^2 - bfg + ag^2)(cf(4dg - ef(4+m)) - g(aegm + b(2dg - ef(2+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{g^4(ef - dg)^2(1+m)} \text{ Hypergeomet}$$

```
output (b^2*e^2*g^2+c^2*(d^2*g^2+2*d*e*f*g+3*e^2*f^2)+2*c*e*g*(a*e*g-b*(d*g+2*e*f
)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^3/g^4/(1+m)-2*c*(-b*e*g+c*d*g+c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/e^3
/g^3/(2+m)+c^2*(e*x+d)^(3+m)/e^3/g^2/(3+m)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(
1+m)/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+f)+(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(c*f*(4*d*g-e*f*(4+m))-g*(
a*e*g*m+b*(2*d*g-e*f*(2+m))))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], -g*(e
*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(1+m)
```

3.928.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(\frac{b^2 e^2 g^2 + c^2 (3e^2 f^2 + 2defg + d^2 g^2) + 2ceg(aeg - b(2ef + dg))}{e^3(1+m)} - \frac{2cg(cef + cdg - beg)(d+ex)}{e^3(2+m)} + \frac{c^2 g^2 (d+ex)^2}{e^3(3+m)} - \frac{2(2cf - bg)(c}{e^3(3+m)} \right)}{g^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*((b^2*e^2*g^2 + c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(a*e*g - b*(2*e*f + d*g)))/(e^3*(1 + m)) - (2*c*g*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*(d + e*x))/(e^3*(2 + m)) + (c^2*g^2*(d + e*x)^2)/(e^3*(3 + m)) - (2*(2*c*f - b*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-e*f) + d*g])/(e*f - d*g)*(1 + m)) + (e*(c*f^2 + g*(-b*f) + a*g))^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-e*f) + d*g])/(e*f - d*g)^2*(1 + m)))/g^4`

3.928.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1193, 2123, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \left(-c^2 \left(d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) x^3 - \frac{c(cf-2bg)(ef-dg)x^2}{g^2} + \frac{(ef-dg)(c^2 f^2 + b^2 g^2 - 2cg(bf-ag))x}{g^3} + \frac{c^2(dg-ef(m+1))f^3 - 2cg(bf-ag)(dg-ef(m+1))f - g^2(-f(dg-ef(m+1)) - g^2)}{g^4} \right)}{(f+gx)(ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{g^4 (f+gx)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2123

3.928. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ef-dg)((3e^2f^2+2degf+d^2g^2)c^2+2eg(aeg-b(2ef+dg))c+b^2e^2g^2)(d+ex)^m}{e^2g^4} + \frac{(cf^2-bgf+ag^2)(cf(4dg-ef(m+4))-g(2bdg+aemg-bef(m+4)))}{g^4(f+gx)} \right) \frac{ef-dg}{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2} \frac{1}{g^4(f+gx)(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(d+ex)^{m+1}(2ceg(aeg-b(dg+2ef))+b^2e^2g^2+c^2(d^2g^2+2defg+3e^2f^2))}{e^3g^4(m+1)} - \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(ag^2-bfg+cf^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1, m+1, m+1}{m+1}, \frac{ef-dg}{g^4(f+gx)}\right)}{g^4(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{g^4(f+gx)(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

output `((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)) + (((e*f - d*g)*(b^2*e^2*g^2 + c^2*(3*e^2*f^2 + 2*d*e*f*g + d^2*g^2) + 2*c*e*g*(a*e*g - b*(2*e*f + d*g)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^3*g^4*(1 + m)) - (2*c*(e*f - d*g)*(c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^3*g^3*(2 + m)) + (c^2*(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^3*g^2*(3 + m)) - ((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(g*(2*b*d*g + a*e*g*m - b*e*f*(2 + m)) - c*f*(4*d*g - e*f*(4 + m))))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(1 + m))/(e*f - d*g)`

3.928.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1193 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.928. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$


```
rule 2123 Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, m, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegersQ[m, n] || IGtQ[m, -2])
```

3.928.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^2}{(gx + f)^2} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^2,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^2,x)
```

3.928.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + bx + a)^2 (ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c^2*x^4 + 2*b*c*x^3 + 2*a*b*x + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^2 + a^2)*(e*x +
d)^m/(g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2), x)
```

3.928.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^2}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(g*x+f)**2,x)
```

```
output Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck
```

3.928. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

3.928.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^2, x)`

3.928.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^2, x)`

3.928.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^2, x)`

3.929
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

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3.929.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 461

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c(3cef+cdg-2beg)(d+ex)^{1+m}}{e^2g^4(1+m)} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{2+m}}{e^2g^3(2+m)} + \frac{(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)^2(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2g^4(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(cf^2-bfg+ag^2)(cf(8dg-ef(7+m))+g(aeg(1-m)-b(4dg-ef(3+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2g^4(ef-dg)^2(f+gx)}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2f^2(12d^2g^2-8defg(3+m)+e^2f^2(12+7m+m^2))-g^2(a^2e^2g^2(1-m)m-2abegm(2dg-ef(1+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{2g^4(ef-dg)^2(f+gx)}$$

```
output -c*(-2*b*e*g+c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/e^2/g^4/(1+m)+c^2*(e*x+d)^(2+m)/
e^2/g^3/(2+m)+1/2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)/(g*x+
f)^2+1/2*(a*g^2-b*f*g+c*f^2)*(c*f*(8*d*g-e*f*(7+m))+g*(a*e*g*(1-m)-b*(4*d*
g-e*f*(3+m))))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)^2/(g*x+f)+1/2*(c^2*f^2*(12*d^2
*g^2-8*d*e*f*g*(3+m)+e^2*f^2*(m^2+7*m+12))-g^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2*(1-m)*m-2*a*b*
e*g*m*(2*d*g-e*f*(1+m))-b^2*(2*d^2*g^2-4*d*e*f*g*(1+m)+e^2*f^2*(m^2+3*m+2)
))+2*c*g*(a*g*(2*d^2*g^2-4*d*e*f*g*(1+m)+e^2*f^2*(m^2+3*m+2))-b*f*(6*d^2*g
^2-6*d*e*f*g*(2+m)+e^2*f^2*(m^2+5*m+6)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m]
, [2+m], -g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/g^4/(-d*g+e*f)^3/(1+m)
```

3.929.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \left(-\frac{c(3cef+cdg-2beg)}{e^2(1+m)} + \frac{c^2g(d+ex)}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{(6c^2f^2+b^2g^2+2cg(-3bf+ag)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,1+m,2+m,\frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg}\right)}{(ef-dg)(1+m)} - 2e \right)}{g^4}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^3,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(-(c*(3*c*e*f + c*d*g - 2*b*e*g))/(e^2*(1 + m))) + (c^2*g*(d + e*x))/(e^2*(2 + m)) + ((6*c^2*f^2 + b^2*g^2 + 2*c*g*(-3*b*f + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)])/((e*f - d*g)*(1 + m)) - (2*e*(2*c*f - b*g)*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)])/((e*f - d*g)^2*(1 + m)) + (e^2*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)])/((e*f - d*g)^3*(1 + m)))/g^4`

3.929.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1193, 2124, 1195, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \left(-2c^2 \left(d - \frac{ef}{g} \right) x^3 - \frac{2c(cf-2bg)(ef-dg)x^2}{g^2} + \frac{2(ef-dg)(c^2f^2+b^2g^2-2cg(bf-ag))x}{g^3} + \frac{c^2(2dg-ef(m+1))f^3-2cg(bf-ag)(2dg-ef(m+1))f+g^2(f^2-dg)}{g^4} \right)}{(f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{2g^4 (f+gx)^2 (ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2124

3.929. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \left(\frac{2c^2x^2(ef-dg)^2}{g^2} - \frac{4c(cf-bg)x(ef-dg)^2}{g^3} + \frac{c^2(e^2(m^2+7m+6)f^2-4deg(2m+3)f+6d^2g^2)f^2-g^2(-((e^2(m^2+3m+2)f^2-4deg(m+1)f+2d^2g^2)b^2)-\frac{f+gx}{ef-dg}) \right)}{ef-dg}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{2g^4(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 1195

$$\int \left(-\frac{2c(ef-dg)^2(3cef+cdg-2beg)(d+ex)^m}{eg^4} + \frac{(c^2(e^2(m^2+7m+12)f^2-8deg(m+3)f+12d^2g^2)f^2-g^2(-((e^2(m^2+3m+2)f^2-4deg(m+1)f+2d^2g^2)b^2)-2aeg))}{g^4(m+1)(ef-dg)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{2g^4(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg}\right) \left(-g^2(a^2e^2g^2(1-m)m-2abegm(2dg-ef(m+1))-(b^2(2d^2g^2-4defg(m+1)+e^2f^2(m^2+3m+2))))\right)}{g^4(m+1)(ef-dg)} + 2aeg$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (ag^2 - bfg + cf^2)^2}{2g^4(f+gx)^2(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^3,x]`

output `((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(2*g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x)^2) + (-(((c*f^2 - b*f*g + a*g^2)*(g*(4*b*d*g - a*e*g*(1 - m) - b*e*f*(3 + m)) - c*f*(8*d*g - e*f*(7 + m)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(f + g*x))) + ((-2*c*(e*f - d*g)^2*(3*c*e*f + c*d*g - 2*b*e*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/(e^2*g^4*(1 + m)) + (2*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*(d + e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^2*g^3*(2 + m)) + ((c^2*f^2*(12*d^2*g^2 - 8*d*e*f*g*(3 + m) + e^2*f^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)) - g^2*(a^2*e^2*g^2*(1 - m)*m - 2*a*b*e*g*m*(2*d*g - e*f*(1 + m)) - b^2*(2*d^2*g^2 - 4*d*e*f*g*(1 + m) + e^2*f^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2))) + 2*c*g*(a*g*(2*d^2*g^2 - 4*d*e*f*g*(1 + m) + e^2*f^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2)) - b*f*(6*d^2*g^2 - 6*d*e*f*g*(2 + m) + e^2*f^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2))))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -((g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g))]/(g^4*(e*f - d*g)*(1 + m)))/(e*f - d*g)/(2*(e*f - d*g))`

3.929. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$

3.929.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

```
rule 1195 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)
+ (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n}, x
] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2124 Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :
> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Px, a + b*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Px
, a + b*x, x]}, Simp[R*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c -
a*d))], x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)
)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*Qx - d*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || !
ILtQ[n, -1])
```

3.929.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^2}{(gx + f)^3} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^3,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^3,x)
```

3.929.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c^2*x^4 + 2*b*c*x^3 + 2*a*b*x + (b^2 + 2*a*c)*x^2 + a^2)*(e*x + d)^m/(g^3*x^3 + 3*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*f^2*g*x + f^3), x)`

3.929.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**2/(g*x+f)**3,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(a + b*x + c*x**2)**2/(f + g*x)**3, x)`

3.929.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^3, x)`

3.929.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^2 (ex+d)^m}{(gx+f)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^2/(g*x+f)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f)^3, x)`

3.929.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^2}{(f+gx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^2)/(f + g*x)^3, x)`

3.930 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

3.930.1 Optimal result 6858
 3.930.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6859
 3.930.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6859
 3.930.4 Maple [F] 6860
 3.930.5 Fricas [F] 6861
 3.930.6 Sympy [F] 6861
 3.930.7 Maxima [F] 6861
 3.930.8 Giac [F] 6862
 3.930.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6862

3.930.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3687(1+4x)^{1+m}}{64(1+m)} + \frac{207(1+4x)^{2+m}}{32(2+m)} + \frac{27(1+4x)^{3+m}}{64(3+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(5499-1631\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(5499+1631\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 3687/64*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(1+m)+207/32*(1+4*x)^(2+m)/(2+m)+27/64*(1+4*x)^(3+m)
/(3+m)-3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)
))*(5499-1631*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeo
m([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(5499+1631*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13
+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.930.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{832}(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{15977}{1+m} + \frac{1794(1+4x)}{2+m} + \frac{117(1+4x)^2}{3+m} \right.$$

$$- \frac{32(-5499 + 1631\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(-13 + 2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$\left. - \frac{32(5499 + 1631\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(13 + 2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^4*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2), x]`output `(3*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(15977/(1 + m) + (1794*(1 + 4*x))/(2 + m) + (117*(1 + 4*x)^2)/(3 + m) - (32*(-5499 + 1631*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/((-13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (32*(5499 + 1631*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/((13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/832`**3.930.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1269 + \frac{4893}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(\frac{1269 - \frac{4893}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{3687}{16}(4x+1)^m + \frac{207}{8}(4x+1)^{m+1} + \frac{27}{16}(4x+1)^{m+2} \right) dx$$

3.930. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3(5499 - 1631\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(5499 + 1631\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} + \frac{3687(4x+1)^{m+1}}{64(m+1)} + \frac{207(4x+1)^{m+2}}{32(m+2)} + \frac{27(4x+1)^{m+3}}{64(m+3)}$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^4*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`

output `(3687*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(64*(1 + m)) + (207*(1 + 4*x)^(2 + m))/(32*(2 + m)) + (27*(1 + 4*x)^(3 + m))/(64*(3 + m)) - (3*(5499 - 1631*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(5499 + 1631*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))`

3.930.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.930.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.930.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((81*x^4 + 216*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 96*x + 16)*(4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.930.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**4*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**4*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.930.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^4/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.930.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^4/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.930.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^4*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1),x)`

output `int(((3*x + 2)^4*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.931 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

3.931.1 Optimal result 6863
 3.931.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6864
 3.931.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6864
 3.931.4 Maple [F] 6865
 3.931.5 Fricas [F] 6865
 3.931.6 Sympy [F] 6866
 3.931.7 Maxima [F] 6866
 3.931.8 Giac [F] 6866
 3.931.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6867

3.931.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{123(1+4x)^{1+m}}{16(1+m)} + \frac{9(1+4x)^{2+m}}{16(2+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(416-135\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(416+135\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 123/16*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(1+m)+9/16*(1+4*x)^(2+m)/(2+m)-3/13*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hyp
ergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(416-135*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/
(13-2*13^(1/2))-3/13*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+
2*13^(1/2)))*(416+135*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.931.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(117(85+12x+4m(11+3x)) + 16(-146+71\sqrt{13})(2+m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right) \right) - 16(146+71\sqrt{13})(2+m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{624(2+3m+m^2)}$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^3*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(117*(85 + 12*x + 4*m*(11 + 3*x)) + 16*(-146 + 71*Sqrt[13])*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13]])] - 16*(146 + 71*Sqrt[13])*(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(624*(2 + 3*m + m^2))`**3.931.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)^3(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1200}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(192 + \frac{810}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(192 - \frac{810}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{123}{4}(4x+1)^m + \frac{9}{4}(4x+1)^{m+1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3(416 - 135\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{13(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(416 + 135\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{13(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} + \frac{123(4x+1)^{m+1}}{16(m+1)} + \frac{9(4x+1)^{m+2}}{16(m+2)}$$

3.931. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^3*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`

output `(123*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(16*(1 + m)) + (9*(1 + 4*x)^(2 + m))/(16*(2 + m)) - (3*(416 - 135*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(13*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(416 + 135*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(13*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))`

3.931.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.931.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x)^3 (1 + 4x)^m}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.931.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x)^3 (1 + 4x)^m}{1 - 5x + 3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m (3x + 2)^3}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((27*x^3 + 54*x^2 + 36*x + 8)*(4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.931. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

3.931.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**3*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**3*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.931.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^3}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^3/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.931.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^3}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^3/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.931.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^3*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1),x)`output `int(((3*x + 2)^3*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.932 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

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 3.932.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6872

3.932.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(1+4x)^{1+m}}{4(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(117-47\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(117+47\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 3/4*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(1+m)-3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(117-47*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(117+47*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.932.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(117 + (-46 + 58\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right) - 2(23 + 29\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right) \right)}{156(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(117 + (-46 + 58*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])]) - 2*(23 + 29*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(156*(1 + m))`**3.932.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1200}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(27 + \frac{141}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(27 - \frac{141}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} + 3(4x+1)^m \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{3(117 - 47\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{26(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(117 + 47\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{26(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} + \frac{3(4x+1)^{m+1}}{4(m+1)}$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`

3.932. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

```
output (3*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(4*(1 + m)) - (3*(117 - 47*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(117 + 47*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m))
```

3.932.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1200 Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.932.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x)^2 (1 + 4x)^m}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

```
input int((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)
```

```
output int((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)
```

3.932.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x)^2 (1 + 4x)^m}{1 - 5x + 3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m (3x + 2)^2}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

```
input integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((9*x^2 + 12*x + 4)*(4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)
```

3.932.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**2*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**2*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.932.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^2}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^2/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.932.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^2}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^2/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.932.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^2*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1),x)`output `int(((3*x + 2)^2*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.933 $\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

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3.933.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6876

3.933.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(13-9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} - \frac{3(13+9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output -3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(1
3-9*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-3/26*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],
[2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(13+9*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.933.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left((5+7\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right) + (5-7\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right) \right)}{78(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`

output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*((5 + 7*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])]) + (5 - 7*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])]))/(78*(1 + m))`

3.933.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\int \left(\frac{\left(3 + \frac{27}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(3 - \frac{27}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3(13 - 9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13 - 2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(13 + 9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13 + 2\sqrt{13})(m+1)}$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2),x]`

output `(-3*(13 - 9*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(13 + 9*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))`

3.933.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.933.4 Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.933.5 Fricas **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.933.6 Sympy **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.933.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.933.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.933.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1),x)`

output `int(((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.934 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx$

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3.934.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \frac{3(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} - \frac{3(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 3/13*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)-3/13*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(1/2)/(13+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.934.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left((13+2\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right) + (-13+2\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right) \right)}{39\sqrt{13}(1+m)}$$

```
input Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2), x]
```

output $((1 + 4*x)^{(1 + m)*((13 + 2*sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*sqrt[13]]) + (-13 + 2*sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])})/(39*sqrt[13]*(1 + m))$

3.934.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1150, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x + 1)^m}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

↓ 1150

$$\int \left(-\frac{6(4x + 1)^m}{\sqrt{13}(-6x + \sqrt{13} + 5)} - \frac{6(4x + 1)^m}{\sqrt{13}(6x + \sqrt{13} - 5)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3(4x + 1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13 - 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)} - \frac{3(4x + 1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13 + 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(1 + 4*x)^m/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2), x]$

output $(3*(1 + 4*x)^{(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/(sqrt[13]*(13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(1 + 4*x)^{(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/(sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m))$

3.934.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1150 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m, 1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.934.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.934.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.934.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.934.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.934.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.934.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{1-5x+3x^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1),x)`

output `int((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1), x)`

3.935 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$

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 3.935.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6882
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 3.935.8 Giac [F] 6884
 3.935.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6885

3.935.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{85(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(13+9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{442(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(13-9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{442(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 3/85*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+3/442*(1+4*
x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(13-9*13^(1/2
))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+3/442*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1
+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(13+9*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))
```


3.935.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(234 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x) \right) + 5(31+11\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right) + 5(31-11\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right) \right)}{6630(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)),x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(234*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5] + 5*(31 + 11*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])] + 5*(31 - 11*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])]))/(6630*(1 + m))`**3.935.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1200$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(7-3x)(4x+1)^m}{17(3x^2-5x+1)} + \frac{3(4x+1)^m}{17(3x+2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1) \right)}{85(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{3(13+9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{442(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{3(13-9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{442(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)}$$

3.935. $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$

input `Int[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)),x]`

output `(3*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5]) / (85*(1 + m)) + (3*(13 + 9*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])]) / (442*(13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (3*(13 - 9*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])]) / (442*(13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m))`

3.935.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.935.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + 4x)^m}{(2 + 3x)(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} dx$$

input `int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.935.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 + 4x)^m}{(2 + 3x)(1 - 5x + 3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m}{(3x^2 - 5x + 1)(3x + 2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(9*x^3 - 9*x^2 - 7*x + 2), x)`

3.935. $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$

3.935.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(2+3*x)/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)), x)`

3.935.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)*(3*x + 2)), x)`

3.935.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)*(3*x + 2)), x)`

3.935.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)),x)`output `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)), x)`

3.936 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$

3.936.1 Optimal result 6886
 3.936.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6887
 3.936.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6887
 3.936.4 Maple [F] 6888
 3.936.5 Fricas [F] 6889
 3.936.6 Sympy [F] 6889
 3.936.7 Maxima [F] 6889
 3.936.8 Giac [F] 6890
 3.936.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6890

3.936.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{27(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{1445(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(117+47\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(117-47\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{12(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{425(1+m)}$$

```
output 27/1445*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+12/425*(
1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+3/7514*(1+4*x)^(1
+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(117-47*13^(1/2))/
(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+3/7514*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4
*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(117+47*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))
```

3.936.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(10530 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x) \right) + 25(211+65\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right) + 5275 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right) - 1625\sqrt{13} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right) + 15912 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3(1+4x)}{5} \right) \right)}{563550(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)),x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(10530*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5] + 25*(211 + 65*Sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])] + 5275*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])] - 1625*Sqrt[13]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])] + 15912*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5]))/(563550*(1 + m))`**3.936.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1200}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(46-27x)(4x+1)^m}{289(3x^2-5x+1)} + \frac{27(4x+1)^m}{289(3x+2)} + \frac{3(4x+1)^m}{17(3x+2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{27(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1)\right)}{1445(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{3(117+47\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{3(117-47\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} + \\ & \frac{12(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1)\right)}{425(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)),x]`

output `(27*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5])/ (1445*(1 + m)) + (3*(117 + 47*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/(7514*(13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (3*(117 - 47*sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/(7514*(13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (12*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5])/(425*(1 + m))`

3.936.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1200 `Int[(((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._))*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)]/((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.936.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

input `int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

output `int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x)`

3.936. $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx$

3.936.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(27*x^4 - 9*x^3 - 39*x^2 - 8*x + 4), x)`

3.936.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2 \cdot (3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(2+3*x)**2/(3*x**2-5*x+1),x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/((3*x + 2)**2*(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)), x)`

3.936.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

3.936.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

3.936.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2(3x^2-5x+1)} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)^2*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)),x)`

output `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)^2*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)), x)`

3.937 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.937.1 Optimal result 6891
 3.937.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6892
 3.937.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6892
 3.937.4 Maple [F] 6894
 3.937.5 Fracas [F] 6895
 3.937.6 Sympy [F] 6895
 3.937.7 Maxima [F] 6895
 3.937.8 Giac [F] 6896
 3.937.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6896

3.937.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \frac{9(1+4x)^{1+m}}{4(1+m)} + \frac{(844-2355x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{39(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$\frac{(13689 - \sqrt{13}(297 + 4474m - 1570\sqrt{13}m)) (1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{169(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$\frac{(13689 + \sqrt{13}(297 + 4474m + 1570\sqrt{13}m)) (1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{169(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 9/4*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(1+m)+1/39*(844-2355*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)-1/16
9*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(13689
-13^(1/2)*(297+4474*m-1570*m*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-1/169*(1+4*x
)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(13689+13^(1/2
))* (297+4474*m+1570*m*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))
```

3.937.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{13689}{4+4m} + \frac{39(844-2355x)}{1-5x+3x^2} - \frac{1053(-117+128\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} - \frac{1053(117+128\sqrt{13})}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^4*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

```
output ((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*(13689/(4 + 4*m) + (39*(844 - 2355*x))/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)
) - (1053*(-117 + 128*sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12
*x)/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/((-13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (1053*(117 + 128*sq
rt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/
((13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (-((-14679*(2 + sqrt[13]) + 2*(-5731 + 667*s
qrt[13])*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*sqrt[13]
)]) + (-14679*(-2 + sqrt[13]) + 2*(5731 + 667*sqrt[13])*m)*Hypergeometric2
F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/(1 + m))/1521
```

3.937.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1265, 27, 2159, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1265$$

$$\frac{(844-2355x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{507} \int \frac{13(4x+1)^m(-1053x^2-3(3140m+1521)x+3376m+4617)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.937. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

$$\frac{(844 - 2355x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \frac{1}{39} \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m (-1053x^2 - 3(3140m + 1521)x + 3376m + 4617)}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

↓ 2159

$$\frac{(844 - 2355x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \frac{1}{39} \int \left(\frac{\left(-9420m - \frac{6(4474m+297)}{\sqrt{13}} - 6318\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(-9420m + \frac{6(4474m+297)}{\sqrt{13}} - 6318\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} - 351(4x + 1)^m \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{39} \left(-\frac{3(13689 - \sqrt{13}(-1570\sqrt{13}m + 4474m + 297))(4x + 1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13(13 - 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)} + \frac{(844 - 2355x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} \right)$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^4*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((844 - 2355*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(39*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) + ((351*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(4*(1 + m)) - (3*(13689 - Sqrt[13]*(297 + 4474*m - 1570*Sqrt[13]*m))*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(13*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(13689 + Sqrt[13]*(297 + 4474*m + 1570*Sqrt[13]*m))*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(13*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/39`

3.937.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

```
rule 1265 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)
) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)
^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x
+ c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c
*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((R*(b*c
*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*S*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(R*(2*c*d - b*e) - S*(b*d - 2
*a*e))*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p
+ 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Q +
R*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a
*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - S*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e +
2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(S*(b*d - 2*a*e) - R*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*
x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p
, -1] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2159 Int[(Pq_)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

3.937.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

3.937.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((81*x^4 + 216*x^3 + 216*x^2 + 96*x + 16)*(4*x + 1)^m/(9*x^4 - 30*x^3 + 31*x^2 - 10*x + 1), x)`

3.937.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**4*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**4*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2, x)`

3.937.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^4/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.937.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^4}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^4*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^4/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.937.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^4(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^4(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^4*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2,x)`

output `int(((3*x + 2)^4*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.938 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.938.1 Optimal result 6897
 3.938.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6898
 3.938.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6898
 3.938.4 Maple [F] 6900
 3.938.5 Fracas [F] 6900
 3.938.6 Sympy [F] 6901
 3.938.7 Maxima [F] 6901
 3.938.8 Giac [F] 6901
 3.938.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6902

3.938.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(209-426x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{39(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(1521 + \sqrt{13}(1701 - 1168m + 568\sqrt{13}m)) (1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{338(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{13}(1701 - 1168m) - 13(117 + 568m)) (1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{338(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/39*(209-426*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)+1/338*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom
([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(-1521-7384*m+(1701-1168*m)*13^(
1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))-1/338*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m],
3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(1521+13^(1/2)*(1701-1168*m+568*m*13^(1/2)))/(1
+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))
```


3.938.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x)^3(1 + 4x)^m}{(1 - 5x + 3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$(1 + 4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{5434 - 11076x}{1 - 5x + 3x^2} - \frac{351(-13 + 27\sqrt{13}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} - \frac{12(\sqrt{13}(1215-292m)+1846m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^3*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*((5434 - 11076*x)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2) - (351*(-13 + 27*sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/((-13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (12*(sqrt[13]*(1215 - 292*m) + 1846*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/((13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (351*(13 + 27*sqrt[13])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/((13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (12*(sqrt[13]*(1215 - 292*m) - 1846*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/((13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m))))/1014`

3.938.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1265, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x + 2)^3(4x + 1)^m}{(3x^2 - 5x + 1)^2} dx$$

↓ 1265

$$\frac{(209 - 426x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \frac{1}{507} \int \frac{13(4x + 1)^m(836m - 3(568m + 117)x + 1143)}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(209 - 426x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \frac{1}{39} \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m(836m - 3(568m + 117)x + 1143)}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1200 \\ & \frac{(209 - 426x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \\ \frac{1}{39} \int & \left(\frac{\left(-3(568m + 117) - \frac{3(1168m - 1701)}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(\frac{3(1168m - 1701)}{\sqrt{13}} - 3(568m + 117)\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} \right) dx \\ & \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{1}{39} & \left(\frac{3(\sqrt{13}(1701 - 1168m) - 13(568m + 117))(4x + 1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{26(13 + 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)} - \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(209 - 426x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^3*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((209 - 426*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(39*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) + ((-3*(1521 + Sqrt[13]*(1701 - 1168*m + 568*Sqrt[13]*m))*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (3*(Sqrt[13]*(1701 - 1168*m) - 13*(117 + 568*m))*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(26*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/39`

3.938.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

```
rule 1265 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)
) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)
^ n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^ n, a + b*x
+ c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^ n, a + b*x + c
*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((R*(b*c
*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*S*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(R*(2*c*d - b*e) - S*(b*d - 2
*a*e))*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p
+ 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Q +
R*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a
*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - S*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e +
2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(S*(b*d - 2*a*e) - R*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*
x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p
, -1] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.938.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

3.938.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^3}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((27*x^3 + 54*x^2 + 36*x + 8)*(4*x + 1)^m/(9*x^4 - 30*x^3 + 31*x^2
- 10*x + 1), x)
```

3.938. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.938.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**3*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**3*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2, x)`

3.938.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^3}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^3/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.938.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^3}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^3/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.938.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^3*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2,x)`output `int(((3*x + 2)^3*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.939 $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.939.1 Optimal result 6903
 3.939.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6904
 3.939.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6904
 3.939.4 Maple [F] 6906
 3.939.5 Fracas [F] 6906
 3.939.6 Sympy [F] 6907
 3.939.7 Maxima [F] 6907
 3.939.8 Giac [F] 6907
 3.939.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6908

3.939.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(61-87x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{39(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{2(153 - (23 - 29\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(153 - (23 + 29\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/39*(61-87*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)-2/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([
1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(153-m*(23-29*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(1
3-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)+2/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4
*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(153-m*(23+29*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(1/2)/(13+2*13^(1/2
))
```

3.939.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{507}(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{793-1131x}{1-5x+3x^2} \right.$$

$$- \frac{6(-153\sqrt{13} + (-377+23\sqrt{13})m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$\left. - \frac{6(-153\sqrt{13} + (377+23\sqrt{13})m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*((793 - 1131*x)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2) - (6*(-153*Sqrt[13] + (-377 + 23*Sqrt[13])*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])]))/((-13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (6*(-153*Sqrt[13] + (377 + 23*Sqrt[13])*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])]))/((13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/507`**3.939.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$, Rules used = {1265, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1265$$

$$\frac{(61-87x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{507} \int \frac{26(4x+1)^m(-174xm+122m+153)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.939. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(61 - 87x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \frac{2}{39} \int \frac{(4x + 1)^m(-174xm + 122m + 153)}{3x^2 - 5x + 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1200 \\ & \frac{(61 - 87x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \\ & \frac{2}{39} \int \left(\frac{\left(-174m - \frac{6(23m-153)}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(\frac{6(23m-153)}{\sqrt{13}} - 174m\right)(4x + 1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(61 - 87x)(4x + 1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2 - 5x + 1)} - \\ & \frac{2}{39} \left(\frac{3(153 - (23 - 29\sqrt{13})m)(4x + 1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13 - 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)} - \frac{3(153 - (23 + 29\sqrt{13})m)(4x + 1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13 + 2\sqrt{13})(m + 1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((61 - 87*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(39*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) - (2*((3*(153 - (23 - 29*sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*sqrt[13])])/(sqrt[13]*(13 - 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(153 - (23 + 29*sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*sqrt[13])])/(sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*sqrt[13])*(1 + m))))/39`

3.939.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`


```
rule 1265 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)
) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)
^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x
+ c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c
*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((R*(b*c
*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*S*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(R*(2*c*d - b*e) - S*(b*d - 2
*a*e))*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p
+ 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c
*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)*Q +
R*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a
*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - S*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e +
2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(S*(b*d - 2*a*e) - R*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*
x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p
, -1] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.939.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

3.939.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^2}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((9*x^2 + 12*x + 4)*(4*x + 1)^m/(9*x^4 - 30*x^3 + 31*x^2 - 10*x +
1), x)
```

3.939. $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.939.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**2*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)**2*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2, x)`

3.939.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^2}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^2/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.939.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)^2}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)^2/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.939.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)^2*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2,x)`output `int(((3*x + 2)^2*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.940 $\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.940.1 Optimal result 6909
 3.940.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6910
 3.940.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6910
 3.940.4 Maple [F] 6912
 3.940.5 Fracas [F] 6912
 3.940.6 Sympy [F] 6913
 3.940.7 Maxima [F] 6913
 3.940.8 Giac [F] 6913
 3.940.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6914

3.940.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(20-21x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{39(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(81+2(5+7\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(81+2(5-7\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/39*(20-21*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)+1/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([
1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(81+2*m*(5-7*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(
1/2)/(13+2*13^(1/2))-1/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*
x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(81+2*m*(5+7*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)
```

3.940.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{507}(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{260-273x}{1-5x+3x^2} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{3(182m + \sqrt{13}(81+10m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$\left. - \frac{3(182m - \sqrt{13}(81+10m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}} \right)}{(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((2 + 3*x)*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*((260 - 273*x)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2) + (3*(182*m + Sqrt[13]*(81 + 10*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13]])]/((-13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(182*m - Sqrt[13]*(81 + 10*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13]])]/((13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))))/507`**3.940.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1235, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1235$$

$$\frac{(20-21x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{507} \int \frac{13(4x+1)^m(-84xm+80m+81)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

3.940. $\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

$$\frac{(20-21x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{39} \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(-84xm+80m+81)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\frac{(20-21x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{39} \int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{6(10m+81)}{\sqrt{13}} - 84m\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(-84m - \frac{6(10m+81)}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{39} \left(\frac{3(2(5-7\sqrt{13})m+81)(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(182m + \sqrt{13}(10m+9))}{39} \frac{(20-21x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} \right)$$

input `Int[((2 + 3*x)*(1 + 4*x)^m)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((20 - 21*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(39*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) + ((-3*(182*m + Sqrt[13]*(81 + 10*m))*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(13*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (3*(81 + 2*(5 - 7*Sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(Sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/39`

3.940.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)]/((a_.) + (b_)*(x_.) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

```
rule 1235 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2
*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x*((a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x]
+ Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m
*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m
+ 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*
m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) -
f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g,
m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]
)
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.940.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

3.940.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(9*x^4 - 30*x^3 + 31*x^2 - 10*x + 1), x)
```

3.940.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2, x)`

3.940.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.940.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(3x+2)}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m*(3*x + 2)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.940.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2,x)`output `int(((3*x + 2)*(4*x + 1)^m)/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.941 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

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3.941.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(7-6x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{39(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{2(9+2(2+\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(9+2(2-\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{13\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/39*(7-6*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)+2/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1,
1+m],[2+m],3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(9+2*m*(2-13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(1/2)
/(13+2*13^(1/2))-2/169*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m],[2+m],3*(1+4*x)/(1
3-2*13^(1/2)))*(9+2*m*(2+13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)
```

3.941.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{507}(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{91-78x}{1-5x+3x^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{6(26m + \sqrt{13}(9+4m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(-13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{6\sqrt{13}(9-2(-2+\sqrt{13})m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3+12x}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`output `((1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*((91 - 78*x)/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2) + (6*(26*m + Sqrt[13]*(9 + 4*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])]) /((-13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (6*Sqrt[13]*(9 - 2*(-2 + Sqrt[13])*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3 + 12*x)/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])]) /((13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))))/507`**3.941.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {1165, 27, 1200, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1165}$$

$$\frac{(7-6x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{1}{507} \int \frac{26(4x+1)^m(-12xm+14m+9)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

3.941. $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

$$\frac{(7-6x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{2}{39} \int \frac{(4x+1)^m(-12xm+14m+9)}{3x^2-5x+1} dx$$

↓ 1200

$$\frac{(7-6x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{2}{39} \int \left(\frac{\left(\frac{6(4m+9)}{\sqrt{13}} - 12m\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x - \sqrt{13} - 5} + \frac{\left(-12m - \frac{6(4m+9)}{\sqrt{13}}\right)(4x+1)^m}{6x + \sqrt{13} - 5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(7-6x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{39(3x^2-5x+1)} - \frac{2}{39} \left(\frac{3(2(2+\sqrt{13})m+9)(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} - \frac{3(2(2-\sqrt{13})m+9)(4x+1)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} \right)$$

input `Int[(1 + 4*x)^m/(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((7 - 6*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(39*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) - (2*((3*(9 + 2*(2 + Sqrt[13]))*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(Sqrt[13]*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - (3*(9 + 2*(2 - Sqrt[13]))*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(Sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)))/39`

3.941.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1165 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1200 `Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.941.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)`

output `int((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)`

3.941.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(9*x^4 - 30*x^3 + 31*x^2 - 10*x + 1), x)`

3.941.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2, x)`

3.941. $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.941.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.941.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.941.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2,x)`

output `int((4*x + 1)^m/(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2, x)`

3.942 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

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 3.942.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6925

3.942.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 340

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(43-33x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{663(1-5x+3x^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{9(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{1445(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{9(13+9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{(81+(62+22\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{221\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{9(13-9\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(81+(62-22\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{221\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)}$$

output $1/663*(43-33*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)+9/1445*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+9/7514*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(13-9*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+1/2873*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(81+m*(62-22*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(1/2)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+9/7514*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(13+9*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-1/2873*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(81+m*(62+22*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)$

3.942.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{2210(43-33x)}{1-5x+3x^2} + \frac{9126 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1,1+m,2+m,-\frac{3}{5}(1+4x))}{1+m} + \frac{1755(13+9\sqrt{13}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1,1+m,2+m,(3+12\sqrt{13})/(13-2\sqrt{13}))}{(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2), x]`

output $((1+4*x)^(1+m)*((2210*(43-33*x))/(1-5*x+3*x^2)+(9126*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(-3*(1+4*x))/5])/(1+m)+(1755*(13+9*\text{Sqrt}[13])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])*(1+m)))+(1755*(13-9*\text{Sqrt}[13])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])*(1+m))+(510*\text{Sqrt}[13]*((81+(62+22*\text{Sqrt}[13])*m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])+(81+(62-22*\text{Sqrt}[13])*m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])*(1+m)))/1465230$

3.942.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1289$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{3(3x-7)(4x+1)^m}{289(3x^2-5x+1)} + \frac{(7-3x)(4x+1)^m}{17(3x^2-5x+1)^2} + \frac{9(4x+1)^m}{289(3x+2)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{9(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1)\right)}{1445(m+1)} -$$

$$\frac{((62+22\sqrt{13})m+81)(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{221\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{9(13+9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{((62-22\sqrt{13})m+81)(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{221\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{9(13-9\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{7514(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{(43-33x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{663(3x^2-5x+1)}$$

input `Int[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2), x]`

```
output ((43 - 33*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(663*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) + (9*(1 + 4*x)^(1
+ m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5])/(1445*(1 + m))
+ (9*(13 + 9*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m
, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(7514*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - ((8
1 + (62 + 22*Sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2
+ m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(221*Sqrt[13]*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1
+ m)) + (9*(13 - 9*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m,
2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(7514*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m))
+ ((81 + (62 - 22*Sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 +
m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(221*Sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13
])*m))
```

3.942.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x
_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f +
g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (
IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.942.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

3.942.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(27*x^5 - 72*x^4 + 33*x^3 + 32*x^2 - 17*x + 2), x)`

3.942.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(2+3*x)/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2), x)`

3.942.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2*(3*x + 2)), x)`

3.942.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2*(3*x + 2)), x)`

3.942.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2),x)`

output `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2), x)`

3.943 $\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$

3.943.1 Optimal result 6926
 3.943.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 6927
 3.943.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 6928
 3.943.4 Maple [F] 6929
 3.943.5 Fracas [F] 6930
 3.943.6 Sympy [F] 6930
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 3.943.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 6931

3.943.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 376

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(268-195x)(1+4x)^{1+m}}{11271(1-5x+3x^2)} + \frac{162(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{24565(1+m)} + \frac{9(117+64\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{63869(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} - \frac{(423+2(211+65\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{3757\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} + \frac{9(117-64\sqrt{13})(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{63869(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} + \frac{(423+(422-130\sqrt{13})m)(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{3(1+4x)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{3757\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} + \frac{36(1+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{3}{5}(1+4x)\right)}{7225(1+m)}$$

output $1/11271*(268-195*x)*(1+4*x)^(1+m)/(3*x^2-5*x+1)+162/24565*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+36/7225*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([2, 1+m], [2+m], -3/5-12/5*x)/(1+m)+9/63869*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(117-64*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+1/48841*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13+2*13^(1/2)))*(423+m*(422-130*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)*13^(1/2)/(13+2*13^(1/2))+9/63869*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(117+64*13^(1/2))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))-1/48841*(1+4*x)^(1+m)*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1+m], [2+m], 3*(1+4*x)/(13-2*13^(1/2)))*(423+2*m*(211+65*13^(1/2)))/(1+m)/(13-2*13^(1/2))*13^(1/2)$

3.943.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1+4x)^{1+m} \left(\frac{16575(268-195x)}{1-5x+3x^2} + \frac{1232010 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1,1+m,2+m,-\frac{3}{5}(1+4x))}{1+m} + \frac{26325(117+64\sqrt{13}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1,1+m,2+m,\frac{3+12x}{13-2\sqrt{13}})}{(13-2\sqrt{13})(1+m)} \right)}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2), x]`

output $((1+4*x)^(1+m)*((16575*(268-195*x))/(1-5*x+3*x^2)+(1232010*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(-3*(1+4*x))/5])/(1+m)+(26325*(117+64*\text{Sqrt}[13])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*x)/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(1+m)))/((13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])*(1+m))+26325*(117-64*\text{Sqrt}[13])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*x)/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])])/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])/(1+m)-(425*((423*(2+\text{Sqrt}[13])+(2534+682*\text{Sqrt}[13])*m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*x)/(13-2*\text{Sqrt}[13])]+(-423*(-2+\text{Sqrt}[13])+(2534-682*\text{Sqrt}[13])*m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1,1+m,2+m,(3+12*x)/(13+2*\text{Sqrt}[13])]))/(1+m)+(930852*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2,1+m,2+m,(-3*(1+4*x))/5])/(1+m))/186816825$

3.943.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

↓ 1289

$$\int \left(-\frac{3(54x-109)(4x+1)^m}{4913(3x^2-5x+1)} + \frac{(46-27x)(4x+1)^m}{289(3x^2-5x+1)^2} + \frac{162(4x+1)^m}{4913(3x+2)} + \frac{9(4x+1)^m}{289(3x+2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{162(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1)\right)}{24565(m+1)} -$$

$$\frac{(2(211+65\sqrt{13})m+423)(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{3757\sqrt{13}(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{9(117+64\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13-2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{63869(13-2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{((422-130\sqrt{13})m+423)(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{3757\sqrt{13}(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{9(117-64\sqrt{13})(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{3(4x+1)}{13+2\sqrt{13}}\right)}{63869(13+2\sqrt{13})(m+1)} +$$

$$\frac{36(4x+1)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, -\frac{3}{5}(4x+1)\right)}{7225(m+1)} + \frac{(268-195x)(4x+1)^{m+1}}{11271(3x^2-5x+1)}$$

input `Int[(1 + 4*x)^m/((2 + 3*x)^2*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)^2), x]`

```
output ((268 - 195*x)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m))/(11271*(1 - 5*x + 3*x^2)) + (162*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5])/(24565*(1 + m)) + (9*(117 + 64*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(63869*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) - ((423 + 2*(211 + 65*Sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])])/(3757*Sqrt[13]*(13 - 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (9*(117 - 64*Sqrt[13])*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(63869*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + ((423 + (422 - 130*Sqrt[13])*m)*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (3*(1 + 4*x))/(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])])/(3757*Sqrt[13]*(13 + 2*Sqrt[13])*(1 + m)) + (36*(1 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (-3*(1 + 4*x))/5])/(7225*(1 + m))
```

3.943.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 1289 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

3.943.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

```
input int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```

```
output int((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x)
```


3.943.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((4*x + 1)^m/(81*x^6 - 162*x^5 - 45*x^4 + 162*x^3 + 13*x^2 - 28*x + 4), x)`

3.943.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)**m/(2+3*x)**2/(3*x**2-5*x+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral((4*x + 1)**m/((3*x + 2)**2*(3*x**2 - 5*x + 1)**2), x)`

3.943.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

3.943.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x^2-5x+1)^2(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1+4*x)^m/(2+3*x)^2/(3*x^2-5*x+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

3.943.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+4x)^m}{(2+3x)^2(1-5x+3x^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(4x+1)^m}{(3x+2)^2(3x^2-5x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)^2*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2), x)`

output `int((4*x + 1)^m/((3*x + 2)^2*(3*x^2 - 5*x + 1)^2), x)`

3.944
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.944.1 Optimal result	6932
3.944.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6932
3.944.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6933
3.944.4 Maple [F]	6935
3.944.5 Fracas [F]	6936
3.944.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	6936
3.944.7 Maxima [F]	6936
3.944.8 Giac [F]	6937
3.944.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6937

3.944.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{e(cc-bf)}{f^2}\right) (d+ex)^{1+m}}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^{1+m}\sqrt{e+fx}}{ef^2(3+2m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c(d^2f^2 + 4de^2f(1+m) - 4e^4(2+3m+m^2)) - ef(3+2m)(aef(1+2m) + b(df - 2e^2(1+m))))(d+ex)^{1+m}}{ef^3(e^2-df)(3+2m)}$$

output

```
2*(a+e*(-b*f+c*e)/f^2)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)/(-d*f+e^2)/(f*x+e)^(1/2)+2*c*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(f*x+e)^(1/2)/e/f^2/(3+2*m)+2*(c*(d^2*f^2+4*d*e^2*f*(1+m)-4*e^4*(m^2+3*m+2))-e*f*(3+2*m)*(a*e*f*(1+2*m)+b*(d*f-2*e^2*(1+m))))*(e*x+d)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -m], [3/2], e*(f*x+e)/(-d*f+e^2))*(f*x+e)^(1/2)/e/f^3/(-d*f+e^2)/(3+2*m)/((-f*(e*x+d)/(-d*f+e^2))^m)
```

3.944.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(d+ex)^m \left(\frac{f(d+ex)}{-e^2+df}\right)^{-m} \left(-3(ce^2 + f(-be + af)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\right)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2),x]
```

3.944.
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

output $(2*(d + e*x)^m*(-3*(c*e^2 + f*(-(b*e) + a*f))*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -m, 1/2, (e*(e + f*x))/(e^2 - d*f)] - (e + f*x)*((6*c*e - 3*b*f)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -m, 3/2, (e*(e + f*x))/(e^2 - d*f)] - c*(e + f*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -m, 5/2, (e*(e + f*x))/(e^2 - d*f)])))/(3*f^3*((f*(d + e*x))/(-e^2 + d*f))^m*sqrt[e + f*x])$

3.944.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1193, 27, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx + cx^2)(d + ex)^m}{(e + fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 1193

$$2 \int \frac{(d+ex)^m \left(-c \left(d - \frac{e^2}{f} \right) x f^2 - (-2b(m+1)e^2 + af(2m+1)e + bdf) f + c(def - 2e^3(m+1)) \right)}{2f^2 \sqrt{e+fx}} dx + \frac{e^2 - df}{2(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2} \right) (e^2 - df) \sqrt{e + fx}}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (c(def - 2e^3(m+1)) - f(-2b(m+1)e^2 + af(2m+1)e + bdf) + cf(e^2 - df)x)}{\sqrt{e+fx}} dx + \frac{f^2 (e^2 - df)}{2(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2} \right) (e^2 - df) \sqrt{e + fx}}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{2c(e^2 - df) \sqrt{e+fx} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(2m+3)} - \left(f(af(2m+1) + bdf - 2be^2(m+1)) - \frac{c(d^2 f^2 + 4de^2 f(m+1) - 4e^4(m^2 + 3m + 2))}{e(2m+3)} \right) \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{e+fx}} dx + \frac{f^2 (e^2 - df)}{2(d + ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2} \right) (e^2 - df) \sqrt{e + fx}}$$

↓ 80

3.944. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{2c(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(2m+3)} - (d+ex)^m \left(-\frac{f(d+ex)}{e^2-df}\right)^{-m} \left(f(aef(2m+1)+bdf-2be^2(m+1)) - \frac{c(d^2f^2+4de^2f(m+1)-e(2m+3))}{e(2m+3)}\right)}{f^2(e^2-df)} \\ \frac{2(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}} \\ \downarrow 79 \\ \frac{\frac{2c(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}(d+ex)^{m+1}}{e(2m+3)} - \frac{2\sqrt{e+fx}(d+ex)^m \left(-\frac{f(d+ex)}{e^2-df}\right)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{e(e+fx)}{e^2-df}\right) \left(f(aef(2m+1)+bdf-2be^2(m+1)) - \frac{c(d^2f^2+4de^2f(m+1)-e(2m+3))}{e(2m+3)}\right)}{f}}{f^2(e^2-df)}}{\frac{2(d+ex)^{m+1} \left(a + \frac{e(ce-bf)}{f^2}\right)}{(e^2-df)\sqrt{e+fx}}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(a + (e*(c*e - b*f))/f^2)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m))/((e^2 - d*f)*Sqrt[e + f*x]) + ((2*c*(e^2 - d*f)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[e + f*x])/(e*(3 + 2*m)) - (2*(f*(b*d*f - 2*b*e^2*(1 + m) + a*e*f*(1 + 2*m)) - (c*(d^2*f^2 + 4*d*e^2*f*(1 + m) - 4*e^4*(2 + 3*m + m^2)))/(e*(3 + 2*m)))*(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -m, 3/2, (e*(e + f*x))/(e^2 - d*f]])/(f*(-((f*(d + e*x))/(e^2 - d*f)))^m))/(f^2*(e^2 - d*f))`

3.944.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^(m+1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

3.944. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1193 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x
+ c*x^2)^p, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, d +
e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((f + g*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)
), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f + g*x)^n*Ex
pandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*f - d*g)*Qx - g*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[2*m, -2] && !IntegerQ[n]
&& !(EqQ[m, -2] && EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0])
```

3.944.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)}{(fx + e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x)
```

3.944.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(fx+e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*sqrt(f*x + e)*(e*x + d)^m/(f^2*x^2 + 2*e*f*x + e^2), x)`

3.944.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)**(3/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.944.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(fx+e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(f*x + e)^(3/2), x)`

3.944.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)(ex+d)^m}{(fx+e)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)/(f*x+e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(f*x + e)^(3/2), x)`

3.944.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)}{(e+fx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2))/(e + f*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.945 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

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3.945.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 509

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \frac{g^2 (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2}}{ce(4 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(e(bd - ae)g^2(1 + m) + c(3d^2g^2 + e^2f^2(4 + m) - 2defg(4 + m))) (d + ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{ce^3(1 + m)(4 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

$$- \frac{g(beg(5 + 2m) + 2c(3dg - 2ef(4 + m)))(d + ex)^{2+m} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 3 + m, \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{2ce^3(2 + m)(4 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d + ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

output

```
g^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(3/2)/c/e/(4+m)+(e*(-a*e+b*d)*g^2*(1+m)+c*(3*d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2*(4+m)-2*d*e*f*g*(4+m))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,-1/2,-1/2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3/(1+m)/(4+m)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)-1/2*g*(b*e*g*(5+2*m)+2*c*(3*d*g-2*e*f*(4+m)))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*AppellF1(2+m,-1/2,-1/2,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e^3/(2+m)/(4+m)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.945.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

3.945.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1291, 27, 1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^m dx$$

↓ 1291

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{2} e (d + ex)^m (2ce(m + 4)f^2 - g^2(3bd + 2ae(m + 1)) - g(6cdg + be(2m + 5)g - 4cef(m + 4))x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx}{\frac{g^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m + 4)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^m (2ce(m + 4)f^2 - g^2(3bd + 2ae(m + 1)) - g(6cdg + be(2m + 5)g - 4cef(m + 4))x) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx}{\frac{g^2(a + bx + cx^2)^{3/2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m + 4)}}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{2(eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(3d^2g^2-2defg(m+4)+e^2f^2(m+4)))}{e} \int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2+bx+adx} - \frac{g(beg(2m+5)+6cdg-4cef(m+4))}{e} \int (d+ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{cx^2+bx+adx} dx$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m+4)}$$

↓ 1179

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(3d^2g^2-2defg(m+4)+e^2f^2(m+4)))}{e^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} \int (d+ex)^m \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} d(d+ex)$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m+4)}$$

2ce(m+4)

↓ 150

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)}{e^2(m+1) \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} (eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(3d^2g^2-2defg(m+4)+e^2f^2(m+4)))$$

$$\frac{g^2(a+bx+cx^2)^{3/2} (d+ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m+4)}$$

2ce(m+4)

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output

```
(g^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(3/2))/(c*e*(4 + m)) + ((2*(e*(b*d - a*e)*g^2*(1 + m) + c*(3*d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2*(4 + m) - 2*d*e*f*g*(4 + m)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]) - (g*(6*c*d*g - 4*c*e*f*(4 + m) + b*e*g*(5 + 2*m))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*AppellF1[2 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]))/(2*c*e*(4 + m))
```

3.945.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 150 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m+1)/(b*(m+1)))*AppellF1[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`
- rule 1179 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m+1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1291 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m+n-1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p+1)/(c*e^(n-1)*(m+n+2*p+1)), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m+n+2*p+1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m+n+2*p+1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m+n+2*p+1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n-2)*(b*d*e*(p+1) + a*e^2*(m+n-1) - c*d^2*(m+n+2*p+1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m+n+p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[m+n+2*p+1, 0]`

3.945.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^2 \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.945.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.945.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(f + g*x)**2*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.945.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)^2*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.945.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)^2*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.945.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.946 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

3.946.1 Optimal result	6944
3.946.2 Mathematica [F]	6945
3.946.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6945
3.946.4 Maple [F]	6947
3.946.5 Fracas [F]	6947
3.946.6 Sympy [F]	6947
3.946.7 Maxima [F]	6948
3.946.8 Giac [F]	6948
3.946.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6948

3.946.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 388

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(1 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

$$+ \frac{g(d + ex)^{2+m} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 3 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(2 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

```
output (-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,-1/2,-1/2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(1+m)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)+g*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*AppellF1(2+m,-1/2,-1/2,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e^2/(2+m)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.946.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

3.946.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\ & \frac{(ef - dg) \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx}{e} + \frac{g \int (d + ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1179 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (ef - dg) \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} d(d + ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}} + \\ & \frac{g \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \int (d + ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} d(d + ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 150 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(ef-dg)(d+ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(m+1)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}} +$$

$$\frac{g\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(d+ex)^{m+2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+2, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, m+3, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(m+2)\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}}\sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]) + (g*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*AppellF1[2 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])`

3.946.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1179 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.946.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f) \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.946.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f) (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.946.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.946.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f) (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.946.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} (gx + f) (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.946.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (f + gx) (d + ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.947 $\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$

3.947.1 Optimal result	6949
3.947.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6949
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3.947.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6953

3.947.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e(1 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,-1/2,-1/2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/e/(1+m)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)
```

3.947.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + x(b + cx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e(1 + m) \sqrt{\frac{e(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{\frac{e(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx)}{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*Sqrt[(e*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[(e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])`

3.947.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1179$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} d(d + ex)}{e \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e(m + 1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])`

3.947.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 150 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  :=> Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

```
rule 1179 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
  ymbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (
  d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))
  ^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d
  - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m
  , p}, x]
```

3.947.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + adx}$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

3.947.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)
```

3.947.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.947.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.947.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}(ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.947.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} dx = \int (d + ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.948 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx$

3.948.1 Optimal result 6954
 3.948.2 Mathematica [N/A] 6954
 3.948.3 Rubi [N/A] 6955
 3.948.4 Maple [N/A] 6955
 3.948.5 Fricas [N/A] 6956
 3.948.6 Sympy [N/A] 6956
 3.948.7 Maxima [N/A] 6956
 3.948.8 Giac [N/A] 6957
 3.948.9 Mupad [N/A] 6957

3.948.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

3.948.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(f + g*x),x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(f + g*x), x]`

3.948.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(d + ex)^m}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}(d + ex)^m}{f + gx} dx$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(f + g*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.948.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

3.948.4 Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m \sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}}{gx + f} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

3.948.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`**3.948.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)`output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)/(f + g*x), x)`**3.948.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.948. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx$

3.948.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`**3.948.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 12.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m \sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}}{f+gx} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x),x)`output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x), x)`

3.949 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.949.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 502

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{g^2(d+ex)^{1+m}\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}{ce(2+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{(e(bd-ae)g^2(1+m) + c(d^2g^2 + e^2f^2(2+m) - 2defg(2+m)))(d+ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}{ce^3(1+m)(2+m)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{g(beg(3+2m) + c(2dg - 4ef(2+m)))(d+ex)^{2+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}}{2ce^3(2+m)^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

```
output g^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)/c/e/(2+m)+(e*(-a*e+b*d)*g^2*(1+m)+c
(d^2*g^2+e^2*f^2*(2+m)-2*d*e*f*g*(2+m))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,1/2,1/
2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b
+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1
/2)*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/c/e^3/(1+m)/(2+
m)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*g*(b*e*g*(3+2*m)+c*(2*d*g-4*e*f*(2+m)))*(e*x+d)
^(2+m)*AppellF1(2+m,1/2,1/2,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
)),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(
b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)
))))^(1/2)/c/e^3/(2+m)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.949.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

3.949.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$, Rules used = {1291, 27, 1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1291} \\ & \int \frac{e(d+ex)^m (2ce(m+2)f^2 - g^2(bd+2ae(m+1)) - g(2cdg+be(2m+3)g - 4cef(m+2))x)}{2\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \\ & \quad \frac{ce^2(m+2)}{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(d+ex)^{m+1}} + \\ & \quad \frac{ce(m+2)}{ce(m+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (2ce(m+2)f^2 - g^2(bd+2ae(m+1)) - g(2cdg+be(2m+3)g - 4cef(m+2))x)}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2ce(m+2)}{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(d+ex)^{m+1}} + \\ & \quad \frac{ce(m+2)}{ce(m+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\ & \frac{2(eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(d^2g^2-2defg(m+2)+e^2f^2(m+2)))}{e} \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx - \frac{g(beg(2m+3)+2cdg-4cef(m+2))}{e} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx + \\ & \quad \frac{2ce(m+2)}{g^2\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}(d+ex)^{m+1}} + \\ & \quad \frac{ce(m+2)}{ce(m+2)} \end{aligned}$$

3.949. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

↓ 1179

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} (eg^2(m+1)(bd - ae) + c(d^2g^2 - 2defg(m+2) + e^2f^2(m+2))) \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}}} dx}{e^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{g^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m + 2)}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{2(d+ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right) (eg^2(m+1)(bd - ae) + c(d^2g^2 - 2defg(m+2) + e^2f^2(m+2)))}{e^2(m+1)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{g^2 \sqrt{a + bx + cx^2} (d + ex)^{m+1}}{ce(m + 2)}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(g^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])/(c*e*(2 + m)) + ((2*(e*(b*d - a*e)*g^2*(1 + m) + c*(d^2*g^2 + e^2*f^2*(2 + m) - 2*d*e*f*g*(2 + m)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) - (g*(2*c*d*g - 4*c*e*f*(2 + m) + b*e*g*(3 + 2*m))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*AppellF1[2 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]))/(2*c*e*(2 + m))`

3.949.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 150 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`
- rule 1179 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1291 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.949.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^2}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.949.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2 (ex + d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.949.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(f + g*x)**2/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.949.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^2(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.949.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^2(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.949.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.950 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.950.8 Giac [F]	6968
3.950.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6968

3.950.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 388

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ef-dg)(d+ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{g(d+ex)^{2+m} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{1-\frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 3+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e^2(2+m)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

```
output (-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,1/2,1/2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^2/(1+m)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)+g*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*AppellF1(2+m,1/2,1/2,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e^2/(2+m)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.950.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x]`

3.950.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx)(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\ & \frac{(ef-dg) \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} + \frac{g \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1179} \\ & \frac{(ef-dg) \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}} d(d+ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} + \\ & \frac{g \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}}} d(d+ex)}{e^2 \sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \end{aligned}$$

3.950. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)}{e^2(m + 1)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

$$\frac{g(d + ex)^{m+2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m + 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m + 3, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}e, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}e\right)}{e^2(m + 2)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(e^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]) + (g*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*AppellF1[2 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)])/(e^2*(2 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.950.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1179 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.950.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m (gx + f)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.950.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(ex + d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.950.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m (f + gx)}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m*(f + g*x)/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.950.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.950.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.950.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m(f+gx)}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f+gx)(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m)/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.951 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

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3.951.5 Fricas [F]	6971
3.951.6 Sympy [F]	6972
3.951.7 Maxima [F]	6972
3.951.8 Giac [F]	6972
3.951.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6973

3.951.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*AppellF1(1+m,1/2,1/2,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*(1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^(1/2)/e/(1+m)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

3.951.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{e(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}-2cx)}{2cd+(-b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} \sqrt{\frac{e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+2cx)}{-2cd+(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}} (d+ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)}{e(1+m)\sqrt{a+x(b+cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(e*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[(e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + x*(b + c*x)])`

3.951.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1179

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e}} d(d+ex)}{e\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b+\sqrt{b^2-4ac})e}\right)}{e(m+1)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2],x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*Sqrt[1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2])`

3.951. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.951.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
 , (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
 tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1179 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
 ymbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

3.951.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.951.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.951.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**m/sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2), x)`

3.951.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.951.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a), x)`

3.951.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

3.952 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.952.1 Optimal result 6974
 3.952.2 Mathematica [N/A] 6974
 3.952.3 Rubi [N/A] 6975
 3.952.4 Maple [N/A] 6975
 3.952.5 Fricas [N/A] 6976
 3.952.6 Sympy [N/A] 6976
 3.952.7 Maxima [N/A] 6976
 3.952.8 Giac [N/A] 6977
 3.952.9 Mupad [N/A] 6977

3.952.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.952.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]), x]`

3.952.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(f + gx)\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.952.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

3.952.4 Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(gx + f)\sqrt{cx^2 + bx + a}} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

3.952.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(gx+f)} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m/(c*g*x^3 + (c*f + b*g)*x^2 + a*f + (b*f + a*g)*x), x)
```

3.952.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m/(g*x+f)/(c*x**2+b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**m/((f + g*x)*sqrt(a + b*x + c*x**2)), x)
```

3.952.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(gx+f)} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^m/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)), x)
```

3.952. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx$

3.952.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}(gx+f)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(g*x+f)/(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(sqrt(c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(g*x + f)), x)`**3.952.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 73.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(f+gx)\sqrt{cx^2+bx+a}} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m/((f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

3.953 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx$

3.953.1 Optimal result	6978
3.953.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6979
3.953.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6979
3.953.4 Maple [F]	6981
3.953.5 Fricas [F]	6981
3.953.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	6982
3.953.7 Maxima [F]	6982
3.953.8 Giac [F]	6982
3.953.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6983

3.953.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(beg(3 + m + n) - c(ef(2 + m) + dg(4 + m + 2n)))(d + ex)^{1+m}(f + gx)^{1+n}}{e^2g^2(2 + m + n)(3 + m + n)}$$

$$+ \frac{c(d + ex)^{2+m}(f + gx)^{1+n}}{e^2g(3 + m + n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(g(2 + m + n)(ae^2g(3 + m + n) - cd(ef(2 + m) + dg(1 + n))) - (ef(1 + m) + dg(1 + n))(beg(3 + m + n) - c(ef(2 + m) + dg(4 + m + 2n))))}{e^3g^2(2 + m + n)(3 + m + n)}$$

```
output (b*e*g*(3+m+n)-c*(e*f*(2+m)+d*g*(4+m+2*n)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e^
2/g^2/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)+c*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(g*x+f)^(1+n)/e^2/g/(3+m+n)+(g*(2+m+
n)*(a*e^2*g*(3+m+n)-c*d*(e*f*(2+m)+d*g*(1+n)))-(e*f*(1+m)+d*g*(1+n))*(b*e*
g*(3+m+n)-c*(e*f*(2+m)+d*g*(4+m+2*n)))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(g*x+f)^n*hypergeom(
[-n, 1+m], [2+m], -g*(e*x+d)/(-d*g+e*f))/e^3/g^2/(1+m)/(2+m+n)/(3+m+n)/((e*(
g*x+f)/(-d*g+e*f))^n)
```

3.953.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (f + gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right)^{-n} \left(c(ef - dg)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, \frac{g(d+ex)}{-ef+dg} \right) + e \right)}{e^{2n}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^n*(c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -2 - n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)] + e*(-((2*c*f - b*g)*(e*f - d*g)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -1 - n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)])) + e*(c*f^2 + g*(-(b*f) + a*g))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, (g*(d + e*x))/(-(e*f) + d*g)])))/(e^3*g^2*(1 + m)*((e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g))^n)`**3.953.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$, Rules used = {1194, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx + cx^2) (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 1194$$

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (ag(m + n + 3)e^2 - (cef(m + 2) - beg(m + n + 3) + cdg(m + 2n + 4))xe - cd(ef(m + 2) + e^2g(m + n + 3))) dx}{e^2g(m + n + 3)}$$

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^{m+2}(f + gx)^{n+1}}{e^2g(m + n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{\left(ae^2g(m+n+3) + \frac{(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))(-beg(m+n+3)+cdg(m+2n+4)+cef(m+2))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1)+ef(m+2)) \right) \int(d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n dx}{e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+2}(f+gx)^{n+1}}{e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right)^{-n} \left(ae^2g(m+n+3) + \frac{(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))(-beg(m+n+3)+cdg(m+2n+4)+cef(m+2))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1)+ef(m+2)) \right) \int(d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n dx}{e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+2}(f+gx)^{n+1}}{e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}(f+gx)^n \left(\frac{e(f+gx)}{ef-dg} \right)^{-n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(m+1, -n, m+2, -\frac{g(d+ex)}{ef-dg} \right) \left(ae^2g(m+n+3) + \frac{(dg(n+1)+ef(m+1))(-beg(m+n+3)+cdg(m+2n+4)+cef(m+2))}{g(m+n+2)} - cd(dg(n+1)+ef(m+2)) \right) \int(d+ex)^m (f+gx)^n dx}{e^{m+1} e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

$$\frac{c(d+ex)^{m+2}(f+gx)^{n+1}}{e^2g(m+n+3)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x]`

output `(c*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(e^2*g*(3 + m + n)) + (-(((c*e*f*(2 + m) - b*e*g*(3 + m + n) + c*d*g*(4 + m + 2*n))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^(1 + n))/(g*(2 + m + n))) + ((a*e^2*g*(3 + m + n) - c*d*(e*f*(2 + m) + d*g*(1 + n)) + ((e*f*(1 + m) + d*g*(1 + n))*(c*e*f*(2 + m) - b*e*g*(3 + m + n) + c*d*g*(4 + m + 2*n)))/(g*(2 + m + n)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(f + g*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -n, 2 + m, -((g*(d + e*x))/(e*f - d*g))])/(e*(1 + m)*((e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g))^n)/(e^2*g*(3 + m + n))`

3.953.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || ! (RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

```
rule 80 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 1194 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
+ (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^p*(d + e*x)^(m + 2*p)*((f + g*x)
^(n + 1)/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(g*e^(2*p)*(m + n + 2
*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*ExpandToSum[g*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(e^(
2*p)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p - c^p*(d + e*x)^(2*p)) - c^p*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p)
*(d + e*x)^(2*p - 1), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ
[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.953.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n (cx^2 + bx + a) dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x)
```

3.953.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.953.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**n*(c*x**2+b*x+a),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

3.953.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.953.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)(ex + d)^m (gx + f)^n dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^n*(c*x^2+b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)*(e*x + d)^m*(g*x + f)^n, x)`

3.953.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^n (a + bx + cx^2) dx = \int (f + gx)^n (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a) dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^n*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2), x)`

3.954 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

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3.954.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 525

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{g^2 (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^{1+p}}{ce(3 + m + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{(e(bd - ae)g^2(1 + m) + c(2d^2g^2(1 + p) + e^2f^2(3 + m + 2p) - 2defg(3 + m + 2p))) (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + b$$

$$g(beg(2 + m + p) + 2c(dg(1 + p) - ef(3 + m + 2p)))(d + ex)^{2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})} \right)}{ce^3(2 + m)(3$$

output

```
g^2*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^(p+1)/c/e/(3+m+2*p)+(e*(-a*e+b*d)*g^2*(1+m)
)+c*(2*d^2*g^2*(p+1)+e^2*f^2*(3+m+2*p)-2*d*e*f*g*(3+m+2*p))*(e*x+d)^(1+m)
*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/c/e^3/(1+m)/(3+m+
2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/
(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)-g*(b*e*g*(2+m+p)+2*c*(d*g*(p+1)-e*f*(
3+m+2*p))*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(2+m,-p,-p,3+m,2*c*(e*x+d)
)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))/c/e^3/(2+m)/(3+m+2*p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
))))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)
```

3.954.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]`

3.954.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$, Rules used = {1291, 27, 1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

↓ 1291

$$\frac{\int e(d + ex)^m (ce(m + 2p + 3)f^2 - g^2(ae(m + 1) + bd(p + 1)) - g(2cdg(p + 1) + beg(m + p + 2) - 2cef(m + 2p + 3)))}{ce^2(m + 2p + 3)} \frac{g^2(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m + 2p + 3)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (d + ex)^m (ce(m + 2p + 3)f^2 - g^2(ae(m + 1) + bd(p + 1)) - g(2cdg(p + 1) + beg(m + p + 2) - 2cef(m + 2p + 3)))}{ce^2(m + 2p + 3)} \frac{g^2(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m + 2p + 3)}$$

↓ 1269

3.954. $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

$$\frac{(eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(2d^2g^2(p+1)-2defg(m+2p+3)+e^2f^2(m+2p+3))) \int (d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p dx}{e} - \frac{g(beg(m+p+2)+2cdg(p+1)-2cef(m+2p+3))}{e}$$

$$\frac{g^2(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)}$$

↓ 1179

$$\frac{(a+bx+cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} (eg^2(m+1)(bd-ae)+c(2d^2g^2(p+1)-2defg(m+2p+3)+e^2f^2(m+2p+3)))}{e^2}$$

$$\frac{g^2(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, -p, -p, m+2, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(b-\sqrt{b^2-4ac})}e, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd-e(\sqrt{b^2-4ac}+b)}e\right)}{e^2(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{g^2(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+bx+cx^2)^{p+1}}{ce(m+2p+3)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(g^2*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(1 + p))/(c*e*(3 + m + 2*p)) + ((e*(b*d - a*e)*g^2*(1 + m) + c*(2*d^2*g^2*(1 + p) + e^2*f^2*(3 + m + 2*p) - 2*d*e*f*g*(3 + m + 2*p)))*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p) - (g*(2*c*d*g*(1 + p) + b*e*g*(2 + m + p) - 2*c*e*f*(3 + m + 2*p))*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p))/(c*e*(3 + m + 2*p))`

3.954.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 150 `Int[((b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`
- rule 1179 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`
- rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 1291 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d + e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.954.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

3.954.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((g^2*x^2 + 2*f*g*x + f^2)*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.954.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)**2*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.954.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.954.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)^2 (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)^2*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.954.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx)^2 (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`

3.955 $\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

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3.955.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 384

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, 1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, 1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - e * (b - (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2}))\right)}{e^2(1 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{g(d + ex)^{2+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, 1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, 1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, 2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, 2 * c * (e * x + d) / (2 * c * d - e * (b - (-4 * a * c + b^2)^{(1/2}))\right)}{e^2(2 + m)}$$

```
output (-d*g+e*f)*(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m, -p, -p, 2+m, 2*c*(e*x+d)
)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))), 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2))))/e^2/(1+m)/(((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)/((1-
2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)+g*(e*x+d)^(2+m)*(c*x^2+b*
x+a)^p*AppellF1(2+m, -p, -p, 3+m, 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))
), 2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/e^2/(2+m)/(((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(
2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^
2)^(1/2))))^p)
```

3.955.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x]`

3.955.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {1269, 1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx)(d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1269} \\ & \frac{(ef - dg) \int (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx}{e} + \frac{g \int (d + ex)^{m+1} (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1179} \\ & \frac{(ef - dg) (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^p}{e^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(ef - dg)(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, \right. \\ \left. \frac{e^2(m+1)}{e^2(m+2)}\right)}{g(d + ex)^{m+2} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 2, -p, -p, \right. \\ \left. \frac{e^2(m+2)}{e^2(m+2)}\right)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(1 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p) + (g*(d + e*x)^(2 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 + m, -p, -p, 3 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e^2*(2 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)`

3.955.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1179 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c)))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.955.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (gx + f) (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)`

3.955.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)(cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((g*x + f)*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.955.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(g*x+f)*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

3.955.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)(cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.955.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (gx + f)(cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(g*x+f)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.955.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (f + gx) (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (f + gx) (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`

3.956 $\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$

3.956.1 Optimal result	6995
3.956.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	6995
3.956.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	6996
3.956.4 Maple [F]	6997
3.956.5 Fracas [F]	6997
3.956.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	6998
3.956.7 Maxima [F]	6998
3.956.8 Giac [F]	6998
3.956.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	6999

3.956.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{2c*(e*x+d)}{2*c*d - e*(b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})}, \frac{2c*(e*x+d)}{2*c*d - e*(b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))),2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))/e/(1+m)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)/((1-2*c*(e*x+d)/(2*c*d-e*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))))^p)
```

3.956.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{e(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - 2cx)}{2cd + (-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{e(b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + 2cx)}{-2cd + (b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^{-p} (d + ex)^{1+m} (a + x(b + cx))^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{2c*(e*x+d)}{2*c*d - e*(b - (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})}, \frac{2c*(e*x+d)}{2*c*d - e*(b + (-4*a*c + b^2)^{(1/2)})}\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + x*(b + c*x))^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*((e*(-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] - 2*c*x))/(2*c*d + (-b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*((e*(b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c] + 2*c*x))/(-2*c*d + (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)`

3.956.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {1179, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1179$$

$$\frac{(a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \int (d + ex)^m \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)e}\right)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + bx + cx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - e(\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 1, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})e}, \frac{2c(d+ex)}{2cd - (\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} + b)e}\right)}{e(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e), (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e)]/(e*(1 + m)*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b - Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p*(1 - (2*c*(d + e*x))/(2*c*d - (b + Sqrt[b^2 - 4*a*c])*e))^p)`

3.956.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 150 Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  :=> Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m+1)/(b*(m+1)))*AppellF1[m+1, -n, -p, m+2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

```
rule 1179 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_S
  ymbol] :=> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(1 - (
  d + e*x)/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))))^p*(1 - (d + e*x)/(d - e*((b + q)/(2*c))))
  ^p) Subst[Int[x^m*Simp[1 - x/(d - e*((b - q)/(2*c))], x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(d
  - e*((b + q)/(2*c))], x]^p, x], x, d + e*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m
  , p}, x]
```

3.956.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x)
```

3.956.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)
```

3.956.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**3.956.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`**3.956.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (cx^2 + bx + a)^p (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

3.956.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + bx + cx^2)^p dx = \int (d + ex)^m (cx^2 + bx + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,x)`output `int((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x)`

3.957 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$

3.957.1 Optimal result	7000
3.957.2 Mathematica [N/A]	7000
3.957.3 Rubi [N/A]	7001
3.957.4 Maple [N/A]	7001
3.957.5 Fricas [N/A]	7002
3.957.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	7002
3.957.7 Maxima [N/A]	7002
3.957.8 Giac [N/A]	7003
3.957.9 Mupad [N/A]	7003

3.957.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x)`

3.957.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/(f + g*x),x]`

output `Integrate[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/(f + g*x), x]`

3.957.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {1292}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$$

↓ 1292

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$$

input `Int[((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/(f + g*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.957.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

3.957.4 Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex+d)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p}{gx+f} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x)`

3.957. $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx$

3.957.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`**3.957.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(c*x**2+b*x+a)**p/(g*x+f),x)`output `Timed out`**3.957.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`

3.957.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2+bx+a)^p (ex+d)^m}{gx+f} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(c*x^2+b*x+a)^p/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x^2 + b*x + a)^p*(e*x + d)^m/(g*x + f), x)`**3.957.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 12.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m (a+bx+cx^2)^p}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m (cx^2+bx+a)^p}{f+gx} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/(f + g*x),x)`output `int(((d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p)/(f + g*x), x)`

3.958 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$

3.958.1 Optimal result	7004
3.958.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	7004
3.958.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	7005
3.958.4 Maple [A] (verified)	7007
3.958.5 Fracas [F]	7008
3.958.6 Sympy [F]	7008
3.958.7 Maxima [F]	7008
3.958.8 Giac [F]	7009
3.958.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	7009

3.958.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \text{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output `-2*EllipticPi(1/2*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2), 2, 2^(1/2)*(e/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)`

3.958.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{e(-1+cx)}{c(d+ex)}}(d + ex)\sqrt{\frac{e+ce}{cd+ce}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right), \frac{cd-e}{cd+e}\right) - \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{cd}{cd+e}, i\text{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}}{\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{-\frac{cd+e}{c}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `((-2*I)*Sqrt[(e*(-1 + c*x))/(c*(d + e*x))]*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[(e + c*e*x)/(c*d + c*e*x)]*(EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)] - EllipticPi[(c*d)/(c*d + e), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]]/Sqrt[d + e*x]], (c*d - e)/(c*d + e)))/(d*Sqrt[-((c*d + e)/c)]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)`

3.958.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {1898, 633, 632, 186, 413, 412}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1898} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{1}{c^2}}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{633} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{632} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 - cx} \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{186} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{1}{cx \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{d + \frac{e}{c} - \frac{e(1 - cx)}{c}}} d\sqrt{1 - cx}}{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{413}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.958. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \int \frac{1}{cx\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}}} d\sqrt{1-cx}}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}}$$

↓ 412

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{1-\frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(2, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2e}{cd+e}\right)}{x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\sqrt{-\frac{e(1-cx)}{c}+\frac{e}{c}+d}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2*Sqrt[d + e*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[1 - (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]*EllipticPi[2, ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[2]], (2*e)/(c*d + e)]/(Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Sqrt[d + e/c - (e*(1 - c*x))/c])`

3.958.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 186 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(g_) + (h_)*(x_)]), x_] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(Simp[b*c - a*d - b*x^2, x]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x^2/d), x]]*Sqrt[Simp[(d*g - c*h)/d + h*(x^2/d), x]]), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && GtQ[(d*e - c*f)/d, 0]`

rule 412 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(a*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[e]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticPi[b*(c/(a*d)), ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], c*(f/(d*e))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[d/c, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0] && !(!GtQ[f/e, 0] && SimplerSqrtQ[-f/e, -d/c])`

rule 413 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2] Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x^2]*Sqrt[e + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 632 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/Sqrt[a] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - q*x]*Sqrt[1 + q*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 633 `Int[1/((x_)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 1898 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*((a + c/x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]`

3.958.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2(cd-e)\Pi\left(\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}, \frac{cd-e}{cd}, \sqrt{\frac{cd-e}{cd+e}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{(cx+1)e}{cd-e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(cx-1)e}{cd+e}}\sqrt{\frac{c(ex+d)}{cd-e}}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{c^2x^2}}x\sqrt{ex+d}cd}$	148

input `int(1/x^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/((c^2*x^2-1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*d-e)*EllipticPi((c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2), (c*d-e)/c/d, ((c*d-e)/(c*d+e))^(1/2))*(-(c*x+1)*e/(c*d-e))^(1/2)*(-(c*x-1)*e/(c*d+e))^(1/2)*(c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/d`

3.958. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

3.958.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c^2*x^2))/(c^2*e*x^3 + c^2*d*x^2 - e*x - d), x)`

3.958.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-(-1 + \frac{1}{cx}) (1 + \frac{1}{cx})} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(1-1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(-(-1 + 1/(c*x))*(1 + 1/(c*x))))*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

3.958.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)), x)`

3.958.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex + dx^2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(1-1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(e*x + d)*x^2*sqrt(-1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)), x)`

3.958.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2} x^2} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(1 - 1/(c^2*x^2))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)), x)`

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions	7010
--	------

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.1.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
```

```

(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A"," "}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A"," "}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.$
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
      ,
      finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
  ];

  finalresult
]

```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, CsCh,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

4.1.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000

```

```

#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

```

```

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
  fi;
  if is_contains_complex(result) then
    if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
      if debug then
        print("both result and optimal complex");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        return "A"," ";
      else
        return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_
        end if
      else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
          print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
      fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
      # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
      if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
      else
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string),"$ vs. $2(",
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),"=" ,convert(2*leaf_cou
        fi;
      fi;
    fi;
  fi;

```

```

else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
  fi;
  return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  end if
end if

```

```

elif type(expn, ``~`) then
  if type(op(2,expn), 'integer') then
    ExpnType(op(1,expn))
  elif type(op(2,expn), 'rational') then
    if type(op(1,expn), 'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  else
    max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)), ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
  end if
elif type(expn, ``+`) or type(expn, ``*`) then
  max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)), max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(4, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(5, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(6, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif op(0,expn)='int' then
  max(8, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)]))) else
  9
end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,

```



```

        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
    if nops(u)=2 then
        op(2,u)
    else
        apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
    end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
    MmaTranslator[Mma] [LeafCount] (u);
end proc:

```

4.1.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):

```

```
if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
        return True
    else:
        return False
else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
```

```

return 1
elif isinstance(expn,list):
    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,``^`)
    if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
        return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,``+`) or type(expn,``*`)
    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

```

#main function

```

def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```

4.1.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
```

```
        return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric', 'hypergeometric_M', 'hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=", expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception, AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):

```

```

    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
    if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)
        return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[1],Rational)
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[0],Rational)
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #instance(expn,Add) or inst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print("type(anti)",type(result))
    print("type(optimal)",type(optimal))

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal." + str(leaf
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```